

AT THIS SEASON

The market reports are of special interest to the farmer and to the stockman. The Journal prints the most complete, up-to-date market report given in any weekly paper in the Southwest.

The Texas Stock Journal.

DEVOTED TO THE LIVE STOCK INTERESTS OF TEXAS AND THE SOUTHWEST.

DALLAS, FORT WORTH AND SAN ANTONIO, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1901.

Five Dollars in Cash offered in prizes in Essay Contest closing December 17. For particulars see page 4.

CAPITOL SYNDICATE CASE.

COURT OF APPEALS AT FORT WORTH DECIDES THAT RECEIVERSHIP SHOULD BE VACATED.

The court of appeals, sitting at Fort Worth announced last Saturday that it had reached the conclusion that the case of Farwell vs. Babcock, otherwise known as the Capitol syndicate case, should be reversed and the receivership vacated, but that no written opinion would be filed until next Saturday.

This case, which has attracted considerable attention in legal and cattle circles, involved about \$10,000,000 worth of land and \$2,000,000 of cattle and other property. An application was made by Margaret Ann Babcock, administratrix of the estate of her husband, Amos C. Babcock, late of Chicago, Ill., and Morris B. Brown for the appointment of a receiver of all the property of the Capitol syndicate, composed of John V. Farwell and Chas. B. Farwell, lessees of the Capitol Precinct Land and Investment company, a British corporation, together with the landed estate of the latter company. Upon presentation of this application to District Judge H. H. Wallace in chambers on July 23 last, the prayer of the complainants was granted and an interlocutory order entered designating J. V. Goode, late superintendent of the Fort Worth and Denver City railway of Fort Worth, and W. H. Fiquera, of Amarillo, Tex., as joint receivers of all the property of the company and syndicate in Texas, consisting of about 3,000,000 acres of land, cattle, ranch outfit, supplies, etc. Their bonds were fixed in the sum of \$10,000 each and were duly approved and filed on July 25. Several days thereafter and before the receivers thus named entered into possession of the property, the Farwells and the Capitol company gave notice of appeal from the order appointing the receivers and filed their respective supersedeas bonds, which suspended the order of appointment, pending a disposition of the matter in the court of civil appeals.

and of which stock the complainant, Mrs. Babcock, in her capacity as administratrix and deferred ordinary shares, and Brown about 200 shares, the Farwells and Taylor owning a controlling interest in the company, which at about the time of its organization issued and sold debenture bonds aggregating about \$5,000,000 and bearing 4 per cent interest. Four contracts were subsequently made by the company, whereby it leased its lands from Jan. 1, 1889, to Jan. 1, 1894, to the syndicate, the members of which were directors and owners of a majority of stock in the corporation. After this lease contract had run for three years, and a number of the company's bonds matured, and being unable to pay the same, a new lease contract was made and thereafter in February, 1893, another contract was made. Subsequently a fourth lease contract was made which provided that until the bonds shall become due the syndicate is to manage the business of raising and selling cattle and to keep on the ranch and maintain the number of 120,000 head of cattle, maintaining the buildings, improvements, etc., and to pay the interest on the bonds, which had been scaled to 4 per cent, for which the syndicate should be entitled to receive for their own benefit the proceeds of all cattle sold by them, etc., and upon the maturity of the bonds the syndicate obligated itself to return to the company its lands and a herd of 120,000 cattle, except extraordinary losses from causes beyond their control.

The validity of these contracts was assailed by the plaintiff stockholders, Mrs. Babcock alleging that her husband had acquired his stock through a compromise of litigation between himself and the Farwells, wherein he sought to recover his alleged interest in the proceeds of erecting the capital building. Other allegations were made and a receivership was prayed for without notice to the defendants, because the plaintiffs alleged that the company had no agent in Texas; because all of the defendants were non-residents; because the company's papers and books were in the hands of the syndicate, which papers and books furnished the legal evidence of the transactions complained of in the petition.

During the argument before the court of appeals, it was insisted by the appellants that the appellate court was without jurisdiction to hear the appeal, because the order appointing the receivers had been made in vacation and had not as yet been transcribed in the minutes of the district court of Harvey county, which contention was adversely ruled upon by the court and jurisdiction of the appeal was maintained. It was insisted by the appellants that

the petition did not state a cause of action or entitle appellants to any relief; that if any cause of action existed, it was barred by limitations and by laches; that the petition and accompanying affidavits do not justify the appointment of a receiver without notice, because the affidavits were made on information and belief; that the order of appointment was made before the petition was filed; that no decree had ever been entered setting aside the contracts, the legality of which was assailed by plaintiffs, and no necessity was shown for the appointment of a receiver of the property of the corporation or for the property in possession of the syndicate. These contentions were vigorously challenged by the appellees, whose counsel insisted that no error on the part of the trial judge in appointing the receivers was made manifest and that the appointment should not be disturbed until the final trial of the case should render such appointment obligatory.

Fort Worth lawyers engaged in the case recently went to Channing to try the main issues involved in the case, but returned in a few days because of a disposition upon the part of the trial court to await the action of the appellate court on the interlocutory order appealed from, the cause was again set for hearing at Channing, Nov. 11.

Associate Justice Hunter will prepare the opinion of the appellate court, which is to be filed next Saturday.

CATTLE WERE SPRAYED.

Colorado, Tex., Nov. 9, 1901.

The Lewis spraying method for destroying ticks on cattle was given a primary test at Ben Van Tuyl's ranch, ten miles south of town, Thursday and Friday. The object of this test was to demonstrate the efficiency of the treatment and the thoroughness with which the medicine can be applied as well as the great economy of time and the absence of any injury in handling and doctoring the animal. The test was made with incomplete machinery and hastily applied attachments, but the result so far has been all the originator, Dr. W. K. Lewis, quarantine inspector for the cattle sanitary board, has claimed for his method.

The test was made with a one and one-half horse power gasoline engine which operated a Gould's triple pump, the pump and engine being made stationary on a common two-horse wagon. The medicine in liquid form, which is the same as that which has been so successfully used as a tick killer for some time, being applied as a "dope," was pumped from an or-

inary water barrel through two lines of hose at either end of which there was attached a sprayer nozzle, the average pressure being about 160 pounds. The cattle, one at a time were run into a branding chute, and a man on each side of this chute applied the spray to every inch of the animal's body from the ears to the tail, especially treating the brisket, belly and between the fore and hind legs. In this way it took an average of one minute to treat each animal after entering the chute. About twenty head of cattle were treated Thursday evening and then turned into a pasture, and in a few days these cattle will be submitted to a public inspection to ascertain if all ticks are dead. One cow, covered with ticks when treated, was carefully examined by me some four hours later, and not a live tick was found on her and but very few dead ones.

The medicine used is entirely harmless to the animal, even though it get into the eyes or be taken internally, but this is almost wholly avoided by the spraying process. The test has demonstrated that the principle is correct in so far as applying the treatment is concerned, and should the medicine prove effective, of which there is no doubt, the machinery and apparatus will then be perfected in detail. A chute especially designed for spraying will be built, having nozzles attached on both sides and the bottom in such a way as to reach every part of the animal. It will then only be necessary to drive the animal into the chute and turn on the hose.

A. H. B.

Wisconsin Sale.—At Lancaster, Wis., Nov. 1, P. P. Stoffel held a public sale of Shorthorns. The animals were in the best sale condition. Forty-nine head were sold for \$5,115 or an average of \$104.30.

Buckeye Sales.—At Clarksville, O., a sale of Shorthorns was held a few days ago. Forty-three animals were sold for an average of \$101.60. There were no sensational prices. H. H. Hadley, Auctioneer, E. H. Ulrich, Son and C. E. Hadley were the consignors.

Cowan's Cattle Sold.—B. O. Cowan, the well-known Shorthorn breeder and assistant secretary of the American Shorthorn Breeders' association, closed out the last of his herd at Chicago last week so as to be able to devote his whole attention to the work of the association. Forty-four animals were sold for an average price of \$228.85. A considerable number of the offerings were very young, which tended to reduce the average for the sale. The top price was \$320 paid by G. M. Casey of Missouri for

the cow May Violet 2d, a straight Cruickshank calf in the spring of 1898. A heifer calf was sold with her.

Aberdeen-Angus Sale.—A combination sale of Aberdeen-Angus cattle was held at Chicago last week. About 100 animals were sold and the average was \$174.89. A large percentage of the offerings were bulls. The consignors were: A. A. Armstrong, Camargo, Ill.; M. H. Donahoe, Parnell, Ia.; John F. Coulter, Excelsior, Mo.; Hoffer & Shryock, Mansfield, O.; Willis M. Sturges, Mansfield, O.; S. Melvin, Trenton, Ill.; J. L. Lenta, Dayton, O.; D. W. Zehr, Fairbury, Ill.; E. T. Davis, Iowa City, Ia., and J. G. Donnell, Greensburg, Ind.

For El Paso Meeting.—Following is the program for the meeting of the Texas Livestock association to be held at El Paso January 15 and 16: Convention called to order by President Chas. Schreiner of Kerrville. Invocation. Address of welcome. Response to address of welcome on behalf of the Texas Livestock association by Hon. A. S. Reed of Bertram.

President's annual address. Report of the secretary-treasurer. Reports of standing committees. Introduction of resolutions. New business.

"What Constitutes a Good Beef Animal," discussion led by Jos. F. Green of Gregory.

"How can Texas Cattle Growers Remove the Existing Prejudice Against the Texas Steer in the Markets of the World?" discussion led by Marion Sansom of Alvarado.

"Texas Feed Products—The Best in the West for Fatting Cattle," discussion led by R. K. Erwin of Waxahatchie.

Address by Hon. Jos. D. Sayers, governor of the state of Texas.

"The Revival of the Horse Industry," address by Hon. Henry Exall of Dallas.

"The Sheep Industry," address.

Unfinished business.

Election of officers for ensuing year.

Selection of the time and place for the next annual meeting.

Adjournment.

Supply Growing Short. According to Chicago reports Congress will have to take the public land situation brought to its attention this winter in a new and startling manner. A number of prominent cattlemen of the West, who have been quietly investigating are prepared to show that during the past five years there has been an enormous decrease in the number of cattle in this country, a decrease

which seriously threatens the beef food supply, and that unless speedy action be taken by congress in the course of a few very years beef will be selling at such prices that only the wealthy can afford to indulge in the luxury of a beefsteak. The cause in this rapid decline in the number of beef cattle is said to be due solely to the contraction of the western public grazing lands and the increase in the consumption. The rapid settlement of the west has caused the ranges left to become crowded and the crowded condition has prevented the reseedling of grasses and consequently millions of acres of good pasture has been turned into absolute desert.

Most of the large herds have been dispersed and slaughtered and the bulk of the cattle supply is now being furnished by the small stockmen, but the evolution is too slow, owing to unfavorable land conditions, and where a few years ago, the markets were supplied with cattle 4, 5 and 6 years of age, even yearlings are now being slaughtered to make up the supply of beef.

The stockmen assert that the unfavorable methods of administering the public lands of the west are back of the threatened shortage, and at the coming national convention, in Chicago next month an effort will be made to throw matter into Congress and ask that a commission be appointed with expert assistance to investigate and devise plans for relieving the situation. The stockmen in the National association have been striving for several years to devise some plan for amending the land laws that would remedy existing evils, but have been unable to agree. One faction is in favor of leasing the lands by the government; another wants the lands ceded to the states and another wants the laws left as they are and irrigation works erected to redeem the land by irrigation. As a compromise for all, it is now proposed to have congress take charge of the whole matter through a commission and after investigation take such action as will tend to stop the waste and destruction now going on and encourage the establishment of small stock farms. The plan will also recommend government aid in building storage reservoirs on the range near headwaters of streams.

The big packers admit that there has been a serious decrease in the available supply of cattle during the past five years and they are looking forward to higher prices in the near future. They say the people will be forced to eat mutton instead of beef, though even mutton will probably become scarce later on, as the same conditions that are diminishing the beef supply will also affect the sheep supply.

Choice Goods Sold.—The great bull Choice Goods, the pride of Great Britain, is now owned in America. It was purchased last week by J. G. Robbins & Sons of Horace, Ind., from W. D. Platt of Hamilton, Ont. Mr. Platt brought Choice Goods across the Atlantic to head his Trout Creek Stock Farm herd. The animal was exhibited but not offered for sale at the Platt public sale in Chicago last week when the offerings averaged \$112.22. After the sale, however, Mr. Platt was induced to part with the bull. The price was not made public, but the announcement was made that it was the largest sum paid for a Shorthorn in twenty years, and the second highest ever paid in America.

raising. Grass is in magnificent condition, and the finest hay in the United States is being produced there. "Sheep raising is taking the lead in the state, and small ranchers in both lines prosper there, but the day of the big ranchman is past. "I will return to Montana about December 1, after looking around the state a bit and will be back here next spring to take out the herd of steers at Childress."

NEW EXPERIMENT STATION

TO BE LOCATED IN SMITH OR HENDERSON COUNTY—THE MEETING AT FORT WORTH.

When the Agricultural and Mechanical college board met in Fort Worth Nov. 6, to decide on a location for the new sub-experiment station authorized by the last session of the legislature, about 100 delegates were present to present the claims of the various sections of Texas. After listening all day to speeches and holding a night meeting, followed by a three hours' executive session, the board decided that the sub-station should be located in the fruit belt of east Texas, and a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Johnson, Oliver and Kelchard were appointed to visit Smith and Henderson counties, and decide which of those counties should have the institution.

Among the speakers, who made strong arguments before the board for the location of the station in their respective sections, were Hon. R. C. DeGraffenreid for East Texas, Mr. Clark of Hereford for East Smith county, W. A. Ponder for Denton county, Judge Gordon Russell, D. H. L. Bonner and H. L. Tate for Smith county; James B. Simpson, former Senator Bowser, W. J. Singleton and P. M. Carter for Dallas county; Edward Scurry for Wichita Falls and the Panhandle; Gen. L. F. Oppenheimer for Montgomery county; S. R. Boyd for Hill county and the blackland belt, W. H. King for Hopkins county, Jas. C. Harris for Nacogdoches

county, F. W. Gray of Houston for southeast Texas, H. A. O'Neil for Cass and Bowie counties, Hon. A. H. Hawkins for Midland county, and a number of others. Among the representatives present were: Lindale, Smith county—Hon. Hampton Gary, S. A. Lindsay, Hon. W. H. Marsh, Judge J. G. Russell, Wm. L. Postie, John A. Lott, L. M. Green, Hon. R. W. Stafford, J. S. Ogburn, J. W. Ogburn, Jesse P. Orom, H. H. Theford, M. J. Pruitt, B. L. Pool, Monroe Ray, Dr. H. L. Tate, Tom Cook, Editor Clairage and C. W. Wood.

Sulphur Springs, Hopkins county—W. H. King, C. O. James and L. I. Mercer. Abilene and West Texas—Henry Sayles. Fort Worth—Mayor T. J. Powell. Dallas—Jas. B. Simpson, O. P. Bowser, J. R. Kimbrough and Hon. Barry Miller.

Cass county—H. A. O'Neil, A. C. Oliver, M. M. Pruitt and J. W. Hurt. Bowie county—L. A. Whitley. Whitesboro—J. H. Omahundre, J. M. Buchanan and H. P. Estes. Smith county—D. H. L. Bonner. Denton county—W. A. Ponder. East Smith county—F. M. Avis, Judge Goan, Mr. Clark. Wichita Falls and the Panhandle generally—Ed Scurry. Clarendon, Donley county—J. H. O'Neil. Randall county—L. Z. Latz. Houston—F. N. Gray, secretary of the Houston Manufacturers' association.

Montgomery county—L. M. Oppenheimer. Nacogdoches county—Juno C. Harris. Henderson county—Judge Jones, W. Freeman, J. L. Larue, R. E. Yantis.

Knox Henderson, Hon. Sam Elam, W. H. Graham, Rev. Geanvill Jones. Hill county—S. R. Boyd, Hillsboro. Arlington—W. J. Singleton and John C. Ray. Richardson, Dallas county—O. P. Bowser, J. W. Rowland, Wm. J. Watson and Thos. McConley. Wood county—Senator R. W. Stafford, Mineola. Midland—A. S. Hawkins. Sherman—T. V. Munsen and Mr. Kerr.

Gregg county—Hon. R. C. DeGraffenreid. The sessions of the board were presided over by Chairman M. Fansom, of Alvarado.

Other members of the board present were as follows: Jefferson Johnson, Austin; P. H. Tobin, Denison; Capt. F. A. Reichardt, Houston; A. P. Smyth, Mart; Wm. Malone, Hunter; A. C. Oliver, Douglasville, and J. A. Baker, secretary, College Station. A telegram was received from John W. Kokernot, of San Antonio, a member of the board of directors, to the effect that he had the misfortune to break his ankle and could not be on hand.

Low Shorthorn Average.—At Newton, Ia., recently E. B. Watson held a sale of Shorthorns at which the average price received for 38 head was only \$95. The average price of the cows sold was considerably greater than that of the bulls.

Kentucky Sales.—In the Blue Grass state some sales of Shorthorns have been held recently. At Paris, Ky., Joshua Barton sold 49 head for an average of \$95.50. At this sale B. B. & H. T. Groom of Texas made the following purchases: Alder Wild Eyes 2d, \$110; Bessie Wild Eyes, \$100; Barton's Kirklevington 11th, \$165; Barrington Lady 10th, \$165; Barton's Kirklevington 21st, \$100; Odora of Hinxtion, \$100; Emma Wild Eyes, \$190. At Winchester, Ky., W. M. Robb sold 25 head, 32 females and 3 bulls, for an average of \$115.70. At Montrose, Ky., J. C. Shropshire sold 41 head for an average of \$82.45.

Terminal Charge Case.—The supreme court of the United States was occupied all Thursday and Friday in hearing arguments of counsel in the case of the Interstate commerce commission against western railroads regarding the \$2 terminal charge imposed on carloads of live stock delivered at the Union stock yards, Chicago.

This case has attracted great attention, not only because of the amount involved and its widespread effect, but because it brings pointedly before the supreme court the question of the power of the interstate commerce commission to regulate commerce. The Cattle Raisers' association of Texas and the Chicago Live Stock Exchange made the complaint and bore the expenses of this heated and prolonged fight in the first instance before the interstate commerce commission. The commission, after giving

three separate hearings, found and decided that the railroads involved had unlawfully charged live stock shippers twice as much for the service of delivery at Chicago as should have been charged.

It was to enforce this order of the commission that action was brought. The railroads contend that the commission had no jurisdiction to afford any relief to the shipper where a double or unreasonable rate was imposed by the railroads. If the contention of the railroads is sustained no relief can, under existing law, be afforded by the interstate commerce commission where unreasonable charges are made.

Texas Inspectors.—Following is a list of the inspectors for the Texas livestock sanitary board: John Cash, Childress, Childress county. T. H. Benson, Wichita Falls, Wichita county.

T. F. Glover, Benjamin, Knox county.

W. P. Clark, Stamford, Jones county.

J. A. Woods, Luaders, Jones county.

W. K. Lewis, Colorado, Mitchell county.

A. J. Kercheville, Big Springs, Howland county.

W. E. Moody, Garden City, Glasscock county.

G. W. Shields, San Angelo, Tom Green county.

J. C. Ferguson, Quanah, Hardman county.

Edgar Boaz, Seymour, Baylor county.

R. W. Hill, Throckmorton, Throckmorton county.

Green Harrison, Aspermont, Stone-wall county.

Ira Kutch, Snyder, Scurry county.

J. L. Wickline, Bush's ranch, Borden county.

C. Sparkman, Sterling City, Sterling county.

C. U. Haughton, Midland, Midland county.

J. E. Gardener, Stiles, Tom Green county.

J. W. Thornbury, Fort Stockton, Pecos county.

H. M. Goode, Roby, Fisher county.

Douglas Sherwin, Silver, Coke county.

All inspectors and agents of the United States bureau of animal industry are authorized to act as inspectors.

Dr. H. D. Paxon, United States inspector, will inspect cattle coming through Fort Worth. Inspectors are not permitted to make any charge for inspecting cattle. Woman Inoculated.—A young woman has just been inoculated with virus from a cow suffering from tuberculosis by Dr. Geo. D. Barney of Brooklyn. The solution of bovine tubercle bacilli was injected on each side of the woman's neck just above the clavicle, the quantity of the injection being about one and one-half drams. The woman was Miss Emma H. King of Brooklyn. She offered to submit to this experiment, in order that the medical profession might know whether or not Professor Koch's theory that

bovine tubercle bacilli can not infect human beings, was correct. The cow from which the virus was taken shipped twice as much for the service of delivery at Chicago as should have been charged.

Test of Koch Theory.—It seems highly probable that the Koch theory concerning human and bovine tuberculosis may be proved to be incorrect. Positive signs of tuberculosis have appeared in the cow that was inoculated with germs by Dr. George D. Barney of Brooklyn several days ago. Dr. Barney will permit the signs to become more pronounced and will then kill the cow and hold an autopsy. Dr. Barney is now certain that he has disproved Mr. Koch's theory that human tuberculosis and bovine tuberculosis are not intercommunicable.

Shorthorns Averaged \$112.22.—All late public sale records were broken last week at Chicago at W. D. Platt's sale of Canadian-bred Shorthorns. Forty-five animals were sold for \$50,542 or an average of \$112.22. The great show cow Cicely sold for \$5000 to J. G. Robbins & Son of Horace, Ind. Lord Banff, a great show bull, brought \$5100, being purchased by Geo. E. Ward of Hawarden, Ia. Five bulls were sold for \$3420, and an average of \$684.

The record made by the females offered was no less flattering. There were 40 of them sold, and they brought in the aggregate \$42,125, an average of \$1,053.12 per head. The general average on the 45 head sold, \$1,123.22, is nearly \$400 higher than the previous best average. Mr. Platt's sale in Chicago in August, 1900, averaging \$732.

Range Conditions Changing.—While in Fort Worth last week, Jack Seruys, manager for Pierre Wibaux, in discussing the changing Montana conditions, said: "The big ranches have no longer a show being circumscribed by the incoming of the smaller dealers and settlers, principally from the adjoining state, North Dakota, where the holders of large tracts of land have shoved aside the little men who have crossed over into Montana, setting there and breaking up the ranges."

"Mr. Wibaux has given up his extensive cattle business, which was once the largest in the Northwest, and is now devoting his time to his many other interests. He is president of a bank at Miles City, Mont., and president of the Cloverleaf Gold Mining company at Deadwood, S. D., of which he is three-fourths owner, and is also interested in some manufacturing of cotton fabrics in Northern France, together with his father and two brothers. Mr. Wibaux at one time had 60,000 head of cattle on his range, but sold out and only maintains a few small herds now. He has 7,500 steers on a ranch near Childress, Tex., which were brought down last spring as yearlings and fed in Montana for two or three years, then put on the market. Conditions are fine in the Panhandle and cattle are fat, but I haven't seen much of the state below here and cannot give an opinion on prospects for cattle raising or winter feeding. "When it comes to Montana, you may just say that is the finest country in the world for cattle or sheep

As a Christmas Gift
The Journal will give to its young readers FIVE DOLLARS in cash for essays. This sum will be divided, three dollars going to the writer of the best essay and one dollar each to the writers of the papers which are second and third in point of merit. For the subject, time of submitting essays and rules of contest.
See Page 4.

50 RED DURHAM 50
IOWA BRED YEARLINGS
ALL RED -- REGISTERED
WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION OR PRIVATE SALE
AT UNION STOCK YARDS, FORT WORTH, TEX.,
EXTRA GOOD QUALITY Dec. 19 IMMUNED AT COLUMBIA, MO.
BEST BUNCH OF BULLS TO BE FOUND
Sale in charge of Harry Yeomans. Write for information.
G. H. HOXIE.

Armour-Funkhouser
PUBLIC SALE
HEREFORD CATTLE
Kansas City Stock Yards Sales Pavilion, Tuesday, Dec. 10th and Wed. Dec. 11th, 1901.
The Armour cattle for this sale were chosen by the late Kirk B. Armour, under the conviction that they would form his greatest offering. The selection comprehends a great many of his own breeding and some forty head imported from the best English herds.
The Funkhouser selections have been made upon an understanding with the late Kirk B. Armour that the whole offering would be the best ever made by them. We intend to vindicate this statement with the very highest class of Cows and Bulls that both herds afford. Cat. ready Nov. 10.
CHARLES W. ARMOUR,
For Estate of Kirk B. Armour, Kansas City, Mo.
JAMES A. FUNKHOUSER, Plattsburg, Mo.

FARM NEWS

The San Angelo shipments of pecans will reach 50 carloads this season.

Brenham, Tex., is preparing to build a cotton mill.

A meeting has been called to be held at the Harris house in Willis Point, Nov. 16, for the organization of a truck growers' association.

A press dispatch states that Corpus Christi farmers have been offered by a Northern firm 3 cents a pound for 100 carloads of cabbage.

The Guard was handed this week a lemon weighing over one and a half pounds.

The Texas experiment station is sending out a large quantity of hard wheat for experimental purposes.

Official statistics show that 12,000,500 pounds of 1,542,500 baskets of rapeseeds have been produced out of St. Joseph district, in Michigan, this season.

At a recent meeting of the Gilmer Fruit and Truck Growers' association members pledged themselves to plant over thirty acres in potatoes and tomatoes.

A truck growers' association has been organized at Edgewood, Van Zandt county, with 25 members.

Ellis A. Wingo of Willis Point, last spring planted ten acres of Sabine bottom land of long staple cotton.

B. C. Perry brought us a sample of sweet potatoes which he raised on vines that were planted last July.

The following resolution was adopted by the Johnson County Truck Growers' association at a meeting at Cleburne last Saturday.

The purpose of this association are the development and protection of the interests of the truck growers of Johnson county.

Have you got dyspepsia or indigestion? You CAN BE CURED.

My Stomach Tablets cured me of dyspepsia when everything else had failed, and I want you to try them.

My Stomach Tablets assist the stomach to digest food. That is their mission.

ANY FORM OF STOMACH TROUBLES Can be cured if the right remedy is used.

JOHN MORROW, Chemist, SPRINGFIELD, O. Chillicothe Normal School.

SEVEN GREAT SCHOOLS Chillicothe Commercial College, Chillicothe Shorthand College.

Bale your own hay, millet, sorghum, pea vines, etc., with the Little Giant Press.

Little Giant Hay Press Co., Dallas, Texas.

LEARN TELEGRAPHY and STATION WORK for Railway Service.

STAR PEA HULLER. Wonder of the age. Guaranteed to hull and clean twice as fast as any other huller.

STAR PEA MACHINE CO., Chattanooga, Tenn.

BOYS AND GIRLS Have an opportunity to win cash prizes in the Journal's Weekly Essay Contest.

and supply all Northern markets with early and late produce.

We have taken orders for over 7000 bushels of Irish potatoes for planting next year.

Prof Walte, assistant pathologist of the bureau of planting industry of the department of agriculture, is in south Texas looking into the difficulties of pear-growing experienced there.

York & Gere, of St. Louis, have closed a deal for 8000 acres of land lying in Cass county, near the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway company's line.

SHIPMENTS FROM LINDALE.—The following were the express shipments of fruits from Lindale, Smith county, this season, up to Sept. 29.

Cases strawberries and blackberries 15,344

Crates peaches 18,283

Crates plums 4,176

Crates apples 4,176

Crates tomatoes 584

Buckets blackberries 468

Besides the above, Lindale sent out 36 carloads of peaches and 14 cars of strawberries.

The returns to the Lindale people from the above shipments amounted to about \$100,000, after all freight and express charges had been paid.

SHORT TEXAS CROP.—The following reports on the Texas cotton crop were in response to letters sent out to cottonseed oil mills by a Galveston exporting-house asking the following questions:

1. Do you expect a larger or smaller last year, and state difference, more or less percentage.

2. How far has picking progressed?

3. Is there any prospect of a second growth and top crop in your section, and to what extent?

Giddings, Tex.—(1). In the neighborhood of about one-tenth less.

Almost over. (3). Will be a very little top crop.

Taylor, Tex.—(1). Twenty-five per cent short.

Corisiana, Tex.—Forty-five per cent less.

Schulenberg, Tex.—Our crop is less than last year.

Morgan, Tex.—(1). Less by one-half.

Wharton, Tex.—(1). No crop here last year.

Alvarado, Tex.—(1). Short 50 per cent of last year.

Jacksonville, Tex.—(1). Much smaller; many farmers and merchants here estimate 50 per cent shortage.

Lockhart, Tex.—(1). About 60 per cent short.

Weatherford, Tex.—(1). More than 50 per cent less.

Denison, Tex.—Fifty per cent shorter crop than last year in this immediate vicinity.

Shreveport, Tex.—(1). Fifteen per cent less.

MONTHLY CROP-REPORT.—The crop report for the month of October issued last week, shows that the month has been very mild and for the most part drier than usual.

Dodd City, Tex.—(1). Twenty-five per cent short.

Waxahachie, Tex.—(1). One-third off.

Mexico, Tex.—Thirty per cent short.

Kaufman, Tex.—(1). Fifty per cent less.

Austin, Tex.—(1). Fifty per cent short of last year.

Midlothian, Tex.—(1). Forty per cent less.

Temple, Tex.—(1). About 40 per cent.

Shiner, Tex.—(1). Thirty-five per cent.

Flowersville, Tex.—(1). Forty per cent less than last year.

Taylor, Tex.—(1). About 65% less than last year.

Crocket, Tex.—(1). Ten per cent less.

San Marcos, Tex.—(1). Fifty per cent less.

Dallas.—(1). Thirty-three per cent cotton seed or cotton seed meal.

TO PREPARE FOR TOMATOES.—W. L. Dublin of Mt. Selman, Cherokee county, says in the Atlanta (Texas) Journal:

Ground should be well broken in December, where one intends planting tomatoes for the following spring.

In explaining how a hotbed should be built I'll take for example, a bed 30 feet long by 6 feet wide.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.

GRASS FOR SHADY GROUND. Meridian, Texas.

A MODERN INSTITUTION. A Peep into the Great Establishment of Dr. J. H. Terrill, the Well Known Specialist of 285 Main Street Dallas.

With that natural and inherent curiosity found in the fraternity of the Journalists to learn exactly how a modern, up-to-date specialist conducts the business which makes him famous.

Keep temperature in bed about 70 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit.

killed by drought; apples nearly all picked, yield and quality fair.

West Virginia—Clear, dry weather; corn cutting about finished.

Ohio—Slight excess in temperature; killing frost with no material damage.

Iowa—Month warmer than usual, with ample moisture.

South Dakota—Rain prior to 17th, further damaged corn-stalks.

Nebraska—Very favorable month for plowing and seeding.

Kansas—Fine weather for maturing and gathering forage.

Weather favorable for seeding wheat and making a good appearance.

Colorado—Weather conditions ideal for late crop, harvesting and threshing.

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A 20th CENTURY TRAIN. THE "KATY FLYER" SHREVEPORT, KANSAS CITY, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.



# THE JOURNAL.

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Receipts—It is not our custom to send  
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was received. In case of a renewal the  
change of the date on the label is proof  
of its receipt. Should your date not be  
changed within two weeks call our  
attention to it on a postal and we will  
give it our attention.

DATES FOR PUBLIC SALES.  
Nov. 20-22, 1901—East St. Louis, National  
Hereford Exchange, T. F. B. Sotham,  
manager.  
March 15-17, 1902—East St. Louis, National  
Hereford Exchange, T. F. B. Sotham,  
mgr.  
April 2-4, 1902—Kansas City, National  
Hereford Exchange, T. F. B. Sotham,  
manager.  
May 7-8, 1902—Kansas City, Colin Cam-  
eron, Hereford.  
May 27-29, 1902—Omaha, National Here-  
ford Exchange, T. F. B. Sotham, mgr.  
June 24-26, 1902—Chicago, National Here-  
ford Exchange, T. F. B. Sotham, mgr.

## CASH PRIZES

CHRISTMAS CONTEST.  
For a special Christmas essay con-  
test the Journal will pay for the best  
essay the sum of \$3 in cash, and for  
the second and third in merit \$1 each.  
The contest is to be governed by the  
regular contest rules printed below.  
The subject for this contest is  
**CHRISTMAS IN THE HOME.** Essay  
writers should tell why Christmas is  
celebrated, and how the day may be  
made a happy one in the home. All  
papers must reach the Journal office  
not later than Dec. 17. The contest  
is open to both boys and girls.

RULES FOR THE CONTESTS.  
In all contests the following rules  
are to be closely observed:

1. Writers of essays must be under 16  
years of age.
2. Essays must contain not more than  
500 words, and must be in the con-  
tactant's own handwriting. Write with ink,  
and only on one side of the paper.
3. Spelling, grammar, composition and  
general neatness will be considered in  
awarding the prizes, but will count less  
than the ideas expressed. The age of the  
writer will also be taken into account.
4. Each contestant must give his or  
her name, age and postoffice address with  
essay submitted.
5. The prize-winning essays in each  
week's contest, with the name, age and  
address of the writer, will be published  
in The Journal. Other papers may or  
may not be printed, as The Journal may  
determine.
6. No manuscript will be returned by  
The Journal.
7. The awards will be made by a com-  
mittee to be named by the managing editor  
and will consist of members of the  
editorial staff, or other competent per-  
sons.
8. At the bottom of each paper the con-  
tactant must write "I certify, on my hon-  
or, that this paper is my own work and  
in my own handwriting."
9. Address essays to THE JOURNAL,  
Prize Essay Dept., Dallas, Fort Worth,  
or San Antonio, Texas.

## RURAL FREE DELIVERY.

The rural free delivery system will  
be in operation over practically the  
whole of the United States within five  
years, if the predictions of Supt. Ma-  
chem, of the free delivery division of  
the postoffice department are fulfilled.  
By the end of the present month 6000  
rural routes will be in operation and  
6000 additional applications are on file,  
while others are coming in rapidly from  
all parts of the country. Each  
carrier serves on an average 600 pa-  
trons.

Rural free delivery was started five  
years ago, merely as an experiment,  
and early predictions of failure were  
numerous, but practically without ex-  
ception the service has sprung at once  
into popularity in every section of the  
country where it has been tried. In a  
few instances it has proved unsuccess-  
ful on account of the roads, which, ne-  
cessitated suspension of the work of  
the carriers, but otherwise it has  
proved eminently satisfactory, and the  
people are asking for new routes faster  
than they can be established. During  
the year ending June 30, 1901, about  
8000 routes were put in operation.

The appropriation for the year is  
\$3,500,000, and the postmaster general  
will ask congress to allow \$6,250,000  
for next year. It is not unlikely that  
through the efforts of congressmen who  
are interested in the service the ap-  
propriation may be increased to \$10-  
000,000.

Rural free delivery carriers are to  
receive the attention of congress this  
session, and it is practically certain that  
their salary will be increased \$100 a  
year. They are now receiving an annual  
salary of \$500, and have to provide  
and maintain a horse and wagon.

It is probable that upon the recom-  
mendation of the postmaster general  
the rural free delivery service will be  
placed under the civil service rules.  
This will not apply to carriers, but will  
include all other field forces, as well as  
the clerical forces in the main and  
branch offices.

Texas has not so great a number of  
established routes as some of the other  
states, but Supt. Machem has indicated  
his willingness to advance the work in  
this state as fast as possible, wherever  
good roads are provided. Texas people  
may enjoy all the advantages of the  
rural delivery service, but they must  
have good roads first.

## SALES BY WEIGHT.

Recent sales of range cattle by  
weight, particularly the big sales made  
by D. Waggoner & Sons, have attracted  
much attention among cattlemen. Con-  
sidered from all standpoints, it is one  
of the fairest methods that could be  
devised and that it should not have  
come into general use before this time  
seems almost a matter of surprise.

The sale of large bunches for herds  
of cattle by the head was perhaps well  
enough in the days of the old Texas  
longhorns, when scale for weighing  
was few and far between and even the  
counting of the cattle was deemed a  
considerable task, but to-day good beef  
is valuable, and it is unjust to both  
buyer and seller to make sales by  
guesswork. The feeder must sell his  
finished cattle by weight when they  
reach the market. He should buy his  
range cattle in the same way. An animal  
that weighs 800 pounds is unques-  
tionably worth less than another animal  
of the same age and breed that  
weighs 1000, yet more or less variation  
in weight is always found in animals  
of the same age even in the same herd.

To induce better breeding and the  
grading up of herds, sales by weight, if  
they are generally adopted, will prove  
a potent factor. When it is brought  
home to the breeder by means of his  
bank checks that the value of his herd  
lies rather in the weight of the individ-  
uals than in the number of head he will  
devote more attention to bringing his  
cattle up to the beef standard and to  
maintaining this standard with good  
blood.

The lively contest for the location of  
the new experiment station, brought  
out at the meeting of the Agricultural  
and Mechanical college board at Fort  
Worth this week, ought to be sufficient  
evidence of the general desire in Texas  
for an increase in experimental work.  
Nearly every section had some special  
claims to offer for the location of the  
single new station provided for by the  
legislature, and had half a dozen sta-  
tions instead of one been authorized,  
the demands of all could not have been  
fully satisfied. It is to be hoped that  
the next session of the legislature will  
deal more generously with the farm-  
ers and stockmen of Texas than did the  
last legislative assembly.

According to a statement issued by  
the controller of the currency, showing  
the number of national banks organ-  
ized from March 13, 1900, to October  
31, 1901, Texas led all the other states  
with ninety-three new banks, having  
a total capital of \$3,362,000. It is only  
in times of financial prosperity that  
new banks are established and the num-  
ber of new institutions organized in  
Texas during the period named is fairly  
indicative of the progress of the  
state as compared with that of the  
other commonwealths of the union.

The boys and girls who read the  
Journal will have ample time to pre-  
pare and send in essays for the special  
Christmas contest. Whether they have  
participated in the other contests or  
not does not affect their eligibility for  
the Christmas contest. It is open to  
all boys and girls under sixteen years  
of age.

After lying idle for four years, the  
notorious Leutger sausage factory has  
been sold. Squamous people with  
long memories will want to examine  
the brands on the links when making  
purchases for some time to come.

Press dispatches announce that an  
American schooner was seized in the  
Azores Oct. 25. That's nothing—a lot  
of American schooners are seized in  
Fort and San Antonio every night.

An exchange notes that President  
Roosevelt is the first occupant of the  
white house in whose name the letter  
"a" does not appear. True, but it's the  
first letter in accident.

The divorce habit is fixing itself on  
the red man. At Pawnee, an Osage In-  
dian has filed suit for divorce from his  
wife, alleging that she is vain and too  
lazy to work.

Richard Croker is now in a position  
to divide honors with Mrs. Taylor  
when it comes to taking a fall with a  
barrel.

Hereafter the sultan will probably  
look upon a French naval demonstra-  
tion as being as deadly as a French  
duel.

The legislature failed to make pro-  
vision for enough sub-experiment sta-  
tions, but there is no law to prevent  
every farmer in Texas from establish-  
ing a little station of his own and mak-

ing experiments with a lot of hogs, a  
few cattle and mules and some fruit  
and vegetables.

Several towns in Texas are talking  
about cotton mills. Talking is better  
than silence, but building beats talk-  
ing.

## CURRENT OPINION

C. S. Tebbis, one of the most success-  
ful truck growers in the county, came  
down from Hartley Monday for sup-  
plies. He brought in and presented to  
the Courier some of the finest pump-  
kins we have seen grown anywhere,  
and also the largest one of them meas-  
uring 64 inches in circumference.

Also a number of fine beets. Talk  
about the Panhandle not raising gar-  
den truck! All in the world that is  
needed is a man like Mr. Tebbis who  
puts his time and attention to the busi-  
ness, as we could say of several others  
in Hartley and Moore counties.—Chan-  
ning Courier.

The reason that a good many things  
don't grow in some parts of Texas is  
that they have never been given a fair  
trial. It hasn't been such a great  
while since people generally regarded  
the Staked Plains as a veritable desert.

A town can put a crimp in an ad-  
vance movement easier by putting the  
price of property up to the top notch  
than in any other way. Memphis is  
just now moving ahead strongly and  
 bids fair to double in business and popu-  
lation in a few months if a liberal  
spirit is shown. If this is done our  
people must be reasonable with prop-  
erty and must be active to see that  
home seekers get places to move into  
and conveniences to make them com-  
fortable. Every citizen can do some-  
thing in this line. If one will try and  
as a result the whole community will  
be greatly benefited. Let's do that.—  
Memphis Herald.

A good many towns in Texas have  
gone wild over a slight legitimate ad-  
vance in property values and by mak-  
ing unreasonable advances in prices  
have effectually checked what would  
have otherwise developed into very  
substantial growth.

To grow potatoes, tomatoes, onions,  
etc., for the markets is easily enough  
done, but the marketing of same is the  
most difficult part of the entire busi-  
ness. To know how to grow the truck  
is very important, indeed, but to get  
the best returns for the truck requires  
a knowledge of how, when and where  
to market, and there are very few men  
thoroughly well posted along these  
lines. The growers will have to have  
the benefits of instructions and assist-  
ance of those who do know how to do  
these things, hence the advantages and  
benefits of organization of truck grow-  
ers' associations.—Texas Fruit Grower.

The fruit and truck growers of Texas  
will be a good deal better prepared to  
handle their crops in future than they  
have been heretofore. Not a week  
passes now without there being record-  
ed the organization of several truck  
growers' associations in the state, and  
from present indications the bulk of  
the shipments in succeeding years will  
be made through these organizations.

Panhandle farmers now have an ex-  
cellent opportunity to go into the truck  
business themselves. Cotton seed are  
now selling at 26 cents per bushel and  
bring 30 cents, in a short time. We  
believe that if our farmers will take  
their seed home with them, they will  
realize 40 or 50 cents a bushel for their  
before grass next spring. We  
see no reason why our farmers should  
not get their own price for their feed-  
stuffs this winter.—Hall County News.

One of the hardest tasks ever under-  
taken in this country has been to per-  
suade the farmers to stick together to  
uphold their own interests. More has  
been accomplished toward securing co-  
operation in the past two or three  
years than during twenty years preced-  
ing and as a consequence more atten-  
tion is given to marketing farm crops  
to-day than ever before. But much re-  
mains yet to be done; the farmer may  
set his own price on his products if he  
will.

A meeting of the Fruit and Truck  
Farmers' association at the opera  
house in Nacogdoches was held  
September 21, and the Nacogdoches  
Sentinel last week published the fol-  
lowing facts that the enterprising farm-  
ers in the surrounding country had  
pledged themselves to do: After add-  
ing a number of new members, the to-  
mato question was taken up and the  
farmers promised to put in next year  
7 1/2 acres in addition to 44 1/2 acres that  
was pledged at a previous meeting.  
Glendale and Trinity county can raise  
as many and as good tomatoes as any  
place on earth. The facts have been  
demonstrated more than once right  
here, and it is no longer an experiment,  
but a fact. E. A. Via proved that last  
year, but no one going in with him,  
and he not raising enough to ship by  
carload lots, they spoiled and rot-  
ted in the field. If it will pay Nacog-  
doches farmers to put in 120 acres in  
tomatoes, why won't it pay Trinity  
county farmers to put in that many?

After the tomato question was dis-  
cussed thoroughly the fruit question  
was then taken up and the farmers  
pledged themselves to increase the  
acreage in fruit 140 acres. That Nacog-  
doches is going to be the fruit cen-  
ter of East Texas, there can be but  
little question if she keeps going at  
this gait. All of her fruit and truck  
farmers are in a prosperous condition  
and have money in the bank, where  
our people are still growing a cent cot-  
ton. It is all right to raise some cot-  
ton, but don't depend on it entirely.—  
Glendale Star.

This is the same song that is being  
sung by the newspapers from all parts  
of East and Northeast Texas. More  
truck and fruit growing and less cot-  
ton is urged at every point where there  
has been an opportunity to see the  
practical results of diversification.

WHO, Schleicher County, Texas.—  
Miss Braddon, the novelist, is in real  
life Mrs. Maxwell, an English woman,  
sixty-five years of age. The works of  
Miss Braddon are too numerous to  
mention. "Lady Audley's Secret" is

## Her Last Word.

BY HESTER GREY.

Queries intended for this department should be addressed to HESTER GREY,  
care of the Journal.

JACK FROST.  
He's taken a nip at the salvia bush,  
Its flower is turned to black;  
He blew a breath on the hollyhocks—  
Their bloom will never come back.  
He danced in the meadow all night long,  
And turned it a rusty brown;  
And do you see he's touched the trees,  
And the leaves are straying down.

He's still he is trying to make amends,  
If only he stop to think,  
He's churning the rippling little pond  
With his skating stick.  
Then fills the air with a tink-tink-keen,  
Which sets the girls and boys  
With bounding faces and rosy cheeks  
All crazy for winter joys.

He softly covers the window panes  
With sketches rich and rare,  
As ever with dainty paint and brush  
He sketches the snowflake.  
And so, though the merry birds are flown,  
The song of the stream is lost,  
We'll try to forgive Jack Frost,  
—Slidney Dayre.

MRS. SANDY, Mineola, Tex.—The  
fifteenth wedding anniversary is the  
critical wedding.

YAM, Langtry, Tex.—The supersti-  
tion concerning opals has died a nat-  
ural death, it seems, and these stones  
are as popular as those bearing a better  
reputation.

MAMIE, Caldwell, Tex.—Your patent  
leather shoes may be kept soft by the  
use of vasoline or olive oil. (2) You  
may tuck chiffon on a machine by  
stitching it with paper underneath, but  
handwork is preferable.

SONNY, Uvalde, Tex.—Personally, I  
do not like the red shoe laces, and as  
I notice them mostly worn by the  
"cheap dude" and the coon-town  
swell, I think it would be as well to  
advise against your investment.

GIRLIE, Alto, Tex.—(1) Do not in-  
vite your escort in if the hour is late.  
(2) Toothpicks should never be used  
in public any more than tooth-brushes.  
The practice of putting them on the  
dining table has long been obsolete.

HARLEY, Denison, Tex.—The best  
selling book ever printed, next to the  
Bible, is Webster's Spelling book, the  
old blue-back affair, over 50,000,000  
having been sold, and yet there are  
people who can't spell "yaker," much  
less "immaturity."

MINNIE, Cuero, Tex.—Little girls  
about your age should be sitting in  
some happy corner making doll dresses  
and wondering what they were going  
to get in their stockings next month,  
instead of worrying about points of  
etiquette in dealing with young men.

PANSY, Milano Junction, Tex.—I  
cannot advise you to help the young  
man who you believe to be too  
bashful to speak for himself. If he  
wants to marry you he will find a way  
to let you know of his intentions, and  
too timid for serious consideration.  
(2) I can't prescribe for Fido. I am  
not the "I-Cure-Fits" man, you know.

MARIA, Webberville, Tex.—"Come  
and spend the day with me some day"  
doesn't mean anything, as a general  
thing. If your friend really wishes to  
have you visit her he will set some  
special day. (2) I cannot give you  
any hints about the manufacture of  
home-made furniture. I have heard  
it rumored that barrels chairs are a  
snare of the evil one.

RED TOP, Hico, Tex.—Learn to  
know your own colors, and wear them,  
and you will not need the lame old  
redness of your hair. No one looks  
so well in golden brown as the red-  
headed girl, and that is a favorite  
winter shade. Black is also becoming,  
as are greys, cream and white. Do not  
wear red, bright blue, yellow, or, in  
fact, any very bright colors.

BERTHA, Palestine, Tex.—Your  
nolette, written as you say, "just to  
kill time," is also a scene of the most  
brutal massacre of the King's English.  
I have not had any time to kill, conse-  
quently did not complete your story,  
but from a hasty glance I advise you  
to waste no more stamps upon it. Get  
Webster's dictionary and a good  
English grammar and write no more  
until you master them.

MRS. M. A. T., Brownwood, Tex.—  
Your sheepskin rug may be made  
beautifully white and fluffy by this  
method: Tack it to a stout barrel, or  
stretch it on the floor and scrub with  
a clean scrubbing brush and hot suds  
in which washing soda has been dis-  
solved. Then rinse thoroughly in clear  
water and put to dry in the sun. While  
it is drying gently comb with a clean  
curry-comb to keep the wool from  
matting.

perhaps the best known, over 1,000,000  
copies of the book having been sold.  
Reading Miss Braddon's novels will  
not cause you to suffer from an over-  
worked brain, yet neither will it give  
you hysterics, as some of our light lit-  
erature of a later school is liable to do.

LAURA, Palestine, Tex.—There is an  
adhesive tissue to be had of any drug-  
gist, with which you can successfully  
mend your torn sheet music. It is also  
valuable for many similar purposes.  
(2) Those little hard, purplish pimples  
which cause you so much distress, are  
the result of blood impoverished by an  
unhealthy diet. Can you not cultivate  
a taste for soft boiled or poached eggs,  
buttermilk, rare beefsteak, brown  
bread and fruit, and let cake, pickles  
and such things severely alone for  
several weeks? In addition to the  
nutritious diet a course of maltine  
will probably benefit you.

YOUNG HOUSEKEEPER, Atoka, I.  
T.—Beef is not fresh unless the lean  
when freshly cut is a bright red, easi-  
ly compressed, elastic, and fine grained.  
The fat should be yellowish white and  
firm, and the suet perfectly white and  
firm. The same tests apply to mutton  
except that in good mutton the fat is  
brandy white and not yellowish. If  
pork is young the skin is thin and the  
lean will break when pinched. If damp  
and clammy, or if there are small ker-  
nels in the fat, do not buy it. Fish are  
fresh when their eyes are clear, fins  
stiff, and gills red and hard to open.  
The best turkeys are broad in the  
breast, and short of neck and the skin  
white. The legs should be smooth, eyes  
bright and full, and feet flexible, else  
they are old and stale. A chicken must  
be white of flesh, skin clear and white  
and easily torn, fat yellow.

LES MISERABLES.  
Brenham, Tex., Nov. 4.  
Hester Grey:  
In your answer to "Edgar," Jew-  
ett, Texas, in your department  
of the Journal of Oct. 29, you  
are unable to give any information re-  
garding the dramatization of "Les  
Miserables." It is my favor to sup-  
ply the information, I take pleasure in  
saying that Hugo's novel has been  
dramatized and was very successfully  
played many years ago by George C.  
Boniface, Sr., the father of the young  
man of the same name who has re-  
cently appeared in Texas in "The Gay  
Mr. Goldstein." The elder Boniface  
made a great success of Jean Valjean,  
and his fame rests chiefly on his per-  
formance of that character. I think  
the play is in print, and if it is, it may  
be had of T. Henry French, publisher,  
New York city.

JOHN WATSON.  
I appreciate Mr. Watson's courtesy  
in supplying the information asked  
for by "Edgar." The facts had for  
time being slipped my memory. Mr.  
Watson, however, covers the ground of  
the inquiry completely.

FEMINE INTERESTS.  
Miss Agnes Gill, acting chief execu-  
tive of New Jersey, proved an ideal  
"governess" for that state while Gov-  
ernor Voorhees visited the Pan-Amer-  
ican exposition. Miss Gill is a stenog-  
rapher in the governor's office.

A Kansas woman makes a living by  
fashioning dolls from corn husks; or-  
ders for these dolls are received even  
from Germany and France.

Mrs. Annie Edson Taylor, a school  
teacher, went through Niagara Falls  
in a barrel and came through alive.  
But Mrs. Taylor was fifty years of age,  
and a true Niagara Falls was doubtless  
a soothing experience to a  
50-year-old teacher.

Miss Portia Washington, daughter  
of Booker T. Washington, is taking a  
course at Wellesley college, preparatory  
to becoming a teacher in Tuskegee  
institute, the industrial school for ne-  
groes of which her father is president.  
Many Southerners, who criticize the  
colored dinner party, also the White  
House will continue to send their  
daughters to Eastern colleges where  
they will sit at the table with colored  
girls three times a day, without com-  
ment. Southern people should remem-  
ber to be consistent; the race with  
which your daughter may be educated  
is surely as equally fitted for associa-  
tion with your president. Are there no  
southern colleges for southern girls?

It is encouraging to middle-aged  
women to remember that many women  
who have been most successful in art,  
literature or business, made their first  
efforts after youth was a thing of the  
past. Olive Thorne Miller, the author  
of the "Bird" books, brought up a  
large family and had her sons in busi-  
ness and her daughters in college be-  
fore she began the study of bird life.  
Amelia E. Barr, Mary Lowe Dickin-  
son and many others are examples of  
the fact that one may yet learn the  
road to success after passing more than  
half the way on the common road.

Mothers who desire long lashes for  
their children should trim them before  
the child is seven years old. After  
that trimming them only shortens  
them permanently.

A very fine body of farm and ranch land  
in Ballinger, Texas, consisting of 16,  
000 acres in a solid body, divided into five  
farms. All under four-year fence; 900  
acres in cultivation. It is well watered  
by the Colorado river, and windmills.  
Four of the farms are river bottom. Two  
good houses and a fine barn and granary  
on the property. A bargain will be given.  
Write SELDEN R. WILLIAMS,  
Fort Worth, Texas.

A well improved ranch of sixteen sec-  
tions in Nolan county. Seven sections  
owned in fee simple, nine leased on very  
favorable terms. Plenty of water, good  
grass and fine winter protection. Price  
\$700. There are 500 cattle on the ranch,  
which can be had at a low price. Ad-  
dress SELDEN R. WILLIAMS,  
Fort Worth, Texas.

## SPECIAL NOTICES

Advertisements inserted in this de-  
partment in the four Journals at 40  
cents per word. This pays for publi-  
cation one time in:

The Texas Stock Journal;  
The Texas Farm Journal;  
The Fort Worth Journal;  
Dallas County Farm Journal.  
The combined circulation of the  
four Journals secures by far the lar-  
gest circulation in Texas, and also the  
best medium in the state to get good  
results from "want," for sale, and  
bargain advertisements.

Only one black line can be used in  
notices in this department, and it  
counts as twenty words.

Matter paragraphed will be charged  
according to space occupied.

REAL ESTATE.  
WRITE US FOR LANDS, improved and  
unimproved, in the Wichita Falls coun-  
ty, and Panhandle National Bank, AN-  
TONIO & BEAN, Real Estate and In-  
surance Agents, Wichita Falls, Tex. Odest  
established agency in Northwest Texas.

WANTED—To look after your Panhandle  
land (and city property in the town of  
Amarillo). We have purchasers for bar-  
gains and bargains for purchasers. CUN-  
NINGHAM & KERR, Amarillo, Tex.

CHEAP TEXAS LANDS.  
The San Antonio & Aransas Pass Rail-  
way covers Central and South Texas.  
Good lands, reasonable prices, mild and  
healthful climate. Address:  
E. J. MARTIN,  
General Passenger Agent,  
San Antonio, Texas.

RANCHES.  
FOR SALE—Several desirable ranches, ac-  
cording to quantity, in Texas and  
eastern New Mexico. H. O. PERKINS,  
Commissioned Auctioneer, Springtown, Tex.  
A 1/2 SECTION RANCH in Tom Green  
county will improve 2000 acres. Run-  
ning through it, with 1500 head well  
graded Hereford and Durham cattle. The  
ranch is owned by the late Mrs. S.  
SELDEN R. WILLIAMS, Fort Worth,  
Texas.

IMPROVED RANCH, 30,000 to 90,000 acres.  
Will cut in 10,000 to 40,000 acre tracts. All  
well grassed land, mostly containing line  
2 1/2 miles from railroad shipping point. 20  
miles living water also wells and wind-  
mills. Don't write; come and see me. No  
price, terms or description given except  
to bona fide buyers. Any deferred pay-  
ments at 6 per cent. Bring cash refer-  
ences with you and I will convince you  
of my authority to sell. W. E. KAYNE,  
P. O. Box 9, Fort Worth, Tex.

DON'T BUY a cheap piano when you can  
get one of those beautiful high grade  
BUSH & GERTS Pianos at factory prices  
and on terms to suit you. Write us  
for our new illustrated catalogue,  
349 Main St., Dallas.

A WELL IMPROVED ranch of 26 sec-  
tions in a solid body, about 20 miles north  
of San Antonio and Pacific railroad, above  
the quarantine line in Howard county.  
On this ranch there is 1500 head of well  
graded cattle. The range and cattle are  
both in fine shape. If interested, write  
to SELDEN R. WILLIAMS, Fort Worth,  
Texas.

FOR FINE BARGAINS in lands and  
ranches in the best stock raising sec-  
tion of the Panhandle, write to WITHERSPOON  
& GOUGH, Hereford, Texas.

BUSH & GERTS Pianos are strictly  
high grade. Bush & Gerts Pianos are  
the best made. They are made in Texas,  
and are guaranteed to give you the best  
value for your money. Write for our  
catalogue, 349 Main St., Dallas.

STOCK FARMS.  
FOR SALE—Three first-class stock farms,  
700, 1000, 1500 acres. Near station, 2 1/2  
miles to Fort Worth. OWNER, Box 24,  
Cresson, Tex.

FARMS.  
HERE is a bargain: 44 acres of land,  
mostly improved, 2000 bushels of wheat,  
Denton, 12 acres of it in the city lim-  
its, elegantly located for a very beautiful  
home. Call on or write to the  
Address: CAPT. J. A. H. HOSACK, Agent,  
Cleburne, Texas.

194 ACRES in Montague county, near  
county seat, 1-2 in cultivation, balance  
timbered pasture. Two splendid wells  
soft water. Two sets houses, barns and  
other buildings. Best sandy loam soil in Texas.  
Raise anything. Splendid fruit land. No  
malaria. Call on or write to the  
Address: CAPT. J. A. H. HOSACK, Agent,  
Cleburne, Texas.

WRAY BROS. are the leaders of low  
prices for high grade Pianos in Texas.  
If you want to buy a piano at factory  
prices you can do so by writing us or  
calling on us before you buy. Ware-rooms  
349 Main St., Dallas.

100 HIGH GRADE Hereford bulls, one  
year old, fine condition, for sale, LEE  
BROS., San Angelo, Texas.

Grass, Grass, sufficient for 5000 cattle.  
For terms and particulars apply to F. A.  
Prideaux, Lubbock, Texas.

WANTED—One hundred well graded 2-  
year-old steers, good quality, and  
at druth prices. C. S. MITCHELL, Jr.,  
Dallas, Texas.

FOR SALE—300 head of all kinds of cat-  
tle. Address: COMBINATOR, Box 321,  
Smithville, Tex.

CATTLE WANTED—Will buy yearlings  
or 2-year-olds, or take 200 to 500 head  
of mixed cattle on shares. Good range. JAS.  
W. MULLERS, Howell, N. M.

ON ACCOUNT of scarcity of feed, I offer  
at a great bargain: 30 full blood  
Hereford bull calves, 15 high grade Here-  
ford bull calves, 12 high grade Hereford  
heifer calves. All splendid individuals  
and in good condition. For particulars  
address HERM SPECHT, Ideal Here-  
ford Stock Farm, Iowa Park, Texas.

WILL WINTER 500 young cattle for one  
year. Reference: Citizens National Bank,  
JOHN D. FLEWELLEN, Navasota, Tex.

FOR SALE—Four highly bred registered  
Shorthorn bulls, from

# THE HOUSEHOLD

## THE OLD-FASHIONED BOY.

Oh, for a glimpse of a natural boy—  
A boy with freckled face,  
With a forehead white, smooth tangle  
And limbs devoid of grace.

Whose feet lie in, while his elbows flare;  
Whose knees are patched all ways;  
Who turns as red as a young man,  
You give him a word of praise.

A boy who's born with an appetite,  
Who seeks the pantry shelf,  
To eat his "piece" with a smacking smack—  
Who isn't gone on himself.

A "Robinson Crusoe" reading boy,  
If a good, old-fashioned clay,  
Who knows the use of rod and gun,  
And where the brook trout splash.

It's true he'll sit in the easiest chair,  
With his hat on his tumbled head;  
That his hands and feet are everywhere,  
For youth must have room to spread.

But he doesn't dub his father "old man,"  
Nor deny his mother's call,  
Nor ridicule what his elders say,  
Or think that he knows it all.

A rough and wholesome natural boy,  
If a good, old-fashioned clay,  
God bless him, if he's still on earth,  
For he'll make a man some day.

—Detroit Free Press.

## READY FOR VANDERBILT BABY.

Beautiful and costly are the tiny garments that await the coming of the expected heir to the name and fortune of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt. No bride more anxious than she has ever had to prepare for a prospective prince was ever more varied or designed from such wonderful material. Europe has been ransacked for spider-webbed laces, filmy silks, and softest nainsooks, lawns and flannels.

The most beautiful piece in the collection is the christening dress. This will train on the floor when the Vanderbilt baby is carried up the aisle to receive his baptismal name. It is of nainsook, but this fabric is lost in a cloud of feathery, cobwebby lace. Much of this lace was brought to light after many years from fragrant cedar chests by the grandmother of the prospective heir, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt.

## MARRIAGE IN KONDELAND.

Some curious stories in regard to the Kondealand, one of the choicest regions in German East Africa, have been told by a German traveler who has just returned from that country.

The marriage ceremony there is quite primitive, and a young man who desires to take unto himself a wife must prepare to pay a certain number of cows for her. A year or two ago a comely girl was worth ten or a dozen cows, but to-day any village belle can be bought for two cows and an ox, the reason being because a disease has been raging among the cattle for some time, and as a result their price has greatly increased.

A young man who has decided to go wooing begins by consulting a match-maker, or go-between, who is known as the "ampousa." The latter

## calling the lions by their pet names,

putting and caressing them as if they were a number of cats.

In all her lion taming career she has only been bitten once, when, as she described it, it was her own fault.

Mlle. Heliot was born in England some twenty-five years ago, and is only within the last few years that she has made a hobby of taming wild animals. Lions are her favorites, and she means to keep to them.

## THE NEW CROESUS

### OF OLD MEXICO.

In less than a year's time Pedro Alvarado has risen from a penniless peon to a multi-millionaire.

Quite naturally, therefore, he is the sensation of Mexico. Everybody in that vicinity remembers the sordid laborer who not many months ago lived in a shack in the mining town of Parral. And it is not surprising that everybody's eyes should open particularly wide when they pass by Alvarado, the owner of a mine of magical richness, the most prosperous man and the luckiest in Mexico, the lavish spender of a monthly income of \$200,000.

Alvarado believes that the significance of money lies in its purchasing capacity. So his chief concern at present is the spending of his income. And this, although he has had but a few months' practice, he is accomplishing.

## TAMES LIONS BY KINDNESS.

Phlegmatic London has become enthusiastic during the last few weeks over a marvelous display of the power of kindness to tame animals given by Mlle. Craire Heliot. At the Hippodrome, in the British capital, great crowds have gathered daily to watch her putting a number of lions through exhibition tricks.

Although in her early twenties now, Mlle. Heliot in the last four years trained nearly thirty of these huge animals, who were kept huddled in a cage, and depending entirely on their response to her gentle treatment.

Armed with nothing but a small whip she enters the cage of a strange beast and begins calling it by a name. When she has made it understand that it is meant by this the hardest work is done. Sometimes, of course, the lions do become a little savage, but by means of a steel rod she keeps them at a distance.

She has never used a whip in the preliminary training of an animal. When Mr. Leo behaves he gets a little beef, and by Mlle. Heliot and her lion become friendly.

It will be seen by those who witness her performance that she has not the slightest difficulty in making the animals go through their antics—a great contrast to the old type of lion tamer, who fired revolvers, burnt and fire, made hideous noises, and scared the audience as much as they did the poor animals, who were kept huddled in a corner on a caravan cage, alarmed more, perhaps, by the fire than by the teaching of their trainer.

Mlle. Heliot goes about her work dressed in an ordinary evening gown,

## spared in its construction. It is estimated

that it will cost not less than \$500,000, and for that distant part of Mexico, where adobe buildings are the rule, it will be considered wonderful.

On the pretext of furnishing it he has purchased scores of useless articles, and simply buys them for the pleasure that they can give him for the moment.

With all his reckless expenditure of his wealth, he is displaying a philanthropic spirit. He has not forgotten the peons with whom only a short time ago he was closely associated. He has undertaken the construction of a large charity hospital for the poor of Parral. This hospital will be equipped with all modern appliances for such institutions.

## INVENTIONS OF CRIMINALS

### USED BY THE HONEST.

Criminals as inventors of alibis and aliases are well recognized, but criminals whose thoughts have lightly turned to crooked apparatus, which afterward has been converted to economic use in society, are without fame.

An yet the national mints of Germany, France, and Italy are using a coin-making machine which was originated and perfected by a Manchester counterfeiter, whose best known alias was Henry Harvey. Harvey neglected to patent his invention, however, and instead of living sumptuously on his royalties he is spending a monotonous life in prison at Portland, England.

It was in 1895 that certain Manchester numismatists began to take exception to certain sovereigns in circulation. They queried the mint officials to know why, for some reason, the coins as the inclosed could be turned out, why not at all times? These pretty coins were found to have been made by Mr. Harvey (not "Coin" Harvey,

## YOUR BLOOD MADE NEW.

Your heart beats about sixty thousand times a day. Every drop of blood in your veins visits every part of your body about five hundred times each twenty-four hours. Is it any wonder that many troubles arise when the blood is not right?

Is it hard to understand why health quickly returns when you take a remedy like Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic, a remedy that purifies and enriches the blood? It is the perfect example of everything that "tonic" stands for. It would be a wonderful remedy for the blood, if it were not for the fact that it is a tonic, rich blood is its only property. It is a tonic because it both makes and purifies the blood.

One of the crude forms of iron that injures the teeth and stomach, but a delicate harmless form that is almost entirely free from the impurities that risk the system of all impurities and helps each sluggish organ to do its full duty.

If you have any skin disease, rheumatism, stomach trouble, nervousness, or if the hair on your head is falling out, your blood is disordered, or that your health is running down, be just to yourself and take Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic for forty-five years has been made only by The Dr. Harter Medicine Co., Dayton, O. Sold everywhere.

## office of his own, where he keeps his

memoranda, his books and his special menus, and the secrets of his business.

During the rush hours his place is in the center of the kitchen, directing, watching, and when necessary, administering, if several big banquets are in progress, making it necessary to send hundreds of portions of each dish to them at once, it is the chef's duty to see that these courses are sent up promptly, and to check off each one on the bulletin board at the time it is sent.

When he goes off duty one of his assistants takes his place. Besides the cooks, there are a dozen men and women who do nothing but peel potatoes, others who make toast, and still others who attend to the big dish washing machines. The butcher and his assistants have charge of the supplies of meats, some of which—for instance, beef—are kept in the big refrigerators, where the temperature never varies a degree, for three months before serving. In strong contrast with the dishes they have been preparing is the comparative simple dinner of the cooks themselves. As they sit at the long table in their white aprons and caps, before each is placed a bottle of claret. They are the only employees to whom the hotel serves wine. This is a right jealously guarded by the cooks, and they allege, made necessary by their work over hot ranges.

The best waiters in New York are the Swiss, German and French. In addition to regular complement, every hotel has an extra list of waiters, employed only for big dinners and suppers. The extra list of one of these hotels which employs regularly about 700 waiters, numbers nearly 1000 men, who serve in down-town restaurants and cafes in the daytime, and in this hotel at night, when they are needed.

Their wages are small, but their tips are large, and a few of them are quite as prosperous as the guests whom they serve. Ten per cent of the bill is the standard American tip, but in some of the fashionable restaurants and hotels a ten per cent tip is so far below the average that it does not fill the waiter with gratitude nor make him anxious to serve the guest on his next visit.

The kidneys are small but important organs. They need help occasionally. PRICKLY ACH BIPPERS is a successful kidney tonic and system regulator.

## THE HOTEL CHEF

### AND HIS MINIONS.

For his service the chef of a big hotel may receive \$10,000 a year, a big salary for cooking, but by no means out of proportion to his value to the hotel, says Ansieles' Magazine. He is supreme in his workshop, the kitchens, which are large, bright and clean, and scrupulously clean rooms, with hardly a suggestion in the air of broiling and baking and roasting and frying that is going on all around. The chef and sub-chefs over the butcher shops, the soups, the entrees, the roasts, the vegetables, the bakeshops and the pastries, and a hundred cooks are calling out orders in French, for they are nearly all French or Swiss, and French is the language of the kitchen as well as of the court wherever a good cuisine is attempted, go bustling around in their white caps and aprons, so intent on their work that the intrusion of a stranger is not noticed. The waiters, in their black coats, and their tips are large, and a few of them are quite as prosperous as the guests whom they serve. Ten per cent of the bill is the standard American tip, but in some of the fashionable restaurants and hotels a ten per cent tip is so far below the average that it does not fill the waiter with gratitude nor make him anxious to serve the guest on his next visit.

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## leaving the real arm free inside the

conjuror's coat. Gladstone, however, was not a conjurer. He put on his false arm, and with the real one inside his coat, would ride around London, taking watches, chains, purses, and valuables until his total thefts reached \$50,000.

That almost perfect imitation marble which is used as the mantelpieces in nearly all houses in London, and by millionaires was first "mixed" by an Italian criminal named Gagliola. He, with several associates, decided to steal all the beautiful specimens of sculpture in their native land and sell them. Knowing that if a statue disappeared wholly such a hue and cry would be raised that every other specimen of marble worth having would be put under lock and key, they hit upon the idea of substituting a perfectly made statue in each case. So beautiful were the imitations that Gagliola and his gang were able to work for six months before suspicion was aroused.

## TELEPHONED FROM THE GRAVE.

Telephoning from the grave seems an uncanny sort of thing, but that is what happened in Florence, Italy. A young and beautiful girl of patrician lineage, named Teresa Allosandi, had been consigned to the family vault in a trance, her family believing that she was dead. A relative who was in the habit of paying periodical visits to the tiny mortuary chapel forming an annex to the sepulcher, for the pious purpose of reciting masses for the repose of the souls of those resting therein, and who had also apparently been possessed of a healthy regard for her own mundane comfort and well being, had been telephoning installed visits to the tiny mortuary chapel forming an annex to the sepulcher, for the pious purpose of reciting masses for the repose of the souls of those resting therein, and who had also apparently been possessed of a healthy regard for her own mundane comfort and well being, had been telephoning installed visits to the tiny mortuary chapel forming an annex to the sepulcher, for the pious purpose of reciting masses for the repose of the souls of those resting therein, and who had also apparently been possessed of a healthy regard for her own mundane comfort and well being, had been telephoning installed visits to the tiny mortuary chapel 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POULTRY

30 PREMIUMS
At the Texas State Fair, 1901. Breeds of high-class poultry...

MANMOUTH BRONZE TURKEYS.
Yearling and young stock. Must be sold within the next six days...

EDWARDS, PITTSBURGH, TEXAS.
Golden, White and Silver Wyandotters, Barred, Buff and White P. Rocks...

MACKAY FOWLS STILL IN THE LEAD
At N. E. Mo., show, Dec. 15, 1900. Mackey strain of fowls were principle winners...

EX. BOAZ BENBROOK, TEXAS.
Barred Plymouth Rocks, Vigorous, turn raised in Texas...

R. A. DAVIS, MERIT, TEXAS.
Breeders of White and Buff Orpingtons and White P. Rocks, Light Brahmas...

THE BROWN HATCHER.
Only incubator in South. Sure enough heat machine. Have freight, etc. Send dime for catalogue...

INCUBATORS.
The Denver Republican says: "Dr. A. B. McCapes, secretary of the state sanitary board..."

M. K. & T. HOLIDAY RATES.
To the Southeast, Missouri, Arkansas and Kansas. Tickets on sale December 21, 22 and 23...

UP-TO-DATE BERKSHIRES.
Inbred, top quality. Write me. J. C. WELLS, Howe, Texas.

TIP TOP BERKSHIRES.
My Berkshires have won more prizes and more money at the last six Dallas Fairs...

UP-TO-DATE BERKSHIRES.
Nine good, pure bred. San Antonio Fair, 1901. First in class and sweepstakes on board...

ELM GROVE FARM.
Walter and Bro. Proprietors, breeders of thoroughbred Berkshire hogs...

ENGLISH BERKSHIRE.
REGISTERED ENGLISH BERKSHIRE
Swines, full blood and high grade...

WINCY FARM.
Headquarters for English Berkshires. I showed the prize litter of the South last year...

POLAND CHINA.
POLAND CHINA, SALE.—R. W. McMillen held a sale of Poland Chinas at Red Oak, Ia., last week...

CEAR VALE POLAND CHINAS.
The ribbon winners. The first thirteen prizes offered at Texas State Fair, 1900...

RICHARDSON HERD POLAND CHINAS.
Herd headed by the great Guy Wilkes 2nd, 2006, sired by Tex. Chief. Pigs for sale of the most fashionable strains...

MORRIS & CO., SAN ANTONIO, TEX.
202 E. Crockett st. Fine pigs and hogs at bar prices...

STEWART & MILLER, SHERMAN, TEX.
Breeders of Poland China swine of the best breeding and individuality...

DUROC JERSEY.
TOM FRAZIER-KOPPEL-BOSQUE
Choice registered, now ready to ship.

HIGHLAND HERD DUROC JERSEY.
Poland China swine have won more premiums than any herd in the South...

POULTRY

GRADING UP THE FLOCK.—Mattie Webster, a well-known poultry writer says: "One engaged in any business, if interested in the work and disappointed and discouraged if the close of each year does not show that progress has been made..."

This ambition stimulates to the bending of every energy of brain and hand that its accomplishment may be possible, and it is with much satisfaction and self-congratulation that one sees the realization of this desire.

In poultry culture every earnest, successful breeder feels this spirit of progress within, and all the planning and every day's work is a consequence of this desire.

Seldom, at the close of one season, does the breeder's flock show characteristics and qualities exactly as was possessed by the flock of previous seasons. I say seldom, simply because others may have missed such an equality, but in my own experience I never have.

PURE BREDS FOR UTILITY.—In some unexplained way there has been an opinion permitted to become quite general that breeders of poultry who are breeding for utility purposes have but little use for pure-bred fowls.

Many beef cattle on hoof, as well as live hogs and sheep, are being shipped to Alaska from Seattle by local cattle buyers. Carstens Bros. ship north an average of 1000 sheep each month, and last summer sent to Nome 350 beef cattle on hoof.

PROPERTY HAS BEEN IN LITIGATION FOR A NUMBER OF YEARS, AND IT WAS ONLY BY A RECENT DECISION OF THE HIGHEST COURT IN MEXICO THAT A CLEAR TITLE WAS SECURED BY MR. BRITSON AND HIS PARTNERS.

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SHEEP--GOATS

Ben Robey, of Coleman, recently sold to Mr. Acres 1800 wethers and ewes at \$2.25.

Harris Bros. of San Angelo, have purchased from Pole Stepp 1350 head of sheep at \$1.75.

All the wool in the San Angelo market has been sold at about 10 cents a pound. G. R. Topf and H. Elbery, representing Boston firms, bought most of it.

F. Beck of Coleman, Tex., writes to the Journal: "This year has been an off year to sell sheep, but I have managed to sell nearly all I had to spare in the way of rams."

Rams sold by R. S. Campbell are as follows: Geo. Richardson, 20 head, price \$20; Geo. Richardson, 7 head, price \$10; A. G. Anderson, 10 head at \$20; Mrs. Wilhelm, 4 head at \$20; Fred Speck, 5 head, \$20; Fred Speck, 1 at \$15; 2 head at \$10; J. L. Zuckey, 11 head at \$8; Stanley Turner, 1 at \$20, and 6 at \$10; John Kennedy, 3 head at \$16.66, 2 head at \$10; J. C. Logan, 13 at \$15, 2 at \$20, and 2 at \$7.50; D. E. Sims, 14 head at \$12.50; R. D. Loer, 13 head at \$10; Crawford, 6 head at \$10, and 1 at \$5; C. Dameron, 16 head at \$7.50.—San Angelo Standard.

The Merino is no sure a coupler as the mutton ewe, says S. Powers. The making of flesh imparts to the vitality; the making of wool detracts from it. The Merino ewe is more likely to be shy of the ram and miss the service altogether, or to fail to conceive when served.

WYOMING SHEEP STATISTICS.—E. P. Snow, secretary of the Wyoming state board of sheep commissioners, recently completed a two-months' trip through the state, and reports everything in a flourishing condition, and the flockmasters jubilant.

Number of sheep in Wyoming on July 1, 1901, \$3,729,534; number of lambs in Wyoming on July 1, 1901, 1,958,905; number of pounds of wool shorn during 1901, 27,969,950; average weight of fleece for year 1901, seven and one-half pounds; average shrinkage of fleece for 1901, 10 per cent.

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SHEEP--GOATS

Ben Robey, of Coleman, recently sold to Mr. Acres 1800 wethers and ewes at \$2.25.

Harris Bros. of San Angelo, have purchased from Pole Stepp 1350 head of sheep at \$1.75.

All the wool in the San Angelo market has been sold at about 10 cents a pound. G. R. Topf and H. Elbery, representing Boston firms, bought most of it.

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Sharples "Tubular" Dairy Separators. Official Report of State Authorities. University of Wisconsin. Official Report of State Authorities. University of Wisconsin. Official Report of State Authorities. University of Wisconsin.

ANGORA GOATS

\$3.50 to \$7.50, Bucks \$10.00 to \$25.00 According to individual merit.

H. T. FUCHS, Tiger Mill, Tex.

DAIRY

GUERNSEY WINNERS.—The following statement in regard to the tests made of dairy herds at the Pan-American Exposition is issued by the American Guernsey Cattle Club.

Table with columns: Guernsey, Jersey, Ayrshire, Holstein, Red Polled, Brown Swiss, French Canadian, Shorthorn, Polled Jersey, Dutch Belted. Rows: Fat, Butte, Total Solids, Solids live weight.

Prof. W. A. Henry of Wisconsin values sugar beet pulp at about one-half the worth of silage for feeding stock.

SANTA FE SPECIAL RATES. Fort Worth-Account National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, convention rates, Nov. 14 and 15; limited Nov. 22.

Paris-Account Annual Conference, A. M. E. Church, one and one-third fares, Nov. 12, 13, 16 and 17; limited Nov. 21.

Chicago-Account Meeting Daughters of the Confederacy, convention rates, one fare, plus \$2, Dec. 1 and 2, limited Dec. 10.

Galveston-Account meeting North Texas Teachers' Association, one and one-third fare, Nov. 29, limited Dec. 1.

W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A., Galveston, Texas.

R. H. LOWREY, CAMP SAN SABA, Texas. Breeder of Registered Angora Goats. Correspondence solicited.

SWINE

Prof. W. J. Kennedy says: During recent years a great deal has been written and said about the crossing of different breeds of swine in order to secure larger litters, better grazers, more bone, early maturing, better bacon type, etc.

The following are the prices paid for yearling boars: \$52, \$37.50, \$25, \$11, \$37.75, \$41, \$50, \$25, \$26, \$34.50, \$30, \$37, \$30. All of the foregoing farrowed July or August, 1900.

Boars farrowed in March, 1901, sold as follows: \$22, \$20.50, \$30.50, \$25, \$27, \$24, \$18, \$30, \$28.50, \$31.50, \$26, \$19, \$27, \$21, \$21, \$15.50, \$15, \$31, \$20, \$20.50, \$20, \$18.50, \$22, \$20, \$20, \$20, \$21. The 5-year-old herd bred for \$30.

The following prices were paid on pigs farrowed in July, 1901: \$28.50, \$26, \$26, \$33.50, \$28, \$30, \$26.50. Farrowed March, 1901: \$24, \$20.50, \$22, \$18.50, \$23, \$18.50, \$17, \$16.50, \$10, \$17, \$17.50, \$16.50. Yearling sow with five pigs, \$39. Three-year-old sow, \$33.50.

PARTIAL PARALYSIS OF PIGS.—Investigation at the Ontario agricultural college shows that during the winter and spring months many pigs become somewhat paralyzed or lame from an apparent rheumatic affection. In paralysis the appetite is variable and the hind limbs are so affected that locomotion is hardly possible.

This form of paralysis is usually the result of digestive disturbances associated with constipation. These digestive troubles are due to overfeeding or improper feeding and lack of exercise. The rheumatic troubles are mostly caused by improper buildings, poor ventilation or damp sleeping places.

MEXICAN RANCH SALE. Negotiations for the transferring of a cattle ranch containing 1,000,000 acres of land, located near Ciudad Victoria, in the province of Tamaulipas, Mexico, are pending, but it is more than likely the deal will be closed this week.

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Prickly Ash Bitters. A Tonic For Weak Kidneys. A True System Regulator. Heals Diseased Kidneys, Quiets Inflammation, Relieves Backache, Corrects Changes in the Urine and Assists the Extraction of Poisonous Uric Acid in the Blood. THE MEDICINE OF MEDICINES. As a SYSTEM TONIC and BLOOD PURIFIER it is without an equal in Medicine. It overhauls the system thoroughly, drives out impurities, strengthens weakened organs, cleanses and regulates the bowels. Its fine tonic properties extend to and benefit every part of the body, producing strength, vigor and mental activity. Clears the complexion of yellow discolorations, brightens the eye, promotes good appetite, sound sleep and cheerful spirits. It is a GREAT REMEDY for workers—both body and brain workers, as it puts the brain and vital organs in superb condition and keeps them so. SOLD EVERYWHERE AT \$1.00 PER BOTTLE.



### Things at Home and Abroad.

**The Elections.**—The results of the elections last week were mixed. Maryland and Kentucky were the only states in which there were any substantial gains by democrats.

In New York City Tammany, nominally democratic, was defeated in the contest for mayor by 39,000. Seth Low, the candidate of the republican and reform democrats being elected over Sheppard, a man who had been against Tammany until recently, and who repudiated Bryan in 1896.

In Maryland, which went democratic by a small majority Gorman will be sent to the senate without opposition. Kentucky went democratic by 15,000. Ohio, Nebraska, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, Iowa, New Jersey and Utah went republican, all by substantial majorities. Virginia and Mississippi went democratic.

**Prohibition Meeting.**—A call has been issued for a state prohibition meeting to be held in Waco Nov. 29 and 30. The call is signed by B. P. Bailey, Houston; E. C. Heath, Rockwall; W. J. Moore, Granbury; W. E. Tynns, Stone; J. Haralson, Austin; J. B. Crandall, Dallas; J. B. Willett, Dallas; G. W. Carroll, Beaumont; W. K. Homan, Colorado; R. E. Grabel, Dallas; G. W. Little, Jones, Austin.

**Turkey to Settle.**—It is announced that the allies will pay the French claims and the naval squadron will be recalled. France will re-establish diplomatic relations with Turkey at once.

**Prisoners Escaped.**—Twenty-eight convicts confined in Fort Leavenworth military prison escaped from that institution in a body last week. They had secured keys and secreted two rockets, and succeeded in breaking out despite the attempts of guards to check them. In the flight at the prison during the attempted escape several guards and a number of prisoners were wounded. After gaining their liberty the prisoners were scattered into small groups and scattered through the country. They robbed a number of persons and took horses and clothing from farmers. About half of those who escaped have been recaptured. Several fights with citizens have occurred and some of the convicts have been killed.

**Li Hung Chang's Death.**—The Chinese empire lost its best known statesman in the death of Li Hung Chang, which occurred a few days ago. Li Hung Chang during his life lost no

**\$500 REWARD**  
Will be paid for information leading to the apprehension of the following: a white male, about 35 years of age, height 5 feet 10 inches, weight 150 lbs., eyes blue, hair black, mustache and goatee, wearing a dark suit and a dark hat. This offer is backed by \$50,000 worth of real estate owned by me in Houston, Texas. Consultation and advice free and confidential. Send for symptom blank. Address: Dr. E. A. HOLLAND, 109 Congress St., Houston, Tex.

opportunity to look after his own interests. Possessed of uncommon ability he was placed in positions where he could turn many a penny to his own advantage, so that at the time of his death he was regarded as one of the world's richest men.

For many years Li was prominent in Chinese governmental affairs, but his career in public office was not entirely pleasant. When the war with Japan broke out Li urged a pacific policy with the result that he was removed from office, degraded and subjected to many indignities. However, when the war proved disastrous to China Li's services were again in demand and he negotiated the treaty of peace with victorious Japan. Likewise when the boxer uprising again brought disaster to China Earl Li was called upon to step into the breach and repair as far as possible the damage done by his countrymen.

**Texas Baptist Convention.**—The State Baptist Convention was in session at Fort Worth during the past week. The sum of \$25,000 was raised to clear the Baptist educational institutions of debt, this being the last of a debt of \$250,000 on these institutions. The First Baptist church of Dallas headed the list of contributions with \$1,000.

**Collector Removed.**—Moses Dillon was removed last Saturday from the office of collector of customs at El Paso, Tex., on account of charges of violation of the tariff laws. These charges were filed last spring by the Civil Service League and have since been under investigation. They were endorsed by the Civil Service commission.

**Harsh Treatment of Miss Stone.**—Bulgarian advisers state that information has been received from Doubtinsk that the band of brigands holding captive Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, called about a fortnight ago at the village of Smetchevo and subsequently proceeded to the monastery of Rilto, but the movements of the troops compelled them to flee toward the frontier, where they are now in hiding. It is also asserted that the brigands have been treating Miss Stone with more severity in order to exercise pressure and to compel a more ready acceptance of their conditions. General Dickinson is inflexible. He insists that the surrender of Miss Stone must precede or be simultaneous with the payment of the ransom. His attitude is justified by the known determination of some of the band, particularly the captain, Yanko Sarsky, to kill Miss Stone and her companions as soon as the ransom is received, owing to the fact that the captives have now acquired information concerning the secret committees. Competent persons, however, express the opinion that the cupidly of the brigands will overcome the fear of revolutions and all such approve the declaration of Mr. Dickinson.

**Roosevelt on Trusts.**—A Washington special says: In his forthcoming message to congress President Roosevelt will take strong grounds in favor of legislation to compel trusts and industrial combinations to change their attitude toward the public.

Mr. Roosevelt desires to safeguard the interests of investors by requiring great companies like the United States Steel corporation that do an interstate business to make known facts as to the intrinsic value of their securities. He may also advise congress to pass laws that will protect investors in their rights to organs, and is expected to favor an amendment to the Sherman anti-trust law that will enable the department of justice to get evidence, without employing detective methods, of the existence of a monopoly.

All other questions under consideration in the White House are being overshadowed by the recommendations President Roosevelt will make with reference to these great industrial combinations. The chapter of his message dealing with this project has already been written. It has been read to several persons outside the cabinet. Some of the men who have listened to the chapter are themselves deeply concerned in the trusts. Most of them have expressed dissatisfaction with the message, believing that it would be more to their interest if the president would refrain from bringing up the subject at all. But the president will not be dissuaded. His views are of long growth and are settled convictions. He believes something should be done as between the great corporations and the working men, and he is positive that something can be done for the investor when the stocks of the so-called industrial are put on the market.

Much uneasiness has been expressed by the heads of some of the big combinations lest the president should take such a course as would precipitate a panic. When the president expressed his purposes to them they have been compelled to admit his position is rational, and that no corporation, properly organized, need have the slightest fear that injustice will be done.

**THE GOOD ROADS MOVEMENT.**  
There is no more encouraging sign of the progress of the United States than the increased attention that is being given all over the country, and particularly in the south, to the question of good roads.

While nearly all of the manufactured output and of the farm crops must be moved long distances by rail and water before reaching the market, practically all of the latter must be transported for greater or less distances over the public highways. Here is where the improvement is especially needed, and it is gratifying to note that the outlook is especially good for such improvement. The railway and membership services of the country have been developed to an efficient and almost a sufficient extent. The pressing problem is to develop the wagon roads correspondingly.

It has been shown that it costs more to move a bushel of wheat or a ton of hay ten miles over a rough road in the United States than to transport it fifty miles by railway or 2000 miles by steamship. Both in the north and in the south farmers have frequently been compelled to let crops go to waste because the bad condition of the country roads rendered it unprofitable to haul them to market, the cost of the hauling being in excess of what could be realized by the crops.

Now all this is to be changed. The good roads movement is fairly under way, and the public benefits that will be derived from it are prodigious. Last June, when the good roads train, under the initiative of the Illinois Central railroad, made a trip starting north from New Orleans, it left behind it a trail of leagues and associations, both state and county, organized for the purpose of improving the roads of half a dozen states. The recent good roads convention at Buffalo, attended by delegates from all over the United States, and even from Europe, necessarily was a great help to the movement. Now the Southern Railway company has stepped into the breach. This company proposes to aid in the improvement of the wagon roads connecting to its tracts by running a good roads special, fully equipped, all along its lines, stopping at the best points to build a half mile or a mile of good road, to show the people what can be done, and how to do it.

It has been estimated that in the last two years, in the south and the southwest, opportunities for more than a million dollars in extra profits have been lost by the farmers by reason of inability to get their produce to market at a critical time.

All this is to be changed when the good roads movement has achieved its good results.—Houston Post.

**National Live Stock Commission Co.**  
Dallas Union Stock Yards, Ft. Worth Stock Yards, DALLAS, AND FORT WORTH.  
A. C. THOMAS, Mgr. and Salesman. JAMES D. FARMER, Vice-Pres. and Salesman.  
We are prepared to give you first-class service on either market. Write, wire or telephone us. No trouble to answer questions. Market reports free on application. Correspondence solicited. See our Market Report Journal.

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Advice furnished by mail or telegraph free.

**THE A. P. NORMAN LIVE STOCK CO.**  
STOCK YARDS, GALVESTON, Correspondence Solicited. Prompt Returns.  
A. P. NORMAN, Secy. and Treas. C. P. NORMAN, Salesman.

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Consign your cattle and hogs to Fort Worth Live Stock Commission Co., Fort Worth, Tex., and receive the best market prices. Liberal advances made to our customers.  
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**FORT WORTH STOCK YARDS COMPANY.**  
Operate the only Live Stock Market Center in the Southwest.  
The only Market in Texas where you can secure

**TOP PRICES FOR CATTLE AND HOGS**  
Every day, regardless of how many head are on the market.  
**PLANT HOGS. WE MUST HAVE MORE HOGS, HOGS, HOGS.**  
G. W. SIMPSON, President. ANDREW NIMMO, Gen'l Manager.

**DALLAS UNION STOCK YARDS**  
Can be reached by all railroads entering Dallas. Fat Cattle, Hogs and Sheep in demand. Stock Cattle, Hogs and Sheep dull and sale slow. There are more cattle sold for slaughter than on any other Texas market. Help build up a first-class home market. Correspondence solicited. Market reports free on application.  
L. C. JACK SHARP, Yardmaster. W. H. BRADRICK, General Manager.

**A FIRST CLASS MEAL FOR 50¢**  
**DINING CAR STATIONS**  
**FOR KATY FLYER PASSENGERS**  
TO ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, GALVESTON, AUSTIN, SAN ANTONIO, DALLAS AND FT. WORTH.

### THE TWIN TERRITORIES

Over 200 delegates have been elected to the single statehood convention at Muskogee, I. T., on Nov. 14. Single statehood meetings are being held throughout the Territory.

E. B. Carver of Henrietta, Tex., purchased from E. C. Suggs & Bro. of Suggs, I. T., 3000 3 and 4-year-old steers and leasehold interest in 100,000 acres of land on the Washita river. Mr. Carver, it is said, also purchased 2550 head of 3 and 4-year-old steers from P. S. Witherspoon. All the cattle sold were for immediate delivery in the Territory.

Gov. Jenkins has issued a proclamation promulgating the rule of the livestock sanitary board for the open season for the movement of cattle. The season will be from Nov. 15 to Jan. 31, and during the time cattle can be brought into the Territory or taken across the federal line in the Territory, if inspected and found free of ticks and in good health. There will be no charge for inspection.

Dr. H. B. Adair, of the bureau of animal industry, was recently ordered to Minco by his supervisors at Washington, to inspect two carloads containing 500 Merino ewes. The sheep were the property of J. H. Sands of Geary, Ok. and sold there to a farmer near Buffalo, N. Y., who makes a specialty of raising eastern lambs for eastern markets. He paid \$4 a head for the ewes at Minco, an unusually good price. By the first of next month he expects to possess 500 odd lambs. They will be "housho" raised and fattened for the early spring market when they will command fancy prices.

### NEW MEXICO

R. C. McIntire of Roswell, has received 20 Rambouillet bucks from Sweetwater, Tex., and will take them to his sheep ranch thirty-five miles east of town.

**NOTES FROM ROSWELL.**—A correspondent at Roswell writes: Lincoln and Chaves counties in New Mexico, have had the heaviest rainfall for years during the week ending Oct. 31. While this rain came too late to benefit grass, it will prove of inestimable benefit to stockmen by putting water and grass close together. Every water hole in the country is filled with water. Cattle are fat and content.

Quite a number of farmers and ranchmen around Roswell sowed alfalfa in October and the recent rains brought it up evenly and put land in good condition.

Horses are in fine condition on the peccos valley ranges. Several carloads were shipped in October and quite a lot more being gathered for shipment.

Wildy Led, owner of the W K brand of horses, is back from Louisiana and reports a fair market for the horses he took down there.

R. P. Barnett has sold his Salt Creek (Chaves Co.) men to Texas parties, who will put in 3500 head of cattle at once, 1500 having already been shipped.

**QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION.**  
Following is the text of the quarantine proclamation lately issued by Gov. Otero:

Whereas, It has been represented to the United States, the governor of the territory of New Mexico, and the board of said territory, that it has come to the knowledge of the said cattle sanitary board, through reports of their inspectors and from other reliable sources, that there are in certain counties of the state of Texas, above the United States quarantine line and contiguous to the territory of New Mexico, cattle whose bodies are infested with liver fever ticks (Boophilus Bovis) that are known to carry the infection of splenic or Texas fever during the months of November, December, January and February, thereby endangering the health of the cattle they may come in contact with in the territory of New Mexico; and

Whereas, The said cattle sanitary board has requested the undersigned, as governor, to issue his proclamation establishing the quarantine line against such infested cattle as set forth and provided in section 187 of the compiled laws of 1897 of the territory of New Mexico, the same to be continued in full force and effect from Nov. 1, 1901, to the 5th day of March, 1902.

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned, Miguel A. Otero, governor of the territory of New Mexico, do proclaim and give in force, a quarantine against driving, conveying, transporting, or aiding in driving, conveying, transporting in the territory of New Mexico during the time above mentioned, from the fifth day of November, 1901, to the fifth day of March, 1902, any cattle from any part of the state of Texas, and from any part of the territory of New Mexico, commencing at the northwest corner of the county of Wichita; thence running due south along the western line of Wichita and Archer counties to the northwestern corner of Throckmorton county; thence due west to the northwest corner of said county; thence due south to the southwestern corner of Throckmorton county; thence west to the northwestern corner of Shackelford county; thence due west to the northwestern corner of Taylor county; thence along the north line of Nolan and Mitchell counties to the northwestern corner of Mitchell county; thence due south to the southwest corner of said Mitchell county; thence due west along the south line of the county of Howard, Martin and Andrews to a point where the southeast corner of the territory of New Mexico and the southwest corner of Andrews county, in the state of Texas, meet; thence due west along the south boundary of the territory of New Mexico to a point where the monuments marking the boundaries between the state of Texas, the state of Chihuahua, in the republic of Mexico, and the territory of New Mexico, and erected by the United States boundary commission, stand and are in place; at the date of the enactment of this law, and more particularly the counties of El Paso, Presidio, Peecos, Tom, Green, Crockett, Mitchell, Shackelford, Archer and Wichita, in the state of Tex-

**HOME TREATMENT FOR CANCER.**  
Dr. D. M. Byes' Balm for Cancer is a positive and painless cure. Most cases are treated at home, without the services of a physician. The balm, telling what wonderful things are being done by simply anointing with oils. The combination is secret, and is suffering relief from pain, destroys the cancer microbes and restores the patient to health. Thousands of cancers, tumors, catarrhs, ulcers, piles and malignant diseases cured in the last eight years. If not afflicted, get out this out and send it to "Home Treatment," one, Address: Dr. D. M. BYES CO., Box 462, Dallas, Tex.

**HOLIDAY EXCURSIONS.**  
On December 21, 22, 23, 1901, the St. Louis, Southwestern Railway company of Texas will sell round-trip tickets to all stations on its line to points in Missouri, Arkansas and the Southeast, at greatly reduced rates. These tickets will bear return limit of thirty days from date of sale.

As usual, the COTTON BELT ROUTE will offer special inducements in the way of equipment, service and connection, for the accommodation of those wishing to spend the Christmas at home. This road enjoys a widespread popularity on account of the excellent manner in which the holiday business has been carried for in years past, and will not fail to prove worthy of its reputation in this respect.

Full information regarding rates and schedules, and for descriptive pamphlets, address any agent of this company. For P. Little, P. A. Corsicana, Tex.; Hus Hoover, T. P. A., Waco, Tex.; D. M. Morgan, T. P. A., Fort Worth, Tex.; G. Weeks, G. P. & T. A., Tyler, Texas.

### FREE WHISKEY

**FOR MEDICINE** THE REASON WE SAY THIS FOR MEDICINE IS BECAUSE IT'S PURE DIRECT FROM A UNITED STATES REGISTERED DISTILLER TO CONSUMER. Send your order for four full quarts of ten-year-old Rye for \$3.15, express prepaid, and we will send you, free of charge, two sample bottles—one twelve, one fifteen-year-old Rye, a corkcraw and a gold-tipped whiskey glass. We make this offer simply to get you to try the goods. We also have this same brand eight years old, which we will dispose of at \$2.50 per gallon, in lots of two or more gallons at one shipment. We also give sample bottles, glass and corkcraw with these goods. All our goods are put up in full quart bottles, and sent express prepaid. If goods are not satisfactory, return them at our expense and we will refund your money. It is almost impossible to get pure whiskey from dealers. These goods are shipped direct from the Distilling Co., which guarantees their purity and saves middleman's profit. We are the only Registered Distillers in America selling to consumers direct the entire product of "Our Registered Distillery;" others who claim to be only dealers buying and selling. REFERENCES, any Express Co., Wash., Wyo., Fla., must call for twenty cents prepaid.

**KELLERSTRASS DISTILLING CO.,**  
ADDRESS: 708 Kellerstrass Block, KANSAS CITY, MO. EITHER OFFICE.

The above firm are sole owners of Registered Distillery No. 22 of the Sixth District of Missouri. When writing them please mention The Journal.

**ARMOUR-FUNKHOUSER SALE.**  
The Armour offering comprehends about seventy head of cows and twelve head of bulls. It may be divided distinctly into imported and American Herefords.

The imported cows are practically all from the Armour importations of 1900. There are some 25 head of imported cows, ranging from three to four years old, and some 20 head of imported heifers, two-year-old or just coming twos, all bred to Armour sires, many of them imported Southington. The Armour sires used in service are Aaron, the \$3000 bull, and Lord Prettyface, a son of St. Louis, grandson of the royal winner, old Prettyface.

Michigan farmers are being disappointed in some sections, if not largely by a small yield of cloverseed. Many have expected big yields. Only the seed from early cuttings seems to be yielding at all well.

Agents of the Texas & Pacific Railway company in Texas and Shreveport, La., have been instructed to sell round-trip tickets to Fort Worth, Texas, November 14 and 15, with final limit of November 22, at very low rates, account National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Fort Worth, Texas, November 15 to 22, 1901.

When writing to advertiser please mention The Journal.

**SMOKING MEAT WITH A BRUSH.**  
Smoke of Hickory Wood, Reduced to a Fluid, Put on Like Paint.

Messrs. E. Krauser & Bro., Milton, Pa., have succeeded in liquefying hickory wood smoke, so that meat can be cured at home in a few hours. Smoke from hickory has a peculiar property that cannot be obtained from any chemical process or from burning any other substance. It not only perfectly cures meat, but gives it a sweetness and flavor that is peculiarly its own and perfectly wholesome. With it a boy can equal an expert churr, and do twice the work in a mere fraction of time. Liquid Extract of Smoke is also available for waiting for the wood to come; or to cut it; or to make the fire. Put it on with a brush—a minute or two to a piece of meat; no more trouble than painting a board and no opportunity for insects to contaminate the meat. Liquid Extract of Smoke gives such a fine flavor to meat that every dealer will give you a better price—if you can be persuaded to sell any of it at any price. Full information will be sent free, on application to E. Krauser & Bro., Milton, Pa.

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**STOCK REMEDIES**  
MANUFACTURED AND SOLD BY  
**PASTEUR VACCINE CO.**  
**PASTEUR BLACKLEG VACCINE.**  
For protecting cattle against blackleg.  
**PASTEUR ANTHRAX VACCINE.**  
For protecting livestock against anthrax or charbon.  
**SCOUR CURE.**  
For cure of scour in calves, pigs, foals and lambs.  
**LINCOLN FEEDING COMPOUND.**  
Invaluable for all livestock; aids digestion, removes internal parasites, improves and fattens the animal.  
**LINCOLN DIP.**  
An unexcelled wash or dip for livestock and poultry; kills parasites, scab worms, etc., cures skin diseases.  
**PASTEUR RAT VIRUS.**  
A virus for destroying rats and mice by contagious disease, harmless to man and domestic animals.  
For information on any or all of the above, address,  
**PASTEUR VACCINE CO.,** Chicago or Fort Worth.  
Texas Manager, P. W. Hunt, 808 Main street, Fort Worth.

**E. G. SENTER,**  
LAWYER,  
341 Main St., Dallas.

**Nervous and Blood Diseases**

I Treat Diseases of Men and Women and Cure Them to Stay Cured forever.

I want to talk or write to every sufferer from Varicocele, Stricture, Blood Poison, Nervous Debility and allied weaknesses or diseases peculiar to men and women. I will take pleasure in explaining to you the true nature of your condition and will describe fully the system of treatment I will use in restoring you to good health and power. The importance of prompt treatment for these maladies cannot be too strongly emphasized; they will never cure themselves, but on the contrary, are constantly becoming more aggravated, and will in time break down the strongest constitution and fill your whole future with misery, suffering and woe. I understand these diseases thoroughly and have perfect confidence in my ability to cure to stay cured every patient who comes to me for treatment. Many make the grave mistake of selecting the cheapest treatment obtainable, and consequently are disappointed in the results. Skillful service is always cheaper in the end, and much more satisfactory. Because other doctors have failed is no reason why I should do so; I claim many advantages over the ordinary physician who lacks the knowledge and experience so necessary in specialty cases. I guarantee a permanent and lasting cure or fee refunded. Cast aside your modesty; call and be examined free.

**VARICOCELE.**  
Under my treatment this insidious disease rapidly disappears. Pain ceases almost instantly. The pools of stagnant blood are driven from the dilated veins, and all soreness and swelling quickly subside. Every indication of Varicocele soon vanishes and in its stead comes the pride, the power and the pleasure of perfect health and restored manhood.

**STRICTURE.**  
My cure dissolves the Stricture completely and removes every obstruction from the passage, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland, cleanses and heals the bladder and kidneys and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

**CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON.**  
My special form of treatment for

**Functional Disorders Lead to Chronic Diseases.**  
By functional disorders I mean the common ailments of mankind—Constipation, Dyspepsia, Kidney, Bladder and Liver derangements. Seventy-five per cent. of all chronic diseases originate in these common complaints. Heart Disease, Rheumatism and the habit of "catching cold" can be traced to these disorders of the main organs of nutrition and elimination. I cure them absolutely, and what is more, I tell you how to prevent their return.

**Home Treatment.**  
If you are unable to call in person, I can cure you by my perfected system of home treatment, provided instructions I give are obeyed and the remedies I send are used according to printed directions. Thousands who have been restored to health and happiness by this method will gladly testify to its value and efficiency. Write today for my "List of questions."

Write a full history of your case if you can not come to my office, and I will give you my opinion of your case by return mail, free of charge. All letters confidential. My 100-page book sent free to any address.

255 Main St.,  
**DR. J. H. TERRILL,** Dallas, Texas.  
President of the Terrill Medical and Surgical Institute.