

# The Miami Chief.

—The Panhandle, the whole Panhandle, to our pride in its past and our hope for its future, add vigorous work in the living present—

Vol. 3.

MIAMI, ROBERTS COUNTY, TEXAS, FEBRUARY, 4, 1903.

No. 22.

## The Proof OF THE Pudding IS THE Eating Thereof.

YOU CAN MAKE NO MISTAKE by doing your banking business with The Bank of Miami, Miami, Texas, or, the First National Bank, Canadian, Texas. These gentlemen have been in the Banking business in the Panhandle since 1887 and know the needs of the people; have ample capital to take care of your needs, and they want your business. They pay interest on time certificates of deposit. We refer you to any of our old customers.



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SEWING Machine years ahead of all others in points of superiority and sterling worth. If we were paid twice what we ask for this machine, we could not build a better one. And our price is right.



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Literary, Music, Art and Elocution  
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AMARILLO, TEXAS.

## Colds

It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality and prepares the system for the more serious diseases, among which are the two greatest destroyers of human life, pneumonia and consumption.

**Chamberlain's Cough Remedy**  
has won its great popularity by its prompt cures of this most common ailment. It aids expectoration, relieves the lungs and opens the secretions, effecting a speedy and permanent cure. It counteracts any tendency toward pneumonia.  
Price 25c, Large Size 50c.

tisements in year old magazines.

"After this I will not kick when I get a piece of tough meat. I will not rail when I get stale bread. I even believe I can stand a little off-colored butter, after this trip to Mexico. We don't know what a fine country we have here until we make such a trip as I have just made. Mexico has a fine lot of scenery, but scenery is about as substantial as sunshine, and does not satisfy the cravings for home and something to eat, especially when a man is hungry and wishes that he was at home."  
—Fort Worth Record.

### THE SUPREME COURT DECIDES ADVERSE TO THE BEEF TRUST.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The supreme court of the United States today decided the case of the United States vs. Swift & Co., known as the beef trust, charging conspiracy among the packers to fix prices on fresh meats, etc. The opinion was handed down by Justice Holmes, and affirmed the decision of the court below which was against the packers.

In his opinion, Justice Holmes discussed at length the various contentions of the packers, and disposed of them individually. He admitted that some of the charges were less specific than desirable, but said this was necessarily true on account of the vast extent of the field covered. He added that sufficient cause had been shown to prove continued offenses, and an offense of such a nature to justify the proceeding. The opinion continued the injunction granted against the packers under the Sherman antitrust law by the lower court. The opinion was concurred in by all the members of the court.

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REAL-ESTATE, LIVESTOCK and LOANS.

Loans Secured on Ranch Lands.  
We stand in touch with the people who want Land and Cattle. List your Land or Cattle with us.  
—REFERENCES—  
Emporia National Bank, Emporia, Ks.  
First National Bank, Amarillo, Texas.  
Leo & Company, Bankers, Miami, Tex.

Drs. Dodson & Lewis, dentists, front rooms, Smith building, Amarillo.

### NOT FAVORABLY IMPRESSED WITH MEXICO.

"No Mexico in mine. This country is good enough for me," said B. T. Ware, a banker of Amarillo, who stopped off in this city yesterday while en route home from a trip to Mexico. Mr. Ware was one of a party composed of A. G. Boyce, Sr., of Channing, Wm. Lay of Amarillo, A. G. Boyce Jr. of Channing and Q. Bone of this city that made a trip to the land of castles. "We visited Monterey, Blaylock's colony between Monterey and Tampico, Tampico, Brownville and Matamoras," continued Mr. Ware. "My honest opinion about the country, from a cowman's standpoint, is a bit too emphatic, too pungent, too pointed and too forcible to put in print. The country is too rough and too brushy for a cow country, and a nester couldn't make his salt there. It is certainly no place for a poor man, and a rich man who would be willing to spend his life there should have a guardian appointed to look after him.

"But, the country is not half as bad as is the eating. Everything is swimming in grease, or mixed with nine parts of the hottest pepper that ever made a man's tongue burn, or perhaps both. Even at the European hotels it was impossible to get anything fit to eat. I would have given \$5 for a meal of Irish potatoes, good home-made biscuits, first-class butter and some eatable meat, almost any of the days I spent in Mexico.

"I can't think of the names of all the Mexican dishes. I don't want to think of them. The curse of Mexico is the goat. We had at every hotel goat soup, goat hash, goat cutlets, fried goat, roast goat, broiled goat and goat stew. The milk we had offered us was goat milk and the cream for the coffee was goat cream. In fact, the goat question reached that point with us where it was only by the exercise of the greatest sort of efforts that we refrained from butting into trouble, and the sight of Mr. Boyce's goatse positively drove us to reading adver-

result from his work, he would have burned it then and there.

A few evenings later, at about twilight, a lovely young lady sat at the open window sewing. A happy smile played upon her lips, and a tender light lay in her beautiful eyes, for she worked upon her own wedding garment. Suddenly a shadow darkened the window. Startled, she gazed upward, and beheld an apparition which froze her blood with horror. Floating in mid-air appeared the form of a dead babe, its features pale and wan, its gazed and unseeing eyes set in a vacant stare, while its long white robe swayed to and fro in the night breeze. The poor girl saw the thing sway toward her: she screamed and sank to the floor unconscious. Strong arms raised her tenderly. The voice of her lover whispered words of endearment; and when consciousness returned she was told of the deception practiced upon her. She smiled sweetly and forgave her lover. But when the image was brought in the room she again swooned away, and from that time to the day of her death remained a sad and helpless imbecile. What became of the lover? He died shortly afterwards of grief, calling upon the name of his poor sweetheart to the last."  
—Channing Courier.

### JERRY SIMPSON.

An ordinary-looking gentleman, past middle age, was waiting here the other day to pilot the Denver trade excursionists down the line of the Pecos Valley road, and but few realized as they saw him mixing around among the delegates at the Elks' hall that it was a figure upon which the eyes of the whole nation were turned, sometime with amusement, but always with respect. Jerry Simpson was the first of his kind to enter congress. The time was ripe for his coming, and he made people think. Their thinking resulted in the re-organization of the democratic party so that it embraced many of the doctrines that had been considered populist. Then Jerry became a democrat, and is one to this day. As a democrat he is coming to be a considerable figure in New Mexico politics, and is the whole thing, pretty near, down at Roswell. The old reformer has learned much since he came on the stage, but it has not embittered him, and the quaint vein of humor that ever marked the man is getting stronger and more refined all the time. He was always an able man, and life in the southwest has sharpened his wits a whole lot, while adding a breath and philosophy that makes them all the more effective. He is able to do things and say things that few others would dare, and they are invariably good things. That is Jerry Simpson, and it is a safe bet that before that Denver party reached Roswell, he had done more single-handed and alone, than any dozen could have done as a committee.—Amarillo Herald.

### MUST FURNISH CARS.

The court of civil appeals at Fort Worth has affirmed the judgment in eight cases from Mitchell county against the Texas and Pacific Railway Company, wherein suits for penalties for not furnishing live stock cars were brought. The penalty as fixed by the state is \$25 per day. The opinion was written by Chief Justice Connor, who said that since the decision in the case of the Houston and Texas Central Railway Company vs. Mayes by the court of civil appeals for the third district, in which a writ of error was subsequently refused by the supreme court, a discussion of the cases before this court appeared superfluous.

Judge Connor said that in the Mayes case the principal contentions involved in the cases before this court were decided adversely to the railway company. That it was held that not only did the penalty statute apply in cases of interstate shipments, but also that an application in writing to the local agent of the company at the station from which it was desired to make the shipment was in substantial conformity with

the statute on that subject.

That the further contention that the judgment and the court's findings were unauthorized by both the pleadings and evidence must be overruled, the statute providing that the shipper must show by evidence that he had the property he desired to ship "on hand at the time any demand for cars was made." The court said that it could hardly have been intended by this to require that the intending shipper should have the property at the immediate point of shipment at the time of the demand inasmuch as the statute gives the railway company as much as six days from the time of the demand in which to furnish the cars, and the shipper forty-eight hours within which to thereafter load them, so that the provisions of article 4502 to the effect that the shipper must have the freight on hand must mean, the court said, that he has or owns the property so circumstantially as that it may be shipped within the time named by the statute after the delivery of the cars at the point demanded.

In conclusion the court stated that if this be the proper construction it was of the opinion, in the absence of special exceptions, that the petition sufficiently alleged that the shipper had the cattle he intended to ship "on hand," and that the proof on that subject tended to support the court's finding to that effect, and the judgment was in all things affirmed.—Ft. Worth Record.

### FREAK FARMS

E. C. Tripp of Atokkan, Manitoba is making money by running a fox farm, black and silver grey fox skins being a valuable product. Louis Solbery of Maine has a skunk farm and realizes \$100 each from the pelts. Governor John Sparks of Nevada while in Georgetown recently contracted for several hundred possums to stock a possum farm in his state. A frog farm is a profitable industry in New Jersey and one has also been established at Eagle Lake, this state. The Good-night buffalo ranch in the Panhandle is one of Texas' prides and Pawnee Bill has one equally as large in Oklahoma, raising the buffalo to furnish flesh for eastern epicures and for the robes. Ostrich farms are common in California and Arizona. A canary bird "ranch" in Waco is netting the lady owner a moderate fortune. The Westbrook Shetland pony stock farm in McLennan county is familiar to the public. There is also on record a coon farm, a rattlesnake ranch and wolf ranches in the distant west. They are all freak industries, yet highly profitable. What will be next?

Raine county carried for prohibition.

Patents were issued last year to 415 inventive Texans.

Zack Mullhall was given a three years sentence at St. Louis.

President Roosevelt indorses a bill to restrict the power of Federal judges to grant injunctions.

A new court is proposed to decide cases where the supreme court and court of criminal appeals conflict.

The U. S. supreme court granted a writ of error in the Northern Securities case and will retry that famous case.

Dr. Wiley, chief chemist of the government, again asserts that 85 per cent of the whisky sold in this country is adulterated, and much of it has no whisky in it at all.

The largest diamond ever discovered was found recently near Pretoria, South Africa. It weighs over three thousand karats, is very pure and is valued at about four million dollars.

Seeing a fugitive negro murderer on the train he was riding on, Gov. Yardaman of Mississippi borrowed the conductor's pistol, arrested the negro and turned him over to the authorities at the next station.

## This and That

WHERE one man gets rich through bazaar-dour speculation a hundred get POOR.

WHERE one man stays poor through the slow methods of saving, a hundred get RICH.

The wise man chooses the better part, places his money in the bank. CAN WE SERVE YOU?

**First National Bank,**  
McLEAN, TEXAS.

ROBERT MOODY, President,  
D. J. YOUNG, Vice-President,  
Wm. S. MARTIN, Cashier.

If you appreciate Safety, Courtesy, Promptness, Accuracy and Liberality give us your business large or small—

**Bank of Miami, Miami, Texas.**  
CAPITAL \$20,000.00.

We make a Specialty of handling Cattle Paper for all Customers

CORRESPONDENTS.—First National Bank, Kansas City, Mo.  
First National Bank, Canadian, Texas.  
State National Bank, Fort Worth, Texas.  
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## THE GERLACH MERCANTILE COMPANY

Of Canadian, Texas, have on hand and in stock at all times 10-12-14-16 and 20-foot Eclipse windmills. We are carload buyers of Eclipse windmills and are selling agents for Hemphill, Lipscomb, Roberts and Ochiltree Counties. If your home dealer cannot sell you an Eclipse mill, drop us a line or tap the wire and we will give you a price and will deliver it at your station if you are in a hurry, by express the first train.

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Magazines should have a well-defined purpose. Genuine entertainment, amusement and mental recreation are the motives of The Smart Set, the

### MOST SUCCESSFUL OF MAGAZINES

Its Novels (a complete one in each number) are by the most brilliant authors of both hemispheres.  
Its Short Stories are matchless—clean and full of human interest.  
Its Poetry covering the entire field of verse—pathos, love, humor, tenderness—is by the most popular poets, men and women, of the day.  
Its Jokes, witticisms, sketches, etc., are admittedly the most mirth-provoking.

### 160 PAGES OF DELIGHTFUL READING

No pages are wasted on cheap illustrations, editorial vapors or wearying essays and idle discussions.  
Every page will interest, charm and refresh you.  
Subscribe now—\$2.50 per year. Remit in cheque, P. O. or Express order, or register letter to THE SMART SET, 452, Fifth Avenue, New York. N. B.—SAMPLE COPIES SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.

### Rest and Sleep.

Few escape those miseries of winter—a bad cold, a distressing cough. Many remedies are recommended, but the one quickest and best of all is Simmonds Cough Syrup, soothing and healing to the lungs and bronchial passage, it stops the cough at once and gives you welcome rest and peaceful sleep.

### Coughs and Colds.

All coughs, colds and pulmonary complaints that are curable are quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure. Clears the phlegm, draws out inflammation and heals and soothes the affected parts, strengthens the lungs, wards off pneumonia. Harmless and pleasant to take. Sold by all Druggists.

## STARK BROS. NURSERY STOCK

A Guarantee that Guarantees; Good Stock; Prompt Delivery; True to Name.  
I am now prepared to take orders for Spring delivery. Write your wants, or come and see me.

**S. G. CARTER, Agent, Miami, Texas.**

**THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE,**  
DRUGS AND MEDICINES, Toilet Articles, Etc.  
—C. S. SEIBER, Prop—  
JEWELER AND WATCH REPAIRER.  
**Miami Telephone Exchange Building**  
Miami, Texas.

**THE GIST MEAT MARKET**  
Fresh Meats and All Meat Market Supplies  
HONEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR HIDE.  
Neare & Black's Old Stand, Miami, Texas.

THE MIAMI CHIEF.

LESLIE J. LADD, Ed & Pub. MIAMI, FLORIDA, TEXAS.

The gifted inventor of the "gold brick" is dead, but his brick goes marching on.

Twenty million dollars worth of jewels were won at Mrs. Astor's ball. Harry Lehr was dazed.

Edna Wallace Hopper proposes to endow a home for newboys. Tremendous applause from the gallery.

At this late day it doesn't matter much whether it was an apple that Eve ate, or a quince. We're all outside.

Concerning that decline in marriages last year, there may have been an unusually large number of declinations.

Uncle Russell Scrooge's Christmas may have been a Dickensian affair; but there are no reports to that effect as yet.

The medical congress at Panama declares for the extinction of mosquitoes. Let's make the movement universal.

It really seems a shame for the whisky trust to start a price war when so many good men are still on the water wagon.

A tornado sneaked into Mexico and did considerable damage the other day. President Diaz must not allow this to happen again.

It takes a mighty level-headed man not to consider himself a great financier when the stock he is holding on margin happens to go up.

The scissors grinder who died and left an estate of \$50,000 had not attracted the attention of the kings of finance. Obscurity is wealth.

Incidentally, Andrew Carnegie's establishment of nearly 1,300 libraries has added 1,300 copies to the guaranteed rate of every important book.

Mr. Takahira says that Japan is too busy fighting now to talk of peace. It must have bothered the minister a lot to have to stop to have the appendicitis.

By order of the De Beers syndicate, the value of the supply of diamonds has been increased \$50,000,000. That \$50,000,000 may properly be spoken of as fiat money.

The Harvard medical commission pronounces cancer to be hereditary, and a European authority says there is no such thing as hereditary disease; and there you are.

A Christmas bad warbler pathetically about Nan Patterson's "empty stocking," though Miss Patterson's stocking was not as full as usual does not appear.

Mrs. Lillie Devereux Blake says it was not an apple that Eve ate. It was a quince. This makes Eve's conduct all the more reprehensible. Ever try to eat a raw quince?

The learned scientist who explains the price of beef on the supply and demand theory adds that it is just possible that combinations of packers also exist. What a shrewdness!

The siege of Port Arthur is compared with the siege of Troy. There was a Helen connected with the siege of Troy, and there was something very like hell in Port Arthur.—Boston Globe.

An Iowa woman who smokes tobacco has celebrated the one hundredth anniversary of her birth. But why should a woman wish to live 100 years if she has to smoke a pipe to get there?

A Massachusetts pastor left the stub of his cigar in his study the other day, the result being a fire which destroyed the church. Here is another strong argument against the use of tobacco by ministers.

Mr. Barney Oldfield has just bought a new five-minute automobile. With this instrument at his disposal, Mr. Oldfield should be able during the coming season to make several more notches in his axle.

The sum of six cents has been awarded by a jury to a New York woman who sued for damages done to her heart by a man who said he would marry her and then decided that he wouldn't. Oh, but she must be homely.

A Michigan professor says no woman should marry until she is able to support her husband. He does not go so far, however, as to insist that it must be according to the style in which his mother supported him.

New York is looking with amazement at a Danish wrestler who has performed the feat of getting under a 1,400-pound automobile and lifting it, with his chauffeur seated in the car. Wouldn't you like to have him help lift the mortgage on your house?

In a speech in his son's Bible class John D. Rockefeller said he believed in newspapers and in extending the widest freedom to the press. Mr. Rockefeller needn't expect after this to stand very high in the estimation of Gov. Pennypacker of Pennsylvania.

Senator Depew's New Year punch is said to have been a mixture of calves' foot jelly, rum, champagne, green tea, claret and liqueurs. Naturally it was a great deal more effective than any of the doctor's jokes.

The Hans Wagner who has made a mile and an eighth in 5:52 1/2 at Los Angeles—a new record for the Ascot track—is not the famous ball player. If Hans could run as fast as that, every base hit would be a homer, and Pittsburgh would stand a better chance to win the championship.

BRAND HOOPS OF HORSES.

New York Corporations Keep Tab on Their Property.

It may surprise some New Yorkers to learn that many of the horses they pass daily in the streets are branded to identify them in case of theft. The branding is just as effective, but not as hard on the horse, as the method of branding cattle and horses in the West or the cutting of brands in the ears of cattle as practiced in the salt marshes of New Jersey. It consists simply of burning numbers in the animals' hoofs, usually in their front feet. The hot iron does not penetrate deep enough to hurt the animal, but it leaves a figure clear enough to last for years. The practice is commonest among large corporations that own many horses.—New York Sun.

One young man wants to know how long girls should be courted. Same as short girls, of course.

Everybody thinks he has a dog that the dog show ought to have.

Telegraph Line Across Australia.

It is not generally known that there is a telegraph across the southern desert land of the Australian continent, 2,000 miles in length. It runs partially through an uninhabited country and long tracts of waterless desert. While it was being constructed more than 2,000 tons of materials had to be carried far into the interior, and many of the iron and wood poles were conveyed 400 miles. A recent report says that the wear and tear of this telegraph construction has been incalculable, but there is a great difficulty found in supplying the stations across the desert with operators.

Origin of the Maxim Gun.

Vandy Fair, in the letterpress accompanying his cartoons of Sir Hiram Maxim, says that he first thought of the Maxim gun by receiving a jar on the shoulder at the firing of an old rifle. "It seemed a pity that the kick should be wasted. Therefore he put the recoil to work in automatic loading and firing at the rate of a thousand shots a minute."

ABOUT SOUNDS OF BATTLE.

How the Modern Projectiles Affect the Senses on the Battlefield. Only those who lie in the firing line and hear the constant screech of the shells as they cleave their terrible way through the air above know the true sounds of modern war, says a writer in World's Work. The whiplike smack of the bursting shell, the swish of the scattering bullets, are nothing to the moaning screech of the messengers of death as they pursue each other, as if in competition to complete the awful object of their hideous mission.

The whole welkin is discordant with their tumult; you feel the rum of misplaced air, splinters sling in your ears, the earth is in constant tremble with the violence of the discharge; you feel it pulsate against your cheek, you feel to the moist mud of the parapet, and then a bullet snaps the life-blood of the comrade whose elbow has touched yours days and night for forty hours. There is a limit to human endurance in these straits.

Opals No Longer Feared.

Superstition fades away in the strenuous life of the twentieth century. And the return to common sense has shown itself in the modern fancy for opals. Sir Walter Scott was chiefly responsible for the idea of bad luck being connected with this stone, as will be remembered by readers of "Anne of Geierstein." And others declare that, as the word opal is from the Greek opus (the eye), the gem shares evil influence with a peacock's feather. However, women have lived down all this and opals are the lucky stone for autumn and have been worn by recent brides.

Endurance of Locomotive.

A locomotive owned and operated by the London & Northwestern since 1882 had up to 1902 made 2,000,000 working miles. The time out of service for repairs averaged 12 per cent of the working time credited the locomotive.

You may think you are all right, but some people can't tolerate you.

LATE MARKET REPORT.

Table with market data for Kansas City, Chicago, and St. Louis. Columns include commodity names like WHEAT, CORN, and SOYBEANS, and their respective prices.

LATEST NEWS IN BRIEF.

The conferees on the legislative, executive and judicial bill reached an agreement and it was reported to both houses in Washington. Wayland Trask, one of the oldest members of the New York stock exchange died. Mr. Trask has been a member of the exchange since 1869.

The only high grade Baking Powder made at a moderate price.

Calumet Baking Powder. The Best Results in Starching can be obtained only by using Defiance Starch. Besides yielding 10% more for same money—no cooking required.

THE HOME TO COME TO. Ideal Refuge From the Stress of Life Well Described. The ideal home is one in which the inmates think more of their duties than their rights, and recognize that they are responsible for each other's happiness.

SPREADING THE NEWS BROADCAST. That Dodd's Kidney Pills cured his Diabetes. After long suffering Mr. C. Cleghorn found a permanent relief in the Great American Kidney Remedy.

Try One Package. If "Defiance Starch" does not please you, return it to your dealer. If you do not get one-third more for the same money, it will give you satisfaction, and will not stick to the iron.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Lavender Bromine Quinine Tablets. All drug stores sell them. Beware of cheap imitations. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

80 Bu. Macaroni Wheat Per Acre. Introduced by the U. S. Dept. of Agr. It is a tremendous yield of yielding in good land in Wis., Ill., Ia., Mo., Ind., Pa., N. Y., 30 bu. per acre, and on dry, arid lands, such as are found in Montana, Idaho, the Dakotas, Colo., etc. it will yield from 40 to 60 bu. This wheat and Speltz and Hominy Grass, makes it possible to grow and fatten hogs, sheep and cattle wherever soil is found.

Defiance Starch is put up 16 ounces in a package of 10 cents. One-third more starch for the same money.

Result of Boycott.

The only place in the United States that guarantees freedom from strikes, lockouts and labor warfare is Battle Creek, Mich. The story? The work people, merchants, lawyers, doctors and other citizens became aroused and indignant at the efforts of the labor unions throughout the country to destroy the business of one of our largest industries—the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd. and at the open threats in the official union papers that the entire power of the National and State Federations of Labor was being brought to bear to "punish" the industries of Battle Creek, and particularly the Postum Co.

thrusting what it has to sell (labor) upon us whether or no. Suppose an American in a foreign city should be chased by a mob, caught and beaten unconscious, then his mouth forced open and carbolic acid poured down his throat, then his ribs kicked in and his face well stamped with iron nailed shoes, murdered because he tried to earn bread for his children. By the Eternal, sir, a fleet of American men of war would assemble there, clear for action and blow something of the face of the earth, if reparation were not made for the blood of one of our citizens.

run smack, by adopting the "Battle Creek strike" as a city offense in industrial peace now, with cheap coal and good water, first-class railroad facilities and the best grade of fair, capable and peaceable mechanics known.

Identification. The public should remember that there are a few labor unions conducted on peaceful lines and in proportion as they are worthy, they have won esteem, for we, as a people, are strongly in sympathy with any right act that has for its purpose better conditions for wage workers. But we do not forget that we seek the good of all and not those alone who belong to some organization, whereas even the law-abiding unions show undeniable evidences of tyranny and oppression when they are strong enough, while many of the unions harbor and encourage criminals in their efforts to force a yoke of slavery upon the American people.

And what answer do we make to the appeals of the hundreds of widows and orphans of those Americans murdered by labor unions? How do we try to protect the thousands of intelligent citizens who, with reason, prefer not to join any labor union and be subject to the tyranny of the heavily paid rulers of the labor trusts? Upon a firm refusal by Mr. Post to join this criminal conspiracy a general boycott was ordered on Grape-Nuts and Postum all over the country, which set the good red blood of our ancestors in motion, bringing forth the reply that has now passed into history: "We refuse to join any conspiracy of organized labor to ruin publishers, nor will we discharge any of our trusted employees upon orders of any labor union. If they can make their boycott effective and stop our ships we will go down with them on the bridge and in command."

This set the writers in labor papers crazy and they redoubled their abuse. Finally one of their official organs came out with a large double column in denunciation of Battle Creek, calling it "a running sore on the face of Michigan," because it would not become "organized" and pay in dues to the labor leaders. The usual coarse, villainous epithets common to labor union writers were indulged in.

The result was to weld public sentiment in Battle Creek for protection. A citizens' association was started, and mass meetings held. Good citizens who happened to be members of local unions, in some cases quit the unions entirely for there is small need of them there.

The working people of Battle Creek are of the highest order of American mechanics. The majority are not union members, for practically all of the manufacturers have for years declined to employ union men because of disturbances about eleven years ago, and the union men now in the city are among the best citizens.

No city in the state of Michigan pays as high average wages as Battle Creek, no city of its size is as prosperous, and no city has so large a proportion of the best grade of mechanics who own their own homes. So the work people massed together with the other citizens of the organization of the Citizens' Ass'n with the following preamble and constitution: Whereas, From 1891 to 1894 the strikes instigated by labor unions in Battle Creek resulted in the destruction of property and loss of large sums of money in wages that would have been expended here; and Whereas, These acts caused serious damage to the city and in a market way delayed its progress at that time; and Whereas, Since the year 1894 the citizens have been enabled, by public sentiment, to prevent the recurrence of strikes and labor union disturbances which have been prevalent elsewhere; and Whereas, The employers of this city have steadily refused to place the management of their business under the control of labor unions, but have maintained the highest standard of wages paid under like conditions anywhere in the United States, and hereby unanimously declared their intent to continue such policy; and the employees of this city, a large percentage of whom own homes and have families reared and educated under conditions of peace and the well-earned prosperity of steady employment, have steadfastly maintained their right as free American citizens to work without the dictation and tyranny of labor union leaders, the bitter experience of the past offering sufficient reason for a determined stand for freedom; and Whereas, The attitude of the citizens on this subject has been the means of preserving peaceful conditions and continuous prosperity, in marked contrast to the conditions existing in other cities suffering from the dictation of trades unionism; it is therefore Resolved, That the continuance of peace and prosperity in Battle Creek can be maintained, and the destructive work of outside interference avoided under the combined effort and action of all our people, by the formation of a Citizens' Association.

CONSTITUTION. Article 1.—Name. Article 2.—Objects. First.—To insure, so far as possible,

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Notes by Publisher. The Postum Company have a yearly contract for space in this paper which they have a right to use for announcements of facts and principles. Such use does not necessarily carry with it any editorial opinion.

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# CAUSES OF RUSSIAN UNREST

## Former United States Consul Tells of Prevailing Conditions in That Country.

Writing in the Boston Globe, a United States consul who spent many years in Russia, tells the following facts of the situation:

There can be various sound reasons assigned for the present revolution in Russia, but it is obvious that grim war has also caused the revolt of the industrial classes against their autocratic ruler.

This revolt, although startling to the world, was not unexpected by close students of Russian affairs, and, indeed, it has long been predicted that the first war the emperor engaged

while those who are regarded as not living at the factory—that is, workers from the neighboring country, who go home on Sundays and on holidays—have literally nothing. In no case has either one or the other class any vestige of bed.

The food of these workers is no better, being the same the year round, and consisting of the coarsest and lowest quality, and such as no other class of workmen in the world would be content to eat.

How could a disastrous war help increasing the poverty and terrible



VIKING GATE, MOSCOW, PLACE OF ASSASSINATIONS

condition of these factory workers in the city, and also augment the distress among the peasants in the agricultural districts? In time of peace their condition was had enough, but when war prevails, as it does now, their resources are sure to be curtailed and indescribable misery ensue.

As was to be expected, the revolt of the industrial classes is hailed with delight by other groups of Russians who have been persecuted by the government for many years. The Hebrews, the Poles, the Finns and other classes of citizens, have a long list of terrible grievances against the government. The absolutism of czars has destroyed many precious lives, as well as a vast amount of property within the empire.

Emperor Nicholas has been upon the throne only ten years, and the whole world, which knows the terrible misery existing in Russia, has been watching to see him destroy those conditions which degrade his country. With or without his consent there have been many terrible outrages among defenseless people, and now he is confronted with a demand for constitutional liberty. They desire freedom from autocratic rule. When a vast population begins to clamor for constitutional liberty, as the Russians are now doing, they will continue to demand it until they receive it. There may be delays, but it must come.

Whatever other conditions may think of this revolution they must be outlookers, because it is a problem to be solved solely by the Russians in their own way.

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Words Not Wanted. Congressman Mann of Illinois was in the chair the other afternoon when

Americans generally are unfamiliar with the condition of these Russian factory workers.

This poorly paid class, as a rule, do not live in their own lodgings. Of the general mass of cases examined in this respect, a few years ago by M. Demetyeff, 57.8 per cent lived at their factories, either in the workshops where they labor or in barracks especially built for them, while the workers having their own lodgings constituted only 18.1 per cent.

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PUBLIC SQUARE IN MOSCOW, RUSSIA, WATER REDDING WAS BANNED

ers in the majority of cases are such that of the "conditions" of their lives it is said there cannot be even speech.

"Workers from distant localities," says the above authority, "for the most part have a sack or box with personal property, such as changes of linen and sometimes even bedding;

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Frightened Back to Health.

While the fire at Hartford was in progress Friday Mrs. Frank Hunt lay ill in the tenement over the business shop. She was pronounced to be suffering from an attack of appendicitis and was removed on a mattress to the Peace hotel. An operation was appointed for the next day, but the excitement caused by the fire had a most favorable effect. Her condition grew better and the operation was indefinitely postponed and in a day or two she was around as usual.—Burlington News.

Women on Russian Railways.

Russian railways utilize women in increasingly large numbers. According to the latest official returns there are now working on the twenty-five Russian state lines no less than 22,000 women as gatekeepers, clerks, telegraphers, etc. The average wage varies from 130 to 135 rubles yearly, or \$69.06 to \$71.69. The clerks receive yearly about \$240, while the attendants at the station are paid about \$23.24 in addition to free lodging and a few extras.

Monarch's Duplicity Revealed.

Among the recent publications of the British royal commission are some thirty letters found in the archives of the Duke of Portland, which bear the signature of King Charles II. and are addressed to thirty different members of the aristocracy. Every one of them contains a request for loans ranging from \$5,000 to \$50,000, and each conveys the following assurance: "You are the only one of my friends to whom I have cared to address myself about the matter."

Pope's Relatives Live Humbly.

Pope Pius X does not believe in nepotism. A brother of his is a postal clerk at Mantua, one of his sisters keeps a tavern at Trieste, another does tailoring at Talsano, a third keeps a store. The two sisters who used to do his housekeeping followed him to Rome. They do not live in the Vatican, however, but have a few rooms in a quiet part of the city, where they do their own work. They cannot call on the Pope without previously notifying Bisleti, the maestro di casa.

Millions for Art Gallery.

Henry Walters, the art collector, has announced plans for his new art gallery in the most aristocratic part of Baltimore. Mr. Walters already has one of the largest private galleries in the country. Several fine old residences will be razed to make room for the new building, which will be a series of galleries with a court in the center. It will be constructed of Indiana limestone. The galleries and the art works will, it is said, represent a value of \$5,000,000.

# TO BUILD BIG CANAL.

## Wean Business Man to Supervise Construction of New York Waterway.

N. Y. V. Franchot of Olean, N. Y., who was recently appointed superintendent of public works of New York state by Gov. Higgins, will supervise the construction of the great barge canal from Buffalo to New York city, one of the most stupendous public works ever attempted. Much honor and responsibility are attached to Mr. Franchot's appointment inasmuch as the project which he hopes to carry successfully and economically to a completion will mean an expenditure



N. Y. V. FRANCHOT of upward of \$100,000,000 by the state. Mr. Franchot has accumulated a large fortune as a business man. He was formerly mayor of Olean and managed Mr. Higgins' campaign.

# CO-OPERATION THE MAIN IDEA.

## Socialists in Belgium Are Already Far Advanced.

Socialism in Belgium, according to F. A. Vanderlip in Scribner's, has developed large in the direction of co-operative enterprises. In that particular it has taken a firmer hold in that country than elsewhere. Co-operative evolution is already too far advanced for any opposition by the state to be effective. There are many huge co-operative organizations, and their agencies are directed toward almost every phase of economic life. In the main they may be said to be successful; certainly they are far more successful than any attempts at co-operation which we have seen in America. Without doubt their influence is beneficent. Most of the great co-operative associations have their own libraries, devoted particularly to economic and social science. In the Vorit, at Ghent, I have seen a collection of many thousand volumes devoted to these two subjects.

# SPREAD OF SAN JOSE SCALE.

## Pest Has Reached the Proportions of a National Plague.

Within the last five years the San Jose scale has spread all over the country. This insect is considered by some to be a worse pest than all the others put together. Certainly it has resulted in more legislation than all the other insects combined. We now have a quarantine system that protects us fairly well from the importation of insects and diseases, and also provides for the investigation and fumigation of nursery stock, but the general situation is far more serious now than ever before. After spending more than a million dollars to fight the San Jose scale the state of Massachusetts has given up the struggle, and at the present moment the outlook for saving the century old elms which are the glory of New England is rather gloomy. At least so far as state aid is concerned.—Country Life in America.

# RICH JAP WEDS AMERICAN.

## Hydesaburo Ohashi Well Known as Scholar and Writer.

Hydesaburo Ohashi, who married Miss Mabel D. McGerry of Chicago in Baltimore, is a poet as well as a



HYDESABURO OHASHI, scholar and writer. He is heir to a \$1,000,000 estate in Japan and has adopted the Christian faith. He was graduated from Harvard university in 1903. His bride is the stepdaughter of Dr. R. O. Speer.

# BRITISH DIPLOMAT DEAD.

## Kovno, Russia, Is Calm.

Kovno, Jan. 31.—This town is calm. Some factories were reopened this morning but they were closed later. The street cars have stopped running. Troops are patrolling and bands of workmen are parading the streets, but there has been no disorder.

# Perished in Snowdrift.

Winsted, Conn., Jan. 30.—Benumbed by cold Jacob Skulskoski was buried alive in a ten foot snow drift while driving a one-horse cutter during the recent blizzard. He was dead when discovered. The horse was alive, but so frozen that it will die.

# Resolutions of Sympathy.

Liverpool, Jan. 28.—At a conference of representatives of labor organizations of the United Kingdom, having a total membership of 500,000, resolutions of sympathy with the St. Petersburg strikers were adopted.

# UPPER HOUSE WORK

## Oratory is at a Discount in Oklahoma Council.

## LAW-MAKING NOT A PLEASURE.

## Many New Bills Were Introduced and Four Bills Were Read a Third Time and Passed the House—Much Important Work.

Guthrie, O. T., Jan. 28.—The upper house of the Oklahoma assembly has settled down to the inevitable grind, and all disposition to indulge in oratorical pyrotechnics and grand stand display has evaporated and given place to the real drudgery incident to law-making. A little repartee, an occasional mild roast, a slight display of partisanship, and criticisms on the wording of bills go to relieve the dull color of monotony while the everlasting "committee of the whole" occupies the front of the stage, and newly created statesmen begin to realize that law making is not all a glittering round of pleasure, and much hard and annoying work confronts the honorable member of the assembly from the "stentch district" if he wishes to return home and be met with a brass band and the plaudits of his delighted constituency.

Bills on second reading were referred to committees as follows:

An act relating to the improvement of roads and highways by convict labor.

An act relating to contagious diseases and establishing quarantine lines and rules.

New bills were introduced and read a first time as follows:

Relating to teachers in the public schools of the territory of Oklahoma.

Fixing time and place of meetings of the board of normal schools.

Relating to insects and diseases of trees and plants and growing crops.

Bills that had passed the house were read first time and sent over under the rule as follows:

Extend the provisions of the herd law over Beaver county, Oklahoma territory.

Legalizing the incorporation of the town of Walters, Comanche county.

Providing for instruction of voters in the use of the Australian ballot.

For the better protection of secret societies and providing penalties for unauthorized persons wearing badges and pins.

Providing for transferring students from one district to another.

The president signed the printing resolution, also one limiting the expenses of the assembly and a memorial to congress asking for the immediate passage of the Hamilton statehood bill that have passed both houses.

Bills on third reading passed the council by unanimous vote as follows:

Relating to the bribery of certain public officers and providing punishment therefor.

An act to amend the corporation laws of the territory of Oklahoma and providing that religious, educational and benevolent corporations should only be taxed two dollars for charters.

Compelling insurance companies doing business in this territory to make a deposit in cash or government bonds to protect their policyholders.

# LOCATION OF KASHGAR.

Kashgar, the town in Chinese Turkestan which Russia is reported to have occupied, thus violating the agreement not to invade Chinese territory, is just across the Russian border. It is 100 miles from British India, and some 2,500 miles from the theater of the war. Russian officials at St. Petersburg deny the reported occupation, and Washington suggests the Russian consulate guard at Kashgar may have been reinforced, and that such reinforcement gave rise to the rumor.

# TROOPS CHARGE ON PEOPLE.

## SITUATION QUIET IN RUSSIA.

## There is no General Tie-up or Disorder Evident.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 28.—Although the strikes in Reval, Libau, Kief, Odessa and a few smaller places are extending the situation is nowhere acute. A few workmen are out in Moscow, but there is no general tie-up or disorder there. The whereabouts of Father Gonon still remains a mystery, although it is believed he is in Moscow.

The Russian capital presents almost a normal appearance and the authorities are confident that the backbone of the strike has been broken. Some factories and mills already have resumed, and a general resumption of operations is expected on Monday. The authorities expect that the failure of the strike here will have a discouraging effect upon the workmen in other cities to which the troubles have been spreading and believe that there is no longer danger of a complete suspension of all the industrial concerns of Russia.

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# Lieutenant Gilmer Acquitted.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Second Lieutenant David J. Gilmer, of the Philippine scouts, has been acquitted by court-martial at Manila of the charges of embezzlement and wrongful disposition of government property.

# Trees Herself From Ice.

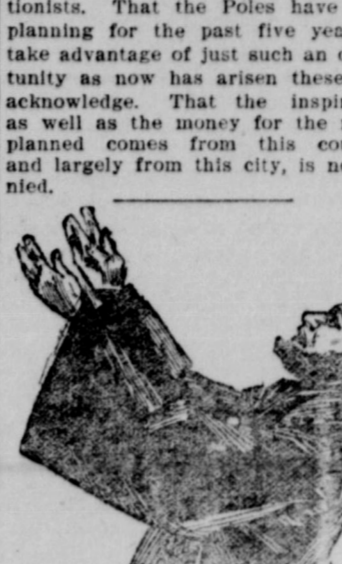
Grand Haven, Mich., Jan. 28.—After having been fast in an icebox in Lake Michigan since Monday night, the Goodrich line steamer Alhanna broke loose last night off South Haven and returned to this port. The twenty passengers on the steamer were none the worse for their experience.

# Coudest in Years—One degree below zero, the coldest in several years in the Indian Territory, was recorded at Muskogee.

# POLES READY FOR WAR.

## Big Fund in Switzerland—Companies Drilling in America.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 28.—The Russian Poland troubles will take advantage of the present troubles that beset the czar and revolt from the rule is the confident prediction of prominent Poles in this city. Active leaders of the colony here claim that a fund of more than \$3,000,000, gathered in America, is now secreted in Switzerland ready to aid the revolutionists. That the Poles have been planning for the past five years to take advantage of just such an opportunity as now has arisen these men acknowledge. That the inspiration as well as the money for the revolt planned comes from this country, and largely from this city, is not denied.



Father Gonon, Leader of Disaffected Russian Troops Victorious.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 30.—General Kuropatkin reports that Russian troops on January 26, after a desperate fight occupied the village of Sandepas, which had been strongly fortified by the Japanese.

# SENATOR BEVERIDGE, CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE ON TERRITORIES, WHO HAS CHARGE OF THE BILL, SAYS THAT IN HIS PRESENT FORM THERE IS NO HOPE FOR ITS PASSAGE. HE SAYS THAT HIS DESIRE NOW IS TO GIVE STATEHOOD TO THE MILLION AND A HALF OF PEOPLE OF OKLAHOMA AND INDIAN TERRITORY AT THIS TIME AND THAT LATER ARIZONA AND NEW MEXICO WILL BE ADMITTED AS ONE STATE. IT IS SAID THAT SEVERAL MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE ON TERRITORIES INTEND IF THEY FAIL TO DEFEAT AMENDMENTS TO THE BILL, TO SUPPORT THE FORAKER AMENDMENT, WHICH THEY BELIEVE WOULD HAVE AN EFFECT CONTRARY TO THAT PLANNED BY ITS AUTHOR. THE FORAKER AMENDMENT PROVIDES THAT EITHER NEW MEXICO OR ARIZONA, BY A MAJORITY VOTE COULD DEFER THE CALLING OF A CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION OF THE TERRITORIES TO PROVIDE FOR THEIR ADMISSION, INSTEAD OF REQUIRING A MAJORITY OF ALL THE VOTES OF BOTH TERRITORIES COMBINED. MEMBERS OF THE TERRITORIES COMMITTEE ARE OF THE OPINION THAT THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORIES, EVEN ARIZONA, WHEN FACE TO FACE WITH A CHANCE TO COME IN JOINTLY AS ONE STATE OR REMAIN AS TERRITORIES FOR AN INDEFINITE PERIOD, WOULD PREFER TO COME IN AS ONE STATE.

The senate agreed to vote on the joint statehood bill before adjournment on Tuesday, February 7, the amendments to be considered on that date under the ten-minute rule. Mr. Teller spoke during the day in opposition to the bill and several minor bills were passed.

When Mr. Teller concluded Mr. Beveridge obtained unanimous consent to vote on the statehood bill on February 7. The agreement provides that general debate shall close on Monday, the 6th; that immediately after the reading of the journal Tuesday the senate shall proceed to consideration of the amendments to the bill under the ten-minute rule and that the bill and amendments shall be voted on before adjournment that day.

At Riga, Russia, the strike is general. Demonstrations are in progress and the newspapers are not publishing.

# Will Take No Steps.

Rome, Feb. 2.—Foreign Minister Tittoni has informed Deputy Prince Borghese, the initiator of the motion in favor of M. Gorke, the Russian who is now under arrest, that he cannot take any steps toward suggesting to Russia the release of Gorke.

# Captured Contraband Steamer.

Tokio, Feb. 2.—The Japanese captured off Kokoikaido island, northern Japan, the British steamer Wyffield, loaded with contraband for Vladivostok.

# LARGEST DIAMOND EVER FOUND.

Johannesburg, Transvaal, Jan. 30.—The largest diamond ever discovered has been found near Pretoria. The stone weighs 3,632 carats and is said to be a pure white diamond of good quality. It is locally valued at \$2,500,000 to \$4,000,000. The famous Koh-i-noor, which is valued at \$600,000, weighs 123 carats, though it is said to have weighed 900 before it was cut. There is immense excitement here and at Pretoria as a result of the discovery.

# MUST TOE THE MARK

## Beef Trust Will be Forced to Obey Injunction.

## PRESIDENT VERY DETERMINED.

## Members of the Cabinet Agree That Further "Dilly Dallying" Cannot Be Permitted If Criminal Prosecutions Have to be Begun.

Washington, Feb. 2.—It can be said by authority that, unless the corporations constituting the alleged "beef trust" shall heed the injunction made permanent by the decision of the supreme court of the United States, the government will institute proceedings against the individual members of the corporations to enforce the decision of the court. The proceedings will be under the criminal law, if such can be instituted. The minds of the president and members of his cabinet are made up fully on the question. They have determined that the "beef trust" shall obey the law, and now that the highest court in the land has upheld the hands of the administration, it is said they will permit no further "dilly-dallying" with the subject.

At today's cabinet meeting the president and Attorney General Moody shared in the congratulations of the members of the cabinet on the result of the "beef trust" case before the supreme court. The president, who made no attempt to conceal his satisfaction at the decision of the court, united with the members of the cabinet in congratulating the attorney general. The subject was considered briefly at the meeting, but no definite conclusion was reached as to what action, if any, the government would take in the future, except the general determination to enforce the law as it has been construed by the courts.

The president and the members of the cabinet regard the decision of the supreme court as a signal triumph of law as they have viewed it and are prepared to carry it into effect absolutely.

Washington, Feb. 1.—It is by no means certain how many new states will be admitted to the Union under agreement reached today to vote on the joint statehood bill, and its numerous amendments on February 7. There are prospects, however, that Oklahoma and Indian Territory will come in as one state and that New Mexico will come in as another, leaving Arizona as a territory.

Senator Beveridge, chairman of the committee on territories, who has charge of the bill, says that in its present form there is no hope for its passage. He says that his desire now is to give statehood to the million and a half of people of Oklahoma and Indian Territory at this time and that later Arizona and New Mexico will be admitted as one state. It is said that several members of the committee on territories intend if they fail to defeat amendments to the bill, to support the Foraker amendment, which they believe would have an effect contrary to that planned by its author. The Foraker amendment provides that either New Mexico or Arizona, by a majority vote could defer the calling of a constitutional convention of the territories to provide for their admission, instead of requiring a majority of all the votes of both territories combined. Members of the territories committee are of the opinion that the people of the territories, even Arizona, when face to face with a chance to come in jointly as one state or remain as territories for an indefinite period, would prefer to come in as one state.

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# DISORDER NEARLY SUPPRESSED.

## Traffic Restored And Food Supplies Being Received.

Warsaw, Feb. 2.—There has been a partial suppression of disorder in Warsaw and traffic has been restored so far as to permit the arrival of some supplies of food. Murders and attacks on individual soldiers, however, are reported to be more frequent. In other industrial centers, including Moscow and St. Petersburg, the strike is practically at an end. Grand Duke Vladimir in the course of an interview with the Associated Press, intimated that the people of Russia would be given a measure of representative government, though he declared that anything like general suffrage was not to be considered. The committee of ministers discussing the proposed reforms has published a report with the purpose of showing the people that the plans outlined in the imperial decree of December 20 are being carefully considered. An unconfirmed report is in circulation that it has been officially ascertained that the discharge of grape from a saluting gun during the ceremony of the blessing of the waters on January 19, and which imperiled the lives of the emperor and members of his family, was a deliberate act of the territories, their role being a private soldier of the saluting battery.

# FIRE AT STAFFORD

Stafford, Kan., Feb. 2.—About half of the business center burned out. Over twenty businesses suffered losses and fifteen buildings were destroyed. The total loss is estimated at \$50,000.

The town was saved by a sacrifice made by J. L. Hall, who permitted a back fire to be started in his buildings, worth about \$1,000, on which he had no insurance. The Farmers' State Bank, O. H. Baugh, drugs, and Fort Bros. department store were the principal losers.

# MURRAY IS A LITTLE DEAF.

London, Feb. 1.—The foreign office has received a telegram from Consul-General Murray at Warsaw, reporting that himself and Vice-Consul Mieskain were charged by Russia cavalrymen engaged in clearing the streets of Warsaw. It appears that Mr. Murray is partly deaf and probably did not hear the approach of the troops, and when he subsequently endeavored to make known his personality it was without avail. The foreign office has telegraphed to Ambassador Hardinge to make urgent representations at St. Petersburg on the subject.

# DARK CLOUDS AT WARSAW.

## Haggard, Starving Wretchedness on Every Hand.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 1.—While there seems to have been a complete restoration of order in St. Petersburg and Moscow, conditions in Warsaw continue to grow from bad to worse. Estimates of the killed and wounded in consequence of collisions between mobs and soldiers place the number at 100. The bakers being on strike, bread is at famine prices in Warsaw, and attempts to break into stores there have caused numerous collisions with the military. The finding of revolvers of uniform make on many of the rioters affords confirmation of recent reports that revolutionary agitators have been smuggling arms in anticipation of an outbreak.

# FIRE AT OMAHA.

Omaha, Jan. 31.—A fire has destroyed property estimated at approximately \$700,000, started from what is believed to have been an overheated stove in the commission house of C. H. Mullen & Company, located at Eleventh and Howard streets. The flames spread so rapidly that Chief Sailer of the fire department at once turned in a general alarm, which brought the entire department to the scene, not, however, until the flames had gotten quite beyond control. Five commission houses were located in the building where the flames started, and all of these were enveloped in a very short time. In the four stories above and covering an entire block was occupied by the Central dry goods concern, which furnished the flames with inflammable material and added to their fury. Before the firemen were organized the entire building, covering a quarter of a block, was a mass of flames. Adjoining buildings occupied by other concerns of considerable importance were in the path of the fire and soon were ablaze. Across the alley to the north a five story building occupied by a large manufacturing and jobbing store concern caught in the upper stories and the fire soon spread to the lower floors and the entire stock was destroyed.

# Authorizes Sanitary Work.

Havana, Feb. 2.—The governmental sanitary work recently authorized by the Cuban congress in the principal cities is being inaugurated under the personal supervision of the secretary of public works.

# Minister of Finance Resigns.

Belgrade, Feb. 2.—Minister of Finance Paosogu has resigned in consequence of a campaign against him by M. Baloghovich, King Peter's private secretary. Premier Pasic will act as minister of finance pro tem.

# Big Fire in Havana.

Havana, Jan. 30.—The Gomez building, facing Central Park, and containing 30 shops and cafes, was gutted by fire. Loss, \$100,000.

# Zero Weather in Kentucky.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 27.—The blue grass country and Central Kentucky was today in the grasp of the worst blizzard since 1901. A fall of 33 degrees in temperature in twenty-four hours sent the mercury to 6 below zero. Live stock is suffering and all trains are delayed.

In view of having precedents, young Mr. Gould may be excused for resorting to firearms.

The fashion editor says the oyster shade is a good color for new gowns. We presume it's quiet.

Mrs. Humbert's victims may get 2 cents on the dollar. Mrs. Chadwick's will take theirs in sad thoughts.

The skin-tight trouser is coming in to fashion again. This will give a new impetus to the shoe-horn trade.

Spain announces her willingness to enter into an arbitration treaty with the United States. Can you blame her?

The bluepoint oyster beds are frozen, but the oysters would rather sleep there than in a nice warm kitchen.

There never yet was born a woman who did not love to be told that she is adorable. (Gronchy husbands will please take notice.)

Though Mrs. Chadwick is said to have had her husband hypnotized there is no reason why she should feel lonely on that account.

Mr. Cleveland is now said to have begun life without ideals. Most of us start out with nothing but a pain and a nursing bottle, anyhow.

Arbitration treaties are breaking out all over the world, except in Russia and Japan. The two latter nations are doing things to make the others think.

Europe reports that its diamond trade with the United States is active. The class trust, being a home institution, must bitterly resent the competition.

A New York woman knocked down a burglar with her Thanksgiving turkey. She had no amateur biscuits handy, or she could have knocked him senseless.

A number of government documents now are being published in bright wine-colored covers. It is a welcome change from the customary suit of solemn black.

Forst, the German actor, went mad on the stage while playing in Oscar Wilde's "Duchess of Padua." The madness is usually on the other side of the footlights.

A French maid got lost in New York and 160 policemen went out to look for her. Of course she was found. Policemen seldom overlook a maid, be she French or Irish.

Young King Alf of Spain has been pulling the nose of his ministers' smit. It should be remembered, however, that the poor boy has had no father to bring him up.

Over in Berlin an actress refused to go on with the performance because the leading man was too realistic in the hugging scenes. Perhaps his wife was a member of the company.

A flock of American pigeons recently flew 301 miles in four hours—over seventy-five miles an hour, which is almost as fast as some of the automobiles go through our streets.

Brazil has decided to build twenty-eight modern warships. Evidently the Brazilians believe now that merely having revolutions verges too closely upon the simple life to be interesting.

Three thousand dollars was stolen in Cleveland's city hall, and the remarkable thing about it is that the theft of the public money appears to have been committed by a mere outsider.

A Pennsylvania judge has decided that chicken is not an animal. This, however, does not interfere with the decision promulgated by the treasury department to the effect that a frog is a bird.

One difference between a Hungarian parliament and a French duel or a meeting of copper kings is that embarrases are needed when the president of the parliament declares the session adjourned.

Harry Lehr is giving up a trip to Europe, so that he may lead Mrs. Astor's coffin. Harry can't be accused of possessing ingratitude, any way. It was Mrs. Astor who found him at the soda fountain.

The first lot of new rifles for the army was sent to Alaska. They may be "tried on a dog," of course, better there than elsewhere, but dogs are the horses of the frozen north, so it will be expensive.

That woman in Arkansas who has fasted forty-eight days, bringing her weight down from 240 to 200, must feel discouraged when she looks ahead and sees how long it is going to take her at the same rate to get down to 140.

Mr. Richard A. Canfield kindly paid a fine of \$1,000 rather than expose the patrons of his exclusive New York gambling establishment. The percentage of chances in favor of the house will be just a trifle heavier for a day or two.

Mrs. Chadwick says she is content to stay in the Cleveland jail. You remember what the Dutchman said about his wife who had recently died. Her pastor asked him if at the last she was resigned. "Resigned?" the widower exclaimed. "Py tam! She had to be."

Mrs. Patti announced at her St. Petersburg concert—which netted \$27,500 for the Red Cross society—that this was her final farewell to the concert stage. The date of the next one hasn't yet been fixed.

# Texas Topics

## TEXANS FEEL GOOD.

The Rivers and Harbors Bill To Their Liking.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Since the Texas delegation has had time to consider the items in the rivers and harbors bill, which will probably be brought in on Monday, it has become more pleased. Congressman Barleson will endeavor, and doubtless succeed, in getting an enlargement of the appropriation for the Brazos River by \$35,000 to continue the work of improvement to Old Washington.

The item providing for continuing the work on the deepening of a channel from the mouth of the Neches and Sabine Rivers to the Port Arthur Canal is calculated to confuse, as it is written. The item reads that an appropriation of \$411,000 is made for this work, conditional. The conditions are simply that if the channel has to depart from the lake to the land at any place the people of Beaumont and Orange shall pay for such land. But if the channel is confined to the lake there is to be no expense entailed on the people, and hence there are no conditions attached to the work.

It is understood that the Rivers and Harbors Committee will today give out the surveys provided for. There seems to be a general opinion that the bill will go through Congress and be signed by the President without any trouble. In fact, the measure seems to be uncommonly popular. There is an idea that the House committee has delayed bringing in the bill to this time so that it must be disposed of quickly. The longer Congress has to consider a measure the more difficulty the measure meets with in securing approval from both bodies.

The story goes that a definite bill of the Senate on the statehood bill has been obtained, with the result that an amendment by which New Mexico would be made a State and Oklahoma and Indian Territory another State could be adopted. This would leave Arizona as a Territory.

## Some Texas Peaches.

Marshall: To show the necessity for a strong and compact organization of fruit growers Sam H. Dixon of Houston was recently requested by the United States Agricultural Department to take an accurate census of the number of peach trees now in bearing and to come into local commercial purposes in 1906. Mr. Dixon stated that no expense was spared to get the facts, and the result of that canvass showed that in 1906 Texas will ship peaches from over 8,000,000 trees. This, allowing two crates to each tree, considered a very low estimate, would be 16,000,000 crates, and 1,000 crates to the car, would be 16,000 cars. A meeting of the various agencies of this State will be called to meet in Longview on Friday, Feb. 10, to evolve a plan to handle the immense amount of stuff to be shipped this season. Everything, it is said depends upon the Longview meeting, and growers confidently look forward to this meeting.

## Major Fly Expires Suddenly.

Victoria: Major G. W. L. Fly, aged 69 years, a pioneer citizen and lawyer of South Texas, died suddenly of heart failure Friday morning while sitting at his desk in his law office. He had just finished a conversation with his son-in-law, Joe L. Hill, and a friend, when, without saying a word, he leaned his head on his desk and expired. The deceased was born in Yalobusha County, Miss., and when a boy moved to Brazoria county with his father.

## Brazos Valley Extension.

Mexia: The surveying party of the Trinity and Brazos Valley Railway has gone into camp near Prairie Grove eight miles southeast of Mexia. They left with a camping outfit, requiring three wagons to move it. There are about fifteen men in the party. It is the belief here that the surveyors will push on to the coast as rapidly as possible and that the work of building the extension will begin soon.

Gov. James B. Frazier was inaugurated for his second term as Governor of Tennessee Tuesday.

Jan. 27 has been set as the day for the meeting of all the committees from all points in Cleburne to arrange the details of the road road jubilee on Feb. 4.

## Prominent Confederate Dead.

Fort Worth: Col. Duke Goodman, a well-known citizen of Fort Worth and a prominent member of the State Confederate Association, being Inspector General on the staff of Major General K. M. Van Zandt, died Thursday morning. The deceased was born in Mobile, Ala., Dec. 29, 1842, and was consequently 62 years of age. He enlisted as a private in Company A, Louisiana Guards, artillery, in New Orleans in October, 1861.

## Cotton Experiments in Spain.

Bonham: A letter from John Ray, a former Fannin county boy, now in Madrid, states that all feeling against the United States resulting from the Spanish-American war has passed away and that he is treated with the utmost courtesy. Mr. Ray states that the farming element in Spain are experimenting with cotton and a large acreage being planted. Mr. Ray was formerly a teach of languages in Baylor University at Waco.

## ESCAPED AND RETURNED.

Holly Vann, Convicted of Murder Escapes and Returns.

Dallas: Holly Vann, convicted of the murder of Sol Aronson, who escaped from the Dallas county jail Wednesday morning at 4 o'clock, returned to the jail that night at 10 o'clock. Vann appeared haggard and worn. At first he seemed to be in high spirits, but finally admitted that the day had indeed been a strenuous one for him.

"I got out of here about 4 o'clock this morning. The hole cut in the bars was so small that all my clothes were torn off me in wriggling through. You know it is possible to climb up the side of this jail from the ground to the roof—there are so many projections on the walls.

"The first thing I did after gaining my liberty was to get a drink. You should have seen the barkeeper stare when I walked into his place. Then I went direct to the home of my relatives and remained there until tonight, when I came over to Dallas, got my supper in a restaurant and then returned here.

"Why did I return? Well, Arthur Leubetter has known me ever since I was a baby, and I couldn't go back on him. Then there was another reason. I could have got away from here and gone to some other part of the world, but I would never have been able to see my relatives again or write to them, and I would always have been in trouble. It is just as well that I should stay here and take whatever is in store for me. I am innocent of any guilt in connection with the killing of Sol Aronson, but whether or not the court of criminal appeals will take that view of it, I am unable to say."

## Senator Culberson Re-Elected.

Austin: Hon. Chas. A. Culberson, who arrived here Tuesday morning, has received the unanimous vote of each house of the Texas Legislature for reelection to the office of United States Senator.

Wednesday at noon the two houses will meet together, compare the ballot and announce the result.

Senator Culberson will be declared elected and will announce his acceptance in a short speech.

Representative Tom B. Love of Dallas placed Senator Culberson in nomination in the House. His announcement that the vote would be unanimous as the two Republicans, Messrs. Sharpe and Werner, would vote for Senator Culberson, was the feature of the proceedings today. Seconding speeches were made by representative Wilmetts, Cobbs, McKenzie, Harris, Blanton, Burnett and O'Brian.

In the senate two speeches were made, Senator McKamy of Dallas made the nominating speech and Senator Skinner of Ellis County seconded the nomination in an eloquent address.

The vote of the House was 125 and in the Senate 26, only thirteen members being absent from the two houses.

## Big Blaze in Dallas.

Dallas: Fire in the furniture store of the J. F. Zank Co. caused destruction and damage Tuesday night to estimated aggregate of from \$60,000 to \$80,000 on the building and stock.

The building is three stories on Elm street and two on Pacific avenue, and the structure of 50x200 feet was a modern and well-constructed business house valued at about \$40,000, and was damaged, it is thought, to at least one-half of its value. It was insured for \$24,000. The stock, estimated to be worth probably \$60,000, was destroyed or water soaked and smoke-stained, and it is believed that the loss will prove heavy. Fairly ample insurance was carried.

In the north half of the building were the great storerooms where crated furniture was stacked. Here, too, were the repair shops, and the second floor was double-decked. It is believed that the fire went through this department of the establishment almost in a flash. In the Elm street end only the third story, which rises above the rear portion of the plant, was attacked by fire. But smoke and water went through every part.

Friday night a white boy baby, wrapped in an overcoat, was left at the home of W. J. Nance, at Palestine. It is a stout, hardy baby, about two weeks old. A few baby clothes were left in the basket with the child.

## Orient Building at Sweetwater.

Sweetwater: The laying of the steel and construction work has commenced here and is now being pushed from here north on the Orient Railway. The grade of this road is and has been completed practically to Red River for some time and several miles of steel have heretofore been laid in the yards and for several miles north, and ties are now on hand here for twenty-five or thirty miles. A full construction train has arrived.

## Bonham-McKinney Line Assured.

Bonham: President Potter of the Bonham-McKinney Electric Railway Company was in the city Tuesday afternoon and received and accepted an indemnity bond signed by four leading citizens of Bonham and surrounding country. This bond guarantees Bonham's part of the bonus and the right of way to the county line, McKinney having already signed similar bond. The work will begin within thirty days.

# AS LOYAL RUSSIANS, HIS PEOPLE SOUGHT TO PRESENT THEIR PETITION TO THE EMPEROR

Telegraphing from St. Petersburg, Jan. 23, a correspondent of the Chicago Tribune gives the following account of the causes that led up to the massacre of Sunday, Jan. 22:

At the last meeting of the insurrectionists on Saturday the workmen opened their meeting in the absence of Father Gopon by reading the petition to the czar and delivering speeches explaining and supporting the movement. One socialist attempted to make a speech, but was shouted down. The workmen cried:

"To-morrow we ourselves may be socialists, but to-day we are followers of Father Gopon, and have no other leader but him."

Whereupon the socialists disappeared suddenly.

Two intelligent looking men entered

home satisfied and grateful, but that if he did not appear they would stay before the palace until he did.

Meanwhile a literary man of eminence, on the part of various social groups, called on M. Witte, president of the council, and requested him to throw the weight of his authority on the scale on the side of the people.

M. Witte listened and asked what was expected of him. The representative of liberal Russia said:

"To-morrow three hundred thousand men are going to the winter palace in the hope that the czar, who is at Tsarskoe Selo, will come to town to receive their petition. They are peaceful men, truly loyal, desirous of doing things without bloodshed or violence. What we ask is that the socialists should not be called against them and that no measures of repres-

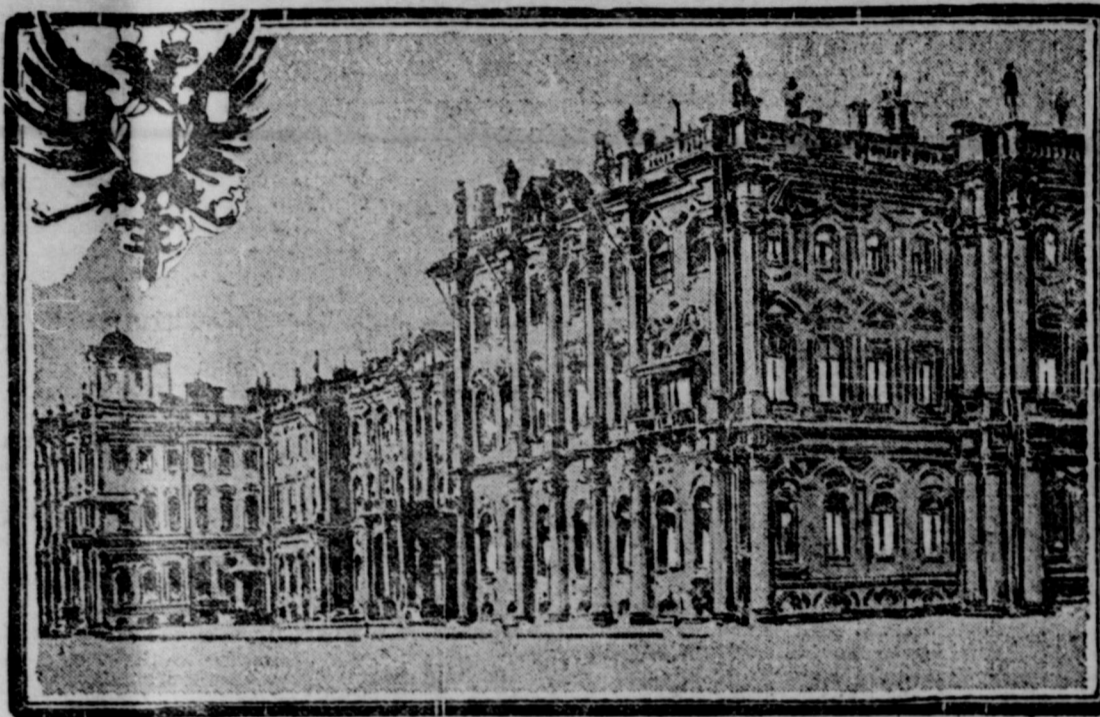
A metropolitan delegation which failed to see Prince Mirsky called upon M. Witte, who, after hearing them, said:

"Whatever the authorities will do to-morrow has been decided upon already. The ministers of finance and the interior and others have been consulting measures this evening.

"My views were not asked, and if I volunteered them they would not be taken. I am nothing in the administration. My role is circumscribed by the reforms foreshadowed by the czar's recent ukase. On those questions I may report to his majesty, but not on events which fall within the sphere of the minister of the interior, who knows all the facts.

To the reorganizing of the deputations M. Witte repeated his arguments and advised them to go to Prince Mirsky

## PRINCIPAL PALACE OF THE CZAR.



WINTER PALACE: VIEW FROM THE SOUTHWEST.

The Winter Palace is one of the most famous of the great structures in St. Petersburg. It was built by Empress Anne in 1732 on the site of a palace presented to Peter the Great by his wife, Catherine I. The structure was partly destroyed by fire in 1817, but was speedily restored. It is 400 feet long, 250 feet wide and 80 feet in height. The interior halls are richly ornamented and priceless paintings adorn the walls. One room of the palace is known as the treasury and contains the costly collection of Russian crown jewels. In the separate building adjacent to the palace is the first czar of the house of Romanoff.

On an island in the commanding fortress of St. Peter and St. Paul, the hall wearing overcoats, under which were military uniforms. One, having asked to be heard, said:

"Brothers, to-morrow you are going to the winter palace, perhaps to death. Are you really going?"

"We are going at all hazards," was the reply.

"Do you wish the soldiers to refuse to fire on you?"

"That we do most heartily," was the answer.

"Very well, brothers, they will refuse to fire. At this moment they are talking it over among themselves. They will not shed your blood. If ordered to fire they will refuse. We have come to tell you this."

Then hearty shouts arose: "Long live our brothers, the soldiers."

The next act of the meeting was to add several clauses to the petition, including demands for the separation of church and state. It was also resolved unanimously that the workmen would march on Sunday as peaceful, loyal subjects of the czar, trusting to his desire to redress their grievances, and armed solely for the purpose of legitimate defense.

It was further declared that if they had any preliminary guarantees that the soldiers and police would make no arrests except for genuine breach of the peace they would go unarmed.

It was finally resolved that if the czar would merely accept from their hands the petition and say that he would consider it, they would return

They replied that they had been there and had not seen him.

"I will telephone him now, if you like, and perhaps you can see him," said M. Witte.

The delegates thanked M. Witte, who then called up Prince Mirsky and spoke to him energetically. As proof of the excellent relations between them they called each other "thou."

M. Witte besought Prince Mirsky to receive the delegates. Prince Mirsky refused to do so on the ground that he (Witte) knew all the facts and the authorities would reserve action for a suitable moment. From time to time M. Witte's bass voice could be heard asking: "And have you no fears for to-morrow?"

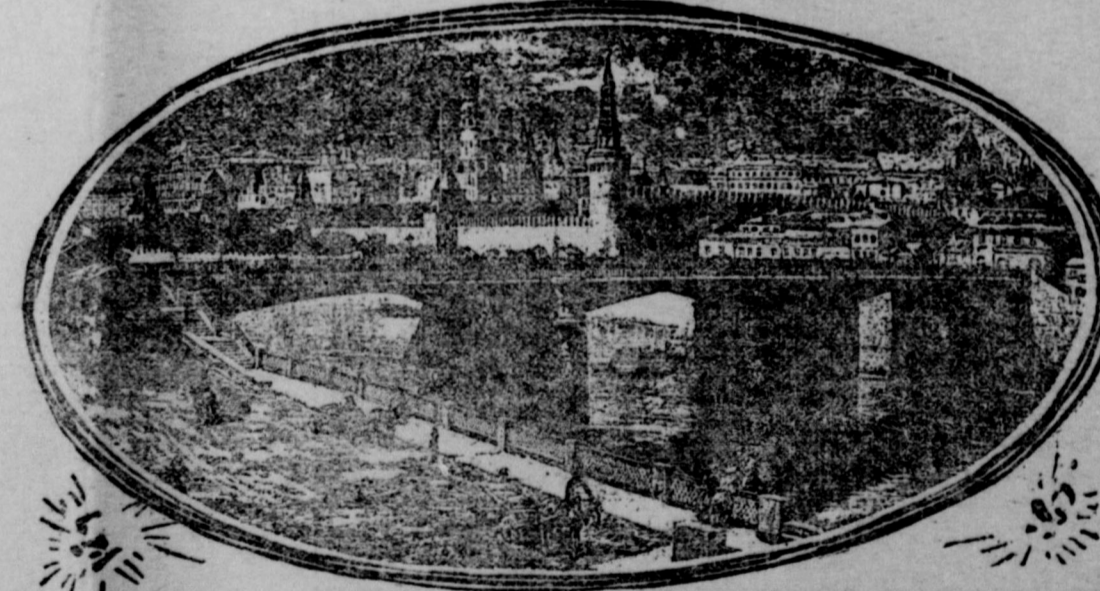
Like the refrain of a song came that fateful question:

"Have you then no fear of to-morrow? Well, you know best." And turning to the delegates M. Witte remarked:

"Prince Mirsky will not receive you to-night, though I have asked him. Now, do you suppose I should be more successful if I asked something more difficult? If you like he will see you at half-past 12 to-morrow."

The delegates declined and returned at half-past 1 in the morning and reported progress to the meeting. It then was received unanimously that everything possible had been done to hinder bloodshed, and that if men were killed and wounded on Sunday all Russia would recognize the case with which it could have been prevented.

## ANCIENT RUSSIAN CITY OF MOSCOW.



City of Moscow, River Moskva and a portion of the Kremlin (the official city), the latter being shown to the left in the distance.

## Helps Oklahoma Churches.

Col. James M. Guffey of Pittsburg, democratic national committee man from Pennsylvania, for years has been contributing to the erection of churches in Oklahoma. His yearly contribution is \$250 to each of five congregations. Rev. John T. Riley, presiding elder of the Methodist Episcopal church in Oklahoma, has just received \$1,250 from Col. Guffey, the money to be applied toward the purchase of flooring, ceiling, doors and windows in five new churches.

## Well Known Friend of Tramps.

Peter M. Deysher of Barto, Pa., is known to tramps all over the United States. He never refuses them shelter and in 1904 gave a night's lodging and a bite to eat to 1,831 of the peripatetic fraternity. Some of them have visited his dairy farm regularly for twenty-five years, and Mr. Deysher has come to know several intimately. One of his constant callers is a highly educated man, formerly a priest; another is a wonderful mathematician and a third is a splendid penman.

## How Pettus Keeps His Health.

Senator Pettus of Alabama is 84 years old and has never been known to take medicine since going to Washington. "How do you keep so well?" asked Sergeant at Arms Randall, who has visited his dairy farm regularly for twenty-five years, and Mr. Deysher has come to know several intimately. One of his constant callers is a highly educated man, formerly a priest; another is a wonderful mathematician and a third is a splendid penman.

## Russian Ambassador's Gift.

Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador and president of the Washington Fencing Club, has donated to the club a beautiful silver cup as a prize to be offered in the approaching tournament. Five clubs from other cities will compete with the home club. Two of these are from New York. Others are from Boston and Annapolis. The Countess Marguerite Cassini will entertain the company, which will number 150, at a tea in the drawing rooms of the clubhouse.

## Helen Keller's Teacher to Marry.

Anne Mansfield Sullivan, widely known as the teacher of Helen Keller, is about to be married to John Alberi Macy, an instructor in Harvard and a friend of Helen Keller, to whose rescue from silence and darkness Miss Sullivan devoted eighteen years of her life. It is characteristic of the love and friendship of the bride and groom bear the blind girl that after their marriage they will reside near Boston, with Miss Keller as a member of their household.

## HIS STEAK WAS READY.

Sarcasm of the Wife Not Wasted on the Delinquent Husband.

Sarcasm loses nothing by awaiting the psychological moment for its utterance. Also it oftentimes is most fruitful with the sharpness of a two-edged sword when it is contained in a simple statement of fact.

A husband given to periodical looks upon the cocktail when it contains a cherry, his glance at such times dwelling thereon for two or three successive days without interruption, arose one morning recently with a head out of all proportion to his hat measure, and a throat that felt like a limekiln.

No explanation was needed when he told his wife he was going out for a moment to get rid of the olive green taste in his mouth; he would be back right away. All she said was: "Bring a steak home with you for breakfast."

He went to a cocktail dispensary and got his brace. As he was going out he met a friend, who told him he would feel better if he had another. He did feel better, so much better that he was prevailed on further to improve the state of his physical and mental being by a third diving after a cherry. He did not see his home for two days.

Again, one morning he awoke with iron hands pressing into his head and his tongue cleaving to the roof of his mouth. His wife heard him stirring and went to the door. "Your steak is ready," she said.

## GRAPES FRESH ALL WINTER.

French Device Preserves Them for the Palate of the Epicure.

A clever French process by which vine growers in France are able to market fresh outdoor grapes all through the winter is thus described. Bunches of the finest grapes when ripe in autumn are cut in such a way that to each bunch a piece of the vine five or six inches long remains attached. From this piece the stems of the bunch hang, an arrangement vitally necessary to the success of the operation.

A large number of wide-mouth bottles, filled with water, is ranged in a cellar and in the open end of each is inserted the pieces of vine stem, the bunches of grapes hanging outside. The grapes do not touch the water, but are thus supplied with moisture through the vine stem, which is immersed in the water. By this process choice varieties of table grapes are kept in perfect condition for the whole winter.

The temperature of the cellar is uniform and moderately low and care is taken daily to supply the bottles with the water lost by evaporation. Fruit thus carefully tended is somewhat costly, but there are many patrons who willingly pay \$2 a bunch for the delicacy of fresh grapes in midwinter.

## Revival of the Album.

The photograph album is about to be restored to popular favor. For the past ten years it has been relegated to the garret, while people have hung the pictures of relatives and friends in airy bits of wire known as the photograph holder, interjected into stray corners of bureaus or dressing tables and generally maltreated them and allowed them to be subjected to the dust and grime of the daily atmosphere.

The new general use of the camera has helped to restore the once passe picture album to its former dignified position on the parlor table.

The new photograph albums are different from those of the days of long ago. They are far more artistic and easy to handle. Sometimes they are made of fine leather, sometimes of soft kid, but at all events they are not so likely to jar upon artistic sensibilities as did the velvet and plush affairs which were once the pride and adornment of the parlor tables of all well-regulated households.

## Raconteur.

When Uncle Jubee makes a joke, it's mighty hard to see how he gets through. "Cause if you don't, afore he gets through it piles him up a spell.

An' then a dreadful silence comes; it's minutes till it's broke. He holds his breath, he's skinned half to death. When uncle makes a joke.

When ordinary people tell us riddles, there is fun. "But when folks happen to be rich 'It's hard to tell which thing is which That's proper to do, sometimes of air 'aw, he says, if Jubee overlooks us We be in luck."

We must laugh right And he pollops. When uncle makes a joke.

An' so, in order not to take a chance, however small, Paw has collected the whole lot An' told 'em over till we're go. To know 'em one an' all. An' now we laugh exactly when a certain word is spoke. Paw needn't judge. Paw needn't judge. When uncle tells a joke. —Washington Star.

## Low Prices in Philadelphia.

An interesting and amusing instance of business acumen on the part of a German butcher in Philadelphia is furnished by a gentleman in that city.

"One day," says this gentleman, "I inquired of the butcher the price of sausage."

"Sausage is sixteen cents a pound," replied he, after a moment's hesitation; "but to-day I haven't no sausage any more."

"Whereupon I asked why. If he had not the goods he should quote a price thereon."

"Der question is easy to answer," replied he, without a suspicion of a smile. "If I had some of dose sausage den der price would be twenty cents a den. But I haf no sausage, no; so I makes der price low. It gifes me a reduckshun and it costs me noodings."

## Not Actuated by Generosity.

A precocious youngster of 6 years, living on the Park Slope, has a little sister, with whom he is compelled to divide his gifts, very much to his dislike. The little girl generally comes out at the small end of the hour, and therefore, when, one day recently, he was noticed eating the smaller of two apples that had been given to him, it excited the comment of his mother.

"How did you happen to give Elsie the big apple and keep the little one for yourself? Mamma is glad to see her little boy growing generous."

"There was a worm in the big one," nonchalantly replied Johnny.—Brooklyn Eagle.



ALL THE GROCERIES THAT A LARGE FAMILY COULD USE IN A DAY CAN BE PURCHASED HERE FOR A VERY MODEST SUM OF MONEY

### MIAMI'S LEADING GROCERY STORE

# Johnston Bros. & Co.

A Fresh and Clean Line of Staple and Fancy Groceries Always in Stock.

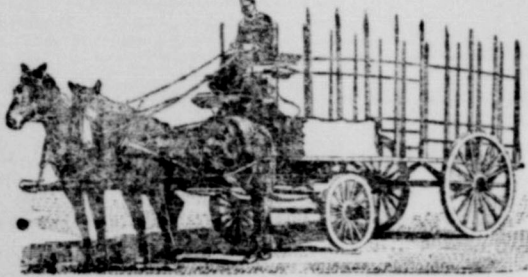
Also Handle Coal and Grain.

Low Prices is not the point upon which we make a bid for business. High quality first, last and all the time. That being right and profit adding modest, our prices cannot fail to meet with the approval of housewives who study the value.

## M. McCAULEY, Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

MIAMI, TEXAS

RIGS FURNISHED CATTLE OR STOCK BUYERS ON MODERATE TERMS



### City Transfer and Delivery.

H. C. Harris.

## Ten Good Reasons Why Miami is the Best Town

### IN THE TEXAS PANHANDLE

- BECAUSE—It has the best stock country surrounding it.
- It has the best climate, best water and plenty of it.
- It is the best shipping point on the Santa Fe road.
- Its population are not mere "nesters" but STAYERS.
- It has the sharpest competition and gives lowest prices.
- It is surrounded with the best cattle and finest ranches.
- It's the commercial and legal center of three counties.
- It has the best schools, best churches and best society.
- It is the prettiest town-site and sells good lots VERY LOW.
- It gives a perfect title to perfect lots in a reliable town.

For full particulars Address the

## The Miami Town Company.

DIRECTORS:—Samuel Edge, Miami, Texas; M. Huselby, Mobeetie, Texas.

## D. K. HICKMAN

DEALER IN

Windmills, Pipes, Casing, Hardware, Stoves and Tinware.

"CANTON CLIPPER" FARM IMPLEMENTS & MACHINERY.

Galvanized Tanks, Troughs, Metallic Well Curbings, etc., Made to Order. TIN SHOP IN CONNECTION. MIAMI - TEXAS

—L. C. HEARE—LAWYER AND LAND AGENT—

## FOR RANCH OR FARM PROPERTY

Write to L. C. HEARE, Miami, Roberts County, Tex

## FARM LANDS

ALONG THE "DENVER ROAD" in NORTHWEST TEXAS (The Panhandle)

Are advancing in value at rate of 20 per cent per annum.



### Do You Know of Any Equal Investment?

As our assistance may be of great value towards securing what you need or wish, as regards either Agricultural Properties or Business Opportunities, and will cost nothing, why not use us? Drop us a postal.

A. A. GLISSON, Gen. Passgr. Agt. Fort Worth, Texas.

## The Miami Chief.

LESLIE L. LADD, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

Entered at the postoffice at Miami, Texas, as second-class matter.

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

FEBRUARY, 4, 1905.

### LOCAL NOTES.

Light bread and pies at J. W. Harrah's.

T. L. Graham returned last Wednesday from his trip to Vernon.

Drs. Dodson & Lewis, Dentists, Front rooms, Smith building, Amarillo.

R. H. Campbell of Canyon City is at the wagon yard in Miami with twenty head of fine bulls.

Mrs. O. F. Payne has presented a nice communion set to the Baptist church of Miami.

For cash, - defy comp - in a Come and see. - N. F. Locke & Sons.

Tom Waggoner is putting twenty thousand acres of his land near Electra on the market. The average price being asked is twenty dollars per acre.

Sheriff Stewart left yesterday morning for Georgetown, Texas, after one A. C. Olive who was indicted by the late grand jury on a charge of cow theft.

If you want choice baled hay, by the ton or bale, call on E. A. Fitch.

James Sitz of Pitts Point, Texas, is in Miami on a visit, being brother-in-law to W. W. Davis.

Anything you want to eat, from crackers and cheese to a grind stone at J. W. Harrah & Son's Restaurant.

J. T. Hood, salesman in the Johnson Mercantile Company's store in Miami, returned yesterday from a lengthy visit to his old home in Nebraska. Mrs. Hood accompanied him on his return.

During the early adjournment of District Court and miserable weather Dr. Dodson, dentist, of Amarillo, wires to state to our readers that he will not be in Miami next week.

Go to N. F. Locke & Sons and get your dry goods at cost. They are clearing out for a large spring shipment.

C. L. Bean, Maxon's Lecturer, has been in Miami all this week, conducting a Maxon's school of instruction, day and night sessions.

The number of poll tax receipts issued up to February 1st was 111 in Roberts county, distributed as follows: Precinct No. 1, 10; Precinct No. 2, 10; Precinct No. 3, 12; Precinct No. 4, 7.

John Stamp last week sold a bunch of three and four year old steers to N. W. McCulliston at \$90 and \$85.

N. F. Locke & Sons are closing out their winter goods, at cost. Call and see them.

Ben Tope of Canadian was in Miami the former part of this week assisting in invoicing his stock of lumber here which he sold to Stone & Houston.

The attention of the public is called to the change in the card of Coffee & Kelly, which limits their partnership to civil practice only. This is brought about by the election of Mr. Kelly as District Attorney. Mr. Kelly cannot defend in criminal matters. Mr. Coffee will be in position to look after any cases entrusted to him.

If you did not pay your poll tax by February 1st you did not encumbering it altogether. It is still due and if you have any property it can be levied upon for the poll tax the same as for any other tax.

Try buying your goods from us and see what you can save. - Locke & Sons.

Fresh Candies and Nuts at all times at J. W. Harrah & Son's Confectionery.

Assessor Ery Black and Henry Ledrick returned last Monday from Mineral Wells, Texas, where they spent ten weeks for the benefit of their health, particularly for the latter's health which was in a critical condition. We are sorry, indeed, to state that the trip did not prove to be of any benefit to Mr. Ledrick.

We have on hand a small lot of well casing and piping and ten Eclipse wind mills—12, 14, and 16-foot wheels—which we will sell at wholesale prices for quick sales. These mills are at our Miami, Canadian and Pampa stores and can be delivered at Canadian or elsewhere.—Johnson Mercantile Co.

Wm. S. Crane of California, Md., suffered for years from rheumatism and lumbago. He was finally advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which he did and it effected a complete cure. This remedy is for sale by Central Drug Store.

Thursday was Ground Hog day, when according to tradition the animal emerges from his den, and if the sun is shining and he sees his shadow he goes back again for a six-weeks stay, as winter is not over; but if he sees not his shadow he stays out and spring is here forthwith immediately. The day was such his hogship could not see a ghost of a shadow, and it is well if there are any of our stock men so credulous as to put any faith in this legend for it will give them a hope and comfort that is almost foreign to the clan at the present time. All we have to say is that if Mr. Ground Hog was so unwise as to stay out the cultures of the air will fast upon his carcass when it thaws sufficiently to be penetrated by their bills. We also would suggest that the heating stoves be not taken down for a few weeks anyhow.

If you want a lunch anytime between 7 o'clock in the morning and 12 o'clock at night, call at J. W. Harrah & Son's Confectionery.

A report is prevalent that the R. O. ranch, owned by Alfred Rowe, has been sold. While only a rumor, still it is a well defined one, and is the talk of this section just now. We are unable to give facts as to price or terms, but we learn that Mr. Rowe has sold his entire land holdings in Donley, Gray, Wheeler and Collingsworth counties to the Rock Island Immigration Agency who will partition the land and sell to farmers. The Rowe ranch comprises something like 190,000 acres of land, and one of the oldest ranches in the Panhandle. By the terms of sale we understand that Mr. Rowe is given four years to wind up his cattle business, turning over to the purchasers a certain amount of the land each year until final delivery is made at the end of the fourth year.—Banner-Stockman.

The Commissioners Court had a special business meeting last Monday, in regard to the Roberts County school lands which are located in Bailey county. Wallace Good, who at the present time leases the land, was present at the meeting. The present lease was for a term of 5 years and expires the first of March next. Under this lease Mr. Good has the right to accept or reject the purchase of the land at the price and terms asked by the Commissioners Court, should the latter decide to sell the same. The land now brings 4 cents an acre or a total of \$80 a year to the school fund. The Court was not ready to say yet whether they would sell the land or not, and if they did sell at what price and terms, so Mr. Good's lease was extended to the first of May. In the meantime representatives of the court will go and look over the land. With what facts they have concerning the land most of the members believe it is worth about \$2 per acre, and they figure if they can sell the land on, at the least 20 years time at 6 per cent it would be well to sell. Then the land would bring 12 per cent per year to the school fund whereas now it brings but four cents. Then, too, the special school tax could be discontinued, which would give Roberts county the lowest tax rate of any county in the Panhandle.

Sick headache results from a disordered stomach and is quickly cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by Central Drug Store.

### WANTED.

By a young man, a job on a farm, anytime between the first and tenth of February. Address: Emile Beck, Claude, Texas.

### Tonic to the System.

For liver troubles and constipation there is nothing better than DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous pills. They do not weaken the stomach. Their action upon the system is mild, pleasant and harmless. Bob Moor of Lafayette, Ind., says, "no one talking DeWitt's Little Early Risers do their work. All other pills I have used gripe and make me sick in the stomach and never cured me. DeWitt's Little Early Risers proved to be the long sought relief. They are simply perfect." Persons traveling find Little Early Risers the most reliable remedy to carry with them. Sold by all Druggists.

### FOR SALE!

Seventy-five tons of baled meadow hay at ranch on Northfork or delivered in town. E. A. FITCH, North Fork, Texas.

### PASTURE TO LEASE.

A six-section pasture to lease until the first of May, next. One and a half miles from Miami. Good shelter and plenty of water. Address: C. COFFEY, Miami, Texas.

## The Panhandle Nursery Company of Clarendon.

L. K. EBERTON & SONS, Props.

Have on hand a fine collection of Fruit, Shade and Ornamental Trees for this season's planting. Orders for Trees and Plants of any kind, at low prices, left with Mr. M. McCauley will receive quick attention.

### Many Good—One Best.

"On many oils and liniments are advertised to be the best, which they are not. I tried a number before using Hunt's Lightning Oil. After using it once, however, I realized I had found the best there was, and it was useless to look further. If it fails its oil off. No other liniment will hit the spot if Hunt's Lightning Oil fails. C. G. YOUNG, Okene, O. T.

### LAND!

Power of Attorney has been conferred upon the undersigned to sell direct to purchasers, and to execute deeds for lands in Block Number Three of the L. & G. N. R. Co. surveys, Gray County, Texas; also for lots in the new and promising town of Pampa.

The rich quality and fast rising value of the land are already too generally known to need much comment. Liberal terms and a low rate of interest.

I have also very excellent pastures to rent. T. D. HOBART, Pampa, Gray County, Texas.

### It Quenches the Fires.

"Your Hunt's Cure is beyond doubt the most remarkable remedy for skin diseases ever formulated. For six years I suffered almost constantly from an itching trouble the doctors could not cure. My skin was on fire, and I had more than one box of Hunt's cure and none did me any good. Many of my friends since used it on my recommendation, and it never fails. Where there is a skin trouble, rub it on. It does the work that no other medicine can. Mrs. Helen Whismore, Clarendon, Ark.

## SOUTHERN KANSAS RAILWAY COMPANY OF TEXAS.

### TIME TABLE

West bound Passenger, daily, 5:30 a. m. East bound Passenger, daily, 10:23 p. m. West bound Local, ..... 3:35 p. m. East bound Local, ..... 12:05 p. m. The Local is daily except Sundays. H. E. BAIRD, Agent.

## Take your hides to Gist.

Call at J. W. Harrah's for fresh fish and oysters.

### DISTRICT COURT.

District Court convened Monday. The grand jury was immediately empaneled and entered upon its labors. Tuesday the Court took up the case of I. C. Sobler vs. Johnson Mercantile Co. Hon. B. M. Baker being disqualified to set as Judge in this case N. P. Willis of Canadian was appointed special judge, and because of special issues, the case was brought abruptly to a close Wednesday morning, when Judge Willis instructed the jury to return a verdict in favor of Defendant, Johnson Mercantile Co. The Plaintiff made motion for new trial which was overruled, whereupon notice of appeal was given.

J. W. Hodges was acquitted on a charge of perjury.

Because of the prevailing stormy weather, the cattlemen being needed so badly at home to look to the care of their stock, Judge Baker adjourned court Wednesday at noon and all other cases were continued until the summer term of District Court.

The grand jury adjourned Wednesday morning after returning four bills of indictment, all felonies.

### GRAND JURY REPORT.

The grand jury's report was as brief as were the labors of the body. The report follows:

To the Hon. B. M. Baker, Judge of the District Court, Roberts County, Texas: We beg leave to report that we have made a thorough and careful investigation of all matters to which our attention has been called, and having completed our labors in this respect, respectfully ask that we be discharged.

J. A. JOHNSTON, Foreman.

The members of the grand jury were as follows: W. I. Whitsell, Frank Razor, J. A. King, J. A. Pools, G. M. Moon, D. D. Payne, Milo Blodgett, J. W. Harris, J. A. Johnston, Dave Stribling, C. R. Cowan, Jerome Harris.

### A Prisoner in Her Own Home.

Mrs. W. H. Layton of 1001 Agnes Ave., Kansas City, Mo., has for several years been troubled with severe hoarseness and at times a hard cough, which she says, "would keep me in doors for days. I was prescribed for by physicians with noticeable results. A friend gave me part of a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with instructions to closely follow the directions and I wish to state that after the first day I could notice a decided change for the better, and at this time after using it for two weeks, I have no hesitation in saying I realize that I am entirely cured." This remedy for sale by Central Drug Store.

Get a nice, fat, rib roast fat the Gist Meat Market at 6c per pound.

### From the Canadian Record.

Phil Milam has captured and killed that famous big three-toed wolf that has the \$150 bounty on his scalp. Fork over, gentleman; now is the time to dig up.

The Liberal News says that notwithstanding the constant use of the word by the daily papers, Kansas has not experienced a blizzard for years. The News is right. People who haven't been here more than sixteen or seventeen years have never seen a genuine blizzard.

The Puroell Register says that the Canadian river, which has always heretofore been entirely destitute of water at this season of the year, has a steady current this winter, running a stream of considerable depth all the time. To account for the change, it is claimed that a stream up in Colorado altered its course during the heavy floods last fall and broke into the channel of the Canadian.

Senator Culberson is grooming Judge M. M. Brooks of the court of criminal appeals for governor.

During his Texas visit President Roosevelt will have a rabbit hunt in the "Big Thicket" of east Texas.

President Roosevelt made an anti-trust speech before Union League Club in Philadelphia, and all Democratic papers are praising his utterances.

**Free Holiday Games**

60 different games—all new—one in each package of **Lion Coffee** at your Grocer's.



## "COMING AND GOING"

During the year 1904, the Pecos Valley Lines and Southern Kansas Railway of Texas have been making Railroad History in the Southwest.

### Coming

We have brought to the Panhandle of Texas and the Pecos Valley more than our share of the great army of homeseekers now attracted to this part of the world where there still remains opportunity to acquire cheap and productive land.

### Going

We have maintained the record of the "Cattle Trail Route" in handling the one great export product of this region. Requests for information should be addressed to

A. L. CONRED, Traffic Manager. AMARILLO, MEXAS.

ROBERT MOODY, President. D. J. YOUNG, Cashier. T. F. MOODY, Assistant Cashier.

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK,** CANADIAN, TEXAS.

PAID UP CAPITAL, \$100,000.00.

A General Banking Business Transacted, Collections Made Promptly and Remitted at Lowest Rates.

Western National Bank, New York. Union National Bank, Kansas City. State National Bank, Fort Worth.

H. G. Hendricks, W. R. Ewing.

**HENDRICKS & EWING** Attorneys-At-Law Miami - Texas.

Practice in all the Courts.

**F. M. JOHNSON,** Dentist Office at Cottage House. Miami, Texas. All Work Guaranteed.

**THOUGHTS ABOUT MEN.**

An honest man has nothing to fear from honest men.

Hard work is hard work; but it makes easy times easy.

It is not the lantern but the candle inside it that furnishes the light.

If a man was compelled to go to work he would not want to go.

You must keep up with the procession if you want to hear the music.

A lawyer does not become a necessity merely because he knows no law.

You can make hay while the sun shines; but grass will not grow without clouds and rain.

The shepherd sometimes forgets it out he really needs the flock more than the flock needs him.

Every man has his price; but sometimes the other fellow hasn't the price.

Doing wrong is expensive. The attorney who can tell how safely to violate law commands a higher fee than the one who knows only how to obey legal enactments.—W. Bob Holland, in New York Tribune.

**Congratulations.**

John H. Colton, editor of the Garland, Texas, News, has written a letter of congratulations to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, as follows: "Sixteen years ago when our first child was a baby he was subject to croupy spells and we would feel very uneasy about him. We began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in 1887, and finding it such a reliable remedy for colds and croup, we have never been without it in the house since that time. We have five children and have given it to all of them with good results. For sale by Central Drug Store.

**BATH ROOM.**

I have a bath room the second door west of the Post Office and am prepared to serve the public in this line. WM. MORGAN.

**Test Its Value.**

Simmons Liver Purifier is the most valuable remedy I ever tried for constipation and disordered liver. It does its work thoroughly, but does not gripe like most remedies of its character. I certainly recommend it whenever the opportunity occurs.

M. T. Tomlinson, Oswego, Kansas.

**Speedy Relief.**

A salve that heals without a scar is De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. No remedy effects such speedy relief. It draws out inflammation, soothes, cools and heals all cuts, burns and bruises. A sure cure for Piles and skin diseases. De Witt's is the only genuine Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of counterfeits, they are dangerous. Sold by all Druggists.

**WANTED.—Ladies and Gentlemen** in this and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise the Wholesale and Educational Departments of an old established house of solid financial standing. Salary \$2.50 per day, with Expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished. Address: Blue Bros. & Co., Dept. B, Monon Bldg, Chicago.

**Amarillo Business College.**

Instruction in Bookkeeping, Short-hand, Typewriting, Commercial Law, Rapid Calculation and all other branches of Commercial Education. Board in Cooperative club, \$6 per month. In Dormitories, \$10 and \$12 per month. For Catalogue address G. J. NUNN, M. A., President, Amarillo, Texas.

**Dan Kivlehen,** TONSORIAL ARTIST Miami, Texas.

?

If the question with you is to where to go to clothe yourself and family to the Best interest of your pocket book and at the same time get the best quality of goods,

**We Say, GO TO N. F. Locke & Sons,** LEADING DEALERS IN ALL LINES OF WEARING APPAREL

This firm is the one that makes the prices and defy competition. Will sell you goods at the same price other houses ask you for inferior articles.

Close prices made on Dry-Goods, Clothing, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Notions, Ladies' and Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

Do your trading here and save

\$