

The Miami Chief.

Vol. 19

MIAMI, Roberts County, TEXAS, Thursday,

January, 31 1918.

No. 27

Panhandle Pioneer Dies

W. B. JACKSON PASSED AWAY MONDAY AT ALAMOGORDO NEW MEXICO

Miami was greatly shocked Monday afternoon when the message came that our old townsman, W. B. Jackson had passed to the great beyond. Death coming Monday afternoon at 3:05 after a very short attack of pneumonia. Mr. Jackson leaves a wife and six children, a brother and sister and numberless friends to mourn his loss.

He was one of the real old timers of the Panhandle and came to Miami about 27 years ago, moving here from Bell county. The family lived here until three years ago when they moved to Alamogordo, N. Mex., going there for the benefit of the wife's health. He very often came back to Miami for a few weeks at a time, looking after his land and cattle interests near here. Last fall he spent about a month in Miami. He was about 58 years old.

Mr. Jackson was a citizen of the very highest type. A man of broad mind and pure character. Never making an enemy, or letting an opportunity pass to do good. He was a great lover for church work and he and a few other men built the Methodist church that now stands in Miami, and he was one of the most devoted members the church ever had. He was also a great lover of the Odd Fellows lodge, and was at the time of his death a valued member of our local lodge.

Burl Jackson taught school a year or two in his early life and at an early age became acquainted with the habit and character of children, and every child he met remembered him and loved him afterwards. No greater eulogy could be paid to a man than that the children he knew all loved him and often would speak to their parents about what a good man Mr. Jackson was, and how they wished more good neighbors like Mr. Jackson and family would move into their town and community. His sympathy for children, his love for them and his knack of making them happy was one of his chief characteristics.

Mrs. Elizabeth Jackson, mother of James Jackson, Burrell Jackson and Rev. Frank Jackson, came to this country at a very early date, when her sons were just entering into manhood, and no greater christian character, no woman of more sterling worth and integrity ever lived in this or any other country. She trained her boys to walk uprightly and in the paths of righteousness, and every homesick boy in the Panhandle country who came to know Grandma Jackson loved her like a mother. Under such influence it was impossible that her boys could become other than good men, leading citizens of their community. At the age of about 40 years Burrell Jackson was married to Miss Minnie Haynes, at that time one of the school teachers in the Miami Public School, a sister of Rev. A. B. Haynes—well known to Miami people, also of I. J. Haynes of near Miami and Mrs. Jno. A. Lee of White Deer, Texas and of Harry Haynes of Alamogordo, N. M.

Possibly there never lived at Miami one who was more dearly loved by friends than was Mr. Jackson. He was a true friend to his friends and many hearts have been made sad this week upon learning of his death. He and his wife were both members of the Methodist church and together they took care of his mother until her death in the year 1909. We failed to get particulars of the funeral arrangements, more than that the body would be laid to rest in that town. Frank Jackson who was at Bay Side Texas is there now.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector.

J. R. WEBSTER

J. R. Webster is the name of another candidate we add this week to the announcement column for the office of Sheriff and Tax Collector of Roberts county, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

In asking for this position Mr. Webster is by no means asking for a place he has never filled. He was deputy Sheriff and constable in North Texas where he moved from to this country for several years. Being near the Oklahoma line, the duties of a peace officer were severe indeed, but he performed them in a creditable manner. Mr. Webster has spent several years in business in Miami, and his honesty and integrity cannot be questioned. He is capable in every way of handling the office, and promises the people, that if elected, every duty will be performed so far as his ability will permit, and his ability is by no means limited.

The voters of this county will do well to place him in this responsible position if they desire a man to honorably discharge the duties thereof. Mr. Webster is a well controlled man and is willing to do his best.

RED CROSS COLUMN

Everything is moving nicely at the Red Cross Rooms this week. Three new Singer machines have been installed and a large number of finished garments have already accumulated. We will be ready to make a shipment very soon.

The Knitting department is also doing a very fine work. Quite a lot of finished work has been turned in. More and more workers are in demand. Come to the rooms any afternoon at any time from two to 4:30 and everybody is cordially invited to come and see what is being done. Those in charge will take pleasure in explaining the work.

A CALL for all old linen and Muslim scraps of woolen goods, remnants of gingham, outing, percales, etc., where there is a yard or two of goods. Tailors Sample books, etc. All these will be accepted and used by the Red Cross for providing clothing and bedding for refugee children in France and Belgium. If you have any such things and will donate them to the R. C., please bring them to the rooms at any time.

The class in surgical dressings began work in the specially equipped rooms at the court house under the tutelage of Mrs. W. W. Davis of Amarillo. This is a department of Red Cross work which is very much needed at the front. In fact nearly every communication from headquarters bears the stamp, "Surgical dressings wanted," so this chapter has hurried to get an instructor and get at this most needed of all work. It has to be done in special dress and according to very exact rule. But after this initiary class has finished the course and taken the examination the department will then open for enrollment from whosoever may wish to take up this line of Red Cross work.

DIED AT AMARILLO

We received the very sad message yesterday morning of the death of Mrs. Thos. T. Waggoner of Claude. She died early yesterday morning following an operation the day before. Her husband is a brother to the Chief editor. Mrs. Waggoner was a good christian woman, about 35 years old and leaves the husband, three small boys, a mother and father and several brothers and sisters. The family moved to Claude two years ago and purchased the local newspaper plant.

Look Who is Coming

INCOME TAX COLLECTOR WILL BE AT MIAMI FEB. 7th

On the dates given below the income tax officer will be in Roberts county. His duty will be to assist individuals in the preparation of their income tax returns. All persons confer with this government representative at once and ascertain whether or not they are liable under the law for a report. It is the Tax payers duty to yook up this officer. HE WILL NOT CALL ON YOU. Failure to make report, if liable, subjects the person failing to severe penalties.

AFTER THE LAST DATE GIVEN hereon, the officer will not again return to this county. You should see him while here.

The Postmaster or any banker of the town can tell you where his office is located.

HE WILL BE AT
MIAMI FEB. 7th.
CANADIAN, Feb. 4-5th
PAMPA, Feb. 8-9th.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector.

J. F. MURRY

J. F. Murry asks us to place his name before the voters of this county as a candidate for the office of Sheriff and Tax Collector, Subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

Mr. Murry has been a citizen of this county for the past three or four years and he has been a good one. His actions since coming here, and his past record as a man is good, and if our people choose to place him in the position he asks for, they will have a good honest man for the office. Mr. Murry is a poor man, but a hard worker and many of the days of the past few years he has had to spend at the bedside of his invalid wife. However he is not asking for this office and your vote as a charitable gift, but because he is qualified to fill the position and believes that he can make us a good sheriff, and one you will be glad to support. A little bad luck is apt to put anyone in hard circumstances but if given a little lift they can come out allright.

We ask that you duly consider Mr. Murry's claims for the office, and if you find him worthy and qualified to fill the place, remember him when you go to the polls next July.

ROBERTS COUNTY WILL GET CREDIT FOR ENLISTMENTS

Atty. C. Coffee returned Friday night of last week from Austin where he went in interest of this county receiving proper credit for our boys who enlisted in the army, or rather our failure to get proper credit for the ones that went.

Mr. Coffee stated that he was at the Adjutant Generals office and found them very cordial and willing to do the right thing, and really anxious to get all credits straightened out. They furnished Mr. Coffee with the proper blank certificates which will need be filled out by our boys and certified to by their commanding officer. This of course will take some time, and thus the credits will not be allowed in the next draft, it having been practically made. But they assured him that all credits would be properly adjusted as soon as possible and every county claiming them will receive their just credit for the boys who enlisted.

Many Panhandle counties have been working for some time on this plan and several of them have received the same assurance that was given Mr. Coffee. It appears that no department in particular is to blame for this mistake of credits, but being a new nation in militaryism, we just naturally make a few mistakes. However we are glad to know that this one will be corrected.

Pay Your Poll Tax.

JACK FOR SALE. Black John, a fine Jack that stood on the South Plains is for sale. Christopher Bros. can tell you something of him. Ask them or see, Chas. Patton, Miami, Texas.

R. R. TIME TABLE

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.
WEST.
Train No. 21.....2:32 a. m.
Train No. 117.....8:13 p. m.
EAST.
Train No. 22.....2:48 p. m.
Train No. 114.....10:14 p. m.

For County Treasurer

MISS CORA McCLUNEY

Roberts county will have an opportunity of voting for a lady for a county officer for their first time next July. Miss Cora McCluney is asking for the office of county Treasurer, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

Miss McCluney has been a citizen of this county and a teacher in our Public Schools for some time, and for the past two years teaching kindergarten. We feel very confident that if the little folks were allowed a vote that they would every one vote for Miss Cora. She has held their love and confidence, and possibly laid the foundation for an education for more children than any other person in the county. Miss McCluney is fully qualified for this position, and if elected would be able and willing to perform the duties thereof to the smallest detail. Her integrity and honesty is vouched for by the Christian life she lives and by the many good people who know her. Ladies are not allowed a vote in Texas, but they can hold county offices, and there are many now serving, who are making a good record for the performance of duty, and we are sure that if voters give this lady a chance, they will be pleased with her work.

Miss McCluney will likely not be able to see every individual voter in the county, but she asks for and will appreciate your support and vote just the same, whether or not she gets to make a personal appeal to you. We ask you to consider this message a personal solicitation for her and give her due consideration at the coming election.

For County Judge

J. K. McKENZIE

So far, J. K. McKenzie is the only man who has publicly announced his intention of asking the voters of this county to elect him their next county judge. Mr. McKenzies name will be found in our announcement column under the heading of the other true democrats.

Possibly no other man in the county received stronger solicitation to run for an office than did Mr. McKenzie. It is no secret of some of our very best citizens that they were instrumental in bringing such a man as this out for office. Like all other men, though, when once decided to make the race, he is going to spare nothing honest that will elect him. The County Judges office in this county is a very important one, since the county court jurisdiction has been restored. Mr. McKenzie having had several years experience in the clerks office and with the natural talent for reading law, is, we believe, as well qualified a man for this position as our citizenship affords. Men who can and will make good judges are not always easily found, and we consider Roberts county very fortunate in having good honest and intelligent men of such character and ability offer themselves for office.

We are glad to add Mr. McKenzies name to our announcement column



BEEF WAS NEVER SO HIGH

grade, or so fine, that it was too good for our stock. The choicest that ever fed upon pasture land, or drank from a clear running brook, is what we look for and get. The cow that was in such good condition that it jumped over the moon, would have been the meat for us if we could have lassoed it. When you want prime, juicy meats call upon us and you will get the finest in the land.

REMEMBER HAT WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR GOOD FAT HENS AND THAT WE BUY HIDES. WE OFFER YOU GOOD LIBERAL TOP PRICES AT ALL TIMES

HERBERT C. HILL,
MARKET AND GROCERY

PHONE 83, FREE DELIVERY.

MOBEETIE RABBIT DRIVE

The Mobeetie country are always doing something worth while and last week they pulled off another big rabbit drive. Many people from Miami and Wheeler attended and our people come back strong for the sport. They captured many rabbits and spent a fine afternoon hunting. There were several hundred people present and the rabbits were driven into a pen of wire netting and there captured. This makes three drives they have had near Mobeetie and are planning to pull off another one this week. Some are trying to make it a weekly event.

We Miami people have a few rabbits and it might be a dandy scheme to promote a drive near here. It is

great sport and also getting rid of a bad pest to the country. Miami citizens who attended this drive are strong for having one here. They like to hunt rabbits with a stick.

We have had so much "Below zero" weather, that when the thermometer gets a little above, we just feel like getting out in our shirt sleeves for a jitney ride.

Wednesday January 30th the Presbyterian Aid Society met at the home of Mrs. J. L. Seiber and completed the lesson in Judges and adjourned to meet Feb. 6th at Mrs. Dave Lard's. There will be no lesson, it being the regular social day. P.R.



Every day you put off a bank account time robbed you of a dozen golden hours. Permit this robbery to go on no longer! Start your bank account at once.

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THE FIRST STATE BANK



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COFFEE & HOLMES Lawyers, GENERAL PRACTICE Office in CHRISTOPHER BUILDING Miami - Texas.

J. K. McKENZIE Complete Abstract of land in Rogers county. Protect your property against fire and tornado. AGENT FOR Leading Fire Insurance Companies. Phone 133

NOTICE. No hunting or wood hauling will be allowed on my ranch on Indian Creek. Please take notice of this as I positively forbid such. 20-1 f Ray L. Morrison.

MONEY TO LOAN On farm and ranch land or to BUY Vendors lien notes. Quick service L. B. ROBERTSON.

WANTED. Loans on improved farms and ranches. Long time, low rates, liberal options. Quick service. E. L. F. Hoover and Roach, Groton, Texas.

Trees! Trees! When in town don't forget to place your order with J. W. Harrah for any kind of nursery stock. Agt. Plainview Nursery

J. H. KELLEY, Phg. M. D. Physician and Surgeon Special attention given to Obstetric and diseases of children. Office at Miami Drug Co. Phone 21

FRANK WILLIS Attorney-at-law. Will practice in all Courts. Room 18, Tabbs Bldg. Canadian, Tex

Keep yourself Up to Scratch Fortify Your System Before it is Weakened by Ills

Don't wait until you are actually sick to take a laxative, you know "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure." If you will just take LIV-VER-LAX regularly, it will keep you continually in the best possible shape, bright, energetic and happy. It is made of harmless vegetable matter, and by acting gently but effectively keeps the system cleared of poisons and ready to perform its best work. LIV-VER-LAX is sold under an absolute guarantee to give satisfaction, or money will be returned. For sale in 50c and \$1 bottles at Central Drug Store

The Miami Chief.

Entered at the postoffice at Miami, Texas, as second-class matter. \$1.50 PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE

L. G. Waggoner, Editor and Owner. Miami Texas. Thursday Jan. 31st, 1918

ANNOUNCEMENTS We are authorized to announce the following names, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary, July 27th, 1918.

For Tax Assessor W. A. DYER TOM PURSLEY

For Sheriff and Tax Collector. L. A. COFFEE JACK WILSON J. R. WEBSTER J. P. MURRY

For County Treasurer. J. B. SAUL G. G. FLETCHER MISS CORA McCLINCY

For County Judge J. E. McKENZIE

Great Guns and Little Fishes Some fellow ups now and says "you have an iceless day." Whosever the gentleman is, we would like to ask him to send iceless days. Send them in bunches of about 10 per month.

The man who says a search for an advertisement is a waste of time who says it does not pay to own a car, on the theory that she knows what she knows, when he knows himself, and all she has to do is to turn her up. -Kingman Journal.

Interior trouble in Germany will make quicker peace than any army can force it. The reports the past few days would lead one to believe that there is considerable uprising within their borders. When the people turn down the Kaiser, and refuse to fight and work further, the war is shortly coming to an end. We can only hope that such might be the case. So far the Germans have been true to their Prussian ruler, and it might be only a dream that they are turning against this cursed form of government, yet we can not help but hope that they are at last coming to the real light of the situation, and will refuse to be longer fooled by that tyrant.

Winter time in Miami is not always as healthy as some sections of the year. The health of our community has not been good of late and many cases of LaGrippe, measles, bad colds, etc., have been invading the family peacefulness, and occasionally an old babe or a child of a year. The severe winter we are experiencing is entirely out of the ordinary, and possibly we were not as well prepared, as we might have been had this been expected. There is an old saying that a good crop always follows a bad winter. If this be true, and the crop is as good as the winter has been bad, the Pacific alone will raise enough feed and food for the rest of this state, Louisiana and New Mexico. Our farming allies are then have all that other parts of the state raise.

The Red Cross Society and organizations are not alone proving their worth to the army and in great calamities, but also showing a great good in organized assistance at home. There is hardly a town, regardless of how small but what has need of such an organization, if for no other purpose than to give local assistance. Our local chapter has been and is now doing local work for some of the sick who are not able to help themselves. For this alone, all that is being spent is doing its full share toward humanity.

A Mungum man who has several times boasted that he would run his business without advertising, and who took a pride in stating that he never spent a cent for advertising, since he engaged in business, made an assignment last week for the benefit of his creditors. He awoke to the fact that there were too many debts and not enough of the right kind of business to make ends meet. This man's experience is not a new one, nor has he experienced anything different from others the world over who have tried running their business without publicity and without advertising through the press their desires and advertisements. Men everywhere spend money for newspapers, not altogether to read the news, but just as they invest in other things; they want to know where to buy and who offers the best merchandise from week to week. -Mungum (Okla.) Star.

Parents, for the love of Mike, keep your boys off the streets at night. Boys have no business on the streets at night, unless their parents are with them. The other night about 11 we noticed a crowd of youngsters on the streets and they were not big boys either. School boys should be in bed long before 11 o'clock and if they are not, somebody should give them the six of discipline in the home. They learn nothing good on the streets. They form bad habits that will get them into trouble, or worse than that, worthless, leading, if nothing worse. But it is the fault of the parents, after all and the only remedy is to train up a child in the way he should go. Keep your boys off the streets and you will surely regret it and pay for it with tears. -Mungum News.

Apply the that foregoing does not apply only to the boys. From peep, peep, and class-room in coming up a great cry against young girls running at large on the streets, often till late hours at night. But after all, the timely protest cannot accomplish the downfall of this evil. THE PARENTS—they alone—can bring this about. Unfortunately we have more breeders than we have parents. -Clarendon News.

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CORN WILL WIN DEMOCRACY'S WAR

America's Greatest Cereal Crop Is Now Moving to Market.

MAINSTAY IN NATION'S CRISIS.

Surplus Wheat of the United States Has Been Sent to Famine Threatened Europe.

America's great corn crop, exceeding 3,000,000,000 bushels, will save the world's food situation, officials of the United States food administration believe.

Corn is the nation's best food cereal, housewives are beginning to realize. It contains all the elements needed to keep the body in a state of health and when used according to the scores of tried recipes, especially when combined with an added portion of oil or fat, will sustain life indefinitely. Indian warriors in colonial days lived on parched corn alone for many days at a time, and at Valley Forge parched corn was at times the sole ration of the Continental soldiers.

Due to transportation difficulties caused by the war the corn crop moved more slowly to market this year than ever before. Now, however, the cereal is reaching the millers and consumers. In the meantime the nation's surplus wheat has been sent to Europe.

Today there are approximately 30 bushels of corn for every American. This quantity is greater by five bushels than in former years.

Corn has become the nation's mainstay in the crisis of war.

Just as this cereal saved the first American colonists from famine on many occasions, just as it served as a staple food during the War of the Revolution and during the Civil War, King Corn has again come to the front in the nation's battle with autocracy.

Corn meal is finding greatly increased use in the making of ordinary white bread. Hundreds of housewives and many of the larger bakeries are mixing 25 per cent corn meal with wheat flour to make leavened bread. This kind of a mixture is worked and baked in the same recipes and with the same methods that apply to straight wheat bread.

Corn bread—using corn meal entirely—is gaining a greater popularity than ever before. Housewives are coming to realize that every pound of wheat saved in America means a pound of wheat released for shipment to the nations with which America is allied in the war.

There are a score of corn products that today possess unusual importance for Americans. Corn syrup for sweetening corn cakes and buckwheat cakes and for use in the kitchen instead of granulated sugar is one of the leading products made from corn.

Corn oil, excellent for frying and for every other purpose filled by salad oils, is appearing on the market in large quantities. It comes from the germ of the corn.

MADE-IN-GERMANY LIES CIRCULATED IN CANADA. Canada is also having trouble with Made-in-Germany lies calculated to hinder Canadian food conservation according to an official statement received from the Canadian food controller by the United States food administration.

The stories hounding Canada are of the same general character as those the United States food administrator recently denounced in this country, such as the ridiculous salt and blinding famine tales and the report that the government would seize housewives' stocks of home canned goods.

The Canadian food controller estimates that when the people listen to and pass on such stories, each one has the power of destruction that lies in a ton of explosives.

"Stories without even a vestige of foundation have been scattered broadcast," said the Canadian statement. "Nor have they come to life casually. They have started simultaneously in different parts of the country and in each instance have been calculated to arouse public indignation."

"They are insidious, subtle, persistent. Bit by bit they dissipate public trust, the great essential in the work of food control."

"It lies with every individual to forebear from criticism; to refrain from passing on the vagrant and harmful story, and thus the more effectively to cooperate in work which is going to mean more than the majority of people yet realize."

THE UNITED STATES FOOD ADMINISTRATION SAYS:

There is no royal road to food conservation. We can only accomplish this by the voluntary action of our whole people, each element in proportion to its means. It is a matter of equality of burden; a matter of minute saving and substitution at every point in the 20,000,000 kitchens, the 20,000,000 dinner tables, and in the 2,000,000 manufacturing, wholesale and retail establishments of the country.

WE CARRY Everything in stock that is carried by any first-class lumber yard. All kind of building material, Fence, Windmills, well casing, pipeing, paints, etc. CONSERVATION AND SERVICE OUR AIMS. COME AND SEE US PANHANDLE LUMBER CO.

EVERYBODY LIKES GOOD EATABLES Belle of Wichita Flour will please, and Alton Steel-cut Coffee is the best, with every other article their equal, is what you will find at G. M. MOON'S A Complete Line of Everything Good to Eat, all Fresh and the Very Best. Particular Goods for Particular People. "Swift's Premium Hams and Bacon"

THE CENTRAL DRUG STORE, DRUGS and MEDICINES, Toilet articles, Etc. - C. S. SEIBER, Prop. - JEWELRY, KODAKS AND SUPPLIES Miami, Texas.

YOUR OLD PLOW. Can be fixed up just as well this winter, right now as it can in the spring when you need it. Let us suggest that you bring it in now. We don't care anything about the weather. We work just the same. Bring in your repair work and let us fix you up. DUNIVEN BROTHERS

K. HICKMAN DEALER IN Windmills, Pipes, Casing Hardware, Stoves, and Tinware. "CANTON CLIPPER" FARM IMPLEMENTS & MACHINERY. Galvanized Tanks, Troughs, Metal Well Curbing, etc. Made to Order. TIN SHOP IN CO. SECTION, MIAMI - TEXAS



LIVE STOCK

SEASON FOR BREEDING GOATS

Some Does Show Inclination to Mate Much Later in Year Than Others—Periods Vary.

As a rule does begin to come in season in August or September and in rare instances in July. If they are not bred they come in season regularly about every 21 days, although in some does the number of days between



Flock of Angora Goats.

these periods varies, says Winthrop Howland in Farm and Home. These periods continue in unmated does until spring.

Some does show inclination to mate much later in the year than others, but after March a doe seldom comes in season until fall. Now and then a doe will come in season only once during the year. If she is known to have this peculiarity she should be bred at that time.

SERIOUS DISEASE OF CATTLE

Abortion Is More Widespread Than Most Farmers Think—Different Treatments Advocated.

A disease that is more widespread than most farmers think is contagious abortion of cattle. It is such an insidious disease that it gets a foothold in a herd of cattle before the owner is aware and then generally it is impossible to eradicate it without sacrificing the herd. A number of different treatments have been advocated but there is no sure cure, says Indiana Farm and Guide. Caution as to the condition of the breeding stock should be observed. Diseased animals of either sex should be shunned as the trouble is carried in this way. Other sources of the disease are contaminated food and water, infected bedding, etc. When a cow aborts several times in succession or the several other members of the herd lose their calves, one should become suspicious and call in an experienced veterinarian.

STARTING FARM SHEEP FLOCK

Try to Buy One Breeder to Establish Uniformity—Breed From Strong Rams.

When starting a farm flock try to buy one breeder in order to establish uniformity, a sameness that is bred, so to speak, that there will be no question of hereditary influence in carrying similarity throughout the flock. Breed from rams of strong breeding propensities, rams that have been bred in blood lines that will reproduce their strong and valuable characteristics. The adherence to purebred sires is a principle that should not be overlooked.

CARE OF HEALTH OF HORSES

Critical Eye Can Soon Discover When Animal Is Ailing—Some Drivers Are Careless.

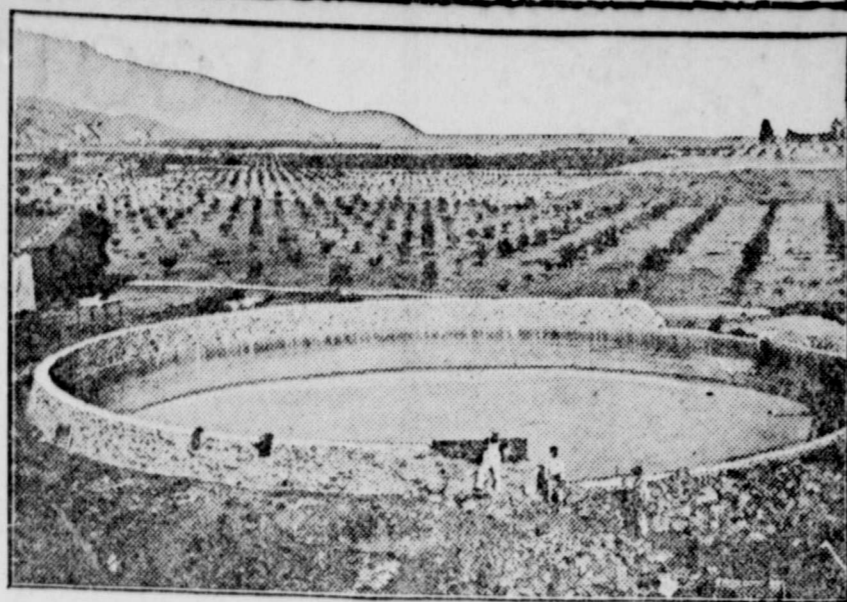
A critical eye can soon tell by the dull eye, slow movements, hot breath or shaking of the head when a horse is sick, but some drivers growl, "Oh, I can't stop for a little thing like that." They never examine the feet after a trip, to remove the wedged stone that hurts so, do not warm the bit on cold mornings, or put on blankets on bad days. They overload, hurry too fast, use too much whip-lash and fail to give the kind word and petting that lightens labor for the horse. The kindly used horse lives long.

PROTECTION FROM CUR DOGS

Every Sheep Owner Should Not Hesitate to Fill Stray Canine Full of Buckshot.

Sheep should be protected from dogs at night by putting them into the sheep barn or inclosing them in fine weather by a high barb-wire fence. Every sheep owner who discovers a stray dog on his place should not hesitate to fill him full of buckshot. He is a trespasser and the law will not touch a man who kills him.

FARM RESERVOIRS FOR WATERING STOCK



BUILDING COBBLESTONE WALL OF RESERVOIR.

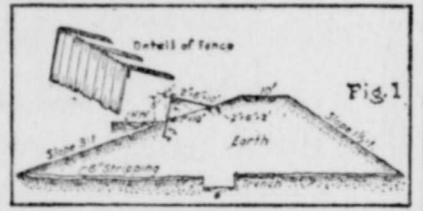
(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Many small reservoirs have been built in the grazing districts of the West to furnish water for range stock and household purposes, the irrigation of land from such supplies being of secondary importance. These are discussed in this article.

In the Great Plains area and more particularly in the eastern portions of Wyoming and Montana and the western portions of the Dakotas, there is little stream flow during the greater part of the year and the well water often is so impregnated with mineral salts as to be unfit for drinking purposes. On the other hand, the native grasses are abundant and nutritious but the cattle and sheep which graze thereon are not permitted to feed beyond easy reach of the nearest water hole. Thus without the use of reservoirs or other means of providing water, the public range can be only partially utilized and too often the big stock companies, in acquiring possession of the land bordering springs and streams, become the sole beneficiaries of the use of such lands.

Water for Stock. Other reservoirs of this class have been built by transportation companies in order to provide water for cattle and sheep en route from the range to the nearest railway station.

The dams for reservoirs of this type are of earth built for the most part in the beds of streams. Before the embankment is begun the surface of the ground under the entire base of the dam, as well as the borrow pit, is stripped for a depth of at least six inches so as to get rid of all sod and other light, porous material which would prevent the earth in the dam from settling in a solid and compact



Cross Section of Earth Dam.

manner. After the ground has been so stripped and before the grading is begun, a trench 12 feet wide and not less than 18 inches in depth is dug the entire length of the proposed dam. The edge of this trench from the upstream side is not less than 3 or more than 10 feet inside the toe of the inner slope. This trench is dug for the purpose of breaking the seam that otherwise might exist between the natural ground and the constructed dam.

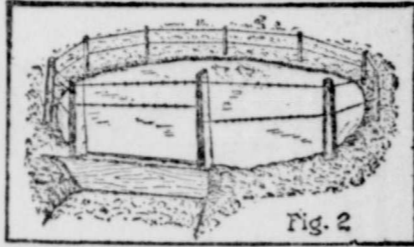
Standard Dimensions.

The dam then is built in the usual way by placing the material in uniform layers under the whole base of the dam. Figure 1 shows the standard dimensions used in embankments and the position of the intercepting trench. It will be noted from this sketch that the flow line of the wasteway is five feet below the top of the embankment. Wherever possible, a natural wasteway was utilized in direct line with the stream channel and the dam located to one side so as not to be subjected to the direct force of the stream.

To protect the embankment from waves produced by the high winds of the open range, the inner slope may be covered with rock, brush and rock, or other material. A common kind of protection consists of sheet piling formed of inch boards 10 inches wide and 8 feet long. Each board is driven into the embankment at the edge of the water of a full reservoir to a depth of 3 feet and then nailed to 2 horizontal ties of 1 by 10-inch boards. These latter are braced to dead men buried in the dam in the manner shown in figure 1.

Smaller Reservoirs. Small earthen reservoirs or "settling basins" for the watering of stock are common in Imperial Valley, California. These are usually rectangular in form, 20 by 30 feet being a common size and about 4 feet deep. To keep out the stock they are fenced with the exception of a drinking place about 6 feet long, which is cribbed. The cribbing consists of two 12-inch planks spaced 6 inches apart with the intervening space filled with sand. Figure 2 illustrates this cheap method of furnishing water for stock. In recent years a more costly equipment to provide water for domestic purposes as well as for stock has been introduced in the valley. One plant in the valley comprises a reservoir lined with concrete into which the muddy water from the irrigation canal is diverted by a supply ditch, a pumping plant, and an elevated metal tank into which the settled

water from the reservoir is pumped. The reservoir is 14 by 18 feet in area, 7 feet deep and has a removable cover in order that the silt may be cleaned out periodically. The walls are 6 inches thick throughout and the bottom 3 inches thick. The tank has a capacity of 3,750 gallons and this quantity of water serves 100 head of cattle and also provides for all domestic uses for a period of three days. A wooden derrick supports the tank at an elevation of 27 feet above the ground and pipes of black iron 1 1/4 inches in diameter distribute the water contained in the



Settling Basin for Stock Water.

tank to two troughs in the corrals and to two other troughs in the fields. A 3-horsepower gas engine and a 4-inch plunger pump lift the water from the reservoir into the tank. The various items of cost of this plant are as follows:

Concrete reservoir, including excavation\$112
Reservoir roof26
Derrick103
Tank75
Engine and pump240
Piping and extras250
Total\$806

FACTORS IMPORTANT IN FIXING PROFITS

Size, Diversity and Productiveness Are Essential to Successful Farm Business.

The factors most important in determining the profits in farming are size, diversity, and productivity of the business, according to W. E. Grimes, assistant professor of farm management in the Kansas State Agricultural college.

"Of these factors, the one which confronts farmers is diversity of business," said Mr. Grimes. "Too many farmers derive the greater part of their income from one enterprise, which if it fails leaves them without resources."

"Seasons vary while the requirements of different crops are constant. Seasons which are unfavorable for one crop are often favorable for another. The farmer who is following diversified farming methods usually has a good yield of some crop."

"Another difficulty of importance to the farmer who grows only one crop is that he has an abundance of work during rush seasons and has little to do at other times. Under present conditions labor is scarce. Often by growing a combination of crops he can distribute his labor throughout the summer season."

"In the wheat growing sections farmers should plant part of their ground to crops for feed and keep sufficient live stock to utilize them. Live stock furnish work throughout the winter and often enable the farmer to hire a farm hand for the year."

"Feed crops usually do not conflict seriously with wheat harvests and distribute farm labor throughout the summer season more uniformly. They will yield a profit when fed to live stock. Roughage which is of little value otherwise may also be fed. Keeping live stock is the most economical method of maintaining the fertility of the soil and only practical method for nearly all sections of the state."

Better diversity in business of the average farmer will increase the profits, establish farming on a safer business basis and enable the farmer to safeguard against the danger of complete failure in any year and aid in overcoming the present scarcity of labor."

TO TEACH MARKET GARDENING

Many of Agricultural Colleges Are Offering Winter Courses—Fine for Young Farmer.

Most of the agricultural colleges are offering winter courses in market gardening. The work is practical and helpful. Hundreds of our young farmers in every state should avail themselves of this opportunity.

POULTRY FACTS



LEGHORN IS GREAT FORAGER

If There Is Any Scratching in Sight, Whether Garbage Heap or Garden, Bird Will Find It.

The Leghorn, while it is a breed of great merit, should not be confused as the right breed for every man and every place. Put the Leghorn in its proper environment and there is no fowl that will surpass it. On the contrary, if subjected to conditions that are not suitable for it, it will be an endless source of trouble and disappointment. Leghorns are ambitious fowls, tireless foragers. If there is any scratching in sight, whether it be a garbage heap, truck garden, cold frame, manure pile or rose bed, the Leghorn will make strenuous efforts to



White Leghorn Cockerel.

get into it. Therefore the person who would keep a garden for flowers or vegetables had better see to it that his henyard is securely inclosed with wire netting if he expects to raise Leghorns.

If the runs are large enough, Leghorns can be confined within a seven-foot fence. Yet once they develop the habit of "yard-breaking" they will clear this with ease, for they make a practice of half flying and half climbing up the netting.

MAKE HENS WORK FOR LIVING

To Prevent Fowls From Becoming Too Fat It Is Good Plan to Make Them Scratch for Food.

To prevent the hens from becoming fat while consuming enough food for their support and for production they must be made to work for the larger share of the food received by scratching in litter; if this fails to accomplish the desired result, then the food is not balanced. Too much grain may be allowed, and the remedy is to reduce the proportion of grain and give more egg-producing food. The hens should not be overfed at any one meal. Give a moderate allowance in the morning of mixed grain; then let them out on grass or rye pasture. The allowance of green food, such as cabbage, turnip tops and roots, is not because of the nutritious material contained in such foods, as they really are of little value, but they perform excellent service from a dietary standpoint.

SELECTION OF BEST LAYERS

Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture Urges Poultry Keepers to Save Laying Pullets.

Early hatched pullets, in fact, pullets of any age, are scarcer than ever this fall, and in view of this fact the Pennsylvania department of agriculture is trying to aid poultry keepers meet the deficiency by urging the saving of all the good, old hens for this next year's laying.

The best hens are those still in old plumage, still with red combs and still laying. All such hens are extra good hens and should be marked and used as breeding stock next spring.

SUPPLY EGG-SHELL MATERIAL

Where Not Furnished in Sufficient Quantities There Will Surely Be Less Eggs Laid.

When hens are fed and handled for heavy egg production, and egg-shell material is not furnished in sufficient quantity, there will be fewer eggs laid, and those laid will be too thin-shelled to market safely. The price of one egg will now supply a good layer for a year.

COMB IS A GOOD INDICATOR

If Fowl Is in Good Health It Will Be Bright Red and Firm in Texture.

The comb is a good indicator of the health of a fowl. If the fowl is in good condition the comb will be bright red, and firm in texture. When the comb becomes pale and soft, or turns dark or purple, something is seriously wrong, and the sooner the matter is looked into the better.

The CHIMES of FLANDERS



Spire of Notre Dame, Antwerp.

ACROSS the pointed roofs and wayward streets of Antwerp there fell one day 400 years ago the mellow din of bells. In a gay and golden peal the carillon of Notre Dame sang to the town until every eye turned toward the belfry and every foot hastened to the cathedral door.

Over the threshold paced a procession rich with the color and stiff with the pomp of the middle ages. As the company went up the nave, where velvets and jewels caught added radiance from the crimson and amber of stained windows, the bells beat upon the air again with a louder triumph before they at last fell silent.

There was good cause for the lusty strokes which the carillon ringers tugged at their ropes on that pleasant day in 1507. For the new bell, the Big Bell, had come safe from the casting furnace; the bishop in his robes was there to consecrate it, and the king himself was standing as its sponsor.

When the final reverent word had been spoken that dedicated the bell at the service of God and Antwerp, Charles struck from the bronze sides one loud tone. The noise rose clear and deep through the hush of the cathedral. It floated among the dim rafters as a voice that promised blessings and it hummed into oblivion with a slow, portentous melancholy that might well have been a presage of its doom.

Big Bell Into a Furnace. For doomsday had dawned upon the Big bell of Notre Dame and upon the bells of all the other steeples in Flanders—the Germans need metal. They have taken the doorplates and piano ornaments from the homes of Brussels and the splendid bronze horses from the Avenue Louise. They have taken the chimes from Issegem and Boulers, from Bruges and a dozen villages.

The bells are being made into guns. When next day they speak it will be in a roar that means ruin to the very fields over whose harvests they so long have rung the curfew and the angelus. The bells have always meant much to Flanders. A wealthy lowland beset by greedy neighbors, the little kingdom has countless times been warned of marching enemies by the clamor from a steeple. In days of peace the Flemish developed their chimes into the lively lilt of the carillons which made their guilds of ringers noted throughout Europe. To hold the carillons they built some of the noblest towers the world has seen, and when the towers were built the cities vied with each other in filling them with noble bells. There were forty bronze voices in the tower of Bruges cathedral and the same number at Louvain. There were forty-four at Malines and almost a hundred in Antwerp's Notre Dame.

Bells Roused the Towns. Every one of these had its baptismal name, as well as a popular nickname. "That's 'Doucement,'" the villagers would say as a high tone trembled on the air at evensong. Or, in the dawn, "La Pucelle" is calling to matins." Or as an alarm crashed forth some anxious night, "The Thunderer!" Here comes the enemy—

Usually the alarm bell, which was as a matter of course the largest in the church, belonged not to the cathedral, but to the town. It was owned by the municipality because the tocsin proved vital in primitive times to the town's existence. No fewer than three bells in Notre Dame were the property of Antwerp itself. The burghers cocked their ears when any of these spoke, and had one another hearken to "Carolus" or "Curfew" or "St. Mary's." Under the name engraved on the metal there was also cut a rhymed prayer, for the people half believed that the consecrated music could frighten away evil spirits.

It was a summons to matins from Notre Dame that stole softly into the ears of Mary of Burgundy when she rode out of Bruges one fatal morning. The Emperor Maximilian cantered by the side of his young wife as the hunting party, hawk at wrist, went its way to the woods at the edge of the town. Before angelus the ladies and lords came slowly back, the duchess—white faced, but gallant—striving to make light of a bad fall from her horse. She was about to become a mother, and the injuries were mortal, but for love of her husband Mary long kept that knowledge secret.

End of the House of Burgundy.

When she died, at 25, the hopeless tolling from the belfries threw all Flanders into mourning.

They buried her in the south chapel of Notre Dame, in a tomb next to that of her father, Charles the Bold. The last of the house of Burgundy, the two were also the last native rulers of the Netherlands. Their resting place is very dear to the Flemish. It is not likely to be spared. For the gilded effigies of father and daughter are made of the copper that Germany covets for shells.

The Ambeve still flows by Stavelot. In that fact lies a gleam of hope. How to save part of its treasure was a lesson which this village on the road to Luxemburg taught the rest of Belgium when the French revolution raged. As the vandals drew near, the townspeople rallied to protect St. Remacle's relics. St. Remacle had been bishop of Liege from 652 until 662. His bones were inclosed in a case six feet long, fashioned of enamelled copper plates. The coffin sparkled with a hundred gems—beryl, opal, amethyst. Into a sack the townspeople slipped their priceless reliquary, and they sank the cask in the waters of the Ambeve to wait the arrival of gentler times. It will be Stavelot's one stroke of modern good luck if today the coffin is again at the bottom of the stream.

Money Man Also.

A chauffeur is not usually unbending enough to add to his burden of dignity duties not essentially belonging to his place, muses the New York Post. Yet when recently an automobile stopped at the curb in front of a department store and the chauffeur all in green leaped out of his seat to stand at attention on the sidewalk while a young woman, the only other occupant of the machine, alighted and walked toward the entrance of the store, it did not end for him even with being chauffeur and footman. Suddenly the young woman turned as though she had forgotten something.

"My money, John," she said. The man in green reached into his pocket, drew out a purse of feminine build, and extracted from it a roll of bills.

"Twenty-five will do," she ordered. He handed the money to her and replaced the rest of the money in the purse, which was returned to his pocket to await the next call upon it.

Out of Style.

Anne—She said that she had to get some warm clothes for winter. Nan—How hopelessly out of style she always is!

AMERICAN SUGAR SENT TO FRANCE

American Price Rigidly Regulated by United States Food Administration.

CONSUMERS HERE PAY 9c.

Sugar Cost 35 Cents a Pound During Civil War—Refiners' Profits Now Curtailed.

Sugar is selling today throughout America at from 8 1/4 to 9 cents a pound to the consumer, even though there is a world shortage which has reduced this nation's sugar allotment to 70 per cent. of normal.

Through the efforts of the United States food administration the sugar market has been regulated as far as the producer, refiner and wholesaler is concerned. The food administration has no power to regulate retail prices except by public opinion. Even though more than \$5,000 tons of sugar have been shipped to France in the last four months the retail grocer's sugar price is around 8 to 8 1/4 cents. He should sell this sugar at 8 1/4 to 9 cents, the food administration believes, and asks the American housewife to pay no more than this amount.

Last August when the food administration was organized the price of sugar rose suddenly to 11 cents a pound. During the Civil War sugar cost the consumer 35 cents a pound. By regulation of the sugar market and reducing the price to 8 1/4 and 9 cents and keeping it from advancing to 20 cents the food administration has saved the American public at least \$180,000,000 in four months, according to a statement made by Herbert Hoover the other day.

"It is our stern duty to feed the allies, to maintain their health and strength at any cost to ourselves," Mr. Hoover declared. "There has not been, nor will be as we see it, enough sugar for even their present meagre and depressing ration unless they send ships to remote markets for it. If we in our greed and gluttony force them either to further reduce their ration or to send these ships we will have done damage to our abilities to win this war."

"If we send the ships to Java for 250,000 tons of sugar next year we will have necessitated the employment of eleven extra ships for one year. These ships—if used in transporting troops—would take 150,000 to 200,000 men to France."

Reason for World Shortage.
As Mr. Hoover pointed out, the United States, Canada and England were sugar importing countries before the war, while France and Italy were very nearly self supporting. The main sources of the world's sugar supply was Germany and neighboring powers, the West Indies and the East Indies.

German sugar is no longer available, as it is used entirely in Germany, which also absorbs sugar of surrounding countries.
England can no longer buy 1,400,000 long tons of sugar each year from Germany. The French sugar production has dropped from 750,000 to 210,000 tons. The Italian production has fallen from 210,000 tons to 75,000 tons. Thus three countries were thrown upon East and West Indian sources for 1,925,000 tons annually to maintain their normal consumption.

Because of the world's shipping shortage the allied nations started drawing on the West Indies for sugar; East Indian sugar took three times the number of ships, since the distance was three times as great. Suddenly the west was called on to furnish and did furnish 1,420,000 tons of sugar to Europe when 300,000 tons a year was the pre-war demand. The allies had drawn from Java 400,000 tons before the shipping situation became acute.

"In spite of these shipments," Mr. Hoover stated the other day, "the English government in August reduced the household sugar ration to a basis of 24 pounds per annum per capita. And in September the French government reduced their household ration to 15 2/10 pounds a year, or a bit over 1 pound of sugar a month. Even this meagre ration could not be filled by the French government; it was found early in the fall. America was then asked for 100,000 tons of sugar and succeeded in sending 85,000 tons by December 1. The French request was granted because the American household consumption was then at least 55 pounds per person, and it was considered the duty of maintaining the French morale made our course clear."

Today the sugar situation may be summarized by stating that if America will reduce its sugar consumption 10 to 15 per cent, this nation will be able to send 200,000 more soldiers to France.

Sugar today sells at seaboard refineries at \$7.25 a hundred pounds. The wholesale grocer has agreed to limit his profit to 25 cents a hundred plus freight, and the retail grocer is supposed to take no more than 50 cents a hundred pounds profit. This regulation was made by the food administration, which now asks the housewife to reduce sugar consumption as much as possible, using other sweeteners, and also reminds her that she should pay no more than 9 cents a pound for sugar.

Control of Cane Refiners' Profits.
"Immediately upon the establishment of the food administration," Mr. Hoover declared, "the cane refiners' profits were curtailed."

Continued Column three, last page

There is one sensible gift maybe you haven't thought of. You can give them a good article and it will last a whole year. Your friend will remember you when the next Holidays roll around.

SEND THEM

The Miami Chief
\$1.50
The Year

Save business hours by using
"Katy" to St. Louis

Let your dollar fight for you. Turn your money to your Government.

Don't put off till tomorrow. Buy War-Savings and Thrift Stamps now. Your dollars will help crush the German Autocracy.

These are the times of sacrifices. What have you done?
Let Uncle Sam buy a gun for a soldier on you.
What you doing to make the world safe for Democracy? You can help. Buy War-Savings and Thrift Stamps. Learn economy and you start on the road to success.

Soon Over His Cold.
Everyone speaks well of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy after having used it. Mrs. George Lewis, Pittsfield N. Y., has this to say regarding it: "Last winter my little boy, five years old, was sick with a cold for two or three weeks. I doctored him and used various cough medicines but nothing did him much good until I began using Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It then improved rapidly and in a few days was over his cold."

S. D. PARK
The big loan man of Mobeetie is making land loans now at 8 per cent instead of nine which has been the regular rate
SEE, PHONE OR WRITE HIM FOR LOANS

Let's cheer our soldiers with our dollars.

Patriotism, local pride and just common selfishness all say "Buy War Savings Stamps."

A Thrift Card in your pocket beats a half dozen flags on your lapel.

Get behind the War-Savings Stamp with your savings, and your earnings.

Germany likes us just as much as she does the Belgians, and would treat us likewise.

Don't be a dollar slacker.

The loyal ones are buying War-Savings and Thrift Stamps.

NOTICE. ACCOUNTS DUE.

All parties having past due accounts at the Cash Grocery are hereby notified to please call and settle same at once. We must close up all accounts of last year, and ask you to please come in and settle.

THE CASH GROCERY.

HONOR ROLL

Our Boys in the Service

- Jas. W. McCarterly.
- Albert Mallory.
- Eugene Martin.
- Earl Mead.
- Dee Lard.
- William Lard.
- Jim Bob Carter.
- Jack Nickle.
- Herbert Smith.
- Oren Coffee.
- Roy Coffee.
- Ray Crossan.
- Charlie Wells.
- Atlas Stallings.
- Henry Chisum.
- Jack Murry.
- Alfred Crump.
- Geoffrey Haws.
- Red Murry.
- Larry Counts.
- Turman Van Fleet.
- Virgie Daughete.
- Bill Tolbert.
- Windom Allen.
- John Nelson.
- Chas. Heare.
- Alfred Morris Black.
- Joe Collins.
- Wm. Raymond Morrisson.
- Alva Royse Abbott.
- Troy Williams Adams.
- Chas. Arthur Hobbs.
- Thos. Bruce Whitson.
- Roy M. Meyers.
- Dimsy Adams.
- Earl Chisum.
- Alfred Wilson.
- Harald Davis.
- George Bruce.
- Roy Chisum.
- John Hollis.
- Lester Bebee.
- M. C. Hildebrand.
- Tom Bacon.
- Oscar Anderson.
- Dave Keene.
- Henry Shelton.
- Clyde Mead.
- Flake George.
- Claude Weckesser.
- Bill Thompson.
- Robert N. Knudson.
- James H. Knudson.
- Albert C. Knudson.
- Doyle Smith.

Every War-Savings or Thrift Stamp you buy brings the end of the war closer.

RED PEP'S PHILOSOPHY



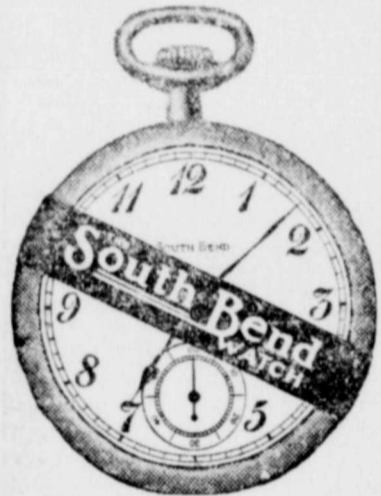
"Early to bed and early to rise and you will never meet any of our prominent citizens."

Did you ever think of the advantage and convenience of having a large lumber and building material stock right at your door, so to speak? If we enumerate here all the different things we can supply you and all in the best grades, you would be astonished.

If we haven't got what you want we will order it for you. As we told you many times, we are here to serve you right.



J. H. FORD, Local Mgr.
WE HANDLE, LUMBER, BUILDING MATERIAL, FENCING AND POSTS



Sold and Guaranteed by
CENTRAL DRUG STORE
Prices from \$7 to \$50, and the best watch in the world for the money.

THE TELEPHONE Speaks for Itself

- Time-saver
- Errand-runner
- Letter-writer
- Efficient helper
- Protection of Home and business
- Order-bringer
- Night and day worker
- Easy way to travel

MIAMI COMPANY
Kate Lard
Chief Operator

Boot & Shoe Maker.

I am now prepared to give you the very best in a genuine good Shopmade boot or shoe. All styles and kinds for your own fancy. Also do general repairing on boots and shoes. Work guaranteed on everything. Give me a call and lets get acquainted.

MAIL ORDERS

Given prompt and careful attention. Shop across street from Wagon yard. Come In.
ALBERT WILDE
Miami, Texa

FOOTWEAR

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

We have not started this to make you a public speech, but to inform the Public that we have received a fine line of Ladies and Gents Shoes. Some extra values in Ladies high top shoes. Extreme quality and as low a value as you can find.

We also have a full line of Gents shoes both work and dress shoes.

WE CAN PLEASE YOU IN SHOES.

W. E. STOCKER

EXCURSIONS



Tickets on sale daily to
Arkansas Pass—Brownville
Corpus Christi—Freeport
Marlin—Mineral Wells,
Rockport—Port Lavaca, and many other Gulf Points.
Ask about Fares and other particulars.

J. M. KEFFER, Agent.

PURSLEY'S

TRANSFER LINE

Solicit a liberal share of your dray work and hauling. All work given careful and prompt attention.

Miami, Texas

BARRETT & ALLEN Licensed Auctioneers

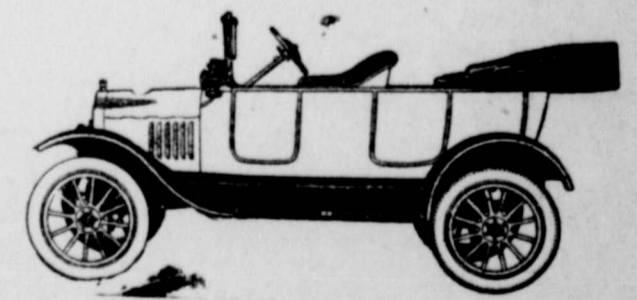
Make sales anywhere and positively guarantee satisfaction. Years of experience in the business and we know we can please you. Our terms are always right, and if our service is not right, it costs you nothing. For dates address **H. M. Barrett, Pampa, or the Miami Chief.**

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The Ford Sedan, \$695 f. o. b. Detroit, is a handsome enclosed motor car that meets every demand in an up-to-date enclosed car. A roomy interior seating five; deeply upholstered with fine cloth; plate glass sliding windows; silk curtains; latest typ of ventilating windshield; large doors—everything for comfort, and the everlasting regular Ford chassis to carry it, all means safety with simplicity in operation and the lowest cost for maintenance. The real family car—just as delightful on the farm as it is in town. Come see it.

J. A. COVEY & SONS, Authorized Agents



JUST RECEIVED, New caps, toboggans, stationery, gingham, school ribbons, and the prices are the best.
J. W. WELLS STORE.

JOIN CLASS NO. 2 in the Panhandle Mutual Insurance. You can get a \$1,000.00 policy for only \$5. See J. R. Durrett, Sec'y, at the First

EGOTISM.
"Smith is certainly an egotist, isn't he?" said Brown.
"Should say he is," agreed Jones.
"Why, if that bird was struck by lightning he would think he did it."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

**WE PLEDGE
TO SERVE OUR COUNTRY
WE HAVE ENLISTED IN THE
UNITED STATES.
FOOD ADMINISTRATION.**

We pledge ourselves to give our customers the benefit of fair and moderate prices. Selling at no more than a reasonable profit above cost to us.

J. W. WELLS

Member of the United States Food Administration.

Will pay 10 cent a peice for all second Hand Bran and Shorta bags free of holes. F. H. Smyers.

The Chief \$1.50 Per Year.

**YOU CAN HELP
HOOVERIZE**

The Food Administration are asking you to economize in every way. We want to help you. The Cash system will beat any system on earth when it comes to economy. That is why we are giving you the following prices for cash.

They are under credit prices and in fact under many cash prices. What we offer you is standard merchandise.

PAY CASH AND GET

15 lbs. Colorado White Potatoes	50c.
100 lbs. Colorado White Potatoes	\$2.75
17 1-2 lbs. Sack Meal	\$1.00
12 Boxes Matches	.60c.
6 packages Macaroni or Spgetti	50c
10 lb. Black Eyed Peas	\$1.00
8 lb California Pink Beans	\$1.00
6 lb. California Navy Beans	\$1.00
5 cans selected Pink Salmon	\$1.00
4 cans Red Salmon	\$1.00
1 Gallon Velve Syrup	.85c
1 Gallon Light Caro Syrup	.70c
2 pkg. Seeded Raisins	.25c

HOOVER SAYS BUY IN LARGE QUANTITIES, PAY CASH AND SAVE

12 No. 2 cans standard corn	\$1.45
12 No. 2 cans extra Standard corn	\$1.75
12 No. 2 Cans Standard tomatos	\$2.00
12 Cans No. 2 Early June Peas	\$1.50
12 No. 2 cans Wapco Red Beans	\$1.40
12 No. 3 cans Van Camp Hominy	\$1.50
12 Small cans Libbys evaporated Milk	.85c
12 No. 2 cans Libbys Kraut	\$1.50
12 No. 2 1-2 Cans Libbys Kraut	\$1.75
1 three gallon keg Libbys Kraut	\$2.25
1 five gallon keg Libbys Kraut	\$3.00
12 No. 2 cans Success Green Beans	\$1.40
12 No. 2 cans Boiled Cabbage	\$1.40
1 pkg Virginia Sweet Pan Cake Flour	.10c.
5 lb. Full Head Rice	.50c

FRUIT

1 No. 10 can Apples	.40c
1 No. 10 can Peaches	.55c
1 No. 10 can Apricots	.65c
1 No. 10 can Black Berries	.75c
1 No. 10 can Red Pitted Cherries	\$1.00

COFFEE

1 Three lb can Yale brand Coffee, \$1.20 value	\$1.00
1 Three lb. can Cheek & Neal Coffee, value \$1.00	.85c
1 Three lb. pail Coopers Coffee, value \$1.00	.85c
4 lbs. Peaberry Coffe value \$1.20	.85c

**THE CASH GROCERY
COMPANY
PHONE 70.**

Cashier Thos. J. Boney made a business trip to Amarillo Friday.

Mrs. J. W. Harrah was taken to Canadian Friday of last week where she will undergo a surgical operation next Saturday.

Mrs. V. B. Tillman and son Haskell returned Saturday from Corpus Christi where they have been the past two months enjoying a vacation from some of these cold spells we have been having.

Parson Hoovers house near Lake-ton on the South Plains caught fire Saturday afternoon and some damage was done. Some clothing and bedding were burned and a slight damage to the house.

Miss Mildred Keifer returned to her home at Lipscomb Saturday after a visit with her brother, J.M. at this pace.

Atty. J. C. Dial was in our city first of the week having recovered from the spell of pneumonia he has had the past few weeks. He is able to be out, but yet not very stout.

Will Carter came in Saturday from Texas City.

RAILROAD NEWS CONFLICTING

Shattuck Monitor.—Men who are in a position to know tell us that it will be late summer or early fall before the North Texas and Santa Fe railway to Spearman can be completed. It is estimated that it will take three months yet before the steam shovel can get through the big cut at Kiowa. After that there will be 58 miles of track to lay, which will take at least 58 days longer. Then the telegraph lines are to be built, the right of way fenced, the depots and section houses built and lots of other work. The completion of the new line will furnish a lot of work for eight months yet and thousands of dollars are to be paid out for labor and material before the job is completed.

Hansford Headlight.—From a recent investigation the Headlight is led to believe that the road will be completed and the trains running into Spearman by June 1st. At any rate the work will not be stopped because of the government taking over the railroads, a fact that we on this end of the line are rejoiced to earn. The security of men to do the work has delayed the construction of this line to a considerable extent, but it will be finished as fast as possible. From a commercial standpoint it would perhaps be better for Shattuck if road stopped where it is now, but we poor mortals out in this neck of the woods, 60 to 40 miles from the rattle of the rail, are praying that the Santa Fe will push the work to a speedy completion. It is our understanding that a temporary track will be laid around the Kiowa cut so that the work of the building of the remaining 58 miles of road, depots, water tanks, etc., can be completed almost as soon as the big cut is ready for the permanent road-bed. Arrangements are being made to lay two miles of track per day, and at that rate the work trains would be out Spearman way by March 1st. The road is coming; that is an assured fact, and it can't come any too soon to suit Hansford county people.

MISS ROBERTSON ENTERTAINS

On Saturday evening of last week Miss Aurelia Robertson entertained a large crowd of her young friends in the way of a "42" party. The games were started at about eight o'clock and from then until the closing gong sounded at near 11 o'clock, enthusiasm ran high at each table. Some 20 progressions were made, however the highest individual only progressed 14 times, which goes to show that no one couple won all the games.

Vert tasteful refreshments were served at the closing hour and all left expressing their appreciations for the evenings entertainment, voting Aurdella a splendid hostess, and leaving the impression that they would not mind if the same be repeated often.

Pro. G. L. Wren sold his farm on the West Plains to J. R. Durett. The deal was closed last week.

The E. M. McCracken family returned last Friday from a visit in Oklahoma. Mr. McCracken went to Houston and will go from there to Bay Side for a few weeks.

J. M. Smith received a letter from his son Doyle, stating that he had succeeded in getting in the srvice of Uncle Sam. He has been trying for some time for a place in the army but was too light. He is now in the Aviation Service and stationed at San Antonio.

Sargent Jack Murry left Monday night to report back to his training camp at Camp Travis, after a short visit with his parents in Miami.

Mrs. Jim Johnston received word Monday from her son Jack who is at Plainview that he had been real sick but was improving.

C. L. Broadus was in Monday and renewed for the Chief and Dallas News.

H. E. Carter was down from his home at Whitedeer Monday.

Mrs. G. W. Falkenhagen of the South Plains is spending this week at the L. G. Waggoner home.

THE STROLLERS QUARTER

Will be in Miami Saturday, Feb. 9th at 8 o'clock at the Auditorium, under the auspices of the Ladies Missionary Society of the Methodist church. They come highly recommended and if their program is half as good as it is advertised you will not be disappointed in hearing them.

We urge you to buy a ticket early and get a reserved seat and be on hand ready for a good evening's entertainment. It is first-class in every detail and will be elevating as well as entertaining. Tickets on sale at Lockes Dry Goods store and Moons Grocery.

At The Presbyterian Church Sunday

Remember next Sunday is the day for our regular service at the Presbyterian Church. We are all anxious for everybody to attend and hope for a good service.

C. E. PITTS, Pastor.

FOR RENT. A residence in Miami. Near the school uilding. See J. W. Wells.

**RED HOT
BARGAINS IN UNDERWEAR.
Half-Price.**

We have a large assortment of underwear that we are going to move, we dont care what it brings. If you dont want it at half price, say what it is worth and take it.

We have childrens two peice underwear sizes 6 to 14 yrs, has been sold always at 60 cents. We offer them to you at per garment 15c.

Ladies fleece lined, pants regular value 50 cent. We now offer at 25c.

Special reduction in Mackinaws, overcoats, Suits and Knit goods. We must move some winter stock and you will never be able to get better bargains than we offer.

LOCKE BROS.

THE TOGGERY

Stand for quality and service, no matter where it is found.

If you want anything in wearing apparel for men, you can get it in quality unexcelled. The same applies to our cleaning and Pressing department. We have the latest machinery, and do cleaning and pressing that will please you. Give us that trial.



THE TOGGERY

MT. ZION NOTES

Mrs. Shelton entertained the young folks with a party Friday night.

R. W. Monk and Roy West went to Miami Friday.

Mrs. E. W. Thornton has been on the sick list this week.

Mrs. Nep True visited the school Wednesday afternoon.

The young folks gave Mrs. Chas. Trew a surprise party Friday night. All present reported a good time and declared Mrs. Trew an excellent entertainer.

Thurman Trew and Spurg Moore went to County Line Saturday night.

Mr. Trew has been on the sick list this week.

Miss Helen McCauley spent Friday night with Miss Matthews.

Mrs. Overstreet visited with Mrs. Matthews Thursday afternoon.

Thurman Trew spent Sunday with Pinkney Dear.

PREFERS CHAMBERLAINS.

"In the course of a conversation with Chamberlain Medicine Co.'s representative today, we had occasion to discuss in a general way the merits of their different preparations. At his suggestion I tak pleasure in expressing my estimation of Chamberlains Cough Remedy. I have a family of six children and hvae used this remedy in my home for years. I consider it the only cough remedy on the market, as I have tried nearly all of them."—Earl C. Ross, Publisher, Hamilton County Republican-News, Syracuse, Kansas.

FOR SALE. Big 4 engin, 30-60 tractor. First class condition. Harry A. Nelson.

Truly—What's the use of money, anyway, unless we win this war?

FACE the FACTS

LET us face the facts. The war situation is critical. Unless the Allies fight as they never yet have fought, defeat threatens. Hungry men cannot fight at their best; nor hungry nations. France, England, and Italy are going hungry unless we feed them.

Wheat Savings—They must have wheat. It is the best food to fight on. It is the easiest to ship. We alone can spare it to them. By saving just a little—less than a quarter of what we ate last year—we can support those who are fighting our battles. And we can do it without stinting ourselves. We have only to substitute another food just as good.

The Corn of Plenty—Corn is that food. There's a surplus of it. Providence has been generous in the hour of our need. It has given us corn in such bounty as was never known before. Tons of corn. Trainloads of corn. Five hundred million bushels over and above our regular needs. All we have to do is to learn to appreciate it. Was ever patriotic duty made so easy? And so clear?

America's Own Food—Corn! It is the true American food. The Indians, hardest of races, lived on it. Our forefathers adopted the diet and conquered a continent. For a great section of our country it has blong een the staff of life. How well the South fought on it, history tells. Now it can help America win a world war.

Learn Something—Corn! It isn't one food. It's a dozen. It's a cereal. It's a vegetable. It's a bread. It's a dessert. It's nutritious; more food value in it, dollar for dollar, than meat or eggs or most other vegetables. It's good to eat; how good you don't know until you've had corn-bread properly cooked. Best of all, it's plentiful and it's patriotic.

Corn's Infinite Variety—How much do you know about corn? About how good it is? About the many delicious ways of cooking it? And what you miss by not knowing more about it? Here are a few of its uses:

There are at least fifty ways to use corn meal to make good dishes for dinner, supper, lunch or breakfast. Here are some suggestions:

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| HOT BREADS | DESSERTS |
| Boston brown bread. | Corn-meal molasses cake. |
| Hoecake. | Apple corn bread. |
| Muffins. | Dumplings. |
| Biscuits. | Gingerbread. |
| Griddle cakes. | Fruit gems. |
| Waffles. | |

HEARTY DISHES

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Corn-meal croquettes. | Corn-meal fish balls. |
| Meat and corn-meal dumplings. | Tamales. |
| Italian polenta. | |
- The recipes are in Farmers' Bulletin 565, "Corn Meal as a Food and Ways of Using It," free from the Department of Agriculture.

"CONTRABAND"

A Thrilling War Story of the North Atlantic

By RANDALL PARRISH

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CHAPTER XXXI—Continued.

Leayord and I were the last, and we left the dinghy swamped behind us, clinging and crushed against the steel side of the schooner, upheld only by the strength of the rope. It was all the work of a feverish minute, in which thought was impossible because of the stress of action. But now, as I clung breathless to those lower mizen ratlines, the seven of us jammed upon the little platform, the green surge of water below slushing against the wreck we had just left, the strange silence of this vessel which we had boarded struck me with full force. In heaven's name, what could it mean? It was broad daylight; if there was a man alive aboard, he could never have failed to see or hear us in this fierce struggle for life. Yet no one was visible; no sound of voice was heard; no face peered over at us above the rail. It was like a ghost schooner, and I felt the very heart of me chill as I stared into the blank faces of my huddled companions, and along the shiny sides, and the deserted rail.

"This is a rum go, sir," ventured Leayord soberly. "Ain't she got no crew?"

"I don't know what to make of it," I confessed, "but we'll soon find out. Help the lady, Leayord. Olson, come with me."

We footed the ropes, and swung up to the rail, clinging there long enough to gain swift view of the deck beyond. It was as clean as a millionaire's yacht, and had the appearance of one, with brasswork glistening, and paint fresh and bright. Every rope seemed coiled in place, the sail gaskets firmly tied, the planks spotless, the canvas as white as though just out of the sail-loft. My eyes surveyed the whole fore and aft—the low forecastle, the cook's galley, with door standing wide open, revealing a fireless stove, the boats in chocks, not one missing, the after cabin on the deck level, its companion door ajar, the wheel astern, outlined against the sky, swinging slightly to a lashing of ropes—and nowhere a human being. I could scarcely believe the evidence of my own eyes.

"Heavens, Olson; there's not a sailor on deck," I gasped.

"No, sir; it bends me; I've been at sea a long time, sir, but I never see nothin' like this—they ain't left, fer the boats are all there, an' the wheel is lashed. She's just a sailin' herself."

"There's no sign of any trouble aboard. Why, those decks are scrubbed like a Dutchwoman's floor. Hurry up, Leayord; the schooner seems deserted. Come on, mate, we shall have to clear this mystery up."

We sprang down on the deck, and the others came tumbling over the rail after us, each face expressive of mystification. Vera touched my sleeve, her eyes searching mine.

"What can have happened?"

"I do not in the least know," I answered. "The mystery is too deep to guess at. There has been no storm, no fire, no evidence of desertion, every boat seems to be in its proper place. The only thing I can think of as possible is drink. The whole crew may be drunk, but that seems like a dream. However, we can't stand here doing nothing. White, you are not of much use with that broken arm, so remain alongside Miss Carrington. Keep your eyes open. Leayord, you and I will have a peep into that cabin; the rest of you take the forecastle. Be careful, lads, but don't miss anything—scatter now."

I slid back the companion door, and entered slightly in advance. The cabin floor was on a level with the main deck, and its glass front flooded the interior with light. A glance revealed everything, and I stood motionless, my breath caught in my throat, my hand still gripping the edge of the door. I was aware that Leayord peered in across my shoulder, and heard his startled lips utter one muffled exclamation. It was a low-ceiled apartment, painted white, with ports along the sides, the only staterooms being aft. A bright-hued rug covered the floor, and there were leather divans under the ports. The table in the center was fully set for a meal, covered with a white cloth, and glistening bravely with china and glass. There was food in abundance, partially eaten, and wineglasses half filled. I saw all these details; I recalled them afterwards, yet in that first instant of horror, the impression left upon me was merely of those silent, motionless figures sitting upright in their chairs. It was a crew—some eight! A great monster of a man faced me, his white, ghastly face appearing above a shaggy gray beard, his slightest, open eyes, staring full into mine. A wineglass had fallen

from his opened fingers, and lay broken on the deck. Indeed, everyone had apparently died as by a stroke, retaining exactly the posture last assumed in life.

To the right of the broad-shouldered giant was a thin, young fellow, scarcely out of his teens, but with a hard, repulsive face, and at his left a dark-faced man almost a negro, grinned horribly, as though death had stricken him even as he laughed. Nothing could be more awful to look upon than the gleam of his teeth, beneath the fantastic curl of his mustache. There were six altogether, five sitting upright in swivel chairs, screwed to the deck, or leaning forward with heads resting on the table. The sixth, gray-haired and partially bald, had fallen sideways, and lay in a shapeless heap on the rug. They had the look of seamen, and were roughly dressed, three of them plainly foreigners, one with rings in his ears. The big man alone possessed the appearance of leadership.

I saw all this in that one swift glance. Breath had not come sobbing back to me, when Leayord's hand crushed my arm and his voice rumbled in my ear:

"See, captain! they're dead; they're all dead!"

"Yes," I answered, choking over the words, "there is no doubt of that. Something terrible has occurred here. Call—call the other men."

I heard him stumble out through the companion door, and the roar of his voice as he shouted to those forward; I could distinguish the sound of their feet on the deck, but could not remove my gaze from that awful sight in the cabin. The eyes of that giant dead man, staring at me so fixedly across the table, held me as in a vise—there was something so ghastly, so terrible, about their expression, as to rob me of all sense, all courage. The men joined me, Liverpool entering in advance, and pushing past where I stood. I have no recollection of seeing the others, although I felt and heard their presence. But I saw him—marked his sudden stop, the quick blanching of his face, and the sharp oath which burst from his lips, the swift, incredulous look of surprise, of recognition, which leaped into his eyes. He was staring straight into the ghastly face of the giant opposite. I doubt if he even saw any of the others.

"Heart of the devil!" he shouted. "If it isn't Gaston de Lys! So you've got it at last, you old hound!"

He leaped forward, circled the table with a single stride, hate, memory, whatever the impulse might be, conquering all fear, and gripped his hand hard on the dead man's shoulder. And then he stiffened, every muscle of his body stricken; I could see death strike him, his jaw set, his eyes fixed—an instant he stood rigid; then his whole form seemed to contract and he fell lifeless to the deck.

I sprang toward him, but Masters gripped me, and hurled me back.

"Hands off—all of you!" he screamed. "Wait! Don't lay a finger on any of them; you are dead men if you do."

"What do you mean? What is it?"

"The most diabolical bit of devilry ever contrived," he answered. "These men have been killed by electricity; the current is still on. I heard the whirr of the dynamo as I came aft. Don't move until I find the switch and disconnect; for God's sake stand where you are."

Perhaps he was gone five minutes; I could never tell; I saw nothing but those dead men; heard nothing but the heavy breathing of my mates in the doorway. No one spoke; but once, it seemed to me, I caught the throb of that deadly dynamo, yet even as I seemed to distinguish the faint sound, it ceased abruptly. Masters pushed in past me.

"Ay, that was the truth," he said, "but it's safe enough now. Lord, did you ever hear of such a—cold-blooded crime. See here, men, the villain planned his job well—here are the wires along the deck, pressed into a seam, and connected to each swivel chair. See, the circuit is complete, and no one would ever suspect. All he had to do was stand back there in the steward's pantry and press the switch. Those six men died before they could wink an eye."

"But the fellow who did it? What has become of him?"

Masters shook his head.

"I don't know, sir; but there must have been one; there ain't none of those dead men could have turned the trick."

"Perhaps it was that cuss dangling

over the side, captain," said White's voice, from back behind the others.

"What is that?"

"There's a fellow got jammed in a small boat alongside, sir. I just happened to look over, and saw him a-hangin' there."

We were glad enough to escape that cabin of horror, and I slid the companion door to, and bolted it, before following White across the deck to the starboard rail. Excited as I was, obsessed by this awful tragedy, my mind yet grasped every detail—the shining brasswork, the spotless decks, the white boats in their davits, the snowy canvas aloft. The very immaculateness of the vessel seemed to add to the horror, and it was a shock to even read the schooner's name, painted on a lifebuoy—Rose of Gaspe.

A glance below revealed the whole story of the accident. It was clear enough to be read instantly by a sailor's eyes. The man in his efforts at escape had chosen one of the smaller boats, but one staunch and well equipped. No doubt it had been secretly prepared in advance, for the lockers contained food, and a beaker of fresh water was securely lashed to a front thwart. There was also a spar and sail aboard, safely secured, together with a pair of serviceable oars.

What had happened, as seemed clear to us, was this: a heavy brass-bound chest, of odd workmanship and dingy appearance, had been stowed away in the bows. It must have been placed there with rope and pulley, for no single pair of arms could ever have lifted it over the rail. Then the fellow had clambered in, eager to be off, no doubt, and undertaken to lower the boat, standing probably amidships,

where he could manipulate both ropes. But the forward rope must have jammed in the pulley, permitting the stern of the suspended boat to sag suddenly enough to send the heavy chest sliding aft. Before he could check the fall, or save himself by leaping overboard, it had pinned his legs against the stern sheets; and there he dangled still, his face buried in the green water alongside, his knees crushed helplessly beneath the weight of the chest—an inert dead body.

"The fellow got his, sir," said Leayord solemnly. "Likely enough killed by the very thing he was tryin' to get away with. What shall we do with the boat and what's in it, sir?"

"Untangle that pulley slowly, and hoist up even with the rail," I answered. "We'll have a look at the man, and find out what's in the chest; it's an odd-looking affair."

I helped balance it, and with White using his uninjured arm, we drew the dead man's body in over the rail. The two mates released his limbs from the grip of the chest, and we laid him out on the deck. He was an ill-looking fellow, deeply tanned, with a livid scar across one cheek, and an anchor tattooed on his forearm. Leayord drew a paper out of the inner pocket of his shirt, and passed it over to me. It was a letter with no dateline or signature, and had been so soaked in salt water as to be almost illegible. The only connecting words I could study out were: "De Lys has all his men but a cook; try to get on. He'll never know you after these years."

"Does it tell you anything, sir?" asked Olson anxiously.

"Not much; only this fellow sailed as cook, and got the job for a purpose. He had known De Lys years before."

"De Lys?"

"Yes; that was the name of the big fellow in the cabin; he must have been at the head of the party; the one Liverpool knew as Gaston de Lys. Get that chest onto the deck; no doubt the secret is there."

CHAPTER XXXII.

A Secret of the Sea.

We were compelled to resort to rope and pulley, and then search through the dead man's clothes to discover the key. Even with that found, it required the sharp edge of a hatchet to force open the cover. As it lifted, the sight was greeted with cries of astonishment.

"Good Lord, sir, it's money, and a stack of it!"

"English and French coins!"

"Aye, and Spanish!"

White's voice broke in above the babble, the old harsh croak I remembered so well:

"Well, see here, lads," he shouted, "whose is all this gold, anyhow? Ain't it just naturally ours? It's sure no good to these yere dead men, an' there wa'n't nothin' else good aboard when we came. Then why ain't it ourn now to divide share an' share about?"

"We undoubtedly have a claim," I answered, "for salvage; and if the heirs of the rightful owners are unable to prove themselves justly entitled to the gold, perhaps we might hold the entire amount."

"Pile!" snorted White, "what's the use o' all that poppycock! These fellows likely enough stole the money, or else dug it up somewhere. It never belonged to them any more'n it does to us. Nobody knows the stuff even exists. Why should we go around tellin' about it? I'm fer dividin' it up square between the five o' us—no, by heavens, I'll count the gold for a full share—the six, and never sayin' 'nuthin' about it when we go ashore. Ain't that the best way, mates?"

"Do you agree to this, Mr. Leayord?" I asked suddenly.

He lifted his eyes to mine in bewilderment.

"I don't just know, sir," he stammered. "It doesn't seem exactly the square thing—is it, sir?"

"No, it's not," I answered firmly, and I slammed down the cover, locked it, and put the key in my pocket. "Now look here, men, and you particularly, Jim White—this isn't our gold. I do not know who it belongs to, or how these dead men ever came into its possession. But there is a curse on the stuff, which has already cost the lives of eight men that we know of. No one has touched it but to die. I'll tell you fellows plainly just what I'm going to do. I'm going to sail this schooner straight into St. Johns harbor, with those dead men locked in the cabin, and this chest of gold here unopened on the deck. It is going to be English courts which will decide the ownership of this chest and its contents—not Jim White. Are you with me, Leayord?"

"Aye, aye, sir!"

"And you, Olson?"

"I suppose that's best, sir," reluctantly. "I don't want any trouble."

"I thought not; now fall to, all of you, and shake the reefs out of those topsails. I'll take the wheel, and we'll point the bow toward port."

The morning of the second day the speeding Rose of Gaspe rounded the northern head, and swept like a fair, white bird into the beautiful harbor of St. Johns. We tied up at Long Wharf, and, within an hour, I had told our story to the port captain, and officers of the marines had taken possession of the vessel. That very afternoon the five of us gave our testimony before the maritime court, and were permitted to go free. Before leaving the courtroom the judge spoke with me privately.

"This is indeed a strange case, Captain Hollis," he said, "and, perhaps, the truth will never be learned, yet it is evident that you and your crew had nothing to do with the death of these men, or the possession of this chest of money."

"May I ask, judge, if anything has been discovered tending to explain the voyage of the Rose of Gaspe?"

"Nothing satisfactory as yet. There were no papers of value found in the cabin—an excellent chart of the Labrador coast, a memorandum in French, so discolored as to be almost unreadable, accompanied by a rudely drawn map, and a list of the schooner's crew."

"What was the name of the cook?"

"He shipped as Gustave Mountain of St. Clair. There is no such man known in that village."

"And the tender, Gaston de Lys?"

"We find trace of him only for a few months, Mr. Hollis. Where he came

from, and whether he went are thus far unknown. Gaston de Lys appeared in Piacenta some two months since, accompanied by one of the men who died with him in the schooner's cabin—the one dark-faced—like an Indian—and sought among the fishermen there for a certain type of boat. They were very particular, stating they wished to leave for a voyage of three months, representing themselves merely as travelers for pleasure who desired to cruise along the Labrador coast. At last they leased the Rose of Gaspe, from a man named Richard Martin, who had previously used the schooner as a private yacht. It was refitted and provisioned, and the crew arrived from Halifax. None among them was known in Piacenta, but the inhabitants say that only two or three among them had the appearance of sailors. Beyond that we know absolutely nothing."

"But the chest of coins? have you no knowledge as to where it came from?"

"No more than a mere guess; there is no guide. Beyond doubt this Gaston de Lys learned of its existence somewhere in Labrador, and planned its recovery. The men with him also knew what it was they sailed to seek. In my judgment this must be a treasure of the old Hudson Bay company, lost and hidden a hundred years ago, yet we can get no trace of such a disappearance of coin in the records. We cannot deny its existence; it is here now in our custody, but who its rightful owner may be, will probably never be determined."

"Then what will become of it?"

He smiled.

"That is rather a fine question of law. I should say that you men who recovered it at sea, have the best claim, although it must be held intact for a certain length of time to give any rightful claimant opportunity to furnish proof of ownership. Of course, in case no such claimant appears, the government takes its share."

"And the amount contained in the chest?"

"Exceeded seven hundred thousand dollars."

I rejoined Vera at the hotel, standing beside her in a window looking out upon the harbor. Below us was the white schooner in which we had ended our strange voyage.

"We are all free to go now, dear," I said. "The examination is all over."

"Have they found the owner of the money?"

"No; they have not even the slightest conception as to whom it originally belonged, or where it came from. The law compels them to hold it intact for the present."

"For how long?"

"Two years, I think, then the greater proportion is given to those who recovered it—the state retaining a certain share."

Her eyes met mine.

"I wonder if you know where my share will go, if I ever receive it?" she asked softly.

"I think I do, and mine will be added to it—to the mother and sister of Philip Bascom."

"Yes; and—and we may never know who these men were, or the story of their quest?"

"Most likely not; it will remain a secret of the sea. Who was Gaston de Lys? Where, and how did he learn of this hidden treasure? From where the Seven Seas did he gather together the men who went with him? To what strange coast did the peaceful Rose of Gaspe sail? What motives of hate, or cupidity, led to the murderous crime of Gustave Mountain? and how much of the truth did Liverpool Red know! had he lived, could he have lifted the veil?"

She was silent a long while, her hand clasped in mine; then she lifted her face, and smiled.

"It has been full of hardship, of sorrow, yet, Robert, I love the sea."

"And I, sweetheart," I answered earnestly, "for out of its mystery into my heart has come the one woman."

(THE END.)

Caterpillars Make Raid.

A plague of caterpillars devastated the region of Puy, in Auvergne, France. In the village of Algaubne they even invaded houses, causing the villagers to flee. At Vals several roads were covered with them to such a depth as to render traffic impossible, while the washerwomen on the banks of the River Borne were obliged to cease work. Great damage was caused to crops, a single night's walking for the caterpillars to clear large areas. All the usual remedies proved unavailing.

Theories and Ideals and obstinately blind to the facts of a sinful world, have led our youth astray. We have had teachers for our children who have confused the office of teaching with that of preaching, and so have preached to them sermons in which the great principles of our national existence have been neglected—the great principle that justice must be fought for today as it was fought for in the days of the patriot pioneers, with a stalwart heart and the strong arm of righteousness.

Proselyting pacifists, burdened with

not know that there was a scar for every state or that there were 48; and one in particular who, when I wearily informed her that there were 13 stripes, exclaimed: "Thirteen! How awful!"

Fumery? Superstition? Idol worship? I've listened to beetle-browed professors with dirty collars and broad minds and to unshaven round-shouldered youths spitting forth great new ideas of the melting pot and the fusing of nations, the social millennium and the brotherhood of man; I have heard

them industriously impugning the motives of patriots, poking their pipe-stems into the private lives of presidents, eager to release the fetid breath of long forgotten scandal mongers, leaving a trail of slime across the flag—all to demonstrate a brave independence of thought. I am glad, in the crisis that faces us, that they cannot crawl under the colors of freedom and hide while the clean-cut sons of our heroic dead go forth to fight their battles.

They have had a look at the

theories and ideals and obstinately blind to the facts of a sinful world, have led our youth astray. We have had teachers for our children who have confused the office of teaching with that of preaching, and so have preached to them sermons in which the great principles of our national existence have been neglected—the great principle that justice must be fought for today as it was fought for in the days of the patriot pioneers, with a stalwart heart and the strong arm of righteousness.

The Rich Flavor Grape-Nuts

is due to the blending of malted barley with whole wheat flour

Wheat alone does not possess this rich flavor

The wonderfully easy digestion of Grape-Nuts is also partly due to the barley for the barley contains a digestive which wheat lacks.

"There's a Reason for Grape-Nuts"

Neglected Colds bring Pneumonia

CASCARA QUININE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiate—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

Distemper Can Be Controlled by using DR. DAVID ROBERTS' FEVER PASTE and WHITE LINIMENT

Practical Home Veterinarian. Send for Free booklet on AMERICAN BLOODING. It will describe in plain English the disease and its treatment.

Why Bald So Young? Rub Dandruff and Itching with Cuticura Ointment. Shampoo with Cuticura Soap.

Without Hope. He—"Suppose we have a Jokeless day?" She—"How can we while yours living?"

SOAP IS STRONGLY ALKALINE and constant use will burn out the scalp. Cleanse the scalp by shampooing with "La Creole" Hair Dressing, and darken, in the natural way, those ugly, grizzly hairs. Price, \$1.00.—Adv.

Fireproof buildings are protected with fire escapes, just the same.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarrhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

All Druggists See. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Not Fond of Army Life. Army life did not agree with Giner, a Boston bull. After a three-year career as mascot in the Canadian army, he has returned to his old haunts, and is happy again. The dog is owned by John Hamilton, a Los Angeles resident of fifteen years' standing, who recently enlisted in the Canadian forces. He took Giner along, but the dog did not take to the army life. In fact, he was wanting away, until Hamilton decided to send him back to Los Angeles. On his arrival he ate six meals in three hours and now has a joyous bark for all his old friends.

Must Have the Bronze. A second requisition of church bells has taken place in Austria for the sorrow of the Catholic population of that country, according to advices received. The government came to the conclusion that further requisitioning was necessary, with the result that the church has had to sacrifice many more of its familiar and cherished bells to the never-satisfied Moloch of war.

The idea of substituting steel bells for bronze has not yet eventuated, owing to the onerous conditions stipulated by bell manufacturers, who demanded, among other things, that the price should be paid in foodstuffs for the workmen in the factories.

Knowledge is the root, will is the stem and the results the grain.

The Rich Flavor Grape-Nuts

is due to the blending of malted barley with whole wheat flour

Wheat alone does not possess this rich flavor

The wonderfully easy digestion of Grape-Nuts is also partly due to the barley for the barley contains a digestive which wheat lacks.

"There's a Reason for Grape-Nuts"

LEARNING TO KNOW THE FLAG

War Has Brought New Meaning to the Stars and Stripes and What They Stand For.

And now bright, new flags are flying from places where flags never flew before and people are counting the stars and writing to the newspapers about matters of flag etiquette. And the general interest has brought to light the fact that a vast majority of comfortable Americans have been forgetting even that they had a flag, or if not

quite that at least the number of its stripes and stars.

We're perfectly comfortable and happy; why bother about a flag? The existence of such lazy indifference finds expression in the naive interest now being shown in the resurrected colors, says a writer in Scribner's Magazine. I know a house where for a week or two after America's rebirth the flag was continuously displayed night and day proudly flapping union down. And I have talked to sweet girl graduates of American schools who did

not know that there was a scar for every state or that there were 48; and one in particular who, when I wearily informed her that there were 13 stripes, exclaimed: "Thirteen! How awful!"

Fumery? Superstition? Idol worship? I've listened to beetle-browed professors with dirty collars and broad minds and to unshaven round-shouldered youths spitting forth great new ideas of the melting pot and the fusing of nations, the social millennium and the brotherhood of man; I have heard

them industriously impugning the motives of patriots, poking their pipe-stems into the private lives of presidents, eager to release the fetid breath of long forgotten scandal mongers, leaving a trail of slime across the flag—all to demonstrate a brave independence of thought. I am glad, in the crisis that faces us, that they cannot crawl under the colors of freedom and hide while the clean-cut sons of our heroic dead go forth to fight their battles.

For Coughs and Colds. PERUNA An Efficient Remedy

Compounded of vegetable drugs in a perfectly appointed laboratory by skilled chemists, after the prescription of a successful physician of wide experience, and approved by the experience of tens of thousands in the last forty-five years.

Peruna's Success

rests strictly on its merit as a truly scientific treatment for all diseases of catarrhal symptoms. It has come to be the recognized standby of the American home because it has deserved to be, and it stands today as firm as the eternal hills in the confidence of an enormous number.

What Helped Them May Help You Get our free booklet, "Health and How to Have It," of your druggist, or write direct to us.

The Peruna Company Columbus, Ohio



TYPHOID

is no more necessary than Smallpox, Army regulations have demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy of the most efficacious medicine.

According to the Season. We are again reminded that this insect now invades the insect who likes to rock the boat.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/2 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost.

Scots Are Tallest.

Among the natives of Great Britain the Scotch average the tallest, the Irish are next, then come the English and Welsh.

THIS IS THE AGE OF YOUTH.

You will look ten years younger if you darken your ugly, grizzled, gray hairs by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing—Adv.

Natural Presumption. "What do you want to know, son?" "Are barks the kind of vessels they have dog watches on?"

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 60 cents.

Conserving Conversation.

It is better not to waste too much time in war talk while there are crops yet to be harvested.

Wish to win the suffrage of your own inward approval, wish to appear beautiful to God.—Epictetus

HEALTH WAS WRECKED

Nothing Brought Relief Until Doan's Were Used. Wonderful Improvement Was Effected. "I had such awful cutting pains in the small of my back and hips. I often had to cry out," says Mrs. Ernest Wietheolter, 560 Madison St., St. Charles, Mo.



"I often got so dizzy I had to sit down to keep from falling and my health was completely broken down. The kidney secretions pained terribly in passage and in spite of all the medicine I took, I kept getting worse until I was a wreck."

"By chance I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and bought some. After I had used half a box there was a change and I continued to improve; the pains, aches and swellings left and my health returned."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

A BAD COUGH

is risky to neglect. Take it in hand, and safeguard your health by promptly taking

PISO'S

HOME TOWN HELPS

MORE HOME GARDENS NEEDED

Necessity Will Be Greater Coming Year and Organization and Co-Operation Should Be Begun Now.

Co-operation has been suggested as a solution of many problems in farm production, and now J. T. Rosa, Jr., of the University of Missouri college of agriculture suggests co-operation as a means of reducing production cost for the vacant lot gardener.

Since the spring garden should be planned in the fall, Mr. Rosa suggests that organization be effected immediately. The advantages of fall plowing and fall manuring have been demonstrated. The work should be done while the weather permits.

Co-operation will also provide efficient means of marketing the surplus products. Mr. Rosa suggests that every town have an organization of this sort. If the project is not supported by some other civic organization, the municipal authorities, or some industrial concern, the community garden movement should be organized on an independent basis.

WINTER STOPS THE INSECTS

Black Ground Beetles and Others Not Killed, But Merely Experience Suspended Animation.

With the coming of the frosts and freezing weather the insects are silenced, and as long as the temperature holds below 50 degrees Fahrenheit they are rendered also inactive, according to a writer. Above that the hardier beetles and grasshoppers, along with a few spiders, are moving about, and when the sunshine warms the air more and more certain moths and butterflies and two-winged flies, including the gnats, are on the wing.

Some species of insects feel the effects of cold far less than others, and this does not seem to be influenced by sturdy bodies, hairy coverings or the situations in which they are found. The gnats are among the most fragile species, but they and the slim-bodied water striders are found active later in the autumn and earlier in the spring than any other creatures, excepting perhaps the mourning-cloak butterfly and the wasps, all of these creatures responding to the sunshine on the warmer, thawing days of winter. The black ground beetles also are quickly resuscitated by slightly warmer air.

This proves the fact that most insects are not normally killed by cold, but merely experience suspended animation, and are ready to resume their activity after any length of time. Hidden Seas. In boring for oil, it is a common experience for the drill to strike enormous flows of salt water. Formerly this salt water was supposed to be rain water, which soaked through beds of salt on its way down to some chasm in the bowels of the earth, says Rochester Union and Advertiser. The latest scientific opinion is inclined to believe that the salt water comes from prehistoric oceans, buried in the earth by geologic changes, in much the same way that buried forests gave rise to the coal beds. These hidden oceans are not conceived as lying in a subterranean space or hollow, but as filtering the billions on billions of crevices in beds of porous rock.

Petroleum From Shale Banks. An important new process for extracting petroleum from the enormous banks of oil-bearing shale of certain western states is indicated in announcements from Nevada. Such a process if successful would help greatly in solving the gasoline problem. The new process, which is now being tested, was developed by a prisoner in the Nevada state prison. A special pardon was granted him to give him an opportunity to continue his chemical work.

Interesting Coat Dress With Novel Trimming



The lady in the picture has on one of those coats (or is it a dress?) which leaves us in doubt as to its identity. "Will you remove your coat?" might bring the answer: "I cannot, this is also my dress," without surprising anyone. The coat-dress proved a convenience to the tourist who wished to travel light, especially when designed to allow an extra undergarment upon need of warmth, and a coat-dress like that pictured is a thing of beauty and distinction.

If you are looking for a garment versatile enough to play this double role, be assured you will not find anything handsomer than the model shown here. It is of plain, smooth-faced cloth, and will appeal to good taste if we imagine it in gray or tan, or in darker colors. It is lifted into the ranks of the exceptional by its decoration. This is a bordered scroll in which cable cord, covered with cloth like that in the dress, is used instead of braid. The large covered cord, wound with a small silk cord in a darker shade of its own color. The coat is simple in design with straight, full skirt, joined to a semi-fitting, cozy bodice, having a large, oval collar and a long, square cape at the back. This, with the fur-trimmed collar, the cuffs and belt give additional opportunity to feature the novel decoration. The large scroll pattern, appearing on the skirt is repeated in smaller motifs on the bodice, across the cape and collar and on the cuffs.

Millinery Birds of Passage



Hats for winter resort wear, along with other apparel for tourists that journey southward, are all ready for the companies of women that will soon turn their backs upon the lands of snow. A glimpse of them is alluring enough to fix a wavering purpose and determine those who may follow them to the ends of the earth; that is to those ends that project themselves into the Gulf of Mexico, or the South Atlantic, or the Pacific in California. Wherever they go they must vie with the best efforts of millinery designers. Many of the models prepared for tourists are not so distinctly summer-like as to bar them from wear in the north, but the greater number belong only in lands of the sun. At the top of the group pictured, there is a fine turban of black slipper straw, with crown-top of black satin. It is a typical southern tourist model, beautifully shaped and simply trimmed. Its broad spread of black, glossy wings suggests flight in a happy course—southward. The black hat at the left, of malles and panne velvet, bows to edict for simplicity in millinery and makes us marvel at the style and beauty of its lines. It belongs to no section or climate, being an adaptable hat for afternoon wear anywhere; and dress hats of this kind now extend their usefulness to evening wear also. It could hardly be simpler, with its finishing touch merely a pin that cannot even be classed as "fancy." Its head is a long coil of panne velvet, and that is all there is of trimming, and no one who sees the model wishes for more. To some millions of us who spend our

winters north this is the most interesting hat in the group. At the right the hat of "peanut" braid blends, like the butterflies, among growing flowers. It is a novel weave in straw in a light turquoise blue color, with a narrow lace mesh woven in two rows in the body of the hat. The brim is faced with orchid pink velour, and narrow strips of it are laced through the mesh in the hat. Tassels that finish the trimming are made of these narrow strips. This is something new under the sun, and hats of braid are shown in all the lovely light colors that herald the spring.

Julia Bostromsky

Washable Blouses Popular. Lingerie blouses will always be preferred by some women, and many of them are being shown this season. Battiste and fine cotton voile are the favorite fabrics for lingerie models, and fine tucking, hemstitching, and dainty lace edgings constitute the favored trimmings. Tailored blouses of men's wear silk and of satin are extremely popular also.

For a Stretched Sweater. To restore the shape of a sweater wash in hot water and white soapuds. Rinse in cool water and lay to dry on a covered table top or other flat surface. Pin the arms up, fasten the buttons and lay the whole garment so that the width is stretched rather than the length.

COVETED BY ALL. but possessed by few—a beautiful head of hair. If yours is streaked with gray, or is harsh and stiff, you can restore it to its former beauty and luster by using "La Creole" Hair Dressing. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

Unconscious Insult. "Miss Blings is very sensitive about her large feet." "That accounts for it." "Accounts for what?" "Why, she got so angry when I asked her if Santa Claus had put an automobile in her stocking."

Soothe Itching Scals. On retiring gently rub spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment. Next morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

To Clean Furniture. If, instead of spirits of camphor, camphorated oil be used in cleaning furniture, it will not only remove the white stains, but restore the polish as well.

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

Brotherhood of Man. The ideal brotherhood man must have a clear aim before him, and having this clear aim he must interpret it in action.

PROVEN SWAMP-ROOT AIDS WEAK KIDNEYS

The symptoms of kidney and bladder troubles are often very distressing and leave the system in a run-down condition. The kidneys seem to suffer most, as almost every victim complains of lame back and urinary troubles which should not be neglected, as these danger signals often lead to more dangerous kidney troubles. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root which, so many people say, soon heals and strengthens the kidneys, is a splendid kidney, liver and bladder medicine, and being an herbal compound, has a gentle healing effect on the kidneys, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases by those who use it.

A trial will convince anyone who may be in need of it. Better get a bottle from your nearest drug store, and start treatment at once. However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Indefinite. "Does Doctor Skillern still think all appendicitis cases demand immediate operations?" "I believe he has cut all that out."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzled, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

Same Thing. "A lyric was a poem intended for use by a lyre." "Just like a modern fish story?"

Keeping the Quality Up. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, the World-Famous Cure for Colds and Grip, is now 50c per box. On account of the advance in the price of the six different medicinal ingredients contained in LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE, it was necessary to increase the price to this amount. It has stood the test for a quarter of a century. It is used by every civilized nation.

A Liberal dose of printer's ink has kept many a man from making a fool of himself a second time. Professors of physical culture lack the nerve required to recommend the wood-saw and the washboard.

A FIGHT FOR LIFE

It has been fight or die for many of us in the past and the lucky people are those who have suffered, but who are now well because they heeded nature's warning signal in time to correct their trouble with that wonderful new discovery of Dr. Pierce's called "An-uric." You should promptly heed these warnings, some of which are dizzy spells, backache, irregularity of the urine or the painful twinges of rheumatism, sciatica or lumbago. To delay may make possible the dangerous forms of kidney disease, such as stone in the bladder.

To overcome these distressing conditions take plenty of exercise in the open air, avoid a heavy meat diet, drink freely of water and at each meal take Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets (double strength). You will, in a short time, find that you are one of the firm indorsees of Anuric, as are thousands of neighbors. Step into the drug store and ask for a 60c bottle of Anuric, or send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial pkg. Anuric, many times more potent than lithia, eliminates uric acid as hot water melts sugar.

No Fun for Him. The after-dinner orator never enjoys the menu as well as the fellow who starts the applause.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschee's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectation in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Sold in all civilized countries. 80 and 90 cent bottles.—Adv.

Look at a picture in the best possible light, and be as courteous to your fellow men as you are to a picture.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy. Murine—Just 25c a Bottle. It cures all Druggists of mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

"BEST MEDICINE FOR WOMEN"

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Did For Ohio Woman.

Portsmouth, Ohio.—"I suffered from irregularities, pains in my side and was so weak at times I could hardly get around to do my work, and as I had four in my family and three boarders it made it very hard for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me. I took it and it has restored my health. It is certainly the best medicine for woman's ailments I ever saw."—Mrs. SARA SHAW, R. No. 1, Portsmouth, Ohio.



Mrs. Shaw proved the merit of this medicine and wrote this letter in order that other suffering women may find relief as she did.

Women who are suffering as she was should not drag along from day to day without giving this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice in regard to such ailments write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its forty years experience is at your service.

The Sort. "Talking of the glibbie public, I know a business which is a regular plant." "What is that?" "The florist's."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children; and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Fletchler. In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Regulation Rescue. "I was in a train the other day when a spark from the cigar fell on a lady's dress and set her on fire." "How was she saved?" "She happened to be in the smoking car, and so the conductor put her out."

IMITATION IS SINCEREST FLATTERY but like counterfeit money the imitation has not the worth of the original. Insist on "La Creole" Hair Dressing—it's the original. Darkens your hair in the natural way, but contains no dye. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

Some men are kept so busy maintaining their dignity that they haven't time to earn a decent living.

True patriots work for this country's future, instead of boasting about its past.

Advertisement for SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI. Includes image of a man and a box of macaroni.

OKLAHOMA NEWS

Oklahoma City.—"This is to certify that I have used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It has done me lots of good and I can freely recommend it to any woman suffering. I think it is a great medicine."—MRS. J. A. CLINE, Route 6, Box 23. Oklahoma City.—"I was in bed six months—had five doctors and all failed. Finally a friend told me to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. The first dose helped me and in two weeks I was able to go down town. I recommend the Discovery as being a great medicine."—MRS. G. W. BRYCE, 427 W. Noble. All druggists. Liquid or tablets. The tablets sell for 60c.—Adv.

Advertisement for POWERFUL, PENETRATING LINIMENT. Includes image of a bottle.

Advertisement for HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL. Includes image of a bottle.

Advertisement for PARKER'S HAIR BALM. Includes image of a bottle.

Clubbing Rates

The Chief One Year and Dallas News one Year for	\$2.15
Chief One Year and Ft. Worth Daily Record 3 months	\$3.20

You can get the Miami Chief 1 year and the Southwestern Plainsman one year, **BOTH FOR \$1.90** At this Office.

Subscribe Now!

Hoover said, "an examination was made of the costs and profits of refining and it was finally determined that the spread between the cost of raw and the sale of refined cane sugar should be limited to \$1.80 per hundred pounds. The pre-war differential had averaged about 85 cents and increased costs were found to have been imposed by the war in increased cost of refining, losses, cost of bags, labor, insurance, interest and other things, rather than cover the difference. After prolonged negotiations the refiners were placed under agreement establishing these limits on October 1, and anything over this amount to be agreed extortionate under the law.

"In the course of these investigations it was found by canvass of the Cuban producers that their sugar had, during the first nine months of the past year, sold for an average of about \$4.24 per hundred f. o. b. Cuba, to which duty and freight added to the refiners' cost amount to about \$5.06 per hundred. The average sale price of granulated by various refiners, according to our investigation, was about \$7.50 per hundred, or a differential of \$1.84.

"In reducing the differential to \$1.80 there was a saving to the public of 54 cents per hundred. Had such a differential been in use from the 1st of January, 1917, the public would have saved in the first nine months of the year about \$24,900,000."

Next Year.

With a view to more efficient organization of the trade in imported sugars next year two committees have been formed by the food administration:

1. A committee comprising representatives of all of the elements of American cane refining groups. The principal duty of this committee is to divide the sugar imports pro rata to their various capacities and see that absolute justice is done to every refiner.

2. A committee comprising three representatives of the English, French and Italian governments; two representatives of the American refiners, with a member of the food administration. Only two of the committee have arrived from Europe, but they represent the allied governments. The duties of this committee are to determine the most economical sources from a transport point of view of all the allies to arrange transport at uniform rates, to distribute the foreign sugar between the United States and allies, subject to the approval of the American, English, French and Italian governments.

This committee, while holding strong views as to the price to be paid for Cuban sugar, has not had the final voice. This voice has rested in the governments concerned, together with the Cuban government, and I wish to state emphatically that all of the gentlemen concerned as good commercial men have endeavored with the utmost patience and skill to secure a lower price, and their persistence has reduced Cuban demands by 15 cents per hundred. The price agreed upon is about \$4.60 per hundred pounds, f. o. b. Cuba, or equal to about 36 duty paid New York.

"This price should eventually," Mr. Hoover said, "be about \$7.30 per hundred for refined sugar from the refiners at seaboard points or should place sugar in the hands of the consumer at from 8 1/2 to 9 cents per pound, depending upon locality and conditions of trade, or at from 1 to 2 cents below the price of August last and from one-half to a cent per pound cheaper than today.

"There is now an elimination of speculation, extortionate profits, and in the refining alone the American people will save over \$25,000,000 of the refining charges last year. A part of these savings goes to the Cuban, Hawaiian, Porto Rican and Louisiana producer and part to the consumer.

"Appeals to prejudice against the food administration have been made because the Cuban price is 34 cents above that of 1917. It is said in effect that the Cubans are at our mercy; that we could get sugar a cent lower. We made exhaustive study of the cost of producing sugar in Cuba last year through our own agents in Cuba, and we find it averages \$3.89, while many producers are at a higher level. We found that an average profit of at least a cent per pound was necessary in order to maintain and stimulate production or that a minimum price of \$4.37 was necessary, and even this would stifle some producers.

"The price ultimately agreed was 23 cents above these figures, or about one-fifth of a cent per pound to the American consumer, and more than this amount has been saved by our reduction in refiners' profits. If we wish to stifle production in Cuba we could take that course just at the time of all times in our history when we want production for ourselves and the allies. Further than that, the state department will assure you that such a course would produce disturbances in Cuba and destroy even our present supplies, but beyond all these material reasons is one of human justice. This great country has no right by the might of its position to strangle Cuba.

"Therefore there is no imposition upon the American public. Charges have been made before this committee that Mr. Rolph endeavored to benefit the California refinery of which he was manager by this 34 cent increase in Cuban price. Mr. Rolph did not fix the price. It does raise the price to the Hawaiian farmer about that amount. It does not raise the profit of the California refinery, because their charge for refining is, like all other refiners, limited to \$1.80 per hundred pounds, plus the freight differential on the established custom of the trade.

"Mr. Rolph has not one penny of interest in that refinery."

LIGHTING SCHEDULE NOTICE

The City of Miami is called upon with other Cities of the United States to conserve in every way possible. We desire to do our share toward saving, and have fixed the following schedule of current, to what we believe the best possible schedule to give as good service as we can, and not inconvenience the people more than is possible. Therefore,

BY ORDER OF THE COUNCIL, of the City of Miami, on and after Sunday, January 20th, and until further notice, the following schedule will be observed.

NIGHT CURRENT, Will be turned off at 11 p. m. except Saturdays when it will be turned off at 12. It will be turned on again at 5 a. m. and run until good day light.

DAY CURRENT, Will continue on Tuesdays only. Thursday and Saturdays current being discontinued.

The cost of fuel oil and all other articles has greatly advanced along with other things, and the above actions are absolutely necessary, not alone to help conserve, but necessity also demands a cutting of the plants expenses. No plant can long continue running at a loss.

We shall strive to give you the very best possible service under the conditions, and trust that your continued patronage will be received.

Miami Water and Light Department
A. W. HAWS, Supt.

"Pulsing over the wires, hurried by steam, borne by the newspapers, intoned in the church and school and voiced upon the street corners, there has come to the American people the call of a mother country—Democracy crying to her children. The American Eagle long silent and forbearing has uttered his shrill scream of defiance and manted a liberty loving people with the protecting shadow of his wings.

The war is no longer an impersonal matter, detached and confined to the sodden fields of Flanders. The world is pitted against the Hunnish beast that would claw its way to supreme and unrighteous power leaving behind it a path cluttered with mutilated nations and putrid with the stench of boche blood lust.

The war has come to America; the inquiring finger of a Hohenzollern hand is poking its way into Texas homes, seeking to destroy that which is good and benumb Loan Star people into a careless state of thoughtlessness that takes no heed of the consequences of the morrow.

This war is a war of dollars; gold is pitted against gold; success is weighed in the jewellers scale. Democracy, the mother of a free people, is calling to her people to give largely, steadfastly, sympathetically and intelligently of their means that she and they may live and bring security and peace to a war worn world. Every nickle, every dime, every dollar invested in the 'baby bonds' of fortune—Thrifs Stamps and Saving Certificates—aims in filling the great war chest and helps to equip a kakkiclad fighter for the front.

Every dweller within the Loan Star State of Texas—men and women, lad and lassie—has a personal work to perform. Some shoulders are not fitted for the musket, but every hand should eagerly hold forth a silver offering which, with the combined power of others, will safeguard home and country and establish the torch of liberty where imperialism now holds individuals of the Greater mon.

Pennies should be mobilized for freedom; quarters should be turned into thrift stamps; dollars should be converted into saving certificates.

Democracy does not ask without due thought of return. Quarters spent in thrift stamps today will be returned as dollars tomorrow. Patronize the Government bargain coun-

ter and do your bit for democracy. Texans must 'carry on.'

B. Y. P. U. JUNIOR
Song, Roll call and reading of min. and business.
SUBJECT, Gods Message.
Scripture reading, Jer. 25: 3-12
Leader, Lena Huber
Isaiah vision and call, Isa. 6: 1-5,
Mary Graham.
True Repentance, Joel 2: 11-14,
Leo Coffee.
(1) Micah (2) Nahum (3), Christine
Gods Messenger, Isa, Ada Coffee.
Special Song, Clarence Huber.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC
It has been rumored that I have sold my stock of goods and would soon give possession of same. I wish to state positively that I have not sold same, and no one has any interest in same whatever. My stock of goods is for sale only to the retail trade. I am here to serve you and when you need anything in the dry goods or grocery line, I shall be glad to serve you. Thanking you for a continuance of your patronage, and assuring you that when you trade at this store you are trading with none other than, Respectfully,
J. W. WELLS

Stomach Troubles.
If you have trouble with your stomach you should try Chamberlain's Tablets. So many have been restored to health by the use of these tablets and their cost is so little, 25 cents that it is worth while to give them a trial.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
To all who owe us are requested to pay all old accounts at once. We are closing our books for the New Year. I have to pay my bills and therefore shall expect my money. I cannot carry accounts over 30 days. Ten per cent interest added to all accounts past due.
Yours Sincerely,
A. M. Jones Drug Co.

Are Your Sewers Clogged.
The bowels are the sewerage system of the body. You can well imagine the result when they are stopped up as is the case in constipation. As a purgative you will find Chamberlain's Tablets excellent. They are mild and gentle in their action. They also improve the digestion.

It will be a lot cheaper to give your message to the public through the Chief Advertising Column than it will be to mail out circ'ars... Let us figure with you about it.

Don't Forget Us

When you need

Anything in the Printing Line. We can supply your needs if it is anything less than blank books, and we have a few of them. We can do your commercial printing as well as it can be done. Give us your orders for Letterheads, Envelops, Bill heads, Statements, Blank Notes, Posters, Wedding announcements, etc.

Your work will be done correctly and promptly if the order is placed with

The Miami Chief

BAPTIST
H. P. WILSFORD, PASTOR.
Sunday School, 9:45 A. M.
Preaching 11: a. m. and 8 p. m.
AFTERNOON
2:30 P. M. Sunbeam Band
3 P. M., Junior Class,
Mrs. Wilford, teacher.
8:30 P. M. Preaching Service.
MIDWEEK SERVICES
Monday 8:30 p.m. Normal Class, H. P. Wilford, Teacher.
Wednesday 4 P. M. B. W. M. W., Mrs. Rhodes, President.
Wednesday 8:30, Prayer Meeting.
We extend an invitation to one and all to come and worship with us, at any and all of our services.

METHODIST
Sunday School every Sunday at 9:45 o'clock. B. F. Jackson, Supt.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8:30 P. M.
Prayermeeting every Wednesday evening at 8:30.
Choir practice Thursday evening at 8:30, Mrs. W. R. Ewing, Leader
Womans Mission Society every Wednesday at 4 p. m., Mrs. J. W. Burks, President.
You are urged to be with us in all of our services for we want you to attend and take part.

PRESBYTERIAN
CHAS. E. PITTS, Pastor
Preaching every first and third Sunday at 11 A. M. and 8:30 P. M.

CHURCH OF CHRIST
Sunday School Every Sunday at 10 A. M., L. B. Robertson, Supt.
You will always find an easy pew; an interesting service, and a hearty welcome at any and all of our services. Come with us and we will do you good.