

# THE KERRVILLE ADVANCE

KERRVILLE, TEXAS, THURSDAY, OCT. 22, 1914

NO. 1

**J. D. Overton.**  
The Belle Overton, wife of J. D. Overton, a minister in the Baptist Church in Center Point, died Thursday at 12 North Mesquite street. She had been in about three weeks from Center Point, returning to her residence in San Antonio was surviving, besides her husband, her two brothers and two sisters. The funeral was held at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon from the Mesquite street, the Rev. J. D. Price, pastor of the Baptist church, officiating. Burial was made in cemetery No. 4.—S. A. Light.  
The death of Mrs. Overton did not come as a surprise to her friends in this and adjoining counties as she had suffered for a long time and for the last two or three years had been expected to go at any time. As long as Mrs. Overton's health permitted she was a faithful and zealous co-worker with her husband, the Rev. J. D. Overton, in his ministerial work and was a most lovable Christian character. Their last pastorate was at Center Point from which place they moved three weeks ago.  
Wm. Burney and family of Center Point were visitors to this city last Saturday.  
Phone today for a pound of Barrington Hall Coffee and see how good it is.  
C. C. BUTT GROCERY.

**Some Texas Game Laws**  
Following is a synopsis of some of the game laws especially applicable to this section as given out by the authorities at Austin:  
Deer—November 1 to January 1. Limit, three bucks to the season; unlawful to kill does or fawns.  
Turkeys—December 1 to April 1. Limit, three turkeys the season.  
Quail and doves—November 1 to February 1. Limit 25 birds in any one day.  
Wild ducks, geese and brant—Open season, Oct. 15 to Feb. 1.  
You may kill hawks, crows, buzzards, owls, English sparrows, rice birds and black birds at any time.  
**HUNTING LICENSE**  
A resident license of \$1.75 must be paid if you hunt in adjoining county to the one in which you live.  
Non-residents, unless a bonafide inhabitant of, and resident citizen of this State, for six months, last past, must take out a non-resident license, \$15.00.  
**Off to Conference.**  
Rev. S. J. Drake and wife left Monday for Austin to attend District Conference which convened there yesterday. The good wishes of many warm friends made during their four years charge here will follow them to their new field of labor wherever it may be. Others who went as representatives from this church, Judge H. C. Geddie and Jas. Starkey.  
Fresh shipment of crackers and chocolate candies. A. SCOBLE.

**Center Point Letter.**  
(Regular Correspondence)  
Mrs. Geo. Meeks and children returned Monday from Henderson, Tenn., where they have been visiting Mrs. Meeks' parents. Mr. Meeks met them in San Antonio.  
Virgil Storms was a Kerrville visitor Saturday.  
Ally Beitel, candidate for County Treasurer, was in town Saturday.  
R. B. Ellis and family of San Antonio, spent last Friday and Saturday in Center Point.  
R. B. Ellis and L. N. Coffey went to Bandera Wednesday.  
Hon. Wm. Martin visited his sister, Mrs. Neal Caldwell last week.  
W. B. Wood visited his family in Bandera Saturday and Sunday.  
A. B. Williamson was in our town Wednesday.  
Rev. R. E. Duke left Tuesday for Austin to attend conference.  
Rev. Gentle of Medina passed through here Monday enroute to Austin.  
The sad news of the death of Mrs. J. D. Overton reached here October 15th.

**Camp Verde Letter.**  
(Regular Correspondence)  
Chas. Landry and wife visited in Comfort Sunday.  
Oscar Nowlin spent Sunday with his mother in Center Point.  
J. D. Chaney was a Verde shopper Friday. He reports his mother not doing well, is still confined to her bed, and we are sorry to report Joe's foot not doing well.  
T. A. McBryde and wife passed thru Camp Verde enroute to Bandera Friday to visit Dave Cox and family.  
A. D. McBryde made a flying trip to Comfort Friday.  
Our W. O. W. Hall is complete and the boys will organize Wednesday night. They are anticipating a great time.  
J. L. Morris moved to Medina this week, and H. F. Smith moved into the house he formerly occupied.  
Our school opened Monday with a good attendance. Mr. Virgil Storms is principal and Mrs. H. F. Smith assistant.  
Rev. J. M. Witt filled his regular appointment as pastor of the Baptist Church here Sunday.  
J. D. Witt and wife were Verde shoppers Tuesday.  
Mr. Terry and family from near Kerrville were Verde visitors Monday. They were out prospecting and seemed to like Verde fine.  
Mac Dozier of Spring Creek was Verde visitor Tuesday.

**Fire Saturday Night.**  
The fire alarm at about 7 o'clock Saturday evening brought out a big crowd to see mad flames gushing from the roof of the two-story residence on the corner of Jefferson and Mountain streets owned by August Faltin of Comfort and occupied by Mrs. Daisie Kent and Mr. Mullen's family. The fire department was soon in action and with one hose soon had the fire under control and saved the building except the roof which was nearly all burned off.  
All the household effects were carried out and saved but many articles were more or less damaged.  
The fire started in the attic and its origin is unknown. The whole upper story was ablaze before the occupants were aware of it and it was a frightful looking blaze when the fire boys arrived but they went to work heroically and did splendid service for the property owner and credit to themselves.  
There was no insurance either on the building or furniture.  
Benton Williams and Alban Williams, sons of Judge F. A. Williams of Galveston, are in the city enjoying our delightful and healthful climate. They are guests at Mrs. W. E. Williams' Hotel.

**Roth-Hamilton.**  
A quiet wedding was solemnized last Thursday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hamilton, when their second daughter, Miss Edna was united in marriage to Victor E. Roth of New Braunfels. Rev. Father Kemper officiated, using the ring ceremony.  
The wedding march was played by Mrs. J. W. Burney. Growing ferns, pot plants and cut flowers were tastefully arranged in the parlor. Only relatives and a few intimate friends witnessed the ceremony.  
Mr. and Mrs. Roth left on the afternoon train for a brief wedding trip to Galveston. They will be at home at New Braunfels.  
**F. W. Carpenter.**  
After a long but patient illness from tuberculosis Mr. F. W. Carpenter quietly passed away Sunday evening, Oct. 18, at the home of Miss Dora Kane in this city. He came here three years ago from Louisiana for the benefit of his health but, like many others, it appears he came too late.  
His brother came Tuesday and shipped the body back to his former home for burial. Deceased was a young man of splendid qualities and made many friends during his sojourn here.  
C. S. Childs was down from Ingram Tuesday and called in to cheer the Advance man.



**Smiles that Won't Come Off.**  
Will be on the faces of the entire family into which a box of our chocolate almonds or other candy has been introduced. And the smiles will grow broader with each morsel tasted. If you don't believe it buy a box and test it for yourself. The flavor commands favor.  
**PAMPELL**

**Trades Day Bargains**  
Will give special bargains in many lines of goods on Trades Day, Oct. 30th. Make our store your headquarters while here.  
MOSEL, SAENGER & CO.  
Mrs. F. W. Baumann of New Iberia, La. arrived last Wednesday to spend a month with her son, H. Baumann.  
**Mince Meat**  
The very best quality just received.  
C. C. BUTT GROCERY.  
Miss Loudon visited the home folks at Fredericksburg Saturday.  
See the new goods at  
E. A. Wied.  
Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Wied returned from their wedding trip Monday night.  
Have you tried Maxwell House Blend coffee? Highest grade on the market and will give satisfaction.  
A. SCOBLE.  
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kruger and little son visited in San Antonio Sunday.  
**Feed, Feed, Feed!**  
For all kinds of feed, such as oats, corn, corn chops, wheat bran, cotton seed, cotton seed meal, and all kinds of hay call on us.  
MOSEL, SAENGER & CO.  
Mr. S. P. Benton went to San Antonio Sunday to see his brand new grandson, Master William Alvin Davis, born Friday morning, Oct. 16 Mrs. Benton will remain down there to look after the young gentleman for a while.  
J. B. Rees from his farm near the mouth of Turtle creek was in town on business Saturday.  
U. J. Edwards one of the progressive farmers from near Center Point was in the city Saturday.  
Prof. A. Meadows of Ingram was in Kerrville Saturday on business.  
LADIES—send us your dress, dress suit or skirt to clean, press or dye.  
Kerrville Tailoring Co.  
Boyd Jetton, Prop.

**Ingram Locals**  
(Regular Correspondence)  
A nice little rain fell here Sunday. There was preaching at the Baptist church Sunday.  
Mrs. Johennesse and children and Mrs. Will Lackey returned from Morris Ranch Thursday.  
Mr. Everett, Lee Stone and Floyd Nalls returned home Thursday.  
Jack Merritt was in Ingram Saturday from his ranch on the divide.  
Ed Lackey and family visited relatives at Center Point Saturday and Sunday.  
The young people enjoyed a party Saturday night given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Clark.  
Monroe Dowdy visited in Ingram Friday.  
Born—October 14th to Mr. and Mrs. Earl McNeally a girl.

**Mineral Well Water.**  
Bring your jug. 20c per gallon.  
C. C. BUTT GROCERY  
The Satisfactory Store.

**Cleaning and Pressing**  
Let us call for, Clean and Press and deliver your Suit, Dress or Coat Suit. Our new process is the best. GUARANTEED SUITS, \$15 to \$50.  
**THE KERRVILLE TAILORING CO.**  
Near Post Office  
BOYD JETTON, Prop.

**DO NOT WORRY!**  
INSURE YOUR PROPERTY WITH.....  
**Fawcett & Harrison**

**Flag Mountain Dairy**  
H. T. DURANT, Prop'r  
Will deliver fresh milk in town every day.  
Telephone orders to  
PHONE NO. 19 R. KERRVILLE, TEXAS

We show our appreciation for your patronage by giving you the best of everything for your money.  
C. C. BUTT GROCERY.  
Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Howell of Goat Creek were appreciated callers at the Advance office Tuesday. Mrs. Howell ordered the paper sent to her sister, Miss Ethel New, at Nixon.  
See our new goods, such as men's dress shirts, underwear, mens' and ladies' hose, mens' ties, etc.  
E. A. Wied.  
A. J. Gibbons shipped a fine Hereford bull calf to a man in Georgia Tuesday. This calf took one of the blue ribbons at the West Texas Fair and is a beauty.

**Gunter Hotel**  
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS  
Absolutely Fire Proof. Modern. Rates, European, \$1.00 to \$3.00 Per Day  
A Hotel Built for the Climate  
Official Headquarters "A. A. A." PERCY TYRRELL, Manager

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**FIRST STATE BANK**  
CAPITAL \$30,000.00  
Surplus and Profits, 6,000.00  
A GUARANTY FUND BANK  
Prompt and Courteous attention to all customers and all business appreciated.  
We handle large or small loans.  
Call on us whenever we can serve you or further the interests of Kerr and surrounding counties.  
FIRST STATE BANK BUILDING  
South Water Street  
KERRVILLE, TEXAS

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For all kinds of feed, such as oats, corn, corn chops, wheat bran, cotton seed, cotton seed meal, and all kinds of hay call on us.  
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**Mosel, Saenger & Co.**  
DEALERS IN  
GENERAL MERCHANDISE  
Cedar Logs, Posts, Etc.  
Comfortable Camp Yard with water Free to All.  
Clay St. Near R. R. Depot KERRVILLE, TEXAS

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### COTTON ACREAGE REDUCTION BILL

THIS MEASURE WILL BE UP FOR CONSIDERATION THIS WEEK AT AUSTIN.

### OIL MILL-GIN DIVORCE BILL

This Measure Will Also Be Handled By Legislators This Week. No Quorums Saturday.

Austin, Tex.—Struggling along as best it could, without a quorum most of the time, the house Saturday adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday morning without action on the cotton acreage reduction measure, and, by the adoption of a resolution by Mr. Blaylock, not only gave the sergeant at arms the stereotyped instructions to "wire for absent members," but added these instructions to "instruct" the sheriff of each county to bring back absent members of the house, save in case of sickness. No opposition was expressed to this drastic action.

On the contrary, Mr. Blaylock characterized as "disgraceful" the constant difficulty this and the preceding session had in maintaining a quorum. Other members expressed the sentiment that they would send their resignations if they could not remain in Austin for the session.

No quorum was present when the house convened Saturday morning. After fifty minutes of search the sergeant at arms secured a bare quorum. Upon convening at 2 p. m. less than half the members were in their seats. However, until a roll call was demanded upon a motion to adjourn, the house theoretically had a quorum. The roll call disclosed the absence of a quorum; a call was ordered, but finally adjournment was taken until Monday morning at 10 o'clock, it being manifest that the "call" could not "put the quorum together again"—even as all the "king's horses and all the king's men could not restore Humpty Dumpty."

No Quorum in Senate. There was no quorum in the senate Saturday and it adjourned until 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon. The requisite number are certain to be on hand Monday, when consideration of the acreage reduction bill and the oil mill-gin divorce bill will be resumed. The sergeant at arms is instructed to compel the attendance of the absentees.

A wire from the family physician of Senator Westbrook advised that the Collin County man was ill with nervous prostration and asthma and could not be present at this time.

In the absence of Governor Colquitt, nothing developed Sunday in regard to his position with reference to submitting the Allison liquor law amendments for this session or a special session of the thirty-fourth legislature.

A hard fight is to be made in the senate against the oil mill-gin divorce bill, while the cotton acreage reduction bill appears to have a chance for final passage.

Thursday is the last day of the present session. The governor has said that he will not call the present membership for another session, but will wait until after the election and convene the thirty-fourth in special session, provided the people indicate that they desire it. If it is called the Allison law amendments will also be submitted.

#### Reduction Bill Agreed Upon.

All authors of acreage reduction bills got together in the senate Friday and agreed upon a substitute for all bills pending and will press it for final passage. This was in line with the program at Thursday night's adjournment. The substitute is the Willey-Warren-Brelsford proposition changed to provide that next year's cotton acreage shall not exceed 50 per cent of this year's cotton acreage. Violation is punished as a misdemeanor and it will be necessary to prove that it was "willful." It was offered as a substitute for the pending amendments, whereupon an amendment to it was proposed by Mr. Cowell providing that the law shall not apply to persons planting twenty-five acres or less in cotton. Both propositions are now before the senate.

While sentiment in the senate is evenly divided in the matter of compulsory cotton acreage reduction, some advocating voluntary action by planters, a substitute, has an excellent show for final adoption and may receive favorable action when a quorum is next obtained.

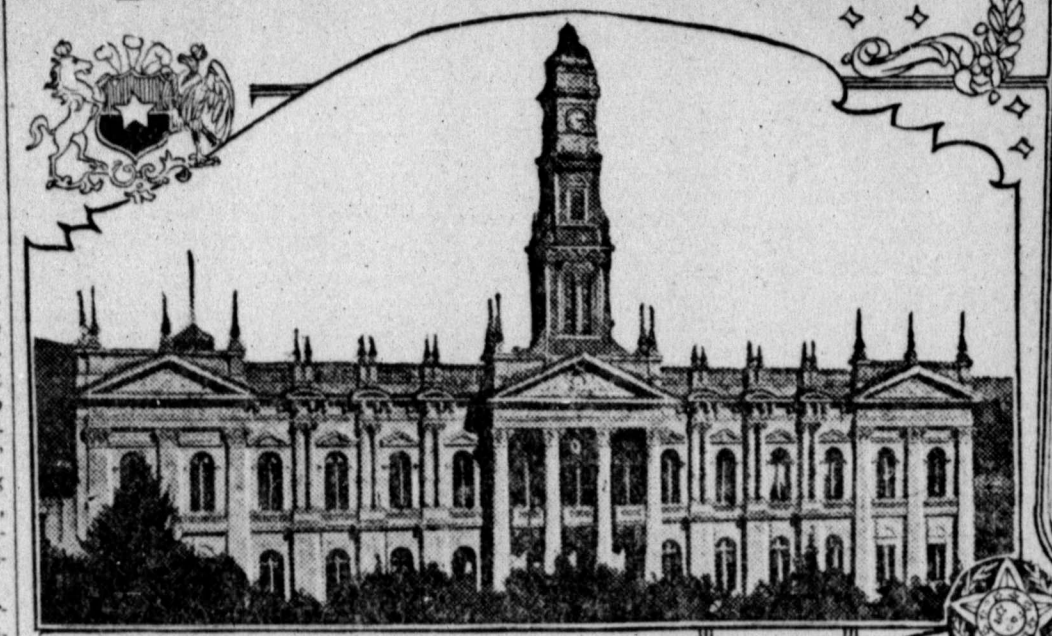
#### Gin Bill Opposition Fights Hard.

Senate opponents of the house bill requiring corporations owning oil mills and gins to divorce such common ownership fought for an hour and a half Friday against receiving the committee report, but lost their contest. However, they had inserted in the journal a statement which may be used in litigation to test the constitutionality of such bill if it is enacted into law, and it now has an excellent chance.

#### British Casualty List.

London.—An official report by General French, commanding the British expeditionary force, gives the total of British killed, wounded and missing from Sept. 12 to Oct. 8 as 561 officers and 12,980 men.

# SOUTH AMERICA NEEDS MONEY



CAPITAL AT LIMA, PERU

CAN the United States spare South America \$500,000,000 during the next five years? Can it supply \$100,000,000 during the next 12 months?

South America wants these amounts within the period stated. The needs of several of the countries are pressing. They must get money somewhere.

When the war cloud broke at least half a dozen countries were negotiating in Europe for loans. Most of them were in the midst of commercial and financial crises due to economic causes which were at work the world over. Part of the loans wanted were merely to take up old obligations by new issues, but in every case there was also a demand for additional capital, which would have increased the total indebtedness.

The war has dealt a death blow to these expectations. In the famous Jockey club at Buenos Aires, where international finance is discussed, it is now perfectly understood that with the European countries staggering for the next 50 years under the debts which the war will create there will be no more loans for South America. The same understanding exists on the coffee exchange in Rio de Janeiro and on the bourse in Santiago.

Temporarily some of the South American countries will suffer as much from the war as the nations which actually are engaged in it. They will not only be unable to obtain money abroad but also their whole foreign commerce will be dislocated through the loss of markets.

Some of the countries have met the emergency by following the example of the European nations and decreeing moratoriums. Harassed South American financial institutions and big commercial firms which were in difficulties may therefore bless the war as avoiding the necessity of forced payments, but they will welcome it only as a means of immediate relief to debtors who otherwise would be forced into bankruptcy.

Brazil has met the situation, brought about through the inability to float new loans, by providing for a new issue of paper currency in addition to the abundant volume which already is in circulation. Time may demonstrate the wisdom or the unwisdom of this action as an emergency measure, but it shows the demoralization that the European war has caused.

South American public men and the diplomatic representatives of the different governments in Washington who know how great the dependence has been on Europe and who understand fully the fiscal status of their respective countries, inevitably turn their eyes to the United States, and it is through them that the query comes as to whether the United States can supply a few hundred millions capital.

The answer which may be given to the question will determine whether the United States is to obtain commercial supremacy and to dominate South America financially.

European financiers who until the New York Stock exchange was closed were getting gold by unloading American securities in their look ahead are now doubtless revolving the same question as to what the United States may do in the way of financing South America. To them the question takes the form of a query: Whether any of the \$2,000,000,000 indebtedness of the South American governments can be shifted to the United States, and if so how soon and under what terms?

Two billion dollars represents in round numbers what the South American countries owe in the form of public debts. What may be called the national debts do not foot up this sum, but the municipal and state or provincial debts, some of which are not guaranteed by the national government, bring up the total.

All the South American countries have had the borrowing habit. Some of the weaker and more reckless ones have given the whole continent a bad name. Yet the truth is that in view of resources and natural wealth and the rapid development that has been going on \$2,000,000,000 is not an extravagant public debt total.

It will be found, moreover, that the very large proportion of the debts has been created by the countries which are solvent and which scrupulously meet their obligations.

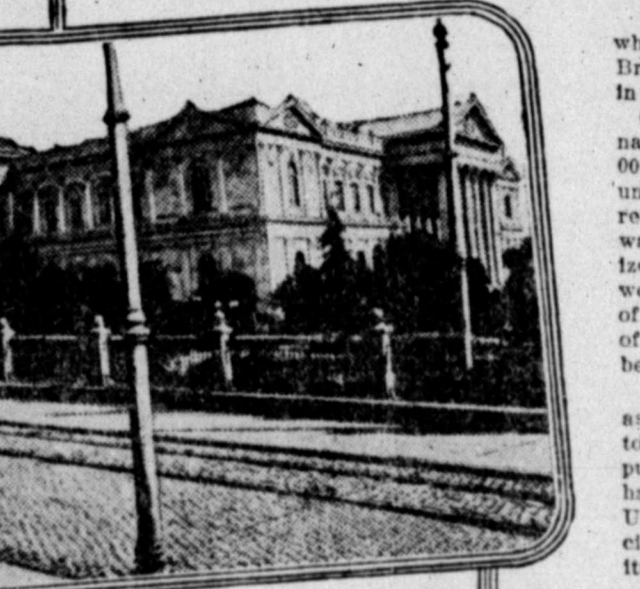
Since the international imbroglio, in which the United States took a hand, Venezuela has been paying off its debt until now the total amount outstanding is less than \$35,000,000.

Colombia has what is known as a consolidated debt, which does not exceed \$24,000,000. The country has managed to meet the interest in a manner to satisfy even the critical British foreign bondholders committee. Colombia, whether it gets the \$25,000,000 Panama gratuity from the United States or not, wants a general loan of something like \$50,000,000 to build railways and rehabilitate the country generally.

Ecuador has a public debt not exceeding \$20,



STREET SCENE IN CARACAS, VENEZUELA



CAPITAL AT SANTIAGO

000,000, most of which grows out of the bonds issued for the Guayaquil and Quito railway. These are held in England, France and the United States. The provision made for the sanitation of Guayaquil carried with it a prospective loan of \$10,000,000. A proposition which was brought to New York bankers a year ago was for a blanket loan of \$45,000,000 to \$50,000,000 to take up outstanding obligations, provide for the sanitation of Guayaquil and to leave a balance for national purposes. A New York banking house a few years ago tided Ecuador over a stringency by means of a temporary loan and realized a very handsome profit.

Peru, after the war with Chile in 1881, was left with a debt so monumental that it never could have recovered if the burden had remained. The country worked out of the situation by turning over the state railways under a long lease to the Peruvian corporation, which was also given the remaining guano deposits and various land concessions.

The Peruvian corporation and the government have had more or less friction under the arrangement; but so far as its status as a borrowing nation was concerned Peru was able to face the world without a big debt. During the last quarter of a century the total indebtedness incurred has not been large. It now amounts approximately to \$35,000,000. Peru was in the market for a loan when the European war broke out.

Bolivia, the midcontinent country of South America, left by the war with Chile without a seaport, also was able to start the peace era without a big national debt. The amount of the different forms of what may be called the Bolivian debt is now between \$19,000,000 and \$20,000,000.

Paraguay, on account of its numerous revolutions and possibly for other reasons, never has had much success in securing money from Europe. Its present public debt is between \$12,000,000 and \$13,000,000. The opening of railway communications with Buenos Aires and other chapters of peaceful development have inclined European financiers to look more favorably on Paraguay, and a loan for the country was in prospect until a month ago. Now, if Paraguay borrows, it will have to be in New York instead of in London.

Taking the group of countries which are not large borrowers out of ken, it will be found that the bulk of the public debts of South American countries are those of the Argentine republic, Brazil, Chile and Uruguay. This group of countries owes Europe—that is, the governments owe Europe—more than \$1,700,000,000. They are able to meet their obligations, though some of the loans may require refunding on new basis.

The borrowing nations are really the A.-B.-C., or mediating South American countries which helped President Wilson settle the Mexican imbroglio, and Uruguay.

The total of the Argentine obligations is variable, according to the amount of cedulas, or national mortgage bonds, which are in circulation,



BAHIA, BRAZIL

Two years ago the Argentine debt was approximately \$657,000,000. A year later it had risen nominally to \$732,000,000.

Something more than a year ago Argentina sought to float a new loan in France, but the conditions were unfavorable. A new loan on the same basis would doubtless still be desirable, but the Argentine government would look to New York rather than to Paris or London for funds.

Brazil's various debt issues now approximate \$650,000,000. There have been loans for public improvements and other objects. Brazil, as a vast country, greater in size than the United States, with undeveloped resources the extent of which is not yet known, has been a free borrower.

Within the last year there have been various propositions for new loans to take up the old ones. It is not likely that any Brazilian loan can now be floated in Europe and none is therefore likely to be sought by the government. Later,

when the inevitable readjustment takes place, Brazil most likely will seek to place her loans in the United States.

Chile now has outstanding obligations in the nature of public debts to the amount of \$210,000,000. The country has borrowed largely on the underlying security of the nitrate beds and the revenue to be obtained from them. The European war interferes with the demand for these fertilizers and a temporary result may be that the workmen in many of the nitrate fields will be out of employment. However, the permanent source of wealth which Chile possesses in the nitrate beds remains.

Uruguay, for an agricultural country, may be assumed to have a pretty large debt, since the total now amounts to \$138,000,000. Yet the republic, which is on the gold standard and which has a dollar worth more than the dollar of the United States holds high rank in European financial circles because of the certainty with which its financial obligations have been met.

A few months ago when an emergency loan of \$10,000,000 was wanted Uruguay made vain efforts to place it in the United States. Ultimately it had to be placed in London, Paris and Antwerp, at 5 1/2%.

By far the larger part of the public debts of the South American countries is held in England. While some of the loans which have been placed through London have been apportioned to other monetary centers in Europe and have been absorbed on the continent probably between seventy and seventy-five per cent of the obligations remain in England.

These general facts about the debts of the South American countries and their distribution in Europe are essential to know in judging of the probability of American capital at some period in the near future relieving Europe of a part of its South American financial burden. Heretofore there has been no market in the United States.

The main question recurs, and on it depend in large degree the future trade relations of the United States with South America: Can the United States spare South America \$500,000,000 during the next five years? Can it supply \$100,000,000 during the next 12 months.

#### COMPARATIVELY LITTLE.

"Awful, isn't it?" "Dreadful! But I did not know you knew about it."

"Why, every paper is full of it!" "Every paper full of the fact that my wife's relatives have come to spend the balance of the summer with us? You must be crazy!"

"You must be crazy! I was referring to the European war situation."

"Huh! I wouldn't be bothered by a little thing like that."

#### QUESTION OF QUALITY.

Little Red Ridinghood, however, was still considerably at a loss.

"Just why," she asked, knitting her pretty brows perplexedly, "do you wish to eat me?"

The Wolf threw one leg carelessly over the other and laughed.

"I've heard so much about this better babies movement," quoth he, and ficked the ashes from his cigarette, "that I wish to see if there's anything in it."—Puck.

#### HAD BEEN THERE BEFORE.

"Right in the midst of the advice you were giving him you broke off and hurried away."

"That's what I did!"

"But he was listening deferentially to all you had to say."

"You bet he was. I never had a man listen to me that deferentially that he didn't try to touch me for five dollars before I got away."

### A NURSE TAKES DOCTOR'S ADVICE

And is Restored to Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Euphemia, Ohio.—"Because of ignorance of how to care for myself when verging into womanhood, I contracted a cold when going to school, which I had severe pneumonia for a month. I had severe pneumonia for a month which always meant a lay-up for two to four days. I was 16 years old."

"I went to Kansas to get the Pinkham remedy, but they then as my father's business was limited. At last I came home to Ohio to my home for the first time."

"The Change of Life came at 47 years old and about this my physical condition pined in one of your advertisements. I began using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I cannot tell you or any one the relief it gave me in the first three months. It put me right where I need not lay off every month and during the last 15 years I have not paid out two dollars to a doctor, and have been blessed with excellent health for a woman of my age and I can thank Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for it."

"Since the Change of Life is over I have been a maternity nurse and being wholly self-supporting I cannot overestimate the value of good health. I have now earned a comfortable little home just by sewing and nursing. I have recommended the Compound to many with good results, as it is excellent to take before and after childbirth."—Miss EVELYN ADELIA STEWART, Euphemia, Ohio.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

#### AGENTS DON'T STICK TO A DEAD LINE

If you are looking for a real live product sell "ELECTRIC SILVER POLISH." Something entirely new, full half pint case sell for 25 cents. As a special advertising proposition, we are giving a CENTINTE BIRTHDAY SAFETY RAZOR FREE with each case. Every family needs a razor. Agents can work for CASH OR FUTURE ADVANCEMENTS. You take your chance. We have been in business for over a quarter of a century. Write today for full particulars and the money-back guarantee. THE ELECTRIC CLEANING CO., Canton, Ohio.

Louisiana Copeage Co., Plaquemine, La. Manufacturers of Copeage. Copeage is a specialty. It is made in Louisiana and is sold in Louisiana and in all other states.

#### Why He Objected.

A parson and a leading parishioner were not on good terms, and there was much speculation in the village as to the reason.

"It's all on account of parson refusing to christen master's young child," the housemaid confided to her friend of the dusting brush at the house across the way. "Master would have her to be named Dora Ruth North. He object, but the parson n't do it."

"He like parson," said her friend, "even if he give the child a hundred name."

"Oh, it wasn't the number of which bothered him," returned the servant. "He objected to the name that's all. You see, master's name Beer, and the girl's initials are D. N. K., and parson declined to be a party to her having to sign herself when she grows up, 'Drink Beer.'"

London Answers.

#### Her Reason.

Tom—Why were you weeping in the picture show?

Jess—It was a moving picture.—Judge.

Once in about seven thousand years a man manages to hit the mark when he shoots off his mouth.

The mule that gets in the first kick usually wins the scrap.

#### FOUND OUT.

A Trained Nurse Discovered Its Effect.

No one is in better position to know the value of food and drink than a trained nurse.

Speaking of Postum, a nurse in Pa. writes: "I used to drink strong coffee myself, and suffered greatly from headaches and indigestion."

"While on a visit to my brother-in-law, I had a good chance to try Postum coffee. After using Postum for a few days I found I was much better. My final my headaches disappeared, and also the indigestion."

"Naturally I have since used Postum among my patients, and have had a marked benefit where coffee has been left off and Postum used."

"I observe a curious fact. Postum greatly helps the flow of milk in cases where coffee is inclined to dry up, and where tea causes nervousness."

"I find trouble in getting servants to make Postum properly. But when it is prepared according to directions on package and served hot with cream, it is certainly a delicious beverage."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 20c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, made a delicious beverage instantly. 30c and 50c tins.

The cost per cup of both kinds is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.—sold by Grocers.







**THE KERRVILLE ADVANCE**

Published Every Thursday at Kerrville, Texas, by T. A. Buckner.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

Entered in the U. S. Mails as second class matter at Kerrville, Texas, on Oct. 17, 1912, according to act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

**Safety First and Booze**

The National Congress on Industrial Safety in session at Chicago last week devoted a day to the discussion of the liquor question. All attacked and not one defended drinking liquor or beer. One chief inspector of the department of labor and industry said 60 per cent or more of industrial accidents are attributable to liquor. Another asserted that milk had taken the place liquor used to hold. Milk wagons call at the factories and the workmen buy bottles of fresh, pure milk instead of impure alcoholic drinks. The men are now being paid in cash instead of checks which many heretofore cashed in saloons. All railroads, factories and other industrial organizations are joining the churches and schools in the war on saloons. Poor old booze will soon be without a friend.

The convicts are advocating prohibition. In the Illinois penitentiary 1200 out of 1300 male convicts signed a petition to the Legislature in favor of prohibition and asserting that at least 70 per cent of the crime in Illinois could be directly attributed to the use of intoxicating liquors.

The State Bankers' association will meet at Dallas tomorrow, 23rd inst., to consider the cotton situation and the advisability of joining the Federal reserve system. We understand the First State Bank of Kerrville will be represented, and expects to be able to advance \$20 a bale on cotton.

The United States is going to have the greatest opportunity in its experience to profit in many ways by the war. South America needs our help very badly, and is willing to pay well for it. Read the interesting illustrated feature article on the subject elsewhere in this issue of the ADVANCE.

Let "hogs and hominy" be your principal crop next year. It is a splendid combination and will solve the meat and lard problem which costs this county so many thousands of dollars to finance each year.

**Local Notes**

Mrs. Tom Wellborn and Mrs. Dr. Nims from near Center Point were Kerrville visitors Saturday.

Our fresh line of Dried Fruits just received at E. A. Wied.

Mrs. Robert Rees and daughter Miss Maggie, and Miss Opal Hodges were visitors to this city last Saturday.

**Our Free Camp Yard**

is the best in Kerrville. Make it your headquarters while in the city on Trades Day, Oct. 30. Good camp house, plenty of stalls and water. MOSEL, SAENGER & CO.

The Misses Coldwell and their guests, Mrs. Ward and baby of Brownwood, came up Saturday from the Coldwell farm and spent a while visiting in this city.

Fresh sauer kraut in barrels. Order any amount, we'll fill the bill at H. Noll Stock Co.

Miss Clara Corkill left Sunday for San Antonio on a visit to her sister, Mrs. A. R. Jones.

Old goods are going out and new goods are coming in at E. A. Wied's, Newman old stand.

Latest style ladies caps in silk and mercerized cotton. Price 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 at H. Noll Stock Co.

Rev. P. A. Brunner was to have gone to conduct services at Comfort Sunday but was taken seriously ill Sunday morning and had to call in the appointment.

We still have some big bargains in shoes and hats. Call and look through our stock and you will be sure to buy. E. A. Wied.

Commissioner J. M. Webb came down from the upper Guadalupe Saturday to attend a special meeting of the county court.

Fresh apples, oranges, lemons, bananas, etc., at E. A. Wied's.

**GRAHAM-BARTON.**

Mr. Hiram Graham of Sabinal and Mrs. Mary E. Barton of Kerrville were married at the court house last Saturday by Judge Lee Wallace. They departed at once for Sabinal where they will make their home.

Prof. Virgil Storms from Camp Verde was in the city Saturday. Mr. Storms will be the principal teacher in the Camp Verde school this term which will begin next Monday.

Red or blue rubberized rain capes for misses, ages 6 to 16 years. Prices \$2 to \$2.90, new goods. H. Noll Stock Co.

Mrs. E. B. Williams received a letter last week from Mrs. K. H. Parker at Alice stating that their daughter, Miss Nora, died on the 30th of September. Miss Parker was an invalid for some years before the family left here and their many friends will join us in extending them sympathy in the parting of their loved one.

Dr. Williams office across street opposite Rock Drug Store. Phone 167.

Call on me at Newman old stand. I will treat you right and be glad to have your patronage. E. A. Wied.

Miss Alice Starkey has returned from an extended visit to her brother in Denver, Colo. While there she had the pleasure of hearing Billy Sunday, the noted evangelist, in one of his great revival meetings in which over 5000 were converted.

Our dress goods department and shoe department best values in Kerrville, at H. Noll Stock Co.

Dyeing, Cleaning, Pressing and Altering done with neatness. Kerrville Tailoring Co., Next door to Self's Jewelry Store.

**Announcements**

**For County Attorney**

The Advance is authorized to announce W. G. Garrett as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Attorney of Kerr county at the ensuing November election.

**For County Judge**

We are authorized to announce Lee Wallace as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Judge of Kerr County at the ensuing election in November.

**For County and District Clerk**

We are authorized to announce John R. Leavell as a candidate for re-election to the office of County and District Clerk of Kerr County at the ensuing November election.

**For Sheriff and Tax Collector**

The Advance is authorized to announce GEORGE MCELROY as a candidate for the office of Sheriff and Tax-Collector of Kerr County at the ensuing November election.

We are authorized to announce J. T. Moore as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff and Tax Collector of Kerr County at the ensuing November election.

**For County Treasurer**

We are authorized to announce A. B. Williamson as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Treasurer of Kerr County at the ensuing November election.

We are authorized to announce Ally Beitel as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer of Kerr County at the ensuing November election.

**For Tax Assessor**

We are authorized to announce W. G. Peterson as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Assessor of Kerr County at the ensuing November election.

**For Commissioner, Pre. No. 1.**

We are authorized to announce F. A. Karger as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner of Pre. No. 1, Kerr County, at the ensuing November election.

The Advance is authorized to announce George Williams as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner of Pre. No. 1, Kerr County, at the ensuing November election.

**For Commissioner, Pre. No. 4.**

The Advance is authorized to announce J. J. Denton as a candidate for County Commissioner of Pre. No. 4, Kerr County, at the ensuing November election.

We are authorized to announce J. C. Sing as a candidate for the office of county commissioner of Pre. No. 4, Kerr County, at the ensuing November election.



I am now well stocked with Buggies, Hacks, etc.

**Harness and Saddle**

I have in stock the very best brands of buggies such as the

**Henney, the Freeport, the Vealie, the Hercules and Moon Buggies**

and can fit you up with anything you want in the buggy line. My prices are right and I will save you money if you see me before you buy.

**I am overstocked on Horse Collars**

and will put on a Special Sale on them from now until November 1st.

**J. E. PALMER**

Lowry Building, Kerrville, Texas

**Wait Paint**

There are painters and waiters. Which am I going to do? Paint or wait? Which is better? How much am I worth with my property waiting? How much if I paint? Will my house be worth more or less if I paint?

Say it costs \$2 a gallon Devoe—I wouldn't paint any other—and \$3 or \$4 more for putting it on. That's \$50 or \$60 a 10-gallon job.

The money is gone. Is it in the house? Is it all in the house?

Suppose I were selling; what should I get for that house fresh painted and what should I get for it needing-paint? I wonder why men paint before selling!

DEVOE H. Noll Stock Co. Sells it.

**S. A. & A. P. Time Table**

Daily No. 41	Daily No. 43	Daily No. 42	Daily No. 44
5 05 P. M.	8 10 A. M.	Lv. San Antonio Ar. 9 05 A. M.	8 55 P. M.
6 24 "	9 33 "	" Boerne "	6 45 "
6 56 "	10 07 "	" Waring "	5 14 "
7 15 "	10 25 "	" Comfort "	4 55 "
7 35 "	10 46 "	" Center Point "	4 35 "
8 15 "	11 35 "	Ar. KERRVILLE Lv. 6 00 "	3 45 "

Phone 31

P. O. Box 331

**Gilbert C. Storms**

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Office at Kerrville, Texas

Practice in all courts. Abstracts of Land Titles made on short notice.

Men and Women Wanted

to sell the most remarkable bargain in the magazine world this year.

Regular Price Both \$2.00  
Delineator, 1.50 To One Person

A monthly salary and a liberal commission on each order. Salaries run up to \$200.00 per month, depending on the number of orders. This work can be done in your spare time. No investment or previous experience necessary. We furnish full equipment free.

The Butterick Publishing Company NEW YORK 335 Hudson Street



**Anything in Lumber That you want quick**

Can be found in our large and well assorted stock—all thoroughly seasoned and in prime condition for immediate use.

Joist, Dimension, Sills, Siding, Casing, Base, Ceiling, Moulding, Flooring, Shingles, Sash and Blinds.

We have everything essential to all sorts of building work and can save you time and annoyance and guarantee you entire satisfaction.

Hillyer-Deutsch Lumber Co. KERRVILLE CENTER POINT

**JEWELRY**

Everything in Jewelry and First class Repairing at Reasonable Prices.

W. R. JAY, Jeweler and Optician WITH THE KERRVILLE DRUG CO.

Herman Mosel J. M. Peterson G. W. Moore

**CITIZENS LUMBER CO.**

A HOME ENTERPRISE

The Place, The Price, The Quality

Let Us Figure With You on Your Next Bill.

REMSCHEL OLD STAND

KERRVILLE, TEXAS

**Fine Candies, Fruits and all kinds of Confections**

Headquarters for the Best CIGARS

**PEARSON CONFECTIONERY**



# ECONOMY SALE WEEK

One solid week devoted to the earnest Appeal to the Sense of ECONOMY A Great Demonstration of the MORE GOODS FOR LESS MONEY.

*Begins Saturday, Oct. 24*  
**LASTS SEVEN DAYS**

The Things you Actually Need Right Now at **PRICES FAR BELOW** Your Expectations. Come and be convinced and tell all your friends.

## The Purchasing Power of a Broken Dollar AND WHAT IT WILL DO THIS WEEK AT THE MODEL VARIETY STORE

Economy Sale Week offers you the Opportunity. Seven Days of Fast Selling. Be here and watch us Move The Goods. Come early and get Your Share of these Wonderful Bargains. Read this ad carefully.

### GRAND SPECIAL

**Six Cups and Saucers for 25 cents**

That is what the Economy price does. We have 50 Sets of these Cups and Saucers that we are going to place on Sale this week at Economy Sale at **25c a Set**

### Ribbons, Ribbons, Ribbons!

Here is where the broken Dollar is most powerful. One hundred pieces of beautiful Ribbon in stripes, flowers and solid colors, for the hair and sashes. Ribbons in widths from 40 to 150. These Ribbons run as high as 40c a yard. We place the whole lot at Economy Sale Special price, **10c a yard.**

### New Hoods, Scarfs, Shawls, Auto Caps

Too many to quote the prices of all, but the Economy Sale Price will put them where there will be a rush for them. All new goods and some beauties.

### Ladies' Short Kimonas.

Good Fleece lined and a fine 35c value. We offer these Kimonas in this Economy Sale week. **19c each**

### Some Little Things at Bargain Prices

2 tin cups, pints	5c	2 hair nets	95c
1 Good Flour Sifter	9c	1 can talcum 1 lb. can	99c
1 Clothes Line	15c	1 box Toilet soap 3 bars	99c
1 Big galv. water bucket	20c	2 good writing Tablets	65c
1 box matches 1000 to box	05c	1 pr. Carpet Slippers	25c
2 paraffin pins for	05c	1 lamp globe No. 1, or 2	95c

### Sweaters, Sweaters!

Are you prepared for the next cold spell? Our showing this season in Sweaters for men, women and children is complete. Prices from 39c to \$6.00. The Economy Sale price on these are something wonderful and you should not fail to see them.

### Mens' Dress Shirts

Just 100 high grade Mens' Shirts, soft finish Pongee, and other fine materials. This lot is priced at \$1.00 to \$1.50 each and a splendid value at that, but Economy Sale week puts them to **79 Cents Each**

### Mens' and Womens' Grey Mixed Cotton Hose 5 cents a pair.

Now that is getting down to the present price of cotton, and here is where the Economy Sale Week is getting in some good work. Don't fail to call for some of these. **5c a pair**

### EXTRA SPECIAL

**All Outing Flannels and Gingham 8c**  
These consist of all 10c and 12c grades  
**Economy Sale Price, 8 cents a yard.**

### Calicos at 4c a Yard.

Just one week only we are going to offer you pick of our Calicos at the sensational low price of **4c a yard.**

### GRAND SPECIAL

**Six Dinner Plates for 25 cents.**

50 Sets 9-inch Dinner Plates, a high grade ware and worth 50c a set. We are going to offer just 50 sets of these plates for the Economy Sale week at **25c a Set**

### Laces, Laces, Laces!

Just think of nice, beautiful, all Linen Torchon Laces at 5c yard. That is just what we are going to sell it at during this Economy Sale and we have thousands of 10c and 15c values that we are going to place in this one lot and for one week only.  
**Price 5 cents a yard.**

### Childrens' Union Suits

Nice quality fleeced lined Union suits, for boys and girls. You know what they are worth, but listen to the Economy week Sale **Price 19c a Suit.**

### 1000 Pieces Enamel and China Ware

The greatest values ever offered you and the big sensation of this Economy Week Sale. In this assortment you will find nearly every article used for cooking and serving, and some are valued as high as 35c each, but the Economy Sale Price puts them **Your Choice, 5c each.**

Just come look at this bargain and wonder what's coming next.

### Ladies and Childrens Coats

All kinds and styles, and prices from \$1.00 to \$7.00. These Coats will all be reduced to the very lowest Economy Sale Price which means a great saving for you. Come see our Coats. We are receiving new ones daily.

Our **SHOE DEPARTMENT** is complete in every respect and we are going to offer you some real Bargains in Shoes During this Economy Sale. We can save you big money on your Shoes. See our Line and get the Economy Sale Prices.

# MODEL VARIETY STORE

The Store that Moves the Goods

South Water Street

KERRVILLE, TEXAS



GERMAN MOTOR TRAIN DESTROYED BY FRENCH



This German motor train was attacked by French dragoons in the forest of Villers-Cotteret and utterly destroyed.

GERMANS MARCH SOUTH ON THE FRENCH COAST

Germans Try For Dunkirk on English Channel--Allies Check March of Tuetons

Summary of News to Date.

A dispatch dated Monday from Dunkirk to London says: "Severe fighting is taking place today. Heavy firing has been heard at Dunkirk since 8 o'clock this morning. It is supposed that destroyers or gunboats are being used in the canals."

The progress of the allies in Northern France and Belgium is indicated by the statement issued by the British official press bureau that in the northern area the Germans have been driven back more than thirty miles. This is in part confirmed by an Amsterdam dispatch, which says that the Germans have evacuated Courtrai, which is a very considerable distance to the northeast of Lille.

On this important phase of the great battle the latest official statements issued by the French war office give little information, except for the recording of the recapture of Armentieres by the allies and the repulse of several attacks by Germans in Belgium, with a notable advance north of Arras. There has been fighting also in the neighborhood of Saint Die, where the Germans have been endeavoring to force their way through the French lines.

The Austro-German and Russian reports of the fighting in the east continue contradictory of each other. In the south the Serbians again announce successes to their arms against the Austrians.

Disquietude prevails in Asiatic Turkey, according to a news agency dispatch. The governor of Alexandretta has threatened to burn his city if British or French warships appear. In Smyrna a similar condition of uneasiness prevails, and the American ambassador to Turkey has been requested to send the American relief cruiser North Carolina there in the fear that her arrival might cause disorder.

An Amsterdam newspaper learns that the Germans from Zebruege have shelled the Belgian lightship off that port, forcing the crew to desert their posts and leaving the lightship dark.

Anti-German mobs in London have wrecked twenty bakeries, butcher shops and saloons belonging to Germans and looted the stores and also the dwelling places of their owners above them.

Eight hundred Austrian sailors and mechanics have arrived in Constantinople to serve in the Turkish navy and forts.

The steamer Brindilla, now flying the American flag but formerly sailing under the German flag as the Washington, has been taken into Halifax as a prize of war by the British auxiliary cruiser Caronia. She is reported to have contraband of war in her cargo.

While the armies of the allies and the German invaders are preparing their mighty lines stretching from the Belgian coast southward for a great battle, the ships of war in the North Sea again are showing activity. The British have avenged the sinking of the cruiser Hawke by a German submarine with a swift descent upon four German torpedo boat destroyers, which they sent to the bottom.

The Canadian troops, who arrived at Plymouth, have been ordered landed and already are on their way to Salisbury Plains, where camps have been prepared for them. The first of the Canadians to be brought ashore was a contingent of the famous Strathcona Horse, very similar to the American Rough Riders.

Princess Mary, daughter of King George and Queen Mary, has started a movement for the soldiers and sailors fighting for their country. She wants each of them to get a Christmas present.

Captain Cecil H. Fox, who was commander of the ill-fated cruiser Amphion, destroyed by a German mine on Aug. 6, was in command of the light cruiser Undaunted and the four British torpedo boat destroyers Lance, Lennox, Legion and Loyal, which engaged the Germans off the Dutch coast. The battle must have been fast, for the British had only one officer and four men wounded, while the official report issued by the admiralty says 31 survivors of the German destroyers are prisoners of war. This would mean that nearly 400 Germans went down with their ships.

In the land fighting the British troops have captured Fromelles, an important position southwest of Lille on the French left, while the French commander has been receiving aid from sailors of the French fleet on the important strategic position between Ypres and the sea. The French sailors are said to have repulsed a German attack and captured detachments of cavalry and infantry.

Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty, declares that the sending of British naval brigades to Antwerp was part of a large operation for the relief of the city, and that their withdrawal was not because of any attack by the Germans, but "in obedience to the general strategic situation."

The Holland-American liner Noordam, which left New York Oct. 6 and was reported to have reached Falmouth Oct. 15, has been damaged by a mine in the North Sea and is believed to be proceeding to Rotterdam.

The latest British casualty list includes among the killed Major General Hubert I. W. Hamilton, who was closely associated with Field Marshal Kitchener in South Africa and India.

The steam trawler Ajax, out of Grimsby, has been blown up in the North Sea by a German mine. Nine members of the crew lost their lives.

The king and queen of the Belgians are at the headquarters of the Belgian army.

According to wounded German officers, prisoners in an English hospital, it is said General von Arnim has succeeded General von Kluck in command of the right wing of the German army in France.

A semi-official Russian news agency is sending out the following: "Turkish delusions tend to diminish. Certain liberal Turks are manifesting discontent with German domination. In Constantinople there have been hostile manifestations before the German embassy."

Ostend, the famous Belgian resort on the North Sea, was occupied by the troops of Emperor William Thursday, according to a German official report arriving from Berlin by way of London.

The Germans have reached the goal for which they aimed immediately after the capture of Antwerp. Their forces now are only sixty-five miles across the sea from Dover and 115 miles from London. On their way to Ostend the Germans took Bruges, which previously was reported to have been deserted and where no resistance was expected.

That Emperor William of Germany is following with sharpest interest the fortunes of his soldiers is indicated by the fact that his headquarters have been moved further into France. The imperial German chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, and his suite have arrived at Brussels.

The Belgian government before moving to Havre ordered all males between the ages of 18 and 45 to enter the army within two days on pain of being considered traitors. King Albert remains at the head of his army, a part of which has formed a junction with the allies.

BOUQUET FOR THE FIGHTER



German soldier receiving a bouquet from a loyal frau as he is marching through the streets of Berlin on his way to the scene of battle.

The Marquis di San Guillano, Italian minister of foreign affairs, is dead. The Marquis is said to have been friendly to Germany. He was reputed to be opposed to the sympathy in Italy for the allies and the hostility toward Austria. The Italian premier, Signor Salandra, will take temporarily the portfolio of foreign affairs. It is said the death of the marquis will not affect Italy's foreign policy.

In the sinking of the British cruiser Hawke by a German submarine, only one officer and sixty-two men of her crew of 400 are known to have been rescued.

The line of battle of the north extends over the most historic ground in Flanders, where, "on the field of the Cloth of Gold," Francis I and Henry VIII had their celebrated meeting in 1520. Owing to the sinuous character of the line of battle, the total length of it from the coast of Belgium to the Swiss border now reaches nearly 360 miles.

Fighting is still going on between the Austro-German and Russian armies near Warsaw and the Galician fortress of Przemyel continues to hold out against the attacks of the Russians.

Vienna reports that according to an official German communication the Austro-German armies have relieved the fortress of Przemyel.

The bombardment of Rheims continues and the Rheims cathedral has been subjected to another shelling.

Already the revolting forces in South Africa under Colonel Maritz have been engaged by a column of the Union of South Africa troops and eighty of the rebels captured. Commandants, burghers and field cornets are flocking to the standard of General Louis Botha in answer to his appeal for assistance in putting down the rebellion under Maritz.

Sweeping claims of victories over the Serbians and Montenegrins are made at Vienna. On the other hand the Serbian government in an optimistic statement says that Belgrade no longer is in danger and some government business is resumed at the capital. Foodstuff is declared to be so abundant that its export from Serbia is permitted.

In the south the Serbian and Montenegrin troops claim a victory at Glasinatz, Bosnia, over the Austrians. Commandants representing all the Congo Free State north of Bloemfontein have placed their services at the disposal of General Botha, commander in chief of the forces of the union of South Africa.

A news dispatch from Rome says that fire in the Austro-Hungarian arsenal at Trieste damaged a dreadnought and six torpedo boat destroyers. Several workmen suspected of incendiarism have been arrested.

Petrograd reports no change on the Eastern Prussian and Central Viastala fronts, but claims a victory for a Russian column over the Austrians south of Przemyel.

The British royal family left London for a stay at Sandringham, a resort on the North Sea ninety miles north of London.

Another Cruiser Lost to England.

London.—Another thrust from the German submarine service has robbed the British navy of the cruiser Hawke and has raised the tally of the British warships sunk by the Germans to seven. To this must be added the virtual destruction of the cruiser Pegasus by a German warship at Zanzibar.

The Hawke, a cruiser of 7,350 tons, under command of Captain Hugh Williams, was sunk Friday in the North Sea, the graveyard of six other victims of German torpedoes.

Bad aim on the part of the German gunner saved the Hawke's sister ship, the Theseus, for that vessel, too, was attacked, but she escaped.

The exact complement aboard the Hawke numbered 550. She was built several years ago, and it is believed her crew was not up to full complement. According to one report, she had only 400 aboard. Whatever number, only seventy-three men were saved, as far as is known.

The admiralty announces additional survivors of the cruiser Hawke, consisting of Lieutenant Commander Rosoman and twenty men, who were saved by a raft.

Ostend Occupied by Germans.

London.—The Germans entered Ostend at 10:30 o'clock Thursday.

Their appearance excited a tremendous commotion among the hundreds of refugees who had been unable to get away and stood panic-stricken on the quays. There was an outburst of groans and hoots, mingled with screams and cries.

Germany Making 21.45-Inch Guns.

New York.—Adolph F. Gall, an engineer in the Edison laboratories, who arrived Tuesday on the Heig Olav, said Germany was building a number of guns which would make the 16-inch siege guns used against Liege, Namur and Antwerp "look like bean blowers."

The guns, according to Mr. Gall, will have a caliber of 19.50 and 21.45 inches, and are being rushed to completion at the Krupp plant in Essen.

"The new guns will shoot from twenty-one to twenty-five miles," Mr. Gall said. "The Germans plan to supplant the present batteries of 16-inch guns with these and then mount the old guns on the battlefields."

"Then, if the German army has captured Ostend and some other points along the channel, the new big guns will be ranged there to hold off the British navy and troop ships. In this way the Germans feel they can control a considerable portion of the English channel off Calais and Ostend. One shot from either of these guns would demolish a dreadnought."

England Faces Revolt in Africa.

London.—The rebellion of a section of the Dutch element in South Africa, which broke Tuesday with the suddenness of a bolt from the blue sky, is the first warning note that has marred the harmony in the British empire since the outbreak of the war, and it has momentarily diverted attention from the arena near the heart of the empire.

That this rising was real and dangerous was sufficiently proved by official dispatches from Governor General Buxton to the imperial government and by the drastic step General Louis Botha and his colleagues have taken to stamp it out by the imposition of martial law in the whole Union of South Africa.

The proclamation of martial law directly charges the widespread secret propaganda of the Germans with being responsible for the seduction of the command which was one of the four armies sent in the field when the Union government undertook to relieve the home government of the task of dealing with the German colonies in the continent of Africa.

It apparently is the belief of General Botha's government that others besides the immediate command of Colonel Maritz may have been affected, hence the inclusion of the whole dominion in the order establishing martial law.

The attempt by the Germans to turn the flank of the allies and obtain possession of the ports of Ostend, Dunkirk and Calais has been unsuccessful, for the Germans came face to face Friday with a strong opposing allied army, which compelled them to fall back after severe fighting.

What is known as the "marching wing" of the allies is continually in contact with the German troops and completely covers the approach to the coast towns. When they fought a pitched battle west of Lille, the Germans were forced to make a masked retreat from Laventie in the direction of Lille, their occupation of which last Tuesday by 30,000 men appears destined to be of short duration.

The anti-Austrian war fever in Italy is said to be abating, while Turkey continues in a truculent mood.

London.—The following official statement has been received from Berlin by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company: "Enormous quantities of provisions of all kinds were captured in Antwerp. The garrison of the northern forts and 13,000 English fled to Holland where they were disarmed. The English themselves are said to have blown up ten of the Antwerp forts. The Belgians estimate they lost 20,059 men as prisoners. When the fall of Antwerp was made known to the allies the French cavalry was withdrawn."

MEXICAN BATTLE AT NACO, SONORA

FOUR NEGRO TROOPERS AND THREE CIVILIANS WOUNDED AT NACO, ARIZ., DURING NIGHT.

SHOT ON AMERICAN SIDE

Two Hundred and Fifty Disabled Mexican Soldiers Were Brought Across the Border for Medical Aid.

Naco, Ariz.—Two hundred and fifty Mexicans wounded during the attack on Naco, Sonora, were brought to Naco Sunday through special permission from the Washington government. The Carranza government had promised they will be attended without expense to the American state or national government.

This action came as a result of an appeal made through Governor Hunt, in which it was asserted that if the Mexican town was taken by Governor Maytorena's Indians the wounded would be killed.

Only forty-seven patients were allowed to remain, the permission for their reception covering only those seriously wounded. One of those received died late Sunday. His body was returned to Naco, Sonora, for burial.

It was planned to send the wounded to Douglas, where there are better hospital facilities, but so far authority to do this has not been given.

Both sides during prolonged battle have been threatening to execute the wounded.

Several times the hospitals which bore the Red Cross flag have been struck by pieces of shells.

The Mexican soldiers presented a pitiful appearance. Their wounds were unusually serious, since both sides have been using soft nose bullets.

Naco, Ariz.—It was learned late Saturday that the Maytorena forces, partisans of the Villa faction in the Mexican imbroglio, had been defeated with heavy losses during their attack on Naco, Sonora, Friday night and early Saturday.

Maytorena not only disregarded the armistice fixed by the Aguascalientes conference, but attacked the Mexican town from due south, although he had given orders to prevent fire against the American town.

Bullets from the rifles of the Indians, who hurried themselves against the intrenchments of the Carranza forces under General Hill, struck in this village. Several persons were wounded, including four negro troopers of the Ninth United States Cavalry.

The American soldiers crouched behind boiler plate fortifications along the American side of the boundary as the bullets pattered against the steel.

Two of the most seriously wounded troopers, neither of whom is expected to live, were sent to the army hospital at Fort Huachuca.

Naco, Ariz.—General Hill and Governor Maytorena, rival commanders in the Naco battle which for more than two weeks has endangered residents on the American side, were notified Friday officially that an armistice had been agreed upon at the Aguascalientes conference.

The telegrams were signed by General Antonio Villareal, mentioned prominently as a possibility for provisional president, who acted as president of the conference of Carranza, Villa and Zapata delegates.

General Hill at once answered that he would comply with the armistice, but would continue to defend the town in case of attack.

Maytorena batteries late Friday tossed several shells into Naco. This was taken as indicating the Sonora governor's defiance of the order, although he has been operating, supposedly, under orders from General Villa.

Sheriff Harry Wheeler Friday again urged Governor Hunt to use his influence in Washington to alter the present army orders which prevent the wounded from being brought from Naco to this side for care. Wheeler declared in his message that more than two hundred wounded of Hill's troops were in danger of being massacred in case Maytorena's Indian troops took the town.

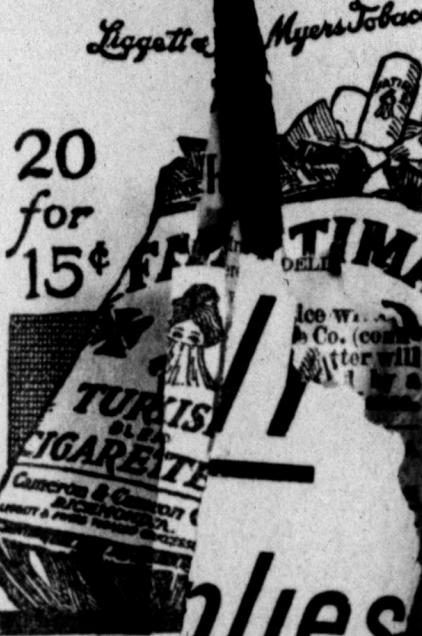
W. L. DOUGLAS

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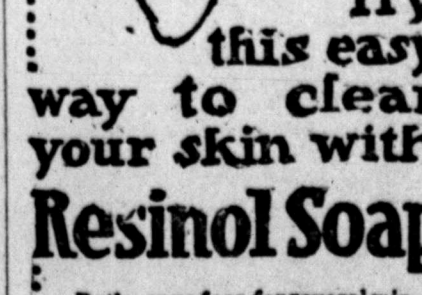
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# The Land of Broken Promises

A Stirring Story of the Mexican Revolution

By DANE COOLIDGE

Author of "The Fighting Fool," "Hidden Waters," "The Texican," Etc. Illustrations by Don J. Lavin

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"That, in truth, is no jest to the Mexican people. This man has betrayed us all; he has ruined the country and set brother against brother. And now, while we starve because the mines are shut down, he gathers his family about him in the city and lives fat on the money he has stolen."

He ran on in this style, after the fashion of the revoltosos, and by the very commonplace of his fulminations Bud was thrown completely off his guard. That was the way they all talked, these worthless bandit-beggars—that and telling how they loved the Americans—and then, if they got a chance, they would stick a knife in your back.

He listened to the big man with a polite toleration, being careful not to turn his back, and at a few bites as he waited, but though it was coming dusk the Mexicans were in no hurry to depart. Perhaps they hoped to stop for the night and get him in his sleep. Still they lingered on, the leader sitting on a log and continuing his harangue.

Then, in the middle of a sentence, and while Bud was bending over the fire, the Mexican stopped short and leaned to one side. A tense silence fell, and Hooker was waked from his trance by the warning click of a gunlock. Suddenly his mind came back to his guests, and he ducked like a flash, but even as he went down he heard the hammer click!

The gun had snapped!

Instantly Hooker's hand leaped to his pistol and he fired from the hip pointblank at the would-be murderer. With a yell to the others, one of the Mexicans sprang on him from behind and tried to bear him down. They struggled for a moment while Bud shot blindly with his pistol and went down fighting.

Bud was a giant compared to the stunted Mexicans, and he threw them about like dogs that hang on to a bear. With a man in each hand he rose to his feet, crushing them down beneath him; then, in despair of shaking off his riders, he staggered a few steps and hurled himself over backward into the fire.

A yell of agony followed their fall and, as the live coals bit through the Mexican's thin shirt, he fought like a cat to get free. Rocks, pots and kettles were kicked in every direction, and when Hooker leaped to his feet the Mexicans scrambled up and rushed madly for the creek.

But, though Bud was free, the battle had turned against him, for in the brief interval of his fight the other two Mexicans had run for their guns. The instant he rose they covered him. Their chief, who by some miracle had escaped Bud's shot, gave a shout for

## CHAPTER XIX—Continued.

He looked the adolescent house over thoughtfully. Listened long to the news of the border. He knew where he was. He knew where he was. He knew where he was.

CHAPTER XX.

In a country where witnesses to a crime are imprisoned along with the principals and kept more or less indefinitely in jail, a man thinks twice before he reports to the police.

With four dead Mexicans to the Yaqui's account, and Del Rey in charge of the district, Hooker followed his second thought—the safest nothing and took his chances on being arrested for murder. Until far into the night Amigo bustled himself along the hillside, and when the sun rose not a sign remained to tell the story of the fight.

Men, horses, saddles and guns—all had disappeared. And, after packing a little food in a sack, Amigo disappeared also, with a grim smile in promise of return.

The sun rose round and hot, the same as usual; the south wind came up and blew into a boiling mass of clouds, which lashed back with the accustomed rain, and when all the earth was washed clean and fresh the last trace of the struggle was gone. Only by the burns on his hands was Hooker aware of the fight and of the treachery which had reared its head against him like a snake which has been warned and fed.

Nowhere but in Mexico, where the low pelado classes have made such deeds a subtlety, could the man be found to dissimulate like that false assassin-in-chief. To pause suddenly in a protracted speech, swing over and pick up a gun, and halt his victim for the shooting by the preparatory click of the lock—that indeed called for a brand of cunning rarely found in the United States.

There was one thing about the affair that vaguely haunted Hooker—why was it that a man so cunning as that had failed to load his rifle? Twice, and with everything in his favor, he had raised his rifle to fire; and both times it had snapped in his hands. Certainly he must have been inept at arms—or accustomed to single-shot guns.

The reputed magic of the swift-firing rifle evidently had been his undoing, but where had he got his new gun? And who was he, anyway? With those two baffling questions Bud wrestled as he sat beside his door, and at evening his answer came.

The sun was swinging low and he was collecting wood down the gulch for a fire when, with a sudden thud of hoofs, a horseman rounded the point and came abruptly to a halt. It was Aragon, and he was spying on the camp.

For a full minute he scanned the house, tent and mine with a look so snaky and sinister that Bud could read his heart like a book. Here was the man who had sent the assassins, and he had come to view their work!

Very slowly Bud's hand crept toward his stunner, but slight as was the motion, Aragon caught it and sat frozen in his place. Then, with an inarticulate cry, he fell flat on his horse's neck and went spurting out of sight.

The answer to Bud's questions was very easy now. The Mexican who had led the attempt on his life was one of Aragon's bad men, one of the four gunmen whom Hooker had looked over so carefully when they came to drive him from the mine, and Aragon had fitted him out with new arms to make the result more sure. But with that question answered there came up another and another until, in a sudden clarity of vision, Bud saw through the hellish plot and beheld himself the master.

As man to man, Aragon would not dare to face him now, for he knew that he merited death. By his sly approach, by the look in his eyes and the dismay of his frenzied retreat, he had acknowledged more surely than by words his guilty knowledge of the raid. Coming to a camp where he expected to find all dead and still, he had found himself face to face with the very man he had sought to kill. How, then, had the American escaped destruction, and what had occurred to his men?

Perhaps, in his ignorance, Aragon



Threw Them About Like Dogs That Hang Onto a Bear.

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as he hunted them down among the rocks.

It was grim work, too, even for his stomach, but Hooker let the Indian follow his nature. When Amigo came back from his hunting there was no need to ask questions. His eyes shone so terribly that Hooker said nothing, but set about cleaning up camp.

After he had washed the ashos from his eyes, and when the fury had vanished from Amigo's face, they went as by common consent and gazed at the body of the chief of the desperadoes. Even in death his face seemed strangely familiar; but as Hooker stood gazing at him the Yaqui picked up his gun.

"Look!" he said, and pointed to a bullet-splash where, as the Mexican held the gun across his breast, Bud's pistol shot had flattened harmlessly against the lock. It was that which had saved the Mexican chief from instant death, and the jaw of the shot had doubtless broken the rifle and saved Bud, in turn, from the second shot.

All this was in the Yaqui's eye as he carefully tested the action; but when he threw down the lever, a cartridge rose up from the magazine and glided smoothly into the breach. With a rifle full of cartridges the ignorant Mexican had been snapping on an empty chamber, not knowing enough to jack up a shell!

For a moment Amigo stared at the gun and the man, and his mouth drew down with contempt. "Ha! Pendejo!" he grunted, and kicked the corpse with his foot.

But if the Mexican had been a fool, he had paid the price, for the second time he snapped his gun Amigo had shot him through and through.

was raging at his hirelings because they had shirked their task; perhaps, not knowing that they were dead, he was waiting in a fever of impatience for them to accomplish the deed. However it was, Bud saw that he held the high card, and he was not slow to act.

In the morning he saddled Copper Bottom, who had been confined to the corral for weeks, and went galloping into town. There he lingered about the hotel until he saw his man and started boldly toward him. Surprise, alarm and pitiful fear chased themselves across Aragon's face as he stood, but Bud walked proudly by.

"Good morning, señor!" was all Bud said, but the look in his eyes was eloquent of a grim hereafter.

And instead of hurrying back to guard his precious mine Hooker lingered carelessly about town. His



The Artillery Drove Them Back.

mine was safe now—and he was safe. Aragon dared not raise a hand. So he sat himself down on the broad veranda and listened with boyish interest to Don Juan's account of the war.

"What, have you not heard of the battle?" cried proudly Don Juan, delighted to have a fresh listener. "Agua Negra has been taken and retaken, and the railroad will soon be repaired. My gracious! have you been out in the hills that long? Why, it was two weeks ago that the rebels captured the town by a coup, and eight days later the federals took it back.

"Ah, there has been a real war, Mr. Bud! You who have laughed at the courage of the Mexicans, what do you think of Bernardo Bravo and his men? They captured the last up train from Fortuna; loaded all the men into the ore cars and empty coaches; and, while the federals were still in their barracks, the train ran clear into the station and took the town by storm.

"And eight days later, at sundown, the federals took it back. Ah, there was awful slaughter averted, señor! But for the fact that the fuse went out two hundred Yaqui Indians who joined the charge would have been blown into eternity.

"Yes, so great was the charge of dynamite that the rebels had laid in their mine that not a house in Agua Negra would have been left standing if the fuse had done its work. Two tons of dynamite! Think of that, my friend!

"But these rebels were as ignorant of their power as they were of laying a train. The Yaquis walked into the town at sundown and found it deserted—every man, woman and child had fled to Gadsden and the rebels had fled to the west.

"But listen, here was the way it happened—actually, and not as common report has it, for the country is all in an uproar and the real facts were never known. When Bernardo Bravo captured the town of Agua Negra the people acclaimed his a hero.

"He sent word to the junta at El Paso and set up a new form of government. All was enthusiasm, and several Americans joined his ranks to operate the machine guns and cannon. As for the federals, they occupied the country to the east and attempted a few sallies, but as they had nothing but their rifles, the artillery drove them back.

"Then, as the battle ceased, the rebels began to celebrate their victory. They broke into the closed cantinas, disobeying their officers and beginning the looting of the town, and while half of their number were drunk the federals, being informed of their condition, suddenly advanced upon them, with the Yaquis far in the lead.

"They did not shoot, those Yaquis; but, dragging their guns behind them, they crept up through the bushes and dug pits quite close to the lines. Then, when the rebels discovered them and manned their guns, the Yaquis shot down the gunners.

"Growing bolder, they crept farther to the front—the rebels became disorganized, their men became mutinous—and at last, when they saw they would surely be taken, the leaders buried two tons of dynamite in the trenches by the bull-ringing and set a time-fuse, to explode when the Yaquis arrived.

"The word spread through the town like wildfire—all the people, all the soldiers fled every which way to escape—and then, when the worst was expected to happen, the dynamite failed to explode and the Yaquis rushed the trenches at sundown.

"Did those Yaquis know about the dynamite?" inquired Bud.

"Know?" repeated Don Juan, waving the thought away; "not a word! Their commanders kept it from them, even

after they discovered the mine. And now the Indians are making boasts; they are drunk with the thought of their valor and claim that the rebels fled from them alone.

"The roadmaster came into town this morning on a velocipede and said that the Yaquis are insufferable, thinking that it was their renown as fighters and not the news of the dynamite that drove all the soldiers from town.

"However, Agua Negra is once more in the hands of the government; the track is clear and most of the bridges repaired; so why quarrel with the Yaquis? While they are, of course, nothing but Indians, they serve their purpose in battle.

"Well, I guess yes!" responded Bud warmly. "Serve their purpose, eh? Where were these Mexican soldiers and these Spanish officers when the Yaquis were taking the town? And that was just like a dog-gone Mexican—setting that time-fuse and then not having it go off. More'n likely the poor yep that fired it was so scared he couldn't hold a match—probably never lit it, jest dropped the match and ran. They're a bum bunch, if you want to know what I think. I'd rather have a Yaqui than a hundred of 'em!"

"A hundred of whom?" inquired a cool voice behind him, and looking up Hooker saw the beautiful Gracia gazing out at him through the screen door.

"A hundred Mexicans!" he repeated, and Gracia murmured "Oh!" and was gone.

"Miss Aragon is very loyal to her country," observed Don Juan, but Hooker only grunted.

Somehow, since those four Mexicans had come to his camp, he had soared on everything south of the line; and even the charming Gracia could not make him take back his words. If she had intended the remark as a challenge—a subtle invitation to follow her and defend his faith—she failed for once of her purpose, for if there was any particular man in Mexico that Bud hated more than another it was her false-hearted father.

Hooker had, in fact, thought more seriously of making her a half-orphan than of winning her good-will, and he lingered about the hotel, not to make love to the daughter, but to strike terror to Aragon.

The company being good, and a train being expected soon, Bud stayed over another day. In the morning, when he came down for breakfast, he found that Aragon had fled before him. With his wife, daughter and retinue, he had moved suddenly back to his home. Hooker grinned when Don Juan told him the news.

"Well, why not?" he asked, chuckling maliciously. "Here it's the middle of the rainy season and the rebel going on all summer and nary a rebel in sight. Where's that big fight you was telling about—the battle of Fortuna? You've made a regular fortune out of these refugees, Brachamonte, but I fail to see the enemy."

"Ah, you may laugh," shrugged the hotel-keeper, "but wait! The time will come. The rebels are lost now—some day, when you least expect it, they will come upon us and then, believe me, my guests will be glad they are here. What is a few weeks' bill compared to being held for ransom? Look at that rich Señor Luna, who was here for a time in the spring. Against my advice he hurried home and now he is paying the price. Ten thousand pesos it cost to save his wife and family, and for himself and son his friends advanced ten thousand more. I make no evil prophecies, but it would be better for our friend if he stayed on at my poor hotel."

"Whose friend?" inquired Bud blunty, but Don Juan struck him upon the back with elephantine playfulness and hurried off to his duties.

As for Hooker, he tarried in town until he got his mail and a copy of the Sunday paper and then, well satisfied that the times were quiet and wars a thing of the past, he ambled back to the Eagle Tail and settled down for a rest.

Flat on his back by the doorway he lay on his bed and smoked, reading his way through the lurid supplement and watching the trail with one eye. Since the fight with Aragon's Mexicans and his apprehensions had left him, he had written briefly to Phil and Kruger, and now he was holding the fort.

It had been a close shave, but he had escaped the cowardly assassins and had Aragon in his power. Not by any force of law, but by the force of fear and the gnawing weakness of Aragon's own evil conscience.

Aragon was afraid of what he had done, but it was the suspense which rendered him so pitiable. On a day he had sent four armed Mexicans to kill this Texan—not one had returned and the Texan regarded him sneeringly. This it was that broke the Spaniard's will, for he knew not what to think. But as for Bud, he lay on his back by the doorway and laughed at the funny page.

As he sprawled there at his reading, Amigo came in from the hills, and he, too, was content to relax. Gravely scanning the colored sheet, his dark face lighted up.

It was all very peaceful and pleasant, but it was not destined to last.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By E. O. SELLERS, Director Sunday School Course, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.)

LESSON FOR OCTOBER 25

JESUS AND JUDAS.

LESSON TEXT—Matt. 26:14-25, 47-50; 27:1-10.

GOLDEN TEXT—Woe unto that man through whom the Son of Man is betrayed. Matt. 26:24 R. V.

No literature has a more terrible story than that of Judas. Matthew gives us perhaps the fullest account of his last acts and the part he had in those final hours of the suffering and death of Jesus.

Mary's act of anointing, by Jesus commended, and by Judas condemned, caused the latter to fare forth for his final act of faithless infamy. Contrasted with the odor of her good deed, we here have the stench of an evil deed.

I. The Bargain, vv. 14-25. (1) The Price, vv. 14-16. Disappointed in his hopes that Judas would establish an earthly kingdom wherein he should hold a high position, stung by the rebuke of vv. 10-13 (cf. John 12:4-8) and moved by cupidity, Judas hurried to the enemies of Jesus (see John 13:27). He saw no further opportunity to profit through "holding the bag," John 13:29, and so got what he could from the rulers. He estimated his worth at 30 pieces of silver about seventeen or nineteen dollars, or the value of a slave; see Ex. 21:22 and Phil. 2:7, also the prophecy of Zechariah 11:12-13. Hate, envy, disappointed ambition, and cupidity drove Judas with relentlessness in his final act of infamy. Verily, "Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap." Gal. 6:7. (2) The Penalty, vv. 17-25. As we read the various accounts of that tragic last night we note that being warned and singled from among the other disciples in no wise moved Judas to repentance. The conspiracy, see Matt. 26:1-5, 14-16, had been consummated before that last meeting in the upper room.

Must Be Born Again.

Even grace cannot save us in our sins. All of his gifts, his nearness to the Son of God, his knowledge, first handed, of those marvelous teachings of Jesus, did not grip his heart. Head knowledge alone never saved anyone. It is not enough even to be numbered among the disciples. There must be a new creation, we must be born again, John 3:7. In verse 24 we read the final warning and John tells us (13:27) that following these words he is commanded to "go out quickly."

II. The Betrayal, vv. 47-50. There are four stages in this episode: (1) In the house of Simon at the anointing of Jesus by Mary; (2) The one just considered and which took place in the "upper room" in connection with the Passover feast; (3) The third is the subject of "his paragraph and took place in the Garden following the events of last week's lesson. This picture has been painted so often as to be familiar to us all. The Son of Man, the advancing apostate disciple, the mob; what an appalling scene! Judas had probably led first to the house whence he had left Jesus. Finding Jesus and the disciples had departed (v. 30) he knew where, in all probability, he would find the Master. It was a familiar resort for Jesus and his disciples, John 18:2, 3. Judas had often sat under these same olive trees and listened to him who "taught as never man taught." It was also a place sacred to prayer. How things are changed. Judas had allowed Satan to enter his heart (John 13:27, see also James 4:7) and with eager feet he crosses the brook Kedron, past the disciples and into the presence of Jesus to betray him with a kiss.

The Final Stage.

III. "He Went and Hanged Himself" 27:1-10. The fourth and final stage is reached when, seeing that Jesus is condemned and about to be executed, Judas, filled with remorse, carried back the 30 pieces of silver to the chief priests and the elders. What an exhibition of hypocrisy they evidenced, not to take the price of blood, forsooth! Judas did not really repent. The word here used for "repent" is rather that he suffered remorse, and that does not necessarily involve repentance as we all know. Had he truly repented he would not have hanged himself and he would have been saved even as the repentant thief was saved.

There is no necessary contradiction between this and the account given in Acts 1:8. "If he hanged himself in the 'field of blood' and the rope broke the account given in Acts would naturally follow."

The Teaching. As we recall these final things in the life of Judas we must remember that they are not the beginnings of his defection. The development of the lives of Judas and Peter are profoundly different. Both looked for a temporal kingdom and both were out of sympathy with the teachings of Jesus as to the necessity of his death. One, for personal gain, betrayed, and the other, for self-protection, denied his Lord. When Judas saw Jesus condemned, he too saw the end of his dreams the same as Peter. In that hour he committed suicide, an act of cowardice of the worst kind.

CHAPTER XIX—Continued.

He looked the adolescent house over thoughtfully. Listened long to the news of the border. He knew where he was. He knew where he was. He knew where he was.

CHAPTER XX.

In a country where witnesses to a crime are imprisoned along with the principals and kept more or less indefinitely in jail, a man thinks twice before he reports to the police.

With four dead Mexicans to the Yaqui's account, and Del Rey in charge of the district, Hooker followed his second thought—the safest nothing and took his chances on being arrested for murder. Until far into the night Amigo bustled himself along the hillside, and when the sun rose not a sign remained to tell the story of the fight.

Men, horses, saddles and guns—all had disappeared. And, after packing a little food in a sack, Amigo disappeared also, with a grim smile in promise of return.

The sun rose round and hot, the same as usual; the south wind came up and blew into a boiling mass of clouds, which lashed back with the accustomed rain, and when all the earth was washed clean and fresh the last trace of the struggle was gone. Only by the burns on his hands was Hooker aware of the fight and of the treachery which had reared its head against him like a snake which has been warned and fed.

Nowhere but in Mexico, where the low pelado classes have made such deeds a subtlety, could the man be found to dissimulate like that false assassin-in-chief. To pause suddenly in a protracted speech, swing over and pick up a gun, and halt his victim for the shooting by the preparatory click of the lock—that indeed called for a brand of cunning rarely found in the United States.

There was one thing about the affair that vaguely haunted Hooker—why was it that a man so cunning as that had failed to load his rifle? Twice, and with everything in his favor, he had raised his rifle to fire; and both times it had snapped in his hands. Certainly he must have been inept at arms—or accustomed to single-shot guns.

The reputed magic of the swift-firing rifle evidently had been his undoing, but where had he got his new gun? And who was he, anyway? With those two baffling questions Bud wrestled as he sat beside his door, and at evening his answer came.

The sun was swinging low and he was collecting wood down the gulch for a fire when, with a sudden thud of hoofs, a horseman rounded the point and came abruptly to a halt. It was Aragon, and he was spying on the camp.

For a full minute he scanned the house, tent and mine with a look so snaky and sinister that Bud could read his heart like a book. Here was the man who had sent the assassins, and he had come to view their work!

Very slowly Bud's hand crept toward his stunner, but slight as was the motion, Aragon caught it and sat frozen in his place. Then, with an inarticulate cry, he fell flat on his horse's neck and went spurting out of sight.

The answer to Bud's questions was very easy now. The Mexican who had led the attempt on his life was one of Aragon's bad men, one of the four gunmen whom Hooker had looked over so carefully when they came to drive him from the mine, and Aragon had fitted him out with new arms to make the result more sure. But with that question answered there came up another and another until, in a sudden clarity of vision, Bud saw through the hellish plot and beheld himself the master.

As man to man, Aragon would not dare to face him now, for he knew that he merited death. By his sly approach, by the look in his eyes and the dismay of his frenzied retreat, he had acknowledged more surely than by words his guilty knowledge of the raid. Coming to a camp where he expected to find all dead and still, he had found himself face to face with the very man he had sought to kill. How, then, had the American escaped destruction, and what had occurred to his men?

Perhaps, in his ignorance, Aragon



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### Local Notes

D. M. Johnsey, of Water Valley, Miss., arrived in Kerrville Saturday on a visit to his aunt, Mrs. T. B. Peterson.

Dr. Williams office across street opposite Rock Drug Store. Phone 167.

The regular meeting of the Farmers Institute will be held at Kerrville on Saturday, Oct. 31st. All members and farmers are invited to be present.

Second-hand runabout buggy for sale cheap. A. SCOBLE.

Rev. A. P. Robb returned Tuesday from a trip over in Bandera county. He was at Pipe Creek Sunday but the service was rained out.

Laundry De Luxe agency at Adkins barber shop. Best service guaranteed. Hats cleaned and blocked. Basket goes every Tuesday. C. L. Word, agent.

George and John Hinds of Lima were in town on business Tuesday.

Bargains for everybody at our store, now open, Newman old stand. E. A. Wied.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Holland are spending a few days in Pearsall while Mr. Holland is delivering a carload of apples there.

We suit you; or rather, we sell you the suit that suits you. R. S. Newman.

Mrs. E. B. Elam and Mrs. Irvin Saenger went to San Antonio Tuesday to attend the funeral of their grandmother, Mrs. McRae, who died at Houston Sunday.

Bring out your winter suits and have them cleaned and pressed. We will make them look like new. R. S. Newman.

### Baptist Church Notes

My friend you live in a great country and have so much to be grateful for. Now whether you are a Christian or not, you ought to attend church on Sunday and help keep up the institution that is a friend to all people. If you have been waiting for an invitation, I now cordially ask you to come to the Baptist church next Sunday and hear the singing and sermon.

The pastor expects to preach at 11 a. m. on: Soul Food—Text, Matt. 14:19-20. The night theme is: Sin's Curse—Text, Rom. 7:13. Our night service will begin at 7:30 instead of 8. We meet for Sunday School at 9:45 a. m., and for B. Y. P. U. service at 6:30 p. m. Come! Welcome!

J. B. Riddle, Pastor.

Judge J. R. Burnett, president of the First State Bank of Kerrville, leaves on this evening's train for Dallas to attend a called session of the State Bankers' Association, to consider the cotton situation. It is proposed to advance \$20 a bale on cotton stored and insured, for a year if desired with the privilege to the owner to sell at any time.

For Rent—Two rooms for light house-keeping—one newly papered. See Gilbert C. Storms.

Baled corn tops, baled sorghum, baled oats, baled Johnson grass. Phone 186 Y. L. A. Mosty.

To be "Universally Dressed" get your measure made at the Kerrville Tailoring Co. Jetton, Proprietor.

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You might call around and see how you stand on our books.

### Notice of Hearing to Appropriate Public Waters.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Notice is hereby given, to whom concerned, that R. E. McDonald, whose postoffice address is Ingram, Texas, did on the 23rd day of September, A. D. 1914, file an application in the office of the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, in which he applies for a permit to appropriate 200 gallons of water per minute of time for the purpose of irrigating certain lands hereinafter described, from the unappropriated waters of the State of Texas; to be diverted from the Guadalupe River by means of a pumping plant, located on the J. F. Overland Survey No. 136, on the Guadalupe River, in Kerr County, Texas, a detail description of which is contained in the application.

You are hereby further notified that the lands proposed to be irrigated are described as follows: All that certain tract or parcel of land out of Sur. 136, J. F. Overland. Beginning at point in line of Sur. 136, 20 vs. S. 45 W. from its E. cor. Thence S. 45 W. 314 vs. Thence West 140 vs. Thence N. 5 W. 123 vs. Thence N. 85 E. 75 vs. Thence N. 5 W. 75 vs. Thence S. 85 W. 75 vs. Thence N. 5 W. 8 vs. Thence S. 82 E. 390 vs. to the place of beginning, containing 11 1-2 acres, more or less.

A hearing on the said application of the said R. E. McDonald will be held by the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, at its office, in the City of Austin, County of Travis, said State, on Friday, the 6th day of November, A. D. 1914, beginning at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place all parties interested may appear and be heard. Such hearing will be continued from time to time and from place to place, if necessary, until such determination has been made relative to said application as the said Board of Water Engineers may deem right, equitable and proper.

Given under, and by virtue of, an order of the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, at the office of said Board, in Austin, Texas, this 29th day of September, A. D., 1914.

JOHN WILSON  
E. B. GORE  
Board.

Attest: W. T. POTTER,  
Secretary.

### Notice of Hearing to Appropriate Public Waters.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

Notice is hereby given, to whom concerned, that J. R. Mayhugh, whose postoffice address is Hunt, Texas, did on the 18th day of September, A. D., 1914, file an application in the office of the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, in which he applies for a permit to appropriate 100 gallons of water per minute of time for the purpose of irrigating the lands hereinafter described from the unappropriated waters of the State of Texas, to be diverted from the Guadalupe River in Kerr County, Texas, by means of a diversion dam located on Sur. No. 1579, G. C. & S. F. Ry. Co. and on the said Guadalupe River.

You are hereby further notified that the lands to be irrigated consist of 2 3-4 acres, described as follows: Beginning at a point in N. E. line of Sur. No. 1579, aforesaid, 345 vrs. N. 45 W. from the E. Cor. of same. Thence N. 45 W. 105 vrs. Thence S. 37 1-2 W. 255 vrs. Thence S. 65 E. 35 vrs. Thence N. 55 E. to place of beginning and situate in Kerr County, Texas.

A hearing on the said application of the said J. R. Mayhugh will be held by the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, at the office of the Board, in the City of Austin, County of Travis, said State, on Friday the 6th day of November, A. D., 1914, beginning at 10 o'clock A. M., at which time and place all parties interested may appear and be heard. Such hearing will be continued from time to time and from place to place, if necessary, until such determination has been made relative to said application as the said Board of Water Engineers may deem right, equitable and proper.

Given under, and by virtue of, an order of the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, at the office of said Board in Austin, Texas, this 21st day of September, A. D., 1914.

J. C. NAULE  
JOHN WILSON  
E. B. GORE  
Board.

Attest: W. T. POTTER,  
Secretary.

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Take this hour to look your future squarely in the face. What progress are you making? What will you be five, ten or twenty years from now? What will you be doing? Will you still be plugging away on a small-pay job, just because you failed to secure the PROPER training early in life? Or will you take your future in your own hands right now—break away from the low-pay ranks, or forever avoid them, and get the necessary training that will enable you to take a position where you can earn the kind of salary you are entitled to? THE RIGHT KIND of training is all you need to do this, and DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, the Big School, San Antonio, Texas, is THE school of the Southwest that is fitted to give you the best there is to be had in a Business Training. You may enter any day in the year (except Sundays) and take up work in any one or more of our excellent courses in Bookkeeping and Banking, Shorthand and Typewriting, Telegraphy and Railroad and Spanish. Ask for catalogue and any further information you may desire about the course you are most interested in. Address—

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