

Capitan News.

A Journal Devoted to the Interests of Lincoln County.

VOLUME 7.

CAPITAN, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, JUNE 15, 1906.

NUMBER 15

When you come to town drop in and have your measure taken for a suit of clothes.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

I represent M. Born & Co., A. B. Rose & Co., and The Royal Tailors, all of Chicago.

Agent for the Postal Typewriter

I have one of these machines at my office, which is subject to examination by all who are interested. Price of machine, \$25.00, f. o. b.

Barbering still at the old stand. Razors honed, etc.

Call on or address me at Capitan,

J. W. Barrett

Oil at Roswell.

Roswell, N. M., June 12.—Since striking oil at a depth of 1231 feet, after going through 348 feet of Trenton limestone, stock that had been selling at \$1 per share is now bringing \$2, but very little of it is offered for sale.

Considerable gas flows from the well also, and no work is being done at night for fear of fire.

The danger is so great that drilling is stopped and the well closed whenever it becomes necessary to fire up the forge to sharpen the tools.

Many strangers are arriving daily and the crowds on main street talk of nothing but oil.

Myrtle Lodge Elects Officers.

The following were elected officers of Myrtle Lodge at the regular meeting last Saturday night:

Chancellor Commander, John C. Copeland; Vice Chancellor, Martin L. Moore; Prelate, John W. Barrett; K. of R. & S., Clement Hightower; Master of Exchequer, John A. Haley; Master of Finance, Wm. H. Sevier; Master at Arms, William Copeland; Inner Guard, Martin F. Ketchum; Master of Work, Ed. C. Pfingsten.

Frank G. Walmsley Dead.

Born at Savannah, Georgia, August 21, 1873; died at Capitan, New Mexico, June 11, 1906.

Mr. Walmsley came to Capitan with his family about six years ago to get relief from pulmonary trouble. He built a neat little cottage on the north side, and was employed by the Southwestern Mercantile Co. and a contractor at Fort Stanton for about four years, during which time he improved in health. Two years ago this summer he and his family left for Colorado, and they visited various places during their absence; and just before returning to Capitan the first of April, this year, they visited their old home in Savannah.

The many friends of the deceased recognized upon his return that his physical condition was much impaired, but were not prepared for the announcement of his sudden death which occurred at 7:30 o'clock Monday morning. A faithful wife, a kind and loving brother, assisted by friends, did all that was possible to relieve his last hours, and finally the angel of death came and put an end to his sufferings and left his household desolate.

The funeral service was read by A. G. Burlingame, followed by prayer, and that most touching and beautiful hymn, "Nearer My God to Thee," was sung by the choir. At ten o'clock Tuesday morning the line of march was taken up for the local cemetery, and all that was mortal of Frank G. Walmsley was laid to rest on the hillside under the trees.

A devoted husband, an indulgent father, a good citizen has been called hence; his going has filled a household with sorrow and brought sadness to many friends. A wife and three little children are left to struggle on, but in their struggle they are assured of the sympathy, love and protection of many friends.

"Peace to his ashes, rest to his soul."

Notice.

This is to notify all parties now hauling water from artesian well that same must be stopped until you make arrangements for same. O. L. Henry, Agt.

HATS! HATS!

Just received a large and varied assortment of Men's Hats, all sizes, all shapes. Hats to suit everybody and at most reasonable prices.

OVERALLS JUST ARRIVED

Stock Salt, 200 pounds for \$1.00
Rye Flour. 100 " " \$2.00

CAPITAN MERCANTILE CO.

P. G. PETERS, PROPRIETOR.

A Statehood Compromise.

The statehood bill has been finally arranged, the conferees agreeing to present the following amendment, which has been accepted:

"That at the general election to be held on the 6th day of November, 1906, all the electors of said territories, respectively, qualified to vote at such election are hereby authorized to vote for and choose delegates to form a convention for said territories. The aforesaid convention shall consist of 110 delegates, 66 of which delegates shall be elected to said convention by the people of the territory of New Mexico, and 44 by the people of the territory of Arizona, and the governors, chief justices and secretaries of each of said territories, respectively, shall apportion the delegates to be thus elected from their respective territories, as nearly as may be equitable, among the several counties thereof in accordance with the population as shown by the federal census of 1900.

"That at the said general election and the same ballots on which the names of candidates to the convention aforesaid are printed, there shall be submitted to the qualified electors of each of said territories a question which shall be stated on the ballot in substance and form as follows:

"Shall Arizona and New Mexico be united to form one state?"

Then follow instructions in detail for marking the ballots and the transmission of the results to the secretary of the in-

terior, after which it is provided:

"If it appears from the returns that a majority of the electors in each of the territories voted in favor of the union, then, and not otherwise, inhabitants of Arizona and New Mexico, as at present described, may become the state of Arizona, but if in either of the territories a majority of the electors shall have voted against the union, then the provisions of the bill for the assembling of the constitutional convention shall become null and void, excepting that the appropriation made shall be available for defraying all and every kind and character of expense incurred on account of the election of delegates to the convention and submission of the question of statehood.

"Each territory will elect a delegate to congress and vote for regular territorial officers at the same election, so that in case the joint statehood proposition is rejected the affairs of the territories will continue as heretofore."

Hendricks Acquitted.

The celebrated murder trial in Roswell has come to an end, the defendant, Nathan Hendricks, tried for the murder of William Rainbolt being acquitted. The trial consumed two weeks, and was stubbornly contested by attorneys for the prosecution and defense.

Hendricks killed Rainbolt above five years ago, made his escape, was captured in North Dakota a year later and brought to Roswell, given a trial, convicted and received a nine year sentence. Case was appealed, judgment reversed and the second trial resulted as stated above.

THE CAPITAN NEWS

CAPITAN, - - NEW MEXICO.

Novel Charity.

When there were only a few rich people society left them to shift for themselves. As the number increased, says Youth's Companion, we envied them, abused them, reminded them, hot without some hypocrisy, that they might not be as happy as we poor folk. The world was willing to give them relief of their money, but never sought to ameliorate their unhappy condition. In New York city is a new settlement of expert workers in charity, situated near the mansions of the rich, and designed to uplift the down-trodden millionaire. The member of the board who writes of the work in the Outlook appreciates the humor of the idea, but he is in earnest. Just as charity has introduced rich people into the settlements among the East side poor, now by compensation a charity is bringing the power of the East side to inspire philosophy, enthusiasm for the arts, patriotism, civic pride and human sympathy among the heretofore abandoned rich. The settlement is teaching wealthy women the domestic joy with which many of the huddled poor are blessed because they nurse their own children and do not make them orphans in the care of hired nurses. It is teaching the one-half to respect and imitate the best that is in "how the other half lives." Human character enervated by wealth is no more to be blamed than human character debased by poverty. Both need teaching. Each class has those who successfully overcome circumstance and those who fail. The failure among the poor is a tramp "with no visible means of support." The failure among the rich is happily described as having no invisible means of support, no resource within himself. To teach helpless millionaires how to work and how to play is to uplift potentially good citizens out of the wallow of gold, just as other settlements have raised good citizens out of the mire of penury.

Chance for Americans.

The inventor who will devise an efficient method of dispelling fog or counteracting its effect will reap a great fortune, says Technical World Magazine. It is said that a week of the fog so common in London, especially in the latter part of December, costs the railway companies there \$1,000,000, and the cabmen \$5,000 a day, while the loss to merchants is beyond calculation. The excess of gas used on a foggy day would supply a town of 40,000 people an entire year. It is estimated in consequence of foul atmosphere, the people of the British capital are put to from \$15,000,000 to \$25,000,000 in unnecessary expense annually, and in winter enjoy sunshine only one-fourth of the time, to which they are entitled. The effect of the fog is aggravated by the outpourings of smoke-laden chimneys, which infect the air, bringing periodically an alarming increase in the death rate through accident and from diseases of the respiratory organs.

The habit of keeping bunches of \$100 bills in shoe boxes in bedroom closets up to \$22,000 is not to be commended. It is unsafe to keep over \$20,000 in the house, advises the Abilene Reflector, though doubtless many Kansas farmers grow careless through handling their increasing wealth and do not realize how large a sum they have on hand. It is a good plan for farmers to count their money every week or two and deposit all above \$20,000, just a little handy money, in some good substantial bank.

SEEN AT THE DEPOT GATES

There Are Frequent Blockades When Women Hunt for Their Tickets.

E. J. Sanford, president of the Union Depot company, is in a mood to supply a stocking room for women travelers. He has nearly reached this conclusion because of many rather embarrassing incidents which have occurred in the passageways leading to exit gates, reports the Kansas City Star. "For," as he says, "women don't have many pockets, and they hide their tickets and money in so many places about their clothing. When they go after their valuables, it takes time to reach them. Gatemen don't have to tell them to 'hurry,' because it is usually the hurry that delays them."

A few days ago, a young woman walked to the gate operated by Curtis Reaves, expecting to take a Santa Fe limited train for New Mexico. The gateman politely asked to see her ticket.

"Why, do you have to see it?" she asked.

"Yes, madam," Reaves replied. "There are two Santa Fe trains out there, and I want to see how your ticket is routed."

The young woman blushed. She carried several bundles in her arms, and she looked at them, looked at the gateman, and looked appealingly to a woman near.

"Come, hurry!" Reaves insisted. "There are others behind you waiting to get out."

By this time the young woman's face and neck had taken on a carmine hue. She clung to her bundles. A crowd had collected behind her and persons were becoming impatient. Slowly the young woman laid her bundles down beside her and reached for her ticket and took it from her stocking.

Not long ago John Wallenstrom, train errier, while doing extra duty at a gate, was confronted by a young woman going to Chicago. Wallenstrom asked for her ticket, and she "made a face" at him. She insisted that she be allowed on the platforms without first showing her transportation.

"Sorry, madam," he said, "but orders are to make everyone show a ticket. You'll have to either get yours or go back in the waiting room."

The young woman saw he was in earnest.

"All right," she replied. She laid her grip beside her, took hold of the bottom of her skirts and went after the ticket. In a dainty little pocket attached to a garter she had it. And she was so nervous she couldn't open the clasp on the purse. She became excited. "I'm getting nervous," she said.

But she got the purse open and showed her ticket. She was angry and "said things," about the depot and about the gateman.

"They carry their tickets, sometimes," Wallenstrom said, "in places where they have great difficulty in getting them. One woman came to a gate and when she learned she had to show her ticket, she began digging in her bustle. She worked and worked, but no ticket. Finally, she became frightened, believing she had lost it. I didn't know what would happen, so to avoid further embarrassment I sent her to Mrs. Shull, the matron. They found it just where she had fastened it—in her bustle."

"There is hardly a day passes that women do not come to the gates with their tickets concealed in their stockings. Some of them think we mistreat them when we ask that the tickets be shown."

Many of these cases have been reported to Mr. Sanford. Gatemen have suggested that a stocking room be provided. "It would help the women," Mr. Sanford said.

Sorry for the Groom.

"I suppose you've heard that I'm to marry Mr. Green?" she said to one of her old friends.

"No," he replied, coldly.

"You don't seem to be very enthusiastic about it."

"Why should I be? Not knowing Mr. Green, I haven't any grudge against him."—Philadelphia Ledger.

DEMAND FOR STEEL CARS.

Use of Them in the Postal Railway Service in Generally Favored.

Since 1900 70 postal clerks, substitutes and weighers have been killed in railroad wrecks while on duty, 444 have been injured seriously and 1,663 have been hurt slightly. The clerks in the railway post office service are among the most expert employes of the government and the department is seeking continually to improve the conditions under which they work, lessen the dangers that surround them and protect their lives and the valuable property in their care.

In 1893 the government adopted specifications for the construction of mail cars requiring them to be heavier and more substantial than those then in use. In May, 1904, these specifications were revised and further strengthening of the cars was required. The railroad companies have also been experimenting with improved rolling stock, the Erie building an all-steel car and the New York, New Haven & Hartford two; the Pennsylvania road is drafting plans for an all-steel car and the Santa Fe company has contracted for 39 steel-sheathed cars, with underframes and flooring of steel, the floors to be finished with cement, felt and wood.

All these cars are much heavier than those previously in use. Under the department specifications of 1904 a full 60-foot car weighs 100,000 pounds, or 20,000 pounds more than one built on the plans adopted in 1893. The clerks prefer the larger, heavier cars, which they believe to be safer in accidents than the others. Yet in a wreck on a Texas railway a 50-foot car telescoped a 60-foot car of later build and much greater weight and was itself practically undamaged.

One of the steel cars now in use has been in an accident. The postal clerks have great faith in them, feeling that they are practically indestructible and almost sure to preserve the lives of all who are in them. It is likely that steel mail cars will some day be required by the government, and when they are it is not improbable that the public will demand a substitution of metal cars or cars so heavily reinforced with steel as to be practically the same thing for all wooden passenger coaches.

ENGINE SUPERSTITIONS.

New Locomotive Rarely Taken Out on Initial Trip on Friday.

You never see a ship launched on a Friday, and similarly a new locomotive hardly ever makes a trial trip on that day or on the thirteenth of the month. Even though the superintendent may jeer at this superstition, yet he knows too well to set it at naught, for just as sailors consider that some ships are unlucky, so do train hands credit certain locomotives with a sort of demoniacal possession.

It is certainly very strange the difference that may be observed between two locomotives built from the same plans, at the same time, of similar material. One goes on her way quietly and smoothly, never breaks down, costs little or nothing for repairs; the other causes trouble from the very first, runs off the line, kills the drivers, gets into accidents of all kinds, and generally acts as though possessed by some evil spirit.

There was a famous instance some years ago on the South Florida railway. A locomotive killed so many people that she gained the name of "The Hearse," and no fewer than three engine drivers actually left the employ of the company rather than continue driving her. The odd thing was that she never seemed to injure herself. Eventually her owners were forced to break her up, although she was by no means worn out.

Of actual ghosts in trains or railway engines one very seldom hears.

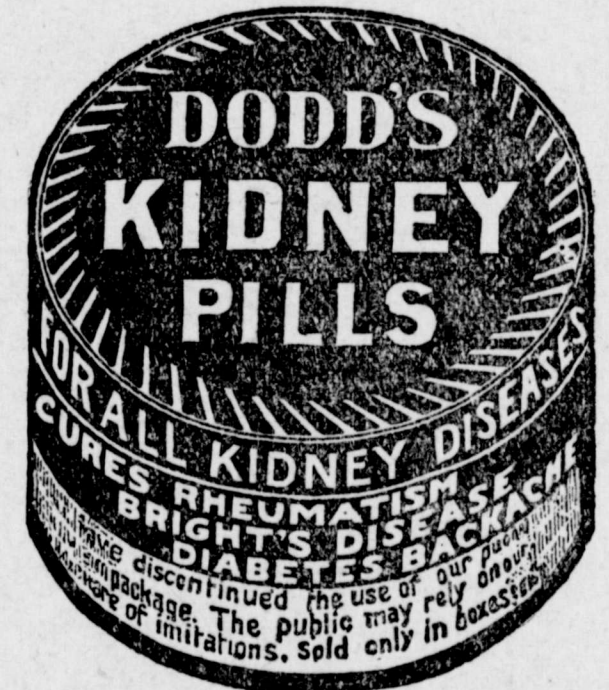
COTTON IS STILL KING.

Continues Our Most Valuable Agricultural Export.

When we say cotton is king, what do we mean? Cotton was once king of the crops, says Gilson Willets in Leslie's Weekly. It is so no longer. Wheat is now enthroned. Though the cotton crop for the last year was 13,654,023 bales (Cotton Exchange figures), the wheat crop of the year exceeded the cotton crop in value by more than \$100,000,000. But wise men say that King Wheat is a pretender, temporarily crowned, and that cotton will soon again resume rightful place as king of the crops. The world depends upon this country for clothes. Clothes mean principally cotton. It is natural, then, since this country is the principal grower of cotton, that our most valuable agricultural export should be cotton. Of cotton we have practically a monopoly; and it is the only crop of which we have such monopoly; that it is, indeed, the only staple crop of which any nation has anything approaching a monopoly. Then there's the still growing trade in the far East. How may that trade ultimately help to reseat cotton as king? Mr. Wu Ting Fang, as minister at Washington, said: "If every Chinaman in China should add one inch to his shirt tail, this alone would consume the whole American cotton crop."

"I could convince you that you are wrong, but you won't listen to my argument." "Why should I listen? Nobody wants to be convinced that he is wrong."

"Do you believe the theory that heavy firing can bring down a rain?" "Well, I believe history records that more than one reign has been brought down by heavy firing."



That Delightful Aid to Health

Paxtine

Toilet Antiseptic

Whitens the teeth—purifies mouth and breath—cures nasal catarrh, sore throat, sore eyes, and by direct application cures all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions caused by feminine ills.

Paxtine possesses extraordinary cleansing, healing and germicidal qualities unlike anything else. At all druggists, 50 cents

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Specimen prices: Gold, silver, lead, 21. gold, silver, 75c; gold, 50c; zinc or copper, 11. Cyanide tests. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Control and umpire work solicited. Leadville, Colo. Reference, Carbonate National Bank.

Ask Your Dealer for the **H.A.&K. Shirt** Best Made Take no Other

BEDBUGS For 25c will mail you guaranteed receipt for exterminating them. United States Exterminator Co., 318 Barclay Block, Denver. Manufacturers of PEST DESTROYERS.

PENSIONS NEW LAWS SENT FREE. Write Nathan Bickford, 914 F St., Washington, D. C.

A PRECARIOUS CONDITION.

Many Women Suffer Daily Miseries and Don't Know the Reason.

Women who are languid, suffer backache and dizzy spells, should read carefully the experience of Mrs. Laura Sullivan, Bluff and Third Sts., Marquette, Mich., who says: "I had backache and bearing-down pain, and at times my limbs would swell to twice natural size. I could hardly get up or down stairs, and often could not get my shoes on. Beginning to use Doan's Kidney Pills I got relief before I had used half a box, but continued taking them until cured. The bloating subsided and I was well again."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

What Tuskegee is Doing.

Tuskegee Institute will complete this year the first twenty-five years of its existence, writes Booker T. Washington in the April World's Book. It was opened July 4, 1881, with one teacher and thirty pupils. At that time it had neither land or buildings, nothing but the \$2,000 a year granted by the Alabama Legislature. Even the dilapidated shanty and the old church in which its first sessions were conducted were lent by the colored people of the village.

It was not long, however, before the school acquired a small tract of land. The first piece of live stock which it became possessed of was an old blind mule, the gift of a white man in the neighborhood. This represented the capital of the school.

At the close of the school year last May it owned 2,000 acres of land, eighty-three buildings, large and small, used as dwellings, dormitories, class rooms, shops and barns, which, together with the equipment, live stock, stock in trade and other personal property, were valued at about \$831,895.32. This does not include 22,000 acres of public land remaining unsold from the 25,000 granted by Congress valued at \$135,000, nor the endowment fund, which amounted January 1, 1906, to \$1,275,664.

"Do you believe in the government ownership of railways?" "Well," replied the legislator, scratching his head in a non-committal way, "I dunno. Do you thing the government would give passes?"

A WOMAN DOCTOR

Was Quick to See That Coffee Poison Was Doing the Mischief.

A lady tells of a bad case of coffee poisoning and tells it in a way so simple and straightforward that literary skill could not improve it.

"I had neuralgic headaches for 12 years," she says, "and have suffered untold agony. When I first began to have them I weighed 140 pounds, but they brought me down to 110. I went to many doctors and they gave me only temporary relief. So I suffered on, till one day in 1904, a woman doctor told me to drink Postum Food Coffee. She said I looked like I was coffee poisoned.

"So I began to drink Postum and I gained 15 pounds in the first few weeks and am still gaining, but not so fast as at first. My headache began to leave me after I had used Postum about two weeks—long enough I expect to get the coffee poison out of my system.

"Now that a few months have passed since I began to use Postum Food Coffee, I can gladly say that I never know what a neuralgic headache is like any more, and it was nothing but Postum that cured me. Before I used Postum I never went out alone; I would get bewildered and would not know which way to turn. Now I go alone and my head is as clear as a bell. By brain and nerves are stronger than they have been for years." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in books.

SCIENCE AND THE MEDIUMS

Facts Once Held to Be Miracles, But Conceded by Modern Thought.

Spiritualism is the successor of the mediaeval occultism and of the older magic. To-day science, without accepting its manifestations, studies them; and in these troubled waters almost all the facts upon which the new metaphysics is founded have been fished up. Like magnetism, says Vance Thompson in Everybody's, it has drawn the attention of physicians to the phenomena of induced sleep and has given many of the date for the study of hypnosis and suggestion. The mediums, who believe, like the ancient pythesses, that they are possessed by foreign spirits, have served for the study of the change of personality and telepathy. And it has shown that the prodigies, diabolic and divine, recorded in all early religions were not so fabulous as the critical fancied.

At all events science admits that there is a force—call it psychic as Crookes does, neuric with Baretz, vital with Baraduc, or the odic force of Reichenbrach—a force which can be measured and described, which leaves its mark on the photographic plates, which emanates from every living being, which acts at a distance, which saves or destroys. Plato knew it. Great wizards like Cardan made use of it. The charitans like Cagliostro blundered upon it. The scientists have the last word.

What definite facts has science acquired? The change of personality; that is classic now. The evidence for telepathy is indubitable. That may seem a bold statement; it is a commonplace for those who are in touch with the latest experiments of the metaphysic clinics. Only a few years ago—before Pasteur came—it would have been deemed sheer idiosyncrasy to talk of studying typhoid fever or cholera or erysipelas in a laboratory. Telepathy is an acquired certainty—as much as Harvey's theory of the circulation of the blood, which three academies of physicians declared impossible.

And the explanation of the strange phenomena: Are they hints and investigations from another world—the intervention of spirits of the dead, of angels or demons? This is the opinion held by almost all the sects of the occult, those who worship in the hundred and one little religions of mysticism. Science does not go quite so far. It declares:

1. There exist in nature certain unknown forces capable of acting on matter.

(This covers all the objective phenomena of metaphysics, such as the transport of bodies from one place to another, luminosity, etc.)

2. We possess other means of knowing than those of reason or the senses.

(This applies to the subjective phenomena of metaphysics, including telepathy, second sight, clairvoyance.)

Busy Young King.

Alfonso, the young king of Spain, leads a busy life, made up of work, and study, and sport—such a life as any young man might lead. And this is what has endeared him to his people. In no monarchy was the king's majesty more hedged about with ceremony. The young king has broken it all down. His ancestors gloomed behind the curtained windows of the palace. He has gone to the people. He is part of the national life. And his frank and boyish good fellowship has done more to make the monarchy safe than "all the king's horses and all the king's men."

There Are Others.

"Why do you always tell that story about how you used to drive the cows to pasture whenever we have company to dinner? I don't want people to know that I got the pails ready for you!" said Mrs. Wouldbeswell.

"Oh, what do you care?" said her husband. "In these days of rubber gloves you can't tell who's doing her own dish washing."—Detroit Free Press.

SKIN ERUPTIONS 35 YEARS.

Suffered Severely With Eczema All Over Body—A Thousand Thanks to Cuticura Remedies.

"For over thirty-five years I was a severe sufferer from eczema. The eruption was not confined to any one place. It was all over my body, limbs, and even on my head. I am sixty years old and an old soldier, and have been examined by the Government Board over fifteen times, and they said there was no cure for me. I have taken all kinds of medicine and have spent large sums of money for doctors, without avail. A short time ago I decided to try the Cuticura Remedies, and after using two cakes of Cuticura Soap, two boxes of Cuticura Ointment, and two bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, two treatments in all, I am now well and completely cured. A thousand thanks to Cuticura. I cannot speak too highly of the Cuticura Remedies. John T. Roach, Richmondale, Ross Co., Ohio, July 17, 1905."

"Say, Dick, what is this new fad they call phonetic spelling?" "It's the kind, Jim, they used to flog you and me at school for using."

In a Pinch, Use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE.

A powder. It cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Makes new shoes easy. A certain cure for sweating feet. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Trial package, FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

According to indications it take a quart of liquor to drown a spoonful of trouble.

Lewis' Single Binder cigar—richest, most satisfying smoke on the market. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

Many men are more anxious to save their money than their honor.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

There will be rascals in the world just as long as there are fools in it.

Asthma Cured

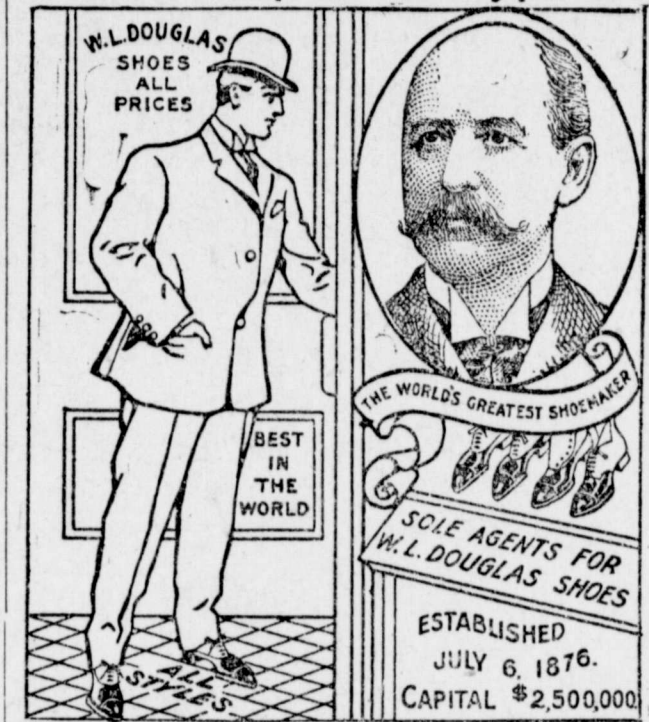
Speedy relief and permanent cure of Asthma and Bronchitis insured by Red Cross Asthma Cure. Money positively refunded if not beneficial. For information call or address Suite 204, 909 Seventeenth Street, Denver, Colo. References given.

WANTED Local managers; good men and women to represent us county in this and adjoining states. No fake schemes; cash and expenses daily; will pay you to investigate. For full particulars address 208 Nassau Block, Denver, Colo.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.50 & \$3.00 SHOES FOR MEN

W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Cilt Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price.



W. L. DOUGLAS MAKES & SELLS MORE MEN'S \$3.50 SHOES THAN ANY OTHER MANUFACTURER IN THE WORLD.

\$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.

If I could take you into my three large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you the infinite care with which every pair of shoes is made, you would realize why W. L. Douglas \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other \$3.50 shoe.

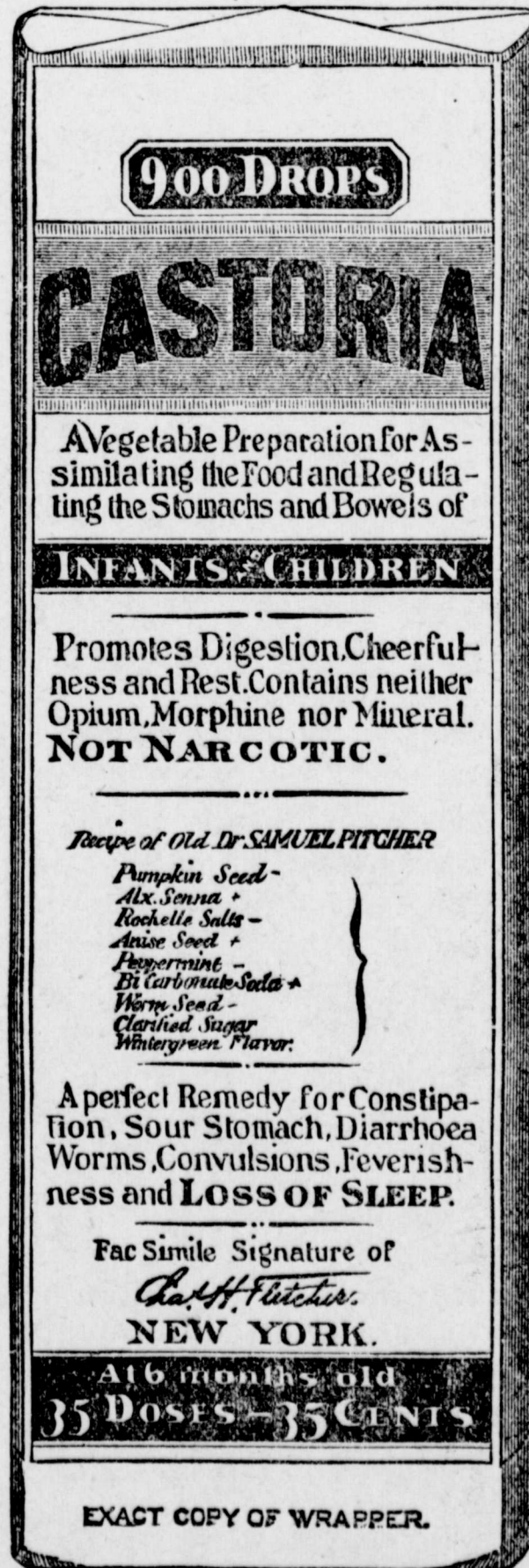
W. L. Douglas Strong Made Shoes for Men, \$2.50, \$2.00. Boys' School & Dress Shoes, \$2.50, \$2.175, \$1.50

CAUTION.—Insist upon having W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute. None genuine without his name and price stamped on bottom. Fast Color Eyelets used; they will not wear brassy. Write for Illustrated Catalog.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

W. N. U.—DENVER.—NO. 16.—1906.



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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fitcher

In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CAPITAN NEWS.

Published every Friday at

CAPITAN, - NEW MEXICO.

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J. N. O. A. HALEY, - - - Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year, - - - - - \$1.50
Six Months, - - - - - \$1.00

"NOTHING TO WEAR."

The above caption is the wording to a cartoon in the New York World, wherein William J. Bryan is depicted as rising from the grave, the tomb having engraved upon it:

"Here Lies W. J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska, Who
DIED (politically)
1896 AND 1906.
Requiescat in Pace."

The reason the Nebraskan has nothing to wear, as portrayed by the cartoon, is that President Roosevelt has stolen all his vestments. On a suit case beside the tomb is the following inscription:

- 1 pair rate regulation trousers;
 - 1 Income tax hat;
 - 1 Inheritance tax coat;
 - 1 pair anti-trust shoes;
- Appropriated
by
T. Roosevelt.

This cartoon is a little more expressive, perhaps, than is justified by the conditions, yet that it, in the main, portrays the present political situation cannot be denied.

Bryan was discredited, reviled and denounced during his two campaigns, for his advocacy of measures that were pronounced radical and dangerous, when the truth of the matter is that he was simply ten years in advance of his time. As chairman Shively, of the Indiana state democratic convention, said:

"The aftersight of Roosevelt almost equals the foresight of Bryan."

Theories advocated by Bryan ten years ago are becoming more popular daily, and the greatest convert to those principles has been the present occupant of the White House. The only difficulty with the proposition is that the republican party has changed its definition. What, when advocated by Bryan in 1896 and 1900, were defined as radical, socialistic and almost treasonable, have, since President has claimed them for his own, become just, reasonable and a proof of broad statesmanship.

It is none the less gratifying to democrats, however, to have their theories advocated in high

places, even though it is done by republicans who refuse to give credit where credit is due; for to do so would be an acknowledgment of their error and an admission of Bryan's wisdom—two things it is difficult to get a republican to do.

It seems to be Bryan against the field, for 1908, with indications decidedly favoring his election, and that, too, with the aid of republican votes.

A vote on statehood, as the NEWS has formerly asserted, is assured, though not under as favorable conditions as is desired. By reference to another column the plan is found whereby residents of the two territories may exercise the right of suffrage.

Chief Justice Rodey, of the Supreme Court of Porto Rico, will sail for the island Saturday. The only regret the NEWS has to express over Mr. Rodey's absence is that it deprives the supporters of statehood of an able advocate.

Sacramento Forest Fire.

The El Paso Herald, of the 13th, has the following item regarding a forest fire in the Sacramentos:

"A big forest fire is reported as raging in the Sacramentos in the vicinity of Cloudcroft, destroying vast quantities of fine timber, but it is said that Cloudcroft is not in danger.

Large forces of men are reported as fighting the flames for the Alamogordo Lumber Company, but the information from there is that they are unable to check them."

Wm. S. Bourne was down one day this week, having returned from his company's mining properties in the San Andres. Work is going steadily on in the camp, and they expect to make a test shipment soon.

Developments in mining matters are moving right along on the Bonito, and the long-hoped for improvement in that line seems to be materializing. The Parsons is running six Huntington night and day; the Pittsburg Ore Reduction Co. is developing some of its properties, and various other properties of the camp are producing ore, some of which will be shipped to smelters for tests and part of which will be treated at home. We are glad to note the systematic development that is now in progress, and we have every reason to believe that that camp will become a profitable and substantial producer of the precious metals.

Kansas stock salt 60 cts per cwt, at Welch & Titsworth.

IT IS THE MAN with money saved—in bank—who makes a success. Will you have any money saved to take advantage of the opportunity when it comes? Deposit your savings with

The Exchange Bank, White Oaks, New Mexico.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

HENRY PFAFF,

110 San Antonio Street, El Paso, Texas.

WHOLESALE OF

Liquors, Brandies, Wines and Cigars.

SOLE AGENT FOR

- Anheuser-Bush Brewing Association, St. Louis, Mo.
- Manitou Mineral Water Co., Manitou, Colo.
- Italian-Swiss Agricultural Colony, Asti, Cal.
- Fine Wines.
- G. H. Mumm & Co., Reims Champagnes.
- P. A. Mumm, Frankfort, O.M., Rhine Wines.
- Landan Fils, Bordeaux Cognac.
- Sergnoret Freres, Bordeaux Claret.
- Dr. Alexander, Ciudad Juarez, Mex.
- Native Wines.

Branch at Capitan, New Mexico.

Up To Now

In Every Particular

Is the Train Service maintained by the

EL PASO & SOUTHWESTERN

Bisbee, Douglas, Tombstone, Old Mexico,
California; also, Kansas City, St.
Louis, Chicago, and the North and East.

All Wide Vestibuled throughout, carrying Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars, Buffet Library Cars, Dining Cars, serving meals a la carte.

For folders, rates, schedules, regarding any trip, call on or address:

W. E. PALMER,
Agent,
Capitan, N.M.

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El Paso, Texas.

J. E. Wharton...

Attorney at Law,
Alamogordo, New Mexico.

I do a general practice in all territorial, state and federal courts, including the Supreme Court of the United States. Give prompt, personal attention to all business.



KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

MYRTLE LODGE NO. 19—
Meets every Saturday night at 8 o'clock at K. P. Hall, in school building. Visiting Knights cordially invited.
J. C. COPELAND, L. J. MUNDELL,
K. of R. & S. C. C.

Wanted.—Hides, sheep pelts goat skins, etc. Highest market price paid by Welch & Titsworth.

**E. E. BURLINGAME & CO.,
ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY**

Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention
Gold & Silver Bullion Refined, Melted and Assayed
OR PURCHASED.
Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots.
Write for terms.
1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

Welch & Titsworth

SEED BARLEY

Pride of Denver Flour, per cwt.	-	-	\$2.60
Imboden's Best Flour, per cwt.	=	=	2.70
Granulated Sugar, per cwt.	=	=	5.45
Granulated Sugar, 16 pounds for	=	=	1.00
Potatoes, per cwt.	=	=	1.50

Boots and Shoes Stetson Hats Patent Medicines
 Screen Doors, * Turnip Seed
 White Seed Oats

Men's Suits

Rubber Boots

Alfalfa Seed

G. L. Henry returned from El Paso Monday.

Barbed Wire for sale at Welch & Titsworth's.

Rubin Irminger, who has been ill from an affection of the throat, is improving.

Lloyd Weber left Wednesday overland for Carthage. He loaded out two cars of material from Coalora.

Clark Hust was over from Nogal Tuesday, branding and receiving some bulls that he had purchased here.

Salt your stock now. Stock salt \$1.00 for 200 lbs. sack. Peter's store.

The dance at Stanton last Friday night was largely attended by the young people of Capitan and vicinity, all of whom report an enjoyable time.

Dr. T. E. Presley, specialist eye, ear, nose and throat, of Roswell, will be in Lincoln Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th and 20th of June. Any one needing glasses or anything else in his specialty will do well to see him. He will also be in Capitan the 21st and 22d of June. The doctor is out with his family for a few weeks' outing, and will be prepared to do work while in Lincoln and Capitan.

J. W. Craig left on Monday's train for a short trip to El Paso.

Stetson hats, Welch & Titsworth.

Mrs. Z. A. Serrano and daughter, Miss Lucy, left on yesterday's train for El Paso, where they will remain two months.

Remember Dr. T. E. Presley's dates in Lincoln and Capitan.

We didn't see him but heard him laugh, and knew that Charlie Williamson had returned to Capitan. Charlie is just back from Arizona.

A. W. DuBois, a friend of Supervisor Kerr, came in Saturday. Mr. DuBois is a student of Cornell, and will spend his vacation in the West. He expects to start soon for an overland trip to Yellowstone Park.

Star Brand Shoes are the best. They cost no more than the other kind: for sale by Welch & Titsworth.

J. B. Chandler and family left Tuesday morning for Casas Grandes, Mexico. Mr. Chandler drove a six-horse team, pulling three wagons, which contained all his effects. The amount of public work going on in Mexico attracted Mr. Chandler, and he expects to get busy with his teams and wagons.

Salt your stock. Stock salt \$1.00 for 200 lbs. sack. Peter's store.

P. G. Peters returned yesterday from El Paso, where he had been the past two weeks to visit his family.

Mrs. J. A. Mundell and daughter, Miss Ella, left on Monday's train for their old home at Ennis, Texas. Before returning they will stop at Mineral Wells, a celebrated Texas health resort.

Woodland & Osbourne have begun to tear down the old Coalora town hall for Welch & Titsworth. The lumber secured from this old hall will be used in repairing the Southwestern Mercantile Co. building in this place, to which building W. & T. will move their goods.

Newt Kemp had the misfortune to get a leg broken last Saturday. He had a wild mule hitched to a wagon, and in some way the bronco got the advantage of him and was about to tip the wagon over, and to save himself Mr. Kemp jumped from the wagon. His foot struck a rock, turning his ankle and breaking the small bone of the lower leg. A surgeon was at once called, the limb dressed and the wounded man left to lie still and allow nature to heal the injured parts.

Meadow Gold butter at Welch & Titsworth.

Capt. Phil J. Barber left Monday for a ten-days' visit to his family in Santa Fe.

Showers have fallen in various parts of the county the past week but they were light as well as local.

Salt your stock now. Stock salt \$1.00 for 200 lbs. sack. Peter's store.

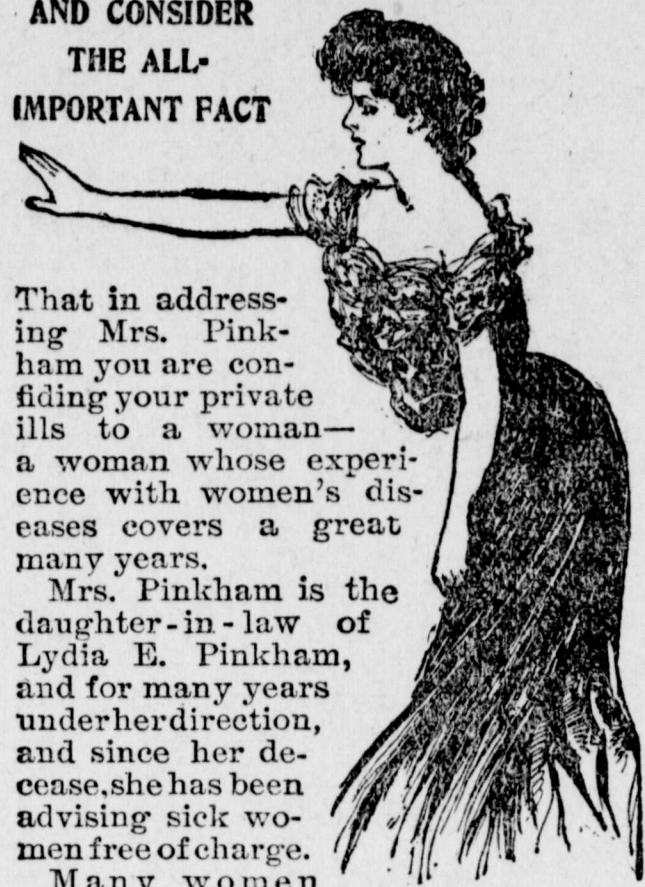
Ed. C. Pfingsten is making preparations for working the Bonito Mining and Milling Company's property, at the head of Philadelphia canyon.

Cleve C. Bourne was over from Las Cruces this week, gathering up the remnant of his property in this county. He is highly pleased with his new home in the Rio Grande valley.

Judge A. Green, of Carlsbad, died last week from a stroke of paralysis, at the age of 82. Judge Green had just been nominated for the sixth time for Probate Judge of his county by the democrats. The old citizens of this county will remember the judge as a member of the board of county commissioners before Chavez and Eddy counties were organized. Deceased was the father of Mrs. A. J. Gilmore, of this county.

STOP, WOMAN!

AND CONSIDER
THE ALL-
IMPORTANT FACT



That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with women's diseases covers a great many years.

Mrs. Pinkham is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, and for many years under her direction, and since her decease, she has been advising sick women free of charge.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing full well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probable examinations of even their family physician. It is unnecessary. Without money or price you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

Mrs. Pinkham's Standing Invitation.

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women only. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established the eternal confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Out of the vast volume of experience which she has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge that will help your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her advice has relieved thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, is very foolish if she does not take advantage of this generous offer of assistance.

If you are ill, don't hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health so many women, you cannot well say, without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me."

STOP PAYING RENT.

We will buy a \$1,000 to \$5,000 home. You pay only \$7.50 PER MONTH on each \$1,000 with 5 PER CENT. SIMPLE INTEREST per annum, payable monthly. Address THE STANDARD REAL ESTATE LOAN COMPANY, Washington, D.C.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

WET?

No doubt you'll need a

TOWER'S FISH BRAND SUIT or SLICKER

this season.

Make no mistake—it's the kind that's guaranteed to keep you dry and comfortable in the hardest storm. Made in Black or Yellow. Sold by all reliable dealers.

A. J. TOWER CO.,
BOSTON, U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., Ltd.
Toronto, Can.

HE ATTENDS TO BUSINESS

who goes straight to work to cure

Hurts, Sprains, Bruises

by the use of

St. Jacobs Oil

and saves time, money and gets out of misery quickly.

It Acts Like Magic. Price, 25c. and 50c.

An Ancient Mariner.

Capt. Alexander Simpson of the Aberdeen liner Moravian, recently completed his seventy-first round voyage from London to Sydney, a record which it is believed has no parallel in the mercantile marine. Captain Simpson computes he has sailed 2,000,000 miles without a mishap under the flag of the Aberdeen line, which he joined in 1865.

What We Need.

Something that will insure a natural action of the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels, cure constipation and sick headache, something that will purify the blood, cleanse the system and bring good health. Garfield Tea, the mild herb laxative, does all this.

SOLDIER CENTENNARIAN.

Denver Veteran Will Soon Reach One Hundredth Year.

On May 20th William Taylor, probably the oldest man in Colorado, will become a centennarian, says the Denver News. Taylor, who is veteran of the Black Hawk, Mexican and Civil wars, is living in the Savelle apartments at Seventeenth avenue and Franklin street, in this city, in splendid health and takes a two-mile walk every morning.

He was born May 20, 1806, in Linlithkum, Scotland, and the record of his birth is in the old chapel of that town. He came to America when a boy, and was among the first to enlist in the Black Hawk War in Wisconsin, the famous struggle with the Indians in which Abraham first attracted attention as a captain of volunteers. The Black Hawk War broke out in 1853.

Taylor also enlisted for service at the outbreak of the Mexican War and served throughout the campaign. A shell exploded at his feet at the siege of Vera Cruz, but he escaped serious injury. When Fort Sumpter was fired on this veteran was again among the first to enlist his services for the Union cause, fighting in the Wisconsin regiment that was a part of the renowned Iron Brigade.

In spite of his 100 years Mr. Taylor is in possession of all his faculties, has worn glasses but a few years and then only to read, is not deaf and takes a daily constitutional that would tire many a man half his age. He is probably the most regular of all of Dr. Coyle's attendants at the Central Presbyterian Church.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Mrs. Knicker—Is your husband an after dinner speaker, Mrs. Bocker—No, but he does a powerful lot of grumbling during it.

To Launder White Silk Handkerchiefs.

Do not put white silk handkerchiefs in the ordinary wash as they are easily laundered at home. Make a strong lather of Ivory Soap and water, but do not rub the soap on the handkerchief or use soda. Rinse and iron while damp with a moderately hot iron.

Eleanor R. Parker.

Our idea of a true friend is one who sees us only from our own viewpoint.

Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c cigar is good quality all the time. Your dealer or Lewis' Factory, Peoria, Ill.

It's a wise mining stock that knows its own par.

THE BOY AND THE JUDGE.

Typical Instance of a Denver Judicial Celebrity's Treatment of Youth.

Seven years ago, before there was such a thing as a juvenile court, a boy of nine was arrested in Denver for burglary. He was brought into the criminal court, tried as a burglar, and sent to jail. He served a term of years, during which he learned thoroughly the trade which he had been accused of plying. When he was released, writes Frances Maule Bjorkman, in the American Monthly Review of Reviews, he began to practice in earnest. He was rearrested, recommitted, and, after a second term, turned loose again, a more accomplished burglar than before. A few months ago he was shot at by the Denver police in an attempt to escape a third arrest. He was captured and brought into the juvenile court, still a mere child that ought to have been going to school.

Judge "Ben" B. Lindsey, who presides over the tribunal, was confronted by a bold, hardened and unnaturally sharp young expert in crime who had mystified the police by telling half a dozen different stories. Judge Lindsey began by telling the boy that he didn't believe him to be half as "tough a kid" as the police had made him out, and that he would not be "sent up" if he was "square with the court" and made a clean breast of his trouble with the "cops."

This new treatment got from the boy his real story. He had been led into his first offense by a desire for a knife with which to make a kite. His father refused to get him one, and he broke into a barber shop and took a razor. According to the letter of the criminal law, the boy had committed a burglary. As there was no "juvenile" law at the time, he was dealt with as a professional housebreaker. Asked about his first trial, he said to Judge Lindsey:

"Aw, de guy wid de whiskers, wot sat up on de high bench looked over at de 'cop,' and de 'cop,' he says: 'Dis is a very bad kid; he broke into Smitt's barber shop and took a razor, and he admits it, yer honor. Den de guy on de high bench sends me up widout givin' me a chanet to say a woid.'"

Thus, the boy was well started on a criminal career before he was ten years old. Fortunately, he fell into the hands of the Denver juvenile court, which had been established in the interval between his second and third arrest, while he was still able to "pull up." Instead of telling him that he was a bad boy and sending him to jail again, Judge Lindsey told him that he was a "bully fellow" and set him free—no probation. To-day that boy is still going uphill as fast as he was going downhill before.

Shipments of American Tea.

This year 12,000 pounds of choice tea will be shipped from what is at present the only tea farm in the western hemisphere. The farm is at Somerville, S. C. In the face of difficulties that at times seemed insurmountable, but, on the other hand, with the kindly assistance of the United States government, the Somerville tea farm has grown to a point where it can offer serious competition with the best grades of tea shipped from China, India, Formosa or Java. But, above all, it has been demonstrated that, barring the question of labor, the finest tea can be successfully grown at home, and there is nothing that gladdens the heart of an American more than the discovery that he can enter into competition in a field hitherto denied him.—Technical World.

Inland Surf Baths.

German lake resorts and other inland watering places are interested in a novel artificial surf bath which was tried last summer in the Starnberg lake, near Munich. A big tank is built, or a portion of a lake or river is inclosed. At the outer end is placed the wave-making machinery, which consists of either an oscillating partition or a large plunger which is dropped into the water at regular intervals. The result is a curious substitute for natural waves.

They Stand Alone.

Standing out in bold relief, *all alone*, and as a conspicuous example of open, frank and honest dealing with the sick and afflicted, are Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for weak, over-worked, debilitated, nervous, "run-down," pain-racked women, and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the famous remedy for weak stomach, indigestion, or dyspepsia, torpid liver, or biliousness, all catarrhal affections, whether of the stomach, bowels, kidneys, bladder, nasal passages, throat, bronchia, or other mucous passages, also as an effective remedy for all diseases arising from thin, watery or impure blood, as scrofulous and skin affections.

Each bottle of the above medicines bears upon its wrapper a badge of honesty in the full list of ingredients composing it—*printed in plain English*. This frank and open publicity places these medicines in a class *all by themselves*, and is the best guaranty of their merits. They cannot be classed as patent nor secret medicines for they are neither—*being of known composition*.

Dr. Pierce feels that he can afford to take the afflicted into his full confidence and lay all the ingredients of his medicines freely before them because these ingredients are such as are endorsed and most strongly praised by scores of the most eminent medical writers as cures for the diseases for which these medicines are recommended. Therefore, the afflicted do not have to rely alone upon Dr. Pierce's recommendation as to the curative value of his medicines for certain easily recognized diseases.

A glance at the printed formula on each bottle will show that no alcohol and no harmful or habit-forming drugs enter into Dr. Pierce's medicines, they being wholly compounded of glyceric extracts of the roots of native, American forest plants. These are best and safest for the cure of most lingering, chronic diseases. Dr. R. V. Pierce can be consulted FREE, by addressing him at Buffalo, N. Y., and all communications are regarded as sacredly confidential.

It is as easy to be well as ill—and much more comfortable. Constipation is the cause of many forms of illness. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, two a mild cathartic. All dealers in medicines sell them.

Aid for Detectives.

If the conclusions of a scientific writer in the current issue of the London Monthly Review are accepted, murder mysteries in the future will be much easier of solution. The writer, Paul Uhlenhuth, announces that he has discovered a means of identifying dried human blood. What this signifies will be apparent when it is stated that the greatest experts in medical jurisprudence have hitherto held it was impossible to ascertain positively whether or not the dried blood was that of a human being or an animal.

FOR NERVOUS PEOPLE

A Michigan Mother Preserved to Her Family by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

When the blood is impoverished the nerves starve and neuralgia or something more serious swiftly follows. Nervous people are generally pale people. By supplying through the blood those vital elements that the nerves need, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have performed those remarkable cures that make it impossible for any nervous sufferer to neglect them.

A recent case is that of Mrs. Peter Morrisette, of No. 315 Eleventh street, Alpena, Mich., who writes as follows: "My trouble started with childbirth. After one of my children was born I had a kind of paralysis. I was very weak and my mouth was a little crooked. I was always tired and was so nervous that I could not bear to hear a dog bark or a bell ring—even the little bird in its cage would annoy me. My heart fluttered a great deal and I had dizzy spells. I was not able to be left alone.

"My doctor gave me different kinds of medicine, changing it several times. When it was evident that he could not help me he said he did not understand my case. This was three years ago and I was very much discouraged, when my brother, who had taken Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, recommended them to me. I tried them and noticed a change for the better when I was taking the second box. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured me and I have been well ever since. I now do all my own housework, sewing and washing for seven of us."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have also cured diseases caused by impure or impoverished blood such as rheumatism, anæmia and after-effects of the grip.

All druggists sell Dr. Williams' Pink Pills or the remedy will be mailed, post-paid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

PRESERVING POLES.

MEANS OF SEASONING TELEGRAPH WIRE SUPPORTS.

Economy in the Use of a Product Which Is in Great Demand and Rapidly Running Out.

With the life of telephone and telegraph poles at its present limit, the 800,000 miles of existing lines, requiring 32,000,000 poles, must be renewed approximately four times before trees suitable to take their place can grow. A pole lasts in service about 12 years, on the average, but is made from a tree about 60 years old. In other words, to maintain a continuous supply five times as many trees must be growing in the forest as there are poles in use. The severity of this drain upon forest resources by the telephone and telegraph companies is obvious enough. Just as in the case of railroad ties, the question of pole supply has thrust itself into prominence. To lengthen the life of poles, and in this way to moderate demand and conserve future supplies, has become an important matter, affecting the public as well as private interests.

Since 1902 the forest service has been making a thorough study of the preservation treatment of poles and of the value of the seasoning in relation to treatment. In this work its first object has been, as in its studies of cross-ties and construction timbers, to make the timber last as long as possible, so as to check the annual demand for renewal and thus lessen so far as possible the drain upon the forest. Co-operating with telephone and telegraph companies, railroads, lumber companies, and individuals, it has urged forward a series of experiments covering all phases of the problem, from the question of the best season for cutting, through subsequent stages of handling, to the final setting of the pole. Some of the most important results obtained deal with seasoning.

Seasoning was studied in the first place to determine the rate at which poles become air dry, that is, lose as much moisture as they will part with through evaporation in the open air. The time of cutting was also carefully considered. Experiment proved that poles cut in winter dry more regularly than those cut at other seasons, and also show a greater loss in moisture at the end of six months' seasoning. The advantages of winter cutting are, therefore, even drying, with a minimum liability to check, and light weight—an obvious advantage for shipment by freight. Spring or summer cutting secures a more rapid loss of moisture at first, owing to the temperature, but only for three or four months. At the end of from six to eight months spring and summer cut poles are found to have dried only three-quarters as much as winter-cut poles.

The second point to be determined was the degree of shrinkage in circumference during air seasoning. This was found to be very slight, averaging but little over 0.5 per cent. at the butt and 0.6 per cent. at the top. The rapid shrinkage of wood does not begin until the percentage of moisture is reduced lower than is possible in the case of telephone and telegraph poles in out-of-door seasoning.

The effect of soaking in water upon the rate of seasoning was the third of the problems dealt with. The experiments substantiate the common opinion that poles soaked from two to four weeks subsequently season at a materially increased rate.

Finally, it was found that checking in the course of seasoning is not serious when poles have been carefully cut. Rapid-grown timber, however, when so carelessly cut as to leave jagged ends, was found to split badly at the butt and at the top. This is doubtless merely the widening of cracks started when the stick partially broke off instead of being cut clear through.

SOME ODD WATER WHEELS

They Are Employed in Various Countries to Utilize Power of Currents.

The people of Syria and Tiflis make their streams do things that Americans do not seem to have learned the secret of persuading the water courses of this country to perform, says the New York Tribune.

At Tiflis the natives have learned how to utilize the power of the current of the River Kur without building dams. What they have accomplished possibly might be done by an American farmer living on the banks of a rapid moving stream and desiring a small, cheap power. The Caucasians build floats on the surface of the river. Into them are set water wheels. The whole affair is fastened to the bank in such a way that it will rise and fall with any change in the level of the surface of the river, so that the power is about constant all the time.

In Hama the ancient "entering in of Hamath," the Syrians have accomplished a feat that makes one think of lifting one's self over a fence by tugging at one's bootstraps. They have harnessed the historic Orontes, or Nahr el Asi, as the Syrians call it, into the work of lifting itself many feet toward the zenith and trained it thus to water their fruitful gardens and orchards.

As for size the water wheels which do this work are as to other water wheels what Niagara is to other waterfalls. As one stands by one of these great wooden frames revolving upon its wooden axle and looks up at its perimeter 40 feet above one thinks it large and is astonished when he turns his gaze upstream to see that relatively it is not a great wheel, for in the distance looms up one 60 feet in height. Even then he is not prepared for the spectacle of one 90 feet in diameter, grunting around on its cumbersome axle just outside the town.

Life in Hama for some people is like the liking of others for olives, an acquired taste, because of these very water wheels. According as one feels about it, it is a musical city or one filled with nerve-racking groans. Day and night without ceasing these massive, slow revolving structures utter speech. For those who have acquired a taste for their companionship the never-ceasing tones are soothing, resembling the ocean roar or a slow fugue played on some cyclopean organ. The diapason tones are deeper and louder than the deepest organ stop. Now they are in unison, now repeating the theme, one after another, now for a brief moment in a sublime harmony never to be forgotten, according to one traveler, then once more together in a tremendous chorus. The sounds are described as a slow movement up the scale, followed with a heavy drop to the keynote as: Do mi sol, do do do; do sol la, do do do. This unceasing Sisyphian music, it is said, has been going on for a century at least.

Hint for the Women.

It is as bad a plan to tire a man with too much honey talk and caresses as it is to neglect him altogether. He must do the wooing, you know. It is perfectly legitimate to coax him along a little with smiles and guarded compliments, but watch out that you don't overdo. Whenever a woman gets to begging a man to love her she loosens her grasp on his heart. If you do love him a little, make him fancy it is the greatest honor to him. Women often cheapen themselves, and when they do men not only lose interest, but respect too.

Appeal to the Czar.

Rumors have reached India through Afghanistan that the Mohammedans of the central Asian Khanates had addressed a petition to the czar through the amir of Bokhara, praying that the promises made them by the Russian government during the war might be fulfilled. The czar replied graciously, but the people were becoming impatient at the inaction of the local officials.

ALASKA TO FAR CAPE HORN

Pan-American Railway Which Is the Greatest Project of Its Kind.

The gray plover nests in the hedges of Alaska, and when the short summer wanes it leads its young in perilous flight southward across plains and mountain ranges and then, guided by the coastline, wings its way steadily onward until it reaches its winter home in Patagonia. For more than one-half of the immense distance of its migration, says the Technical World, the flight course of the gray plover is almost coincident with the surveyed line for the projected Pan-American railway, a commercial connection between the northern and southern continents that a few years ago was regarded as the dream of enthusiasts, but which to-day has passed far beyond the realm of visions.

Men whose lives are well behind them will probably live to see the day when they can make an unbroken railway journey from the River Yukon, in Alaska, to the River Limay, in Patagonia. This journey from the north to the south means more than the traveling of an immense distance within a short space of time, though this thought alone is impressive.

It means the passing through alternate cold and heat, moisture and dryness, bare fields and green fields, treeless plains and tropical forests, fertile valleys and sterile mountains; it means acquaintance with men of every hue of skin and of every habit of life. It means the wedding of the ends of earth.

HIS PERTINENT QUESTION.

Railway President's Little Way of Keeping Tab on His Employees.

President Frank J. Hearne, of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, of Denver, tells this story of the late Joshua Gentry, at one time president of the Hannibal & St. Joseph railway, which is now a part of the Burlington system.

Gentry was fond of going over the lines of his railroad in old and rather shabby clothes. At a junction station one day he climbed into the cab of one of his locomotives while the engineer was busy oiling. When the engineer returned to the cab President Gentry pointed to the steam gauge, which stood at 160, and asked: "Is that all the steam you carry?"

"Why," said the engineer, "that's the second time around."

The man in shabby clothes asked several other questions which seemed foolish to the man behind the throttle, and finally the engineer turned on him.

"Who are you, anyway?"

"I am Joshua Gentry, president of this railroad," said that official, with dignity.

"Then why in thunder don't you wear good clothes, so one would know you?"

ALMOST.



Hewitt—I've had this suit four years. Jewett—Gee! You must have it nearly paid for by this time.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Denver Directory

A \$40 Saddle for \$28 C.O.D.



For a short time only we offer this saddle, steel horn, double cinches, wool-lined 23-inch skirts, 2 1/2-inch stirrup leathers, steel leather-covered stirrups, warranted in every respect, and equal to saddles sold for \$40 everywhere. Catalogue free.

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AMERICAN HOUSE DENVER. Two blocks from Union Depot. The best \$2 per day hotel in the West. American plan.

BROWN PALACE HOTEL Absolutely fire-proof European plan, \$1.50 and upward.

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Denver. One block from Union Depot. Fireproof. C. H. MORSE, Mgr.

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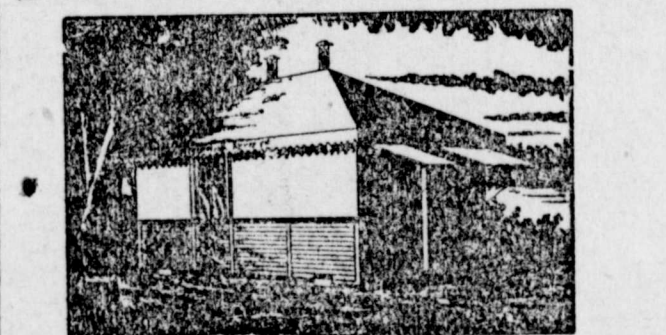
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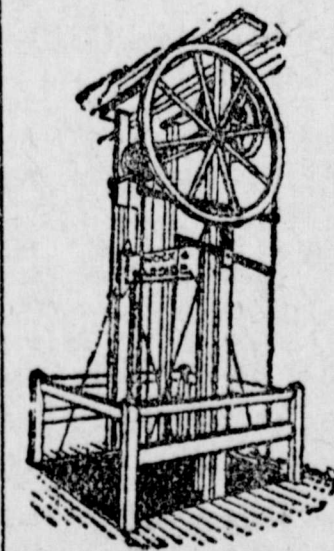
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DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 10c.

A CASE IN POINT.

The Noble Charity of a Local Doctor Commended.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR IS DUE

From Roswell Record.

Kindly allow me, through the columns of the Daily Record, to make public recognition of the splendid professional services of Doctor T. E. Presley of this city, in protracted series of operations upon the eyes of an elderly lady, who had for many long and weary months been totally blind. On one eye was a cataract of years development; and the other eye had wholly lost its vision by disease of the lens, and was impossible of cure. In order that this eye might be restored to even partial vision the Doctor found it necessary to make an incision in the eyeball, draw aside the pupil and remove the injured and darkened lens, and thus prepare the way for the incoming of light, and by patient treatment the Dr. has been able to restore both eyes to fairly good sight; and the happy and grateful patient says "I am indeed a new woman." The circumstances calling for special mention are, that this lady of excellent family, and at one time possessed of considerable fortune has been bereft of both husband and fortune, and was and is entirely unable to make payment for these valuable services and skillful operations by this specialist. This kindly and generous gentleman has, within our knowledge, given his services from day to day, for these many months, without any reward or hope thereof; and has in this beneficent manner actually given sight to the blind, and set another human here to joyful song on her homeward way.

Permit me to add, that this sincere word of recognition is not in any possible manner at the instance or suggestion of Dr. Presley; but wholly of my own notion as a witness of the facts, and in order that at least so gracious a charity might be made known to our people.

Very respectfully,
R. E. LUND.

Estray Notice.

On this the 25th day of May, 1906, personally appeared before me, the undersigned justice of the peace of precinct No. 9, in the county of Lincoln, territory of New Mexico, Rollie D. Harper, a resident of said precinct, who is desirous of estraying one mule, upon his oath deposes and says that one light sorrel mule, about 13½ hands high, branded $\sqrt{\quad}$ on left thigh. Said animal has been ranging on and about his premises for over one year, and that he has made diligent search and inquiry for owner of said animal and failed to find any such.

Rollie D. Harper.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of May, 1906.

JNO. A. HALEY,
Justice of the Peace,
15-6 Precinct No. 9.

Otero County Notes.

Alamogordo, June 11.—Residents of Otero county generally and particularly those in the Sacramento mountains are worried over the report that a forest reserve is to be established in the vicinity. According to the preliminary surveys, such a reserve; it is said, would take in considerable of the well known agricultural region of the Sacramentos. Stock growers say it will mean bankruptcy to them.

Officials of the railroad all deny the statement that the wells along the El Paso & Southwestern are gradually going dry, but it is reported on good authority that such is the case. It is the opinion of many that the recent earthquake which wrecked San Francisco, has caused the sinking of water in these wells. The railroad is now compelled to run water trains.

Carthage Coming to Life.

The old coal camp of Carthage Socorro county, which was abandoned by the Santa Fe railway company 13 years ago, is coming to life again, and the railroad from San Antonio will be completed to the camp about the first of July.

Lloyd Weber, formerly secretary of the fuel company that operated the coal mines here, has been in Capitan this week loading the coal cars here for shipment to Carthage. W. P. Thompson, at one time superintendent of the mines here, is the manager of the new concern, and is backed, practically, by the same parties that started this camp. They have three mines opened up and ready to go to shipping from as soon as their road is completed. The road is being built over the old abandoned road bed of the Santa Fe.

To Adjourn This Month.

Washington, June 13.—The Republican steering committee of the senate met today and considered the question of adjournment of congress, as soon as possible after next week. The committee was in session for an hour and adjourned, convinced that nothing stands in the way of such a program.

It is believed adjournment will come about June 28.

The program thus arranged contemplates a vote on the canal type bill in the senate, but no further action until next session. The vote in the senate will, it is believed, result in a decision in favor of a sea level canal.

The statehood, railroad rate and meat inspection bills, and bills relating to a number of other subjects of great public inter-

Santa Fe Central Railway System Sunshine Route via Torrance.

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No. 1 makes close connection at Torrance with the Golden State Limited, No. 44, east bound, on the Rock Island.

No. 2 makes close connection with Golden State Limited, No. 43, west bound.

W. H. ANDREWS, President and Gen'l Mgr.
A. L. GRIMSHAW, Traveling F. & P. A.
S. B. GRIMSHAW, G. F. & P. A.
FRANK DIBERT, General Immigration Agt.
J. P. LYNG, City Freight and Passenger Agent, Santa Fe New Mexico

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Homestead Application No. 4027.
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, May 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. W. Hulbert, U.S. Commissioner, at his office in Lincoln, N.M., on June 21, 1906, viz: Ernest E. Wright, of Richardson, N. M., for the E½ SE¼ Sec. 11, SW¼ SW¼ Sec. 12 and NW¼ NW¼ Sec. 13, T 7 S, R 14 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George A. Hunt, Henry A. Scott, William A. Yates, of Richardson, N.M.; George A. Peter, of Lincoln N. M.

5-11 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Homestead Application No. 1146.
Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, May 5, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. W. Hulbert, U.S. Commissioner, at his office in Lincoln, N.M., on June 21, 1906, viz: Abner F. Mundell, of Capitan, New Mexico, for the north west quarter of Section 22, T 9 S, R 14 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: D. J. M. A. Jewett, George Smith, Thomas H. Moore, Ellen Mundell, all of Capitan, N.M.

5-11 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application No. 1108.

Land Office at Roswell, N.M., May 5, 1906.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before E. W. Hulbert, U.S. Commissioner, at his office in Lincoln N.M., on June 21, 1906, viz: John J. Neal, one of the heirs of William L. Neal, deceased, of Ruidoso, N. M., for the northwest quarter of Section 12, T 11 S, R 13 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Charles W. Wingfield, Fount A. Miller, Peter G. Hale, Nicholas Bastion, all of Ruidoso, N.M.

5-11 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

est were considered by the steering committee, but it was estimated that all these matters had reached stages that will offer no obstacles to adjournment at an early date.

Rev. F. M. Wylder came in on yesterday's train from Alamogordo.

Mrs. Ed Wheeler, with her little son and neice, and Miss Nellie Williamson came up from Roswell Sunday night, and are visiting their father and grandfather, J. S. Williamson.

Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application No. 1280.
Land office at Roswell, New Mexico, May 26, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on July 13, 1906, viz: Emilio Teupell, of Arabela, New Mexico, for the N½ SW¼, SW¼ SW¼ Sec. 5 and NW¼ NW¼ Sec. 8, T 9 S, R 18 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Hicimio Sanchez, Felipe Sanchez, Emeterio Montoya and Jesus Maes, all of Arabela, N. M.

6t 6-1 HOWARD LELAND, Register.

El Paso & Southwestern System

Summer rates, round trip, to Cloudcroft, N. M., for season of 1906.

From	"A"	"B"
El Paso	\$5.00	\$3.00
Newman	5.00	3.00
Jarilla Jct.	4.00	3.00
Alamogordo	3.00	
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Oscura	4.50	
Carrizozo	5.00	
Capitan	6.00	
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Corona	7.50	
Torrance	8.00	
Duran	8.9J	
Pastura	10.00	
Santa Rosa	10.00	

Dates of Sale: Class "A," daily June 1st-Sept. 29, inclusive Class "B". Saturdays, June 2-Sept. 29 inclusive.

Limit: Class "A," September 30; Class "B," tickets must be limited to Monday following date of sale.

V. R. Stiles,
General Passenger Agent.

Notice.

Parties who contemplate building or making ranch improvements, come and see O. L. Henry, Capitan. Will sell all or any one of the buildings now at Coalora. This is your chance to get lumber cheap.

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