

The Robert Lee Observer

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VOLUME 53

ROBERT LEE, COKE COUNTY TEXAS

FRIDAY, Aug. 21 1942

NUMBER 2

Senator O'Daniel Has Never Mentioned In Speeches Or Print His Record As Shown Below

Each voter should ask himself the question "Which one of the two candidates for United States Senate can render the greatest service to our State and Nation in this time of emergency and during the next six years?"

August 5, 1941
The Congressional Record Vol. 87, No. 143, pages 6910-6911 carries a speech made in the Senate by Hon. W. Lee O'Daniel opposing the act recommended by the President and proposed by the Military Affairs Committee extending the military service of selectees beyond the original twelve month period. Among other things, Mr. O'Daniel said: "On the other hand, when any measure comes before the United States Senate which seeks to expand the power which has been granted to the Chief Executive, or where any legislation comes before the United States Senate affecting any other great vital problem, I shall not be concerned about whether the proposed legislation does or does not carry the blessings of the President; 'I oppose extending the period 18 months or six months or one day' Congressional Record Vol. 87 No. 145 Page 7036, August 7, 1941, records the vote of the Senate on this question. It shows 45 votes for extending the time and 30 votes against the extension and 21 senators not voting. Among those voting against the extension are W Lee O'Daniel, Vandenberg, Walsh, Wheeler and Nye. Having aligned himself with the obstructionist minority can Mr. O'Daniel hope to get the cooperation of the progressive majority?"

James V. Allred is in position to cooperate with the majority of the Senate and with the President in an aggressive effort to win the war. He has pledged himself to that purpose.

Allred offers a definite program and tells you what he will attempt to do if elected to the Senate. From the outset of his campaign before the first primary Allred has declared in favor of legislation to stop labor strikes during the war; against Federal control of business; in favor of retaining the community property laws of Texas and their respect by the Federal Government; for adequate old age benefits, and for proper protection of agriculture and the livestock business. He now explains his stand on this last matter by promising to work for a minimum price of 25 cents for cotton and action by the Government to maintain a market for mohair during the war.

Please compare the general statements of one candidate with the concrete proposals of the other and cast your vote for James V. Allred.

Allred For Senate Committee
Pol. Adv.

ONE BUCK...



One Buck out of Every Ten you earn should be going into U.S. War Bonds-Stamps!

Local Items

Mr. Sam Johnson and children of Milsap, Texas, Mr. and Mrs. Joel Johnson and Mr. and Mrs. Woodrow Johnson or San Bernardino Calif. visited in the Littlefield home Monday.

Mr and Mrs. W. H. Booher visited in Colorado City first of the week.

Weldon Fikes has been promoted as Corporal.

Marguerite Garvin spent last week end with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Garvin. She is now employed at the Banner Creamery as cashier and P B X operator. She wants the Observer to visit her each week.

Jim McCutchen was in Robert Lee Tuesday.

The scrap drive is on, in full swing. Scrap your place over and get all your scrap iron and metals together and notify the committee as their phone indicates, and they will supply you with needed information.

Mrs. A. W. Littlefield and Glenda returned Friday of last week from Lipan and Weatherford where they had been visiting for ten days. Joyce Littlefield visited her aunt, Mrs. J. M. Rippeoe of Bronte while they were away.

Dr. Leonard of Bronte, was a pleasant visitor at the Observer office Wednesday.

Edith Walker of Abilene is at home for two weeks vacation.

Bruce Clift attended the West Texas Funeral Directors meeting at Big Spring Tuesday.

As a good season in the ground many are sowing grain for fall pasture.

Several more single men are being examined to fill the next call for Army service.

Death of A. J. Roberts

A. J. (Andy) Roberts, 73, father of Mrs. Coke Austin, died at his home Saturday night in Comanche following a week of serious illness.

Funeral services were held at Church of Christ at Comanche Monday with Minister R. C. Ledbetter in charge, with Gordon Barrett assisting. Interment in Oakwood Cemetery, Comanche.

MANNING'S CAFE

BETTER FOODS!
COLDER DRINKS!
San Angelo, Texas

Preaching At Baptist Church Sunday

There will be a preacher from Oklahoma who will preach at the morning and night hours.

Make a special effort to be present at both services.

W. C. McDonald, Coke Attorney, Moves To Angelo

W. C. (Bill) McDonald, Coke County attorney now serving his third term is moving here this week.

McDonald, unsuccessful candidate for 51st district attorney in the recent primary, announced here Monday that he had obtained offices at 214 McBurnett Building.

"I made a lot of acquaintances and I hope a lot of friends in my recent campaign. I didn't win but I have been wanting to make San Angelo my home anyway," McDonald said.

-San Angelo Standard.

Associational Meeting

The Thirty-fifth Annual Meeting of the Runnels Missionary Baptist Association convening with Pumphrey Baptist Church 10 a. m. Thursday August 27th, with Rev. Clarence A. Morton, Moderator.

After the electing of officers and reports from various committees will be an address by Dr. W. W. Melton, Dallas, Executive Secretary of the Baptist General Convention of Texas and the annual sermon by Rev. W. T. Hamor, Winters.

12:30 Dinner

In the afternoon Annual Board Meeting, and the Woman's Missionary Union, with an address by Mrs. J. H. McClain, Brownwood, President District 16 WMU.

After reports from various committees, Dr. Jeff Davis, United Drys, Dallas, will give an address on "Baptist and the War"

7:00 Supper

8:00 Reports from the Baptist Brotherhood; Sunday Schools; Training Unions and other committees.

Missionary Sermon, Rev. J. R. Hickerson, Brownwood, District Missionary.

Adjourn.

Notice

J. D. Burns will speak Friday night on the street in Robert Lee in the interest of Jimmie Allred, a red blooded native Texan.

\$1.00 off on all Summer Dresses

Cumby & Roach

Look For The Scrap.

"Get your scrap in the fight".
"Scrap your place over for the junk scrap".
"Hunt the scraps to scrap the Japs".

DRINK!



At

CITY CAFE In Robert Lee

Attention

Mr. H. O. Witt, Chairman of Coke County War Price and Rationing Board called attention to the fact that many persons either from lack of information, or thru negligence, are failing to surrender their War Ration Books to the local board when they are inducted into the armed services.

Heirs and next-of-kin also are failing to surrender to the board the books of persons who have died, Mr. Whitt said.

Mr. Whitt added that the war rationing regulations are very strict in this regard and he expressed hope that the local board would not have to call on the Office of Price Administration to invoke penalty provisions against persons who fail to observe this regulation.

Election

Saturday's election at Lometa, voted 12 for, and 4 against, at Robert Lee 23 for consolidation. Lometa will take advantage of Robert Lee school facilities.

To The Observer

In reply to letter received from H. O. Witt concerning the abuse of rubber tires, I as sheriff shall cooperate to the letter and any one caught speeding in my jurisdiction will be given a card and a copy will be furnished Mr. Whitt, Chairman of the Coke County War Price and Rationing Board. So govern you self accordingly and play safe.

Frank Percifull,
Sheriff.

Locals

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Malone and children left Sunday for Sudan, where they will visit Mr. Malone mother and other relatives.

You can join the Navy after receiving your draft induction orders. A Navy recruiter is in the San Angelo post office building seven days a week.

Mrs. Coke Austin was called to the bedside of her father at Comanche last Thursday. She returned Saturday and reported her father was very low.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Bell and Janet Bilbo have returned from a visit to Texas City and Beaumont. Bob Hall and Mrs. Chas. Ragsdale of Blackwell, Texas accompanied them on their trip.

The official plowman Jolly has plowed and harrowed the Court House square and it looks real nice.

A fine rain fell over Coke county Saturday and Sunday and will do lots of good.

Regardless of dry weather Coke furnished its quota of luscious watermelons.

The fall garden is in full swing for victory.

A young man can learn a skilled trade in the Navy which will benefit him when the war is over.

Mrs. B. U. Smith, Mrs. Halley Smith, Mrs. F. O. Garner and Miss Shirley Garner of Port Arthur Texas, visited in the homes of Marvin Stewart, and W. H. Campbell last week.

Orville R. Roane of Curtis Field near Brady, visited Sunday with his aunt, Mrs. J. E. Roane and family.

ALAMO THEATRE

"THE BEST IN SCREEN ENTERTAINMENT"

ROBERT LEE TEXAS

Friday, Saturday and Sunday Aug. 21-22-23

SHIRLEY TEMPLE IN
"Miss ANNIE ROONEY"

Also Comedy and News

Wednesday only Money Nite Aug. 26

"ICE CAPEDES"

WITH
The "ICE CAPEDES REVUE" and
JAMES ALLISON-JERRY COLONNA
Also Comedy

TEXAS THEATRE

BRONTE TEXAS

Friday and Saturday Aug. 21-22

GENE AUTRY-SMILEY BURNETTE

"DOWN MEXICO WAY"

Two Reel Comedy and News

Tuesday only Money Nite Aug. 25

"ICE CAPEDES"

JAMES ALLISON-JERRY COLONNA

Also Comedy

Rationing Chief Lauds Public for Cooperation

Most 'Kicks' Come From Pressure Groups, OPA Administrator Points Out.

By Leon Henderson
Administrator of the OPA

(Because the present rationing program is of paramount interest to every person, this paper presents an exclusive article written for members of the Western Newspaper Union syndicate by Leon Henderson, price control administrator. The views expressed are those of Mr. Henderson.)

There are still a lot of rough spots in rationing, but we know we're on the right track because most of the kicks we're getting are coming from the pressure groups, and comparatively few from the public.

And as more and more rationing becomes necessary, we're going to make more mistakes. But we're going to find them out, and cure them one at a time because that's the way progress is made.

While rationing on the modern scale is unprecedented, rationing itself, is nothing new to Americans. As a matter of fact, it's older than our government itself because the Pilgrims used it at Plymouth Rock to weather the hardships of days of scarcity. Washington, of course, was the nation's first rationing administrator. Indomitable courage, and rationing, brought his men through Valley Forge. Rationing played a great part in the settling of the West because many of those hardy pioneers would never have made it across the desert if they hadn't pooled all their supplies and shared alike.

Fight for Life Itself.

Now that our nation faces a fight for life itself, we're using this valuable tool to insure the necessities of life to every American so that we can all pitch in on the one big job of winning the war. That's what rationing really amounts to. The public, I believe, is realizing that rationing is a protective measure for the individual and the country instead of an unnecessary restrictive device, and they are supporting it, by and large, as they are supporting our other necessary war measures. Most of the criticisms that come to us from the public are from people who really don't understand the purposes of rationing programs and why they are necessary, or those who have been misled by selfish interests seeking to destroy rationing, into the belief that it is not necessary, or that it is being done simply to make our people aware of the seriousness of the war.

Six Commodities Rationed.

In the first eight months of war for our country, we have had to ration six commodities: sugar, tires, autos, typewriters, bicycles, and in the East, gasoline.

Very briefly, here are the reasons: We can't ship enough sugar into the United States to give everyone all he wants of it; therefore, we ration sugar so everyone can have a fair share.

Our principal source of rubber is cut off; we can't make enough tires for everyone; therefore, we ration tires to serve our country's most vital needs.

We need our auto factories for war production. No more autos. So we ration what autos we have

on hand to serve the country's greatest needs.

We need all the typewriter factories for manufacture of shells, gun parts and other war supplies. Typewriter production stops, so we ration the typewriters we have on hand to meet our most essential needs.

We need the metals and rubber that go into bicycles, for war production. No more bicycles. So we ration the bicycles we have left to those who really need them.

In the East, we can't get enough gasoline because we haven't enough tankers or other facilities to transport all it takes to run all cars as usual without hampering our war effort. So we ration gasoline to give every essential user enough for his actual needs.

Each Problem a New One.

While the underlying purposes of these rationing programs can be stated that simply, the working out of the machinery to make them effective and fair to our 130 million people is quite another matter. Even if we had the benefit of long experience in such work, the launching of a new rationing program would still be a man-sized job. But to work out rationing systems for

Constructive Criticism Invited

The public has been wonderfully patient because most people know how difficult such a job must be. The constructive criticism of the large numbers of persons who have written to us, and of the loyal newspapers of the country have been a great aid in helping us plan soundly. We eagerly invite such constructive criticism.—Henderson.

130 million people is something new under the sun. Never before in history has it been done. Every problem that arises is a new problem. We can't call in the experts, because there are no experts. We have to work it out on what seems to be the soundest possible basis, and when we find we're wrong, and our plans don't work, we have to go back and change them. We're learning as we go.

But we have been beset on the other hand by another kind of criticism that has not been helpful. Our rationing programs have been subjected to criticisms and attacks from enemy and selfish interests whose sole purpose was to destroy public confidence in rationing; to wreck the system.

These enemy attacks were designed to hamper our war effort by spreading confusion and dissatisfaction on the home front as one phase of the Axis propaganda activities in the United States. This of course emanated from the offices of the former Bund members and other enemy agents and is dealt with whenever the FBI breaks up the work of spies and saboteurs.

Downright Selfishness.

But the other is the result of downright selfishness as opposed to the higher interests of our war effort. There have been some—and fortunately the number is small considering the size of our country—who

OPA Administrator



LEON HENDERSON

"Never before in history has it been done..."

have sought to wreck our rationing programs because their own personal profits from the sale of the rationed commodities were reduced. They have sought to do this by citing misleading figures in attempts to prove that shortages do not exist in the rationed commodity in which they hold an interest, and that rationing therefore should be discarded.

These people, whether they realize it or not, are committing an unpatriotic act. They are putting their dollar profits ahead of their country's interests, and are trying to bargain their hopes for future freedom for the quick financial gain that would come from frantic hoarding by a panic-stricken people.

It is not sufficient for good Americans simply to ignore the attacks made by these selfish interests. We should all be vocal in our denunciation of such propaganda and demand that every person making such unwarranted statements designed to wreck our rationing programs, back those statements with facts to prove them.

End False Rumor.

This does not mean that American citizens should be denied the right to express their opinions on rationing, or any other subject. I am simply asking that Americans who know the importance of assuring fair, orderly distribution of commodities that become scarce during our war effort, place every selfish critic of rationing in the position of having to prove everything he says. We can thus bring to an end much of the false rumor and insidious propaganda that has beset our efforts to do a necessary job.

Paint Scarcity Looms, Home Economist Gives Hints on Its Best Use

College Station, Texas.—Before long, paints of many types are going to become scarce.

Mrs. Bernice Claytor, specialist in home improvement for the A. and M. college extension service, says shortages will be felt especially in paints, varnishes, and enamels for interiors. The reason is, these require natural or synthetic resins.

For some time synthetic resins have been ear-marked for exclusive war use, and lately the War Production board has ordered a 50 per cent cut in the amount of natural resins manufactured for civilian purposes.

Here are some of the specialist's suggestions for choosing and using interior paints to the best advantage. Semi-gloss paint, which washes well and is not too harsh in appearance, is suitable for kitchens and bathrooms.

Flat paint gives a "soft" appearance and is best for large areas such as walls and ceilings. It soils less quickly than gloss paint, but it will not stand up as well under washing.

Calcimine is the cheapest wall paint available. Though it cannot be cleaned, it can be washed off entirely and a new coat applied.

The specialist cautions:

"Don't use calcimine on smooth woodwork or on walls which have been covered with oil paint." The coating eventually will chip off and make later re-painting far harder.

Enamel should be used only on very smooth surfaces, for it makes holes, chips, and scars more noticeable.

Homemakers who want to avoid the trouble of sandpapering and planing uneven surfaces, should use a gloss or semi-gloss paint instead of enamel.

With other scarcities looming, homemakers have been requested by many universities' extension specialists and government officials to file clippings which describe how such material can be efficiently used.



LOW BACK PAINS

Most sufferers from low back pain naturally reach for help to relieve pain rather than search for the cause. They will take painkilling drugs, use heat and electricity, hot baths, massage, and other methods of treatment. In cases where pain is due to strain or other injury the use of heat to muscles that are stretching the spine away from the point of injury is good treatment but getting the strained or sprained parts back



Dr. Barton

into their proper position would get the patient well in much less time.

In speaking of low back pain I have usually pointed out that most cases are really due to infection—tonsils, teeth, gall bladder, intestine—and the remainder to injury—strain and sprain of certain joints, injury to the disk or cushion between the bones of the spinal column. Sometimes the strain or sprain is due to poor posture.

Dr. P. M. Girard, Dallas, Texas, in Archives of Physical Therapy, points out that while low back pain is present in the spot where the infection or injury occurs, that pain also occurs in places distant from the point of infection or injury. This is known as a "referred" pain and because it occurs at a distance from the infected or injured spot, the cause may be overlooked. On the other hand, pain may occur in lower back and down back of thighs and be due not to injury or infection at point of pain but to growths in spinal cord, rupture, appendicitis, turns or bends of uterus, growths in ovary, and stone in bladder.

A slight injury due to swinging a golf club or making a misstep may tear a muscle, rupture a ligament, or injure the joint holding one spinal bone to the next one.

The more the subject of low backache is investigated the more physicians are coming to believe that poor posture—letting the body slump or sag—is a more frequent cause than was formerly thought. This is the reason that when injury is the cause (as shown by relief from pain when at rest) and both patient and physician are unable to find any history of injury, they forget about poor posture as a cause.

Overweight and Gland Troubles

There was a time when the only method of reducing weight was to eat less food, take more exercise, or both. This is still the best method and the only one used in about nine of every ten cases.

However, now that it is known that if certain glands do not manufacture enough juice, an accumulation of fat will occur, physicians are able to inject or give by mouth enough animal gland extract to overcome this lack and so the fat is removed.

Generally speaking, where there is lack of thyroid extract or juice, the excess fat accumulates in all parts of the body. This occurs six times as often in women as in men. If lack of pituitary extract, excess fat accumulates across abdomen, shoulders, chest, upper arms, upper legs and hips. It usually starts in the teens and the youngster wants large quantities of sweets. Lack of sex gland extract results in excess fat across abdomen and more particularly across hips and buttocks. This is common following menopause in women. There are cases where the excess fat is due to lack of extract in more than one of the glands.

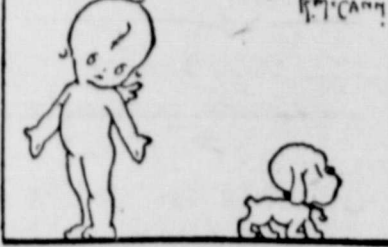
When the lack of gland extract has been definitely shown, the use of gland extracts under the supervision of the physician will give results particularly when there is reduction in the food intake also. However, for an overweight who "thinks" his excess fat is due to lack of gland extract, trying to treat himself is dangerous as severe illness, collapse, and death have followed self treatment.

Remember, gland extracts wholly are needed in less than 5 per cent of overweight cases and, in part, in less than 10 per cent.

Then there are the "cures" for overweight that so many try because they want a short and easy road to normal weight. Some of these "cures" where the drug used is known to the physician and its reaction, even if dangerous, can be controlled, have been used in "extreme" cases where the individual was 100 to 250 pounds overweight,

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

We go our ways with blinded eyes
All bent on some far goal
While deep within us each there sighs
A timid, friendly soul.



WNU Features.

MOROLINE HAIR TONIC

HOUSEWIVES: ★ ★ ★
Your Waste Kitchen Fats Are Needed for Explosives
TURN 'EM IN! ★ ★ ★

J. Fuller Pep

By JERRY LINK



"Fuller," says Aunt Netty, the other day. "Folks are like wine. Some sour with age, and some, like you, get better!"

"Mebbe," says I, pickin' up that little compliment, "that's because I feel so good most of the time." Poor, you know, folks, when you feel good your disposition's apt to be good, too. But to do that, you got to eat right, which includes gettin' all your vitamins. And KELLOGG'S PEP is extra-rich in the two most often short in ordinary meals—vitamins B₁ and D. Mighty fine-tastin', too. Try it!

Kellogg's Pep

A delicious cereal that supplies per serving (1 oz.): the full minimum daily need of vitamin D; 1/4 the daily need of vitamin B₁.

NEW FREE GIFT

FINE Cannon FACE CLOTH

WHEN YOU BUY A BOX OF SILVER DUST

I'M THE WHITE SOAP THE RIGHT SOAP FOR LAUNDRY AND DISHES. FINE Cannon FACE CLOTH IS WORTH 100 MORE PACKED INSIDE!

BEACONS of SAFETY

● Like a beacon light on the height—the advertisements in newspapers direct you to newer, better and easier ways of providing the things needed or desired. It shines, this beacon of newspaper advertising—and it will be to your advantage to follow it whenever you make a purchase.



Like millions of other housewives throughout the U. S., Mrs. Leon Henderson, wife of the Office of Price Administration's head, went through the routine of registering for her sugar rationing book. Dr. Elmer S. Newton, superintendent of Western high school, Washington, D. C., is filling out the application blank for Mrs. Henderson. The other lady on the left is Mrs. Henry Wallace, wife of the vice president.

Gems of Thought

FALSEHOOD is so vile that though it should praise the great works of God it offends against His divinity; truth is of such excellence, that if it praise the meanest things they become ennobled.—Leonardo da Vinci.

*The night has a thousand eyes
And the day but one,
Yet the light of the bright world dies
With the dying sun.*
—Francis W. Bourdillon.

The sufficiency of merit is to know that my merit is not sufficient.—Quarles.

Silence is a true friend who never betrays.—Confucius.

Easy Stitches in Gay Flowered Chair Set



WHAT fun to embroider this pretty bowl of flowers in gay colors!—And when you've made the last lazy daisy stitch and finished the cut-work bowl, you're ready to add beauty to chair or buffet!

Pattern 411 contains a transfer pattern of a 12½ by 14¼ inch chair back and two 5½ by 10½ inch arm rests; illustrations of stitches; materials required. Send your order to:

Sewing Circle Needlecraft Dept.
82 Eighth Ave. New York
Enclose 15 cents (plus one cent to cover cost of mailing) for Pattern No.
Name
Address

NO ASPIRIN SAFER
than genuine, pure St. Joseph Aspirin. World's largest seller at 10¢. Big savings in large sizes. 36 tablets, 20¢; 100 tablets, 35¢.

Our Destiny
We bear each one our own destiny.—Vergil.

Acid Indigestion

What many Doctors do for it
When excess stomach acid causes gas, sour stomach or heartburn, doctors prescribe the fastest-acting medicine known for symptomatic relief—medicines like those in Bell-ans Tablets. No laxative. If your very first trial doesn't prove Bell-ans better, return bottle to us and get double your money back, 50¢.

WNU—L 33—42

When Your Back Hurts -

And Your Strength and Energy is Below Par

It may be caused by disorder of kidney function that permits poisonous waste to accumulate. For truly many people feel tired, weak and miserable when the kidneys fail to remove excess acids and other waste matter from the blood.

You may suffer nagging backache, rheumatic pains, headaches, dizziness, getting up nights, leg pains, swelling. Sometimes frequent and scanty urination with smarting and burning is another sign that something is wrong with the kidneys or bladder.

There should be no doubt that prompt treatment is wiser than neglect. Use Doan's Pills. It is better to rely on a medicine that has won countrywide approval than on something less favorably known. Doan's have been tried and tested many years. Are at all drug stores. Get Doan's today.

DOAN'S PILLS

Household News

by Lynn Chambers



It's a Good Morning With Flapjacks in Syrup!
(See Recipes Below.)

Breakfast Time

Whether you wake to the crowing of the rooster or the jingle of an alarm clock, it's a signal to be up and about seeing to the day's work. But first! A hearty breakfast is in order so that the system can get started on its day's routine in the proper form. No matter whether it's for the head of the family going off to the defense plant, daughter on her way to the nurses' aid class, mother or the youngsters, no one should skip blithely over this meal of the day.

For years doctors and dieticians have looked askance at those who passed up a real up-and-at-them breakfast because it doesn't give the body a chance to start functioning early in the day. If you're fat, you need fruit-egg-toast-and-beverage breakfasts to start your metabolism working at top speed to start tearing down of excess tissues.

If you're thin, then you need just as much of a breakfast with a few more trimmings, to start building yourself. If you're normal, you still need the hearty breakfast so you can maintain your health and give your body its daily nutritional requirements. And one of the best recommendations for a real breakfast is the good way it starts you on your day's work. None of that drowsy, it's-hard-to-wake-up-in-the-morning feeling. No, Ma'am!

Hardest thing about breakfasts is that it's easy to get into a rut by serving the same foods morning-after morning. This is rather strange, considering how much time and effort is spent on getting variety into the other two-squares a day. Well, why not variety for breakfast?

Eggs in all manner of ways are a good standby. Poached, fried, coddled, baked, scrambled, a la golden-rod, or combined with ham, sizzlin' sausage or crisp brown bacon—there you have a week's ideas.

Lynn Says:

Tips for Breakfast Fruits:

You're going to be a little short on sugar so do the most with what you have. A little salt in cooked fruit or sprinkled on such things as melons brings out true fruit flavor, requires less sugar. Lemon or lime juice with melon enhances the natural sweetness. Try it.

Orange juice, chilled before the fruit is squeezed, is an excellent pep-you-up. Let the sugar stand on grapefruit a while (while the coffee percolates) and the sugar will melt and go further. Try eating fruit or juice first, but saving half to finish off your breakfast—it will leave a fresh taste in your mouth.

Fruit stewed should have sugar added after it is stewed, with a pinch of salt. You won't need as much sweetening, this way.

Cook dried fruits with a slice of lemon or orange. These citrus fruits have an affinity with dried apricots, peaches, prunes and apples.

This Sunday's Breakfast

- Sliced Peaches in Orange Juice
- *Feather-Fluff Griddle Cakes
- Poached Eggs
- Maple Syrup Beverage
- *Recipe Given

The Cereals.

At least one serving of cereals is the nutrition requirement for the day. This is most easily served at breakfast, with cream and sugar and perhaps a few slices of fresh fruit or berries. Ready-prepared cereals are delightful, especially in the warmer weather—they're crisp, light, and nutritious. Recently some of the prepared cereals have been scientifically restored so they have all the whole-grain richness and nutritive value in them.

Light as down flapjacks are a welcome sight at breakfast! Try these:

- *Feather Fluff Griddle Cakes. (Makes about 18 cakes)
- 2 eggs, well beaten
- 2 cups rich sour milk or buttermilk
- 1½ cups white flour
- ½ cup prepared pancake flour
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 1 teaspoon baking powder

Have all ingredients at room temperature. Sift dry ingredients thoroughly. Add milk to eggs. Gradually stir in dry ingredients. Stir just enough to make a smooth batter. Cook on ungreased griddle. Try out one cake and if batter is too thick, add a little more milk.

Sunday Breakfast.

Place sausage links in a frying pan, add a small amount of water. Do not prick the skins. Cover and let steam 5 minutes, then drain. Cook over slow heat, add 3 tablespoons of peach juice to 8 sausages and let brown. Serve with poached eggs on top of toasted English muffins. Red currant jelly or golden peach jam makes a delectable dish.

If you've never tried old-fashioned scrapple, you have a real treat a-comin' to you:

Pork Sausage Scrapple.

- (Serves 6 to 8)
- 2 cups cornmeal
- 4 cups boiling, salted water
- 1 pound sausage, in bulk

Cook cornmeal in rapidly boiling salted water, and add sausage to mixture. Blend thoroughly. Rinse a loaf pan with cold water and pack in hot scrapple. Let stand in ice-box overnight, covered with waxed paper. Dip in beaten egg and fry until golden brown. Serve with spiced applesauce, cranberry sauce or maple syrup.

Frivolettes With Ham.

- (Serves 6)
- 6 hard-cooked eggs, remove yolks
- 4 tablespoons grated cheese
- 1 teaspoon Worcestershire sauce
- Salt and pepper
- Melted butter

Mash yolks and mix with cheese, butter, seasonings. Refill whites. Press together. Pour a rich cream sauce over them and sprinkle buttered crumbs over them. Brown a few minutes in a hot oven. Serve on browned circles of ham.

What are your food problems? Cake making? Bread making? Pickles, jams, jellies? Children's lunches? Miss Lynn Chambers will be glad to give you expert advice on your particular problem, if you write her explaining what you want to know, at Western Newspaper Union, 210 South Desplaines Street, Chicago, Ill. Please enclose a stamped, addressed envelope for your reply.

Released by Western Newspaper Union.

ASK ME ? ANOTHER!

A quiz with answers offering information on various subjects

The Questions

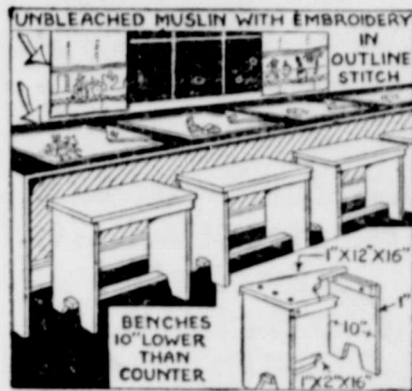
1. Is the backbone of a camel curved upward in the middle?
2. On what date is the longest day of the year at the equator?
3. What is another name for a human maxillary protuberance?
4. What animal washes its food?
5. Where was the Battle of Bunker Hill fought?
6. With what legendary lady was Peeping Tom of Coventry associated?
7. Must all persons in the United States navy use the official title of a superior when addressing him?

The Answers

1. No. It is straight. The humps are chiefly fat.
2. Every day is the same length.
3. Jaw.
4. The raccoon.
5. At Breeds Hill nearby, but it was called the "Battle of Bunker Hill."
6. Lady Godiva. (Peeping Tom was stricken blind, legend says, when he peeked upon Lady Godiva as she made her famous ride.)
7. Yes, with one exception. A warrant officer is addressed simply as "Mister."

ON THE HOME FRONT

with RUTH WYETH SPEARS



ures were then added to give a smart note of gaiety.

NOTE: These curtains, mats and napkins were made of flour bags and the gay figures tell a story of life down Mexico way. A flower seller; a peon on his burro; a caballero with his guitar; a man leading a pig to market, and girls carrying jugs and baskets on their heads are all worked in simple outline stitch. Transfer pattern including enough figures for six mats, six napkins, borders for one pair of curtains and extra figures for several pot holders, is available to our readers. You will find directions also for many other fascinating things to make in Mrs. Spears Book 7. Send order direct to:

MRS. RUTH WYETH SPEARS
Bedford Hills New York
Drawer 10
Enclose 10 cents for Book No. 7 and 15 cents for pattern.
Name
Address

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acne pimples, bumps (blackheads), and ugly broken-out skin. Millions relieve miserably with simple home treatment. Goes to work at once. Direct action aids healing by killing germs it touches. Use Black and White Ointment only as directed. 10c, 25c, 50c sizes. 25 years success. Money-back guarantee. For Vital in cleansing is good soap. Enjoy famous Black and White Skin Soap daily.

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If functional monthly disturbances make you nervous, restless, high-strung, cranky, blue, at such times—try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—famous for over 60 years—to help relieve such pain and nervous feelings of women's "difficult days."

Taken regularly—Pinkham's Compound helps build up resistance against such annoying symptoms. Follow label directions. Well worth trying!

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TRY PRINCE ALBERT FOR Milder, Mellow yet TASTIER SMOKES. CRIMP CUT FOR FASTER, EASIER, NO-SPILL ROLLING. NO OTHER TOBACCO LIKE P.A.—IN PAPERS OR PIPES

70

fine roll-your-own cigarettes in every handy pocket can of Prince Albert



Prince Albert THE NATIONAL JOY SMOKE

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The Robert Lee Observer

S. R. YOUNG
Editor and Publisher

Entered at the postoffice at Robert Lee, Coke County, Texas, as second class mail matter, under an act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

\$1.00 a year in Coke and adjoining Counties,
\$1.50 a year elsewhere.

Co-operation

The wisest heads of the day do not know what tomorrow will bring. It would be folly to attempt to advise people just what they should do as world conditions exist now. But we can at least do our best to carry on and help every way possible to win the war and bring about peace that might leave the world in a better and more stable condition for future generations. The price and cost has become secondary matters. We must win or pay a greater price in losing. Wishful thinking will not win, it takes action.

Buy Bonds and Save.



It's going to cost Billions to de Fang the Jap!
Buy U.S. WAR BONDS & STAMPS!

CHURCH OF CHRIST
Regular Services 9:30
Preaching on First Sunday of each month.

METHODIST
John L. Brown, Pastor
Church School 10:00
Preaching Service 11:00
Young People 8:00
Preaching Service 9:00
W. S. C. S.—Monday 3:00

BAPTIST
Sunday School 11:00
Preaching Service 12:00
B. T. U. 8:00
Preaching Service 9:00
W. M. S., Monday ... 5:00
Prayer Meeting Tuesday 8:30

Pay your water bill by 10... of each month or have you service discontinued.
City Commission.

NOTICE
I will buy dead wool Yags and Sacks, at the Robert Lee Gin C Fred McDonald Jr.



Ten Per Cent OF YOUR INCOME should be going into U.S. War Bonds and Stamps

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Uncle Sam is Calling for the Largest Poultry out put in History.

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A second hand buggy or hack. Call at Ott's Station.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce the following Candidates for the Office designated above their names.

For State Senator 25th District
PENROSE B. METCALFE
For District Attorney 51st Judicial District:

RALPH LOGAN
For County Judge and Ex-Officio School Superintendent:

McNEIL WYLIE
For County and District Clerk:

WILLIS SMITH
For County Treasurer:

MRS. B. M. GRAMLING
(Re-Election)
For Commissioner Precinct No. 1:

H. C. VARNADORE
(Re-Election)
For Commissioner Precinct No. 3:

T. R. HARMON
(Re-Election)
For Sheriff & Tax Assessor-Collector:

FRANK PERCIFULL
(Re-Election)
For County Attorney:

G. S. ARNOLD
For Congressman 21st District:

O. C. FISHER

Notice

Evangelist Wm. H. Taylor of San Angelo, will be in a meeting with the Church of Christ here from Aug. 20 to 20. Ever one is extended a special invitation to hear him through these series of meetings. No collections will be taken and all Bible questions will be cheerfully answered.

P. O. 4025 Ad No. 17

Bomb 'em with JUNK



Let's blast Japan—and Germany—and Italy—with the chain lightning of destruction that can be built from the scrap in our cellars, attics and garages, on our farms and in our places of business.

Scrap iron and steel, other metals, rubber and waste materials. It will all be used to make tanks, ships, planes and the fighting weapons our boys must have. It is needed at once.

Sell it to a Junk dealer—give it to a charity or collection agency—take it yourself to the nearest collection point—or consult the Local Salvage Committee... If you live on a farm, and have found no means of disposing of your Junk, get in touch with the County War Board or your farm implement dealer.

Throw YOUR scrap into the fight!

This message approved by Conservation Division
WAR PRODUCTION BOARD
Advertisement paid for by the American Industries Salvage Committee (with funds provided by groups of leading industrial concerns).

JUNK NEEDED FOR WAR
Scrap Iron and Steel

Needed for all machines and arms of war. Fifty per cent of every tank, ship and gun is made of scrap iron and steel.

Other Metals—Rubber—Rags—Manila Rope—Burlap Bags

Needed for making bombs, fuses, binoculars, planes; tires for jeeps; gas masks; barrage balloons; wiping rags for guns; parachute flares; insulation for electric wiring.

WASTE COOKING FATS—When you get a pound or more, strain into a large tin can and sell to your meat dealer.

NEEDED ONLY IN CERTAIN LOCALITIES—Waste paper and tin cans—wanted only in certain areas, as announced locally.

NOT NEEDED (at this time)—Razor blades—glass.

What You Buy With WAR BONDS

The mess kit is one of the most important items in the Soldier's equipment. It consists generally of a pan, a plastic canteen and cup, a fork, knife and spoon, all in a canvas pack cover. The total cost runs up to about \$2.00.



Canteens and other items such as handles on knives and forks, formerly made of aluminum, are now plastic. Alloy has replaced stainless steel. You can buy many of these mess kits for our boys with your purchases of War Bonds and Stamps. Invest at least 10 percent of your income in War Bonds or Stamps every pay day and top the quota in your county. U. S. Treasury Department

Drugs!
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* Phenothiazine *
See!
My Cold Candy Case The Only One in Town
Complete Stock of
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Bilbo's
DRUG STORE

Local Salvage Committee—Phone: Nos. 78 and 52
H. E. Smith chairman, S. F. Malone and Fred Roe, Committeemen

Constitutional Amendments

A JOINT RESOLUTION—H. J. R. No. 1

proposing an amendment to Article III of the Constitution of the State of Texas by adding a new section thereto to be known as Section 49a, requiring all bills passed by the Legislature on and after January 1, 1945, appropriating money for any purpose, to be sent to the Comptroller of Public Accounts for his approval, and fixing the duties of the Comptroller with reference thereto; authorizing the Legislature to provide for the issuance, sale, and retirement of serial bonds, equal in principal to the total outstanding, valid, and approved obligations owing by the General Revenue Fund on September 1, 1943; providing for the submission of this amendment to the voters of this State; prescribing the form of ballot; providing for the proclamation and publication thereof; and providing for the necessary appropriation to defray necessary expenses for the submission of this amendment.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Article III of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding thereto, immediately after Section 49, a section to be known as Section 49a, to read as follows:

"Section 49a. It shall be the duty of the Comptroller of Public Accounts in advance of each Regular Session of the Legislature to prepare and submit to the Governor and to the Legislature upon its convening a statement under oath showing fully the financial condition of the State Treasury at the close of the last fiscal period and an estimate of the probable receipts and disbursements for the then current fiscal year. There shall also be contained in said statement an itemized estimate of the anticipated revenue based on the laws then in effect that will be received by and for the State from all sources showing the fund accounts to be credited during the succeeding biennium and said statement shall contain such other information as may be required by law. Supplemental statements shall be submitted at any Special Session of the Legislature and at such other times as may be necessary to show probable changes.

"From and after Jan. 1, 1945, save in the case of emergency and imperative public necessity and with a four-fifths vote of the total membership of each House, no appropriation in excess of the cash and anticipated revenue of the funds from which such appropriation is to be made shall be valid. From and after January 1, 1945, no bill containing an appropriation shall be considered as passed or be sent to the Governor for consideration, until and unless the Comptroller of Public Accounts endorses his certificate thereon showing that the amount appropriated is within the amount estimated to be available in the affected funds. When the Comptroller finds an appropriation bill exceeds the estimated revenue he shall endorse such finding thereon and return to the House in which same originated. Such information shall be immediately made known to both the House of Representatives and the Senate and the necessary steps shall be taken to bring such appropriation to within the revenue, either by providing additional revenue or reducing the appropriation.

"For the purpose of financing the outstanding obligations of the General Revenue Fund of the State and placing its current accounts on a cash basis the Legislature of the State of Texas is hereby authorized to provide for the issuance, sale, and retirement of serial bonds, equal in principal to the total outstanding, valid, and approved obligations owing by said fund on September 1, 1943, provided such bonds shall not draw interest in excess of two (2) per cent per annum and shall mature within twenty (20) years from date."

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the State of Texas, at the next general election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1942, being November 3, 1942, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots, the words:

"For the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas, requiring appropriation bills passed by the Legislature to be presented to and certified by the Comptroller of Public Accounts as to available funds for payment thereof, limiting appropriations to the total of such available funds, providing for issuance of bonds to pay off State obligations outstanding September 1, 1943, and fixing the duties of the Legislature and Comptroller of Public Accounts with reference thereto."

Those opposing said proposed Amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots, the words:

"Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas, requiring appropriation bills passed by the Legislature to be presented to and certified by the Comptroller of Public Accounts as to available funds for payment thereof, limiting appropriations to the total of such available funds, providing for issuance of bonds to pay off State obligations outstanding September 1, 1943, and fixing the duties of the Legislature and Comptroller of Public Accounts with reference thereto."

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State of Texas is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and have same published as required by the Constitution for amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. The sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State of Texas, not otherwise appropriated, to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

A JOINT RESOLUTION H. J. R. NO. 24

proposing an Amendment to Article V of the Constitution of Texas by providing that the Legislature shall have the power by local or general law, in counties having a population in excess of two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants to create other courts having exclusive jurisdiction or concurrent jurisdiction with the county court in civil, criminal or probate matters; fixing the time for an election therefor; prescribing the form of ballot; providing for a proclamation of such election and the advertisement thereof; and making an appropriation therefor.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. Article V of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as Section 22-a and reading as follows:

"Section 22-a. The Legislature shall have the power, by local or general law (without the necessity of advertising any such local law), in counties having a population in excess of two hundred thousand (200,000) inhabitants according to the then last Federal Census, to create other courts having either exclusive jurisdiction or concurrent jurisdiction with the county court in civil, criminal or probate matters."

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Texas at a special election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1942, at which time all voters favoring such proposed Amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the following:

"For the Amendment to the Constitution, providing that the Legislature may in certain counties create other courts having either exclusive jurisdiction or concurrent jurisdiction with the county court in civil, criminal or probate matters."

Those voters opposed to such Amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the following:

"Against the Amendment to the Constitution, providing that the Legislature may in certain counties create other courts having either exclusive jurisdiction with the county court in civil, criminal or probate matters."

If it appears from the returns of said election that a majority of the votes cast is in favor of the Amendment, the same shall become part of the Constitution of the State of Texas.

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have it published as required by the Constitution and existing laws of this State.

Sec. 4. The sum of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary is hereby appropriated out of the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of said publication and election.

A JOINT RESOLUTION—H. J. R. No. 23

proposing an Amendment to Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas authorizing the lending of Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) of the Permanent School Fund for the construction of a State office building or buildings; providing for repayment to the Permanent School Fund; providing for the submission of this Amendment to the voters of this State; and providing for the necessary proclamation and expense of publication.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

Section 1. That Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 49-b, which shall read as follows:

"Section 49-b. The Legislature may provide by law for the issuance of not more than Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) in bonds or obligations of the State of Texas to the Permanent School Fund for the construction of the City of Austin of a State office building or buildings, and the State Board of Education is hereby directed to invest not more than Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) of the Permanent School Fund therein. Such bonds shall be executed on behalf of the State of Texas by the Governor and Comptroller, and shall bear a rate of interest not to exceed three (3) per cent per annum, payable annually; they shall be of such denomination as may be prescribed by law, and shall be payable in not to exceed twenty-five (25) equal installments beginning one (1) year from date of issuance; and the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to set aside into a special fund annually at the beginning of each fiscal year until all of said bonds shall have been paid off and discharged, a sufficient amount of the first moneys coming into the Treasury for the use and benefit of the General Revenue Fund not otherwise heretofore obligated to the payment of bonds and interest, a sufficient amount to pay the interest becoming due and the bonds maturing during such fiscal year. From said Fund, the Treasurer shall pay the interest on said bonds as it comes due, to the credit of the Available School Fund; and shall pay off said bonds as they become due and deposit the amounts so paid to the credit of the Permanent School Fund. The power hereby granted to issue bonds is expressly limited to the amount stated and to five (5) years from and after the adoption of this grant by the people."

Sec. 2. The foregoing Constitutional Amendment shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State of Texas at an election to be held on the third day of November, 1942, at which election all voters favoring such proposed Amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words:

"For the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas authorizing the investment of not more than Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) of the Permanent School Fund in bonds of the State of Texas to be issued for the construction of a State office building or buildings and providing for the repayment of the said sum of money to the Permanent School Fund."

Those voters opposing said Amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words:

"Against the Amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas authorizing the investment of not more than Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000) of the Permanent School Fund in bonds of the State of Texas to be issued for the construction of a State office building or buildings and providing for the repayment of the said sum of money to the Permanent School Fund."

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and have the same published as required by the Constitution and existing laws of the State.

Sec. 4. The sum of Eight Thousand Dollars (\$8,000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of said publication and election.

Mrs. Lizzie Hester returned home after a two weeks visit with her daughter Mrs. Miller Montgomery and family at Hamlin

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My ranch is posted by Law any one caught trespassing will be prosecuted

Fred Roe

Dr. R. J. Warren DENTIST

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BUY UNITED STATES WAR BONDS AND STAMPS

Official U. S. Treasury War Bond Quotas for August



Washington, D. C., August 5.—While maintaining a tentative annual level of twelve billion dollars as its goal, the Treasury Department today fixed the August quota for the sale of War Bonds at \$815,000,000 as shown by the accompanying map by states.

In lowering the quota from a billion dollars in July to \$815,000,000 in August, the Treasury has given recognition to certain factors which may be expected to result in variations in sales over the 12-month period, such as the seasonal character of farm income.

These factors have been taken into account in determining each state's share for the national quota for August and will be given consideration in fixing quotas for subsequent months.

In addition to the state quotas as set out in the map there is a federal payroll allotment quota of \$9,750,000 and territorial quotas as follows: Alaska, \$760,000; Canal Zone, \$213,000; Hawaii, \$4,800,000; Puerto Rico, \$440,000 and the Virgin Islands, \$17,000.

U. S. Treasury Department

WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS

Allies Take Offensive in Pacific Area With Naval Attack on Solomon Islands; British Thwart Sabotage Plan in India; Nazis Reap Profits From Russian Drive

(EDITOR'S NOTE: When opinions are expressed in these columns, they are those of Western Newspaper Union's news analysts and not necessarily of this newspaper.)

OFFENSIVE: In Southwest Pacific

Exactly eight months after the bombing of Pearl Harbor—eight months of gloom-laden defensive warfare—Allied air, sea and land forces carried the battle to the enemy in the Southwest Pacific theater of war.

In a fierce battle for the Solomon islands, the United States fleet and warships of the Pacific flotilla struck heavy, continuing blows at Japanese bases in America's first great offensive of the war.

Adm. Chester W. Nimitz, U. S. naval commander in the Pacific, stressed the force of enemy resistance. The fight was at the northern boundary of the Coral sea, where a U. S. task force in May inflicted the first great naval defeat in history upon Japan.

Although not discussed in official communiques, navy spokesmen made it clear that the assault on the Solomons was the first major attempt to regain Japanese-seized territory. Equally clear was the fact that all possible fire power was being brought to bear upon the enemy. This would include army and navy bombing planes, shelling from big guns of naval surface ships and possibly strong land action.

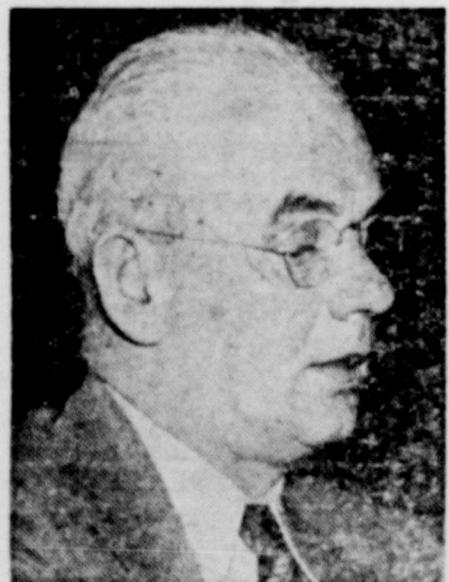
Some thousands of miles north a Pacific fleet task force had bombed Jap ships and installations at Kiska, one of three Aleutian islands upon which an estimated 10,000 Japanese have entrenched themselves.

LABOR: Another Crossroads

As "peace" committees of both AFL and CIO begin preparations for their meeting to bring about labor peace both Philip Murray, CIO president, and William Green, head of AFL, issued public statements indicating that they favored the objective.

There were definite signs, however, that the method of reaching the objective might encounter some difficulty along the way. For in one of his statements on the subject President Green urged that CIO: "come back to the AFL, the House of Labor."

Later in a speech to the important CIO United Automobile, Aircraft and Agricultural Implement Workers of America, meeting in their convention in Chicago, Philip Murray avoided all reference to this statement. But he did say: "I hope, I pray, that their (the AFL's) attitude will have changed, that experience has taught the need for giving recognition to the aspirations and objectives of those organizations



PHILIP MURRAY
"... hoped and prayed."

which make up the Congress of Industrial Organizations."

Biggest stumbling blocks in labor peace talks for the seven years that the two groups had gone their own way had been personalities and the refusal or inability of AFL to recognize CIO's organization of unions by grouping all workers in an industry into one union.

As far as personalities were concerned, Philip Murray had bypassed John L. Lewis by appointing to the CIO peace committee members not necessarily committed to the head of potent United Mine Workers. Lewis and Green had constantly differed on peace terms in the past and with the former out of the front trenches (but still very much in the fight) some observers were forecasting an outside chance for a united labor front—united for U. S. victory.

INDIA: Action

As the crisis in the latest drive for India's independence approached, Britain acted with speed and surprise. By official decree, Mohandas K. Gandhi and almost 200 other All-India Congress party leaders were arrested as they prepared to launch their nation-wide non-violent civil disobedience movement as a protest against Britain's refusal to grant India immediate freedom.

Some sources reported that the British acted because it was learned that an extensive sabotage campaign against the war effort was about to get under way.

Rank and file of Gandhi's party did not take their rebuke quietly. Dispatches from New Delhi reported rioting in Bombay and Ahmedabad. In addition government grain stores were looted in protest against the British action.

It was the sixth time that Gandhi had handed himself over to government officials in his life-long fight for Indian independence. As he gave himself up he called upon his followers to remember the slogan: "Either we get freedom or die." Technically Gandhi was not being imprisoned but he was to be kept under "strict surveillance."

Britain's attitude seemed to be summed up in the thought that while India's independence was important, the most vital problem of the United Nations at present was the winning of a war.

GRAIN AND OIL: To the Nazis

Though the cost in men and machines has been terrific, the Nazis are already reaping the benefits of their 1942 drive for the oil and grain riches of the Caucasus.

This was evidenced by an admission on the part of Red Star, official Russian army newspaper, that already the Germans were shipping trainloads of foodstuffs from the Kuban area. Kuban is one of Russia's finest farm sectors but now has been practically cut off from Soviet control.

However, the Nazis were not harvesting all the grain nor pumping all the oil that the Russians were forced to abandon. For as they retreated, the Cossack defenders were employing the "scorched earth" policy to the best of their ability. Grain fields and granaries crammed with wheat were blazing as the Germans advanced to them. Oil wells in the Maikop field were blown up by Soviet troops. Yet experts were forced to admit that the Nazi prize that remained was worth the battle losses. For these are the things Germany needs to continue fighting—oil and grain.

GRIM ENDING: For Saboteurs

The greatest execution in the history of the nation's capital took place when six of eight Nazi saboteurs who came to this country by submarine to cripple the war effort were electrocuted in the District of Columbia jail's electric chair.

It was an hour and a half after the first of the plotters was pronounced dead that the White House made its official announcement. The six were Herbert Hans Haupt, Heinrich Harm Heinck, Edward John Kerling, Hermann Otto Neubauer, Richard Quirin and Werner Thiel. Two other saboteurs escaped death by aiding the prosecution. One of them, Ernest Peter Burger, was sentenced to life in prison at hard labor. The other, George John Dasch, was sentenced to 30 years at hard labor.

Meanwhile, the nation's first important sedition trial since the outbreak of the war came to a close when a federal court jury in Indianapolis found William Dudley Pelley, founder of the Fascist Silver Shirts, guilty of criminal sedition.

Pelley's co-defendants, Agnes Marion Henderson, his secretary, and Lawrence Brown, were found guilty only of conspiracy. Pelley was found guilty on all 11 counts in the indictment.

Even as the erstwhile dictator of the Silver Shirts braced himself for the penalties ahead, the American public demonstrated again its stern temper when Federal Judge Arthur J. Tuttle pronounced a death sentence for treason upon Max Stephan, Detroit restaurant owner, for betraying his adopted country by befriending an escaped Nazi prisoner.

STEEL: Probe 'Black Market'

In answer to charges that a "black market" in steel existed, where "immediate delivery was made from bulging warehouses scattered over the nation," two government investigations were immediately begun.

First probe was undertaken by Price Administrator Leon Henderson after charges made by Frank Higgins, associated with his father in a New Orleans shipbuilding yard, that



SENATOR HARRY S. TRUMAN
"... negligence or willful misconduct."

his company had bought steel from such markets at higher premiums.

The second investigation was undertaken by Congressman Carl Peterson, chairman of the house subcommittee investigating the maritime commission's cancellation last month of the Higgins company's contract to build 200 liberty ships because of an alleged steel shortage.

Meanwhile, Chairman Harry S. Truman of the senate committee investigating national defense charged the navy department's bureau of ships with "negligence or willful misconduct" in connection with the construction of tank-landing boats. Senator Truman's charges contained in a letter to Navy Secretary Frank Knox referred to the navy's insistence on substituting its own models of tank-landing boats for ships of proved value built for this purpose by the Higgins company in New Orleans.

HOUSEWIVES: Face Job 'Draft'

Spokesmen for the manpower commission intimated that one out of every four American housewives between the ages of 18 and 44 may be needed in munitions jobs for this country to attain full war production.

It was indicated that a nationwide occupational registration of women might be undertaken as a means of cataloguing the country's total feminine adult resources.

Paul V. McNutt, manpower chief, has estimated that about 5,000,000 more women must be placed in war jobs by the end of 1943.

CARGO PLANES: Get Green Light

A "go-ahead green light" for the construction of vast cargo planes in months to come was given by both the army and navy.

Speaking for the army, Lieut. Gen. Henry H. Arnold, commander of the army air forces, told a senate military affairs committee that 21 per cent of all multiple-engine bomber planes to be produced for the remainder of 1942 will be cargo or transport carriers. Including all planes of comparable flying range, he added, 30 per cent of the total output will be essentially for cargo purposes.

General Arnold revealed that cargo and transport carriers now being produced are used to move paratroops and airborne infantry, to tow gliders and to carry supplies to combat zones. Planes are moving about 2,500,000 tons of material a week, he said.

Speaking for the navy, Rear Admiral John H. Towers, chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, disclosed that the navy is speeding a huge program for building cargo planes.

SUBMARINES: Lull Near U. S.

That American coastal waters are no longer a soft spot for German submarines was the view expressed by British officials in a communique from London. Consequently it was believed that Axis U-boats had been forced to seek other waters in which to prey on United Nations' commerce.

Adoption of the convoy system in the Panama and Caribbean areas plus increased air defenses were cited as coinciding with a decreased scale of submarine attacks.

Shortage of Farm Labor Caused by War Demands

Wages 42 Per Cent Above 1941; Ray of Hope Seen in Release of Workers from Construction Jobs.

By BAUKHAGE

News Analyst and Commentator.

WNU Service, 1343 H Street, N.W., Washington, D. C.

While Mr. McNutt's man-power commission is considering the draft of a new bill for mobilizing the workers and the students and even the employers of the nation, the farmer is scratching his chin and wondering just where he will fit into the picture.

Farm laborers, of course, will be registered along with the rest, but will that cure the farmer's headaches?

Today the farm labor problem is full of superlatives and paradoxes. In the first place the unfulfilled demand for farm labor reported for July was the largest in history, 53 per cent of the total demand. In other words for every 100 hands needed, there were only 42 available.

That doesn't mean less people were working—as a matter of fact in spite of the shortage the number of people working on the farms has increased—there were 12,009,000 as of July 1. This seeming paradox merely means that more members of the farmer's family are working, more women, high school boys and girls and many older men who had retired. Older men who did a few hours light work a day, mending fences and odd jobs, are now working full time.

Of course the shortage of farm labor is due to the fact that the war and the war industries have absorbed so many people. And this competition has skyrocketed farm wages. They are the highest in 22 years. They are 42 per cent above the wages of a year ago. The average day wage rate is the highest since 1920. It is \$2.45 and ranges all the way from \$1.15 paid in South Carolina to \$4.85 paid in the state of Washington. You can get some idea why the farmers are fighting for parity prices when you learn that the ratio of prices received to wage rates is 75 (the figure 100 standing for the ratio in the parity years, 1910 to 1914) that ratio stood at 83 last year since when it has dropped 8 points.

I asked a member of the department of agriculture if that wasn't an argument in favor of the farm bloc fight in congress to keep prices up. He replied that he thought it was an argument against war and high prices in general.

Well, there is the farmer's problem: although he pays almost double what he paid in the good old parity years 1910-1914, he still can get only 58 per cent of the labor he needs.

Now comes the government ready to mobilize 60 million labor units. That includes men, women and younger folks, with the purpose eventually of having the government assign each available person to the special job in the war effort for which he is capable.

But the farmer has peculiar difficulties. He may need a lot of help for say two days putting up his hay, and then things are pretty slack until the wheat comes along. Either he will have to provide for the support of the extra help between times, or depend on the "Ookies," the migrant labor whose trials and tribulations we've heard so much about. An example of this came up recently when it was suggested that Mexican labor be brought into this country. That is a problem in the state department's bailiwick. It was pointed out that it would not be possible to pay the Mexicans for only the work actually done because as aliens they could not be permitted to enter the country if they were allowed to become public charges. Therefore they would probably have to be guaranteed a weekly or even a monthly wage rate.

Local Problem

One reason why a general mobilization of labor is not of much help to the farmer is because the farm labor problem is largely a local one. In normal times the farmer usually knows the man he wants and can call him up on the telephone and be pretty sure he will come for the few days he will be needed at the peak season. Many of these men now, of course, are off working in an armament factory, or have been drafted.

In the totalitarian countries the authorities just take anybody they want by the scruff of the neck and send him off anywhere they want him to go.



The United States is not yet ready to break up families, or to move homes. Of course, transfer of large numbers of people has been achieved to some degree in the case of the war industries where the federal government provided or helped to provide adequate housing for new industrial communities which have suddenly mushroomed into existence.

There is just one ray of light on the farm labor problem and that is this: Although we expect that there will be a still greater demand for farm help next year, it is possible that some of it can be recruited from construction workers with farm experience. It is believed that many of the plants and other buildings which had to be constructed to meet the war needs will be fairly well completed by next year. This may release a number of workers.

Of course, the manpower mobilization bill will be very valuable in one respect. It will enable the manpower commissioner to flip a card and find out exactly what anyone who can do anything can do, what he is doing now, and where he is.

The mere registration of people has a helpful effect, too. I know a former farmer who is now working in an office. He was one of the recent registrants in the 18 to 65 group—nearer 65 than 18. He said to me, "When I filled that card out and put down 36 years experience on a farm, I thought to myself, 'well, here I am, Uncle Sam knows how to locate me and old as I am, I think I could still swing a pitchfork if they need me.'"

A Good Word

For Mr. Riedel

In these days when wastefulness in Washington is the theme of many a letter, there is one government employee who probably has known personally more senators intimately than most Washingtonians and who hasn't had a pay raise in 14 years!

And according to most of my colleagues he has more than deserved a raise.

He is a bubbling young man in his early thirties whose job is press relations officer for the United States senators. And his functions are manifold. He labors in the service, not only of senators but also of newspaper men, radio reporters and commentators and by no means the least in their particularly pressing demands, news photographers.

He is Richard Riedel, who lacks one year of being in the government service a quarter of a century. He started as a page boy in the senate at the age of nine. He has literally grown with the work and the work has grown with him. When he first came to the senate he was too small to reach up to the counter to sign his name for his pay, he had to go in behind to get it. Today, he stands 6 feet 2 inches. And the work he does has expanded, too, immeasurably since the time he just ran errands for the senators.

Riedel remembers when the "lobby" of the senate, that hallways just off the chamber through which the senators pass when they leave the floor, was a teeming alleyway from which nobody was excluded. Any visitor, any lobbyist, had a right to come in there and buttonhole a solon as he emerged from the chamber.

But in 1919, Sen. Philander C. Knox, earlier secretary of state, changed all that.

Now this sacred precinct is treated upon only by legitimate members of the press and radio. And, democratically enough, where they hold most of their interviews is in the President's room. That's the first one to the right just off the "lobby." A President uses this ornate salon about once in his term of office, and then when he announces to a committee from the senate that he is through just before his successor takes the oath.

At the doorway of the lobby Riedel stands with some of his colleagues. The newsmen come to him, demand the presence of a senator and are usually accorded an interview unless the gentleman in question is about to speak on the floor, or dares not miss some procedure vital to him or his constituents.

But in the "lobby" and its adjoining anterooms no "lobbyists" may enter.



SADDLE and RIDE

By ERNEST HAYCOX W.N.U. Release

CHAPTER I

From the high edge of Mogul to the floor of Powder Desert was a sheer drop of fourteen hundred and sixty feet; and even on the quietest day a stream of warm air from the desert boiled up the face of the rim, so that if a man stood at the break-off and tossed his hat outward it invariably sailed back to him. Clay Morgan had shown this to his daughter Janet long ago. It was a part of their ritual on the trip to town, and as soon as they reached the rim this afternoon, she reminded him of it again; whereupon he sailed his hat across the rim, caught it on the rebound, and witnessed her delighted smile. Afterwards they turned downgrade on a road steeply and narrowly cut against the face of the mountain.

As they descended she began to recite lines of "Hiawatha," in preparation for a school play. Riding slightly back of her, Clay Morgan watched her small arms gesture and her naturally sober face lighten and grow faintly dramatic. To him it was a matter of never-ending astonishment that one nine-year-old girl's head could hold so much.

The silence and the slow way she had of judging people came from him. The vivid imagination and the growing beauty came from her mother. It was something Clay Morgan had watched for, through the years—and yet, much as he had expected it, it still was strange to see in this girl the image of a woman nine years dead, to know that the tempestuous Lila who had been his wife now reached out of the grave to remind him of the one brief and violent and miserable and beautiful year of their marriage. In the beginning she had said she loved him; she had died hating him.

Powder Desert began at the bottom of the grade. Sand and sagebrush hummocks, built by the east wind, lay before them; around these lumpy barriers, high as a man's shoulders, meandered the deep twin cuts of the road. This September day's sun was half-down in the west and heat lay heavy on the flat; and in the near distance, on the benchland at the head of the desert, the houses of War Pass made an irregular outline. Toward this cattle town they traveled, Janet dreaming her nine-year-old dreams in sober stillness, Clay Morgan holding his clear intimations of trouble ahead.

Turning at the corner of Gentry's corral, Clay Morgan faced the length of Main Street, with its double row of angular wooden buildings and its deep golden dust. Under the courthouse locusts at the corner of Main and Stage, a large group of men idly waited; and he knew then that the trial of the rustler, Ollie Jacks, was still unfinished.

He dismounted by the stable and permitted both horses to nose into the water trough before tying them to the rack. Janet said: "I am going to Ann McGarrah's, Daddy." "She always had a quick smile for him when she mentioned Ann McGarrah's name, as though there might be some secret involved. 'I think,' she added, 'we will eat supper there'—and watched him a moment with her observant eyes.

"You seem pretty sure of that." Morgan remained near the stable's hitching-rack to roll up a quick smoke. But he was never a man to let his eyes be idle; thus now, while his fingers tapered off the cigarette his glance ran down the street, past the courthouse and post office and the Long Grade saloon, past the Mountain House hotel and beyond that to the little cluster of brick and dobe buildings of Old Town. Two cross-streets dropped from a higher level of the hillside. Up there sat the high, square, iron-ornamented houses owned by the wealthier merchants and the big cattlemen who liked to winter their families in town. This was four o'clock and already the street was in shadow, though the far desert burned up its brown-grit glitter.

Jesse Rusey, the town's marshal, cruised the walk—short, broad body swinging a little. He had the shoulders of a wrestler; above the sweep of his mustaches was a glance as cool as flint. This man had a kind of rocky solidness, a kind of formidable courtesy. He said, "How are you, Clay?" and passed by.

Charley Hillhouse and Hack Breathitt broke from the courthouse group and walked toward him, their boots puffing up the street's dust; but for a moment he remained slackly by the hitching-rack, his

mind picking away at the mystery of Jesse Rusey. This town marshal had been in War Pass for twenty years, yet nobody knew him, or knew what he thought, or knew where his sympathies actually lay.

Hillhouse and Breathitt came cheerfully forward and for a moment these three fast friends stood by the hitching-rack and swapped gossip, pleased to be together again. All of them had grown up in the country, they had gone to school together and had worked and hunted and had their fun together, and in trouble had stood inseparably side by side. Clay Morgan said: "Nothing new on Ollie Jacks yet?"

Hillhouse shrugged his shoulders: "They been arguing about it since noon. I don't see nothin' to argue about. We caught Ollie dead in his tracks, bendin' over a Three Pines calf with his iron. But there's a couple townsmen on the jury. They're the ones hanging this thing up."

Hack Breathitt grinned: "Ben Herendeen's sore enough to shoot the jury." He gave Charley Hillhouse a slanting, skeptic glance.



"If they don't throw Ollie Jacks in the cooler, there ain't no use for juries."

"Your boss is gettin' pretty large for his pants, Charley. But then he always was that way."

Ben Herendeen owned Three Pines, and Charley Hillhouse was Herendeen's foreman, loyal to the core. Hillhouse said in a mild voice: "If they don't throw Ollie Jacks in the cooler there ain't no use for any juries in this country."

"After all, Hack, it was Ben's beef."

They moved toward the Long Grade saloon, three abreast. Directly opposite, under the locust trees, Clay noticed the crowd grouped around Ben Herendeen—Gurd Grant and Lige White, both big cattlemen, and Sheriff Ed Nickum, and a few smaller ranchers like Hamp Brigham and Vance Ketchell. Herendeen's riders, with a few townsmen, made up the rest of the crowd.

Hack Breathitt got a bottle, two glasses, and a bunch of cigars. They went to a corner table and sat down. Hack Breathitt passed the cigars to Morgan, poured a drink for Hillhouse and for himself and settled deep in the chair. For that little interval he was as relaxed as he could ever be, still smiling a little, still with the sparkle of secret amusement in his eyes. He said, "To law and order," and downed the drink.

"You," said Hillhouse tolerantly, "are an ornery son-of-a-gun."

"The country ain't the same," murmured Hack. "There's one hell of a beautiful ruckus comin'. The sheep and the goats. That's it. The sheep and the goats. Accordin' to Ben Herendeen I'm one of the goats. Ben's about ready to work on the goats."

Charley Hillhouse, who was a quiet workhorse of a man, slowly nodded.

Breathitt started to speak but was stopped by quick-rising talk on the street. A man struck the swinging doors of the saloon with both fists and rushed in. He said, in a half shout, "They let Ollie Jacks free," and ran out. The conversation in

the saloon rose at once to a noisy pitch.

Hack Breathitt grinned. "I'd like to see Ben Herendeen's face right now."

Charley Hillhouse answered irritably. "If it was your beef, Hack, you wouldn't make a joke of it."

Hack Breathitt had his moments of wisdom; he had his far thoughts. "There's two kinds of people in this world, Charley. Those that have got beef—and those that have got none. People that stick and people that drift. The Lord made you and me different. It ain't my fault and it ain't your fault. But I like my way—and no man can make me change."

"Ben's got nothing against you," said Charley Hillhouse.

Hack Breathitt showed Hillhouse a smart, dark expression. "When folks get heated up, Charley, there ain't no halfway. It's one thing or the other. The sheep or the goats." He poured himself a second drink. "You know what I'm thinkin', boys? I'm thinkin' that this is probably the last time us three will sit at the same table."

"Don't talk like that," said Charley Hillhouse.

But both of them were watching Clay Morgan, who sat silent all the while, buried in his own thinking. He had always been the silent one, the last one to speak. He said, very quiet with his words, "I want you to know this, Hack. If you ever get in trouble, come to me. I'll stand behind you."

Charley Hillhouse shook his head, bothered by Morgan's words. "I knew you'd say that, Clay, but I wish you hadn't. Makes it tough on me. Long as I work for Three Pines, I'll let nothing get between me and the ranch. Nothing at all." He met Hack Breathitt's glance and quietly added: "Don't come to me, Hack."

That was all. These three rose and crossed the room, pushing through the doors. Ben Herendeen remained under the locust trees, with Lige White and Gurd Grant and a group of Three Pines riders. Sheriff Nickum was also there, coat hung loosely to his gaunt frame. Jesse Rusey, farther down the street, watched this crowd; and on him Clay Morgan put his glance for a moment. Charley Hillhouse went across the dust to join Herendeen. Janet turned out of McGarrah's store, advancing toward Morgan. Her little shoulders showed straight in the sunless light, her small feet made a quick tapping on the sidewalk boards. She said:

"We are having supper with Ann McGarrah, Daddy." Her soft smile held its secret again, her eyes showed it. "Didn't I tell you?"

Hack Breathitt removed his hat with a flourish. "How, honey?"

"How, Hack?"

Hack said: "Come along with a gentleman."

Janet put her hand in Hack Breathitt's fist and walked away with him.

Morgan laid his shoulders against the wall of the saloon and freshened his cigar with a match. The group remained beneath the locust trees, Herendeen and Lige White now talking together while the rest remained silent. A good many people had come to the street, scattered under the board awnings. All of them, he noticed, were watching the courthouse. Tension crawled up the street, strong enough to touch Morgan's nerves. Jesse Rusey never moved from his position as he, too, watched the courthouse door. A stage stood by the Mountain House hotel, ready to go. At the stable, Parr Gentry sat on a capsized barrel, lumped over and apparently disinterested, but Morgan saw the way the man's eyes traveled around. Hack Breathitt and Janet were crossing the dust to Tanner's drugstore and at this moment Ollie Jacks, freed by the jury's verdict, stepped from the courthouse, looked to either end of the street, and halted.

He was a wiry man with the drawn, blank face of a gambler; he was a man who had been caught stealing beef and now, by the act of the jury, was free to ride out. His horse was in Gentry's stable, fifty feet from where he stood, yet this was as far as he got, this rooted position before the courthouse with Jesse Rusey on one side of him and Herendeen's group watching him from the other, and with all the town looking on. At that moment he knew what Clay Morgan and every soul in town knew: he knew he was a dead man.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

By HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, D. D. Of The Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. (Released by Western Newspaper Union.)

Lesson for August 23

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JACOB'S VISION OF GOD

LESSON TEXT—Genesis 28:10-22. GOLDEN TEXT—I am with thee, and will keep thee in all places whithersoever thou goest.—Genesis 28:15.

Deception, trickery, falsehood, jealousy were all present in the family of Isaac at the time of our lesson. A hopeless situation, one would say; and so it was, apart from one thing—the grace of God. We speak that phrase so easily, but in reality it has an infinite depth of meaning. Jacob shared the deception planned by his mother, and thereby he received the blessing of Esau. Not willing to wait God's time for the carrying out of His purpose, they sinned to gain an advantage. Then to escape the wrath of Esau, he had to flee. The journey was ostensibly to find a wife, but in fact a flight from an enraged brother. Could such a journey bring a man to a place of blessing? It did, as there was—

I. A Revelation of God's Grace (vv. 10-15).

The fugitive was overtaken by darkness on the second night of his journey, and made his bed in the open. Then came the magnificent vision of the ladder of heaven. Heaven and earth are not separated. There is a way to reach the throne of God, and there is a way for God to reach and bless His people. The vision of the ladder thus reassured Jacob. We need only remember the God-Man Christ Jesus, who came from glory and has returned there to now appear as our Advocate, to be assured of this fact.

God renewed to Jacob the covenant with Abraham and with Isaac. He does not forget. Men make treaties only to break them. God says, "I will not leave thee, until I have done that which I have spoken to thee of" (v. 15).

The response of Jacob was—

II. A Realization of God's Greatness (vv. 16-19).

Full of holy fear and of awe, Jacob realized the presence of the infinite God. It is a proper and a wholesome reaction when a man, realizing himself to be in God's presence, is overcome by the awe-inspiring experience.

Possibly the reason for our lack of reverence for holy things, for the Lord's day—yes, for God Himself, is because He has become a little God, weak and uninspiring in our thinking. Theologians, preachers, and teachers have dared to speak swelling words of disrespect concerning His miraculous power, have denied the deity of His Son, have questioned the authority of His Word. Having sown the wind of unbelief, they have reaped from the people the whirlwind of irreverence, a belittling of God, and a rejection of His authority (Hos. 8:7).

Jacob was reminded of God's immediate presence—"the Lord is in this place." The place of his vision of heavenly things had special meaning to Jacob.

But the underlying truth is that God is everywhere. He is not only in the church, or in the place of vision or of soul-struggle; He is also in the place of trial, of suffering of sorrow, of loneliness—yes, ever of sin.

This rich experience led Jacob to—

III. A Recognition of God's Goodness (vv. 20-22).

The God who would supply his every need, who would watch over him and keep him, was recognized by Jacob as being worthy of his devotion, and he made a vow that He should be his God (v. 21).

The grace and goodness of God are intended to bring men to faith in Him and devotion to His service. Yet men can go on year after year, the beneficiaries of all His bounty, and never so much as say "Thank you," let alone recognize Him as Lord.

Jacob made a very practical and workable decision to demonstrate the reality of his vow. He promised that one tenth of all God gave him should be given back.

We agree with Dr. W. H. Griffith Thomas that "if only some of those who are inclined to criticize Jacob would do what he promised and give a tenth of their income to God, a different state of affairs would obtain in connection with God's work at home and abroad."

Trickery and deception were changed to truthfulness and devotion when Jacob met God face to face. The same blessed transformation awaits those who meet our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ in faith. Have you met Him?



Effect With Cause
Dear Tom:
Come tomorrow evening sure. Papa is at home, but he is laid up with a very sore foot. See?
Dear Mary:
I can't come tomorrow evening. I'm laid up on account of your father's sore foot. See?

Overworked
"Boss, has you got a man on your book named Simpson?"
"Yes. What about it?"
"Well, Ah's dat man, boss. Ah just thought you done had put down Samson."



COULD SELL
Their tires had given out, so he and his guest had to walk a mile to the end of the bus line.
"Whatever induced you to buy a house in this forsaken spot?"
"One of the best real estate salesmen in the business."

Your Error
"If I had known that tunnel was so long I would have kissed you."
"Gosh! Wasn't that you?"

Everybody wants to know what to send a soldier, sailor, Coast Guardsman, or Marine. The answer is simple if he smokes a pipe or rolls-his-own. Send a pound of tobacco. Tobacco, according to numerous surveys among the men themselves, is the gift most appreciated, and most wanted. Favorite smoking tobacco of many service men is Prince Albert, the National Joy Smoke—a title well-deserved since Prince Albert is the world's largest-selling smoking tobacco. Local dealers are featuring Prince Albert in the pound cans as ideal gifts to mer in the service.—Adv.

BABY'S HEAT RASH
To relieve and to help prevent heat rash, use Mexican Heat Powder. Dust on freely after bath or change, to help absorb moisture, which is often the cause of irritation. Big help in preventing diaper rash, too. Always demand Mexican Heat Powder.

Childish Poetry
A child scolding a flower in the words in which he had himself been scolded and whipped, is poetry—passion past with pleasure.—S. T. Coleridge.

"Black Leaf 40" KILLS LICE
OUR "Cap-Brush" Applicator makes "BLACK LEAF 40" GO MUCH FARTHER.
JUST A DASH IN FEATHERS... OR SPREAD ON ROOSTS

Manner of Love
Love comes unseen; we only see it go.—Austin Dobson.

TO CHECK **MALARIA** IN 7 DAYS take **666**

BUREAU OF STANDARDS
• A BUSINESS organization which wants to get the most for the money sets up standards by which to judge what is offered to it, just as in Washington the government maintains a Bureau of Standards.
• You can have your own Bureau of Standards, too. Just consult the advertising columns of your newspaper. They safeguard your purchasing power every day of every year.

CHANGE TO
M SYSTEM
AND POCKET THE CHANGE

* PAY CASH—PAY LESS *

- Morrell's Snow Cap pure LARD 1 lb. carton 15c, 2 lb. carton 29c
- SYRUP Worth Crystal white 1 1/2 size can 13c, No. 5 gl. 37c, No. 10 gl 69c
- SCHILLING COFFEE 1 lb. 31c 2 lb. 61c
Two kinds Percolator and Drip
- 3 Minute OATS large package 21c
- DelMonte Asparagus style whole green beans medium can 19c
- Libby's small green Lima Beans No. 303 can 2 33c
- Pillsbury's Flour 3 lb. sk. 19c, 6 lb. sk 39c, 12 lb. sk. 59c
- Morton House Apple Juice 3 tall cans 25c
- Libby's Bartlett PEARS No. 1 tall tins 15c
- Heart's Delight California Spinach buffet can 10c, No. 2 can 2 29c
- Pen-Jel, makes your jelly jel pkg. 10c
- 6 oz. bottle Windex 14c
- Johnson's Paste Floor Wax 1 lb. tin 59c
- All in one Fruit Cocktail No. 1 tall 2 25c
- Homelike Mince Meat, requires very little sugar for pies lb. jar 17c
- Frankie's Farm Salad Dressing pint jar 19c, quart jar 29c
- Honey Very fine extract from Marathontexas 5 lb. tin 59c, 10 lb \$1.15
- SPRY 3 lb. tin 69c
- No. 440 Queen Olives 3 1/2 oz. tall jar 19c
- Stuffed Olives 4 oz. tall jar For 29c

Royal Flour
Make your own Guarantee

- 6 lb. sk. 29c
- 12 lb. sk 49c
- 24 lb. sk 89c
- 48 lbs. \$1.65

- Pickles, cut sour or dills Quart Jar 12c
- Tender sweet whole kernel golden Corn 2 for 27c
- Matches Fire Chief 6 box carton For 19c
- K-B Peanut Butter pint jar 15c
- Gooc's Macaroni and Spaghetti 12 oz. 2 for 17c
- Kellogg's Rice Krispies 2 for 23c
- Candy Bars 3 For 13c, 6 For 25c
- Prince Albert TOBACCO, Can 10c
- Red Crest Tomatoes new crop No. 2 can 10c
- Red Label Macaroni or Spaghetti 2 boxes 05c
- 4 lb. Jewel 65c 8 lb. Jewel \$1.29
- Pure Cane Sugar lb. 07c, 10 lbs. 65c, 25 lbs. \$1.59

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT

- Grapes, California Thompson Seedless lb. 12 1/2c
- Cabbage from cool Colorado lb. 03c
- Crrrots, Colorado nice ones bunch 4 1 2c
- Orange, Calif. Red Ball small size Lots O Juice 3 dz 33c
- Lemons California Sunkist dozen 15c
- Potatoes U. S. No 1 Rurals 10 lbs. 29c
- Rhubarb Strawberry Red lb. 5 1-2c
- Cecumbers Fresh from Colorado lb. 4 1-2c
- Potatoes, Colorado New Reds lb. 4 1-2

- 25c size Jelly Roll For 22c
- Dutch Holland Bread loaf 09c

MARKET

- CHEESE Texas Long Horn lb. 29c
- SALT JOWLS lb. 15c
- BACON sugar cured Breakfast whole or h lb. 29c
- SEVEN BONE BEEF ROAST lb. 29c
- CHUCK STEAK economical tender lb. 29c
- BALOGNA Sliced or Piece lb. 15c
- WEINERS skinless lb. 25c
- LUNCH LOAVES assorted lb. 29c

LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. Baily Russe | Miss Meita Russe | and Morgan Russell spent last week end in Leve-land.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor Wojtek with the editor and wife visited in Miles Sunday afternoon and Monday.

Young-men may enlist in the Navy now and retire on half pay before they are 40 years old. That is something. If you are under 50, you are young enough to join the Naval Reserve.

Oscar Keeney of Brady visited in the home of J. E. Garvin last week end. Mr. Keeney is a brother of Mrs. Garvins.

Miss Juanita Barger spent the summer in Alpine and attended the Paisano Baptist Encampment with Mrs. S. J. Lovell and Jan of Sanderson, arrived Wednesday of last week and are now visiting with their parents Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Barger.

Edith reports about 4 inches of rain with plenty of stock water.

TO SELL OR TRADE

Oliver single Row Planter Buster, 6 foot wheel and head Wind Mill, 4-inch steel Bur Grinder, Wind Charger. Bru-master Orchestra Piano.

This is all staple stuff ready to use, not junk.

Geo. W. Hale, Robert Lee, Tex.

Mrs. W. Thetford received word her son Walter, had been transferred to another station

Mrs. W.A. Summers and son A. J. attended the Brunson re-union at Snyder last Friday.

Election

The August is here for the purpose of giving the Democrats an opportunity to select a man to help engineer our state ship thru the turbulent times. The way you vote determines the course this ship takes, and below is the official ballot.

OFFICIAL BALLOT

I am a democrat and pledge myself to support the nominees of this primary.

- FOR United States Senate
 - James V. Allred Harris County
 - W. Lee O'Daniel Tarrant County
- FOR Lieutenant Governor
 - Harold Beck Bowie County
 - John Lee Smith Throckmorton County
- FOR State Treasurer
 - Jesse James Travis County
 - W. Gregory Hatcher Dallas County
- FOR Railroad Commissioner (Unexpired Term)
 - Beauford H. Jester Navarro County
 - Pierce P. Brooks Dallas County

SALESMEN WANTED

Man with car for profitable Rawleigh Route. Must be satisfied with good living at start. Write Rawleigh's Dept. TXH 636-101 Memphis, Tenn.



James V. Allred

On account of the Revival Meeting going on at the Methodist Church the rally set for Friday Night in the interest of Jimmy Allred's race for Senator was called off

TIME TABLE

ABILENE-VIEW BUS, INC.

Read Down		Read Up	
Lv. 6:00 A.M.	Lv. 3:15 P.M.	Ar. 12:15 P.M.	Ar. 9:30 P.M.
Lv. 6:20 A.M.	Lv. 3:35 P.M.	Lv. 11:55 A.M.	Lv. 9:10 P.M.
Lv. 6:25 A.M.	Lv. 3:40 P.M.	Lv. 11:50 A.M.	Lv. 9:05 P.M.
Lv. 7:05 A.M.	Lv. 4:20 P.M.	Lv. 11:10 A.M.	Lv. 8:25 P.M.
Lv. 7:45 A.M.	Lv. 5:00 P.M.	Lv. 10:30 A.M.	Lv. 7:45 P.M.
Lv. 8:05 A.M.	Lv. 5:20 P.M.	Lv. 10:10 A.M.	Lv. 7:25 P.M.
Ar. 9:00 A.M.	Ar. 6:15 P.M.	San Angelo	Lv. 9:15 A.M.
			Lv. 6:30 P.M.

RED & WHITE

SPECIALS FOR FRIDAY & SATURDAY

- Lux or Lifebuoy Toilet SOAP 2 for 15c
- R&W COFFEE 1 lb. 31c, 2 lbs. For 61c
- Apple Butter Qt. 19c
- Nile Salmon No. 1 tall can 20c
- Crystal Pack Spinach No. 2 can 2 For 21c
- Large Lux Flakes 25c
- Large RINSO 25c
- Kellogg's Wheat Krispies with Bowl 2 pkgs. 25c
- Flaky Bake Flour 24 lbs. 84c, 48 lb. \$1.59

Produce Department

- Carrots bunch 05c Cabbage lb. 3 1/2c
- Thompson Seedless GRAPES 2 lbs. 25c
- Lemons Sunkist dz. 12c Oranges 220's dz 34c

MARKET

- Loin or T Bone Steak lb. 35c
- 7 ROAST lb. 27c
- Short Ribs lb. 24c
- Bacon in the Slab lb. 29c
- Long Horn Cheese lb. 29c
- Kraft CHEESE 2 lb. box 59c