

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

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PORTALES, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1918

Volume XVI, Number 14

THE AUXILIARY TO THE COUNCIL OF DEFENSE WILL RESUME WORK

The Portales organization of the Auxiliary to the Council of Defense has not been having regular meetings during the winter. Now that spring is approaching and the Kaiser is not yet whipped it seems important that the ladies resume regular meetings and begin work looking to the largest production of food we have ever attempted in the Portales Valley.

By cooperation we can do much. Regular meetings will give us opportunities for comparing methods and results. By working through the auxiliary we can accomplish more at less expense. There are many problems on gardening, poultry raising, food conservation which the ladies can work out together with profit to all. Many of these problems have, already, been satisfactorily solved by individuals. The experience of these members will be of inestimable value to the auxiliary.

We have done OUR BIT long enough. It's time to do OUR BEST.

The auxiliary will meet Saturday, February 16th, at the court house. Program will be announced next week.

MRS. LONG.

S. F. Moore the manager of the dry goods department of C. V. Harris' store, will leave Sunday for St. Louis, and other eastern markets where he will buy a complete line of dry goods for their store. Watch this paper for further announcements.

Letter from Camp Cody

Camp Cody, Deming, N. M. January 30, 1918

Mr. F. R. Smith, Portales, N. M. Dear Friend: Suppose you will be somewhat surprised to hear from some soldier in Camp Cody but when you have read this letter you will know the reason of my writing. I want to thank you for the present I received from you through the Red Cross. Should have written before but it seems like writing is one of my hardest tasks. The present certainly was appreciated as it contained the things that a soldier needs. The Red Cross society is doing wonderful things all over the country and it is with its help that this war will soon be ended.

I am a young man twenty years old, from Nebraska. I enlisted in the national guard at Wayne, Nebraska. We were stationed at Sioux City, Iowa, guarding a bridge there for five months, and have been here ever since. I belonged in the infantry for about six months but the Fourth Nebraska was made artillery, so we are handling bigger guns now.

Thanking you again for the Christmas gift and hoping you will excuse me for not writing before, I will close.

Your friend,

L. W. HYPSE.

Bat. C, 127 F. A., Camp Cody, Deming, New Mexico.

State Road Foreman D. W. Jones returned home Wednesday from an extended trip to Santa Fe and from there to the southern part of the state where he has been given the supervision of the construction of the road work from Alamogordo to Newman. This piece of road is very important for the reason that it will, when completed, connect up the Amarillo, Portales, Roswell, El Paso Short Line, and Mr. Jones says the work is well under way and the road will be completed by June the first.

Honor Roll, Portales Schools

(Pupils with a standing of at least 90 per cent in all subjects, including deportment.)

High School—Clara Lewis, Ilene Norris, Lester Brown.

Eighth Grade—Lillian Hatch, Helen Humphrey, Ralph Jackson, Maurine Priddy, Odelle McMinn, Myrtle Huffman, Lee Johnson, Nola Hatch.

Seventh Grade—LaVon Brown, Lorenz Bomar, Hostense Bomar, Kenneth Bell, Helen Sullivan, James Turner.

Fifth Grade—Nettie Lee Allison, Ruth Ison, Joe Morrison, John Fairly, Lois Oldham, Verona Thomson, Evelyn Turner, Beatrice Crow, Flora Dewese, Delora Meiner.

Fourth Grade—Iris Ribble, Durwood Jones, Stella Duncan, Josephine Knapp, Otis Fails, George Davis, Kathryn McCall, Grace Williams, Dollie Hughes, Melvin Gilliam, Bernie Lawrence, P. F. Turner.

Third Grade—Virginia Jones, Miller Fails, Adna Saylor, Laura Turner, Edwin Johnston, Tom Davis, Lillian Bedinger, Lillian Bell.

Second Grade—Juannita Knapp, Lucile Williams, John Rice, Adele, Oldham, Bonnie Taylor.

First Grade—J. C. Boyce, Spencer Crow, Ferrell Gregg, Curtis McCollum, Quonal Blassingame, Violet Condon, Lucile Gratehouse, Creta Herndon, Ro-Jeone, Herndon, Eva McCormick.

Primary—Fred Hubert Jordan, Helen Compton, Arlene Jones, Joe Green, Emory Hoagland, Margaret Gratehouse, Eldridge Mears.

J. K. Morrison and family have moved here from Sayre, Oklahoma, and will make Roosevelt county their future home. Mr. Morrison has bought the Chas. Hill place near Floyd.

Osburn For District Judge

The News is authorized to announce Judson G. Osburn as a candidate for District Judge of the Fifth Judicial District, State of New Mexico, subject to the will of the people as expressed at the Democratic primaries.

Judge Osburn has been a life long Democrat and will appreciate any consideration given him. The following article from the Carlsbad Current is indicative of the sentiment in his home town and county:

"Yesterday's issue of the Current carries the announcement of Judson G. Osburn as a candidate for the office of District Judge. He is the only candidate so far to announce for the office in Eddy County, and from present indications this county will have only the one candidate, as it would be suicidal for two candidates from Carlsbad to come out for the office. Judge Osburn has already made a couple of trips over the District and has met with much encouragement in the other Counties in the District.

"Judge Osburn's reputation as a lawyer and his integrity as a man are so well known throughout the district that there is no need of anything further being said. He has been engaged in the active practice of his profession for fifteen years, thirteen of which has been in this county and district."

A card from L. L. Campbell, the popular manager of the dry goods department of the Joyce-Pruit Company, states that he will be home the first of next week. He also states that he has been lucky in his buying and that he has some rare bargains for his customers when he returns. Watch this paper for his announcements.



A PERSONAL MESSAGE FROM MR. M'ADOO

On January 21st Mr. McAdoo issued a personal message to all holders of Liberty Bonds, in which the following very wise and timely remarks occur. They should be read by every Bond Holder:

"It has been brought to my attention that a large number of patriotic citizens who subscribed to Liberty Loan Bonds of both the first and second issue are being approached from time to time by Agents who have, with too frequent success, induced them to sell their Liberty Loan Bonds and take in exchange securities which in a number of cases have been of a very questionable value.

"I therefore warn investors in Liberty Loan Bonds against exchange of these evidences of their patriotism for any securities or so-called securities. While some of the securities, or so-called securities, offered in exchange for Government Bonds are of sound value, there is no doubt that a large percentage of them are worthless.

"I believe it is for the best interests of the people at large, as well as for their actual protection, that they disregard all such offers and hold fast to the best investment in the world, that is, Bonds of their own Government.

"It is my earnest hope that every purchaser of a Liberty Bond will realize that the only genuine help he gives his Government is by keeping his Bond as an investment as long as it is possible for him to do so. Where because of misfortune or imperative necessity, the holder of a Liberty Bond is forced to sell, there can, of course, be no objection."

Rock Lake Items

Mrs. A. J. Conley is on the sick list.

F. W. Barlow was calling on O. W. Miller Thursday.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Swopes February 1st, a baby girl.

O. W. Miller and family and little Alberta Wade took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Wade and spent the evening at the J. S. Swopes home. C. F. Daughton and family, of Melrose, were also callers at the Swopes home Sunday evening.

Miss Bebble Mayberry, of Rancho, is staying with her sister, Mrs. Swopes, during the latter's sickness.

Johnnie Saxton and Charlie Barlow spent the day Sunday with Holland and Thurman Harris.

OVER THE TOP, FARMERS! OVER THE TOP!

This war cannot be won without the aid of the Farmers.

Why? Because they represent about 80 per cent of the population of the Eleventh Federal Reserve District, in which we live, and it is impossible for the other 20 per cent of the people to carry the financial burden.

The farmer in this section who has done reasonably well last season has indeed a double duty to perform. He has to do his full share towards protecting his business, his home, and his Country, and he has, as a generous open-hearted, broad-minded Southerner to help make up for the probable lack of over-subscription in the drought-stricken Counties of West and South Texas.

The people of the West and South of Texas will do their share—of that there is no question. They will raise their assigned portion of the Loan, because it is their duty, but we cannot hope for a large over-subscription from them.

An over-subscription from the Eleventh Federal District is called for. On the occasion of the Second Liberty Loan we raised but a little more than we were forced to. Other Districts raised 25 per cent and 50 per cent more than the Government demanded of them. Such a grudging response is unworthy of us and we must improve upon it. Shall it be said that we men who live upon the rich soil of Louisiana, who inhabit the great producing State of Texas, the progressive State of New Mexico, who wrest the wealth from the ground of Arizona, or who have opened up the great possibilities of Oklahoma, possess less patriotism than our neighbors? It is unthinkable!

We have a big task ahead, but we will meet it. Let us plan, and look ahead, and let us start doing it right now, in order that this great old South West may shine as a bright star in the firmament of patriotism when our Country calls.

Watch

Miss Kenamore's class of the Baptist Church will give an entertainment at the Cosy Theater, Monday February, 18th. Watch this paper for further announcements.

General Grant's picture is on the new ten thousand dollar bills. Let everyone who has seen it rise. You may be seated—both of you.

Buy your Bills of Sale at the News.

SHALL WE SEE IT THROUGH OR QUIT?

The Government is finding it necessary to call upon us three times within a year to provide by subscriptions to Liberty Loans, sums of money hitherto considered of fabulous proportions. These facts should impress upon us as no mere words could do, the intense seriousness, the stern necessities, of the situation.

Continued acquaintance with the more serious aspects of life is apt to breed indifference, and to distort our mental vision. As the soldier shudders with horror at his first sight of carnage, but later becomes hardened, so are we apt to become complacent under conditions which call actually for increasingly strenuous effort.

The Liberty Loan with its original accompaniments of novelty and noise appealed to our national love of a new sensation. In the Third Campaign much of the novelty will be lacking, but the serious purpose behind the campaign will have grown. Our money was needed when both the First and Second Liberty Loans were floated, but it will be more than ever needed when the Third Loan is called for. Our army has grown, our national pay-roll has grown, the needs of our allies have grown, the necessity of forever banishing the unspeakable menace of Prussianism has grown. No longer can we hope that the entrance of this Country into the struggle will induce an early peace. More arrogant, more desperate than ever the German Government puts forward its impossible claims upon the rights and life of humanity.

Our Government in its growing need is calling upon us to give up our luxuries, is conscripting the lives of our sons, is controlling trade, labor, and prices, with an ever increasing earnestness and firmness of purpose.

The test of our personal strength of character and determination is at hand. Your Government pleads with you very earnestly to preach and practice both before and during the next Liberty Loan Campaign a steadfastness of purpose, an unselfish patriotism, which shall reflect the spirit of a man who having set his hand to the execution of a necessary task would rather lose that hand than draw it back. This is the spirit of our President, of our Allies—it is surely our own.

Mr. J. L. Miller of Amarillo, Texas, will take charge of the Mountain States Telephone system of this place. He will succeed Mr. Bales.

Notice of Meeting of Democratic County Committee.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Democratic County Committee of Roosevelt county, New Mexico, is hereby called to meet at the court house in the Town of Portales, New Mexico, on the 23rd day of February, 1918, at one o'clock p. m. for the purpose of determining the date for the primaries for said county, and for such further business as may come before said committee.

All precinct committeemen are urged to be present at said meeting.

Dated this the 7th day of February, 1918.

GEORGE L. REESE,
Chairman Said Co. Committee.
Attest:—W. H. BRALEY,
Secretary.

Geo. G. Henderson arrived this week from Lakewood, this state, and will make Portales his home in the future. Mr. Henderson has been agent for the Santa Fe at that place for the past eight months but has decided that there is no placelike the Portales Valley.

Weather Records

The following weather records may be of interest to your readers. January records as follows:

Year	Max.	Mean Max.	Min.	Mean Min.
1914	71	62	9	33
1915	64	54	9	21
1916	71	57	9	25
1917	68	50	9	25
1918	70	44	-10	15

Minimum for the winter of 1913-14, 2; 1914-15, 10; 1915-16, 7; 1916-17, 0; 1917-18 to date, 10 below zero.

For month of January, 1918, there were four days of zero weather. January 11th, -10; 12th, -7; 21st, -10; and 22nd, -9.

E. P. KUHLE,
Local Observer.

Pat Wolforth, one of the old timers of the Portales Valley, but now of Texico, was a visitor in the city Wednesday of this week.

Town Council Proceedings

Portales, New Mexico, Feb. 5th 1918. The Town Council met in regular session and upon roll call the following members were present Charles Goodloe, Inda Humphrey, and Geo. M. Williamson, absent, mayor E. B. Hawkins and P. E. Jordan, trustee, motion was made by Humphrey and seconded by Goodloe that Geo. M. Williamson act as mayor, pro tem. Motion was duly carried.

Minutes of previous meetings read and approved. The following claims were presented and after having been examined and audited was ordered paid as follows to wit:

W. E. Keeter, salary	\$100.00
E. S. Boucher, salary	100.00
M. E. Duncan, salary	75.00
Inda Humphrey, salary	25.00
W. H. Braley, salary	25.00
Mountain State Tele. Co.	1.20
H. L. Atkinson, labor	13.50
J. L. Fernandes Blksmith,	.50
Portales Valley News,	16.80
Joyce Fruit Company	1.25
Portales Lumber Co.	2.85
Warren Foshee & Co.	3.00
Continental Oil Co.	17.35
T. P. Sifton drayage	.50
Roy Keeter, labor	46.25
A. T. & S. F. R. Co.	70.05
Nun Electric Co, transformer	159.58

Motion was made by Humphrey seconded by Goodloe, that the above claims be approved and ordered paid. Those voting aye Goodloe, Humphrey, and Williamson. Absent and not voting Jordan. There being no further business, Council adjourned.
G. M. WILLIAMSON, Act. Mayor.
Attest: W. H. BRALEY, Clerk.



1—Bolsheviki troops guarding the state bank in Petrograd after it had been seized by their government. 2—Heavy French guns of a new type mounted on armored cars. 3—The "kindly" way in which the Germans treat the Russian soldiers they capture.

NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

Germans Threaten Quick Attack When the Russian Delegates Reject Peace Terms.

DEMAND BALTIC PROVINCES

Proletariat of Austria-Hungary on Eve of a Revolt—Turks Lose Two Big Cruisers—Secretary Baker's Management Hotly Criticized by Senator Chamberlain.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

Encouraged by the growing strength of the Fatherland party, the pan-Germans have thrown aside the mask they have worn in their dealings with the Russians and shown their true face. At the last meeting of the delegates at Brest-Litovsk before adjournment to January 29, General Hoffman told the bolsheviki frankly that Germany must have Courland and all the Baltic provinces, and that if Russia did not consent the German armies would move at once and within a week would occupy Reval. When asked about the territory south of Brest-Litovsk, Hoffman replied that Germany would settle that only with the Ukrainians. The request of the Russians for a recess that they might consult on the German terms was grudgingly granted with the assertion that no further postponements would be allowed.

The Russian delegates thereupon voted unanimously to reject the German terms and departed for Petrograd to submit the question of peace or war to the congress of soldiers' and workmen's delegates, with which the final decision rests.

That the Germans are able to carry out their threats against Russia there can be little doubt. The bolsheviki leaders realize their helplessness and have issued "to all" an official wall telling how they have been deceived and how monstrous are the demands of the Germans. In Petrograd and Moscow the bolsheviki are struggling to maintain their power, putting in jail large numbers of their opponents on charges of plotting a counter-revolution, and taking any other coercive steps that promise to help them. If they can prevent it, they do not intend that their principles of "self-definition" and personal liberty shall apply at home. They promptly dissolved the constituent assembly because they could not control its deliberations.

So loud has become the popular outcry against the rule of the bolsheviki and so great the disorder in Russia that German parliamentary leaders are seriously questioning whether it is wise for the central powers to negotiate further with a government that may be swept away any day.

The Ukrainians, according to late dispatches, are proceeding amicably in their negotiations with Germany and Austria and are about ready to sign a separate peace.

Japan, which holds itself responsible for the preservation of peace in the far East, is ready to take radical steps to put an end to the increasing disorders in Siberia, according to Premier Terauchi who addressed the opening session of the Japanese diet. He reiterated his country's absolute loyalty and fidelity to the allies and its determination not to sheathe the sword until an honorable peace is secured.

In Finland there is growing disorder and the socialist red guards and government militia have fought several considerable battles, notably at Viborg and Davidstad. The red guards are aided by Russian soldiers while the peasants are supporting the government forces.

The Austro-Hungarian government has been treading on thin ice for two weeks. A great peace-demand wave swept over the nation and more than a million workers went on strike, the war industries being absolutely paralyzed.

The government was forced to accept the socialists' demands as to food, communal woman suffrage and nonmilitarism of war industries, and thereupon most of the strikers returned to their work. The trouble was only partly allayed, however, and the radicals made further demands and reiterated their call for a general peace by understanding.

The Austrian masses are determined that at least peace shall be made with Russia, and if this is not done their words and actions betoken a revolution that will remove the dual monarchy from the alliance of the central powers. Germany is awake to the danger of this defection and the militarists there are manifesting great irritation toward Austria because they think Emperor Charles and his government have fostered democratic internationalism.

The troubles of Emperor Charles' realm are aggravated by the attitude of Bohemia. At a great meeting in Prague a resolution was adopted demanding independence for Bohemia. Hungary, also, is doing its bit in the general upheaval, having absolutely refused to give cereals to either Austria or Germany. The Roumanian stocks of grain are exhausted and the food situation in Austria is most acute.

The reasonable peace advocates in Germany have not by any means surrendered to the increasingly arrogant pan-Germans, and have been holding meetings in Cologne and elsewhere, and the radical socialists are keeping up the fight with vigor. There is no doubt that the proletariat of both Germany and Austria has been immensely heartened and inspired by the propaganda of the Russian bolsheviki spread by means of the fraternization of soldiers on the east front.

All this sounds good, but it would be foolish to base upon it any strong hopes of an early peace with victory for the allies. The German army probably was never before so strong as now, and if the indications may be trusted, the long expected offensive on the west front may be under way before this review is in the hands of readers. All last week there was intense artillery action in France and Flanders, with numerous "feeling out" raids and much activity by the air forces. Great concentrations of troops at several points continued and it seemed evident the kaiser was about ready to strike. French military experts believed the Germans would attack the British lines in Flanders and also the French in the region of Nancy. It was in the latter sector that the raid was made on American troops. Whether Pershing's men still are helping hold the line there has not been revealed.

Having lost to the French some important positions on Monte Tomba, the Teutons in Italy were compelled to evacuate considerable territory west of the Piave river, moving back to Monte Spioncia. They seem to have given up hope of forcing the passage to the plains along the west bank of the Piave and are constructing defenses in the rear.

On the sea the Turks suffered a considerable disaster in the loss of the cruisers Medulla and Sultan Selim formerly the Breslau and Goeben. These vessels emerged from the Dardanelles to attack certain British monitors, but were seen and at once engaged by British destroyers and driven into mine fields. The Breslau was blown up and sunk and the Goeben, badly damaged, was run aground at Nagara point, where for several days and nights it was subjected to bombing by British air craft and rendered useless. The British lost two monitors.

The number of British vessels sunk by submarines in the week was given as only six large and two small ships.

In its efforts to supply tonnage to meet the submarine depredations, the United States scored a point by getting a large number of vessels from neutral nations, especially Sweden, for use in American coastal traffic. This brought forth a howl of "unneutrality" from Germany, coupled with a threat to sink all such vessels that its submarines could reach.

Belgium made a dignified reply to the pope's peace note, stating that its

terms of peace, so far as they concern Belgium itself, are absolute political, economic and territorial independence, equitable reparation and guarantees for the future.

The British labor party in convention at Nottingham declared its position in the matter of war and peace. A resolution was adopted welcoming and endorsing the statements of Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson and calling on the central powers to formulate their war aims at the earliest possible moment. Speakers gave high praise to Mr. Wilson's statement, and it was made clear that the party would not stand for peace negotiations with Germany while she holds the territories she has seized.

Fuel Administrator Garfield's industrial shut-down was far from being wholly successful in relieving the coal shortage and railway tie-up. For this the plan was not entirely to blame, for heavy snows in the eastern part of the country intervened to prevent the free movement of coal trains. Consequently Mr. McAdoo was constrained to declare an embargo on three of the largest coal carrying roads of the East, forbidding the transportation of any freight save fuel, munitions and foodstuffs. The situation, especially on the Atlantic seaboard, still is most serious.

Partisan politics reared its ugly head in congress last week and entered into the discussion of the conduct of the war. So far it has done little harm, and perhaps it cannot be kept down in an election year. Senators Penrose and Stone were the chief offenders, the former attacking the administration and the latter having the effrontery—considering his own record—to assail the patriotism of Colonel Roosevelt.

Interest in the doings of congress centered on the Chamberlain bill for a war cabinet, the introduction of which was perhaps hastened, though not caused, by the investigation of Secretary Baker's department. The president had forcefully, even angrily declared his opposition to the measure and his absolute confidence in Mr. Baker's ability and efficiency, and the defeat of the bill was predicted, although it had the support of many senators of both parties.

Mr. Wilson in a public statement accused Senator Chamberlain of making "an astonishing and absolutely unjustifiable distortion of the truth" in a New York speech, in which the Oregon senator told of the failures of the war department. In replying to this in the senate, Mr. Chamberlain reiterated his charges and undertook to prove them by citations from the investigation by the senate committee. The senator scored the war department unmercifully, and produced documentary proof that Secretary Baker, when before the senate committee, was ignorant of the actual conditions in the matter of supplies to the army camps. "The president," he said, "did not know the truth, and I did. He must have got his facts from his distinguished secretary of war and he in turn got them from somebody else, and if those who furnished the evidence knew the facts, they lied."

In the course of his speech Mr. Chamberlain read a heartbreaking letter from a father telling of the death of his son in an army camp under most astounding conditions of neglect. Afterward Secretary Baker said of this that it was not a singular case, that there had been several such due to the lack of nurses, and that each one had been rigidly investigated.

The hot discussion over the inefficiency of our war preparations continues unabated and is reaching the stage where it becomes personal and vicious. The thick-and-thin supporters of the administration declare the critics of some of its acts are bordering on treachery because they give comfort to the enemy, while those who criticize assert that only by letting the public know the faults that are being committed can those faults be corrected. Their course, they hold, is dictated by the purest patriotism.

General Tasker H. Bliss, chief of staff, has arrived in Paris to represent the American army in the supreme war council. It is believed he will urge that the allies renew offensive operations on a large scale.



ON THE FUNNY SIDE

An Interesting Topic.
"Junior" is an only child and naturally appreciates the attention bestowed upon him. But his mother had hoped he was innocently unconscious of his popularity until one evening when a neighbor had happened in for a chat, "Junior" had gone to bed, but presently his shrill little pipe broke into their conversation:
"Mother!"
"Yes, Junior."
"Talking 'bout me?"

Too Weak by Far.
Catherine had requested, as a special birthday treat, that she be allowed to have coffee for breakfast. Her mother, not at all pleased with the idea, was diluting it generously.
Catherine peered over into the cup, and then exclaimed in great disappointment:
"Goodness! Don't I get any of the brown?"

Favorite Topics.
"Did you ever stop to think how little conversation there would be if people never talked about themselves?"
"Oh, yes. But if people never talked about themselves or other people, either, we wouldn't need a universal language. We could get along well by making signs."

A Bad Precedent.
"Why do you want a divorce from your husband?" asked a friend of the family.
"Because he isn't the man I thought he was when I married him," sobbed the young wife.
"My dear child, a general application of that principle would break up nearly every home in the country."

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...The Roosevelt County Mutual Benefit Association...
F. G. CALLAWAY, President and General Manager
MISS ZENOMA CALLAWAY, Secretary.

Notice To Taxpayers!

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers of Roosevelt County, New Mexico, that the tax assessor or a deputy will visit the precincts of the county at the time and place designated below, for the purpose of making the assessments of all taxable property for the year 1918.

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

"The laws of the State of New Mexico require that every inhabitant of the State, of full age and sound mind, shall, in each year, make a list of all property subject to taxation of which he is the owner or has the control or management. Such list must be on the form prescribed by law by the State Tax Commission and must be made and filed in the office of the County Assessor on or after the first day of January and not later than the last business day of February of each year."

In compliance with law and for the convenience of taxpayers I will be at the various places in Roosevelt County on the respective dates as follows, for the purpose of taking lists of property:

Precinct No.	Name and Location	Date	Precinct No.	Name and Location	Date
1,	Portales, Assessor's Office,	Jan. 1 to Feb. 28	24,	New Hope Postoffice	Jan. 30
13,	Midway, Tom Davidson's Res.	Jan. 14	25,	Delphos Postoffice	Feb. 1
7,	Arch, Postoffice	Jan. 15	29,	Kenna, Kenna Bank	Feb. 4
16,	Inez, Postoffice	Jan. 16	10,	Valley View Postoffice	Feb. 5
15,	Cox's Store, 7 A. M. to 12 M.	Jan. 17	9,	Eagle Hill Postoffice	Feb. 6
28,	Emzy, Postoffice, 12.30 P.M. to 5 P.M.	Jan. 17	9,	Milnesand Postoffice	Feb. 7
15,	Garrison Postoffice	Jan. 18	28,	Bluit Postoffice	Feb. 8
11,	Rogers Postoffice	Jan. 21	3,	Dereño Postoffice	Feb. 11
6,	Longs Postoffice	Jan. 22	21,	Benson Postoffice	Feb. 12
30,	Richland Postoffice	Jan. 23	20,	Claudell Postoffice	Feb. 13
8,	Cromer Postoffice	Jan. 24	18,	Upton Postoffice	Feb. 14
14,	Frank Parker Res. (Old Newcomb Place)	Jan. 25	5,	Tolar Postoffice	Feb. 25-26
17,	Redlake Postoffice	Jan. 28	22,	Perry School House	Feb. 27
12,	Dora Store	Jan. 29	2,	Elida, 1st door south Postoffice	Feb. 18 to 23

Any person failing to meet me at these appointments may make return to my office in Portales at any time within the limits fixed by law as given above, or blank for making rendition will be sent upon application, by mail or in person, to my office.

"A penalty of twenty-five per cent in addition to the regular valuation, must be added to the value of all property not listed for assessment within the time and in the form prescribed by law. No exceptions can be made to this law."

Respectfully yours,

BURL JOHNSON, Assessor
Roosevelt County, New Mexico

THE PORTALES VALLEY NEWS

Portales Herald consolidated with Portales Times March 27, 1918.
Portales Valley News purchased Portales Herald-Times Sept. 12, 1916.

W. H. BRALEY, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR

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DEMOCRATIC IN THINGS POLITICAL

Published weekly at Portales, New Mexico, and devoted to the interests of the greatest country on earth, the Portales Valley and Roosevelt County, New Mexico.

ADVERTISING RATES
Display Advertising, per inch.....15 cents
Per Local Readers, one insertion, per line.....10 cents
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SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR



1918 FEBRUARY 1918

SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28		

The Censorship

The rigid censorship which has obtained in the war department and with our army in France has suddenly relaxed. The position of American troops is now known. This provides the American reader of war news with information which he has eagerly sought for months and intensifies his interest in news emanating from those sectors contiguous to his positions. In addition to this the Baker speech revealed the fact that the American army across-seas now numbers approximately 500,000 men.

The fact that Germans learned the position of the troops and gave publicity to the fact is regarded as one of the causes for the war department becoming bold in informing the American people their stations in France. The war department does not desire to withhold information from the American people, but it has to maintain secrets for the safety of the government and the protection of the soldier boys. The set of men who go about criticizing this action surely must not have friends and certainly no sons in that endless stream of men who are across or going across the waters to bring democratic rule triumphantly to the world.

The confidence of the press has everywhere been remarked upon in keeping secrets from reaching the people not because it wished to suppress "live" news, but as a testimony to the government that it is aligned on the nation's side and is willing to perpetuate its good name for being strictly patriotic.—Amarillo Daily News.

Who is Most Patriotic?

The power of the press to achieve for the government is manifesting itself daily. The Liberty Loans were floated through the means of the press. The Thrift Stamps and War Certificates are enjoying a remarkable business because of the continuous and insistent appeals made by and through the press. Millions of inches of space are being donated free to the government, aggregating millions of dollars. As the merchant has wares to sell, the newspaper has white space to offer for sale. If there is a merchant in the nation who has given away as many wares as the newspapers have space, he certainly would be esteemed a patriotic personage. Yet the newspaper is given little credit for the work which it is performing. On the other hand there are those who would turn a newspaper specially into a proposition for financing the government in this war, not seeming to regard the fact that the people demand all kinds of news. The government issues its own bulletins and a daily paper for the furtherance of its campaigns. The newspapers try to use as much of this and local matter as possible.

Think on these things and see who or what is the most patriotic in your country. Consider who is the greatest donor.—Amarillo Daily News.

"Shot for Shot"

Shot for shot—that was the way the American troops occupying first line trenches retaliated when German boches attempted to frighten the embryo American soldiers. From reports which have come across the water we are told that the German attempts to break down the American line proved abortive and that the Germans were given the surprise of their lives. The propaganda circulated

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.

LESSON FOR FEBRUARY 10

JESUS CHOOSES THE TWELVE.

LESSON TEXT—Mark 3:7-35.
GOLDEN TEXT—And he ordained twelve, that they should be with him, and that he might send them forth to preach.
—Mark 3:14.
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL FOR TEACHERS—Matt. 10:1-4; Luke 6:12-16; John 15:15-27; Matt. 6:13-16; 16:24-25; John 17:5-26; II Tim. 4:7-8.
PRIMARY TOPIC—Jesus chooses twelve helpers.
INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—The twelve and what we know about them.
SENIOR AND ADULT TOPIC—What it means to be a disciple of Jesus.

No man can alone accomplish any great task. Every great leader has been blessed by one or more equally great helpers. Luther had his Melancthon; Wesley, his brother Charles, Whitfield and others; Moody had Whittle, Bliss, Sankey, Towner and more. These leaders but followed the example of our Lord. Jesus' ministry made him much observed and greatly multiplied his duties and burdens. When, therefore, he chose these disciples, he desired not only to obtain help and to begin to teach those who were to take his place, but, like every other act, he desired to teach a lesson to those who were so carefully observing him. In verse 14 we are told that he chose twelve, which was a significant number, corresponding to the twelve tribes, and at once confirmed his assumption to the Messiahship and meant that the wondrous prophecies were being fulfilled. It also served to stimulate those upon whom the choice fell. Jesus, as we know from other passages, retired to the mountains to pray. The call came from on high (v. 13), and those called "went up" to him for preparation and for qualification. The call is a purposeful one, for it is not enough to go up; we must also go down and out, hence these are "sent" (vv. 14, 15). Only those who are authorized, however, are sent. Those whom Jesus sent out were to found a new kingdom and to do a greater work than merely to judge the people, because they were not only to judge results, but they were to change results by altering causes; hence they had power over demons, even as the Master, for evil has no rights. The source of their power is to be Jesus, for he is to be with them, our own protection as well (Matt. 28:20); and their power is to grow with its usage, for we learn by doing. These men were originally united, not by a creed but by an ideal; not by a doctrine or teaching, but by actions; not by a subscription to a confession. At once they met with conflict. First of all by a blasphemous unbelief. The Holy Ghost is no more holy than Jesus; but, if we slander him in his veiled condition and before his unfinished work, great shall be the penalty. Those who hate God shut out the light. Secondly, by a conflict with misdirected zeal. There were those about Jesus who watched over him, whereas rather they should have had him watching over them (v. 21). On the other hand, the scribes accused him of being possessed of devils. They attributed to the devil the work that the Holy Spirit and Son were doing. What a strange picture! Friends seeking to restrain, enemies accusing and relatives interposing, yet nothing can stop the onward march of the kingdom of God. Luke tells us that these twelve were selected from among the rest of the disciples. They were to have a greater nearness and more extended authority and, of course, greater testings than the others who were disciples or "learners." These disciples are to be the light of the world. The Christian, "who is the salt of the earth," loses his identity and will lose his saltiness and become like the world, if he keeps not near unto Christ. As light is a good thing to preserve, purify and to cleanse, so are the Christians, yet there is a greater thing, when we energize, direct and believe. This is what the apostles were to do. The aggressive Peter and the other "Son of Thunder," the reflective, cautious Thomas, these were the men who were sent forth as public heralds (John 1:36). Some they are to win by personal solicitation (James 1:41). Others by public proclamation (Acts 2:39-41). Men are saved through men, and those whom he sends forth are those who have first learned to follow. Their work is made permanent only as "they abide in him." God wants the hearing ear, the believing heart and the confessing mouth (Rom. 10:14).

The one who would preach Jesus and have power in his name must first of all "be with him," that is, he must enjoy a deep, abiding, victorious life of fellowship with Jesus. Jesus gave directions to those he sent out, first to preach; second, to heal illness; third to cast out demons. Our mission is to both body and soul, but Christ puts the spiritual needs first (vv. 14, 15; see Matt 10:7, 8). The difficulty with many healers of today is that they invert this order. Those whom Jesus sends out are to offer his kingdom to men and not command men to receive it. Their work will bring variance upon the earth, even among those in the same family; but those who will not go are not "worthy of me." Jesus saw plainly that the victories of his kingdom were often hindered rather than helped by the presence of great crowds (v. 12).

among the troops at the front to the effect that most of the fight in Americans was chiefly braggadocio had the momentary stimulus of prompting the Germans to start a small offensive, but they soon realized that they were not fighting "bluffs" nor English soldiers, but supermen, if you please, of the sterner stuff.

The little skirmishes in which the American soldiers are showing themselves approved to their homeland and proving to their enemies that they are a new enemy which cannot be dissipated merely by a breath or a sally of arms mean more for the demoralization of the German army than anything else now transpiring. The misconception that America is not in the fight is being dissipated daily and the Germans realize only too clearly that they are "up against the real thing," to use a perfectly good street phrase.—Amarillo Daily News.

BOARDERS, TOO



—Berryman in Washington Star.

Political Announcements

The News is authorized to make the following announcements, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary, Roosevelt County:

FOR JUDGE, FIFTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT:

J. G. OSBURN
SAM G. BRATTON

FOR PROBATE JUDGE:

CLEVE COMPTON (re-election)
F. G. CALLAWAY

FOR SHERIFF:

A. L. (ARCH) GREGG (re-election)
W. E. (EMZY) ROBERTS.

FOR COUNTY CLERK:

SETH A. MORRISON (re-election)

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:

JOHN W. BALLOW (re-election)

FOR TAX ASSESSOR:

BURL JOHNSON (re-election)
J. N. (NOLAN) McCALL
JOSH. E. MORRISON

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT:

SAM J. STINNETT (re-election)

COMMISSIONER PRECINCT 1:

DR. J. S. PEARCE (re-election)

COMMISSIONER PRECINCT 2:

ED. WALL (re-election)

COMMISSIONER PRECINCT 3:

CHARLES S. TOLAR.
DR. J. F. GARMANY

Farm Loans

closed promptly and without undue delay, and on as favorable terms as can be had. With the advance of the Federal Farm Loan rate and the disposition to advance in the interest rate in the money centers, it is but prudence to anticipate your money needs and avail yourself of a long time loan. My loans are made at 5, 6 and 7 years. Your business invited. :: :: :: ::

W. C. HOOVER SECOND DOOR
WEST OF P. O.
Portales, - - - - New Mexico

\$1195
F. O. B. DETROIT

The apple always falls to the ground.
It cannot FALL UP.

The price of the Maxwell closed cars — \$1195—was fixed in accordance with another inexorable law.

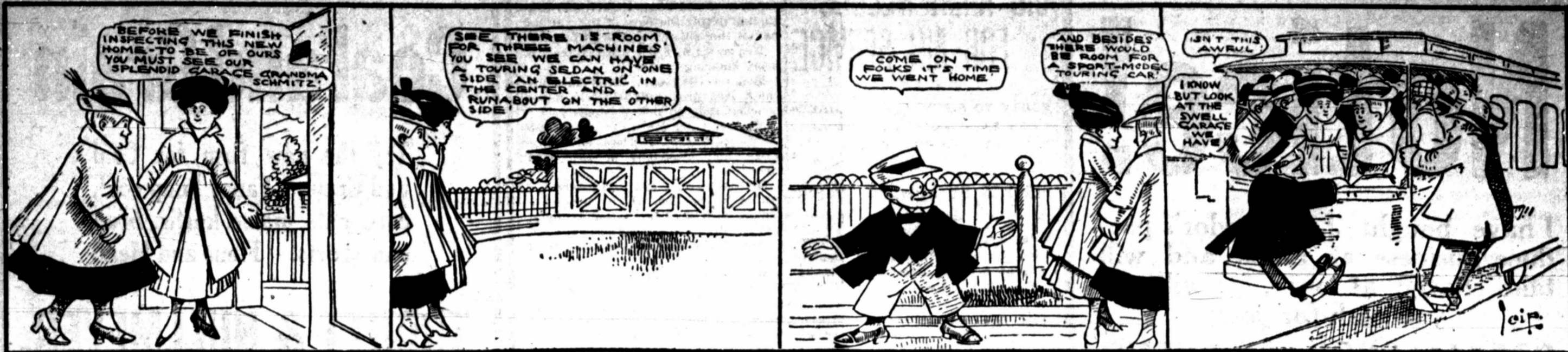
For less than \$1195 it would be impossible to give you closed cars combining — as they are combined in the Maxwell — beauty, grace, comfort, efficiency, durability, economy and standard equipment.

For more than that, on the other hand, you could only get larger size or fancier furnishings.

Five-Passenger Sedan, \$1195; Six-Passenger Town Car, \$1195; Touring Car with All-Weather Top, \$855; Touring Car, \$745; Roadster, \$745
All Prices F. O. B. Detroit

PORTALES AUTO COMPANY
Portales, New Mexico

BABBIT METAL 10c per lb. at NEWS OFFICE



...HOGWALLOW NEWS...

DUNK BOTTIS, Regular Correspondent
(George Bingham)

Cricket Hicks is learning to ride a bicycle. He took his first ride Tuesday morning. In trying to turn a bend in the street he succeeded in running into the tin peddler's wagon and now he feels like a real chauffeur.

Miss Gondola Henstep could of married long ago if she had wanted to.

The Bother Club met in regular session Friday at the postoffice with all members present and thoroughly dissatisfied. Among other things the matter of a window light for the postoffice was discussed, but as the government is having so much extra expense at present it was the sense of the meeting that they worry along until the wind shifts.

Washington's birthday will again be observed at the postoffice by everybody telling the truth, and it is expected that there will be very little talking on that date.

The mail carrier has made the demand that after death he be not referred to as the late mail carrier.

Miss Gondola Henstep has painted a picture of the ocean and it can now be seen hanging on

the wall in her parlor. It is an excellent likeness, and looks so natural Fletcher has set a tub under it.

Thanks to our Improvement Association and the co-operation of the government, the Postmaster has been induced to put a new plank in the porch at the postoffice.

Yam Sims says it is a mystery to him how the moving picture people can go through with a whole picture without making a bit of noise.

Washington Hocks, who prognosticates the weather for the glory there is in being a prophet, stated to an eye witness yesterday that if everything remained frozen up this way all year there would be plenty of cool weather all summer.

The Excelsior Fiddling Band went to the home of Sim Flinders the other night and rendered an enjoyable serenade. By request they played soft and low so that the noise would not wake him up.

The Deputy Constable, who is getting up quite a reputation as a detective, came out the other morning in a derby, but nearly everybody knew him.

Miss Rosy Moseley says there is many an hour of watchful waiting from the first smile to the time he clears up his throat

right nervous.

Shakespeare is coming back again. The literary society of the Wild Onion school house has dramatized one of his plays and will present it next Friday night.

Yam Sims was arrested a few days ago on a charge of stealing a mule from a gentleman who lives at the head of Gimlet Creek. He was placed in jail at Bounding Billows, through a mere for-

mality of the law and remained there until Friday morning, when he was taken before a magistrate for an examining trial. Upon mounting the witness stand he stated that he was not guilty and was straightway turned loose.

Slim Pickins went to a show at Tickville last Friday and while nobody else that he knew was around he asked the snake

charmer if she belonged to the church.

Try the new coal and grain yard adjoining Gurley Broom Corn warehouse.

Help!
Customer (to waiter who had brought him a beefsteak very much underdone)—Waiter, just send for the butcher, will you?
Waiter—Why, sir?
Customer—This steak doesn't seem to be quite dead yet!

Assignment of Mortgage—News

V. J. Campbell
AUCTIONEER

Will appreciate your business. Farm sales a specialty. Will make your stuff bring all it is worth.

Longs, New Mexico

Livestock Sale!

Friday, February 15

33 miles southeast of Portales, New Mexico, 5 miles south and 1 mile east of Inez, 5 miles east and 2 miles north of Garrison, 4 miles north and 2 miles west of Redland; I will sell at public auction, on above date and place, the following described property:

48 Head of Cattle

- 1 Jersey cow, 7 years old, giving milk.
- 11 head of cows, 5 years old.
- 4 four-year-old cows.
- 6 heifers coming 3 years old.
- 8 coming 2-year-old heifers, in good shape.
- 5 coming 2-year-old red steers, extra fat.
- 9 coming yearling heifers.
- 4 coming yearling steers.
- 3 young calves, making a total of 51 head of cattle.
- 1 full-blood Duroc sow, bring pigs in about 6 weeks.
- 1 Duroc gilt, weight 100 lbs.

Horses and Mules

- 1 mare, coming 6 years old, in foal by good jack.
- 2 bay mares, bred to jack.
- 1 coming three-year-old fancy saddle horse.
- 1 coming three-year-old saddle horse.
- 1 bay mare mule, coming two years old.
- 1 black mare mule, 2 years old last September.
- 1 black mare mule coming two years old in August.
- The last mules mentioned are well matched.

Household Goods

- 1 good cook stove.
- 1 bachelor stove.
- 3 iron bedsteads.
- 1 sanitary cot.
- 3 sets of bed springs.
- 1 table and one safe.
- 1 kitchen cabinet.

Farm Implements

- 1 lister
- 1 cultivator
- 1 go-devil
- 1 wagon
- 3 sets of chain harness and a lot of other stuff too numerous to mention.

TERMS---All sums of \$10 and under, cash; a credit of ten months will be given on sums over \$10, purchaser giving bankable note bearing 10 per cent interest, a discount of 5 per cent for cash on sums over \$10.

Free Lunch at 11 o'clock, Sale Commencing Immediately Afterward

NOTICE---The auctioneer, at the beginning of the sale, will give each man, woman, and child a number; corresponding number will be placed in a jar and, at the close of the sale, a drawing will take place and the person holding the lucky number will be given a fountain pen, free. Don't miss the drawing.

J. M. RILEY, Owner

V. J. CAMPBELL, (Longs) Auctioneer

W. C. HOOVER, Clerk of Sale

Real Estate!

FARMS, RANCHES
AND CATTLE

Office South Side Square

R. F. KELLER

Portales, - - - New Mexico

Portales Garage

Bring your work to us and get it done at once; we have men enough to get right on your job as soon as you drive in. --:--

IF YOU CAN'T DRIVE IN WE'LL COME AFTER YOU

Our prices are right. We have Ford and Chevrolet and other car parts; several different kinds of tires and tubes, both new and second hand. We make a specialty of

TRYING TO PLEASE YOU

Free Air-Free Battery Water-Free Battery Inspection

Telephone Number 18

WAT STEWART, Proprietor

Notice!

I have bought J. A. Saylor's produce business at Elida, and will take charge at once. I will pay you cash for your

CREAM, EGGS, CHICKENS AND HIDES

Honest weights. Get my prices before you sell. See me, corner next to depot. Open all the time.

C. W. Yoachum

FARM LOANS!

Money Ready When Papers Are Signed

Coe Howard

Office at Security State Bank

McDONALD & ISON

have opened up a complete line of fresh groceries in the new building and invite their friends to call on them when in need of anything in their line. Will sell for cash and give you lowest prices on all goods.

TELEPHONE 27

PROMPT DELIVERY.

BUICK

EVERY Buick owner has the satisfaction of knowing that his car represents the highest type of present day road travel. x x x x x

W. B. OLDHAM :: MONROE HONEA

MONEY TO LOAN ON FARM AND RANCH LAND

We want to loan more money during 1918 than we ever have. Come in and talk to us.

JOE HOWARD & SON

BIG ARMY NEEDED FOR AIR SERVICE

FORTY TO FIFTY MEN REQUIRED FOR EACH ACTIVE PLANE AT THE FIGHTING FRONT.

FIGURES BY HOWARD COFFIN

Veterinary Corps and Remount Service Growing Rapidly—Information About the Pay Received by Uncle Sam's Enlisted Men.

(From Committee on Public Information.) Washington.—In a statement issued by Howard E. Coffin, chairman of the aircraft production board, is the following:

"In discussing the accomplishments of the air service in the consummation of the army program, it will be well to point out the impossibility of certain proposals enthusiastically and persistently put forward by word of mouth and in the press. We have seen and heard much of the proposed 100,000 airplanes to be provided by the United States within the next year. In a country where one great industry produces 1,500,000 motorcars per year, the fabrication of 100,000 planes might seem easy, but actual figures based upon three years of practical experience in the war shows that there are now between 40 and 50 men of the auxiliary services required for each active machine at the front. If this same ratio should be adhered to in our service, it would mean that some 4,000,000 men would be required in our aeronautical department on foreign soil between our ports of debarkation and the fighting front.

"Even though this number of men could be reduced by 50 per cent by increased efficiency and standardization, the number required is still staggering. Consider, also, the overseas transportation problem as related to material only and without reference to personnel and its maintenance. The transportation of finished planes, properly crated, with the necessary spares, accessories, and equipment is in itself a serious problem, in view of the situation in ship tonnage."

When war was declared the strength of the United States army in animals was 66,145; it is now 344,000. The remount service April 6 consisted of one officer and four clerks in Washington, five remount depots where horses were received, and a personnel and purchasing organization in the field in proportion. The veterinary corps, responsible for the treatment of animals, consisted of 64 officers and no enlisted personnel when the United States entered the war.

The veterinary corps faced the job of building an organization of about 1,000 officers and 12,000 men. The 1,000 officers have been secured and enlisted men are being transferred at a rate which will soon bring it up to its full authorized strength.

The remount service had a similar task in securing personnel. Its present strength is about 300 officers and 11,000 enlisted men. In place of 5 remount depots it has 34, for which plans had to be drawn, sites chosen, and construction of shelter, hospitals, storage buildings, and unloading facilities in short time.

The greater proportion of deaths of animals in the army results from influenza, popularly known as "shipping fever," and its complications. British losses on horses purchased in the United States during the war have been about 10 per cent, counting only deaths occurring in this country. French and Italian losses have been higher.

The rank of commissioned officers of the United States army is shown by insignia on the shoulder loops.

The shoulder loops of a general bear the coat of arms of the United States and two silver stars; lieutenant general, one large and two small silver stars; major general, two silver stars; brigadier general, one silver star; colonel, silver spread-eagle; lieutenant colonel, silver leaf; major, gold leaf; captain, two silver bars; first lieutenant, one silver bar; second lieutenant, gold bar.

The shoulder loop of a chaplain bears a Latin cross.

A recent comparison of health reports from troops in the United States and the expeditionary forces shows the admission rate to hospitals to be greater among the men in France.

Admissions to hospitals in one week in the expeditionary forces, figured on a basis of 1,000 men, were 45.2; in the United States the rate was 33.7 per 1,000 men. In the overseas forces the non-effective rate (the total number of men excused from duty for any injury or ailment, whether or not ordered to hospital) was 54.1 per 1,000 men; in the troops in the United States it was 46.4.

The sale of "smilage" books, containing coupons good for admission to theaters and entertainment tents in all army camps and cantonments, is handled in the smaller cities and towns throughout the country by chautauqua and lyceum organizations.

The books come in two sizes, for sale at \$1 and \$5. When sent to a man in camp a smilage book carries the name of the donor on the cover.

Red Cross appropriations for work in Italy from November 1, 1917, to May 1, 1918, total \$4,771,900.

The pay of enlisted men depends on their grades, ratings, and length of service. From June 1, 1917, and continuing during the term of the war the pay of the enlisted men is as follows:

Men receiving \$30: All privates, the army entering grade.

Men receiving \$33: First-class privates, men promoted to act in minor noncommissioned officer capacity.

Men receiving \$36: Corporals, saddlers, mechanics, farriers and wagoners, and musicians of the third class.

Men receiving \$38: All sergeant grades in the line, which include infantry, field artillery, coast artillery, and cavalry; cooks, horsehoers, band corporals, and musicians of the second class.

Men receiving \$44: Sergeants of the various corps of the engineers, ordnance, signal corps, quartermaster corps, and medical department; band sergeants and musicians of the first class.

Men receiving \$48: Battalion sergeant majors, squadron sergeant majors, sergeant majors (junior grade), sergeant buglers, master gunners, and assistant band leaders of the line.

Men receiving \$51: Regimental sergeant majors, regimental supply sergeants, sergeant majors (senior grade), quartermaster sergeants of the quartermaster corps, ordnance sergeants, first sergeants, electrician sergeants of the first class, assistant engineers and battalion sergeant majors and battalion supply sergeants of the engineers.

Men receiving \$56: Sergeants, first class, of the medical department.

Men receiving \$71: Hospital sergeants, master engineers of the junior grade, and engineers.

Men receiving \$81: Quartermaster sergeants of the senior grade of the quartermaster corps, band leaders, master signal electricians, master electricians, master engineers of the senior grade, and master hospital sergeants.

All enlisted men, while on detached duty not in the field where there are no army quarters, available, receive in addition to their pay \$15 per month to cover the expense of housing and also a suitable allowance for subsistence and for heat and light.

An enlisted man in active service has no necessary personal expenses except for barber and laundry. Uniforms, underclothing, shoes, hats, quarters, medical attendance, and subsistence are supplied them at government expense. Such materials as tobacco, postage, confectionery, and incidentals of individual taste may be purchased at the post exchange at cost.

From uncensored sources the committee on public information has received editorial comment on the president's recent message in the Frankfurter Zeitung, a liberal organ with large circulation throughout the German empire. The following paragraph appears in the translation:

"The foundation for the peace negotiations has not yet been found, but we have approached much nearer to it. Wilson seeks a way out of the war and does so in a manner not entirely in accord with us. We see no reason for exposing ourselves any longer to the charge of lack of clarity about our war aims. Germany and her allies should come out openly with their terms. Then perhaps it will be seen that a continuation of the war can be avoided and the resistance of governments to the desire for peace of their peoples can be overcome."

A large harvest and storage of natural ice for summer use is being urged, accompanied by the statement that unprecedented demands for ammonia by the army and navy indicate a shortage in this chemical so widely used in producing ice and in refrigerators.

A shortage of ice during warm weather in 1918 would result in untold waste of perishable foods in the home, in small creameries, and other establishments dependent upon constant ice service. The United States department of agriculture has for distribution complete information on the harvesting and storing of natural ice.

A statement by the provost marshal general shows that of 859,150 total discharges for dependency 743,141, or 86.50 per cent, were for wife or wife and children; widowed parent, 6.51 per cent; motherless child, 0.6; per cent; minor orphan brothers and sisters, 0.58 per cent.

Of the total of 1,057,363 men certified for service in the National Army 418,309, or 39.56 per cent, are listed as involuntary conscripts—those who failed to appear or filed unsuccessful claims for exemption or discharge. Voluntary conscripts—those who had no claims for exemption or discharge—numbered 639,054.

Under the new food regulations Swiss people are allowed only one-fifth of a pound of butter per person per month.

The United States, importing before the war as much as \$10,000,000 worth of aniline dyes a year, in ten months of last year exported dyes valued at \$12,500,000.

Four tons of shipping capacity are required to transport a soldier, and another is necessary for his equipment. In addition, it takes 50 pounds of ship capacity a day to keep him supplied with food, clothing and ammunition.

A million checks a month will soon be going forward from the bureau of war-risk insurance to safeguard America's fighting forces and their families. Applications from soldiers and sailors for insurance are near \$4,000,000.

Coal and Grain

Try the new firm for Coal and Grain. Fancy lump coal, corn, oats, maize, kaffir, bran and shorts. Flour and Meal.

TROUTT & NULLMEYER
PROPRIETORS

..FRED C. BROADHEAD..

(Successor to J. M. Reynolds)

FRESH AND CURED MEATS

Buy and sell live stock of all kinds. Will pay top prices for hides. Telephone No. 11

..This is Windmill Weather..

We handle Leader, Star and Challenge Windmills and a general line of piping, casing and sucker rod. Also repairs for all kinds of mills.

..J. B. Sledge Hardware Co..

Your Troubles Will Be Less

When you have your plumbing done by a practical plumber. I carry bath tubs, sinks and full line plumbing fixtures.

S. HOWELL, The Plumber.

Bevo

Put on the Bevo Glasses when you set the table for the bite you've prepared for the guests of the evening. As a suggestion for a dainty lunch: Cream cheese and chopped olive sandwiches (on brown bread), Dill pickles, Shrimp salad, Ice cold Bevo.

Itself a nutritive drink, Bevo makes an appetizing and delightful addition to any meal—hot or cold, light or heavy.

Bevo—the all-year-round soft drink.

Sold in bottles only and bottled exclusively by ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS



I Recommend Peruna To All Sufferers Of Catarrh—



Mrs. William H. Hinckley, No. 30

I Do Not Think I Ever Felt Much Better

Myrtle St., Beverly, Mass., writes: "I have taken four bottles of Peruna, and I can say that it has done me a great deal of good for catarrh of the head and throat. I recommend Peruna to all sufferers with catarrh. I do not think I ever felt much better. I am really surprised at the work I can do. I do not think too much praise can be said for Peruna."

Those who object to liquid medicines can procure Peruna Tablets.

The only exclusive Wall Paper and Paint Stock in town.

1000 Rolls of Remnants at 5c Per Roll. Balance of paper stock all clean, new stock. Come in and see.

C. GOODLOE

Call 27 when you need a Painter or Paper Hanger

THE MODEL TAILOR SHOP

MORRISON & SANDEFER, Proprietors

Ladies' and Gents' Suits cleaned, pressed and repaired. Agents for Custom Made Clothing.

Old Nixon Building—Opposite First National Bank.

...ALL OUR WORK IS GUARANTEED...

LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE

YOU'LL enjoy this real Burley cigarette. It's full of flavor—just as good as a pipe.

IT'S TOASTED

The Burley tobacco is toasted; makes the taste delicious. You know how toasting improves the flavor of bread. And it's the same with tobacco exactly.



10¢

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

North of Fifty-Three

Bertrand W. Sinclair

(Copyright by Little, Brown & Co.)

(Continued from page 2)

wilderness could always find their way about, day or night," Hazel observed tartly.

"They can—in stories," Bill answered dryly. She had to be satisfied with his assurance that he would see her to Cariboo Meadows. And, accepting the situation with what philosophy she could command, Hazel proceeded to fall to—and soon discovered herself relishing the food more than any meal she had eaten for a long time. Hunger is the king of appetizers, and food cooked in the open has a flavor of its own which no aproned chef can duplicate. Roaring Bill put half the piece of meat on her plate, sliced bread for her, and set the butter handy. Also, he poured her a cup of coffee. He had a small sack of sugar, and his pack boxes yielded condensed milk.

"What sort of meat is that?" Hazel asked after a few minutes of silence. It was fine-grained and of a rich flavor strange to her mouth. She liked it but it was neither beef, pork nor mutton, nor any meat she knew.

"Venison. Didn't you ever eat any before?" he smiled.

"Never tasted it," she answered. "Isn't it nice? No, I've read of hunters cooking venison over an open fire, but this is my first taste. Indeed, I've never seen a real camp fire before."

"Lord—what a lot you've missed!" There was real pity in his tone. "I killed that deer today. Have some more coffee."

He refilled her tin cup, and devoted himself to his food. Before long they had satisfied their hunger. Bill laid a few dry sticks on the fire. The flames laid hold of them and shot up in bright, wavering tongues. It seemed to Hazel that she had stepped utterly out of her world. Cariboo Meadows, the schoolhouse, and her classes seemed remote. She found herself wishing she were a man, so that she could fare into the wilds with horses and a gun in this capable man fashion, where routine went by the board and the unexpected hovered always close at hand. She looked up suddenly, to find him regarding her with a whimsical smile.

"In a few minutes," said he, "I'll pack up and try to deliver you as per contract. Meantime, I'm going to smoke."

He did not ask her permission, but filled his pipe and lighted it with a coal. And for the succeeding fifteen minutes Roaring Bill Wagstaff sat staring into the dancing blaze. Hazel watched him uneasily after a time. He seemed to have forgotten her. His pipe died, and he sat holding it in his hand. She was uneasy, but not afraid. There was nothing about him or his actions to make her fear. On the contrary, Roaring Bill at close quarters inspired confidence.

In the midst of her reflections he got up.

"Well, we'll make a move," he said, and disappeared abruptly into the darkness.

She heard him moving around at some distance. Presently he was back, leading three horses. One he saddled. The other two he rigged with his pack outfit, storing his varied belongings in the two pair of kyaks, and loading kyaks and bedding on the horses with a deft speed that bespoke long practice. He was too busy to talk, and Hazel sat beside the fire, watching in silence. When he had tucked up the last rope end, he turned to her.

"There," he said; "we're ready to hit the trail. Can you ride?"

"I don't know," Hazel answered dubiously. "I have never ridden a horse."

"My, my!" he smiled. "Your education has been sadly neglected—and you a schoolma'am, too!"

"My walking education hasn't been neglected," Hazel retorted. "I don't need to ride, thank you."

"Yes, and stub your toe and fall down every ten feet," Bill observed. "No, Miss Weir, your first lesson in horsemanship is now due—if you aren't afraid of horses."

"I'm not afraid of horses at all," Hazel declared. "But I don't think it's a very good place to take riding lessons. I can just as well walk, for I'm not in the least afraid." And then she added as an afterthought: "How do you happen to know my name?"

"In the same way that you know mine," Bill replied, "even if you haven't mentioned it yet. Lord bless you, do you suppose Cariboo Meadows could import a lady school teacher from the civilized East without everybody in fifty miles knowing who she was, and where she came from, and what she looked like? I guess you don't realize what old granny gossip we wild West-women are. Especially where girls are concerned."

Hazel stiffened a trifle. She did not like the idea of Cariboo Meadows discussing her with such freedom.

"Well," said he, "we won't argue the point."

He disappeared into the dark again. This time he came back with the crown of his hat full of water, which he sprinkled over the dwindling fire. As the red glow of the embers faded in a sputter of steam and ashes, Hazel realized more profoundly the blackness of a cloudy night in the woods.

"It's going to be nasty traveling, Miss Weir," Roaring Bill spoke at her elbow. "I'll walk and lead the packs. You ride Silk. He's gentle. All you have to do is sit still, and he'll stay right behind the packs. I'll help you mount."

If Hazel had still been inclined to insist on walking, she had no chance to debate the question. Bill took her by the arm and led her up beside the horse. It was a unique experience for her, this being compelled to do things. No man had ever issued ultimatums to her. But here was Roaring Bill Wagstaff telling her how to put her foot in the stirrup, putting her for the first time in her life astride a horse, warning her to duck low branches. In his mind there seemed to be no question as to whether or not she would ride. He had settled that.

Unused to mounting, she blundered at the first attempt, and flushed in the dark at Bill's amused chuckle. The next instant he caught her under the arms, and, with the leverage of her one foot in the stirrup, set her gently in the seat of the saddle.

"You're such a little person," he said, "these stirrups are a mile too long. Put your feet in the leather above—so. Now play follow your leader. Give Silk his head."

He moved away. Obedient to Bill's command, she let the reins dangle, and Silk followed close behind his mate. Hazel lurched unsteadily at first, but presently she caught the swinging motion and could maintain her balance without holding stiffly to the saddle horn.

The night seemed endless as the wilderness itself. Unused to riding, she became sore, and then the sore muscles stiffened. The chill of the night air intensified. She grew cold, her fingers numb. She did not know where she was going, and she was assailed with doubts of Roaring Bill's ability to find Cariboo Meadows.

"Mr. Wagstaff!" she called. "Yours truly," his voice hailed back, away to one side. "I'll be there in a minute."

In less time he appeared beside her. "Will you fall off, or be lifted off?" he said cheerfully.

"Where are we?" she demanded.

"Ask me something easy," he returned. "I've been going it blind for an hour, trying to hit the Soda Creek trail, or any old trail that would show me where I am. It's no use. Too dark."

"What on earth am I going to do?" Hazel cried desperately.

"Camp here till daylight," Roaring Bill answered evenly. "The only thing to do. Good Lord!" His hand accidentally rested on hers. "You're getting cold. I didn't think about you like this. Get down and put on a coat, and I'll have a fire in a minute."

"I suppose if I must, I must; but I can get off without any help, thank you," Hazel answered ungraciously.

Roaring Bill made no reply, but stood back, and when her feet touched solid earth he threw over her shoulders the coat he had worn himself. Then he turned away, and Hazel saw him stooping here and there, and heard the crack of dry sticks broken over his knee. In no time he was back to the horses with an armful of dry stuff, and had a small blaze licking up through dry grass and twigs. As it grew he piled on larger sticks till the bright flame waved two feet high, lighting up the nearby woods and shedding a bright glow on the three horses standing patiently at hand. He paid no attention to Hazel until she came timidly up to the fire. Then he looked up at her with his whimsical smile.

"That's right," he said; "come on and get warm. No use worrying—or getting cross. I suppose from your civilized, conventional point of view it's a terrible thing to be out in the woods all night alone with a strange man. But I'm not a bear—I won't eat you."

"I'm sorry if I seemed rude," Hazel said penitently; "I can't help thinking of the disagreeable side of it. People talk so. I suppose I'll be a nine days' wonder in Cariboo Meadows."

Bill laughed softly.

"Let them take it out in wondering," he advised. "Cariboo Meadows is a very small and insignificant portion of the world, anyway."

He went to one of the packs, and came back with a canvas cover, which he spread on the ground.

"Sit on that," he said, "The earth's

always damp in the woods."

Then he stripped the horses of their burdens and tied them out of sight among the trees. That task finished, he took an ax and rustled a pile of wood, dragging dead poles up to the fire and chopping them into short lengths. When finally he laid aside his ax, he busted himself with gathering grass and leaves and pine needles until he had several armfuls collected and spread in an even pile to serve as a mattress. Upon this he laid his bedding, two thick quilts, two or three pairs of woolen blankets, a pillow, the whole inclosed with a long canvas sheet, the bed tarpaulin of the cattle ranges.

"There," he said; "you can turn in whenever you feel like it."

For himself he took the saddle-blankets and laid them close by the fire within reaching distance of the woodpile, taking for cover a pack canvas. He stretched himself full length, filled his pipe, lit it, and fell to staring into the fire while he smoked.

Half an hour later he raised his head and looked across the fire at Hazel.

"Why don't you go to bed?" he asked.

"I'm not sleepy," she declared, which was a palpable falsehood, for her eyelids were even then drooping.

"Maybe not, but you need rest," Bill said quietly. "Quit thinking things. It'll be all the same a hundred years from now. Go on to bed. You'll be more comfortable."

Thus peremptorily commanded, Hazel found herself granting instant obedience. She got into the blankets just as she stood, even to her shoes, and drew the canvas sheet up so that it hid her face—but did not prevent her from seeing.

In spite of herself she slept fitfully. Now and then she would wake with a start to a half-frightened realization of her surroundings and plight, and whenever she did wake and look past the fire it was to see Roaring Bill Wagstaff stretched out in the red glow, his brown head pillowed on one folded arm.

Then all at once she wakened out of sound slumber with a violent start. Roaring Bill was shaking the tarpaulin over her and laughing.

"Arise, Miss Sleeping Beauty!" he said boisterously. "Breakfast's ready."

He went back to the fire. Hazel sat up, patting her tousled hair into some semblance of order. Off in the east a reddish streak spread skyward into somber gray. In the west, black night gave ground slowly.

"Well, it's another day," she whispered, as she had whispered to herself once before. "I wonder if there will ever be any more like it?"

(Continued next week)

Commissioners Proceedings

Portales, New Mexico, January 10th, 1918.

Court convened pursuant to adjournment of yesterday, present as then.

In re state road No. 18, from Clovis to Roswell:

Whereas, state road No. 18, from Clovis to Roswell, has been declared a Federal and State Aid road, and

Whereas, the county highway superintendent has filed his preliminary estimate of the cost of grading and surfacing with crushed stone, of that portion of said road thru Roosevelt county, to-wit:

Sections No. 1, two, three and four, as shown on the state highway map, to be \$136,000.00, and that Roosevelt county's pro-rata share of said cost would be

\$34,000.00.

Therefore, be it resolved by the Board of Commissioners of Roosevelt county, New Mexico, that the sum of \$8,500.00 be set aside each year for a period of four years, to meet Roosevelt county's share of said cost.

Be it further resolved that the county highway superintendent be and is hereby authorized and instructed to make the necessary applications for said state and federal aid.

In re wild animal bounty claims filed during the year 1917:

It appearing to the board that there is insufficient funds to pay these claims in full, it is therefore the order of this board that seventy-five cents on the dollar be paid on said claims, or one dollar and fifty cents be paid on each coyote and bob cat, and the clerk is hereby instructed to draw warrants on above basis in full payment of all wild animal bounty claims for the year 1917.

The following wild animal claims were examined and approved and the clerk instructed to draw warrants in payment of same on basis of order heretofore entered:

A J Allen, 1 coyote	\$ 1.50
J W Reed, 1 "	1.50
C I Barton, 4 "	6.00
Arthur Tubbs, 8 coyotes	12.00
Kent Hunt, 11 coyotes	16.50
OR Lightfoot, 5 "	7.50
Van Pate, 2 "	3.00
John Hunt, 1 "	1.00
T M Andes, 2 "	3.00
R E McDermott, 1 coyote	1.50
F A Westbrook, 1 "	1.50
C H Sublett, 1 "	1.50
James Ford, 1 "	1.50
E. J. Coleman, 2 "	3.00
John Uxer, 2 "	3.00
W O Turner, 1 "	1.50
J W Reed, 4 "	6.00
W J Ward, 7 "	10.50
CHGreathouse, 10 "	15.00
J C Thurman, 9 "	13.50
John W Buckner, 30 "	45.00
Jule Stone, 18 "	27.00
H T Ward, 7 "	10.50
S E Johnson, 7 "	10.50
M L Prine, 7 "	10.50
C L Townsend, 6 "	9.00
L K Terrell, 6 "	9.00
A Sportsman, 4 "	6.00
B C George, 4 "	6.00
Wm Gabriel, 21 "	31.50
Fred M Roberts, 2 "	3.00
Robert Hicks, 1 "	1.50
Arthur McFall, 3 "	4.50
J F Corbin, 8 "	12.00
S A Corbin, 13 "	19.50
Carl Moss, 2 "	3.00
T F Elkins, 22 "	33.00
Paul Faggard, 1 "	1.50
Buel Harding, 3 "	4.50
Hamp Black, 18 "	27.00
Charles Smith, 4 "	6.00
G W Lackey, 1 "	1.50
O J Carter, 4 "	6.00
Curtis Boone, 1 "	1.50
A J Barnett, 2 "	3.00
H J Zwissler, 1 "	1.50

(CONTINUED ON LAST PAGE)

GO TO BILBERRY'S WAGON YARD

For Coal, Grain, etc. All kinds of grain bought and sold. We appreciate your trade.

G. L. BILBERRY, Proprietor

..HAULING..

I have purchased a 1 1/2 ton truck and am now in position to do your hauling on short notice and at a reasonable price. Give me a trial. I will appreciate your patronage.

W. T. ELROD

Beginning With 1918

My first public sale I will give all my commission to the

RED CROSS

and during the year I will give 10 per cent of all sales to the Red Cross.

COL. BILL GORE, Auctioneer
Address either Elida or Upton, New Mexico

Carter-Robinson Abstract Company

INCORPORATED

We have complete indexes to all real estate in Roosevelt and Curry counties. Abstracts made promptly. Office, upstairs in Reese building, telephone 63.

HASTE NOT



First Doctor—Did that last case get well?
Second Doctor—Not yet! He's well off, and I believe in letting well enough alone.

Seldom.

I do not like Alexis Delf. He rather pains and pricks me. For when I underrate myself He seldom contradicts me.

Blamed Again.

Guest—Good gracious, waiter! Nine and nine make eighteen, not nineteen!
Walter—Ah, but monsieur must remember that everything has been augmented by the war!

Sweet Advice.

"Words are inadequate to express my love!"
"I know they are, Freddy," said the dear girl. "Try candy and violets."

Commissioners Proceedings		and 1 bob cat	
W A Trotter, 1 coyote	\$ 1.50	T A Boone, 4 coyotes	\$46.50
B S Anderson, 1 "	1.50	H C Boswell, 2 "	3.00
T B McCabe, 1 "	1.50	Elmer Brown, 1 "	1.50
Hugo Kleeman, 2 "	3.00	J W Buckelew, 2 "	3.00
J E Woodward, 1 "	1.50	Chester Burnett, 3 "	4.50
Jas L Anthony, 10 "	15.00	O P Butler, 7 "	10.50
J M Zion, 7 "	10.50	L E Butts, 5 "	7.50
J R Stephenson, 8 "	12.00	Ollie Caldwell, 3 "	4.50
S R Duke, 1 "	1.50	A B Cares, 14 "	21.00
Geo Albert, 1 "	1.50	Gordon Chilton, 1 "	1.50
C E Wilson, 1 "	1.50	G B Coleman, 7 "	10.50
E S Nelson, 1 "	1.50	M E Cooper, 2 "	3.00
J N Smith, 1 "	1.50	Devine Cook, 1 "	1.50
Ollie Caldwell, 1 "	1.50	J V Cothern, 8 "	12.00
W A Good, 4 "	6.00	John Cox, 7 "	10.50
Tyre Beal, 6 "	9.00	Charles M Cox, 2 "	3.00
Silas E Ross, 9 "	13.50	A B Crane, 1 "	1.50
Harvey Hendry, 9 "	13.50	Dr F Croft, 2 "	3.00
Joie A Hatfield, 1 "	1.50	C L Cross, 3 "	4.50
P D Sandage, 4 "	6.00	J C Crume, 1 "	1.50
J F Allard, 10 coyotes and 1 bob cat	16.50	J R Darnell, 1 "	1.50
Lee All, 1 coyote	1.50	M L Davis, 1 "	1.50
Milton Anderson, 1 coyote	1.50	H L Dewees, 6 "	9.00
T M Andes, 14 coyotes	21.00	J H Doyal, 5 "	7.50
W E Bartlett, 2 "	3.00	W B Duncan, 1 "	1.50
Louis P Baum, 2 "	3.00	Herman Eminger, 8 "	12.00
Tyre Beal, 1 "	1.50	Paul Eminger, 5 "	7.50
C L Beard, 3 "	4.50	C H Evans, 4 "	6.00
Joe Beasley, 1 "	1.50	T E Fealand, 6 "	9.00
C O Bickham, 1 "	1.50	Joe Fewell, 1 "	1.50
Arthur Bird, 1 "	1.50	Austin Fullerton, 7 "	10.50
A G Blakey, 1 "	1.50	Claud Gallimore, 2 "	3.00
R L Blanton, 5 "	7.50	H D Gammill, 1 "	1.50
J H Bollinger, 1 "	1.50	B J Gates, 1 "	1.50
Pat H Boone, 30 coyotes		G W Gardner, 1 "	1.50
		Henry George, 2 "	3.00
		Sam E Grove, 1 "	1.50

..The Leach Coal Company..

FOR HIGH GRADE FUEL COAL

Chandler Lump

We are agents for Chandler Lump, one of the very cleanest and best coals that can be bought from Colorado. Give it a trial. : : : : :

American Block

We are now able to get, in limited quantities, Mine Run American Block Coal. This coal is very clean and can be bought at \$8.75 per ton.

Telephone Number 3

Portales, New Mexico

WANTS

For Sale—Northwest quarter sec. 11, twp. 2 south, range 35 east, adjoining Mrs. Lizzie Burrows place, in proven water belt. Reasonable price and terms on part. Address E. S. Anderson, 212 Main St., Denison, Texas. 40-1f

LAND LOANS—See W. O. Oldham or W. B. Oldham. 48-1f

SIXTEEN acres shallow water land near town, for sale or trade, a bargain. Apply at this office. 1 f

For Sale or Trade—Good Dodge Car, See S. H. Hancock, Portales, New Mexico. 21f

IF you have any land for sale or trade near Portales, write direct to Joe Howard, Box 83, Portales, N. M.

BUFF ROCK EGGS—From excellent layers. \$1.00 and \$1.25 per setting. Mrs. W. M. Wilson, Portales, N. M. 11-1f

WANTED—Several good young Jersey cows. Send price and full description to Frank Parker, Judson, N. M. 12-31f

Land Loans—See W. O. Oldham or W. B. Oldham. 49-1f

FOR SALE OR TRADE—For good young mules or young cows. 5 good gentle work mares, 1 black Spanish jack five years old this spring and one good Ford car. Mrs. M. F. Fowler, Portales, New Mexico. 13-1f

W. L. ADAMS, Painter and Paper Hanger, inside finishing a specialty. All work guaranteed. 14-1f

For Sale—Baled kaffir corn hay about one thousand bales come and see me five miles west of Rogers, N.M. A. R. Page. 2p

Dr. Swearingin's Dates

Drs. Swearingin and Presley, the specialists of Roswell, will be in Portales, at Neer's drug store, on the 20th day of each month, to treat diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and to fit glasses.

The Portales Mill & Elevator Co., handles all kinds of Feed stuff, such as grain and alfalfa hay. tf.

Ladies spring hats at one half price. The People's Store. 1t

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF ROOSEVELT COUNTY, STATE OF NEW MEXICO: In the Matter of the Estate of C. H. Partin, deceased No. 182

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Mrs. E. M. Partin, has filed her final report in the matter of the estate of C. H. Partin, deceased, and that Monday, the 4th day of March, 1918, has been the day set by the Court for hearing of such final report and account and the settlement thereof. Therefore, any heir, creditor, or other person interested in the said estate, may on or before the day appointed for said hearing and settlement on the said final report, file objections thereto, or to any particular item thereof, specifying the particulars of such objections. Mrs. E. M. PARTIN, Administratrix. 14-3t

Whitcomb-Williamson



First Arrivals, Spring Millinery:

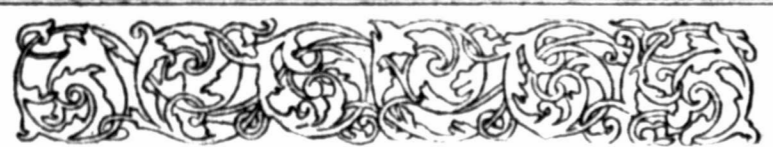
Inexpensive Models in Straw, and Combinations of Georgette and Straw; Novelty Veils. On display after Monday, February Eleventh, Nineteen-Eighteen.

New Things

In considering improvements and additions to our store, we have not sought the big profit goods but the **BEST IN EVERY LINE**

The New Edison---Superior to all other Phonographs.
A New Fountain---The Best in the State. :- :-
The Rexall Line---The Acknowledged Leader in Drugs, Patents and Sundries. We had to take considerable stock in this company in order to get the Agency. :- :- :- :-
But we feel that Roosevelt County Citizens deserve the Best. :- :- :-
New Departments---A Book and Sheet Music Departments will be the next additions. :- :- :-

Saturday, February 23rd



The Grafanola will be given away. Get your keys before they are all gone. :- :- :-

Your Business Solicited
PORTALES DRUG STORE
Rexall Store "Store of Service"

J L Greaves, 1 coyote	\$ 1.50	Paul Westbrook, 1 "	1.50
J M Grisso, 1 "	1.50	E N Wheeler, 4 "	6.00
W F Hallford, 1 "	1.50	S W Whitener, 2 "	3.00
S H Harris, 1 "	1.50	Aron Williams, 2 "	3.00
J A Hatfield, 1 "	1.50	Charlie Wilson, 7 "	10.50
Elias T Hensley, 1 "	1.50	C E Wilson, 2 "	3.00
Felix Holmes, 1 "	1.50	W P Witt, 2 "	3.00
J L Holley, 13 "	19.50	Chas L Wortham, 2 coyotes	3.00
Lloyd Horney, 8 "	12.00	State Highway Engineer, estimate state road 60, sec. 1	500.00
R B Hoskins, 7 "	10.50	It is now ordered that court adjourn until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.	
Bascom Howard, 1 "	1.50	JOHN S. PEARCE, Chairman.	
P G Hudson, 1 "	1.50	Attest: S. A. MORRISON, Clerk.	
J A Isabell, 4 "	6.00	We are expecting two tons of broom corn seed from Oklahoma soon and if you want any for seed you will do well to see us at once. The People's Store. 1t	
C M Johnson, 6 "	9.00	Try the new coal and grain yard adjoining Gurley Broom Corn warehouse.	
J E Johnston, 1 "	1.50	White maize for seed, at the People's Store. 1t	
J H Johnson, 1 "	1.50	R. S. (Bob) Adams	
Lowry Johnson, 3 "	4.50	will do any kind of hauling on short notice and at a reasonable price. Will appreciate your patronage. : : : : :	
T B Johnston, 2 "	3.00	TELEPHONE NUMBER 71	
W A Johnston, 7 "	10.50		
Burley D Jones, 20 "	30.00		
Paul Jones, 5 "	7.50		
Otto Kaptina, 1 "	1.50		
Wm D Kenyon, 1 "	1.50		
Ezra Kersey, 1 "	1.50		
Leon Keys, 1 "	1.50		
Wm Kleeman, 4 "	6.00		
J S Knighten, 4 "	6.00		
E L Kyle, 1 "	1.50		
J E Lee, 1 "	1.50		
R L Little, 3 "	4.50		
Geo T Littlefield, 6 "	9.00		
Oscar Long, 1 "	1.50		
Homer Martin, 2 "	3.00		
Ben T Miller, 1 "	1.50		
Clyde Miller, 1 "	1.50		
S D Moore, 6 "	9.00		
J F Morgan, 3 "	4.50		
R A Morris, 24 "	36.00		
S C McBeath, 8 "	12.00		
W R McCollum, 1 "	1.50		
R E McDermott, 1 "	1.50		
T S McDowell, 1 "	1.50		
J E Nash, 2 "	3.00		
E H Newcom, 2 "	3.00		
J J Oakley, 5 "	7.50		
C J Parkey, 1 coyote	1.50		
L L Peach, 1 "	1.50		
J H Pendley, 6 "	9.00		
P O Perkins, 1 "	1.60		
W H Perry, 6 "	9.00		
W J Pool, 2 "	3.00		
R A Pope, 4 "	6.00		
R A Preston, 6 "	9.00		
Sam Rash, 1 "	1.50		
J W Reed, 1 "	1.50		
J R Sadler, 1 "	1.50		
P D Sandage, 23 " and 3 bob cats	39.00		
B M Schumpert, 2 coyotes	3.00		
Grant Scott, 1 coyote	1.50		
W H Seefeld, 1 "	1.50		
A R Self, 5 "	7.50		
S S Six, 1 "	1.50		
Diamond Skeilton, 4 coyotes	6.00		
George Smiley, 3 "	4.50		
D K Smith, 11 coyotes	16.50		
G C Smith, 2 "	3.00		
F J Smith, 11 "	16.50		
J N Smith, 2 "	3.00		
J P Smith, 1 "	1.50		
G B Stirman, 5 "	7.50		
A D Stowell, 3 "	4.50		
C H Sublett, 2 "	3.00		
E G Taylor, 7 "	10.50		
J W Taylor, 1 "	1.50		
W C Terry, 2 "	3.00		
J T Thomas, 1 "	1.50		
Chris Thompson, 1 coyote	1.50		
John C Thurmrn, 3 coyotes	4.50		
J E Tisdale, 2 coyotes	3.00		
W Todd, 2 "	3.00		
R A Tolrnd, 2 "	3.00		
Bobbie Toler, 1 "	1.50		
C E Toombs, 1 "	1.50		
Carlos Townsend, 1 coyote	1.50		
C L Townsend, 4 coyotes	6.00		
R D Townsend, 1 "	1.50		
John Trotter, 2 "	3.00		
W B Vaughan, 4 "	6.00		
Floyd Vincent, 7 "	10.00		
J H Wagnon, 4 "	6.00		
John Walker, 1 "	1.50		
E G Watson, 4 "	6.00		
A Z West, 4 "	6.00		

The First National Bank

PORTALES, NEW MEXICO

Cordially invites you to use its excellent facilities for handling your financial affairs. : : : : :

We have money to loan at all times to successful men and women doing business in this vicinity. : : : : :

Applications made to any of our Officers and Directors for loans will have prompt and courteous attention. : : : : :

The First National Bank

"The Bank Where You Feel at Home"