

Lockney Beacon

Volume 17

Lockney, Floyd County, Texas, Friday, September 13, 1918

Number 51

'OVER THE TOP' HERE SEPTEMBER 21 AND 22

"Over the Top" a thrilling and exciting, as well as educational picture, representing the fighting in France, entitled "Over the Top" will be shown in Lockney Saturday, September 21st. The show will start at 2 o'clock and run continuously until 12 p. m. This picture and history thereto is by Sergeant Arthur Guy Dempsey, who participated in the thrilling scene of the battle of the Marne. "Over the Top" arrangements have been made to show this picture Sunday afternoon, following Saturday, beginning at 2 o'clock and closing at 5 in time for Sunday night services at the churches.

This picture should be seen by every one. We are all intensely interested in the war, and being so far removed from its activities it is the only opportunity that many of us will ever have to see some real fighting. This picture has the endorsement of the government, and is recommended to the people as a means of becoming educated in history of the awful struggle that is now going on in Europe. Make arrangements to attend, bringing the whole family.

PREACHING AT ROSELAND

I will preach at Roseland Sunday at 11 o'clock and at night. If the people can attend will continue the meeting over next Sunday. Will be glad to meet lots of people, so come and we will do the good.

J. E. Black.

CARD OF THANKS

We take this method of extending to the good people of Lockney and community our sincere appreciation and thanks for the kind and thoughtful attention given us during the late illness of our husband and father. We will ever hold in grateful remembrance these friends which is one bright spot in this dark hour. May God's richest blessings rest upon the good people of this community is the sincere wish of Mrs. Dr. Stapleton and Children.

MAKING OF BEER TO CEASE DECEMBER 1ST

Washington, Sept. 6.—Manufacture of beer in the United States will be prohibited after next Dec. 1 as a war measure.

This announcement was made tonight by the Food Administration, which said the decision had been reached at a conference between President Fuel, Food, Railroad Administrations and the War Industries Board.

Factors which influenced the decision to prohibit the manufacture of beer after Dec. 1, the Food Administration announcement said, were "the further necessity of war industries for the whole fuel productive capacity of the country, the considerable drought, which has materially affected the supply of feeding stuff for next year, the strain upon transportation to handle necessary industries and the shortage of labor."

Warning also was issued to manufacturers of all beverages and mineral waters that there will be "further great curtailment in fuel for the manufacture of glass containers, etc."

Action, it was said, had been expected by the brewing interests in view of the Fuel Administration's order of last July 3, reducing coal consumption of breweries 50 per cent.

Under national prohibition legislation passed by the Senate today, and sent to the House, which enacted similar legislation last May, manufacture of beer and wine would be prohibited after next May 1. Today's action will move up five months the time for discontinuance of the manufacture of beer, although the breweries may be allowed to resume operations between that date and the effective operation of the dry legislation, if finally enacted, since today's order was "until further orders."

The manufacture of whiskey was prohibited last year, and there have been repeated demands in Congress that the President exercise his wartime power to stop the manufacture of beer as a food conservation measure. The House last May, in adopting the emergency agricultural appropriation bill, attached a rider which provided that none of the funds appropriated by the measure should be used until the manufacture of beer was discontinued.

FIRST BALE OF COTTON RECEIVED THIS WEEK

Lockney's first bale of cotton was received this week. It was grown by L. V. Ray of the Sand Hill community and was ginned by Ben Whitfill. It was sold to Less Floyd for 34 1-4 cents per pound. The cotton and seed brought \$180.10. The bale weighed 395 pounds. Seed brought \$50 per ton. A purse was made up in town as premium which amounted to \$31.50. C. F. Ramsey circulated the list which was liberally subscribed to by Lockney business men.

There will be quite a good deal of cotton marketed here this fall. The acreage is larger than for a number of years, and the price the staple is worth will put a great deal of money in circulation. Our two gins are in excellent shape, and can handle all the cotton that is brought here.

GOVERNMENTS ORDERS

The federal government has taken control of the paper situation, and has issued orders to the newspapers of the country along conservation lines, and the publisher who fails to live up to the new regulations will suffer the penalty of having his supplies of print paper cut off.

The orders for semi-weekly and weekly newspapers include:

Lighter weight paper must be used. No publisher may continue subscriptions after three months after date of expiration, unless subscriptions are renewed and paid for.

No publisher may give free copies of his paper, nor shall he send out sample copies. He can send a copy to an advertiser for checking purposes.

No publisher may send free copies in exchange for other publications except publications within the same county or within a radius of forty miles from point of publication.

No publisher shall raise the subscription rate to a nominal sum.

No newspaper shall be established during the progress of the war, unless it can be shown that the new paper is an essential necessity.

Paper and material for printing must be bought from the nearest available source of supply, provided it is consistent with prices, quality and service.

Then follow many minor rules of publication.

The biggest thing just now, before October 1st, is for each publisher to get his entire subscription list on a CASH IN ADVANCE BASIS. Many have sent in their remittances. Others have not. The date printed next to your address tells you exactly the time your subscription is paid to. If your subscription is behind, why not mail us in a check for the renewal and thus save us the time and expense of sending you a statement. Help us conserve this much.

While the blank paper, the ink and postage costs us about \$1.50, yet we don't want to cut off a single subscriber. We have a full part to play in the winning of the war, in the promotion of liberty loans, thrift stamps, Red Cross, Y. M. C. A. and other war work in assisting to put Floyd county "over the top."

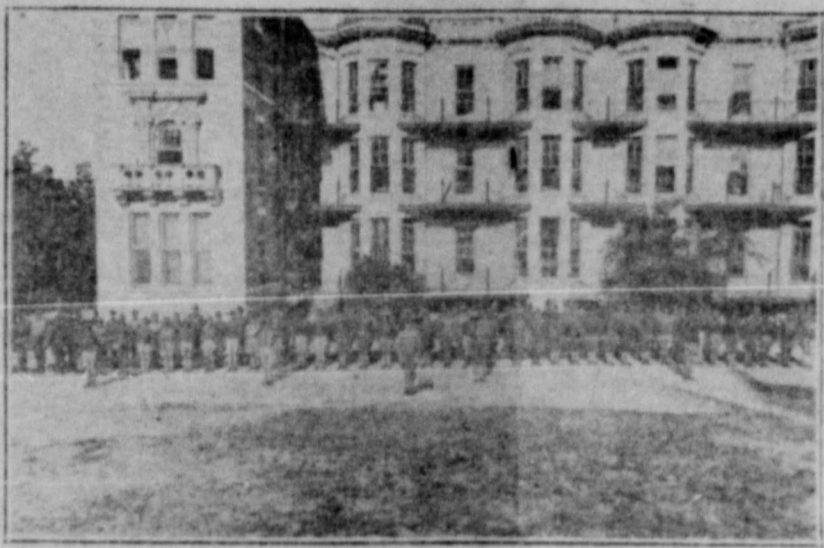
We are giving more value for the money than in any other newspaper published on the Plains.

This is the final notice. We will begin in a few days of cutting off those behind. Come in now and pay us in advance.

SON SENDS FATHER A GERMAN HELMET

R. W. Collier, Sr., received through the government mails Thursday, a German helmet, sent to him by his young son, Cranfill, who is fighting on the Western Front. This helmet has the German flag stamped on the outside and some German name written with pencil on the inside. It had mud on the outside, and showed evidence of having laid out in the weather.

Cranfill has been in action on the Marne, and his father received a letter last week, stating that he had just returned from the trenches for a short rest and would immediately go back. He is among, if not the first, Floyd county boy to go into action in France as far as known. He is a volunteer, and is under 19 years of age. Mr. Collier has three sons in the service. He says they are not boys any longer, but have developed into men. Cranfill is the baby of the family.



WAR ACTIVITIES AT THE STATE UNIVERSITY

Austin, Texas, Sept. 12.—The war activities of the University of Texas have progressed until they are now far greater than those of any other educational institution in the United States. This statement is born out by the official records of the universities and colleges in the matter of training men for the army. President R. E. Vinson of the University since the declaration of war has devoted his time and energy constantly toward building up a military training establishment here. Many of his ideas along these military educational lines have been adopted by the War Department and are now in practice by educational institutions over the country. It is stated by Dr. Vinson that notwithstanding the big scope of its military schools all departments of the University will be open and conducted as usual at the coming regular session. There may be a modification or readjustment of some of the courses to meet existing war conditions. The constructive ideas of Dr. Vinson which paved the way to the establishment of the different military schools at the University met with the hearty support of the Board of Regents of that institution. He devised the plan by which an expenditure of nearly \$1,500,000 will have been made for buildings and equipment for these military schools, reimbursement for this expenditure to be obtained from the Federal Government by the feeding, housing and instruction of the students by the University.

The latest addition to the military education schools of the University will be situated just south of Austin upon a tract of 310 acres of land, where there is now being erected an administration building, six barracks buildings and a mess hall. All of these will be of brick construction of permanent type. They will be occupied by the Radio School which the University is now conducting. Besides these buildings four hangars for airplanes will be erected. The cost of the improvements will be approximately \$450,000, it is stated. This will be born by the government furnished to be reimbursed later by the Government.

REGISTRATION THROUGHOUT NATION HELD YESTERDAY

National registration took place throughout the nation yesterday. The numbers registering is not known at this time, but it is estimated at 13,000,000 men and boys between the ages of 18 to 21 and from 31 to 45. In Lockney the registration numbered 283. The numbers in the county has not been learned at this time but will easily reach 1000.

The registration passed off quietly and patriotically. Every one coming within the provisions of the law registered in this county as far as known.

SCHOOL FOR WOMEN TICKET SELLERS

To meet the demand for ticket sellers made necessary by the conscription of the younger men formerly employed in this capacity, women are being trained in the schools that have been established for that purpose in several of the larger cities. When the women so trained become proficient in the work they will be assigned to the more important ticket offices of the country, where they will receive the same wages that are paid men for similar services.

Bill Smithie and wife and Jim Smithie and wife of Silvertown were the first of the week visitors to our city doing some shopping.

ment for the outlay. The Radio School of the University was established several months ago and has been conducted in the Engineering Building of that institution. When the new plant is finished the attendance will be increased from 400 to about 4,000 and the course of training will be enlarged.

In addition to this war work, the University recently completed the construction of a number of brick barracks buildings, administration building, mess hall, shops and lecture buildings at Camp Mabry, Austin, for the accommodation of the school of Automobile Mechanics which is being conducted for the Government. These buildings were erected at a cost of about \$500,000, and plans have just been adopted for the enlargement of the school by additional buildings and equipment which will cost about \$130,000. The attendance at the school of Automobile Mechanics is now about 3,000 and it will be increased to about 6,000 when the new buildings are finished.

The University is also conducting a school of Military Aeronautics, with an attendance of about 1200, for the Government. It expended \$167,000 in buildings and equipment for that school. Advice just received from Washington are to the effect that the school of Military Aeronautics here is to be greatly enlarged. This may necessitate the erection of additional buildings by the University. A plan to cost \$50,000 is to be built at that school.

The University has also taken over the Theological Seminary at Austin and is converting it into a modern military hospital at a cost of about \$100,000. Besides its other war work, the University will conduct a Students Army Training Corps, beginning with the opening of the coming regular session of that institution. More than 2700 students and former students and about fifty members of the faculty of the University are in the army. Most of them are already in France. Several hundred of these young men went through officers training camps and received commissions as officers.

—W. D. Hornaday, Austin.

MR. BARNETT'S SON WRITES ON HIS WAY TO CAMP

Temple, Texas, Sept. 7.—Dear home folks: We arrived here about 3 o'clock this morning, have had a fine trip so far. There are about 18 coaches of us now, have about 150 miles to go yet. There are several boys on the train I know. I got to see Clem Gillon at Plainview, he is on the same train that I am on and he comes to the car I am riding in every little bit. Well I will write again when I get to camp. With love to all.

ZED.

TO USE "FRAT" HOUSES AS ARMY BARRACKS

Washington, Sept. 6.—Fraternity houses and dormitories of the 400 colleges which will be used in training members of the student's army training camps will be turned into barracks for the period of the war, the War Department announced yesterday. Additional colleges accepted by the Department for training units not announced yesterday include Burleson, Greenville, Texas.

Mrs. D. T. Ewing received word this week that her brother had been killed in France. The people of Lockney sympathize with her in her bereavement, and offers the consoling thought that he died in the defense of his country.

LOCKNEY SOLDIER PATRIOTS HONORED

Wednesday night a large and appreciative audience assembled at the public school auditorium to do honor to two of our soldier boys who are home on a furlough. Mr. Joe McCollum, recruiting officer in the Navy, and Mr. Embree Foster, Drill Sergeant of the National Students Training Corps located at the University of Colorado at Boulder, Colo. This was Embree's first visit home after a period of four years spent in Boulder, where he has taken a College course, and was ready to take up law when the call of his country was heard. He laid aside selfish ambitions and rushed to the colors to defend Old Glory on the battle fields of France.

Joe McCollum is serving his second enlistment in the Navy, and for the present is located at Dallas, doing recruiting service. He spent several weeks here the first of the summer past and assisted the Red Cross and in the 3rd Liberty Loan campaign with speech making in the north half of the county. He is a true blue and a patriotic son of America.

An interesting and well prepared program was rendered as follows:

"America" sung by the audience, with Miss Jeannette Staris pianist. Opening address—Judge J. N. Stalbird. The Judge spoke feelingly of the war, and for the purpose for which we were assembled. He stated that something like one year ago we assembled in like capacity, and that many things had occurred that the American armies nearly two million strong had crossed the seas and entered that long battle line in France. It was the American Marines that stopped the German advance on Paris, and gave them the first licking they had in the present allied offensive.

The next number on the program was a song by the Thomas Twins, "Tuxedo We Hear You Calling."

The next number was an address by Mr. Joe McCollum on the "History of the War." Joe gave a great deal of history and statistics. He spoke impressively and feelingly of the great struggle in which we are now engaged. He was given close attention and liberally applauded.

Next was a violin solo by Miss Ruth Ford, with Miss Maud Byington accompanist.

Miss Josephine Nichols favored the audience with a piano solo. "Democracy vs. Autocracy" was the theme of Mr. E. H. Foster. U. S. A. Embree has developed wonderfully since entering Colorado University, rounded out a smooth orator and a splendid flow of beautiful English. He went into the history of the German government as compared to our democratic institution. He held the audience in close attention from the first words uttered till the finish. His argument was a master effort, based on logic and a deep study of historical events. The crowd gave him one round of applause after another. Lockney is proud of Embree Foster and his talents. Also proud of Joe McCollum who has sacrificed so much for his country.

The concluding number was a song by a course of ladies entitled "What are We Going to do to Help the Boys." The audience joined in singing the "Star Spangled Banner," when Messrs. Foster and McCollum stepped forward and the audience saluted them as representatives of the Army and Navy.

GOV. HOBBY NAMES DROUTH RELIEF COMMITTEE

Austin, Sept. 6.—Governor Hobby yesterday announced the personnel of the committee to have charge of collecting and disbursing the fund for the relief of the drought sufferers of West Texas. W. W. Seley of Waco will head the committee. The other members are: James E. Lucy, Austin; A. C. Goeth, Austin; A. J. Eilers, Austin; George B. Dealey, Dallas; T. S. Reed, Beaumont; P. L. Downs, Temple; T. H. Franklin, San Antonio; W. W. Turney, El Paso; W. H. Fuqua, Amarillo; Joe S. Rice, Houston; Frank Kell, Wichita Falls; Tom Finty Jr., Dallas; A. G. Carter, Fort Worth.

Mrs. G. W. Brewster, V. N. Dillard and wife and little daughter, Glenns, were in Plainview a few days this week. Dr. Nichols and Guest removed a splinter from the little girl's eye.

LOCKNEY PUBLIC SCHOOL OPENED MON.

Monday morning the opening of Lockney public school took place. The auditorium was filled with patrons and pupils and an interesting program was rendered. Prof. Collins presided, and the following program was rendered:

Song, "America"—By the audience.

Innovation—Rev. J. T. Burnett.

Rev. J. A. Sweeney read scripture lessons from the Gospel of Saint Matthew, being the lesson of the talents, after which he spoke of the opportunities and responsibilities resting upon children and patrons alike. He spoke feelingly of our boys over yonder, and the many trying hours they are called upon to pass through. He made special reference to the opportunity of our girls to prepare themselves to take the place of our brothers that have crossed the seas in freedom's cause.

Miss Malace, music teacher of Amrillo, rendered the instrumental music and accompanied the singing at the piano.

Vocal solo, "God Be With Our Boys Tonight"—Miss Rudd, music teacher. Miss Gladys Brown, the newly added expression teacher, favored the audience with a reading, "The King's Pardon."

Judge E. P. Thompson and Mr. D. P. Carter, members of the Board, made short addresses, which were appropriate, urging co-operation to the end that we may have a successful school term.

At the conclusion of the program the announcement was made that the compulsory school law of the State would become effective in Lockney January 1st, 1919.

The school starts off with flattering prospects for a successful school term. The faculty is composed of faithful and consecrated men and women.

The enrollment Monday was

WASHINGTON WATCHES SITUATION CLOSELY

Washington, Sept. 7.—Repeated reports of dissatisfaction in the ranks of the German army were authenticated accounts of mutinies on German warships and the known dissatisfaction among the various peoples of the Austro-Hungarian Empire continue to attract the greatest interest here and to stimulate speculation over the possibility of a breakdown behind the German lines. Secretary Lansing indicated today that the situation was receiving careful attention.

ELDER BLACK HOLDS SUCCESSFUL MEETINGS

Elder J. E. Black returned Tuesday from Wellington where he held a successful revival meeting. Twenty-five additions to the church was the result of his labors at Wellington. He also held successful and intensely interesting meetings at Plymouth and Thalia.

Bro. Black was absent from home since the 30 of July. His summer work in the field was most successful and pleasant in every way. He will begin a series of meetings at Roseland school house Sunday, the 15th.

BROTHER ROBERTSON OF FT. WORTH TO PREACH SUNDAY

Brother C. J. Robinson of Fort Worth will preach at the Christian church Sunday at 11 and at night. Brother Robinson is an able man, and will deliver interesting discourses. A full attendance is desired.

JURY LIST

For second week of District Court, Convening September 23rd.

A. L. Rains, R. C. Ramsey, J. G. Fortenberry, J. F. Verner, C. E. Garner, O. B. Gross, J. W. Dines, Frank Dodson, L. V. Keeling, Fred Lam, A. J. Jetton, Will Nickell, W. A. Amburn, A. O. Beck, E. R. Crabtree, S. W. Ewing, W. H. Fields, A. L. Quillin, B. A. Queen, H. F. Pittman, J. B. Pool, J. S. Miller, T. H. Moore, W. J. Myers, Roy Phillips, P. W. Lemons, J. A. Lookingbill, J. H. Phillips, L. A. Puck-Vaashburn, O. F. Wilson, W. A. Carthel, Francis Carthel, W. E. McClure, W. F. McGhee, J. W. Bragg.

Mrs. Chas. Simpson returned Tuesday from Slaton where she had accompanied her husband on his way to the training camp.

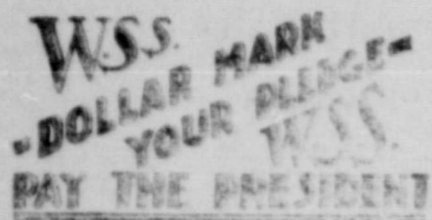
The Lockney Beacon

Mr. and Mrs. Ben F. Smith
Editor and Publishers

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Six months75
Three months40

Display advertising rates on application. Classified advertising 10 cents per line. All advertising matter will be run until ordered out, unless otherwise arranged. All advertising charged by the week. All bills payable monthly.



Editor Loomis of the Slaton Slatonite promises an article in the near future on division of Texas, in which he proposes to show facts and figures why division is needed. We will read the article with much interest.

The United States is leading the world in ship production. The shipping Board announces that this government has delivered and put in commission since January 1, 1,345,825 dwt. weight tons.

Southern Congressmen are urging their people not to sell cotton until fair prices are guaranteed. An effort is being made by Congressmen from the wheat belt to fix a price on the staple, which is being bitterly opposed by southern representatives.

Deputies of Fort Worth have been advised not to pull teeth of individuals where it is known that they are having the work done to avoid military service. Department of Justice has received information that men desiring to sidestep military duties have sought to have their teeth extracted.

W. H. Pogue, prominent stockman and banker of Amarillo is being groomed for Governor of Texas at the successful conclusion of Governor Hobby's four year term of office. All Texas, and the Panhandle specially, would be honored in the election of Mr. Pogue governor at some future date.

Bigger Draft Board is being planned to speed up matters, is the statement from Washington. Speed is the all important item now in America's preparation. We want four million men in France by June 1st of next year. This preponderance of man power will end the war quickly.

"Soldiers will have their own way when they come back," is the statement of prominent men in this country. This will certainly be the situation. The man that gives his time, his all to win the war and comes out of it alive is deserving the seat of honor.

The Senate has passed the Agriculture Appropriation bill, attached to some is a prohibition rider which prevents the manufacture of beer July 1st next year. But since the order of the Food Administrator that no more beer be manufactured after December 1st, we seem to have beer manufacturers both going and coming.

Four hundred and sixty-five German

planes were downed since August 8th, is the official statement of aerial operations in France. This number is in addition to the number of enemy machines that were brought down by gun fire from the ground. The number of allied machines who failed to return during this period was 262.

Members of Congress from Southern States will concentrate their efforts to defeat the proposed amendment to the revenue bill by Representative Moore of Pennsylvania taxing cotton \$3 a bale. Mr. Moore offered the amendment three times before the Ways and Means Committee, where it was defeated.

The Childless Index has changed hands, the property passing into the hands of Ben Wald of Dallas. Fred Maskett, for many years successful editor and publisher of the Index, has enlisted in the army and goes to France in defense of his country. The Beacon wishes the new management splendid success, and glory and honor for the retiring publisher.

Organization has been perfected in Fort Worth for the stamping out of venereal diseases. The war has brought enlightenment to the American people as to the evil effects of vice in various forms. Society will be benefited in the long run by cleaner lives among our young men, and a higher standard being demanded in this country.

Hereafter only the killed and missing will be cabled to this country by General Pershing. Couriers will leave France twice a week with a complete hospital record of wounded, which will be given to the public and families informed as to the extent of the injuries of their loved ones. An overwhelming per cent of the wounded returns to the fighting line in a short time by reason of minor injuries.

When I look over the stately field of Old Glory, and watch the scintillations of those golden orbs in that azure-back ground which reaches heft into the west where the blood of American heroes flowed in that crimson stream; there is brought to my mind, by the red stripes that lie so closely to those of the white, an emblem of purity in both individual and national life.—Neal A. Douglas, in the Lamb County News.

The manufacture of beer is to cease December 1st, according to an order of the National Food Administration. The decision was reached by President Wilson and the Food and Fuel Administration which has been brought about by the necessities of the war. Before the war is over National Prohibition shall have taken effect, and it is safe to predict beer will pass for ever. Whiskey making was discontinued several months ago as a war measure.

Circulations based on the most accurate information available show that the Germans have lost 1,100,000 men since March 21. Of this total about a half million were killed, permanently disabled or taken prisoner, leaving about 600,000 recuperable in 6 or 8 months. Thousands of letters taken from prisoners during recent engagements show that the German Army is suffering even more from depression and discouragement than from depleted numbers.

Railroad employees from switchman to passenger agents have recently received an additional advancement in wages at the hands of the government. Uncle Sam is proving a fine old man to work for. Railroad employees seem to be well pleased with their treatment. They don't have to

wait for strikes and walk-outs to get better wages, but when it is necessary Uncle Sam raises the scale. Government ownership of public utilities has come to stay in this country.

It has been sprinkling at Slaton night smart pearly during the past week, about half an inch of precipitation in all. It is reported that Ben Smith called it a big rain at Lockney and wired to the editor of the Lamesa Reporter for his bull frog chorus club to properly observe the event in the Beacon.—Slaton Slatonite.

It would seem that Loomis has come down a few notches and is calling them showers, whereas a few weeks back he took notice of nothing short of a couple of inches. The Bull Frog chorus did not arrive.

An important meeting of bankers of the state was held at Dallas last week, when plans were perfected for the deposit of 5 per cent of capital stocks of banks in more favored sections of the State in banks of West Texas and other drouth portions of the State. This money is to be lent to farmers to enable them to live and plant and harvest their crops. This plan is additional to Governor Hobby's drouth relief fund which is being subscribed and distributed.

Boys between 18 and 21 years old can now enter school at the government's expense. If the boy has finished high school he can enter the University or any other College in Texas, and receive \$30 per month and his board and clothing. If he has not finished high school he can enter the vocational unit and receive the same salary, board and clothing. None except high school graduates can enter the State University. Every boy in the draft age in Floyd county should be sent to College the next school term, where he will obtain military and literary training.

The State Democratic Convention held at Waco last week was remarkable in many ways. It was an old time Democratic love feast. It was composed of the old type of democrats and prohibitionists. The antics had been cleaned out and banished, and they were conspicuous in this convention by their absence. Many men were present and took part in the convention that had not attended a gathering of this kind in twenty years. The platform and recommendations to the next Legislature were able and constructive, and represented the trend of pure democracy in this State. Texas has truly redeemed itself from the honor role that has cursed the State for so many years.

Hindenburg now comes forward with the statement that the allies are endeavoring to break the German morale with false statements, that the German armies are not defeated, and they will conquer the West like they did the East. But facts do not bear Hindenburg out in his assertions. The German morale is giving way, and officials have resorted to lying to try to avoid a complete break down. But it is inevitable and just as sure as fate the German people will eventually know all the truth as they now suspect a part of same.

Jesses Adams of the Plainview News has been located at Plainview a number of years. He is a successful newspaper man, but he now enters new fields and goes into the matter of future forecasting. He is not a new comer. Read this: "Through love and bitter experiences we have learned not to make many positive statements regarding future events. But we are going to make a prophesy even if we are called a dumbbell. Next year I'm going to see the biggest crops harvested on the Plains in the history of the country."

The Claude News reports having a subscriber who pays his subscription to the home paper on his birthday of each year. That's not a bad rule, but some men are like some women—they never have birthdays.—Clarendon News.

Judging from the number of years some of our subscribers are delinquent they have found the perpetual fountain of youth. But to be serious, the new plan adopted by the government of cash in advance subscriptions has ushered in a new era for the country weekly. The daily newspapers discontinue on expiration, and the weekly should do the same.

The work or fight regulations will apply to men from 31 to 45, is the statement of Provost Marshal General Crowder. For the present there will be no change in the list of occupations held to be useful, but a strict application of the work or fight order to prevent idling is absolutely necessary to the maintenance of the supply of labor. There are several kinds of government work being held back today on account of insufficient labor. The work or fight order is a just rule, and should be enforced in every community in the United States. The man that does nothing, and idles his time away is intolerable any time, much less during the distressing time we are passing through.

Transports returning to this country empty and without sufficient cargo is the only victims of the submarines. The sinking of American returning vessels empty occur occasionally, and the infrequency of same is in no wise disturbing in this country. Our new tonnage is far greater than that destroyed by submarines.

Under private control of railroads, 2,325 officers drawing salaries of \$5000 and over are employed, with aggregate salaries of \$21,320,187. Under government control of the railroads these officers have been reduced to 1,925, a saving in salaries of \$4,614,789. Uncle Sam is some railroad man himself, and a financier when it comes to handling big institutions in this country. Mr. McAdoo is a wonderful man and possessed a big brain. His duties are manifold, besides directing the finances of the nation he is the burden of the railroads which he is operating skillfully.

General Pershing is leading something like an army of one million men on the Western Front. This American army is directly under American Generals, and preparing to fight as a separate unit. Press reports indicate that General Pershing and his American army will soon undertake important advances in concert with the allied armies to prevent the German armies from making a stand on the old Hindenburg line, and resuming trench warfare. Hindenburg will not be given any rest, and will have to continue to retreat and fight in the open.

General demoralization of the German population and a widespread and growing dissatisfaction in the German army forecast a complete break down of the German war machine. It is claimed that the German army is filled with despondency and a general mutinous spirit prevails and desertion is common. It is claimed that there are 20,000 deserters in Berlin alone. All these well established facts is the allied rainbow, and is indicative that the German morale is fast approaching that stage when a complete overthrow is just around the corner. But there is danger of over optimism at this time. Germany is not yet defeated, just the beginning of the end, and we must not stop until the enemy comes crawling on their knees to the allied nations, begging for peace terms.

Secretary McAdoo, Director General of the Railroads, has appealed to the American people to avoid unnecessary passenger travel, and stay at home. He says: "Among the many patriotic duties of the American public at this time is the duty to refrain from traveling unnecessarily. Every man, woman, and child who can avoid using the passenger trains at this time should do so. I earnestly hope that they will do so. Not only will they liberate essential transportation facilities which are necessary for war purposes, but they will save money, which they can invest in Liberty bonds, and thereby help themselves, as well as their country, and the fewer who travel the more ample the passenger train service will be."

Stressing the importance of education and the necessity of keeping our schools going, John H. Finley, Commissioner of Education from the New York State, in his report on "French Schools during War Times," brings back the following message from France: "Do not let the needs of the hour, however demanding, or its burdens, however heavy, or its perils, however threatening, or its sorrows, however heartbreaking, make you unmindful of the needs of tomorrow of those disciplines through which the individual may have freedom through which an efficient democracy is possible, through which the institutions of civilization can be perpetuated and strengthened. Conserve, endure taxation and privation, suffer and sacrifice, to assure to those whom you have brought into the world that it shall be not only a safe but a happy place for them."

Paul Ayres Rockwell, war writer with the allies in France is authority for the statement that German prisoners have stated that their orders were to hold or die. Hold or die declares these prisoners, is the Hunns battle cry. But it is of no use. They will continue to surrender. The German rank and file of their armies realize that they are fighting a hopeless fight, and that they are already beaten and face sure and certain defeat. The German military discipline is remarkable, but it has at last reached the stage when it will no longer sustain them in the hour of their adversity. As time progresses their defeat becomes more certain, their morale becomes weaker and German prisoners increase daily. Humanity is frail to say the least, and while the Germans were apparently the victors it was easy to enforce their discipline, but when the hour of their supreme fate has come it will no longer sustain them. So it is with their people at home. Their morale has reached the stage of indifference, and a realization that the military authorities have led

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
LOCKNEY, TEXAS
At close of Business August 31, 1918

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans & Discounts	229,912.49	Capital Stock	25,000.00
U. S. Bonds & Tres. Cer.	35,000.00	Surplus & Profits	18,249.00
Federal Reserve Stock	1,150.00	Bills Payable	11,500.00
Banking House F. & F.	14,000.00	Rediscunts	68,485.60
W. S. S.	334.82	Circulation	10,000.00
CASH & EXCHANGE	39,923.54	DEPOSITS	187,686.16
Total	\$920,320.85	Total	\$920,320.85

The resources of this Bank are for the use of our Customers. Your success is our success.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

to them, and mislead them in the belief that they would win the war. As a result the day is rapidly approaching when reason will return to these benighted people, and they will rise up and overthrow their military bosses.

"The Germans will evacuate all of Northern France," is the statement of Frank Simons, international writer and the best military authority that comes to this country. After summing up the successive and successful battles fought and won by the allies since July 15th, Mr. Simons says: "Foch has won the Battle of Northern France, the greatest battle of the war. It was in fact, not one battle, but a series of battles begun on July 18 and still incomplete, although the decision has been made and all that is hidden is the extent of the victory. We shall be at the Belgian frontier from the Meuse to the Lys before snow falls and we may be even further. If the German retreat degenerates into a rout—a thing possible, if not likely—it will be hard for the Germans to make a stand in Western Belgium at all. In any event, the circumstances of the retreat must abolish the last German hope of a victorious peace. The battle of Northern France is not yet Waterloo, but it is already a second Leipsic, having for the Germans the same meaning that the Battle of the Nations had in the Napoleonic drama. Meaning, if the British approach to Cambria and Douai is not temporarily checked, we may yet see a disaster which will in the future replace Waterloo as the ultimate standard by which to measure military defeat and the length of the war will be measured by the cost to the German of his next retreat. It will have been hopelessly crippled for offensive operations. It may have been definitely exhausted."

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral	163,834.83
Loans, real estate	3,560.00
Overdrafts	212.11
Bonds and Stocks, Liberty	5,887.50
Real Estate (banking house)	7,000.00
Other Real Estate	1,250.00
Furniture and Fixtures	3,000.00
Fue from Approved Reserve	
Agents, net	29,033.87
Federal Reserve Bank	
Stock	900.00
Cash Items	268.97
Currency	1,070.00
Specie	1,690.25
Interest and Assessment Depositors Guaranty fund	1,617.41
Other Resources	2,222.00
Total	\$220,966.61

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock paid in	25,000.00
Surplus Fund	5,560.00
Undivided Profits, net	7,366.85
Individual Deposits, subject to check	121,690.85
Time Certificates of Deposit	42,570.25
Cashier's Checks	3,238.55
Bills Payable and Rediscunt	15,000.00
Total	\$220,966.61

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Floyd. We, W. D. Long as president and A. B. Brown, as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

W. D. Long, President.
A. B. Brown, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of September, A. D. 1918.
(real) Geo. T. Meriwether,
Notary Public Floyd County, Texas.
CORRECT—Attest:
W. D. Long,
T. A. Neeves,
J. J. Hair,
Directors.

MILLION RAIL EMPLOYEES GET RAISE IN WAGES

Washington, Sept. 3.—Nearly 1,000,000 men, or half of the railroad employes in the United States, share in additional wage increases approved today by Director General McAdoo for track laborers, switchmen, other maintenance of way employes, clerks, station agents and other classes of employes drawing relatively lower pay. The new increase, the second granted in supplement to the Government's general wage order, will add nearly \$100,000,000 to the annual railroad payrolls, it is said. Most of the increases range from 10 to 30 per cent above present wages.



Paint Those Shabby Floors

PAINTED KITCHEN FLOORS MAKE HOUSEWORK EASIER. ACME QUALITY FLOOR PAINT FORMS A SMOOTH HARD SURFACE THAT CLEANS ALMOST AS EASILY AS TILE.

ACME QUALITY FLOOR PAINT

NO NEED OF BACK BREAKING SCRUBBING IS INEXPENSIVE, A QUART COVERS 75 SQUARE FEET TWO COATS, AND IS EASY TO APPLY.

The Acme Quality Painting Guide Book tells all about painting also waxing, staining and varnishing floors; what to use, how much will be required and how it should be applied. Free at yard.

A. G. McADAMS LUMBER CO.

Are You Going to Build Soon

We are right after you with a bid to furnish you bill of **Lumber**

That's our business—furnishing lumber for building purposes. We make all kinds—**Framing, Siding, Ceiling, Flooring, Moulding Sash, and Doors**

We handle every possible item of builders supplies, and our prices are always RIGHT. Favor us by permitting us to submit a bid on your next bill. We'll make it to your interest.

We want to sell you your paint

J. C. Wooldrige Lumber Co.

UNITED STATES FOOD ADMINISTRATION
(Texas Industrial Congress)

Dallas, Texas, Sept. 7.—Texas has produced substantially fifty per cent of the food and feed required for a year, according to reports from 240 counties, which have been compiled for the Federal Food Administration in Texas by the Texas Industrial Congress. From a State wide survey it appears that the acreage of all crops except rice, is less than last year, conditions poorer, rainfall more deficient

Beauty Parlor

Will be pleased to have you call and see me when you want anything in my line of work, such as Hair Dressing, Facials and Manicuring. Will make up your combings to order. Photographic work and Kodak finishing done in first class order.

Mrs. Cheo Keys

Your Old Watch
HAVE IT REPAIRED

Many fairly good watches are sent to the scrap heap for the want of a little intelligent repairing. If you have such an instrument, bring it to me, and if there is any more life in it I will put it in condition to give good service. Economize on TIME.

W. M. MARTIN

DR. J. C. GUEST

Dentist
Office Over First National Bank Building

ARTHUR B. DUNCAN

General Land Agent and Abstractor
FLOYDADA, TEX.

Buy, sell and lease real estate or commission.

Renters and pays taxes for non-resident land owners.

Investigates and perfects titles. Prepares abstracts of title from the records.

Owner of complete abstract of Floyd County Lands and town lots have had 25 years experience with these county lands and land titles.

Buy your lands and town lots with me if for sale or lease.

And give me your abstract of title work.

Office South East corner Public Square

ARTHUR B. DUNCAN

Floydada, Texas

DR. J. M. FLOYD

Veterinary

Office at Lockney Drug Store
Will do a general Veterinary Practice

DR. D. J. THOMAS

Does and Office Practice
AND FITS GLASSES

W. M. MASSIE & BRO.

General Land Agents
(The Senior Land & Abstract Business of Floyd Co.)

SELL, EXCHANGE OR LEASE (for Grazing or Farming Purposes)

LAND

in any size tracts through Northwest Texas especially through Floyd and other Counties of the beautiful Plains; Renter and Pay Taxes, Furnish Abstracts, Perfect Titles & Etc.

NON RESIDENT LANDS A SPECIALTY

Address
W. M. MASSIE & BRO.
Floydada, Texas

"NEVER-TEL"

Better than advertised
Barken Your Gray Hair

With Never-Tel—the world's cleanest, safest, most satisfactory hair restorative.

Not a dye, but actually and positively will not stain the most delicate skin. No excess to buy, no mess, no reddish tinge to hair. Put up in convenient

Permaned Tablets

Simply dissolved in a little water as usual. At all drug stores, or sent direct in plain wrapper.

NEVER-TEL LABORATORIES CO.
Dept. 381, Dallas, Tex.

Away with DEADLY-POISONS

RAT CORN

KILLS RATS, MICE AND GOPHERS

FOR SALE BY

W. R. DUKE

Lockney, Texas

and range conditions worse than last year, when production was below the average of the state.

Thousands of acres of cotton have been abandoned; reports show that on an average sixteen acres of the remainder will be required to produce a bale, and the rains of August and September it is said have arrived too late to affect the result.

The corn yield of the State, will average fifteen bushels, despite the fact that 60 counties reported the yield as nothing, usually adding, "it will not pay for the gathering." Less than half of the reports however undertook to estimate the corn crop.

137 counties reported a peanut acreage the average being two per cent less than last year, the crop yielding, from reports of 83 counties, 17 bushels per acre. The sorghum, kaffir, milo and feterita yield is reported as two-thirds of last year's, the average per acre being given by 91 counties as 1.15 tons.

131 counties report a sweet potato acreage of four-fifths of last year, with the yield, estimated by 96 counties at 47 bushels per acre. 37 reports show an acreage less than that of last year, the yield being either extremely small or impossible of estimate.

Range conditions are reported as good in but seven counties; four of them, Hartley, Ochiltree, Parmer and Terry being in the extreme northwest of the State. Newton and Orange counties in the southeast and Hudspeth in the west make out the number. 39 counties say the range is fair, and in 122 it is classed as bad, ranging from a scarcity of grass to absolutely bare ground and a lack of drinking water for man and animal.

Livestock have continued to decrease in number, heavy losses in the drouth area being but slightly met by small increases in other sections. Losses in hogs are estimated at 30 per cent, but five counties reporting increases. Cattle have also decreased 33 per cent in number, but 14 counties located mostly on the New Mexico border showed increases. Losses in sheep have netted 19 per cent, actual increases being reported in twelve counties, in substantially the territory in which cattle increases are reported. Reports of an overabundance of labor comes from the entire drouth area, but a greater shortage is declared to exist in other counties, so that the State as a whole seems to be about 30 per cent short of needed farm labor. A shift of labor, in progress in September and late August, has materially modified conditions that were the cause of reports on Sept. 1.

Ten counties report 102 per cent of last year's acreage in rice is being harvested and say the yield will be about 50 bushels per acre. 175 counties state the hay crop is three-fourths of what it was last year.

One and a quarter million acres of wheat are promised for the coming season, with a certainty of more if there are timely rains during the fall months and a supply of seed obtainable. Since the reports were made much of the territory covered by them have had scant to moderate rains.

The extreme drouth has most seriously affected about 80 counties of West Texas. They are included by lines from Memphis, Hall county, to the western edge of Cooke county, thence straight to San Antonio, and from that point to the southeast corner of New Mexico, thence northeast to Memphis.

The extreme drouth has most serious from Linscomb west to Dallam and then south to Terry county, have had rains, and conditions are reported better than for years. South of the San Antonio-New Mexico line, actual suffering has not been so great, because of the fact that it depends more largely on stock raising, and former years of short rainfall have denuded the country of stock, so deficient pasturage has not caused as much suffering and loss of stock as would have been the case before the drouth of cattle took place.

Northeast Texas is in slightly less than fair condition. The country south of a line from San Antonio to Nacoches is in still better condition, the best reports coming from the Rio Grande valley, Collins, Hunt, Rock wall, and Kaufman counties, though not so good as formerly, are in better condition than their neighbors. The same is true of the counties in the triangle with Pecos, Calveson and Callahan counties at the corners.

LEAGUE PROGRAM

- Tonic—Tithing and Christian Stewardship.
- Leader—Otho.
- Song.
- Scripture—Matt. 23:23; I Cor. 13:2.
- Prayer.
- Song.
- Ownership—Myrtle Miller.
- Stewardship—Enekiel.
- Solo—Lola Crager.
- Dealings with God as with men—Mr. Visor.
- Fithing—Mrs. Logan.
- Joy of the Father—Onie Wofford.
- Roll call.
- Minutes.
- Benediction.

To Lend the Way They Fight.

Dedicated to Our Boys "Over There"
By the Central Liberty Loan Organization Eleventh Federal Reserve District.

To lend the way they fight—for me,
What splendid lending that would be!
Such radiant strength of heart and hand
Lights up the waste of No Man's Land!
Such scorn of danger as they go
With smile and song to meet the foe,
Such zeal to know the VICTORY won,
To know a soldier's duty done;
To lend the way they fight—for me,
What splendid lending that would be!

To lend the way they fight—for me,
What selfless lending that would be!
For ever through the battle's haze,
The bullets' hail, the field-guns' blaze,
They dream of home and love and life,
Of child and mother, sweetheart, wife;
For these they fight and laugh at pain,
And blind with blood fight on again;
To lend the way they fight—for me,
What selfless lending that would be!

To lend the way they fight—for me,
What glorious lending that would be!
For ever with them as they fight,
Flames out the great white sword of Right;
And up above the bursting shell
The pall of smoke, the war's red hell,
It writes some message in the sky,
That makes it even sweet to die;
To lend the way they fight—for me,
What glorious lending that would be!

U. S. Judge, Edward Meek, Speaks Plainly to His Fellow-Citizens

Though removed from the danger zone of war and carnage by continent and ocean, our hearts are there, for our own flesh and blood are there fighting in a Cause we hold dearer than life itself. All agree that the sacred right of self government is the issue. There is complete unanimity among the patriotic citizens of this country that the war must be won no matter how long or what the sacrifices it takes to win it. There is also a conviction that the war will not be won until the Allies are in position to dictate the terms of peace to Germany at Berlin.

The daily reports coming to us from the fighting front in France reveal the splendid morale of our soldiers, their hardy endurance and intrepid courage and an enthusiasm in action so big, so real, so genuine that it imbues and inspires their brother soldiers of the Allies. Have we not much cause to be proud of our own?

And this is the young manhood of our American civilization, reared in the days and ways of liberty and peace, suddenly summoned to war. These men are the rare product of one hundred and fifty years of Republican Democracy in this continent. And now, what is required of us civilians who remain at home? To live within the law; to observe the regulations imposed by constituted authority; to give loyal and whole souled support to our Government. We realize more

and more through these weeks and months of stress and strain that the Government of our fathers is founded upon the principles of liberty, Equality between man and man, and Justice alike to the high and low, the rich and poor. It is to preserve these our soldiers are fighting overseas. Our first great continuous and ever-present duty is to supply the sinews of war, the material funds, the money needed to prosecute the war to a successful issue—this most tremendous war in world history.

We are not called upon to give, to donate this money. We are called upon to loan it, to invest it in bonds to bear interest, and the principal to be returned to us at a stipulated time.

Under these conditions, when called upon again by the United States to invest in Liberty Bonds, can we do less than Loan to them for the prosecution of our war to the utmost sum of money we can reduce to our possession within the stipulated time, having first made provision for a sinless and abstemious living and for the bare demands of trade or business. If we fail in this duty and of its performance in the stated measure, then we fail to do our level best in a material way for the great world cause, the cause for which our soldiers are ready to make the supreme sacrifice. Ready? Yes, willingly and gloriously ready.

EDWARD R. MEEK

LEND AS THEY HAVE GIVEN

By T. Q. MARTIN, Chairman Dallas County Registration Committee

It is unfortunate that the heart can be stirred in times like these by only the direct call.

If appeals to reason could reach the deepest emotions, our Government would have all the money it needs.

The toppling of one of our troop ships would bring it in a grim determined hurry, but at the same time it would be perilous for our future. The wrath of our country would be aroused to the fury of hell, and we might commit some overt act that would count against us at the peace table. To avoid such a possible calamity, and consequent result, it is the duty of every citizen to furnish our Government with all the funds it needs without the asking, so as to eliminate the enormous expense of these bond drives and release for other war activities the splendid services of the hosts of men thus engaged.

I want to say a word to the hundred dollar a month man without dependence in an endeavor to bring him to a realization of his responsibility in this great war, which we will win, and what I say to him can be applied, in the same ratio, to every man earning one hundred and twenty-five dollars and upwards, per month. It costs our Government close around eighty dollars per month to maintain each brave man that is fighting for the liberty of the world. Based upon the cost of the most menial labor the soldier is, at least, a hundred dollar man. He, therefore, is not only giving up his home ties, is not only offering his life, but he is actually giving our Government, with no expectancy of return or hope of reward, twenty dollars every month, in order that you may have an opportunity of earning your one hundred dollars per month in perfect safety.

Are you giving twenty dollars per month to our Government to help win the war? No? Well, will you not lend our Government twenty dollars every month for the duration of the war at 4 1/2 per cent interest? Is it not the least you can do, and, honestly, is it not your duty to do the most you can?

After this war is won, probably before, there is going to be another Draft. A Draft Before the Board of Public Opinion, and all men are going to be classified. There will be a class for the farmer and a class for the slacker, and may God pity them, and what I say to him can be

NO DEPOSITOR EVER LOST A DOLLAR IN A STATE BANK IN TEXAS

IT IS HARD

To Make Money Without Money.

Bank Your Dimes and they will help you to earn dollars

When you have reached that stage you have made a good start, but keep going

Lockney State Bank

THE PEOPLE'S BANK

NO DEPOSITOR EVER LOST A DOLLAR IN A STATE BANK IN TEXAS

WEEKLY NEWS LETTER FROM STATE UNIVERSITY

(W. D. Hornaday)

The Interscholastic League of the University of Texas, which was established in 1911, now has a membership of more than 2300 public schools and is the largest Interscholastic League in the United States, it is stated by E. D. Shurer, Director of the Department of Extension of the University, of which the Interscholastic League division is a part. The League has accomplished a great deal in the matter of awakening interest in athletic phases of the war in the communities of the State, more than fifty thousand patriotic addresses having been made during the last school year to more than 400,000 citizens of Texas, by contestants in that organization.

According to the announcement of the committee on Education and Special Training of the War Department in reference to establishing Student Army Training Corps at the University of Texas and other educational institutions, there will be both a collegiate section and a vocational section of the Students Army Training Corps. Young men of draft age of grammar school education, will be given an opportunity to enter the vocational section of the Corps. At the present time about 27,000 men are called for this section each month. Application for voluntary induction into the vocational section should be made to the local board. Men in the vocational section should be made by the standard army methods, and those who are found to possess the requisite qualifications may be assigned for further training in the collegiate section.

It is stated by Mrs. Helen M. Kirby, Dean of Women of the University of Texas, that arrangements have been made by that institution for the accommodation of a limited number of girl students during the coming regular sessions, in comfortable residences that have been leased and will be conducted as annexes of the Women's Building of the University. Each residence will be provided with a chaperon and the young women will be carefully looked after. The girls in these annexes will take their meals at the Women's Building. The charge for room and board will be about \$25 per month. All applications for rooms in the residence annexes should be made to Mrs. Kirby.

There is a great shortage of teachers, not only in Texas, but in other parts of the United States, according to the statement of J. A. Redfield, Dean of the Teachers' Division of the United States Employment Service for Texas, with headquarters in San Antonio, who has been conferring with Frederick Eby, Ph. D., professor of the History of Education, and chairman of the Teachers' Committee of the University of Texas, in regard to supplying the public schools and other educational institutions of the State with teachers. Mr. Redfield's purpose is to find employment for men and women

who are qualified to fill positions as instructors. He will co-operate with the University in an endeavor to bring the school boards and available teachers together.

For Sale--A

quarter section of unimproved land 6 miles of Lockney. Good terms. Address owner.

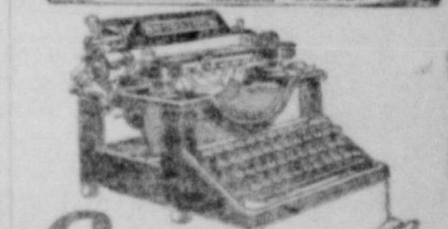
D. Hefflefinger
Plainview, Texas

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being generally influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHERNEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists.

WOODSTOCK



6 in One

The Leading Features of the Leading Machines all harmoniously combined in one handsome New Typewriter. Free Writing Machine of the First Quality—in which you will find your own favorite features of your own favorite typewriter, and the others besides.

Improved—Simplified—Modernized
Simple—Artistic—Durable—Efficient—Standard—42 Key—Single Shift—Ball Bearing—Quiet—Visible—Soft Touch—Light Action.

In the Woodstock You Will Find
Every time-tested worth-while feature which you like in the machine you are used to, and you will also find the favorite features of the other standard makes which you wish, now, and in the future. You in the Woodstock you will find the expression of high priced features, built improved and simplified, in the machine, the perfect, the model, is a way that no other typewriter has—this best typewriter you find.

Only a cheap view, an actual look and try of this excellent typewriter can convince you of its value. Investigate by all means—We do not ask you to buy. Let us show you how easy it is to try and to own one. Write for Circular 500; call or mail in our order.

Woodstock Typewriter Company, Chicago

AGENTS Wanted, Home or Travel, Growing Position. Write for Particulars



Sergt. Arthur Guy Empey in Vitagraph's master production, "Over the Top."

"Over the Top"

At the Olympic Saturday and Sunday
Sept. 21st and 22nd

The book by Arthur Guy Empey, "Over the Top" was one of the first to show the people of the world what kind of enemy we had to fight when we entered this world war. Sergt. Arthur Guy Empey was honorably discharged from the U. S. Army about the time of the outbreak of hostilities in Europe and returned to his home in New York, reading of the crimes committed against the Belgians he decided to go over to England and there enlist on the side of the right and justice. From the book written by Empey the picture of "Over the Top" was placed in play form. In this picture the life of Sergt. Guy Empey while in the English Army is faithfully portrayed. Upon the U. S. entering the war Sergt. Empey returned to the U. S. and was given a Captains Commission in the regular army of the U. S. This is a picture that every man, woman, and child should see if they can possibly do so; afterwards those that see this great Drama taken from actual war scenes and life will better understand what the boys that are over there are fighting for.

I have had the privilege of seeing this picture and count my time and money well spent.—Joe McCollum.

SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1:30, CONTINUOUS SHOW TILL 12. SUNDAY AFTERNOON FROM 2:00 TO 5:00 P. M.

A Picture Endorsed by the United States Government... War Scenes Taken by U. S. Signal Corps.

Admission: 55c and 30c Including War Tax

CURLEW

Bro. Muncy preached an interesting sermon to a large crowd Sunday. Also Sunday night. Sunday school Sunday afternoon was fine, there being 108 students. We have 118 on roll. After Sunday school we had some fine singing which was enjoyed by all.

Miss Anna Maud Riedel was the week end guest of Miss Minnie Wilson. Miss Ruth Julian was Sunday eve

for Lockney where she will enter school. We wish for her the best of success.

Misses Laura and Emma Evans were calling on Mrs. O. F. Wilson Thursday afternoon.

J. W. Sims, Mrs. West and daughter, Miss Lulu, were calling on Mrs. Karr Monday afternoon.

Miss Lulu West was the dinner guest of Miss Velma Upton Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton were the Sunday guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Sims.

Mr. and Mrs. Covington and family

of Floydada were the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wilson Sunday.

Misses Gladys Covington, Anna Maud Rigdon and Minnie Wilson were the Sunday guest of Miss Ruby Milton.

Little Miss Dana Wilson was the guest Sunday of Miss Helen Upton.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Ferguson were visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Upton Sunday.

Rankin Reynolds was the guest of Glen Wilson Sunday.

Gerald Wilson was the dinner guest of Joe Umberson Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Mabry motored to Lockney Friday afternoon.

Roy Childress spent Thursday night in Lockney.

Mrs. C. A. Spain and brother, Curtis Wilson, were the guest of Mrs. Covington and family of Floydada Thursday night.

Glen Wilson was the guest of Murray Julian Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Julian were the Sunday guest of Mr. J. H. Upton and family.

Mrs. J. W. Sims, Mrs. West and daughter, Miss Lulu, were calling on Grandma and Mrs. O. F. Wilson Monday afternoon.

School opened Monday morning with Mr. Graham principal and Miss Belva Solomon primary. 60 students enrolled Monday. We hope to have the best school this year we have ever had.

Mr. Solomon who has been very sick the past week is much improved at this writing.

SUNSHINE

METEOR ITEMS

Miss Pearl O'Bryant returned home last Saturday after a three weeks visit in Oklahoma.

The young people of our neighborhood spent several very pleasant hours last Saturday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bonds.

Quite a number of people enjoyed a splendid dinner last Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Richard's in honor of the 25th birthday of their son, Nargus.

Last Sunday Mrs. S. W. Ewing received a message stating that her uncle, Mr. J. W. Tatum of Plainview, was dead. It was a great shock to all, for he was apparently in the best of health Saturday night but was found by his wife about six o'clock dead in his bed. The cause of his death was apoplexy of the brain. He leaves a wife and daughter, Miss Annie, at

home, Hugh Tatum also of Plainview, John of Bair City, Callahan county, and Charlie of Claton, N. M. The two last named came home, driving overland and arrived in time for the funeral services which took place at the Baptist church at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon. Mr. Tatum also leaves two sisters, Mrs. R. B. Steed of San Antonio and Mrs. Hugh Alexander of Des Moines, N. M. Mr. Tatum was 72 years old and was a confederate soldier, having volunteered for service when about 17 years of age. He was a member of the Baptist church and a splendid Christian man, came to Plainview about four years ago and has many friends there, the family has our deepest sympathy in the loss of a good husband and father.

Messrs. Miller, Langfeldt and Ewing received letters this week from their boys "some where in France." All of them are proud to be "over there," and said they were well and having lots of fun trying to talk to the French people.

Mr. and Mrs. Hess almost lost their home by fire this week, but by keeping a cool head the fire was extinguished, the house and furniture was damaged about \$150.00.

PEACH JUICE

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared For The Lockney Beacon by The St. Louis Union Bank St. Louis, Mo.

New regulations to stabilize the price of silver in the United States and to control exports of this precious metal are announced by Director of the Mint Baker. The most important of these announcements discloses that the Treasury has virtually fixed the maximum prices of silver at \$1.01 1-2 per fine ounce and that export license for silver be granted by the Federal Reserve Board only for essential civil or military purposes and on condition that the maximum price was not exceeded by the purchaser.

This, in effect, establishes a world price for silver, most of which now is being supplied by the United States.

Within the last three months the Government has melted down about 100,000,000 silver dollars and exported most of this to India, China and Japan for coinage purposes. Since the law under which this was done specifies that the Government shall pay \$1 per ounce for silver to replace these melted dollars, the Government found it necessary to sell its own stocks at 1-1-2 cents above the purch-

ase price. Recently some purchasers have been bidding as much as \$1.02 for silver to be exported, necessitating action to stabilize the price.

One condition for the sale of silver by the Government now is that the purchaser shall not pay more than the standard price of \$1.01 1-2 in markets outside the United States.

WHEAT FOR SEED

It has come to my attention that a number of farmers having wheat are holding it for prices that appear unreasonable and unfair for seeding purposes. The asking prices, I am informed, range from \$2.50 to \$3.00.

Because of the fact that the wheat supply of the United States this year in the great wheat belts is so great the Grain Corporation is not setting the maximum price, but has been forced to increase its capital stock in order to make good the government guarantee of \$2.00 wheat at the elevators.

However, the problem of seed wheat is the one which confronts the people of this country at this time. If rains come in the next few weeks the demand will be very great. From this fact has grown up the idea of an inflated wheat price among some of the holders of wheat, which under ordinary circumstances would be perfectly legitimate. With a world-war on and with bad conditions which we have faced the past year, the matter of a high-priced wheat is put in an entirely different light, and the Food Administrator for Floyd County cannot look with favor on \$2.50 and \$3.00 wheat for seed. Where wheat growers stubbornly maintain for an unreasonable price I am instructed from the Texas Federal Food Administrator to requisition the wheat and re-sell for seed at a price that is considered fair. Wheat at the elevator is worth about \$2. It is therefore, worth at the farm ers bin from \$1.50 to \$1.95 depending on distance from market. 20 to 25 cents per bushel ought to pay for a man's time to handle it from the bin to his neighbor's wagon, and therefore \$2.15 to \$2.25 is going to be looked upon as fair for wheat sold from the bin. At the elevator, wheat should sell from \$2.20 to \$2.35 (the latter a re-cleaned price) after allowing the elevator man a margin of profit. Wheat which is shipped in from outside sources will of course

have to stand the increase due to freight charges.

My suggestion to farmers who need wheat for seed is that wheat can be obtained at less figures than \$2.50, even if it is necessary to ship it in, and that they do not pay this high a price for it.

HOMER STEEN,
Food Administrator, Floyd County

MANY TEXAS SCHOOLS APPROVED FOR ARMY

Washington, Sept. 5.—The War Department has given out the list of Texas institutions which have been accepted by the War Department as colleges where students army training corps will be located, opening Oct. 1.

Youths 18 and over who enroll at these institutions will receive \$30 per month pay, uniforms, board and equipment and if they make good will be later appointed officers in the army.

The Texas schools are Simmons College at Abilene, Southwestern University at Georgetown, Sam Houston State Normal School at Huntsville, Agricultural and Mechanical College at College Station, Texas Christian University at Fort Worth, North Texas State Normal at Denton, Rice Institute at Houston, Meridian College at Meridian and Austin College at Sherman.

Applications from these institutions are pending, but have not yet been passed upon.

LIST OF WORKERS THE SURGICAL ROOM

Following is the list of the surgical department this week:

Tuesday—Mesdames Schmitt, B. F. Smith, Chesshir, Westbrook, Brittain, Gallegly, Will Duke, Misses Helen McGehee, Lucy McGehee, Roy Griffith, Effie Wilson, Wynette Brittain, Thelma Dial, and Cerna Thomas.

Thursday—Mesdames Westbrook B. F. Smith, Brittain, Chesshir, Misses Lucy McGehee, Wynette Brittain, and Verla Lowe.

Some are giving their lives
The least YOU can do—
Buy Liberty Bonds

A SOLDIER "TRIG" CLASS



Educational classes at the Army Y. M. C. A. huts are proving popular with the soldiers. Thousands of young men who left school to go into the service are continuing their studies and classes while in the army. Many educational institutions are arranging to give credit for the work done in this way, so that students may not lose anything while serving their country, and can resume their studies on their return, with credit toward degrees and graduation for the classroom work in the army. The picture shows a group of college men continuing their study of trigonometry at one of the Y. M. C. A. schools. It will make them better artillerymen.

In addition to advanced classes, the Y. M. C. A. conducts classes for illiterates and foreigners, teaching them to read, write and speak the English language. The War Department is giving the Army Y. M. C. A. hearty co-operation in this work.

The "trig" class shown in the picture is one of the many educational classes conducted by the Y. M. C. A. at Camp McArthur, Texas.

WARNING

To you who are not intimate with market conditions, we feel that we owe the duty of telling you that good materials of all kinds are scarce and high priced, and are advancing and getting more scarce each week, and poor materials are therefore finding ready market.

Our large and complete stock of merchandise bought many months ago when prices were much cheaper affords you an opportunity to buy good quality and save many dollars on your fall and winter dry goods. You will act wisely to lay in your supply of all goods early this time.

If You Doubt Our Saving You Money, Come See Our Goods And Get Our Prices.

J. A. BAKER & SONS

Lockney, Texas
Make Good Your Pledge—Buy W. S. S.

Quantity Makes Quantity In Foods

Every grocery store carries groceries of some kind, but the kinds differ. We carry groceries that we can FULLY RECOMMEND—groceries of KNOWN QUALITY. Not only is our reputation behind every article that we sell, but other reputations as well.

Theo Griffith

BE GRATEFUL

The writer has just returned from market where he purchased a fine line of fall merchandise which will begin to arriving a few days and after seeing much drouth stricken country he is made to feel grateful that our Lockney trade territory is not near so hard hit and wishes to encourage and admonish everybody to give thank and be optimistic.

Remember we try to please you with good merchandise as well as low prices and when in need, don't fail to call in.

D.P. Carter Co
SELL FOR LESS

Local

Elder George Mickey of Clovis, was here Monday enroute home from Dickens county where he has been holding a protracted meeting.

W. R. Duke and Carley Ayres were Plainview visitors Monday afternoon.

Mrs. S. W. Mickey of Sand Hill was here Sunday visiting her son, Ross Mickey and family.

Dr. Greer and family left Monday for DeLeon on a weeks visit with relatives.

V. R. Gardner and sister, Mrs. Floyd, of Silverton, were here Monday looking after business matters.

Mrs. Harvey Cash who was called here on account of the serious illness and death of her friend, Dr. Stapleton, returned to her home at Dimmitt last Friday.

Misses Whitney and Irene Joiner of Silverton were here Sunday visiting with friends.

Mrs. Jackson and daughter Miss Tina, of the Erick community were in town Monday doing some shopping.

Mrs. Potts and daughter, Mrs. Whit

field of the Lopez community were in town Monday.

Dr. Jones and wife at Meteor were in town Monday.

Miss Ethel Beavers of Silverton was here Monday doing some shopping.

Ralph Stapleton and wife returned Monday to their home at Floreat.

Mrs. Edmonds left Friday for her home at Waco.

Mrs. Arch Conner left Friday for her home at Hugoton, Kan.

Mrs. McSpadden and son, Tom, of Wichita Falls, after a couple of days here with their daughter and sister, left Saturday for their home.

Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Askey and Miss Demie of Silverton were here Monday looking after business matters.

Miss Gladys Brown of Snyder came in Saturday and will have charge of the expression class this term. Miss Brown comes highly recommended and we hope she will be able to work up a large class.

Mrs. Will Wofford and children returned last Friday to their home at Stanley, New Mexico, after a weeks visit here with relatives.

Joe McCollum and Carley Ayres were Plainview visitors Thursday afternoon.

E. H. Foster returned to Boulder, Colo., Thursday after a week's visit here with his mother and friends.

Mrs. Elliott of Floreat was here Thursday looking after the Red Cross business of her Auxiliary.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom McGehee of the Lone Star community were in town Thursday.

W. N. Brown and family and R. M. Broyles and family returned Tuesday from Waco where he attended the State Democratic Convention.

Judge Stalbird returned Sunday from Waco where he attended the State Democratic Convention.

Mrs. Lawrence Gruber returned Tuesday from the North Plains where she spent several weeks.

Mrs. Dick Oswalt and little son, John Leyd, came in Tuesday and will visit here some time with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. Thomas.

Dr. and Mrs. Carrol returned the first of the week from Amarillo where they spent several days.

Mrs. Tom McGehee returned Monday from a weeks visit with relatives at Lubbock.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kitchens and Mrs. Edwards of Silverton were here Thursday doing some shopping.

Miss Slaughter returned to her home at Floydada Sunday after several days visit here with her friend, Miss Bess Thompson.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Grady Brewster, September 12, a boy.

Judge W. B. Clark of Floydada was here Thursday on business.

Captain A. P. Duggan and Lieut. Williams of Plainview was here Tuesday.

The Commissioners Court granted appropriation of \$100 this week to defray expenses of Troop L, at Plainview. Other courts of Hale, Swisher, Briscoe and Lamb made similar appropriations.

Miss Maude Byington left this morning for Miss., where she will again enter school for the term.

Miss Josephine Nichols left this morning for Clovis, N. M. where she will teach music for the following term.

Edgar Nichols returned Wednesday from a several months stay in California. He came in to register and visit his parents for a few days. If he is not drafted into the service he will return to California.

Miss Malone of Amarillo will teach a class in music the coming school year. She began her class this week.

MISSIONARY PROGRAM

Missionary Society will meet with Mrs. A. J. Sams September 18, 4 p. m. Leader—Mrs. W. M. McGehee.

Bible lesson—The Challenge at a time of great Crisis and perplexity.—John XIV 12:14; XVI 23:24.

Prayer. Impersonation of Missionaries and Deaconesses—Mrs. Sweeney.

Why Southern Methodist work in the Camp—Mrs. Greer.

Somehow in France—Mrs. Visor.

Christ in the Cantonments—Mrs. Miller.

YOUTHS 19 TO 21 AND MEN 32 TO 36 WILL ENTER SERVICE FIRST SAYS CROWDER

Washington, Sept. 10.—General Crowder today also issued a request to editors of morning newspapers that they publish this legend on the first pages of their papers tomorrow:

"Provost Marshal General Crowder says: 'I want every flag flying and every hand playing on registration day.'"

Washington, Sept. 10.—Youths of 19 to 20 years and men between the ages of 32 and 36 inclusive, will be called to the colors, Provost Marshal General Crowder announced today, and until the supply of available fighting material in their ranks has been exhausted older men will not be inducted into service. Questionnaires will go to these registrants first and boards have been ordered to proceed so that some may be called in October.

General Crowder in a statement to all employers and industrial representatives asked their aid in applying the plans of industrial deferments so that "the maintenance of the military establishment or of the national interest during the emergency may not be interfered with. General Crowder had said the war department could expect to draw from the classes above 31 only 601,600 men physically fit for service and not entitled to deferred classification. He also said men of 19 to 20 called were entitled to admission to the students training corps at the 400 secondary schools with which the war department has made contracts but added that these corps would number 150,000 men while over 3,000,000 youths below 21 will register Thursday.

Methods of selecting those to be inducted into military service and educational training corps, he said, were the concern of other branches of the administration.

"Some one must indicate that the individual case is one which should arrest the special attention of the boards in respect to the registrant's occupational status," said General Crowder in his statement. The boards do not possess a superhuman omniscience. Nor are they permitted by circumstances to devote unlimited time to the search of questionnaires for possible grounds of deferral. In 1917 out of more than 2,000,000 filed occupational claims or 4.7 per cent, thus 95 per cent of all registrants raised no questionnaire of such deferment.

"The boards will do all that they possibly can, on their own initiative, to reach a just decision by a complete examination of the questionnaires even where no claim is expressly made. Nevertheless the boards will welcome and will need all the aid that can be furnished by the indication of a claim made for deferment.

"But who is to make that claim. Ordinarily the registrant himself will indicate the claim on his questionnaire. But if through mistaken chivalry he should fail to do so, another may make it for him. In industry, agriculture, or other occupations this other person will naturally be his employee or some other representative of his associated group.

"The employer in this system represents the nation because in statutory phrase the maintenance of the military establishment or of the national interests during the emergency requires that some well-advised third person should look after that national interest which the registrant himself may not have sufficiently considered."

General Crowder then asked employers to study their plants and industries, to single out really indispensable individuals and to study the conditions of deferment as provided in the regu-

Military Training In The West Texas State Normal College

President J. A. Hill and Prof. D. A. Shirley of the West Texas State Normal College have just returned from Fort Sheridan, Ill., where they attended a conference of U. S. Army Officers and College officials. As a result of that conference the State School at Canyon makes the following announcement to the public:

1. The West Texas State Normal College has been designated by the U. S. War Department as a Station for Military training and will proceed to provide equipment, barracks, etc.
2. The War Department will detail a U. S. Army Officer to open a training camp here about Oct. 1, and continue same indefinitely.
3. The U. S. Government will furnish free tuition, board, clothes and pay \$30.00 per month to all who enter.
4. All men who are 18 years of age or more and have completed a standard high school or who can pass College entrance examinations are eligible.
5. Boys under 18 who have finished the high school course will receive free military training. Further remuneration cannot be promised at this time.
6. Boys over 18 who have not finished high school and who cannot pass College Entrance Examinations may take military training free of cost, at the Government will not now make any promise of other remuneration. In case this institution should be designated as a vocational training school such boys might then be placed upon exactly the same basis as others.
7. Boys will all live in barracks and will be under military discipline 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.
8. Boys will be required to do 15 hours per week of military work, and 3 hours of recitation on our "War Aims." It is desirable that all boys take French and technical English. Military instruction will consist of rifle shooting, bayonet training, physical drill, and close order drill.

ations, mentioning the possibility of "training substitutes and the availability of women workers." He discussed the figures of the last draft and said that the number of class one registrants under it amounted to only six per cent of the industrial population.

Cessations of enlistments, he said, will protect industry against irregular and uncontrollable sources of derangement and throw more responsibility upon the draft machinery, and he asked employers and industrial representatives to share the responsibility with the boards.

BIRD MAN MARRIES

Ted Reid, son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reid, who live 12 miles southwest of town, was married last Sunday at 9 a. m. at Tulsa to Miss Ruby Fowler who lived between here and Lockney.

Ted is a bird man, having been in training at West Point, Miss., for some time and recently received his commission. He came home the first of the week and visited relatives and friends all week and he and his bride left immediately after the ceremony for West Point to reside. He expects to be kept there for some time to assist in instructing airmen for the service.

We join the many friends of the happy couple in extending unto them their hearty congratulations and good wishes.—Silverton Star.

W.S.S. DOLLAR MARK YOUR PLEDGE PAY THE PRESIDENT

PAY THE PRESIDENT

Heater Season Approaching

We will be prepared to serve your needs in heaters, stove pipes and stove boards. We handle the celebrated

Round Oak Heaters

This heater has been tested out and it never fails to give satisfaction as a fuel saver, and as to durability. We carry in stock also the ever useful Batchelor Heater. This heater is servicable at all times.

Majestic Ranges

The Majestic Range need no recommendation from us. It has a nation-wide reputation for service and satisfactory operation. This is now the season to equip your home with a first-class range, and the Majestic is the Range best suited for your use.

Our Stock of Household Furniture is Complete

E. P. Thompson & Son

W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

P. S. Buy Thrift Stamps help win the war

Money to Loan on Improved Farms and Ranches in Floyd and Adjoining Counties

If you have obligation that will be due with in the next 6 months, you had better see me now, as interest rates are advancing. Many companies have already advanced their rate to 9 per cent. We still loan at 8 per cent straight. No commission or trimings to pay.

S. A. Henry & Company
Lockney, Texas

Office oved First National Bank.

KEEPING THE HOME FIRES BURNING



Here is a little bit of home which may be found in any Army Y. M. C. A. building in the Southern Department. The big open fireplace, the curtained windows, the cozy corner, and the little feminine touches which have been added by friends of the "Y," all contribute to the comfort and morale of the soldier away from home.

Here the soldier will find a happy substitute for the home fireside, with music if he prefers it—the home paper—good magazines—a game of checkers with his chum, and a lot of other things that help to make life interesting for the soldier. This is the social room which may be found in nearly every Army Y. M. C. A. hut. This particular one is enjoyed by soldiers from the Southwestern states at a Texas camp.

The headquarters offices of the Southern Department, Army Y. M. C. A., are at San Antonio, Texas. William E. Adams is the executive secretary.

The Beauty of Nature

Real beauty of face and form can only be attained through perfect health.

Poor health impairs beauty.

Your druggist has the proper remedies for keeping all body organs in perfect working order, insuring Natural Beauty.

Ladies, come to us and we will help you to make your beauty more than skin deep—make it a part of your life of buoyant health.

Red Cross Drug Store
Will Duke, Prop.

Wind Mills

We have a stock of wind mills, casing and piping, which we will be pleased to sell you. We are prepared to take care of your needs in the above lines. When you have wind mill trouble call and see us. We will be your wind mill doctor.

Jim Dagley

AMERICA'S FINAL DEMONSTRATION OF MILITARY EFFICIENCY

"Registration day will be America's final demonstration of military efficiency. The selective service system has proved itself the most efficient method of raising the army that will bring about the prompt and final defeat of our national enemy. On June 5, 1917, this nation began to demonstrate to the world that it could do in one day what the vaunted German efficiency had been nearly 50 years in preparing; it registered almost 10,000,000 of men between the ages of 21 and 30. It remains now to complete this demonstration.

"Such a mighty effort has never before been put forward by this country. It will be the most notable instance in America's history of an army raising itself.

"Every man within the ages named in the President's Proclamation must

realize that it is his personal duty to come forward. The enormous labors and sacrifices of the Local Boards must be lightened. The registrars will be at their posts, awaiting you at the registration booths. It is for you to co-operate and to come forward. They will do their part. You must do yours."—E. H. Crowder, Provost Marshal General.

F. E. Giesecke, T. S., Chairman of the School of Architecture of the University of Texas, announces that eight week courses in naval architecture will be given at that institution, the first course to begin about October 1. Others to follow as students are secured. These courses are open to graduates of engineering schools of recognized standing, and to others having a similar preparation. All communications regarding these courses should be addressed to the Chairman of the School of Architecture, University of Texas, Austin.

STOMACH TROUBLE

Mr. Marion Holcomb, of Nancy, Ky., says: "For quite a long while I suffered with stomach trouble. I would have pains and a heavy feeling after my meals, a most disagreeable taste in my mouth. If I ate anything with butter, oil or grease, I would spit it up. I began to have regular sick headache. I had used pills and tablets, but after a course of these, I would be constipated. It just seemed to tear my stomach all up. I found they were no good at all for my trouble. I heard

THEDFORD'S

BLACK-DRAUGHT

recommended very highly, so began to use it. It cured me. I keep it in the house all the time. It is the best liver medicine made. I do not have sick headache or stomach trouble any more." Black-Draught acts on the jaded liver and helps it to do its important work of throwing out waste materials and poisons from the system. This medicine should be in every household for use in time of need. Get a package today. If you feel sluggish, take a dose tonight. You will feel fresh tomorrow. Price 25c a package. All druggists.

ONE CENT A DOSE

Lockney Drug Store

Headquarters For

Pure Drugs and Drug Sundries

Stationery, Cigars and Smokers' Articles;
Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Etc.

We would appreciate a share of your business. We specialize in our prescription work, and give careful attention to this branch of our work at all hours.

CAMP PUBLICITY OFFICE U. S. A. CAMP TRAVIS, TEXAS

Training officers are demobilized. Trained officers are demanded by the government to meet the needs of our rapidly expanding Army. Uncle Sam to meet this need is proceeding in the thoroughly democratic manner which is characteristic of the huge armies which are now forming. The ranks of the entire army are now being thoroughly canvassed for all soldiers suitable as material for training as officers. This problem of selecting is being systematically done at Camp Travis. The men who have been drafted by the local boards of Texas, Oklahoma, New Mexico and Colorado, are being given the opportunity to be sent to schools to undergo intensive training as officers.

In order that every man should be aware of the opportunity that is his, all recruits and non-commissioned officers in Camp Travis who have had a high school or college training, were recently marched to the great Y. M. C. A. Auditorium where the President of the Examining Board, explained the processes and requirements for gaining entry into one of the training camps. The War Department has adopted as its permanent policy in the training of officers for this war, a school what is known as the Central School Plan. Candidates at the first training camps for officers were recruited from civil life. Two of these camps were held last summer, but with the formation of the National Army, the policy was, and is, to secure officers material from the ranks. The second plan of camp was adopted whereby each newly formed division insuranted and maintained a Divisional School for the training of officers. With the rapid movement of the Divisions overseas it became apparent that in order to insure continuity of plan and instruction, it would be necessary to add the element of permanency to the camp, thereby insuring a higher grade of instruction and the benefitting from experience in training large numbers. To consummate this method, Central Training Schools for Infantry officers were established at Camp Pike, Arkansas, Camp Gordon, Ga., and Camp Lee, Va. for Field Artillery officers; at Camp Zachary Taylor, Kentucky; for Machine Gun officers at Camp Hancock, Ga., and for Quartermaster officers; at Joseph E. Johnson, Jacksonville, Fla.

The candidates are being given thorough physical examination in order to insure their physical fitness for the strenuous training which the officer candidates must undergo. Herebefore, written examinations have not been required at Camp Travis for applications to the training camp, but in order to insure every man desiring to go, to have an opportunity, written examinations have been adopted. Examinations will be given in History, Geography and Arithmetic, but prior to taking this examination, the applicant must appear before the examining board for an oral examination. This examination will consider principally the appearance of the applicant and the impression he makes upon the board. An oral examination will be given on eight of one subject. Following these examinations a second written examination consisting of five questions each in Algebra, Geometry, and Trigonometry. An applicant must answer a total of 10 of the above questions with a minimum of at least 5 in each subject. The mathematical examination will count as one subject. An applicant must make a general average of 70 and not fall below 50 in any one subject to be recommended by the board.

Herebefore, written examinations have not been required and many of the men, realizing that they have forgotten much they learned in school, were somewhat doubtful about putting in applications. But the Y. M. C. A. always ready to serve, was on the spot and one of its representatives announced to the audience that classes in arithmetic, history and geography, and also in higher mathematics would be started at every "Y" building in camp the next evening and they every man would be given an opportunity to review up on these subjects in the few days that remained to them. "Y" instructors were also promised for any company that organized a class in its own barracks. All this was promised although the "Y" men had been there only a few hours to make preparations but they were ready on the minute with the help that was needed and as the men realized the liberality of the offer that was made them, the hall resounded with applause for the Y. M. C. A.

Encouraged by the "Y" offer of help the men in large numbers have turned in their applications during the past week and they will soon be given a chance to show whether or not they have the making of officers in them. At least every man has an every opportunity with his fellow, and the lack of friendship or "pull" will not keep any man from going just as high as his abilities will take him.

W.S.S. Would Dwarf Highest Monument



The Washington monument at the National Capitol is 555 feet high. It is the highest monument in the world. If the \$91,000,000, the War Savings Stamp quota for Texas, were converted into silver dollars and piled one upon the other, a monument more than 1707 times as high as the Washington monument would be formed.

If Texans do their duty and invest \$91,000,000 in these Government securities they will have erected to themselves a great monument of loyal patriotism. They will have helped the Government and they will have bought Government bonds which pay them 4.27 per cent interest.

TODAY'S REMINDER



TEXAS FARMERS SENT MESSAGE BY CL. OUSLEY

On his return to Washington after his recent visit in Texas, Clarence Ousley, Assistant Secretary of the United States De-



partment of Agriculture, sent the following message to the farmers of Texas:

"Production and conservation—creating and saving—are the most effective means the people of Texas have for helping their Government win the war against Germany.

"Food must be produced and conserved. But food is not the only problem of the war; there must be money, many millions of dollars available for the use of the Government. It should be conserved and placed as far as possible at the disposal of the Government through the purchase of War Savings Stamps. The price of victory is the purse of the American people. It should not be withheld nor spent for non-essentials. The savings of Texas, the savings of a Nation should be invested in Government War Savings Stamps.

"The farmer who heeds his Government's call to produce food in the largest quantities possible and then places the profit from his crops in these Government securities has done wisely and well for his country and himself."

Your heart may be in the right place, but is your money there, too? Both your money and your heart will be in the right place if you invest your dollars in United States Government War Savings Stamps.

The time for cheering has passed. Don't wave the flag. If you'll dig down and invest in War Savings Stamps, the boys will wave the flag from the top of the Kaiser's palace in Berlin.

SENDING THE "CIVIES" HOME



Many a kid brother is sporting his soldier brother's Sunday silk shirts and best serge suits these days, and brother doesn't mind, because he is wearing the very latest style for men—khaki of the regulation military cut.

The Army Y. M. C. A. helps the rookie soldier with his civilian clothes problem. "Y" furnishes wrapping paper, and a "Y" man is on hand to help with the wrapping, furnishes the twine, and assists with the addressing of the bundles of "civies" (military parlance for civilian clothes). These bundles are sent back home to be packed in moth balls until after the war, or worn out by the kid brother.

Here is a parcel post shipment of clothes to go back home a few hours after a bunch of Louisiana boys had reported for service at Southern Department camp.

Charter No. 9125

Reserve District No. 11

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, IN THE STATE OF TEXAS, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON AUGUST 31, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts, including rediscounts, except those shown below	229,912.49
Total Loans	229,912.49
Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold)	68,485.60
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	10,000.00
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged as collateral for State or other deposits or bills payable	25,000.00
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1-2 and 4 1-4 per cent, unpledged	548.00
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)	1,150.00
Value of banking house	11,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	3,000.00
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank	9,112.40
Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	23,855.15
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in items above	2,359.00
Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank	645.60
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	3,103.39
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	500.00
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	334.82
Total	\$251,835.25
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	25,000.00
Surplus fund	12,500.00
Undivided profits	8,114.25
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	3,365.16
Interest and discount collected or credited in advance of maturity and not earned (approximate)	1,000.00
Circulating notes outstanding	10,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	138,613.77
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	6,176.80
Cashiers checks outstanding	1,827.78
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve	146,618.35
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	18,500.00
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve	18,500.00
War savings certificate and thrift stamp deposits account	21,961.76
Bills payable, with Federal Reserve Bank	11,500.00
Total	\$251,835.25

State of Texas, County of Floyd:

I, France Baker, President of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of September, 1918.

J. T. Halbrook, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

J. D. Griffith.

A. N. Askey.

C. F. Merriell.

Directors.

If Its Feed Or Coal

THAT YOU WANT PHONE THE LOCKNEY COAL & GRAIN CO. THEY HAVE JUST WHAT YOU WANT. IF YOU HAVE GRAIN TO SELL PHONE THEM ALSO AND RECEIVE THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

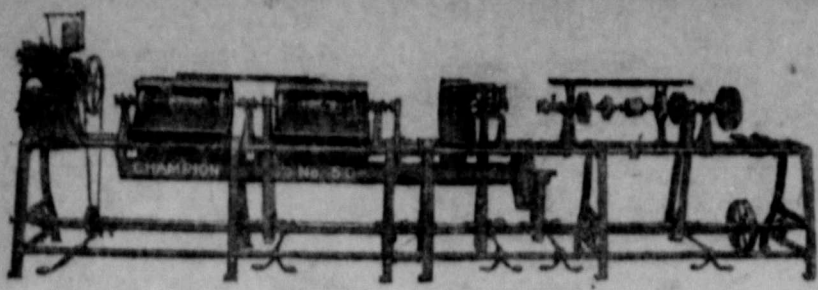
WE HAVE BOUGHT THE COAL AND FEED BUSINESS OF ROY GRIFFITH, AND WILL BE PLEASED TO HAVE ALL OF HIS CUSTOMERS TO PLACE THEIR ORDER WITH US FOR COAL AND FEED AND WE ASSURE YOU THE MOST COURTEOUS TREATMENT AND PROMPT ATTENTION.

Lockney Coal & Grain Company

LOCKNEY

PHONE 60

TEXAS



Don't throw your worn shoes and harness away, they can be re-made like new. Bring or send your work to A. R. EASTWOOD.

COW-BOY BOOTS MADE TO ORDER, SEND FOR ORDER Blank

TEACHERS ADOPT RESOLUTION

The following resolutions were adopted by the Teachers' Institute composed of the teachers of Floyd, Hale, Swisher, Bristow and Lamb counties, which convened at Plainview, September 2:

1st. We, your committee on resolutions beg to leave submit the following: 1st. We desire to extend our thanks to the board of trustees and entire faculty of the Plainview High School for the use of the building and the many other courtesies extended to us by them. In this connection do we desire to especially to thank Supt. Webb for his untiring efforts which have contributed so much to the success of this institute.

2nd. We further desire to extend our thanks to all the officers of the institute for their efforts in organizing and conducting the work of the institute.

3rd. Be it further resolved that we extend a vote of thanks to all the speakers and musicians who have contributed to our knowledge and entertainment while here.

4th. Be it further resolved, that this body of teachers extend our congratulations to Miss Anna Webb Blanton on her recent success in the State Democratic Primaries, that we here now pledge her our hearty co-operation, express our confidence in her administration of the Educational affairs of our great State.

5th. Be it further resolved that this institute endorse the acts of our President and the Federal Food Administration and that we pledge them our undivided support.

6th. Be it further resolved, that this institute go on record as favoring the present plan of a joint institute but that the location of our next meeting place be decided by a vote of the teachers here assembled.

Respectfully submitted,
 Pearl E. Farris,
 J. B. Belew,
 Mrs. Kathryn Robbins,
 Geo. Tummins,
 Chairman.

PASSED SUDDENLY AWAY

Following obituary has been sent us from Shattuck, Okla., with request that we publish same. Mr. Young is well known in Lockney having conducted the Olympic Theatre on two different occasions. His death will be generally regretted by friends in Lockney and Floydada, where he was engaged in business.

John E. Young was born near Warversburg, Mo., April 5, 1847—died at Shattuck, Okla., August 30, 1918, age 44 years, 4 months, 25 days.

He came with his parents to Pratt County, Kans., in 1881, lived in Kansas until 1905 when he came to Shattuck, Okla.

He was married to Adda V. Dodson Sept. 8, 1902, to this union were born three children, he leaves a devoted wife and three children, also a father, mother, and three brothers and three sisters. Mr. Young was a devoted father and husband and a useful man. He has for some time held a position in the postoffice in Shattuck, where he was accommodating and where he attended strictly to business. In this and other positions held by him he gained many friends and he will miss his helpfulness in our public life. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. fraternity where he had the honor and fraternal fellowship of a large Brotherhood. He had not been in good

health for a long time but his death was a shock to us all. He was at his work in the P. O. Thursday, all day and Friday morning before time for work he had crossed the stream of death. Yes, he will be missed but none so much as by the lonely wife and the precious children and next to them (if not equal with them) are the dear old father and mother who have been devoted to their children and their country for many long years having served their country through the civil war, and stand today as examples of patriotism and devotion to our beloved flag, and the brothers and sisters have lost a beloved member of their group. To one and all, you have the sympathy of many friends but above all we commend you to God the unflinching friend who alone can give the help most needed in this bereavement.

After a memorial service at the Baptist church Saturday evening at six o'clock he was laid to rest in the I. O. O. F. cemetery to await the resurrection, the above fraternity officiating in which a number from other towns were present and took part.

T. A. Butler.

TWO MEN DRAW TWO YEARS EACH IN PEN

Verrill Castle was last week sentenced to two years in the penitentiary by a jury in district court for assault to murder. He stabbed his brother-in-law, Mr. Echols, in the neck at Patsburg last winter.

Bob Payne was today sentenced to two years for burglary. Last September Payne was sentenced to two years in this case, but the case was reversed and remanded by the court of criminal appeals. Last week the case was tried and resulted in a hung jury, whereupon the court again set the case and tried it yesterday and today. There are about a half-dozen other burglary cases against Payne, also cases against several others who are alleged to have been members of a gang of thieves that operated in and about Plainview more than a year ago.

TO INSURE A SAFER WORLD FOR OUR CHILDREN

"Since the beginning of our government, it has been the law of this country that every able bodied male citizen and declarant between 18 and 45 is subject to be summoned to and in

service. The occasions have happily been rare when such a summons has had to be issued. We face the need now.

"Over 10,000,000 of our men of fighting age have already registered for selection for service. Out of this number, many have been chosen, trained, and sent to battle across the sea, while others are in training or on the way. They have made us very proud of them, these splendid soldiers, and some have already given their lives for us. We shall not fail to support them and to reinforce them.

"The remaining 10,000,000 are now called upon to register for selection. The only purpose of this extension of the Selective Service Law is to bring a speedier end to the war and to insure a safer world for our children.

"Since the enemy has compelled the arbitrament of force, force let it be, force overwhelming. The registration of the entire man-power of the United States will be our unmistakable pledge to humanity that democracy is to be the regime of the future."

—Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War

SING KHAI FOO MONEY LENDERS FOUND IN TEXAS

Did you ever hear the story of the Chinese money lender? It's not a very pleasant tale, but it is history, nevertheless.

Sing Khai Foo was a Chinese money lender. For some mysterious reason his customers died very soon after they had borrowed money from Sing Khai Foo and had given him a mortgage on their property to cover the loan. But the fact that his customers died never "othered" the Celestial Shylock. He grew richer and richer.

After a number of years had passed, the ruler of China became suspicious and the money lender was closely watched. The investigation revealed the fact that Sing Khai Foo lent his money, secured the loan by taking a heavy mortgage on the customer's property and on his way home with the money had the customer ambushed and killed by hired murderers who returned the money to Sing Khai Foo. When the mortgage expired Sing Khai Foo foreclosed on the dead man's property. Not only did he get the money he lent the victim by having him murdered, but he also came into possession of his victim's property.

All of the Chinese money lenders are not in China. There are a number of Sing Khai Foes in Texas today. They don't go by the name of Chinese money lenders, but profess themselves to be "loyal Americans."

They are the people who buy a few United States Government War Savings Stamps, but keep on spending their money for non-essentials. Men that should go to war they insist on keeping idle to attend behind a counter and sell them luxuries, little knick-knacks, non-essentials they are not compelled to have. They are the people who insist on spending their money selfishly on themselves when the Government needs that money and is asking them to lend it at good interest in War Savings Stamps. They are the kind of people who insist that valuable material needed for war manufacture shall be made into non-essentials and luxuries for their own selfish use and pleasure. They are the "loyal Americans" who keep men employed in the manufacture of non-essentials for them when these men are needed by the Government to manufacture war essentials.

These people who call themselves "loyal Americans" are the Sing Khai Foes of Texas. They buy a few War Savings Stamps and prattle about their patriotism while they stab America in the back the next minute by purchasing non-essentials. They lend a few dollars to the Government to provide for the soldiers who are fighting for them in France and immediately buy some luxury that will keep a soldier from getting needed equipment or food. They appear to be doing an American's duty, but in reality they are lending with one hand and taking back with the other. They are making it possible for the Kaiser's hired murderers to stab real Americans—not the Sing Khai Foo luxury buying kind—in the back.

No man, no woman today can say: "This is my money. I can afford to spend it just as I want to and that's the way I'll spend it." They should say: "This is my money, but I am holding it

in trust for the Government right now. Can my Government afford for me to spend it for this non-essential or that luxury?"

There are many Sing Khai Foes in Texas. You don't have to look for almond eyes and the yellow robe of the Chinese mandarin. You'll find them on the streets, in the stores, downtown and in the homes of folk you know. They are not hard to find.

Benedict Arnold sold his country for a handful of money and the pleasure it would buy. Way back before him Judas Iscariot set the Sing Khai Foo fashion by betraying Christ for a handful of Roman silver. Today the Chinese money lenders of Texas are selling the lives of Texas soldiers in France for non-essentials and passing pleasures. They pass themselves as "real Americans;" they buy a few War Savings Stamps; but every month these Sing Khai Foes of Texas spend more money for non-essentials and luxuries than they lend the Government in War Savings Stamps.

These Chinese money lenders of Texas lend a little to the Government. They take a mortgage for their loan. They can't lose when they buy War Savings Stamps, but they kill the power of their loan, as Sing Khai Foo killed his customers, by still continuing to purchase non-essentials. They let the soldiers—the real Americans—who are giving their lives—do without the things they need so that the Sing Khai Foes can have their luxuries. They knife America and stab those who are fighting for it.

TODAY'S REMINDER

Pay the President

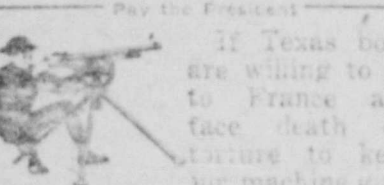


BUYING WAR SAVINGS STAMPS IS PROFITABLE PATRIOTISM

4 1/2% Interest

HELP FEED THE MACHINE GUNS

Pay the President



If Texas boys are willing to go to France and face death or capture to keep our machine guns busy mowing down Hun soldiers, then can't you supply them with the necessary cartridges by investing your money in United States Government War Savings Stamps?

If those American machine guns fail to chatter the tune of death to the Kaiser's men, you will be the one to blame. Those guns will send a hail of bullets into the enemy's line as long as you keep the cartridges coming by putting your dollars in War Savings Stamps.

Invest in victory. Make a good investment for yourself. Buy the best securities ever put on sale by the Government.

VICTORY OR DEATH?

The Texas boys—your boys—are marching to victory or to death. It all depends on you. If victory is won there must be arms, munitions and supplies for them. The Government is asking you to make it possible to furnish these by investing in War Savings Stamps. Without arms, munitions and supplies victory is not possible. The best armed man lives. Make it possible for them to march to victory. Invest in War Savings Stamps. It's not a gift. War Savings Stamps bear good interest. When you buy them you are doing something for your country and yourself.

NO HUNGER STRIKE HERE

Hunger strikers give this Restaurant a wide berth. They know that if they should get sight or smell of our savory meals they would simply be forced to give in and eat.

We are well prepared to feed the hungry

MRS. MULLINS, Prop.

Sapolio doing its work. Scouring for U.S. Marine Corps recruits.



Join Now!

APPLY AT ANY POST OFFICE for SERVICE UNDER THIS EMBLEM



Men who wear this emblem are U.S. MARINES

COURSE FOR MILITARY STUDENTS

President R. E. Vanson of the University of Texas has received further instructions from the Committee on Education and Special Training of the War Department in regard to the courses of study for members of the Students' Army Training Corps. The telegram follows:

"In the curriculum of the Students' Army Training Corps the average number of hours each week will be as follows: Military subjects, including practical instruction, theoretical military instruction and physical training—eleven hours; allied subjects, including lectures, recitation, laboratory instruction and the necessary preparation therefor—forty-two hours. Each hour of lecture or recitation will ordinarily require two hours of self-study. The hours above set forth have reference to the normal course. In the case of students who have pursued for at least one year at an approved institution, such studies as form part of the program of preparation for the chemical warfare service, the medical corps, the engineer corps, the ordnance corps, or other technical branches of the service, the Committee on Education and Special Training may authorize a reduction in the hours of military instruction, including practically military instruction, theoretical military instruction, and physical training, to not less than six hours per week, provided that the reduction is made good by the substitution of a corresponding number of additional hours of instruction in approved technical subjects. Provision will be made for approving general programs as well as technical and special programs in medicine, engineering, chemistry, and other technical courses. The allied subjects will be selected from the following list: English, French, German, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Geology, Geography, Topography and Map-Making, Meteorology, Astronomy, Hygiene, Sanitation, Descriptive Geometry, Mechanical and Freehand Drawing, Surveying, Economics, Accounting, History, International Law, Military Law and Government. Permission may be granted for the recognition as an allied subject of not more than one subject outside the above list provided that it occupies not more than three hours per week in lectures and recitation with corresponding time for study. In the case of technical and professional schools, provision will be made for special programs of study containing subjects other than those included in the above list of allied subjects. The program of study in allied subject must include a course on the underlying issues of the war. This may be planned as special war aims course, with a minimum of three classroom hours per week, with corresponding time for study covering three terms, or the requirement may be met by a course or courses in History, Government, Economics, Philosophy, or Literature, where these courses are so planned as in the opinion of the Educational Director to accomplish substantially the same purpose."

SEE US AND SEE BETTER

If your eyes bother you in reading or doing close work with or without glasses, it is evident you have muscular trouble. You can't focus both eyes on the one point. You should see us, we have specialised in this line, and can give you satisfaction. We solicit the hard to fit—

ARTHUR L. TALLEY, Optometrist, at the Optical Parlor, North side square, Plainview, Texas, McMillan Drug Store.

To Our Subscribers

The federal government has taken over in a way the paper manufacturing business of the country, and has issued requests and orders for paper conservation, so that the supply may be sufficient for all publishers to continue to get paper on which to print their papers.

The "request" has come that newspapers must discontinue all free copies, and within a certain time all subscriptions must be brought to a cash-in-advance basis.

The Beacon has been a little negligent of late in mailing out subscription statements, and some of our subscribers have gotten behind. We must insist that ALL subscriptions be paid in advance, in order to comply with the government's order.

It costs money to send out statements, and we urge that each and every subscriber who knows his subscription to the Beacon to be in arrears to forward us a check at once to pay same up and in advance. This will be a practical conservation, and save us much time and expense in sending out statements.

The government urges that every family be a subscriber to the home newspapers, in order to keep up with the various local war activities and orders of the food administration, and war news generally. The Beacon prints many columns of war matter each week at no cost to the government.

The Lockney Beacon costs only \$1.50 a year (52 papers), which is hardly more than the actual cost of the blank paper and ink used in printing it, for everything that goes into a newspaper has more than doubled in price since the war began. There is little profit to be made in the newspaper business now.

Mr. Subscriber, don't fail to mail or bring us that check today, for we must have it in order to continue sending you the Beacon.

BAND INSTRUMENTS



The celebrated C. G. Conn Ltd., factory, builders of the fine instruments that are used almost exclusively by Sousa, Pryor, Conway, Kroyl, Washington Marine, Creator, Innes, Liberati, Thaviv, Weber and other famous bands. Are now building a special line of very easy blowing and most reasonably priced instruments of all kinds for the Boy Scouts. Write for free catalogue, circulars, photographs illustrating these instruments, also for Boy Scout prices, both cash and installment. Address

C. G. CONN, LTD.

ELKHART INDIANA

Today's REMINDER

Pay the President

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS THE WORLD'S BEST INVESTMENT



4 1/2%

New Merchandise Arriving Daily

Have received many new things within the past few days, including:

- CLOTHING.
- SHOES.
- DRY GOODS.

We will soon be ready to show you our complete lines of fall and winter goods. Will be pleased to have you call and look through our stock.

E. L. Ayres & Co.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

BAKER'S POULTRY PRICES

HENS	18c
FRYERS	18c
TURKEYS	18c
DUX	12c
GEESSE	12c
EGGS	30c
BUTTER, Shipping	35c

BAKER'S GENERAL MERCHANDISE

WE BUY OLD FALSE TEETH

We will pay up to \$20 per set (broken or not.) Send now. Cash sent by return mail. Packages held 10 to 15 days subject to sender's approval of our offer. Highest prices paid for old Gold Jewelry, Gold Crowns, Bridges, Platinum and Silver.—United States Smelting Works, Inc., 1973 Goldsmith Bldg., Opp. Post Office, Milwaukee, Wis.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS—September is going to be the hardest month on us and if you owe us \$1.00 come running as we must collect.—Theo Griffith, 49-21.

We, the Brick School Board, have set the beginning of our compulsory attendance period to be the first Monday in December.—W. K. Collier, Secretary of Board, 50-4f.

See me for quick loans on lands, and for the purchase of first Vendor's Lien notes.—W. W. Kirk, Plainview, Texas, Grant Building, 51-1f.

WANTED—I want to deliver your coal, phone your order to 90.—O. T. Prickett, The Drayman, 51-1f.

WANTED—To sell a 12 hole Emerson Drill, good as new. See or phone Mrs. E. C. Bailey, Phone 170-23, Lockney, Texas, 51-11p.

STRAYED—One black mare mule about 16 hands high, 3 or 4 years old, also bay horse about 14 hands high, branded T U X on left hip, rule has halter on. Running in my pasture 1 1/2 miles north of Lockney.—C. D. Merriek, 51-11f.

Style Shop

The intangible appeal of personality of individuality permeates every hat. We are showing Chic Models in Dressed and Tailored Hats, to fit every face as well as every purse.

Mrs. D. J. Thomas

Tire Economy

In this age of conservation you should have your casings and tubes vulcanized and save the cost of new ones. We can save you much money in vulcanizing your old tires. We guarantee our work and make reasonable prices. See me before you throw away that old tire.

SEWING MACHINES REPAIRED

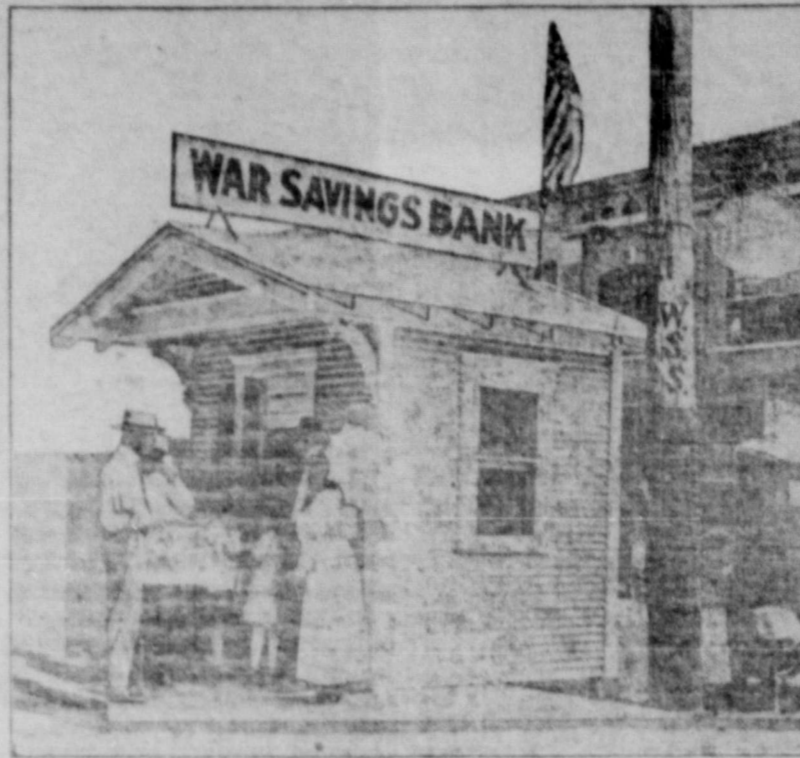
We do sewing machine repair work. Call us for this class of work.

Cypert Vulcanizing Plant

Above the Lockney Garage

W. S. S. Bank Big Factor in Campaign--Civic Attraction

Pay the President



This is the War Savings Stamp Bank at Wichita Falls, Texas. From the day it was opened for business War Savings Stamp sales have materially increased in Wichita County. Not only are stamps kept here for sale, but almost every person in Wichita Falls has his pledge card at the bank and every time he pays on his pledge it is credited by the cashier. The bank is also official headquarters for the War Savings workers of Wichita County.

Material for the building was donated by Wichita Falls business men. It was built free of cost for the Government by the carpenters of Wichita Falls. Every day in the week, except Sunday, the bank is opened at 9 o'clock in the morning. It stays open for business until late in the afternoon—and the business it does! On Saturdays the bank is kept open until 9 o'clock at night.

The National War Savings Committee desires to see a War Savings Bank in every Texas town of 2,000 or more population. They should be built on the Courthouse Square or on the busiest street corner in town.



All Stuck Up

W.S.S. Buy Today

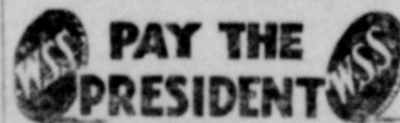
MAVERICK COUNTY MAKES WONDERFUL RECORD IN W. S. S.

Because the people of Maverick County have made it their business to see that the Government gets their full support, this county now leads the whole State in per capita War Savings Stamp purchases. Maverick County people not only over-pledged their War Savings Stamp quota June 28, National War Savings Day, but they have over-bought their annual War Savings Stamp quota by \$32,990.80. For every man, woman and child in the county \$25.55 has been invested in War Savings Stamps.

Records of the National War Savings Committee show that every business house in the county is a War Savings Stamp agency. Advertisers in the newspapers always call attention with pride to the fact that they have these securities for sale. Booths are maintained in all of the principal stores and on the streets of Eagle Pass, the only large town in the county, and the erection of a War

Savings Bank is being considered by the County Chairman, W. J. Niggli, who, although engaged in business, devotes the greater part of his time to the War Savings Campaign.

"The reason that Maverick County leads the State is because the people down there make a business of the War Savings Campaign and they recognize that it's of vital importance to the Government," Louis Lipsitz, State Director of the National War Savings Committee, declared. "They have made a success of their work because they have kept working. Just think of every person in a county owning War Savings Stamps. All of the money they invested will come back in a short time and every person will get more than he lent the Government. They have combined patriotism with financial level-headedness. They have helped the soldiers and themselves."



Over the Counter Means "Over the Top"

Pay the President



A Luxury No Longer!

The Automobile has become a positive money and time-saving necessity to thousands of owners throughout the country.

Ho many men, not now owners of cars, it can be proven that actually they

Cannot Afford to be without one.

In the interest of Economy, Convenience, Efficiency, as well as pleasure, come in and let us do your repairing.

Lockney Garage

N. E. WALLER, Prop., Lockney, Texas

Empire Gray Tires & Tubes

We have added the Empire tires and tubes these tires are sold under a strick guarantee and we have no hesitancy in stating that they will give you perfect satisfaction.

When in need of a first-class tires and tubes come and see us.

J. H. Gruver

Representative Marvin Jones of Texas flew over London Thursday in a plane which was installed a new Liberty motor. Representative Marvin Jones is known in the Texas political world as the Panhandle Kid. He made a new high record two years ago. He made another record this year. Then he crossed the Atlantic and the last heard of him he flew over London, and it is a cinch bet that a plane will carry him across the channel to France before he has completed his tour of old world countries. He is a flyer as well as a runner.—Fort Worth Record.

Mr. Moore, representing the Austin Bridge Co., was here Thursday on business.

School Announcement

The Lockney Drug Co. will handle again this year the school books of the town. You will find here the books used in our school.

Books and supplies will be strickly cash

WE CAN TAKE CARE OF YOUR SCHOOL NEEDS NOT ONLY IN BOOKS BUT IN ALL KINDS OF SUPPLIES.

Lockney Drug Co.

JUNK

I AM STILL IN THE MARGET FOR YOUR JUNK IRON, COPPER, BRASS, BONES AND OLD RAGS.

WILL PAY YOU THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Leslie Floyd

LOCKNEY, TEXAS