

ALLIES TAKE OSTEND HUN'S U-BOAT BASE

BRUGES ALL BUT CAPTURED AND ALLIES DRIVE TOWARD GHENT

The war situation for Thursday is summarized by the Associated Press as follows:

Over a front of forty miles, from the North Sea in Belgium, to Lille in northern France, the Germans are in retreat before the Belgian, French and British armies. Likewise the enemy is being forced to concede defeat in the retrograde movements before the British and Americans south-east of Cambrai; under the attacks of the French in the pocket between Oise and Serec rivers north of Laon, and by reason of continued strong attacks by the French and Americans in Champagne and along the Meuse river.

Nowhere, however, is the enemy in disorder. In Belgian Flanders his steps are being hastened by reason of the swift drive into his line by the British at Lille, just south of the Belgian border and by the French and Belgians further north, which threaten to compel him to enter Dutch territory and face internment unless he is fleet enough to withdraw out of the entire pocket between the Scheldt river and the sea and reconstitute his line with the right wing resting on Antwerp.

Ostend, one of the famous submarine bases is all but captured, while to the south from the region east of Roulers the allies are fast driving to Ghent. Strong opposition is being offered on the Courtrai sector to prevent the allies from carrying out their maneuver to the full. More than a score of additional villages have been liberated by the allied troops and numerous guns and quantities of stores have been captured.

In their withdrawal from west Flanders the Germans are carrying out a tactical movement which doubtless will end in a general falling back to their lines in northern France and permit them materially to strengthen their resistance on a new and shorter front. This probably will be from Antwerp to Anemur and Metz and thence to the Swiss border, which would still leave the Germans eighty miles from their own border both at Antwerp and Anemur. At present the center of the fighting is near Thielt, on the German border.

Germany May Accept Wilson's Peace Terms

Answer Will Probably Be Despatched to Washington by Saturday

BERNE, Oct. 17.—Germany's reply to President Wilson's latest communication was expected to be drawn up and dispatched to Washington tonight, according to the latest advices received here from Berlin.

The semi-official newspapers in Germany indicate that it is certain that Germany in the note will seek to continue the conversation.

BERNE, Oct. 17.—Advices from Berlin says that there is great activity in political circles in view of the German reply to President Wilson's note. It is understood the note already has been drafted and that it is not a complete refusal of President Wilson's demands.

Field Marshall Von Hindenburg was reported to be in Berlin today.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Signs multiplied today that Germany and Austria are hastening to rearrange their internal political affairs and their methods of warfare in the hope of meeting the peace requirements of President Wilson. There was no indication when the German answer would come, but that one would be dispatched was made more certain by the statements of Baron Burain, the Austrian foreign minister before the foreign affairs committee of the Austrian parliament.

Following closely radical changes in the German government structure, information came to the state department that the Austrian emperor has announced to the foreign affairs committee of parliament his purpose to grant autonomy to the oppressed nationalities in the dual empire, one of the peace requirements laid down by the president.

President's Reply Helps Loan Drive
WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Liberty Loan subscriptions have been stimulated by President Wilson's reply to the German peace note, according to reports to the treasury department today from loan committees throughout the country.

Randall County Quota Is Nearly Subscribed

Nation Has Nearly Two Billion to Go And Two Days to Subscribe

Although the exact figures have not yet been compiled, we are able to state that Randall County is about over the top with her subscription to the Fourth Liberty Loan.

There have been no sensational subscriptions or heavy campaign work, nor has there been need for any, for all have realized their responsibility and Randall County citizens have quietly and steadily poured in their subscriptions accordingly as they are able and we predict that by the time the contest closes Saturday night Randall county will have accumulated a good over-subscription. Randall county has always done its part and in this case it is her best. We are sure bond subscriptions will not cease because the county is up with its quota. There are districts in the drouth section who have not been as fortunate this season as this county. The Nation as a whole lacks two billion dollars of the six billion dollar loan, and there are but two days in which to subscribe it. Without a doubt it will be subscribed in full. Secretary McAdoo has stated that only an American people would subscribe such an immense amount in so short a time. Our dollars are the dragon's teeth which sown in the Fourth Loan, shall reap such an army of warriors and equipment that autocracy will be short lived and peace and liberty will be restored to a bleeding world. Buy bonds to your last dollar.

Many People Here On Trade's Day

R. W. Foster Was Holder of Ticket Which Drew the \$500 Bond

Seldom has so large a crowd been seen in Canyon as was on the streets of Canyon, on Trade's Day. It was the day for the giving away of the \$500 Liberty Bond and this with many other attractions including the Boys' and Girls' Agricultural Club Fair, attracted people from all over Canyon's trade territory.

The merchants offered many extraordinary bargains and they report that an exceptional large volume of business was done.

Senator O. H. Rutherford of Jerome, Arizona, spoke here in the afternoon in the interest of the Fourth Liberty Loan, and a good gain in the bond subscription was made thereby.

The Normal band furnished music for the day under the direction of Wallace Clark. A good sum was raised by the Red Cross auction sale. About five in the afternoon the contest tickets were gathered in a barrel and this was rolled around the square and a hole sawed in the barrel by those in charge of the contest. R. W. Foster held the numbering corresponding to the one drawn from the barrel and thereby won the \$500 Liberty bond.

Over a hundred dollars worth of premiums were award to the Boys and Girls Clubs for their splendid display of premiums.

Congress to Take 2-Weeks' Recess

Congressional leaders at a conference yesterday agreed upon a plan whereby congress will recess on October 29 over the elections, reconvening on November 12. A joint resolution to carry that plan into effect will be introduced by both houses within a few days.

As soon as the agreement was reached, Chairman Simms of the senate finance committee announced that the revenue bill would not come up for consideration in the senate until after elections.

Many senators are absent from Washington owing to political campaigns in their home states as well as Liberty Loan campaigns.

Congressional leaders believe it to be impracticable to make further considerations on the revenue bill until after the recess.

Party leaders in both houses said a two weeks' recess is necessary in order to give senators and representatives from Western states adequate time to go home to vote and return before the revenue measure is taken up.

Judge Umphres Resigns
Judge Hugh L. Umphres, whose term does not expire as District Judge of the 47th Judicial District until January, has resigned to become the junior partner of Gen. M. M. Crane, noted attorney at Dallas. Judge Umphres asks to be relieved at once and expects to move to Dallas next Monday. The judge elect, Henry Bishop, will probably be appointed to serve the unexpired term.



"God Never Threw Me Down Yet"

A little woman, a seamstress, bought a hundred dollar Liberty Bond, paying ten dollars down. She inquired very carefully into the conditions of payments, when they would fall due, etc. "I haven't another cent in the world," she said, and her eyes shone with an inner light as she spoke, "and I don't know yet how I will meet the other payments. I am going it blind, but God never threw me down yet, I am not afraid."

The spirit of France transmitted to America; the sublime faith of a nation that has suffered, yet is undaunted after four long years of war; a nation that is not afraid.

The drouth areas of Texas, too, imbued with the spirit of France and that of the little seamstress whom God never threw down, are "going it blind." In many sections where only one-tenth crop was raised last year, this year there is less. Yet these communities are subscribing their quotas. There are instances where depositors have drawn their last dollar from the bank to make their sacrifice for the cause of humanity. Some of them don't know how they will meet the payments. They do not question; they are going it blind and unafraid.

There are about 185,000,000 people in the United States. Over 3,000,000 of that number are under arms, and nearly 2,000,000 of these are overseas fighting for the principles they believe to be right.

And they are going it blind, willing to meet the payment, even though it be paid in the dearest coin in all the world—their legs and arms and health and happiness and life itself. They have given all that God will let them give to their country, and they are not afraid.

There were about 18,000,000 buyers of bonds in the last Loan. To make as complete a fighting unit at home as we have under arms, there must be \$7,000,000 new bond holders of the Fourth Loan. These may include those who were afraid to buy; who hesitated to go it blind, because they didn't know how to meet the other payments, and because they looked no higher than an earthly faith to fulfill their pledge to the greatest ideal the world has ever known. They were afraid God would throw them down.

Are you one of those who hesitate to go it blind? Must it be left for them to teach you the true spirit of patriotism—the little seamstress, who hasn't another cent in the world? A country whose manhood, if not deprived of life itself is doomed to maimed and incomplete lives? And those whose livelihood has been denied them?

and what of the millions who are sneeding their blood for you? How many of these have died and are going to die in vain because the people back home couldn't raise the money to crush the military power that forced this suffering upon a peace-loving world? They are going it blind and unafraid. They have died and are going to die for humanity. God will not throw them down. Will you?

New Manager for Light Plant

Ben A. Denman, manager of the Canyon Power Co., who is to succeed J. R. Clark, arrived this week and has taken active charge. Mr. Clark was compelled to resign on account of ill health. Mr. Denman will move to Canyon and make his home with us. He comes from Washington, Kansas.

M. V. Homeyer, a former surveyor

for the New York and Texas Land Co., was in from the J. A. headquarters at Palo Duro this week. He met Mr. W. D. Twitchell, assistant state surveyor of Amarillo and another surveyor from Plainview and the three went out Tuesday to do a big job of surveying for the company.

Archie Key Dies of Pneumonia in Camp

Body is Brought Here from Pensacola, Florida for Burial

Another Canyon boy has paid in full for the defense of his country. News was received here Friday that Archie Keys had died of pneumonia in a naval training camp at Pensacola, Florida.

He was until recently stationed in New York and it is thought that the sudden and distant change in latitude caused him to contract pneumonia. He was sick but a few days.

The body arrived here Wednesday in charge of a body guard from his company and the funeral services were held from the Key residence Wednesday afternoon, conducted by Rev. B. F. Fronabarger. The services were in charge of the Masonic lodge in which lodge he holds high rank. All business houses were closed and schools were dismissed during the service to do homage to the boy who gave the supreme sacrifice to the cause of Freedom and Democracy. He was a member of the Baptist church and his friends at this place were a host.

The News joins with the entire citizenship in extending sympathy to the bereaved ones. An obituary will appear in next week's issue.

Card of Thanks

To our many many friends, every one who spoke a kind word of sympathy or sent a love offering of flowers or in any way tried to make it easier for us to bear our great bereavement. We thank you and assure you we appreciate it all more than we can express.

You will never know how much we love you this side of eternity. Sincerely yours,
Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Key and family.

Commissioners' Court

The Commissioners' Court convened October 14th, with C. R. Fleisher presiding and Commissioners Baird, Bauer and Park present. No business came up and the court recessed until October 15th.

On October 15th, the court again convened as agreed and certain accounts were allowed.

A warrant on the First National Bank drawn for \$200 to take up bill of lading on a road grader.

The work of the County Agricultural Demonstrator was ordered continued for another year.

Geo. E. Mason et al petitioned for road beginning at Northwest corner of Survey No. 22 and extending in Northwesterly direction twelve and one-half miles to South line of Potter county. T. F. Reid, J. F. Holland, J. C. Pipkin, R. G. Oldham and John Knight were appointed jury of view to view proposed road and report to court.

W. W. Kuehn was appointed road overseer to take place of S. C. Moon.

Ordered that per diem be allowed members of this court as follows: C. R. Fleisher, \$4; W. C. Baird, \$4; J. R. Bauer \$4, M. S. Park, \$4.

Mayor Cowling Appreciates News

The News is in receipt of the following letter from L. E. Cowling of Mineral Wells who formerly lived in Canyon.

"Since I renewed my subscription to the News a few weeks ago I have been receiving two copies of the paper.

Now while I would not do without the paper for \$25.00 a year, yet I would not give five cents per year for the extra paper, and in the interest of "conservation" I am spending three cents that you may eliminate my name on one of the places on your mailing list. Your friend, L. E. Cowling."

As we go to press the news comes that Dewitt Leverton is very low with typhoid fever and is not expected to live.

AGRICULTURAL CLUB FAIR WAS SUCCESS

SPLENDID SHOWING IS MADE BY BOYS AND GIRLS IN SPITE OF DROUTH

The first annual Randall County Agricultural Club Fair held at Canyon on Monday, October 14, was a decided success. The Fair was held under the direction of L. W. Hillam, County Agent and Miss Leah Harris, Home Demonstration Agent.

The splendid showing made by these boys and girls in spite of the drouth shows what can be accomplished under proper methods of cropping and farming even under the most adverse conditions. In the Pig Club contest some of the best hogs would have held their own in any of the large fairs of the country. This was a striking example of what a boy can do in raising hogs and easily proves that in most cases he is superior to Dad in that line simply because he gives the pig better care and the proper kinds of feed in a balanced ration. Mr. P. C. Bennett, County Agent of Donnelly County acted as Judge. The following are the awards given:

Sow and litter—1st prize, Forrest Gruner, 2nd prize, Clinton Oldham; 3rd prize, Gustav Leebberg.
Breeding gilts—Allie Schaeffer, 1st prize; Albert Meyers, 2nd prize; Bert Lemmons, 3rd prize.
Fat hogs—1st prize, Cecil Dooley, 2nd prize, Robert Bryan.
Grand Champion Pig Club Member—Forrest Gruner.

Kaffir corn—1st prize, Joseph Stocker; 2nd prize, Wheeler Tucker; 3rd prize, Fred Oberste; 4th prize Ernest Hollenstein; 5th prize, Delbert Forsythe.

Dwarf milo—1st prize, John Watson; 2nd prize, Fred Oberste, 3rd prize, John Dinkle; 4th prize, Lester Knox; 5th prize, Wheeler Knox.

White maize—1st prize, Thos. Watson; 3rd prize, James Jennings; 4th prize, John Dinkle.

Feterita—1st prize, John Dinkle; 2nd prize, Delbert Forsythe; 3rd prize, Wheeler Knox; 4th prize, Lester Knox.

Peanuts—Henry Zachry, 1st place; Canned tomatoes—1st prize, Grace Meyers, 2nd prize, Mabel Gruner.

Canned beans—1st prize, Grace Meyers; 2nd prize, Clara Burtz; 3rd prize, Mabel Gruner.

Sewing club—1st prize, Mabel Gruner; 2nd prize, Inas Stewart; 3rd prize Ila Stewart.

Best general exhibit shown by any girl—Won by Grace Meyers.
Calf club—1st prize, Otis Whitman; 2nd prize, Robert Stratton; 3rd prize, Joe Goode; 4th prize, Loe Ella Goode.

Prizes will be sent to Contestants as soon as they are collected.
L. W. HILLAM, County Agent
LEAH HARRIS, Home Dem. Agt.

Influenza Widespread Throughout Country

Schools Close and Church Services and Meetings Are Abandoned
The epidemic of influenza, which has been raging throughout the country now seems to have settled in Canyon, although the number of cases is light compared to other sections. The physicians report that none of the cases are serious and the epidemic will soon pass. Still it has been thought best to observe the utmost precaution and the public schools have temporarily been closed and all public gatherings abandoned. All business places have been thoroughly fumigated and the town has been subjected to a clean-up, although much work along this line remains to be done.

Parents are urged to co-operate with the town officials by keeping their children at home and off the streets as much as possible.

Help Put the Hun on the Run!

Our boys in France are doing their part. Are you?

The Billions Raised by Liberty Loans

have made possible the steady gains of our armies.

More Billions Must be Raised

until Democracy triumphs and a just Peace is established.

Buy Your Bonds

of the Fourth Liberty Loan

Today!

The First State Bank

Canyon Texas

State Guaranty Fund Bank A GOOD COMBINATION Member Federal Reserve System

(THE ONLY GUARANTY FUND BANK IN RANDALL COUNTY)

To The Building Public

You can make any repairs or additions to your buildings that do not cost over \$2,500.00. You can also make any new improvements or building anything new, on your farm, that does not cost over \$1,000.00. Any other new buildings, of any kind, require a permit from the War Industries Board. We will be glad to inform you how to proceed in securing building certificates, as we have the blank forms on hand.

Rockwell Bros. & Co.

(CANYON LUMBER COMPANY)

FOR SALE

Registered Boars and Gilts of the most fashionable breeding.
DUROC-JERSEY AND YORKSHIRE

H. C. and A. A. McNeil, Canyon, Texas

"Insurance Service"

Is the prompt attention to all the details of the customer's insurance business.
We write all kinds of insurance.
Let us show you the service we can give you.

D. A. Park & Co.
INSURANCE

**Modern Methods
In Optometry**

MODERN IDEAS—MODERN SERVICE—MODERN EQUIPMENT
MODERN EXAMINATIONS—MODERN LENS GRINDING PLANT
ANY LENSE Duplicated

L. N. Pittman

OPTOMETRIST

409 POLK STREET

AMARILLO, TEXAS

The Catarrh That Does Not Affect the Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. 30c.

Stinnett Appointed Special Agent
A. S. Stinnett, of this city has been appointed special agent of the State Council of Defense, at and in the vicinity of Amarillo.

Mr. Stinnett will devote his attention to the conservation of livestock, meat and leather which resources are so greatly needed both by our own soldier boys and the allies.

One way in which a great saving may be made is in the number of animals killed on railroad tracks. Thousands of animals are thus lost annually and as this is preventable loss, every precaution should be taken to avoid it.

YOUTH-TIME

The important time to lay a strong foundation for robust manhood is while life is young and the body developing. A growing child needs every possible help to conserve energy and confirm the body in vigorous health. To a developing child

SCOTT'S EMULSION

comes with particular help. Thousands of the strong men and women of today were in youth-time nourished and strengthened to withstand the inroads of disease by the consistent use of Scott's.



Refused to Register
When Robert Brown, aged 21 years, residing in the South Flats neighborhood 6 miles south of Goodwell, failed to come to the school house and register on the 30th day of September when everybody was supposed to assemble and show his patriotic spirit, the President S. L. Rhodes, in company with J. A. Alexander and S. D. Blake, called on him at his home and some warm words ensued and a skirmish took place resulting in Brown getting the worst end of the encounter. We do not have all the details but are reliably informed that Jim Alexander is wearing a blue ribbon and that Bob Brown not only took the count but marched up to the "Captains Desk" and bought a bond.

It is reported that unless a nest of slackers down in that neck of the Panhandle gets right, and gets right quick, there will be some more blue ribbons awarded.—Gymon (Okla.)

A Rush Order
Last week, the Amarillo Red Cross in common with the societies in all of the larger places in the country, received a rush order for masks to be used in the prevention of the Spanish influenza epidemic in the hospitals at the various cantonments. The ladies here were asked to send 1,500. An average of 100 ladies reported for the twelve working hours which were required for completing the task and when the shipment was made, it contained 1,640 masks.—Southwest Plainsman.

One man who has refused to buy bonds each time, though well able, and has made remarks unpatriotic, was made an example of by some eleven men who felt incensed by his attitude this week. One of the gang hinted there was still enough yellow for another slacker a coat, and leave some to sell.—Wildorado correspondent in Vega Sentinel.

The Army and Navy

ANDREW SIMS WRITES
FROM CAMP TRAVIS

The News is in receipt of a letter from Andrew L. Sims in training at Camp Travis, which we are reproducing.

I am dropping a few lines to let my friends in Randall county know I am still alive but it is a wonder from the way they treat a fellow down here.

"There has been lots of sickness here at this camp just as in every other camp. They got me at the base hospital and kept me over there eight days and tried to starve me the first two days but I got to where I could get up, so I learned where the kitchen was and went and got what I wanted. In the first place, I wasn't going to go to the hospital, but on Tuesday morning, they got a bunch of us boys and trotted us over for examination. So they worked me especially hard. When we got back to our own company, I was just about all in but had to get out and drill about two hours, so I was all in, but I managed to get up to the barracks for dinner. Of course when I got back to the tents, I laid down and about the time I fell asleep a fellow came along asking me to go to the special board. He trotted me over there, but when I went in the doctor looked at me and took my temperature. He told me I had to go to the Base Hospital. I knew there wasn't any use in arguing the question with him and went on like a good soldier. We had a good rain down here Friday morning.

There was certainly a happy bunch of boys last night when the news of peace reached the camp and there sure was some noise in camp, from the boys being so happy over the good news. Well as news is scarce, I will close asking for a number of the readers to welcome me by writing a long newsy letter for it always does a soldier good to get a letter from a friend. So good night and good luck to the readers of the Randall County News.

ANDREW L. SIMS,
25th Co. 7 B. 165 D. B., Camp Travis, Texas.

Both the Y. M. C. A. and Red Cross are erecting fine buildings at Fort Bayard, New Mexico, one of the chief military hospitals in the world, situated up in the hills of a few miles northwest of Camp Cody.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and for years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts thru the Blood and the Mucous Surfaces of the System. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Medicine fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, etc.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"We'll All Go Broke if We Have To—But There's No One Busted Yet"

By WILLIAM HERSCHELL.

When I hear some folks complainin'
'Bout the burden they must bear
Just to keep our soldiers fightin'
In the trenches "over there."
Then I want to show a picture,
One I saw th' other day,
Of a little Belgian youn'un
An' her granny, old an' gray.
In each face was tears and terror,
Born of Teuton greed and lust,
An' I pledged my all to Freedom,
If to give my all I must.
Then a new song woke within me,
A refrain I can't forget:
"We'll all go broke if we haf t'
But there's no one busted yet!"

None of us is facin' hunger,
None need fear to seek his bed
Lost a demon in a Gotha
Hurt a bomb from overhead.
Here we go along a-singin'
Only now and then we sigh,
An' we never see a soldier
'Cept our own a-marchin' by.
Folks! we'd ought to be so grateful
To each fightin' Yankee boy
Taat th' sacrifice of givin'
Should be measured as a joy.
So let's do our part—full-hearted—
Smile and say without regret:
"We'll all go broke if we haf t'
But there's no one busted yet!"

Woman's Place in the War

Between one-fourth and one-third of the subscriptions in the Second and Third Liberty Loans is credited to the work of women. In the second Loan the woman's organization was officially credited with having raised one billion dollars.

The women of the Eleventh Federal Reserve District had \$13,006,000 marked up to their credit at the close of the Second Loan, and almost doubled that amount by their prodigious efforts in the Third Loan.

All but five of the 367 counties in Texas are completely organized, due to the efforts of women, who have done man-sized jobs in organization formation.

The Dallas woman's committee is leading the District in the Fourth Loan, with subscriptions to date amounting to \$2,000,000. San Antonio holds second place, with \$1,743,800 subscribed.

**RED CROSS WORK
AMONG REFUGEES**

HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS OF UNFORTUNATES IN ITALY WELL CARED FOR.

SCENE IN BOLOGNA STATION

Alien Enemy Females Put Under the Permit Rules—Great Plans for the Further Relief of Belgians and French.

(From Committee on Public Information.)
Washington.—How the hundreds of thousands of unfortunates driven from their homes in the course of the Austrian invasions of Italy were safely piloted to their destinations is related in a report received from an American Red Cross worker who has been looking after refugees in Bologna.

"An arrival of emigrants from Europe would give but a faint idea of an exodus of refugees," the report says. "Many of them are taking their first journey on a railway. In most cases it is impossible to make themselves understood. They pour into the Bologna station, dragging behind them unwieldy packages, flasks, bottles, babies, sewing machines, hens (refugees have cats, dogs, canaries, bullfinches, pigeons, turkeys—in fact, our rest home has seen every variety of winged and four-footed live stock). There they stand, stupefied by the noise and confusion of the arrival, utterly unable to move, while maybe their train is about to depart.

"However, we are there, looking for just such as they. The willing soldiers who are assigned to help the Red Cross take their difficult bundles, the huge sacks and a few of the babies. We take the eldest child, leading the way as a sort of decoy; and away we go, in and out of passenger trains, troop trains (no bridges or subways here), until we arrive at the train desired, hidden away behind all these obstacles, absolutely unattainable if not for our intervention.

"The train is jammed. They always are. Everyone on board cries to us there is not another inch of room. We pay no attention to them. Our fattest soldier enters a car and opens a passage for the family. When all the members and their endless belongings are squeezed in we go back and pick up another family."

Seven thousand men at Kelly field, division of military aeronautics, last month saved articles which in other times would be regarded as junk, but which brought the government \$3,300. Some of this refuse was old paper, oil barrels, straw, bags, garbage, tin cans and metals.

In addition, great piles of old clothing, tents, motorcycle parts, airplane fittings, engine parts, rubber tires and the like were saved. "Don't throw it away" is the slogan which is prompting the accumulation and sale of masses of materials at this and other camps.

The fruit and milk cans that the "kitchen police" smash every day, for example, bring considerable money to the government. They sell at \$16 a ton. Kelly field ships them by the carload to copper refineries, where they are thrown into furnaces and serve to collect millions of molecules of copper that would otherwise be washed away. The cans are then heated, the copper separated from the tin and marketed.

How to conserve clothing and shoes, lumber and equipment is taught the soldier, who is not slow to see the advantage in dollars to himself as well as to the government. It is intended soon to open shoe repair shops and tailor shops at Kelly field to make the work of reclamation of still greater value to the government.

Midnight of October 5, 1918, has been fixed by the United States attorney general as the time when regulations establishing a one-mile prohibited area around federal or state forts, camps, arsenals, aircraft stations, government or naval vessels, navy yards, factories or workshops for the manufacture of munitions of war, etc., shall be effective as to German alien females. This date is fixed by the attorney general under authority granted to him in the president's proclamation of April 19, 1918.

The effect of the attorney general's act in fixing this date is to make it unlawful for any German alien female of fourteen years of age and upwards to be found within one-half mile of any of the places mentioned (except on public carriers) without a permit from the United States marshal. Permits to reside in or to enter the prohibited area must be obtained, and applications for these must be made in the same manner as for similar permits in the case of German alien enemy males.

Salt producers have agreed with the United States food administration to pack their product in only a few standard sacks and when packed in wood the barrels where possible will be hooped with wood instead of steel. When packed in cotton, salt will hereafter be obtainable in only five, ten and twenty-five pound or larger sacks. Proportionately, a one-pound sack will contain 50 per cent more cotton than a five-pound sack. The new arrangement is expected to save large quantities of cotton and steel and reduce the drain on labor.

Plans for the relief of the 10,000,000 Belgians and French people now within territory occupied by the Germans contemplate the shipment in the next twelve months of 42,500,000 bushels of wheat, 2,200,000 bushels of beans, 3,000,000 bushels of rice, 26,400,000 pounds of corned beef, 277,200,000 pounds of pork products, 86,000,000 pounds of soap, 23,000,000 pounds of coffee, 18,000,000 pounds of cocoa, 55,000,000 pounds of condensed milk and 40,000,000 pounds of sugar.

This amount of food, together with the native produce, gives an average ration of about 2,000 calories—about half the consumption of the American people.

This program is estimated to cost during the twelve months, for purchase and transportation, approximately \$280,000,000. The finance has been arranged on the basis of advances to be made by loans from the United States to the Belgian and French governments in amounts sufficient to pay for the material purchased in the United States. The British and French governments are advancing in Europe the sums necessary to meet the expenditures made there for shipping and for foodstuffs coming from other quarters than the United States.

In addition to the fleet controlled by the relief commission the United States and allied governments are placing at its disposal 200,000 tons of shipping recently obtained from the Swedish government for nonwar zone purposes. The commission announces that besides the food which it intends furnishing these stricken people there will be needed for them about 20,000 tons of clothing and cloth. Through the co-operation of the Red Cross about 5,000 tons of these supplies have been collected and the work of collection still continues.

In its fourth installment of its report the war council of the American Red Cross announces that its expenditures in France for work among the civilian population since the war began, coupled with appropriations for the supply, transportation, women's hospital service and other bureaus, will total more than \$70,000,000.

Expenditures in France to July 1, 1918, totaled \$36,613,982.73, of which \$21,109,632.66 was appropriated for relief work among refugees, reclaiming devastated areas, the fight against tuberculosis, operating expenses and other expenses that have to do with the civilian population," the report states.

"The demands for the next six months for the same purposes are \$34,582,827.57."

The total of the expenditures for relief work and the reconstruction of devastated villages and the care of refugees from the devastated areas was \$5,557,605.75. The third largest item was for a campaign against tuberculosis. This work absorbed \$2,147,327.

For the care of children in France up to July 1 the expenditure was \$1,149,129.70. The cost of relieving refugees will be financed from an appropriation of \$6,212,280.70, which has been set aside for the purpose.

Retail prices of food as reported to the United States bureau of labor statistics for August, 1918, and just published, show for the country as a whole an increase of 2 per cent for all articles combined, as compared with July, 1918.

The increase in price of all articles of food combined in August this year, compared with the same month of 1917, was 15 per cent. In this period hens showed the greatest advance—38 per cent. Chuck roast increased 30 per cent, round steak 29 per cent, rib roast 28 per cent, sirloin steak, plate, boiling beef and bacon 26 per cent each. Rice was 23 per cent higher than a year ago. Beans, flour, sugar, bread and coffee were cheaper than in August, 1917.

For the five year period (August 15, 1913, to August 15, 1918) all food combined showed increase in price of 70 per cent. All the 17 articles for which prices were obtained for five years showed an increase of 52 per cent and more. Four articles increased 100 per cent. They were meal, 127 per cent; lard and flour, 106 per cent each, and potatoes 105 per cent.

With nearly all the stars of the game in the army and navy, football will be one of the most popular sports in the various training camps this autumn, if reports to the war and navy departments' commission on training camp activities are dependable. Many colleges and preparatory schools have announced that football will be abandoned so far as academic and collegiate matches are concerned. Most of the college stars of previous years have entered the service, and the training commission's athletic directors are making plans to employ them in the formation of crack divisional, regimental and company elevens.

Although many former college stars who played last season in the uniforms of the various naval station elevens have been transferred to active sea service, athletic directors are confident that the teams will be even better than a year ago.

To assist in the campaign which the United States department of labor is conducting to train workers for service in war industries the Chicago board of education has donated a vacant school building and voted \$10,000 for preliminary expense in equipping it. Leading manufacturers of the city are installing training machines and experts in production from their factories will outline the policies subject to the control of the board of education under the general supervision of the training and dilution service of the department of labor.

KEEPING THE HOME FIRES BURNING



Here is a little bit of home which may be found in any Army Y. M. C. A. building in the Southern Department. The big open fireplace, the curtained windows, the cozy corner, and the little feminine touches which have been added by friends of the "Y," all contribute to the comfort and morale of the soldier away from home.

Here the soldier will find a happy substitute for the home fireside, with music if he prefers it—the home paper—good magazines—a game of checkers with his chum, and a lot of other things that help to make life interesting for the soldier. This is the social room which may be found in nearly every Army Y. M. C. A. hut. This particular one is enjoyed by soldiers from the Southwestern states at a Texas camp.

The headquarters offices of the Southern Department, Army Y. M. C. A., are at San Antonio, Texas. William E. Adams is the executive secretary.

BRIEF WAR NEWS.

The war situation for Tuesday is summarized by the Associated Press as follows:

The entente forces in Belgium and France continue successfully to drive the enemy before them. In Belgium Flanders the advance is somewhat rapid, but on all the sectors in France the Germans are fighting with desperation to hold back their foes.

The great wedge that is being driven by the Belgian, British and French troops in Flanders now threatens seriously the tenure by the enemy of many positions in North Belgium from the Lys river to the sea including his submarine and other bases along the coast while to the south the Lille salient gradually is being menaced and doubtless soon will receive attention from the pincers which are being oiled for the task of reclaiming this important tract of territory as far as Valenciennes for France.

Meanwhile the French and American forces are struggling valiantly forward in their drive northward from the Champagne region into the country over which the Germans must effect a retirement to their own border in the event of a final debacle. As has been the case always since the offensive began, the Germans are vigorously defending their positions, using innumerable machine gun detachments in endeavors to hold their ground.

Particularly vicious are counter thrusts that the Americans are being compelled to sustain east and west, where the entire enemy front is threatened with immediate collapse, should General Liggett's men crash through the line for material gains.

Nevertheless, both the Americans and French are demanding that their arms be served, and on various sectors they are meeting with success. In the Romagne sector further gains have been made by the Americans in face of terrific artillery and machine gun fire and the natural defenses and great system of wire entanglements which has to be negotiated. Bad weather has fallen over the sector and the airmen have been unable to give their usual brilliant assistance to the maneuvers.

To the west, the French are slowly closing in upon Rethel on their way to Meziere, being only two miles distant from the town. West of Grand Pre they have effected further crossing of the Aisne. About 800

Germans were made prisoner in this fighting.

In Flanders the British have taken the important railway center of Menin, Thourout-Fallen, and the Thourout-Courtail railroad has almost been won. Numerous towns have been recaptured by the allied forces and large numbers of prisoners have been taken. Many guns also have fallen into the hands of the allies. The capture of Thourout completely outflanks the German submarine base at Ostend and brings the allied troops within 10 miles of Bruges, whence the railroad line runs northward to Zeebrugge, Germany's other U-boat base in the North sea.

Reports are to the effect that the Germans are withdrawing what is left of their forces in the north, both naval and military.

In Albania, the Italians have occupied the Austrian naval base of Durazzo on the Adriatic, while in Serbia the allied forces are continuing to press the enemy troops north of Nish.

Text of Second German Note

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—Germany's reply to the President's inquiry, declares that Germany is ready to accept President Wilson's peace terms, evacuate the invaded territory as a prerequisite to an armistice and that the bid for peace represents the German people, as well as the German government.

BERLIN, Oct. 12.—In reply to the questions of the President of the United States of America, the German government hereby declares:

"The German government has accepted the terms laid down by President Wilson in his address of Jan. 8, and in his subsequent addresses on the foundation of a permanent peace of justice.

"Consequently, its object in entering into discussions would be only to agree upon practical details of the application of these terms. The German Government believes that the governments of the powers associated with the Government of the United States also take the position taken by President Wilson in his address. The German Government, in accordance with the Austro-Hungarian Government for the purpose of bringing about an armistice, declares itself ready to comply with the proposition of the President in regard to evacuation.

"The present German Government, which has undertaken the responsibility for this step toward peace, has been formed by conferences and in agreement with the great majority of the Reichstag. The Chancellor, supported in all his actions by the will of this majority, speaks in the name of the German Government and of the German people.

"SOLF, State Secretary of Foreign Affairs."

Text of Wilson's Reply

The text of the president's answer follows:

"Sir: In reply to the communication of the German government dated the 12th instant which you handed me today, I have the honor to request you to transmit the following answer:

"The unqualified acceptance by the present German government and by a large majority of the reichstag of the terms laid down by the president of the United States of America in his address to the congress of the United States on the eighth of January, 1918, and in his subsequent addresses justifies the president in making a frank and direct statement of his decision with regard to the communication of the German government of the 8th and 12th of October, 1918.

"It must be clearly understood that the process of evacuation and the conditions of an armistice are matters which must be left to the judgment and advice of the military advisors of the government of the United States and the allied governments, and the president feels it his duty to say that no arrangement can be accepted by the government of the United States which does not provide absolutely satisfactory safeguards and guarantees of the maintenance of the present military supremacy of the armies of the United States and the allies in the field.

"He feels confident that he can safely assume that this will also be the judgment and the decision of the allied governments.

"The president feels that it is also his duty to add that neither the government of the United States nor, he is quite sure, the governments with which the government of the United States is associated as a belligerent will consent to consider an armistice so long as the armed forces of Germany continue the illegal and inhuman practices which they still persist in.

"At the very time that the German government approaches the government of the United States with

proposals of peace, its submarines are engaged in sinking passenger ships at sea and not the ships alone, but the very boats in which their passengers and crews seek to make their way to safety; and in their present enforced withdrawal from Flanders and France the German armies are pursuing a course of wanton destruction which has always been regarded as in direct violation of the rules and practices of civilized warfare. Cities and villages, if not destroyed, are being stripped of all they contain not only, but often of their very inhabitants. The nations associated against Germany cannot be expected to agree to a cessation of arms while acts of inhumanity, spoliation and desolation are being continued which they justly look upon with horror and with burning hearts.

"It is necessary, also, in order that there may be no possibility of misunderstanding that the president should very solemnly call the attention of the government of Germany to the language and plain intent of one of the terms of the peace which the German government has now accepted. It is contained in the address of the president delivered at Mount Vernon on the Fourth of July last.

"It is as follows: 'The destruction of every arbitrary power anywhere that can separately, secretly and of its single choice disturb the peace of the world; or, if it can not be presently destroyed, at least its reduction to virtual impotency. The power which has hitherto controlled the German nation is of the sort here described. It is within the choice of the German nation to alter it.' The president's words just quoted naturally constitute a condition precedent to peace, if peace is to come by the action of the German people themselves. The president feels bound to say that the whole process of peace will, in his judgment, depend upon the definiteness and the satisfactory character of the guarantees which can be given in this fundamental matter. It is indispensable that the governments associated against Germany should know beyond a peradventure with whom they are dealing.

"The president will make a separate reply to the royal and imperial government of Austria-Hungary.

"Accept sir, the renewed assurance of my high consideration.

(Signed) "Robert Lansing.
"Mr. Frederick Oederlin, Charge D' Affairs, A. D. in charge of German interests in the United States."

SOME TIMELY RECIPES

Green Tomato Marmalade

2 pounds tomatoes, 2 teaspoons ginger root, 1 1-2 cups sorghum, 2 lemons cut thin.

Cut large green tomatoes in cubes, crush ginger and place in cheesecloth bag. Add sugar and lemon. Cook slowly without stirring until ingredients are tender and mixture is thick. Seal while hot.

Green Tomato Mintemant

2 quarts green tomatoes, 1 1-2 cups sorghum, 1 pound seeded raisins, 1-4 cup citron, 1 1-2 pounds chopped apples, 3-4 cup chopped suet, 1 tablespoon salt, 1 cup cider vinegar, 2 teaspoons cinnamon, 1 teaspoon cloves, 1 teaspoon nutmeg.

Chp tomatoes or run through meat grinder using coarse blades and drain off juice. Cover with cold water and let it come to a boil. Scald it for half an hour and then drain thoroughly. Repeat until the tomatoes have been boiled three times. Add all ingredients except spices, stir well together and cook until thick. When cold add spices and stir thoroughly. Heat and seal in glass jars.

Tomato Butter

10 pounds ripe tomatoes, 6 cups sorghum, 3 pounds apples, 3 cups vinegar, 1-2 ounce stick cinnamon, 1-4 ounce whole cloves, 1-2 ounce ginger, 1-4 ounce mace.

Tie all spices in a bag and boil all ingredients together about three hours or until thick stirring frequently. Remove spice bag and seal.

Pumpkin Butter

1 gallon cooked mashed pumpkin, 1 quart or less sorghum, 1 gallon boiled cider. Spices to taste.

Boil about two hours and stir constantly, or cook in stove until proper consistency. Seal while hot.

Tomato Carrot Relish

1 cup ground carrot, 2 cups ripe

tomatoes, 1 cup sorghum, 1 teaspoon ground horse-radish, 1 teaspoon ginger, 1 teaspoon vinegar, 1 lemon sliced thin.

Cook carrot until tender, add tomatoes peeled and sliced and other ingredients. Cook slowly until mixture is thick. Pack in hot jars and sterilize.

Honey imparts a particular delicate flavor to canned fruits. In recipes for preserving and canning substitute honey for sugar pound for pound, or two cups honey for three cups sugar.

Honey Apple Marmalade

Cook tart apples until smooth. Add one pound of honey to two pounds of fruit. Cook until about like cake batter. Then put into jars without sealing. In a few weeks it can be cut out.

Honeyed Plums or Pears

Make a syrup of one cup or honey to two cups of water, boil five minutes and have it ready to pour over the fruit.

Wash plums in cold water, dry and prick in four or five places with a needle. Place a layer of plums in boiling syrup and boil gently for five minutes. Pack fruit into hot sterilized jars, fill with honey syrup, adjust covers, sterilize under boiling water ten minutes, tighten covers and test for leaks.

Pare, quarter and remove cores of Bartlett pears. Drop in slightly salted water, blanch one and one-half minutes in boiling water, then dip instantly in very cold water. Drain and pack in hot sterilized jars, fill with boiling honey syrup. Adjust covers and sterilize under boiling water 20 minutes for quart jars. Seal and test for leaks.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

destroys the malarial germs which are transmitted to the blood by the Malaria Mosquito. Price 60c.

\$50,000 Stock of Dry Goods to be Sold Out in Amarillo, Texas

are quitting business. This entire stock including fixtures to be closed out.

Here is your chance to buy Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Caps, Furnishing Goods, Blankets, Comforts, in fact anything handled in a dry goods store will be sold in many instances at less than wholesale cost.

COME GET YOUR SHARE OF THE BARGAINS

This big Sale commences

Friday, October 25th

and continues until the entire Stock is sold out

JONES DRY GOODS COMP'Y

6th at Polk

Amarillo

A Canyon Man's Experience.

Can you doubt the evidence of this Canyon citizen?

You can verify Canyon endorsement. Read this:

R. E. Hileman, prop. bicycle repair shop says: "Doan's Kidney Pills gave me positive relief from weak kidneys and lameness across the small of my back. I am quite free from all these troubles since I used Doan's."

SOME YEARS LATER, Mr. Hileman said: "I have the same faith in Doan's Kidney Pills today as when I gave my former recommendation. They have never failed to relieve me when I have used them."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hileman had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Baling Gramma Grass

Howard James of Tatum, N. M., was here last week on business, accompanied by his brother-in-law, Gus Foreman. These gentlemen are both old time Terryites. Howard informed us that some of the citizens around Tatum and Lovington were mowing their gramma grass, as it was nearly knee high baling it and storing for winter feeding. Geo. McWhorter, was sowing a sample of it here some time ago. These people didn't have much rain until about eight weeks ago, which shows what a cattle man's and stock farming paradise that lays just west of us, and they do their trading here.—Brownfield Herald.

A Peculiar Accident

A very peculiar and painful accident happened on the Brummett farm northwest of town this week, when C. D. Brummett's young son attempted to drive some cattle from a field. The cattle bolted and one of them made a dash through the wire fence, pulling out the staples as it went. One wire did not break, but stretched out like a catapult and in the recoil one of the staples was hurled through the air, striking the boy on the cheek, cutting to the bone and injuring his eye to an extent that the doctors are doubtful if they will be able to save the sight.—Coloflats (Colo.) News.

Away with DEADLY POISONS
RAT CORN
KILLS RATS, MICE AND GOPHERS
FOR SALE BY
GITY PHARMACY



Forward!

With no thought of bursting shrapnel and poisonous gases into which they plunge—with every muscle tense, with every faculty of mind alert, with one thought only—TO FIGHT AND WIN.

That is the way our men are going into battle. When the shrill whistle sounds the advance, out they go—their whole heart in the task before them. No power on earth can hold them back.

Forward!

The same sharp challenge to battle is sounding for us. We must answer in the same proud way—the way of our fighting men—the American way. We must lend the way they fight.

We must show the war-maddened Hun a united American people moving forward shoulder to shoulder, irresistibly, to Victory.

Our task is to supply the money, the ships, the guns, the shells that we must have to win. It is a tremendous task. We must do it as our fighting men do theirs—with the indomitable spirit of Victory.

We must work, and save, and lend with one thought only—TO FIGHT AND WIN.

Get into the fight—with your whole heart. Buy Bonds—to the utmost!

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ment of aircraft mail services and the completion of a great intercontinental railway system, and also by the widespread study of our mutual languages, histories, resources, industries, customs and aspirations, be united in a general confidence, good-will and friendship which will guarantee for all time the peace, prosperity, and welfare of all of the countries of the Western Hemisphere.

Playing for Time

It seems incredible that any person who reads the daily dispatches telling of the looting and burning of the towns and villages which the German army is evacuating, can for one moment believe that the spirit of the Hun military machine is broken—much less destroyed.

There is an old saying that "actions speak louder than words" and the continued program of "frightfulness" as practiced by the German army in defiance of every accepted precept of civilization and humanity, speaks eloquently of Hun duplicity. The Germans are not beaten. They do not want peace as we shall find to our sorrow and mortification if we lend a willing ear to their entreaties. The diplomats at Berlin, like the soldiers in the trenches, are calling "Kamrad" only with the intention of deceiving us.

While the allies have made splendid advances in the past three months, they have not yet won back the territory that the Germans covered in their first campaign. The German army has yet behind it two and in some places, three lines of well prepared defenses which the approaching winter season will give them ample opportunity to improve to well-nigh impregnable fortresses. It will also give the central powers a chance to flood the neutral and allied countries with peace propaganda with a view to dividing public opinion and, if possible, causing a division among the allied nations.

Moreover, at the present moment, the allies are not disposed to "negotiate" with Germany, and peace by "unconditional surrender" will certainly be exceedingly distasteful to the German government and people alike. They can make that sort of a peace at any time and there is always a chance of defection among the allies or a change of administration might cause a change of policies in one or more of them; so why not risk another campaign, when with recuperated forces and strengthened defenses they might be able to make it at least "a draw?" If the worst came, they could still escape the destruction of their country.

Germany is playing for time. Surely we are not going to be duped into giving it to her and let the American blood spilled on the fields of France, be shed for nothing at all?

Stand behind those boys of ours! Buy Liberty Bonds.—Southwest Plainman.

The Eight Hour Day

One of the surprisingly radical changes in corporation policy is the recognition of the eight hour day by the United States Steel Corporation. The company, in former years has been considered a "stand-patter" upon the labor question, and its new move in conceding its employees an eight hour instead of a ten hour day is to be regarded as a conversion of the corporation soul to the rights of labor and humanity. The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey—also a hard nut to crack, is likewise operating on the eight hour plan.

Radical methods of Government labor conditions, operating principally through the War Labor Board, have been instrumental in concerting some of the Gary's and Rockefeller's that they need to "watch their step" to keep in pace with new industrial conditions.

Fifty-Fifty Support

The editorial reprinted below is from the August 9 (1918) issue of the Stars and Stripes, published in France as the official organ of the American Expeditionary Force. Its motto is, "By and For the Soldiers of the A. E. F."

"There are certain patriots back home who admit that they are willing to support the Army program up to a certain point, but who insist that the yhave ar ight to rise up at any moment with any criticism that they care to make.

"They begin their support with a brick held in the right hand, looking for the first chance to let the brick fly.

"No such fifty-fifty support is wanted by the A. E. F. This is no fifty-fifty war, in any sense. There is no fifty-fifty stuff in the soul of the soldier who swings out over the top under heavy fire."

If you are really with President Wilson, if you really wish to support him, don't give him fifty-fifty support. This is not a fifty-fifty war; this is not a fifty-fifty nation; this is not a fifty-fifty task. Give him one hundred per cent support.

Germany Plans Another War

Lieutenant General Baron Von Freytag-Loringhoven, Deputy Chief of the German General Staff has given us in his book "Deductions from the World War" a calm discussion of the lesson taught by the present war, and their application to the next world conflict.

The book contains no threats to other powers, and no high flown language; its tone is therefore more alarming showing that it is an open secret that Germany believes that world power will not be obtained through the present war, but through a future one.

After a discussion of military technicalities the General says, "In any event, as regards us Germans, the World War should disencumber us once and for all of any vague cosmopolitan sentimentality. If our enemies * * * make professions of this nature that is for us sufficient evidence of the hypocrisy which underlies them.

Again, "The spirit of the offensive which is peculiar to our army, we must study to preserve."

In December, 1917, The Association of German Manufacturers of Iron and steel, drew up a memorial to the Government demanding that Germany annex the French iron areas because of their "extreme importance for German national economy and for the conduct of future wars."

Maximilian Harden, alleged pacifist and foe of Kaiserism, probably adopts his pacifism and education of autocracy by arrangement with the German Government, which desires the world to see how liberalism is tolerated in that "land of the free." For in 1911 Harden wrote "The hostile arrogance of the Western Powers releases us from all our treaty obligations * * * and forces the German Empire resolutely defending her vital rights to revive the ancient Prussian policy of conquest."

In 1914 Harden said, "This war has not been forced on us by surprise; we desired it and we were right to do so."

Germany was prepared to win or was actually winning when these utterances were made. Since her defeat became obvious, Harden became opposed to the war aims of Germany.

The practically avowed intention of Germany to Germanize a huge strip of Europe and Asia from Hamburg to the Persian Gulf, and the seizure of Belgium and Northern France with their sea-ports is a matter which concerns America, especially in view of the fact that Chancellor Michaelis in 1916 wrote to the Austrian Government saying, "These problems can only be solved through the destruction of England."

It will be noted that our best customer and blood relation, the English nation is to be "destroyed." Much consideration should we receive from such a power when our turn arrived, as undoubtedly it would!

With out a question Germany hopes to hold Romania, Siberia and Russia as a means to an end—the obtaining of material for future wars.

Romania, one of the first countries to fall under German political domination today is in a pitiable position. Take Jonescu, the former Rumanian Foreign Minister said recently, "We have learned the villainess of the Germans. It was not a peace we made, it was a German strangulation * * * we are Germany's slaves."—Southwest Plainman.

Said the Kaiser as the Allied sausage grinder started work on his German fodder: "The Worst is yet to come."—Ft. Worth Star-Telegram.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Biliousness
 Just try one 50-cent bottle of LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended to the public by Paris Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine and Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic.

PRESIDENT HILL ASKS FOR CO-OPERATION OF THE CITY

Citizens Must Realize Responsibility

To Boarding-House Keepers and other citizens.

This community carries a tremendous responsibility for the four hundred young people who have come from a distance to live among us for the year. They will each be better or worse when they return to their homes. The parents who have placed them here have faith in you and me. They believe that we can and will make conditions here favorable to the best development of young manhood and young womanhood. They expect young men and young women to come back to them in every way strengthened and helped. There are three-factors here that will determine the outcome:

1. The West Texas State Normal College must, of course, carry the greatest responsibility. In addition to the physical plant and the professional skill of the faculty we must set before our students the highest possible ideals of personal conduct. Our whole college atmosphere must be surcharged with such intellectual, moral and spiritual forces as will make the highest appeal to aspiring youth. I believe that such conditions have prevailed in the past and I shall make it my business to see that they prevail in the future.

2. The second factor in the problem is the home in which our young people live. If I may speak from my own experiences I should say that the home in which I lived while away at school was perhaps as vital in my development as was the school itself. If I could live a thousand years I could not get away from the inspiring touch of that splendid home. This is to say that the Boarding House keeper at a school of this kind has something more than a pecuniary interest in the young people who come to live for a time with us. Yours is a responsibility which you cannot shirk—an opportunity for which you ought to rejoice. If you do not feel this way about it you have no business keeping boarders and I shall make it a part of my business to find who the unworthy are. I desire that each of you make a reasonable profit upon your investment and labor, but I am equally anxious that the boys and girls shall get value received and more. I shall, therefore, mark the places which fail or refuse to carry responsibility for the proper conduct of our young people. In the meantime, I shall be glad to co-operate with you in every worthy effort toward their development.

3. The community as a whole and each individual thereof carries likewise a responsibility for the proper training of our student visitors. We ought to have an absolutely clean town, from whatever view point considered.

It is especially necessary now that streets, alleys and private premises be kept clean. We owe this to ourselves, if we did not owe it to our young people who are here for the time being only. Let us see to it at once that there is absolutely nothing in our midst to endanger health.

We owe it to these young people, too, to treat them cordially in all our relations with them and absorb them as far as possible into the life of the community. They ought to be made to feel so welcome at church that they will never want to be absent from a service. They deserve the most cordial treatment on the streets and in the business houses. Our attitude must always be that of sympathy and helpfulness, and no student must be given reason to feel that he or she exists for the pecuniary benefit of Canyon.

Fellow citizens, let us rise to our responsibility and to our opportunity

Pipkin Gro. Co.

Cash Bulletin No. 5

One No. 1-2 Sliced Pineapple	25c
One No. 2 1-2 California Sliced Peaches	25c
1 Doz. Pink Salmon	\$2.50
1 Doz. 15 oz. Alaska Red Salmon	\$3.50
1 gallon Koo Koo Syrup	90c
1 gallon Sweetland Syrup	90c
1 gallon Nw South Syrup	95c
1 gallon King Komus	95c
1 gallon A. P. Cane Syrup	\$1.35
1 pound best Peaberry Coffee	25c
10 pounds Mexican beans	\$1.00
10 pounds sulphur	50c
3 pkgs. 55 oz. Oats	\$1.00
12 No. 2 cans Tomatoes	\$1.75
12 No. 2 cans Standard Corn	\$1.65
12 No. 2 cans Fancy Corn	\$2.00
1 Large Cottolene	\$2.65
One 50 oz. H.-C. Baking Powder	40c
One 80 oz. H. C. Baking Powder	60c
One 48 lb. sack Belle Wichita Flour, 100 per cent white all-wheat flour	\$3.15
25 lb. sack Best Pearl Meal	\$1.45
One large Swift's Jewell Compound	\$2.45
One 50 pound Pure Country Lard, per lb.	30c
15 oz. Pure Fruit Preserves	30c
100 lbs. Large White Spuds	\$2.75
10 pounds Onions	45c
20 rolls medium size Toilet Paper	\$1.00
3 cans Sun Bright Cleanser	25c
3 pkgs. Arm & Hammer Soda	25c
One 3 pound can Southern Brand Coffee	90c
One 5-strand good heavy Broom	90c
100 pound sack mixed wheat feed	\$2.50
100 pound sack corn hearts	\$3.60
100 pound sack corn chops	\$4.00

We have a car of Belle of Wichita Flour in transit. This flour is milled of pur wheat, being shipped before the order to mill flour with the substitute became effective.

Subject to Change Without Notice

in these important matters to the end that the boys and girls who pass this way may be stimulated to high endeavor and noble achievement.

J. A. HILL,
 President West Texas State Normal College.

Peace Problems

With the surrender of Bulgaria; with Roumania preparing to fight again with the Allies; Turkey eager for peace after having had her armies defeated and almost destroyed in Palestine; the steady advance of the Allied toward the German border and the Germans preparing for complete evacuation of Belgium; and with the victories of the Allies in Russia and Siberia and the assembling of duly accredited representatives for the formation of a new and powerful Pan-Russian Government, it is high time for America to take those manifestly necessary steps in preparation for peace which England has already completed, which France and other countries have long been planning, and which Germany perfected in almost every detail before the war started.

We Americans have been pleading that our tardiness in preparing for war was due to the fact that we did not believe in war, but we cannot advance a similar excuse for our delay in preparing for peace.

When peace comes, it will come quickly. All will be changed in the twinkling of an eye. Our millions of

soldiers and sailors in Europe, in army training camps and on the sea will become immediately anxious to return to their homes. Government contracts for ships, munitions and war supplies of all kinds, aggregating billions of dollars are likely to be hastily cancelled and the millions of workers in war industries (who, although they have emade high wages, have saved little, if anything) thrown out of work and compelled promptly to get other means of livelihood or suffer want; prices of war stock, war bonds and war commodities of all kinds are likely to tumble, and peacetime industrial stocks and supplies go sky-rocketing; and, unless the country is prepared in advance for the change, the situation will doubtless result in widespread confusion, distress and disaster. If, however, the manifestly necessary steps are taken in preparation for this advent of world-peace, there need be no confusion nor distress to mar the universal happiness that will be our rightful heritage when peace comes. However, the time available for these essential preparations is short and they must be begun at once if these portending evils are to be averted.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Biliousness

Just try one 50-cent bottle of LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended to the public by Paris Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine and Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic.

"At The New Shop"

They say we've the best looking things in the city

Dresses, Coats, Suits Skirts, Blouses, Hats

They also say our prices are low.

No Approvals No Charges Just Values

THE FAIRSEX
 The Woman's Shop for Values

7th at Polk AMARILLO Opera House Corner

Now, when you buy Furniture You should buy where you can be served--best

Conditions today are vastly different from those of past seasons—as goes without saying. There is not so much a scarcity of furniture—but there is a woeful lack of facilities for transporting it from manufacturer to market.

It is only by carrying tremendous stocks that this store can satisfactorily serve its patrons

The satisfied person is the best advertisement."

Cazzell Bros.

AMARILLO, TEAAS

We pay the freight to your station—Terms to suit purchaser

Your Visit to Amarillo Would
not do Justice to Yourself
Without Visiting

The Big Store

In fact it's not doing justice to your pocket book. If you want to be conservative and thrifty—if you want the best grades of merchandise—if you want to buy shoes, clothing, dry goods, etc., at less prices—and if you want to buy from stocks large enough to be able to get just what you want—Why, do like your neighbor, and make our store your trading center.

Special prices now on Comforts and Blankets in every grade that you want, at any kind of a price you want.

ONE PRICE TO ALL **THE FAIR** TO EVERYBODY CASH ONLY

The Leading Department Store of the Panhandle
5th & POLK AMARILLO, TEXAS

Madame Grace CORSETS

Correct Corset Style

Fit Comfort



FRONT LACE BACK LACE

The Standard of Quality

Redfearn Sisters
The Variety Store

Peter Myers is in Amarillo this week attending Federal Court.

GOOD UNDER GARMENTS AT UNDER PRICES



Underbuying enables us to do under-selling. We buy in big quantities and get the little price. We give a little price.

Our filmy, beautiful undermuslins will please you in design, quality and price. Our furnishing goods departments, for both men and women, are strong ones with us. Just come in and see what our good store sells; you will buy.

Redfearn & Co.

COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE

PERSONAL MENTION

If you have guests in your home, please phone the News. If you are going away on a visit, call No. 41.

Roy Cullum of Amarillo was in Canyon Sunday.

Clifton Jarrett and T. V. Reeves were in Amarillo Tuesday.

Albert Rollins of Amarillo was in the city Monday on business.

Chas. Harter, who is suffering with typhoid fever, is much improved.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Keiser returned Friday from Davenport, Iowa.

Newt Reeves and Mrs. M. C. Reeves visited friends in Amarillo Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Gamble returned Wednesday morning from a visit to Iowa.

Stephen Bishop, aged father of Judge Elect Henry S. Bishop, died at Amarillo Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Grady Holland are parents of a baby boy who came to their home Wednesday morning.

Mr. Ewell Brown received a telegram Tuesday, telling of the serious illness of his son at Camp Travis.

Miss Amelia Ficke, of Iowa, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Gamble; she will teach near Friona this year.

Mrs. B. A. Stafford was called to Rusk, last Friday by the sudden death of her brother, Marvin Simmons.

Mrs. C. H. Jarrett returned Tuesday night from Granbury, Texas; where she had been for three weeks visiting her parents.

Mr. M. S. Park and wife visited at the D. A. Park home Monday and Tuesday while Mr. Park attended commissioners court.

Mr. R. L. Marquis was in the city a short time Tuesday evening. He had been called from Denton to Amarillo to attend Federal court.

Mrs. C. W. Warwick and Miss Doris Winkelman, who have been teaching in the Dimmitt schools are now at home, their schools being closed on account of the epidemic of influenza.

Dan Quinlan of Knowles, Okla., was here this week. He bought a car of cattle from Bud Jowell and shipped them out.

M. Webb of Denver, Colorado, came in last Tuesday and went out to Lee's Dairy to make some repairs on his milking machinery.

S. L. Anderson, a prominent ranchman from Mobeetie accompanied by his wife stopped in Canyon going to and returning from Plainview this week.

Dr. H. T. Still, son of the founder of Osteopathy has an office in the Palace Hotel, rooms 4 and 5, for general practice. All diseases successfully treated. Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Evening hours at office by appointment. 29-4t.

H. W. Piffs and wife of Plemons, Texas, were here this week visiting their daughter, a Normal student who is recovering from a spell of influenza. They were accompanied by A. L. Terry and his mother of Alhambra, Texas.

Among the recent arrivals at the Palace Hotel are G. E. Megert, Dallas; W. D. Twitchell, Laroy C. White, W. E. Boyce and C. V. Wooley of Amarillo; H. W. Pitts and wife of Plemons; Sam Hough and M. V. Homeyer of Palo Duro; A. J. Dodge, Topeka, Kas.; W. H. Cooke, Clarendon; S. W. Goodman, Joy Coy, Colorado; H. B. Mayfield and bride, Plainview; Howard Cox, Farwell; L. L. Anderson and wife and Horace Park, Mobeetie; Fred McDermott, Ralls; C. E. Harding, Chicago; H. D. Miller, Liberal, Kans.; Frederick Davis, Austin; M. Webb, Denver, Colorado and Senator O. H. Rutherford of Jerome, Arizona.

RED CROSS VANISHING CREAM
(WITH PEROXIDE)
A greaseless cream of snowy whiteness. Delightfully perfumed. A day cream for oily skins. Softens the hard lines of the face. Protects it from sunburn, winds, fogs and cold weather. Affords an excellent foundation for applying Amies Beauty Face Powder. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies and Toilet preparations sold and guaranteed only by

BURROUGHS & JARRETT

WAYSIDE ITEMS

Sunday was a pleasant day. Sunday school, at the usual hour was led by Mr. D. L. Adams. Miss Ruby McSpaddin of Tulsa, a former resident of these parts, was numbered among the visitors.

On account of the prevalence of influenza in different parts of our country, Wayside School has been suspended for a week.

W. I. Lane and family, also Ola McGehee and Leta Gillham spent Sunday in Canyon with relatives and friends.

A few Waysiders and a goodly number from Fairview community attended Trades Day in Canyon Monday.

With profound regret the many friends around Wayside learned of the death of Archie Key, of influenza in Pensacola, Florida. His family have the deepest sympathy of the entire community. He spent a good part of his boyhood days in Armstrong county.

We are glad to report the health of Mrs. E. R. Bradford, also Mrs. E. J. Fisher much improved.

Mrs. Albert Ritsch of near Beverly has been confined to her bed with rheumatism for three weeks.

Mr. R. E. Carter from Pauls Valley, Okla., is with his family near Wayside.

CHURCHES

No Church Services
There will be no church services or meeting of any kind at the Baptist church or Christian church until further notice.

Methodist Church
On account of the epidemic of influenza there will be no services at the Methodist Church next Sunday. We hope that by the next Sunday the situation will permit us meeting for services. Announcement will be made in these columns.

R. A. STEWART, Pastor.

METHODIST CONFERENCE TO MEET IN LUBBOCK
Centenary Day Observed October 24.

One of the most interesting features of Northwest Texas Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, which convenes October 23rd, at Lubbock, Texas, will be the "Centenary Day," which will be observed October 24th. Bishop James Cannon of Virginia, will preside.

Among the speakers who will present the Centenary program will be Dr. W. W. Pinson, Dr. J. L. Neill, Mrs. J. W. Downs, of Nashville, Tennessee; Rev. F. S. Onderdonk, of San Antonio, and E. O. Watson, representing the War Work Commission.

The subjects to be discussed on "Centenary Day" will be "World Reconstruction after the War"; "God's Call to the Church in a World's Crisis"; "The Church's Opportunity to get Out of Littleness into Bigness." Bishop Cannon will be one of the principal speakers. A leading layman will discuss "Can We Put It Over?" and a stereopticon lecture will show the needs of the mission fields.

This year's annual conference session promises to be one of the most interesting and important in the history of the organization and while the Centenary Movement is already well known to the members of the conference, great interest will be aroused by the coming of these specialists who are highly trained in missionary activities.

The Centenary Movement includes a world program based on a careful survey of need and opportunity, and a vigorous campaign will be made to release the prayer power of the Church by enrolling tens of thousands in the "Fellowship of Intercession" and training them as prayer helpers. The program also includes a Stewardship Drive to secure enrollment of millions of Methodists who will acknowledge their stewardship by the payment of the tithe.

During the next five years of the Centenary celebration there will be an earnest appeal made for life service, and strenuous efforts will be made to recruit a large number of new workers for the ministry home and foreign missions, and for service in the local church.

In the next five years, the Southern Methodists expect to raise \$35,000,000 to be applied to war work, home and foreign missions, and church extension.

Gash & Garry Grocery

"The Thrift Store"
PRICE BULLETIN

Wheat Flour, Albatross and Seal Brands, 48 lb. sack	\$3.40
Corn Flour, 25 lb. sack	\$1.75
Rice Flour, per lb.	11c
Corn meal, Albatross Brand, 25 lb. sack	\$1.50
Quaker Oats, 3 large pkgs.	90c
Armour's Oats, small and family size	14c and 30c
Armour's Corn Flakes, 6 pkgs.	50c
Post Toasties, 6 pkgs.	\$1.50
Peaches, Apricots, Plums, 2 1-2 size, 6 cans	\$1.40
Blackberries, No. 2 cans, 6 cans	\$1.60
Log Cabin Tomatoes, 2 1-2 size, 6 cans	\$1.10
Saracen Tomatoes, No. 1 1-2 size, 6 cans	75c
Bee Brand Corn, 6 cans	\$1.15
Smilax Peas, Fancy grade, 6 cans	\$1.15
Pink Salmon, 1 lb. cans, 6 cans	\$1.20
Argo Red Salmon, 1 lb. cans, 6 cans	\$1.50
Dry Salt Pork, per pound	35c
Smoked Bacon, per pound	40c
Swift's Jewel Compound, large	\$2.50
Swift's Jewel Compound, medium	\$1.50
Armour's White Cloud, 5 lb. net	\$1.25
Crisco, small	95c
Crisco, medium	\$1.95
Karo Syrup, gallon size	90c
Karo Syrup, half size	45c
Louisiana Beauty Syrup	80c
Brer Rabbit and Velva, large	\$1.00
Potatoes, 100 lbs.	\$3.40
Onions, 6 lbs.	25c
3 pkgs. Armour's Veribest Coffee	95c
3 pkg. Maxwell House Coffee	\$1.90
Crystal White Soap, 7 bars	45c
White Flier Soap, 10 bars	60c
Good Assortment Toilet Soaps.	

FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES WHEN AVAILABLE

Notice
Owing to the epidemic of influenza now infesting our community there will be no meeting of the Masonic Lodge Friday night, October 18, 1918.
W. J. FLESHER, W. M.

FIRE DEATH LIST WILL EXCEED 1,200

DULUTH, Minn., Oct. 17.—Fires throughout the burning districts of six counties of northern Minnesota are tonight considered well under control. The entire section of the country is being patrolled by hundreds of soldiers and home guards and every blaze that is not isolated by backfiring is quenched before it gets too much of a start.

The estimate of 1,200 dead will be exceeded, according to Major Weaver in command of the home guards, who has made a careful investigation of the entire area burned over. Red Cross officials state 14,000 are homeless.

It is stated that human skeletons, so badly burned that nothing but powdered bones remained, have been found everywhere, and that they are merely being gathered up in baskets, so that an accurate death list can never be obtained.

E. Burroughs is on the sick list.
Dr. and Mrs. Ingham and Miss Rambo were Amarillo visitors Sunday.



LEADS DIRECTLY TO OUR CLASSROOMS!

Here young men and women become TRAINED EXPERTS in Short-hand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Accounting, Commercial Law, Business Penmanship, English, Spelling, Punctuation and Letter Writing.
Call and see us today with a view of preparing for your opportunity.

Amarillo BUSINESS COLLEGE

C. Homer Wileman, President
Amarillo, Texas

Miss Addie Hicks has returned from Ft. Worth and Stephenville. Where she has been visiting friends and relatives.

SAY YOUNG FELLERS—

Do You Want a Fit?

I mean you young fellers just wearing your first or second long pants suit! If you don't like to pay the exorbitant prices those "tailored" suits cost you, and if you really want a clever, nobby, well fitting "tailored" young man's suit at a price Pa and Ma won't kick at—

COME OVER—COME IN—AND GET SUITED

\$17, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$35 and upwards

"I'VE GOT 'WALKING ADVERTISEMENTS' ALL OVER THE PANHANDLE

and I fit and suit your older bud or your youthful elders even better— if possible.

WALK-OVER SHOES **The Famous** ELK BRAND CLOTHES

Let's Keep on Buying Liberty Bonds

AMARILLO TEXAS

Professional

MRS. C. M. THOMAS

Exclusive undertaker. All kinds of funeral supplies or embalmer furnished to all parts of the Panhandle by first train or auto. Excellent stock of caskets and coffins. Work, goods and prices guaranteed to please. Phone 165

WM. F. MILLER

Dealer in REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE RENTAL AND LOANS HAPPY TEXAS

ROYAL CAFE

Good Meals—Reasonable Prices SOUTH SIDE SQUARE, CANYON

R. E. FOSTER

ALL KINDS OF HAULING Baggage and Express Specialty Phone Office 275 Res. 79

S. B. McCLURE

Real Estate Bargains List your land or property with me. I look after your interests. Canyon, Texas

N. C. BROWNING

Machine work and bearings a Specialty SOUTHWEST CORNER SQUARE Canyon, Texas

DR. S. L. INGHAM

DENTIST The Careful and Conservative Preservation of the Natural Teeth a Specialty

W. J. FLESHER

LAWYER Complete Abstract of all Randall County Lands All Kinds of Insurance

W. S. WILLIAMS

Auctioneer HEREFORD, TEXAS Twenty years experience in the Sale Ring. See me before dating your sale, as we handle sales on the Guaranteed System.

Reliable Standard Windmills.

All piping and well material. McDADE BROS. Well Contractors TELEPHONE 162

Maximum Price is Fixed on Bread

The Baking Division of the United States Food Administration, after making investigation of the manufacturing cost and wholesale and retail price for one-pound loaves of wheat bread, established a maximum retail price for one-pound loaf at 10 cents, one and half pound loaf at 15 cents. These are maximum prices for either cash and carry or credit and delivery, and should be enforced in each State.

Further investigation shows 8-cent and 12-cent wholesale price. In many sections these wholesale prices warrant a retail price of 9 cents for a pound loaf, and 14 cents for a pound and half loaf, cash and carry, and State Administrators have been instructed to arrange for distribution at these figures in as many places as possible.

MICKIE SAYS

AIN'T IT STRANGE HOW SOME GOOD SCOUTS IN THIS TOWN WHO PAY ALL THEIR OTHER BILLS PROMPT AND REGULAR WILL PERMIT THE NEWSPAPER MAN PER TWO OR THREE YEARS AT A STRETCH?



Rabbit Is A Wonderful Money Maker
Americans are warned by Herbert Hoover that we face a meat famine. Stop and think for a moment what a tremendous help it would be in avoiding this condition if every family raised enough rabbits for their Sunday dinners, and avoid the one or more meatless days a week which will surely come if the public is not careful. On account of the small space necessary to successfully raise them, their cleanly habits, great power of multiplication and quick growth (big enough to eat 60 days from birth) the rabbit is the very best animal we have to help avoid this meat shortage. The rabbit is a most fascinating animal to raise, and you will derive a great deal of pleasure from breeding them in the bargain.

Did you ever taste rabbit meat? It is comparable with spring chicken, and many people find the white, tender meat even more palatable than that. Scientific tests show rabbit meat to contain the largest percentage of digestive nutriment of any meat, beef-steak included.

The population of the United States has increased 21 per cent in the last ten years. Farm produce have increased only 10 per cent. The number of live stock is constantly diminishing. The price of meat must rise. The production of live stock has bright prospects.

The demand for foodstuffs is greater now than the supply, and the demand will be still greater, while the supply is not growing in the same proportion as the demand. The world is strained to the utmost now to conserve the supply of meat? It is plain that we must hit upon a meat animal that will reproduce its own weight many times in a short space of time and yet not consume valuable grains and food stuffs. Therefore the answer is, as suggested by the Department of Agriculture: "Raise rabbits."

Rabbits produce about 40 or 50 young ones a year, and each young one can be raised to about eight or ten pounds in weight, which is about 400 to 500 pounds of meat per year raised by one rabbit. The rabbit will produce more meat in offspring per year than any other animal, big or little, that is used for meat.

The rabbit makes no noise, no dirt, no objectional odor. He is clean, quiet and disturbs no one. He grows rapidly, multiplies fast, costs almost nothing to feed, and needs a very few square feet of space.

If you will raise rabbits only for your own table it is well worth while, and rabbit meat is white, tender as a spring chicken and yields 83 per cent of net digestible nutriment, which is far more than any other animal.

Rabbit meat can be produced at a cost of about 15 cents a pound, and rabbit meat is selling in Houston from 35 to 60 cents a pound.

The fur of the rabbit is used for making felt lining for aviators' coats and for ladies' furs.

The most important part of raising rabbits is to keep them in sanitary, clean quarters, feed them regularly, and give a little attention each day, and if this is done there is no question but what rabbit raising will be profitable and a success, and by producing the meat you will be doing your part to help win the war.

Vaccinating That Hits the Spot
Vaccination against typhoid is having quite a run. We have one case in mind where black-leg vaccine would come nearer hitting the spot.—Ft. Sumner (N. M.) Review.



There was never a time when the sacrifices and the help of women were more appreciated than at the present time. Women should learn war-nursing and nursing at home. There is no better way than to study the new edition of the "Common Sense Medical Adviser" with chapters on First Aid, Bandaging, Anatomy, Hygiene, care of the Sick, Diseases of Women, Mother and Babe, the Marriage Relation—to be had at some drug-stores or send 50c. to Publisher, 654 Washington Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

If a woman suffers from weak back, nervousness or dizziness—if pains afflict her, the best tonic and corrective is one made up of native herbs and made without alcohol, which makes weak women strong and sick women well. It is the prescription of Dr. Pierce, used by him in active practice many years and now sold by almost every druggist in the land, in liquid or in tablets. Send Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10c. for trial pkg. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are also best for liver and bowel trouble.



Waco, Tex.—"I was in very bad health and I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and got all right—felt better than I had in a long time. I took it for women's troubles and nervousness and it did me a world of good. I can recommend the 'Prescription' to anybody, as being good medicine."
—Mrs. E. O. Clonip, 3005 E. 15th St.

The Seed Industry In Union County
Another line of profitable endeavor has lately been opened to the farmers in Union County. In recent year many farmers in this section have made considerable money by raising seed crops. Two large seed houses now operate in Clayton, and thousands of pounds of all kinds of seeds are shipped annually from this city. This seed is shipped to all parts of the United States and from reports received here, does exceptionally well in the eastern and southern states.

Seedmen estimate that between eight and ten million pounds of bean seed was shipped from Clayton alone last year. This seed was shipped out of here in lots ranging from one and two pound packets to carload shipments. In addition to the large shipments made from this point, several million pounds of bean seed was shipped in carload lots from Des Moines. Much of the bean seed

crop last year was grown in the Sedan and Thomas neighborhoods, and reports from these districts say that a large acreage has been planted to seed beans this year.

Not only are beans grown for seed, but thousands of acres are planted each year to cane, kaffircorn, sudan grass, millet and other grains for seed purposes. Growers find that seed crops are more profitable than crops for marketing purposes, and as a result the seed business is growing by leaps and bounds in this district.

An unlimited field is yet to be developed by the seed interests in Union County. Next year and years to come should see the industry one of the most important in this part of New Mexico.—Clayton (N. M.) News.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.

Fatal Shooting Near Roundup
Friday afternoon a phone message was received by the sheriff's department that Joe Stanton had shot his wife and himself, and asked for medical aid and also disposition of the wounded parties. Mayor Parks, Marshal Mitchell and the deputy sheriff accompanied by doctors Hall and Baugh went to the scene of the tragedy and found both Stanton and his wife in a very critical condition. Mrs. Stanton was shot in the left side of the head just above the temple and the man had shot himself in the forehead twice, both were still alive. He was brought to town in an auto and an ambulance was sent out for the lady. She died before the conveyance arrived there. The man is still living at this time but the attending physicians do not entertain much hopes for his life.

Domestic troubles seem to be the cause of the trouble. They were riding in a jitney in the back seat with

their four year old child, and another couple were in the front seat and were enroute to the J. S. Johnson ranch and were near Round Up when the shooting took place. The parties on the front seat knew nothing of any trouble till they heard the report of the pistol. Stanton then jumped out of the car and shot himself twice in the head.

This couple had been working on the J. S. Johnson ranch for several months. The remains of the lady will be taken to Jayton for burial, so we understand.—Lubbock Avalanche.

RED CROSS HEADACHE and NEURALGIA REMEDY

Relieves neuralgia and chronic headaches. Free from opiates, quickly absorbed and producing immediate relief. Particularly recommended for headaches resulting from excesses. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies and Toilet Preparations sold and guaranteed only by BURROUGHS & JARRETT

The Nation is Away Short of the Goal on the Fourth Liberty Bond Drive Buy More Bonds This Week



No time to count the cost as he jumps into the unknown, as he springs to success or eternity.

Ever worry about meeting a Liberty Bond payment?

Take another glance at the man who does not worry about meeting death.

Then, in a spirit of humility, of reverence, go out and

Buy Liberty Bonds To Your Utmost

As a part of their efforts to fight this war to a prompt and victorious conclusion this advertisement is endorsed and paid for by

The Randall County News

Extra Protection

should be taken by those who take medicine. The wrong dose is sometimes fatal. Those who buy their remedies at our store never fail to get what they order and we have what you need for all average daily ills. Keep well by using care in the remedies you take.

THE CITY PHARMACY
THE REXALL STORE

Liberty Bonds Speak Louder Than Words

Before The Advent Of Woman's Gladness

Women Who Know Take Precaution Against Suffering.



Before the arrival of the Stork, women for over half a century have learned the wisdom of giving nature a helping hand. Nausea, nervousness, bearing-down and stretching pains in the abdomen and muscles are entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, according to the testimony of thousands of mothers who have used this time-honored remedy.

Mother's Friend lubricates the fine network of nerves beneath the skin, and by regular use during the period the muscles are made and kept soft and elastic. They can then expand gently and easily when baby is born and pain and danger at the crisis is naturally avoided.

Mother's Friend is a preparation of penetrating oils and other medicinal agents prepared especially for expectant mothers. It is for external use, is absolutely safe and should be used regularly during the entire period before baby comes.

Write to the Bradford Regulator Company, Dept. A, Lamin Building, Atlanta, Georgia, for an interesting Motherhood Book, and obtain a bottle of Mother's Friend from the druggist. You will find it the greatest kind of help.

Cheaper Grasshopper Poison

A new formula for a poison in fighting grass hoppers has been tested out and found to be the equal, if not superior, of the bran mash formula, at least in that particular region where it has been used, according to a report to the United States Department of Agriculture from the entomologist of Nebraska.

The regular bran mash formula composed of 25 pounds of bran, 1 lb. of arsenic or Paris green, one-half gallon of molasses, and 6 lemons was found to cost \$1.75 at current prices in Western Nebraska.

By using 15 pounds of alfalfa meal and 10 ounces of Paris green, at the same time increasing the molasses to one gallon and the water to six gallons, and reducing the number of lemons to three it was found that the same bulk of poison mixture was obtained for approximately \$1 at current prices. The molasses used were cattle molasses, obtained at a beet-sugar factory for about 5 cents per gallon. Alfalfa meal has such swelling power when plenty of water is added that the 15 pounds makes approximately the same amount of poison mixture as 25 pounds of bran.

It has been found that in warm climates such as that of California, the poisoned baits prepared with alfalfa meal must be used almost immediately as they sour if kept until the following day. Another objectionable feature is that the meal is usually so finely ground that it cannot be distributed without considerable waste by the use of an end-gate in some porer, such as is employed in some portions of the country in distributing the bait.

The greatly lessened expense of fighting grasshoppers by the use of the alfalfa meal mixture induced many Nebraska farmers to combat the pest much more energetically than they would have done if the more expensive bran-mash formula had been used.—Weekly News Letter.

GIVE "SYRUP OF FIGS" TO CONSTIPATED CHILD

Delicious "Fruit Laxative" can't harm tender little Stomach, Liver, and Bowels.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing at once. When peevish, cross, listless, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has sore throat, diarrhea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently move out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.

MARKETS.

Kansas City Live Stock.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 15.—
CATTLE—Receipts 26,000; market closing steady to weak; native steers, \$10.00@19.05; native cows and heifers, \$5.50@12.75; stockers and feeders, \$6.75@15.50; bulls, \$6.00@9.00.

HOGS—Receipts 17,000; market closing steady to 10 cents lower; rough heavy hogs, \$17.55@16.60; heavy hogs, \$16.85@18.00; mixed and butchers, \$16.75@17.95; light hogs, \$16.60@17.65; pigs, \$12.00@16.50; bulk, \$17.25@17.80. Estimated receipts tomorrow 11,000 with fair clearance on market.

SHEEP—Receipts 9,000; market steady; lambs, \$12.25@15.00; ewes \$8.50@9.50; wethers, \$9.00@10.50.

"But the motive is bigger than the money," declared Frank H. Celay, Department Executive Boys' Division. The Department of Labor estimates that \$16,000,000 worth of time was squandered last summer by boys of high school age. This time can be utilized at tremendous profit to our soldiers, but even greater profit to the boys themselves, by teaching them how to live. Every boy and girl in every city, community, school, church, club or factory is to be asked to give. And they must not ask parents for money to give, but must work, earn and give.

Chicago Grain

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Sharp new advances in the corn market today resulted largely from President Wilson's note to Germany. Latest quotations, although unsettled with November 1.34 1-4 to 1.34 3-8 and December 1.215-8 to 1.21 3-4. Oats gained 3-8c to 7-8c and provisions 15c to \$1.

Market No Undersized Turkeys

The Poultry Division of the Food Administration is now sending out circulars to the country-shippers and to dealers in the markets requesting them not to buy any hen turkeys weighing seven pounds or under, and gobblers weighing under ten pounds (live weight) until November 1st, 1918.

All hotels, public eating places and clubs are requested to refrain from buying dressed turkeys where the hens weigh less than six and one-half pounds and the gobblers less than nine pounds. The young gobblers weighing nine pounds at the present time will weigh from 12 to 13 pounds by Thanksgiving, and the hen turkeys will increase in weight accordingly.

Every discouragement that is given to the marketing of young turkeys for the next eight weeks will greatly help to increase our turkey supply for the approaching holidays.

Cows at \$1,000 Each

Six cows at \$1,000 each tells most of the story of the purchase recently by H. H. Rogers, Tulsa, Okla., from C. R. Barber, Hereford, Texas. Four of these were daughters of the famous Domino. The cows were all safe in calf to Beau Randolph 2nd and Domineer, the latter also a Domino bull. Four calves went with the cows, sired by Domineer. These cattle are to be delivered early this month to Mr. Rogers' farm near Weaubleau, Mo., where Mr. Rogers maintains a small but choice breeding herd. These cattle had been located for several months near Edmond, Kan., where Mr. Barber maintains a portion of his breeding herd.—Oklahoma Livestock News.

A 2,500,000 gallon septic tank will take care of the refuse at Camp Cody, New Mexico, in the future, such a tank having just been completed by the government contractors. Seven miles of water mains are being laid.

Give that lonesome little Liberty Bond some company of its own. Buy another.

THE INSIDE STORY OF WHY SUGAR IS SCARCE

U. S. Food Administration Explains Facts With Regard to Reserve Stock; Geographical Complications in Sugar Distribution; Prospects for 1918-19 Sugar Crops; and the Shipping Situation.

OUR RESERVE STOCK.

Our sugar comes to us in definite seasonal cycles. The cane sugar of Cuba, Hawaii, Porto Rico, Philippines, and other minor sources, is exported to this country in the period from January to October. Although there is some available even as late as December, the amount is relatively small. From October to January we depend chiefly on our own domestic beet and cane crops, but it is not until November that the beet sugar is available in the eastern part of the country. To bridge the gap between the end of the arrivals of cane sugar from outside of the country, and the arrivals of beet sugar from the Western States, we depend normally on our refiners' reserve supply of cane sugar of some 300,000 tons. Since our shortage during the latter part of last year our reserve stock has been in a depleted condition. Refiners now have only about 120,000 tons of raw cane sugar on hand, about 40 per cent of the normal reserve supply. Had our consumption in the past six months been reduced sufficiently, refiners' stock might now have been large enough to take care of our needs.

It is a striking fact that at no time this year have stocks been anywhere near those of the prewar years or of last year. At the latest date, August 10, stocks were still not much over one-half of last year's. This alone indicates the necessity for conservation.

GEOGRAPHICAL COMPLICATIONS IN SUGAR DISTRIBUTION.

An additional factor which complicates our sugar situation is the physical factor of the geographical extent of our country. It is possible that there may be an excess of sugar in the country as a whole, and at the same time severe shortages in particular localities far away from centers of distribution. Thus it has been stated "There will be considerable supplies of sugar available in the South and West, but because the gateway to the Atlantic seaboard through the Alleghenies and the Potomac Valley will be congested by the movement of munitions and war supplies for our overseas forces, it is extremely problematical whether any considerable tonnage can be moved East."

It is therefore not only necessary to make certain of sufficient supplies for the country taken as a unit, but it is also necessary to plan ahead with a view to having sugar available in all parts of the country even in the face of transportation difficulties. This of course involves building up of larger stocks than usual.

PROSPECTS FOR OUR 1918-19 SUGAR CROPS.

With the shortage of labor already universally existent in the United States owing to the demands of the war industries, and with the prospects of further inroads under the new 18 to 45 draft regulations, there is serious question in the minds of the producers of our domestic beet and sugar crops as to their ability to maintain the normal rate of production this next season.

It is most prudent to prepare for a reduced production of our domestic beet and cane crops. From our main sources of supply, Cuba particularly, and also Hawaii and Porto Rico, come reports of severe labor shortages and difficulties in obtaining necessary supplies and fertilizers. While the probability of reducing production in these places is not as great as in the continental United States, some considerable reduction is certain to come.

It would, therefore, be unwise to depend on the 1918-19 sugar crops to make up for any deficiency in our present supply. It is better to build up stocks to provide against further crop reduction.

THE SHIPPING SITUATION.

All of the foregoing considerations, however, would not bring about a shortage in normal times. Sugar could be brought from distant places if the demand was sufficient to warrant the financial outlay to obtain supplies. In fact, at this time, there is some 500,000 tons of sugar available in Java of last year's crop too far away to be moved, either to the United States or to the allies, which in ordinary times would certainly have been brought here to relieve the situation. The economic use of shipping facilities in accordance with our war program makes it advisable that we reduce our sugar consumption and employ shipping for more necessary purposes.

In brief, then, the entire sugar situation is an outgrowth of war conditions, and must be attacked as a war problem. We may expect it to be with us as a problem until the war ends, and this makes imperative the restrictive regulations on sugar consumption, although at times there may appear to be a surplus of sugar stocks in the country.

Many Schools Close

Though the epidemic of Spanish Influenza which is now sweeping over the country has, as yet, found but few victims on the Plains, a good many of the towns are taking the precaution to close the schools, churches and picture shows to forestall, if possible, the spread of the dreaded malady.

A few cases have been reported in almost every town of any size and there have been several fatalities. It is quite possible that some of the cases reported as such, are not the genuine influenza since pneumonia is very often fatal in this altitude.

Amarillo schools were closed on Tuesday of this week and will remain closed at least a week. The churches and picture shows were also closed as a precautionary measure, there having been a few cases of the disease in town.

A Peculiar Case

A peculiar case of influenza was reported by one of our physicians Monday. A lady living alone, on her farm and several miles removed from the nearest neighbor was taken down with the malady. She has not been away from her place and has not seen anyone from whom she could contract the disease, yet she has a genuine case.—Clovis (N. M.) Journal.

Some Kitten

While on his way to town, James Lutes, who lives in Elm Creek Valley, shot and killed a large bob cat, the first one to be bagged in this country in quite a while. The cat was crouched behind a rock near the road on Elm Hill. Mr. Lutes shot it thru the neck with a Winchester rifle at a range of about 320 yards. He states that it was only a "kitten" but if this is the case we would not like to meet a full grown "cat."

Mr. Lutes brought the cat to town and skinned it. O. T. Nicholson sent the hide to Amarillo to be mounted.—Shamrock Texan.

Captured Prizes at Oklahoma City

Wednesday Leslie Neale, of Dawn received word from his brother, H. R. Neal, that the judges at the Oklahoma State Fair had just given a Neale Percheron stallion the ribbon as Grand Champion of the Show.

This Neale string of fancy horses is beginning to be recognized all over the country as unbeatable. Last year they took everything the Dallas Fair had to offer, and this last killing makes them champions of the Southwest.—Hereford Brand.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

restores vitality and energy by purifying and enriching the blood. You can soon feel its strengthening, invigorating effect. Price 60c.

FRENCH GIRL MUNITIONS WORKERS IN PLAY AT RECREATION CENTER, Y.W.C.A.



These pretty French girls are presenting a playlet at a recreation center conducted by the Y. W. C. A. near the plant where they are making supplies for their soldiers. The French government highly praises the Y. W. C. A. work.

F. L. Marney, D. V. S., President U. E. Marney, D. V. M., Sec. Treas.

Germ Free Blackleg Vaccine (Aggressin)

U. S. Veterinary License No. 120



ONE VACCINATION—PERMANENT IMMUNITY

25c Dose GERM FREE HARMLESS SAFE AND PURE 25c Dose

Original Germ Free Blackleg Vaccine (Aggressin) (Kansas Experimental Station Method)

NOT A FILTRATE OR MIXTURE

No Distributors or Middlemen

THE COWMAN'S COMPANY

Shipped from

AMARILLO, TEXAS
P. O. Box 1099

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.
P. O. Box 882

Farm Congress in Joint Sessions

One of the most important gatherings in the world this year pertaining to agriculture will be the International Farm Congress (The Dry-Farming Congress), which is to be held at Kansas City, Mo., during the progress of the International Soil-Products Exposition, October 16-26. The International Irrigation Congress is also joining the Dry-Farming Congress on the regular annual sessions of both organizations.

It is probable that this meeting will result in the permanent amalgamation of the Dry-Farming Congress and the Irrigation Congress, under the newer and more general title of the International Farm Congress. Both the Dry-Farming Congress and the Irrigation Congress have been very active in the development of Western agriculture during the past dozen or more years, and each has exercised a tremendous influence in its particular field. The opinion of leaders of both organizations now, however, is that their work can be carried on just as effectively under the proposed combination as by maintaining separate organizations.

Delegates to the number of several thousand are expected to be at Kansas City. In addition, a large percentage of attendance is expected, from thousands of regular members of the two Congresses, in twenty or more states and Canada.

The sessions will be open, and farmers and others may attend, whether delegates or not.

Two of the big questions to be considered at the coming sessions will be the extension of the present Reclamation Act to include swamp and cut-over timber lands and the definite disposition of the settlement of the remaining public lands, most of which will have to be farmed by dry-farming methods if at all.

The farmers and their representatives at these Congress sessions will also have something to say concerning price fixing, farm labor supply, and other matters affecting the welfare of the entire country.

The annual sessions of the Farm Congress will occupy two full days and evenings, the program being of the very best talent that can be secured. Practical farmers also take a prominent part. Altogether these sessions mark the acme of agricultural achievement. Educational, economic, country life and livestock topics also receive liberal attention.

Has a Big Crop of Potatoes

H. T. Smith, a substantial farmer three miles south of Folsom, came to town this week seeking help to harvest his big potato crop. Smith has 105 acres planted to potatoes and informs us that it will cost \$800 to harvest the crop, which shows an immense yield. Four carloads will be shipped to Clayton.—Des Moines (N. M.) Swastika.

WONDERFUL STUFF!

LIFT OUT YOUR CORNS

Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no pain.

No humbug! Any corn, whether hard, soft or between the toes, will loosen right up and lift out, without a particle of pain or soreness.

This drug is called Freezone and is a compound of ether discovered by a Cincinnati man.

Ask at any drug store for a small bottle of Freezone, which will cost but a trifle, but is sufficient to rid one's feet of every corn or callus.

Put a few drops directly upon any tender, aching corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears and shortly the corn or callus will loosen and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This drug Freezone doesn't eat out the corns or calluses but shrivels them without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Just think! No pain at all; no soreness or smarting when applying it or afterwards. If your druggist don't have Freezone have him order it for you.

PRICES FIXED ON COTTON SEED

NEW SCHEDULE ANNOUNCED FOR TEXAS BY ADMINISTRATOR PEDEN.

Administrator Peden, basing his figures on the stabilized program recommended by the representatives of the producers of cotton seed and accepted by the Food Administration, announces the following schedule on cotton seed and its by-products. This announcement supersedes all previous announcements or rulings which may be in conflict with it.

1. The State of Texas shall constitute five zones and the yields for these zones are as follows:

Zone No. 1 (39 Gaia.)	Zone No. 2 (37 Gaia.)	Zone No. 3 (35 Gaia.)	Zone No. 4 (33 Gaia.)	Zone No. 5 (31 Gaia.)	Total
285	277 1/2	285	285	285	2,000
Pounds of oil.....	320	320	320	320	2,000
Pounds of meal.....	540	540	540	540	2,000
Pounds of hulls.....	145	145	145	145	2,000
Pounds of lintage.....	100	100	100	100	2,000
Pounds of shrapnel.....	100	100	100	100	2,000
Total.....	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000

2. The price of all reasonably sound seed, irrespective of the actual output yield, shall be:

Zone No. 1.....	Carload	Wagon
Zone No. 1.....	\$68	\$65
Zone No. 2.....	67	64
Zone No. 3.....	66	63
Zone No. 4.....	67	64
Zone No. 5.....	64	61

f.o.b. any railway station in the State of Texas. The zone of origin of all cotton seed determining the price.

3. The price of seed at the landings on navigable rivers in which boats are actually operating shall be the same as the railroad basis price for bulk seed, to which may be added the current market value of the bags in which such seed are packed. This cost of bags shall be added only when bags are furnished by party selling the seed.

4. No deduction from the price will be permitted except for proven damaged or unsound seed. Proof of such damaged or unsound quality must be furnished to me. No deductions will be allowed for dirt or trash unless accompanied by sworn certificate (or actual written agreement with the seller) showing actual weight of such dirt or trash taken from each carload or wagonload and the name of the ginmer or dealer selling such seed.

5. To conserve the use of freight cars, cotton seed may be hauled from railroad stations to mill points and the seller may receive as compensation for such hauling an amount equal to the railroad freight for the same distance. This cost of hauling to be treated by the purchaser as freight on seed.

6. Seed from any point may be sold at the carload price, in quantities of 20 tons or more, for delivery by wagon within ten days.

7. Additional regulations on the handling of cotton seed will be found in circular No. 40 issued from Washington under date of June 14, 1918.

8. In handling this crop, it is expected that there will be a co-operative spirit on the part of all interests to the end that waste may be eliminated and conservation in every way be promoted.

D. G. Cavitt, one of the Camp Cody, New Mexico, cartoonists, has received honorable mention on his famous cartoon, "What's Coming to the Kaiser."

NO DOUBT ABOUT IT—
THE TEXAS HAND MADE
 is the Best Cigar in Texas
 Made in Amarillo by
The Great Western Cigar Co.
 (THAT MAN BENESCH)
ON SALE EVERY PLACE
 Try one and you will be satisfied.
 We know what we are talking about



The attendance of the Normal students at the various Sunday Schools last Sunday was as follows:

Methodist, Boys 27; Girls 42; Baptist, Boys 28, Girls 34; Presbyterian, Boys 10, Girls 16; Church of Christ, boys 4, girls 8; Christian, boys 2, girls 9.

"Happy" McAfee, a former student of Our Normal, visited us last week.

Miss Ima Sears of Silverton, who has been teaching in Childress, is now visiting the Normal for a few days.

Our Senior Class recently voted to buy a Liberty Bond.

Miss Ima Carson, who is teaching in the Public School at Eric, Okla. is at her home in Canyon now. The school is dismissed on account of Spanish Influenza. Miss Carson visited chapel Tuesday.

Miss Lois Shapley visited in Amarillo Sunday and Monday.

Mr. Nelson from Harford was here Sunday looking for a teacher for their school.

Miss Hazel Allen, who is teaching at Groom is home this week on account of suspension of her school.

Miss Erna Guenther has returned home for the remainder of the week.

Miss Ira Cockran, who is teaching in Clovis is at home this week.

Miss Esther Rogers spent the week-end in Canyon.

Mr. and Mrs. Bella, Mrs. Craig and Miss Bella visited chapel Saturday.

We thought Cupid might have the "Flu", but he is still "on the job." Miss Beryl Edwards, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Edwards, and Harrison Mayfield, son of Judge Mayfield of Plainview, were married in Amarillo on Wednesday. They will make their home at 1614 Polk St. Amarillo.

The Y. W. C. A. met at Miss Hudspeth's last Friday evening for the purpose of organizing for the year. The following officers were elected: President, Jewell Bratton; Vice president, Mary Meador; Secretary, Annie Wood; Treasurer, Maleva McKee.

Miss Lora Keble spent the week-end with homefolks in Hereford.

Miss Mary Walker visited homefolks at Panhandle the past week-end.

Matt Ward, who was here attending the Normal, returned to his home at Lakeview last week.

Mrs. E. H. Snider from Glazier has come to Canyon to see her son, Roscoe who is sick at Huntleigh Hall.

Miss Mary Dorcus Cullum, a former Normal student, visited in Canyon Saturday.

Miss Genevieve Seipp, of Plainview, visited her brother, Lawrence, who is in the S. A. T. C. unit here.

Miss Ida Faye Smith, one of our former students, who has been teaching in the high school at Ochiltree, is at her home in Canyon. Her school is dismissed.

Mrs. Terry of Panhandle was here Tuesday visiting her son, Fay.

Miss Helen Barnett spent the week-end at her home in Plainview.

Mr. and Mrs. Pitts from Plemons were here Sunday and Monday to see their daughter, Miss Lea Pitts.

The Sophomore Class has voted to buy a \$100 Liberty Bond.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Day of Tulia visited their daughter, Madge Day, last week-end. They were accompanied by Ed and J. W. Day and Mrs. Young.

Mr. and Mrs. Mills of Tulia visited their daughter, Joye, Sunday.

The Ellen H. Richard's Club met October 10, 1918 for the purpose of reorganizing. The following officers were elected: President, Miss Minnie Adams, vice president, Miss Ruby Reid, secretary and treasurer, Annie Wood. Program committee, Mrs. D. T. Mauldin, chairman, Miss Neville Wrenn, Miss Lorene McGhee. Red Cross committee—Miss Bernice Parker, Miss Claire Weaver, Miss Clarins E. Long.

The club voted unanimously to change the name from the Ellen H. Richard's Club to the Home Economics Club. The girls decided to give five dollars which was in the treasury from last year to the Gregg Cousin's Memorial Fund.

The club will meet at 4:30 p. m. each Saturday. The girls met in the Red Cross room for the first meeting this afternoon.

Prewitt & Armstrong bought a Grey Orion Cherry Boy, the best boar at the show of the Panhandle Game Breeders Association at Clarendon. The boar was conceded by all the best breeders of the state to easily be a Grand Champion this fall at the State Fair.

Cattle and Hogs

have a higher market value today on account of the demands for greater food production.

Show your patriotism by raising more and better cattle and hogs than you have done in the past.

Our soldiers need meat and plenty of it. Do your part and you can depend upon the boys "over there" to do their duty.

Let us help you plan a larger and better production of cattle and hogs.

First NATIONAL Bank

CANYON, TEXAS.
 Capital and Surplus, \$75,000.00
 MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE BANK

Oil Shares For Sale

I have a few shares left in the Burkburnett O'Neal Oil Co., of Burkburnett; one well is down 1200 feet, one of the best propositions in the field—NO OIL, NO PAY.

I also have the Burk Waggoner Oil Co. of Burkburnett. They have 60 acres. This is a chance of your life, for small investors. They will begin to drill this week. Shares, \$100 per share.

SEE H. T. STILL AT PALACE HOTEL

DARNALL'S CAFE

WHILE IN AMARILLO SHOPPING—

Call in and let us give you a good meal. Located on Polk Street, right in the heart of the business section; it is the most convenient place for you to stop. Prices right. Satisfaction guaranteed.

GOOD PLACE SPLENDID COOKING EXPERT SERVICE

DARNALL'S CAFE

411 Polk Street P. E. Darnall, Prop. Amarillo, Texas

SAYS LEMON JUICE WILL REMOVE FRECKLES

Girls! Make this cheap beauty lotion to clear and whiten your skin.

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quartier pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

Swisher Goes Over the Top
 The citizens of Swisher county rallied yesterday in the Liberty Loan campaign and subscribed to the Fourth Liberty Loan by some \$14,000 over the allotment.

Pinto Beans 8 1-4 cts. Per Pound
 Robert Ley, Sec. of the Bean Growers Association advised us that he is paying 8 1-4c. for re-cleaned beans. This is the highest price paid for beans this season. If the farmers can market their entire crop of pintos at this price they will have no cause to complain.—Clayton (N. M.) News.

When the Alarm Rings in the Morning

JUST OPEN THE DRAFT

Then watch the thermometer climb.

Holds the Fire Overnight Burns any kind of Fuel

Prepare for comfort and health with much saving in coal with a new

Round Oak Stove

From

THOMPSON Hardware Co.

NOTICE

All persons knowing themselves indebted to me for feed will please call and settle by

October 1st.

All kinds of standard feed for sale for cash.

W. E. HEIZER

WM. G. RUSSELL
 Live Stock Commission
 Ranch Property a Specialty



Write what you have for sale or wish to buy.

Office 309 Polk Street, Box 413, Phone 46, Amarillo, Texas

CALOMEL DYNAMITES A SLUGGISH LIVER

Crashes into sour bile, making you sick and you lose a day's work.

Calomel salivates! It's mercury. Calomel acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver. When calomel comes into contact with sour bile it crashes into it, causing cramping and nausea.

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tonic for a few cents, which is a harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money.

If you take calomel today you'll be sick and nauseated tomorrow; besides, it may salivate you, while if you take Dodson's Liver Tonic you will wake up feeling great, full of ambition and ready for work or play. It is harmless, pleasant and safe to give to children; they like it.

Some Terrance County Bean Reports

Clint Welch was over from Progresso Monday. Mr. Welch reports his bean crop this year to be about 8,000 pounds, which he considers pretty good when he got but little rain.

Frank Sandusky, successful farmer and bean king of the Estancia valley, has gathered his crop and started threshing beans this week. Frank is one of the few dry farmers in the country who are not complaining about poor crops this year, in fact, the Sandusky's never complain at all as they always go over the top with farm products. Frank says it takes elbow grease and firm determination to obtain good results. The yield from 100 acres is 38,000 pounds of beans.—Willard (N. M.) Record.

Greg Couldn't Be Better

W. O. Barler, who is farming his brothers place near Stonington, while his brother fights the Huns, brought to the Democrat office Tuesday morning six maize heads that weighed 23-4 pounds dry. When first cut they weighed four pounds. Mr. Barler has 50 acres of this crop and says it could not be better.—Springfield (Colo.) Democrat.

CLASSIFIED ADS For Sale

ADVERTISE—If you have a horse, cow, buggy, wagon, stove, bedstead, table, or anything else, you want the cash for, advertise it in The News columns. If you want to buy something used about the house, or on the farm, cheap, advertise for it in The News.

FOR SALE—Two bachelor stoves.—Vestek Market. 29-2f

FOR SALE—Empty 50 lb. cans.—Vestek Market. 29-2f

FOR SALE or Trade—New Overland car.—Vestek Market. 29-2f

FOR SALE—Bundle feed, kaffir and sorghum, few bales alfalfa hay; will deliver.—John Knight. 29-2f

FOR SALE—30 full blood Jerseys out of a herd of 100, two to six years old. Also 2 two-year-old full blood Jersey bulls. Prices of stock ranging from \$75 to \$100. See S. W. Lee, Dairyman, 4 miles south of town. 21-2f

OR SALE—100 white Leghorn pullets.—T. J. Cochran, City. 28-3tp

OR SALE—Several thousand bales of well headed feed. Also several hundred shocks of good kaffir fodder.—C. A. Price, 4 1-2 miles south west of town. Canyon, Texas. Route 1. Box 50. 28-3tp

For Sale—five room house, just papered throughout, quarter block, near church and school. Terms. Must sell at once at a bargain price. C. W. Warwick.

Miscellaneous

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms. Mrs. P. V. Winstead. 27-dhtf

FOR RENT—Two room house.—John Knight. 29-2f

WANTED—Information as to parties responsible for breaking street lights.—Canyon Power Company. 29-2tc

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, a powerful purgative for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

Was Taken For A Bandit

Mr. and Mrs. Donovan Meltabarger are visiting at Venus. Donovan had the experience of being taken for a bandit several weeks ago while driving with a friend from Denver to Canyon City, Colorado. A posse was waiting along the roadside for the outlaws who had killed several officers. Without warning they opened fire on the car. Donovan was slightly wounded but was able to continue his journey.—Moriarty (N. M.) Messenger.

Sheriff's Notice of Election for the Issuance of School Bonds

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Randall.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held on the 2nd day of November, 1918, at School House in Common School District No. 22 of this county, as established by order of the Commissioners' Court of this county, of date the 13th day of May, which is recorded in Book 3, pages 69, of the minutes of said court, Commissioners' Court of Randall county, Texas, to determine whether a majority of the legally qualified property taxpaying voters of that district desire the issuance of bonds on the faith and credit of said Common School District in the amount of \$1,500, the bonds to be of the denomination of \$500.00 each, numbered consecutively from one to three, both inclusive, payable 10 years from their date, with option of redemption after 10 years, and bearing 5 per cent interest per annum, payable annually on April 10th of each year, to provide funds to be expended in payment of accounts legally contracted in building a school house and to determine whether the Commissioners' Court of this county shall be authorized to levy, assess and collect annually while said bonds or any of them are outstanding, a tax upon all taxable property within said district sufficient to pay the current interest on said bonds and provide a sinking fund sufficient to pay the principal at maturity.

All persons who are legally qualified voters of this State and County, and who are resident property tax-payers in said district shall be entitled to vote at said election.

Said election was ordered by the County Judge of this County by order made on the 8th day of October, 1918, and this notice is given in pursuance of said order.

Dated the 8th day of October, 1918.
 WORTH A JENNINGS,
 Sheriff Randall County, Texas.