



# The Baird Star.

"On The Bankhead Highway"  
"The Broadway of America."

Our Motto—"Tis Neither Birth, Nor Wealth, Nor State, But the Get-Up-and-Get That Makes Men Great."

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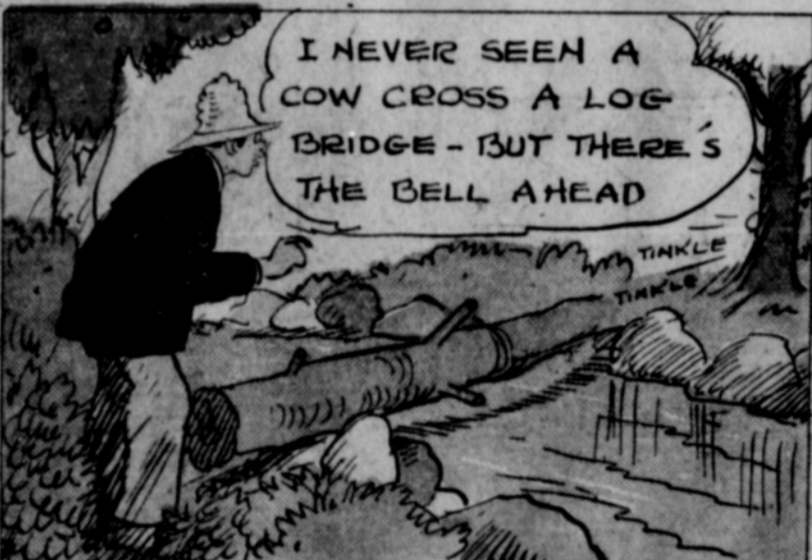
## Little Mary Mixup

BY

R-M-BRINKERHOFF

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off. © 1934 by  
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LISTEN TO THE COW BELLS



## LITTLE DAVE

## Now He's Safe

By Gus Jud



Director of the  
impre-  
of a

### The Judge Himself

...a notable characterization to his American  
gallery with the "Judge Priest", adopted from Irvin  
Cobb's ... (THE PLAZA THEATRE will  
and Thursday, Nov. 21 and 22

...Connell, lb; Allen rh; Dillard, f.

TO-DAY the Bears have another  
game on the local gridiron with Caddo  
Caddo has a good team, but the Bears  
are going to show them up in every  
way known in football. So everyone  
come out and watch them this after-  
noon.

The Company have added attrac-  
tions in vaudeville and music, having  
added several members to their or-  
chestra since last appearance here.

NOTICE, CREAM CUSTOMERS  
We will pay 23 cents for Cream  
Saturday, November 17th.  
49-1t E. M. Wristen & Son.

# Thos. Swift Pioneered Texas in 1860

By MRS. ROY B. FATOR  
R. F. D. 3, Floresville, Texas.

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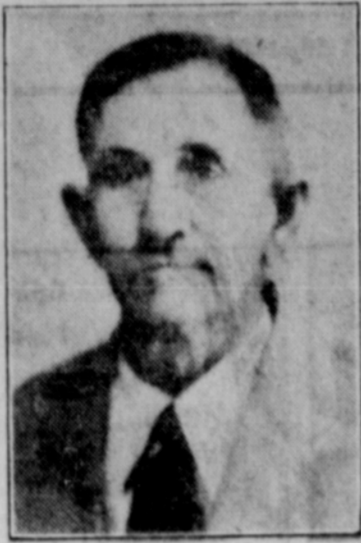
THOS. Swift of Fairview, Texas, 82 years old, is one of the earliest pioneers in Southeast Texas. He was born in Henry county, Miss., December 28, 1852, immigrating when 8 years old with the Swift family to Fannin county, Texas. Three months later the family moved to Erath county, Texas, remaining there until moving, in 1873, to Fairview, Wilson county, Texas.

Mr. Swift married Miss Maggie Carver, of Fairview, March 12, 1874. She was just 15 years old on her wedding day, and of the 75 persons who attended the wedding, 60 years ago, but 5 survive.

Mr. and Mrs. Swift's first home was a log cabin with no windows and one door. Mrs. Swift started keeping house without the conveniences of a modern housekeeper—no cooking stove, no kitchen utensils. All meals were cooked in a Dutch oven over coals of fire in front of a fireplace in winter. During summer the Dutch oven was removed outdoors, where cooking was done in the open. About the only groceries purchased were coffee, flour and sugar. Meat cost practically nothing, since there were plenty of wild game and wild cattle on the prairies which Mr. Swift could kill with rifle.

## Nearest Trading Point

Once a month he would go in his wagon to San Antonio, the nearest trading point, to lay in a supply of flour, sugar and coffee. Flour sold for \$10 per barrel (200 pounds to the barrel), bacon 12½¢ per pound, coffee



Thos. Swift

12½¢ per pound, sugar 12½¢ per pound for one dollar, lard 12½¢ per pound. At that time San Antonio had no railway connection, and all merchandise was freighted by ox-team and wagon to San Antonio from the little seaport town of Indianola.

During one of Mr. Swift's trips to San Antonio for provisions Mrs. Swift and her four little children were left alone in the cabin home. The nearest neighbor lived miles away. The children had been put to bed, and Mrs. Swift was preparing to retire when she heard an unusual noise at the front door, as though some one was trying to pry it open. She picked up a hatchet, went near the door and listened intently. Convinced that the party at the door was an intruder, Mrs. Swift boldly informed him that she was armed with a hatchet and would cut him to pieces if he entered her house. The intruder made no reply to Mrs. Swift's threat, but left without further molesting her or the children. It later developed that the intruder was a Mexican intent on stealing money he thought concealed in the Swift home.

## No Law on the Frontier

There was no law on the frontier in those earlier days except the law of the six-shooter. Everybody went about armed with pistol and carbine.

When Mr. Swift lived in Erath county Indians were the greatest menace. The year of 1865 was a bloody year. During that year Comanches killed many men, women and children. Ranching was the principal business, and ranch homes were so far apart it was difficult for settlers to put up an adequate defense against marauding bands of Indians. Finally the people had to leave their homes and "fort up" for mutual protection.

An incident of heroism on the part of a Miss Baylor is related by Mr. Swift. Her father, a scout and ranger, who had killed many Indians in skirmishes, went out a few hundred yards from his cabin home to catch a favorite saddle horse that was grazing where grass was tall and thick.



Mrs. Thos. Swift

Before Mr. Baylor could catch and mount his horse, Indians arose from out of the tall grass, surrounded him and shot him to death with arrows. His daughter, hearing warwhoops of the Indians, ran to her father's rescue with a gun and shot one of the Indians dead.

The remaining Indians, too cowardly to face Miss Baylor with their bows and arrows, beat a hasty retreat. However, she arrived too late to help her father, whose body was pierced with a dozen arrows.

## Plowed With Wooden Mole Board

Mr. Swift says he believes the first attempt at farming in West Texas was in Erath county. Corn was first raised and later cotton, sweet potatoes, etc. It was while farming in Erath county that Mr. Swift plowed with a wooden mole board, pulled by a yoke of oxen.

In 1866-67 New Orleans was the best cattle market. Mr. Swift drove herds of cattle to this market for the firm of Bill & Vaughn, cattlemen of Erath county. While cattle-trailing he says there would be six months in which his only bed was a saddle blanket, his only roof the blue sky and a slicker. But these were happy days, free of care, with a broad and comprehensive outlook on life. Mr. Swift knows of nothing more intriguing, after bedding down a herd of cattle, than to sleep out in the open under the stars during a clear, still night when the majesty of the heavens are revealed in transcendent beauty.

There were born to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Swift 11 children, 5 boys and 6 girls, all living but one. There are also living 20 grand children and 9 great-grand children. Mr. Swift has been a peace officer and Mason 28 years, has served three times as Past Master of the Jephtha Masonic Lodge of Fairview.

# Nitroglycerin's Tremendous Explosive Power

By J. L. ELDRIDGE  
Fort Worth, Texas.

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NITROGLYCERIN, the powerful explosive, is now manufactured in Texas. There are two factories making the product—one near Odessa, in West Texas, and one near Pampa, in Northwest Texas. They are owned by the major powder and torpedo manufacturing companies.

Nitroglycerin, a liquid, is colorless when pure, and is manufactured by treating glycerin with a mixture of concentrated nitric and sulphuric acids. It is exploded by percussion or by heating in a closed vessel. Compared with gunpowder, it is eight times as powerful, weight for weight.

Nitroglycerin is of great value in oil fields, used often in "shooting" a well into production, where there are hard lime or tight sand formations that have been penetrated by drillers. From 50 to 500 quarts of the explosive are usually used in the "shooting" of a well, sometimes only from 10 to 50 quarts are needed. Familiar pictures of "gushers" are associated with the flow that follows a "shot," although in many cases the "flow" may consist of water and rocks, let loose by the nitroglycerin charge, while actual production follows hours later. In soft geological formations

many oil wells are brought in without the necessity of explosives.

## How Wells are "Shot"

When it becomes necessary to shoot wells, the nitroglycerin is poured into double-shell containers, and lowered to pay sand. A zero-hour clock is then lowered so it will rest on top of the shell containers. Before lowering, the clock is set at the precise hour that the shooter wants the blast to go off. When the hand of the clock arrives at the designated hour it starts a detonator which fires the nitroglycerin. Sometimes the explosion is premature, that is, the nitroglycerin explodes half way or part way down the well, blowing casing skyward and may be injuring the men in charge of operations.

Nitroglycerin must be handled with great care, since it explodes through percussion. The least jar or friction may set it off, while a small flame or a single electric spark will have no effect upon its explosive qualities.

A small vial, containing an ounce of nitroglycerin, demolished the interior of the Stockyards National Bank at Fort Worth several years ago, killing the president of the bank and the demented man who hurled a vial containing this liquid to the tile flooring of the bank when his demand for \$10,000 was refused.

Accidents following the premature explosion of nitroglycerin have been numerous and, in most cases, fatal. About 20 years ago the driver of a wagon loaded with nitroglycerin passed through Fort Worth en route to the West Texas oil fields. While crossing



"Put one drop of nitroglycerin on an anvil and hit it with a hammer."

a small bridge, 15 miles west of Fort Worth, the wagonload of nitroglycerin exploded with such terrific force that only small remnants of the driver, the driver's team and wagon were found scattered over two miles of prairie.

## Tore a Hole 15x30 Feet

The impact of this wagon load of nitroglycerin tore a hole in the ground about 15 feet deep and 30 feet wide, shaking buildings and rattling windows in the city of Fort Worth. It is assumed that the driver of the ill-fated wagon must have allowed the wheels to bump against the bridge approach a little too hard, thereby setting off some nitroglycerin that had probably flowed from a leaky can containing the liquid. Most municipalities now safeguard residents of cities by compelling drivers of nitroglycerin trucks to follow a route along outskirts instead of through main business and residential sections.

The greatest danger from handling nitroglycerin is friction. The least friction sets it off. This is why men shooting wells are cautious about leaky cans containing the liquid. If a few drops, leaking from a can, should come in contact with a moving object sufficiently to cause friction a disastrous explosion usually follows. The victim, or victims, of such an explosion are seldom maimed—they are blown literally to pieces.

Eighteen months ago a truck-load of nitroglycerin exploded 5 miles from Monahans, Texas. The truck was en route to Wink, Texas; The explosion occurred on a paved highway, tearing a

hole in the ground about 7x20 feet. Driver and truck were so completely wiped out that no clue was left as to cause of the accident, although it is surmised that some of the liquid escaped from a can while the truck was in motion and that friction set it off.

## Power of One Drop

Nitroglycerin is said to be the most powerful commercial explosive so far known. The striking power of one drop of nitroglycerin was recently described by Mr. H. F. Schoonover, in charge of production department of Pure Oil Company. He witnessed a demonstration by a blacksmith, who put one drop of nitroglycerin on an anvil and hit it with a hammer. The explosion that followed knocked the blacksmith down and shocked him severely.

Improved transporting and packing facilities of nitroglycerin as well as eliminating bumpy bridges and culverts, including better paved highways, have combined to materially reduce the number of accidents to drivers of trucks loaded with this dangerous explosive. Also location of nitroglycerin factories and magazine warehouses at strategic oil field points in Texas has reduced the length of hauling the product, which years ago was brought to Texas from factories as far away as Oklahoma, Illinois and Indiana.

# Congress Set Aside Thanksgiving Day in 1879

THE first Congressional resolution calling upon the President of the United States to proclaim Thanksgiving Day has been made public by Colonel Edwin A. Halsey, secretary of the Senate, and James D. Preston, Senate Librarian. Congressional records thus show that Congress and not the Chief Executive originated the idea of official observance of the day.

The resolution calling upon George Washington to set aside a day for thanksgiving initiated in the House of Representatives, where, according to the record, there was some opposition before the resolution's adoption. The resolution was presented and adopted September 25, 1789, by the House and adopted on the following day by the Senate.

On October 3, 1789, Washington proclaimed Thursday, November 26, 1789, as Thanksgiving Day. On January 1,

1795, he again proclaimed Thanksgiving Day, this time for February 19 of that year. The first Thanksgiving Day was observed by the Pilgrims at Plymouth after their first harvest in 1621 and was also observed in other Colonies thereafter. During the American Revolution both General Washington and the Continental Congress set aside Thanksgiving Days.

## Various Dates Set Aside

Presidents John Adams and James Madison set aside Thanksgiving Days for various dates. Lincoln, after having previously proclaimed Thanksgiving Days on other dates, in 1863 proclaimed it for the last Thursday in November. Thereafter Thanksgiving Day was generally, but not always, observed on that day.

Representative Elias Boudinot of New Jersey, according to the House record for September 25, 1789, moved the resolution, saying "he could not think of letting the session pass over

without offering an opportunity to all the citizens of the United States of joining with one voice, in returning to Almighty God their sincere thanks for the many blessings He had poured down upon them."

He then read the resolution, after which Representative Aedamus Burke of South Carolina "did not like this mimicking of European customs, where they made a mere mockery of thanksgiving." He pointed out that "two parties at war frequently sung Te Deum for the same event, though to one it was victory and to the other a defeat."

## Opposition in House

Representative Thomas Tudor Tucker of South Carolina "thought the House had no business to interfere in a matter which did not concern them." He suggested that the people might not "be inclined to return thanks for a Constitution until they have experienced that it promotes their safety and happiness." He said further that if a Thanksgiving

Day must be held the States could institute it. He said "it is a religious matter, and, as such, is proscribed to us."

Mr. Boudinot "quoted further precedents from the practice of the late Congress." He was supported in his request for acquiescence by Representative Roger Sherman of Connecticut, who said the practice of thanksgiving was "warranted by a number of precedents in Holy Writ; for instance, the solemn thanksgiving and rejoicings which took place in the time of Solomon, after the building of the temple, was a case in point."

## Five Named on Committee.

The resolution was carried and Representatives Boudinot, Sherman and Peter Silvester of New York were appointed by the House a committee to wait upon the President. The Senate, on the following day, adopted the resolution, appointing Senators William Samuel Johnson of Connecticut and Ralph Izard of South Carolina to be

the Senate members of the committee. The resolution, as adopted by the House, follows:

"Congress of the United States, In the House of Representatives, The 25th of September, 1789."  
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled, that a joint committee of both houses be directed to wait upon the President of the United States, to request that he would recommend to the people of the United States a day of public thanksgiving and prayer, to be observed by acknowledging with grateful hearts, the many and signal favors to Almighty God, especially by affording them an opportunity peaceably to establish a Constitution of Government for their safety and happiness.  
Ordered that Mr. Boudinot, Mr. Sherman and Mr. Silvester be appointed of the said committee on the part of this House."

The original of the resolution is in excellent condition and may be read easily. It is one of many interesting old papers brought to light by Colonel Halsey and Mr. Preston. These manuscripts are being restored to be bound in specially designed books.

## Mt. Locke Observatory Work Under Way

Astronomical observations at the million-dollar MacDonald Observatory located on Mount Locke in the Davis mountains not far from Marfa are already under way, despite the fact that the big telescope for the observatory will not be completed for three years or more.

Dr. Franklin E. Roach, formerly with the Perkins Observatory at Ohio Wesleyan College, and his assistant observer and engineer, Theodore Imega, are on the ground.

Among the equipment taken to Mount Locke by the scientists is a 12-inch telescope which will be mounted within the observatory dome. All the work at Mount Locke is being done under direc-

tion of Dr. Otto Struve, joint director of the Yerkes Observatory of the University of Chicago and the MacDonald Observatory of the University of Texas.

## EASTERN FOSSIL HUNTERS COME TO TEXAS

The American Museum of Natural History has sent a group of workers headed by Dr. Charles H. Faulkenback to hunt for fossils in the vicinity of Clarendon, where many valuable remains have been found in the past. The workers will remain in Texas all winter, having established permanent camp in the fossil grounds near Clarendon. They expect to have a fine collection to carry back to New York City in the spring.

## SILVER FOX FARM IN WEST TEXAS

Recent purchase of a dozen silver foxes by H. H. Allard, of Sterling City, started a new industry for that section of West Texas. Allard placed these foxes on his ranch seven miles from Sterling City and will raise the animals for their pelts. Silver fox is known as the royal fur. Many hundreds of dollars have been paid for a single pelt and ladies' coats made of silver fox fur command high prices.

The silver fox is a native of the Arctic. Allard's experiment is attracting much interest among West Texas ranchmen.

## College Registrations Set New Records

Registrations at Texas universities and colleges for the first semester of the 1934-35 year have set new records, with the University of Texas leading the list. Above 7,000 are now on the rolls.

A growing realization that the friendships formed during college years are fully as valuable to the student as the "book larnin" received is given credit for the larger number of boys and girls remaining in Texas for their college work.

"Texas colleges are no better than they have been compared to the schools of other States," said a Texas educator not long ago. "But Texas parents are just beginning to realize that when they send their sons and daughters to other States during the vital four years

of their lives, they are taking from them hundreds of friendships which are of the utmost value throughout the rest of their lives. Friends make up the really valuable part of life; and friends in New England are of little value to boys and girls in Texas."

## TEXAS AND INDIANA MIDGETS MARRY

At Chicago recently Miss Gillian Porter, 26 years of age, 28 inches tall, claiming Gainesville, Texas, for her home, was united in marriage to Kessaer of Muncie, Indiana, who is two inches taller than she.

# CURRENT COMMENT

By HOMER M. PRICE  
Marshall, Texas.

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## Thanksgiving Day

**T**HANKSGIVING DAY comes this year November 29, and it is become the great festival wherein the people return thanks for mercies and blessings of the closing year. Practically it is the national harvest festival, fixed by a proclamation of the President and Governors of all the States, ranking as a legal holiday. The date, always the last Thursday in November, is not necessarily the fourth Thursday, for this year Thanksgiving falls on the fifth Thursday. Its origin is somewhat obscure, but that it was first celebrated by the Pilgrim fathers, those old sturdy emigrants who landed at Plymouth Rock, there can be no question. When I went to school, which was many moons ago, we studied Goodrich's United States History, which taught it was in the third winter after they landed that their crops had failed and starvation confronted the little Pilgrim band. Many had died because of disease and malnutrition and the survivors set a day for fasting and prayer. As they assembled for prayer and meditation, a ship was seen in the distance. It sailed slowly into the harbor, the Pilgrims eagerly watching it, for they had several months before sent an urgent appeal to friends in England for aid, but as weeks dragged by they lost hope. Now their ship had come in at last with a large cargo of food and clothing. Instead of a day of fasting it was turned into a day of thanksgiving. An encyclopedia says the first Thanksgiving was celebrated in commemoration of bountiful crops that the Pilgrims harvested the third year after two years of almost total failure. Whatever its origin, it was celebrated for many years thereafter throughout New England before becoming a national festival.

## Lincoln's Thanksgiving Proclamation

At the time President Lincoln issued the Thanksgiving proclamation, in 1863, our country was in the midst of a bitter fratricidal war between the States. But there is never a word of bitterness or censure in the proclamation. It will be well to quote the last paragraph: "Now, therefore, I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart the last Thursday in November next as a day which I desire to be observed by all my fellow-citizens, wherever they may then be, as a day of Thanksgiving and praise to the beneficent Creator and Ruler of the Universe. And I do further commend to my fellow-citizens aforesaid that on that occasion they do reverently humble themselves in the dust and from thence offer up penitent and fervent prayers and supplications to the Great Disposer of Events for a return of the inestimable blessings of peace, union, and harmony throughout the land which has pleased Him to assign as a dwelling place for ourselves and for our posterity throughout all generations."

## Why Not Combine Them?

There has been an effort by the American Legion to have Thanksgiving Day changed to November 11, the day the Armistice was signed, closing the World War. I think this could be very properly done, for the American people certainly had great cause of thanksgiving when that war ceased and let our boys come home. Not all of them returned, however, for multiplied thousands sleep under poppy fields in France.

## Credit for the Man of Small Means

I predict that what is known as Credit Unions will become very common in the next few years. The plan these Unions function under is a bill passed by the last Congress and introduced by Senator Morris Sheppard. The first Union has been organized in the Senator's home city of Texarkana. They are intended to take the place of loan sharks who have been preying upon the poor by excessive interest. These Unions will have government supervision, government aid and are organized under the Farm Credit Administration. They are intended as saving banks for people of small means, to loan money to those who cannot give security. This might look dangerous, but the Morris Plan Banks, conducted on this same principle, have not found it so. Not one of these banks have failed and have invariably paid dividends. They loan chiefly on the personal responsibility of the borrower, requiring no security. Only small loans are made to tide the recipient over an emergency. The Credit Unions, if generally organized, will be of vast benefit to many who sorely need help and may force the "loan shark" to ways of making an honest living.

## The "Loan Shark"

I have had a little experience with "loan sharks." How anyone ever get out of their clutches who borrows money from them is a mystery. An old colored woman came to me one day to tell me that one of these sharks had loaned her \$8.00 27 months ago on her sewing machine, that she had been paying him \$1.00 a month as "interest" and had her receipt book to show it. The loan man claimed she still owed the \$8.00 and unless it was paid the next day he was going to take her machine for payment. I sent the loan man a letter, stating I would be glad to settle any legal amount the old woman owed him and incidentally that I had her receipt book showing the payments she had made. He never answered my letter. Although I have met him hundreds of times, he has not spoken to me since I wrote him. Aunt Mandy still has her sewing machine. The pity of it all is that thousands of poor people are being continually robbed like Aunt Mandy.

## Old Fashioned, of Course

I noticed a very poorly written article the other day in a woman's magazine on the subject, "Fewer Children and Bet-

ter Children." It was written by a talented woman, but somehow I thought there were false notes in it. Her position was that the rich, well-to-do and influential should raise the children and then our citizenship would be vastly improved. But would it? Where are the men and women coming from now who are doing something worth while in the world? Certainly not often from palatial residences. Most of them come from humble homes of the common people—from homes where life is more of a sacrifice than a luxury; where there are more children than poodle dogs; where exercise is taken with bucksaw, ax and hoe instead of dumbbells, Indian clubs and trapeze. Suppose the writer's ideas had been practiced in the past. We would have had no Benjamin Franklin who made the treaty with France that enabled us to win our independence, for when little Ben came into the Franklin family there were ten little Franklins ahead of him. And where would the Methodist church be if Samuel and Susannah Wesley had been imbued with this idea of fewer and better children, for their son John came fourteenth in that noted family. In homes where there are many children some great lessons are taught of sacrifice and endeavor. A friend of mine in Tennessee, who had a house full of children, said to me when I was back there on a recent visit: "The best way to raise children is to raise them in gangs." But he is old-fashioned like myself.

## The CCC Camps

There may be just criticism for some parts of the New Deal, but there is one feature of it that has met with universal commendation, and that is the Conservation Civilian Corps. This branch of the New Deal has taken 300,000 unemployed young men and put them at healthful, useful, outside work. Only young men are taken whose families need their support. They are given \$30.00 per month, food and clothing, and are required to allocate not less than \$22.50 of this to their families, checks for which are sent direct to each family by the government. A double benefit thereby results—the families are provided for and the young men put to work, removing them from relief rolls and keeping up their morale. Conscientiousness on the part of these young men of useful, constructive work, is worth all it costs. A number of them that have gone from my home county, upon returning home to visit relatives and friends, look robust, rosy-cheeked, and are loud in praise of the CCC camps. The workers do not come in competition with other labor in particular, yet render valuable service. They clean up national parks, making them more secure from fires, plant trees and help farmers in many ways by demonstrating prevention of soil erosion and benefits of terracing. We have the second camp in my county of Harrison that is making the State park on Caddo Lake a thing of beauty. I wonder how many of my readers know we have a

lake down here 20 miles long with an average width of six miles. It is the fisherman's paradise and is visited by thousands every year. Hundreds of acres have been secured for a State park along this lake and these CCC boys are making it one of the most enticing recreative spots in the entire Southwest.

## Is There Honor Among Thieves?

It has been said "there is honor among thieves" and recent happenings go to prove it. In California last year two kidnapers were sent to the State penitentiary at San Quentin and the warden has said that no prisoner speaks to or in anyway recognizes either of these kidnapers. Bruno Hauptmann, kidnaper of the Lindbergh child, has met with the same isolation in the prisons to which he has been incarcerated, except in his case he has been subjected to hissing and booing of other prisoners. Even the most hardened criminal, unless a degenerate, is ready to protect an innocent child; will not steal a baby and collect blood money for its return, knowing that the baby has been brutally murdered and buried like a beast of the field.

## Does Not Pay

Last month a Texas criminal paid the penalty to society for his numerous crimes by going to the electric chair. As he walked into the death chamber he said: "Boys, it don't pay. I have been wrong all my life, but I have made my peace with my Maker and am not afraid to go the last mile." Pity 'tis true that while he may have been sincerely penitent that penitence will not restore the life of at least three men he ruthlessly killed. There is always a crowd of young men coming on who believe crime does pay and the only way they are convinced otherwise is when they come to the death chamber. Crime does not pay—the man traveling the last mile will tell you so.

## Is Industrial Peace Possible?

The President's proposition to industry and labor that they agree to industrial peace during the time efforts are being made to bring about recovery is bearing results. Apparently both sides are stepping into line and we may look for fewer strikes in the near future. The President proposes to set up a mediation board to which all grievances shall be taken. The San Francisco longshoreman's strike is said to have cost in all, to strikers, employers and the public, \$250,000,000; while the textile strike cost at least \$100,000,000. Now, what was gained by either side in these two strikes? Both were finally settled by an agreement to let the government's mediation board decide the points at issue. And this was exactly what the mediation board offered to do before the strike was called. There certainly should be some better way than the strike to curb unreasonable employers and equally unreasonable employees. The President is trying to point the way.

## How Will You Vote?

It is time for the cotton farmers of the Southwest to begin thinking whether they want the Bankhead cotton control bill to operate next year. The plan is to take a vote of the cotton farmers on the question. It requires a two-thirds vote in favor to make its provisions apply to next year's cotton crop. I do not know how this vote will be secured, but presume it will be taken by county agents as was done in the corn-hog program. That the Bankhead bill has been an advantage to Texas, Oklahoma and Arkansas this year can hardly be questioned. Except for the drought the result might have been different. To farmers in Alabama and Mississippi, where there are good yields, the bill is a disadvantage. It has caused them to buy tags for all cotton sold above their allowable. Presuming that next season will be normal in the Southwest should cause our farmers to study the question very seriously. They should look into the probability of other cotton countries increasing their yield while the United States reduces its yield of cotton. Just now our exports of cotton are far below last year. The South must determine whether it is best to confine the cotton yield to domestic consumption or try to dominate world markets as in the past. We have been exporting during the last 20 years 52 per cent of our cotton. Our domestic mills have been buying around 6,500,000 bales annually. The huge world carryover of American cotton reached 13,000,000 bales before AAA cotton adjustment programs began. In two cotton seasons the world carryover has been cut down to about 10,634,000 bales. It is said the AAA does not aim at permanent cotton reduction.

## Scientists Puzzled

The scientists are puzzled. They have found a huge dinosaur, one of those monstrous prehistoric animals, frozen in an iceberg in the Arctic ocean. It was in fine state of preservation, the entire body intact. The scientists claim the dinosaurs roamed over the earth no less than 120,000 years ago. But here is what makes these long-haired thinkers pull their whiskers. In the animal's stomach were found tropical fruit and plants only slightly digested. Scientists figure these plants and fruits could not have been in the dinosaur's stomach more than 24 hours before he was frozen. Yet, the tropical fruits were situated no less than 6,000 miles from where the weather was cold enough to freeze a mouse, let alone a ten-ton dinosaur. How did he make this trip of 6,000 miles in 24 hours. The scientists don't know and I don't know, either. They can only guess that something happened on our sphere that has never happened since—some great cataclysm took place, but what? I'm going to let the scientist worry about it, but really it's something to think about. There has been some queer doings on this old earth since God said: "Let there be light and there was light."

# Answering Critics on My Gallant War Record

By JOE SAPPINGTON  
522 Sedwich Ave., Waco, Texas.

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**S**INCE early childhood I have been intensely patriotic, have wanted to slay the enemies of my country, and it's no fault of mine that I did not fight in the last three wars in which Uncle Sam was engaged.

But some carping critics have wanted to know why I fought only with my tongue when I could have faced the enemy on the gory battle field. To all such insidious criticism I have made no reply, but will take this occasion to say that it was circumstances over which I had no control that kept me from covering myself with military glory.

I took no part in the war between the States for the simple reason that that war was over before the stork brought me into the

world. However, no boy in the Cave Creek community did more to keep the war spirit alive than I. The war between the States began to rankle in my bosom ere I shed my last milk teeth and continued to rankle until I blossomed into manhood. I was always an uncompromising "Confederate," never missing an opportunity to lambast the Yankees.

## In Behalf of the Confederacy

My first public appearance in behalf of the Confederacy was a speech delivered at the commencement exercises of the Cave Creek public school. Just a barefoot boy with a large patch on the seat of my pants, I courageously faced a discerning audience and defied in



"Just a barefoot boy with a large patch on the seat of my pants."

clarion tones every man, woman and child north of the Mason and Dixon line, double-dog daring them for one more chance

to lick them to a frazzle. As I closed that memorable address, Uncle Bob Hancock, who had donated a leg to the Yankees at Vicksburg, gave a rebel yell, threw his arms around me and shouted: "That's the right spirit, Joe, give 'em Yankees h—l, ever time!"

When father heard about my Cave Creek school speech and the enthusiastic remark of Uncle Bob, he led me out behind the barn and explained to me in gentle though unmistakable words, emphasized with a leather-strop, that the war was over, no matter what Uncle Bob and I thought about it, and for me to make no more speeches against the government.

My war-like spirit suffered a jolt with that paternal rebuke, and outwardly for a while, at least, I was just a plain country boy with nothing particularly on my mind. Nevertheless at heart I was a rebel and a staunch defender of the Lost Cause, secretly doing everything I could against suspected Yankees.

## Case of Phil Hobbs

Looking back over my hectic career as a "Confederate" soldier, I confess there were times when I acted hastily. Take the case of Phil Hobbs, a quiet in-

offensive fellow, who moved to Cave Creek a short while after my school-house speech. No one knew how Hobbs stood on the war, or whether he had been a Federal soldier, but he talked through his nose and wore a blue overcoat—so we youngsters decided he was a Yankee and proceeded to whip his two boys and tie a tin can to his dog's tail.

Another case in point was Buzz Denton. Buzz was swell-headed and wore shoes in summer-time, which put him in the aristocratic class. He had a good war-record on his daddy's side but a poor one on his mother's side. It finally leaked out that his mother's stepfather had fought on the side of the Yankees. That was enough. Four of us boys held a council-of-war to decide Buzz's war status, and the first ballot we cast settled beyond doubt that he was a Yank of the worst type who deserved a good licking. But we underestimated Buzz. He put up such a game fight that it took three of our gang to whip the "Yankee" out of him.

## Too Many Corps

Coming on down to the Spanish-American war, and why I failed to shoulder a gun and march to the de-

fense of my country, will answer those critics who say I do all my fighting at long range with the single statement that the army officer to whom I applied for enlistment turned me down because I had too many corns on my toes and a bad case of yellow jaundice.

That jaundice kept me puny for months, but didn't dampen my war-like zeal. I wanted to avenge the sinking of the Maine and became suspicious of everybody who spoke Spanish. I came near to serious trouble with old Hidalgo, a hot tamale peddler, at the time Richard Hobson sank the Merrimac. I asked Hidalgo point blank how he stood on the war and he replied, "Me no sabe!" I knew he was lying and started to pull his nose, but changed my mind when he jerked a long dagger from beneath his tattered coat and threatened to stab me.

When we entered the World War, I saw it was my last chance to fight for my beloved country, so I boldly presented myself to a recruiting officer. He looked at my bald head, my remnant of gray hair, grinned admiringly, and then said:

"I'm afraid you are too old to fight in this war, but I'll bet you made a rattling good soldier in the Civil War."

## HIGHWAY FROM CANADA TO MEXICO CITY IS AIM

A highway from Canada to Mexico City is the aim of the Lone Star Trail Association, directors of which met recently in Coleman. In Texas the route of the Trail is from Vernon to Albany, to Bard, Coleman, Brady, Mason, Fredericksburg and San Antonio. The directors believe all the unpaved gaps in the trail will be paved within the year, and that it will be ready for

large crop. Reports show that about 60 per cent of a normal crop is expected with total income from Texas turkeys placed around \$4,000,000. The birds are said to be in better condition than usual this year, largely due to the turkey grading schools, which taught farmers the defects in their birds and how to guard against them in order to market turkeys grading high and bringing quality prices.

## PRACTICAL DROUGHT RELIEF PLANS

J. W. Chapman, dam-building engineer of the Texas Department of Agriculture, speaks before the Ki-

wanis Club of Fort Worth recently, described the methods used in construction of more than 600 low water dams in Texas in the past two years as a measure to combat drought.

Chapman believes that 100,000 of these dams will hold enough water to assure the State an adequate supply even during the longest droughts. Also he says they will insure the best fishing in any State of the Union.

Chapman told of one West Texas county where 37,000 families were in need of drinking water. He believes his plan will assure drinking water, stock water and perhaps water for irrigation every month in the year.

At about the same time came the announcement that the 10 CCC camps in Texas have constructed 7483 check dams in the soil erosion campaign. Of these 2694 are of concrete and 4789 of rock masonry, which ought to go a long way in drought aid.

## MILLION BALES UNDER "ALLOWABLE"

The government's Texas cotton crop estimates of 2,345,000 bales is about a million bales under the allowable for this State of tax-free cotton under the Bankhead Act.

This means that Texans will have the right to sell, under direction of the

AAA, tax-free certificates on that million bales. Whether there will be a market for these certificates is a matter of doubt, although the AAA expects to sell a large number of them on the basis of \$20 per bale. When this is done the proceeds will be prorated among the farmers pooling the certificates for sale. The remaining certificates will then be prorated and returned to the owners to be used next year if the Bankhead Act shall be continued in force.

He shall not judge after the sight of his eyes, neither approve after the hearing of his ears. Isa. 11:3.

TEXAS CROPPERS  
FORT WORTH

Director of the  
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THE JUDGE HIMSELF  
A notable characterization to his American  
"Judge Priest", adopted from Irvin  
THE PLAZA THEATRE will  
and Thursday, Nov. 21 and 22

TO-DAY the Bears have another  
game on the local gridiron with Caddo  
Caddo has a good team, but the Bears  
are going to show them up in every  
way known in football. So everyone  
come out and watch them this after-  
noon.

added attrac-  
tions in vaudeville and music, having  
added several members to their or-  
chestra since last appearance here.

NOTICE, CREAM CUSTOMERS  
We will pay 23 cents for Cream  
Saturday, November 17th.  
49-11  
E. M. Wristen & Son.

added attrac-  
tions in vaudeville and music, having  
added several members to their or-  
chestra since last appearance here.

added attrac-  
tions in vaudeville and music, having  
added several members to their or-  
chestra since last appearance here.

### URGES TEXAS RANGER EXHIBIT

George B. Black, of Comanche, major of the Texas Ex-Rangers' Association, declares a Centennial celebration which does not commemorate the Texas ranger will not truly represent the spirit of Texas.

Black will urge a Texas ranger exhibit that will reflect the true history of that band of fighters who made Texas safe for humanity.

"The Texas rangers of the old days were the most picturesque fighting force ever known. They patrolled a State as large as some countries and kept law and order in a land just being settled and beset by both Indians and outlaws," says Black. "Those old rangers carved for themselves a place in the glorious history of Texas and proper recognition should be given them in the celebration of the Centennial."

### FARM CENSUS FOR TEXAS

The United States Census Bureau is to take a farm census of the entire country, starting as soon after the November election as possible. In Texas the work is expected to employ about 1,400 persons who will be named in each district by the member of Congress for that district. Each of 13 districts in Texas—not congressional but census districts—will have a supervisor and 1,360 enumerators.

The supervising districts planned for Texas, listing headquarters for each, the number of counties in each, and the number of enumerators are as follows: Amarillo, 26 counties, 65 enumerators; Lubbock, 27 and 91; Wichita Falls, 12 and 61; Dallas (including Tarrant county), 14 and 155; Texarkana, 19 and 225; El Paso, 30 and 68; Brownwood, 19 and 84; Waco, 15 and 186; Houston (including Galveston county), 14 and 100; Jasper, 14 and 114; San Antonio, 22 and 79; Brenham, 22 and 173; Brownsville, 20 and 59.

### STATE FLOWERS FOR TEXAS CENTENNIAL

The red rose and the bluebonnet will be the State flowers for Centennial Year.

Women's clubs and chambers of commerce all over the State will be asked to see that literally acres of these flowers shall be planted along main highways.

In addition to the State flowers, many sections of Texas will derive an additional flower "motif" from the blooms already chosen as city flowers by metropolitan sections. For example, Fort Worth is well known for its redbud—a shrub growing into a tree of fair size along most of the highways of Tarrant county and in all the parks of that city. Galveston is famous for its oleanders, which have given that city its nickname. Houston has chosen the crepe myrtle for its flower. Other cities are expected to name their "centennial year flowers" in time for planting to get well under way before Christmas.

### TEXAS PEANUT CROP ABOVE AVERAGE

Gathering of the Texas peanut crop, which began about the middle of October, developed that the yield is above the average, the price running from 80 cents for the best down to 40 cents a bushel for the poorest grades.

With forage very scarce in Texas due to the long drouth, peanut growers are finding additional source of income in the peanut hay, which has found ready sale at \$15 to \$20 a ton.

The Agricultural Adjustment Administration has developed a plan whereby the 1935 peanut crop will largely be diverted to feed and oil purposes, with the farmer receiving a much higher price for his crop. One-fifth of the crop grown by each farmer may be so diverted, and the AAA will pay the farmer \$15 per ton for the peanuts so diverted. Farmers signing contracts for 1935 will also agree to reduce their acreage slightly and for so doing will be paid a bonus of \$8 per ton on their 1934 crop, this bonus being in the neighborhood of 12 cents per bushel of 30 pounds, which bonus will apply on all nuts harvested this year.

### TEXAS KID SKINS MAKE BEAUTIFUL CAPE

Mrs. Etta W. Ringgold, home demonstration agent for San Saba county, wears a beautiful cape made of Texas Angora kid skins. Mrs. Willa Hutchison of Sonora made the cape. From the killing of the kid to the wearing of the cape required just one week. Mrs. Ringgold has specialized in planting the wild shrubs of Texas to make pretty yards. She says that women in any community in the State can have beautiful yards at no cost by planting the shrubs they can find growing wild near their homes.

### BORN IN REPUBLIC OF TEXAS

General A. L. Steele of Houston, State commander of United Confederate Veterans, who presided over the sessions of that organization at Mineral Wells recently, is a real Texan, having been born in the Republic of Texas in 1841.

General Steele enlisted from Limestone county and served in Company F. R. Q., Mills regiment, Granberry's brigade, Pat Cleburne's division, Army of Texas, in the forces of the Confederate States of America.

His father fought at the Battle of San Jacinto and lived to be 93 years of age. General Steele plans to live 100 years and attributes his good health to the fact that he has lived all his life on a Texas ranch.

### 72 TEXAS PARKS IMPROVED

Latest official reports estimate that 72 Texas State Parks have been improved by the Federal government. The 72 contained 258,504 acres of Texas land donated to Texans for playgrounds and recreative spots. Expenditure by the Federal government of something like \$6,000,000 on these parks this year and a possibly like amount next year are expected to make them more attractive to the millions of visitors to the Texas Centennial in 1936.

### MEETING OF "TRAIL BLAZERS" ASSOCIATION

The "Trail Blazers" Association held its annual session and barbecue at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bob Edwards, of Okra, this year and elected G. W. Plummer of May—92 years young—to be its president for life.

Oldest member of the association present was Capt. A. M. Curry, of Pioneer, who will be 96 next January.

### TEXAS PECAN CROP ESTIMATED

About 29 per cent of a normal pecan crop, or about 12,000,000 pounds, will be gathered in Texas this year, expert estimates show. Last year there was a 50 per cent production and about 24,000,000 pounds were marketed. The five-year average production of pecans in Texas is placed at 20,720,000 pounds. Prices this year are expected to range from 8 to 10 cents for the common run of wild pecans to 25 to 35 cents for best cultivated thin shells. Many new orchards have come into bearing this year.

### HAWAII CHICKENS ENTER CONTEST

The annual egg-laying contest conducted by John Tarleton College has been widely advertised and its sponsors were well aware that poultrymen in many parts of the United States would watch the results, but arrival of 14 White Wyandotte hens from Y. W. Ow of Paia Maui, Hawaii, opened their eyes to the fact that the whole world is interested in this Texas poultry test.

It costs \$56.20 to send these chickens to Stephenville and it will cost a like amount to return them to Hawaii. They arrived in good condition and are expected to furnish hard competition for birds from nearer home in the Tarleton College egg-production contest.

### "SMALL DEBTOR'S COURT" PROPOSED

An innovation in Texas courts was proposed by Representative George Purl of Dallas county to a recent special session of the Texas legislature. Purl would establish a "small debtor's court" where collection of debts less than \$20 could be adjudicated at little expense.

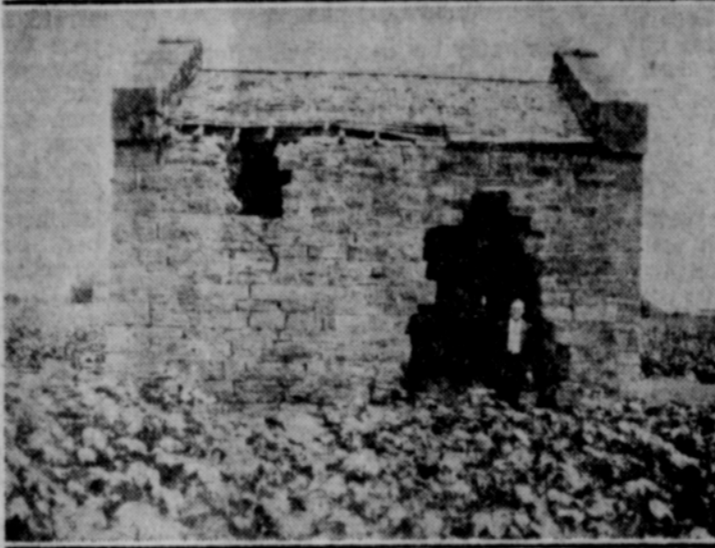
In urging his bill, Purl said that at this time it costs \$3 to collect a \$1 account. "Under the proposed bill the small claimant would be saved court costs and fees. A poor man, refused payment for mowing a lawn, could go into the small debtor's court, present his claim and get judgment at no cost."

### MOTION PICTURE OF "MOHAIR VELVET"

West Texas is the mohair center of the United States with the largest number of Angora goats of any State. It is therefore fitting that the picture, "Mohair Velvet," should be first exhibited there.

This picture shows the raising of Angora goats, the clipping of their fleece, and the making of mohair into velvet in the plant of the Collins & Aikman Corporation, largest manufacturers of mohair products in the world.

The picture is an added argument in favor of Texans' calling for, when making purchases, mohair upholstery on automobiles and furniture, as this State is the principal beneficiary of higher mohair prices.



### LAST OF OLD FORT BELKNAP

The above photo shows the fast crumbling arsenal, the only remaining building of old Fort Belknap, built in 1851, in Young county, Texas, and one of the early military outposts of West Texas. Gen. Robert E. Lee and Gen. U. S. Grant, visited Fort Belknap. The old arsenal stands in a cotton field, not far from Newcastle, "unwept, unhonored, and unsung." It is proposed by patriotic Texans to preserve this famous Young county landmark and exhibit it at the Texas Centennial in 1936.

### 1500 RETAIL LUMBERMEN BOOST BUILDING PLAN

About 1500 retail lumbermen in Oklahoma and Texas have joined together in a radio program to boost the government's repairing and renovating of homes project. Along with the radio hook up will go a newspaper advertising program showing the advantage of the government's new plan for repairing homes. The value of a home will be stressed and methods of how a home may now be acquired will be told.

### CATTLE SHIPMENTS ESTABLISH NEW RECORD

Due to shipments of the cattle purchased by drouth relief agencies of the government, railroad movement of cattle this year is believed to set a new record for Texas.

August, for instance, had total shipments of Texas livestock amounting to 12,552 cars against 3,227 cars in August last year. For the year to Sept. 1 total shipments of livestock were 49,348 against 36,612 in the like period of 1933. These figures are furnished by the University of Texas Bureau of Business Research.

Both hog and sheep shipments registered a decrease so that the entire gain was made in shipments of cattle and calves. It is believed, however, that purchase of drouth relief sheep in the last quarter of the year will bring sheep shipments to a gain over 1933.

### COLLEGE CELEBRATES 25th ANNIVERSARY

The Texas State Teachers' College at Canyon celebrated its 25th anniversary, beginning Friday, October 19, and continuing through Saturday. This Silver Anniversary was made momentous by the announcement that the Public Works Administration had granted the college \$47,000 for the erection of a men's dormitory. Of this sum, \$13,320 is a direct grant from the government. Citizens of the city of Canyon recalled that they paid out \$100,100 as a bonus to the State for locating the college at Canyon. All agreed that it was the best investment ever made for that city.

### EAST TEXAS FIELD SHOULD PRODUCE OIL 50 YEARS

The East Texas oil field now covering 120,000 acres should produce oil at least 50 years longer, according to a well known engineer and geologist who has just completed a survey of the field. About 22 per cent of the potential oil recovery of the field has already been taken from the earth, according to this authority. During the life of the field between 3,150,000,000 and 3,800,000,000 barrels of oil will be taken from the East Texas area, this man says. The pool is estimated to be 50 miles long, 8 miles in width at the widest point and 4 miles at its narrowest point, and to have one oil well to every 8.2 acres. More than 14,600 wells have been drilled in the East Texas field.

### A TEXAS FISHERMAN'S BIG CATCH

Jack Lamb of Fort Worth, reputed to be the champion fisherman of Texas, recently paid a visit to Hamlin, in Jones county and, despite ravages of drouth in that section, found enough water and enough fish to set something of a record. The Hamlin Herald reports that in his several fishing trips to Hamlin lakes, Lamb caught no fewer than 50 fine bass. Lamb is an enthusiastic booster for Texas fishing. He declares that the average fisherman spends \$10 for every bass he takes from the water and that good fishing will lure a tourist when nothing else can induce him to visit a State. Therefore he thinks every farmer ought to have a good fishing lake well stocked on his farm and every county ought to have at least one big lake to draw the anglers.

### FEDERAL CANNERY SETS RECORD

The Big Spring Federal cannery with a record of 16,000 cans daily throughout its period of operation this summer and fall is believed to rank highest among all canneries operated for relief purposes in Texas this year.

Big Spring people are urging the government relief agencies to buy up cheap vegetables in the Rio Grande Valley, ship them to Big Spring, and keep the cannery in operation to supply needed canned vegetables for winter relief work.

### PREDICTS LONG COLD WINTER

Mrs. Mickey McCormick, 80 years old and one of the few survivors of the gun-totin', rip-roarin' days of old Tascosa—buffalo hunting metropolis of the Panhandle's 70's and early 80's—recently stepped to the door of her adobe home, verified her "feelings" and gave out this dictum:

"I feel it in my bones. We're certain for a tough winter—one with blue northers and snow-storms like we used to have. It's going to get cold early and stay cold late."

Old-timers on the Texas Plains agree that reliable evidence of an impending hard winter are not lacking this year. Mesquite trees put on a second crop of beans. Squirrels laid in an extra supply of food. Rabbit fur is said to be twice as heavy as last year.

### OLD LAND CASE SETTLED IN COURT

The famous Ojo de Agua land case, in the courts of Cameron county the past 18 years, is at last settled and the 1,300 litigants in the case believe it is settled for good.

The case concerned a grant from Spain which was settled by a single family. Later, sons and daughters married, moved out from the home place, and settled elsewhere. Other families moved in, saw the land was good, and made it their homes.

Then the Browne Land and Cattle Company bought the grant from descendants of the original family and sought to sell it out in small tracts. This forced filing of a suit by one of the new settlers, in which he was later joined by the others to a total of 1,300.

The judgment holds that the land belongs to those living upon it. Settlement of the case is expected to open 49,000 acres—partly oil land and partly citrus fruit lands—for sale to small farmers.

### FIRE PREVENTION WEEK OBSERVANCE

Fire Prevention Week, October 7 to 13, was generally observed by cities and towns of Texas.

Fires, largely preventable and due to carelessness, destroys 15,000 American lives and \$500,000,000 of American property each year.

Texas is said to have more fires, a greater fire death loss than any other State, population considered. Here the greater number of fires is accredited to small farm barns, garages and farm houses, while the heavy death loss is due to fires in oil fields and refineries. Despite fire prevention work by the big oil companies, which employ a safety first director for this duty, oil fires constitute an hourly menace in nearly half the counties of this State and in one-third of the counties pile up the bulk of the losses.

On the other hand, the small losses to Texas farmers really hurt worse proportionately because of lack of insurance (less than three per cent of the farm homes in Texas carry fire insurance) and the other 97 per cent is a direct personal loss to the owner when fire occurs.

### BUYING OF DROUTH RELIEF CATTLE

Many cattlemen agree that the purchasing of cattle and calves by the government in the drouth relief program just coming to a close had left both ranges and cattle herds of the State in the best condition in the history of the Texas livestock industry.

Every year in the past cattlemen have expected to lose a percentage of their herds either by starvation, disease, or exposure during the winter months.

This year the government took these cattle off the hands of their owners and likewise off the range, paying for both cattle and calves. The purchases are estimated to have put about \$20,000,000 in the hands of cattle owners, that total being estimated on both beef cattle and dairy animals purchased in the campaign. In addition, the sheep buying campaign, on which no figures are available as this is written, will possibly total another \$2,000,000.

Not only have the livestock men received this large amount of money, but their ranges have been cleared of undesirable animals at a time when heavy pasturing had damaged the grass severely and when pasturing rest was a vital need.

The majority of beef cattle breeders have been quick to see the advantage to them of the government's buying. Where scrub cattle were the rule in past years, it is likely 1935 will find the ranges stocked with the best Herefords that money can buy. While there will not be so many cattle to the section, the quality will be better and profits should be greater.

Like results are reported in the dairy industry with "star boarders" largely gone from the herds and a better demand reported for registered Jerseys and Holsteins.

## Sea Yields Gold and Silver in Chemists' Test

OLD, as well as silver, has at last been extracted from the waters of the ocean, it was announced by Willard H. Dow, a noted chemist, before a recent meeting of the American Chemical Society, in New York City.

Only a few grains of the precious metal have been extracted, at a cost as yet too prohibitive to make it commercially profitable, Mr. Dow pointed out. The cost of extraction of the gold, it was learned, is about ten times the present market price, which is \$35 an ounce.

Nevertheless, the announcement was hailed by chemist as a decided step forward in the efforts of science to devise

means of tapping the \$3,000,000,000,000,000 treasure in pure gold, not to mention the untold wealth in silver, radium, platinum and other precious metals, definitely known to exist in very dilute form in the waters of the seven seas.

The first few grains of gold and silver so far extracted, Mr. Dow said, came as products in the process of the commercial extraction of bromine from sea water, in the plant opened this year by the Ethyl-Dow Company on the shores of the Atlantic Ocean near Wilmington, N. C.

### Bromine Easier to Get

The bromine plant, the only one of its kind in the world, extracts bromine from sea water at the rate of .90 per cent efficiency, in amounts valued at \$2,000,000 a year. The bromine is

used in the manufacturing of anti-knock gasoline.

The reason why it is less costly to extract bromine than gold is the great difference in the dilution of the two substances. The quantity of bromine in sea water is 67 parts per million, about an inch to the linear mile. The quantity of gold, on the other hand, is in the ratio of 2.4 parts per 1,000,000,000. The sea water thus has about 30,000 times more bromine than gold.

The gold and silver came out in one tiny nugget no bigger than a pinhead and only one-tenth of a milligram in weight. It was extracted from twelve tons of sea water which had been specially treated in the bromine extraction.

### Ratio Is Really Greater

The amount actually extracted is only a small fraction—one three-hundredth

part—of the amount which the spectroscopic indicates to be actually existing in the twelve tons of sea water. The amount represents only one-hundredth of one part in a billion, whereas the actual amount, as indicated by the spectroscopic, is 2.4 parts per billion.

The "net" for fishing out the gold and the silver consisted in this case of what is known as colloidal sulphur, a sulphur in virtually liquid form. The sulphur is dissolved in the water. When it settles as a precipitate it carries the gold and silver along with it. The sulphur is then removed by chemical processes and the precious metals remain.

Chemistry is still very far from the point where it can actually extract the hoards of gold and other precious metals from sea waters, Mr. Dow said. The work was done merely as an experiment to explore the possibilities and to

test out methods in the search for more practical means to place the treasures of the sea at the disposal of man, he said.

It was also pointed out that this was not actually the first time that a small sample of gold was taken out from sea water. In 1920, when Germany needed gold for the payment of reparations, one of its most eminent chemists, Fritz Haber, a Nobel Prize winner, set himself the task to extract the gold from sea water, in hope that by so doing he would restore Germany's financial standing.

Haber, as far as is known, was the first actually to extract gold from sea water. In doing so he reached the conclusion that



# News Review of Current Events the World Over

## Nation Indorses President and the New Deal at the Polls— Democrats Gain Nine Seats in the Senate.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD  
© by Western Newspaper Union.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT and his fellow New Dealers had every reason to gloat over the results of the elections, for, generally speaking, their policies and acts were endorsed by the citizens of the United States by what amounted to a real landslide. The Democrats gained nine seats in the United States senate; and on incomplete returns, appeared to have just about held their present strength in the lower house.

Outstanding among the many Democratic victories was that scored in Pennsylvania. That state has not previously sent a Democrat to the senate in a half a century, but this time Joseph Guffey, the party boss, rode roughshod over Senator David A. Reed, leading adversary of the New Deal, and sent him to the discard. Two other persistent critics of the administration who were retired were Senator Simeon B. Fess of Ohio, beaten by former Gov. Vic Donahey; and Senator Arthur R. Robinson of Indiana, soundly walloped by Sherman Minton. Hatfield of West Virginia, Walcott of Connecticut, Herbert of Rhode Island, Kean of New Jersey, Goldsborough of Maryland and Patterson of Missouri, all Republican senators, must give up their seats respectively to young Rush D. Holt, Francis T. Maloney, Peter G. Gerry, A. Harry Moore, George L. Radcliffe and Harry S. Truman, all Democrats.

Upton Sinclair, the extreme radical, had the fun of scaring California out of its wits with his EPIC campaign for the governorship, but at little or no expense to himself; and the national administration had turned him down and the Republican nominee, Gov. Frank F. Merriam, won by a handsome majority. So the wealthy "refugees" who make California their home decided not to abandon the state. Hiram Johnson, being the nominee of everyone for re-election, goes back to the senate.

Wisconsin remained true to the La Follette dynasty even though it had created a new "Progressive" party for its own uses. Senator Fob La Follette had been patted on the head by President Roosevelt, and John M. Callahan, the Democratic nominee for the senate, was not acceptable to the administration because he was a friend of Al Smith; so Bob came through with a big plurality over Callahan and John B. Chapple, the Republican candidate. To clinch the victory of the third party, Philip La Follette was elected governor again, defeating Gov. Albert Schmedeman, Democrat, and Howard T. Greene, Republican.

There was a crumb of comfort for the Republicans in the re-election of Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg of Michigan, who has condemned parts and espoused other parts of the New Deal. One other crumb, less comforting, was afforded them in Maryland where Albert C. Ritchie was defeated in his attempt to annex a fifth consecutive term as governor. He was beaten by Harry W. Nice, a Republican of Baltimore whom Ritchie defeated for the same place in 1919.

The old line Republicans succeeded in re-electing Senator Austin in Vermont and Senator Townsend in Delaware.

Illinois, New York and Massachusetts were among the states that were swept by the Democrats. In the first named they took five house seats from the Republicans, the defeated including the veteran Fred Britten. New Yorkers returned Dr. Royal S. Copeland to the senate and H. H. Lehman to the governorship by tremendous majorities. Senator David I. Walsh was re-elected in Massachusetts, and Jim Curley, three times mayor of Boston, was made governor.

In the main the Democratic campaign had been skillfully conducted under the leadership of Postmaster Jim Farley. A fight to oust the "ins" always is difficult, and the Republicans in their hearts had not hoped for much. They did not get even the little they had expected. For at least two years President Roosevelt is assured of full support by congress for whatever policies and experiments he may undertake, and the voters of the nation have told him to go ahead and do what he can to restore the country to prosperity.

run for governor in 1936 to guide the experiment. Under the amendment, the 1935 legislature will pick a number of legislators—between 30 and 50—for its one-house successor. Annual salaries will be determined by dividing the number into \$37,500.

FIRST of the administration chiefs to make a post-election speech, Secretary of Commerce Roper said over the radio: "We are not going to have a dictatorship to the left or an autocracy to the right."

He insisted that the Roosevelt recovery program contemplates the restoration of private profits and that, in fact, the government's essential revenues, through the income tax, are dependent upon private profits.

"As soon as a future relief requirements can be determined," Secretary Roper said in announcing a new approach to the relief problem, "the major portion of these expenditures should be assumed by the states and localities, with federal assistance supplied only in those instances where the situation cannot possibly be met without federal aid. We need to discourage the growing tendency to 'let the federal government do it.'"

GASTON DOUMERGUE, utterly unable to make headway against the political schemers in the French cabinet, has resigned the premiership and returned to the retirement from which he was called last February to save the country from imminent civil war. The six Radical Socialist ministers, determined to frustrate his plan for constitutional reform, refused the premier's offer to postpone discussion of this scheme until after a regular budget was voted, provided the chamber of deputies first passed a three months' budget. Doumergue thereupon read his resignation, and at the suggestion of Edouard Herriot, leader of the Radical Socialists, the entire cabinet resigned.

President Lebrun immediately asked Pierre Laval, foreign minister, to form another coalition government, but he refused the commission. So the difficult job was turned over to Pierre-Etienne Flandin, a left Republican who was minister of public works in the Doumergue cabinet.

The crisis aroused fear of armed conflict in Paris between the Socialists and the so-called Fascist groups, for both these parties called on their militant elements to be ready for action. There was danger, too, that the meeting of war veterans and patriotic societies on Armistice day would be turned into an anti-government demonstration.

Officers and crew of the Morro Castle are held to blame for the heavy loss of life when the liner turned, in the government's report on the disaster, but no attempt is made to fix the origin of the fire that took 134 lives.

"After a careful examination of the wreck and evaluation of the testimony," says the report submitted by Dickerson N. Hoover, assistant director of the steamboat inspection service, "it is not possible to state what the exact cause was."

Blame for the catastrophe is placed by the government also on the construction of the vessel itself.

FOR the information of those who are hazy as to what the Germanic Faith movement is all about, here are the nine commandments just issued for the neo-pagans, to replace the ten commandments of the Christian Bible:

1. Honor the deity, the World foundation.
2. Honor ancestors and grandchildren.
3. Honor the great of thy people.
4. Honor thy parents.
5. Keep yourself clean.
6. Be loyal to your people.
7. Do not steal.
8. Be truthful.
9. Help the noble.

SOVIET Russia celebrated the seventeenth anniversary of the Bolshevik revolution with a parade of the great Red army before the tomb of Lenin in Moscow, and at the same time the Comintern, or Third Internationale, issued by cable an appeal to the toilers of the world to unite in a common front against imperialist wars and Fascism.

BECAUSE of her personal achievements and not because she is the wife of the President, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt has been awarded the second Gimbel prize of \$1,000 and a medal for outstanding work for America. She will receive the award in Philadelphia on December 12.

Mrs. Roosevelt has requested that the \$1,000 be applied toward sending a child suffering from the effects of infantile paralysis to Warm Springs.

UNDER the auspices of the National Association of Manufacturers, a drive has been started "to prevent labor union coercion," and all state legislatures, when they convene, are to be asked to enact six specific provisions "for the purpose of fixing the legal responsibility of labor organizations for their acts." The association says it is moved to this course because it believes the federal government is at last aware of the "terrorism" practiced by union members against other employees who desire to act.

- The laws to be asked of legislatures are:
1. To make sympathetic strikes and sympathetic lockouts illegal.
  2. To make both employers and unions equally responsible for the observance of contracts.
  3. To make it illegal for any association of employers or employees to expel, suspend, fine or otherwise punish members refusing to participate in an illegal strike or lockout.
  4. To make picketing illegal when it is carried on in such a manner as to intimidate or coerce employees or customers.
  5. To declare illegal employment contracts requiring a person either to join or not to join any labor organization.
  6. To require written consent of the employee before the deduction of any part of his wages for the payment of organization dues may be made.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT agreed to extend the automobile industry code until February 1 without changing its wage or hours provisions. The American Federation of Labor had demanded an immediate and drastic revision of the code, and this the President refused. Mr. Roosevelt, however, said he believes the code needs revamping, and he hinted that on February 1 he may demand that the industry stabilize employment and pay rolls.

"I have no hesitation in telling you," the President wrote in a letter to William Green, president of the A. F. of L., and Alvan Macaulay, secretary of the Automobile Manufacturers' association, "that there are a number of matters connected with this code with which I have never been fully satisfied."

He disclosed both in his letter and a separate formal statement that he is launching an investigation into working conditions and wages in the industry, with especial attention to the workers' annual earnings.

FOLLOWING a week's conference with agricultural economists from 40 states, officials of the Department of Agriculture and leaders of the AAA, the bureau of agricultural economics has issued a bulky report forecasting generally improved conditions for the farm industry during the coming year. Here are the chief points in the predictions:

1. Greatly reduced supplies of most farm products will be seen, which, with improvement in consumer purchasing power, will probably bring a higher level of farm income during the first half of 1935, this despite low foreign demand for American farm products.
2. Farm production will be larger than this year's unusually small production.
3. This year's higher prices may tend to stimulate excessive planting of some crops not under production control next year.
4. Continued improvement in demand late next year will depend primarily on recovery in the durable goods industries.
5. "A small improvement in the purchasing power of farm families may, in general, be expected."
6. Prices of goods used in farm production are expected to average somewhat higher, at least until June, 1935.
7. The farm credit situation "will continue to show gradual improvement above the bad conditions of the past several years."
8. Next year's wheat crop is expected to result in an export surplus, with prices hanging close to an export basis.
9. Substantial advance in prices of meat animals is expected, with no material expansion in live stock numbers sighted before 1936.
10. Next year's wool clip will be the smallest in several years, with prices dependent on world production.
11. "A generally favorable" outlook is seen for poultry raisers, with prices remaining at seasonably high levels until next summer.

FRANCIS J. GORMAN, head of the United Textile Workers' committee that directed the recent strike, in a letter to George A. Sloan, head of the Cotton Textile Institute, said that union labor would be glad to co-operate with the industry in developing new markets for the output of the factories.

He declared that after controversies had been ironed out by the federal board named as a result of the strike, representatives of the two sides could "begin conferences looking toward the improvement of the industry."

Mentioning the increased competition from Japanese goods and other factors which caused demand for American textiles to fall "millions of yards" below production capacity, he said:

"A part of the purpose of the conferences which I have in mind would be to create joint employer-union machinery for the expansion and extension of the textile market. Such a program would be in furtherance of the interests of workers and employers alike."

## BRISBANE THIS WEEK

### Eckener, a Real Man Wasted Mail Advertising One Happy Man How Many Would Die?

Dr. Hugo Eckener, who has flown 600,000 miles in his Zeppelin and about 400,000 more miles teaching young pilots, is in New York.

It is a pleasure to see such a powerful person, well past sixty, planning a new line through the air between the United States and Europe, "coast-to-coast in 48 hours." He, of course, would run the ships on the first few trips himself.

A government spokesman urges advertisers to advertise by mail, writing nice "Dear Mr. Jones" letters, telling what the advertiser has for sale.

Eugene Meyer, Jr., who owns the Washington Post, says that is wrong and means government competing with honest, long-suffering newspapers and their advertising profits.

He asks, by implication, how can the press be free if you take away its money?

That worry is unnecessary. The advertiser who tries to advertise by mail throws money out of the window and soon finds it out. And advertisers are intelligent.

One happy man exists in spite of depression; his name, familiar to you, Henry Ford. As far as he is concerned the depression is ended. To prove it he will build one million cars "or more" this coming year. That is a good sign, since it proves that there must be people able to buy one million cars.

Henry Ford says truly that Americans don't "want a dole," and those that take the dole always turn against those that give it.

There is, however, the fact that America doesn't want revolution, or too many dangerous riots, and you may take it from the British that the dole is cheaper than revolution. England was near enough to the French revolution to realize that.

President Knobel of the United Lutheran Church of America worries about the future of religion. Anti-religious forces, he says, are growing constantly in this and other countries; hundreds of millions of people are "spiritually blind." Rev. Dr. Knobel asks, "How do you know that in two years from now you might not be asked to die for your faith?"

Let us hope it will not be as bad as that, while wondering respectfully how many would be willing to die, or like the ancient martyrs, court death for the sake of martyrdom.

There are various ways of making a living in America, that finds it so difficult to conquer lawlessness. One way is to smuggle in Chinese, inflicting fearful hardships upon the unfortunate immigrant Chinese and charging them from \$1,000 to \$1,500 for bringing them here. Smuggling Chinese is connected with the opium traffic. While smuggling in Chinese you can also smuggle with each one a considerable amount of opium.

Federal agents looking for opium found eighteen frightened Chinese in an isolated house in New Jersey, guarded by powerful negro from Trinidad and five police dogs that would have mangled the unfortunate creatures had they tried to escape. Friends expected to bring the fee for smuggling them in failed to appear, hence their detention.

Doctor Lahy of the New England hospital says the much discussed experiment of transplanting in men the glands of monkeys is a failure. However, partial transplanting of the parathyroid gland, from one human being to another, has proved successful, opening up great possibilities.

Failure of monkey gland transplantation is not bad news. There is enough of the monkey in man up to sixty years of age to make any monkey gland transplanting at that age seem unnecessary. Somebody said, long ago, that man is one-third man, one-third monkey, one-third hog. That is a little severe, but the monkey part is sufficiently accurate.

Japan is busy fortifying South Sea Islands that she holds under mandate of the League of Nations, and complaint is made aimlessly.

Nothing to surprise anybody in that fortification news, Japan is an intelligent country.

It takes a country with statesmanship in the dodo class, like ourselves, to possess Guam and fail to fortify the place because polite Britishers, acting as mouthpiece for Japan, requested us not to do so.

The achievement of the admirable flyers, Sir Charles Kingsford-Smith and his aid, Capt. P. G. Taylor, proves that the United States knows how to build airplanes. The plane that came across the Pacific from Honolulu, 2,408 miles, in fifteen hours, beating by ten hours the best record, is an American Lockheed plane built at Glendale, Calif., and the engine was built by the American Pratt & Whitney Aircraft company.

If the United States should ever get really interested in building the world's greatest air fleet, as it will do, or bitterly regret it, the material is at hand.

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# Washington Digest

National Topics Interpreted by William Bruckart

## Jobs, Not Gifts of Money

Washington.—It has been seldom since President Roosevelt took the helm of government that Washington has witnessed such an upheaval of conditional conditions and plans as has occurred in the last few weeks. Part of the changes result naturally enough from development of plans for submission of new national policies to congress which will convene again in about six weeks. The other part comes from a sudden determination by the administration to revise its recovery methods.

Possibly the most significant of the forthcoming changes in recovery plans is the determination to try, at least, to get away from direct relief. Instead of plain gifts of money, the administration is now seeking to find additional means for creating work so that individuals needing help may obtain their relief in the form of jobs for which the government will pay.

Officials still are loath to discuss exact figures, but they are, nevertheless, going steadily forward with plans for converting the vast federal relief machinery into an extensive program that will embrace such things as slum clearance, low cost housing and rural rehabilitation.

Mr. Roosevelt will wait until the last moment before he fixes in his own mind how many hundreds of millions of dollars will be needed to carry out these projects. The total cost obviously will depend somewhat upon how quickly the dole can be abandoned. It may run into billions of dollars because, according to some authorities, removal from the dole is going to be opposed by certain types of persons. And, it seems, they can hardly be blamed because once the government altered its traditional policy and made direct gifts of money it created a new psychology and the people who benefited thereby quite naturally will be unwilling to have the source of the gifts closed for this easy manner of living.

One of the plans under consideration as a part of the whole program is provision for employment by direct federal subsidy for housing. Under this plan, the government would advance part of the cost for individual homes of low price construction. Estimates said to be in the hands of the President indicate that an expenditure of \$1,500,000,000 in this manner would release more than three times that amount in private capital and give work to an estimated four million persons.

In keeping with the theory that the number on relief rolls will descend in direct proportion to the revival of private construction, advocates of this plan contend that the cost would be less than outright relief. They say that with the government advancing part of the funds needed, private lending agencies would feel more secure and would offer aid in the form of the remainder of the loans necessary.

It has long been recognized that recovery cannot be accomplished without a tremendous increase in construction.

## Need Private Construction

Private construction, however, will not go forward in a period of uncertainty now no more than it has in other years and the experts have decided that the government must take the lead in this direction. They have advised the President there can be no real upturn in private building operations unless a start is made by the government. Whether this is the right theory, of course, none can foretell. It may turn out to be that the government is pouring additional funds down just another rat-hole as it has on numerous other occasions in the course of recovery experiments. My conversations with men both in public and private life, men who are qualified to judge, lead me to believe that there will be considerable construction resulting from this program. The conclusions which have been expressed to me, it must be said frankly, do not indicate that there will be any such total of new construction development under the new administration program as the enthusiastic exponents of the program now contend.

There are numerous reasons for these conclusions as they have been explained to me. One of these reasons, and perhaps the most important, is that no one is going to build a house unless he feels that he can continue to pay for it. With depression conditions prevailing and with hundreds of thousands of potential home owners now without reserves or resources of any kind the market for homes naturally is limited. That is to say there are hundreds of thousands of families who would like to have homes but who have no way of acquiring them.

## Easing Up on Bank Loans

Another road which the administration is now following in its efforts to cause money to flow more freely is the recent easing up on bank loans. Heretofore, more than 10 per cent of the surplus and surplus funds of one bank could not be loaned to another bank.

than 10 per cent provided the amount loaned above 10 per cent is guaranteed by the Reconstruction Finance corporation or the federal reserve system. Treasury officials think this will encourage banks to extend additional credit.

It happened that on almost the same day that the treasury policy was announced, one of the largest banks in the United States reported privately that one of its vice presidents had returned from a six weeks' scouting trip in an effort to find places where it could loan money. This man visited important cities in 16 states. He is a practical banker and he is thoroughly acquainted with the means of approach to potential borrowers. But his six weeks' tour netted one loan application.

That banks' report may sound silly because there are so many people that need money. Yet, it must be remembered that a bank is trustee for the funds placed in its care by its depositors and it cannot hand out money with reckless abandon. It must feel reasonably sure that there will be a repayment, and this was the thing which the bank's vice president failed to find. There were plenty of individuals and corporations that needed money but they had no security to offer and little to guarantee that they could repay the borrowed funds.

Financial experts, therefore, are not unduly excited about the latest treasury ruling which was released with much gusto and with statements that this will free "many hundreds of millions" to business. I am told that the banks are chock-full of loose cash. Reports to the treasury certainly indicate that to be a fact. But when borrowers who need money have no security and when business is at such a low ebb that only the minimum of funds is needed, I believe it can hardly be said that the bankers are wholly to blame. The bankers have been vigorously criticized in the last four or five years and obviously a considerable spanking was due them. On the other hand, I think it is a plain statement of fact that you can no more force people to borrow than you can make a horse drink after you have led him to the trough.

## Unusual Speaking Tour

Senator Gerald P. Nye, North Dakota Progressive Republican, has started on a speaking tour that, as far as I can find, is without precedent. I think it is a plain statement of fact that you can no more force people to borrow than you can make a horse drink after you have led him to the trough.

Senator Nye is chairman of the special senate committee named to investigate the munitions, aircraft, and shipbuilding industries, to determine whether these businesses have been active in fomenting trouble between the nations of the world. The committee has held hearings covering a period of three weeks, and the hearings will be resumed later with the prospect that they may run on for many months.

Senator Nye is making a series of six speeches in the United States and one in Canada, dealing with the question of who really starts wars. He has announced that he desires to tell the country how nations are driven into conflict and the inference is, of course, that he believes munition makers and others producing material for war are at the bottom of the heap.

But the point is that Mr. Nye personally is an advocate of government ownership of all plants now engaged in the production of anything used in wars between nations. He is authentically reported to have a draft of legislation in mind which he will present to the forthcoming congress. He is not alone in holding this belief for at least four other members of his committee entertain the same general trend of mind. There are seven members of the committee so that it is apparent the Nye plan will have a majority of that committee supporting it if and when it is presented to the senate.

I have examined records rather comprehensively in an effort to discover whether ever before any senator or member of the house had gone out to the country with an appeal for support of legislation under a circumstance such as this. The committee had three or four months more of investigation ostensibly to ascertain all pertinent facts. Despite the fact that the senate has voted money for the committee to make this investigation and the money will be spent at hearings, Senator Nye has proceeded to make known his views in advance.

Disclosures made by the committee thus far have been accepted generally, I think, as showing there was some fire as the cause of the smoke. I am sure that the committee will have some interesting testimony given before them. I am sure that the committee will have some interesting testimony given before them. I am sure that the committee will have some interesting testimony given before them.

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CHAPTER XII—Continued

The instinct of the horses had guided them to halt behind the only safe spot on the unsafe bank. Jim removed their packs, leaving the saddles on. Without hesitation he poured out all of the grain, about two quarts for each horse. Lastly he jammed the packs under the edge of the boulders and left the horses free to take care of themselves.

He dreaded the coming hours—the night—he knew not what. Jim removed his slicker and folded it into a long pad. As he crept closer the girl stirred again and spoke. He thought she asked if he was there. He placed the slicker in the best available place and covered that with the drier of the two saddle blankets. He pulled the saddle closer. Then he lifted the girl over his lap and covered her with the dry blanket. He leaned back against the stone with her head on his shoulder and his arm supporting her. It was not only that he wanted to keep her dry and warm; he had to have her in his arms while he waited for the nameless terror he anticipated.

This was the climax of the storm that had been gathering for days. Out upon the level desert it would have been serious for travelers; here in this gorge it was a maelstrom. Jim did not expect to live to hear it pass away. Yet he did. And then began the aftermath of a flood let loose upon such unstable earth. The waterfall gradually rose to a thundering, continuous crash. It dominated for a while, until the thousand streams from above poured over the rims to deaden all, to completely deafen Jim.

A sheet of water, sliding over the rock, hid the opaque blackness from Jim's eyes. Any moment now a flood would rise over the bank, and when it did Jim meant to climb higher with the girl, to front the hurtling rocks and slipping sides, and fight till the bitter end.

But many changes as the hours brought, that flood did not rise above the bank. Jim saw the sheet of water fall and the black space of gorge again. He heard the avalanches and the great single bowlders come down, and the serious backlash of the torrent below, and the lessening roar of the waterfall.

The time came to Jim, as if he dreamed, when all sounds changed, lessened, faded away, except the peculiar thrashing of the stream below. And he got to listening for that sound, which occurred only occasionally. For a while the sliding rush of heavy water swept on, suddenly to change into a furious splashing.

At length Jim calculated it was a strong current laden with sand, which at times caused billows to rise and lash their twisting tips back upon themselves. Long he heard these slowly diminishing, gradually separating sounds.

The streams ceased flowing, the slides ceased slipping, the rocks ceased rolling and the waterfall failed, from a thundering to a hollow roar and from that to a softening splash.

Jim imagined he saw dim stars out in a void that seemed to change from black to gray. Was dawn at hand? Had they been spared? The gurgle of the stream below merged into the distant, low rumble of the Dirty Devil. Jim rested there, staring out at the spectral forms on the opposite wall, thinking thoughts never before inhabitants of his confused brain.

But the sky was gray, the gorge taking shape in the gloom, and this place which had heard a din of hideous sounds was silent as a grave.

At last Jim had to accept a marvelous phenomenon—dawn was at hand. Gently he slipped Helen into the hollow of the saddle. She was still asleep. His cramped limbs buckled under him and excruciating pains shot through his bones and muscles.

In the gray light objects were discernible. He could not see to the head of the gorge, where the waterfall had plunged out from the wall. But silence meant that it had been surface water, a product of the storm, and it was gone. Beneath the bank ran a channel of fine-ribbed sand where not even a puddle showed. On the bank the horses stood patiently, except Bay, and he was nosing around for a blade of grass that did not exist on the sodden earth. The great slope appeared the same and yet not the same. A mute acceptance of ultimate destruction hovered over it.

Sunrise found Jim Wall topping a rise of rocky ground miles beyond the scene of his night vigil. Again he followed his sure-footed lead pack horse.

The sky was blue, the sun bright and warm, and at the moment it crowned with gold the top of the purple butte Jim had seen twice before. It appeared close now, rearing a corrugated peak above yellow and brown hills. Jim was carrying Helen in front

of him. Consciously, but too spent to speak or move, she lay back on his arm and watched him.

There had been a trail along here once, as was proved by a depressed line on the gravelly earth. When Jim surmounted this barren divide he suddenly was confronted by an amazing and marvelous spectacle.

"Blue valley!" he ejaculated.

"Blue valley! . . . Helen, we're out of the brakes! . . . Safe! Men live here."

She heard him, for she smiled up into his face, glad for his sake, but in her exhaustion beyond caring for her own.

There was no sign of habitation, nor any smoke. But Jim knew this was Blue valley. It was long, perhaps fifteen miles, and probably the farms were located at the head, where irrigation had been possible. How could even pioneers utilize that ferocious river?

Jim followed the lead pack horse down into gumbo mud. The floor of the valley supported a mass of foliage besides the stately cottonwoods. And at every step a horse's hoof sank deep, to come forth with a huge cake of mud.

At midday Jim passed deserted cabins, some on one side of the river, some on the other. They did not appear so old, yet they were not new. Had Blue valley been abandoned? Jim was convinced it could not be so. But when he espied a deserted church, with vacant eye-like windows, then his heart sank; Helen must have rest, care, food. He was at the end of his resources.

An hour later he toiled past a shack built of logs and stones, and adjoining a dugout, set into the hill. People had lived there once, but long ago.

Jim's last hope fled. He was still far from the head of the valley, but



Jim Hurried On to the Porch and Laid Helen on the Bed.

apparently he had left the zone of habitation behind.

The afternoon waned. The horses plodded on, slower and slower, wearing to exhaustion. Helen was a dead weight. Despair had seized upon him when he turned a yellow corner between the slope and the cottonwoods, to be confronted by a wide pasture at the end of which a log cabin nestled among cottonwoods. A column of blue smoke rose lazily against the foliage.

The horses labored out of the mud to higher ground. Jim rode up to the cabin. Never in all his life had he been so glad to smell smoke, to see a garden, to hear a dog bark. His ever-quick eye caught sight of a man who had evidently been watching, for he stepped out on the porch, rifle in hand. Jim kept on to the barred gate. There were flowers in the yard and vines on the cabin—proof of feminine hands. And he saw a bed on the porch.

"Hello," he shouted, as he got off carefully, needing both hands to handle Helen.

"Hullo, yourself," called the man, who was apparently curious, but not unfriendly. Then as Jim let down a bar of the gate with his foot, this resident of Blue valley leaned his rifle against the wall and called to some one within.

CHAPTER XIII

Jim hurried on to the porch and laid Helen on the bed. She was so exhausted that she could not speak, but she smiled at Jim. Her plight was evident. Then Jim straightened up to look at the man.

His swift gaze, never so penetrating, fell upon a sturdy individual of middle age—a typical pioneer, still-faced and bearded. The instant Jim looked into the blue eyes, mildly curious, he knew that whoever the man was he had not heard of the abduction of Herrick's sister.

"Howdy, stranger."

"My name's Wall," said Jim in reply, slowly seeking for words.

"Mine's Tasker. What you from?"

"Durango. . . My—my wife and I got lost. She wasn't strong. She gave out. I'm afraid she's in bad shape."

"She shore looks bad. But the Lord is good. It's only she's tuckered out."

"What place is this?"

"Blue valley. I've stuck it out. But I'll be givin' up soon. No use tryin' to fight that Dirty Devil river. Five years ago there was eighty people livin' hyar. Blue valley has a story, friend—"

"One I'd be glad to hear," interrupted Jim. "Will you help me? I have money and can pay you."

"Stay an' welcome, friend. An' keep your money. Me an' my women folks

ask nothin' fer good will toward those in need."

"Thank you," Jim replied, huskily. "Will you call them to look after my—my wife?"

Helen was staring up at Jim with wondering, troubled eyes.

"Is everything all right?" she asked, faintly.

"Yes, if to find friends an' care is that," replied the rancher, kindly. Then he stepped to the door to call within. "Mary, this rider was not alone. It was his wife he was carryin'. They got lost in the brakes an' she gave out. We must take them in."

That night, after the good ranchers assured Jim that Helen was just worn out Jim went to sleep under the cottonwoods and never moved for seventeen hours.

Helen sat up the second day, white and shaky indeed but recovering with a promise that augured well. Her eyes hung upon Jim with a mute observance.

Next morning while the women were at work in the fields and Tasker was away somewhere Jim approached Helen on the porch. Her hair, once again under care, shone like burnished gold.

"Well, you look wonderful this mornin'," he said. "We must begin to think of gettin' away."

"Oh, I'm able to start."

"We mustn't overdo it. Tomorrow, perhaps. And then if we're lucky, in three days you'll be back at Star ranch. . . . And I—"

His evident depression, as he broke off, checked her vivid gladness.

"You will never go back to—to your old life?" she questioned quickly.

"No, so help me, God! This I owe to you alone, Helen. It will be possible now for me even to be happy. But enough of this. I have traded two of the horses for Tasker's light wagon. I will take you to the stage line and soon you will be at Grand Junction."

Jim ceased. Her hands slipped from her eyes, to expose them wide, flamed with tears, through which shone that which made him see.

"Wait—please wait!" she called after him, as he made with giant strides for the gate. But he did not go back.

In a moonlit hour that night, when the good Taskers had gone to well-earned rest, Jim heard his name called. He ran with swift, noiseless feet to Helen's bedside.

"You did not come back," she whispered. "I cannot sleep. . . . There is something I—want to say."

He sat down upon the bedside and clasped her hand in his.

"Is your real name Jim Wall?" she asked, with more composure.

"No, I will tell it if you wish."

"Are you a free man?"

"Free. What do you mean? Yes, free—of course!"

"You called me your—your wife to these kind people."

"I thought that best. They would be less curious."

"I was not offended—and I understood. . . . I want you to go back to Star ranch with me."

"You ask me—that!" he exclaimed incredulously.

"Yes, I do."

"But you will be perfectly safe. Some one will drive you from Grand Junction."

"Perhaps. Only I'll never feel safe again—unless you are near. I've had too great a shock, Jim. I suppose one of your western girls could have stood this adventure. But this was my first rough experience. It was a—little too much."

"I can never go back to Star ranch," he replied, gravely.

"Why not? Because you are—you were a member of a robber gang? I had an ancestor who was a robber baron."

"That's not the reason," he said.

"What is it—then?"

"If I leave you now—soon as I've placed you in good hands—I can ride off in peace—to Arizona, or somewhere and be a cowboy—and be happy in the memory of having served you and loved you—and through that having turned my back on the old life. . . . But if I went back to Star ranch—to see you every day—to—to—"

"To ride with me," she interferred, softly.

"Yes—to ride with you," he went on hoarsely. "That'd be like what you called your rough experience—a little too much. It would be terribly too much. I'm only human."

"Faint never won fair lady," she whispered, averting her face and withdrawing her hand. "Jim, I believe if I were you, I'd risk it."

Jim gazed down at the clear-cut profile, at the shadowed eyes, hair silvered in the moonlight; then, stricken and mute, he pushed away.

Before dawn Jim had beaten his vain and exalted eagerness into a conviction that the heaven Helen hinted at for him was the generosity of a woman's heart. She could not yet be wholly herself. He must not take advantage of that. But to reassure her he decided he would conduct her to Star ranch, careful never to reopen that delicate and impossible subject, and after she was safely there, and all was well he would ride away in the night, letting his silence speak his farewell.

At sunrise Jim acquainted Tasker with his desire to leave for Torrey. At breakfast and in the bustle of departure he was sure Helen felt something aloof and strange in him, and he dared not meet her thoughtful eyes.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Town Is Narrow

Marshall, N. C., built on a shelf between mountain bluffs and the French Broad river, is so narrow that only one street extends the length of the city.

**MOST AILMENTS EASY TO CHECK AT EARLY STAGE**

The 1934 meeting of the Indiana State Medical association offered to Indiana doctors a wealth of technical information on the latest developments in the treatment of human ailments, but its most significant phase from the standpoint of laymen was the emphasis placed on the importance of diagnosis and treatment of disease in its early stages. When an ailing patient goes to a doctor for treatment, the responsibility for using all that science knows in combating the ailment lies with the doctor. The primary responsibility of seeking competent medical advice at the first suggestion of trouble, however, rests with the patient.

The emphasis in medicine in recent years has graduated from attempted cure of disease after it has developed, to disease prevention. While treatment of disease in its early stages is not true prevention, it virtually is next to prevention. The medical profession has shown that many of the dread illnesses of the body often are curable if the treatment begins in the early stages when symptoms first appear. If a person values his health, he first will observe simple precautions in living that will prevent disease and at the same time will act quickly if symptoms of an ailment appear.

Speakers on the subject of cancer, at the doctors' meeting, were authority for the statement that most of the toll of life claimed by the disease would be prevented if victims recognized potentialities of danger in small skin growths, irritating sores that fail to heal and unnatural bleeding and lumps in organs of the body. In its struggle against the ravages of cancer, science has learned control in most cases if the disease still is in its infancy, but is baffled if cancerous growths have developed too far.—Indianapolis News.

**Why Liquid Laxatives are Back in Favor**

The public is fast returning to the use of liquid laxatives. People have learned that the right dose of a properly prepared liquid laxative will bring a more natural movement without any discomfort at the time, or after.

The dose of a liquid laxative can be varied to suit the needs of the individual. The action can thus be regulated. A child is easily given the right dose. And mild liquid laxatives do not irritate the kidneys.

Doctors are generally agreed that senna is a natural laxative. It does not drain the system like the cathartics that leave you so thirsty. Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a liquid laxative which relies on senna for its laxative action. It gently helps the average person's constipated bowels until nature restores their regularity.

You can always get Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at any drug store, ready for use.

Call It Criticism  
Abject party followers always forgive the lying on their own side.

**CREOMULSION**  
Your own druggist is authorized to cheerfully refund your money on the spot if you are not relieved by Creomulsion.  
**COUGHS**

He Gets Used to It  
When a man is in office, his left ear must burn much of the time.

**CLEAR BREATHING**  
Use Mentholatum to help open the nostrils and permit freer breathing.  
**MENTHOLATUM**  
Gives COMFORT Daily

**DON'T NEGLECT YOUR KIDNEYS!**  
If your kidneys are not working right and you suffer backache, dizziness, burning, scanty or too frequent urination, swollen feet and ankles; feel lame, stiff, "all tired out" . . . use Doan's Pills.  
Thousands rely upon Doan's. They are praised the country over. Get Doan's Pills today. For sale by all druggists.  
**DOAN'S PILLS**

**Dine in Comfort..**  
For real pleasurable dining there's no substitute for the combination of good food, cooked to a delicious flavor. Courteous service. Drop in for lunch or meals.  
**QUALITY CAFE**  
ESTES & ESTES, Props.

**SAM GILLILAND**  
BETTER  
**SHEET METAL AND PLUMBING**  
Sinks, Bath Tubs, Gas Stoves  
Electrical Wiring  
BAIRD SEWER COMPANY OFFICE  
ALL PATRONS OF THE BAIRD SEWER COMPANY ARE REQUESTED TO PAY THEIR SEWER BILLS AT THIS OFFICE

**Luncheon Is Served**  
is a delicious luncheon you want can Cafe. Only the prepared by ex-  
**CAFE**

# THE BAIRD STAR

Established by W. E. Gilliland, December 8, 1887  
Baïrd, Texas

Issued every Friday, Baird, Texas

Issued as Second Class Matter, December 8, 1887, at the Post Office in Baird, Texas, under the Act of 1879.

ELIZA GILLILAND  
Editor and Publisher

HAYNIE GILLILAND  
Associate Editor

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	Outside County, Per Year.....2.00

NOTICE—Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing, or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of The Baird Star, will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the publisher.

## Endorse Judge W. R. Ely For State Highway Position

Many Citizens of Baird and Callahan County are interested in having Judge W. R. Ely re-appointed as a member of the Highway Commission by Governor elect Jimmie Allred, when he takes the governors chair in January.

Callahan County has more than a mere friendly feeling for Judge Ely, because he is a former resident of the county coming here when a young man, just starting out in life. He made a splendid citizen and county official Mrs. Ely, formerly Miss Lucy McCoy is a native daughter of Callahan county, her parents being one among our early pioneer families.

The Commissioners' Court, the Lions Club, Members of the Local Bar, have all endorsed Judge Ely as a member of the Highway Commission and the members of the City Council at their last regular meeting passed the following resolution endorsing Judge Ely

At a regular meeting of the City Council, of the City of Baird, Texas held on October 31st, 1934; the following resolution was proposed and after due consideration, was adopted by unanimous vote:

WHEREAS, the Hon. W. R. Ely the present members of the State Highway Commission, who has served the State and the people for almost 8 years in this capacity in a most satisfactory manner—proving his worth in handling the affairs of the Highway Department—understanding the needs of the entire State in the building of good roads, and

WHEREAS, we believe with entire confidence in his ability, understanding and honesty in conducting and managing further progress on his part—knowing also that his experience for these years of service qualifies him the better to render better service to the people of the entire State—

THEREFORE, be it resolved, that we, the City Council of the City of Baird, Tex. and urge the incoming Governor, the Hon. James V. Allred to re-appoint our friend, Mr. W. R. Ely as a member of the Highway Commission, assuring him that in so doing, he will not make a mistake, and at the same time satisfy the thousands of Texas Citizens who are interested and ask his re-appointment at your hands.

Watch for the date of the negro minstrel, with those side-splitting jokes.

FORT WORTH STAR TELEGRAM—Delivered twice daily, Morning, evening, Sunday, 44-tf. Tom Warren, Agent.

## Palace

THEATRE—CESCO

Wed. - Thurs. - This Week

HELEN HAYES  
—in—  
**"What Every Woman Knows"**

FRIDAY NIGHT  
At 9:00 P. M.  
**BANK NITE**  
\$150.00

Sunday - Monday - Tuesday  
Nov. 18-19-20

**"Evelyn Prentice"**  
with  
WILLIAM POWELL  
and  
MYRNA LOY  
You saw them in the "Thin Man". Don't miss them in this great picture.

## Regarding Delinquent Taxes

By CECIL A. LOTIEF  
State Representative 107th District  
The committee Report on the Delinquent Tax Bill has finally passed both Houses of the Legislature and will not go to the Governor's office for her approval.

The Bill as passed will not become effective until February 8, 1935, because it failed to get the necessary two-thirds vote in the Senate to put it into immediate effect. Under this law all interest and penalties that have accrued on all ad valorem and poll taxes which were delinquent on or before August 1, 1934, are released if such taxes are paid on or before March 15, 1935. This includes city and school district taxes as well as county and State.

Such taxes may be paid after March 15, and before April, 1935 with an addition of two per cent penalty on said taxes, and may be paid during the month of April 1935, with an addition of three per cent. If paid during the month of May four per cent penalty is added, and if paid in June a penalty of five per cent. If such taxes are paid after June 30, 1935, eighth per cent penalty is added thereto, together with interest on said taxes at rate of six per cent per annum on and from July 1, 1935.

Under this Act if such delinquent taxes are not paid on or before March 15, 1935, the provisions of this Act shall not apply to cities, towns and independent school districts, unless and until, the governing body thereof adopt a resolution, or ordinance adopting the provisions of this Act.

The Act does not delay, or extend the time for payment of delinquent taxes, nor prevent suits for collection of same; but remits penalty and interest as above set out. The Act provides that no additional cost shall be charged against anyone who shall pay his taxes under the terms of this Act.

The Act further provides that any person shall have the right to pay any of such taxes for any one year, or for any number of years without at the same time paying other taxes that may be then delinquent.

## House of Representatives Pay Tribute To Waldo Green

On Tuesday of Oct. 30th the House of Representatives, Texas Legislature then in session at Austin, paid a beautiful tribute to Waldo P. Green of Abilene, who was killed in a train accident at Douglas, Arizona, a few days before. Waldo Green was a member of the 35th Legislature from Taylor county.

The following resolution introduced by Representative Wagstaff, Aiken and Daniel and signed by the entire house membership was passed.

Whereas, On October 25th, 1934, Honorable Waldo P. Green, of Abilene, Texas, who served as a member of the Thirty-eighth Legislature as Representative from Taylor County, was called to his eternal reward; and Whereas, He served in the United States Navy during the World War and afterwards served with distinction in the Texas National Guard and rendered distinguished services to his State, both as a private citizen and as a public official; and

Whereas, The members of this body are deeply grieved over the passing of this useful citizen and former member of this body and desire to express their sympathy to the members of his family and friends; now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the House of Representatives of the Forty-third Legislature, That we express our most sincere and deepest sympathy to his family and friends; that a copy be furnished the family of the deceased, and that when we adjourn today it be in his memory.

A certified copy of the resolution was sent to Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Green of Abilene, parents of Waldo Green.

## Farm, Livestock and Poultry Hints

(By Ross B. Jenkins, County Agent)

### 1935 COTTON PROGRAM DECLARED OPERATIVE

Secretary Henry A. Wallace declared the 1935 cotton program to be in effect for another year. He has not officially declared the amount that will be paid the producer but it is announced from one of his aids that it will probably be a higher rental fee than the past year. The reduction will be made of 25 percent of the 5 years base period rather than the 40 percent as was required this year. That permits the producer to plant and harvest 15 percent more cotton than he did this past year.

### Non-signers May Cooperate in New Program

It was announced this week that farmers who did not sign up this year may again be given the opportunity soon. It has not been decided whether the 75 pound minimum yield will be kept or lowered. Some think it may be lowered. Blanks for the new program will probably be out by the 1st of the year.

The Department of Agriculture has definitely announced that a peanut reduction program will be signed with farmers this coming year. Not less than \$2 per acre will be paid and more according to the yield this year.

### Peanut Program Second Rental and Benefit and Parity Payment Accepted

Acceptance for the second payment and parity payment has been received on 1740 contracts this week. This will represent about \$34,000 disbursement. The checks to match these acceptances usually follow in about a week. Cards of notification will be sent producer upon arrival. This represents 550 of the 800 contracts.

### Hog Program Coming

The vote given the government in Corn-Hog referendum was so decisively favorable that a new corn-hog reduction program will be signed probably for the next two years. As the farmers learn more and more about the program that the government is offering them they are becoming more and more willing to join hands for higher price levels for their produce.

## Eula News

Sunday, Nov. 11, 1934

Well how is The Star force? We are still dry out this way. What we need now is water to fill tanks and creeks. We are going to be short of winter pasture if we dont get rain soon.

You have heard the cow, hen and sow all these days. I am wondering who is going to feed this cow, hen and sow. I think we can get by with the depression—but how can we head off this drouth? We just must have rain so we can get along. I am sure in sympathy with the stock men We who have only a few head of stock can manage some way to get water for them, but when it comes to large herds, it is awful and feed is sure short; no feed, no water to say the least of it is H— Uncle Sam wont have to cut us down any more on our crops; this drouth can take care of that.

Well the cotton is about all gone. We have had a fine fall to gather our cotton. The Eula Gin has ginned around 1000 bales of cotton.

L. D. Boyd has made us a good gin man and we hope he can be with us again.

Let me hand B. L. Boydston of Baird a bouquet, he has done all he could to make the Eula gin a success this year and everybody is well pleased. We will have plenty to gin in 1935.

We had a very small vote Tuesday. I am satisfied the way it went.

Judge Carpenter was out to his ranch one day this week.


A. R. Kelton was in Eula Tuesday.

### CREOMULSION

Your own strength is essential to absolutely rebuild your energy on the spot if you are not relieved by Creomulsion.

**BRONCHIAL TROUBLES**

### Ends a Cold SOONER



By STIMULATION and INHALATION  
**VICKS VAPORUS**

PROVED BY 2 GENERATIONS

L. M. Farmer and Bob Stephenson was in Baird Wednesday  
J. A. Nance and others was shopping in Abilene Saturday.

Congratulations to Miss Yeager, of Putnam for her paper.

W. F. Gardner and family will leave in a few days for Florida to spend two weeks with Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Tompson

Miss Bockman of Baird spent the week end with her parents, Mr and Mrs. R. E. Bockman at Eula.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Farmer spent one day this week at Cross Plains. Mr. and Mrs. Tom Edwards of Clovis, N. M., is spending a few days Eula and Clyde, their old home.

J. T. Edwards was in Eula Tuesday Mr. Edwards tells me he is in fine health. Mr. Edwards is near 80 years of age.

Best wishes and a good rain to everybody.

PATSIE.

LET  
**Want Ads**

FOR SALE.—Oak cord wood at \$1.50 per cord on ground, or \$2.50 per cord delivered, Joe Glover, Phone 198, Baird.

NOW OPEN.—Abilene's New Greenhouses. The largest greenhouses in West Texas; carrying the most complete stock of cut flowers and pot plants. One house in tomatoes a treat for sore eyes. Visitors always welcome. Abilene Greenhouses, S. 11th and Jeanette Phone 5055 day or night

I have moved my Beauty Shop to the first residence west of the Leache Store and for two weeks only, beginning to-day, I will give \$3.00 Croquignole Waves for \$2.00 and \$5.00 Steamed Oil Waves for \$3.00. See or phone me for prices on other work. Mrs. Homer Price, Phone 246

FOR SALE.—One good young work horse, perfectly gentle in every way See W. J. Ray at Ray Motor Co. 45-tf

FOR SALE.—Garland Gas Range, Frigidair. Mrs. A. L. Johnson, Oplin, Texas 48-tf.

FOR RENT.—Nice room and board. Prices reasonable. Garage furnished. See Mrs. Pretz. Phone 255. 49-2tp

FOR SALE.—Quilts, Hooked Rugs Embroidered and crocheted scarfs dresser sets, etc. Will also take orders for quilting, rug making or fancy work Mrs. Henry Lambert, Miss Jeffe Lambert. 41-tf

### SINGER SEWING MACHINES

I am still selling Singer Sewin Machines. Will take in your old machine on a new one. Special attention given to all repair work, on sewing machines. Prices reasonable. 21-tf. J. C. NEAL, Clyde, Texas

# Same Price as Last Year BARGAIN DAYS

(Expire December 31st)

# STAR-TELEGRAM

Largest Circulation in Texas

MORE THAN A CENT AND A HALF MORE FOR A STATE PAPER

ONE YEAR

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6 DAYS

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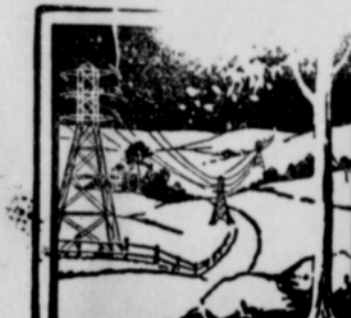
# FORT WORTH STAR-TELEGRAM

Morning—Evening—Sunday

AMON G. CARTER, President



## Our Customer Obligation



... is to always supply a constant and dependable source of Electric Power in advance of immediate needs.

To do this, we have invested much capital in facilities and always kept a highly trained personnel to efficiently operate the properties. We have helped our customers obtain appliances of the highest quality in order that they may enjoy the greatest benefit from their electric service.

We have made rate reductions amounting to more than sixty per cent during recent years. We are supplying much more service to the average customer than in former times, and with the average customer bill much below that of former years.

We are doing away with the room count rate in the 160 towns we serve in keeping with our policy of low electric rates. We urge our customers to take advantage of these low incentive rates for a greater use and enjoyment of service.

Electric service is cheap! It is one of the most valuable commodities of the household, yet takes only one per cent of the workman's total household expenditures. You should use much more of it!

**West Texas Utilities  
Company**



We thank all for the splendid business given us on our Anniversary Sale.

## SPECIALS FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY NOVEMBER 16 & 17

We also thank all for the splendid trade given us during the past year.

<b>APPLES</b>	Each 1c	<b>SPUDS U. S. No. 1</b>	10 lbs 19c	<b>CURED HAM CENTERS, Slices</b>	Lb. 27c
<b>CHERRIES</b> Red Pitted So Called Gallons	Each 50c	<b>RICE</b>	3 lbs. 19c	<b>SAUSAGE, pure pork, home made, 2 lbs.</b>	35c
<b>MILK</b> Red & White 6 Small, or 3 Large	19c	<b>COCOANUT</b>	10 oz. Pkg. 19c	<b>STEAK</b>	2 lbs. 25c
<b>BEANS, Great Northern</b>	3 lbs. 19c	<b>SALMON No. 1, Tall Can</b>	2 for 25c	<b>BEEF ROAST</b>	Lb. 11c
<b>COCOA, Blue &amp; White</b>	Lb. 15c	<b>STEW MEAT</b>	2 lbs. 15c	<b>BACON, sugar cured, in slabs</b>	Lb. 25c

RELIEF ORDERS GLADLY FILLED PROMPTLY AND EFFICIENTLY AT THESE PRICES.

A. B. HUTCHISON RED & WHITE GROCERY and MARKET

### GAINED 20 POUNDS IN TWO MONTHS

"Up to two months ago my stomach was in such a bad condition I could not even take a cup of coffee in the morning without being in distress for two or three hours. I bought a bottle of your Emulsion and it helped me from the start, so much so that people thought something had happened to me all of a sudden."

"Since then I have used six bottles and now I can get up in the morning and eat corned beef and cabbage, my stomach is in such good condition."

—E. H. Knobloch, 1955 Lincoln Ave., Chicago, Ill.  
Milks Emulsion restores healthy, natural bowel action. This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. Wonderful for weak, sickly children. You are urged to try Milks Emulsion. Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions and if not satisfied with the results, your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. The Milks Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold by druggists everywhere.

### WEAK AND SKINNY MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Saved by new Vitamins of Cod Liver Oil in tasteless tablets.

Pounds of firm healthy flesh instead of bare scraggy bones! New vigor, vim and energy instead of tired listlessness! Steady, quiet nerves! That is what thousands of people are getting through scientists' latest discovery—the Vitamins of Cod Liver Oil concentrated in little sugar coated tablets without any of its horrid, fishy taste or smell. McCoy's Cod Liver Oil Tablets, they're called! "Cod Liver Oil in Tablets", and they simply work wonders. A little boy of 8, seriously sick, got well and gained 16½ lbs. in just one month. A girl of thirteen after the same disease, gained 8 lbs. the first week and 2 lbs. each week after. A young mother who could not eat or sleep after baby came got all her health back and gained 10 lbs. in less than a month. You simply must try McCoy's at once. Remember if you don't gain at least 3 lbs. of firm healthy flesh in a month get your money back. Demand and get McCoy's—the original and genuine Cod Liver Oil Tablets—approved by Good Housekeeping Institute. Refuse all substitutes—insist on the original McCoy's—there are none better.

### HELP KIDNEYS

If your kidneys function badly and you have a lame, aching back, with attacks of dizziness, burning, scanty or too frequent urination, getting up at night, swollen feet and ankles, rheumatic pains, . . . use Doan's Pills. Doan's are especially for poorly functioning kidneys. Millions of boxes are used every year. They are recommended the country over. Ask your neighbor!

### DOAN'S PILLS

### VICKS COUGH DROP

Real Throat Relief! Medicated with ingredients of Vicks VapoRub OVERCOMES BAD BREATH

### Chest Colds

Don't let them get a strangle hold. Fight them quickly. Creomulsion combines 7 helps in one. Powerful but harmless. Pleasant to take. No narcotics. Your own druggist is authorized to refund your money on the spot if your cough or cold is not relieved by Creomulsion. (adv.)

## WOOTEN MOTOR COMPANY

AUTHORIZED  DEALER

Sales and Service  
Phone 281  
Baird, Texas

### EXPRESSION AND DRAMATIC ART

West room of building on Grammar School ground)  
Cordially Invited to attend  
is given each month

WARREN MAYES

## PERSONALS

Mrs. J. B. Harmon of Fort Worth was in Baird Wednesday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson of Oplin, were in Baird Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Day and family of Oplin, were in Baird Tuesday.

Miss Mildred Cook spent the week end with Gwendol Ground.

Mrs. Wm. Handley of Fort Worth is visiting her sister Mrs. H. Schwartz and family and old friends in Baird.

Mrs. Frank Jones of San Antonio, is visiting her mother Mrs. John Blakley at Belle Plain.

C. L. Ground of Dora, spent the week end with his brother R. W. Ground and family.

Miss Juanita Johnson spent the past week end with Mrs. C. E. Johnson and family in Big Spring.

R. E. Bounds returned last Friday from the Sealey hospital, Santa Anna, where he was a surgical patient for several days.

Miss Vida Moore, home demonstration agent, attended a district meeting at Eastland on Nov. 8th and a district meeting at Sweetwater Tuesday.

Mrs. J. L. White returned the past week from Fort Worth where she visited her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Hamilton and family.

Frank Harding, who has been visiting his son Wade Harding and family for the past two weeks, has returned to his home in De Leon.

Dr. T. J. Inman, Optometrist returned Tuesday from Sweetwater where he has been attending the Graduate Clinic in Optometry, conducted by Dr. A. M. Skeffington, internationally known Optometric Diagnostician and Technician.

Norman Finley, who underwent a very serious operation for removal of tumor from the brain, in St. Anthony's hospital, Oklahoma City ten days ago, is reported making considerable improvement the past three days.

Mr. E. L. McColman of Jamestown Ala., and Miss Cora McColman of Chattanooga, Tenn. were here a few days to visit their sister Mrs. R. O. Thompson and family. Miss McColman was accompanied home by Mrs. Thompson, daughter and son Evelyn and Bruce Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Chisenhall, of Long Beach, California, are visiting Mrs. Chisenhall's sister, Mrs. E. C. Fulton and family. Mr. and Mrs. Chisenhall formerly lived here and this is their first visit here in twelve years.

Mrs. J. W. Hayes received a message Wednesday of last week telling her that her brother, George Askew

and wife and her sister, Mrs. Margaret Hays were seriously hurt in a car wreck near Marble Falls, Mrs. Askew died Friday and Mr. Askew and Mrs. Hays are in a serious condition in a hospital in Austin.

Among those on the list of honor students in Abilene Christian College is Yvonne Hodges of Baird, who is listed for honors in economics and business administration; and Lilac Smedley of Baird who is listed in art and home economics. The roll of honor students is posted each six weeks on the bulletin board of the Hardin Memorial building.

### OUR HONOR ROLL

The following subscribers have paid their subscription since the beginning of Bargain Days—This list includes a number of new subscribers:

- W. J. Russell, Rt. 2, Baird.
- M. H. Perkins, Clyde.
- Mrs. Gabe Smartt, Clyde.
- Raymond Spraws, Rt. 4, Cisco.
- Claude Grounds, Merkel.
- E. H. Johnson, Ovalo.
- G. B. Jones, Rt. 1, Baird.
- J. T. Smithwick, Rt. 2, Clyde.
- E. L. Wood, Rt. 2, Moran.
- Joe E. Jones, Rt. 1, Baird.
- J. M. Shelton, Putnam.
- E. F. Rutledge, Rt. 1, Clyde.
- H. M. Warren, Rt. 1, Baird.
- Mrs. J. N. Blodgett, Rowden.
- N. C. Joyner, Rt. 2, Abilene.
- Geo. Baum, Rt. 1, Cross Plains.
- Mrs. Bessie Holland, McAllen.
- G. W. Miller, Rt. 2, Baird.
- N. A. Smedley, Rowden.
- Ivey Hart, Moran, Rt. 2.
- H. F. Phillips, Rowden.
- L. M. Howie, Rt. 2, Abilene.
- Luther Maner, Baird.
- John McKee, Rt. 1, Baird.
- Ernest Gwin, Oplin.
- H. R. Kendrick, Denton.
- R. L. Hicks, Rt. 2, Clyde.
- Mrs. Linwood Hayes, Breckenridge.
- Arthur Appleton, Rt. 1, Baird.
- Mrs. W. D. Hayworth, Baird.
- M. A. Burleson, Clyde.
- Mrs. S. E. Webb, Rt. 1, Baird.
- Otto Schaffrinia, Rt. 1, Baird.
- O. H. Gillit, Lyford.
- G. A. Gwin, Oplin.
- G. A. Gwin, Oplin.
- Mrs. S. M. Buatt, Cross Plains.
- Mrs. Frank Burt, Pasadena, Calif.
- Mrs. Henry Benham, Balmorhea.
- Mrs. R. N. Higdon, Baird.
- E. H. Williams, Putnam.
- R. V. Hart, Big Spring.
- Mrs. J. H. Buchanan, Cedarcrest NM.
- W. P. McBride, Oplin.
- R. G. Jones, Cottonwood.
- W. O. Spencer, Rt. 1 Cross Plains.
- M. E. Jolly, Rt. 2 Clyde.
- N. A. Trotter, Rt. 1 Clyde.
- J. W. Hayes, Baird.
- Ben Halsted, Baird.
- J. T. Maltby, Rt. 2 Baird.
- Miss Edith Collier, Baird.
- Mrs. J. H. Terrell, Baird.
- Lloyd Hughes, Baird.
- E. R. Beck, Baird.
- L. Burrow, Clyde.
- Dr. B. F. Brittain, Putnam.
- Otis Bowyer, Baird.
- C. E. Motley, Rt. 1, Clyde.
- Mrs. Alan H. Anderson, Dallas.
- W. M. Ohaver, Putnam.
- E. L. Gann, Rt. 1, Clyde.
- A. A. Williams, St Rt 2, Baird.
- G. W. Smith, St Rt 1, Baird.
- D. Day, Rt. 2, Clyde.

We are also offering the following Clubbing Rates:  
The Baird Star and Semi-Weekly Farm News, both papers, one year for \$2.00.  
The Baird Star and Abilene Morning News, both papers one year for \$5.15.  
The Baird Star and Fort Worth Star-Telegram, both papers, one year for \$7.25.

### EPISCOPAL SERVICES

Rev. Willis P. Gerhart of Abilene, will hold evening prayer at the Episcopal church Sunday at 3:30 p. m. Subject "The Voice of the Christ"

### ABILENE NEWS-REPORTER

Distributed twice daily in Baird. See me or phone No. 100 for delivery of paper.  
Cliff Johnson.

### SON BORN TO MR. AND MRS. R. B. TAYLOR, OF ATWELL

Born to Mr and Mrs R. B. Taylor of Atwell, on Wednesday, Nov., 14, 1934 a son.

### Marvin M. Terry Died In Knoxville, Tenn.

Marvin M. Terry, 52, eldest son of the late M. M. Terry, an early resident of Callahan county, died at Knoxville, Tennessee, Oct. 19, 1934.

Marvin Terry was born at Belle Plain February 10, 1882. His mother died when he was a small boy, but he was not denied a mother's love long for his step-mother who came into the home later was a mother indeed to him and his smaller brothers and sister, tenderly and devotedly caring for them in childhood and on into manhood and womanhood, she continues her devotion.

Deceased was preceded in death by his brother, Claude Terry, who died in Baird fifteen years ago and his father M. M. Terry who died in Deming, N. M. seven years ago; his young sister Mildred Terry who died in Fort Worth two years ago and his brother, Luke Terry who died in Deming, N. M. one year ago.

Mr. Terry is survived by two sons Frank and Marvin Terry, Jr., of Fort Worth; his mother, Mrs. M. M. Terry of Fort Worth; three sisters, Mrs. C. L. Looney and Miss Ora Terry, of Fort Worth; Mrs. Aetna Caperton, of El Paso; and four brothers, J. L. Terry, of Big Spring; Mark and Bonner and Bonner, of Deming, New Mexico; Jack Terry, of Detroit Michigan.

### In Memory of Marvin

I cannot say, and I will not say  
That he is dead—he is just away!  
With a cherry smile and a wave of the hand,  
He has wandered into an unknown land  
And left us dreaming how very fair  
It needs must be since he is there  
And you, O you who the wildest yearn,  
For the old time step and the glad return,  
Think of him as faring on, as dear  
In the love of there as love of here;  
Mild and gentle as he was brave  
When the sweetest love of his life he gave  
I think of him as the same, I say,  
He is not dead—he is just away.  
—Mother

### DR. T. J. GRISWOLD ATTENDING CONFERENCE IN ABILENE

Dr. T. J. Griswold, pastor of the Methodist church is attending the 25 annual conference of the Methodist of Northwest Texas which convened in Abilene Wednesday. Quite a number of Baird people plan to attend the sessions of the meeting.

### Baird School News

School spirit is as vital to the life of a school as is breath to the life of a person.

Baird school students have remained loyal to their team and have been tirelessly backing them.

Baird was well represented at Clyde last Friday. The High School Pep Squad consisting of fifty girls clad in brilliant red and white uniforms made a pretty showing. Red white and blue streamers lent a patriotic air to the occasion, it being our Armistice game.

The Bears lost to the Bulldogs 19 to 0. It was a hard fought game, but our supporters stuck with us to the finish.

Football fans and supporters, now is the time to prove your loyalty "A friend in need is a friend indeed." Therefore let's all pull, and pull hard all together and winning or losing—Back the Bears!

### PYTHIAN SISTERS ATTEND MEETING IN ABILENE

Mesdames Arthur Johnson, Mary Kehrer, Bernice Andrews, Fred Estes Wm. Handley and Miss Juanita Johnson attended a meeting of the Pythian Sisters in Abilene Tuesday night and assisted in exemplifying the degree work of the order.

The meeting was held in honor of Mrs. Mary Mayo Williams of Mexia Grand Chief of the order

### SON BORN TO MR. AND MRS. R. B. TAYLOR, OF ATWELL

Born to Mr and Mrs R. B. Taylor of Atwell, on Wednesday, Nov., 14, 1934 a son.

### BEAUTY SPECIALS

Two Oil Permanents for \$1.00  
Prices on Other Permanents Reduced

**Briley's Beauty Shop**  
—CISCO, TEXAS—

Moved from 307 W7th St. to 300 W7th St.



## THIS BANK

Gives a fair hearing to prospective borrowers who wish to make such loans as will pass our credit requirements.

### WE HAVE

Ample funds and are in a position to make reasonable loans to responsible people.

### TODAY

The changed business conditions and the new banking laws have made this bank the most logical and the safest depository available.

**The First National Bank, Baird, Texas**

(Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation)

# NOTICE

I will be at the following places on the following dates for the purpose of collecting State and County Taxes for the year 1934.

- Eula Nov. 16th
- Clyde Nov. 19th
- Putnam Nov. 20th
- Cross Plains Nov. 26th and 27th

W. J. EVANS

Tax Collector, Callahan County.

## THE SECOND QUESTION A DOCTOR ASKS . . .

Here is some information that has relieved whole families from Constipation



When anyone is "out of sorts" the doctor's first question is about the bowels. And the second, what is being taken to help them. Doctors use laxatives, and expect you to use them. But they prefer a liquid laxative. Do you know why? Doctors and hospitals use liquid laxatives because they've seen the damage sometimes done by highly concentrated drugs in the form of pills or tablets. They know that a properly made liquid laxative containing senna (a natural laxative) does not do this harm. And they use liquid laxatives to relieve the bowels, because the dose can be easily regulated.

### What to Use

There is a preparation of fine herbs, pure pepsin, cascara, and senna which does away with all need of harsh cathartics. The active senna in Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is laxative enough for any adult, mild enough for any child. And there are other valuable ingredients in this delightful syrup.

Syrup Pepsin will usually relieve a case of constipation overnight. If a further dose is necessary, you give a smaller dose, each time less, until the bowels are moving regularly and thoroughly without any help at all!

If you have a youngster who



My husband, who is a druggist, first recommended Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin to me. It has always helped me and made me feel better. I have used it as a laxative for the entire family for 22 years.  
Mrs. M. McMaster, Peoria, Ill.

doesn't eat, doesn't gain, gets upset and bilious no matter how careful you are about the diet—don't resort to strong cathartics which may only make matters worse.

### Make this Test!

If you are "not yourself" because of a constipated condition, don't blame it on your blood condition, or your age. Try the help of Syrup Pepsin until you are relieved and nature restores your regularity.

When your bowels continue then to move regularly, comfortably, and completely every day—you'll know why most doctors favor a liquid laxative like Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

SUCH IS LIFE—That's So!



By Charles Sughroe

Does Away With "Awkward Age"

PATTERN 1978 This is a frock for what used to be called the "awkward age"...

Mati Hari Sent to Death by Comrade

"Mlle. Docteur," Dying, Confesses Betrayal.

Berne, Switzerland.—On her death bed Anne-Marie Lesser, notorious "Mlle. Docteur," German spy, revealed how she betrayed the glamorous World War spy, Mata Hari, to her death before a French firing squad.

her even if I had wanted. I should have been suspected at once. I threatened her, but without success.

"Yes, I had her executed. As was customary, I arranged that the French should receive all the necessary evidence for her arrest.

"And, now, doctor, I am going to tell you something which I alone know.

"For a long time, for a very long time, I envied Mata Hari's fate. Her death was easy, I am going to tell you why.

An Easy Death.

"She was condemned to death and was waiting for the end in her cell when a man came to her and said in a low voice:

"Fear nothing, Mata Hari, everything has been arranged for your escape. You will have to go before the firing squad, but that will be a mere formality, the bullets will pass above your head.

"Pretend to be dead, our men will put you on the bier and transport you out of France on a wagon.

"Mata Hari smiled gratefully, and went to what she believed to be the last to be a mock execution, and smiling received the rifle bullets in her heart. She had an easy death.

Anne-Marie began her career as a spy when she was sixteen when, described on her passport as a student at the Beaux Arts of Geneva, she appeared in a little French village in the Vosges which was going to be the scene of certain military maneuvers.

In 1914 there arrived at Brussels a splendid creature with a French nose bearing only a vague resemblance to the little student of the Beaux Arts of Geneva.

The beautiful "French woman" was not long getting to know a young lieutenant, Rene Austin.

In the intervals of love-making she painted little pictures, which she sent, via Switzerland, to Berlin, where her chiefs, removing the oils, found underneath tracings of fortresses, guns and gunpits.

Mushroom as Anesthetic

Dentists among the Zapotec Indians of Mexico used as an anesthetic a mushroom that still grows wild in that region.

Wives Too Expensive for Most Moslems

Belgrade.—The prices paid for wives by the Moslems of south Yugoslavia have fallen heavily.

Prices for wives used to be high because there was a shortage of suitable women. But many women have gone to south Yugoslavia. Numbers of them are actually prepared to bring a dowry to their husbands instead of having to be "bought" from their families.

Also, farm product prices have fallen and made it impossible for most men to support more than one wife.

Liberty or License

By LEONARD A. BARRETT

There is an important difference between liberty and license. By liberty we mean, "exemption from external restraint — freedom."

In government it means, "freedom from political usurpation; the condition of a people which participates in the making of its own laws." License means a special grant of privilege, like the right to conduct a certain business, operate an automobile, conduct an entertainment or show.

The distinction between these two terms is not always clearly understood. We find them seriously confused in many of our public addresses and press articles. Perhaps it is quite important that this distinction should be emphasized these days when the problem of freedom is being challenged by many writers.

Far be it from the spirit of this article to criticize the NRA or any aspects of the so-called New Deal. It is impossible, however, not to notice, with



The Household

By Lydia Le Baron Walker

GARMENT hangers require correct use for best service. It is not enough that the clothes are put over their branching arms. They must be so put on that they hang straight from the shoulders.



only be the right kind for the material, silk requiring silk dyes, etc., but the color must be sufficiently darker than the color to be changed, to insure hiding faded places, stains, and spots.

It is wiser for the home worker to pick out a tone which is sufficiently dark for her purpose than to experiment, unless she is perfectly willing to re-dye the article.

© Bell Syndicate.—WNU Service.

Hat of Beaver Fur Felt



For the girl who likes tailored clothes, fashion suggests a hat of fine beaver fur felt, with a dressmaker touch of smocking on the crown.

Problems in Decoration

Assembling a room is, after all, quite like assembling a costume. To have things which go together you must analyze before you buy. Consider these questions: Are you starting anew or combining new furnishings with those you already have?

Worth Remembering

When running a new tape or elastic through underwear baste one end of the new tape onto an end of the old tape, and when the old tape is drawn out the new one is pulled in place.

Tip on Ironing

A clean, washable rag rug is excellent to place under the ironing board when ironing. Large pieces, such as tablecloths, will not get on the floor.

She Sees Through "Grafted" Eyes



Mrs. Daphne Muir (right), noted British novelist, is shown telling a girl reporter at Quisset, Mass., of the almost miraculous restoration of her eyesight through a delicate grafting operation performed by Dr. Tudor Thomas at Cardiff, Wales.

Best Dressed Woman



Anna May Wong, the beautiful oriental screen star, is the newest holder of the title of "best-dressed woman in the world."

considerable alarm, the daring assaults hurled at those in executive authority who argue that the New Deal will result in the complete destruction of that liberty for which our fathers fought and died.

Much of the writing directed toward this end, however, fails to recognize the distinction between liberty and license for which this article pleads. License fails to recognize a moral imperative. A license to operate an automobile does not imply a moral obligation to avoid unnecessary risks.

License to do as I please, regardless of others, and liberty which safeguards the rights of others are two different things. The latter is what we have inherited from our forefathers. Let us not lose it.

Blindness No Hindrance to Six New Englanders

Boston.—Blindness is no barrier to one girl and five boys who have entered New England colleges.

The girl has enrolled at Hampton institute, while the boys have matriculated at Harvard, Boston college and the New England Conservatory of Music.

All are graduates of the Perkins Institution for the Blind.

Navy's Left Half



Fred Borries is the left halfback in the formidable football machine developed at the Naval academy at Annapolis. He is both fast and powerful.

ODD THINGS AND NEW—By Lane Bode



AIR PRESSURE ON EGGS/ BY SUBJECTING THEM TO INCREASED AIR PRESSURE, EGGS ARE HATCHED IN RECORD SHORT TIME.

CORN ALCOHOL—LARGE SCALE ALCOHOL FUEL MANUFACTURE IS BEING DEVELOPED FROM PROCESSING ORDINARY CORN.

ROPE STRENGTH VEGETABLE FIBER OF PLANTS IN FIFTEEN-INCH DIAMETER CAN LIFT 60 TONS OF WEIGHT.

WNU Service.

Smiles

CRIMSON GULCH IN LINE

"What do you want with a school house?" asked the traveling salesman.

"We don't want an ordinary school house," answered Cactus Joe. "We're going to start a college and issue diplomas."

"Why be so ambitious?" "For the sake of our politics. Nobody seems able to get a good job nowadays unless he's some kind of a college professor." — Washington Star.

The Bargain Hunter "When does the next train leave for Chicago?" she asked.

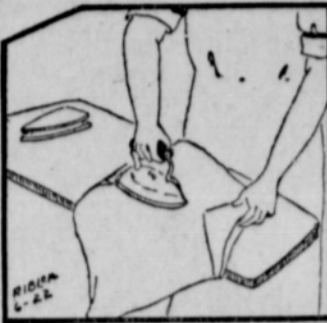
"At 2:50, madam," replied the station agent.

"Make it 2:48 and I'll take it," she said absent-mindedly. — Pathfinder Magazine.

Home Happiness "Would you marry for wealth?" "No," answered Miss Cayenne. "I couldn't think of being bothered with a person who's constantly worried about his income tax."



Housewife's Idea Box



To Press Synthetic Fabrics Press synthetic fabrics with a warm iron first. Then increase the heat if necessary.

THE HOUSEWIFE. Copyright by Public Ledger, Inc. WNE Service.

Good Habits of Eating

Important for Child

Children learn, whether we teach them or not. It takes time and a consistent effort to guide them away from poor habits toward good ones.

Therefore we start early in his life; our attitude, which is a powerful factor in influencing his learning, must be right in its suggestion, so that he will be happy in making the needed adjustment.

We must have a regular time for meals, offer a new food or one which is of a different consistency at the beginning of the meal when he is hungry, or with a food which he likes.

If you tire easily-

why not reason out the cause of this unnatural condition? Your first thought may be, "I must eat more." That's not all. You should enjoy what you do eat.

Dr. Josephine H. Kenyon, in Good Housekeeping.

the world's great blood medicine

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM Removes Dandruff-Keeps Hair Falling Imparts Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair

FLORESTON SHAMPOO - Ideal for use in connection with Parker's Hair Balsam. Makes the hair soft and fluffy.

Help Kidneys

If poorly functioning Kidneys and Bladder make you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Rheumatic Pains, Stiffness, Burning, Smarting, Itching, or Acidity try the guaranteed Doctor's Prescription Cystex (See text)

Constipation? Rouge, creams and powders only hide complexion blemishes. They don't get at one of its frequent causes - constipation.

FREE SAMPLE Write for GARNFIELD TEA CO. Dept. 2-A

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the extra you lack PERFECT

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

(By REV. P. J. FITZWATER, D. D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)

Lesson for November 18 THE CHRISTIAN AS A CHURCH MEMBER

LESSON TEXT--Matthew 5:13-16; Acts 2:41-47. GOLDEN TEXT--For we are members of his body, of his flesh, and of his bones--Ephesians 5:30.

PRIMARY TOPIC--Praising God in His House. JUNIOR TOPIC--What It Means to Be a Church Member.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC--Why Join the Church? YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC--Learning From the Early Church.

The two Scripture texts selected by the lesson committee are not quite of the same import. The one from Matthew has to do with the relation of Christ's disciples to the world, especially the Messianic kingdom.

I. The Relation of Christ's Disciples to the World (Matt. 5:13-16).

The disciples are to live such lives as will enlighten, purify, and preserve. The responsibilities of the subjects of the kingdom are set forth under the figures of salt, light, and a city.

1. "Ye are the salt of the earth" (v. 13). Salt arrests and prevents the progress of corruption.

2. "Ye are the light of the world" (v. 14). Light illuminates and warms. Its gift is guidance.

3. "A city set on a hill" (v. 14). By a city is suggested a governmental and social order. Christian character and service should be such as to give the influence of the hill-topped city.

II. The Christian Church as an Evangelizing Agency (Acts 2:41).

It is not enough that believers should receive the life of God and enjoy the blessings of his grace, but they should evangelize the world. The Great Commission (Matt. 28:18-20) makes it clear that disciples should be made of all the nations.

III. A Portrait of the Primitive Church (Acts 2:42-47).

1. They continued in the apostles' doctrine (v. 42). Instead of being taught by the scribes, they were now taught by new teachers, the apostles of Christ.

2. They continued in fellowship around Christ their Head (v. 42). The "breaking of bread" illustrated the oneness of believers in Christ.

3. They continued in prayer (v. 42). The ideal church is a praying church.

4. They "were together" (v. 44). They were together because they were baptized by the Holy Spirit into the one body, of which Christ was Head (1 Cor. 12:13).

5. They had community of goods (vv. 44, 45). They sold their possessions and goods, and parted them to all men, as every man had need.

6. They were filled with gladness and singleness of heart (v. 46). All those who have had the experience of the life of God being poured into them are filled with praise, and gratitude must express itself.

7. "Favor with all the people" (v. 47). Such unselfishness gained the attention of the people, inducing them to yield themselves to God, and thus God added unto them daily such as were being saved.

Let us not forget that "Christ also loved the church, and gave himself for it... that it should be holy and without blemish."

The Real God To some people God is the great and terrible God. Their souls are filled with awe, at the thought of him, and they say with Jacob, "How dreadful is his place!"

At the best, worst of

Fur-Trimmed Short-Jacketed Suit

By CHERIE NICHOLAS



IN THE game of late fall and early winter fashion about the most high-stylish play one can make is to stake all on a handsome short-jacketed suit, hiplength to be explicit, which is lavishly trimmed with luxurious fur.

It is a question which is more exciting in point of novelty and elegance, the materials which go to make up these dramatic suits or the furs which adorn them.

However, all is not tweed that is tailored, for broadcloth is "in" this season and best-dressed women are ordering their suits made of handsome duvetyne in rich vibrant reds or greens or browns.

As to interpreting the glories of velvet suits as "now is" in the style parade the most extravagant adjectives fall short of doing the theme justice.

WINTER GLOVE-MUFF BECOMES ACROBATIC

The winter glove-muff is becoming almost acrobatic. With wide and high cuffs reaching to the elbow, they look like coat and sleeves, as they are intended to look, when folded back over the hands and snapped together to form the muff, they in no way detract from the sleeve arrangement of the coat.

So wide is the cuff and so cleverly is the glove attached to it that the whole thing can also be worn as a hat. The hand of the glove is turned inside and lies flat across the top of the head, while the cuff--either of fur or fabric--forms the hat that is crushed into shape and held in place with a pin, feather, flower or button.

Milliners Are Awaiting

Hat trimmings have not said their last word and all the new millinery collections are reserving a very important place for them. There is a supple black felt toque, the front part of which is turned down as a brim and gathered in a draped effect against the crown, where it is held by a motif in red plastic material and metal, which is pinned through the felt.

Also, there is a cloche in green felt, entirely covered with rayon stitches in a lighter shade and in checked design. The crown is fastened at the back from the top of the head down to the hat band with black plastic buttons in half-cone shape.

Alluring Black Stockings to Be Popular for Winter

Deeper shades of hosiery are expected to be popular this winter, partly as a result of the revival of black hose. An off-black or mascara shade is outstanding black, dealers report, and equally popular is a deep brown, called mahogany, which looks well with either black or brown attire.

blouse is of red and gold lame. A flattering silver fox collar with a huge nattering muff add "class" to this outfit de luxe.

The smart town suit to the left radiates that feeling of quiet elegance which bespeaks refinement and good taste. The brown striped woolen of which it is tailored is a more than ordinary weave.

The interesting note to carry in mind in regard to the suit to the right is that the jacket tops a one-piece dress--an excellent idea for winter warmth as well as costume chic.

The Dolman Sleeves By CHERIE NICHOLAS

DOLMAN SLEEVES



Many of the newest coats have dolman sleeves. The model pictured sets forth the attractiveness of this new silhouette which features big sleeves in fine shape. It is interesting to know that the taffeta frock worn underneath is in a rich red which matches the color of the handsome wool cloaking used for the dolman wrap.

Sacred and Lucky Numbers

Superstitious Notions Connected With Almost Every One of the Digits; Six Is Held Highly Potent in Mystical Properties.

Very many superstitious and curious ideas have been and are still connected with numbers. Great hopes have been founded upon certain combinations of numbers in lotteries, in horoscopes, or in predictions regarding important events.

There have been superstitious notions connected with nearly every one of the nine digital numbers.

The number 1 was held to be sacred because it represented the unity of the Godhead. This number is esteemed as very lucky by the Japanese, who allot but one day to each of the several operations of husbandry, leaving that portion of the crop that could not be gathered in one day.

The second digit acquired an especially evil reputation among the early Christians, because the second day hell was created, along with heaven and earth. The Cabalists said it typified union of Christ. It seems to have been a number unlucky in English dynasties.

The number 3 has an abundance of superstitions connected with it. It was the perfect number of the Pythagoreans, who said it represented the beginning, middle and end.

There was but little mystery attached to the numbers 4 and 5. In folklore the four-leaved clover is especially lucky. The four of clubs is an unlucky card, and it is named the devil's four-pot bed.

The Cabalists asserted that the number 6 was potent in mystical properties. The world was created in six days, the Jewish servant served six years, Job endured six tribulations, and hence the figure typified labor and suffering.

The number 6 was an unlucky one at Rome. Tarquinus Sextus was a brutal tyrant and the church was divided under Urban the Sixth.

The number 7 has been invested with more mystery than all the other digits together, and to it were ascribed magic and mystical qualities possessed by no other numbers. Several learned treatises have been written on this number, and septenary combinations have been sought everywhere.

He may find better reasons for the importance attached to this number. Much of it is doubtless due to its prominence in the Bible. The seven days of creation led to a septenary division of time to all ages.

The ancients not only noted the importance of seven as an astronomical period, but also connected with the seven planets the seven

metals then known. The soul of man was anciently supposed to be controlled by this double septenary combustion. It was also an ancient belief that a change in the body of man occurs every seventh year.

Says an old writer: "Augustus Caesar as Gellius saith, was glad, and hoped that he was to live long, because he had passed his sixty-three years. For old men seldom passed that year, but they are in danger of their lives. Two years, the seventh and ninth, commonly bring great changes to a man's life, and great dangers; therefore 63, that containeth both these numbers multiplied together, containeth unknown dangers."

Surely Busy Woman

Mrs. S. G. Brown, wife of a famous English inventor, is called "the busiest woman in the world." Besides managing a factory in which her husband's inventions are produced, she directs two companies, having a total of 600 employees, has charge of all correspondence, interviews callers, directs the social club for employees, edits a magazine for children and runs a children's welfare center.

Mercolized Wax



Keeps Skin Young Absorb blemishes and discolorations using Mercolized Wax daily as directed. Invisible particles of aged skin are freed and all defects such as blackheads, freckles and large pores disappear.

Powdered Saxonite

Reduces wrinkles and other signs of age. Simply dissolve one ounce Saxonite in half-pint witch hazel and use daily as face lotion.

Record Long Speech?

What is believed to be the world's talking record was made recently when in a law case an Australian king's counsel spoke for more than 71 hours.



ALL CLEANED UP and RARIN' TO GO

CLEANED SPARK PLUGS GIVE MOTORS THE SPARK OF LIFE... SAVE GAS... MAKE STARTING EASY

only 5c a plug Removing spark plug Oxide Coating gets rid of the chief cause of sluggishness, hard starting, loss of power. All Registered AC Cleaning Stations are ready-NOW-to clean your spark plugs. It costs so little--means so much! Badly worn plugs should, of course, be replaced with new ACs

Cash Paid for CANARIES

FROM EVERYWHERE--WRITE NATIONAL PET SHOPS 3131 Olive St. ST. LOUIS, MO.

The Choice of Millions KC BAKING POWDER

Double Tested - Double Action Manufactured by baking powder Specialists who make nothing but baking powder - under supervision of expert chemists.

Same Price Today as 24 Years Ago 25 ounces for 25c You can also buy A full 25 ounce can for 25c

Highest Quality - Always Dependable MILLIONS OF POUNDS HAVE BEEN USED BY OUR GOVERNMENT

# PLAZA

OF BAIRD

Always A Good Show!  
Often A Great Show!

SUN. MON. NOV. 18-19

**IT TAKES THE BLUES TO A RIDE**

**DICK POWELL**  
**RUBY KEELER**  
**JOAN BLONDELL**

**WED. THURS. NOV. 21-22**

He Goes His Other Great Picture, One Better!

**WILL ROGERS**  
*in a 5 Act*  
**Judge Priest**

TUESDAY—NOV. 20

## BANK NITE

**WED. THURS. NOV. 21-22**

He Goes His Other Great Picture, One Better!

**WILL ROGERS**  
*in a 5 Act*  
**Judge Priest**

## LAUNDRY

Call Phone No. 131  
Will call Monday, Wednesday and Friday, of each week.

**Abilene Laundry Co.**  
JACK HAYS, Representative  
Baird, Texas

## Rowden Home Demonstration Club

The Rowden "Merry Workers" Club met in regular session Nov. 12th with Mrs. W. T. Jones as hostess. The club sponsored a Hallowe'en Carnival at the school house on Wednesday night, Oct 31st. Thanks to each one who helped to make it a success. Mrs. J. A. Sikes gave a report on the council meeting after which a foundation pattern was made. The club then adjourned to meet with Mrs. J. N. Baggett Nov. 26th. Mrs. J. B. Mauldin, Mrs. E. J. Hill and Misses Anna Mae, Claribel and Joyce Tabor were visitors to the club.

## Griggs Hospital News

Mrs. Louis Johnson of Midway, who entered the hospital Thursday night of last week suffering from kidney trouble is reported improving. Mrs. Noah Cook was given a blood transfusion Sunday. Mary Joyce, two year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Morgan of the Hickman oil lease entered the hospital Wednesday night suffering from intestinal flu and is still quite ill. Oscar Black is a patient suffering from infection in his leg which was badly injured in a car wreck three weeks ago. J. R. Coats, Baird, was a patient Monday for treatment of lacerated face sustained while playing football. Nick Jackson was a patient for adjustment of a fractured clival sutured in the same game. hurtwplays,kmssho taoin taoin oinn Less Walker who was painfully hurt when kicked by a mule a week ago, was able to leave the hospital Wednesday but goes to hospital for dressing of wounds each day. J. E. Pittman who has been a patient for several weeks suffering from a broken leg was carried to his home in Cross Plains Sunday.

### WITH BAIRD BAPTIST

It was a fine service we had Sunday morning. We thank each one who took part and helped to make it a go. In my absence next Sunday, Dr. Atwood one of the Bible teachers in Simmons university will preach at both hours. Let every one hear him. Remember the hours, 11:00 a. m. and 7:15 p. m. B. Y P U meets at 6:15 p. m. and all the young people are invited to attend. Pray for us in the meeting at Beyers. **JOE R. MAYES.**

**FEDERAL LAND BANK AND COMMISSIONER'S LOAN**  
If you wish to refinance your loans with 4 1-2% per cent and 5 per cent money on long and easy payment plan, see or communicate with M. H. PERKINS, Secretary-Treasurer, Citizen National Farm Loan Association Clyde, Texas. 39-tf.

**IS YOUR COMPLEXTION BLOTCHY AND PIMPLY?**  
If your complextion is dull, muddy, sallow due to clogged bowels take Adlerika. Just one dose rids your system of poisonous wastes that cause pimples and bad skin. **CITY PHARMACY. 49.**

**CARD OF THANKS**  
We wish to thank our Baird friends for the many letters, floral offerings and sympathy shown us in our recent bereavement, the death of our companion and father.  
Mrs. W. H. Norred  
Neil Norred  
Elosie Norred.

## Home Economics News

As one of their entertainment projects the Third Year Home Economics girls entertained the faculty and school board with a Thanksgiving banquet in the Home Economics Department, Wednesday evening.

The guests gathered at 7:00 o'clock into a room suggestive of harvest time with its colorful autumn leaves and sheeks of corn.

During the banquet the following program was given:

Toast..... Mr. Taylor  
Response..... Mr Work  
Reading..... Kathryn McCoy  
Quartet..... Susie Lee Smith, Frances McElroy, Carlyn Hearn, Catherine James

Thanksgiving telegrams were read by each guest and fortunes written on small paper pumpkins were drawn from a large pumpkin.

The tables were decorated in orange using orange candles and autumn leaves as center pieces, making a very attractive setting.

Save your pennies—to see than fun ny, funny negro minstrel.

**SHOE REPAIRING**  
Polish with each repair job. Dyeing black dye guaranteed. Will take old shoes on repair work. Old shoes for sale. Neatsfoot oil for sale here, any quantity. All work guaranteed. Special for November—Ladies tip

20 cents, Men's half-soals 90 cents. **QUALITY SHOE SHOP,** A. E. Moore, Prop.

building the largest nursery and orchard in West Texas. Visit us. 40-tf  
**POSTED:**—All lands owned or controlled by me are posted. No hunting fishing, camping or trespassing in any way will be allowed.  
23-tf. **C. B. SNYDER.**



**RED & WHITE**  
Baird, Texas



**TOTS WRISTEN**  
Baird, Texas



**LOONEY & ARMOUR**  
Oplin, Texas

**QUALITY H AND H PRODUCTS**

**Sam Houston TEXAS GIRL**

**COFFEE**

**COFFEE**

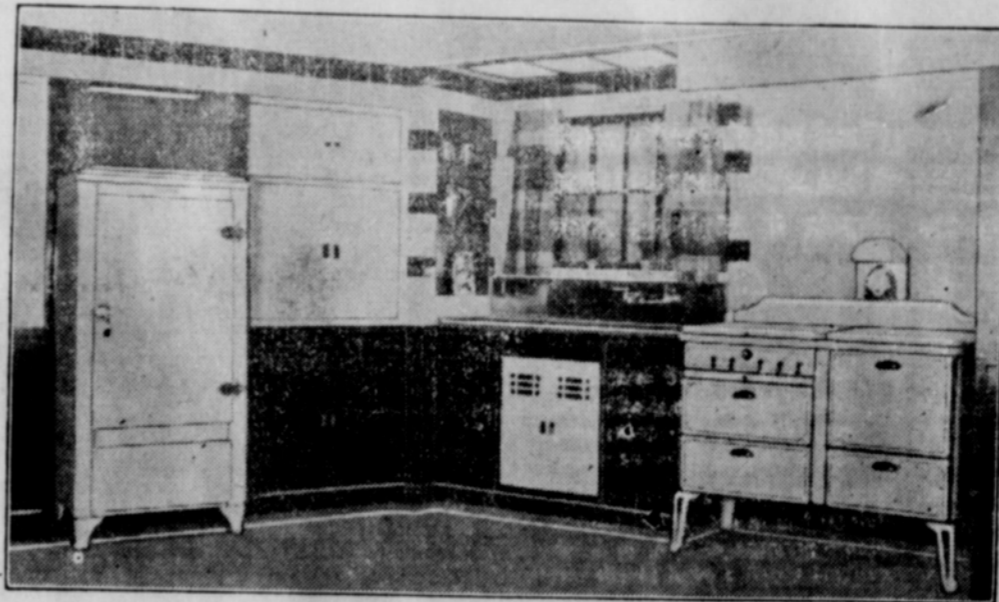
**COFFEE**

**COFFEE**

*We roast it, others praise it.*

*For Every Taste and Pocketbook*

Let this  
**THANKSGIVING DINNER**  
start a new era



... and start with the saving provided by this Sale of Modern Gas Ranges

- Special prices during November!
- Attractive trade-in allowance!
- Generous discount for cash!

We don't say that Thanksgiving dinner will taste any better because it is prepared in a modern all gas kitchen. But the point is: the same good-tasting meal can be prepared quicker, easier and much more economically in such a kitchen. And the modern gas range is its mainstay!

The special prices and terms being offered this month on modern gas ranges offer a real inducement to start a new era of easier, surer cooking in your kitchen. Install one now for small down payment and balance monthly!



Only modern gas ranges have insulated ovens, automatic temperature control, automatic lighting and smokeless broilers. They're smartly styled and beautifully finished to add distinction to your kitchen. Why do without when this sale makes one so easy to own?

**WHY NOTHING ELSE EQUALS Gas for Cooking**

1. Faster results.
2. Most economical.
3. Cleanest to use.
4. Flexible to any desired heat.
5. Exact control of temperature.
6. Automatic with modern gas appliances.
7. Constant, dependable service at all times.



Modern gas appliances are eligible for financing loans under the National Housing Administration. Remember, modern gas appliances are also from your dealer. See his display of approved appliances.

# GREYHOUND

A National Favorite FOR TRAVEL



It Represents:

- ★ TRAVEL COMFORT
- ★ CONVENIENT SCHEDULES
- ★ NATION-WIDE SERVICE
- ★ VETERAN DRIVERS
- ★ MODERN EQUIPMENT
- ★ MONEY-SAVING FARES

GREYHOUND TERMINAL  
HOLMES DRUG COMPANY  
Phone 11

# SOUTHWESTERN GREYHOUND Lines

## THEY ALL GET A LIFT WITH A CAMEL!



**HOCKEY STAR.** "Bill" Cook, Captain of the N. Y. Rangers, says: "A hockey player can't afford to have nerves. The way I guard my nerves and yet smoke all I want is to smoke only Camels. Their taste sure hits the spot!"

**PHONE OPERATOR.** Miss Marian Erickson says: "Camels do freshen up my energy in a delightful way. And they are the mildest cigarette I know. Of course I smoke a lot! But Camels never upset my nerves."



### WONDERS OF THE SEA

Oceans occupy three-fourths of the earth's surface. At the depth of 3,500 feet waves are not felt. The temperature is the same, varying only a trifle, from the poles to the burning sun of the equator. A mile down the water has a pressure of a ton on every square inch. If a box six feet deep were filled with sea water and allowed to evaporate, there would be two inches of salt left on the bottom of the box. Taking the average depth of the oceans of the world to be three miles, there would be a layer of salt 230 feet thick over the entire bed should the water evaporate. The water of the ocean is colder at the bottom than at the surface. In many places, especially in the bays on the coast of Norway, the water freezes at the bottom before it does at the top. Waves are very deceptive. Sometimes in storms these waves are forty feet high, and travel fifty miles per hour—nearly twice as fast as the fleetest steamship. The base of a wave—the distance from valley to valley on either side at the bottom—is generally reckoned as being fifteen times the height, therefore an average wave, say one 25 feet high, has a base extending over 375 feet. The force of waves breaking on the shore is said to be seventeen tons to the square yard.

### COTTON GINNED TO OCTOBER 18

Cotton of this year's crop ginned prior to October 18 was reported to have totaled 6,748,223 running bales, counting 120,772 round bales as half bales and including 6,074 bales of American-Egyptian. Ginnings to that date a year ago were 8,608,090 running bales, including 327,418 round bales and 1,215 bales of American-Egyptian. The crop this year as forecast by the Department of Agriculture is 9,443,000 bales of 500 pounds each, or 1,017,251 bales less than the 10,460,251-bale quota set in the Bankhead law. Ginnings of last year's crop totaled 13,047,262 bales of 500 pounds each.

### 5,000 TUKEYS IN PARADE

Five thousand turkeys will "strut their stuff" in the 1934 Turkey Trot to be held at Cuero, Texas, it is announced by Florence I. Ellis, general manager. Fox Movietone News will "shoot" the Turkey Trot parade November 15, according to information by the Turkey Trot committee. News cameramen representing Pathe News and Paramount News are also scheduled to make pictures of the trot.

And they shall beat their swords into plowshares, and their spears into pruning-hooks; nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more. Isa. 2:4.

It Costs No More to Live at the Best

**Hotel**

### GREAT LIFE IF YOU DON'T WEAKEN

Man comes into this world without his consent, and leaves it against his will. During his stay on earth, most of his time is spent in one continual round of perplexities and misunderstandings. In his infancy he is an angel. In his boyhood he is a devil. In his manhood he is everything from a lizard up. He may be a smart man, but in some folks estimation he is a fool. If he raises a big family he is a chump. If he raises a check he is a thief, and then the law raises Cain with him. If he is a poor man he is a bad manager and has no sense; if he is a rich man he is dishonest, but considered smart. If he is not in politics he is classed as an unprogressive citizen. If he goes to church he is a hypocrite; if he stays away from church he is a sinner and damned. If he donates to foreign missions, he does it for show; if he doesn't, he is stingy and a tightwad. When he first comes into this world everybody wants to kiss him; before he goes out of it they all want to kick him. If he dies young there was a great future before him; if he lives to a ripe old age he is in the way, and is only living to save funeral expenses. This is a hard road, but we all like to travel it. In order to be healthy we must eat nothing, drink nothing, smoke nothing, and see that the air is properly sterilized before breathing. So let's make the best of it.

### MEXICAN SHEEP SKINNER MAKES \$12 A DAY

At Ozona recently a Mexican sheep skinner set a new record by skinning a sheep every 80 seconds. This Mexican, Petacio Garcia, was skinning sheep which had been purchased by the government and condemned. They had to be killed and skinned at the expense of former owners and their pelts dried and delivered to a government agent. At the rate of 4 cents per pelt paid for the skinning of each sheep, Garcia made \$12 per day, according to reports of Tot Richardson, manager of the skinning crew.

### DON'T FLAUNT MONEY

Reports from Cleburne that Walter Jones had been slain did not surprise newspaper readers who were familiar with the fact that this Cleburne man was accustomed to carry large sums of money on his person and that on numerous occasions he displayed a \$10,000 bill. A Fort Worth ex-convict has confessed to killing Jones and robbing the body. The \$10,000 bill had been sent to a sister in another State just before the murder.

### 1,000,000 CANS OF MEAT FOR 11 COUNTIES

Up to October 15, the government cannery in Bryan, Texas, had put up slightly more than 1,000,000 cans of meat for distribution to those on relief rolls in Brazos, Grimes, Austin, Leon, Washington, Robertson, Walker, Milam, Houston, Burleson and Madison counties, officials report.

Come now, and let us reason together, said the Lord. Though your sins be as scarlet, they shall be as white as snow. Though they be red like crimson, they shall be as white as snow. Isa. 1:18.

# A LITTLE FUN Jokes to Make You Laugh

### "Sit or Set?"

When a country woman was asked if one should say a hen sits or a hen sets, she said: "That does not interest me in the least; the one thing that worries me is when my hens cackle, I don't know whether they have 'laid' or 'lied.'"

### Wakeful Practice

Doctor—"Did you try counting sheep when you couldn't go to sleep?"  
Farmer—"Yes, I counted 10,000 sheep, put 'em on the cars and shipped 'em, but by the time I got through figuring how little I got for them it was daylight and I had to get up and do the milking."

### The Dangerous Part

Prospective Buyer: "What part of the car causes the most accidents?"  
Salesman: "The nut that holds the wheel."

Hey diddle, diddle,  
The sax and the fiddle,  
The drummer discovered a tune;  
The orchestra laughed  
To see such sport  
When he played on a pan with a spoon.

### Just a Misplaced Comma

A woman, whose husband had joined the navy, gave the following note to the preacher:  
"Mr. Tom Smith, having gone to sea, his wife requests that the congregation pray for his safety."  
The preacher, who was somewhat near-sighted, read aloud to his flock at the service the next Sunday, as follows:  
"Mr. Tom Smith having gone to see his wife, requests that the congregation pray for his safety."

### The Right Answer

A man who believed he knew all about parrots undertook to teach what he thought to be a young, mute bird to say "Hello" in one lesson. Going up to the cage he repeated that word in a clear voice for several minutes, the parrot paying not the slightest attention.

At the final "Hello," the bird opened one eye, gazed at the man, and snapped out, "Line's busy!"

### Father's Love Letter

Once upon a time Daughter found an old love letter that Father had written to Mother when they were courting. Daughter copied the letter, signed a man's name to it, and mailed it to herself. Then she showed the letter to Father, and Father nearly busted his breeches denouncing the fool who would write such sickly mess.

### Gloves for Wife

With an air of great daring the meek-looking man walked into the department store.  
"—er, want a pair of gloves for my wife," he said shyly.  
"Yes, sir," replied the salesgirl, "what color: kid, suede, or listle, and how many buttons—two, four, six, eight—"  
"I don't care," replied the man boldly, "so long as they don't button down the back."

### "That's Noah!"

He had just arrived in Heaven, and having been through the Johnstown flood, he told the story over and over to all who would listen.

Each time he told of the great mass of water which dashed down the Pennsylvania gulch, a little, dried-up fellow over in a corner would turn up his nose and say:  
"Piffle!"

This continued razzing finally got on his nerves. He went to Saint Peter and complained.

"Do you know who that little shrimp is?" Saint Peter asked.  
"No," said the Johnstown man.  
"Well," said Saint Peter, "that's Noah!"

## Poultry Facts

By F. W. KAZMEIER  
Poultry Breeder, Bryan, Texas

### All-Night Lighting



According to results obtained by the Missouri College of Agriculture, all-night lighting of laying hens is beginning to receive consideration. According to this authority, hens given all-night lighting in October, November and December laid more than twice as many eggs as those not so lighted. In connection with this, it is well to remember that unlighted hens laid more eggs during February and March. It is not necessary to use strong lights, 15 or 20 watt electric lights will give good results. Electric lights are most convenient, but kerosene, gas, or acetylene may be used. Both mash and grain should be hopped fed. Lights should be located about 6 to 7 feet above floor and so arranged to light hoppers and water dishes in particular. Feeding, lighting and care may produce more eggs in certain months—or it may cause a shift of the egg production from one season to another—but when it comes to actually greatly increasing the egg-production per bird per year it becomes more of a breeding problem.

### Egg Candling Law

There is no doubt but that an effort will be made at the next regular session of the Legislature in Austin to pass an egg-candling and grading law. This law would require all eggs to be bought on a grade basis. It is the

### The Sister States

A curious inquirer wanted to know, "What are the sister States?" and the brilliant country editor answered:  
"We are not quite sure but we should judge that they are: Missouri, Ida Ho, Mary Land, Callie Fornia, Allia Bama, Louisiana Anna, Dela Ware, Minnie Sota and Miss Issippi."

### Signs of the Zodiac

"Now, boys," said the teacher, "tell me the signs of the zodiac. You first, Thomas."  
"Taurus, the bull."  
"Right. Now you, Harold, another one."  
"Cancer, the crab."  
"Right again. And now it's your turn Albert."  
The boy looked puzzled, hesitated a moment and then blurted out: "Mickey, the mouse."

### Why Editors Turn Gray

When a baby gnu was born in the San Francisco zoo, George Bistany, the superintendent, called up the city editor of a local paper to report it.  
"I want to give you some new gnu news about the gnu that our old gnus have," said Bistany.  
"Will you please," pleaded the city editor, "write out the news item and send it in?"  
Bistany did, and his note said: "I was trying to give you some gnu news about our two old gnus that have a baby gnu. Both the old gnus and the new gnu are doing very well."

### English Money

During the war while some of our colored soldiers were billeted in England, they occasionally played a game of poker. One negro picked up his hand and said, "I'll bet a pound."  
The other nigger looked at his hand, found he had four aces, and said, "I don't know nuthin' 'bout dis here England money, but I'll see yo' pound, and raise yer a ton!"

### Can't Beat the Irish

While visiting in Ireland an American tried to "kid" an old Irishman who was bragging about his hens.  
"Talking of hens," remarked the American, "reminds me of an old hen my dad once had. She would hatch out anything from a tennis ball to a lemon. Why, one day she sat on a piece of ice and hatched out two quarts of hot water."  
"That doesn't come up to a club-footed hen my mother once had," remarked the Irishman. "They had been feeding her by mistake on sawdust instead of oatmeal. Well, sor, she laid twelve eggs and sat on them, and when they hatched eleven of the chickens had wooden legs and the twelfth was a woodpecker!"

### The Difference

While soliciting business our representative went to a hotel where he had been stopping for several years, to get his usual room. The clerk, who knew him quite well, said: "I am sorry, Sam, but there is a convention being held in town, and all the rooms are taken, but I think if you go around the corner to another hotel and mention my name you will have no trouble in getting accommodations."

The suggestion was followed out, but when Sam walked into the hotel it was not inviting from any angle. The clerk, who was standing in front of the register (minus collar and coat), said, "How are you?"

Sam said, "Fine! How are you? I would like to get a room, anything doing?"

"Sure," was the reply. "I have them for 50c and 75c a night."

"What's the difference between the 50c and 75c ones?"

"Not much," replied the clerk, "only the 75c ones have rat traps in them."

## BRING IN THE WORLD...DOWN ON YOUR FARM!

—and bear everything with real Higher Fidelity...on these all-wave RCA Victor Air Cell Radios that work like magic!



MODEL 234-B—The cabinet of this set is of Neo-Classical design, the work of one of the nation's outstanding cabinet designers. Walnut finished and hand-rubbed, it is unaffected by sun or by climatic conditions, and it will delight the eye in any room. Price with RCA Radio Tubes, less Batteries \$79.95

SIT AT HOME...and travel around the world! That's what you can do today—with the new RCA Victor "Blue Ribbon" Air Cell Radios. All the lure of foreign lands... all the thrill of hearing more (and more clearly) domestic stations. Or, police, aviation and amateur signals. Truly they work like magic!

In performance these sets have never been equalled. Each is rich, true, completely lifelike in tone... a Higher Fidelity Tone only RCA Victor could bring to you. Cabinets are marked by a new design and new beauty.

Economy of operation is a special feature. The drain on batteries is low—without cutting down on strength. Years of pleasure are yours. And prices are just as economical, too.

Get set for the great broadcasts this winter. See your RCA Victor dealer... and see these new RCA Victor Air Cell sets of blue ribbon quality!

All prices F. O. B. Camden, N. J., subject to change without notice.

Any short-wave radio performs better with an RCA World-Wide Antenna.



MODEL 126-B—One of the finest little superheterodynes ever built for the money! As strong and clear a tone as regular house-current sets, but does not require much power from the batteries. Efficiency is high, with a consequent low battery drain. The cabinet, treated to resist moisture, is of two-tone walnut finish. Price with RCA Radio Tubes, \$39.95 less Batteries.



MODEL 135-B—This table model superheterodyne has two tuning bands, one which police call and all of the important international broadcasts will be found. Full-visibility airplane-type dial. Cabinet is Neo-classic design, hand-rubbed to a fine surface. Special treating guards against moisture. Price with RCA Radio Tubes, \$64.95 less Batteries.

Also 32-volt sets for homes with 32-volt plants.

## RCA VICTOR

RCA VICTOR CO., INC., ONE UNIT OF RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA... THE WORLD'S LARGEST RADIO ORGANIZATION. OFFICE: NATIONAL BROADCASTING CO., INC., 300 N. W. C. A. COMMUNICATIONS, INC., RCA RADIOPHONE CO., INC., RADIO MARINE CORPORATION OF AMERICA

### SAVE BEST COTTON SEED

A warning that Southwest farmers should make plans now to secure good cotton seed for planting next spring has been issued because of the fact that the crop this fall is producing poor seed in drouth areas. Growers with one, or even two-year-old seed, will do well to save such seed if it has been well stored, for planting in many localities, as old seed does not deteriorate if it has been in a dry place and will germinate better than new seed.

Farmers doubtful about the quality of their cotton seed should test its germination, by the use of a sand box, blotter or some such method, before sowing. Unless at least 60 to 70 per cent germinates it is not suitable for planting.

### MOTHER KILLED BY LIGHTNING WHILE ROCKING BABY

Lightning killed Mrs. Otis Breedlove of Joy, Smith county, Texas, while sitting in a chair rocking her baby to sleep. The baby escaped injury, but the husband of Mrs. Breedlove was critically injured by the same bolt of lightning.

### ROUND ROCK'S OLD-TIME MINERAL WELL

In 1897 citizens of Round Rock drilled a well to a depth of 1,525 feet in the center of the main thoroughfare of that little city. At 300 to 350 feet the drillers found an abundant supply of mineral water which was used by a sufficient number of persons to prove its medicinal value before the well was piped on down to a deeper stratum of good water in white sand. Later on the well was covered over and abandoned. Recently it was found that water from that same well was flowing in sufficient quantities to undermine the pavement at the intersection of Highways 43 and 81. The Round Rock city council thereupon repped the old well and made its flow available to searchers of health, who are again enjoying its waters.

### ADULT EDUCATION PROGRAM

A county-wide adult education program, fostered by the Federal government, has been inaugurated in Anderson county, Texas. The work is being directed through the county superintendent's office.

# Want Advertisements READ THEM--You May Find What You Want

## FARMS AND RANCHES

**BEST FARM IN TEXAS**—On Houston (O. S. T.) highway, 13 miles from Houston. Very rich black sandy loam, well drained, 5-room house, barns, etc. Worth \$250,000 per acre, can be bought because of the income for less than \$100,000. F. G. LUDWIG, P. O. Box 1719, Houston, Texas.

**THIRTY** irrigated truck farm, attention well fifteen minutes to market. Resilience, barns, orchard. Sacrifice price. Wm. F. Schutt, 311 Navarro, San Antonio, Texas.

**SEE US** if you want to buy or sell Ranches or Farms. We have some bargains. LEONARD & PHILLEY, Postoffice Building, Bowie, Texas.

**500 ACRES** 15 miles of Dallas, half of it as good land there is in Texas, \$55.00 per acre. CLAUDE STEVENSON, 321 Wilson, Dallas, Texas.

**WRITE L. B. COX** if you want to buy, sell or trade residence or farm properties in Amarillo or Texas Panhandle. Room 30, Fuyua Bldg., Amarillo, Texas.

**FOR SALE**—Improved 50-acre Cane Valley farm, 2500 ft. above sea level. Write P. O. Box 55, Wharton, Texas.

**IMPROVED** farm of 100 acres for sale; reasonable. Write ARTHUR ALBERS, Lebetter, Fayette Co., Texas.

**15-ACRE** bearing citrus orchard and winter home; extra good trees. \$5,000 cash. Resident owner. Box 457, Alamo, Texas.

**FARMS** from \$5 and up per acre. Ranches from \$250 up to \$15. Any kind you want. E. B. Forrester, Durant, Okla.

**TO CLOSE** estate will sell in body, 400 acres, or separately in 210 acres and 240 acres, on gravel road two miles south of Tuttle. Nearly all in cultivation. Extra good farm land, not leased but prospective only. Write Mrs. Sherman Crouch, Tuttle, Okla.

**FOR SALE**—40-acre irrigated stock, cotton, grain farm. Free range. Cheap terms. Manning Bros., Denning, N. M.

**REAL** bargains in improved fruit farms and unimproved land in the beautiful Ozarks of northern Arkansas. Hankins Realty Co., Fayetteville, Ark.

**FOR SALE**—Farms that will suit you, where you will like to live; any size farm, upland or level. G. L. McDonald, Fargould, Ark.

**ARKANSAS** farm and city property for sale or trade. Have several farm bargains. KENNETH L. HARRIS, Malvern, Ark.

**FOR TRADE** or sale cheap, 120 acres Florida land, 3-room new house, 40 acres hog fence, 20 acre field, family grove, 45-inch rain, plenty open range, cattle never no feed. After other land, not leaving county. MRS. B. F. HARRIS, Sparkman, Florida.

**ROYALTY**—EDMOND regarded Oklahoma County's best major oil field. Two large wells completed. JOHNSON, COLCORD BLDG., OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA.

**PORTABLE** Skating Rink for sale, 45x 115, fourteen months old. Will sell at a bargain. Other business needs my attention. Come and inspect. Reasonable offer or will be considered. Broke people and curiosity seekers don't answer. Skating Rink, 7th and Washington, Waco, Texas.

**FOR SALE**—Only shoe shop in Killeen, Texas, with wide variety of shoes. A bargain for cash or trade. H. L. Mulholland, Killeen, Texas. What have you?

**ADMINISTRATORS** SALE—Established Drug Store, San Antonio; fixtures, six-hundred dollars. Wm. F. Schutt, 311 Navarro, San Antonio, Texas.

**BANK** in Missouri town, good condition always. McKinney & Company, Springfield, Missouri.

**LIVESTOCK**

**JACKS**, Jacks, Jacks—Limestone Valley Farms, home of the world's champion jacks and jackers. Prices very reasonable. L. M. Monesse & Sons, Smithton, Mo.

**FOR SALE**—1 black jack, 15 hands, big fat bone, long bodied; 1 black breeder; 2-year-old Percheron; 3 black and white saddle studs. C. E. BRUCE, Gainesville, Texas, Route 2.

**AUCTION SALE**

We hold our weekly auction sales every Thursday, from 10 to 6:00 head every week. Mules and Horses of All classes, which will meet your need at prices you can't get elsewhere. Write us for our list. SAN ANTONIO HORSE & MULE MARKET, 615 So. San Marcos, San Antonio, Texas.

**CAREFUL ATTENTION**

**TRUCK OR RAIL SHIPMENTS**

**JOHN CLAY & COMPANY**

**LIVE STOCK COMMISSION**

Fort Worth, Texas

**CATTLE—HOGS—SHEEP**

**MACHINERY**

**REMEMBER**—Used parts for auto, trucks, woodwork; we sell cheap. Write, wire Elmwood Auto Wrecking Co., Galveston, Ill.

**WELL MACHINERY**—SAMSON WINDMILLS—STOVER FEED MILLS

**FORT WORTH SPUDDERS**

Pump Jacks, Slower Good Engines, Bells, Cypress Tanks, Cables and Hoses, Mill, Tin, Water Works Supplies.

**WELL MACHINERY & SUPPLY CO.**

**FORT WORTH, TEXAS.**

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**BOOKLET**—Giving new ways to make better fruit crops, fruits, vinegars for flavoring temperance drinks, invalid's medicinal drinks. Also 150 other good recipes. 60c postpaid, (no stamps). YEISER BROS., Nehawka, Nebraska.

**RAZOR** Blades sharpened 2c per blade, cash. Burnett's, Omaha, Neb., Dept. 1.

**EMPLOYMENT WANTED**

Employment Secured—No Charge to Employer.

HULEN G. GUNN  
Business Exchange & Employment Service.  
Business Places Listed and Sold.  
Send Stamp for Reply.  
Main Office 121 N. Pearl St., Dallas, Tex.

# TEXAS FARM REPORTS

Fayette county ginnings October 1, 1934, totaled 18,595 bales as compared with 33,495 bales at the same date last year.

Madison county's needy are being amply supplied with 60,000 containers of food, consisting of vegetables and meat.

Thousands of acres of Williamson county land have been scheduled for terracing through the use of county graders, according to W. O. Stiles, county commissioner.

Cotton ginnings in Colorado county, as reported by the department of commerce, October 1, totaled 8,862 bales, less the 1933 total of 14,577 bales last year.

According to the report of James H. Strauss, cotton census enumerator, 16,755 bales of cotton were ginned in Lavaca county this season to October 1, in comparison to 28,434 bales ginned to October 1, 1933.

County Agent J. M. Saunders reports that 38 farmers of Gonzales county have sent in requests for lines to be run on their farms for terracing. These farmers, listing a total of 2,686 acres to be terraced, report that their experience with terraced lands has proven that it pays.

About 5,000 boys and girls—a number of them from Texas—were present at the recent American Royal Livestock Show at Kansas City. Interesting figures given at the show are that 800,000 boys and girls of the United States are members of 4-H clubs, while 83,000 are members of the Future Farmers of America.

Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College walked away with the highest honors of the Kansas City American Royal Livestock Show when the livestock judging team from the Texas school was adjudged the grand champion team of the show. The champion individual livestock judge of the show also is a Texas A. & M. student, J. L. Richmond.

Production of pecans from improved trees, most of which are in the States east of the Mississippi River, is indicated at a little less than 11,700,000 pounds. This is considerably less than the 5-year average of about 14,000,000 pounds, or the larger crops of about 15,500,000 in 1933 and 21,000,000 pounds of improved nuts in 1931, but greater than the small crop of about 7,400,000 pounds in 1932. The production of improved nuts in the South Atlantic States was larger than average, but the Gulf Coast States have small crops.

Cotton carried over in the 1st of August, 1934, was slightly shorter in staple than last year's carry-over, but a little longer than the 1933 crop. According to the Bureau of the Census, 7,743,695 bales were carried over on August 1. Of this cotton, 7,638,077 bales were American upland; 7,041 bales, American-Egypt; and 98,577 bales, foreign cotton. Of the total American upland cotton, 62 per cent was white and extra white, middling and above, 18 per cent strict low and low middling, and 2 per cent below low middling. The proportion of spotted and yellow tinged was almost 17 per cent compared with a little more than 15 per cent shown for last year's carry-over. Cotton below any of the recognized grades represented only 1 per cent of the total.

According to present plans, Cherokee county farmers will market about 40,000 pounds of cured meat of standardized quality, this fall. The project is being sponsored by the chamber of commerce and a local cold storage plant.

The government relief agencies having to do with the buying of cattle in the drought areas are reported to have paid as high as \$1 an acre for fairly good grass in South Texas on which to pasture purchases in Central Texas.

Official figures released by the government cotton agent, show a total of 27,046 bales of cotton has been ginned in Wharton county to October 1, as compared with 46,782 bales at the same date last year. It is estimated that the cotton crop is 90 per cent gathered.

The government hog buying campaign which was boosted as an easy way to higher prices for swine is now drawing criticism from some hog raisers in Texas. While prices are higher than the lows of 1933, they are still too low for any profits to the hog farmer. Packers explain present conditions with the statement that poor people on relief rolls cannot, and others will not, pay prices for hog products out of line with prevailing prices for poultry, beef and other foods in competition with pork.

Texas farm agents and the United States Department of Agriculture are agreed that most field seeds will be very short and difficult to get next year. Therefore farmers are being urged to select their 1935 field seeds now from stocks on hand and to insure a supply for home use. Texas and Oklahoma will have to utilize every bushel of corn grown in creek bottoms and other favorably situated areas for seed corn next season, because of the short crop this year and lack of adapted varieties in other States that can be imported, the United States Department of Agriculture points out. Because corn does not do well if planted long distances from where it was grown, many localities are faced with unusual problems in locating seed supplies for next spring. Even where the crop was poor this year and there is no outside source of adapted corn varieties, farmers can expect reasonably good crops from bunnies if the kernels are well developed. Such corn has all of the hereditary characters necessary to produce good ears under favorable environmental conditions. Corn will not be the only crop in seed for which will be scarce. Especially should full supplies of good oats and sorghums be saved for planting in 1935.

Announcement by the Department of Agriculture that feeders of the Corn Belt States intend to finish more beeves for market this season than last comes as a surprise to Texas cattlemen. Low beef prices coupled with high feed prices had induced the Texans to believe that the Corn Belt would finish comparatively few cattle for market. The government report is a welcome surprise, giving rise to the hope that Texas calves and yearlings will find a better market as feeders than was expected. At the Highland Fair and Feeder Auction early in October, feeders from Illinois and Indiana were active bidders for Highland Hereford calves and the cattlemen around Marfa, where the fair is held each year, were well pleased with the prices paid for the more than 30 carlots of calves and yearlings sold. With the government report of increased feeding in the Corn Belt, ranchers believe they will be able to sell their surplus calves at good prices.

H. H. Watson, cotton enumerator for Shelby county reports a total of 10,883 bales of cotton ginned in Shelby county from the 1934 cotton crop prior to October 1, as compared with 8,709 bales of cotton ginned up to the same date in 1933.

County agricultural councils are being formed under direction of the U. S. Department of Agriculture all over the country. These councils are expected to enable farmers to take direct personal control of their crops and marketing problems.

The Texas Citrus Control Committee has ordered that no cull citrus fruit be sold this season. That means that 1800 cars of low grade fruit that have come into competition with No. 1 grade in others years will be kept off the market. It probably means that Texas citrus fruit will sell at better prices than it has commanded at any time since it first became a market factor.

"Bull circles" are again being urged on Texas farmers. These are organizations of dairymen whereby registered bulls are bought, distributed among the members, retained by them a certain period, and transferred to other members. In other words, the "bull circle" gets new blood into the herds at moderate expense. With nearly every dairy herd in Texas culled to the limit, county agents and agricultural workers generally agree that this is the best time in Texas history to do away with every scrub bull in the State.

Monthly's Domina 26th, grand champion bull, and Eula Domino 132nd, grand champion female, of the recent Third Annual Agricultural and Livestock Exposition of Monterey are Texas Herefords—born and bred in this State and exhibited by W. T. Montgomery of San Antonio. More than 100 animals were entered in the Hereford division of the Monterey show and more than 13,000 Mexican cattlemen and their friends attended the first day and paid particular attention to the Texas exhibits. Mexico made the show particularly attractive to Texas livestock breeders this year. The Republic, across the Rio Grande, is very anxious to interest Texans in the livestock industry in that country. Mexican officials lend every encouragement to importations of registered livestock—beef and dairy cattle and hogs—from this State. Texans who exhibited at Monterey declare they see in that country a good and growing market for any surplus blooded stock which may develop here.

Texas Rural Communities, Inc., is the title of the corporation which is building a homestead colony project at Woodlake and which later will build such projects near Lubbock, Wichita Falls, Mexia and Nacogdoches. These projects differ in many ways from the Dalworthington Gardens project near Arlington, in Tarrant county, this being what is termed a subsistence homestead project with the homes being erected there for sale only to purchasers who must have well established sources of income. The homesteads projected by Texas Rural Communities, Inc., will be for men on the relief rolls in the main and in each project there will be 15 homes for families of war veterans. With each home there will go from 12 to 40 acres of land. The home will cost about \$1300 and the land will add little to the total cost of the farmstead. Whatever return is realized from each project will revert to the State. At Woodlake the 110-house colony is practically complete and many of the homes are already occupied.

Savings from native rodent control work alone in Texas were estimated by the Bureau of Biological Survey at \$459,492, not including savings from the trapping of 247,148 rats and poisoning of 2,266,500 rats. Prairie dog control savings are estimated at \$76,600, pocket gopher control savings at \$159,635, ground squirrel control savings at \$10,725, jackrabbit at \$56,800 and kangaroo rat savings at \$1,000.

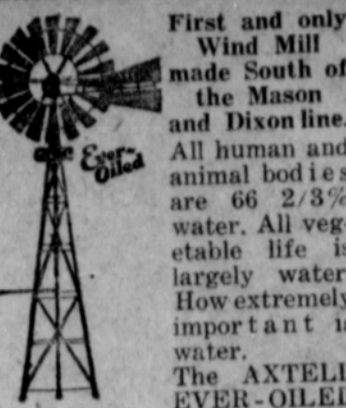
Larger cotton exports this season to date than a year ago are reported from Galveston for only Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Portugal and Mexico, all minor buyers of Texas cotton. Japan and China combined, largest importers, have taken only 119,824 bales compared with 132,117 a year ago. Exports to Great Britain dropped from 44,718 a year ago to 25,766; to Germany from 50,161 to 26,714; to France from 69,451 to 22,898, and to Italy from 25,998 to 23,706 bales this season.

The South's cotton growers have been told by Secretary Wallace that there would be a crop limitation program for the staple in 1935. The announcement, however, did not reveal the percentage of acreage reduction that would be required nor how much the growers would receive for curtailment. Although no decision has been made, present indications are that the planting of about 31,000,000 acres will be the AAA goal for 1935 and that the terms of payment will be similar to those this year.

A record United States grapefruit crop and the second largest Texas production in history is forecast in the first United States Department of Agriculture estimate of the 1934-35 crop, released recently. The Texas production will amount to 2,049,000 boxes, only slightly less than the 1931 crop of 2,480,000 boxes, and compares with 1,130,000 boxes last season. On a carload basis this estimate amounts to about 5,850 cars. Grapefruit production in the four leading States—Texas, Florida, California and Arizona—is forecast at 19,662,000 boxes, which exceeds the previous largest crop of 1930 by nearly 1,000,000 boxes.

In the northeast corner of Williamson county, nine miles from a railroad, lies Friendship Community where some 100 farm families live on about 30 square miles of average land. But this is no average community. There are two schools with 19 units of affiliation with the State University. There is one Baptist church—supported by members of half a dozen religious denominations. There is no poverty—because when trouble overtakes any family, all club together and "put him on his feet" again. Practically all the farmers in Friendship Community are renters; and reports have it that they like renting and would not care to own the land they till. "Community co-operation" is given as the key to the success of Friendship Community by Gordon Burkes, superintendent of schools for the community.

## Axtell Ever-Oiled Wind Mills



First and only Wind Mill made South of the Mason and Dixon line. All human and animal bodies are 66 2/3% water. All vegetable life is largely water. How extremely important is water. THE AXTELL EVER-OILED WIND MILL is provided with Roller Bearings, a ball bearing turn table. Friction in every way has been carefully reduced and eliminated. It will run in a lighter wind and pump more water than any mill made. There are cheaper mills, but we claim and can prove superiority. The AXTELL EVER-OILED WIND MILL made in sizes 8 to 18 foot.

## AXTELL COMPANY

FORT WORTH, TEXAS

San Angelo, Lubbock, Amarillo

An average of \$121 each has been paid the 496,000 farmers in Texas by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration during last twelve months, approximately three times as much as the average paid for the entire United States, the most recent AAA financial report available indicates. A total of \$59,818,355.07 had been received by the Texas farmers to August 31, 1934, almost exactly a year after the first Federal checks were mailed out.

The soil erosion project financed by the government and directed by the Department of Agriculture in Dallam county is "just a matter of good farming," according to H. H. Finnell, regional director of soil erosion service, with headquarters at Dalhart. Finnell says this project, covering some 30,000 acres, will have every type of soil to be found in the Texas Panhandle. Its problems will be the problems of every Panhandle farmer. Its methods will be only the methods that any good farmer might use on his land. The major erosion damage in the Texas Panhandle is caused by the wind. The Dalhart project will therefore largely confine itself to controlling wind erosion; while the other 28 erosion projects now under way are concerned principally with soil erosion caused by rain and flood.

## ANIMAL and Poultry DISEASES



The new Globe catalogue (July, 1934) tells how to prevent and control them. Drugists sell Globe products, universally used since 1918.

## GLOBE LABORATORIES

21 Paso Fort Worth, Texas  
Denver, Colorado  
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**Ross Brothers Horse & Mule Co.**  
FORT WORTH, TEXAS  
Say  
Farm with HORSES and MULES—Raise Feed for Power.  
KEEP PROSPERITY ON THE FARM THIS WAY.  
SALE DATE NOVEMBER 5 and 6—NOVEMBER 19 and 20

**CONSIGN YOUR CATTLE—HOGS—SHEEP TO BREEDLOVE COMMISSION CO.**  
FORT WORTH, TEXAS  
FOR HIGH SALES—GOOD FILLS

**GOING TO MARKET?**  
We specialize in handling all kinds livestock, any quantity. No shrinkage; load tonight on market next morning. You get equipment, experienced men. Bonded and insured for your protection.  
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**DELTA** and other WOODWORKING MACHINERY GARAGE EQUIPMENT Contractor EQUIPMENT  
**Used Machinery** Buy, Sell and Trade  
**The JNO. MULLER CO.** Fort Worth, Texas  
**LATHES, SHAPERS, MILLERS, GRINDERS, AIR COMPRESSORS, LIGHT PLANTS, MOTORS & ENGINES.**

# METROPOLITAN HOTEL

FORT WORTH

COMPLETELY RENOVISED

Invites You—Arlington Downs Races—Date Oct. 25 to Nov. 12.  
200 ROOMS — R. L. Watson, Manager. — \$1.00 UP

## AUDITING AND ACCOUNTING

If you are in need of an AUDIT made of your BOOKS or an ACCOUNTING made of your ACCOUNTS I will do this work very reasonable. Address

2245 5th Avenue R. H. MORGAN Fort Worth, Texas

### GREAT WALL OF CHINA

China's Great Wall, which has marked her northern boundary for centuries, was frequently in the news the past two years as the Japanese occupied its passes and drove the Chinese armies to the south. Constructed in 241 B. C. to keep out the barbaric invaders from the north, it is again, in fact, the northern limit of Chinese domination. While offering no great engineering difficulties, the Great Wall is the most ambitious project ever attempted, and is said to be the only man-made structure that would be visible from Mars, should that planet's supposed inhabitants have telescopes that would reveal our earth.

The wall winds in a general westerly direction for 1,500 miles, starting at Shanhaikwan on the Gulf of Liaotung, and ending between Kan Chow and Suchow in the semi-desert regions of Kan-Su province, near the Mongolian border.

A formidable barrier against the primitively armed Tatar invaders for centuries, it is of little avail against modern armies equipped with artillery and airplanes, except that it limits the movement of troops to passes, or to breaches made in the wall.

Considering the fact that no serious efforts have been made to keep the wall in repair for hundreds of years, it is in a remarkable state of preservation. It is constructed of brick or granite, and is filled with earth and rubble to within a few feet of the top. This filling is tamped down to form a roadway, flanked by loop-holed parapets. Every few hundred yards watchtowers are built into the wall.

The project was not a single undertaking, but was built in local units and connected up over a long period of years. It varies from 20 to 50 feet high, with an average height of 22 feet. It is from 15 to 20 feet wide on top, and widens at the base in proportion to the height.

The Great Wall did not prevent invasions of the Tartars and Mongols, who came around it, while the Manchus made their invasion, remaining to rule all of China from 1644 to 1911.

### MORE MONEY FOR TAXES THAN FOOD

The largest single check Mr. American Public writes each year is made payable to the tax collector.

Last year the check for the payment of taxes in the United States was \$9,000,000,000. There was more money than was spent for food or clothes or automobiles or any other one item.

According to private estimates, taxes last year took 20 per cent of the national income, \$1 out of every \$5 that was earned. Figures compiled by William Fortune, of the Indianapolis Chamber of Commerce, set the national income for last year at \$45,000,000,000, of which one-fifth was taken by the tax collector.—Texas Tax Journal.

### Rock Island LOUNGE-DINING-SLEEPING CARS

Never in travel comfort now operated on Mid-Continent Special between Houston and Minneapolis.

Now in effect 2 Cents a mile for each ticket, and for roundtrip tickets good in sleepers.

1 Cent a mile for one way tickets good in sleepers.

Special rates reduced one-third.

TRAIN FOR COMFORT ECONOMY

WHELM, Gen. Agent

## For Our Boys and Girls

### A PUZZLE IN PICTURES



The artist made at least eleven mistakes in this picture and some of them are as plain as day. But the others—gaah! Can you find them all?

#### ANSWER TO LAST MONTH'S PUZZLE

1. Upper and lower panels in door do not match.
2. One window pane missing.
3. Upper pane does not match two lower.
4. Pipe on side of house twisted in wrong position to carry off smoke.
5. Man has two left hands.
6. One hand not on handle of wheelbarrow.
7. No shoe on his right foot.
8. He couldn't walk with left foot at that angle in sand pile.
9. Handle improperly placed on spade.
10. Rung missing from ladder.
11. Section missing from water pipe.
12. Bucket is lopsided.
13. No wall under top row of bricks at left of ladder.
14. Upright missing from scaffolding at right of ladder.
15. Brick balanced at impossible angle.
16. One side board on wheelbarrow incomplete.
17. Word "contractor" misspelled on sign.
18. Faucet pipe incomplete.

#### DEAR FRIENDS:

Here we are near the end of 1934. What a year it has been! Filled with sorrow, joy, success and failure. But altogether, a wonderful year, with so many opportunities to do good. I thank the Lord for giving me a chance to help some one along the path of life. Do you?

Speaking of thanks, this is the month we should offer special thanks for all the good things of life. Thanksgiving Day should be a special day to all of us. For the most part, we think only of the sumptuous dinner and the good time we can have. It is right for us to have an enjoyable dinner. But we should pause during the day and think of the real meaning of the holiday. How many can tell the story of the first Thanksgiving? I think it would be appropriate if each member of the club would write an article on the first Thanksgiving Day, concluding with "What Thanksgiving Means to Me." I think, too, it would be nice to read it during the Thanksgiving dinner. In that manner we would be more impressed with what our forefathers endured that we might possess this glorious country, also how much to be thankful for today.

We have a nice letter bag this month. I will let you read the epistles over my shoulder, for they are so interesting.

Love to all,  
(Signed) AUNT MARY.

#### SUNSHINE CLUB NEWS

Mrs. Beckie Zeigler, Lansdale, Pa., sends thanks and best wishes to the club. She is delighted at being a member. We are happy to have her on the roster.

Mrs. M. C. Duncan, Fairy, Texas, would be pleased to hear from any member caring to write her. She is confined to a wheel chair. She is 67 years old. I am sure your messages to her will be of great comfort and endless pleasure.

Mrs. Alice Wylie, Thorp Springs, Texas, writes that she is a Shut-In, and that her days are often long and lonely. We are glad to add her to our list, and hope that we can in some manner send a little sunshine into her life.

Mrs. Clyde Hinton, Gonzales, Texas, calls Aunt Mary's attention to a mistake in the age of Mrs. W. R. Stevens in a recent issue of this page. We are sorry for the error and hope it will not occur again. She says: "Mrs. Stevens asks me to let you know how much she gets out of the club. She looks forward to the letters, cards, handkerchiefs and various little things she receives from different parts of the U. S. It means to live in. Especially does she want to thank little Devan James, Bronte, Texas, who continues to remember her, and is a Shut-In himself. So when one member neglects a duty, a Shut-In is disappointed. We are all praying for you and the club members that have courage to go forward." Isn't that a fine letter?

Last August Aunt Mary was in Waco. She called on Mrs. H. D. King, but found she had gone to visit her sister in another city. On my return home I received a nice letter from her daughter, Helen King, also of Waco, expressing her thanks to the club for the cheer and sunshine sent to her invalid mother.

Miss Edna Macker, Shiner, Texas, writes: "I have so often thought of joining the club, but I have always kept putting it off. But I surely hope I can help the Shut-Ins. I know what it is to feel the shadow of illness over you. I hope to do my duty as a member. May God bless all of you." We welcome Miss Edna with open arms, and hope she will not be disappointed in her work. We hope all, like her, who have been putting off joining the club, will join now. We need you all.

Miss Bert Thompson, Roysa City, Texas sends thanks to Mrs. Wesley Sweetwater, Texas; Mrs. Atwood (city not mentioned), and Mrs. Josie Jones. She wishes to thank everyone who has been so kind to her.

Charline McLarty, Bonarton, Texas, says: "I have received my membership card, and am very proud of it. I hope to bring sunshine to others less fortunate than I." We are proud to have you as a member, Charline.

Ruth Miller, Tyson, Okla., writes: "I'm still writing sunshine letters. I hope it will make someone happy. At least that is my aim. Remember me to all the sunshine members." Ruth is a fine, upright girl, of whom we are very proud. Wish we had 200 just like her. Then we would have a more helpful club. Come on, boys and girls, join the club that boasts the finest boys and girls and the best men and women of any club in the country. Look for membership coupon on this page.

Here is a sweet letter of which I am very proud. It says: "The page is continuing to grow better and better." Will you suggest in writing to the Shut-Ins, a stamp be enclosed? It is only a small sum, but sometimes very large to those like myself, who must make every penny count. Illness is so expensive. (Signed) Beulah Lamb, Hazel, Ky.

The matter of enclosing a stamp has been mentioned on this page numerous times. The Shut-Ins appreciate this thoughtfulness, as many are in embarrassing financial circumstances. They are requested not to ask for material aid from any club member, as our work is purely to try and send a few smiles through the mail. In many instances members have complained that they have sent stamps, and then received no reply. This is due often when a person was not able to write, or family affairs prevented a reply.

Claudia Faye Wells, Kingfisher, Okla., acknowledges receipt of her membership card, and says she is happy to be one of us. "I am trying with the best of my ability to live right," she says. That is the greatest effort any one can make. We are glad to have Claudia Faye as a member.

Aunt Agnes Pick, Berkeley, Calif., writes: "I meant to write long ago, but don't think I have forgotten you. I think of you lots, and when I look down the list of Shut-Ins I feel I would love to write to everyone of them, but that is almost impossible. I do write to my own number, and to some others, as well. I wrote to little Nell the other week. It takes so much longer for my letters to get to her. She writes such nice letters. I feel so sorry for her, as well as for all who must stay in bed. I do love to write these people. If it's only a little word of cheer it helps to brighten the day." I know that the words from Aunt Agnes are filling a large space in the "Book of Golden Deeds," because almost every month several write and tell me of her cheery letters. You can all do as well as she if your heart is just as full of love.

#### Awards in Membership Each Year

In December the special awards for the club will be given. On the renewal slip for membership (you have already received) you will note "Years in Club." Be sure and fill in that space. Each member who has been in the club three years receives an "Honor Certificate." Each member who has been enrolled five years or more, receives a "Diploma of Merit." For each additional year we award a gold star. On completion of eight years, a member receives a "Diploma of Merit" with a gold seal and blue ribbon, with an appropriate present from the club. When the 10-year mark is reached, we will award a "Life Certificate" and a "Friendship Letter" from the Shut-Ins. I feel each member will be proud of these awards, as well as being proud of their work for others. We want to make your club membership something you will cherish highly.

If you are not a member of the club, fill in the application coupon on this page, and start your work toward these awards as well as enjoying the satisfaction of giving cheer to others.

#### MEMBERSHIP COUPON

I want to bring happiness to others

Name ..... Age .....

Address .....

City .....

State .....

Birthday .....

(Print Plainly)

#### Special Notice

A young lady who lives in New Ulm, Texas, recently applied for membership. She merely signed her first name Maggie Mae. Our letter to her was returned. If she will send us her full name, we will send membership card at once. Please be sure that your application for membership and each letter to the club is signed with your full name and address. It is impossible to remember all names and addresses. Also, please write plainly.

#### Shut-In List for November

Where is your number? We hope every member will do his or her full duty this month. Give thanks by sending sunshine around the world. I would love to make our little club an (Continued top of column)

endless chain of golden links of sunshine. IS YOUR PART.

- Nos. Shut-Ins—
- 1-3—Mrs. Wylie, Thorp Springs, Texas. Age 32. In chair.
  - 4-6—Miss Estella Hartman, Rt. 5, Casopolis, Mich. Bedfast.
  - 7-9—Miss Esther Eickhoff, Chatfield, Minn. Partly paralyzed.
  - 10-12—Mrs. Dessie Eggleston, 927 W. Silver St., Philadelphia, Pa.
  - 13-15—Mrs. Mamie Silver, Clinchfield, Rural Station, Marion, N. C.
  - 16-18—Winnie R. Mills, Bronte, Texas. Nerve trouble. Age 17.
  - 19-21—Martha Gene Griswold, 108 E. 6th St., Weslaco, Texas. In bed. Age 25.
  - 22-24—Mrs. Lucy Griffiths, Millville, Pa. Bedfast.
  - 25-27—Mrs. Lanier Smith, 4526 Leeland St., Dallas, Texas.
  - 28-30—Miss Lula Young, Rt. 1, Alvin, Texas. In bed.
  - 31-33—Mrs. Sophie Mraz, Box 345, Shiner, Texas.
  - 34-36—Mrs. Beckie Zeigler, West 4th St., Lansdale, Pa. Age 66.
  - 37-39—Mrs. H. C. Smith, Route 2, Roby, Texas. In bed.
  - 40-42—Neil Ball, 45 Spooners St., Vauxhall, Birmingham, England. In bed. Age 33. (Postage 5c).
  - 43-45—Mr. Devan James, Bronte, Texas. In chair. Age 10.
  - 46-48—Miss Lena Mae Minica, c/o Mrs. G. F. Barnes, Floresville, Texas. Age 14.
  - 49-51—Mrs. A. L. Surface, Route 1, Box 98, Alvin, Texas.
  - 52-54—Miss Bert Thompson, Roysa City, Texas. In bed. Age 67.
  - 55-57—Miss Margaret Wallis, Route 1, Stroud, Texas. In a chair. Age 29.
  - 58-60—Mrs. Mollie Parker, Carthage, Texas. In a chair. Age 67.
  - 61-63—Elizabeth Sanders, Washachite, Texas.
  - 64-66—J. W. Nance, Station A, Salem, Oregon. In bed. Age 63.
  - 67-69—Mrs. Martha Barchering, Highmore, South Dakota. In a chair. Age 51.
  - 70-72—Miss Clarice Caswell, Kalispell, Montana. Age 22.
  - 73-75—Mrs. W. R. Stevens, Cost, Texas. In bed. Age 87.
  - 76-78—Mrs. Mary Cooper, Rt. 4, Box 165, Corsicana, Texas. Age 71.
  - 79-81—Horace Boring, Weinert, Texas. In a chair. Age 15.
  - 82-84—Mrs. H. D. King, 501 Raleigh Hotel, Waco, Texas. Age 71.
  - 85-87—Mrs. Sallie Martin, Rt. 3, Troup, Texas. In bed. Age 74.
  - 88-91—James Richard Beard, Red Springs, Texas. In bed. Age 33.
  - 92-95—Mr. T. B. Bensen, Gonzales, Texas. In bed. Age 68.
  - 96-99—Mrs. J. F. Dillard, Bigfoot, Texas. In a chair. Age 67.
  - 100-104—R. C. Shaw, Route 1, Ravia, Okla. In bed. Age 8.
  - 105-108—Miss Beulah Lamb, Rt. 1, Box 9, Hazel, Ky. In bed.
  - 109-112—Mrs. Georgia Sullivan, Mayville, N. Y. Bedfast.
  - 113-115—Mrs. Ledora Harding, 49 Union St., Plymouth, Mass. Bedfast.

Like a flash pain stops, then out comes the

# Corn

Drop FREEZONE on that aching corn. Instantly it stops hurting; then shortly you lift the corn right off with the fingers. You'll laugh, really! It is so easy and doesn't hurt one bit. Works like a charm, every time.

A tiny bottle of FREEZONE costs only a few cents at any drug store, and is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, and calluses. Try it!

## FREEZONE



#### BEWARE OF PESSIMISTS

When we meet the chap who insists that everything is all wrong and there is no possible way of making anything right, we want to be very sure not to let him influence us.

Sometimes that sort of a chap is gifted with eloquence, very persuasive, and full up with figures that seem to bear evidence in favor of his contention.

He almost makes us believe that everything worth while is impossible and wrong.

The out-and-out pessimist, however, lacks three qualities. He lacks knowledge. And no man who lacks knowledge of what the race of man has done is able to give any kind of worthwhile opinion as to what man can or will do.

He lacks imagination. And imagination is needed to lay out the plan in advance of the work that has produced everything man has accomplished for his own and his fellow man's benefit.

He lacks courage. And Nature hates a coward, because it is not in the nature of things for any man to be afraid. The man who has knowledge and imagination, and still does not possess confidence to go forward and help his fellowmen go forward, is a poorer specimen than he who is merely ignorant or dull.

The pessimist never gets anywhere himself. And if we heed his foolish and cowardly nonsense, we very likely will not get anywhere ourselves.

We are on our way to success and need inspiration, not discouragement.

#### THINGS WORTH KNOWING

A ton of gold is worth nearly \$500,000.

South America has a population of 77,000,000.

The Liberty Bell in Philadelphia weighs 2,080 pounds.

The average well-educated American has a vocabulary of 60,000 to 70,000 words.

The American people spend an average of \$1,000,000 a week for chewing gum.

Canada is larger than the United States proper and Alaska combined.

Rome has less population today than 2,000 years ago.

Two flies can produce 5,600,000,000 of their kind in one summer.

The average human body loses 1 pound of water through lungs and pores every 8 hours.

More than 25,000 persons in India died from snake bite last year.

The Atlantic continent is estimated to have an area of 5,000,000 square miles. The U. S. has 3,026,789.

Furnace Creek ranch in Death Valley, California, is the hottest known inhabited spot on the globe. A government thermometer there registered 134 degrees in the shade. The coldest recorded locality is in Northern Siberia, where the mercury drops to 90 degrees below zero.

Eight hundred languages and dialects are spoken among the natives of Africa.

#### LATEST RELIEF PROJECT

The latest relief project put into operation at Madisonville, Texas, is a woman's work shop. From 16 to 25 women have been given employment and with seven machines are turning out garments to supply needy families with winter clothing.

Eight to ten thousand earthquakes are recorded every year in various parts of the world. Most earthquakes are caused by settling of the earth's crusts.

If ye be willing and obedient, ye shall eat the good of the land; but if ye refuse and rebel, ye shall be devoured with the sword; for the mouth of the Lord hath spoken it. Isa. 1:19, 20.

**APPETIZING**



**RATLIFF'S**  
GOLD MEDAL  
**CHILI CON CARNE**

**RATLIFF'S**  
GOLD MEDAL  
**CHILI PRODUCTS**



**BE ALLURING!**

**Cream away**  
**freckles, blemishes**

Now, almost overnight, you can have a gorgeous, flawless complexion—free from freckles, blackheads, pimples and blotches. Tonight at bedtime smooth cool, fragrant Nadinola Bleaching Cream on your face and neck—no massaging, no rubbing. While you sleep it gently clears and whitens your skin, leaving you with a complexion that grows lovelier—creamy-white, satin-smooth, crystal-clear. No disappointments, no long waiting for results. Tested and trusted for over a generation. Your money back if not delighted. At toilet counters, or by mail, postpaid, only 50c. NADINOLA, Box W-20, Paris, Tenn.

**Nadinola Bleaching Cream**

**TEXAS RICE CROP ESTIMATED AT \$8,000,000**

The Texas rice crop—a big factor in the business prosperity of 10 Texas Gulf Coast counties—is about harvested. The early prices ranged from \$3.10 to \$3.70 per barrel, and the total Texas crop is estimated to bring the growers nearly \$8,000,000.

The yield this year is about 15 barrels to the acre and the acreage in different Texas producing counties follows: Matagorda, 24,000; Colorado, 18,000; Wharton, 15,000; Jefferson, 29,000; Harris, 15,000; Jefferson, 29,000; Liberty, 14,000; Ft. Bend, 11,000; Jackson, 2,167; Brazoria, 2,510, and Waller county, 1,564.

A big part of the Texas rice crop this year was saved with water from Lake Brownwood, near the city of Brownwood, which was bought by the rice farmers and allowed to flow by gravitation down the Colorado river, later to be pumped over the rice fields. Incidentally the growers got many times as much water as they paid for when the water gates of the Brownwood lake stuck and could not be closed.

And they shall see his face; and his name shall be in their foreheads. Rev. 22:4.

**NEW, LIGHT, AEROPLANE METAL LIMBS**



**HEDGECOCK ARTIFICIAL LIMB & BRACE MFG. CO.**  
1306 1/2 COMMERCE ST. DALLAS  
WRITE FOR CATALOG



**LIPTON'S TEA**

YELLOW LABEL  
ORANGE PEKOE & PEKOE  
GREEN LABEL, JAPAN TEA

**Woman's Page** **A R**  
By MRS. MARGARET STUTE  
**HOME PROBLEMS**

**A SLENDERIZING MODEL WHICH SHINES IN SATIN**

Pattern 2023

By Anne Adams

Every woman this season feels that she must have a satin frock. Fashion is like that! And most women will want it in black, though there are many other flattering shades being featured in the shops—such as the new plum and eggplant which are devastatingly attractive in satin—the wine browns and a whole range of new greens. The sketch today would be nice in many fabrics such as a dull cañon crepe, or even a light weight wool but in nothing would be nicer than in sleek black satin. As a rule shiny materials are not the wisest choice for the larger woman, but black satin is a shining exception to this rule. The dark tone counteracts the effects of the lustrous surface. This design is nice in regulation sizes such as thirty-six, but no one will appreciate it more than the woman who wears a larger size—even to a forty-six. The lines are so flattering and slenderizing. Note the way the V in the skirt repeats the V in the bodice. It's always make a woman look small. The single rever, which may be faced with white or a contrasting color, is also slimming, and the deep cuffs on the sleeves are very smart.

Pattern 2023 is available in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46. Size 36 takes 4 yards, 39-inch fabric and 3/8 yard contrasting. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred), for each Anne Adams pattern. Write plainly your name, address and style number. **BE SURE TO STATE SIZE WANTED.**

Send for the new Fall and Winter issue of the Anne Adams Pattern Book and know what is new in smart clothes. It takes you through

the whole of fashion from lingerie to outer-garments . . . not overlooking some alluring new house frocks . . . and bearing in mind the needs of the younger generation. **PRICE OF BOOK FIFTEEN CENTS. BOOK AND PATTERN TOGETHER TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.** Address orders to Southwest Magazine Co., 243 West 17th Street, New York City.

**OUR HEALTH**

Like other agencies, we can overdo the use of the sun. In the beginning of sunbathing, one should be under the direction of a physician or person understanding such treatment. In the Southwest we are especially blessed with an abundant supply of sunshine through most of the year. Let us take advantage of its wonderful powers.

**Air**

Veda Sutton, the voice trainer of the National Broadcasting Company, says: "Breathe to be healthy, breathe to be handsome, to stand well, talk well, and be well. The only purpose of breathing is to get oxygen into our blood, for without oxygen we should quickly die. The more oxygen the brighter your color will be, the more pep you will have, and the smarter you will be."

**Water**

Do you know that three-quarters of our weight is water? The blood, lymph and spinal fluid are composed principally of water. These are the mediums by which all nourishment is carried to the body. It is through these same agencies that the body wastes are eliminated.

**Food**

In recent years science has made tremendous strides in discovering the effects of foods on the body. The problems of diet also have taken great strides. Some of our great physicians estimate that 90 per cent of diseases could be avoided if we would eat, correctly.

**Sunlight**

In the past few years a great deal has been said and much more written about the value of the sun. Sometimes I wonder if we have not reverted to ancient customs and become sort of sun-worshippers. We know that when light is absorbed through the skin it becomes food. We know the effects on plants when they are raised in semi-darkness.

**Good Recipes**

**Zwieback Blitz Meringue**

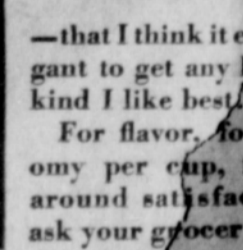
1/3 cup powdered sugar 1/2 cup granulated sugar  
3/4 cup butter 1/2 cup cream  
4 eggs 1/2 cup vanilla or lemon flavor to taste  
5 tablespoon milk 1 cup drained cut fruit  
1 package Zwieback 1 cup chopped nut meats.  
2 teaspoons baking powder 1/3 cup chopped nut meats.  
Cream powdered sugar and butter and add yolk of eggs well beaten and then milk. Add finely crumbled Zwieback, mixed with baking powder. Divide into two buttered 3-inch tins. Fold granulated sugar into stiffly beaten egg whites and spread over batter. (Continued top of column)

**LIPTON'S TEA**

**"It costs me so little to buy Fine Tea**

—that I think it extravagant to get any but the kind I like best."

For flavor, for economy per cup, for all-around satisfaction—ask your grocer for

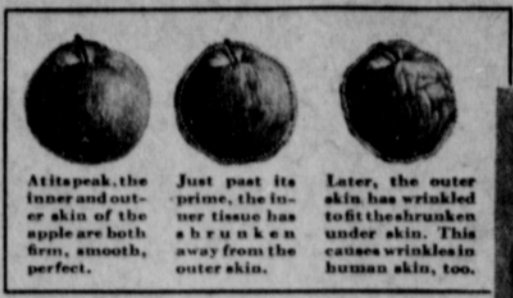


**LIPTON'S TEA**



2023

**What Ages Skin?**  
**The firm round apple tells you**



At its peak, the inner and outer skin of the apple are both firm, smooth, perfect.

Just past its prime, the inner tissue has a wrinkled outer skin.

Later, the outer skin has wrinkled to fit the shrunken inner skin. This causes wrinkles in human skin, too.

**WHAT** causes wrinkles? What causes dryness? Questions which have puzzled women since the beginning of time.

Today we know the answers. The structure of the skin is no longer a mystery. We know we have an Under Skin and an Outer Skin. Both gloriously firm and smooth in early youth.

But soon the glands in the Under Skin fail to function. Then this Under Skin shrinks—loses tone. The Outer Skin must form folds to fit the Under Skin. Lines form and deepen—these are the first signs of an aging skin.

**Avoid Wrinkles by Using an Oil Cream for Your Under Skin**—Soon the tiny glands in this Under Skin fail. They no longer pour out oils which keep your skin full, smooth. You must use an oil-rich cream which penetrates deep down. Pond's Cold Cream is made for this very purpose. Its fine pure oils sink way down and bring the sagging, tired tissues just the oils they need.

Because it goes so deep, Pond's Cold Cream is the most satisfying cleanser. Your pores, freed of the day's accumulated grime, are unbelievably refreshed.

**Correct Dryness with a Greaseless Cream for your Outer Skin**—Dryness occurs in the Outer Skin. When the moisture cells in the outer layer of skin become dried out by exposure it loses the satin smoothness of youth. To check this loss, try Pond's Vanishing Cream. It is especially made for this skin, contains a magical



**UNDER SKIN**  
WHERE WRINKLES START

**OUTER SKIN**  
WHERE DRYNESS STARTS

**THE COUNTESS OF VARWICK** gives her skin Pond's Two-Skin Care.

substance which not only prevents this moisture loss, but instantly smooths away every trace of dryness and roughness. Use it as a powder base during the day. It holds make-up beautifully.

**Follow this Simple Two-Skin Treatment**

1. Every night cleanse and firm your Under Skin with Pond's Cold Cream. Wipe off. Repeat, patting briskly.
2. Next, smooth your Outer Skin with Pond's Vanishing Cream. Leave it on all night.
3. Every morning, and during the day, another Cold Cream cleansing. Follow with Pond's Vanishing Cream. Then make-up.

Follow this simple Two-Skin Treatment by so many of the world's most beautiful women. See your own skin begin to gain in loveliness after just a few days.

Copyright, 1934, Pond's Extract Company

**Bake in a slow oven (350 degrees) 30 minutes.** Turn one layer meringue side down on plate. Spread with whipped and flavored cream, fruit and nut meats, and again with cream. Cover with second layer, meringue side up.

**Spinach With Cream**  
3 cups cooked spinach (canned or fresh)  
1/2 cup evaporated milk (undiluted)

- 1 tablespoon minced onion
- 1 teaspoon salt
- 3 tablespoons butter
- 2 tablespoons flour
- 1/4 teaspoon nutmeg.

Chop the drained spinach very fine. Melt the butter, and lightly simmer the onions. Add the flour. When well blended, add the spinach and other ingredients, and cook for two minutes.

An attractive garnish is small fried young carrots. Boil them a few minutes first, of course.

**Potato Flour Puffs**  
2 eggs  
1/2 teaspoon salt  
1 tablespoon sugar  
1/2 cup white potato flour or potato starch.

Beat egg whites stiff and dry. Add salt and sugar to beaten yolks and fold into whites. Sift flour and baking powder twice, and thoroughly beat into egg mixture. Add ice water last. Bake in greased gem pans in moderate oven 15 to 20 minutes.

**Veal Curry**  
Wipe 1 1/2 pounds of veal, cut in 1 1/2-inch pieces, sprinkle with salt and pepper, and roll in flour. Melt 1/2 cup dripping or butter in a stone jar or stew kettle, put in the veal and two large onions cut in slices. Cook until the meat is brown. Add 1/2 tablespoon curry powder, one teaspoon vinegar and cover with boiling water. Cover the pan closely and cook slowly until the meat is tender. Thicken the gravy, if necessary, and serve with steamed rice.

**Boiled Sweet Potatoes**  
Peel and parboil large, firm potatoes. Drain and cut in circular slices. Make a thick syrup of one-half cup sugar and two tablespoons water. Place potatoes in a baking dish, pour over syrup, dot with butter, and bake in moderate oven until brown and tender.

**Use of Salt**  
Butter may be kept hard without ice by setting the dish in which it is contained in cold salt water.

**"FIFTY-YEAR CLUB" ORGANIZED**

October 10, 1934, will probably be long remembered in the history of Lampasas county, for on that day was organized a "Fifty-Year Club." Every county in Texas has its pioneers, but every county does not have a C. D. Stokes. This liberal and kind-hearted business man decided that pioneers of Lampasas ought to get together. So he gave them a dinner in the State Park of that city, and more than 600 of them were his guests.

After dinner and old-time dancing, the "Fifty-Year Club" of Lampasas County was organized, with plans for annual meetings.

**USES CONDEMNED CATTLE FOR FERTILIZER**

C. Cely, farmer near Palestine, found a profitable way to dispose of the carcasses of condemned cattle purchased

by the government. He cut them in quarters and buried one quarter in a hole near each of his peach trees. Orchardists estimate the value for fertilizer at \$1 per tree, or \$4 per animal.

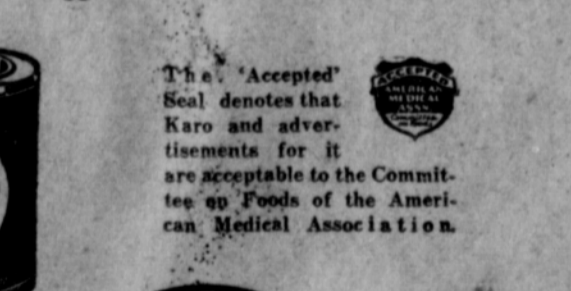
**KARO**  
*provides needed*  
**EXTRA ENERGY**

All of us, at some time or other, feel the effects of fatigue—and are not able to continue with our daily tasks satisfactorily. This is due, in a large measure, to the lack of reserve energy. Those who are called upon to do much outdoor physical labor, especially farm workers, realize this fact.

Karo contains a generous amount of Dextrose, the vital food element which supplies the body with heat and energy. This is important because Karo is easily assimilated and digested—and is a source of quick energy.

Make Karo a part of your daily diet—serve it on pancakes, waffles, bread, hot biscuits, cereals, etc. Keep your family and yourself well supplied with this delicious table syrup.

*Karo Syrups are essentially Dextrins, Maltose and Dextrose—with a small percentage of Sucrose added for flavor—all recommended for ease of digestion and energy value.*



**MADE FROM AMERICAN CORN**  
*which is PURCHASED FOR CASH*

The "Accepted" Seal denotes that Karo and advertisements for it are acceptable to the Committee on Foods of the American Medical Association.