

THE PECOS TIMES.

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VOLUME XXVIII. No. 8.

THE PECOS TIMES: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1915.

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SAND LAKE EXCURSION MONDAY

Automobiles of Ward County and Pecos Urged to Make Run to the Big Project.

Construction work has actually commenced on Sand Lake, the big reservoir that will do so much for the Pecos Country in the next few years. A. D. Jamison, contractor, started a force of twenty-five teams Monday with plows and fresnos, working on the intake canal. There were eight automobiles on the ground, all well filled with people from Pecos and Barstow. Colonel G. W. Dyer, a patriarch of reclamation work in the Pecos Valley, plowed the first furrow amid the cheers of the onlookers. Mr. Jamison then took a hand at the reins, as did T. B. Pruett, R. N. Couch, and others. Soon the plows had turned enough earth to give the fresnos a "bite," and the big four-horse teams were shortly afterward scooping out the bank of the thirty-four foot bottom of the canal.

Next Monday will be a holiday in a national and local way as well, it being Washington's birthday, the people of Reeves and Ward counties are invited to make the eight-mile trip, taking their dinners with them and spending awhile inspecting the work that has been done, and getting something of the bigness of the proposition "soaked" on their minds. There is not a man who hasn't seen the big basin who won't be surprised at its manifest possibilities.

One may realize its natural advantages as a basin, too, when looking at it and the methods employed of filling and emptying it. The water of the intake canal will flow into the lake around the north-west corner of the dam, while the gates will be less than a mile away near the middle of the dam. The water will thus flow in and out of the lake within a short distance, though backing up in the reservoir for miles. A twenty-three-foot cut will be necessary in order to tap the water in the lake at low periods. Twenty-three feet of the dam, then, has been saved the workmen by Nature, when she constructed this reservoir. There is water in the lake at present and, has been since the rains of last fall. There was a large bunch of ducks feeding among the reeds last Monday, and geese were plentiful during the colder weather.

The intake canal—feeder of the lake—will be a trifle more than thirty miles long from the mouth of the lake to the point where the water is to be taken out. The contract taken by the Baker Manufacturing Company calls for the moving of 1,307,000 cubic yards of dirt, and approximately 200,000 cubic yards of rock.

Get out next Monday, even if the weather is a bit unfavorable. Get wise to the tremendous development that is being started under your very nose. Stand on the embankment and look out over the present basin of Sand Lake. Picture it filled with water that will sail an ocean steamer. Think of the thirty thousand acres of land in the territory directly tributary to Pecos that this project has the possibilities of irrigating. Cast your eyes off to the spot where Pecos lies, the water tower showing dimly through the air, and try to realize what this one project alone will mean to the prosperity and advancement of the town. Then take off your hat to these men of Barstow and Ward County who have dreamed this thing; who have gone into the legislature of the state and made possible the organization to do the work; who have bonded their homes and alfalfa meadows to secure the money to pay for the work;—give them their due as benefactors of the Pecos Country, of Pecos, of you!

NAMES AT THE TRIPLE CIRCLE RANCH.

Mr. Frank Leaby was in Pecos last week Friday and while in the city called at the Times office and ordered some neat stationery. He has named his ranch the "Triple Circle Ranch." This is a splendid movement and if more would do so it would individualize each ranch or farm. Others should follow suit.

THE PECOS COUNTRY IS IN BEST CONDITION.

O. M. Henderson returned home Sunday from a two weeks' visit in North and East Texas. He visited with his sister Mrs. L. T. Cox and family at Shiro, Mrs. D. W. Henderson and son Harold at New Braunfels, also stopped off at San Marcos to see the fish hatchery. He also visited at San Antonio and Waxahachie.

Mr. Henderson says that from Fort Worth to Shiro he does not believe that altogether there had been raised much more than 200 acres of corn along the railroad, and that the farmers in nearly all of the country he passed through are in bad shape on account of the one-cotton-crop practice. Around the San Antonio country things were in much better shape for they had many calves, pigs and other animals growing, the crops raised into money. At Waxahachie he heard one farmer offer a cattle-raiser 500 bales of cotton for 500 head of calves he had there on the market.

Mr. Henderson says that everything considered this section of the state is in better than almost any he saw while he was away.

DECISIONS EIGHTH COURT OF CIVIL APPEALS.

The following decisions were handed down last week at El Paso by the Eighth Court of Civil Appeals, James R. Harper, A. M. Waldhall and E. F. Higgins, justices, which cases were sent up from Reeves and Ward counties:

Motion overruled—Annie D. Rogers et al vs. T. A. Ezell et al, from Reeves, appellant's motion to file amended brief.

L. H. Watson vs. T. L. Patrick, from Ward, appellee's motion to strike from the transcript the statement of facts copied therein.

Affirmed—H. C. Zimmerman vs. First National bank of Pecos, from Reeves.

E. E. Capps vs. E. W. Johnson, from Reeves.

Reversed and remanded—H. L. Watson vs. T. L. Patrick, from Ward.

The following case was also affirmed: Texas & Pacific Ry. Co. vs. Graham and Price, from Ector.

A TRIP TO ROCK QUARRY.

With the approach of warmer weather, the girls of the "W. S. S." have already enjoyed several outings in the country, one of the most delightful being a trip to Rock Quarry, a picturesque spot beyond Barstow. Mr. and Mrs. Sid Cowan chaperoned and their car seemed "perfectly full" as they left Pecos. They were joined by Miss Marion Walker at Barstow, and half went the rest of the way in her car. At Rock Quarry a delightful lunch was spread and many snapshots taken. Those who enjoyed the afternoon were Misses Stella Weyer, Warren Collings, Marion and Jane Loox, Mildred Obitz, Gladys Prewitt, Lillian O'Connor, Marion Walker and Theima Frame. Mr. and Mrs. Sid Cowan.

T. & P. IMMIGRATION AGENT.

Dallas, Feb. 15.—Effective Mar. 1, 1915, Mr. E. P. Guymard is appointed immigration agent for Louisiana, headquarters, New Orleans, La.; Mr. P. B. Rogers, immigration agent for Texas, headquarters Fort Worth, Texas; both reporting to general passenger agents.

Effective March 1, 1915, the joint immigration bureau, heretofore maintained jointly by the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway, Texas & Pacific and the International and Great Northern Railway is abolished.

TOYAH VALLEY HERALD ITEMS.

Judge J. F. Meier has been on the sick list for the past week.

Ralph Landrum of Pecos was in the valley the first of the week.

Mrs. Tatum Moore went into Pecos Monday evening to visit her parents for a few days.

H. M. McKellar, the popular manager of the Balmorhea Mercantile Company, autoed into Pecos last Saturday, returning Monday morning.

J. W. B. Williams, who has been living on the orchard place at Head Springs for the past year, has moved to a place down below Brogado.

The trial of R. P. Head at Midland was postponed until Feb. 22, on account of a murder trial that is consuming more of the court's time than was anticipated. All witnesses summoned to appear in this case have been so notified.

COUNCIL PASSES CHICKEN LAW

Poultry Owners Must Prevent Depredations—Measure Needed, Septic Tank Started.

The city council Monday night passed an ordinance requiring owners of poultry to keep their fowls from running on the lawns, gardens or flower-beds of their neighbors. Disregard of this regulation will lay the owner of the chickens working the depredations, liable to a fine of from one to ten dollars.

This ordinance should do more for the beautification of the yards and lawns of the people of Pecos than any other action ever taken by the city council except, perhaps, the establishment of the city pound and the initiation of the regulation requiring owners of live-stock to prevent their animals from running at large within the corporate limits. It has been needed for years, as will be attested by practically every property-owner who has attempted to beautify his home.

Of late a number of citizens have been especially concerned about it. The matter was still further advanced by the fact that the women of Pecos began to concern themselves about it, calling up the commercial club, and members of the city council, including Mayor Cannon. Mr. Cannon promptly drafted the measure Monday, and presented it to the council that night, it being passed after some discussion. Keep all the chickens you can care for, if it pleases you, but keep them at home.

The council also adopted a contract, with Long P. Smart, for the construction of the septic tank for the sewer system. The contract had been awarded to Mr. Smart previously, but had never been signed. He has made head for the work and started on it Wednesday. It will be completed within forty days.

DR. T. P. GAINES.

Rest in peace.

It is indeed sad that we must at times make mention of the passing away of a friend, and it is still sadder when we are called upon to chronicle the death of a very dear relative. But these bereavements come upon us all, and now we must chronicle the passing of our very dear father, Dr. Thomas Penenton Gaines, who died at his home in Campbellton, Texas, on Feb. 8, 1915, after an illness of a few days over a week. He had been in good health up to a week and half before his death. At the time of his death he was 45 years, one month and sixteen days old. He leaves a devoted wife, seven children, one son and six daughters, a mother, six sisters, one brother, his father having died Dec. 22, 1911, and hundreds of relatives and friends to mourn his death. It was the saddest death ever known here.

Dr. T. P. Gaines began practicing medicine at the age of 19 and continued until his death. In all the time he had been practicing he never lost over six patients. He graduated from the medical college at Memphis, Tenn.

He was born and raised in Acadia, La., and was buried at Madison, La.

It is hard to give up such good men as he, but all alike must pass over the river before the paradise on the other side may be theirs.

May God bless and watch over his devoted wife and children in our prayer, and may we all meet him on the other side.

He leaves a host of friends at Pecos City and all through the state of Texas.

DID YOU SEE THE AIRSHIP GO OVER?

Did you see the airship go over Pecos last Tuesday night about 10 o'clock?

We have been told by quite a number of our citizens that they saw what they took to be an airship sailing over Pecos. One party whose word is unimpeachable said that it appeared from a southeasterly direction and as it passed over here swerved to a more northerly direction.

Suffice it to say, however, that the people of Toyah Valley seem for the most part to be quite ready to vote for the organization tomorrow, and that they are awake to the

PECOS MEN IN TOYAH VALLEY

Local Citizens Attend Irrigation District Mass-Meeting—Organization Widely Favored.

Five auto loads of Pecos people were in Toyah Valley yesterday (Thursday) to attend the mass-meeting held there for the purpose of discussing the advisability of organizing the valley as Reeves County Irrigation District No. 1. The meeting was an enthusiastic one, and was attended by practically the entire farmer population of the Toyah Valley from Saragosa to Toyahvale. The five cars were owned respectively by Buck & Starley, W. D. Cowan, F. W. Johnson, T. B. Pruett and the Pecos Mercantile Company. The Pecos citizens making the trip, in addition to the owners mentioned, were D. W. Rozman, T. Y. Casey, W. N. Roberts, H. B. Link, W. H. Brown, J. A. A. Drame, Sid Cowan, E. J. Moyer, G. B. Langrum, M. W. Collier and B. G. Smith. W. W. Camp, J. G. Love and G. G. Nobbitt.

The visitors were given a royal good dinner at the Balmorhea Hotel. The feast was prepared under the direction of Mrs. Ruth and was enjoyed in fullest measure by these men who had made the thirty-six mile trip. The guests are indebted to J. G. Love, too, who had the thought to telephone ahead for "dinner for twenty" and a very generously "footed the bill" after dinner was over. He was the moving spirit of the excursion and certainly conducted it handsomely.

The meeting was called to order by W. W. Stewart, chairman of the committee that has had the organization in charge. Mr. Stewart presided throughout the meeting, and handled its affairs in a business-like manner. The women folk of the valley were on hand in good force, and led in the singing of such songs as "America," "Star Spangled Banner," "Columbia the Gem of the Ocean," and the concluding song, "Home Sweet Home."

Every talk made during the afternoon was favorable to the organization of the district, and urged the people to rally to the polls Saturday. Col. S. E. Waskom, the veteran Demosthenes of the valley, presented the report of the committee, which unqualifiedly recommended the organization of the district. Chairman Stewart then called on T. Y. Casey, who commended the proposed action, and gave the people the assurance of the sympathy and friendship of Pecos people and institutions. He expressed his pleasure over the proposed organization of the district, stating that it was good business to take the steps indicated.

Chairman Stewart, after explaining something of the history of the movement from the standpoint of the committee of which he was a member, called on Sol Mayer, of Toyahvale, to relate the rest of it. Mr. Mayer then rose to say that he was in Chicago at the time the first meetings were held for the organization, and knew nothing of it until he returned. He then dropped the plans that he was making for consolidation of the Mountcastle and Cobe interests, after having been approached by the committee, and made a proposition to them which they regarded favorably. No contract had been entered into, and the arrangements made were but tentative ones, though they provided for the owning by the people of their own irrigation system.

These talks were followed by others made by W. D. Cowan, F. W. Johnson, H. B. Link, J. A. Buck, J. E. Starley, W. C. Halbert, M. C. Lucky, S. E. Waskom, Tom Delaney, and others. When Judge Starley took the floor, he explained the legal nature of the irrigation district law, and then answered questions which served to clear up many misunderstood phases of the proposition. It is to be regretted that the lateness in the week of the meeting and the consequent lack of space in the Times prohibits a more detailed write-up of the meeting.

Suffice it to say, however, that the people of Toyah Valley seem for the most part to be quite ready to vote for the organization tomorrow, and that they are awake to the

possibilities which such organization offers for their beautiful and rich section. It was referred to by Pecosites a number of times yesterday as the "Garden Spot of Texas," "The Pride of Reeves County" and in other complimentary terms of the same sort, and it seems safe to predict that with these energetic people working along the lines outlined in the meeting, they will, within a few years merit many times over the admiration and respect of their other Reeves county citizens, and of the world at large.

JOTS NOTED ON THE TRIP TO BALMORHEA.

The Cowan car took the lead both going and coming and the rest, except Uncle Woody, who brought up the rear, were strung along in close touch of each other.

One of the first things we noted was the few long stretches of good road, but we believe that it would be put in pretty good condition the entire distance for a very small sum, comparatively.

Mr. Bly, who recently purchased the Finley lands, was busy clearing another batch of land as also was Elmer Wadley at the Prewitt-Wadley headquarters ranch.

There was a fine looking bunch of cows and calves at the Prewitt-Wadley ranch and from the looks they will have a splendid crop of them this year.

The sight which appealed to the writer more than any other was at Valley Farm, the T. J. Sisk farm-ranch, where there was a large drove of fine looking pigs and hogs grazing on the alfalfa field, and they are rapidly making alfalfa into money, and they do "the gathering and baling." A part of the alfalfa at this place was the greenest that we saw on the trip. We also noted the "home-ness" of the whole place, especially around the house. Mr. Sisk undoubtedly has one of the nicest places along the P. & S.

From "Saragosa the Beautiful" there is a piked road clear to Balmorhea, which we understand has been made by the co-operative work of the residents along the roads. This is certainly commendable in them and other parts of the county could well take lessons from them in this line.

There is still a large amount of alfalfa stacked in the Toyah Valley waiting for shipment. The farmers were busily engaged along the way, some plowing, some leveling off and dragging their lands while some others were loading out alfalfa—three cars at Saragosa and six or seven at Balmorhea, while others were irrigating their alfalfa fields.

There is some new buildings going up and others being added too and repairing, and things did not look much as if the country was going to the bad, but it is in a very progressive condition.

One thing that impressed us was the hearty way that the bunch from the "Town of Team Work" was received all along the line. Nearly every one out there said that they were certainly glad to see the Pecos business men taking so much interest in the upbuilding of the Toyah Valley. Undoubtedly it will do much toward further strengthening the two communities together for the advancement of Reeves county.

We all arrived home in Pecos about 7 o'clock without anything happening to mar the pleasure of the trip and everyone were glad that they had gone, and should occasion arise again all and more will gladly make another drive down among those whole-hearted good people.

DIED.

Mrs. R. L. Sanders of Monahans died last Wednesday after a long and serious spell of illness. The Pecos Times and all of its readers extend their sympathy to the bereaved family.

Mr. G. R. Martz, the Pecos Mercantile undertaker, went to Monahans Wednesday evening to prepare the body for burial.

THE LA MODE MILLINERY PARLORS.

Mrs. Will Glasscock and Miss Bernice Richburg have opened a new millinery store in the building next door south of the B. G. Smith grocery and across the street from the Pecos Dry Goods Company, and are now prepared to meet their many friends and show them their nice new stock.

They will announce later as to the date of their opening, which will be looked forward to by our good ladies. Success to them.

TO BID ON ROAD BONDS AGAIN

Commissioners Will Receive Bids for Cash on March 8—Good Prospects for Sale.

The Commissioners' Court last Friday ordered advertisements placed for the sale of the road bonds of Road District No. 1, on a cash basis. The bids called for will be received on the 8th of March, when the commissioners will meet in regular session.

The favorable development of the bond market during the last few weeks, and the submission of several favorable cash propositions from various parties, has led the court to believe that the bonds may be placed for cash at a good figure. At least two men have offered cash for the bonds on a basis of par and accrued interest, both of them conditioning their propositions, however, so that the money received would not amount actually to these figures.

That these offers should have been received from individual sources, however, has led the court to believe that better offers might be received if new advertisements were placed. If the results had not been satisfactory, however, another course will be taken, and the suggestion of the people that the work be paid for with the bonds may be carried out.

JANUARY REPORT OF THE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

The books in the Carnegie Library, net total 824 volumes; 417 books were loaned during month of January. New books were contributed by the following: Miss Rose Briscoe, Mrs. Geo. Ward, Brown Capps, Billon Brown, Findley Clarke, Jim Prewitt, W. C. Hudson, Nannie Mae Collings, Mrs. McBriney, Mrs. McKee, N. M. Slover, C. O. DeWitt, Jimmy Harrison? Magazines were contributed by Mrs. Cassey, Mrs. Warn and Mrs. Ward. Mrs. Ward contributed cash for the children's book fund.

A volume, "Famous Orators of the World," was received from C. O. DeWitt, formerly of Pecos, but now in the American Consular Service at Port Limon, Costa Rica, South America.

Twenty-three books were contributed and 42 new books were ordered during the month of January.

The treasurer's report showed all bills paid to Feb. 1, and a balance of \$55 on hand for the purchase of new books. In order that the new books may please the readers and borrowers, the public are requested to leave with the librarian the names of any books they may desire to have on the shelves.

The library tea, and the matinee, "The Blue Bird" netted the association \$16.95, all of which will be used in the purchase of new books and magazines.

A new stove has been installed in the basement club rooms at the expense of the various clubs of the city. The clubs still have money on hand for the further furnishing of the club rooms. The president of each of the four clubs contributing to the furnishing of the rooms was appointed as a member of a permanent committee to be the custodians of the present and future furnishings of the club rooms. The rules of the Library association governing the use of these rooms will be placed in the basement.

It was voted that a written request be sent to the city council to provide for the proper drainage of the library building and to make the necessary water connections when the main is put in. And that they be further petitioned to include the librarian's salary in their next yearly budget.

The colonial entertainment to be given by the Euterpean Club is to raise money to buy a set of Sir George Grove's Musical Encyclopedia to be placed in the library for the benefit of the music students of the town.

WEDDINGS.

Married, at the Methodist parsonage, on Friday afternoon, the 12th instant, Harry L. Haynes Jr., and Mrs. Anna Arnold Joachime. The groom is a traveling salesman, whose home is in El Paso; the bride a lady from Missouri. Rev. Fred Little officiating.

CHICKEN SALAD AND ICE WATER

Austin, Tex., Feb. 11.—The senate's final passage, unamended, of the Ferguson Land Tenant Bill, with only four dissenting votes, and a favorable committee report on the substitute for the "Texas Company Bill" were today's most important legislative developments.

If the legislature has the right to buy you a glass of ice water, it certainly has the right to buy Governor Colquitt a glass of punch."

It will be recalled that when the house was considering the deficiency bill, Mr. Middleton objected to the budget for the executive mansion, and produced statements from the comptroller's office showing bills, among other things, for chicken salad and punch."

As a result, the house adopted a resolution asking the attorney general to examine the deficiency items and determine whether they are proper charges, and members of the house requested the governor to withhold approval of the bill until the attorney general gave his opinion. Yesterday that opinion was given, to the effect that the last legislature exceeds its authority in making an appropriation for "groceries" for the governor's mansion and, assuming that proposition to be correct, that the deficiency claims for groceries are improper, because a deficiency can not be based on an unconstitutional proposition.

In response to the opinion, Gov. Ferguson today wrote to Attorney General Looney as follows:

"I am in receipt of your official favor of Feb. 13, inclosing copy of your opinion to the Hon. John W. Woods, speaker of the house of representatives.

"Your opinion refers to that part of the appropriation for the governor's mansion and grounds, which is as follows:

"Fuel, lights, water, ice, groceries and incidentals, \$2,000 per year for each of the fiscal years ending Aug. 31, 1914, and Aug. 31, 1915."

"As you hold that the item of groceries is unconstitutional, and do not undertake to state the amount which has been expended for groceries, and as all the items are included in one round amount in the deficiency appropriation bill sent me, I shall approve the item in the appropriation bill.

"In this connection I also want to say that, in my opinion, your legal proposition that the legislature exceeded its authority in appropriating money to purchase groceries for the governor's mansion during Governor Colquitt's administration is unsound and untenable in law or reason. You admit in effect, in your opinion, that if this appropriation was not salary, as provided for in the constitution, that it would be perfectly legal for the legislature to make such appropriation. If you are correct in your contention, then when the legislature appropriates money to buy you, a constitutional officer, ice and ice water for your general use, then it can be subjected to the same criticism which you have urged against the appropriation for groceries, that it would be an indirect attempt on the part of the legislature to increase your constitutional salary. If the legislature has the right to buy you a glass of ice water, it certainly has the right to buy Governor Colquitt a glass of punch. The differ-

ence in value would cut no figure. Both would be the expenditure of a valuable consideration for personal and private use of constitutional officers. If you are correct in your contention, then every constitutional officer whose salary is fixed by the constitution, who is receiving the benefit of supplies of any kind or description at the expense of the state, purchased with money appropriated by the legislature, is receiving salary in excess of the constitutional limit.

"Your constructions would prevent the legislature appropriating money to buy law books for your department and for your personal use, or the purchase of any other supplies which the legislature, in its discretion, might think would better aid you to perform your official duties with comfort and convenience.

"That the legislature might appropriate too much or too little money for the purposes mentioned, or that the officer disbursing same might not get his money's worth, can in no way effect the express power of the legislature to appropriate money for the support of the government.

"I deny your statement that the legislature directly or indirectly has attempted to increase the compensation of the governor in excess of the constitutional limit. I furthermore deny that fuel, light, water, ice and groceries are salary by construction or implication. Yours truly,

"James E. Ferguson, Governor."

FANNIE CROSBY, BLIND HYMN WRITER, DIES.

Bridgeport, Conn., Feb. 12.—Frances Jane Crosby, 94 years old, well known hymn writer, died today at her home. Among her most famous hymns are "There's Music in the Air," "Safe in the Arms of Jesus," "Jesus Keep Me Near the Cross," and "I Am Thine, O Lord."

NEW MACHINE IS BIG HELP TO THE FARMER

Fort Worth, Feb. 13.—E. E. Dickinson, a former cotton gin man, has on display at his shop, 1408 Commerce street, a cotton cleaning machine which he claims will save the ginner and farmer combined from \$10 to \$15 on each bale of cotton. He expects to erect a factory in Fort Worth this spring to manufacture the machines.

Dickinson's machine takes the cotton before it goes into the seeder, and cleans it, knocking out hulls and other rubbish and leaving the seed. He claims the greatest saving is in improving the grade of the staple by this process.

The picking price, says Dickinson, will be cut in half.

Dickinson's machines have already been installed at Everman, Weatherford, Grapevine, Cleburne, and Red Springs.

A heavy cold in the lungs that was expected to cure itself has been the starting point in many cases of disease that ended fatally. The sensible course is to take frequent doses of BALLARD'S HORE-ROUND SYRUP. It checks the progress of the disorder and assists nature to restore normal conditions. Price 25c, 50c and \$1 per bottle. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)

We want your grocery trade—Green's Grocery. 7-2

ANTI-NARCOTIC LAW.

Dallas, Tex., Feb. 13.—James C. Wilson, United States District Attorney for the Northern District of Texas, has accepted an invitation to explain the Harrison Anti-Narcotic Law to the physicians, dentists and druggists of the city, at a meeting called by E. Marvin, president of the Retail Merchants' Association, to be held at a dinner in the ladies' ordinary of the Oriental Hotel at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon, Feb. 22.

The Harrison Anti-Narcotic Law will go into effect March 1. It is a federal statute to control the sale of opium, morphine, heroin, cocaine and similar drugs. The law requires that the manufacturer of these drugs keep the revenue department informed as to the output of their plants and to whom and in what quantities they sell. The wholesaler is required to report the amounts of his purchases from the manufacturer, and the amounts and to whom he sells. Physicians and dentists are required to use blanks furnished by the revenue department when they write prescriptions and they are required to keep duplicate copies of all prescriptions for the inspection of the revenue officers, and druggists are required to number and file the prescriptions and keep them where the revenue officers can inspect them.

In other words, the law was framed so that the government can keep track of every ounce of the drugs mentioned, and no druggist or other person is permitted to sell such drugs except on the prescription of a physician. Any person who violates or fails to comply with the provisions of the law shall be liable to a fine of not more than \$2,000, or imprisonment for not more than five years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

NEGRO KILLS EL PASO OFFICER

El Paso, Feb. 14.—For the second time in two months a negro shot and killed a police officer here late last night when Gas Chitwood, formerly of Dallas, was killed by Dave Jones, alias Robert Grayson. Chitwood went to arrest the negro, who killed Chitwood with a bullet through his heart. When the negro tried to escape at the police station he was shot and killed by Ivy Finley, police comrade of the dead patrolman, who was born in Dallas and was a cowboy before joining the police department.

Jones was an East Texas negro and was considered a desperate character by the police.

BAN ON OVERDRAFTS IN TEXAS STATE BANKS

Austin, Tex., Feb. 12.—Commissioner of Insurance and Banking J. S. Patterson announced tonight that he will absolutely follow the course of the national comptroller of currency in forbidding all overdrafts in state banks. He will address to every state bank a letter, calling upon the board of directors to pass a resolution forbidding overdrafts and expects the resolution to be lived up to.

DEVICE TO MAKE WRECKS IMPOSSIBLE TO BE TESTED

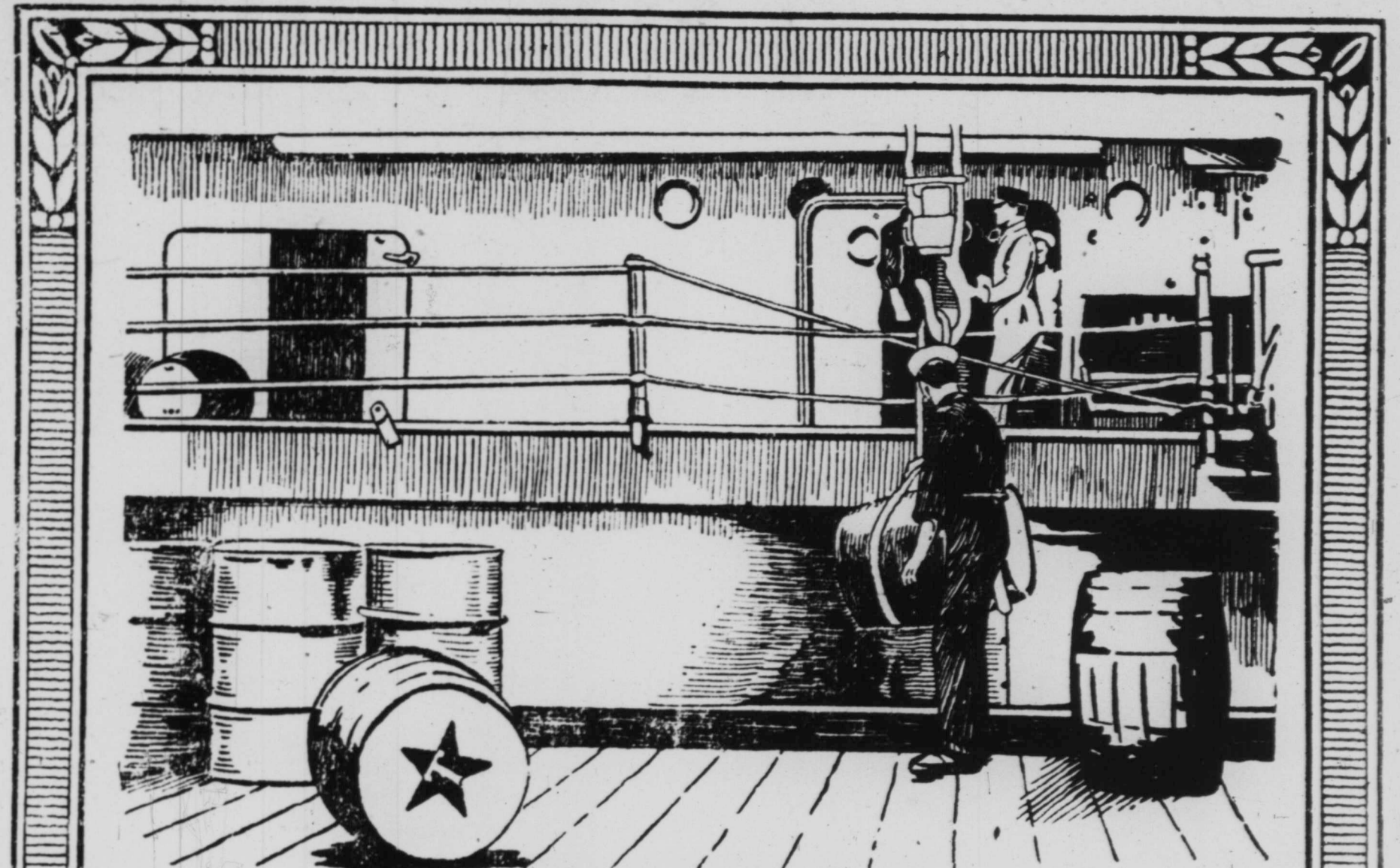
Chicago, Feb. 17.—Tests of a device intended to make railroad collisions impossible will be begun here March 1, it was announced today, under the direction of the interstate commerce commission. Six miles of track he being equipped for the tests, which will take six months. Anatol Gottos, a Chicagoan, is the inventor of the device, called an automatic train control and recorder. The engineer is warned of danger, such as another train immediately ahead of him, or a break in the track, first by a shrill whistle placed near the engineer's seat. If the engineer does not slow down his train at this warning the air brakes it is claimed, become automatically set and the train is brought to a stop.

If a better cough syrup than Foley's Honey and Tar Compound could be found, we would carry it. We know this reliable and dependable medicine has given satisfaction for more than forty years; therefore we never offer a substitute for the genuine. Recommended for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchial and la grippe coughs. No opiates. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv.)

Remember we are sole agents for Forbes Quality and Chase & Sanborn's Red Seal Coffee and Teas. Try them and you will use no other. Vickers & Collings. 7-2

Corn Chops and Bran at Vickers & Collings. 7-2

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor headache. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. 25c.



Outside Evidence

A newspaper photographer was busy at the Boston Navy Yard securing photos of the battleships getting ready for Mexican service, and the picture above is one he secured for his paper.

It would have been impossible for us to get such evidence of Texaco quality and service, so we secured one of the pictures from the photographer.

Naturally, active service means hard usage, difficulties and dangers. So there is keener inspection of stores and more microscopic examination of goods.

It is quite natural, therefore, for the photographer to have snapped his camera just as Texaco Products were being hoisted aboard the U. S. S. "Nebraska."

Texaco Quality and Service are known where the demand is for high quality and careful, prompt service.

Look for the Texaco Products in your own town. You can recognize them by the Red-Star-Green-T emblem of "made in Texas" fame.

They are just as valuable for you as they are for the navy. See our agent.

The Texas Company
General Offices, Houston, Texas



MAKING MOST OF THE FAMILY BUDGET.

Many Housewives Are Finding It Necessary To Curtail Expenses To Keep Out Of Debt.

This winter, more than ever before perhaps, does the housewife find it necessary to curtail expenses. Money is scarce in many homes, and everywhere we hear complaints of the high cost of living. Sometimes, no doubt, the house mother feels a little discouraged as she thinks of the many channels into which her small allowance must flow, but she struggles bravely on with one ideal before her, that of making a perfect home for her husband and children.

But whatever the income be, the housewife must be a good manager. Then the actual amount of the money available does not matter nearly as much as one might be led to think, because the good manager knows how to get out of it all that is necessary for her family's requirements.

The first requisite in knowing how to live on a small income is to keep down the table expenses. No matter how long you wear your old clothes, how you cut down your rent, or walk instead of patronizing trolley cars, you must provide food, and nourishing appetizing food at that, if you don't want a lot of doctor bills to encroach still further on the already small income.

If you can set a good table on a small sum you have learned how to accomplish an economic feat that will save the day. Of course this will mean that you must study the

food problem and master it. You will have to learn to manage on a fixed allowance how to buy in the places that are best for you; how to cut down expenses, if you have allowed yourself to fall into extravagant ways, and how to lay in supplies wisely when you have managed to save a little money from your allowances.

You must learn what to do with left-overs, and how to eke out one thing with another, so as to make a small quantity go a long way.

When you have begun to make plans, to insist upon making your allowances do all that you have decided it must do, when you have dignified the plan of buying and preparing food by giving it the thoughtful study it deserves, then you will discover that housekeeping the right kind of housekeeping, is interesting and fascinating.

The first thing to be done in the new system of housekeeping is to divide your income, make a table with the heads, food rent, fuel, light, service and clothes; and determine how much of your income you can afford to place under each, leaving a margin, however small, for laying by. Don't forget you must save something if you are to preserve your self-respect. It is demoralizing to spend every cent that you earn, and some form of systematic saving should be the rule, even if it be but a dollar a month.

Each family must decide for itself what proportion of its income must be spent for rent, food and the rest of the necessary requirements, but a system of some sort is not only advisable but absolutely imperative, if one is to get through without debt and discomfort.

CROUP AND WHOOPING COUGH.

Mrs. T. Neurener, Eau Claire, Wis., says: "Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cured my boy of a very severe attack of croup after other remedies had failed. Our milkman cured his children of whooping cough." Foley's has a forty years record of similar cases. Contains no opiates. Always insist on Foley's. For sale by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv.)

Spring Barley at Prewit & Wadley's.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of itching hemorrhoids. The first application gives ease and rest. 50c.

Nervous?

Mrs. Walter Vincent, of Pleasant Hill, N. C., writes: "For three summers, I suffered from nervousness, dreadful pains in my back and sides, and weak sinking spells. Three bottles of Cardui, the woman's tonic, relieved me entirely. I feel like another person, now."

TAKE

Cardui

The Woman's Tonic

For over 50 years, Cardui has been helping to relieve women's unnecessary pains and building weak women up to health and strength. It will do the same for you, if given a fair trial. So, don't wait, but begin taking Cardui today, for its use cannot harm you, and should surely do you good. E-72

NOTICE FOR BIDS. Notice is hereby given that Commissioners' Court of Reeves County, Texas, will, at its regular March term, A. D. 1915, to be held on the 8th day of March, A. D. 1915, at the court house of said county, receive bids from any banking corporation, association, or individual banker desiring to be selected as the depository of the funds of Reeves and Loving Counties. A certified check for the sum of five hundred (\$500.00) dollars must accompany each and all bids. Dated this 10th day of February, A. D. 1915. BEN RANDALS, County Judge of Reeves County, Texas. Courteous treatment, prompt delivery, the best goods for the least money. Green's. Cane Seed at Prewit & Wadley's.

REMINGTON UMC

NEW CLUB SHOT SHELLS

"The Shell With a Nickname"

WE'RE proud of the fact that gunners have nick-named our black powder loads. To go around the country and hear them talk about "The Old Reliable Yellow Shells" feels as good as a cheery greeting and a slap on the back.

New Club Shells are really the premier black powder shells of this country—Standard for over 50 years.

The No. 2 Primer gives a snappy ignition—sure and quicker than you usually find in black powder shells.

For results in your shooting, rifle or shotgun—get Remington-Union Metallic Cartridge Co. ammunition—with the Red Ball Mark on every box. Ask the best dealer in this community. He carries them.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
259 Broadway New York

A CALENDAR FOR DIVERSIFICATION

WHY KEEP LIVESTOCK?

1. Animals make it possible to use land that would be wholly or partially wasted. Hillsides, mountain slopes, land terraced by gullies, and land too poorly drained for ordinary crops, may be used for animals.
2. Animals consume products on the farm that would otherwise be wasted.
3. Animals act as machines to convert raw materials into finished products. The finished products may be shipped around the world, while the raw materials may not be sent beyond the county.
4. In feeding the animals a large portion of the plant food is left in the soil. More than nine pounds out of ten in the food of animals is returned to the soil under good farm management. Germany encourages livestock raising because it means richer soil. The Kaiser and the German scientists recognize that the more animals kept the more food the people will have, and the greater the strength of the army.
5. Raising livestock makes it possible to arrange a better rotation and hence more profitable diversification of crops.
6. Animals require constant care, hence they make it possible to distribute labor so the hands will have profitable employment during the entire year. This is not true when crops only are raised.
7. Managing livestock requires skill and intelligence, hence the communities that give the most attention are the most intelligent and progressive.

WHY RAISE HOGS?

1. Pigs have two characteristics

that make them unique among domestic animals.

(a) They consume concentrates and easily digested foods only; (b) they produce nothing but meat, fat, and bristles. Cattle produce milk and hides; sheep, wool, hides, and sometimes milk; fowls, eggs and feathers.

2. On account of their great prolificacy the returns invested in swine are greater than that from horses, sheep or cattle. Ten sows worth \$100 to \$150 will produce 100 pigs in one year. To produce 100 lambs will require 75 to 80 ewes worth from \$300 to \$500; to produce 100 calves it will require 110 cows worth from \$1,500 to \$6,000; to produce 100 colts it will take 200 mares worth from \$20,000 to \$30,000. The capital invested in swine may be reproduced in offspring 10 times in one year; the capital in horses not more than one in five years.

In general 500 pounds of corn will produce 100 pounds of pork, which is 11 pounds of pork from a bushel of corn. The price of corn and pork is very closely related. If corn is worth 60 cents pork should be worth six cents; if corn is worth 75 cents, pork 7 1/2 cents.

The meat of the hog in one form or another is found upon the table of the millionaire, king or laborer the world over. No other animal furnishes so many useful products. The prospector in the wilderness carries a side of bacon with him. The lumberman in the forest makes the salted sides of the hog his chief meat. The farmer, even though he does not raise hogs, must live largely on salt pork.

The meat of the hog furnishes the substance that stands by the laboring man and makes him efficient while to the epicurean it supplies such toothsome morsels of ham, rasher or bacon as to tickle the most delicate palate. No meat is more healthful, wholesome or economical.

LAYING OUT THE ORCHARD.

There are three common methods of laying off the land for orchard planting. (1) The square; (2) the triangular or quincunx, which is like a square except that a tree is planted in the center of the square; (3) the hexagonal, in which a tree is placed in the center with six trees around it. This last method is designed to economize space, but is more difficult to lay off than the others.

There are also minor methods and modifications of the three methods mentioned. Trees may be planted in rectangles instead of in squares. The triangular method may be further modified by the setting of filers between every permanent tree in both directions.

Orchardists have their own methods of laying out the orchard.

A convenient way to lay off the land is to first lay off a base line. This may be along a fence, road, etc. Measure off the distance the first tree is to stand. This should be 20 or 25 feet from the highway. Then set a stake at the other end of the field the same distance from the highway as the first stake. Beginning at the first stake which marks the position of the first tree, measure off the distance for each tree in the first row, say 20 or 30 feet.

At the center of this row of stakes lay off another line at right angles to the first line. This may be done by the carpenter's method, taking 6, 8 and 10 as the sides of a right angle triangle.

After the second line is established it is only necessary to use two measuring boards the length the trees are to be set apart. Board one inch thick and three inches wide may be used and these may be fastened together by a bolt. A notch is then cut in the end of each board which enables the operator to measure the distance to the trees to be set in straight lines.

Another practical method of laying out the orchard when there are three hands is to begin as was recommended above, at the corner, setting a stake where the first tree in that corner is to stand. Set a stake at the end of the row, establishing the corner tree at that end. Lay off the square and set a stake at the far corner at right angles to the first row; establish the next corner, which gives you a square or a rectangle. The size of the field may determine. This of course establishes the four corners. Take two men, one to sight in one direction and one in the other; the third man sets the stake and is "waved" to the proper place. In this way the trees are staked off and all that is necessary is to dig the hole and set the tree where the stake stood.

Remember that trees stand as monuments to the man that transplants them. Now of corn or cotton may stand in a crooked row to mock you but one year, while an apple orchard may be a monument to your intelligence for many years.

perhaps bear fruit for your grandchildren.

IN THE POULTRY YARD.

In selecting eggs to preserve in solution the following facts should be remembered: (1) Only perfectly fresh eggs should be used; (2), throughout the entire period of preservation the eggs must be covered in the solution.

The lime water method of preserving eggs is generally satisfactory. Use one pound of lime to five gallons of water. Slack the lime in a small quantity of water. Use only fresh rock lime. Then stir in the milk lime into five gallons of water. After the liquid is stirred thoroughly let it settle. Then put the eggs in a jar or other vessel and cover with the lime solution. Keep the vessel well covered.

Water glass solution: Water glass (sodium silicate) may be bought at most drug stores. Use from two to five pounds of water glass to 10 gallons of water. Put eggs in a jar or other vessel and pour the liquid over them. Set in a dark place.

Sanitation is very necessary in the poultry yard. Now is the time to begin if you expect to prevent insects and poultry diseases. Foul poultry houses, unsanitary coops, drinking and feeding vessels will surely cause trouble later on. Keep the poultry yard clean.

Select the breeding stock if this has not already been done. The best cockerel is none too good. The hens should be producers, those that have given a good account of themselves in egg production. One cock with six or eight hens is enough to give fertile eggs under ordinary conditions.

Get your incubators if they have not already been secured. Get it up and ready to start as soon as you have the eggs. There are some advantages in early hatches. But chickens may be hatched most any time. There are only a few weeks in the heat of summer when it is not advisable to hatch young chicks.

This will be a good year to sell a few broilers and fryers, and eggs continue high. Why not give more attention to poultry?

Get a small spraying outfit and keep insecticides and germicides on hand. It will pay to spray the poultry houses, the old nests, the brooders and the runs if small and close every week or ten days. Occasionally dipping the hens is advisable. It will be worth while to prevent insects and diseases if this can be done.

Green food will be needed. As soon as you can have oats, rye, wheat barley or other green crops for the fowls. Sprouted oats will be relished by the fowls and it will not take much time to sprout them.

Alfalfa, rape, clover, etc., make good green food for chickens. Plant a small area for the fowls.

GARDEN INSECTS.

Insects are like the poor, they are always with us when there is anything for them to eat. The wise gardener arms himself with a sprayer and spray materials and waits for the invasion.

For flea beetles that make their appearance early on lettuce, onions, etc., sprinkle while the dew is on with-slaked lime. Powdered tobacco will often drive them off. These remedies will not kill the beetles, but repels them. Mix about a table-spoonful of Paris green with a tea-cupful of air-slacked lime if you wish to poison the beetles. Do not eat the vegetables poisoned for a week or two.

For Colorado potato beetles air-slacked lime and Paris green usually gives satisfaction. Recently it has been found that arsenate of lead is better than Paris green, as it adheres better and never injures foliage.

One part of Paris green to 50 parts air-slacked lime is the amount to use. This mixture should be dusted on while the vines are wet with dew. The vines may be sprayed if one has a large potato patch. In this case use two pounds of Paris green to 50 gallons of water.

Arsenate of lead may be used at the rate of three or five pounds to a barrel of water.

A small sprayer of the knapsack or bucket type is sufficient for a small patch, but a larger spraying outfit will be needed when one has a larger area in potatoes.

SPRAYING THE ORCHARD.

For San Jose scale dormant spraying should be done and the first warm days may be selected as the time. Lime-sulphur is the spray best adapted. It may be bought already prepared. The home-made is rather difficult to make. It consists of 15 pounds rock lime, 15 pounds sulphur, 50 gallons of water. For San Jose scale, blister, mite, peach leaf curl, etc., lime-sulphur is excellent.

Kerosene is very effective for

El Paso Excursion

\$4.25

ROUND TRIP

Tickets on sale for Train No. 5 February 20th, for Train No. 3 on February 21st.

VIA



Celebration Washington's Birthday

SPECIAL CARDS AT GREAT

Juarez Race Track

Feb. 21 and 22. \$1,000 Purse Each Day.

Many Other Attractions

TWO BIG DAYS OF SPORT

For Particulars see J. M. FRAME, Agent, Pecos.



The Baking Powder Question Solved

Solved once for all by Calumet. For daily use in millions of kitchens has proved that Calumet is highest not only in quality but in leavening power as well—unfailing in results—pure to the extreme—and wonderfully economical in use. Ask your grocer. And try Calumet next bake day.

Received Highest Awards



Ye Birthday of Ye Father of His Country.

All ye Goode People of ye Town of Pecos and ye Neighboring Settlements are bid to ye Birthday Merrie-making of ye General Washington a ye Play-House of ye Goodeman Landrum on ye Night of Twenty-second of February, in the Year of Our Lord, One Thousand nine hundred and fifteen.

Ye Dames and Maids of ye Euterpean Club will chant ye old Tunes and step ye olden Reels. Ye Children will pay two shillings enter, and ye Cavaliers and Dames, and Maidens will pay two shillings ten pence.

I. Ye Mistress Betsy Ross and ye Goode Neighbors make ye Barn of ye Thirteen Colonies for ye General Washington, and sing ye Tune of ye Patriots.

II. Ye Maiden Julia Davis will play on ye Harpsichord a Merr Sonata by ye Music Master Beethoven.

III. Ye eldest Maid of ye Family of Krauskopf will tell of ye Grandmother's Days.

IV. Ye Madam Link and ye Madam Browning with ye Maid Agnes Jeanes and ye Cavaliers Link, McChesney and Williams will step ye stately Minuet.

V. Lillie B. Reeves, ye maid whoo Paints ye Pictures, will sing "Don't You Mind the Sorrows," by ye Music Master Eugene Cowle

VI. One Score and four Maids and Dames will sing of ye Old Primrose Flower and ye Olden Times.

VII. Ye Madam Butler, erstwhile Lillian Pruett, and ye Maid Julia Davis will play on ye Fiddle, and ye Madam Jordan will play on ye Harpsichord all together ye tune of ye Alpine Violet.

VIII. Ye Madam Wilson and ye Madam Starley with ye Maid Jeanes and ye Maiden Wilhite will chant ye old Plantation Melody.

IX. Ye Mistress Cooke will relate ye Happy Tale of ye Courtesan of ye Bashful Lover, Miles Standish.

X. Ye Madam Link and ye Madam Browning will sing ye Tune of Song of "Mary and Marie."

XI. Ye Merry Company will sing ye Cradle Song of ye Kentucky Babe.

XII. Ye Maiden Marian Walker from ye Town of Barstow will sing "Culd I," by ye Music Master Tosti.

XIII. Ye Madam Mace will tell ye Story of ye Last Levee of Gouverneur Martin.

XIV. Six Singers will chant together ye Tune of ye Olden Days "When You and I Were Young, Maggie." Ye Madam Moore, Madam Schirmerhorn, ye Madam Butler and ye Madam Jordan and ye Maidens Waker and Cole.

XV. Ye Large Company will sing ye Minuet of ye Paderewski.

XVI. After which ye Colonial Dames and Maids will form in line for ye Virginia Reel.

sucking insects such as aphids. Fruit trees, garden plants or field crops may be sprayed with kerosene emulsion. It is made as follows:

Half pound hard soap.

One gallon of water.

Two gallons of kerosene.

Cut up the soap and dissolve in hot water by boiling. Remove from the fire and add the kerosene; agitate thoroughly until the mixture is a creamy white. This is the stock solution; dilute to the required strength.

For aphids or other soft-bodied insects add 10 or 15 parts water. For San Jose scale one part of the mixture may be required to four or five parts water.

For biting and chewing insects arsenate of lead is one of the best poisons. It is adhesive, remaining on the leaves well; it is finely divided, hence remaining in suspension longer than Paris green; it is usually harmless to foliage. Arsenate of lead may be bought from firms advertising it. Directions for using it are sent with the arsenate.

Bordeaux mixture consists of copper sulphate, "bluestone," lime and water.

The following is a common formula:

4 pounds copper sulphate.

4 pounds lime.

50 gallons of water.

Another solution for fruits most susceptible to injury is:

3 pounds copper sulphate.

3 pounds lime.

50 gallons water.

Bordeaux is used for fungus diseases such as bitter rot, brown rot, scab, leaf curl, etc.—Farm and Ranch.

AFTER MANY YEARS.

J. L. Southers, Eau Claire, Wis., writes: "Years ago I wrote you in regard to great results I obtained from Foley Kidney Pills. After all these years I have never had a return of those terrible backaches or sleepless nights; I am permanently cured." Men and women, young and old, find this reliable remedy relieves rheumatism, backache, stiff joints and ills caused by weak or diseased kidneys or bladder. For sale by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv't)

All kinds of Grain and Feed Stuff at Green's Grocery.

THE PECOS TIMES

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times, established 1897; Reeves County Record, established in 1910. Consolidated Nov. 23, 1912.

B. J. STRICKLAND
Editor and Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE

One Year\$1.00
Six Months75

Advertising rates made known on inquiry.

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Entered as second class matter Dec 3, 1912, at the Postoffice in Pecos, Texas, under Act of March, 1879.

THE "CHICKEN SALAD" QUESTION.

The question of appropriations for the governor's mansion at Austin is becoming a "hot number" and altogether a personal one between the governor and Attorney General Looney.

Attorney General Looney acted in an official capacity as attorney general for the state of Texas in answering the questions propounded to him by the state senators, and not in any way as a personal matter. But it appears that Governor Ferguson has made it a personal matter and in writing a letter to Mr. Looney he makes several undignified thrusts at his legal opinion, implying that it was untenable.

Governor Ferguson in his letter written to Attorney General Looney, has exhibited the fact that he had personal feeling against the attorney general; but that the same might become one of the essentials during his short term of two years as governor.

It is the common consensus of opinion of the common people at large that when the legislature makes such appropriations as will pay the salary of the governor or that of any other salaried officer, that they have complied with the law and fulfilled part of their duty. If the legislature is permitted to continue making such extravagant appropriations where will the end come? The governor's mansion will soon become a place of feasting for the governor's friends from all parts of the state.

Referring to that part of the governor's letter in which it stated that if "the legislature has the right to buy you a glass of ice water it certainly has the right to buy Governor Colquitt a glass of punch." But if they transcended their right then in so doing they had the right to buy chicken salad and punch for the governor's mansion.

Admitting the foregoing to be true, does one wrong act justify another? If Governor Ferguson concedes that the legislature had not the right to buy ice water for the attorney general, but if they did, therefore they have the same right to buy chicken salad and punch for the governor. Isn't this sound logic!

WAR, WAR, AND RUMORS OF WAR.

If the people of Pecos and West Texas would give more attention to their home affairs and let the war-stricken countries fight their own battles, they would all get along much better and living would not seem so high.

Read the Pecos Times for home news and local advertisements and hereby you will be able to find bargains. All live merchants advertise in their home paper if they have any bargains to offer. If a groceryman wants your trade and your produce he will notify the people through the paper and if he wants to sell you your groceries he is not afraid to say so and just so with the dry goods man. The dry goods man that never advertises will find that times will be hard with him all the time. He will be seen standing out on the sidewalks and leaning up against his door, facing with a dry look trying to smile at the passers by, but his cash account at the closing up hour will be small.

Try advertising awhile, brother, and see the change.

DEFENSE OF KENTUCKY.

Inhabitants No Deeper Drinkers Than Those of Other States.

Kentuckians have never been, more than the inhabitants of other states, a people given to indulgence in drink. The people of Gloversville, N. Y., wear only two gloves each. Popular humor, fiction and serious opinion have never attributed to them the habit of wearing several gloves upon each hand because a great many gloves are manufactured in their community.

You never saw a man from Massachusetts wearing six shoes. The Virginians raise more peanuts than others, but there is nothing to prove that they eat more of them. The Floridians eat oranges, of course, but they devote more time to growing,

packing and shipping them than to gorging upon them. The poppy fields of India find more victims in China than where the poppies are grown. Beer has made Milwaukee famous, but not bestial. Excellent cheese is made in Wisconsin, but not more largely consumed there than elsewhere.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Just as it is are you a subscriber to the Pecos Times, the only paper published in Reeves county that mails out 15,000 copies annually. Do you run a business or have anything to sell and don't advertise it in the Pecos Times. If not then you are losing out. Subscribe for the Times; it only costs one dollar for one year.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE PECOS TIMES.

If you want to do business then advertise in the Pecos Times. The Pecos Times has a large circulation at home and abroad. It is read by more people than any paper published in this part of the West. It is read by people in all parts of Texas and in other states. The Times received an order this week for one hundred copies of last week's issue, where will you find any other paper that its copies are ordered by business men in lots of one hundred at a time. This shows how the Times is regarded by men of business ability.

SOMETHING TO THINK ABOUT.

What is tougher than a cat, or more watchful than the dog, or stronger than the horse, or kicks harder than a mule, or bite quicker than a serpent or stings deeper than a woman's tongue; or what is more false than the ground hog's prophetic vision; what is more beautiful and pleasant than the present spring-like weather; what is more dangerous than the powers that be who regards not other person's rights?

We have opened an up to date Millinery Store in Pecos. Call and see us. La Mode Millinery Co.

MONTH OF PNEUMONIA.

February is the month when pneumonia is busiest and deadliest. In Chicago and New York last February more than one thousand persons died of pneumonia.

Pneumonia is now classed by physicians as a preventable disease. It is an infectious dust disease, due to germs, which can be fought with pure air.

Pneumonia germs thrive and multiply in unventilated schoolrooms, stores, factories, homes and moving picture theaters.

Dry sweeping and dusting put germs in circulation. Moisten your broom and dust cloth when cleaning. Wash and dry both when your task is done.

Dry air dries out the mucous membrane or lining of the nose and air passages, leaving them susceptible to infection and colds. If you have steam heat, gas or a hard coal burner in your home, always keep a pan of water on the radiator or back of the stove.

THE NUMBER FOUR.

There are four cardinal points, four winds, four quarters of the moon, four seasons, four rules of arithmetic, four suits of cards, four quarters to the hour, four legs for furniture, most animals go on four legs, the dead are placed between four planks, the prisoners between four walls. We have four incisor and four canine teeth, and four forks have four prongs. All animals when butchered are cut into four quarters. The violin, greatest of all string instruments, has but four strings. Four of a kind is a pretty good hand at poker, even if they are only fours.—Exchange.

Will the time come that man make not a mistake neither neglects any business.

FIVE CENTS PROVES IT.

A Generous Offer. Cut out this ad., enclose with 5 cents to Foley & Co., Chicago, Ill., and they will send you our trial packages of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds, bronchial and the grippe coughs, Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. For sale in your town by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)

Seed Feterita at Prewit and Wadley's.

CONSTIPATION.

When costive or troubled with constipation take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are easy to take and most agreeable in effect. Obtainable everywhere. (Adv)

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic
GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC
Invigorates the blood, and builds up the system. A true tonic. For adults and children. 5c

5c A POUND FOR RAGS

The Times office is in need of some good clean cotton rags—white ones preferred—and of good size. We will pay five cents a pound for them. Rush them to us and get your money. Phone 55.

HAS RETURNED FROM THE NORTHERN MARKET

Miss Farnum, one of Pecos' popular milliners, has returned from her trip to St. Louis, where she purchased a fine stock of spring millinery and accessories which are now arriving, and she will announce to the ladies of Pecos and vicinity—one and all of whom are eagerly awaiting for it—the date of her opening.

Miss Farnum has had considerable experience in this line in Pecos and will undoubtedly have many fine things that will please the ladies.

LUMBER AND TIMBER

Texas forests grow four and one half millions of feet of lumber per day.

The value of the annual lumber production is \$53,000,000.

The value of raw timber cut yearly is \$32,000,000 and the factory adds a value of 21,000,000.

Texas ranks seventh with other states in lumber production.

The lumber mills of Texas employ more men than any other of the state's industries.

Thirty-three per cent of the industrial laborers are employed in the lumber mills.

There are 800 lumber mills in Texas, representing an investment of \$45,552,000.

IRRIGATION.

Texas has 5,238 irrigated farms, comprising 451,000 acres.

There are 1,480 miles of main line irrigation ditches and 1,325 miles of laterals in Texas.

The cost of constructing our irrigation systems is estimated at \$13,500,000 by the United States Census Department.

The quantity yield per acre of irrigated crops is approximately 45 per cent higher than that of those raised by natural methods.

LIVESTOCK

The annual per capita production of livestock and products in Texas is \$24.54.

Texas is the leading livestock state, and has 3.2 head per capita.

On January 1, 1914, Texas had 12,877,000 head of livestock valued at \$393,471,000.

Texas has more cattle than any other state.

It costs \$50,000,000 to feed Texas livestock one year.

POPULATION.

There are 265,000 persons who were born in Texas and who reside in other states, while 830,000 persons born in other states live in Texas.

The center of Texas population is five miles northwest of Waco, in McLennan County.

If all the people in the United States moved to Texas our population per square mile would not exceed that of Massachusetts.

If Texas was as densely settled as the average state in the Union we would have 8,000,000 instead of 4,500,000 people.

The population of Texas increases at the rate of 235 persons per day.

The population of Texas is 14.8 persons per square mile. In the rural districts the average is 11.3 persons per square mile.

Massachusetts has 419 persons to each square mile of area.

During the past decade the population of Texas has increased 27.8 per cent, and the United States 21 per cent.

There is a child born every four minutes in Texas.

We build seven homes in Texas every working hour of the day.

Our foreign born population in constituted chiefly of Mexicans, Germans and natives of England.

We have 23,000 persons who were born in Ireland. Ten years ago we had only 6,169.

We have 1,003,357 males over twenty-one years of age. Eighty-three percent of them are white.

Texas could muster an army larger than the standing army of the German Empire and would not

WHEN I AM DEAD.

I do not want a gaping crowd to come with lamentations loud, when life has fled, nor would I have my words or ways rehearsed when I am dead. I do not want strange, curious eyes, when I in deadly silence lie, to scan my face, nor did I want them if they would, to tell my deeds were ill or good.

I only want the very few, who stood through good and evil too. True friendship test, just they who sought to find the good, and then as only true friends could forgive the rest.

They who with sympathetic art, sought hope and comfort to impart when there was life, not keeping all the tears and sighs till a worn out nature dies.

I'd have them come, the friendly few and drop perhaps a tear or two by kindness led. Not many tears I'd have them shed, nor do I want much sung or said when I am dead.

To have them each come in alone and call me in the old sweet tone would suit me best. And then without a sob or moan—go softly out and leave alone the dead to rest, just as I have lived misunderstood, just one who lived and loved and died.—William J. Loe.

MANUFACTURING

We have 228 cotton-seed oil mills in Texas that manufacture \$30,000,000 of products annually.

Fifteen years ago Texas was without a rice mill. We now have 19 of these establishments.

Texas is the second State in the Union in the manufacture of rice. The Texas rice mills turn out \$8,142,000 of products annually.

There are 372,000,000 pounds of rough rice milled by the Texas mills each year.

The refining of petroleum ranks fifth among other Texas industries and Texas ranks fourth with other states in this respect.

We have 12 malt liquor establishments in Texas that are valued at \$7,027,000.

The annual output of the Texas breweries is valued at \$6,464,000.

The first ice-factory ever built in the United States was at Jefferson, Texas.

The cold storage capacity of Texas is 2,500 cars.

There are 182 ice factories in Texas.

There are 143 foundry and machine shops in Texas.

There are 385 bakeries in Texas. There are 13 cotton mills in Texas.

There are 25 furniture factories in Texas.

There are 67 tobacco and cigar factories in Texas.

Texas has 127 steam laundries. There are 253 central electric light and power plants in Texas.

The largest electric power plant in the Southwest is in Texas. Dallas, Texas, is the world's largest saddle manufacturing center.

HORSES AND MULES
Texas has more than twice as many mules than any other state in the Union. The total number is 753,000, valued at \$82,077,000.

Texas has 17 percent of the mules of the United States. In selecting work animals for the United States army Uncle Sam invariably prefers Texas horses and mules.

Texas leads the nation in asses and burros. We have 23,106 head, valued at \$1,922,000.

The Texas mule was the predominant class of work animals used in the construction of the Panama Canal.

BULL SERVICE.

I have my registered Hereford bull, "Perfection," at my place in Pecos, and will stand him for a limited time. Phone 290. J. W. Lytle, Pecos. 6-4

REPARTEE.

"Can you support a family?"
The cautious father cried.
"I only wanted Emily!"
The suitor then replied.
—Judge.

Our prices will save you money. Call us 84. Green's. 7-2

Money saved is money made. Buy your casings at King Bros. Garage.

A car of fresh Flour and Meal just arrived at Vickers & Collings. Phone 156. 7-2

SAVING TIME.

"What do you mean by striking me?"
"You started to argue about the war, didn't you?"
"Yes."
"Well, if we've got to fight I'd rather do it now than waste an hour or two first in talking."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

THE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of R. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. Stops cough and headache, and works off cold. 25c.

MILLINERY FOR THE LADIES.

Our stock of Spring Millinery is arriving. We have selected one of the nicest lines of new styles of the best and most up to date in the market. Watch for our announcement as to when we will have our opening. We will also have a select line of accessories.

MISS FARNUM

FOR SALE

951 Acres of Land, Mostly Level, under Sand Lake Reservoir, near Patrole. Price, \$10.00 per acre bonus. W. D. HUDSON, Pecos

Duroc-Jersey 'Hog' Sale!

February 25th, 1915, 1:00 p. m.
25 Bred Sows---10 Gilts---15 Boars
All Hogs Registered. Write for Catalog
O. M. TROTTER, Owner, Artesia, N. M.
Send all Mail bids to J. E. Robertson, First National Bank, Artesia, N. M.

C. L. HEATH

Fire Insurance and Real Estate
City Property for Sale and Rent

PECOS, TEXAS
Phone 159 Notary Public

Open for Business

We have just opened up in the old Jones Garage. We will thankfully appreciate a portion of your-business and will guarantee you skilled workmanship and a square deal.

King Bros. Garage

THOROUGHbred
RHODE ISLAND RED and
WHITE LEGHORN
Eggs
\$1 per Setting, postpaid
P. O. PEIRCE
BARSTOW, TEXAS

A child that has intestinal worms is handicapped in its growth. A few doses of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE destroys and expels worms; the child immediately improves and thrives wonderfully. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)

EXHIBIT

Showing the aggregate amount received and paid out of each fund, and balance to their credit and debit. Also amount to debit and credit of each officer. Also amount of indebtedness of County, to whom and for what due, with date of same, for the year 1914.

The following amounts have been received and paid out of each fund, leaving balances on hand or overpaid at the close of the year, viz:

Financial exhibit table with columns for fund names (e.g., Jury Fund—First Class, Road and Bridge Fund—Second Class), amounts received, paid out, and balances. Includes a section for 'Outstanding Indebtedness of the County at the Close of the Year 1914' and a 'Banded Indebtedness' section.

PECOS CITY LODGE I. O. O. F. ORGANIZES ENCAMPMENT. Saturday, Feb. 13, 1915, a number of the brothers about 20, met in I. O. O. F. hall and proceeded to organize an encampment of I. O. O. F. Brother A. A. Reynolds, D. D. G. P., from El Paso, was present and instituted the encampment in a very impressive manner...

CATTLE SHIPMENTS—IN AND OUT. W. T. Wheat, one of Reeves county's hustling ranchers from near Saragosa, returned home today from a trip to Fort Worth, where he purchased a carload, 27 head, of choice Red Poll and Durham cows and heifers. They were a fine bunch and Mr. Wheat is to be congratulated on securing them; they will make a fine addition to his herd...

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—1000 acres improved land one and a half miles from railroad station, five and a half miles from Chickasha; 600 acres fine river bottom alfalfa land, balance high grade upland; does not overflow; six sets improvements; loan \$30,000, 6 per cent interest. Price, \$75 per acre. Want cheap grazing land, south-west Texas, clear. Major & Jenkins, Chickasha, Okla. 8*2

Seeds. Bee keepers and Poultry supplies. Insecticides, Plants, etc., now ready to send for it. United Seed & Fruit Co. Successors to Farmers' Supply Co. Roswell Seed Co. Roswell, New Mexico. CLASSIFIED COLUMN. FOR SALE. FOR TRADE. FOR SALE—Eggs from thoroughbred, prize-winning Rhode Island Red hens. \$1.00 per setting. Mrs. Ben Randals. Come and see them. 7-1

ONE OF THEM. SEVENTY SEVEN YEARS OLD. George W. Clough, Prentiss, Miss. who had suffered greatly with kidney trouble, writes: "Foley Kidney Pills are the only remedy that ever did me any good at all"

REDISTRICTING BILL PASSES HOUSE; VOTE 105 TO 10. Austin, Feb. 15—When the house voted to engross the Haney-Griggs bill by a vote of 105 to 10 today, providing for the redistricting of the state for the eighteen congressmen, the almost unanimous favor which the bill met caused general surprise.

LODGE MEETINGS. MASONIC—Pecos Valley Lodge No. 536, A. F. and A. M. Hall corner of Second and Oak streets. Regular meetings second Saturday night in each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited. W. W. Hubben, W. M.

FOR RENT. FOR RENT—Good business house between O. J. Green's grocery and Ben Farber's Dry Goods store for rent. Apply to J. H. Wilhite, or phone 81. 7-4

POWER OF MOMENTUM. There is nothing like the force of habit. The Chile wireless operator keeps right on sending news of heavy firing off his coast long after the last belligerent vessel has gone to the bottom of the ocean.

LA MODE MILLINERY PARLORS. We are now open for your trade. Call in and see our choice lines of Tipperary Turbans, "Chin-Chin" and Castle Sailors, in all the leading colors, such as Violet, Russe, Mitraille, Aureole, Nancy Blue, Torpillens, Sand, Putty, Mud, Cement, Gun Carriage Grey.

RAILROAD TIME CARD. Texas & Pacific. Westbound No. 3. 2:47 a.m. Westbound No. 5. 1:48 p.m. Eastbound No. 4. 2:47 a.m. Eastbound No. 34. 6:10 p.m.

LAWYERS. J. F. ROSS W. W. HUBBARD. ROSS & HUBBARD. LAWYERS. PECOS, TEXAS. W. A. HUDSON, Lawyer. Suite 16, Cowan Building. Pecos, Texas.

LO! THE SHREW'D SAVAGE. The fact that the Filipinos are busily plotting for their own independence indicates that they do not read in the election returns any promise that Mr. Wilson's legislative programs will be carried out to the letter.

APPROPRIATE PLAYS. The following plays are suggested as appropriate for the new theater established by Warden Osborne at Sing Sing: "The Thief," "The Black Crook," "Ten Nights in a Barroom," "Jimmy Valentine," "The Escape," "Editha's Burglar," "The Sherlock Holmes," "Raffles," "Jim the Penman," "Within the Law," "On Trial," "Officer 666," "The Underworld," "Tracy the Outlaw."

Excursion Rates. To St. Louis and return \$42.35. Account Interstate Merchants' Bureau Meetings, Spring, 1915. On sale January 30 to March 21. Final limit March 31.

PAINTS, VARNISHES. A COMPLETE LINE OF SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS, VARNISHES AND STAINS IN STOCK. PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY. F. P. RICHBURG, J. P.

**BILL TO PROTECT
RETAIL MERCHANTS**

Stevens Standard Price Bill in Congress Would Stop Frauds of Mail Order Concerns

As everybody should know the practice of cutting prices of standard goods is done for the purpose of deceiving unwary buyers into believing that because a few goods well-known and nationally advertised are being sold below the regular price, that everything in the store so selling them is being sold much cheaper than they can be had elsewhere. The claim that price-cutting is in the interest of the consumer is wholly unfounded since the loss on standard goods must be and always is made up by higher prices charged for unknown goods of doubtful quality.

The price-cutting retail merchant sells certain standard articles at ruinously low prices. He takes a loss on the sale but of course he benefits in some other way, else he would not have made the sale. So also do the few customers who get the bargain receive temporary benefit, but on the other hand the community suffers, as for instance:

First. Price cutting shakes the public confidence in the value of the articles cut. If people have once bought a can of paint for 89c, it is hard to make them believe that it is worth \$1.00 the next time, so if price-cutting continues it becomes more and more difficult to sell the article for what it is really worth. Something else without a known value and therefore not attractive as a bargain takes its place.

Second. Price-cutting cuts down the established standard of values. It makes it hard for the public to know what merchandise is really worth and thus opens a way to a general overcharging by unscrupulous merchants.

Third. Price-cutting undermines the small store which maintains an honest, steady level of prices on all goods, the year around. The small store thus threatened is one of the important economic factors of community life.

Fourth. Price-cutting hurts the trade of reputable manufacturers by creating an unfair doubt as to the real worth of their goods.

The Stevens Bill—so called because introduced into congress by Representative Stevens, of New Hampshire, is aimed to remedy the unfair competition of great trading monopolies with the independent merchants of the country. Price-cutting is not in the interest of the public. It means the destruction of the usual retail channels by which goods reach the customers to their best advantage.

It forces the sale of unknown articles of cheap and shoddy quality instead of reliable goods which bear their maker's reputation behind them. It invariably promotes substitution.

The statement has often been made that the reason chain stores, mail order houses and other trading monopolies can sell goods at cut rates is that the expenses of these monopolies is less than those of the large retail merchants. That this is really not the case is proved by "System", which shows, after careful investigation, that the average cost of doing business by many of the large concerns is 30 per cent, while the cost of the average merchant is only 15 per cent.

The large concerns do a cut-rate business simply use the reputation of a reliable article as a bait to get customers, and they deceive them into believing that all their goods offered for sale are sold at the same low rate of profit as things the people know they sell at cost. On unfamiliar goods the purchaser is overcharged. He is deceived by the false reputation that their mass of unknown goods is sold at the same price reduction offered on a few well-known articles.

The result of the general extension of the cut-rate practice throughout the country will mean the ruin of hundreds and thousands of independent merchants; the concentration of trades in vast monopolies located in a few great cities; a decline in prosperity and the population of the villages, towns and the smaller cities, and the ultimate injury of the consumers by placing them at the mercy of the monopolies which will then be able to extract such profits as they please for the sale of such goods as they care to handle. It will destroy the independent merchants of the smaller towns—build up a great chain of stores and mail order systems, and compel the sale of inferior goods by all classes of dealers who will be forced to meet this unfair competition.

Enemies of the bill stated that it will operate to give trade-marked goods a monopoly but this is not so

because the bill explicitly states that its provisions shall not apply to any article that is produced or controlled by a monopoly. If any manufacturer asked a higher price than his goods were worth, the public would refuse to buy, and new manufacturers would quickly enter the field. If this bill becomes a law, it is almost certain to prevent the unfair and dishonest use of the well-known goods as advertising bait and should guarantee a uniform price to consumers.

That President Wilson is in favor of such a law is apparent from his speeches, we quote the following:

"Safeguard American men against unfair competition and they will take care of themselves. * * * If you make the processes by which small men are undersold in particular markets criminal; if you penalize in the same way those discriminations by which retail dealers are punished, if they deal in the goods of anybody except the big manufacturers; if you see to it that raw materials are sold upon the same terms to everybody; if you see that the closed market for credit is opened up by a very different banking system, then you have freed America, and I for my part am willing to stop there and see who has the best brains."

This Stevens bill is one of the measures in Congress that should interest not only every retail merchant in the country but the great mass of buyers who have for so long been hoodwinked by mail order concerns. Sears, Roebuck & Co., the first of this year, declared a 50 per cent dividend. Think you that they did it by cutting prices on the standard goods? They did. They used just such a bait to gull the gullible. "A fool is born every minute," but he biggest fool of all is the ass who passes his hard earned dollars into the gluttonous coffers of mail order concerns.

The Stevens bill lines up with the advocacies of the Reporter for years and years past. We should indeed be glad to see it become a law. To become a law it must be reported to the House of Representatives by the Committee on Interstate Commerce, and then passed by both the House and the Senate.—The Midland Reporter.

**HAS USED CHAMBERLAIN'S
COUGH REMEDY 20 YEARS**

"Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been used in my household for the past twenty years. I began giving it to my children when they were small. As a quick relief for croup, whooping cough, and ordinary colds, it has no equal. Being free from opium and other harmful drugs, I never felt afraid to give it to the children. I have recommended it to a large number of friends and neighbors, who have used it and speak highly of it," writes Mrs. Mary Minke, Shortsville, N. Y. Obtainable everywhere. For sale by all dealers. (Adv't)

All kinds of Dried Fruits at Green's. 7-2

Dandy lot Poultry Supplies at Prewit & Wadley's. 8

How To Give Quinine To Children.
FEBRILINE is the trade-mark name given to an improved Quinine. It is a Tasteless Syrup, pleasant to take, and does not disturb the stomach. Children take it and never know it is Quinine. Also especially adapted to adults who cannot take ordinary Quinine. Does not nauseate nor cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Try it the next time you need Quinine for any purpose. Ask for 2ounce original package. The name FEBRILINE is blown in bottle. 25 cents.

Try some of those fancy bulk Pickles at O. J. Green Grocery. 72

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pecos River Railroad Company will be held at the general offices of said company in Pecos, Texas, on Wednesday, March 3, 1915, at the hour of 12 noon, for the purpose of selecting a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for such other business as may come before such meeting.

The annual meeting of the Directors of said company will be held on the same date and at the same place, immediately after the meeting of stockholders.

J. G. LOVE, Secretary.

Phone 84 your grocery wants and see the difference.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

The State of Texas, County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 1st day of February, 1915, by Willie-de Woods, clerk of said court, against The Pecos and Toyah Lake Irrigation Company, a corporation, Thomas H. Bomar, J. N. Levin, Ed. Roos, J. P. Nelson and Y. F. Mossop for the sum of ten thousand three hundred seventy-three and 47-100 (\$10,373.47) dollars and costs of suit, in cause No. 1357 in

said court, styled First National Bank of Pecos versus Pecos and Toyah Lake Irrigation Company, et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, Tom Harrison, as sheriff of Reeves county, Texas, did, on the 1st day of February, 1915, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves county, described as follows, to-wit: All those certain lands situated in Reeves county, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: All the undivided interest of the said Thomas H. Bomar, in the N. E. one-fourth of section No. 17, heretofore owned by Bomar & Gage, being 60 acres; 200 acres of submerged land in section No. 25; all of section No. 26, being 500 acres; the east part of section No. 27, being 173 acres; also the undivided interest of the said Thomas H. Bomar, formerly owned by him, in section No. 23, formerly belonging to Bomar and Gage, being 320 acres; all said lands being situated in block C-7, public school lands; also all the right, title, interest and estate of the said Thomas H. Bomar or heretofore owned by him, in and to all water filings heretofore made by him in and about the said above described property, and levied upon as the property of said Pecos and Toyah Lake Irrigation Company, a corporation, Thomas H. Bomar, J. N. Levin, Ed. Roos, J. P. Nelson and Y. P. Mossop. And on Tuesday, the 2nd day of March, 1915, at the court house door of Reeves county, in the city of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said defendants by virtue of said levy and said order of sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Times, a newspaper published in Reeves County.

Witness my hand, this 2nd day of February, 1915.
5Fb6-3 TOM HARRISON,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

The State of Texas, County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 1st day of February, 1915, by Willie-de Woods, clerk of said court, against J. B. Gibson, executor of the last will and testament of D. L. McDaniel, deceased, for the sum of thirty-one hundred thirty-three and 98-100 (\$3,133.98) dollars and costs of suit, in cause No. 1420 in said court, styled Pecos Valley State Bank et al versus J. B. Gibson, executor, and placed in my hands for service, I, Tom Harrison, as sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 2nd day of February, 1915, levy on certain real estate situated in Reeves county, described as follows, to-wit: That the Pecos Valley State Bank do have of and recover from J. B. Gibson as executor of the last will and testament of D. L. McDaniel, deceased, the sum of \$2,912.25, and it is further ordered that the intervenor, G. W. Redding, do have of and recover from the defendant, J. B. Gibson, as such executor, the sum of \$221.63. The said indebtedness to G. W. Redding, intervenor, is secured by vendor's lien expressly retained upon the following tract of land, to-wit: Lying and being situated in the county of Reeves, State of Texas, and being 18.41 acres of land, being lot No. 13, out of section No. 67, in block No. 4, H. & G. N. R. Co. survey, as shown by the Shannon subdivision of said section. And the above described indebtedness to the plaintiff The Pecos Valley State Bank, is secured by deed of trust lien, upon the following described real estate, to-wit: All of sections Nos. 4, and 13, in block No. 72, public school lands; the N. one-half of the S. E. one-fourth of section 26, block No. C-8, public school land; also 20 acres of land out of section No. 69, in block 4, H. & G. N. R. Co. survey, about one mile northwest of Pecos; also lots Nos. 5 and 6, in block 24, West Park addition, to Pecos, Texas; all of said property being in Reeves County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said J. B. Gibson, executor, of the last will and testament of D. L. McDaniel, deceased. And on Tuesday, the 2nd day of March, 1915, at the court house door of Reeves county, in the city of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. I will sell said real estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said J. B. Gibson, executor, by virtue of said levy and said order of sale.

Given under my hand this 2nd day of February, A. D. 1915.
5Fb6-3 TOM HARRISON,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

NOTICE BY PUBLICATION.

The State of Texas and County of Reeves.

To J. R. Nail and all persons owning or having or claiming any interest in the following described land, delinquent to the state of Texas and county of Reeves, for taxes to-wit: Section No. 6; block No. 55, Tsp. 3, A. L. Prewit original grantee, which said land is delinquent for taxes for the following amounts: \$18.06 for state and county taxes and you are hereby notified that suit has been brought by the state for the collection of said taxes, and you are commanded to appear and defend such suit at the April term of the district court of Reeves county, and state of Texas, being the next regular term thereof, to be held at the court house at Pecos, Texas, on the 19th day of April, 1915, said cause being styled and numbered on the civil docket of said court as follows: The State

of Texas vs. J. R. Nail No. 1458, and show cause why judgment shall not be rendered condemning said land, and ordering sale and foreclosure thereof for said taxes and costs of suit.

diately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Times, a newspaper published in Reeves county.

Witness my hand this 2nd day of February, 1915.
5Fb6-3 TOM HARRISON,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

The State of Texas, County of Reeves.

By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 21st day of January, 1915, by the clerk of said court, against J. S. Hayden and J. B. Hayden for the sum of nineteen hundred eighteen and 70-100 (\$1,918.70) dollars and costs of suit, in cause No. 1399 in said court, styled First National Bank of Clovis, N. M., versus J. S. Hayden et al, and placed in my hands for service, I, Tom Harrison, as sheriff of Reeves County, Texas, did, on the 21st day of January, 1915, levy on certain real estate, situated in Reeves county, described as follows, to-wit: South half of section 44, block 56, public school land, in Reeves County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said defendants. And on Tuesday, the 2nd day of March, 1915, at the court house door of Reeves county, in the town of Pecos, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. I will sell said property at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said defendants by virtue of said levy and said order of sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Pecos Times, a newspaper published in Reeves County.

Witness my hand, this 21st day of January, 1915.
5Fb6-3 TOM HARRISON,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Reeves County, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1915, in the case of J. B. Smith versus A. L. Camp and G. G. Nesbitt, No. 859, and to me, as sheriff, directed and delivered, I have levied upon this 2nd day of February, A. D. 1915, and will, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., on the first Tuesday in March, A. D. 1915, it being the 2nd day of said month, at the court house door of said Reeves county, in the city of Pecos, proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which A. L. Camp, G. G. Nesbitt, Toyah Oil and Pipe Line Co., H. H. Luckett, Mrs. Sallie Nesbitt, Oscar C. Snow, First National Bank of Las Cruces, New Mexico, E. E. Kirby and B. C. Girdley, trustee, had on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1910, or at any time thereafter, of, in and to the following described property, to-wit: Sections fourteen (14) and fifteen (15) and east one-fourth (E. 1-4) of section eleven (11) in block seventy (70), public school, in Reeves county, Texas. Said judgment being a personal judgment against A. L. Camp and G. G. Nesbitt, and for foreclosure against all the defendants mentioned against said lands, which judgment was affirmed by the Court of Civil Appeals for the Eighth Supreme Judicial District, and writ of error refused by the Supreme Court of Texas, and mandate of affirmance of the judgment of the District Court of Reeves county issued on January 22, 1915, said property being levied on the property of A. L. Camp and G. G. Nesbitt to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$7,176.69, in favor of J. B. Smith, and costs of suit, with interest on said judgment at 8 per cent from May 6, 1913.

Given under my hand this 2nd day of February, A. D. 1915.
5Fb6-3 TOM HARRISON,
Sheriff Reeves County, Texas.

NOTICE OF HEARING TO APPROPRIATE PUBLIC WATERS.

The State of Texas.

Notice is hereby given, to whom concerned, that C. A. Eggleston, whose postoffice address is Pecos, Texas, did on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1915, file an application in the office of the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, in which he applies for a permit to appropriate 20 cubic feet of water per second of time for the purpose of irrigating certain lands hereinafter described, from Barilla Creek, by means of the use of a diversion wing-dam of J. W. Wilson and M. G. Darter, the applicant alleging that he has permission from the said Wilson and Darter to use a part of the water so diverted, and also by means of the "U" dam, the applicant alleging that he assisted in the construction of said dam, and has heretofore used water diverted thereby, and still claims the right so to use same.

You are hereby further notified that the lands proposed to be irrigated are described as follows: About 55 acres off the north end of the east half of section 24, and about 130 acres off the south end of section 25, both in block C, and together aggregating 185 acres, situated in Reeves County, Texas. A hearing on the said application of the said C. A. Eggleston will be held by the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, at its office, in the city of Austin, County of Travis, said state, on Monday,

Groves Lumber Co.

**All Kinds of Building Material
AT RIGHT PRICES
FIGURE WITH US**

Yards at: Pecos, Van Horn and Carlsbad

**SEE R. P. HICKS FOR
Dray and Transfer Work
WOOD AND COAL**

OFFICE PHONE 42 RESIDENCE PHONE 181

**LEGAL
BLANKS**

**WE HAVE
THEM NOW**

The Times office has just received a new supply of different kinds of Blanks, the following being a partial list:

- WARRANTY DEEDS, four different kinds.
- LEASES, Real Estate.
- RELEASES, Mortgage of Deed of Trust.
- BILL OF SALE
- INSTALLMENT NOTE, with Vendor's Lien.
- PROMISSORY NOTES.
- QUIT-CLAIM DEEDS.
- RELEASES VENDOR LIEN
- CHattel MORTGAGES, long and short form.
- VENDOR'S LIEN NOTES
- LAND APPLICATION BLANKS
- OIL LEASE BLANKS

We will also send for other Legal Blanks as soon as we hear what is needed.

THE PECOS TIMES

of Texas vs. J. R. Nail No. 1458, and show cause why judgment shall not be rendered condemning said land, and ordering sale and foreclosure thereof for said taxes and costs of suit.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 20th day of January, 1915.

WILLIE-DE WOODS,
Clerk District Court, Reeves County, Texas. 4-1

No. 91.
NOTICE OF HEARING TO APPROPRIATE PUBLIC WATERS.
The State of Texas.

Notice is hereby given, to whom concerned, that C. A. Eggleston, whose postoffice address is Pecos, Texas, did on the 20th day of January, A. D. 1915, file an application in the office of the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, in which he applies for a permit to appropriate 20 cubic feet of water per second of time for the purpose of irrigating certain lands hereinafter described, from Barilla Creek, by means of the use of a diversion wing-dam of J. W. Wilson and M. G. Darter, the applicant alleging that he has permission from the said Wilson and Darter to use a part of the water so diverted, and also by means of the "U" dam, the applicant alleging that he assisted in the construction of said dam, and has heretofore used water diverted thereby, and still claims the right so to use same.

You are hereby further notified that the lands proposed to be irrigated are described as follows: About 55 acres off the north end of the east half of section 24, and about 130 acres off the south end of section 25, both in block C, and together aggregating 185 acres, situated in Reeves County, Texas. A hearing on the said application of the said C. A. Eggleston will be held by the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, at its office, in the city of Austin, County of Travis, said state, on Monday,

**A Good
Home**

One and one-half miles from Pecos for sale on easy terms, with two flowing wells, three-room house—all good land. Would sell in trade.

W. F. Gray

REAL ESTATE
PECOS.

the 8th day of March, A. D. 1915, beginning at 10 a. m., at which time and place all parties interested in the matter will be continued from time to time and from place to place, as necessary, until such determination has been made relative to said application as the said Board of Water Engineers may deem equitable and proper.

Given under, and by virtue of an order of the Board of Water Engineers of the State of Texas, at the office of said board, in Austin, Texas, this the 21st day of January, A. D. 1915.

J. C. NAGLE,
JOHN WILSON,
(Seal)
Attest: W. T. POTTER,
Secretary. Jan 27-15

BLACK ROT OF GRAPES

Article by Ed. L. Ayers, Plant Pathologist State Department of Agriculture

Black rot is the most serious menace to grape growing in most sections of Texas. This disease is caused by the fungus which develops very rapidly on moist, warm days, muggy weather of mid-summer being very favorable for its rapid development and spread.

Symptoms: The disease appears on the leaves, fruit and sometimes on young canes. The berries are most seriously affected, though the work is first seen on the leaves. Upon the leaves the disease first appears as a circular brownish spot which gradually darkens. The berries are attacked when about half grown. The spot appears on them as a purplish or brownish spot which spreads all over the surface of the berry. Later the berry shrivels and dries up, but does not shell, and infected bunches seem to cling to the vine throughout the season.

Control: Certain varieties of the grapes are more or less resistant to black rot. These varieties should be chosen from the varieties which do well in a particular section. In general dark colored varieties have been noticeably acceptable, while the light colored ones are more resistant.

Bordeaux mixture has proven a very effective remedy in the control of this disease. After first cleansing the vineyard in the winter by cutting back and pruning all fruit-clusters, the old berries and rubbish should be covered by early plowing. Bordeaux should then be applied thoroughly covering vines, posts, and trellis just as buds are beginning to swell in early spring. This should be followed by another application at the time the buds open and vines should be sprayed every two weeks until six applications have been made. The season will greatly determine the number of sprayings and when the disease seems to be developing rapidly it is necessary to do the work more often.

Spraying Solution. Bordeaux Mixture should be made according to the following formula:

- Copper Sulphate 4 pounds
- Lime (Stone) 4 pounds
- Water 50 gallons

Dissolve copper sulphate by suspending in a sack near the surface about a third of a barrel of water. Slack the lime and dilute to same volume of water as copper sulphate solution, then pour the two solutions together bucketful by bucketful and dilute to fifty gallons.

It may be dangerous to use Bordeaux Mixture even as weak as 4-50 late in the season, and the following solution is as effective, colors the fruit less, and there is less danger of burning the tender fruit:

- Ammoniacal Copper Carbonate Solution
- Green Copper Carbonate 5 oz
- Ammonia 3 pints
- Water 50 gallons

Dissolve copper carbonate in ammonia and dilute to 50 gallons of water. Copper carbonate is not usually found at the local drug stores, so it is well to order same before it is actually needed.

OTHER GRAINS MAY TAKE THE PLACE OF WHEAT.

The sudden and unusual rise in price of wheat during the last few weeks has sent up the price of this most important of all foodstuffs until now it costs much more than it did at this time last year. Already in some parts of the country the bakers have either cut down on the size of their loaves or raised the price of the 5c loaf to 6c.

To the family which is fairly well off such a raise may not mean a great deal. Yet in these times of high food prices every little addition counts. For those families in which pennies count for as much as quarters count with the well-to-do be alarmed at the prospect.

"What can we do," asks this family. The question is echoed from many a quarter.

In the first place, while bread is the most necessary food, many persons eat more than they really need, largely because it always is on the table. It gets to be a sort of habit to reach over for a piece of bread, and, furthermore, at nearly every table much bread is wasted. Folks take a whole slice and eat only a part of it, and what is left is thrown away, as a rule.

What to use to keep down the bread bill should not worry the good housekeeper, especially at this season of the year. No one can do without bread, but one can cook, bake and make many changes, not only to keep down the bread bill, but to make palatable and inexpensive dishes, which will take the place of bread, or at least save considerable bread.

This is the season for cornmeal, not only cornmeal mush for breakfast, but hasty puddings, cornbread johnnycakes, muffins, griddle cakes and fried mush.

No bread is needed when corn meal is served, and this is cornmeal time, also buckwheat. One does not hear much about the good old-fashioned buckwheat in the cities, as we did twenty years ago, when the brown pitcher was kept in the summer kitchen.

In the fall mother would mix the buckwheat with the yeast and in many of the prosperous homes that pitcher was never empty. It was kept all winter with some batter in it and before mother went to bed she would add one or two cups of buckwheat, some warm water, and if there was any milk left over it would be used.

The griddle was set on the side of the stove and was hot in the morning. Those were the days when buckwheat cakes the size of a large plate were brought on the table. No ready prepared breakfasts were served. Three cakes that sized were a meal on which one could start out on a cold morning and feel well fed.

Hominy is another thing which is not used enough. It is cheap, wholesome and easily cooked. Hominy grits boiled and browned on the griddle, or plain whole boiled hominy with milk, sugar or with maple syrup takes the place of bread or potatoes.

Then there is rice, with its many uses, blended with other food as a meat substitute or made into good old-fashioned country rice pudding. Boiled rice with milk and sugar, or made into rice cakes, fritters or waffles, using just enough flour to hold together. No bread need be served with any of the rice dishes.

Use tapioca, not only in milk and eaten with sugar and for soup, but prepared as a vegetable, and when tapioca or barley are used as a vegetable, no bread is served.

All kinds of boiled cereal, such as cracked wheat, rolled oats, oatmeal and others—double quantity should be cooked for breakfast and half poured in mold to be used with fruit syrup, milk and sugar for desserts or cut in one-half inch slices and browned on griddle.

All will help make wholesome, inexpensive dishes which will help to reduce the bread bill and are wholesome and seasonable.—Dallas News

EGGS FOR NEXT FALL.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 17.—The department of agriculture, in a bulletin issued on Jan. 27, says that if the farmer wishes to benefit by the high prices that eggs are certain to bring next fall and winter, he should begin to get ready for them at once, say the poultry specialists in the department. The way to have eggs late in the year is to hatch pullets early. It is the early hatch from which the early pullets are derived that are the largest money makers for the poultry producer. The early hatched cockerels can be marketed in almost any market in America when they attain a weight of three-fourths of a pound to a pound and a half each, which they should reach at about six to ten weeks of age, respectively, at a greater profit to the producer than at any other time of their lives. The early hatched pullets, if properly grown, should begin to lay in the fall at the time when eggs are scarce and high in price. Pullets must be well matured before they will lay many eggs. Pullets that start to lay in the fall before cold weather sets in will, as a rule, lay all winter. It is the early hatched pullets that produce eggs in the fall and early winter, when prices are high.

February, March and April are the months to do your hatching in order to secure early hatched pullets.

Yearling and two-year-old hens do not lay many eggs in the fall, as they are molting at that time, and the feed they consume goes not only to keep up energy and life of the birds but also put on or grow a new coat of feathers.

In properly matured pullets all surplus energy beyond that needed to meet the requirements of the body is available for the production of eggs.

Gas in the stomach or bowels is a disagreeable symptom of a torpid liver. To get rid of it quickly take HERBINE. It is a marvelous liver stimulant and bowel purifier. Price 50 cents. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

THE COUNTY FAIR

By Peter Radford Lecturer National Farmers' Union.

The farmer gets more out of the fair than anyone else. The fair to a city man is an entertainment; to a farmer it is education. Let us take a stroll through the fair grounds and linger a moment at a few of the points of greatest interest. We will first visit the mechanical department and hold communion with the world's greatest thinkers.

You are now attending a congress of the mental giants in mechanical science of all ages. They are addressing you in tongues of iron and steel and in language mute and powerful tell an eloquent story of the world's progress. The inventive geniuses are the most valuable farm hands we have and they perform an enduring service to mankind. We can all help others for a brief period while we live, but it takes a master mind to tower into the realm of science and light a torch of progress that will illuminate the pathway of civilization for future generations. The men who gave us the sickle, the binder, the cotton gin and hundreds of other valuable inventions work in every field on earth and will continue their labors as long as time. Their bright intellects have conquered death and they will live and serve mankind on and on forever, without money and without price. They have shown us how grand and noble it is to work for others; they have also taught us lessons in economy and efficiency, how to make one hour do the work of two or more; have lengthened our lives, multiplied our opportunities and taken toil off the back of humanity.

They are the most practical men the world ever produced. Their inventions have stood the acid test of utility and efficiency. Like all useful men, they do not seek publicity, yet millions of machines sing their praises from every harvest field on earth and as many plows turn the soil in mute applause of their marvelous achievements.

FARMER RADFORD ON WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The home is the greatest contribution of women to the world, and the hearthstone is her throne. Our social structure is built around her, and social righteousness is in her charge. Her beautiful life lights the skies of hope and her refinement is the charm of twentieth century civilization. Her graces and her power are the cumulative products of generations of queenly conquest, and her crown of exalted womanhood is jeweled with the wisdom of saintly mothers. She has been a great factor in the glory of our country, and her noble achievements should not be marred or her hallowed influence blighted by the coarser duties of citizenship. American chivalry should never permit her to bear the burdens of defending and maintaining government, but should preserve her unsullied from the allied influences of politics, and protect her from the weighty responsibilities of the sordid affairs of life that will crush her ideals and lower her standards. The motherhood of the farm is our inspiration, she is the guardian of our domestic welfare and a guide to a higher life, but directing the affairs of government is not within woman's sphere, and political gossip would cause her to neglect the home, forget to mend our clothes and burn the biscuits.

RURAL SOCIAL CENTERS.

We need social centers where our young people can be entertained, amused and instructed under the direction of cultured, clean and competent leadership, where aesthetic surroundings stir the love for the beautiful, where art charges the atmosphere with inspiration and power and innocent amusements instruct and brighten their lives.

DO YOU FIND FAULT WITH EVERYBODY?

An irritable, fault-finding disposition is often due to a disordered stomach. A man with good digestion is nearly always good natured. A great many have been permanently benefited by Chamberlain's Tablets after years of suffering. These tablets strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. Obtainable everywhere. (Adv)

Pruett Lumber Co.

... ALL KINDS OF ...

Building Material

GENERAL OFFICE PECOS, TEXAS

YARDS: BARSTOW, PYOTE, GRANDFALLS, TOYAH, SARAGOSA, BALMORHEA.

WORK OF Y. M. C. A. STATE COMMITTEE

The State Convention of the Texas Young Men's Christian Associations, to be held at A. & M. College February 18-21, will be conducted under the auspices of the State Committee of the Associations, with headquarters in Y. M. C. A. Building, Dallas. Mr. William A. Wilson, a prominent business man of Houston, is Chairman of the State Committee, and Mr. Rhodes S. Baker of Dallas, H. H. Simmons of Hillsboro, and Dr. W. T. Mather of the State University, are Vice Chairmen. Mr. R. E. L. Sherard of Dallas, is Treasurer. These gentlemen, with the other members of the State Committee, are prominently identified with the business life of their several communities.

Mr. L. A. Coulter is the State and Traveling Railroad Secretary, and Mr. J. L. Hunter the Student Secretary and Mr. O. E. Wood the office secretary of the State Committee. These gentlemen give all of their time, under the direction of the State Committee, in strengthening the Association movement in Texas, and it is said that by the efforts of the State Secretaries aiding local committees not less than \$500,000 has been raised during the last six years for Association buildings, indebtedness and equipment for the local Associations.

It is furthermore said that twelve of the twenty-four college Associations have been organized through the efforts of the Student Secretary.

Mr. Coulter, the State Secretary, makes the statement that the Older Boys Conferences, one being held recently in Houston, are conducted under the auspices of the State Committee, and also that other Association gatherings are held from time to time and are called by the State Committee.

Mr. Coulter also says that one feature of the State Work that makes strong impression, is the following up of young men by a system of correspondence, who move from the smaller places to the larger cities.

At the present time the State Committee, through one of its Secretaries, is giving considerable special attention to work among older boys; for it is said the Association is very effective in its ministry to the bodies, minds and religious life of older boys.

Mr. Coulter states that numbers of visits have been made to high schools in unorganized places, where addresses have been given on clean living, clean speech, and honesty in the classroom. He says that superintendents and principals of schools are showing their appreciation of this effort.

MAKING SLEEP A BUSINESS.

Eight hours' sleep, eight hours of work and eight hours of recreation is a good recipe for the average man and woman. This may vary more or less, according to strength, occupation and nerves.

When you feel worn out, drop every other consideration and try to re-establish normal rest. Though the causes and needs of sleep are still somewhat of a mystery, we know that the activity of the brain cells is reduced. They are occupied in taking nourishment from the blood.

Better results were had when the head rests low and the windows are wide open, giving plenty of oxygen to the lungs. This creates a new supply of energy for the waking and working hours.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury

Mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Pecos Valley State Bank

Capital \$110,000.00 Surplus 55,000.00

WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS

Max Krauskopf

Sheet Iron and Metal Worker

SANITARY PLUMBING, ACETYLENE LIGHTS AND GENERATORS, GALVANIZED AND COPPER CORNICE, GALVANIZED TANKS AND CISTERNS, EAVE TROUGH, CONDUCTOR PIPES, TIN ROOFING, VALLEY TIN, GALVANIZED IRON FLUES, EDWARD'S ORNAMENTAL CEILING.

ALL KINDS OF FARM MACHINERY, WAGONS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, DISCS, JOHN DEERE WALKING AND RIDING PLOWS.

CALL ON ME WHEN IN NEED OF ANYTHING IN THIS LINE.

FOR SALE

H. & G. N. LANDS IN REEVES COUNTY

Surveys Nos. 47, 55, W. half of 61, and 63, in Block 4, Nos. 43, 45, 47, and W. half of 37, in Block 5.

The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the artesian belt of the Pecos River country and will be sold as a whole or in quarter sections.

Also surveys Nos. 13 and 49, in Block 6, and Survey Nos. 5, 13, and 15, in Block 7.

Also surveys Nos. 31, 33, 35 and 37 (fronting on the Pecos River and 39 in Block 1, and No. 11, 15 and 18, adjacent thereto, in Block 2, in the vicinity of Riverton, on the Pecos River Railroad.

Also Surveys Nos. 1, 3, 5, and 19, fronting on the Pecos River, in Block 8, in the extreme northern portion of Reeves County, and partly in Reeves County.

Also 16 surveys in Block 10; 16 surveys in Block 11, and 3 surveys in Block 12; none of these river lands.

No local agents for these lands, which are handled direct by the Agent and Attorney in Fact for the owner, Thomas R. White, Jr., of New Jersey.

FOR PRICES AND TERMS, ADDRESS

IRA H. EVANS

AGENT AND ATTORNEY IN FACT, AUSTIN, TEXAS.

Come, join our Brighten Up Club

This is paint month. Beautify the home besides preserving the life of the wood-work. Put on a little paint and save the carpenter and lumber bills.



Interior, exterior, automobile, buggy and wagon paints and varnishes, floor, shingle stains. In fact a complete line of paints, stains, varnishes and brushes.

Visit our Drapery Department.

Pecos Mercantile Company

Furniture and Undertaking.

And Still They Come!

The New

Spring Fashions

By express we are receiving, every day, new goods

We are showing all the new shades in Silks, Crepe de Chenes, Meteors, Poplins, and Messalines. Sands, Puttys, Battle-ship Grey, Belgium Blues, and various other shades

The New Ribbons Are Here

Approved 1915 Shoe Fashions

We are showing the approved styles in womens' footwear. Correct footwear is very important. Our new shoes are the last words in fashions!

SEE THE SPECIAL WINDOW DISPLAY

New fresh, crisp patterns in dress gingham

Pecos Mercantile Co.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

Pecos Abstract Co.

(R. C. Warn, Owner.)
Pecos City, Texas.

We know the title of every town lot and tract of land in Reeves and Loving counties.

Our abstracts are reliable.

DEEDS.

J. E. Stroud to Otho S. Houston, Sec. 269, Blk 11, \$10 etc.
J. J. Windom to Wm. Gilmore, 5 acres Sec. 5, Blk C-11, and Mont Clair lot, \$80.
J. M. Carson Jr. to Ed Hall, trustee, part Sec. 249, Blk 13, \$1,300.
J. M. Hickey to Frank H. Wharton, 160 acres Sec. 4, Blk 50, \$1600.
Sheriff to Chas. J. Canda et al, Sec. 15, Blk 56, \$250.
Sheriff to Chas. J. Canda, et al, Sec. 11, Blk 55, \$250.
Sheriff to Chas. J. Canda et al, Sec. 47, Blk 50, \$250.
Sheriff to Chas. J. Canda et al, Sec. 1, Blk 55, \$250.
Sheriff to Chas. J. Canda et al, Sec. 13, Blk 50, \$250.
Sheriff to R. J. Strickland, Sec. 28, Blk 57, \$50.
R. J. Strickland to Blanch Kiser, Sec. 28, Blk 57, \$320.
S. M. Conger to W. H. Kincaid, Sec. 8, Blk 51, \$1 etc.
Ruby Kincaid to J. R. Pearce, Sec. 8, Blk 51, \$4480.
Max Ritz to R. G. Hardgrave, 3760 acres Sec. 4, Blk C-7; Sec. 27, Blk C-7; W. 3-4 Sec. 26, Blk C-7, \$1250.
R. P. Altman to E. B. Altman, E. 1-2 Sec. 2, Blk C-17, \$1 etc.
The Watson Co. to L. E. Watson, 220 acres Sec. 1, Blk 52, \$10 etc.
J. W. Parker to Ed. Vickers, trustee, W. 120 acres N. 1-2 Sec. 5, Blk 4, \$642.47.
RELEASES.
Mrs. M. E. Gerst et al to Reeves County Fair Association, Blk 114, Pecos.
Producers Oil Co. to Huling & Boss, Sec. 16, 17, 21, Blk 59.
J. F. Rowe to W. D. Cowan, Sec. 4 and 9, Blk C-12.
Producers Oil Co. to T. T. Downs, Sec. 14, Blk C-17.
MISCELLANEOUS.
W. H. Kincaid, will and probate.
Chas. J. Canda, will and probate.
MARRIAGE LICENSES.
C. L. Morris and Ethel Cardwell.
Harry L. Haynes Jr. and Annie Arnold Joachini.

PERSONAL MENTION.

T. Y. Casey and L. W. Anderson returned home Friday from Fort Worth.
Dr. Jim Camp came in home Saturday evening from Monahans.
R. E. L. Kite made a flying business trip to Monahans Monday morning, returning home on train No. 5, arriving in Pecos at 1:48 p. m.
Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Fleming of Fort Worth are visiting Mrs. Fleming's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. McDermott, and making the visit a business trip also. Mr. Fleming is a lawyer and is prospecting for a location.
Mr. Elmer Young, the Pecos Hotel's bus man, left Monday, going on a business trip to Uvalde, accompanied by a young man, Mr. Brown from Barstow.
Martin Zimmerman, from north-east Nebraska, has been in Pecos for a few days prospecting. He expressed himself as being well pleased with Pecos and Reeves county. He left for his home last Monday, but stated that he expected to return soon.
Mrs. W. A. Whittenburg returned from Davis mountains yesterday evening, where she has been the last month helping nurse the sick in Mr. D. O. Medley's family. All have been sick with la grippe and pneumonia, but all are much improved.
Mr. and Mrs. Howard Collier, were in for a week end visit with relatives and numerous friends.
Miss Alma Copeland was in for a week end visit from her school duties at Hoban.
Tom Harrison, Reeves county's efficient, popular sheriff, went out to Balmorhea Wednesday morning on official business.
Mrs. P. A. Harbert, who for some time past had been at Mineral Wells on a visit, arrived in Pecos Sunday and was met here by her husband, who carried her out home, to their ranch near Saragosa. Grandma Churchill and Mrs. W. T. H. Baker went out with them for a visit.
Wesley Roberts decided to take a short lay off and took the Pecos Valley Southern train Monday morning for a trip out to Saragosa and other Toyah Valley points.
Hon. Jas. F. Ross went out to Balmorhea Monday morning on a business trip.
W. T. H. Baker always has said that no matter where his wife went he was going to follow her, so in

order that the trail might not get cold he packed a heavy lunch in a shoe box and started out early Monday morning, via the Pecos Valley Southern train. He said that he did not know just how long he would be gone, it all depending on how soon Mrs. Baker would be willing to come home.
Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Anderson and son Wallace left Monday for a few days visit in Dallas.
Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Jenkins, Mr. and Mrs. Bert Jenkins and Mrs. W. E. Sutphin and baby went out to the Toyah Valley Tuesday morning for a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Weinacht and family.
O. Mitchell, the Overland man, went over to Fort Stockton Sunday evening and expects to be gone most of the week.
Mr. C. B. Holmes of Baird was here the first of the week visiting with his former employe, Tom McClure, and looking over the Toyah Valley with the intention of investing if he finds what he wants. He is one of Baird's leading druggists.
I. N. Phorr of Porterville was among the numerous visitors in Pecos last week.
E. R. Cox, the affable Pecos Valley Southern Railway agent at Saragosa was circulating among his many friends in Pecos last Friday evening and Saturday morning.
Geo. D. Prindle of Porterville was a business visitor in Pecos last week Friday.
J. Boyd of Sweetwater was in Pecos on a business trip last Saturday.
E. F. Fuqua, one of Reeves county's hustling dry farming-ranchers, was in Pecos last Friday hobnobbing with his numerous friends.
A. Clark was a Sunday visitor, having come in from the W. ranch.
Messrs. Wm. Meyer and Byron Wilcox were down from Porterville Monday on a business trip.
F. M. Sitton, one of Pyote's popular merchants was among the many business visitors in Pecos Monday.
Dee Davis, one of Saragosa's prominent merchants, was a Pecos visitor Sunday and Monday.
Johnny Heard left home going to Snyder Thursday of last week, to visit some of his friends.
Mr. John Camp left yesterday, going to El Paso on a business trip.

Cures Old Sores, Other Remedies Won't Cure.
The worst cases, no matter of how long standing, are cured by the wonderful, old reliable Dr. Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil. It relieves Pain and Heals at the same time. 25c, 50c, \$1.00

Mrs. G. N. Gentry, teacher in the Midland high school, is visiting her husband, Mr. G. N. Gentry, the postmaster.
Mr. Will Priest of Kermit, Winkler county, Texas, arrived in Pecos yesterday and is very pleasantly received by his many friends in Pecos.
Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Hicks, the groom and bride, returned home last Tuesday evening from El Paso, where they have been spending their honeymoon for the last ten days. The groom and bride have been the proud recipients of many congratulations and wishes that they may be blessed with long life and much joy and happiness and that their experience and travels through life that the thorns that chance to spring up in their pathway may be transformed into the beautiful and much admired roses.
Mrs. Addison Wadley and two children, Barron and Marion, who have been visiting Mrs. Wadley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Buechholz, for two weeks, left yesterday evening for their home at Midland.
B. S. Sargent, one of the El Paso Herald's hustling representatives, was here looking after his paper's interest the forepart of the week and made the Times office a pleasant call.
C. M. Houghton, one of Barstow's popular citizens and prosperous alfalfa raisers, was over Tuesday greeting his many friends in Pecos.
L. E. Marshall, the popular passenger engineer on the Davis Mountain Route train, returned home Wednesday and is again pulling the throttle. He reports having had a splendid time while visiting in Arkansas.
Jess Woods, one of the Pecos Valley Southern employes, went out to Hoban, Thursday to superintend the loading of the stock which was shipped from there Thursday.
Messrs. J. F. McGarry and Anse Oates were in from Balmorhea Tuesday and Wednesday greeting their many Pecos friends.
Mr. and Mrs. Benton Stone of Orla were Pecos visitors last week Thursday.
Chas. Martin and Chas. McClure were up from Crystal Water shaking hands with their many friends in Pecos.
W. L. Kingston, that happy-go-lucky, hospitable Davis Mountain rancher, was circulating among his numerous Pecos friends Wednesday and returned home Thursday via

auto with the booster bunch which went out to Balmorhea yesterday morning.
Messrs. F. W. and Ralph Dodge, Lewis Davis, C. R. Troxel, Wm. Dixon and N. J. Vaughn, all of Toyah, were among the many visitors in Pecos last week Thursday.
Sol Mayer was up from Toyahvale last Thursday on a business trip to Pecos.
J. B. Michener of Grandfalls was a visitor in Pecos last Saturday.
Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Ross left for Fort Worth and Dallas last Saturday evening, where they will select the furniture and furnishings for the fine new home.
David S. Butler returned to Saragosa Monday after a week end visit with Mr. Butler and the homefolk folks.
Mr. and Mrs. Howard Collier were in Saturday and Sunday visiting with their relatives and numerous friends in Pecos.
Mrs. H. Green left Wednesday for Abilene where she will visit with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Scott.
John McCutcheon returned to the Davis mountain ranch Thursday, after a short visit in Pecos.
John Wilson of Balmorhea was a Pecos business visitor Tuesday.
I. T. Kesler left last Saturday for Austin and San Antonio to attend the soda waters convention, which is being held in San Antonio this week.
Rev. J. B. Cole is in receipt of a letter from Prof. S. P. Brooks, president of Baylor University at Waco, Tex., in which President Brooks promises to visit Pecos Sunday, March 28, and speak at the Baptist church. All our people will be glad to hear this distinguished citizen.
Word reached Pecos this week through Fred Cole that Dr. O. H. Cooper, former State Superintendent of Education for Texas and former president of Baylor University, has been elected professor of education and philosophy in Simmons College at Abilene.
A scald, burn, or severe cut heals slowly if neglected. The family that keeps a bottle of BALLAR'S SNOW LINIMENT on hand is always prepared for such accidents. Price 25c, 50c and \$1 per bottle. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)

It is bad to get fooled. You can just as well get good service. Call at the King Bros. Garage. 8

THE CHURCHES.

METHODIST.
Regular services, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Service on Wednesday evening. Good music and a cordial welcome to all comers.
Fred Little, Pastor.

CHURCH OF CHRIST.
All the usual services, preaching by the regular minister, morning and evening. A hearty invitation to all.
Homer L. Mack, Pastor.

BAPTIST.
The pastor will preach at 10:30 hours. The fine weather has led the people to attend church and our services are having increased attendance.
The pastor has two special messages for all our people next Sunday. Come on time and pray for all men.
The Sunday school class is growing and the choir is doing very best work.
The attendance at prayer meetings is not as good as it should be, but is full of interest. Those who attend, You miss a blessing if you stay away. Come next Wednesday night at 7:30 in the upper room.

NOTICE.
I have placed an order for silos for my own use. In order to get the factory to allow the best price, I must have a certain number of silos this season, please drop me a card or call at my place and I will be glad to explain the merits of the celebrated Indiana Silo. The 1200 ton size cost \$225 delivered here. The 600 ton size only \$385, less than \$2 per ton. The terms are very liberal. Several plans of payment. There is a special discount of 5 per cent on all orders placed in this month. Shipment can come any time later.
See me at the J. C. Paddy place, three miles south of Pecos.
FRANK LEAHY.

When the bowels become irregular you are uncomfortable and the longer this condition exists the worse you feel. You can get rid of this misery quickly by using HERBINE. Take a dose on going to bed and see how fine you feel next day. Price 50 cents. Sold by Pecos Drug Co. (Adv)