

The Pecos Enterprise

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AND PECOS TIMES

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DR. F. P. GUENTHER, NOTED EDUCATOR OF CANYON, VERY HIGHLY PRAISES THE PECOS FACULTY

Dr. F. P. Guenther, who was the principal instructor in the teachers' institute recently held in Pecos, has been with the college at Canyon since its opening, or almost so. For the past twenty-five years he has done institute work every year. During that time it is no wonder he should become proficient in his work and the reputation made by himself in that work is an enviable one. In Pecos his work, and he was called on on many occasions, was highly praised on every hand. His lectures were said to be unsurpassed by none to be delivered heretofore in this city. Truly he is a great man, both physically and mentally.

On last Saturday, before leaving for his home he paid this editor a most delightful visit, and proved himself to be a proficient and entertaining conversationalist in other lines than his profession.

But, in going over his work here with the editor, he stated that in all his institute work for the past twenty-five years, he had never met with a more wide-awake, energetic, interested and active set of teachers who did better work or came nearer doing their part in making the work of the institute the success that it really was. He stated that it was a grand work and that the teachers of the five counties attending the consolidated institute at Pecos were well in the forefront of the teachers of Texas.

Dr. Guenther was high in his praise of our superintendent, Mr. R. B. Norman, and believes we have a man in him both capable and worthy of the trust imposed in him and who will build up a school worth while. Besides this he is sure the entire faculty are energetic and capable and that the prospects for a splendid school for Pecos could not be better, considering the lack of equipment, which would be overcome by the proficiency of the entire faculty.

Dr. Guenther had nothing but praise for Pecos, the entertainment given the teachers while here, and the entire body of teachers in attendance upon the institute. This writer has always been proud of West Texas school teachers and especially the faculty of the Pecos schools, but really before Dr. Guenther was ready to take his leave the writer was more enthused over the prospects for a fine school year, and more in love with the faculty—both male and female—than before.

Such encomiums and bouquets from such a talented and successful educator as Dr. Guenther is sufficient to "swell up" in a degree, the patrons of our schools.

ENTERTAINMENT AT

BALMORHEA

The Parent-Teachers' Association of Balmorhea held an impromptu entertainment at the school building last Saturday night. Sandwiches, iced tea and watermelons were on sale and sold out before the majority of the visitors were seated.

Ten members of the Toyah orchestra motored from Toyah and delightfully entertained the capacity audience with appreciable high grade musical selections. Mr. and Mrs. Gage Van Horn chaperoned the young musicians from Toyah and the musical program was under the direction of Mr. E. L. Harp, with Mrs. Harp at the piano.

The Toyah boys report royal treatment from the good people of Balmorhea and a recital of the full Toyah orchestra of thirty-five or forty pieces is promised the valley people some time this school term.

The following from Toyah rendered the musical program: Violins, E. L. Harp, Tony Bruce and Footsie Seay; cornet, Gage Van Horn, Jr.; clarinets, Wendell Powell and Robert Simpson; trombone, Ernest Harp; piano, Mrs. E. L. Harp.

"WHO'S WHO OF THE WOMANHOOD OF TEXAS"

The Texas Federation of Women's Clubs propose to get out a volume which will be styled the "Who's Who of the Womanhood of Texas." The Federation has long cherished the hope that sometime there would be published a volume dedicated to Texas womanhood—giving due honor and recognition to the splendid achievements of the women of our state. Announcement is made that "the initial steps toward a consummation of this ideal have already been accomplished. A contract has been made which will insure a volume of beauty." * * * * * "The size of the volume will be 9x12 inches, printed in colors on the highest grade of enamel paper, artistically and handsomely bound."

The announcement states that "an especially appointed committee is compiling a list of those women meriting a place in this book, which will be limited to four hundred names." In publishing this record of Texas womanhood it is the controlling thought of the Federation to perpetuate the names and features of those representative women who have made possible the present achievements of our womanhood.

Significant and an item which will be interesting to this portion of Texas is the fact that from the several thousand distinguished names already submitted to this committee, that of Mrs. J. W. Parker of Pecos has been chosen as one of the four hundred to represent Texas womanhood. This is not only a distinct honor to Mrs. Parker but to Pecos as well. She comes from a distinguished family, being a direct descendant of Daniel Boone on her mother's side of the house and of President Jas. R. Polk and General Sam Houston on the father's and has been an active club worker for years. The ENTERPRISE wishes to congratulate Mrs. Parker upon the recognition of her splendid accomplishments by the Federated clubs of the state.

PAT MARR UNDER ARREST IN FRAUD CASE AT EL DORADO

El Dorado, Ark., Sept. 7.—Pat Marr, one of the most spectacular and successful oil promoters in the Arkansas fields, was arrested today and charged with using the mails to defraud. He was taken to Camden, where he appeared before United States Commissioner J. A. McLeod and was released on \$25,000 bail. Federal agents base their charges on advertisements selling Marr stock appearing in promotion weeklies and declare promises were made in them which "no human could fulfill."

Marr came to El Dorado a year ago with little more than railroad fare and a recent appraisal of his properties for sale to the Haskell interests placed his holdings at \$6,000,000. It is estimated that during the last year he has taken in \$3,200,000 on promotion schemes.

FREE PICTURE SHOW TO OPEN MONDAY NIGHT

J. W. May, manager of the Free Picture Show, announces in this issue that he will reopen his free show Monday night after a ten days' rest, in deference to the revival now going on which will close Sunday night.

It is commendable in Mr. May that he closed his show during this revival and assisted in the choir with his violin. Big crowds may be expected in attendance at this show upon its reopening.

W. A. Hendricks went to Alpine Thursday to assist the lodge there in a council meeting of masonry.

MONDAY'S ECLIPSE TOTAL IN PARTS OF CALIFORNIA

The eclipse of the sun Monday afternoon was observed by practically all of the population of Pecos. With the aid of smoked glasses the moon passing between the earth and the sun could be clearly seen, and at its zenith could be noticed without smoked glasses.

No untoward manifestations marked the progress of the eclipse except for the slight darkness. The eclipse reached its highest point at about 2:45 p. m., when about 75 per cent of the sun's face was covered, and remained at that point about three and a half minutes.

Superstitious Mexicans believe that when a total eclipse of the sun is in progress, it denotes that the end of the world is near. Scientists deny that superstition.

NOON BLACK AS NIGHT

Pasadena, Cal., Sept. 10.—Pasadena today, with more than a thousand other cities and towns that dot a narrow strip of land extending from Lompoc, Calif., to Tampico, Mexico, underwent the strange phenomenon of a noon day as black as night. Today's total eclipse of the sun is the most important eclipse from a scientific standpoint in the history of the world.

Similar eclipses have come before, the last one in 1893, but never has science been equipped with such complete and efficient instruments to study such a phenomenon. Watching every development were the world's most learned astronomers, gathered here from all quarters of the globe. For out of the observations may come discoveries of importance not only to the world of science, but also the rest of humanity. Among the questions expected to be settled are:

The correctness or incorrectness of the Einstein theory of relativity; determination of the magnetic influences which the sun's rays exercise upon the earth; successful analysis of the beautiful but mysterious corona which surrounds the sun during eclipses; discovery of a new and powerful inter-mercurial planet astronomers believe to be already affecting the orbital influences of the earth.

Should this new planet be found, strange things may be accredited to it. Among other things, scientists believe, will be a disruption of the world's present methods of computing both time and direction. Also—but this is only conjectural—it may be blamed for the recent disastrous earthquake shocks in Japan and the springing up in many parts of the globe of new and unusually active volcanoes.

While Lompoc, Cal., was the most northerly land point from which the blotting out of the sun could be observed in its totality, the path of the eclipse extended from near Kamchatka, in Siberia, across the Pacific Ocean in a wide swinging arc, and thence landward in a quarter-circle to Tampico.

The narrow strip of total darkness was 105 miles wide. Science had spent more than \$1,000,000 that no part of the eclipse might go unobserved or unrecorded. Here at the Carnegie solar observatory on top of Mount Wilson, the world's largest telescope—an instrument with a 100-inch glass—was trained upon it.

All along the narrow strip of totality were scattered a continuous chain of observation stations, manned by expert astronomers watching every development.

From thousands of photographs the astronomers hoped to learn much more about the nature of the universe than we ever knew before.

The Pecos Mercantile Company has on display in its show window a mammoth cap. A card on it reads: "Made for H. H. Johnson after he had just made 34." Johnson is a golf player and should fall heir to this cap which would go a long way toward making an overcoat.

RED BLUFF DAM NEEDED TO IRRIGATE TEXAS COTTON LAND

The imperative need of the Red Bluff storage dam to impound Pecos river water for irrigation of Texas lands was again emphasized when W. R. Buford and others from Grandfalls arrived in El Paso Friday looking for farming lands and contract work they might do this fall with their teams and machinery.

Grandfalls is at the southern extremity of the Texas lands irrigated from the Pecos, and to be served by the Red Bluff storage project, for which Vernon L. Sullivan is consultant. R. F. Burges is counsel for the farmers on Texas lands served by the Pecos.

The Grandfalls community dam gave way early in the year and flooded crops just up. Since then the flow of water in the river has not been sufficient to make crops.

"There is no other sickness," said Mr. Buford, "like that produced by looking on the cotton in the El Paso valley, which promises two bales to the acre, and realizing that we would have the same thing at Grandfalls if we had the water."

R. E. Thomason, Texas commissioner on the division of Pecos water between New Mexico and Texas, said a meeting of the commission would be held early in October, possibly in El Paso, according to C. T. Pease, United States reclamation service representative on the commission.

"Cultivation of possibly 30,000 acres around Grandfalls and Imperial is attempted," said Mr. Thomason. "No irrigation water has been available since the cotton was planted. When the commission was entertained so royally in the section, substantial farmers of much means, machinery and livestock were up against it for lack of water."—El Paso Herald.

THE UNION REVIVAL

The union revival meeting being held in Pecos under the auspices of the Presbyterian and Methodist churches is expected to close with the services Sunday night.

The Rev. Ed. P. Hollifield of Midland, who is doing the preaching, is a forceful and logical speaker and his arguments are convincing. Those of our people who have attended have received a spiritual feast and those who have not missed some mighty fine sermons.

The attendance has been fairly good at both morning and evening services and much good has already been done and much more is expected before the close of the meeting. Let all our people attend every service possible from here out and make it the spiritual success it should be.

FEDERAL COURT ADJOURNED UNTIL DECEMBER TENTH

Deputy Clerk W. W. Dean of the U. S. Court for the Western District of Texas, has received word from Judge W. R. Smith to the effect that this court which was to have convened in Pecos on September 24th, has been adjourned until December 10th.

DINNER PARTY

Mrs. Marion Snow Hudson entertained with an informal dinner Wednesday evening. Mrs. Dean Wolff and Mrs. J. W. Parker were the recipients of her gracious hospitality.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Walker are packing their belongings and expect to leave Monday for Breckenridge, where Mr. Walker was last week and purchased a tailor shop. They are splendid people, hard workers, industrious, and know the tailoring business, as well as cleaning and pressing, hat blocking, etc. The ENTERPRISE commends them to the good people of that city.

O. C. Harper of Sweetwater, geologist for the Gulf Refining Company, was in Pecos the early part of the week. He and Dean Wolff have gone to Presidio county to look over the country.

PECOS SCHOOLS OPENED MONDAY WITH 322 PUPILS

The Pecos public schools opened Monday, September 10, with an enrollment of 322 on the opening day. This was only ten less than on the opening day of last year. By grades the enrollment is as follows: First 25; second 26; third 41; fourth 32; fifth 33; sixth 33; seventh 23; eighth 31; ninth 20; tenth 31; and eleventh 30.

By departments the total was: Primary 92; Intermediate 121; High School 112; grand total 322.

Students coming from out of the district are as follows: Louise B. Eudaly, Arthur Eudaly, Hoyt Eudaly, Johnnie Callison, Eunice Otto, Loys Roberts, Roy Roberts, Jr., Baylous Wagner, Hilda Bertrand, Leah Bertrand, Lawton Callison, Tom Couson, Brack Couson, Echford Tackett, Mildred Porter, Margaret Howard, Sadie Holman, Claudine Hendrix and Bernice Bennett.

This year there is a total of eleven full time teachers with the superintendent, R. B. Norman, giving half time to class room instruction. The corps of highly efficient teachers selected for this year are R. B. Norman, superintendent; High School—Mrs. J. W. Brooks, Miss Wynona Carley, Miss Yetta Mae Slayton, and Mr. O. Dean; Intermediate—Mrs. L. W. Cole, Miss Irene Prewitt, Miss Willie Watson, Miss Zelma Livingston; Primary—Mrs. G. B. Finley and the Misses Velma and Lula Womack. In addition to the above Mrs. A. B. Petty will give part time in the instruction of typewriting.

A total of 19 accredited courses are being offered this year, some of these requiring double periods. Thus it can be seen that Pecos schools are offering more to select from with so small a teaching corps than most schools of its size. The courses offered this term are: Physics, Physical Geography, Community Civics, Algebra I, II, III, Plane Geometry, Advanced Arithmetic, English I, II, III, IV, History I, II, IV, Spanish I, II, Latin I, II, III, and Typewriting.

OFF TO COLLEGE

Pecos will again, as has been the case for the past several years, have a fine bunch of ambitious boys and girls off in college revelling in the realms of higher education. Most of these are graduates of Pecos' splendid high school. The following are those whose names we were able to get information about, that have left or will leave in the next few days:

Miss Julia Magee, Keith Camp, Adam Ross and William Kerr to T. C. U., Fort Worth; Miss Mabelle Bryan will go to Boulder, Colorado, to the State University; Edmund Caroline and A. J. Moran to the Catholic University, Dallas; Misses Aileen Love and Jessie Heard to the West Texas Normal, Canyon; Mac Kyle, George Ross and Woody Cowan will be in school again at A. & M. College, Bryan; Donald Runyon will enter the McMurry College, Abilene; Hilliard Camp will be in the medical department of the State University, Galveston; Miss Carrie Glover, Jewell Cowan and Jane Drummond will be in the State University at Austin again.

CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA REHEARSAL

There will be chorus and orchestra rehearsal Sunday, September 23, at 4 p. m. at the Baptist church in Pecos, preparatory for the Sing-Song to be given at Toyah the following Sunday. Singers of all denominations and orchestral instrument players are invited to come and rehearse with the chorus, whether they can attend Toyah Sing-Song or not.

CARNEGIE LIBRARY TO OPEN MONDAY

The Carnegie Library, which has been closed this week in order that some painting and other work might be done therein, will again be opened to the public Monday of next week.

RUMORED THAT BOTH WELLS FLOWED--- INTEREST REVIVES

Considerable difficulty has been experienced at the Bell well the past week in getting the hole properly bridged in order that casing can be set and cemented. On account of a bad joint of casing it was found necessary last week to pull the string of casing just as preparations were being made to cement, the two bad joints were removed, and as soon as the bridge is completed casing will again be set and cemented.

Reports are to effect that satisfactory progress is being made at the Ramsey No. 1 on the fishing job. A second fishing tool has been ordered which is expected to take hold of some of the various things in this well and bring them out.

Due to both these wells flowing this week and the hope that one or both of them will soon be brought in, the oil situation which had practically died out, so far as interest of the public is concerned, has been considerably revived this week and some trading in oil leases is being done, but the exchange price has been low.

It is also reported that the Flood core drill test well in Culberson county will again be in active operation in a few days—those interested having completed arrangements to carry this test on down to 4000 feet.

FORT STOCKTON FIELD

(Fort Stockton Pioneer)
The oil situation in the Fort Stockton field is about the same as last week. At the Quinby No. 1 well, on section 19, block 140, the crews have been engaged in straight reaming preparatory to landing 10-inch casing near the 1300 foot level. While it had not been the plan of the promoters of the Quinby No. 1 well to set casing at this depth, a formation encountered suggests that it might be for the best interest of the well to have a strictly dry hole during the drilling of the formation.

Work on the Troy well on section 20, block 140, continues to drive the drill bit into the bailer lost in the well. Progress in drilling out the bailer has necessarily been slow, but reports from the well confirm that those engaged in doing the drilling are gradually nearing the bottom end of the bailer and that they will soon find out for sure whether or not the well will be a real producing oil well.

Drilling on the Southern States Lease and Production company well, on section 108, block 3, T. & P. railway survey is being diligently pushed.

Ten inch casing in the 592 well on section 592, G. C. & S. F. railway survey is being set to the 700 foot level.

SING-SONG PROGRAM

To be held at the Baptist church, Toyah, Texas, September 30, at 8:15 p. m.

The Pecos singers and orchestral instrument players, and Barstow singers and orchestral instrument players are invited to join in the Sing-Song program the fifth Sunday at 8:15 p. m. at Toyah.

Mrs. Lillian Butler will sing a solo and Pecos Baptist Male Quartette, Pecos Methodist Quartette and Barstow Ladies' Quartette will also render numbers. Familiar hymns and choruses all can sing will be on the program.

Judging from the way the public joined in the Barstow Sing-Song given in July about forty orchestral instrument players and two hundred voices will be there. Everybody is invited to come whether they can sing or not. The program will be printed in a later edition of the ENTERPRISE.

Mrs. T. P. Trimble and daughter, Miss Geraldine, of New Boston, en route to their home from Las Angeles, California, where they spent the summer, are the guests this week of her brother, W. W. Runnels, and family.

TEXAS GOOD ENOUGH FOR THIS DOCTOR

Dr. H. T. Coulter of Rockdale, Texas, has recently made a tour through New Mexico, Arizona, California, Utah, Colorado, etc., and writes interestingly of his trip, not failing to tell the whys and wherefores of the growth of California. The story is an advertisement for Texas which is hard to beat and should be read by all who are not entirely satisfied with their lot. As recently published in a San Antonio paper, the article follows:

Having been absent more than two months with his family, in the course of which from June the first they travelled in their automobile and slept out of doors, going through West Texas, Arizona, and New Mexico, spending the greater part of the time in California, and returning via Colorado, Utah, Nevada and Wyoming, Dr. H. T. Coulter has been entertaining his friends and neighbors with narratives of their experiences and observations while on their trip.

"California is a wonderful country," declared Dr. Coulter. "It is wonderful because it is a desert country which has been built up and enriched with eastern capital, the capital having been attracted there thru advertising campaigns put on by California boosters, chambers of commerce, tourist bureaus and land associations. These campaigns have proved very expensive and have kept a regular army of people at work all the year around. If a man writes a letter to a chamber of commerce anywhere in California on some simple matter, he will very soon after receive mail sacks full of literature of every description. I never saw anything like it. They have perfected a system of 'follow up' which never 'lets up.' And yet everywhere you go throughout California, you will see that practically everything is for sale. There is a 'for sale' sign up everywhere and on everything.

"After all we saw and heard we came back to Texas convinced that while California is a delightful playground and full of interest every minute for the sightseer, Texas is the place for home and the land to stay with. I would not give Milam county for half a dozen California's" was the way the Rockdale doctor put it.

BOOSTING CAMPAIGNS

"The advertising and boosting campaigns waged so incessantly by the Californians is drawing thousands out of the nearby states," says Dr. Coulter. "Nevada's population as a state has been reduced to about 75,000 as all those who left went to California.

"If Texas were to spend in one year one-fourth the money spent by California in advertising the resources of Texas, her advantages, her natural resources, her water, her climate, we would triple our population in the first twelve months," Dr. Coulter declared.

"This is because we have a country superior in every way to anything I saw in California, and I believe I saw it all. I went there to see for myself."

UTAH DEPOPULATED

"Utah, we found entire sections of the country pretty nearly depopulated by the stream of California immigration. In Salt Lake City, while we were there, so acute had the situation become that the Governor of the state used the time ordinarily given to a musical program one afternoon in talking to a crowd and urging them to stay, advertise, and push Utah. Salt Lake City residents told me, sadly enough, too, that their population had been reduced from 145,000 to about 85,000—a falling off of nearly one-half in a few years. Everywhere you go in Salt Lake City you see 'for rent' and 'for sale' signs hung out. I saw many vacant store buildings on one business street. And many residences were vacant, too. The biggest department store in the city is closing out for California.

"But in New Mexico we found the stream of travel was back to Texas. This was also very much the case in Arizona but not so much the case as in New Mexico."

"A tourist leaving on such an overland trip as we made needs to

provide himself with plenty of extra brakebands for the trip." Dr. Coulter said. "We burned out five bands on the entire trip and one of these was inside of 300 yards going down a mountain.

"Yes, we crossed the Mojave desert in a car and it was an extraordinary experience. It is a sea of shifting sand moving constantly like the waters of the ocean. No roadway will stand on it, not even concrete. They tried it once and you can still see pieces of the roadway surface moving about in the sands of the desert. Chambers of commerce and tourist bureaus have provided water stations every few miles in the desert, else no one could ever get through. No one could carry enough water to make the trip, to run the car and keep life in the body. It takes a great deal of water while crossing this desert to keep alive, but not so much, I am told, as in Death Valley, where one requires about six quarts an hour in order to keep alive.

"No one in their right mind attempts to make the journey through Death Valley. It is several hundred feet below sea level, and there are no oases as here are in the Mojave desert. One would have to carry with him every drop of water used. I am told a few men on motorcycles have tried it and got through, but I would have to see it to believe it. "We went to the edge of Death Valley and took a peep at it. The heat there is said to be beyond description. It is one of the strangest phenomena nature has provided for man to conjecture over. I'm staying in Texas from now on," the doctor concluded.

Somebody out at Mineral Wells, supposedly a lady, asked State Press of the Dallas News this question:

"Why do Baptists and Methodists persist that because we members of the Christian church claim that name only we are Campbellites?"

To which State Press replies: S. P. is peculiar that way. On some subjects s. p. has seen him charge a six foot buzz saw with nothing but a fountain pen and a blotter. And then again s. p. has seen him tuck his coattails and run like a frightened jackrabbit from the frail-est of lady customers who merely wanted him to come out and interfere with a family quarrel between a prize fighter and the wash woman he had married, not s. p. But of course, dear Mineral Wells Subscriber, s. p. gets scads and scads of letters, and can't write pieces about all of them. But, la, la, talking about s. p. isn't ever going to get this question answered for s. p., is it? Let's see, now; the question was—oh, yes. Well, the reasons are many, no doubt, but s. p. sees three.

The first of these is that Methodists and Baptists, being human, have a good deal of the Old Ned in them, the same as St. Paul himself says in seventh chapter of Romans. And the next reason is probably historical and therefore should perhaps really be considered first. Alexander Campbell, who was certainly a good and useful man, according to the books, affiliated for a time with the Baptist church, though some say he was originally a Presbyterian.

Along about 1827, it seems, he and his following separated from the Baptist fellowship and designated themselves "The Disciples of Christ" That little word "the" did the business. Under the circumstances, it was natural, even if it wasn't neighborly, for the Baptists to call them Campbellites, just as s. p.'s churchly ancestors were derided as Wesleyans in England and Methodists in this country. For that matter, the church that started with Christ started without a title and gained its title through the derision of the people at Antioch. The third reason for calling devout and unoffending members of the Christian church Campbellites is that in early days churchmen of most denominations debated around from place to place, arousing ill feeling in the misguided notion of getting all sheep into one flock. That ill feeling has pretty well disappeared along with the debaters, but some of the marks of it remain to this day. All three of these reasons reminds us that a reason may be a reason without being either a good reason or a justification.

Sell it with a classified ad.

INDIAN RELICS AND CAVE EXPLORATIONS

To the serious student, the Big Bend country offers many unusual opportunities for first hand observation and study which are closely related to both his classroom interests and the activities of outdoor life. The art student will find models of typical western type, unequalled landscapes and coloring; the biology student will discover an unlimited field for observation which correlates with his studies; the zoologist will find field trips radiating into localities in which the richest specimens in Texas may be found; and those interested in history and anthropology may observe a wide variety of sites which reflect vividly the primitive life of the American aborigines.

With the object in view of observing such camp sites and with the hope of adding new specimens to the collection being gathered for the school museum, several expeditions, under faculty direction, have been made into the mountains during the summer session. These trips have resulted in the location of seven sites, hitherto unknown, and the unearthing of many interesting specimens at both new and discovered locations.

Among these specimens are moccasins, arrow heads, human bones, fibre used in weaving, sandals, camp fire refuse, coked and bleached animal bones, bits of pottery, twisted string, miscellaneous woven materials, and small wooden objects such as sharpened sticks and picture paintings.

While some of these individual specimens seem unimportant, the sum total of the observations made picture to the interested student the life, habits, customs, and living conditions of Indian life which could be obtained by no amount of reading.

Students who are active in the above work are cautioned against indiscriminate exploration, which has so often resulted in the loss or scattering of information-giving specimens, which results usually in more harm than good. Many records of scientific value have been carelessly lost through ignorance or misunderstanding of the correct methods of collecting. Every locality found and every specimen gathered by the college is written up in the form of field notes or is labeled and a record kept of the locality and conditions under which it was found. Without such a record, specimens often lose a large part of their real value to future expert investigators who may come for serious study of the Indian life of our section.

Friends of Sul Ross are requested to report localities of interest, and specimens given or loaned to the school will be credited to such individuals and placed in showcases as space for exhibit becomes available.—Sul Ross Skyline.

BUT IT MIGHT HAVE THE TASTE AND THE KICK

The old adage that bootleggers make booze to sell and not to drink themselves was forcefully brought to the attention of city and prohibition officers Sunday night following a raid at a residence on the corner of South Laredo and Las Moras street. Three barrels of mash on which floated bugs and other vermin was found in the place. Chickens were roosting on two barrels of mash when the officers arrived and added to the general unsanitary condition of the home distillery. Other barnyard stock also made a rendezvous about the barrels of mash, which was ready for distilling purposes.

Chief Van Riper, Captain Street, Captain Brown and two general prohibition agents conducted the raid. The mash was destroyed and a small still confiscated. An aged Mexican was held by the authorities and charges will be filed against him before United States Commissioner Edwards Tuesday morning, according to prohibition agents.

According to Chief Van Riper, the place raided was one of the filthiest distilleries the officers ever visited.—San Antonio Express.

THE CYNIC

Mrs. Smythe: "Here is an interesting news item. A girl in Canada ran 56 hours without stopping."

Mr. Smythe: "Did the man get away?"

FREIGHT RATES

If you were to believe the LaFollettes, the Smith Brookharts, and the Magnus Johnsons, the farmers' troubles would be forever solved if his freight rates were reduced. None of these "Voices of the People" ever voices his voice without alluding to this stumbling block in the road to prosperity of the farmer, and the impression gained from their chatter is that with robber freight rates eliminated the farmer would be leaving behind Henry Ford or a common plasterer in the race for wealth.

Looking up the old files of the Courier the market reports showed that on June 30, 1922, cash wheat in Chicago brought \$1.15, and on the same date this year it sold for \$1.05. The freight rate had not been changed during that period, and the fluctuation during that year was greater than even the wildest eyed demagogue proposes to cut freight rates. In other words, if freight rates had been cut in two this summer the farmer of Illinois having wheat to sell would still get less for his product than he would have a year ago.

But since June 30, freight rates remaining constant, wheat has continued to become "more worthless." Instead of being worth \$1.05 in Chicago, yesterday it brought \$1.01 and the day before less than a dollar. What freight alteration can you suggest that would have saved the farmer this sharp loss within twenty days? If it is excessive freight rates that are principally to blame, suggest in rates that would permit what kind of adjustment would you the farmer even to hold his own—as to wheat prices in the light of what has occurred this month?

Then there is corn. What would you say the effect of freight rates was on that product? On June 30, 1922, cash corn sold in Chicago at 63 cents. A year later the quotation was 81 cents. During the year, with freight charges remaining the same, wheat declined 10 cents a bushel in

price, and corn improved 19 cents. If the decline in wheat prices is due to the freight rate, why not also grant that the gain in corn price is chargeable to the same influence?

Yesterday corn sold for 86 cents a bushel in Chicago, a gain of five cents since June 30, while the freight rate never budged. Would you consider freight rates a determining cause in that increase in value? If your answer is no, why then would you say that it helps to shove down the price of wheat? How can a freight rate work in opposite directions at the same time?

Or would you say that the corn farmers had joined in a conspiracy with Wall Street to boost the price of their products, and to cut the throats of the wheat farmers?

How else do you explain the strange but significant fact that the corn farmer is seeing the value of his product increase, while his wheat-growing neighbor is in despair as his prices sink lower and lower?

Surely wheat and corn farmers operate under the same governmental statutes. We have heard of no discrimination in these laws for or against either. If man made laws control the situation, wheat and corn should go up or down together. Instead of that we have the spectacle of one becoming worthless and the other priceless.

We do not pretend to know much about the equity of freight rates. Whenever we pay for freight we are sure we are paying too much. But we also think the same about coal and labor in the back room, and ham and eggs, and caddie fees, and golf balls, and gasoline. It may be that freight rates on grain are unnecessarily high, and that in fairness they should be reduced. We argue neither for nor against this supposition.

Our contention is that freight rates are not the controlling element in the prosperity or the poverty of the farmer. Market fluctuations are ten times as effective for good or evil as

freight rates. If the Champaign county farmer a year ago could have shipped his corn to Chicago for nothing, the price he would have obtained for it would have been at least ten cents a bushel less than he can get for his corn at his elevator today. If he had free transportation for his wheat to Chicago today he could not get any more for it than he could have received a year ago in Chicago after paying the freight.

Yet the LaFollettes, the Brookharts and the Magnus Johnsons are riding into office on a whoop and hurrah campaign in which the farmer is to get relief from the oppression of the railroads. Boys, the railroads may be guilty of all the mean things said about them, but the real nigger in the woodpile is something entirely different. Crucifying the railroads or shooting them at sunrise or turning them over to government operation will not alter the fact that wheat went down 10 to 15 cents a bushel in a year and corn went up approximately 20 to 25 cents in the same time, and under precisely the same transportation conditions.

To explain this circumstance you will have to drag in some element other than transportation rates and malevolent Wall street conspiracies. For neither Wall street nor the railroads loves the corn farmer better than the wheat farmer, and either would get as much joy out of plucking the one as the other.

There is a villain at large oppressing the farmer, but at present Wall street and the railroads have an unimpeachable alibi.—Urbana (Ill.) Courier.

THIS WAY, PLEASE

A fading blonde dashed into a department store.

Clerk: "Anything I can do for you madam?"

Fading Blonde (panting): "Yes—I have lost my husband."

Clerk: "Mourning department third aisle to the left."

A REGULAR PROGRAM will be rendered at the FREE PICTURE SHOW Monday, September 17th, and every night thereafter, except Sundays. Special juvenile or educational program Friday nights.

Special features, Vitagraph and other high class productions on Saturdays. Mixed programs on other nights.

Everybody welcome. Show starts at 7:45 o'clock p. m. sharp.

Free Picture Show

J. W. MAY, Manager

PLAYING WITH DEATH

In last week's Atlanta Constitution is an appealing cartoon of three little boys at play, caught in a traffic jam that threatens the sacrifice of their lives.

The picture may seem exaggerated by reason of the many vehicles in the prescribed space, but it is not. The little boy who is pulling the express wagon loaded with his two playmates is simply violating the traffic regulations; and to apply it locally, is attempting to zig-zag across on a red light while traffic is moving in an opposite direction on a green light.

This same thing in principle frequently occurs in Fort Worth's congested downtown crossings, despite the best efforts of the traffic officers on duty.

The incident illustrated literally occurs almost daily at street crossings further out and beyond the zone of the traffic policemen.

Almost daily boys are seen in the streets pulling express wagons and their playmates in front of moving traffic, and the wonder is more of them are not killed.

Not only are children frequently seen pulling wagons where automobiles are rapidly passing, but even more frequently do they use the paved streets, especially in the resident suburbs, for roller skating, scooting and in the use of other riding devices equally if not more menacing. Nothing is more dangerous than roller skating on a vehicular thoroughfare, where the slightest confusion or nerve-jar will render the child incapable of extricating himself from a serious traffic situation.

The point is, while officers of the law should rigidly enforce traffic laws, and while drivers of cars or trucks should at all times be careful and drive cautiously and with discretion, the pedestrian—the adult as well as the child—should walk carefully and observe with equal precaution the traffic laws as they apply to him or to her.

And parents should be strict in prohibiting their children from using thoroughfares for riding devices. It is extremely dangerous, menacing not only the children's lives, but the lives of the automobile drivers, most of whom will naturally, if possible, swerve their cars into a sidewalk, or possibly into another car in order to avoid such a tragedy.

The situation as so forcibly illustrated by the cartoon is not overdrawn, and accentuates first the necessity for thorough co-operation of all elements in enforcing and observing traffic laws.—The American Citizen.

There is something radically wrong with the average mother. Whether it is the fact that modern life and its duties prevents her from taking even ordinary care of the little ones under her own roof—or whether she lacks the interest in her own children that a mother usually exhibits—is a question that has not yet been satisfactorily answered.

In the streets of every big, or little city today, you can always find small children taking chances that would paralyze the old-time mother, yet these modern mothers never seem to pay the slightest attention to it.

With the streets congested with snorting motor cars, you can see these precocious youngsters darting in and out, where angels would dare not tread, and the only wonder is that 90 per cent of them are not killed, or seriously injured. Many of them are either crushed to death, or crippled for life, every day in the week all over this great hurrying nation—but the placid mothers do not seem at all uneasy about their own—probably trusting to the Lord—or to Lady Luck—to keep her reckless John Henry from being ground into sausage meat.

Even if a stranger sees one of these precocious youngsters in deadly peril and makes an effort to save him, he usually gets in return a first class "cussing out," by the incorrigible youngster, and decides to thereafter attend to his own business.

The sidewalks are eternally congested in the most populous resident districts with a horde of small children, skating and coasting along the sidewalks and all ready to "bawl out" any one who gets in their way, or suggests that sidewalks are made for pedestrians—and not for play-

grounds. Not long ago the writer saw an aged lady knocked sprawling upon the concrete sidewalk by a small (and very impudent) boy who mounted on a rubber-tired skooter, that made his approach noiseless, hit the old lady full speed, and gave her an ugly fall. The small boy was not at all sorry for the "accident," and began to read the old sister a lecture about "lookin' where you're goin'."

However, it is wasted effort to remind careless and indifferent parents about such conditions, and the only thing that will ever attract their serious attention will be the sight of an undertaker backing up to the door and carrying away some bright little boy or girl, whose parents are in fact guilty of murder by not teaching them the danger of such reckless sports.—American Forum.

MISSOURI GOVERNOR PRAISES HOME PAPER

"Back your home paper," is the central idea in a recent speech delivered by ex-Governor Francis of Missouri. Mr. Francis served under President Wilson as Ambassador to Russia and was for a long time chairman of the board of regents of the University of Missouri. He says in part:

"Each year the local paper gives from \$1,000, to \$1,500 in free lines to the community in which it is located. No other agency can or will do this.

"The editor, in proportion to his means, does more for his home town than any other ten men. And in all fairness he ought to be supported—not because you like him or admire his writings, but because the local paper is the best investment the community can make.

"Your local paper may not be brilliantly edited or crowded with thought, but financially it is of more benefit to the community than the preacher. Understand me, I do not mean mentally; and yet on moral questions you will find most of the papers on the right side. Today the editors of the local papers do the most for the least money of any people on earth."

If it's worth selling, it's worth advertising.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared For The Enterprise By The First National Bank In St. Louis.

Production of petroleum in the United States for the first six months of this year reached approximately 337,471,000 barrels, according to preliminary statistics by the United States Geological Survey; this is an increase of 26 per cent over the production of 267,239,000 barrels during the first half of 1922. If the unprecedented rate of production for the first half of the year is maintained throughout the year, the oil output of the United States will fall short of the entire world production for 1920 by only 20,000,000 barrels. The falling off in production in the Mexican fields has hardly been noticed as a result of heavy production in the United States since the beginning of 1923.

Imports of crude oil into the United States have decreased 34.9 per cent during the first six months of the year. The decrease of 26,959,000 barrels was nearly offset by the increase of supply from the California fields alone; over 20,000,000 barrels of crude oil from California reached our eastern seaports by way of the Panama Canal, compared to no shipments at all from this source during the first half of 1922. During the period from Jan. to June, 1923, our exports totaled 7,894,000 barrels as compared to 4,712,000 barrels last year.

* Consumption of crude oil in the United States for the first six months of the year as indicated by deliveries to consuming establishments increased to 339,000,000 barrels from the 269,000,000 barrel consumption for 1922. Taking into consideration the import and export figures already mentioned domestic consumption combined with exports amounted to 346,984,000 barrels whereas domestic production and imports totaled 377,549,000 barrels resulting in an increase in supply of 31,000,000 barrels of crude oil during the six months' period. The supply on hand at the end of June amounted to 283,000,000 barrels or 157 days' supply

assuming that the consumption rate for the first part of the year is maintained.

SPLICING TELEPHONE CABLES REQUIRES MUCH SKILLFULNESS

Not many people ever see the workmen at work splicing telephone cables. Those who do see them marvel at the task and at the way it is accomplished. These cable splicers pick out the wire they want from a maze of tangled cords that look like father's fishing tackle after the baby has been playing with it. Then they pick out the other wires to connect it with from a like maze of another cable.

It takes about three years for a young man of intelligence to become a good cable splicer. He goes to the telephone company's school and works with a gang of men on the job alternately for a year before he even gets a kit of tools, says the Texas Public Service Information Bureau.

Cable splicers are but one part of the large force of skilled men necessary in the telephone service. In each machine switching exchange of each of the large cities there are millions of soldered connections each of which has to be made carefully by hand. It is through this intricate mechanical maze that every telephone user is able to communicate at once with each of the fourteen million other telephone users in the United States.

WEEKLY TREASURE

Inquisitive Old Gentleman—"And what are you digging for, my good man?"
Digger—"Money."
"You don't say so! And when do you expect to find it?"
"Saturday night!"

BREAKING IT GENTLY

Daughter—"May I go to a wedding, father?"
Father—"Well, all right—but must you go?"
Daughter—"Suppose so, I'm the bride."

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles, and you can get relief almost after the first application.

RICHARD LLOYD JONES SAYS

A Lie Proves Force of Truth

Fishermen and mining stock salesmen have no monopoly on the gentle art of lying. Mark Twain insisted that lying is an inherited habit with all of us. He tells us that when he was very young he discovered that if a pin stuck into him, his anguish was appeased by the presentation of an orange, so he told his first lie by crying when the pin didn't prick.

The difference between history and fiction is: one is true; the other false.

The generous liar is honored if his lies assume the form of art. Make a business of romancing and the world will reward you as your fables and favor with popular fancy.

Lie well and let the world know you're lying, and the world will like you. Only when you attempt to pawn off your falsehood for truth, does the world mistrust you.

He who tells a hundred lies to one truth carries no weapon that can injure. The glib tongue is the fit tongue. Lies talk always lies. Truth is always rivet tight. Truth is precise.

Falsehood needs a handle of truth to be effective. A dull blade does not cut. Place it within a good handle and you have made a knife that lies.

The lies that harm are the ghosts of truths, the masks on faces we have learned to trust. But he who lies for serious effect assumes no small contract for he must invent forty more to fortify one.

The liar is lost when found. As soon as he is discovered he's about as effective as a two-foot pump in a fifty-foot well.

The liar's worst enemy is himself. He's like a short wick in a long lamp. He soon runs out of the oil of reputation.

Friendship falls when built on a foundation of falsehood. A lie boldly told may have the effect of truth for the instant, but it lacks the metal which endures.

Lying is the strongest acknowledgment of the force of truth, because, like the counterfeit coin, it is worthless unless it can pass for truth.

Copyright, 1923—By Richard Lloyd Jones.

Poem by Uncle John

It seems, the modern idea of havin' a "good time" is, to go as far as possible where nothin' is a crime. . . . The folks that live on pleasure in these hurrying days, sets the limit in a measure, by the racket they can raise. . . . They'll endow a midnight orgy in some easy-goin' spot, where virtue sheds her garments—and where decency's forgot—and, they'll flush the social sewer from a fount of limpid alms—next day they'll dream about it as havin' a good time!

But—the limousine turns turtle as she speeds around the curve—for the hootch will play the devil with an over-loaded ne-ve. The gun that's never loaded plings a fair one in the cheek, and the acid-bottle dangles with a gizzard every week. I hate to read about it, but it's printed every place—like a hard, accusin' mirror it is glarin' in my face—and, it's hard to comprehend it, how the human form sublime, can melt away to nothin' simply havin' a good time!

HELPFUL HINTS

by A Leda

Mrs. Housewife: This newspaper will publish "Helpful Hints" in this form at regular intervals. We suggest you clip the columns and paste it in your recipe book.

Blueing Spots—If the blueing stains an article when washing, wash the spot in alcohol and it will disappear.

Silks—Always wash your white silk gloves, stockings, etc., in cold water. Otherwise they will turn yellow.

Salty Ham—If a salty ham is soaked in milk it will remove a great deal of the salt, as well as improve the flavor.

Culinary Success—Nearly everyone likes grated cheese on their macaroni. If one is desirous of saving labor, cut the cheese in small pieces and put them through the potato ricer.

Drying Dalaty Materials—Remove dalaty lawns, organdies, etc., from the line as soon as dry, as the wind will make them limp.

Starch Substitute—Borax is a very good substitute for starch. A teaspoonful of borax used to each gallon of water will stiffen curtains sufficiently yet not have the cloudy appearance given by starch.

Wall Paper Paste—A good wall paper paste can be made by using rye flour and water. Take some flour and stir in warm water, then boil and cool, stirring constantly. No exact recipe can be given for the quantity of flour to use as different flours vary in different pastemaking qualities. A few drops of carbolic acid will help preserve the paste.

Table of Baking—Bread, 40-75; Biscuits, 10-20; Piecrusts, 30-40; Puddings, 30-60; Custards, 15-20; Cake, 30-60; Gingerbread, 20-30; Beans, 8-10; Potatoes, 30-45.

Nickel or silver ornaments may be kept bright by rubbing them with a woolen cloth saturated in spirits of ammonia.

Dampening Clothes—Use water as hot as can be borne on the hands. It will not be necessary to use as much on the clothes.

Stained Hands—A little kerosene will remove all grease and paint from the hands.

CALOMEL GOOD BUT NEXT DOSE MAY SALIVATE

It Is Mercury, Quicksilver, Shocks Liver and Attacks Your Bones

Calomel salivation is horrible. It swells the tongue, loosens the teeth and starts rheumatism. There's no reason why a person should take sickening, salivating calomel when a few cents buys a large bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone—a perfect substitute for calomel. It is a pleasant vegetable liquid which will start your liver just as surely as calomel, but it doesn't make you sick and can not salivate.

Calomel is a dangerous drug, besides it may make you feel weak, sick and nauseated tomorrow. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone instead and you will wake up feeling great. No salts necessary. Your druggist says if you don't find Dodson's Liver Tone acts better than treacherous calomel your money is waiting for you.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon J. W. O'Connell and T. W. Rodebaugh by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to appear at the next regular term of the County Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 8th day of October, A. D. 1923, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 14th day of June 1923, in suit No. 744, wherein J. P. Reynolds is Plaintiff, and J. W. O'Connell and T. W. Rodebaugh, partners, composing the partnership firm known as O'Connell-Rodebaugh Company are Defendants, and said petition alleging that defendants reside in State of Nebraska; alleging partnership existing between said defendants from November 29, 1922, to date; that plaintiff, under contract of employment with said defendants, worked for defendants and their partnership from November 29, 1922, to May 15, 1923, as superintendent and driller at and on the Willoughby No. 2 well belonging to said O'Connell-Rodebaugh Company and located on Section 16, Block C-13, Public School Land, in Reeves County, Texas; that defendants agreed to pay plaintiff a monthly salary of \$200.00 during such time for his services. Plaintiff alleges that he worked said five and one-half months under said contract so that a sum of \$1100.00 became due him for his labor; that defendants paid plaintiff \$200.00 on December 29, 1922, and \$300.00 on February 20, 1923, making a total of \$500.00 paid on said account; that defendants are still indebted to plaintiff in the sum of \$600.00, which sum is past due and unpaid, and defendants, though often requested, have hitherto failed and refused and still refuse, to pay said sum of \$600.00, due and unpaid. Plaintiff prays for citation, for judgment for his debt \$600.00, and for such other and further relief, special and general, in law and in equity, that he may be justly entitled to, etc.

Herein filed not but before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 6th day of September, A. D. 1923.

(Seal) S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, County Court, Reeves County, Texas.

By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy, Number 744. In the District Court, Reeves County, Texas. J. P. Reynolds vs. O'Connell-Rodebaugh Company. Citation by Publication. Issued this 6th day of September, A. D. 1923.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, County Court, Reeves County, Texas. By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.

IF IT'S WORTH SELLING, IT'S WORTH ADVERTISING.

Ladies calling cards neatly printed—newspaper.

A TONIC

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value.

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is simply Iron and Quinine suspended in syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs QUININE to Purify it and IRON to Enrich it. Destroys Malarial germs and Grip germs by its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head. Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, 30c.

Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days

"LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially-prepared Syrup Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 14 to 21 days to induce regular action. It Stimulates and Regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 60c per bottle.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets relieve the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

GOOD YEAR Service Station

THE best footing
Your car can get on rain-swept streets and slippery hills is the gripping All-Weather Tread of a Goodyear Tire. The high, thick, sharp-edged blocks of that famous tread take a slipless hold and hang on with a wedgelike action that prevents side-slip or skidding.

As Goodyear Service Station Dealers we will recommend the new Goodyear Cords with the beveled All-Weather Tread and back them up with standard Goodyear Service.

PECOS AUTO COMPANY

GOOD YEAR
Western Made for Western Trade

WRIGLEYS

Take it home to the kids. Have a packet in your pocket for an ever-ready treat. A delicious conffection and an aid to the teeth, appetite, digestion.

After Every Meal

Sealed in its Purity Package

WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT CHEWING GUM
THE FLAVOR LASTS

ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer" and Insist!

Genuine BAYER

Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over twenty-two years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Earache	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trademark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

To Stop a Cough Quick
take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues. A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup.

The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trade Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough.

Both remedies are packed in one carton and the cost of the combined treatment is 50c.

Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets relieve the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.

THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1897; Reeves County Record, established 1910; consolidated Nov. 23, 1912. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times June 1, 1917. Published every Friday.

JOHN HIBDON
Editor, Owner and Publisher.
Advertising Rates
Display, per inch, flat..... 40c
Readers, per line..... 10c
Classified wants, per word..... 1c
Minimum 25 cents paid in advance.
Copy must be in the office not later than Wednesday to insure publication in current issue.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Year \$2; Six Months \$1.25
Positively in Advance
No subscription taken for less than six months.
Entered as second class matter October 22, 1915, at the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Foreign Advertising Representatives
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION



Who steals my purse steals trash; 'tis something, nothing; 'Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been slave to thousands; But he who filches from me my good name, Robs me of that which not enriches him, And makes me poor indeed.
—Othello in Shakespeare

Suppose a man steals your cow, horse or automobile, and when he feels he has made away with it, runs around and apologizes. Has any wrong been done to the laws of our land or to the man from whom the property was stolen?

Those who are continually looking for trouble most usually find it at some time and when they do it occasionally comes in such doses which makes it hard to take. After all, isn't it better to be good and allow the other fellow a little wee bit of a chance.

The ENTERPRISE editor still believes the laws of Texas, if enforced, are sufficient for the protection of her citizenship and until it is shown that the people are unwilling to enforce these statutes is plenty of time for the injured to defend himself or themselves. The ENTERPRISE believes that is really 100 per cent Americanism.

The Pecos public schools start out this year with a strong faculty, full of pep and energy, and with a full attendance. From the start it looks as if the 1923-24 term will be one of the best in the history of this school. With the co-operation of the parents there is no reason why it should not be. Let's all lend our support and make it so.

Governor Walton of Oklahoma is attending to the Kluxers of his state in a most commendable manner, yet drastic. When an organization of men decide to overthrow the laws of our country and its government and enlist the officers in their behalf and administer floggings, and fail and refuse to recognize the laws of our country, then it requires drastic action. The Klan may not be responsible for all these outrages, yet every one yet convicted and brought to the bar of justice in Oklahoma has acknowledged his membership in that organization. The ENTERPRISE is prone to admit that there are instances when it appears best for the community that private citizens take a hand in the administration of the law outside the courts, but this only when those whose duty it is to enforce the laws fail or refuse to do so. Let the grand juries and officials of our courts do their full duty, supported by our citizenship who occupy the jury boxes and there will be no need of masked mobs taking the enforcement of the laws into their own hands.

THE STATE SHOULD PROTEST
The State Markets and Warehouse Department is now planning a further extension of its wholly wrongful practice of advertising private

business matters at government expense. They are planning to issue the State's Marketing Bulletin, in which they shall list free farm, orchard or ranch commodities and send this bulletin out free over the State to those who will read and those who will not!

This is a down right insult to common and fair business practices. The thing has gone far enough. Under the guise of helping the farmer organization after organization is over-stepping admitted practices in all other lines of business.

If the State shall publish at great expense market bulletins in which Farmer Jones broadcasts over the State his bull for sale, at no expense to Farmer Jones, why can't the State do the same thing for Merchant Smith, and advertise his products as well?

The facts are that in the past this bulletin has advertised, in 99 cases out of the hundred, the products of men amply able to go into the markets and find their own customers.

We have in mind one rich merchant-ranchman of the coast who never failed to have his "choice hay" or something else listed in the bulletins of the past.

The State should stop now, through its busy-body agents seeking to keep busy, this practice of doing private business which returns a private gain at public expense.

Let the man who has something to sell go into the daily and weekly press and pay for his customers—all classes alike.

The above from the Texas Commercial News should sink deep into the minds and hearts of our people. Not only do those who are able to pay get the benefit of this free advertising, paid for by the taxpayers of the state, but the same taxpayers pay high salaries to the publishers and printers who get out this publication. Just where this thing will stop no one knows. It appears to be up to the voters after all. They should demand a platform from every candidate and compel him to stand thereon, or oust him from office. Of course, if it is the will of the majority of the people that the whole of the taxpayers of the state should pay the bills of private concerns then it's up to the people to do so. Why not let the state pay for the farm help, the machinery on the farms and in irrigation districts, for the water with which to irrigate the farms. It appears to the ENTERPRISE that there is something radically wrong with our entire system which needs "fixing" quickly and our state put on a sound business basis. This cannot be done so long as the state pays those bills which rightly and justly belong to the individual.

THE FUNNY SIDE OF IT
There is something most edifying in the spectacle of the Ku Klux Klansmen at Carnegie, set upon and stoned and shot at by a mob, wailing for protection in the right of "peaceably assembly by free-born Americans," etc., etc. It reminds one of the yell of the anarchist and communist, when he gets in a tight place, for protection from the government he is trying to blow up.

The Klan being organized to take the law into its own hands, should invoke aid not from the constituted authorities but from the Supreme Buzzard, when it gets into hot water. (When the masked mob is attacked by an unmasked mob, the Klan is getting what it seeks, anarchy. The nightshirt boys become a trifle laughable when they cry for help from the institutions they are trying to overthrow.)

Down in Oklahoma they are carefully putting them one at a time into the penitentiary for terms of years. A most hopeful and encouraging symptom. A few officials with vertebrae that haven't disintegrated, will soon get the answer. The thing has left a trail of blood and barbarity wherever it has appeared. The spectacle of a mob attacking it both proves the theorem—that it incites civil war—and is an encouraging sign of public sentiment. It may be hoped that the beginning of the end of this grotesque monstrosity in American life is near. But it is likewise hoped that men elected to enforce the law will not leave to mobs the job of stamping it out.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

Fire Sept. 6. Loss paid Sept. 14 by W. W. DEAN AGENCY.

SUL ROSS SKYLINE
Volume 1, No. 1, of the Sul Ross Skyline reached the desk of the ENTERPRISE editor a week or so ago. It is to be a monthly publication published by the students of Sul Ross State Teachers' College, under the supervision of the English department. It is a six column, four page paper, printed on heavy book paper and replete with first class reading matter and would be a credit to any school. Here's hoping it may live long and prosper, and do its part in increasing interest in that splendid West Texas school.

MAYOR HYLAN AND THE NEWSPAPERS
During the recent visit of the National Editorial Association to New York City, the mayor of that great metropolis not only received and addressed the members at the city hall; but gave them a delightful banquet. In the course of one of his addresses Mayor Hylan said: "It has been my conviction that a newspaper is as much a public servant as he who is elected by the people to protect the public interests. A newspaper, as well as an official, that does not consistently champion the people's cause but prefers or is compelled to espouse the cause of the privileged few has no reason for public existence. It is a daily menace containing within itself the seeds of its own decay."

HIGH TIME
When you're tired of work and you are tired of play,
When you are sleepless by night and you're restless by day,
And when you're convinced that in every way
There's something wrong with creation;
When you are a pest to your children and wife,
When everything stirs you to anger and strife,
And all you can see is the dark side of life,
It's time that you took a vacation.

When you start to think, "I'm a down-trodden wight,
And there's simply nobody treating me right!"
When all the world seems to ride you for spite,
And life is one long aggravation;
When little things bother, and big things appall,
When most of your thoughts are of wormwood and gall,
And you are a fed up and displeased with it all,
It's time that you took a vacation.

When rain makes you ugly, and sun makes you sore,
When you and your victuals don't jibe any more,
When all of your fellow men's ways you deplore
And view them with sour indignation;
When you've all the symptoms of sullen despair,
Stop gnashing your teeth and quit tearing your hair;
Snap out of it—beat it—go on, get the air!
It's time that you took a vacation.
—Berton Braley.

IF YOU HAVE
Malaria, Piles, Sick Headache, Constipation, Dumb Ague, Sour Stomach, and Belching; your food does not assimilate, you have no appetite.
Tutt's Pills
will remedy these troubles

H. & G. N. RY. LANDS FOR SALE
IN REEVES COUNTY
Survey No. 66, 67, 68, 69, E. half of 61, and 62, in Block 4; and Nos. 63, 64, 65, 66 and W. half of 67 in Block 5.
The surveys in these blocks are situated from 5 to 8 miles from Pecos City, in the northern half of the Pecos River country and will be sold only in whole sections.
Also, survey No. 69 in Block 6 and Nos. 7, 12, and 13 in Block 7.
Also surveys Nos. 1, 2, and 3, fronting on the Pecos River, in Reeves county, and No. 19 (a three survey) Pecos county.
Also 12 surveys in block 11 and 3 surveys in block 12. None of these are river lands. All are in Pecos county.
All these lands are under lease for oil, gas and mineral purposes and any sale of same will be made subject to such lease.
J. G. LOVE of Pecos is agent for the sale of all these lands situated in Reeves County and application should be made to him for the purchase of same.
There is no local agent for the sale of the lands in Pecos County, and parties desiring to purchase any of same should apply to the undersigned.
EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact
AUSTIN, TEXAS

THE DALLAS NEWS
THE NEWSIEST, THE BEST, THE MOST RELIABLE—THAT'S ALL
TOM McCLURE CIRCULATOR AT PECOS, TEXAS

A few, very few, Western papers are indulging in a more or less harmful criticism of the location of the West Texas Technological school through the rather spacious argument of comparative distances of Lubbock from other centers of population. Some of the comparisons are convincing, very; for instance, it is asserted that Lubbock is farther from Houston—strictly East Texas and with College Station at her door—than from Flagstaff, Ariz. Could the discoverer of the statistical fact have found no Western centers which will be served by the school, with which to compare the distance to the East Texas metropolis? Is it fair to say that Lubbock is further from Austin than to Juarez, Mexico, and skip El Paso with her teeming thousands and fertile valleys now yielding to the hand of agriculture? Why not say that Lubbock is closer to Sweetwater than to Galveston; closer to San Angelo than to New York; closer to Plainview, Amarillo, Wichita Falls, Abilene, Big Springs and a hundred other thriving Plains cities and towns than to New Orleans. The location has been made; don't make it difficult for the State to build a good school at Lubbock by knocking the location until those who should be its patrons will doubt the ultimate success of the school. Help don't hinder.—Alpine Avalanche.

ROBS CALOMEL OF NAUSEA AND DANGER
Medicinal Virtues Retained and Improved — Dangerous and Sickening Qualities Removed. Perfected Tablet Called "Calotabs."

The latest triumph of modern science is a "de-nauseated" calomel tablet known to the drug trade as "Calotabs." Calomel, the most generally useful of all medicines thus enters upon a wider field of popularity,—purified and refined from those objectionable qualities which have heretofore limited its use.
In biliousness, constipation, headaches and indigestion, and in a great variety of liver, stomach and kidney troubles calomel was the most successful remedy, but its use was often neglected on account of its sickening qualities. Now it is the easiest and most pleasant of medicines to take. One Calotab at bedtime with a swallow of water,—that's all. No taste, no griping, no nausea, no salts. A good night's sleep and the next morning you are feeling fine, with a clean liver, a purified system and a big appetite. Eat what you please. No danger.
Calotabs are sold only in original, sealed packages, price thirty-five cents for the large, family package; ten cents for the small, trial size. Your druggist is authorized to refund the price as a guarantee that you will be thoroughly delighted with Calotabs.—Adv.

VIOLIN LESSONS
Any one desiring to take lessons on the violin, consult me. Special attention paid to beginners.—MRS. JIMMIE CRAWFORD.
The Pecos Enterprise, the big ad at this office.

POSITIONS
Secured or tuition refunded. More calls than we can fill. Mail coupon today to Draughon's College, Abilene or Wichita Falls, Texas, for Guarantee-Position Contract, finest catalog in the South, and SPECIAL OFFER.
Name _____ (C)
Address _____

Brother Bill---

—never cared much how his clothes looked—and he was right.
But for the man and woman in daily business contact the appearance of their clothes plays an important part in their business success.
Now is the time to order your fall and winter suits. Call in and see sample. The prices are right at this time.
Clothes cleaned and pressed regularly wear much longer. It is economical to let us call regularly.

B. H. PALMER

TAILOR AND CLEANER

Protection Against Tainted Foods

Solid, clear cakes of heat-resisting ice, frozen from pure, scientifically filtered water, is your guarantee against quickly spoiling foods during these hot summer days.

Do not practice a false economy in trying to do without ice. Keep your refrigerator packed with our ice. 'Twill keep the doctor away.

AT OUR PLANT, OR, WE WILL DELIVER

Pecos Power & Ice Co.

SECOND ANNUAL

Live Stock Show and Auction Sale

AT
MIDLAND, TEXAS, OCT. 4 and 5

40 — Head of Registered Herefords — 40
1500—Head Hereford Feeder Calves and Yearlings—1500

Catalogue Sent on Request

SOUTH PLAINS REGISTERED HEREFORD BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION

HENRY M. HALFF, Secretary-Treasurer
Midland, Texas

FOR QUICK RESULTS TRY A WANT AD IN THE ENTERPRISE.
The Enterprise is read by thousands.
FOR QUICK RESULTS TRY A WANT AD IN THE ENTERPRISE.

THE CHURCHES

CHURCH OF CHRIST
Church of Christ meet every Lord's Day at eleven o'clock, Barstow, Texas.

BAPTIST CHURCH
There were a hundred and seventy-eight in Sunday school Sunday. We want to pass the two hundred mark next Sunday. If we don't will you be to blame? Well, let's make it a good one and think of the success. That's a better way. We will have all regular services at our church Sunday except the evening preaching service. Our people will worship with the Methodist and Presbyterian brethren who are having their revival. The pastor will go to Toyah, in response to an urgent invitation, and preach for the church there at the evening hour. It is hoped that every teacher will be in his place on time Sunday. Of course we expect no less of the pupils. All are welcomed at any of our services.—**J. M. GARNER, Pastor.**

MERRY WIVES' CLUB

OPENS YEAR'S WORK
The Merry Wives' Club held its initial meeting for the year Wednesday afternoon of last week with Mrs. E. L. Collings, the vice president. It was purely a social meeting and games of "42" were played, after which an ice course was served. The club begins its year's work with the study of Shakespeare in Henry IV. The club met this week with Mrs. Sid Cowan. The following is the personnel of the membership of the club: Mrs. W. W. Runnels, Mrs. E. L. Collings, Mrs. J. B. Howard, Mrs. H. N. Lusk, Mrs. Wm. Garlick, Mrs. Albert Sisk, Mrs. Sid Cowan, Mrs. Jim Camp, Mrs. B. R. Stine, Mrs. H. T. Collier, Mrs. Will Cowan, Mrs. Gid Rowden, Mrs. L. W. Anderson, Mrs. Elmer Johnson and Mrs. J. W. Moore.

WEST TEXANS WANT

18,600 COTTON PICKERS
Calls from West Texas counties for cotton pickers are for a total of 18,600 wanted, either now or by Oct. 1, according to C. W. Woodman, secretary of the United States Employment Service. Transportation of the laborers from South and Central Texas is the main problem. Woodman announced. The men and families who have been working in the country south of Fort Worth are about ready to move to West Texas.

CLASSIFIED

FOR SALE.

PUP NEW LIFE in your fowls. Breed a hustling pit game stag over them and see the difference. **PINK BOWIE** has them at \$3.00 and up each. 4-2*

FOR SALE—Three dollars cash buys a new C-300 detector tube. See Crawford at the Enterprise office.

FOR SALE—Three room house, built in 3 sections, shed and chicken house \$75.00. Windmill and tower \$25.00. Horse power well drill \$25.00. Phone **MRS. BERTRAND**, 8R 4 rings. 4-2*

FOR SALE—Before January, 1924, more than 300 acres of improved land, one 4-room house, two 2-room houses, five miles each from Pecos and Barstow in Ward county. Write **NORAH R. ROARK**, 104 N. Adams, Junction City, Kansas. 3-5t

FOR TRADE—A brick veneer apartment house of 24 rooms. Located in North Ind. town, clear of encumbrance. Trade for Pecos property.—**L. E. SMITH**. 1-4f

FOR SALE—Complete standard drilling outfit; 6 foot rig iron, calf wheel pattern. Derrick torn down ready to be delivered. Cheap for cash. Address Howard in care the Pecos Enterprise. 50-4f

FOR SALE—Or will consider drilling contract; on 40 acres, known as tracts 45, 47, 49, and 51, Section 36, Block 33, H. & T. C. Ry Co. Survey, Loving County, Texas. Date of lease Jan. 1920; term five years; rental one dollar per acre. Practically located between the Bell and Toyah-Bell wells, title guaranteed; rental paid to January, 1924. Write **J. A. Law**, 4284 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif

WANTED

WANTED—Fat Poultry; cull out the boarders and sell for a good price. Shipping days up to and including Thursday of each week. Free delivery within city when enough for a shipment.—**E. F. Fuqua**, Phone 110. 27-tf.

POSITION as governess or teacher in family on ranch or in town. References exchanged. Address **S. T. B.** 3815 Clifton Street, El Paso, Texas. 5-2t*

QUAIL FOUND TO BE FOE OF BOLL WEEVIL

Whitesboro, Sept. 7.—Fifty-two farmers of this section have decided that quail are the worst enemy to boll weevils. As a result of this discovery the farmers organized the Western Grayson County Quail Protective Association. They agreed to post their lands and use every effort to keep hunters from slaughtering the birds.

Grayson county has a closed season of five years, during which time it will be unlawful to kill or trap a quail. The protective measures adopted by the land owners and the special law enacted by the Legislature will, it is hoped, allow the Bob White family to greatly increase in numbers within the next few years.

TURN ON ELECTRIC LIGHTS IN YOUR HOME

"Ready to turn on the lights!" That, it is declared, is the thought back of the new, Installed-Price Plan of selling Delco-Light, the well known farm electric plant, which the company has just announced.

The announcement of this plan is especially directed to those who live in farm homes, it is stated. "We want to make it easy for the farmer to have electricity in his home, and to know beforehand just what the whole thing will cost him," declared officials of the Delco-Light company, in response to questioning about this remarkable plan.

Briefly stated, the plan is to furnish a standard model Delco-Light plant and storage battery, to install it complete, wire the house for ten lights, put in ten drop lights, complete even to electric bulbs in the sockets, put in a general power outlet anywhere in the house the owner may choose, in short to furnish a complete Delco-Light installation, "ready to turn on the lights," as stated above.

Low prices are assured on all models and, in addition, financing of the purchase is taken care of, where necessary, by an easy payment plan which calls for only a small cash payment. The Delco-Light company is well known for its efforts at spreading the benefits of electricity in the country, and many thousands of farm homes today know what these benefits are, thanks to the kindly influence of those widely known Delco-Light plants. It is safe to predict, with the aid of a plan like this and with so many thousands able to enjoy the advantages of electricity, accordingly, that great numbers will take advantage of the opportunity which the Delco-Light company offers, to buy their own Delco-Light plants this fall and join the other thousands who are already enjoying this modern convenience.

TRAINING SCHOOL AT BAPTIST CHURCH

Under the direction of the local Baptist pastor, Rev. J. M. Garner, and Miss Leona Lovendusky, State Elementary Sunday School worker, a training school for teachers has been conducted at the Baptist church this week. In addition to the three classes of double hour periods, a general conference has been conducted each day. Forty people have taken the study courses during the week and others have attended the conferences. This school will no doubt prove to be of great value to the local Sunday school. Miss Lovendusky, who is an expert in Sunday school work, commended very highly the work that is being done by the local church. She is also pleased with the training school.

Supper has been served each evening for the convenience of those who have been taking the study course work. The Business Men's Bible Class made this possible by taking care of the expense. The W. M. S. made it a reality by preparing and

as. Several West Texas counties are making arrangements to have a representative sent to the Farm Labor bureau here.

Among calls received by Woodman from West Texas counties are as follows:

Runnels 2,400; Scurry 500; Jones 2,000; Knox 400; Hall 4,000; Cottle 4,500; Motley 1,000; Nolan 500; Dawson 2,000; Tom Green 1,000; Reeves 300.—Fort Worth Star-Telegram.

serving the eats. Everyone has been delighted with the splendid service and the teaching work has closed each evening in time for those taking the work to attend the meeting at the Methodist church.

In addition to the training work, a religious census was taken. Rev. Garner says he not only has in hand a lot of good information that will help him in his church work, but can speak authentically on the number of white people living in Pecos.

PECAN ORCHARDS

Seminole, Texas, Aug. 30. The Forestry associations are working faithfully to impress people with the importance and value of trees, and the public, individually and collectively, should be impressed with the importance of the science of horticulture, since there appears to be a vast mediocrity of ignorance on that subject. The elementary principles of practical horticulture should be taught in our public schools and a plot of ground should be supplied upon which the children should be taught how to plant, prune, graft and bud useful tree growth, especially the best nut growing varieties, such as pecan, walnut of the best varieties, and the hickory. It has been demonstrated that any land that will grow cotton will grow pecans. Much money and labor is being used in the growth of various trees for shading the surface, but which bear no nuts, notwithstanding the fact that there are no more beautiful shade trees than pecan, walnut and hickory, and no trees easier to grow. It is a fact that no nut bearing tree dies from old age, and the older it grows, the more nuts it produces. Already there are many known varieties of these nut bearing trees and the best are now being successfully grafted and budded onto the inferior kinds.

There is no rural nor urban home but what has unused space for the growth of these valuable trees. In planting a pecan orchard the trees should be set not less than 50 feet apart, and crops that require plowing should be planted between the rows, and barnyard manure, or two or three pounds of commercial fertilizer around each tree. Where trees are to be planted, a charge of dynamite or giant powder should be used to loosen and disrupt a space as large and deep as a hogshead—say at least 4 feet wide and 4 feet deep or more—so that the roots may penetrate, and if watering is required a pipe or funnel, or hole filled with grass, set to slant from the surface, deeper than the roots.

Real active, intelligent civic pride should lead to the plan of having the borders of all highways planted with these beautiful nut bearing trees; as also the streets of towns, the parks and plazas. A pound of pecans contains more nourishment than any other known food, and is one of the finest of nature's choice products and is now at the head of the list of nourishing and digestive foodstuffs; and nuts, and nut products are everywhere becoming more popular, with an increasing demand. The wood of these nut bearing trees is superior for firewood, should one happen to die, and as to handles for tools, furniture, vehicles and sometimes "switches" it is fine.—**N. R. MORGAN.**

Miss Hattie Durdin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Durdin, returned Wednesday morning from Tyler where she has spent the past ten months in Tyler Commercial College. Miss Hattie comes home well equipped in a business way, having completed courses in telegraphy, shorthand, bookkeeping, including banking and business administration. She has decided to follow telegraphy, however, and although she has been offered lucrative situations they were not in the right location to suit her liking. She hopes to secure a situation in West Texas.

FIRE—1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 (days) PAID. I want your business. **W. W. DEAN**, Agent.

Keep Chickens Free OF BLUE BUGS AND BLOOD SUCKING INSECTS BY FEEDING **MARTINS BLUE BUG REMEDY** Keep Hen Houses Free Of insects by painting with **TAROLINE** Money Back Guarantee by **THE CITY PHARMACY**

HOME TANNING OF LEATHER AND SMALL FUR SKINS

Directions for tanning hides on the farm are given in a new bulletin just published by the United States Department of Agriculture, and issued as Farmers' Bulletin 1334, "Home Tanning of Leather and Small Fur Skins." This bulletin was prepared in response to the thousands of requests received from farmers for information that will enable them to make use of the hides produced on their farms and for which there is often no market. Sometimes hides can scarcely be given away, yet farmers must pay from \$1 to \$1.50 a pound for leather in small pieces. Under such conditions farmers naturally feel that they must either work up their raw materials or do without the finished leather.

While it is possible to do a fairly satisfactory job of tanning on the farm it requires some skill and a considerable amount of experience. Only in the event that the margin of price between the raw hide and the finished product is such as to warrant the farmer in tanning for himself it is not advisable to attempt home tanning. The inexperienced can not hope to make leather equal in appearance, or possibly in quality, to that obtainable on the market, but farmers and ranchmen should be able to make serviceable leather for most farm purposes by carefully following the directions given in the bulletin.

It is never advisable for an inexperienced person to try to tan valuable fur skins or large hides to be made into coats, robes or rugs. The results would be disappointing, both in appearance and quality. Small fur skins of low market value, however, can be tanned for home or country use, according to directions given in the bulletin, a copy of which may be obtained from the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., as long as the supply lasts.

Pecos Hotel loss paid eight days after fire by **W. W. DEAN AGENCY.**

A SUCKER TURNS

Real Estate Agent: "Wonderful view here. See! the house overlooks the river."

Sucker: "I did, too, for a minute; I thought somebody up the road had left their hydrant running."

No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with Worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. **GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC** given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the Child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

To most everybody
30 x 3 1/2 means
USCO

NATURALLY USCO'S could hardly have delivered such money's worth—tire after tire—without making a clean sweep.

It's been a pretty performance every time—no two opinions about that.

And no two opinions about what tire to get again, after a man has once used USCO.

United States Tires are Good Tires



Where to buy **U.S. Tires**

LEADER GROCERY COMPANY



Making Peaceful Homes

It is the Church and its influence which year after year continues to make home paths more peaceful. The Church educates. It teaches tolerance; it teaches love; it teaches life.

Summer vacations are ended. Cool days are again here. Refreshed and invigorated, all of us should resolve to live the Christian lives we know give lasting happiness.

To live a constantly improving life, one must get new thought-inspiring ideas. Regular attendance at Church is important in the growth and development of every individual.

Go-To-Church this Sunday. Go with open mind and desire to serve God and your fellowmen. If you do you will go—and go—and go. Then Pecos will be a better town of peaceful, happy and prosperous homes.

"GO TO CHURCH SUNDAY"

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH

R. P. HICKS
TRANSFER
Coal, Wood, Kindling and Hay
PIANOS MOVED
Without a Scratch
Baggage Hauled Day or Night
PHONES—Residence 181; Office 42.

BROCAT'S BARBER SHOP
JNO. BROCAT, Prop.
In business at same stand for 35 years
Tub and Shower Baths
and
First-Class Workmen

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY
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ENTERPRISE OFFICE
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Procrastination is the thief of time. We protect your family and loved ones day and night with the best insurance. Our Motto: If you lose we pay.
Phone 159
E. L. COLLINGS Insurance Co.
Pecos, Texas

Examinations and Reports made on Mineral, Oil and Ranch Lands
JOSEPH A. DANIEL
VAN HORN, TEXAS

HENRY RUSSELL
LAWYER
Office Over First National Bank
PECOS, TEXAS

RADIO COLUMN
All communications concerning radio should be addressed to The Radio Editor, Pecos Enterprise, Pecos, Texas.

PROGRAM OF WBP—FORT WORTH STAR-TELEGRAM
476 Meters
Time is Central Standard.

Daily Features
9 a. m.—Opening and present cotton and grain quotations on the New York, New Orleans and Chicago markets.
10:57 a. m.—U. S. time tick.
11 a. m.—Late cotton and grain quotations; livestock flashes from the Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City markets by Department of Agriculture leased wire. Fruits and vegetables division quotations. United States weather forecast and Cotton Region Bulletin report.
12 noon—Late market quotations.
1 p. m.—Late market quotations.
2 p. m.—Closing cotton and grain quotations. Cottonseed oil and lard.
3 p. m.—Fort Worth cattle market. Ft. Worth cash grain. Fort Worth produce markets. Bradstreet's financial outlook (on Saturday afternoons).
4 p. m.—Financial review of cotton, grain, bonds, stocks, curb, etc. markets. Dun's financial outlook (on Saturday afternoons).
5 p. m.—Major league baseball scores, and Texas League results as of this hour.
6:30 p. m.—Texas League results and detailed story of the Fort Worth game.
7:30 p. m.—Final baseball results.
9:30 p. m.—Sport summary and news review. Southwest road report by the Fort Worth Chamber of Commerce automotive bureau.

Saturday Only
7 to 7:30 p. m.—Review of the interdenominational Sunday school lesson by Mrs. W. F. Barnum, leader of the Barnum Bible Class of the First Methodist church.

Sunday
11 a. m. to 12:15 p. m.—Complete services of the First Methodist church, Rev. J. W. Bergin, pastor; Will Foster, organist.
5 p. m.—Major League baseball scores and Texas League as of that hour.
6:30 p. m.—Texas League scores and detailed story of Fort Worth game.
7:30 p. m.—Final sport summary.
(Saturday and Sunday nights observed as silent, and 9:30 period omitted on these nights.)
(Musical programs discontinued Aug. 1 to Sept. 17. 7:30 and 9:30 p. m. concerts resumed Sept. 17.)

REMEDIES FOR VARIOUS RADIO ILLS EXPLAINED
If you hear a constant clicking noise, like the dripping of water on a hot stove, vary your grid leak and watch your grid condenser.
If there is a steady sound like a motor running, look around for a loose or broken connection.
If your tube vibrates when the set is operated mount the socket on felt or soft rubber.
If there is a crackling sound when the coupling is increased, decrease your filament current.
If the signals stop and go and the set is functioning properly, inspect your antenna. It is probably swinging and grounding periodically.
If your set howls when you are tuning, or the signals fade when you take your hand from the controls, shield your panel and ground the

shielding.
If your set will not oscillate, reverse the plate and phone leads of your tickler.
If signals are weak, look for dirt and dust inside.—Radio World.

In loading a standard regenerative receiver for higher wave lengths the loading coils should be placed in series in each circuit—in the primary, and in the secondary. In other words, each circuit has to be loaded in order to raise the wave length of the set.

DO MILK GOATS PAY?
How often we hear the question these days, "Do milk goats pay?" Suppose one went around the country and villages asking, "Do cows pay?" Wouldn't we be declared a trifle queer? From infancy we have been so accustomed to seeing cows about, that we accept them and their milk as a matter of course. We all know that precious few good things would be enjoyed were it not for milk. We might as well ask, "Does water pay?" "Does air pay?" Why, from the very first breath we breathe there just naturally comes also the desire for milk. We may take it as a steady diet for a year or two, but we are never free from a natural desire for it, in some form or other, so long as we can swallow or draw the breath of life. Pay? Of course it does. Yes! Milk is one of the things we must have in order to be properly developed and satisfied, and even in our spiritual makeup, do we not need "the milk of human kindness?" Again, yes!

Taking the country over, comparatively few can accommodate and take care of a cow, so the milk bottle must be the medium for transmitting the vital fluid to our household steps. But how inadequate these bottles are! When big dishes of wholesome, well cooked oatmeal, or other cereals are placed before us, it really takes more milk, or near cream, than is usually portioned, to start out right for the day, and especially if there are bone-growing children at the table. Does milk pay? It surely does.

But if the bottled milk pays, I am sure that the milk of goats pays better. A doe or two can be kept in small quarters, where cows are impossible, and it is such a satisfaction to have them where the milk can be gotten perfectly fresh twice a day. It has been estimated over and over again that a goat will consume only one-eighth the amount of feed that it takes to keep a cow. They will relish almost any clean, untainted table scraps or vegetable refuse, so there is a saving here. Have you figured just what your milk bill is for a month? When you do this, the price of a good milk doe or two will seem most reasonable, and especially when the increase is considered. It takes but five months for gestation with goats, while one has to wait about nine months for a cow to freshen. Of course doe kids should not be sacrificed, but should the kids be males, no more delicious meat can be served than a milk fattened, up to a month or six weeks. Or, they can be sold as pets to some animal loving child—and I know of no more gentle or cleanly pet. Not only is the milk free from tubercular germs, but they are safe playmates.

As to people investing in fancy, high priced animals; that is a question which must be answered by the purpose of the buyer, and whether goat keeping is to be a breeding proposition or not. Good blood no doubt tells, and scrub sires should not be used—but this little article is merely intended to stress the fact, that where one can care for a doe or two that they do pay for original cost in a short time, merely in the milk they furnish. Even a 1-1-2 to 2 quart doe will soon do this. One should not expect these little animals to do too much, and it is unreasonable to demand both milk and butter from them. I do not hear of people churning from the milk bottle supply.

We are reading more and more about milk goats, and I hope the time will come when the farms, as well as suburban home, will recognize and give them their deserved place in the economy of things. On our farm of over 250 acres, we have not had a cow for years, except to graze for others, depending ourselves entirely upon the goat milk. This

The Lowest INSTALLED Price ever announced for a Farm Electric Light and Power Plant



DELCO-LIGHT Man is ready NOW to install your DELCO-LIGHT Plant COMPLETE only \$549.50

for the most popular farm size plant

UNEQUALLED installation facilities, including a nation-wide organization of over 4,000 installation men, make it possible for Delco-Light with their quantity production to set the lowest price ever announced for an electric light plant completely installed.

And—it is highly important, in purchasing any lighting plant that you know the installed price.

The installed price for the most popular size Delco-Light plant includes not only the plant itself—it includes the freight; it includes the actual installation of that plant; it includes the standard Delco-Light Bride Battery composed of sixteen large capacity cells, built for long life, with extra thick plates and heavy glass jars; the wiring of your house for ten lights to be located anywhere you wish; one power outlet wherever you may want it; a standard set of ten drop lights with sockets and the installation of these lights; and ten standard electric light bulbs—the complete installation ready for you to turn on the lights.

This is the way to buy your electric light and power plant.

Terms So Easy You Cannot Afford To Be Without One

To make it easy for you to get your Delco-Light Plant we have set a very low first payment and made the terms very easy. The local Delco-Light man will explain these terms to you. A liberal discount allowed for cash.

Similar Outfit With Smaller Size Plant, **\$442.50**

The World's Largest Farm Light Plant Manufacturer NOW makes it possible for you to get your

DELCO-LIGHT
Over 200,000 Satisfied Users
DELCO-LIGHT COMPANY, DAYTON, OHIO

R. E. ROBERSON
PECOS :: :: TEXAS

"Well! Strong!"

Mrs. Anna Clover, of R. F. D. 5, Winfield, Kans., says: "I began to suffer some months ago with womanly troubles, and I was afraid I was going to get in bed. Each month I suffered with my head, back and sides—a weak, aching, nervous feeling. I began to try medicines as I knew I was getting worse. I did not seem to find the right remedy until someone told me of

CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic

I used two bottles before I could see any great change, but after that it was remarkable how much better I got. I am now well and strong. I can recommend Cardui, for it certainly benefited me."

If you have been experimenting on yourself with all kinds of different remedies, better get back to good, old, reliable Cardui, the medicine for women, about which you have always heard, which has helped many thousands of others, and which should help you, too. Ask your neighbor about it; she has probably used it.

For sale everywhere.

may surprise those who may remember our Shorthorns, headed by "Nominex," a grand champion at more than one big fair.—Mrs. W. B. Doak, in the Milk Goat News, Clifton Station, Va.

EDUCATION OF PRESIDENTS
Although the majority of the Presidents have been college graduates, several of the greatest, notably Washington and Lincoln, have been almost wholly self-educated.

The list of Presidents and their education:

Washington	Self-educated
John Adams	College graduate
Jefferson	College graduate
Madison	College graduate
Monroe	College graduate
J. Q. Adams	College graduate
Jackson	Self-educated
Van Buren	Elementary school
W. H. Harrison	College graduate
Tyler	College graduate
Polk	College graduate
F. Taylor	Self-educated
Fillmore	Self-educated
Pierce	College graduate
Buchanan	College graduate
Lincoln	Self-educated
Johnson	Self-educated
Grant	College graduate
Garfield	College graduate
Arthur	College graduate
Cleveland	Self-educated
Harrison	College graduate
McKinley	Elementary school
Roosevelt	College graduate
Taft	College graduate
Wilson	College graduate
Harding	College graduate
Coolidge	College graduate

INVESTIGATE IN PERSON THE SCHOOL YOU ATTEND

In selecting a business school to attend, you will select the one that offers the very best training for the money. This training depends not so much upon the cost for the course or the special inducements offered you before you attend, but it does depend upon the quality of training received while taking the course, therefore, you should investigate in person any school you attend before you make a permanent investment.

You should take into consideration the faculty, equipment, courses taught, the average time to complete the course, the manner in which they are taught, living expenses while taking the courses, commercial rating and the class of people who patronize the school, and the success of the school. The Tyler Commercial College invites such personal investigation. Students of this school are enrolled strictly on the merits of the school, and not on any special discount inducements that obligate you to enroll if you are not satisfied when you investigate the school in person.

Write for our free catalogue at once and investigate carefully the advantages they offer you in teaching you Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Business Administration and Finance, Cotton Classing, Telegraphy, Radio, Penmanship, and

BLONDE BESS OPINES
"My, oh my—Labor Day has come and gone; the last picnic day of the year. We will now have to eat our sardines indoors."

Civil Service.

These courses are also taught by mail.

Fill in coupon for free catalogue.
Name _____
Address _____
TYLER COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
Tyler, Texas.

"DERNED POOR MANAGEMENT"
Ed Norwood, publicity director for the Ringling-Barnum & Bailey circus, tells this story which he declares is true:
An old man approached the ticket wagon on the circus grounds and asked for three seats for the afternoon performance.
"Sorry, but we've sold out," the ticket seller told him.
"You mean to say that you haven't even got three seats you can sell me?"
"That's about the situation."
"Well," opined the old man with acerbity, "I call that derned poor management!"
Then there's the story about the woman who entered a men's furnishing store to buy for her husband a hat, such as she had seen in the window, but couldn't recall his size.
"Funny I don't remember it," she added, laughing; "I've been buying his hat for years."
The proprietor promptly got out a hat, size 6 3-4 and handed it to her.
"How do you know this will fit him?" she asked.
"Because," he told her, "we find that 6 3-4 always fits a man who habitually lets his wife buy his hats for him."—Fred Kelly, in the Nation's Business.

Editorial

It Is Nobler to Struggle for an Unattained Ideal Than to Arrive At An Unworthy Port

How Do You Spell Economy?

America still remains the land of luxury. The well-worn question, "Where on earth does the money come from?" still remains unanswered. Quite evidently the word economy is not in the dictionary of those who have even a small surplus above the actual necessities of life.

An analysis of the recent census of trade manufacturers shows that while the value of all manufactures in 1921 fell approximately 30% below that of 1919, a very large share of the luxuries held their own, and in many instances actually increased.

The value of tobacco manufactures increased from \$1,018,000,000 in 1919 to \$1,048,000,000 in 1921, an advance of \$35,000,000. Even cigar boxes, which tell another story, increased \$1,000,000, and matches increased from \$18,000,000 to \$30,000,000. Perfumery and cosmetics show an advance from \$60,000,000 to \$72,000,000, so that it can be guaranteed nobody of 1921 was not less beautiful than her younger sister.

Along the line of adornment, millinery and lace goods jumped from \$225,000,000 to \$269,000,000, hair work showed an increase of \$4,000,000, flavoring extracts \$3,000,000, and sporting goods advanced \$8,000,000.

Considering what might be termed the more useful of the luxuries, we find an increase of \$10,000,000 in pottery, \$1,500,000 in statuary and art goods, \$1,500,000 in artists' materials, \$4,000,000 in organs and \$1,000,000 in soda apparatus.

We regret we have no reliable statistics to cover the saxophone, which unquestionably has added to the general expenditures, though whether the saxophone can be classed as a luxury or an instrument of torture depends on the nerves and general mental attitude, regulated as a rule by whether one plays the instrument or is compelled to listen to the wails that pierce the native village air through the long practice hours of the night.

Anyhow, it is pleasing to note that once more the calamity howlers have little to fear for the prosperity of America.

Law of Cause and Effect Again

If anyone doubts the dominating position of the farmer in the intricate machinery of our civilization, one peep at the situation in Germany will prove instructive. It is called to public attention in the wild cry that Germany is suffering from a milk famine.

Investigation seems to show there is plenty of milk in Germany. The farmers, however, not trusting to the depreciated paper mark, have been feeding first grade milk and wheat to swine. They have sold less milk to the city people because raising cattle is more profitable. Naturally, it spells discontent but that is one of the inevitable results of aggression that led the world into its lamentable conflict.

Punchettes



YOUR CHRISTIAN DUTY

When the soul becomes thoroughly awakened, it cries out in deep anguish, "What shall I do to be saved?"

The great work of the Church is to awaken the sleeping souls of lost men. The life filled with the Holy Spirit should testify in season and out of season that Jesus Christ died to save men.

Every Christian should carry on his person a copy of the New Testament, and whenever and wherever the opportunity is offered he should give a copy of that Bible to some lost soul and should urge him to read it.

By personal evangelism. Each Christian should do a hand-picked piece of work. Let each Christian find his man, present Christ to him, pray with him and lead him to see Christ as his personal savior.

Personal evangelism is needed more today than in any period of the world's history. If each Christian could be made conscious of the fact that it is his responsibility to awaken some sleeping soul, the work would be speedily done. It would not take long to evangelize the world if each Christian would hand-pick his man each day.

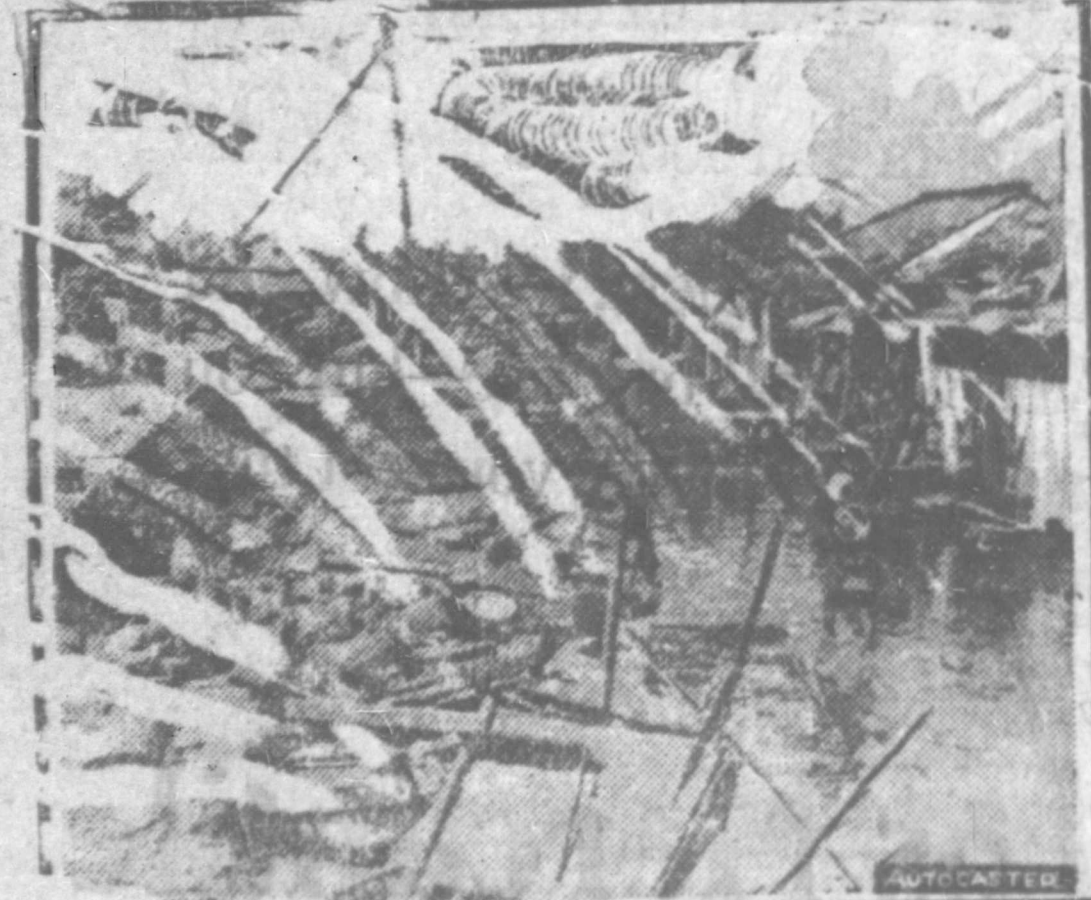
Suppose each Christian did the work of awakening some one each week. It would not take long to evangelize the world. Each Christian could bring four men to Christ each month—fifty-two each year. The whole world, if that method be reached, could by that method be evangelized in one year's time.

There are sixty-three million people in America who are lost and whose souls need to be awakened. They need to be shown the awfulness of sin, the horribleness of hell.

Church members are asleep, lazy, indolent, and because of their laziness they will be held responsible for people who are going to hell every day.

Oh, listen to the agony of the awakened soul, "What shall I do to be saved?" Hasten to his side, answer his question, and lead him to Christ.

Where President Wants Your Help



President Coolidge's prompt appeal to the American people to help relieve the distress in Japan, following the unprecedented earthquake there, Sept. 1-2, was the keynote for an outpouring of world sympathy and helpfulness. The U. S. Army and Navy in the Far East cooperated with the National Red Cross and in less than twelve hours were rushing all available supplies to the scenes of disaster. Other world powers also quickly started relief activities.

The President requests that all contributions be sent direct to the Chairman of the National Red Cross, at Washington, for transmission to Japan. It is recalled that Japan contributed \$160,000 to the people of San Francisco at the time of the earthquake and fire there.

Upper picture shows scene of terror and confusion in Tokio in 1921, following a quake not one-tenth as severe as that which resulted in the present disaster. Lower: The sea wall at Yokohama, which city with Tokio, was virtually destroyed.

"Miss Pensacola"



It took seven judges two hours to pick Miss Katherine Floyd as the most beautiful woman in West Florida. Then she was entered as "Miss Pensacola" in the National Beauty Show at Atlantic City, N. J.



THE WORLD'S BEST SALESMAN

The Home Town newspaper as we know it in North America is the world's greatest salesman.

Every day, everywhere, it is carrying the great message of commerce, bringing buyer and seller into profitable contact.

The sales it makes per year total in the billions.

Its customers are in every home, every office, every farm.

Its cost per sale is less than any other salesman, for not only is it the world's greatest salesman in **VOLUME** but also in **EFFICIENCY**.

The biggest problem in merchandising today is high selling costs. Newspaper advertising, sent on the job of looking for sales where buying habits offer profitable opportunities, is the surest means of keeping down this vexatious item.

Merchants of Pecos, we are offering you the services of the World's Greatest Salesman every week in the year.



The Pecos ENTERPRISE IS A GOOD PAPER

PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Tolbert Garrett have returned from a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Lee Garrett at Hot Spring.

Mrs. A. H. Bankes of Nowater, Oklahoma, is in Pecos visiting her father, Mr. Cowell.

Mrs. Lena Lee is in El Paso where she has employment. Her little daughter, Lena Mae, attends school there.

Mr. and Mrs. William Boles are the happy parents of a 7 1-2 pound daughter, christened Mary Lee, born to them Saturday, September 8.

There was born to Mr. and Mrs. Haze of Jal, N. M., a daughter, on Friday, September 7. They are at present at the Michigan and all concerned are doing well.

Mr. and Mrs. Hardin Ross were in from their New Mexico ranch Tuesday and report the range in fairly good condition owing to recent rains.

Miss Anna Boles left on the early morning train Monday for Fort Worth where she will enter upon her third year of work in the Texas Woman's College.

Mrs. Rufus Wright is in Barstow visiting a sister. Rufus is in Big Spring doing carpentering work. He will return and assist Mr. Bruce in building the school house at Pyote.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Middleton returned last week from their vacation. They were accompanied home from El Paso by Miss Louise Wadley and little Miss Helen Lee.

Mrs. J. W. Wadley was surprised last week of the birth of another grandson. Mr. and Mrs. James Galdi of Forgan, Oklahoma, became the parents of a son, born April 30, 1923, and christened Robert Wesley. It was kept as a surprise to Mrs. Wadley.

Joe F. Caroline left Tuesday for El Paso after a month's visit to his family in Pecos. Joe is assistant clerk of the U. S. court in San Antonio but his duties will call him to El Paso for probably a month before he goes to San Antonio.

Mr. and Mrs. V. B. Rogers of Plainview are the happy parents of twin daughters, born Friday, Sept. 7th. Their weight was eight and nine pounds and they are christened Dale Benton and Dave Drummond. Their grandmother, Mrs. W. H. Drummond, is with them, seeing that they get all that is coming to them and an even start in life.

T. T. Downes was over from Toyah Wednesday and paid the ENTERPRISE a pleasant visit, leaving two dollars for another year's subscription. Accompanying him from Toyah were Mrs. Felix Scholz, and daughter, Miss Beatrice, who had an engagement with Dr. C. J. Magee, for dental work, and Mrs. Tom White.

Fire Sept. 6. Loss paid Sept. 14 by W. W. DEAN AGENCY.

Mrs. J. W. Hudgens and son, James, accompanied Mrs. Poer and children on their trip to Lamesa last week. Mrs. Hudgens stopped in Big Spring and visited her daughter, Mrs. L. L. Bugg and family. James went on to Lamesa.

Mrs. J. W. Brown and children have moved into town so as to be near school. They are occupying one of Mr. John Prewit's residences. Mr. Brown will remain on the farm up the river and keep things going out there, except when he gets homesick for the wife and babies.

Miss Alice Leeman studied in summer school at S. M. U., Dallas, where she is building towards a degree in that splendid university. She is now in El Paso where she will teach again this year in the Effie Effington school. Miss Alice is a fine type of young womanhood.

Miss Alice Morrison will teach in the Van Horn school this year. Miss Myrtle Ruhlen will teach at Sierra Blanca and Miss Sybil Bowie at Spur. These young ladies are graduates of the Pecos high school and for the last two years have been studying in Texas colleges.

The Rev. J. L. Spears and family expect to leave Saturday for Phoenix, Arizona, where Mrs. Spears and baby son will visit with her parents during the winter. Mr. Spears will go on to Austin, where he will enter the theological department of the University. They are splendid people and have many friends in Pecos whose best wishes will follow them.

Mrs. S. S. Posey received the sad news Tuesday afternoon of the sudden death of her aged mother, Mrs. A. R. Johnson, at the home of a son in Austin. Mrs. Johnson was the widow of the late Major Adam R. Johnson of Confederate fame during the war of the sixties. Mrs. Posey is the wife of S. S. Posey, engineer now in charge of the Bankhead Highway work in Reeves county, who with his family recently moved to Pecos. They have been cordially received by our people. It will probably be interesting to our people to know that Mrs. Posey is a composer and writer of no mean ability. Her stories have been published in some of the leading periodicals of the day. The ENTERPRISE extends to Mrs. Posey and all the bereaved deepest sympathy in this, their sad hour.

ART WINNER NAMED IN HUNT FAIR EXHIBIT
Commerce, Sept. 7.—In the art exhibit at the Hunt County Fair, Miss Ida Joe Fuller won first place with two paintings, one in pastel and the other in oil.

Miss Fuller was reared here and moved recently with her parents to Greenville. She is the daughter of County Auditor and Mrs. C. D. Fuller.

FIRE—1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 (days) PAID. I want your business. W. W. DEAN, Agent.

EZELL ELECTRIC LAUNDRY
Let us call for your laundry. Quick service. Prices right. Phone 210.

Postmaster R. E. Johnson was fishing up the river this week.

J. B. Gamble, El Paso stockman, was registered at the Orient this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Dean Wolff spent last week at Fort Stockton and Alpine.

Mr. and Mrs. Hardin Ross were in from the ranch for a few days this week.

W. D. Connell, El Paso stockman, was a business visitor in Pecos this week.

The Misses Beck have returned to Pecos after an absence of several months.

Mrs. L. W. Anderson returned Sunday from a short visit with relatives in Dallas.

Harry Dixon of El Paso is here on a business trip and to see his Pecos friends.

J. F. Murchison, cattleman of the Odessa country, was registered at the Orient this week.

Mrs. J. B. Coffey and Mrs. H. E. Jones of Balmorhea, were shopping in town Thursday.

C. O. Finley, Valentine cattleman, was a business visitor in Pecos this week and registered at the Orient.

Henry Brewer and B. E. Horton, bank examiners, of El Paso, were registered at the Orient this week.

The families of Earl Ligon and H. F. Anthony have moved back to Pecos for the benefit of our schools.

Mrs. Jim Cooksey and children have moved into their home in town from the ranch for the school year.

M. A. Grisham of Toyah and one of Reeves county's prominent stockmen, was a business visitor in Pecos this week.

R. H. Elkins, of the Cattle Loan Company of El Paso, was a Pecos visitor the forepart of the week, registering at the Orient.

Sal Mayer came in from Denver, Colorado, on Wednesday of this week and went out to his ranch at Saragosa.

W. D. Reynolds and party of Fort Worth were in Pecos this week on their way from the X ranch to their homes.

Mendell & Stevenson this week shipped thirty-six cars of cattle to Miami, Texas, consigned to the Cattle Loan Company.

W. D. Johnson, capitalist of Kansas City, and heavily interested in this part of the country, was a Pecos visitor the forepart of the week.

Mrs. C. W. Giffin and son, Willis, of Sabinal, was here this week visiting Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Johnson. They left for their home yesterday morning.

Clarence Magee of San Antonio arrived last week for a visit with his brother, Dr. C. J. Magee. Mr. Magee is choir director of the First Baptist church in his home town.

Mr. and Mrs. Finley Holmes and family passed through Pecos Thursday enroute to their home in Abilene after a visit to their old home and friends in Toyah.

W. A. Brand was in Pecos this week and took away with him about nineteen Mexicans from the cotton farms on the river for deportation, who were in this country in violation of the immigration laws.

Mrs. Julius Eisenwine is at home again after an operation at El Paso and is doing splendidly. Her mother, Mrs. W. J. Wilkerson, of Menard, who has been visiting her daughter, will leave for her home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. O. Harris of Toyah have returned from a visit to their old homes and parents in Michigan. They have been away for a month or so and report a very delightful visit.

C. M. Wilson of Marfa came in Thursday for a few days' visit with Pecos friends. A little slack in ranch work enables him to spend this time here. Mr. Wilson was a resident of Pecos for years and while here was Santa Fe station agent and numbers his friends by his acquaintances.

FOR SALE OR TRADE
Five room house, nearly new, and 7 acres irrigated land on main line canal, and 50 stands bees, 2 1/2 miles north of Barstow. Have made over \$2000 off this property in one year.—J. W. PHILLIPS, Barstow, Texas. 4-2*

BIRTHDAY PARTY
Davis Holdman, little son of Mrs. J. H. Holdman, celebrated his 8th birthday by giving a party to his many little friends. After having a delightful time playing games, delicious refreshments were served which consisted of vanilla and chocolate ice cream and cake. Those who enjoyed the occasion were: Orland Nell, Lorene Bowie, Golie Patrick, Jr., George Glear, Ila and Cecil O'Neal, Stella and Kenneth Richards, Thelma, Jamie and Faye Dearing, John Howard, Jr., Evelyn Leeman, Ollin Green, Jr., Ray, Lois and Janet Roberts, Lois Holderman, Jim Wheat, Jr., Bennie Davis, Basil Hicks, Irene, Rilla and Mae Davis.

Pecos Hotel loss paid eight days after fire by W. W. DEAN AGENCY.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE (Tablets). It cures the Cough and Headache and works off the Cold. E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 30c.

EVERY man, woman and child that has one cent of non-interest bearing and unsecured deposit in this bank has same guaranteed by the Guaranty Fund System of Texas—which system has a membership of over Nine Hundred banks with approximately \$65,000,000.00 Capital and total resources of approximately \$225,000,000.00. This system has been in operation in Texas twelve years, under which plan no non-interest bearing or unsecured depositor has ever lost a single dollar. This system has passed through one of the hardest depressions, following the World War, the country has ever known, and STOOD THE TEST and MET ITS OBLIGATIONS by paying 100 cents on the dollar.

Therefore, this bank offers you absolute safety without a doubt or a moment's worry.

Pecos Valley State Bank
STATE GUARANTEE FUND BANK
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE BANK

THE ENTERPRISE CLASSIFIED ADS GET RESULTS.



You Can't Miss a Stetson

The New Fall STETSONS THEY ARE HERE!

We have them for the cowmen, for the young men, and every other man that wants a good hat.

Come in and look at these hats!

You'll admire them, we know, and maybe you will buy one—but you won't have to unless you feel that way.

Pecos Mercantile Company

Whoa, Buster!

Thoughtful mothers who know the full importance of diet and physical regulation are always rewarded with joyously healthy children.

Simple rules of health are best if consistently observed. The highly trained and experienced pharmacist does not prescribe nor recommend regulatory compounds which ultimately might retard children's health and development.

Mothers of Pecos have learned to rely on THE CITY PHARMACY. Let us serve you.

CITY PHARMACY