

The Pecos Enterprise

The Paper With a Pulling Advertising Service.

AND PECOS TIMES

All the Authentic OIL NEWS of the Trans-Pecos Oil Field.

VOLUME XLVII. NUMBER 31.

PECOS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MARCH 14, 1914.

\$2.00 PER YEAR, \$1.25 FOR SIX MONTHS

PARENT-TEACHERS HOLD MEETING

The March meeting of the Parent-Teacher Association was held in the auditorium of the high school Friday afternoon with a splendid attendance. An interesting program was given by the primary department.

"Welcome Cake" sang as a chorus by the first grade with Mrs. C. B. Jordan at the piano elicited much applause. "The Plant" and "Spring-time Is Coming" given by the second grade was equally appreciated. The third grade gave a reading which was highly enjoyed. The piano solo by little Miss Florence Johnson, the lovely little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Johnson, was an extra feature on the program and added much to the entertainment of the audience.

In the count of parents and teachers present the one-fourth holiday was won by the second grade, it having twenty-two representatives present. The other grades were well represented.

The Association extended in a rising vote of thanks Mrs. Lillian Butler and her splendidly trained Glee Club for the beautiful operetta recently given as a Parent-Teacher Association benefit, and thanks were also extended to the decorating committee for their splendid work in getting ready and placing the decorations for the play, which was artistically arranged in a very pleasing effect. A business session was held and adjournment.

LITTLE LOIS KOCH SEVERELY BURNED

Little five-year-old Lois Koch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Koch of 5430 Vickery Boulevard, Dallas, was badly burned on Friday afternoon of last week, and is in a very critical condition at Baylor hospital. The little girl was playing in the yard where a negro was boiling clothes and in an attempt to push the clothes down in the kettle with a stick her clothing caught fire. The negro was also badly burned in an attempt to extinguish the burning clothing.

The little girl is the granddaughter of Mrs. John L. Grogan of Pecos, who was called to Dallas Sunday to be with her daughter and grandchild, and writes to another daughter here, Mrs. Thelma Grogan Wolfe, that there is hopes for her recovery, and that she is receiving every care possible. The Dallas News carries a picture of the little girl along with an account of the accident.

CEMETERY ASSOCIATION ELECTS OFFICERS

The Pecos Cemetery Association met Tuesday afternoon at the Baptist church and elected the following officers: Mrs. Wylie Cole, president; Mrs. Sam Prewit, vice president; Mrs. Tom McClure, recording secretary; Mrs. B. H. Palmer, corresponding secretary; J. C. Murray, treasurer. No other business was transacted.

This organization is an important one to the town and should receive more encouragement. The city of our dead should have more attention than it has received in the past and the only way to do this is for our citizens to get busy and do it. Let's get busy.

F. D. WILCOX DIES

A. E. Wilcox was called to his old home at Stockton, Kansas, last week on account of the serious illness of his father, F. D. Wilcox, who passed away on Saturday morning at 11:45, March 8, 1914, in his 85th year. Mr. Wilcox had attained to more than three score and ten years and had lived an honorable and upright life, and coupled with that, the life of a Christian gentleman. He was a member of the Methodist church.

The body was carried to Beloit, Kansas, the old home of the deceased, and laid to rest Tuesday morning beside the loved one who had preceded him. He is survived by his wife, two sons and three daughters, all of whom were present when the end came. To the bereaved the ENTERPRISE joins the many friends of the Wilcox family in Pecos in deepest sympathy.

COMMISSIONERS' COURT WILL MEET MONDAY

The Commissioners' Court, which was to have met this week was postponed until next Monday, due to the illness of County Clerk S. C. Vaughan. It will convene in regular session at that time.

UNDEFEATED PECOS RED STREAKS TO PASS CITY

The "Red Streaks," Pecos' undefeated basketball team which recently defeated the El Paso High team on the local court will play another game with the El Paso team today on the grounds of the latter.

The team with many others of our citizens who will boost for Pecos left yesterday via automobile for El Paso. The girls composing the Red Streaks are as follows: Misses Stella Kiser, Anna Mae Prewit, Josephine Prewit, Edna Boles, Olene Rhodes, Santa Brocat, Mary and Emma Mount.

They were accompanied and chaperoned by the following, who will also strengthen the Pecos team with their presence: Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Norman, Miss Corley, E. B. Kiser, Russell Youngblood and the Misses Delma Alexander, Velma Gentry, Estelle Hicks, Louise Wadley and Winnie Duncan.

CONTROL OF BOLL WEEVIL IS URGED

New Orleans, La., March 14.—Farmers of the cotton belt are about to commit another folly by planting "an acreage that will further depress present prices by encouraging the mills to wait for a larger and cheaper supply of cotton," according to Clarence Ousley, former assistant secretary of agriculture and now director of the National Boll Weevil Control Association.

"I have been a student of this problem for thirty years," said Mr. Ousley, "and it seems that we are painfully slow in coming to an understanding of the very simple economic laws that govern the cotton industry. We now face a situation which will bring prosperity or adversity accordingly as we are wise or unwise."

"I believe the world will pay a good price for a big cotton crop, but the best way to produce a profitable crop is by more cotton to the acre, not more acres to cotton," the director continued. "There is no profit even in thirty-cent cotton on the average yield per acre of last year. There will be profit even in twenty-cent cotton on the acre yield that is easily possible by good seed, proper planting, close cultivation and weevil control."

Mr. Ousley compared the kind of farming that depends on "weather luck" and the old out of date methods with gambling and declared such procedure is not business.

"If we plant a big acreage and trust to weather luck," he said, "we stand one chance in twenty to make a profit. That is not business—it is gambling."

"Cotton growing by the old 'nigger and mule' method is a thing of the past. Soil depletion, labor shortage and boll weevils make it utterly impossible. On the other hand, the approved methods of seed selection, fertilization, cultivation and weevil control, intelligently and industrially applied, afford a rare opportunity for us to supply the world's eager demand at a price that will be high enough to leave a profit to the producer and low enough to stimulate the stagnant dry goods trade."

"I would no sooner think of planting cotton without preparing to fight the boll weevil than I would think of storing cotton without insurance. The few regions that escaped weevil injury last year are no more certain to escape this year than the house that didn't burn last year will not burn this year, or the man that didn't catch cold last month will not catch cold this month."

"A lazy man could make cotton and get by after a fashion under the old conditions, for cotton always has been the lazy man's preferred crop. It takes much less than half the actual working time of the year to raise, pick and market cotton. But the lazy man can't make cotton now, and the industrious man has only about one chance in twenty, the precisely favorable weather chance, to succeed without weather control."

"The South will prosper and the nation will maintain its supremacy in the cotton world if we can fix in the minds of every cotton growing community the simple thought that the weevil can be controlled—the weevil must be controlled."

L. B. Westerman was a business visitor in Pecos with several other citizens of Balmorhea Monday.

DESPITE TROUBLES BELL WELL STILL PROGRESSES

After drilling to 4506 feet the Bell well had a series of troubles that would have long ago caused less determined people than the Dixieland Syndicate people to give up and quit. First the immense gas at the bottom of the well rendered it impossible for Mr. Berry, who first undertook to bring the well in, to plug the hole so that the tubing gotten for that purpose could be cemented off. When he found that the gas could not be shut off with a plug Mr. Berry then tried to use a wall packer intending to set it at about 4484 feet but the packer got stuck at 3800 feet, and though it caused the gas to flow, the water and oil flowed in such a way as to insure a big well if the packer could be properly placed.

Mr. Wesner who then took charge of the work on the well pulled out the tubing and wall packer and proceeded to remove the plug that had been put in the bottom of the well in an effort to cement the tubing. A tube filled with stone that had been side-tracked in the well came down on the tools, and caused a fishing job that lasted for weeks and was made more difficult when a new cable proved defective. Finally the plug was drilled out and the tubing was set at the bottom of the well. The wall packer held for three days and a big well was about to come in, as gas and oil in large quantities came up the tubing and the well almost gushed, when the wall packer gave way and the water sought to be shut off with it came in. An attempt was then made to swab the well and but for the fact that the tubing was so rough that it wore a swab out almost every time a single swab was made, the well might have come in. It was found necessary to take out the old rough tubing and put in new tubing made smooth for swabbing. The new tubing was gotten and Mr. Wesner and his crew began to remove the old tubing from the well. The tubing parted and only about 3200 feet has been gotten out. The balance of the old tubing is giving but has been giving much trouble for the past three weeks.

When the well was drilled a large salt body was found below 3500 feet. The water in the well has dissolved this salt and it is now found that there is a large cave into which a part of the old tubing has been piled. Before the tubing in the lower part of the well can be removed this piled-up tubing must be pushed aside. This has been pushed aside for a time but continues to come back and make trouble. There is a chance that in the next day or so the difficulty may be passed and the tubing from the bottom of the well may be fished out. If this can be done the well should be completed in a few days. If it cannot it may be necessary to plug the hole up from the bottom to about 2750 feet, then shoot the formations between 2368 and 2731 feet, formations that the management feel sure will make a good well but not so big as was expected between 4000 feet and 4506 feet in the big Delaware sand.

The management are using every effort to get the big well at the bottom and we hope that the next few days will bring them victory and a big well at the bottom of the big test.

Another attempt to pull tools at Toyah Bell to be made today. Work has been progressing nicely at the Toyah Bell well and it is announced that another attempt will be made today to pull the tools. These tools, which have been the cause of all the trouble at this lease, were straightened out in the hole yesterday, and an attempt is being made today to pull them.

Mr. Gallagher, driller in charge at the well, states that he anticipates little trouble in pulling the tools, barring unforeseen accidents or unlooked-for conditions.

It may be that next week the ENTERPRISE can cheerfully give the news that the supposedly junked hole is cleaned out.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Bowles and little son were in from the ranch the early part of the week visiting with friends and purchasing supplies. Evy stated to the ENTERPRISE that his cattle are doing very badly at this time—that they are staying on the hill-sides eating the short weeds and getting weaker every day and that he is now having to feed some of them and at that losing some few cattle.

OPERETTA TO BE GIVEN AT TOYAH

The operetta, "The Twin Sister," recently produced by Mrs. Butler's High School Glee Club at the Rialto Theater and which elicited much favorable comment, will be put on at the high school building at Toyah next Friday evening under the auspices of the Mothers' Club of that city. The proceeds will be divided between the Parent-Teacher Association of Pecos and the Mothers' Club of Toyah.

This has been pronounced one of the very best operettas yet put on at Pecos and all those who love real music are high in their praise of the performance and the performers. Many Toyahans witnessed the play here and every one of those who did will also see it again when put on at that place. The Glee Club is a Pecos product, trained by the efficient tutorage of Mrs. Butler and elicits applause and commendation wherever they sing and those who miss this will certainly miss a treat which will not come again soon. It is well worth your time and money and at the same time you will be helping a good cause.

It is predicted that the auditorium will be filled but Pecos should do her full part toward making this entertainment a howling success from a financial standpoint. Toyah never fails to show her appreciation of the good things that come her way and will not on this occasion. The prices will be thirty-five cents for adults and twenty cents for children—within the reach of the poorest and well worth the time and cost to the richest—so let us make it unanimous and all attend.

BRIG. GEN. BROWN TO COMMAND C. M. T. C.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas, March 14.—The Commanding General announced that Brig. Gen. Preston Brown will command the Citizen's Military Training Camp to be held at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, August 1st to 31st.

This camp will train 1200 students in all the branches of the service.

Applications will be received from all young men of good character between the ages of 17 and 24 and should be sent to the C. M. T. C. Officer, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, who will furnish all desired information.

The Fort Sam Houston Camp will be one of the largest to be held in the country and the trainings will be complete in every respect. The 9th and 23rd regiments of Infantry, forming the Third Infantry Brigade of which General Brown is in command, will be detailed to the camp and students will have the opportunity of training with the units of this brigade, a part of the famous Second Division.

The Government will pay all transportation and other necessary expenses of students.

Athletics and sports will feature the camp to be held at Fort Sam Houston.

The Commanding General stated that he was glad to note the lively interest being shown in the Fort Sam Houston Camp and believed it to be due in a large measure to the effective organization work of Major Ralph Durkee, O. R. C. of San Antonio, who is Civilian Aide to the Secretary of War.

BELL-FURR

A wedding of unusual importance took place in Toyah on Thursday, March 6th, when F. H. Bell and Miss Lorena Furr were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Furr. Rev. W. G. Jones, pastor of the Methodist church and the bride's pastor, performed the ceremony.

Miss Lorena was reared in Toyah and Pecos, only a few months ago returning to that city when her father purchased the F. A. Bessire stock of goods and moved there. She attended the high school of Pecos and was one of the popular young ladies of our town. The groom is in the employ of the T. & P. at Toyah where he has many friends.

They left immediately after the ceremony on their bridal tour and visited in Dallas and other central Texas points.

The ENTERPRISE joins in with a host of friends of this happy couple in wishing them bon voyage on their matrimonial voyage.

TOVASCO FERTILIZER DEMAND IS GROWING

The Toyah Valley Sulphur Company which has its mines out a short distance from Orla in Culberson county has received very little mention in these columns for some time for the reason that the editor had no information as to what they were doing. This is a live institution and is doing much work and is one of the greatest assets this section of the country has and will continue so for years to come.

A communication from M. J. Epley of New Orleans, president of the company, under date of March 5th, has the following to say with reference to what they are now doing at the mines:

"We are considerably behind with orders being filled at our plant on account of the cold, bad weather you have been dishing out lately, and sincerely hope you will order a change. Our plant expects to ship three forty-ton cars of Tovasco to the Pacific Coast this week, and have repeat orders for immediate shipment for several cars into Southern Texas."

Mr. Cole Salling, who has been with the company for several years, and who now has offices at Oakland, California, came in the fore part of the week and states to the ENTERPRISE that the plant is unable to fill the orders he is taking for this fertilizer in his section. He states that the demand for it is growing as the tests are made and it is proven superior to anything else on the market. He came down to see if he could not hurry up the output at the mines to enable him to meet his orders.

HISTORY OF GEOLOGICAL SURVEY IN PANHANDLE

Austin, Texas, March 14.—The geology of Potter county is one of the recent publications of the Bureau of Economic Geology, having been written by LeRoy T. Patton, associate geologist in the Bureau. No publication dealing exclusively with Potter county had been issued up to the time the bulletin was printed. It is stated, although several papers dealing with larger areas, of which the county is a part, have been written.

"The earliest geologic work in the Texas Panhandle was done by George C. Shumard, geologist of the Marcy exploring expedition in 1852," says Dr. Patton. "During the progress of the expedition Shumard studied the Palo Duro Canyon from the eastern escarpment of the Llano Estacado to the head of the canyon."

"In 1853-54 Lieutenant A. W. Whipple, of the Corps of Topographical Engineers of the United States Army, was in charge of an exploring expedition which followed a route from Fort Smith, Ark., westward, near the 35th parallel, to the Pacific coast. The object of this and other similar expeditions was to discover the most practicable route for a railroad to the Pacific Coast. One of the members of this expedition was Jules Marcou, who was the official geologist of the party. The report of this expedition was published by the War Department in 1856."

"After this early investigation no other work was done until 1890, when W. F. Cummins, as geologist of the Geological Survey of Texas, made an investigation of the Llano Estacado and spent a very brief time in Potter county. During the years 1899-1901, the American Museum of Natural History sent three successive expeditions into the Panhandle under the leadership of J. W. Gidley. In 1905, C. N. Gould, assisted by T. B. Matthews and E. F. Schramm, made a study of the geology and water resources of the western portion of the Panhandle of Texas, covering 9,360 miles. Gould deserves credit for discovering the first gas well in that section."

"Later, J. A. Udden, director of the Bureau of Economic Geology, gave an account of the occurrence of a red potash bearing mineral, which he found in salt from the beds penetrated in a deep boring at Beden. He described many samples of cuttings from the boring. Before this, potash in the Texas Permian was known only from solutions in brines."

Mrs. Max Krauskopf returned the latter part of last week from a trip to Dallas where she was called on account of the illness of a sister. Returning she visited relatives in Cisco.

PECOS RIVER RAILROAD STOCKHOLDERS MEET

A meeting of the stockholders and directors of the Pecos River Railroad Co. was held in Pecos on Wednesday, March the fifth, with F. A. Lehman chairman; J. N. Freeman, acting secretary; Avery Turner and Ray Wheatley and T. H. Beauchamp present.

The following directors were elected for the ensuing year:

W. B. Storey, F. A. Lehman, Avery Turner, Ray Wheatley, S. H. Magden, T. H. Beauchamp and J. N. Freeman. The directors in turn elected the following officers:

W. B. Storey, president. F. A. Lehman, vice president. T. H. Beauchamp, vice president, secretary and treasurer.

J. N. Freeman, assistant secretary and assistant treasurer.

S. T. Bledsoe, general counsel.

The meeting passed resolutions of praise for the splendid work performed by the late J. G. Love, for the company, and expressed its condolence to the bereaved with the entire resolutions spread upon the minutes of the association and a copy to the widow of the deceased.

It would be hard to get together a finer set of men than this gathering and the road is assured of a well directed and managed affair which will be run to the best interests of the company and the people along its route.

BARSTOW FACULTY PLAY COMES TO PECOS

The Barstow Faculty play, "A Poor Married Man," recently put on in Barstow and which not only elicited much complimentary remarks and drew a sixty-dollar house, will be put on in Pecos in a short while under the auspices of the Parent-Teacher Associations of Pecos and Barstow. This is said to be a high class entertainment which has received many compliments and will also be put on at the request of citizens in the different towns around here—Monahans, Pyote and other places.

When they come to Pecos we will all want to see the play and thereby get our money's worth of high class entertainment but at the same time more closely cement the friendship between the two neighbor towns.

Watch for dates and prices which will be given as soon as these are definitely arranged.

"PAINLESS EXTRACTION"

There's a good story out on Vic, that genial and jolly proprietor of the Mint Cafe. Vic is an easy-going sort of fellow, always looking on the bright side of things, and always seeing the good in a man. It seems as if a clean-cut, well dressed, nice-appearing young man dropped in his cafe the other day and ate a substantial dinner. He spoke pleasantly to Vic every time he passed, and all in all created a very favorable impression. After his hearty meal, he walked up to the cashier's desk and said: "Have you seen any of the boys?"

"What boys?" Vic replied. "Then and there this stranger unfolded a tale of his being an employee of the Postal Telegraph, which company was planning on stringing a line through Pecos. He stated that about twenty-four men were to make Pecos their headquarters, twelve working out each way."

After Vic was hypnotized by this story, the affable stranger casually asked him to make out a meal ticket. Vic obligingly did so, and the stranger then said the manager of the party would be in that afternoon and pay for the ticket, leaving the impression that the manager was paying all expenses.

To make a long story short, the stranger courteously thanked Vic and left. Nor has he returned. Neither has the "manager" dropped in to settle the little bill. And the "boys" are still strangely absent.

Vic states that "It was the smoothest and most gentle manner of extracting a free meal he ever saw," and he has been in the restaurant business a good many years.

CITY COUNCIL MEETING HELD OPEN UNTIL LATER

The meeting of the City Council, which was held Tuesday night, was held open until a later date, all business to be carried over. Three present last Tuesday were Mayor B. A. Toliver, R. E. Williams, S. M. Prewit and A. C. Taggart.

Gained Ten Pounds

Mrs. George S. Hunter, of Columbus, Ga., says she suffered severely with female troubles.

"I had to go to bed and stay sometimes two weeks at a time," says Mrs. Hunter. "I could not work. My periods were irregular and I got very thin. I went from 126 pounds down to less than 100. My mother had been a user of

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

and she knew what a good medicine it was for this trouble, so she told me to get some and take it. I sent to the store after it and before I had taken the first bottle up I began to improve. My side hurt less and I began to mend in health. I took four bottles in all during the last ten months. Cardui acted as a fine tonic. I am well now. I have gained ten pounds and am still gaining. My sides do not trouble me at all and my periods are quite regular. I know that Cardui will help others suffering from the same trouble.

Take Cardui.

E-101

This Week



By Arthur Brisbane

ABOUT 1,000 CANDIDATES. "VENGEANCE IS MINE." COPPER NEEDS SALESMEN. FORD, NOT INTERESTING. IF DAUGHERTY TALKED.

How many sturdy Americans willing to serve their country are now planning to be President, do you suppose? There was a general feeling that McAdoo had the Democratic nomination unless Al Smith could get it away from him. It seemed certain that Mr. Coolidge had the Republican nomination by an overwhelming majority on the first ballot.

But a little oil makes a great difference in the political situation, and now anybody has a right to hope.

Many an ambitious American is spending his dollars now, handling them to "political experts" in return for Presidential promises.

There are probably at the least one thousand "serious" candidates at this moment.

Friendly warning to big men inclined to injure business and scare little stockholders in revenge for the Senate oil investigation.

Don't do it. It won't pay you in the long run, and, besides, it is written, "Dearly beloved, avenge not yourselves. . . . vengeance is Mine, I will repay, saith the Lord."

Public officials have had a warning, learned a lesson. Some will get more than a lesson. Valuable truths have come out; others are coming.

On the whole it's a small thing, which really doesn't amount to much more than catching little Willie telling a fib. No reason for breaking up the family. Send Willie to bed and let business go on.

Another copper concern, the Inspiration Copper Company, followed the example of the big Anaconda, and skipped its dividend. That means bad salesmanship and not enough advertising. If the copper men would explain, through advertising in plain language, what copper means and what it saves in building, no company able to produce copper at 20 cents a pound, need lack business.

The House at last will take up Henry Ford's Muscle Shoals offer. It seems hard to get anything moving when no gentleman "on the inside" is to get any money in a satchel or any "loan" from a friend.

Ford offers millions to the Government, cheap fertilizer to the farmer and, most important, demonstration of the use that can be made of water power. But that isn't enough to interest gentlemen accustomed to "private talks," "private codes" and "private financial arrangements."

Mr. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, says the national debt has been reduced \$933,000,000 in the last year, and four thousand eight hundred millions in four and a half years. Your glorious country now owes \$21,781,966,852. It takes a big and prosperous country to owe as much as that. And while we ought to pay off rapidly, we could owe five times that amount, and more, too, and not be bankrupt.

Men and women with more self-confidence than intelligence intend to produce in New York a play, "All God's Chillun Got Wings."

In this play a white woman falls in love with a negro, marries him, and, kneeling before him, kisses the negro's hand. A full-blooded negro of unusual intelligence will play one part, a white woman will play the other.

There is perhaps no law that can stop this foolishness, but common intelligence and decency should stop it, if only for the sake of the negro race.

The dullest mind connected with that theater must know that to show a white woman falling on her knees and kissing a negro's hand is a bad thing for the colored people, of whom there are tens of thousands in New York—to say nothing of millions elsewhere.

Attorney General Daugherty declares that "if some Senators do not resign he, Daugherty, will cause some splash."

Mr. Daugherty knows the difference between a "splash" and a little ripple. The public will watch for

the splash with interest. The Attorney General could reveal more about the real character of certain officials than half a dozen oil investigations. He knows what senators and others are trying to do, whom they are trying to shield, and whom they seek to prosecute.

Publication of Mr. Daugherty's private information would cause a "splash" indeed.

There is even worse news about whales than about bees. Whales are not coming up from the South Pole as they used to come, offering oil from blubber, whalebone from their mouths, and proof of evolution, in their two little hip bones concealed in their fat carcasses—although they no longer use the legs to which these hip bones were once attached.

The whalebone doesn't matter, for ladies now go loose around the waist, as a rule. But the whaling industry is in bad shape.

BRYANT JASPER STRICKLAND

In the write-up last week of the late B. J. Strickland the ENTERPRISE could not at the time the article was prepared get the data on his life which it would liked to have had. The Gorman Progress, Mr. Strickland's home paper, gives a more full account, which follows:

Bryant Jasper Strickland, one of the veterans of the lost cause of the Confederacy, died at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hicks in Gorman on last Friday at the age of 79 years and four days. He was born on Feb. 25th, 1845, in Lawrence county, Tennessee. His father having died when he was about five years of age and his mother when he was near twelve he then made his home with the family of L. D. Stowe and was raised by Mr. and Mrs. Stowe until he was fifteen years and eight months old. When the Civil War broke out in 1861 he enlisted in behalf of the cause of the Confederacy. At the age of sixteen years he was a member of Captain Cooper's company, Third Tennessee Infantry, serving four years. He was taken prisoner three times, was at the fall of Fort Donaldson, in Tennessee and remained a prisoner seven months at the Camp Douglas prison at Chicago, Ill. Was exchanged at Vicksburg, Mississippi, and was afterwards twice captured by the Federal army. He escaped each time and was with Lee when he surrendered. He received his parole in May, 1865, and returned to his old home in Tennessee, where he met Miss Polly A. Emlar. They were united in marriage on December 2nd, 1867. He then moved and settled at Russellville, Ark., where for sixteen years he was successfully engaged in business. After this he moved in Oklahoma, from there moving into Texas, where he received his death summons. He has now gone to meet his loved wife in that better world, his life and efforts make us believe he will reach.

For years he was a faithful and consistent member of the Methodist church and a very close Bible student. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. J. F. Isbell at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hicks on last Saturday and the body was shipped to Pecos, Texas, for interment. Mr. and Mrs. Hicks and his two nephews, W. D. Strickland of Stephenville, and J. B. Strickland of Clarksville, accompanied the remains to their final resting place. The family has the sympathy of all in this hour of bereavement.

EVERYBODY PAYS TAXES. It is easy to see the direct taxes. But the indirect way in which high taxes are the cause of high cost of living are so roundabout that it is not always clear that in the long run the people who are consumers must pay all the taxes.

Heavy taxes on financial institutions and property and income, and receipts mean high interest rates for loans, expensive mortgages, and higher cost for houses built or rented.

Every time we pay one dollar to a railroad we pay five cents for tax. It is more than that on public utility services.

No matter who pays the taxes to the tax collector, we all pay our share indirectly, whether we own property or pay income taxes or not.

HOME NURSING COURSE CONDUCTED AT TEXAS U. In order to prepare women students of the University of Texas for intelligent care of the sick in the home and to instruct them in the care of babies and young children, a course in first aid and home nursing will be conducted during the spring term by Miss L. Jane Duffy, head of the department of public health nursing. Nine students have already enrolled, and it is expected that many more girls will sign up for the course, which is open to all women of sophomore standing. Laboratory equipment for the course includes hospital beds and linen, bandages, medicines, thermometers, and other apparatus for demonstration.

Ford RUNABOUT



'265

Starter and Demountable Rims \$35 extra

Order Your Ford Runabout Now!

Each spring the demand for Ford Runabouts is far in excess of the immediate supply.

Fast in traffic, easy to park and fitted with ample luggage space, the Ford Runabout is especially adapted for the work of salesmen and others who must conserve time and energy in making their daily calls.

If you do not wish to pay cash for your car, you can arrange for a small payment down and easy terms on the balance. Or you can buy on the Ford Weekly Purchase Plan.

Ford Motor Company
Detroit, Michigan

See the Nearest Authorized Ford Dealer

Ford CARS · TRUCKS · TRACTORS

F-57C

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

B. H. PALMER
Successor to Habbs & Palmer
TAILOR AND CLEANER
Parcel Post Business Given Prompt Attention
PECOS, TEXAS

T. F. SLACK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING
PECOS, TEXAS

J. A. DRANE
ATTORNEY AT LAW
OFFICE OVER PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK
PECOS, TEXAS

ROY I. BIGGS
LAWYER
Office in Syndicate Building
PECOS, TEXAS

J. G. MURRAY
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER
PECOS MERCANTILE COMPANY
Phones: Day 18; Night 78

MAJ. THOS. H. BOMAR
AT HOME
Corner of Sixth and Maple Streets

JOHN HIBDON
PRINTER AND STATIONER
ENTERPRISE OFFICE
PECOS, TEXAS

HENRY RUSSELL
LAWYER
Office Over First National Bank
PECOS, TEXAS

Procrastination is the thief of time. We protect your family and loved ones day and night with the best insurance. Our Motto: If you lose, we pay.
Phone 159
E. L. Collings Insurance Company
Pecos, Texas

STOP THAT ITCHING

Use Blue Star Remedy for Eczema, Itch, Tetter or Cracked Hands, Ring Worms, Chapped Face, Poison Oak, Sunburns, Old Sores or Sores on Children. It relieves all forms of Sore Feet. For sale by

PECOS DRUG COMPANY

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in the ears. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, M. D.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF OUR RAILWAY NET IN TEXAS

(By WALTER SPLAWN, Railroad Commissioner of Texas)



WALTER SPLAWN

(Continued from last week.)

Let us inquire how this vast performance was accomplished in a new country and so sparsely settled as was Texas from 1870 till 1890. The sources of aid were much the same as before the Civil War, but differing in some respects. Individual gifts continued to be negligible, as compared with the sum total, and were important in defraying preliminary expenses. Stock subscriptions were perhaps less important than before the Civil War, because of the difficulty of paying for the stock. There was no longer slave labor which could be exchanged for such stock. City and County bonds were a fairly important source of revenue. The following were some of the issues for the benefit of railroad construction:

April 30, 1873, Tyler voted \$50,000 of bonds for the benefit of the Houston and Great Northern.

February 12, 1874, Dallas voted \$100,000 of bonds for the benefit of the Texas and Pacific.

April 24, 1874, Dallas voted \$100,000 of bonds for the benefit of the Texas and Pacific.

June 6, 1876, Waxahachie voted \$64,000 of bonds for the benefit of the Houston and Texas Central.

In 1872, Smith county voted \$200,000 of bonds for the benefit of the Houston and Great Northern.

In 1875, Galveston county voted \$500,000 of bonds for the benefit of the Santa Fe.

It is doubtful if as much as \$1,500,000 was secured in this way before a Legislature passed a law forbidding use of municipal credit for the benefit of railway construction.

YOUNG LADY! YOUNG MAN!

How Will You Use Your Money and Time

It is just as important to be able to take care of your money after you get it as it is to be able to get it. We had a great time while it lasted. We made more money in 1919 and 1920 than ever before in our lives. We spent it with the recklessness that always follows "easy money." We bought things we didn't need, generally getting into debt for them, and paid prices entirely beyond reason. We loaded ourselves up with things we couldn't use, and debts that we couldn't pay. During 1922, we struggled to get out of our bad situation. We fought hard, and the fight is over and better times are here. Every great authority on business says that we are getting back to normal.

Capital in this country is seeking investment, and when money is at work, prosperity follows, because money at work means industrial activity, and industrial activity means large buying power on the part of the working people. Beyond question, prosperity is with us, and wise people, both young and old, will get ready for it. New oil fields are being developed everywhere right in our midst. Building is going on everywhere. Charters are being issued for large corporations. The tomato, berry, fruit and many other valuable crops will be money in a short time. The cotton market is better than it has been for several years. Every young man and woman ought to know that the big opportunities in prosperous times go to those who are best trained to serve them. Business training makes the difference between small earning power and large earning power.

We are entering a period in which a thorough business education is more necessary than ever. You must have some special ability you can offer that will enable you to put it over. You must also get your training as soon as possible and in a thorough and practical manner.

The Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Texas, the largest and most progressive commercial school in the country, located in the most healthful part of the state, being the highest point between the Red river and the Gulf, is ready at all times to give you a thorough business education. You can't afford not to investigate our courses of General Secretarial, General Business, General Banking, General Railroad, Bookkeeping, Business Finance, Shorthand, Cotton, Telegraphy, Radio and Civil Service. The only school in the South giving seven complete business courses with 30 competent instructors. Fill in and mail coupon for large free catalogue. TYLER COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
Tyler, Texas.

Name _____
Address _____
Name of Paper _____
See editor for scholarship.

Advertise and watch Pecos boom.



Wearisome coughing

need not be endured long. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar Honey will stop it quickly by clearing away the heavy phlegm and reducing inflammation in your chest and throat. It combines just such modern medicines as your doctor prescribes—with the soothing pine-tar honey that generations have relied upon to break up coughs. Keep Dr. Bell's on hand for all the family.

All druggists. Be sure to get the genuine.

DR. BELL'S Pine-Tar H

Increase Baby's Strength

Everybody loves a baby everybody wants a baby as dandy as that. There are many young children to whom

SCOTT'S EMULSION

given in small portions at intervals during each day, would be an important factor in overcoming malnutrition and starting them well on the road to robustness. Every drop of Scott's is pure, rich nourishment, the kind that builds strength and promotes healthy growth. Children thrive on Scott's.



Coughs annoy unnecessarily

Check those violent coughing spells that bring upon you unfavorable attention. Dr. King's New Discovery stops coughing quickly by gently stimulating the mucous membranes to throw off clogging secretions. It has a pleasant taste. All druggists.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the mucus. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 20c

THRIFT

The following article, by Mrs. L. B. Westerman, was read at a recent meeting of the Parent-Teacher Association of Balmorhea. The article was so good that it was sent to the ENTERPRISE for publication, and is reproduced below:

To the average person the word thrift has only one definition—and that one relates to the acquisition of wealth—principally money.

A more correct and liberalized meaning would be: That in all things of our everyday existence we apply economical management or good judgment, whether as related to things material, moral or spiritual.

Look all around you at the economy of nature. Nothing is destroyed or wasted, every substance, every element, every law in nature is used to the best advantage, showing the universality of the thrift principle.

Even the Master Christian, the Savior of the World, allowed nothing to go to waste, but taught thrift to the multitude when He commanded that after the meal of bread and fishes was eaten, the fragments be gathered up.

He caused the barren fig tree to wither, because it was barren, thus showing that everything should perform its part and every person do his duty.

Thrift financially means acquisition and investment, or spending, of money. One may spend all the money he can get possession of and still be thrifty—if it be spent with good judgment and sound discretion.

The spending of money is the very opposite of hoarding. Hoarding, rigidity, stinginess and miserliness are no part of the meaning of thrift. Indeed, simple hoarding of wealth means the ultimate destruction of wealth, for that which is inactive is either dead or will become so.

Sound, safe investment of funds is the best kind of thrift, for if properly invested it is used in legitimate and helpful business, and such investment not only adds to one's wealth but is promotive of the good of others.

Thrift is as far from meaning stinginess as it is from meaning extravagance, and we know both of these are conducive to disastrous results.

Someone has said so truly and briefly "Willful waste makes woeful want;" also "Without thrift none can become rich and with it few would be poor." Hence, it is in things financial we find that thrift means: Good judgment in buying and selling and in determining what are and what are not our needs.

In order to be thrifty financially it is necessary that we look well to thrift in things mental and physical. In these it means conservation of the mind and body. Extravagance in the expenditure of mind and muscle means the same as extravagance in spending money—bankruptcy.

In things involving time it means the preservation and investment of every moment to the best advantage in work, business and recreation. Idleness are therefore extravagant spenders, for to waste time means to waste opportunity, and to waste opportunity means failure to exercise good judgment and intelligence during a certain period in which much might have been done. For ages it has been said: "Procrastination is the thief of time," thus showing that among the thoughtful there has always been an appreciation of the importance of the right use of time.

To one who has not seriously thought about the matter it may at first seem ridiculous to speak of thrift in connection with things moral, social and spiritual, but as a matter of fact if the principles of thrift were practiced to the extent that it would be in these things, thrift in things material would take care of itself, for in these it means righteous living, applying to our daily lives the great economic and spiritual principles summed up in the Golden Rule: "As ye would men should do to you, do ye also to them."

Thrift and good citizenship go hand in hand. Extravagance is the great American sin. This country is so rich in natural resources, and has become so wealthy in artificial riches, that the general standards of living are wasteful and reckless. The man who throws his money away foolishly is applauded as a liberal spender, while the man who saves is referred to as a tightwad. The spendthrift is envied and imitated, while the man who saves is scorned and flouted. To let girls and boys grow up to believe that they should spend all the money they can get their hands on and spend it in the gratification of whatever happens to be the moment's controlling whim, is little short of crime. Yet that is exactly what many parents are doing all over this country.

The ready spender does very little to keep turning the wheel of industry. Most of his wages go for amusement, adornment and luxuries. When he has work he drinks, smokes, plays

billiard and attends picture shows; and his wife buys cheap jewelry, fine dresses, willow plumes and high-heeled shoes. The family of three never owns its own home, not an egg in the bank for the rainy day, and is the very type to come a community burden. The weekly pay envelope stops, but disposition to extravagance and idleness extends into all departments of the home. Clothes are purchased for appearance rather than for need; food because it is high priced; because it is most nourishing; boys are brought up to be gamblers, smokers, pool-room frequenters, instead of learning a useful trade. Girls learn to dance, play the piano, but grow up ignorant of food values, dusting and cooking, and install stops payment on piano up, but the ment jewelry are kept by the grocer and butcher, the baker, and for their pay.

When we get above the wage earner class, the sin of extravagance is just as prevalent. The man with \$2000 a year tries to live as extravagantly as his neighbor with \$5000; and the exceptional man with \$5000 endeavors to make his townsmen believe he is living at the rate of \$10,000. Extravagance and waste have come to be regarded as evidence of social standing and wealth. This causes men to swindle and steal, to go to prison in their wild effort to lay hands on unearned money. It brings business enterprises by the score and hundreds to bankruptcy. It wrecks homes, disrupts families, and causes thousands of matrimonial failures. Yes, we Americans are extravagant in everything. We work too hard, we play too hard, we smoke, drink and eat to excess, and go to ridiculous extremes in every activity. When is this condition going to cease? It is our duty as parents to begin now to change this and set a good example by avoiding extravagance in anything and to teach children the value of thrift.

It is not surprising that children should have the most conflicting ideas regarding money. On one side they hear it declared to be the root of all evil; on the other hand they know that their parent goes to the office, store, farm or factory every day in the week except Sunday for the purpose of making money. They hear one man denounced because he is stingy, another because he is extravagant. They are aware that everything in their home, everything they wear and call food is bought with money, and it is not infrequent for them to hear trying family discussions concerning ways and means. They often see the poor and shabbily dressed children at school and elsewhere ignored, while the little girl or boy whose father is known to be rich, is the recipient of marked favor. Oh, all the conflicting notions!

It is fitting that the boy should be taught that he has his way to make in this world and that he must put forth his best endeavor if he would have money, the comforts, the beauty and freedom from the petty cares which money can procure for himself and those dependent upon him, but he should also be warned of the pitfalls which lie in the path of those who become dazzled by the glitter of the golden calf.

Here then is the basis of teaching the individual child the value of money. Give it a fixed allowance each week and keep it strictly within that allowance for its personal expenditures. Let it be understood that it must business-manage its income; teach it to keep books. Many a young man goes to ruin because no one has taught him to keep track of his expenditures; many a couple find marriage a failure because the husband failed to give his wife a regular allowance, or because the young wife failed to regulate her expenditures. Did you ever hear the adage, "Women can throw money into the garbage can and rag bag faster than her husband can bring it into the front door on Saturday's pay roll?" Mighty hard, but true.

It is quite easy, even with a small child, to teach the element of business principles. Suppose Tommy and Mary have an allowance of 5 cents a week. At first they may spend it in haste and come expecting more. Then is the time to let them realize the discomfort of being penniless. Next pay day suggest that they might better lock around a little for something that will last longer than candy, or at least save part of it for the other six days of that week.

Some time when he or she wants to buy something that will cost two weeks' allowance, have them give you his or her note, and pay it when it comes due. If they wish very much to purchase something that will cost a month's allowance, get it for them and sell it to them on the installment plan, thus teaching them that they must pay for such accommodations. If they wish to borrow money charge interest and make them pay up. Such simple means will teach the child

arithmetic and fix in their minds the principles of business so clearly that they will not be likely to make mistakes in after years.

You can teach them all about mortgages, deeds, wills, transfer of property, buying, selling, discounts and every operation of business by simple, practical lessons involving their weekly allowance. You can even implant in their minds the habit of curtailing personal indulgences and unnecessary expenditures for the purpose of devoting money to higher pleasures which would be beyond their reach unless they economized in their petty extravagances.

I heard an impracticable mother once object to an allowance for children on the ground that it would make them think too much of money. One might as well say they should not learn to walk for fear they would run away. In our present state of civilization money is an essential and many a life might be spared a tragic end if girls and boys were early taught the value of money.

Next to inculcating the value of money and the methods of business comes the problem of training the child in industry, which is really another branch of personal finance.

As soon as a boy or girl is old enough to perform simple duties of any kind that will help work about the house, these duties should be assigned. There is no need to make them unpleasant; every child is eager to help mother or father. Simply take advantage of this disposition, explain to them just to help irregularly and according to whim is not much service; but if you can count on regular help it will be acceptable. As children grow old enough to understand better, explain that mother and father have to perform certain duties every day in exchange for which you are housed, clothed and fed. It should be quite easy to prescribe light penalties to punish the child who forgets its daily duties. When they perform services out of the ordinary then it is they should receive pay in addition to their allowance. If possible, a small bit of ground, chickens, rabbits or some other personal property should be given each child to be developed as a means of making money. The girl who makes a few dollars on eggs, and the boy who adds to his money from horse radishes or flowers is not likely to spend it foolishly, but will consider much how they can improve methods to make larger profits and will not "go broke" buying ginger pop or chewing gum.

There is another phase of teaching children thrift. It is pitiful to see how many of our young men and young ladies enter upon life utterly without purpose. One important function of thrift is the creation of purpose. I do not mean that saving of money is the purpose to be sought—far from it—but anyone who has acquired the habit of saving and sticks to it, is on the right way to accomplish any purpose in life, by the practice of the same perseverance and industry—and adding thereto the power of saving.

Let's not err on the other side. Don't make our children little misers for they miss life's best opportunities. They should not be taught to believe all debt wrong; teach them the right and the wrong kind. You and I know many a young man who never would have saved a dollar had they not gone in debt for their homes or business, and who are today independent because they went in debt for the right purpose, and in paying off such debts got the habit of prudence and economy.

A few years ago I met a young girl. My first impression of her was so favorable that I lost no opportunity of studying her and learning all I could of her home life and training. Exquisite neatness in dress and belongings and punctuality were among her many virtues. The question of finance arose one day and she informed me she had had an allowance ever since she could remember. It began with a penny and had increased until at the age of 16 she was buying all her own clothes. She had learned through experience the cost and durability of materials, and another lesson some women never seem to be able to learn—to be gowned properly on all occasions without the care and expense of so many costumes.

She said that if she was unable to make her accounts balance, a certain percentage of her next week's, or when older next month's, allowance was deducted. She became so accurate that a few minutes sufficed at the end of each month to balance her books.

This girl said she could never thank her parents enough for the training along the lines of finance. She knew instantly what she could afford, and had acquired the habit of expending her money several times in imagination before she made an actual purchase. Then she was always satisfied with her choice.

Think what a helpmate that young girl is today to her husband down in Houston.

Mothers, the girl who has been on an allowance since she was five years of age will not be likely to shipwreck her husband's business career, ruin her home and land in a divorce court. Her home and her children will be a joy and a pride, and her husband will love her forever. She is the most precious of wifely treasures—"a good manager." But let us not forget that only misers love money for money's sake, and that it is wrong and dangerous to teach children to value it for itself. The only proper basis for valuing money is as a means to an end.

Our boys and girls, while in their youth should learn to value this great truth. Fortune comes not fast and swift. But by economy and thrift.

Not as a miser hoards his gold, But as a rose the dewdrops hold, And while holding makes its gift, Keeping—giving—this is thrift.

Economy means not to hoard, But living as our means afford, And looking forward our eyes we lift, Then we prepare—now this is thrift.

For rainy days and hard times, too, The thrifty one knows what to do; And each of these he gives short shift.

Because while young he practiced thrift.

A FAIRY STORY

Once upon a time a man gave his wife more money than she could think of ways of spending in one week.

HELPING TO GROW BETTER PLANTS

The relation between characteristics which can be inherited and those which are more or less accidental, is an important question with the plant and animal breeder. Progress in breeding is secured by studying the underlying principles in the most careful way. Bulletin No. 310 of the Texas Experiment Station, entitled "The Interpretation of Correlation Data," is a scientific study for the scientific reader. It brings out some very important principles. The bulletin shows clearly that the relation between the character of plants depends upon the groups of individuals studied and that purebred plants may have relations, the reverse of those secured from miscellaneous sources. From methods of study developed in the bulletin, the investigator in the inheritance and non-inheritance of characters will be decidedly helped. The further application of the principles here brought out will aid with the improvement of varieties in both plant and animal breeding.

APPLICATION OF FLOYD HOSIE APPROVED

The Commanding General, Eighth Corps Area, has approved the application of Floyd William Hosie of Toyah, Texas, for admittance to the Citizens' Military Training Camp for 1924.

Mr. Hosie will be privileged to attend the Citizens' Military Training Camp to be held at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, during the month of August, all his expenses being paid by the Government.

WORTH SELLING IS WORTH TELLING—ADVERTISE!

WORTH SELLING IS WORTH TELLING—ADVERTISE!

ADVICE TO THE AGED Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys, torpid liver. **Tutt's Pills** have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, giving natural action, and imparting vigor to the system.

Chip off Block



Mrs. James M. Thompson, daughter of the late Congressman Charles Clark of Mississippi, in a suit for a seat in Congress from Louisiana.

Biggest Values IN YEARS Free--Tubes--Free

In order to clear our stock we are SLASHING PRICES On everything in our TIRES and TUBES. Sale begins SATURDAY, MARCH 8, and closes on MARCH 31. Will set aside your order until April 2nd, if necessary.

OUR OLDFIELD PRICES

These are not "cheaper" tires, but our best product. They are original equipment on Paige, Willys-St. Claire, Call, Jewett and Cleveland cars. They are "race-tested." Have won every important classical race for three consecutive years. Fully guaranteed, except "999's." BUY NOW.

Table with 4 columns: TUBE SIZE, TYPE, PRICE, and FREE. Lists various tire models like 30x3 '999' Fabric-free tube at \$ 8.80.

WILL SELL CASING WITHOUT TUBE

OUR FIRESTONE PRICES

All of our modern chemistry and science have produced only ONE GUM-DIPPED CORD, that's Firestone. Every thread thoroughly saturated and impregnated by our gum-dipped process. No value like this—BUY NOW!

Table with 4 columns: TUBE SIZE, TYPE, PRICE, and FREE. Lists Firestone tire models like 30x3 Regular Fabric-free tube at \$ 9.54.

WILL SELL CASING WITHOUT TUBE

Leader Grocery Co.

THE ENTERPRISE

Pecos Valley News, established 1887; Pecos Weekly Times established 1897; Reeves County Record, established 1910; consolidated Nov. 23, 1912. The Enterprise absorbed Pecos Times June 1, 1917.

Published every Friday. JOHN HIBDON, Editor, Owner and Publisher. Advertising Rates: Display, per inch, flat, 40c; Readers, per line, 10c; Classified wants, per word, 1c.

Subscription Rates: One Year \$2; Six Months \$1.25. Positively in Advance. No subscription taken for less than six months.

Entered as second class matter October 22, 1915, at the postoffice at Pecos, Texas, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Foreign Advertising Represented by THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION



LIVE CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE

Almost every town and hamlet in the entire Pankhandle country is spreading itself in the matter of "selling" its town and country to the farmer and if one will only take the trouble to visit any of those towns he will at once recognize the fact that they are "sold" and that they are getting the desired results in the many farmers who are now settling the country and converting the big cattle ranches into small farms. The towns are booming and the entire country is prospering beyond the comprehension of the ordinary individual who has not visited that section. There the hotels are full all the time and many are sent to private residences each and every night that they may find a place to rest. It all came about by advertising—"selling their country to the farmer." There are many places which the writer visited on a recent trip to that section which does not offer the advantages to the farmer that we have right here in Reeves county. We have them skinned forty-seven ways for Sunday without half the chances for failure. Nevertheless this candid truth they are not coming this way and are going to that section not only by the hundreds but by the thousands. The secret of the whole matter is that each and every one of those little and big towns have a real live, wide-awake chambers of commerce with a secretary of keen foresight who is ever looking to the good of the entire section and boosting the entire section and patronizing his home town merchants and newspapers. Where it is possible to have the printing done at home it is given there and in many instances when the work turned out is anything but credit to the organization behind the work of boosting. They realize that this is the only way in which to get an office which is capable of turning out good work. It cannot be done by sending the work which could have been done as well and probably as cheaply at home to some Arkansas printshop—all just because the secretary or some member of the board did not like the printer personally. It is an utter impossibility to build up a town or anything else for that matter—that is, if it is to be built up instead of down—without cooperation of its people. Prejudices should and must be laid aside when the good of the town is at stake.

What Pecos needs at this time more than at any other time in its history is a live chamber of commerce—one with an unbiased executive as its head who will work for the good of the entire citizenship and lay aside his selfish interests. There is no earthly excuse for all the people who are settling up West Texas to leave the very best and most promising part of it until all the rest is full and overflowing, but they do not know until someone tells them about the Pecos Valley of Texas. If the people of Pecos do not tell them, then who on earth will?

Big Spring is a town with three or four times the population of Pecos and it has only one newspaper, but it is a good one and is making money and is enabled thereby to help boost its town and county. The Big Spring Herald has put Howard county on the map but the people of Big Spring do not wait for the home paper to do all. The town pays the home town paper to boost the county, the chamber of commerce supports the paper and pays for its boosting. But the chamber of commerce does not stop at that. Here is a sample of what those live wires are doing and is an excerpt from an article appearing in that paper on March the 7th: "In the issue of the Fort Worth

Record on Sunday, March 7th, will appear a page advertisement for the City of Big Spring. This issue will be a special West Texas edition and more than two hundred thousand extra copies will be sent North and East.

"The eyes of all the United States are now on Texas, and never was there such a rush to any section as is now in progress with West Texas as the 'Promised Land'."

If our people will get together and lay aside all personal animosities and work together—again do some real "team work" as they did sixteen or seventeen years ago—we will get some of this influx of farmers and get them now when we most need them. Some will say that we are too poor just now to support a chamber of commerce with a secretary. The people of Pecos can and will do so if an organization can be effected that will work for the common good of the town and county and lay aside all personal feelings. No, our people will not support a chamber now or at any other time when it is run in the interest of some individual or few individuals. Let's get together and do something while there is need of something to do. When we are all rich and prosperous we can get along without a chamber much better than we can at this time. What do you say? Let's go?

H. N. McKellar, candidate for county judge, is meeting with much encouragement on every hand. Mr. McKellar is well known all over the county as one of the squarest men in the county and just in all his dealings. His courtesy and universal disposition to accommodate at any and all times will win for him the judgment at the coming election is the opinion of the ENTERPRISE. The people appear to be ripe for a change and no better man could be found in the county for this job. It is a real man's job but Mac is well qualified to fill it to the entire satisfaction of the entire county. A radical change will have to come over our people between now and the day of the primary election if he does not run clear away with the grapes. Let's make it unanimous.

After a spell of real spring weather which put the women of the town at work on their flower and vegetable gardens while the men folk watched, as well as put the trees to leafing out and fruit trees blooming, on Sunday a stiff norther blew up and the thermometer soon dropped to the freezing point and each night since that date the ice has formed on troughs and Jack Frost has made his appearance. So far as the editor has observed no particular damage has been done so far except to those who had small allowances of coal on hand. These have suffered considerably while Mr. Hicks, the coal dealer, is getting his last lick at our pocket-books for the season's coal. But someone is everlastingly making a hard for those with little money and as soon as Hicks lets loose Neiderkorn will be coming along with an ice bill. But such is life and without either of them life would be hardly worth the effort. Come to Reeves county and buy a home while everything in that line is at a low ebb.

Hudson Maxim, scientist and inventor of New York, believes tea and coffee to be intoxicating within the meaning of the Volstead act and threatens to bring suit to close cafes in which these beverages are served. Why not include bread of all kinds, and spuds? Let's stop the whole business and make it unanimous. This would be a hard blow to some of Pecos' habits as the coffee stands. But if the coffee stands were closed some guy who would "save the country" would next want to stop the public from drinking water and milk, then we would be in a bad way.

As yet McKellar has no open announced-opponents in the race for county judge and it is the prediction of the ENTERPRISE that the one who opposes him will stand for such a defeat as he had never before thought of. They all appear to be for Mac from every corner of the county if they are not "loading" the writer.

INFORMATION, PLEASE Orator (at school commencement): "Success is earned. In no other way can it be had. There is no such thing as luck. Instead, it is pluck—pluck—pluck!" Intensely Interested Graduate: "Yes, sir, but whom and when shall we pluck?"

One day service on wetch work.—MONROE SLACK, over postoffice.

WANTED One thousand fat hens; 1,000 fryers. Fryers, 2 to 3 pounds, 25 cents per pound. Hens 10 to 15 cents per pound. Phone 110.—E. F. FUQUA.

EZELL ELECTRIC LAUNDRY Let us call for your laundry. Quick service. Prices right. Phone 210. Sell it with a classified ad.

THINKS ENTERPRISE IS A FINE PAPER

A Chicago subscriber writes the ENTERPRISE as follows:

"Enclosed you will find a money order for \$2.00 to pay for another year. Am also enclosing ten cents in stamps for which kindly mail to me the ENTERPRISE of the date of February 29. I want it for the article 'Our Boys and the Crime Problem,' written by B. H. Canfield. That article should be published in every newspaper in the land.

A boy can never make good when he knows there is back of him the ghost of an early bad record that may appear at any time.

You have, considering the location and size of the town, a remarkably good paper. Aside from the oil news I find it interesting.

MILLIONS FOR CURLS

The original cost of bobbed hair is not the principal concern—it's the upkeep.

Figures compiled by a national electrical magazine bear out this contention. The book reports that over one million dollars were spent by women in the United States last year for electric curling irons—to be exact, \$1,250,000.

However, defenders of the shorn-lock coiffure, can refute the claim that all of this expense was due to bobbed hair by citing figures to show the sales of other electrical appliances reached \$2,003,745,000.

Residential fixtures show the largest expenditure in the analysis of the sales, \$240,000,000 having been spent for home lighting fixtures, exclusive of lamps. Wiring accessories run into millions.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Prepared For The Enterprise By The First National Bank, St. Louis.

The year 1923 does not stand out in the automobile industry as one of record production alone, but one of record exports as well. According to the Automotive Division of the United States Department of Commerce, the importation of passenger cars and trucks from the United States and Canada, reached the new high record of 221,816, having a value of \$139,849,020.

The increase of these figures over the export figures for 1922 amounted to 105,625 or an increase of 90 per cent in number and a 71 per cent increase in value. The previous high year of 1920 was passed by 27,160 cars and trucks. However, the total valuation decreased because of a lower unit price of the cars exported.

Of the total number exported the United States alone exported 151,896 having a value of \$106,010,330 as compared with 78,234 in 1922 valued at \$59,320,524; and with 171,644 in 1920, valued at \$212,031,702. Of course, it is to be remembered that a large number of the Canadian companies doing an export business, are nothing more than branches of American manufacturers located in Canada to take advantage of preferential tariff treatment in certain countries of the British Empire. This statement is borne out by the 50 per cent decrease in the number of cars exported from the United States alone last year as compared with 1920. However, after adding the Canadian total, the 1923 figures as to number, exports show an increase of 14 per cent over 1920. The decline in value of exports is to be attributed to the steady decline in the unit value of the combined cars and trucks exported. The unit value last year was \$698 as compared with \$1,235 in 1920, and \$758 in 1922.

It should be borne in mind that the above figures are government reports and do not take into account foreign car assemblies of an American manufacturer of low-priced cars; this manufacturer reported the number to be 106,120 in 1923.

KAFIR SEED HAS LONG LIFE

A sample of Blackhull kafir seed seven years old has been tested for germination by the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station and found to contain 88 per cent of live seed capable of producing good plants. This seed has been in storage at the experiment station at Lubbock, where it was grown in connection with grain sorghum inheritance studies being made there. The seed was thoroughly cleaned and dried and placed in a paper container and the container stored in a box in the laboratory at the Lubbock station. These results would indicate that if grain sorghum is properly stored in sections where it is grown, that it will retain its viability for several years. It emphasizes the fact that properly stored seed, two, three or four years old, may be about as good for planting as fresh seed.

BLONDE BESS OPINES

"There is just one thing that keeps me from saying that Freddie is a bare-headed liar—that's his mustache."

Editorial And the Bank Says Annie Laurie

Now we have a resolution of the United States Senate asking for an investigation of the responsibility for the world war. If we only get another set of Senators to see all set, and the rest of the Senate may be able to devote little time to the nation's business.

For example, we might consider legislation that would make impossible the raking in of great fortunes overnight as a result of stock manipulation. Tom tom beating, sweet music to the financial bugles, has started the ball of ruin rolling periodically for years. Since the oil drums have begun to beat great fortunes have been made and lost. Perhaps we might find out who is getting the money RIGHT now.

Not more than a week ago a stock drive was made that stopped only on the verge of panic. The insiders cleaned up. The next day they cleaned up again. They pushed the market up when the little fellows with a hundred thousand dollars had every reason to expect it to continue to go down. It is safe to say the market will now be rigged day by day for months to come. In the midst of ruined homes and the crash of hopes of the unfortunate men and women lured by the glamour of speculation into the Wall Street maelstrom, an investigation into the world war would surely prove encouraging. Once let a Senate Committee decide that question and every ruined man and woman in the country would be happy. Away with such bawdiness, you Senators. Get down to work.

New York City has a dead line. No known crook may travel below that line. The blackjack man may not invade the restricted zone until he has learned a more skillful method of procedure. Perhaps we might reverse gears and forbid the Black Horse Calvary leaving Wall Street and prevent them invading the rest of the city and the rest of the country. The great hauls come from rigging the market on inside information. The game is all played, however, before the public gets any cards. When the outsiders begin to operate the band is playing "Home, Sweet Home" and the little fellows are left applauding on the sidewalks. Oil sensations past, present, and to come, will provide enough excuse for a thousand financial raids in the next few months.

Of course, this might be scotched, but the need of the hour is to find out who started the world war. Let us have the truth at all hazards. Then, and not till then, can we start on the Boxer uprising and the American Revolution.

There has always been great rigidity in laws dealing with illegitimacy. The illegitimate child cannot inherit. Wouldn't it be better to compel both father and mother to leave all their money to the illegitimate child? This would protect the innocent and make prospective wrongdoers think twice.

Football often has been compared to war. This is a serious matter. We should have a Senate Committee to find out who invented football.

What is the matter? There has not been in sight for more than a month a single starving nation for us to save. This will never do.

Vice President Aims



George L. Berry, President of the International Printing Pressmen's Union, has filed in Ohio as candidate for Vice-President on the Democratic ticket.

BLONDE BESS OPINES

"Traffic cops are kind and helpful with all. I smiled my sweetest when one started to give me a speeding ticket and he said 'try that on the judge,' so I did—and it worked."



SELF-DEPENDENCE

I don't mind havin' assistance when there's difficult jobs to do.—Me and my neighbors exchanges chores, which multiplies power by two. Good giner-ship will double teams when the sweet commences to roll—but a feller's religious conclusions must spring from his inward soul! And, I never pine for advisers—in questions of politics. I never indulge in compounds that's explosive as soon as they mix. For I can detect an impostor the minute I hear him bray—so I do my political thinkin' in my own, individual way. There's virtue a-plenty in team-work, when emergencies may require, but—there's mighty little of "team-work" in follerin' a party liar. It's safer to base yer judgement on what the evidence shows, and to never let no political crook put his iron ring in yer nose!



ANOTHER INVASION

The dentist had injected novocain and was putting the bright forceps within easy reach when the humorous victim said: "I see the yanks are coming."

Orient Hotel serves meals for 50c.

Advertisement for OATS, FLOUR AND HAY by E. F. FUQUA. Includes text: "I have a good stock of white clipped Nebraska Oats, job lots or wholesale only; also a car of Guaranteed Flour—not a high patent, but at the price can't be beat; also can give attractive prices on Prairie Tabosa Hay." Phone 110, Pecos, Texas.

Advertisement for PLANT TREES NOW by THE AUSTIN NURSERY. Includes text: "Best season in ground in ten years. No communities and few homes have enough home-grown fruit. PEACHES — PLUMS — PEARS — NECTARINES FIGS — PECANS — JUJUBES — BERRIES AND OTHER FRUITS." F. T. RAMSEY & SON, Austin, Texas. Since 1875.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The following have authorized the ENTERPRISE to announce their candidacy for the offices preceding their names, subject to the action of the Democratic primaries in July:

For County Clerk S. C. VAUGHAN

For County Tax Assessor W. W. CAMP

For County Treasurer W. A. HENDRICKS M. A. DURDIN W. D. HUDSON

For Sheriff and Tax Collector E. B. KISER

For County Attorney ROY I. BIGGS

For County Judge H. N. MCKELLAR

For County Commissioner, Precinct No. 1 J. E. EISENWIENE

CITY ELECTION The following have authorized the ENTERPRISE to announce their candidacy for the offices preceding their names, subject to the vote of the people of the City of Pecos at the election in April: For City Marshal L. H. O'NEIL

AN AMERICAN COW English Farmer: "Have all the cows been milked?" Boy: "Yep—all but the American one." E. F.: "Which one is the American?" Boy: "The one that's gone dry." 50 cent meals at the Orient. 6-cf

Habitual Constipation Cured in 14 to 21 Days "LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN" is a specially-prepared Syrup-Tonic-Laxative for Habitual Constipation. It relieves promptly but should be taken regularly for 21 days to induce regular action. It Stimulates and Regulates. Very Pleasant to Take. 50c per ounce.

Mme. Straus at a fashionable function. When she asked him for an autograph the great composer wrote the opening bars of "The Blue Danube" on her fan and underneath "Alas! not by Brahms."

Recently one of the largest music houses in New York was asked to name successors to the three most popular piano selections of the last generation and sent this reply: "There really cannot be any successors to 'The Maiden's Prayer,' 'Poet and Peasant' and 'The Blue Danube,' as they continue to enjoy popularity."

Putnam Barstow, one of the Tri-City Symphony's best cello players, is on the sick list this week, and has been confined to his bed.

Mary Townley and Styles Allen, two students in the Barstow beginner's violin class, are making fine progress on their chosen instrument. It will not be long now until they will be handling first violin scores with ease.

Ormond Jenson, one of Barstow's beginners on the clarinet, is showing considerable talent, and is destined to become one of the Tri-City Symphony's best clarinet players.

Monroe Slack of the Pecos violin section has at last seen the light and gotten into the wind section. He had his first lesson Monday on the clarinet. Mr. Harp says: "Be sure and mark the time, Mr. Slack, and you will soon get close to first chair."

Wallace Connolly of Pecos is beginning to grasp the ideas of marking time and locating tones on the violin. He has talent and we are expecting him to handle first violin parts in a few months.

The following item was handed in to Chords and Dis-Chords by Director Harp. We are publishing it, but in doing so, disclaim all responsibility for the item, because we know "which side our steak is fried on." The orchestra director had a little friction Monday night on account of having one of the best rehearsals ever held in Pecos. He could not refrain from running over time and when the rehearsal was over (?) the assistant directress certainly impressed upon him the necessity of quitting at a regular time at each rehearsal, so the members can begin to put up their instruments at 9:30 from this time on.

Plans are that on Sunday afternoon, March 30, the Tri-City Symphony will assemble at Toyah and have their photograph made. Announcement of the exact time and other details will be made in a later edition of this paper.

W. D. Cowan, with only three lessons to his credit, showed up at Baptist orchestra rehearsal last night and did good work with his slide. Considering the fact that he has only been under instruction for a short time, he has made most remarkable progress.

Miss Florence Colwell appeared at rehearsal for the first time last night, taking her place in the trumpet section. With the fine instrument she has and her natural ability, Miss Colwell is going to make one of our best trumpeters.

Exposes Vet Graft



Maj. W. O. Watts, who exposed graft and incompetency in the Veterans Bureau, has resigned as Chief of Inspection to help prosecute the case.

LUDEN'S
MENTHOL COUGH DROPS
for nose and thro
Give Quick Rel

NOTICE, DENTIST
A man in a theater was looking for something he had lost on the floor.
"I have lost a piece of taffy," he said to the usher.
"Never mind a little thing like that," said the usher. "Don't you see that you are disturbing the whole crowd?"
"Yes," replied the man, nervously, "but, you see, my teeth are in it."

For window glass see W. A. HENDRICKS. 21-4f

CITATION BY PUBLICATION
To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon Julian R. Elkins, T. W. Carter, T. W. Suttlemyer, J. F. Black, Lewis W. Thomas, H. B. Codgell, Robert Goodwin, A. A. Harper, James J. Smith, Chas. E. Hart, B. L. Parks, C. B. Smith, and the Southland Leasing Syndicate, an unincorporated association of persons doing business under said name, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1924, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 4th day of March A. D. 1924, in suit No. 2384, wherein E. W. Miller is plaintiff, and J. P. Goodger and wife, N. J. Goodger, G. W. Reed and wife, Alice Reed, J. B. Goodger, R. S. Dearing and wife, Cressie Dearing, Charles G. Tomas and C. C. Thomas, H. L. Houston, D. E. Clark and A. E. Reed, F. P. Richburg, Jack L. Woods, Lee Garrett, John B. Hudson and Julian R. Elkins, T. W. Carter, T. W. Suttlemyer, J. F. Black, Lewis W. Thomas, H. B. Codgell, Robert Goodwin, A. A. Harper, James J. Smith, Chas. E. Hart, B. L. Parks, C. B. Smith, and Southland Leasing Syndicate an unincorporated association are Defendants, and said petition alleging:

That heretofore to-wit: On December 14th, 1914, for value received the defendant J. P. Goodger and wife, N. J. Goodger, executed and delivered to one W. H. Casey their certain promissory note in the sum of Two Thousand (\$2,000.00) Dollars dated December 14th, 1914, due on or before eight years after date, payable to W. H. Casey or order with interest at the rate of Six per cent per annum, payable annually, further providing for 10 per cent attorney fees, if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, whereby said defendants became bound and liable to pay and promised to pay W. H. Casey or order the sum of said note, both principal, interest and attorney fees.

That said note was executed in part payment for a certain tract of land in Reeves County, Texas, described as Sections 27 and 28, in Block C-One, Public School Land, Reeves County, Texas, conveyed to said defendants last mentioned by W. H. Casey on December 14, 1914, which Deed of Conveyance is duly recorded in Volume 41, page 127, in the County Clerk's office of Reeves County, Texas, and to secure which said note a Vendor's Lien was expressly reserved in said deed of conveyance and in said note. That for value received on December 15th, 1916, the said W. H. Casey transferred and assigned the said note and said lien in writing to this plaintiff, who is now the legal owner and holder of said note and said lien. That the other defendants are claiming some right, title, interest in and to said land, which interest, if any, is inferior to the rights of plaintiff.

Plaintiff prays for judgment and for foreclosure of his lien.

Herein fail not but have you before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 8th day of March A. D. 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN,
District Clerk, Reeves County, Texas.
31-4f By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION
The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Reeves County, Texas—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Harold R. Knower and J. Marie Knower, his wife, Sarah E. Clark and ——— Clark, her husband, and Amos E. Kegley, by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county to appear at the next term of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be held at the court house thereof in Pecos, Texas, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1924, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1924, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 2382, wherein F. J. Billingslea is plaintiff and Harold R. Knower, J. Marie Knower, his wife, Sarah E. Clark and ——— Clark, her husband, Amos E. Kegley and Fairbanks, Morse & Company, a corporation, are defendants, said petition alleging in substance, as follows:

That defendants Harold R. Knower and J. Marie Knower executed and delivered to the plaintiff five promissory notes each in the sum of \$1339.40, numbered 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, all dated March 12th, 1918, due in one, two, three, four and five years after date each respectively, all bearing 6 per cent interest from date and 10 per cent attorney's fees. That said notes were given for a part of the purchase price of the following described land situated in Reeves County, Texas, to-wit:

The NE 1/4 of Section No. 151, Block No. 13, H. & G. N. Ry. Co. survey, and a strip 212 feet wide off the north side of the southeast quarter of said section 151, said block 13, less right of way of the P. V. S. Ry. Co. fifty feet wide, along the east side of said land, and containing 169.3 acres of land, said strip being fully described by metes and bounds in said plaintiff's petition. That in the deed conveying said land and in the notes above described, the vendor's lien was specifically retained upon said land to secure the payment of said notes.

That note No. 1 of said series has been paid; that plaintiff transferred and sold

notes Nos. 4 and 5 of said series and that the defendant, Sarah E. Clark, is now the owner thereof as shown by the records of Deeds of said Reeves County; that plaintiff still owns notes Nos. 2 and 3 of said series for said sum of \$1339.40 each; that no part of either of said notes has ever been paid except the interest on both of said notes to March 12th, 1918. Plaintiff sues for the amount of said notes, and for a foreclosure of the vendor's lien upon the land above described and that the rights or claims of all the defendants above named be foreclosed and barred.

Herein fail not, but have before said court on the first day of the next term this writ, with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court on this the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk,
District Court Reeves County, Texas.
By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.

No. 2382. F. J. Billingslea vs Harold R. Knower. Citation by Publication. Issued Feb. 23rd, 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk,
District Court, Reeves Co., Tex.
By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.

NOTICE OF SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

The State of Texas, County of Reeves: Notice is hereby given that Mrs. F. W. Johnson, acting under and by virtue of a certain chattel mortgage executed and delivered to her by Kenneth Slack, bearing date October 19th, 1923, and duly registered in the Chattel Mortgage Register of Reeves County, Texas, will proceed to sell at public sale, for cash, to the highest bidder, in front of the courthouse door in Pecos, Reeves County, Texas, on Wednesday, the twenty-sixth (26th) day of March, 1924, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. of said date, the following described personal property, to-wit:

One Franklin Sedan Automobile, 1919 Model, Factory No. 599633, Motor No. 935828.

Said sale will be made to satisfy the indebtedness due the said Mrs. F. W. Johnson by the said Kenneth Slack represented by a promissory note in the sum of \$751.81 of date October 19th, 1923, due three months after date, bearing 10 per cent interest per annum from date and 10 per cent attorney's fees in hands of an attorney for collection, signed by Kenneth Slack and payable to the order of Mrs. F. W. Johnson, said note bearing a credit of \$100.00 of date February 5, 1924, and being secured by the chattel mortgage on the automobile above described. Default

having been made in the payment of said indebtedness, said sale will be made to satisfy the balance due upon said note, in accordance with the terms of said instrument.

Witness the execution hereof this the 13th day of March, 1924.

MRS. F. W. JOHNSON,
By J. A. DRANE, Her Attorney.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the Town of Pecos City for the purpose of electing three Aldermen for the said Town of Pecos City to serve for a period of Two years, and also for the purpose of electing a Mayor, and a City Secretary for the said Town of Pecos City. That said election shall be held on the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1924, being the 1st day of said month, and said election is to be held at the City Hall in the said Town of Pecos City, between the hours of Eight o'clock A. M. and Six o'clock P. M., and none but the qualified voters within the Town of Pecos City are entitled to vote therein.

J. W. Moore is appointed Presiding Judge, C. A. Johnson, Assistant Judge; J. M. Garner and E. L. Thurston are appointed Clerks for said election; and said election shall be held and due returns made thereof to the Council of said Town of Pecos City, as required by law.

Dated, this 27th day of February A. D. 1924.

E. A. TOLIVER, Mayor,
Of the Town of Pecos City, Texas.
28-5f
E. EASTERBROOK, Secretary,
Of the Town of Pecos City, Texas.

Piles Cured in 6-10 14 Days
Druggists refund money if PADO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves itching, Itching, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 60c.

A TONIC

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic restores Energy and Vitality by Purifying and Enriching the Blood. When you feel its strengthening, invigorating effect, see how it brings color to the cheeks and how it improves the appetite, you will then appreciate its true tonic value. Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is simply Iron and Quinine suspended in syrup. So pleasant even children like it. The blood needs QUININE to Purify it and IRON to Enrich it. Destroys Malarial germs and Grip germs by its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. 60c.

PAYING FOR THE PEAK

In the Power and Light industry the total gross revenues for a year are between one-fourth and one-fifth of the total capital employed in rendering the service. In other words it takes between four and five years for a Power and Light Company to turn over its capital. Practically every other business makes from two to six turnovers in a year. This heavy ratio of capital investment to earnings is due to the service obligations of utility. Service must be delivered in any quantity when it is demanded by the consumer. This means that the company must have capacity and equipment capable of meeting any demand that may be made upon it. Everybody knows that there is extensive use of power and light service at certain hours of day and very little use made of it during certain hours. The plant must be big enough to handle the peak load. Naturally it will not be busy to its capacity at any other time of day. But it would not be serving well if it could not handle the maximum demand by its customers when they ask it.

Pecos Power & Ice Co.

Enterprise Clubbing Rates

The Semi-Weekly Farm News is without doubt one of the best semi-weekly farm newspapers in the United States. It is published particularly and peculiarly in behalf of the agriculturist and combines farm matter with news matter, giving its readers a resume of the world's news. The ENTERPRISE takes care of and county news with the result that the combination provides subscribers with all the reading matter his household requires.

THE PECOS ENTERPRISE 1 YEAR	\$2.00
The SEMI-WEEKLY FARM NEWS 1 YEAR 1.00	1.00
BOTH PAPERS ONE YEAR	\$2.75
THE PECOS ENTERPRISE 1 YEAR	\$2.00
FARM NEWS 3 YEARS	2.00
THE ENTERPRISE 1 YEAR and THE FARM NEWS 3 YEARS FOR ONLY	\$3.50

SUBSCRIBE NOW

H. & G. N. RY. CO. LANDS FOR SALE

Mr. W. Rand Jones offers for sale 24,292.64 acres of land situated in Reeves and Pecos Counties, Texas, and in the Pecos River Valley, of which 3820.27 acres front on the Pecos River and have water rights as appurtenant thereto. The mineral rights in these lands, including oil and gas, pass with their sale, and water rights also pass with sale of said 3820.27 acres. For price and terms of sale apply to the undersigned. See H. F. Anthony of Pecos, Texas, or Judge Howell Johnson, of Fort Stockton, Texas.

EUGENE CARTLEDGE, Agent and Attorney in Fact
Austin, Texas.

CLASSIFIED

- FOR SALE.**
- REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**—Small acreage tracts near Toyah Bell, Bell and River wells.—I. E. SMITH.
- FOR SALE**—A new Stetson knit machine. Earn \$1.00 to \$3.00 per day spare time at home.—WOODY'S SHOE SHOP. 26-1f
- FOR SALE**—Or will consider drilling contract: on 40 acres, known as tracts 45, 47, 49, and 51, Section 66, Block 33, H. & T. C. Ry. Co. Survey, Ring County, Texas. Date of lease Jan. 1, 1920; practically located between the Band Toyah-Bell wells, title guaranteed; net term five years; rental one dollar per acre, paid to January, 1924. Write J. A. W., 4284 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, Calif.
- FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN**—My home. Small cash payment, balance like rent.—ED VICKERS.
- FOR RENT.**
- A NICE WELL FURNISHED** residence to rent.—I. E. SMITH. 26-1f
- FOR LEASE**—480 acres of land, East of Sec. 33, Block 1, H. & T. C. Ry. Co. survey, one mile below old Dixie on Pecos river. No better grass on.—JOE B. NEEL, Big Spring, Texas. 31-4f
- WANTED.**
- WANTED**—Two hundred fine sacks; will pay 5 cents per sack.—P. HICKS, 31-2f
- MISSCELLANEOUS**
- El Paso has a for with you. Prompt service for cost to you. Send for bullet WELL JOHN. SON, Box 1513.
- FOUND**—Ladies' ment. Owner can have same by J. JACKSON. 31-2f

IN THE SPOTLIGHT AT WASHINGTON

SEN. THOMAS JAMES WALSH
 Thomas James Walsh, from Montana, was born at Two Rivers, Wis., June 12, 1859. He was educated in the public schools and graduated from the University of Wisconsin. During his early manhood he was a school teacher. He located in Helena, Montana, as a lawyer in 1890, and immediately became identified with the Democratic organization. He ran for Congress in 1906 and for the United States Senate in 1910. He was elected to the Senate in 1912 and re-elected in 1918. He has a national reputation as a thoroughly grounded lawyer and is an authority on the United States Constitution. He is noted for his initiative and perseverance and never starts anything he thinks he can't finish. He is acknowledged to be chiefly responsible for the progress of the Teapot Dome scandal inquiry. He is respected by all his colleagues in Congress and admired by many. Mr. Walsh is a widower and a Catholic. He wears a stubby mustache, stiff bosomed white shirt and suspenders.

EDWARD B. McLEAN
 Edward Beale McLean is the owner of the Washington Post and Cincinnati Enquirer which he inherited from his father. He is 43 years old. Was outside pale of Washington's inner political society until President Harding took office when he became the President's most intimate Washington friend. He is free and easy in manner and is fond of sport. He lives in a palace in Washington that resembles a public library. When the Teapot Dome scandal broke he admitted that he had loaned Albert B. Fall \$100,000, but "remembered" later that he did not loan Fall the \$100,000. He married Evelyn Walsh, daughter of Thomas J. Walsh, mining magnate.

HARRY M. DAUBERTY
 Harry Micajah Dauberty, U. S. Attorney-General, was born at Washington Court House, Ohio, on January 26, 1869. He had a High School education and was graduated from the University of Michigan with the degree of LL.B. in 1881.

He began the practice of law in his native town and moved to Columbus, Ohio, in 1893. He built up one of the largest practices in the State. Always active in politics, but the only office he held was a member of the State Legislature, 1890-1894. He directed President Harding's primary campaign for President in 1920. Lost his own State. He predicted that Harding would be nominated by a little party of bosses in a smoke-filled hotel room when 1920 Chicago Convention reached a deadlock. His prediction was fulfilled. He was made Attorney General of the United States on March 4, 1921. He aided in getting Morse out of the penitentiary for a fee. He is married and a Methodist.

(Note: Micajah is a Hebrew word and means "who is like Jehovah.")

HARRY F. SINCLAIR
 Harry Ford Sinclair, petroleum magnate, was born at Wheeling, W. Va., on July 6, 1876. Moved to Kansas with his parents when a baby. He was educated in the public schools at Independence, Kansas, and graduated from the School of Pharmacy, University of Kansas, in 1898. He inherited his father's drug store in Independence, and in 1901 got onto the business on the ground floor of the oil boom started in Kansas by Oklahoma. He displayed a general organization and exploitation properties. He consolidated the properties into the Sinclair Oil Corporation in 1911. He served as a "dollar a year man" in Washington during the war. He moved to New York after amassing a huge fortune and bought a race stable. He developed Zev and built up the most profitable establishment on the turf. His oil interests are now international. He is married and is an Episcopalian. His home is at Great Neck, L. I.

EDWARD L. DOHENY
 Edward Laurence Doheny, petroleum magnate, was born at Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, on August 10, 1856. He was graduated at the Fond du Lac High School in 1872. Went West and prospecting for gold and silver in the mountains and in the plains for twenty years with indifferent success. Met Albert B. Fall prospecting in the Southwest in the '80s and got into the oil business in 1892. He started on the road to fortune by discovering oil wells in California. He was a pioneer in exploration of the officials of the Tampico district of Mexico and noted for his ability to pick men who could put exploration of the oil fields in the Tampico district under the limelight, but he was a diffident driver in business. He was put in nomination for Vice President of

MAGGIE AND JIGGS AT THE GOLDEN GATE

The following has been going the rounds of the press, and is reproduced below for ENTERPRISE readers:
 St. Peter stood guard at the Golden Gate
 With a solemn mein and an air sedate,
 When up to the top of the golden stair,
 Maggie and Jiggs ascending there,
 Applied for admission. They came and stood
 Before St. Peter, so great and good:
 In hopes the city of peace to win,
 And asked St. Peter to let them in.
 Maggie was tall and dark and thin,
 With a scraggly beardlet on her chin
 And Jiggs was short and thick and stout,
 And his stomach was built so it rounded out.
 His face was pleasant and all the while,
 He wore a kindly and gentle smile.
 The choir in the distance echoes woke
 And Jiggs kept still, while Maggie spoke.
 "O, thou who guardest the gate," said she,
 "We two come thither beseeching thee
 To let us enter the heavenly land,
 And play our harps in the Angel band.
 Of me, St. Peter, there is no doubt,
 There's nothing from heaven to bar me out.
 I've been to meetings three times a week,
 And almost always I'd rise and speak.
 I've told the sinners about the day
 When they'd repent of their evil way:
 I've told my neighbors—I've told them all
 'Bout Adam and Eve and the Primal Fall.
 I've shown them what they'd have to do
 If they passed in with the chosen few.
 I've marked their path of duty clear,
 Laid out the plan of their whole career.
 I've talked and talked to 'em loud and long,
 For my lungs are good and my voice is strong.
 So, good St. Peter, you'll clearly see
 The gates of Heaven are open to me.
 But Jiggs, here, I regret to say
 Hasn't walked in the narrow way.
 He smokes and swears, and grave faults he's got,
 So I don't know whether he'll pass or not.
 He never would pray with an earnest vim,
 Or go to revivals or join in a hymn.
 While I the sins of my neighbors bore
 He gadded about with Dinty Moore.
 He made a practice of staying out late,
 Which is a sin all women hate;
 But at last when he did come wandering home,
 The rolling pin went straight for his dome.
 I know him, St. Peter, I know him well:
 To escape from me he would go to hell!
 But, St. Peter, I need him here,
 Which I earnestly hope you can see
 your way clear.
 On earth I bore a heavy cross,
 Give me in heaven still Jiggs to boss:
 I've brought my rolling pins, plates and jars,
 To keep him dodging among the stars.
 But, say, St. Peter, it seems to me,
 This gate isn't kept as it ought to be.
 You ought to be standing by the opening there,
 And never sit down in that easy chair.
 And, say, St. Peter, my sight is dimmed,
 But I don't like the way your whiskers are trimmed.
 They are cut too wide, with an outward toss,
 They'd look better better narrow and straight across."
 St. Peter sat quiet and stroked his staff,
 United States at the Democratic Convention in San Francisco in 1920, but the vote was lost in confusion. He lives in a palace in Los Angeles.


ALBERT B. FALL
 Albert Bacon Fall was born at Frankfort, Ky., on November, 1861. Self-educated with some assistance from country schools. He went to the Southwest as a boy and taught school and also studied law. He was admitted to practice in 1889. He worked as a cowboy, farms hand and prospector and miner in Texas and New Mexico. He located in the latter state while it was a territory. Served as a member of the New Mexico Legislature, as a Justice of the New Mexico Supreme Court and Attorney General of New Mexico. Invested his first savings in a New Mexico ranch and in mining lands and gradually enlarged his holdings. He was elected to the United States Senate in 1912 for a term expiring in 1913 and was re-elected 1913 and 1919.
 He resigned from the Senate in 1921 to become Secretary of the Interior in President Harding's Cabinet.

But in spite of his office he had to laugh.
 "Who's tending this gate, Maggie, you or I?"
 Then he rose in his stature tall,
 And pressed a button upon the wall,
 And said to the imp who answered the bell,
 "Escort this woman around to hell."
 Slowly Jiggs turned, by habit bent
 To follow wherever Maggie went.
 St. Peter, standing on duty there,
 Saw that the top of his head was bare.
 He called the old boy back and said:
 "Jiggs, how long hast thou been wed?"
 "Thirty years" (with a weary sigh.)
 And then he thoughtfully added:
 "Why?"
 St. Peter was silent with a heart bent down:
 He raised his hand and scratched his crown:
 Then, seeming a different thought to take,
 Slowly, half to himself, he spake:
 "Thirty years with that woman there!
 No wonder the man hasn't any hair.
 Swearing is wicked, smeking not good,
 He smoked and swore—I should think he would!
 Thirty years with that tongue so sharp—
 Ho, ho, Angel Gabriel, give him a harp—
 A jeweled harp with golden strings.
 Good sir, pass in where the angels sing."
 And Gabriel gave him a seat alone,
 One with a cushion, up near the throne.
 "Call up some Angels to play their best,
 For Jiggs has surely earned a rest.
 See that on the finest ambrosia he feeds,
 He's had about all the hell he needs.
 It isn't hardly the thing to do—
 To roast him on earth and in the future, too."
 So they gave him a harp with golden strings,
 A glittering robe, and a pair of wings.
 And Jiggs, looking down from his most high level,
 Thought of Maggie, and felt sorry for the Devil.

FIGURE THIS ONE
 Opt: "Love is a game."
 Pess: "Yep—but unsatisfactory because it ends in so many ties."
 Sell it with a classified ad.

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!



Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

- Colds
- Toothache
- Neuritis
- Neuralgia
- Headache
- Lumbago
- Rheumatism
- Pain, pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoacetic-acidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

BROCAT'S BARBER SHOP

JNO. BROCAT, Prop.

In business at same stand for 35 years

Tab and Shower Baths and First-Class Workmen

To Stop a Cough Quick take HAYES' HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues.

A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES' HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup.

The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trade Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough.

Both remedies are packed in one carton at the cost of the combined treatment is 35c.

Just ask your druggist for HAYES' HEALING HONEY.



Spring

The delightful consciousness of being well dressed in every detail—and footwear is not the least of it—is an eloquent witness of your taste in dress. Choose inferior shoes and you may walk serenely conscious of the perfect costume shades to harmonize with the new season's decided preference for shoe with the cut-out effects and always popular fancy straps, satin, suede, and soft leathers.

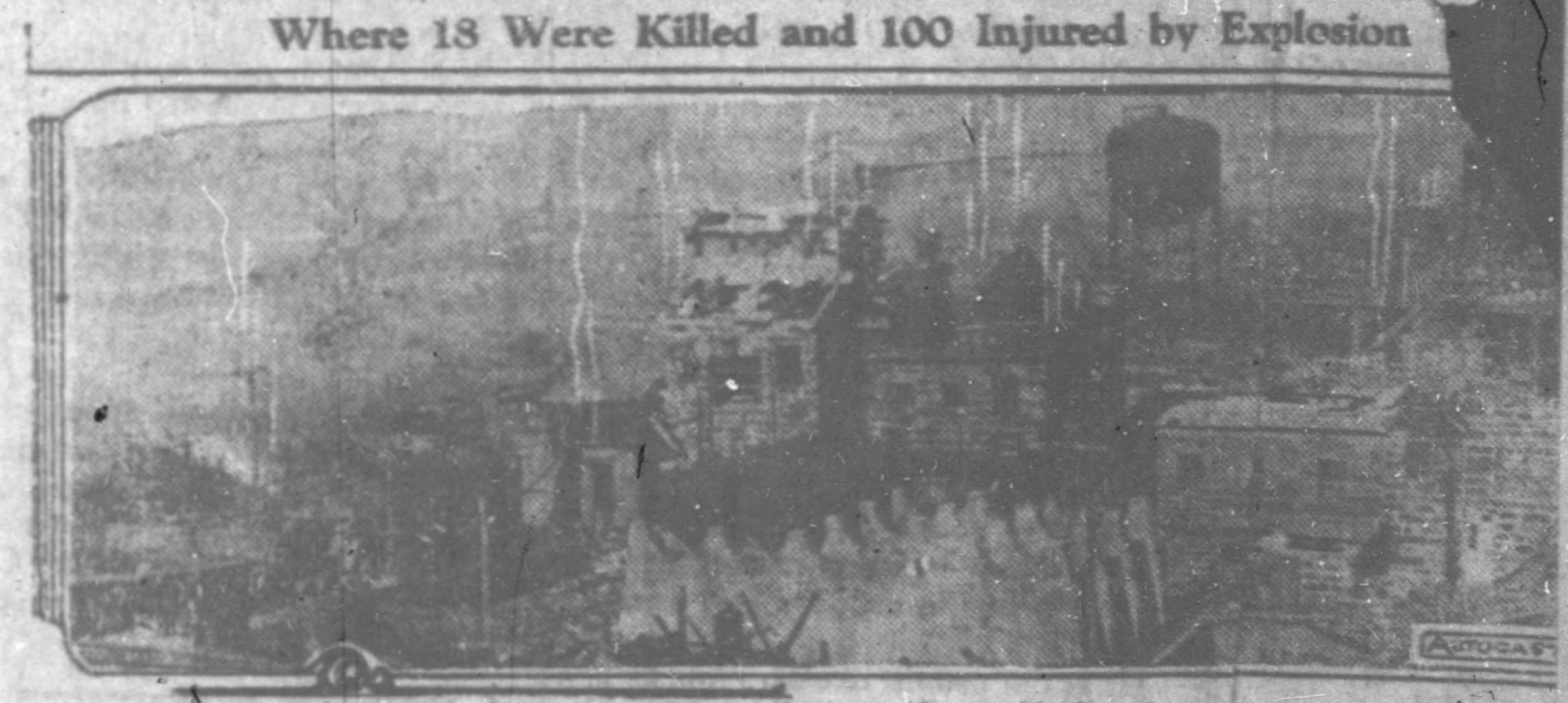
There is a shoe here for you at the price you want to pay. Whatever you wish—pump, sandal or oxford—for dress or business—for sport or theatre—in your favorite leather. Graceful, comfortable, serviceable. All the latest models. For daytime wear there are all the costume shades to harmonize with the new season's decided preference for shoe with the cut-out effects and always popular fancy straps, satin, suede, and soft leathers.

Prices Ranging from \$3.50 to \$8.00


Tolivers Dry Goods

"More Goods for Less Money"

ALMOST TIME NOW Office Boy: "Please, sir, may I have the afternoon off?" Boss: "Grandmother's funeral, eh?" Office Boy: "No, sir; the visiting team's."	FATHERLY ADVICE Customer: "Can I change these pants at this counter?" Clerk: "Well, I'll tell you, mister, we have quite a few women shoppers—so maybe you'd better go to the dressing room in the rear."	No Worms in a Heat All children troubled with Worms, there is more or less store GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for two or three weeks will cure the worms, and act as a tonic to the whole system, throw off or dispel the worms, in perfect health. Pleasant to
---	--	--



A RIFT IN THE CLOUDS



MURRAH!

US FOLKS!

GARDEN THOUGHTS
MOTORING
BUILDING
VACATION PLANS
FLOWERS
TEA-TIME
LUNCH

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS AND CREDITORS OF THE PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK

Notice is hereby given that the Pecos Valley State Bank of Pecos, Texas, has been closed and is now in my hands for the purpose of liquidation.

All persons having claims against the Pecos Valley State Bank, Pecos, Texas, must present such claims and make legal proof thereof on or before May 23, 1924.

ALL CLAIMS OF GUARANTEED DEPOSITORS MUST BE PRESENTED AND LEGAL PROOF THEREOF MADE NO LATER THAN MAY 23, 1924.

ALL CLAIMS OF GUARANTEED DEPOSITORS PRESENTED AFTER MAY 23, 1924, SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO PAYMENT OF ANY PORTION THEREOF OUT OF THE DEPOSITORS GUARANTY FUND.

All claims and proof of claims must be presented to the special agent in charge at the banking house of the Pecos Valley State Bank, Pecos, Texas, or mailed direct to me at Austin, Texas.

J. L. CHAPMAN,

Banking Commissioner of Texas.

Feb. 22-Mr. 23.

PERSONAL

R. R. Gibson, Carlsbad merchant, passed through the city Sunday.

Wm. Keene, Santa Fe roadmaster, was a visitor in Pecos Monday.

G. G. Stonaker, a knight of the city of Denver, Colorado, was here yesterday.

E. L. DeReamer of Chicago, traveling man, was in Pecos Thursday of this week.

J. D. McGregor, Jr., of El Paso, was here on business with cattlemen yesterday.

Mrs. E. J. Brady and Mrs. Roy Stephens of Barstow were Pecos visitors Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Hart of Toyah were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Will Cowan Sunday.

Judge Howell Johnson of Fort Stockton was in Pecos Sunday, and Monday on business.

A. Vick Winters, superintendent of construction on highways in this district, was here Tuesday.

L. W. Stone and wife of Alpine were Pecos visitors Sunday, visiting Edgar McCutcheon at the sanitarium.

Gilbert Brown and Jas. M. Brown, cattle buyers of San Francisco, were transacting business in Pecos Tuesday.

J. T. H. Lipscomb came in a day or so ago to look after business matters and shake hands with his numerous friends.

Mrs. I. G. Love returned home Wednesday from a visit with her sister, Mrs. Green McCombs, at Carlsbad, N. M.

Mrs. Theo. Ray came in Thursday from her home at Midland for a visit with her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Howard, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Markham of Atlanta, Ga., touring the country via automobile, registered at the Orient Wednesday.

C. W. Shepherd and family of Roswell, N. M., were Pecos visitors Wednesday. Mr. Shepherd is Ford dealer of his home town.

L. W. Anderson and George Duncan are home from the Cattlemen's Convention at Houston and report a splendid meeting and a most delightful trip.

WANT POULTRY

12 to 16 cents for hens; fryers 23 cents. Phone 110.—E. F. FUQUA.

Sol Mayer of Denver, Colorado, president of the Pecos Valley Guaranty Bank, was registered at the Orient Hotel Wednesday.

It is reported that I. J. Sims and a brother will move to Pecos and open a hardware store in the Lipscomb building on the corner near the fountain.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Klin, Mrs. J. T. Diebert, Washington, D. C., Mrs. M. H. Hollenbech, Meredith, N. J., were registered at the Orient Saturday.

Elmer Jones returned from the Fat Stock Show in Fort Worth and almost immediately went to bed with measles. His baby son, Wallace, is also sick with the same malady.

Mr. and Mrs. Goode, Miss Maulding and Mrs. Ashley of Barstow, were over last night to hear the talk of Felix D. Robinson, candidate for governor.

A small fire which consumed the chicken house and a small barn at the home of Clay Slack on Tuesday morning brought out the fire department on double quick.

Edmund Caroline, who underwent an operation on Wednesday of last week for appendicitis, was this week sufficiently recovered to be moved to the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Caroline.

Mrs. Walter Browning and children expect to leave today for Houston where she will join her husband who has employment there. Many complimentary farewell functions have recently been held in her honor.

Mrs. J. W. Parker was notified Tuesday of the sudden death early that morning of her brother-in-law, Geo. W. Hobgood, at his home in Tyler. Mrs. Hobgood visited in Pecos for some time two or three years ago and those who met her then will deeply sympathize with her in her bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Hubbs were over from Fort Stockton for a day or two this week. Jack is running a tailoring and cleaning establishment there and states that when business is dull he spends his time fishing; that fishing is fine and they never fail to get all they want. They have many friends in Pecos who are always glad to see them.

Rev. and Mrs. G. B. Hadfield, recently of Wynne, Arkansas, were pleasant visitors at the ENTERPRISE office Tuesday. Mrs. Hadfield was formerly the wife of the Rev. Lanehart, well known to our people as a Christian preacher. The Rev. G. B. Hadfield is also a minister and they were on their way to Carlsbad, N. M., where Mr. Hadfield has been chosen as pastor of the Christian church. Mrs. Hadfield owns land near Jal, N. M.

Mrs. John Hall returned Monday from Grinnell, Iowa, where she went some weeks ago with Mr. Hall who was in ill health. Notice of the passing of Mr. Hall was given in these columns. Mrs. Hall will continue to make Pecos her home, although it will be necessary for her to return to Iowa soon to look after business matters.

"Stump" Robbins was brought into town a day or so ago and placed in the Morrison Sanitarium and is in a precarious condition with a complication of ailments. Mr. Robbins is one of the old settlers in Toyah Valley and the "daddy" of Saragosa the beautiful. He is also a prominent stockman-farmer and has many friends all over West Texas who will regret to hear of his illness.

Mrs. W. D. Casey and Mrs. F. A. Bessire were over from Toyah yesterday.

Mrs. F. A. Bessire of Toyah was a last week-end visitor to friends in Pecos.

C. C. Boyd of Balmorhea was looking after business matters and shaking hands with friends in Pecos on Monday.

E. P. Stuckler of Brogado was a business visitor in Pecos Monday and states that his section of the county is in splendid condition and the people busy and therefore happy.

J. G. Crawford who has been with the Enterprise for more than a year leaves this week for Gallup, N. M. where he has secured a more lucrative situation. Mr. Crawford is a most accurate and swift Linotype operator, a good writer and a splendid all-around fellow. He with the late Richard Lynn conceived the idea of a column of "Chords and Dis-Chords" and he has continued the good work and did it well. Mr. Crawford and his wife are musicians and have meant much to the Tri-City Orchestra. All the members of this organization, with many other friends the Enterprise family included, regrets their departure from Pecos and will wish them well.

FOR SALE
Good framing material for sheds.
—I. E. SMITH. 32-4f

READ THE WANT ADS TODAY.

W. P. Davis of Dallas, who has been in Pecos for the past ten days will step into the shoes of J. G. Crawford as Linotype operator and back office man. He is a first-class operator and printer and the Enterprise feels fortunate in securing his services.

Orient Hotel serves meals for 50c.

HONORS FRIEND WITH BRIDGE

Mrs. J. A. Drane and Mrs. M. W. Collie entertained at bridge Thursday afternoon at the beautiful home of Mrs. Drane in honor of Mrs. Walter Browning, who leaves tomorrow for Houston where she will join her husband in making a new home. There were three tables of bridge players and after the games a delicious two-course luncheon was served. The honoree was presented with a handsome deck of cards in a leather case as a guest prize. The following made up the personnel of this very pleasant occasion: Mesdames J. W. Moore, J. B. Howard, G. C. Parker, O. J. Bryan, David Tudor, Chas. Manahan, R. E. Williams, Monroe Kerr, H. B. Prickett, Marian Snow Hudson, Birge Holt of Barstow, and the hostesses, Mesdames Drane and Collie.

FOR SALE
Good framing material for sheds.
—I. E. SMITH. 32-4f

TO THE CREDITORS OF THE PECOS VALLEY STATE BANK

We have received from the department at Austin proper blanks for the filing of claims. It will be necessary for each creditor to call at the bank beginning Monday the 31st and receive and check his statement and file claims for amount due.—P. H. STANFORD, Special Agent. It (Advertisement)

MARIA LOPEZ DE ESPINOZA

On Sunday, March 23, Mrs. Maria Lopez de Espinoza passed away at her home in Santa Rosa. She was 93 years of age and is the mother of Nepomucena Rayos and the grandmother of Moses Rayos and Miss Benita E. Villa. The funeral services were conducted on Tuesday morning by Rev. James from Santa Rosa church.

Rev. J. W. Rayner, pastor of the Methodist church at Barstow was in Pecos Monday evening in attendance upon the Sunday school meeting at the Methodist church.

The Orient Hotel serves meals for 50c. 6f

HAIL INSURANCE

RATES REDUCED FOR YEAR 1924

For Hail Insurance on

Cotton, Grain or

Apples, see

W. W. DEAN

Agent for the BIG Companies
PECOS, TEXAS

(Advertisement)

Ask for our hail rates. \$2.00 less than last year. In the Old Hartford and other Old Line companies. No after assessments. Cotton, melons, fruits and alfalfa.—See E. L. COLLINGS INSURANCE CO. (Advertisement)

Classified ads fill your needs.



Introducing a
Favorite Creator of
Feminine Fashions

Who will serve this
Store Exclusively

FOR many years it has been the privilege of this store to bring to its patrons the favored fashions of every season.

Yet we have never been content—each year we have sought to improve upon the year preceding—to add some distinction—to offer some service just a bit better than before.

This season it affords us particular pleasure to announce that we have retained the much admired Peggy Paige—designer of individual dresses for miss and youthful matron—and foremost in America in this particular field of fashion.

In this city she will design for us—and for you—exclusively. Each week she will furnish us with new dresses fresh from Fifth Avenue—each bearing a double stamp of style authority—ours, and that of Peggy Paige herself.

There will be dresses for every occasion—smartly simple school frocks; afternoon and dinner dresses in the fetching new silhouettes; charming evening frocks in the favored modes—all at most moderate prices.

The first of these dresses have arrived—a most complete and varied collection at prices ranging from as low as \$25, to \$75—each an original designed exclusively for this store.

Come and view them. You will find, too, a most imposing array of other dresses equally interesting.



DRESSES FASHIONED BY

Peggy Paige

FOR

Pecos Mercantile Co.

FOR YOUR PARTY

Velvet Ice Cream

SPECIAL COLORS, FLAVORS AND DESIGNS. Order one day before party. A pleasure to serve you.

CITY PHARMACY

Phone 36



EDITOHIAL
"The Nation, indeed, has no business 'helping' States build roads; road building is for the State and the county."

The sentence is quoted from a contemporary. We should, perhaps, be journalistically polite and say "esteemed contemporary," only we cannot esteem any paper which states as an axiom a concept not proved or of common knowledge.

Why has the Nation "no business helping States?" Why is road building "for the States and county?" Who ordained that the National Government, which is all of us, should not help several groups of us, which are the States, to solve their problems? Who made the law that the Nation shouldn't build its own roads?

There is much question in many minds as to the advisability of Federal aid for road building; whether the policy of the Nation aiding the States to build roads will work; in the long run, to any better advantage than that of the States aiding the counties to build roads, is yet to be demonstrated. But we can see no reason for saying the Nation "has no business" to do so, if it is its best judgment that it should.

As for road building being properly a State or county function, the government has already made rail and water transportation a matter of national concern. The Nation, not the States, subsidized the first transcontinental railroads, to get them built. The Nation, not the States, improves our waterways. The Nation (not the States) built the Panama Canal. The great beauty spots of the continent are national, not State, parks. Railroads, waterways, Panama Canal, parks, are for the Nation, built by or with the assistance of the Nation. Transportation and some of its objectives are national concerns. Why eliminate roads from the list?

That this Nation will eventually build a national system of national highways is as inevitable as was the canal. It is merely a question of when, and how—with "whens" more fully determined than either of the others. But the "whens" is not so hard to answer; the United States of America will build, own, control and never maintain its basic trunk line system of national highways, thus bringing good roads everywhere, when, and not until when, the people of the United States demand it. If there is any truth in signs, demand is now being made and more and more strongly every year.

OTOR CAR INCREASES CLOTHING SALES
The wail of the tailors that nobody bought clothes any more since they took to motoring, for which any old suit was good enough, has been knocked to a splutter by a bulletin from the International Association of Garment Manufacturers.

This organization finds that the motor car increases the sale of sport clothes, due to the increased use of country clubs, which comes from the motor; reports an increased use of camping clothes, due to the enormous number of "tin can tourists," and a greatly increased use of fine garments for social purposes which, before the motor, could not be indulged in for lack of time.

There is no industry, no occupation, no man, woman or child in the country, not affected favorably by the increased mileage of good roads.

IN THE SPRINGTIME
Cake (driving in country): "Isn't this wonderful? When I get close to nature it makes me feel like a little grab."
Flapper: "Me, too. Let's have a bite at the next inn."

To Stop a Cough Quick
take HAYES HEALING HONEY, a cough medicine which stops the cough by healing the inflamed and irritated tissues.
A box of GROVE'S O-PEN-TRATE SALVE for Chest Colds, Head Colds and Croup is enclosed with every bottle of HAYES HEALING HONEY. The salve should be rubbed on the chest and throat of children suffering from a Cold or Croup.
The healing effect of Hayes' Healing Honey inside the throat combined with the healing effect of Grove's O-Pen-Trate Salve through the pores of the skin soon stops a cough.
Both remedies are packed in one carton and the cost of the combined treatment is 35c.
Just ask your druggist for HAYES HEALING HONEY.

Sell it with a classified ad.
CITATION BY PUBLICATION
To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon C. R. Troxel, F. M. Dancy, J. R.

Parker, G. H. Hancock and the Parker-Hancock Syndicate, an unincorporated association, J. W. McClusky, J. E. Vestal, M. B. Guinnison, Clawson Lubricating Company, a corporation, and an unincorporated association, Curtis B. Clawson and Fresno Toyah Syndicate, an unincorporated association, Willard Brooks, J. L. Greenleaf, H. M. Harford, J. R. Martin, W. P. Clements, Allen Bowen, B. H. Mason, B. C. Lanier, J. F. Lanier and C. C. Hotchkiss Trustees, Toyah Alabama Oil Co., an unincorporated association, Holly Lube Oil Co., a nonresident corporation, Penny Oil Association, an unincorporated association, Jet Oil Co., a nonresident corporation, The Troxel Oil Company, a corporation, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1924, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 12th day of March A. D. 1924, in suit No. 2385, wherein W. W. Camp, Ray Camp, Hardin Ross, Mrs. T. N. Hefner, R. N. Couch, H. T. Collier, R. N. McCarty, A. R. Ross, R. S. Johnson, W. D. Johnson, Independent Executor of the Estate of F. W. Johnson, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and C. R. Troxel, F. M. Dancy, J. R. Parker, G. H. Hancock and the Parker-Hancock Syndicate, an unincorporated association, J. W. McClusky, J. E. Vestal, M. B. Guinnison, Clawson Lubricating Company, a corporation and an unincorporated association, Curtis B. Clawson and Fresno Toyah Syndicate, an unincorporated association, Willard Brooks, J. L. Greenleaf, H. M. Harford, J. R. Martin, W. P. Clements, Allen Bowen, B. H. Mason, B. C. Lanier, J. F. Lanier and C. C. Hotchkiss Trustees, Toyah Alabama Oil Company, an unincorporated association, Holly Lube Oil Company, a nonresident corporation, Penny Oil Association, an unincorporated association, Jet Oil Company, a nonresident corporation, The Troxel Oil Company, a corporation and the Tri-State Association of credit men, a corporation, are defendants, and said petition alleging:

Same being a suit to cancel an oil lease executed by Plaintiffs February 18th, 1918, on eighty (80) acres, South part of Section 8, Block 59, Public School Land, patented by W. W. Camp, described as beginning at Pine Stake of Section 8, Block 59, from the S. W. corner in said section 8, hrs. West 891 vrs. thence North 950 vrs. to the N. W. corner of this survey; thence East 475 vrs. for N. E. corner of this survey; thence South 950 vrs. for S. E. corner of this survey; thence West to the place of beginning.

Herein fail not but have before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 12th day of March A. D. 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, District Court, Reeves County, Texas.
32-4t By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.

No. 2385. In the District Court, Reeves County, Texas. W. W. Camp et al vs C. R. Troxel et al. Citation by Publication. Issued this 12th day of March A. D. 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, District Clerk, Reeves Co., Texas.
32-4t By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PROBATE WILL
The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Reeves County, Texas.—Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to cause to be published for ten days, exclusive of the return day hereof, a true copy of the following notice, in a newspaper published in Reeves County, Texas, to-wit:

THE STATE OF TEXAS. TO ALL PERSONS INTERESTED THE ESTATE OF J. G. LOVE, Deceased.

Ludie Love has filed in the county court of Reeves County, Texas, an application for the probate of the last will and testament of said J. G. Love, deceased, filed with said application, and for letters testamentary of the estate of said J. G. Love, deceased, which will be heard at the next term of said court commencing on the 1st Monday in April, A. D. 1924, the same being the 7th day of April, 1924, at the courthouse thereof, in Pecos, Reeves County, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said estate may appear and contest said application, should they desire to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court on the said first day of the next term thereof this writ, with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court at its office in Pecos, Texas, this 19th day of March A. D. 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, County Court of Reeves County, Texas.
32-3t By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.
No. 225. In the Estate of J. G. Love, Deceased. Notice of Application to Probate Will. Issued March 19th, 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, County Court, Reeves Co., Texas.
By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the Town of Pecos City for the purpose of electing three Aldermen for the said Town of Pecos City to serve for a period of Two years, and also for the purpose of electing a Mayor, and a City Secretary for the said Town of Pecos City. That said election shall be held on the first Tuesday in April, A. D. 1924, being the 1st day of said month, and said election is to be held at the City Hall in the said Town of Pecos City, between the hours of Eight o'clock A. M. and Six o'clock P. M., and none but the qualified voters within the Town of Pecos City are entitled to vote therein.

J. W. Moore is appointed Presiding Judge, C. A. Johnson Assistant Judge; J. M. Garner and L. L. Thurston are appointed Clerks for said election; and said election shall be held and due returns made thereof to the Council of said Town of Pecos City, as required by law.

Dated, this 27th day of February A. D. 1924.

B. A. TOLIVER, Mayor, of the Town of Pecos City, Texas.
Attest:
E. EASTERBROOK, Secretary, of the Town of Pecos City, Texas.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION
The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Reeves County, Texas.—Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon Harold R. Knower and J. Marie Knower, his wife, Sarah E. Clark and ———— Clark, her husband, Amos E. Kegley, by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks

previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county to appear at the next term of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be holden at the court house thereof in Pecos, Texas, on the 21st day of April, A. D. 1924, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1924, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 2382, wherein F. J. Billingslea is plaintiff and Harold R. Knower, J. Marie Knower, his wife, Sarah E. Clark and ———— Clark, her husband, Amos E. Kegley and Fairbanks, Morse & Company, a corporation, are defendants, said petition alleging in substance, as follows:

That defendants Harold R. Knower and J. Marie Knower executed and delivered to the plaintiff five promissory notes each in the sum of \$1339.40, numbered 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, all dated March 12th, 1923, due in one, two, three, four and five years after date each respectively, all bearing 6 per cent interest from date and 10 per cent attorney's fees. That said notes were given for a part of the purchase price of the following described land situated in Reeves County, Texas, to-wit:

The NE 1/4 of Section No. 151, Block No. 13, H. & G. N. R. R. Co. survey, and a strip 212 feet wide off the north side of the southeast quarter of said section 151, said block 13, less right of way of the P. V. S. Ry. Co., fifty feet wide, along the east side of said land, and containing 169.3 acres of land, said strip being fully described by metes and bounds in said plaintiff's petition. That in the deed conveying said land and in the notes above described, the vendor's lien was specifically retained upon said land to secure the payment of said notes.

That note No. 1 of said series has been paid; that plaintiff transferred and sold notes Nos. 4 and 5 of said series and that the defendant, Sarah E. Clark, is now the owner thereof as shown by the records of Deeds of said Reeves County; that plaintiff still owns notes Nos. 2 and 3 of said series for said sum of \$1339.40 each; that no part of either of said notes has ever been paid except the interest on both of said notes in March 12th, 1918. Plaintiff sues for the amount of said notes, and for foreclosure of the vendor's lien upon the land above described and that the rights or claims of all the defendants above named be foreclosed and barred.

Herein fail not, but have before said court on the first day of the next term this writ, with your return thereon showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court on this the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, District Court Reeves County, Texas.
By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.
No. 2382. F. J. Billingslea vs Harold R. Knower. Citation by Publication. Issued Feb. 23rd, 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, Clerk, District Court, Reeves Co., Tex.
31-4t By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Reeves County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Julian R. Elkins, T. W. Carter, T. W. Suttlemeyer, J. F. Black, Lewis W. Thomas, H. B. Codgell, Robert Goodwin, A. A. Harper, James J. Smith, Chas. E. Hart, B. L. Parks, G. B. Smith, and the Southland Leasing Syndicate, an unincorporated association of persons doing business under said name, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Reeves County, Texas, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Pecos, Texas, on the 21st day of April A. D. 1924, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 4th day of March A. D. 1924, in suit No. 2384, wherein E. W. Miller is plaintiff, and J. P. Goodger and wife, N. J. Goodger, G. W. Reed and wife, Alice Reed, J. B. Goodger, R. S. Dearing and wife, Cressie Dearing, Charles C. Tomas and C. C. Thomas, H. L. Houston, D. E. Clark and A. E. Reed, F. P. Richburg, Jack L. Woods, Lee Garrett, John B. Hudson and Julian R. Elkins, T. W. Carter, T. W. Suttlemeyer, J. F. Black, Lewis W. Thomas, H. B. Codgell, Robert Goodwin, A. A. Harper, James J. Smith, Chas. E. Hart, B. L. Parks, G. B. Smith, and Southland Leasing Syndicate an unincorporated association are Defendants, and said petition alleging:

That heretofore to-wit: On December 14th, 1914, for value received the defendant J. P. Goodger and wife, N. J. Goodger, executed and delivered to one W. H. Casey their certain promissory note in the sum of Two Thousand (\$2,000.00) Dollars dated December 14th, 1914, due on or before eight years after date, payable to W. H. Casey or order with interest at the rate of Six per cent per annum, payable annually, further providing for 10 per cent attorney fees, if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, whereby said defendants became bound and liable to pay and promised to pay W. H. Casey or order the sum of said note, both principal, interest and attorney fees.

That said note was executed in part payment for a certain tract of land in Reeves County, Texas, described as Sections 27 and 28, in Block C-One, Public School Land, Reeves County, Texas, conveyed to said defendants last mentioned by W. H. Casey on December 14, 1914, which Deed of Conveyance is duly recorded in Volume 41, page 127, in the County Clerk's office of Reeves County, Texas, and to secure which said note a Vendor's Lien was expressly reserved in said deed of conveyance and in said note. That for value received on December 15th, 1916, the said W. H. Casey transferred and assigned the said note and said lien in writing to this plaintiff, who is now the legal owner and holder of said note and said lien. That the other defendants are claiming some right, title, interest in and to said land, which interest, if any, is inferior to the rights of plaintiff.

Plaintiff prays for judgment and for foreclosure of his lien.

Herein fail not but have you before said Court, at its aforesaid regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Pecos, Texas, this 8th day of March A. D. 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, District Clerk, Reeves County, Texas.
31-4t By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.
Number 2384. In the District Court, Reeves County, Texas. E. W. Miller vs J. P. Goodger et al. Citation by Publication. Issued this 8th day of March A. D. 1924.

S. C. VAUGHAN, District Clerk, Reeves County, Texas.
31-4t By VANNIE INGLE, Deputy.

People of Pecos!



You hope—I hope—we all hope
for better times—more pay and a comfortable success. It is ours for the
making—and right here in PECOS, too.

Perhaps we all pride ourselves on our civic loyalty—but do we practice it? Civic loyalty is more than a mere boasting of present assets. It is in the daily active support of our public and business institutions—so that they may develop and grow.

A community thrives and grows as its
business institutions grow. As a successful
business is developed, it throws its
prosperity right back into the life and development of the community.

If we send or take the money we earn here in Pecos to other business centers for trading, pleasure or investment—we cannot expect our community to grow—our property to increase in value, nor can we expect our earning powers here to be greater.

It is an every-day job for you—for me—for all of us to practice civic loyalty in the simple little acts of buying all our goods in Pecos. Patronize home merchants and home industries and soon we will all share in the prosperity which is ours if we will develop it.

This Week—Every Week

The Pecos Enterprise