

A. M. AVANT—THE LAND MAN
Exclusive Agent for all the
Unsold Lands in
BLOCKS 1 AND 2, T. & P. RY. CO.
In Presidio & Jeff Davis Counties

THE NEW ERA.

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VOLUME 33: NUMBER 4.

MARFA, TEAS, JUNE 28, 1919.

ESTABLISHED MAY 1886.

Published Among the Silver-Lined Clouds 4692 Feet Above Sea Level, Where the Sun Shines 365 Days in the Year. The Healthful Pure, Air Makes Life Worth Living

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION OUTLOOK FOR TEXAS GOOD.

With no Unforeseen Drawbacks in
Weather Conditions Crop
Yield 100 Per Cent.

Taken as whole, the outlook for crop production in Texas was never brighter than at present. From North to South and from East to West, bountiful showers have soaked the State continuously since last fall, as rarely before. In fact, while for the past few years the farmers of the State have had to bend every energy to saving moisture, this practice has required complete reversal for this year and the problem even in West Texas has been one of how to get rid of the surplus rather than how to insure an adequate supply of moisture. The story of this struggle is written very plainly in hundreds of reports received by the Texas Industrial Congress during June. Taken at their face value one would say that Nature herself has joined in the important cotton reduction campaign and at the same time has given her unqualified approval to the world's demand for the production of more food for man and beast. The very conditions which have forced the present unfavorable outlook for cotton production have on the other hand pushed food and feed crops to a degree of prosperity and promise rarely seen at this time of year in Texas.

The average of the reports show the conditions of crops for the to be 75 per cent for cotton, 98 per cent for corn, 93 per cent for grain and sweet sorghums and 100 per cent for gardens, with but few localities reporting a sufficiency of labor.

In Central and East Texas the slight falling off in condition of corn, as well as the poor condition for cotton all over the State, is due to continued rains. These have not only caused a hasty preparation of the ground and a hurried planting but in many instances are responsible for poor stands, especially in West Texas where the habit of deep planting is hard to overcome. The heavy downpour following planting frequently buried the seed too deep for the young plants to force their heads to the sunlight. All over the State these frequent rains, coupled with the general scarcity of labor, have delayed subsequent prompt working of crops, and as a consequence the cotton crop contains more grass and the stands are more defective than for years. So, coupled with the assured decrease in the acreage, there can be no fear that Texas will not go her share in maintaining the price of cotton, so far as production is concerned.

On the other hand, the conditions that have brought about an unfavorable outlook for cotton, have produced the opposite result upon food and feed crops.

While the average condition reported for corn for Central Texas slightly below normal it is doubtful if this can be translated into future yields. In all probability it applies to the fact that there are more grass and weeds in the corn now than normally. The stand is unusually good and while weeds and grass in corn at this season would under average conditions be rather an unfavorable indication of yield, yet the abnormal abundance of stored moisture in the soil will more than discount this defect and the farmer confidently looks forward to an exceptionally good corn yield.

The grain sorghums are showing up well, as well as corn, in West and only slightly less so in Central Texas.

The feature of the reports that means more for future prosperity and that means more money for the Texas farmer, is the universally satisfactory condition of the farm garden. From all over the State comes the universal song: "Gardens never better." In fact, one enthusiast reports: "Condition of gardens 500 per cent." and as this came from West Texas where even under normal conditions the garden "habit" is far from a fixed one and gardens few and far between, his estimate may not be so far wrong. The Texas farmer for the past few years has had impressed upon him the fact that Nebuchadnezzar's example of eating grass, especially if that grass was in the form of "garden sass" raised by himself, was far from a bad lesson when viewed in the light of modern necessity. These universal gardens mean much for prosperity, they mean much for health.

CONGRESSMEN'S COMMITTEE TO VISIT WEST TEXAS SOON

To Seek Information as to Irrigation
and Conservation Possibilities in West.

Congressman Claude Hudspeth of El Paso is making an effort to have a committee of Congressmen visit West Texas to inform themselves about the irrigation and conservation possibilities. The West Texas Chamber of Commerce has telegraphed him seconding his efforts and offering co-operation should the committee be named.

The President of every Chamber of Commerce in West Texas should write or telegraph Congressman Hudspeth in order to assist him in this endeavor.

There is now pending before Congress two propositions which are of vital importance to West Texas. One is a bill providing for a survey of the Brazos and Colorado rivers with a view to showing just what can be done in the way of conservation of storm waters along those streams. The other is a proposition of purchase large tracts of land in West Texas to be offered to the returning soldiers, sailors and marines.

West Texas knows that a visit to this part of the state will convince the Congressmen that there is plenty of water in West Texas provided it can be conserved during the rainy periods. As a first step in that direction surveys of our rivers by Government engineers are essential to show where the dam and reservoir sites are situated and what the approximate capacity of each is. All Texas is interested in our conservation program, because if we can hold the storm waters where they are needed in West Texas the flood damage along the lower reaches of the streams will be much reduced if not entirely abated.

MARFA NATIONAL BANK NOW U. S. DEPOSITARY

It is with a good deal of pleasure that we are able to announce to our readers that The Marfa National Bank has been made a United States Government Depository which is, in our opinion, quite a compliment to this good bank, as it has not been the policy of the Government to create depositories since the organization of the Federal Reserve system. The Marfa National Bank has always been a warm friend of the officers and men in this district and we congratulate them upon their success in being made a U. S. depository. Incidentally, this will be of great advantage to the Troop Commanders in carrying their funds in a United States Government Depository. The Marfa National Bank in their last statement showed a most prosperous condition with deposits of nearly three quarters of a million dollars.—Adv.

and at the same time are going to have their very important influence in enabling the farmer to hold his cotton for better prices this fall.

On the whole, the Texas farmer can look to the future with a smiling countenance. Even the apparent misfortune to the cotton crop, in the light of the world's unsettled condition, may really be a source of gratification rather than disappointment. It cannot be doubted that the cotton producers' interests are best served at present by the outlook of a short crop this year; with his storeroom filled, his ribs and haymows running over, and increased livestock all around him, the Texas farmer is occupying the golden chair of opportunity.

S. PAUL'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH

"The Little Red-roofed Church"
Rev. Clarence S. McClellan, Jr., B. D., Rector
SUNDAY SERVICES
Lieutenant McKenzie P. Moore, Layreader.
First Sunday after Trinity
Holy Communion at 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer and sermon by Rector at 11 A. M.
Subject of sermon: "BY BABYLON'S WATERS"
Special Music.
All are invited to attend.

COMMITTEE HEEDS CABELL'S PROTEST ABOUT RESOLUTION

Federal Relations Body Also Strikes
Out Proposal to Sell Supplies
To Mexican Factions.

A special from Austin under date of June 25th, has the following to say regarding the Mexican situation:

"Favorable report in a modified form was made late today by the senate committee on federal relations on the Strickland Mexican resolution. The parts of the resolution objected to by General Cabell commanding the southern department, are eliminated in the report, as is the provision permitting the sale of supplies to both factions.

"Senator J. J. Strickland of Anderson County, author of the resolution urging the United States government to declare a state of war exists in northern Mexico between Carranza and Angeles, and permitting sale of supplies to both sides, today announced that he would not cut out this part of the resolution as requested by the senate committee on federal relations, but would make a fight for it on the floor of the senate.

"General Cabell, commanding the southern department, headquarters Fort Sam Houston, in a telegram to Senator Hartzberg today, said that the Strickland resolution on the Mexican situation contains "unjust and untrue statements concerning the El Paso incident."

"General Cabell said that in pursuance of his duty to prevent loss of life in El Paso, General Erwin decided that from all information in his possession, and which later was verified, that shots falling in El Paso were coming from Villistas and he crossed and dispersed them.

"His action had no reference to the state of the conflict between the two factions," said General Cabell, in his message.

"The statement that the Mexican officer in charge of the federal garrison at Juarez did in an insulting and most humiliating manner order the American troops to withdraw from Mexican territory under a threat of annihilation is wholly untrue. No order was given American troops by the Mexican commander and no threat made."

"The message concluded: 'I have, of course, nothing to say about the politics of the resolution, but I am concerned about the statements reflecting upon the conduct and operations of troops under my command. Had these statements not been printed in the press I would have said nothing.'

"Senator Hartzberg referred the telegram to the committee on federal relations."

Married—John Gordon Knight and Miss Marguerite Lewis, in the office of the County Clerk, Thursday at 9:00 p. m., Rev. D. Macune officiating. The couple left on the midnight train for a week's visit in El Paso.

A shiny truck or wagon will not sell poor farm produce; but the pride which leads you to keep it so will cause you to grow stuff that folks will want the minute they set their eyes on it.

MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT AT THE ARMY Y. M. C. A.

Men Enthusiastic; Hope Expressed
For a Return Play by the
Marfa Ladies.

The musical entertainment given at the "Y" Saturday evening, June 21, by Mrs. Mahone, Miss Greenwood and party was one of the most delightful programs of the season. Every number was appreciated and encored time and time again. The program opened with the National air, "America." Everyone in the audience took part and showed great spirit and appreciation. Little Miss Luchasse gave a new Spanish dance and held her audience spellbound. She was encored repeatedly. Her costume was very charming and the music very bewitching.

The solo rendered by Miss Francis Mitchell was very beautiful. Little Miss Jettie Grace Pruett gave a reading which was enjoyed by all.

The violin solo rendered by Miss Francis Mitchell was very beautiful and she displayed great talent. It is hoped that she will play again for the men.

The Misses Carmelia Kilpatrick, Donnie Bristo and Mary Harper formed a trio of exceptionally fine harmony. Each took her lead at precisely the right moment. Their numbers were so well executed that the audience was actually entranced by the ability of these young Misses and is eagerly looking forth to their next visit.

Mrs. Mahone rendered a vocal solo which was the hit of the evening. With her charming voice, bewitching words of song and well executed gestures Mrs. Mahone took the house by storm. Applause after applause was given and it was an impossibility for Mrs. Mahone to satisfy her audience as to do this she would have had to sing all evening. It is earnestly hoped that Mrs. Mahone will render us many numbers of this nature in the near future.

Miss Katherine Mitchell, soprano, rendered a vocal solo which showed the excellent results of years of training. The control of her voice was remarkable. Miss Mitchell wore a beautiful blue evening gown and had to match which brought forth her personal beauty. Miss Mitchell thoroughly captivated her audience and it is hoped that she will sing for the men again sometime in the near future.

The closing number, a duet by the Misses Mitchell and Midkiff was very beautiful. The words were sung in a style that showed great feeling by both singers.

It is needless to say that this program was greatly appreciated by the men as their thunderous applause and super interest and attention to each performer expresses their appreciation thoroughly. We are all anticipating the return of these performers in the near future.

An exchange of stock on the farm will in the end be more profitable than trying to beat the stock exchange.

The English language is full of oddities. For instance, what we most like in an egg we despise in man or woman.

GERMANS TO SIGN THE PEACE TREATY

A Sufficient Pressure Having Been
Brought to Bear, the Decision
Was Easily Made.

Paris, France.—The German government at Weimar has formally communicated its willingness to sign the peace terms unconditionally, it was announced by the French foreign office.

The day and hour for the formal signing of the treaty is uncertain. The signing possibly may take place Tuesday, but more likely Wednesday.

The Italian delegates at present in Paris have been authorized to sign the treaty on behalf of Italy. This announcement removed one question which it was feared might delay the signing.

The German note of acceptance, it is said, is couched in such language that it maintains the German position that the peace conditions are a peace of violence.

Germany today requested an additional 48 hours' time within which to make known its decision relative to the signing of the peace treaty without the reservations refused by the entente. The council of three flatly refused the request.

The request for additional time pleaded that the change in the government and the generally disturbed conditions named it difficult to complete the arrangements.

The communication from the Germans was received at 3 o'clock this morning. At 9 o'clock President Wilson and Premier Clemenceau met with Premier Lloyd George at the latter's house for consideration of the note. The character of this communication was not disclosed, however, until some time later in the morning, when announcement was made that the German request had been rejected.

The decision to refuse the request was reached after a discussion lasting less than an hour.

The German note reads as follows: "To his excellency, the President of the peace conference, Mr. Clemenceau:

"Mr. President, the minister for foreign affairs instructs me to beg the allied and associated governments to prolong for 48 hours the time limit for answering your excellency's note communicated yesterday evening, and likewise the time limit for answering the note of June 16, 1919.

"It was only on Saturday, after great difficulties, that a new cabinet was formed which, unlike its predecessor, could come to an agreement to declare its willingness to sign the treaty as regards nearly all its provisions. The national assembly has expressed its confidence in its cabinet by a large majority of votes. The answer only arrived here just before midnight, as the direct wire from Versailles to Weimar was out of order. The government must come into contact anew with the national assembly in order to take the grievous decision which is still required of it in such a manner as it can only be taken in accordance with democratic principles and with the internal situation in Germany.

"Accept, Mr. President, the assurance of my distinguished consideration. (Signed) "Von Haniel."

The following reply was sent, after its approval by the council of the allied and associated powers:

"Mr. President:

"The allied and associated governments beg to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of June 23. After full consideration of your request, they regret that it is not possible to extend the time already granted to your excellency to make known your decision relative

JULY THIRD AND FOURTH WILL BE CELEBRATED.

The Army Post has Arranged for
Splendid Program for Two
Days Amusements.

Through the efforts of Col. Geo. T. Langhorne and the athletic director, arrangements have been made whereby a splendid program of amusements consisting of base ball, polo and other athletics, will be given the public on next Thursday and Friday, July 3rd and 4th at the camp.

Probably the most interesting of these will be the baseball games, as the Alpine team is scheduled for two games, one each day on the 3rd and 4th. On the afternoon of the 3rd Alpine and the 8th Cavalry teams will contest for honors on the diamond; on the afternoon of the 4th, there will be a double-header, when Alpine and Marfa will tie into each other at 2 o'clock, and at 4:30 Marfa and the 8th Cavalry teams will test their wits and strength in the national game.

There will be a baseball game on Wednesday afternoon of each week during the months of July and August at the Army Camp, as Mr. Reynolds informs us that he has secured consent of all merchants in town to close for half holiday on these days.

It is hoped that the public will give this feature of amusement its hearty support and attend these games regularly.

to the signature of the treaty without any reservation.

(Signed) "Clemenceau."

The fact that the Germans asked only 48 hours' delay and yet were refused was regarded in peace conference circles as indicating the intention of the allies to push matters to an immediate conclusion. The great allied military machine was ready to move on the stroke of the hour of the expiration of the time limit.

After disposing of the German request, the council of four apparently dismissed German affairs to the fate of the hours left to the enemy to sign and turned to other affairs.

The German note to which the council of four replied Sunday, by definitely rejecting suggestions for any alteration in the treaty, declared that the Germans regarded the terms of peace as impracticable and that their signature is given under duress. Protests were made against the forfeiture of colonies and others. Asserting that the terms cannot be carried out and that the German government cannot be held responsible for what may occur, the note concluded by saying that the Germans will sign, with reservations relative to the turning over of those alleged to be guilty of crimes and also the administration of the guilt of Germany in causing the war. In replying, the council of four said:

"The allied and associate powers have considered the note of the German delegation of even date and in view of the shortness of time remaining, feel it their duty to reply at once. Of the time within which the German government must take its final decision as to the signature of the treaty, less than 24 hours remains. The allied and associated governments have given fullest consideration to all representations hitherto made by the German government with regard to the treaty and have replied with complete frankness. They have made such concessions as they thought it just to make. The present note of the German delegation presents no new arguments or considerations not already examined."

The council then declares that the time for discussion was past and that the German representatives must make a decision to sign and accept the treaty as a whole or to reject it.

The full text of the German note shows that while but two reservations were made, the Germans asked for the insertion in the treaty of a clause providing that within two years that document should be submitted to the council of the league of nations for reconsideration of that portion of the treaty which, as the Germans phrased it, "impair the rights of self-determination of the German people."

Similar reconsideration of that portion whereby the "free economic development of Germany on a footing of equal rights is denied," also was provided for in this suggested clause.

SPECIALS FOR MONDAY

JUNE 23rd.

Good Grade Domestic for.....24c a yard.
Good Grade Gingham for.....25c a yard.
Good Grade Lawn for.....19c a yard.

100 Pair Oxfords at Very Low Prices.

LIVINGSTON-MABRY CO

"The Big Store."

The Marfa National Bank

Offers you many kinds of service—
Commercial banking in its various phases—
Savings department allows interest on deposits—
Safety deposit boxes for your valuables \$2.00 per year and upwards.

Conservative—Absolutely Safe

United States Government Depository.

THE NEW ERA

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May 29, 1906, at Marfa, Texas, under
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Marfa, Texas, June 28, 1919.



Some weeks ago we were told that there was an effort being made to organize a Business Mens' Club in Marfa. Wonder what has become of it?

With the \$600,000 being spent by the U. S. Government for permanent improvements at the army camp, and with the prospects of an aviation field, Marfa should step to the front in great style. It should also be seen to that hotel accommodations be provided for the great influx of workers that are sure to come with the above.

There seems to have been some misunderstanding in regard to the day set for the first half holiday some were under the impression that it would be the first Wednesday afternoon in July, while others claimed Wednesday of this week as the first closing day and that they remain open on the Wednesday of next week, as there will be two days of amusements at the camp, and it is expected that the business houses will close on one or both of these days.

We don't know the exact interpretation of the law on gambling, but our idea is that gambling is gambling, no matter what the amount of money involved, whether it be one cent, one hundred dollars or one thousand dollars, the principle involved is the same. Now, there is scarcely a day passes that gambling in some form is not noticeable on the streets of Marfa. There are little boys from eight to twelve years old frequently seen "pitching pennies," and on more than one occasion, it has been noticed that certain grown men have taken part in this game with the boys. Again we wish to state that gambling is gambling, no matter what the amount of money at stake or who the participants.

Ratifies Suffrage Amendment.

The Legislature has ratified the Suffrage Amendment by a vote of 96 to 20, and it was passed under suspension of the rules. Of course the old Anti-prohibition crowd opposed it, but they are getting just what is coming to them; they pose as great patriots, and want it referred back to the people. It has already been proven that a large majority of the opposition came from German and foreign nationalities.

We think the Legislature did absolutely right. The time has come when all Americans must stand together to protect our country, and we are much surprised at a few of the men who voted on the other side.

Our Merchant Know.

We have a few merchants in this city who say by their actions at least that they don't need any advertising. This is a fine position to be in; they are to be congratulated on their fine business ability.—Marfa New Era.

Jourdanon used to be afflicted in this manner years ago but the News Monitor put on a campaign of education some months ago and proved to the progressive merchants that it does pay to advertise in the newspaper. Now, when business gets dull during the quiet season our merchants don't sit down and growl and cuss—no sir; they put on a sale for a week or so, thereby moving some slow stock and getting buyers acquainted with their store and methods of doing business. Our merchants have been convinced that advertising brings results and they are all users of the News Monitor.—Jourdanon News-Monitor.

Oil Facts.

Our good friend, Brother Hardy, of the Snyder Signal, in making his report on the oil situation, comes out under the head of "Oil Facts."

Now, Brother Hardy, we are getting a little uneasy about you and your future welfare. Who ever heard of "Oil Facts?" We have heard a great deal about oil, but never saw the facts mixed up with oil much; in fact, our impression is

that oil and facts won't mix much better than oil and water, as the oil will get on top.

We would suggest to Brother Hardy that he make two separate columns, one for oil and one for facts, as they don't mix good no way.

Furnish No Ammunition.

The Legislature is asking the U. S. to recognize that a state of war exists in northern Mexico. All of which we admit and agree with, but if we are to fight Mexico why should we furnish either side with arms for them to fight us with?

We think this is a very bad policy of self-preservation at least, and can see no good come from such action by the United States.

We believe there should be a strong border patrol put along the Rio Grande river and then build the highway that is being discussed; and until we do declare war on Mexico make them stay on their side of the fence and fight it out among themselves, but not furnish either side with ammunition to kill our boys with. Later on, if we have to go in there and establish a government for them, it will not be such a difficult task.

Anent The Peace Treaty.

Now that the Peace Treaty is to be signed and President Wilson is soon to be on his way back to his post of duty in the United States on the steamer George Washington, bringing glad tidings to his people.

While he has been maligned and criticized by many of the United States Senators, as well as by his political enemies, it is already being shown by some of these same men that they will show the white feather when President Wilson returns to Washington bringing the good news of "Peace on Earth, and Good Will to Men;" thus proving to his people that he has stood for America in a foreign land, and against all comers to carry out his plans for a world peace. While he has made some concessions, on the whole, he has helped the world along in a wonderful way, and public opinion has remained steadfast in favor of the League of Nations, in spite of a most powerful propaganda which has been spread all over the world.

The Republicans have done their best to overthrow Wilson's plans while he was fighting for America's interests in a foreign land; yet he has proven himself their masters, at the same time a public benefactor to all mankind.

No living man has ever occupied such an important a position to all the world as he, and has said "Go do your duty and only do it right."

When he lands safely back in the United States every red-blooded American, regardless of his private opinions, should take off his hat and reverently bow his head and say, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant."

G. L. MAURER
 Painter and Decorator
 Agent for
 HENRY BOSCH WALL PAPER
 Box 194 Phone 139
 Marfa, Texas.

Alta Vista Hotel Arrivals.

Among the many out of town visitors to the city this week, the following registered at the Alta Vista Hotel:

W. B. Bull, El Paso; L. L. Warden, El Paso; Ralph R. Powers, Presidio; Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Foster, San Francisco, Calif.; Ed Ritter, El Paso; Ake Fenkelstein, San Antonio; L. F. Cahill, El Paso; P. H. Marshall, El Paso; H. M. Daily, Presidio; S. F. Rosenberg, Greenville; F. R. Russell Shafter; Mrs. M. H. Shelton, Valentine; Mrs. G. Beal, Valentine; Maj. G. F. Hester, Camp Travis; L. Summerline, New Orleans; T. F. Hogan, San Antonio; E. W. Young, Shafter; E. Carneles and wife, El Paso; W. P. Hicks, El Paso; Robert Pick, Candelaria; W. B. Kroeger, San Antonio; F. M. Coleman, San Antonio.

Returned From Trip to East Texas.

We arrived home Wednesday af-

ter a week's trip through North and Central Texas, and back via San Antonio, and home at Marfa. We are always delighted to get back to Marfa, especially during the hot weather, as it is now.

We don't believe Marfa can be excelled, for we visited Snyder, Abilene, Cisco, Eastland, Ranger, Fort Worth and Dallas climates in Texas. While we were gone we spent a couple of days in the oil towns, which are something wonderful to see; what has been done and is being done in so short a time. Now such a mad rush for wealth is a sight to behold; everybody is on the move and something new happening every hour in the day. Just where they are going and what they are after, we think, more than a great many of them know; but they are playing the game and having a good time, and getting separated from their coin in the regular way, and go back home satisfied.



Vaudeville

"VOIX DE VILLE" said Jean Chardavoine, a musician of Anjou, and thus came into being three hundred and fifty years ago what today we call "vaudeville."

In its essence vaudeville is the melting pot of the dramatic and musical arts. In it nothing is out of place; it includes drama, comedy, farce, and burlesque—and every form of music from grand opera to ragtime may properly be heard upon its stage.

You frequently go to vaudeville, of course. But do you realize that you can bring vaudeville into your own home with

The NEW EDISON

"The Phonograph with a Soul"

This instrument, that is every other instrument in one, will give you, faithfully RE-CREATED, everything that vaudeville, in its widest sense has to offer—the whole magic of the theatre staged for you in your own living room.

Anderson's Gift Store

Heads You Win--Tails We Lose!

AUCTION!! AUCTION!!!

The Murphy-Walker Company has decided to reconstruct the old building and We must vacate at once; so

We have decided to sell Everything at any old price--TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER

SALE BEGINS at 9 a.m. SATURDAY, 7TH of JUNE AND CONTINUES EVERY SATURDAY AND MONDAY UNTIL ALL THE GOODS ARE SOLD.

Don't Miss It! Come and Make Your offer!

MURPHY - WALKER COMPANY

Pecos & Rio Grande Telephone Co

LOCAL AND LONG DISTANCE
GOOD SERVICE—PROMPT ATTENTION

We solicit your patronage and ask your co-operation to make our service as effective as possible.

E. W. Gorom, Ge'l M'g'r

J. W. COOPER, Local M'g'r.

Clothes make the Man

LOOK MUCH BETTER, ESPECIALLY IF THEY COME FROM

LEWIS, The Tailor

"NUFF SED"

MARFA, TEXAS

"Home Sweet Home"

Is a song that goes straight to the human heart. Every home should be made comfortable. If you haven't a home, we can furnish you the materials for building one. If you have a home perhaps it needs repairing. We have what you want.

We Handle Everything in Lumber

Also Fencing Materials of all kinds and Paints and Oils. Come and see us.

Marfa Lumber Company

MAC'S DRUG STORE

THE PLACE TO GET PURE DRUGS
PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY
COMPOUNDED

MAC'S DRUG STORE

MODEL MARKET

Headquarters For

Fresh Meat and Vegetables.

Phones 19 and 60

MARFA MARKET

The Best of Everything that a Butcher usually Carries.

W. B. HUMPHREYS, Proprietor

S.D. MILLER

TIN SHOP : PLUMING
RADIATOR REPAIRING

REASONABLE RATES
SUCCESSOR TO J. O. CHILDERS

Texas News

The first wheat thrashed in the Abilene Country this season produced an average of 29 2-3 bushels to the acre.

The attorney general Saturday approved \$50,000 bonds for Pampa Independent School District, Gray County.

The dismantling of Camp Bowie at Fort Worth, Texas, began this week. Three-fourths of the camp will be torn away at once.

A state association of Lions' Clubs was formed at a meeting in Waco a few days ago of members of the order from many of the larger cities.

A soap plant is to be established at Dallas soon to manufacture soap from cotton seed products. The plant, when completed, will cost \$10,000,000.

An election for a \$55,000 road bond issue for the lower part of Burnett County, joining Travis, Blanco and Llano Counties, has been ordered for July 12.

In the election held throughout Williamson County last week, the proposition of issuing \$1,500,000 in bonds for the purpose of building permanent highways was carried.

The bond issue for building state highway from Fayette County line, a few miles south of Schulenburg, to Yoakum via Hallettsville and Sweet Home, carried by a vote of 6 to 1.

The commissioners court of Brazos County has ordered an election to be held on August 12 for a 15 cent tax to provide funds for the upkeep and maintenance of the improved roads of Brazos County.

The report of the prison commission for May, made public this week, shows that during the month the prison system receipts were \$28,614 and disbursements \$85,851. The cash balance on June 1 was \$737,896.

Plans are being made by the Galveston Bar Association for the reception and entertainment of between 700 and 800 lawyers who will attend the annual convention of the State Bar Association which will be in session there July 1.

The attorney general has approved the following bond issues: \$25,000 city of Longview street improvement, 20-40, 6s; \$25,000 Longview city sewer bonds, 25-40, 6s; \$75,000 Robertson County road district No. 5, being 10-40, 5s, and \$600,000 Bee County road bonds, serials, 5 1/2 per cent.

The hearing on rules and regulations to govern pipe lines, which was set by the Texas railroad commission for June 24, has been postponed until July 8. This was done in order that this hearing and the one on oil and gas conservation come on the same date at Austin.

The Court of Criminal Appeals in a decision just rendered holds the law of the Thirty-Fifth Legislature which required chauffeurs to obtain license does not apply to persons operating motor vehicles incident to their business and not receiving compensation for operating the vehicle.

Road bonds to the amount of \$48,000,000 have been voted in Texas between January 1 and June 1 of this year, according to announcement made by the state highway commission. It is estimated that additional bonds aggregating \$20,000,000 will be voted on before next year.

Alarmed by the serious shortage of farm labor, which has been becoming more acute as the growing season progresses, a call has been issued for a mass meeting of the farmers of the coast and Rio Grande counties of Southwest Texas to be held in Corpus Christi this week to consider remedial measures.

An opinion rendered by the attorney general holds that an independent school district having less than 150 scholars, according to the latest census, shall be governed in its general administration of its school by the laws which apply to common school districts. An independent school district having less than 150 scholars can not have its own assessor and collector of taxes and board of equalization, nor can it assess and collect taxes on a property valuation in excess of the valuation of the same property for state and county purposes, unless such district has been created subsequent to the 18th day of February, 1909, by special act of the legislature.

HOME AND ABROAD

CONDENSED ITEMS OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS.

THE ENTIRE GLOBE CIRCLED

Important News of the Week Gathered for the Busy Reader—State, Domestic, Foreign.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Supporting the league of nations, Senator Sheppard, democrat, of Texas, told the senate Friday that objection to any war-making power of the league was entirely groundless. The covenant only pledges the member nations to co-operate in repelling invasion, he said, "but confers no powers on the league," in that regard.

With few dissenting votes, the senate naval committee Friday decided to recommend an increase in the naval aviation fund for 1920 from \$15,000,000 to \$35,000,000, requested by Secretary Daniels.

Provision in the army appropriation bill for maintenance of an army of 400,000 officers and men during the next fiscal year was tentatively agreed on Friday by the senate military subcommittee.

Reports reaching Washington indicate that Americans are leaving Mexico, coming across the boundary line at convenient points, in fear of a general onslaught by bandits angered by the entrance of American troops at Juarez last Sunday, and in this connection it develops that the state department has given the usual warning of the probable danger, and suggesting that Americans leave that country.

Radicalism, lawlessness and violence in America, and bolshevism as exemplified by soviet rule in Russia, were denounced in a report made public Monday by the senate judiciary subcommittee, which made an exhaustive investigation of these and other subjects during the last session of congress.

With authorization for a new three-year building program eliminated and the fund for naval aviation reduced to \$15,000,000, the 1920 naval appropriation bill was passed Monday by the house and sent to the senate. The measure carries approximately \$600,000,000 and was passed in virtually the form it came from the naval committee.

STATE AND DOMESTIC NEWS.

Albert S. Adams of Atlanta, Ga., was elected president of the International Association of Rotary Clubs Friday, and James S. Finley, Chattanooga was elected third vice president at their association at Salt Lake City, Utah.

Permanent organization of the Texas Association for Agricultural Legislation was effected at a meeting held Friday in Houston, Texas, and S. A. Lindsay, secretary of the Federal Farm Loan Bank, was chosen president. The object of the association, as outlined in talks made by those in attendance, is to study the problems of agriculture and seek the enactment of legislation that will aid in the solution of these problems.

Twenty thousand grain cars for use in handling grain crops of Kansas, Oklahoma and Northern Texas have been accumulated in the Kansas City territory. It was announced Friday by Hale Holden, regional director for the United States railroad administration. Mr. Holden added that 40,000 cars will be available in that territory by July 1.

A total of \$80,000 was asked Friday by the state live stock sanitary commission for each of the two appropriation years for the inspection, eradication and control of contagious diseases among cattle in Texas, such as anthrax and tuberculosis. The presentation was made before the legislative committee by W. A. Wallace, chairman of the commission; Caesar Klobber, a member of the commission, and Dr. E. M. Wiggs, veterinarian.

The Texas Company struck a gusher on the land of the Pickering Lumber Company recently, about fifteen miles east of Center, Texas. The oil is of an extra good grade.

Complete returns of the constitutional amendment election in Texas on May 24 shows the following totals: Prohibition, for 158,982, against 138,907, majority for 20,075. Suffrage, for 140,911, against 165,940, majority against, 95,029. Governor salary increase, for 108,803, against 194,570, majority against 85,767. Home ownership, for 150,813, against 151,782, majority against 969. Moore and Upton counties did not hold elections.

PEOPLE TALKED ABOUT

ANGELES AND VILLA UNITE FORCES



Gen. Felipe Angeles has been proclaimed provisional president of Mexico by Villistas, who have also named Villa himself as secretary of war. A seat of government has been established at Parral. All of which, if true, indicates that the rebels in opposition to Carranza have got together and that the situation looks bad for the de facto head of Mexico.

Villa, of course, is an outlaw and a bandit, but Angeles is another kind of man.

Angeles is about forty-five years old and is a full-blood Indian, as were Porfirio Diaz and Huerta. He is a graduate of Chapultepec Military Academy, "the West Point of Mexico," and of the St. Cyr Artillery school in France. He was head of Chapultepec under Madero. When the coup d'etat came and Madero was imprisoned and Huerta declared himself president, Angeles refused to come in with his army.

He was arrested and sentenced to death by Huerta. Huerta pardoned him and sent him to Paris "to continue his studies."

FLYNN TO RUN DOWN ANARCHISTS

William J. Flynn, former chief of the secret service of the treasury department, whose portrait is given here, is likely to be a busy man for some time. He has been given the job of running down the conspirators responsible for the bomb outrages. He has been made chief of the division of investigation of the department of justice. All investigating agencies of the federal government will be used in an endeavor to capture the organized group of anarchists who have undertaken a campaign of assassination and terrorism.

Congress is likely to enact drastic legislation dealing with the situation. Senator Overman of North Carolina, Chairman of the senate propaganda committee, took steps to draft a report of the investigation it made last winter into the activities of the anarchist organization in the United States, and probably will recommend a program of legislation to strengthen the power of the department of justice.



PALMER UNDER TWO LIMELIGHTS



A. Mitchell Palmer is likely to be in the limelight for some time. The senate judiciary committee recently held up his nomination to be attorney general until an investigation had been made of his administration of the alien property custodian's office. A subcommittee of Senators Dillingham, Sterling and Fall, Republicans, and Overman and Walsh, Democrats, was appointed to conduct the investigation.

The determination to inquire into the fitness of Mr. Palmer to occupy the attorney general's office shatters another time-honored precedent of the senate. Occasions have been rare upon which there has been even the slightest question made of any selection made by the president for his own cabinet. As a rule every name sent to the senate for a cabinet position is confirmed without delay.

The senate at the last session adopted a resolution introduced by Senator Calder of New York asking for the complete ray roll of the alien property custodian's office, showing all the amounts paid to attorneys and employees.

COL. JOSEPH B. SANBORN: WAR HERO

When all of Chicago and a good part of Illinois cheered Col. Joseph B. Sanborn the other day as he marched up Michigan avenue at the head of the One Hundred and Thirty-first infantry of the Thirty-third division—or the old "Dandy First," I. N. G.—they paid deserved tribute to one of the most heroic figures of the war. For the "old man," as his men affectionately call him, is sixty-three years of age and he was rounding out 40 years of National Guard service. It is an open secret that he was offered the command of an infantry brigade "over there" but declined the honor to stay with "his boys."

The Dandy First fought with the British at Chipilly ridge, and when the British officers saw Colonel Sanborn go over the top at the head of his men and establish his headquarters in a shell hole they wanted to know "who is that crazy old fool of an American colonel?"—which was, of course, their way of expressing admiration.

Colonel Sanborn plans to retire. But before he doffs the silver eagles and khaki forever, he intends to reorganize the Dandy First. No American division did better work than the Prairie division. No regiment did better work than the Dandy First. No officer did better work than Colonel Sanborn.



GERMAN ASSEMBLY VOTES TO SIGN THE PEACE TREATY

Big Four Rejects All Requests and Holds That Terms Laid Down Must Be Met.

Berlin.—Germany will sign the peace treaty of the allied and associated powers. The national assembly Sunday by a vote of 237 to 138 decided to sign. The assembly also voted confidence in the new government of Herr Bauer, 236 to 89. Sixty-eight members abstained from voting.

On the question of signing the treaty, five members of the assembly abstained from voting.

Before the vote of confidence was taken Herr Bauer, the new premier, declared the government would sign the treaty, but without acknowledging the responsibility of the German people for the war and without accepting the obligations contained in articles 227 to 230 in the treaty relating to the trial of the former emperor and the extradition of other German personages.

Armies Ready to Advance.

Paris.—The German government has appointed Dr. Haniel von Haimhausen of the peace delegation to conduct the peace arrangements at Versailles.

It is understood that the allies insist on absolutely unconditional acceptance of the terms, falling which the armies will begin to advance.

Protocol to Be Added.

Paris.—A protocol to be added to the peace treaty explanatory of the six points raised by the Germans reads:

"1. A commission will be named by the allied and associated governments to supervise the demolition of the fortifications of Heligoland in conformity with the treaty. The commission will be empowered to decide what part of the constructions protecting the coast from erosion should be preserved and what part demolished.

"2. The sums which Germany will have to refund to its citizens to indemnify them for interests they may be found to have in the railroads and mines referred to in paragraph 2, article 156, shall be placed to the credit of Germany on account of the sums due from reparation.

(The protocol refers to German private interests in railroads and mines in Shantung as distinct from German state interests.)

"3. A list of the persons whom, according to article 226, paragraph 2, Germany must surrender to the powers will be sent to the German government during the month following the putting into force of the treaty.

"4. The commission on reparations, provided for by article 240 and paragraphs 2, 3 and 4 of annex 4, can not exact divulgence of secrets of manufacture or confidential information.

"5. From the signature of peace and in the four months following Germany will have an opportunity of presenting for the examination of the powers documents and propositions with a view to hastening the work relating to reparations, thus shortening the investigation and hastening decision.

"6. Prosecutions will be exercised against those committing criminal acts in connection with the liquidation of German property and powers will receive any information and proof that the German government shall be in shape to supply on this subject."

Fort Bliss Airplane Base.

El Paso, Tex.—Fort Bliss is to be made an airplane base for the Mexican border. Regular air patrols are being established to guard the border against Mexican bandit invasions.

Fliers May Lecture.

London.—Alcock and Brown have received an offer of 500 pounds weekly for a lecture tour in England and 600 pounds for one in America.

World's Famous Streets.

A certain difference of opinion appears to exist as to which is the most beautiful street in the world. Among those "in the running" may be mentioned: Princes street, Edinburgh, from which the city received her nickname of the "Athens of the North"; the Via X X Septembre, Genoa; Sackville street, Dublin; the Avenida Callao and the Plazo Mayo, both in Buenos Aires; the High Street, Belfast; and the Unter den Linden, Berlin.

Add Industry.

Our idea of a man who is completely occupied is a cross-eyed fellow with the St. Vitus dance trying to kiss a two-faced girl with a hare lip.

Great and Small Things.

We are too fond of our own will. We want to be doing what we fancy mighty things; but the great point is, to do small things, when called to them, in a right spirit.—R. Cecil.

HONOR ROLL

TEXAS HEROES

The following are the names of TEXAS BOYS who have given up their lives for their country, or who have been wounded, captured or missing on the battlefields of Europe:

WOUNDED IN ACTION.

- Lt. Chester O. Hodge, Dallas.
- Pvt. George Lucas, Harlingen.
- Sgt. James D. Dyer, Lipan.
- Corp. Ventura Resendez, Saspamco.
- Pvt. Omer L. Olicock, Arlington.
- Pvt. Adolphus Davis, Houston.
- Pvt. William W. McClendon, Quinlan.
- Pvt. George D. Manuel, Robert Lee.
- Pvt. Ris Harrell, Dangerfield.
- Pvt. Alvin E. Page, Alma.
- Pvt. Ryan K. Ray, Swan.
- Capt. Thomas P. Grant, Comanche.
- Lt. Jos. B. Jenkins, Waco.
- Lt. Hugh D. McCrummen, Austin.
- Sgt. Ralph D. Holman, Kemp.
- Corp. Clyde D. Jenkins, Comanche.
- Cook Elias F. Bryan, Goldthwaite.
- Pvt. Clinton G. Allen.
- Pvt. Commodoro Maciati, Saspamco.
- Pvt. Albert Kerr, San Antonio.
- Pvt. J. M. Massie, Electra.

GERMAN BATTLE SHIPS WERE SUNK BY THEIR CREWS

London.—The German officers and sailors forming the complements of the German ships interned at Scapa Flow sank most of their fleet Saturday. All the big ships, the battleships and battle cruisers, excepting the Baden and numerous smaller craft, were sunk, while others went ashore in a half sunken condition. Eighteen destroyers were beached by tugs; four are still afloat, while the remainder went under.

The wholesale sinking of the German ships, which were surrendered under the terms of the armistice, was carefully arranged by officers and crews. All explosives had been removed and therefore the only means of destroying the fleet was by opening the sea cocks. The ships went down slowly with the German flag, which the crews had hoisted, showing at the mastsheads. The crews composed entirely of Germans, under the terms of the armistice, which did not permit of British guards aboard, took to the boats when the vessels began to settle. While making for the shore, the boats were challenged and called upon to surrender. Some of them ignored the summons and were fired upon, a few casualties resulting.

This stroke apparently was an entire surprise and the first news reached London through a correspondent who was informed by farmers in the neighborhood that they had seen the German ships sinking with their flags aloft.

State Senator Bell Killed.

Crowell, Tex.—W. S. Bell of Crowell, state senator, died Sunday from wounds received in an encounter with James Gafford, a farmer, and his wife in front of Bell's theater. Senator Bell was shot five times.

Waco Franchise to Wichita Falls.

Waco, Tex.—It was announced Wednesday that the Waco baseball franchise goes to Wichita Falls on a bonus, effective July 1. The franchise is good for two years. Waco will have no team.

Many Killed By Tornado.

Fargo, N. D.—Approximately 200 persons were killed by a tornado that struck Fergus Falls, Minn., Sunday and wiped out three blocks in the business section of the city.

Six Thousand Troops Arrive.

Newport News, Va.—The battleships Connecticut and New Hampshire and the transport Maui arrived Sunday from Brest with about 6,000 troops aboard.

United States of the World.

The day will come when we shall realize not only the brotherhood of individuals but the essential unity of all mankind. All are brothers; all children of the same father. The barriers which divide nations are artificial. I believe the time is at hand when these barriers will fall, like the walls of Jericho, before love's trumpet summons, when the banner of brotherhood and freedom will float forever over a new federation—the United States of the World.—Tolstoy.

Just Once! Try Dodson's Liver Tone! Take No Calomel! Listen To Me!

If bilious, constipated, headachy or sick, I guarantee relief without taking dangerous calomel which sickens and salivates.

Stop using calomel! It makes you sick. Don't lose a day's work. If you feel lazy, sluggish, bilious or constipated, listen to me!

straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning. I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it can not salivate or make you sick.

You Do More Work, You are more ambitious and you get more enjoyment out of everything when your blood is in good condition. Impurities in the blood have a very depressing effect on the system, causing weakness, laziness, nervousness and sickness.

Better a word that lasts than the last word. Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is powerful but safe. One dose is enough to expel Worms or Tapeworm. No castor oil necessary. Adv.

Labor in Politics. In 1872 on the 23d of May the first national convention of workmen, as a political party, at New York nominated Gen. U. S. Grant for president. Grant was the regular Republican candidate.

Safe-Dependable FOR STYRA, pink-eye, or eye trouble of any kind, don't take chances with powerful, dangerous drugs. Use the simple remedy that brings comforting relief. 25-cent druggists or by mail from Hall & Ruckel, Inc., 215 Washington St., N.Y.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC Sold for 50 Years. FOR MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. At All Drug Stores.

USE ANTISEPTIC MUL-EN-OL AS A MOUTH WASH AND DENTIFRICE It Cleanses the Teeth, Disinfects the Mouth and Keeps the Gums Firm and Healthy

MEN OF ENERGY ARE IN DEMAND Energy comes of health—of good appetite and good digestion; of restful sleep and nerves that are all in order.

Rich-Tone, the ideal tonic, builds you up. It restores the tired nerves, restores appetite, induces healthy sleep—it gives you all those things which mean energy and well-being. It fits you to meet the demand for energetic men.

Texas Directory GENERAL HARDWARE AND SUPPLIES Contractors' Supplies, Builders' Hardware, Etc. Prices and Information furnished on request

McCANE'S DETECTIVE AGENCY HOUSTON, TEXAS Expert Civil and Criminal Investigators. MALE AND FEMALE OPERATIVES.

Kodak Finishing Mail your films or negatives with remittance to cover the cost of developing and printing. We will return amount over-paid with your prints. You will be delighted with our workmanship and service.

BOY SCOUTS

BOY SCOUT "VETS," TOO.

The veterans used to be gray haired—faces deeply marked, somewhat stoop shouldered, one empty sleeve or one pinned-up, empty trousers leg. Their deeds are already in our school histories.

But there is a new generation of veterans today. Young fellows, nearly every one of them. Not stoop shouldered; very cheery indeed and with good cause. Not yet long enough returned from the battles to have held an annual reunion. But veterans nevertheless. Saviors of their country. Saviors of the world.

And there is a still newer generation of veterans coming upon the great world stage. These have not been to war. They may never go to war. And because of them—in part at least—the world itself may never know war again.

These newer veterans are the young fellows who have been five years in the boy scout movement. They are first-class scouts. They have taken upon themselves the scout obligations for life. They have registered with local scout authorities for service to the community in any emergency.

Scouting principles imbedded in a boy's nature will continue to operate in his life whether or not he wears the uniform and the badge. But in order that the movement shall affect the quality of citizenship of the whole nation most effectively, scouting principles should continue to operate through every scout in the active, positive form which the veteran scout embodies in his allegiance.

A SCOUT PARADISE.

I know of a wonderful spot for a camp on the edge of a shimmering shore. And a lake that's as blue as the skies over you, and as sweet as the wind at your door.

There the red-winged black-bird calls to his mates to bathe in the pickered pond; And the banks overflow with the blessings that grow at the touch of Fair Nature's wand.

There the soft breezes whisper the secrets of rest while away on the big lake we row; And the swimming is fine in the summer sunshine, and at evening the campfire aglow.

There's a jolly old lodge with a jolly old crane a-swing in the old fire-place, And a jolly old chef with a jolly old smile on the front of his jolly old face.

There we pitch our tents with a speed that's immense and we smooth out our bunks with delight; In the blankets we crawl and somewhere we fall, to the tune of the sweet sounds of night.

Why not join in our song as we ramble along, and gather your troop on the way; You will hit up scout's pace when you get near the place, and be ready for work or for play.

—By R. N. Berry.

SCOUTS BOOSTED IN BOSTON. A letter to the Boston Transcript, signed among others by Charles W. Elliot and A. Lawrence Lowell, says in part: We are entering an era of readjustments in wages and prices. In many cases lack of employment and clashes of opinion between employers and employees will be inevitable. Unless we adopt every reasonable means to promote right understanding and good feeling between our various groups—unless we keep to the front the importance of hearty co-operation—much hard feeling is sure to be generated, and we need only read the newspapers to be warned of the possible results.

We cannot expect a complete safeguard against this danger, but the public is coming to recognize that the boy scout movement gives considerable protection, because it promotes mutual understanding and good feeling.

BOHEMIAN BOY SCOUTS. Scouts in Prague sound like the real thing in scouting. A letter from them reads: "Bohemia's boy scouts of the First Scout troop at Prague in the Czechoslovakian republic send greetings to their brother scouts in America. "Members of this troop are river scouts; all round sportsmen who row, yacht, canoe, tramp, swim, etc. In winter they skate and ski, and go camping with sledge and ski. "The troop has four canoes, two rowing boats, two sailing yachts and a motorboat, their houseboat, a ship 18 feet long with club rooms in the middle for 20 to 30 boys. The ship lies at anchor in Prague."

SCOUTING ALIVE AT COLLEGE. The University of Pittsburgh has adopted scouting with enthusiasm, says Chancellor S. B. McCormick. Ten faculty members are instructing in scouting subjects, and courses in camp cookery and the duties of scoutmasters have been started.

SOLDIER THANKS BOY SCOUT. Scout Harry W. Lyons of Milford, Mass., is justly proud of a letter received from a soldier in the army of occupation. The doughboy had read of the scout's splendid work in selling War Savings stamps and was moved to write: "Here's the hand of a soldier for your earnest work in keeping me fed, clothed and equipped. I have done my best, and you have done as much if not more than I."

Your Druggist or by mail 50c per Bottle. For Book of the Eye free write "Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

THE CAPYBARA CHATS.

"Without a doubt," said the capybara, known in the zoo as Mr. Capybara, "the day is a lovely one."

"Why," asked one of the capybara's neighbors, "do you remark on the weather?" "I'm trying to talk like creatures do," said Mr. Capybara grinning. "I'm going to be a great social success."

"The first thing that one should know about in order to be a social success," continued Mr. Capybara, "is to know what the weather is and how to talk about it."

"But everyone can see and feel what the weather is like," said his neighbor. "Ah no," said Mr. Capybara, "not everyone."

"What do you mean?" asked his neighbor. "Why some creatures would be too nice about the weather, they wouldn't grumble about it. In order to be the kind of social success I intend to be one must grumble about the weather."

"Why?" asked his neighbor. "Oh, it is so superior to grumble, and to say, "Dear me, this muggy air is most annoying," and to say, "My word, isn't the heat intense? I feel quite weak because of it."

"But," said his neighbor, "you just said the day was lovely. How can you say that if you must grumble?" "I can sometimes say the weather is nice. Oh, yes, to be a social success one must quite often say, "Isn't the weather perfect, my dear?"

"Then you don't have to grumble all the time?" "Dear no," said the Capybara, "being a social success isn't as difficult as you would imagine."

"Evidently not," said his neighbor. "Everyone who knows anything about the Capybara family, and I hope there are many who know a great deal about us, knows that we love the water," said Mr. Capybara.

"But everyone doesn't know about the Capybara family," said his neighbor. "Everyone who knows about the Capybara family should know that point," said his neighbor, "but everyone doesn't know."

"I do believe," said another animal, "that there are very few who know the Capybara family well. There aren't many who come to the zoo who know about your family."

"Well, I must tell them more," said Mr. Capybara. "You must certainly should," said his neighbor. "I think so too, I most decidedly think so too," said his neighbor. "We should have a lecture on the Capybara family."

"We should indeed, we most certainly should indeed," said still another animal. "Nobody knows much about the Capybara family."

"Sad," said Mr. Capybara, "sad to think that such ignorance does exist. "Of course I am not handsome for I look too much like a big gray pig to be handsome. Pigs are never beautiful creatures."

"But I am interesting for I am such a fine swimmer and not only can I swim, I can do fancy tricks too. I go in for superior diving, I do. And when I say I go in for it, I do not merely mean as some foolish one might think that I merely make it a habit of going in for superior diving."

"When I say that I go in for superior diving I mean that I do! I go in the water when I dive, see? A joke, a great joke! I dive most magnificently into the water, Oh, most magnificently."

"I can live on the land and yet if a land creature thinks of going after me in a manner not friendly I can get out of the way by diving into the water and staying down for a little bit and then coming up when I think the danger is over."

"Ah yes, old Chap Capybara knows how to look after himself when he is free, and here in the zoo, the keeper thinks so well of me that he looks after me well."

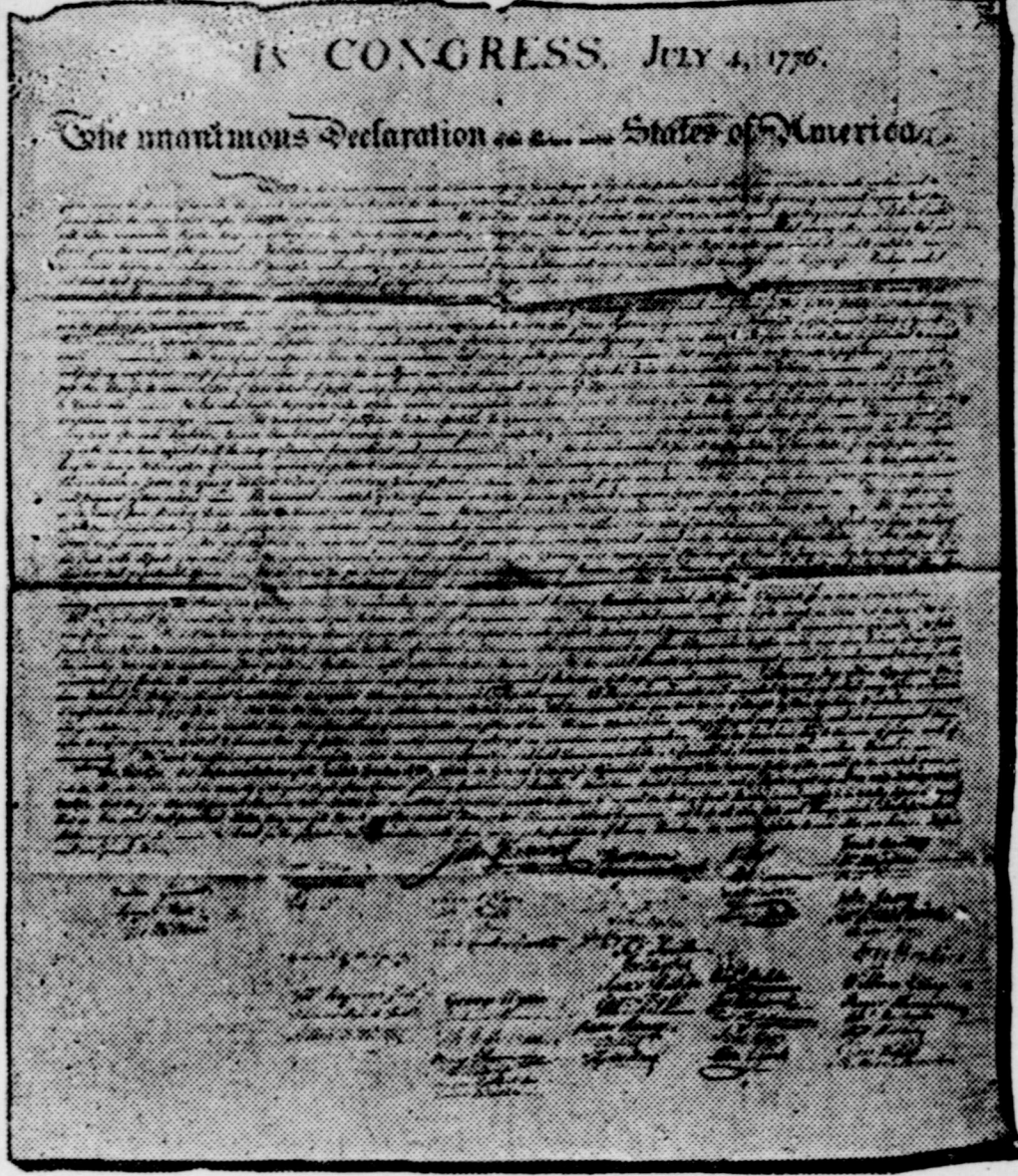
"You're a lucky capybara even if the whole world doesn't know about you, aren't you?" asked one of the other animals, and the Capybara said, "Yes, I am, I most certainly am!"

Who Was It? The kindergarten had been studying the wind all week—its power, effects, etc.—until the subject had been pretty well exhausted. To stimulate interest the kindergarten said, in her most enthusiastic manner: "Children, as I came to school today in the trolley car, the door opened and something came softly in and kissed me on the cheek. What do you think it was?"

And the children joyfully answered, "The conductor!"—Harper's Magazine.

Taking Your Choice. It is not always safe to choose the pleasant thing, without looking any further. If it were only a question of enjoyment, many a farmer would choose to hunt wild flowers in the spring instead of putting in his seed, and to lie in a hammock under the trees on sultry summer afternoons instead of cultivating corn. All of us must choose, sometimes, between present pleasures and future good.—Girl's Companion.

Secured Liberty



The original Declaration itself and the desk on which it was written are preserved in the state department at Washington. The document, written on parchment in a bold hand and bearing the original signatures, was deposited with the department of state when the government was organized in 1789, and is still there, though sealed up in a steel case to preserve it from light and air, on account of the fading text and signatures, some of which have become illegible. That of John Hancock, which heads the names of the Massachusetts signers, is still conspicuous by its boldness, while that of Stephen Hopkins of Rhode Island still indicates the physical infirmity that made it almost impossible for him to write his name. Other historic names on the old document, some of them hardly legible, are Samuel Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Roger Sherman, Robert Morris, Thomas Jefferson, John Adams, Benjamin Rush and others less famous. Thomas Jefferson, who wrote the Declaration of Independence, gave the desk as a wedding present to a gentleman of Boston, who married Jefferson's granddaughter, and it remained in the family till 1880, when it was presented to President Hayes, who placed it in the state department building beside the immortal instrument which was written upon it in 1776.

On July 2 the resolution itself was adopted by congress, and the Declaration was considered by the committee of the whole, being taken up the next day, July 3. On July 4 the Declaration, which included the first paragraph of the resolution, was agreed to by the committee of the whole, reported to congress, and adopted. The independence of the united colonies was thus declared, and thereupon congress immediately ordered that the Declaration be authenticated and printed under the supervision of the committee previously appointed to prepare it, and that copies thereof be distributed to all state assemblies and to the commanding officers of the army.

In accordance with the above order, the Declaration was issued as a printed broadside on July 5, with the heading: "In Congress, July 4, 1776. A Declaration by the Representatives of the United States of America in General Congress assembled." It bore the name in print of John Hancock, president of the congress, and was attested by Secretary Charles Thomson, but bore no other names.

On July 19 it was resolved in congress: "That the Declaration passed on the fourth be fairly engrossed on parchment, with the title and stile (style) of 'The unanimous declaration of the thirteen United States of America, and that the same, when engrossed, be signed by every member of congress."

It could not have been headed "Unanimous" on July 4, for the New York delegates had not then been authorized to agree to it, and it was not until July 15 that it was announced in the continental congress that the assembly of New York had approved the Declaration, and thus made it unanimous.

On August 2, 1776, the Declaration of Independence, being engrossed and compared, was signed by the members; those who were not present on August 2 affixing their signatures at later dates, all but one signing before January 18, 1777.

It has been ascertained that of the fifty-six signers, more than one-fourth were not present on July 4, 1776, and seven of them—Thornton, Williams, Rush, Clymer, Smith, Taylor and Ross—were not members on that date. On the other hand, seven members on that date—George Clinton, John Alsup, R. R. Livingston, Henry Wisner, Thomas Willing, Charles Humphreys and John Rogers—had not the privilege of becoming "signers," for the membership of all but one had ceased prior to August 2.

The first official issue of the Declaration bearing the names of the signers was printed as a broadside in Baltimore under the resolution of January 18, 1777, ordering that copie be sent to each of the United States. There are only four copies of this issue now known to exist, one of which is in the library of congress at Washington. It is authenticated in writing by John Hancock as president of congress and attested by Secretary Thomson.

Contrary to popular opinion, therefore, it is seen that the Declaration was not signed on July 4, the day it passed, but between August 2, 1776, and January 18, 1777, after it had been engrossed and compared, and then only by 55 members, all of whom were ordered to do so by the resolution passed July 19, 1776. The name of Thomas McKean, which does not appear among the signers in the printed copy, was added later—possibly not until 1781, making the fifty-sixth signer.

But little has ever been done to perpetuate the memory of these 56 early Americans, only a few of whom are well-known, but it is interesting to know that the National Society of the Sons of American Revolution, in co-operation with the Society of Descendants of the signers, is locating the graves of those patriots, and preparing a memorial volume to include a biography of each individual.

DOCUMENT THAT MADE HISTORY How the Immortal Declaration Was Drawn Up and Signed.

THE Fourth of July represents to the average American boy a great victory won some 140 years ago against overwhelming odds. He dimly remembers from his history lesson that something or other, called the Declaration of Independence, was signed that day in 1776. Sometimes he is not quite so sure of the date as that and he knows very little concerning the original document itself. The original of the Declaration, written by hand on parchment, and now much worn and faded, is carefully preserved in an air-tight and light-proof case in the library of the department of state. Only facsimiles are exhibited today, the original being too precious a document to risk in the light and air. A facsimile of the Declaration is on exhibition in the division of history in the older building of the National museum at Washington, where there are also preserved personal relics and mementos of several of the members of the second continental congress who signed this great resolution. The history of the origin and drafting of the Declaration is of considerable interest. In the second continental congress, which was meeting in Philadelphia, Richard Henry Lee of Virginia, on June 7, 1776, introduced the following resolution, which was seconded by John Adams: "Resolved, That these united colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent states; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connection between them and the state of Great Britain is, and ought to be, totally dissolved. "That it is expedient forthwith to take the most effectual measures for forming foreign alliances. "That a plan of confederation be prepared and transmitted to the respective colonies for their approbation." Consideration of this resolution was postponed, and on June 11, Thomas Jefferson, John Adams, Benjamin Franklin, Roger Sherman and R. R. Livingston were appointed a committee to prepare a Declaration to serve as a preamble to this independence resolution. This committee, known as the Jefferson committee, submitted a draft of the Declaration on June 28, which was laid on the table for later consideration. On July 1 congress, sitting as a committee of the whole to consider the resolution respecting independence, agreed thereto, and reported it to congress.

Most men carry loose change about them. It's easy to spend that way. But you don't care for a jingle in your jeans if you have a well-filled War Savings Certificate in your inside pocket. You can get more pleasure out of War Savings Stamps than you can by throwing money away. The jingle sounds good, but the filled War Savings Certificate feels better. Buy 'em, try 'em. W. S. S.



PIGS IN POKES

It is an American characteristic to shout when you win but never cheer when you lose. More's the pity. And shrewd stock swindlers have made the most of it. If only ten per cent of the victims who have traded their Liberty Bonds for worthless stocks in wild cat companies alone were to tell the country of their losses it would discourage this sort of bartering. But they will never do it. The man who is stung the hardest is the least likely to admit it. He simply grins and bears it.

Meantime thousands of Liberty Bond owners are considering surrendering their 3 1/2, 4 and 4 1/4 certainties for neatly printed and highly illuminated certificates that are 90 per cent pipe dreams.

Nine times out of ten these gulls are the small investors, the fellows who can the least afford to lose.

There is some excuse for the man who lives in a developing oil field and sees and knows what is being done investing in a promoting company there.

But there is no apology to be made for the man who invests at long range. Who never sees what he is dumping his money into. Who takes only a salesman's word. Who, above all, trades in a Liberty Bond for a stock certificate.

Keep your bonds. They're an investment, not a speculation.

"DOLLAR TALK"

War Savings Stamps make the flat pocket-book to rejoice. Have enough sand to hold on to the slippery dollar. Get War Savings Stamps.

Ever see a crawfish walk? It goes backward! Financially speaking, are you going backward or forward? Buy War Savings Stamps and go forward.

The road to success is the office or your bank, where War short as the way to the post-Savings Stamps and Thrift Stamps are sold. Save and succeed!

Thrift is power! Acquire power by the W. S. S. route.

Get ready for the big opportunity! Save now!

Every little bit added to what you have makes just a little bit more. Buy W. S. S.

Clip the wings on your dollars. Invest in War Savings Stamps.

If you take care of your money now it will take care of you later. Buy War Savings Stamps.

The way to wealth is as short as the way to your bank or Postoffice or wherever War Savings Stamps are sold. The 1919 issue is blue in color and bears the likeness of Benjamin Franklin, who had wealth in his old age because he learned to save early in life. War Savings Stamps will show you how easy and sensible it is to get the Thrift Habit. Buy one every chance, and watch your savings grow. W. S. S. pay 4% interest, compounded quarterly.

CITATION.
THE STATE OF TEXAS.
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Presidio County, Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon Emma May Kroupa by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 63rd Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 63rd Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Presidio County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Marfa, Texas, on the Fourth Monday in July, A. D. 1919, the same being the 28th day of July, A. D. 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1919, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 2522 wherein Frank W. Kroupa is plaintiff and Emma May Kroupa is defendant, and said petition alleging that during the time he and defendant lived together as husband and wife, he was always kind and affectionate towards her and provided for her comforts of life as best he could, but defendant unkindly of her marital vows, soon after their said marriage, began to associate with other men and to attend theaters with them and to accompany them to questionable inns and cafes; that she became infatuated with Thomas Boylan and remained in his company on many occasions until late hours of night, and plaintiff has reason to believe and does believe, and so believing, says committed adultery with him; that defendant soon after their marriage, during the absence of this plaintiff, led the life of a single woman and received young men as her company, attended various and sundry places of amusement, with them and plaintiff has reason to believe and does believe, and so believing, says she committed adultery with them; that plaintiff was kept in ignorance of these facts for a number of months, and became aware of the notorious and unwomanly conduct of defendant during the month of May, 1919; that he, becoming convinced that all reports

coming to him were true, abandoned defendant on or about the first of June 1919, since which time they have not lived together as husband and wife or otherwise.
Plaintiff alleges that defendant's conduct has been such as to render their further living together as husband and wife insupportable.
Wherefore, plaintiff prays the Court that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein and for judgment dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant, for cost of suit, and for such other and further relief, special and general, that he may be entitled to.
Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Witness, J. H. Fortner, Clerk of the District Court of Presidio County, Texas, this 20th day of June, A. D. 1919.

CITATION.
THE STATE OF TEXAS.
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Presidio County—Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon E. B. Lairabee by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Presidio County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Marfa, Texas, on the fourth Monday in July, A. D. 1919, the same being the 28th day of July, A. D. 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 24th day of June, A. D. 1919, in a suit numbered on docket of said Court No. 2525, wherein Eula Tucker Lairabee is Plaintiff, and E. B. Lairabee is Defendant, and said petition alleging in substance as follows: That plaintiff is an actual bona fide inhabitant of the State of Texas, and has been for a period of more than twelve months; that plaintiff has resided in Presidio County, Texas, for more than six months next preceding the filing of this suit. That defendant's resi-

plaintiff and defendant are husband and wife, having been legally married on or about the 3rd day of December, 1912; that they continued to live together as husband and wife up to June 9th, 1916, when plaintiff was forced to leave defendant since which time they have not lived together as husband and wife; that about a year after their marriage defendant began a course of harsh and cruel treatment of plaintiff and on many occasions struck her with his hands and fists; that on June 9th, 1916, defendant came to home of plaintiff's parents where she had gone for protection and without provocation or cause on the part of plaintiff, drew a gun and shot plaintiff, causing a serious and painful wound on the right side of her body, the bullet penetrating the right lung, causing plaintiff much pain and suffering that immediately thereafter defendant struck plaintiff on the forehead with a gun; that immediately thereafter plaintiff left defendant, since which time she has not seen him and does not know his residence. That defendant's conduct towards plaintiff on account of his excesses, cruel treatment and outrages is of such a nature as to render the further living together of plaintiff and defendant insupportable; plaintiff prays for dissolution of the marriage relations, for costs and for general relief.
Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Witness, J. H. Fortner, Clerk of the District Court of Presidio County, Texas, this 24th day of June, A. D. 1919.

CITATION.
THE STATE OF TEXAS.
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Presidio County, Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon Cecil Schock by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 63rd Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Presidio County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Marfa, Texas, on the Fourth Monday in July, A. D. 1919, the same being the 28th day of July, A. D. 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1919, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 2523, wherein Marjorie Schock is plaintiff and Cecil Schock is defendant, and said petition alleging that on or about the 14th day of September, 1916, plaintiff, then a single woman, by the name of Miss Marjorie Smith and defendant were lawfully married in El Paso County, Texas; that they continued to live together as husband and wife until on or about the 15th day of October, 1917, when by reason of the harsh, cruel and improper conduct of defendant towards this plaintiff, she was forced to permanently abandon him, since which time they have not lived together as husband and wife.
Plaintiff says that during the time she and defendant lived together as aforesaid, she was kind and affectionate towards defendant and fulfilled her duties towards him, but that defendant unkindly of his marital vows, soon after their said marriage, began a course of unkind, cruel and tyrannical treatment towards this plaintiff; that he often came home in a state of raving drunkenness, and abused this plaintiff in unbearable terms, which said course grew worse and worse; that he spent all his earnings in saloons and dives, and did not provide for their home, and failed and refused to provide or pay for medical treatment of this plaintiff while she was afflicted with a severe case of pneumonia; that on or about the 15th day of October, 1917, he came to the home of the parents of this plaintiff and, while in a drunken state, cursed and abused this plaintiff, threatened her life, and drew a hatchet on her face, and that he came on this occasion so dangerous that it was necessary to have him arrested and confined; that after this occasion plaintiff and defendant have never lived together.
Plaintiff says that defendant's conduct towards her has been such as to render their further living together as husband and wife insupportable, and has been such as to cause her to desire her name changed from her present name of Mrs. Marjorie Schock back to her maiden name of Miss Marjorie Smith.
Wherefore, plaintiff prays the Court that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, for a judgment dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing, that her name be changed back to her maiden name, for costs of suit, and for such other and further relief, special and general in law and equity that she may be entitled to.
Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Witness, J. H. Fortner, Clerk of the District Court of Presidio County, Texas, this 20th day of June, A. D. 1919.

not, then in any newspaper published in the 63rd Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Presidio County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Marfa, Texas, on the Fourth Monday in July, A. D. 1919, the same being the 28th day of July, A. D. 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1919, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 2523, wherein Marjorie Schock is plaintiff and Cecil Schock is defendant, and said petition alleging that on or about the 14th day of September, 1916, plaintiff, then a single woman, by the name of Miss Marjorie Smith and defendant were lawfully married in El Paso County, Texas; that they continued to live together as husband and wife until on or about the 15th day of October, 1917, when by reason of the harsh, cruel and improper conduct of defendant towards this plaintiff, she was forced to permanently abandon him, since which time they have not lived together as husband and wife.
Plaintiff says that during the time she and defendant lived together as aforesaid, she was kind and affectionate towards defendant and fulfilled her duties towards him, but that defendant unkindly of his marital vows, soon after their said marriage, began a course of unkind, cruel and tyrannical treatment towards this plaintiff; that he often came home in a state of raving drunkenness, and abused this plaintiff in unbearable terms, which said course grew worse and worse; that he spent all his earnings in saloons and dives, and did not provide for their home, and failed and refused to provide or pay for medical treatment of this plaintiff while she was afflicted with a severe case of pneumonia; that on or about the 15th day of October, 1917, he came to the home of the parents of this plaintiff and, while in a drunken state, cursed and abused this plaintiff, threatened her life, and drew a hatchet on her face, and that he came on this occasion so dangerous that it was necessary to have him arrested and confined; that after this occasion plaintiff and defendant have never lived together.
Plaintiff says that defendant's conduct towards her has been such as to render their further living together as husband and wife insupportable, and has been such as to cause her to desire her name changed from her present name of Mrs. Marjorie Schock back to her maiden name of Miss Marjorie Smith.
Wherefore, plaintiff prays the Court that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, for a judgment dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing, that her name be changed back to her maiden name, for costs of suit, and for such other and further relief, special and general in law and equity that she may be entitled to.
Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Witness, J. H. Fortner, Clerk of the District Court of Presidio County, Texas, this 20th day of June, A. D. 1919.

CITATION.
THE STATE OF TEXAS.
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Presidio County, Greeting:
You are hereby commanded to summon Cecil Schock by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 63rd Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Presidio County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Marfa, Texas, on the Fourth Monday in July, A. D. 1919, the same being the 28th day of July, A. D. 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 20th day of June, A. D. 1919, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 2523, wherein Marjorie Schock is plaintiff and Cecil Schock is defendant, and said petition alleging that on or about the 14th day of September, 1916, plaintiff, then a single woman, by the name of Miss Marjorie Smith and defendant were lawfully married in El Paso County, Texas; that they continued to live together as husband and wife until on or about the 15th day of October, 1917, when by reason of the harsh, cruel and improper conduct of defendant towards this plaintiff, she was forced to permanently abandon him, since which time they have not lived together as husband and wife.
Plaintiff says that during the time she and defendant lived together as aforesaid, she was kind and affectionate towards defendant and fulfilled her duties towards him, but that defendant unkindly of his marital vows, soon after their said marriage, began a course of unkind, cruel and tyrannical treatment towards this plaintiff; that he often came home in a state of raving drunkenness, and abused this plaintiff in unbearable terms, which said course grew worse and worse; that he spent all his earnings in saloons and dives, and did not provide for their home, and failed and refused to provide or pay for medical treatment of this plaintiff while she was afflicted with a severe case of pneumonia; that on or about the 15th day of October, 1917, he came to the home of the parents of this plaintiff and, while in a drunken state, cursed and abused this plaintiff, threatened her life, and drew a hatchet on her face, and that he came on this occasion so dangerous that it was necessary to have him arrested and confined; that after this occasion plaintiff and defendant have never lived together.
Plaintiff says that defendant's conduct towards her has been such as to render their further living together as husband and wife insupportable, and has been such as to cause her to desire her name changed from her present name of Mrs. Marjorie Schock back to her maiden name of Miss Marjorie Smith.
Wherefore, plaintiff prays the Court that defendant be cited to appear and answer herein, for a judgment dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing, that her name be changed back to her maiden name, for costs of suit, and for such other and further relief, special and general in law and equity that she may be entitled to.
Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Witness, J. H. Fortner, Clerk of the District Court of Presidio County, Texas, this 20th day of June, A. D. 1919.

lien retained therein; that said conveyance retained a vendor's lien and the same is also acknowledged in said notes to secure the payment of same; that no part of any of said notes, nor any interest, has been paid; that plaintiffs elect to and do hereby declare all of said notes now due; that they have been forced to bring this suit to collect said notes, and have employed attorneys to foreclose said lien and have agreed to pay said attorneys the ten per cent attorneys fees provided for in said notes for their services; that since the execution of said notes, the said Henry M. Johnson has died and left surviving him his widow, Mrs. Henry M. Johnson, who is also the administratrix of the Estate of said decedent, the administration being pending in the State of Louisiana; that the said Henry M. Johnson left surviving a daughter who is now the wife of Murff Maples, and a son, Prentiss Johnson, who has since died, leaving two children whose names and ages are unknown to the plaintiffs; that neither the said Henry M. Johnson nor Prentiss Johnson left any other heirs, so far as is known to plaintiffs, except those mentioned above; and that both of said decedents died intestate; that plaintiffs seek no personal judgment against any of the defendants, but their vendor's lien is a claim superior to all other claims, if any, against the estate of said decedent, so far as their lien extends against the above described land; that by reason of the execution of said notes, the plaintiffs have and hold a valid first lien upon the land above described and are entitled to a foreclosure of the same.
Plaintiffs pray judgment for the amount of said eight notes, including interest and attorneys fees, against said estates, and said heirs and legal representatives, and to the extent of their said debt, that they have a foreclosure of said vendor's lien against said land, for an order of sale directing the proper officials to sell said land as under execution and apply the proceeds to the satisfaction of the judgment which may be rendered herein; that all clouds of title by virtue of the claims and interests of said defendants be removed and that the purchaser at said sale shall take title to said land free from clouds created by the claims aforesaid.
Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Witness, J. H. Fortner, Clerk of the District Court of Presidio County, Texas, this 24th day of June, A. D. 1919.

RANCHES FOR SALE.
Thirty-seven sections of land in Hudspeth and Cullerson Counties. Well fenced and watered with tonks and several seep springs. Undeveloped fine Gramma grass and plenty of timber for wood and ranch use. Well dulby now first class rig, will sell with ranch 100 head of cattle and 25 head of Hures. Will take \$55.00 per head for the cattle and \$25.00 per head for the horses. Price \$3.50 per acre. Bonus \$1.55 due state. Will sell on reasonable terms.
FOR SALE—Six sections of land, well improved with about 15 sections of leased land to go with it in Rusto Canyon. Plenty of running water, good ranch improvements. Price, \$5.00 per acre. Patent basis.
Thirty-seven sections of land 40 miles north of Sierra Blanca in Hudspeth County. Well improved. Well water and fences. Land all in solid body. Price, \$3.00 per acre bonus, \$1.25 due the state.
For Sale—18 sections in Presidio County, 25 miles southwest of Valentine, well watered with springs, tanks and pipe line; 3 sections leased land goes with it; all fenced in two pastures and small trap; two small ranch houses and corrals. Price \$1.50 per acre bonus \$1.25 due the State; one-third cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 8 per cent; will pay 5 per cent commission for sale.
One Block of land in the town of Marfa, 4 1/2 acres in good location; price \$1,000, reasonable terms.
For Sale—20 sections of land in Hudspeth County, 25 miles northwest of Sierra Blanca; unfenced and unwatered, \$2.00 per acre bonus, \$1.50 due the State.
For Sale—8 sections in Brewster County, 60 miles south of Alpine; running creek through this land; alternate sections; price \$1.25 per acre, 92 1/2 cents due the State; one-half cash, balance in reasonable payments. J. A. Elliott, Alpine will pay 5 per cent commission for selling.
I will vaccinate your calves with any kind of serum you want to use. Large supply of serums on hand. Office, room 35, Murphy-Walker Building; residence phone 227.
Dr. A. J. Hoffman.

Magazines of all descriptions, as well as full line of daily newspapers always on hand at the Cozy Corner News Stand in the postoffice building. Call and see us.

Accomplishing "the impossible" in a cigarette!

It is years back since smokers have heard of any NEW quality in a cigarette.

But here, at last, is a cigarette that does what smokers would never have believed a cigarette could do.

Here's a cigarette that *satisfies*—Chesterfields.

Chesterfields touch the "smoke-spot." Chesterfields let you know you're smoking. Chesterfields—and Chesterfields only—SATISFY!

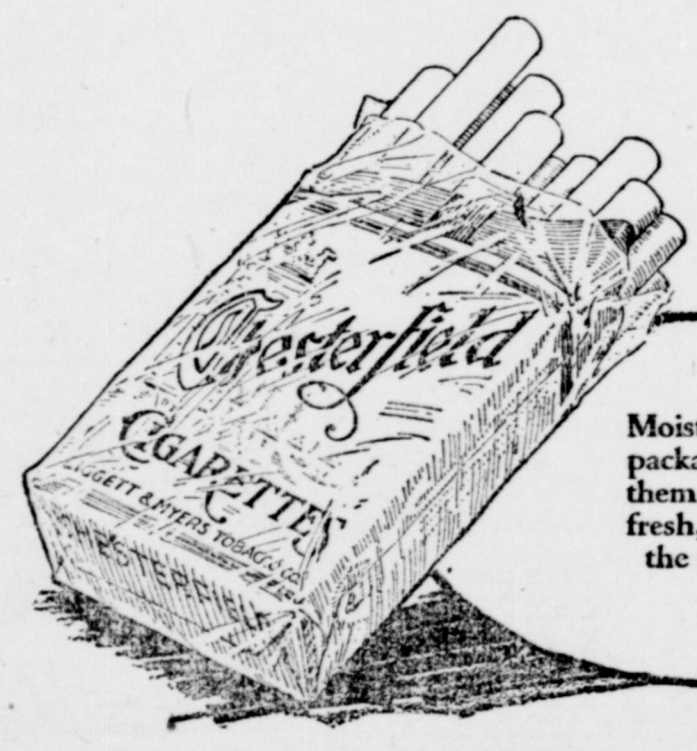
It's all in the blend—a blend of the finest selections of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos. And the formula for this blend is the manufacturer's secret. Unlike a patent, it cannot be copied or even closely imitated.

Light up a Chesterfield, some time today, and see how promptly your smoke-sense will put the O. K. on "satisfy."

Liggett & McCarty Tobacco Co.

Chesterfield CIGARETTES

—of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—blended



They SATISFY!

Moisture-proof package keeps them firm and fresh, whatever the weather.

CITATION.
THE STATE OF TEXAS
 To the Sheriff or any Constable of Presidio County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon Mrs. Henry M. Johnson, administratrix of the Estate of Henry M. Johnson, deceased, Murff Maples and his wife, Mrs. Murff Maples, and the Unknown heirs and unknown legal representatives of Prentiss Johnson, deceased, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive week previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Presidio County, to be held at the Court House thereof in Marfa, on the 4th Monday in July A. D. 1919, the same being the 28th day of July A. D. 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 24th day of June A. D. 1919, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 2524, wherein John Humphris and Mrs. Mamie Howard, guardian of the estate of Marion Kathleen Lola Howard et al, minors are plaintiffs, and Mrs. Henry M. Johnson, administratrix of the Estate of Henry M. Johnson, deceased, Murff Maples and his wife, Mrs. Murff Maples, and the Unknown Heirs and the Unknown legal representatives of Prentiss Johnson, deceased, are Defendants, and said petition alleging in substance as follows: That heretofore, to-wit, on the 21st day of May, A. D. 1917, the plaintiff, John Humphris and one D. D. Kilpatrick, conveyed to Henry M. Johnson, all of Section 4, in Block 2, consisting of 640 acres of land, situated in Presidio County, Texas, and surveyed in the name of the T. & P. Railway Company, by virtue of certificate number 1-663; that as a part of the consideration for said land, on said date, said Henry M. Johnson executed and delivered to said vendors his two certain promissory for the sum of \$100.00 each, the first due May 21st, 1918, and the second due May the 21st, 1919, each of said notes drawing interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum, from date; and each note providing for the payment of the usual ten per cent on the principal and interest as attorneys fees if sued upon for collection; that said notes are payable to said vendors, and by legal assignment, the plaintiff, John Humphris, is sole owner and holder of said first note above described, which was payable on May 21, 1918, and that the plaintiff, Mrs. Mamie Howard, is the legal guardian of the estates of Marion Kathleen Lola Howard, et al, minors, is the legal owner and holder as such guardian of the other of said notes above described, and that while the plaintiffs are not jointly interested in said notes, they are jointly interested in the lien hereinafter described and are jointly entitled to a foreclosure and to have the proceeds from the sale of said land prorated in settlement of said notes in case said land does not sell for sufficient to pay both of said notes in full; that said deed of conveyance expressly reserved a vendor's lien against the land conveyed as aforesaid to secure the payment of said notes and said lien is also recited and retained in said notes; that no part of either of said notes nor any interest thereon, has ever been paid; and that plaintiffs have been forced to bring this suit to collect said notes, and have employed attorneys to foreclose upon same and have agreed to pay said attorneys the ten per cent attorneys fees provided for in said notes for their services; that the said Henry M. Johnson since the execution of said notes has died, leaving surviving him his widow, Mrs. Henry M. Johnson, who is also administratrix of the estate of said decedent, the administration pending in the State of Louisiana; that the said Henry M. Johnson left surviving a daughter who is now the wife of Murff Maples; and also a son, Prentiss Johnson, who has since died, leaving two children whose names and ages are unknown to the plaintiffs; that neither the said Henry M. Johnson nor Prentiss Johnson, left any other heirs so far as is known to plaintiffs, except those above named; that both of said decedents died intestate; that plaintiffs seek no personal judgment against any of the defendants but their vendors' lien is a claim superior to all the claims, if any, against the estate of said decedents; so far as their said lien extends against the above described land; that by reason of the execution of said notes, the plaintiffs have and hold a first lien upon the land above described and are entitled to a foreclosure of the same.

Plaintiffs pray judgment for the amount of said two notes including interest and attorneys fees, against said estate and said heirs and legal representatives; and to the extent of their said debt that they have a foreclosure of said vendor's lien against said land; for an order of sale directing the proper officials to sell said land as under execution, and apply the proceeds first to the payment of all costs of this suit; second to the payment in full of the two notes, interest and attorneys fees held by the plaintiffs, but in case said land does not bring sufficient money to pay said claims in full, then that the proceeds be prorated according to the claims held by each; and that all clouds of title by virtue of the claims and interests of said defendants be removed, and that the purchaser at said sale shall take title to said land free from any cloud created by the claims aforesaid.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, J. H. Fortner, Clerk of the District Court of Presidio Co. Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Marfa, Texas, this the 24th day of June, A. D. 1919.

J. H. Fortner, Clerk, District Court, Presidio County.

St. George Hotel
CAFE DE LUX
Soldiers' Trade SOLICITED

DR. HODGES
 Has Opened
HIS DENTAL OFFICE
 South of the Track

J. C. FULLER
 Attorney-at-Law
 Office at Court House
 Marfa, Texas.
 Phone 50.

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 W.G. Young, C.W. Livingston
 Coffins, Caskets, Funeral Goods.
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DR. M. R. MAHON.
 Physician and Surgeon
 Office Phone 35. Res. Phone 32.
 MARFA - - - TEXAS

MARFA LODGE No. 596 A.F. & A.M.
 Meets the second Thursday evening in each month.
 Visiting brethren are cordially invited to be present
 C. E. Mead, W. M.
 J. W. Howell, Secretary

Hans Briam
 The Merchant who has practically everything and will sell it to you for less.
 MARFA, TEXAS.

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 Responsible Man With Truck.
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 For Quick Service.

CHAS BISHOP
 Drayage.
 Light and Heavy Hauling.
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Marfa Barber Shop
AKE & ALLEN
 Proprietors
Soldiers' Trade Appreciated

J. T. BRISTOW.
 General Drayage Business
 Piano and Household Moving
 A Specialty.
 All Patronage Appreciated

MARFA CHAPTER No. 76
 R. A. M. meets in Masonic Hall on Saturday before the 4th Sunday in each month. Visiting companions are welcome.
 W. W. Bogel, H. P.
 J. W. Howell, Secretary.

MEAD & METCALF,
 Attorneys-at-Law
 Marfa, Texas.
 General Practice

BIG BEND TITLE CO.
 Abstractors
 We Have Complete Index of County Records.
 Marfa, Texas.

K. C. MILLER
 Attorney-at-Law
 Office Over Post Office
 Marfa, Texas.

DR. J. M. WEATHERLY.
 Dentist
 Phone 129 Over P. O. Bldg.

Pecos OIL.
 I own Sec. 37, block 56, Reeves, that I am selling out in 5 and 10 acre tracks at \$10.00 per acre, deed, abstract and mineral rights, between the Troxwell well and Sunshine well Buy 5 acres, if they hit, it means a fortune, if they miss, you have not lost much, and you still have the land left, and get the advantage of the other 8 drills. Land well located, deed, abstract, draft sent to your bank for inspection.
 O. J. GREEN, Pecos, Texas.

Property Owners, Attention!
 Marvelseal will fix that leaky roof, fireproof, waterproof and airtight. Cheaper than paint. Unconditional guarantee for 10 years. Make no mistake. There is only one original That is Marvelseal Asbestos Fiber Roof Cement. Shingle, Metal or Paper roofs. Sold on three months time. Beautify your home; stop the leaks; go to bed and do not worry about fire from bad flues.
 D. A. FLINT, Local Agent.
 Box 352.

For Sale or Exchange
 By A. M. Avant.
 For sale the only Hotel in a County seat town. Price Ten Thousand Dollars. Ten lots in same town with large Livery Barn also Black Smith shop with tools valued at \$2000.00. 228 acre farm, 182 acres in cultivation. Has splendid crop now. Two good rent houses value \$350.00 per acre. Will trade all this property for ranch lands in West Texas.

Limpia Hotel
 FORT DAVIS, TEXAS.
 Solicits the Patronage of Commercial Travelers and Tourists.
 Special Attention Given to Week-End Parties.
Specia Sunday Dinner \$1.00
 12 to 2 P. M. 6 to 8 P. M.
 Mrs. Fred Stotts, Prop. Fort Davis, Texas.

Overland-Marfa Company
 The New Automobile Agency and Supply and Repair Shop Located in the Yates building, next to the Opera House. Will Handle
Overand and Willys-Knight Cars.
 Also Tires and Gasoline
 The repair department will be in charge of Chas. Kostermenke. Give us a trial for good service.

F. C. Mellard and Chas. Kostermenke.

H O M E S
 I Build Houses to Make HOMES
 It takes more than a good house to make a home, but few real homes are made without good houses.
 If you contemplate building any kind of a structure, see us. That is our business in life. We understand it and can fill your wants.
John C. Bean Estimates Carefully Made

Order Coal Now.
 Please place your coal orders for this Fall.
 Deliveries will be made, June, July and August. We cannot contract for any coal further than August. Coal Companies will be over sold, and prices will be very high after August.
 Order now, and we will make deliveries as fast as cars come in.
 Prices From Cars, Gallup Lump \$12.50 Coal \$12.50 Ton. Prices from Cars, Anthracite Base Burner Coal \$18.50 Ton. These prices are delivered your home in City Limits. Extra Charge for Drayage if put in Basements or upstairs. We shall appreciate your orders.
MURPHY-WALKER CO.

RANGES FOR SALE.
 Forty-two sections of land in solid body well watered with tanks and one well. Lies 20 miles north of Sierra Blanca. Fine gramma grass country. Will take twenty-five thousand acres cash, balance to suit purchaser. This is a well-improved ranch worth the money. Address A. M. Avant, Marfa, Texas.

FOR SALE—Seven room house with bath, hot and cold water, large front porch, small back porch; house on full block of land. \$3,000 one-half cash, balance in negotiable notes. For further information, call at this office.
 To Scatter My Chances, will trade oil lease in Ector Co. for lease in Presidio Co. Deep test going down in Ector. Only care to trade section or less.—J. M. Jemison, Midland, Texas.
Oil In Pecos Valley.
 The man that takes a chance is the one that wins in the long run; I have a few acres left between the Troxwell and Sunshine wells that I am selling at \$10.00 per acre, deed, abstract and mineral rights; drilling all around it; some are sure to hit; shallow oil at 80 to 100 feet; write today. References, First National Bank.
 O. J. GREEN, Pecos, Texas.

Your Battery's Different
 There is one part of your new car that is different from all the rest—your battery.
 For storage batteries are chemical—not mechanical.
 The time to begin taking care of that battery is the first day that you get your new car. If you do this, your battery will not only last longer, but it will give you better service as long as it is in use.
 So when you buy your new car, the very first thing to do is to come to us for full instructions. We will register your battery, and at the same time will be glad to give you a copy of the booklet, "Willard Service and You."

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MENDIAS BROS.
 Telephone 159 MARFA, TEXAS P. O. Box 36
Dry Goods and Notions
 Agents for "STAR BRAND" Shoes.
 No Substitute for Leather Used in any Pair.
 Our Motto: Best Values and Courteous Treatment.

You Can See This Difference
 There are two kind of tires—the kind that can be punctured and the kind that can't.
 One of them gives you 5,000 to 10,000 more miles than you've ever had before from your tires—and on a puncture-proof guarantee.
 You can put a set of Gates Half-Sole Tires, guaranteed puncture-proof, on your car, then forget all about your wheels for 5,000 to 10,000 miles. This puncture-proof tire takes the tire worries out of your motoring.
 Come in and see us—it won't take us five minutes to show you what it took science five years to accomplish.
Gates Half Sole Tire Service Station.

Gates Half Sole Tire Service Station
 In St. George Hotel Building

Your Liberty Bond is Your memento of the war Your pledge of patriotism Your Service Stripe
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MARFA STATE BANK
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COMPLETE STOCK
 Fittings, valves, piping, Well casing, belting, all Kinds of pumping Machinery.
 Best equipped Machine Shop in the South. Send us Your inquiries.
SAN ANTONIO MACHINE AND SUPPLY COMPANY
 San Antonio, Texas

LIFE'S LITTLE



Chopping Him Off.
 "Now, Mr. Gloom, I contend—"
 "I agree with you, Mr. Dirge!" interrupted J. Fuller Gloom. "I agree with you absolutely!"
 "Why, sir, you haven't even heard what I have to say, and—"
 "No, but I am in a hurry to attend to a matter of importance."

Information Wanted.
 "We hear a good deal about the arms of Morpheus."
 "What of it?"
 "I have been wondering if his feet get to sleep, too."

Enough to Kill Him.
 Student—There goes the professor, talking to himself, as usual.
 Second Student—Yes, I should think he would have died of boredom long since.

Logical Deduction.
 Neighbor (sarcastically)—Of course, those children of yours never do a single thing.
 Mother (angrily)—How can they when they're twins?

Its Evidence.
 "The worst of this housekeeping business is one finds it so hard to get a good washerwoman."
 "Ay, there's the rub."

Should Be on the Surface.
 "Beauty, my dear, is only skin deep."
 "Yes, honey, but what good does that do me? It might just as well be 20,000 leagues under the sea."

Unwilling Victim.
 "I can trace my descent a long way off and from a very high source."
 "Well, do you expect me to fall for it?"

TRUE.



"Beauty is only skin deep," he remarked.
 "Yes," she replied calmly, "about as deep as some men's stock of wisdom."

Mercenary.
 A sailor man I would not be
 And plow the bounding main,
 I'd rather plow a farm, you see,
 And bank my worldly gain.

He's Wise.
 The Clerk—I cannot live on my salary, sir.
 The Boss—Ah, then, you must be thinking of marrying. When does the happy event occur?

Qualified.
 "If we lived in former times this baby of ours, my dear, could have filled an important town position."
 "What is that?"
 "Town crier."

A Usual One.
 "My husband had part of his speech cut out yesterday by an operation."
 "Who was the operator?"
 "The telephone girl."

Quite Likely.
 "Your friend is a well-seasoned man, isn't he?"
 "Well, he is an old salt with a peppery disposition."

The Result.
 "I had a friend who went hunting for a peach of a wife."
 "What happened?"
 "He picked a lemon."

When Man Is Humble.
 Milly—Men are more conceited than women.
 Billy—Nonsense! Every man at some time in his life told some woman he wasn't worthy of her.—Stray Stories.

His Early Training.
 "Did you hear how that upstart talked back to the society favorite? And I did hear that he began life as a butler."
 "Maybe that was the reason he was so quick to answer the belle."

The KITCHEN CABINET

The food supply would be probably better selected, varied and cooked, if the daily supervision were allotted definitely to one who has been trained for the purpose, and chosen because of capacity for the office.
 Cake is to the appetite what mirth is to the melancholy.

CAKE MAKING.

Just a word to those who are yet inexperienced in the art of cake making. First of all, have all the materials to be used ready at hand before beginning, or in the midst you will find some important ingredient missing which will need a change of plans.

Most cooks have some standard recipe which they will vary with flavoring, spice or fruit, or bake in different shaped tins with different fillings or frostings, which will give a large variety.

The time was when much creaming of butter and stirring of sugar and butter was thought the only way to make a butter cake, but these busy days are teaching us many ways of simplifying our work, and cake making must keep pace. The shortening, if softened—not melted—will mix with the sugar and it takes but a short time to cream it; add a little hot water or milk if hurried for time and then give the mixture a good beating, adding the eggs beaten and give another good beating. A fair cake, good enough for every-day use, is one using three tablespoonfuls of butter or butter substitute, one cupful of sugar, half a cupful of milk, two eggs, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and a cupful and three-quarters of sifted flour. Add flavoring and bake in a hot oven. A circle of well-greased paper placed in the layer tins, as well as deeper tins, will help to remove the cake without breaking.

A cake that is baked with a little flour as will hold it up makes a much more tender and delicate one. The baking is a most important factor in good cake making. Have the oven very hot for layer cake and bake from 10 to 12 minutes. For a loaf cake which needs 40 minutes to bake, divide the time into quarters. The first ten minutes see that the cake begins to rise, the second ten minutes it finishes rising and begins to brown, the third ten minutes it finishes browning and begins to shrink from the pan, then the last ten or quarter it finishes baking. If a cake crackles as if still cooking when taken from the oven, put it back for a few minutes.

Fruit Layer Cake.—For a delicious cake to use for company or on special occasions, this is excellent. Cream a cupful of shortening, add two cupfuls of warmed sugar to hasten the creaming, add six well beaten eggs, two and one-half cupfuls of flour, a cupful of milk, a teaspoonful of vanilla and three teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Beat well and bake in three layers.

Only the possessions which we use are of present value to us. A man may have a money fortune, and yet be poverty stricken in the very things which that money would buy him. The money is his all the time; but it is of little or no value to him because he lets it alone.

WHAT TO EAT.

There are few people who feel that a meal has been satisfying that is not finished with some kind of dessert, and usually feel if none is provided that the dinner is not a success.

Peach Sherbet.—Put a pound of sugar and a quart of water on to boil 20 minutes; let cool, then add one and one-half cupfuls of peach pulp, the strained juice of an orange and the juice of half a lemon. Freeze.

Date Crackers.—Put a pound of washed and pitted dates, with a cupful of sugar and half a cupful of water, in a sauce pan and cook until soft and smooth. Cool. Cream a cupful of shortening, add a cup of brown sugar, two and one-half cupfuls of rolled oats which have been parched to a light brown, two cupfuls of flour; stir and mix well; add a teaspoonful of soda to half a cupful of hot water and stir into the mixture. Roll out, cut and place a spoonful of the fruit on a cookie, cover with another, then bake.

Mint Sherbet.—Soak half a cup of chopped mint leaves in the juice of two lemons and three oranges half an hour. Boil two cupfuls of sugar and a cup of water five minutes, then pour over the other ingredients. When cold strain into a freezer, add the grated rind of the fruit and the white of an egg beaten stiff with a cup of whipped cream. This sherbet may be served as a dessert or as an accompaniment to a lamb roast.

Junket is a most delicious dessert for a hot day when one wants just a dainty finish to the meal. Add a tablet of rennin to a quart of lukewarm milk, sweetened and flavored. Stir well after crushing the tablet and dissolving it in a tablespoonful of water. Then pour the mixture into the sherbet cups or glasses in which it is to be served. When well set put on ice to chill.

Chocolate pie may be prepared in the same way, adding two squares of melted chocolate, or a prune pie, adding a cup of prunes which have been put through a ricer.

Nellie Maxwell

WRIGLEY'S



Helps teeth, breath, appetite, digestion

HERMETICALLY sealed in its wax-wrapped package, airtight, impurity proof—WRIGLEY'S

is hygienic and wholesome. The goody that's good for young and old.



THE FLAVOR LASTS

Be sure to get WRIGLEY'S Look for the name

DIDN'T KNOW IT PERSONALLY

Therefore Jimmy Jumped at Conclusion That Caused Much Trouble in the Neighborhood.

"My mamma and papa aren't married," said a little fellow talking to a group of children in a neighbor's garden. The neighbor sat on the porch with a group of women and they overheard the remark.
 "What did you say, Jimmy?" they called to the child. He repeated it. Gossip got busy and Jimmy's mother suddenly found herself shunned by the neighborhood. Many of the women from whom she had borrowed an egg or a cup of sugar turned their heads when she passed on the street. She was at a loss to explain this coldness until she went to one neighbor and asked what the trouble was. On her return home she called Jimmy to her.
 "Son, did you tell anybody that your father and I were not married?"
 "Yes, ma'am," he answered. "You are not, are you?"
 "Of course we are."
 "Well, how did I know? You didn't have a wedding. I didn't see it."

THE REASON

Why Vacher-Balm stops all kinds of pain and soreness so quickly is that it stops inflammation, therefore nothing gives quicker relief for Mumps, Headache, Burns, etc. It also quickly relieves Catarrh, and being harmless may be used internally.

If you cannot buy it locally write for Free Sample and agent's prices. Beware of imitations. E. W. Vacher, Inc., New Orleans, La.—Adv.

American Nobel Prize Winner.

Four Americans have been honored by receiving the Nobel prizes. The first of the recipients was Theodore Roosevelt, who received the peace prize in 1906, and in 1912 the peace prize was awarded to Elihu Root. In 1912, also, Dr. A. C. C. Carrel received the Nobel prize in medicine, while T. W. Richards was the recipient of the prize in 1914 for notable work in chemistry.

Pretty Old.

Bacon—This paper says although ridiculed as a craze it is a scientific fact that sour milk conduces to longevity.

Egbert—I guess that's right. I tasted some sour milk today, and believe me, it was right in the longevity class.—Yonkers Statesman.

A Pertinent Curiosity.

"Will you tell me something, ma?"
 "What is it, child?"
 "Do grass widows wear weeds?"

The Exception.

Knicker—Speech is silver.
 Bocker—But not increasing in value.—New York Sun.

Good manners include not merely pleasant things said and done, but unpleasant ones left undone.

THE SPOILERS

Spoil if you will but don't waste. This advice as curious as it may appear is daily given to classes of smart women who are interesting themselves in domestic science as applied to every-day kitchen problems.

Today, housewives whether rich or poor are equally concerned in the world-wide service of eliminating waste. Not only at their clubs but in their daily practices at home, each woman is busy reducing the little losses here and there in order to increase the purchasing power of her dollar or dime as the case may be.

Every housewife will quickly detect any inferiority of her matches. The warning "war-time quality" is not necessary in order for her detection, but it is not so easy with baking powder. Too often she judges its quality by the price or the size of the package. Perhaps it would be better to say that she misjudges by these methods.

Take a concrete example—a 10-cent can of highest quality baking powder such as Calumet, of which it is only necessary to use one level spoonful to the cup of flour, represents a real economy as compared with the Big Can, fully double the size containing mostly some cheap filler which is used chiefly for the purpose of satisfying those who want a lot for their money and who practice the false economy of overlooking the real service that quality goods give. Just as a bottle of cream is worth more than a bottle of milk, twice its size, so is a box of quality matches or a bar of good soap worth two of poor grade.—Adv.

His Idea of Heaven.

Little Jack was returning home from his first visit to the zoo. "Father," he asked, "do all good people go to heaven?"
 "Yes, son," said his father.
 "All, every one?"
 "Yes."
 "Well," said Jack thoughtfully, "if there's no room left for you and me, let's go where the giraffes are!"

Old-Fashioned Stuff.

"He's old-fashioned."
 "So?"
 "Yes. Refuses to ask for a raise in pay on the theory that if his work warrants an increase his employers will recognize the fact and hand it out to him."

Trying It Again.

J. P.—John Smith, do you take this woman to be your lawfully wedded wife, for better or for worse?
 J. S.—For better.

Little minds are tamed and subdued by misfortune, but great minds rise above it.—Washington Irving.

"CALLUS CORNS" LIFT RIGHT OFF

Apply a few drops of "Freezone"—No pain!



Don't suffer! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store. Apply a few drops on the corn, calluses and "hard skin" on bottom of feet, then lift them off.

When Freezone removes corns from the toes or calluses from the bottom of feet, the skin beneath is left pink and healthy and never sore, tender or irritated.

Flashlights.

Some men seem to be living in hope that a way will be discovered before they die whereby they can take their money with them when it's their time to go.

CAPUDINE—

It gives quick relief from Headaches of all kinds, including sick or nervous Headaches and Headaches caused from heat, cold, gripe or stomach troubles. Trial bottle 10 cts. Larger sizes also—IT'S LIQUID.—adv.

Turkey's Draft Limit.

German—I hear that they are raising the draft limits in Turkey?
 Norman—Yes, the draft will now include all males having from eighteen to forty-five wives.

Don't force Nature by using violent cathartics. Wright's Indian Vegetables Pills help Nature gently but surely by tonic and laxative action.—adv.

Pleanty of Choice.

It is quite true that there are 1,081 different kinds of faiths in the world—and there are about 3,456,876 different kinds of sheer cussedness!

Just to be alive should be an amusement for a healthy man.

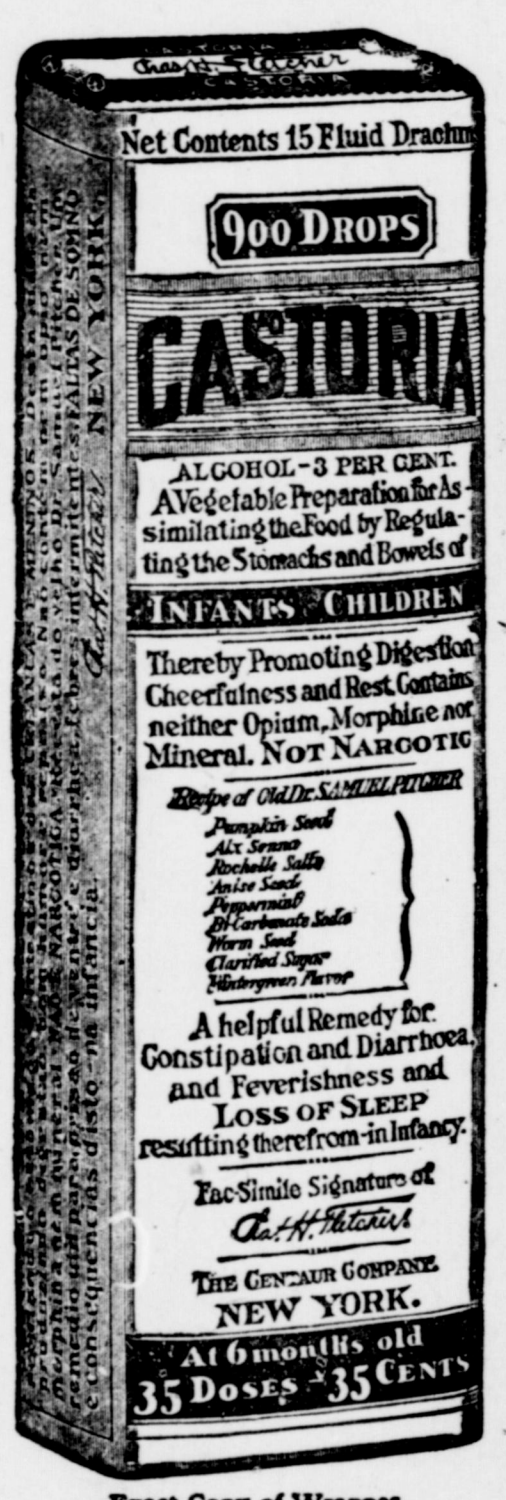
Care and Responsibility.

THE responsibility attached to the preparing of a remedy for infants and children is undoubtedly greater than that imposed upon the manufacturer of remedies for adults whose system is sufficiently strong to counteract, for a time at least, any injurious drug. It is well to observe that Castoria is prepared today, as it has been for the past 40 years, under the personal supervision of Mr. Chas. H. Fletcher.

What have makers of imitations and substitutes at stake? What are their responsibilities? To whom are they answerable? They spring up today, scatter their nefarious wares broadcast, and disappear tomorrow.

Could each mother see the painstaking care with which the prescription for Fletcher's Castoria is prepared; could they read the innumerable testimonials from grateful mothers, they would never listen to the subtle pleadings and false arguments of those who would offer an imitation of, or substitute for, the tried and true Fletcher's Castoria.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA



A Word About Truth.

"Great is Truth, and mighty above all things." So says the Old Testament, yet it is equally true to-day. Truth shows no favors, fears no enemies.

From the inception of Fletcher's Castoria, Truth has been the watchword, and to the conscientious adherence to this motto in the preparation of Fletcher's Castoria as well as in its advertising is due the secret of its popular demand.

All imitations, all substitutes, all just-as-good preparations lack the element of Truth, lack the righteousness of being, lack all semblance even in the words of those who would deceive.

And you! Mothers, mothers with the fate of the World in your hands, can you be deceived? Certainly not.

Fletcher's Castoria is prepared for Infants and Children. It is distinctly a remedy for the little-ones. The BABY'S need for a medicine to take the place of Castor Oil, Paregoric and Soothing Syrup was the sole thought that led to its discovery. Never try to correct BABY'S troubles with a medicine that you would use for yourself.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

WOLVES OF THE SEA

By RANDALL PARRISH

CHAPTER XXII.

The Crew Decides.

Except that many of the men remained armed there was no suggestion of violence. But for the gleaming carabineer trained on the main hatch, and the small group of gunners clustered about it, the scene was peaceable enough, resembling the deck of some merchant ship. LeVeré stood motionless at the poop rail, staring down and his attitude and expression of face aroused within me a doubt of the man, a determination to put him to the test. Evidently he had held aloof and refrained from taking even the slightest part in our activities. The men themselves were mostly forward, grouped together and still excitedly discussing the situation.

"Stand by to reef topsails," I shouted. "We're all one watch now. Go at it lively, lads, and when the job is over we'll eat, and decide together what's our next move. Two of you will be enough to guard the hatch and one of you go into the cabin and relieve the girl there. Keep your eyes open. I'll be down presently. Aloft with you and see how quick a job you can make of it."

Watkins led the way up the mainmast ratlines, and Cole was first into the fore-shrouds, the others following eagerly. I watched them lay out on the yards and was heartened to hear the fellows sing as they worked, the canvas melting away as if by magic. I climbed the ladder to where LeVeré stood on the poop, but carefully ignored his presence, my gaze on the scene aloft. Twice I gave orders, changing the steering direction slightly, and commanding the lower sails reefed. The mulatto scowling, joined me at the rail.

"What's all this about?" he asked. "That's no storm cloud yonder." "There is always danger in fog," I answered coldly, "and besides there is no use carrying on until we know where we are bound. My purpose is to keep the men busy, and then talk the situation over with them. Have you any criticism of this plan, Senior LeVeré?"

He hesitated, but his eyes were narrowed, and ugly.

"You'll do as you please, but you told me we sailed for Porto Grande. Was that a lie?"

"Not necessarily," and I smiled grimly. "Although I should not have hesitated to tell one under the circumstances. I mean to leave that decision to the men themselves. It is their lives that are in danger."

"That scum-half of them are English and French. All they want is to get away; they will never go back to Porto Grande without you make them."

"How make them?" "By false observations; there is no navigator forward. It is a trick easy enough to play with a little nerve. I would never have taken part in this mutiny if I had supposed you meant to play into the hands of the men."

"It is a very little part you took Senior LeVeré, judging from what I saw. You seemed quite content to stand off here and look on. However you are in it just as deeply as I am, and are going to play the game out with me to the end. Do you understand that?"

"What you mean, senior—play it out?"

"Go on with the rest of us; take your chance with the men and do your duty. I am captain here. The first sign of treachery on your part will send you below with those others. I don't trust you, and all I want is an excuse to put you out of the way—so be careful what you do."

I turned and walked away from him toward the forward rail. The men were still aloft but coming in from off the yards. Below me in the door of the companion, stood Dorothy, her eyes peering curiously about the deserted deck. She glanced up and saw me.

"May I come up there?" she asked. "Certainly; let me help you. Stand here beside me, and you can see all that is being done. That's all, lads; breakfast is ready; lay down all except the lookout."

We watched while they streamed down the ratlines and gathered forward of the galley, squatting in groups on the deck. To all appearances the fellows had not a care in the world, or any thought of the stirring scenes just passed through. The girl's hand touched my sleeve, and I turned and looked into her face.

"Have you considered Captain Sanchez?" she asked.

"Why no," in surprise, "he is helpless below, badly wounded."

"Not so badly as you suppose," she said swiftly. "He is able to be up and about his stateroom. I heard him moving, and I believe the steward has told him what has occurred on board, and endeavored to bear a message from him to those men amidships. I held my pistol to his head and locked him in the pantry. He is there now, with the sailor you sent on deck to tell you."

"He is a danger, of course, but not a serious one," I said confidently. "It

is safe enough to leave him undisturbed at present. The first thing I need to do is to satisfy those men. I'll attend to that now, and then see to the proper securing of Sanchez. Remain here with LeVeré while I go forward, and watch that he does not attempt to go below."

The fellows had not finished mess, but I felt the danger of further delay, and talked to them as they sat on deck, explaining briefly the entire situation, and the causes leading up to the mutiny. I dealt with the matter in plain terms, making no apparent effort to influence them, yet forcibly compelling each individual to realize what would be the result of our recapture. They listened earnestly, asking an occasional question, and passing comments back and forth freely among themselves.

I sent Watkins to the cabin for a roll of charts, and spreading these out, endeavored as well as I could, to make clear our probable position and the nearest point of land. When I had completed the explanation, and stood before them awaiting decision, it was Haines who acted as their spokesman.

"This yere is Cape Howarth?" he asked, a grimy thumb on the point indicated. "An' yer say it's 'bout a hundred and fifty miles west?"

"Yes, about that?"

"An' thar's no settlement?"

"Some colonists fifty miles north is all."

"That's 'bout right." He turned to the others. "Say mates, this is how I figure. We can't go on no long cruise with all those bloody rats in the hold. They're bound ter find some way out if we give 'em time 'nough. Fer as I'm concerned, I'm fer dividin' up what we've got, and ter hell with piratin'."

"What'er yer say, mates? Shall we run the ol' hooker ashore, an' leave her thar, while we tramp the coast? We're just a shipwrecked crew. What say yer?"

There was a chorus of approval sufficient in volume to satisfy me, and I accepted this as a decision.

"All right, lads," I said briefly. "In my judgment your choice is a wise

LeVeré."

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"He is a danger, of course, but not a serious one," I said confidently. "It

deed. Then there was but one to suspect—Sanchez!

I flung open the pantry door, but one glance inside told me that Gonsaules had vanished. On the deck lay the strands of rope with which he had been secured—they had been severed by a sharp knife, the ends discolored with blood stains. I held these out to Watkins.

"Cut since the murder," I said, "and by the same knife. What do you make of it, Tom?"

"Well, sir, the thing he'd most likely try fer wud be ter release them lads amidships. My idea is, sir, he thought he'd have time ter git the bulkhead door open, before anybody cum below—he an' the steward, who'd know whar the tools was. That was the scheme, only we busted in too quick. That's whar they both are—skulkin' back in them shadows."

He fitted the smoking lantern back onto the shelf to have his hands free for action, and drew a cutlass out of the arm rack, running one leatherly thumb along the blade to test its sharpness. His eyes sought mine questioningly.

"Probably your guess is the right one," I said soberly. "We'll give it a trial."

Murder had been committed for a purpose—it was the first step in an effort to retake the ship. If we were to retain our advantage there was no time to be lost; we were pitted now against Silva Sanchez, and he was a leader not to be despised or temporized with; no cowardly, brainless fool.

The passage leading forward was wide enough to permit of our advancing together and for a few steps the light dribbled in past us quite sufficient for guidance. I had been down this tunnel once before, and knew the bulkhead was not far away, but the few steps necessary plunged us into profound blackness, through which we advanced cautiously with outstretched hands. No slightest sound warned of danger and I was already convinced in my own mind that the refugees were not hiding there, when it happened.

Within an instant we were fighting for our lives, fronted not by two men, but by a score, who flung themselves cursing upon us. Their very numbers and the narrowness of the passage was our only salvation. At first our resistance was blind enough, guided only by the senses of touch and sound. We could see nothing of our antagonists, although their fierce rush hurled us backward. I fired into the mass, as Watkins slashed madly with his cutlases, both manning in some way to keep our feet. Hands gripped for us, a bedlam of oaths splitting the air; yet, even in that moment of pandemonium, I was quick to realize the fellows were weaponless, seeking only to reach and crush us with bare hands. The same discovery must have come to the mind of the sailor, for he yelled it out defiantly, every stroke of his blade drawing blood. I joined him, striking with the butt of the pistol. We killed and wounded, the curses of hate changed into sharp cries of agony, but those behind pressed the advance forward, and we were inevitably swept back into the light of the cabin lamp.

Then I saw faces, hideous in the glare, demoniacal in their expression of hatred—a mass of them, unrecognizable, largely of a wild, half-Indian type, with here and there a bearded white. Nor were they all bare-headed; in many a grip flashed a knife, and directly fronting me, with a meat cleaver uplifted to strike, Sanchez yelled his orders. Ignoring all others I leaped straight at him, crying to Watkins as I sprang.

"Back lad; dash out that light; I'll hold these devils here a minute!"

I did—God knows how! It was like no fighting ever I had done before, a mad, furious melee, amid which I lost all consciousness of action, all guidance of thought, struggling as a wild brute, with all the reckless strength of insanity. It is a dim, vague recollection; I am sure I felled Sanchez with one blow of my pistol butt; in some way that deadly cleaver came into my hands and I trod on his body, swinging the sharp blade with all my might into those scowling faces. They gave sullenly backward; they had to, yelping and snarling like a pack of wolves, hacking at me with their short knives. I was cut again and again. I stood on quivering flesh, crazed with blood, and seeking only to kill. I saw faces crushed in, arms severed, the sudden spurting of blood from ghastly wounds. Oaths mingled with cries of agony and shouts of hate. Then in an instant the light was dashed out and all was darkness.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Mends Granite Ware.

The government suggests we economize on kitchen utensils. To mend a hole in granite ware work a piece of putty until perfectly soft, then take a piece of the putty large enough to cover the hole and put one piece on either side of the metal, pressing together inside and out, smoothing down the edges. Place the vessel in a slow oven and bake until the putty is a deep brown. For *boiling water* the vessel will be as good as new.

Buy a Farm Now.

Because land is cheaper than it will ever be again. The U. S. Railroad Administration is prepared to furnish free information to homesteaders regarding farming opportunities. We have nothing to sell; no money to lend; only information to give. Write me fully with reference to your needs. Name the state you want to learn about. J. L. Edwards, Manager, Agricultural Section, U. S. Railroad Administration, Room 70, Washington, D. C.—adv.

The mere fact that a man doesn't call you a liar is no reason that he doesn't think you are one.

Cuticura for Pimply Faces.

To remove pimples and blackheads smear them with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Once clear keep your skin clear by using them for daily toilet purposes. Don't fail to include Cuticura Talcum.—Adv.

Silence is more eloquent than words.—Carlyle.

KIDNEYS WEAKENING? BETTER LOOK OUT!

Kidney and bladder troubles don't disappear of themselves. They grow upon you, slowly but steadily, undermining your health with deadly certainty, until you fall a victim to incurable disease.

Stop your troubles while there is time. Don't wait until little pains become big aches. Don't trifle with disease. To avoid future suffering begin treatment with GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules now. Take three or four every day until you feel that you are entirely free from pain.

This well-known preparation has been one of the national remedies of Holland for centuries. In 1896 the govern-

ment of the Netherlands granted a special charter authorizing its sale.

The good housewife of Holland would almost as soon be without food as without her "Real Dutch Drops," as she quite correctly calls GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. Their use restores strength and is responsible in a great measure for the sturdy, robust health of the Hollanders.

Do not delay. Go to your druggist and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. Take them as directed, and if you are not satisfied with results your druggist will gladly refund your money. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on the box and accept no other. In sealed boxes, three sizes.

Frank.

"What are you selling bananas for today?" "To make a living."

Daily Thought.

How many worthy men have we seen survive their own reputations.—Montaigne.

Middle Aged Women

Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles.

Freemont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change—heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. GODDIN, 925 Napoleon St., Fremont, Ohio.

North Haven, Conn.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the trying symptoms."—Mrs. FLORENCE LESZLA, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.



In Such Cases

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

has the greatest record for the greatest good

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

THIS HEAD WORTH \$10,000

London Doctors Eager to Examine Brain of Man Known as Human Encyclopedia.

Of course you have heard of Datas, the human encyclopedia—the man who can memorize and reel off dates quicker than the fire of a machine gun; the man on whose head the doctors have placed a price of \$2,000?

"But I am not anxious to sell it yet for dissection," Datas told a writer for London Tit-Bits the other day. "It is worth more to me than \$2,000."

Datas has lately been devouring few facts and had just added a couple of thousand in two and a half hours to his repertoire when we met.

"For an outlay of twopenny," he said, "I bought a little book on a bookstall, called 'Two Thousand Facts About the War.' I bought it and read the list through in two and a half hours and then knew it by heart."

There is no doubt about it. I tested Datas with the book in my hand, and no matter what question I asked him—dates of battles, air raids, names of ships sunk, famous generals' careers—he answered them without hesitation, says the writer.

Datas has had many amusing and curious experiences, but the most extraordinary was the friendly dinner he shared with John Lee, the Babacombe murderer, and the late James Barry, the executioner who tried to hang

Lee three times but failed. "Berry, after ceasing to be an executioner, set up at Bradford as a phrenologist and character reader," said Datas. His card bore the words: "Heads examined." He examined a good many heads in his time."

Dressed to Kill in "Shell-Cloth."

Shell-cloth is the name of a new fabric being manufactured in England. The stuff is a fine serge and an essential part of projectiles.

And now that the war is over the stuff is going into the making of clothes instead of shells, says the Philadelphia North American. It ought to make "staggeringly" good-looking clothes, don't you think? One woman might say quite truly to another: "Oh, my dear, she was dressed to kill, all in shellcloth."

Or, on the other hand, what clever opportunity for the feminine cat to say that her dear enemy has "shocking taste in the matter of clothes!"

Boy's Bill of Fare.

George Bailey, answering the inquiry, "What is good for a boy to eat?" says: "At this time of the year, according to the theories extant in North Carolina in 1870, a boy should have daily plenty of green fruit, pine rosin, young cucumbers, raw new potatoes, green blackberries, doughnuts, branch water and two hours in the swimming hole."

—Atlanta Constitution.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, DAISY FLY KILLER attracts and kills all flies. Kills house flies, stable flies, and all other flies. Kills all stages of the fly, from the egg to the adult. Kills all stages of the house fly, from the egg to the adult. Kills all stages of the stable fly, from the egg to the adult. Kills all stages of the house fly, from the egg to the adult. Kills all stages of the stable fly, from the egg to the adult.

5¢ EXPRESS, prepaid, 25¢. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Cuticura Soap Ideal for the Complexion

All druggists; Soap 25¢, Ointment 50¢ and 75¢, Talcum 25¢. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston."

Nova Scotia Cherries.

The province of Nova Scotia raises exceedingly large and luscious black cherries.

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of fawning ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and give a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

And lots of men make fools of themselves by doing the fool things they are invited to do.

INDIGESTION

Caused by Acid-Stomach

Millions of people—in fact about 9 out of 10—suffer more or less from indigestion, acute or chronic. Nearly every case is caused by Acid-Stomach.

There are other stomach disorders which also are sure signs of Acid-Stomach—belching, heartburn, bloating after eating, food remaining in the stomach, sour, easy stomach. There are many ailments which, while they do not cause much distress in the stomach itself, are, nevertheless, traceable to an acid-stomach. Among these are nervousness, biliousness, chronic of the liver, rheumatism, impoverished blood, weakness, insomnia, melancholia and a long train of physical and mental miseries that keep the victims in miserable health year after year.

The right thing to do is to attack these ailments at their source—get rid of the acid-stomach. A wonderful modern remedy called EATONIC now makes it easy to do this. One of hundreds of thousands of grateful users of EATONIC writes: "I have been troubled with intestinal indigestion for about nine years and have spent quite a sum for medicine, but without relief. After using EATONIC for a few days the gas and pains in my bowels disappeared. EATONIC is just the remedy I needed."

We have thousands of letters telling of these marvelous benefits. Try EATONIC and you, too, will be just as enthusiastic in its praise.

Your druggist has EATONIC. Get a big 50c box from him today. He will refund your money if you are not satisfied.

EATONIC

(FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

PARKER'S HAIR BALM A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Reddened Hair, Gives Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Economy to Both Health and Purse

follow a change from coffee to the American table drink—

POSTUM CEREAL

A rich, full-bodied beverage—boiled full fifteen minutes after boiling begins. Pure and free from the nerve impairing drug, caffeine.

Two sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c.

At Grocers Everywhere!

Locals and Personals

Jas. Stewart of Fort Davis was in Marfa Monday on business.

♦♦♦

Lieut. Gallie Bogel was among the aviators who flew into Marfa last Tuesday.

♦♦♦

Mr. and Mrs. Murphy write that they are having a delightful trip in California.

♦♦♦

Homer Ferguson, S. Scales and H. L. Ford of Alpine were visitors in our city Tuesday.

♦♦♦

Judge Van Sickle, of Alpine was shaking hands with his friends in Marfa last Monday.

♦♦♦

Miss Jessamy Hume of Eagle Pass is here this week the guest of her cousin, Miss Elidabeth Fennell.

♦♦♦

W. M. Coughran returned last Saturday from East Texas where he had been for the past three weeks.

♦♦♦

Ladies' Beauty Parlor. Shampoo, Scalp Treatment, Facial and Manicuring. Mrs. Lela Ireland. (17)

♦♦♦

Mrs. Jas. Grubbs of El Paso is in the city visiting her mother, Mrs. Jas. Childress, and will probably spend the summer here.

♦♦♦

Mrs. T. M. Wilson and children left Tuesday for San Antonio, Texas where they will visit relatives and friends, for a few weeks.

♦♦♦

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Williams, of Fort Davis were shopping in Marfa Tuesday of this week. They were accompanied by Miss Aline Prude.

♦♦♦

Efran Orneias, a Spanish merchant who has been in business recently in El Paso, is in the city making preparations to open business here.

♦♦♦

Sergeant and Mrs. Harry Lansinger who have been here for some weeks visiting Mrs. Lansinger's sister, Mrs. Jas. Childress, left last week for Ohio.

♦♦♦

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pool left Tuesday for San Antonio on an extended visit. Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Yates are taking care of their place during their absence.

♦♦♦

Herbert Humphris arrived home last Sunday from overseas, where he has been for the past eighteen months. Herbert has many friends here who are glad to welcome him home again.

♦♦♦

Last Sunday afternoon a very interesting game of baseball was witnessed in Alpine between the Marfa and Alpine teams. We are told it was some game, going eleven innings with a score of 4 to 3 in favor of the Alpine team.

♦♦♦

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Jones left on Tuesday night's train for San Antonio, expecting to meet their daughter, Miss Jessie, who arrived in New York the first of the week from overseas. We will all gladly welcome Miss Jessie back home.

When you have tire trouble, remember we can give you the quickest service in town. Casner Motor Co., at Highsmith's old stand. 17

NOTICE!!!

Anyone who has lost a bunch of keys call at this office.

♦♦♦

Murphy-Walker Co. wish to announce that the store will be closed all day July 4th. They ask that orders be placed as early as possible on Thursday, July 3rd.

♦♦♦

WANTED—To rent by 24th or the 1st of July, furnished house or housekeeping rooms. Address Mrs. Fred Stott, Limpia Hotel, Fort Davis, Texas. 21

♦♦♦

LOST One Cross—Reference Bible out of Car No 114041, while standing in front of Marfa Opera House last Sunday night. If returned to Christian Church no questions will be asked.

♦♦♦

J. W. Cooper and family came in last Saturday from Brownwood where they have been for the past few months. Mr. Cooper will resume his old position as manager of the Telephone Exchange. Their many friends will join the New Era in giving them a hearty welcome.

♦♦♦

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Sutton, proprietors of the Palace Cafe, with their two boys, left Tuesday for a well earned rest and vacation which they will spend in California. They expect to be away about a month.

♦♦♦

Statement. Having sold the stock of the Palace Drug Store to Mrs. J. C. Lindsay, I wish to thank the public for the liberal patronage in the past and ask a continuance of same.

Those owing the store accounts will please call and settle by July 10th, as I wish to close all accounts by that time.

Respectfully,
Palace Drug Store,
Per J. C. Midkiff.

Baptist Services.

Sunday School at 9:45 a. m. J. H. Griffith, Superintendent.

Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 8:15 p. m.

B. Y. P. U. Wednesday night at 8:15 p. m. Mrs. Joe Ruth Kerr, President.

A full attendance of members is requested at Conference after the morning services.

J. J. Maurer, Pastor.

Meeting of History Club.

The Marfa History Club met with Mrs. Zack Miles, Tuesday, June 24. Sixteen members answered roll call, with current events.

After the regular business session Mrs. K. C. Miller led the lesson on Act I of Henry VI.

Mrs. Miles, assisted by Mrs. W. N. Roberts, served delicious cream and cake. Club guests were: Mrs. Yates and Mrs. Roberts.

The next meeting will be with Miss Bessie Jacobs. Reporter.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We wish to announce that there has been a barbecue pit installed at the Dairy Lunch Stand, and you may stop in and get good barbecued meat at any time.

BIG ENGAGEMENT SOUTH OF JUAREZ IS EXPECTED

Carranza and Villa forces are aligning themselves south of Juarez for a general military engagement which Mexicans expect to occur some time this week. Villa and his forces were west of Villa Ahumada Sunday. Gen. Manuel Dieguez's federal forces under Gen. Pedro Quiroga were reported officially to be moving northward toward Villa Ahumada and preparing to give battle to Villa's column.

The federal column consists largely of cavalry mounted on American cavalry horses purchased in the United States. Motor trucks serve as supply trains and infantry are being moved by train to support the cavalry, according to Mexican officials in Juarez.

Villa's main column has been resting at Samayalca and Villa Ahumada since pursued by American cavalry, but was reported Sunday night to be moving westward either to Santa Clara canyon or the Casas Grandes country. Villa agents here declared Monday they expected Villa to appear in Casas Grandes soon, as this district is much more suitable for conducting a campaign than Santa Clara canyon, where his forces would practically be besieged all the time they were in the canyon.

Machine gun and rifle practice on the target range near the river was responsible for reports today that fighting had been resumed between Villa and federal forces outside of Juarez. Troops from Fort Bliss go to this range each day for practice.

Church to Observe 4th of July.

Saint Paul's Episcopal Church will this year fittingly keep the 4th of July. The service, which will be patriotic, will begin in the church at 11 o'clock and continue for one hour. At this celebration, the Rector will read the Declaration of Independence and give a short patriotic address. He will, in all probability, be followed by Mr. Herbert Humphris of Marfa, who has just returned from Germany, and who will give a short talk about the conditions abroad at the present time.

There will be special patriotic music and a flag raising on the Rectory lawn pole. All the patriotic citizens of Marfa are cordially invited to attend this celebration.

PATRIOTIC SERVICE.

Prayer Meeting at Christian Church Will be Interesting

The average attendance at Prayer-meeting of the Christian Church was 37 for the month of June. Efforts are being made to continue this encouraging attendance.

Next Wednesday night, July 2nd, the service will be given a patriotic turn. After a short devotional service there will be three ten-minute talks: "Why I am for Woman Suffrage," "The Church and Prohibition," "The Church and Patriotism."

There will be stirring, enthusiastic singing. A great meeting is anticipated. You and your friends are invited.

O. C. Dowe and J. E. Wilson were in the city Monday from Pinto Canyon on business.

The Rector of St. Paul's has been preaching in Pecos and Sierra Blanca during the past week.

When you have tire trouble, remember we can fix 'em quick. Casner Motor Co., at Highsmith's old stand.

Mr. and Mrs. Evans of Lobo passed through Marfa on No. 9 on their way home after a week's visit in San Antonio.

Rev. J. J. Maurer, pastor of the Baptist Church, has resigned and will preach his closing sermon tomorrow.

Beautiful cut flowers, full assortment, for sale every Wednesday and Sunday at the Cozy Corner News Stand, in the postoffice building.

Mr. Maurie Tanneberger of Marfa and Miss Pearl Franks of Devine, were married at the residence of W. M. Coughran last Sunday at 2:30 p. m. Rev. J. J. Maurer officiating.

Misses E. M. Stenfurth of Hutchinson, Kansas, and H. Dale of Story City, Iowa, came in on No. 9 last Wednesday from Sherman, Ohio, as Red Cross nurses and will be stationed at the Army Hospital. We gladly welcome these young ladies in our midst.

Mrs. Fletcher Metcalfe returned Wednesday from Georgetown and San Antonio, where she has been visiting her grand parents. Her grand mother, Mrs. McKennon, accompanied her home to spend the summer with Mr. and Mrs. Metcalfe. She is much pleased with Marfa and our delightful climate.

Methodist Church Services.

Sunday School 9:45 a. m.; Morning Services, 11:30 a. m.; Senior League 7:30 p. m.; Evening Services 8:30 p. m.; Prayer meeting Wednesday 8:30 p. m.

Bloys Camp Meeting.

The preliminary meeting to make definite and final arrangements for the August meeting will be held at the Camp Ground next Sunday. All are bring lunches. Dinner will be served on the grounds. Sunday School and two preaching services will be held.

Dies at Age of Ninety-four.

We reproduce from the San Antonio Express of June 21st, the following item in regard to the father of our fellow townsman, E. P. Lucchese: "The funeral of Gaetano Lucchese, pioneer resident of San Antonio, whose death occurred last Thursday at 5:15 o'clock, will take place from the home of his son, Sam Lucchese, 301 East Myrtle street, this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. Mr. Lucchese was a veteran of the Garibaldi revolution and served in the national guard when Garibaldi went to Sicily in 1848. He was born in Sicily, province of Palermo, Italy, November 26, 1825. For the last twenty-seven years he made his home in San Antonio and at the time of his death was living with his son, Samm Lucchese.

"Surviving him are three sons, Sam, of San Antonio, Joseph of Victoria, and Eugene of Marfa; one daughter, Mrs. Annie Pascarelli of San Antonio; twenty grand-children and two great-grand children."

Mr. E. P. Lucchese was with his father at the time of his death.

Ever Have Your Eyes Tested?

Every person should have their eyes tested, not because I am in business to sell glasses, but because I believe that as each person is aware of the condition of his teeth, so should he also know just where he stands in the matter of eyes. The eyes have often been neglected for years, sometimes doing them permanent harm. In these modern times efficiency demands that your eyesight be good.

Have your eyes tested—it's free—at least stop in and I can tell you in a very few minutes whether your eyes are up to the standard or not. Many persons in this vicinity are getting posted on their eyes. I give prompt and efficient service.

Dr. J. C. Midkiff
All Work Guaranteed
MARFA, TEXAS

CONGRESS ASKED TO AUTHORIZE ARMY TO PROTECT AMERICANS

Washington, D. C. June 23.—A resolution authorizing the secretary of war to "use the military forces of the United States to protect the lives and property of our citizens in Mexico," was introduced today by Representative Emerson, of Ohio.

SEVEN AEROPLANES ARRIVE AT CAMP MARFA JUNE 24. BIG CROWD GATHERS

Seven big bombing planes arrived and visited at Camp Marfa, June 24. These planes have been expected for several days, but owing to wind and rain storms they have been delayed along the way.

We at Camp Marfa have been visited by these airmen quite frequently for the past ten days. No doubt this will be a rest station and also a place to get provisions and supplies



for the machines. These are the machines that will be used to do patrol duty on the Border.

We always have a large crowd at the camp from Marfa to watch these airmen land and depart with their machines. Whether this is a habit people are forming or whether it is out of curiosity is hard to tell.

Quite a few dollars are also being spent in getting snap shots of the planes and crowds.

I will vaccinate your calves with any kind of serum you want to use. Large supply of serums on hand. Office, room 35, Murphy-Walker Building; residence phone 227. Dr. A. J. Hoffman.

Remember

When you need Tires and Accessories, We have the Most Complete Line in town.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT

Tire Locks
Mud Chains
Canteens
Tool Boxes
Spot Lights
Tire Carriers
Seat Covers

TOPS for Fords, Dodge, Buicks and Other Reliable Cars.
Investigate our prices before you have your Top recovered.

CASNER AUTO SALES CO.

FORD

THE UNIVERSAL CAR.

We are experienced, and know how to give service to the owners of Ford cars. We have the same methods, machinery and skill that they have in the Ford Factory, and we use the same parts made by the Ford Motor Company. Ford owners are doubly guaranteed by us as to reliability of our service on Ford cars. Don't try to do it yourself, bring your car here. Incidentally, we are getting a few Ford cars and are able to make fairly good deliveries.

Touring car \$525; Runabout, \$500; One Ton Truck Chassis, \$550; Coupe, \$650; Sedan, \$775. These prices are f. o. b. Detroit.

ALAMO LUMBER COMPANY.

The New Era is 2.00 a yr.

Notice! Notice! Notice!

Notice is hereby given to Water Customers, that no sprinkling shall be done on yards, gardens or lawns, except during daylight hours. Failure to comply with this may cause your water to be discontinued.

Marfa Elect. Light & Ice Co.

MITCHELL-GILLETT

Dry Goods Co.

"COME AND SEE"

You will find a great many articles on sale at a Bargain as well as a first class line of Dry Goods, Notions AND Ready-to-Wear

"AT YOUR SERVICE."

CITATION
THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Presidio County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon The Unknown Heirs of Adelle Y. Smith, deceased, and E. W. Smith by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Presidio County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Marfa, Texas, on the fourth Monday in July, A. D. 1919, the same being the 28th day of July A. D. 1919, to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1919 in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 2507, wherein Alphonse Kloh and David Rumsey are Plaintiffs and the Unknown Heirs of Adelle Y. Smith, deceased, and E. W. Smith are Defendants, and said citation alleging in substance as follows: That on February 19th, 1912, Charles J. Canda, Simeon J. Drake, and Alphonse Kloh conveyed to Adelle Y. Smith the east one-half of section 115, in Block 2, situated in Presidio County, Texas, and surveyed in the name of and patented to the T. & P. Ry. Co., said survey containing 640 acres of land, and as a part of the consideration of said sale, the said Adelle Y. Smith executed and delivered to said vendor his certain eight vendor's lien note for the sum of \$160.00 each, maturing in one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight years from date, respectively; that the first two maturing have been fully paid, but the remaining six of said notes, though long past due are wholly unpaid; that said vendors also conveyed to said Adelle Y. Smith on February 19th, 1912, the West one-half of said section of land, and as a part of the consideration therefor said Adelle Y. Smith executed and delivered to said vendors his certain other eight vendor's lien notes for the sum of \$160.00 each, due in one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight years from date, respectively; that the first two maturing of said notes have been fully paid, but the remaining six notes, though long past due, are wholly unpaid; that all of the above notes bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from date; that all of same provide for the usual ten per cent attorney's fee, if sued upon for collection; that all of same are signed by said Adelle Y. Smith and all payable to said vendors and all retain a vendor's lien against the land for which they were given, respectively. Plaintiff alleges that they are the legal successors of the vendors in both said deeds and that they are now the joint owners and holders of all of said notes, and the vendor's lien retained therein; that in order to collect said notes it has become necessary to employ an attorney to bring said suit, and plaintiffs have agreed to pay their said attorney the ten per cent of the amount of said notes as attorney's fees; that each of said notes provides that in case the same is not paid at maturity, the legal holder of said notes or either of them shall have the right to declare all of said notes due, and that the holders, the plaintiffs, in said suit, have exercised said privileges and declared all of said notes due; that since the execution of the deeds aforesaid the said Adelle Y. Smith died, but that the date of his death is unknown to plaintiffs; that the names and residence of the heirs of said Adelle Y. Smith are unknown to plaintiffs, or their attorneys, that the defendant, E. W. Smith, now claims some interest in the above described lands, and his residence is also unknown to plaintiffs or their attorney; that said E. W. Smith resides somewhere beyond the limits of the State of Texas, and whatever interest the said E. W. Smith may have, if any, in said lands, same is subject to all the notes herein sued upon. Plaintiffs pray judgment for the amount due upon all of the above described notes including interest and attorney's fees, and for a foreclosure of said vendors lien in each series of said notes, against the half sections as aforesaid, for which they were given respectively, and for an order of sale directing the proper officer to sell each half of said section and apply the proceeds of said sale to the satisfaction of the judgment rendered against said half; but no personal be rendered against the defendants, but that whatever cloud may exist against the title of said lands by reason of the claim of all or any of said defendants, be removed. Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Witness, J. H. Fortner, Clerk of the District Court of Presidio Co. Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Marfa Texas, this the 27th day of June, A. D. 1919.

J. H. Fortner, Clerk
District Court, Presidio County.

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Thirty-seven sections of land 40 miles north of Sierra Blanca in Hudspeth County. Well improved. Well water and fences. Land all in solid body. Price, \$3.00 per acre bonus, \$1.25 due the state.

For Sale—18 sections in Presidio County, 25 miles southwest of Valentine, well watered with springs, tanks and pipe line; 3 sections leased land goes with it; all fenced in two pastures and small trap; two small ranch houses and corrals. Price \$1.50 per acre bonus \$1.25 due the State; one-third cash, balance in 1, 2 and 3 years at 8 per cent; will pay 5 per cent commission for sale.

One Block of land in the town of Marfa, 4 1/2 acres in good location; price \$1,000, reasonable terms.

For Sale—20 sections of land in Hudspeth County, 25 miles northwest of Sierra Blanca; unfenced and unwatered, \$2.00 per acre bonus, \$1.50 due the State.

For Sale—8 sections in Brewster County, 60 miles south of Alpine, running creek through this land; alternate sections; price \$1.25 per acre, 92 1/2 cents due the State; one-half cash, balance in reasonable payments. J. A. Elliott, Alpine will pay 5 per cent commission for selling.

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