

# THE PLAINVIEW EVENING HERALD

TWICE-A-WEEK

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PLAINVIEW, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1917

## NATION-WIDE STRIKE LOOKS PROBABLE NOW

OPINION IS EXPRESSED THAT ONLY INTERVENTION BY WILSON CAN PREVENT WALKOUT.

## FIVE-DAY PROGRAM OUTLINED

Within That Period Employees of Every Railroad Will Leave Jobs to Force Action.

### Program for Railroad Strikes.

Saturday, March 17, 6 p. m.—Call out all trainmen in freight service on the New York Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Erie, Atlantic Coast Line, Southern Railway, Louisville & Nashville and Seaboard Air Line. Such an order would involve 40,000 men.

Monday, March 19, 6 p. m.—Call out the freight trainmen on the Lehigh Valley, Lackawanna, Jersey Central, Pennsylvania, Long Island, Maine Central, Delaware & Hudson, Reading and all other roads in the Southeastern territory or extending to New York.

Tuesday, March 20, 6 p. m.—Call out all the trainmen in the Northwestern district, including the Hill roads and all those centering at Chicago.

Wednesday, March 21.—If the railroads still refuse to grant the men's terms, extend the strike to all other freight trainmen and call out the passenger trainmen on every road in the country.

NEW YORK, March 15.—A "Progressive strike" of the 400,000 members of the four great railroad brotherhoods, to begin at 6 o'clock (Central time) Saturday on the Eastern roads, was ordered here late today.

The walk-out will extend to all the railroads in the country within five days. Chiefs of the workmen's organizations set the strike machinery in motion a few minutes after an ultimatum delivered to the conference committee of the railroad managers had been rejected. A compromise proposal offered by the managers was declined without debate.

Only successful intervention by President Wilson, it appeared tonight, can avert a strike.

The critical international situation is the most important factor in the conference of railroad labor chiefs and railroad managers that met here today to prevent, if possible, a national strike. Both sides use it as an argument, and it is expected that if the conference fails to achieve its purpose President Wilson will appeal to the employees and employers to settle their differences on the same ground.

The 400,000 railroad brotherhood men, according to their spokesman, W. G. Lee, are determined to get the eight-hour day now, because should war come patriotism would make them feel obliged to stay at work.

"We feel confident," says a statement issued by the managers, "that the patriotism and loyalty of our men will not countenance any rash movement which may seriously embarrass the Government and give the impression outside our border that this country is torn by industrial strife and therefore is easy prey to any foreign foe."

"It is too late for them to now pose as patriots, hoping thereby to defeat the just contentions of their employees," says a statement issued by the brotherhood leaders in answer to this appeal.

The railroad managers entered the conference today with the declaration that they would make no bargain until the Supreme Court had ruled on the constitutionality of the Adamson law. The brotherhoods insist that the provisions of the Adamson law be put into effect at once. They demand ten hours' pay for eight hours work and pro rata for all overtime. The important difference between these demands and those submitted last December, when the railroad situation first reached a crisis, is that the latter called for time and a half pay for overtime work.

The position of the employees when the conference opened was that if these demands were not granted a strike would begin next Saturday night and extend through the country within the next three weeks.

"Our position," said a statement issued by the brotherhoods last night, "is the same as if there was no Adamson law and no decision pending. Whether the decision is for or against the law, our demands which we shall present tomorrow will be unaltered."

## Swine Breeders' Meeting in Plainview March 30 and 31 Will be One of Greatest Gatherings of Its Kind Ever Held in Texas; Southwest Is Greatest Hog Country

THE VALUE OF HOGS IN THE SOUTH PLAINS AND PANHANDLE OF TEXAS HAS INCREASED MORE THAN THREE HUNDRED PER CENT IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS.



SEVENTY-FIVE PER CENT OF THE FAT HOGS RECEIVED ON THE FORT WORTH MARKET ORIGINATE IN THE TERRITORY WITHIN A RADIUS OF A HUNDRED MILES OF PLAINVIEW.



—Courtesy T. L. & D. Co.

Hogs and alfalfa are a source of profit, in the Plainview country, which is attracting farmers who like livestock raising to the shallow-water belt of the South Plains.

The feeders and breeders of the Southwest's greatest hog-raising section will be in Plainview March 30 and 31 for the Panhandle Swine Breeders' Association. Plainview is planning a thirty-five-mile tour of the irrigation district and hog ranches for Friday evening and a banquet, complimentary to the visitors, on Saturday evening.

The best known swine breeders and swine buyers, together with specialists from the U. S. Bureau of Animal Husbandry, Texas A. & M. College and State Department of Agriculture, will be here those two days.

## West Texas A. & M. Committee Will Meet Tuesday, March 27

A meeting of the members of the West Texas A. & M. College Association has been called for Tuesday, March 27, at Sweetwater. Although no intimation as to the object of the meeting is contained in the call, which is issued by Porter A. Whaley, of Amarillo, it is stated that matters of interest to every town represented in the Association will be brought up.

## TWO YEARS IN PENITENTIARY FOR THEFT OF WILSON'S CAR.

Quick action was made by the district court in session at Quanah when the man who stole Maple Wilson's Hudson Super-Six car a week ago was apprehended. The grand jury was in session and returned an indictment. A sentence of two years in the State penitentiary was given the defendant.

He took the car at Quanah, and was apprehended at Ringling, Okla., where Maple Wilson identified him. He had run the car eight hundred miles, according to the speedometer. The car was not materially damaged, and Mr. Wilson drove it to Plainview, arriving here Wednesday.

## LUBBOCK COUNTY STOCKMAN BUYS HIS DUDOC HOGS HERE.

During the week E. C. Lamb, owner of Helen-Temple Farm, has sold to W. G. Nairn, of Lubbock, from his herd of fine, registered Duroc-Jersey hogs twelve gilts and one boar, averaging in price \$42.

Geo. R. Quesenberry, manager of the farm, also reports the sale of four brood sows, ten gilts and twenty-seven pigs to Dr. W. E. Johnston. Dr. Johnston has recently moved from Jamestown, New York, to the Plainview country, having purchased an irrigated farm from the Texas Land and Development Co. His property is located four miles north of the Helen-Temple Farm.

## WILL BUY DAIRY COWS.

A. K. Short, general agricultural agent for the Fort Worth and Denver Railway, and Porter A. Whaley, secretary of the Board of City Development of Amarillo, will leave soon for Northern points to buy Holstein dairy cows. They have orders to buy twenty-five cars for Childress, Hedley, Clarendon and Goodnight. A special "red ball" freight will convey the stock from Wisconsin to the points designated.

If the law is upheld it would give us what we will ask for tomorrow. If it is thrown out we will stand pat and take no less than the Adamson law would have given us."

## STATE COUNSELLOR ATTENDS MEETING OF MEDICAL SOCIETY.

Panhandle Society President Is Also Guest at Two-County Meeting.

Two visitors of prominence, Dr. Chas. Hartscock, of Wichita Falls, counsellor of the State Medical Society, and Dr. B. L. Jenkins, of Clarendon, president of the Panhandle Medical Society, were in attendance at the monthly meeting of the Hale-Swisher County Medical Society, in Plainview, Tuesday. Both of the visitors made talks, emphasizing the work of their respective organizations and reviewing the progress of medicine in the Panhandle.

A paper was read by Dr. J. C. Anderson on "Scarlet Fever." The paper was discussed by members present.

Those attending were: (members) Drs. J. L. Guest, G. J. Stapleton, H. Z. Pennington and Thomas, of Lockney; Drs. W. R. Sanders and S. J. Underwood, of Hale Center; Dr. C. J. Stanley, of Dimmitt; Dr. Neil E. Greer, of Petersburg; Drs. A. H. Lindsay, E. F. McClendon, J. C. Anderson, R. L. Ramsdell, C. C. Gidney, J. F. Owens and E. O. Nichols, of Plainview; (visitors) Drs. C. D. Wofford and J. P. Latimore.

In the evening a dinner was served the visitors at the Hotel Ware.

Following the meeting here, Drs. Hartscock and Jenkins went to Lubbock, accompanied by Dr. J. C. Anderson, where they addressed the Lubbock County Medical Society.

## AMARILLO SWINE BREEDERS ARE COMING TO CONVENTION.

The Panhandle Swine Breeders' Association will hold its annual convention this year in Plainview. The sessions begin March 30, and continue through the following day. A number of Amarillo swine breeders and fanciers will attend.

The Santa Fe announces a fare of one and one-third for the round trip, with final limit for return until April 1.

According to advance information, the convention this year will be the most interesting and profitable that has ever been called. The program arranged for the two-day session calls for a variety of addresses, talks, and business sessions.—Amarillo Daily News.

## PUTTING ICE PLANT IN SHAPE FOR THE SUMMER'S BUSINESS.

Chas. A. Van Sant, of St. Louis, field engineer for the Texas Utilities Company, is in Plainview superintending the overhauling of the Texas Company's ice plant, preparatory to the usual heavy summer business.

L. R. Pearson went to Hale Center yesterday on business.

## FARM LOAN BANK DIRECTOR MAY BE HERE MARCH 30-31.

Hon. W. P. Hobby States That Unless Business of Organization of Bank Prevents He Will Be Present.

A wire to the entertainment committee appointed by the Y. M. B. L. from Lieutenant Governor W. P. Hobby states that he will be pleased to accept a place on the program and discuss the Federal Farm Loan Bank question at the Panhandle Swine Breeders' Association convention in Plainview, March 30-31. Mr. Hobby states that he will be here unless the work of organization of the bank absolutely demands his attention at that time. No one in Texas is in better position to give the question of the Federal Farm Loan Bank a thorough analysis than is Mr. Hobby. He is one of the directors of the bank which was located at Houston by the commission.

Hon. Fred W. Davis, State Commissioner of Agriculture, writes from Austin that he will be in Plainview for the convention if it is at all possible for him to come. Sickness in his family has kept him from his office for ten days, but he hopes to be able to attend, and represent his department.

Mr. Case, general manager of the Admure & Company's Fort Worth properties, will also be here, according to advices received today from Harry A. Nelson, of Miami, president of the Panhandle Swine Breeders' Association. H. K. Sanders, special in boys and girls' club work, of Little Rock, Ark., is also expected to attend.

The official program will be completed at an early date and publication made.

## "BOB" HENRY WILL NOT BE CANDIDATE FOR OFFICE AGAIN.

Former Congressman Robert L. Henry, of Waco, has issued a statement in which he says he will not be a candidate for public office again, unless future developments in Texas cause him to change his mind. Mr. Henry was chairman of the investigation committee appointed to look into the "Jenk" of an official note. He has been a representative from the Waco district for the past twenty years, and is popular in the national capital.

## NEW FARM DEMONSTRATOR OF T. L. & D. CO. ARRIVES.

The new farm demonstrator for the Texas Land and Development Company, P. B. Barber, of Las Cruces, N. M., has arrived, accompanied by Mrs. Barber, and has assumed his duties. Mr. Barber is an expert irrigation man. He will have charge of the company's farms. He is an authority on sugar beet culture, and will work with the Y. M. B. L. committee on sugar beet experiments.

## GENERAL SPRING CLEAN-UP IS PLANNED FOR PLAINVIEW

The Civic League Is Taking the Lead and Is Asking for Co-operation of Other Organizations.

A general clean-up for Plainview is being planned by the organizations of the community. The Civic League, which has always been foremost in municipal house-cleaning, is urging the co-operation of all other organizations of the town. The various ladies' clubs and the Young Men's Business League and Retail Merchants' Association have been asked to give their support to the movement.

A meeting of the executive committees of organizations interested will be held at an early date, according to Mrs. L. Lee Dye, newly elected president of the Civic League.

It is hoped to interest all Plainview in a general spring clean-up.

## MISSOURIAN SAW THE FIRST IRRIGATION WELL 5 YEARS AGO.

Samuel Todd, of Bolcow, Mo., is a visitor in Plainview, having come here to look after property interests. Mr. Todd owns an interest in a section five miles due west of the Court House. He visited Plainview five years ago, when the first irrigation well in this district was brought in.

## WILL BEGIN CONSTRUCTION OF NEW BUILDINGS MONDAY.

The work of excavation on the new buildings for the Woldert Bros., of Tyler, will begin Monday, if the lots can be surveyed in the meantime, according to J. B. Nance, who is representing these gentlemen in Plainview. The other buildings will be erected soon, also, Mr. Nance states. Two sets of plans from the Woldert Bros. have been mailed to Mr. Nance, but have not been received yet.

## JUDGE W. B. LEWIS SELLS BARBER SHOP TO R. M. PEACE.

A deal has been closed whereby Judge W. B. Lewis disposes of his interest in the Elk Barber Shop to his partner, R. M. Peace. Mr. Peace also disposes of his interest in the Peace-Lewis farm, four miles east of Plainview, to Judge Lewis. The Peace-Lewis farm consists of 160 acres, and is well improved, one of the features of the improvements being a splendid cement-post fence, one of the best in the country. There are 150 head of hogs and 150 cows included in the farm sale.

J. C. Rawlings is recovering from an operation, having had his tonsils removed.

## LIST OF PRIZES OFFERED FOR SCHOOL FAIR IS READY

Dates Are Postponed From March 30 and 31 to April 6 and 7.

The Hale County School Fair, which has been postponed from March 30 and 31 to April 6 and 7, is assuming larger proportions daily. Much interest is being shown by pupils and teachers of all the schools of the county, according to the committee which is arranging details of the meet. From every community comes news of preparation for the event, and a successful fair is expected.

The list of prizes to be awarded are as follows:

Best all-round School Exhibit—Entrance Fees.

High School English.  
Best illustrated poem—\$1.00. (Miss Poole.)

Best English note book—\$1.00.  
Best original story—\$1.00.

English in Grades.  
Best reproduction of story—\$1.00.  
Best Mother Goose Rhymes—\$1.00.  
Best original story—\$1.50. (Miss Dalton.)

Best language booklet—\$1.00. (1 and 2.)  
Best illustrated poem—\$1.00.

Maps.  
Best relief map—Ribbons.  
Best product map—Ribbons.  
Best water-color exhibit—any one may offer prizes.

Best art exhibit—any one may offer prizes.  
Best physiological drawing—\$1.00; by Dr. Underwood.  
Best science notebook—\$1.00; Mr. Stovall.

Best charcoal drawing (1 and 2)—\$1.00; Miss McGuire.  
Best charcoal drawing (5, 6 and 7)—\$1.00; Miss Tubbs.

Best pencil sketches (3 and 4)—\$1.00; Miss McCabe.  
Best pencil sketches 5, 6 and 7—\$1.00.

Best cartoon—\$1.50.  
Manual Training.

Best bird house (1 and 2)—\$1.00; Dr. Bridges.  
Best bird house (5, 6 and 7)—Ribbons.

Best collection of toy furniture (5, 6 and 7)—\$1.00.  
Best waste paper basket—Ribbons.  
Best piece of furniture—prize by lumber yard.

Domestic Science.  
Best apron and cap—\$1.00.  
Best crocheted yoke—Ribbons.  
Best sewing bag—Ribbons.  
Best dress (Junior)—\$1.00.  
Best dress (Senior)—\$1.00.

Best collar and cuff set—Ribbons.  
Neatest mended garment—Ribbons.  
Best linen—Ribbons.

Culinary Department.  
Best pound fondant—Ribbons.  
Best loaf bread—\$1.00.  
Best white loaf cake (no decorating)—\$1.00.

Best jelly—Ribbons.  
Best peaches—Ribbons.  
Best preserved apples—Ribbons.

Track Work.  
(Junior.)  
Potato race.  
50-yard dash.  
220-yard dash.  
440-yard relay.

Jump and Vault.  
1. Running high jump.  
2. Running broad jump.  
3. Pole vault.

Weights.  
1. Putting 8-pound shot.  
2. Baseball throw for distance.  
3. Chimney ball.

Track.  
(Class A. B. High School Division.)  
1. 120-yard low hurdle.  
2. 120-yard dash.  
3. 50-yard dash.  
4. 220-yard dash.  
5. 880-yard run.

Field.  
Kunming broad jump.  
Running high jump.  
Pole vault.  
Twelve-pound shot put.  
Basketball.

Tennis.  
Interscholastic League Meet.  
Essay, Junior—\$2.50.  
Essay, Senior—\$2.50.

Declamation, Junior boys—\$2.50.  
Declamation, Junior girls—\$2.50.  
Declamation, Senior boys—\$2.50.  
Declamation, Senior girls—\$2.50.  
(Given by School Board.)

Spelling, Junior—\$1.50.  
Spelling, Senior—\$1.50.

**Community Correspondence**

**HALE COUNTY SINGING CONVENTION AT EAST MOUND.**

**Basil Gardner Undergoes Operation; Is Now Recovering Rapidly.**

EAST MOUND, March 12.—Beulah Hubbard spent the week-end with her parents, near Hart.

Rev. W. M. P. Rippey preached for us Sunday, the 11th. We had a large crowd present. There were fifty-six present at Sunday School. Next Sunday is to be family day.

Bernice Hubbard attended Sunday School and church service here Sunday.

W. B. Seaman is building an addition to his house, which includes an "east porch to eat water-melons on." Who is going to raise the melons?

We are indeed sorry to learn of the serious accident which befell Mrs. R. B. C. Howell last Saturday, when the buggy in which she was riding was run into by a runaway team. Mrs. Howell was thrown out, breaking her hip and knocking out several teeth. We are glad to say that she is resting comfortably at the present.

Anna Belle Estes and Ray Bealy spent the week end with friends in Plainview.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Wilson visited at Mr. Braly's Sunday.

Ione, Royal and Juanita Long have the measles this week.

Basil Gardner, who was operated on for appendicitis Sunday morning at 5 o'clock, is holding his own, and we are hopeful for a speedy recovery for this young man, who has so many friends during his short stay among us.

Miss Esther Baker, of De Soto, Kansas, will arrive tomorrow for a visit in the Gardner home.

Miss Agnes Byers, of Plainview, spent Sunday afternoon with Ray Bealy.

Reid and Austin Estes spent Sunday with Marvin Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Caigill spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Johnson.

Mrs. Walter Lovelace and Marvin and Mary Lovelace attended services here Sunday.

Mrs. B. F. Cox and Miss Ona Cox spent Saturday with their daughter and sister, Mrs. Dave Thompson, in Plainview.

We certainly are sorry that some people don't know that Plainview has a dump ground, also a city marshal, who will kill stray dogs. The lake on the road near the old school house isn't the dump ground, nor do we appreciate town folks unloading their useless cur pups in this neighborhood. Ammunition is too high!

Will Runyon spent Sunday with his son Jeff.

We are glad to see the road gang out this way. Let the good work go on.

Some of the boys got after wolves Sunday morning, and Ollie Wallace succeeded in killing one.

Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Wallace spent the day with Wade Wallace Thursday.

Mrs. Estes and Jim, Elizabeth and Joe Estes spent Friday with Mrs. H. D. Hyde, and enjoyed with Vivian and Vernon Hyde the celebration of their sixth birthday.

The school ground is being fenced this week, also the screens put up and several other needed jobs being completed.

We will have an election of school trustee the first Saturday in April. Come out and vote, and if you don't, don't grumble at results.

Rev. T. B. Haynie will preach for us next Sunday.

Don't forget that we are to entertain the Hale County Singing Convention the last Sunday in this month.

**RAIN IS NEEDED SINCE SOIL MULCH HAS BEEN "BLOWN."**

LONE STAR, March 12.—Our school is now in the hands of the throes of measles. Many of our pupils are out this week.

Effie Fowler, who was hurt last week on his way to school, by being kicked by the horse he was driving, is much improved, and will soon be in school again.

Miss Kathryn McLughin, who is attending school at Meteor, visited home folk here Sunday.

Mrs. C. F. Merrick, of Lockney, spent Saturday with her son, Charles, and daughter, Mrs. Stephenson.

Brother Haddock, of Lockney, filled his regular appointment here Sunday afternoon.

E. C. Dodson and family, Henry Robert, Ella and Della Ratjia, Imo Crosthwaite and Edna Livesay motored to Canyon and Amarillo Thursday, returning Thursday night, and all report a fine time.

Miss Edna Huffman, of Babbitt, attended Sunday School here Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Thomas and daughter, of Floydada, are visiting Mrs. Thomas' daughter, Mrs. Albert King.

Mrs. May Hutchinson, of Aiken, and brother, of Oklahoma, also Mrs. Hutchinson's son, Leslie, and family visited E. C. Dodson's home Sunday evening.

Chas. Merrick and wife spent Saturday night in Lockney, the guests of his father, C. F. Merrick.

Mr. Bill Reeves is able to be up again, after an attack of la grippe.

The report is that Providence has a married lady as teacher now, Miss Hilda Richter having been married to Amos Palmer on last Saturday.

Our school will now last nine months instead of eight, since we have the \$600 appropriated from the State.

Our farmers are getting anxious to see a rain on the wheat and oats, since the wind has blown all the loose dirt off.

**MAYFIELD SCHOOL HAS BEEN OPENED AGAIN.**

MAYFIELD, May 12.—The school was started again Wednesday. It had been dismissed for three week on account of the measles.

Miss Amy Crandall visited home folks the past two weeks.

Grandpa Coffey has a new Chevrolet car.

Mr. Towery, of Plainview, visited A. D. Hooper Monday.

The State Insepector and Judge Clements, of Plainview, visited our school last Friday. The trustees are very busy putting in a new flue and arranging the new heating system and other furniture which has just arrived.

Miss Effie Mauldin visited Lena Hooper Saturday.

Mrs. A. D. Hooper and children are just recovering from the measles.

**PROVIDENCE ITEMS.**

PROVIDENCE, March 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Savel Mercer, of Meteor, visited in this locality Sunday.

Miss Hilda Richter, teacher here, was quietly married last Saturday to Amos Palmer, of Plainview. This makes the second teacher that the Palmer boys have taken away from

Providence, and Mrs. Palmer, mother of the boys, declares she will watch her last boy and see that he doesn't come out to Providence.

Miss Erna Boedeker and brother, Walter, visited in the Liberty settlement Sunday, the guests of the Seipp family.

Mrs. Morrison, of near Silverton, was a pleasant caller at the I. C. Nations home Monday.

Master Evard Pullen was out of school, on account of sickness, this week.

Mr. Boedeker has bought some land adjoining Mr. Kramer's, and will break it out this summer and improve it.

Mr. Ooley is still on the sick list. John Caldwell did business near Mickey last Sunday evening.

A rain would be greatly appreciated in this locality.

**MAKING A CYNIC.**

By PETER POTTER, in The Farm Journal.

Some cynics start their sad careers, I have no doubt, as boys; When that the circus—hip, three cheers!—

With all its gaudy joys Has come, and some rude canvassman Calls cheerily: "Hey, bo! Come help meh carry water an' I'll let yuh in de show."

And when those boys a million trips "Twixt pump and tent have made, And sagged their shoulders to their hips

And missed the big parade, They find, alas, that he who bound Their youth unto a pall Can nowhere 'neath the sun be found. (Let's hope he is in jail!)

So then they ask the man at door: "Please, mister, let us in; We carried water—" And a roar Of anger's all they win

For hours of toil, a spirit sad, And bitterness that stays. Say, that's enough to make a lad A cynic all his days!

Miss Rebecca Ansley SPIRELLA CORSETIER Telephone Number . . . 304

**COBURN COMMENTS ON ADVERTISING**

Maxwell Advertising Manager Explains Company Policy.

"Exaggeration and the use of Superlatives in the printed as in the spoken word inevitably react to the discredit of the one employing them. Yet some advertisers plunge on blindly, overstating the merits of their product, blatantly claiming all the super-excellences for their wares and then wonder that their more conservative competitor outsells them." Such was the statement made by Andrew E. Coburn, Advertising Manager of the Maxwell Motor Company. Continuing, he said: "Modesty and a firm respect for the precise truth are qualities that are certain to command respect—partly through their inherent charm and partly through the infrequency of their use.

"Maxwell advertising endeavors to convince by means of a careful and simple presentation of pertinent facts. We believe in simplicity, for it is a full brother to truth and it begets conviction. Moreover, most of us are very simple people, and prefer to listen to the language we understand.

"Another thought I might mention is this: every advertisement ought to do more than merely interest the reader in the merchandise. It ought to create a favorable impression concerning the company behind that merchandise. The important thing is to get the public confidence in an institution, not in a product. If an institution is known to have worthy aims, high ideals and a sterling character, its name is sufficient guarantee of the worth of its goods. If I have confidence in a manufacturer, I am receptive to his advertising. I offer him no resistance. If I need his products I buy them without persuasion, knowing they will be satisfactory.

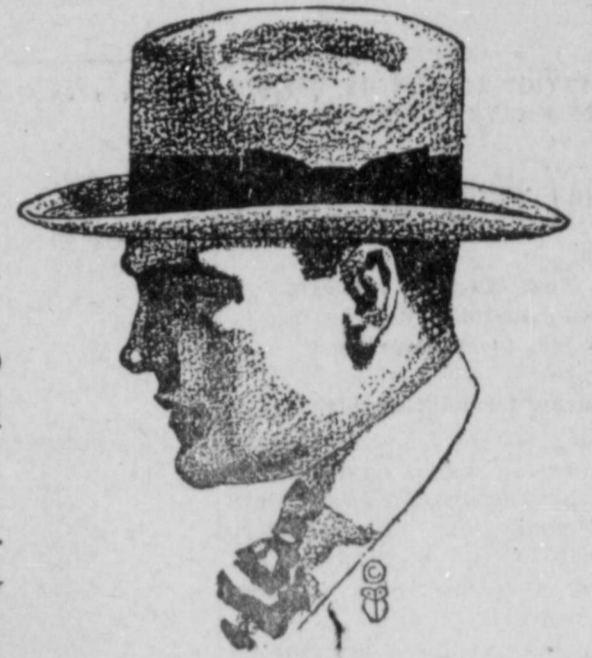
"Too many advertisers seem concerned only with today and neglect tomorrow and the day after. Proceeding on a day-to-day basis is all right as long as the going is good or if competition has curled up and died. But the average business ought to use its advertising to create a prestige, a good will asset that will come in handy when the well known rainy day arrives."

SOUTH PLAINS MOTOR CO., Maxwell Distributors.



**NEW ARRIVALS IN EXCLUSIVE STYLES**

We are Receiving Daily the most charming styles, all made expressly for Jacobs Bros., the Criterion Store of the Plains.



You are cordially invited to inspect our lines at all times.

Our prices are always incomparable. Let us show you.

**Jacobs Bros. Co.**  
THE ONE PRICE CASH STORE

If It's New We Have It

Popular Prices Always Prevail

**Big Doins' In Cowmen's Boots**

You stockmen and farmers look here—we are selling cowboy boots at \$5 below war prices. This will last for only about thirty days so you will do well to get in your orders.

John has been making boots here for eight years and he will do you right.

In design, in workmanship, in quality of materials, in fit, in wear, John's boots are right up to the very best made.

PRICES TODAY  
\$15.00, \$20.00 and up

**JOHN MEISTERHANS**



**Long-Harp Drug Company**

The Busy Druggists

We lead, others Follow.

Always Getting Something New.

If you see it Advertised phone us we have it.

PROMPT, COURTEOUS TREATMENT is Our Motio.

**LONG - HARP DRUG COMPANY**

The Nyal Store

Progressive and Progressing

PHONE 161

FREE DELIVERY

Its the Season for Cream Separator a DeLaval Separator in all sizes, and Saf

Incubators. We have the famous Hatch Incubators. Let us show them to you.

**DONOHOO-WARE HARDWARE CO.**  
Phone 80

**INDIANS USE WRENCH AND HAMMER INSTEAD OF ARROWS.**

Almost on the very site of some of the bitterest wars waged a century ago by his ancestors in defense of their hunting grounds, the American Indian today helps the pale face build his "devil wagon."

Just a few miles from Fort Meigs, Fort Miami and some of the other battle grounds of "Tippecanoe" Harrison, "Mad Anthony" Wayne, Tecumseh, and other warlike leaders of another day, is the main factory of The Willys-Overland Company, one of the most important units of the automobile industry.

In this factory are a score of full-blooded Indians—Chippewas, Navajos, Iroquois, Pomos, Pueblos—sent there by Uncle Sam from their Western reservations to learn another of the trades of the white man.

And these Indians are taking to their training like so many ducks to water. They are interested in learning what makes the wheels of the automobile go round.

A dozen redskins are assigned to various duties in the assembly of one of the Willys-Overland models.

One pair aids in chassis assembly; another pair assembles wheels; five of them are engaged in final assembly; while still others work on running boards, etc.

Instead of being confined permanently to one operation, they are shifted every few months from task to task, in order to give them a general practical knowledge of motor-car construction, such as is required by good mechanics, garage men and automobile repair men.

"The work of the Indians is a source of much satisfaction to us," says the foreman of their department. "The Indians we have are among our most willing, most accurate and most painstaking workmen."

"To top this off, they are very ambitious, and are reading every bit of literature they can find in connection with their work, in order to acquire a better knowledge of the relation of their own particular task to the manufacture of the whole car."

**THE NEWSPAPERS CAN HELP.**

It is to be hoped the more than a thousand newspapers of Texas will deem the food situation in the country important enough to warrant them in stressing repeatedly the necessity of a greatly increased food production in Texas.

Every edible product in the United

States is being sold at almost unprecedented prices. Making allowance for the holding movement of the speculators, it is admitted by the best authorities that all food stocks are low as regards quantity.

Wheat, flour, corn, potatoes, onions, cabbage, poultry, eggs, cured meats, canned goods and fresh foods are commanding prices that are oppressively burdensome to the average household in the United States. If the present stock holds out until another harvest, it will be because the almost prohibitive prices are now compelling people to stint themselves.

If the producers of these foods do not increase their production materially this year the European demand will force conditions next winter that will precipitate a crisis.

If the food production of last year be only equalled this year, prices will be much higher next winter, and if the farmers of Texas are forced to supply their tables at the store it will absorb all the profits they can hope to make out of a cotton crop.

Cotton is more than apt to be lower next season, for the reason that Europe will buy food and other necessities, and, though cotton is a necessity, food always comes first. More-

over, if the war lasts through another winter cotton exports are bound to decrease, and the more it decreases the greater the pressure upon it for the transportation of food supplies.

Moreover, a largely increased cotton production is quite probable, and it is observed that stocks of raw cotton are increasing, where as the stocks of food are diminishing.

If it should be the lot of the Southern farmers to pay for still more expensive food and feed out of diminished returns from cotton, the prosperity of the South will be greatly impaired, when there is no necessity for such a misfortune to happen.

If there were no food at all in the country, it would be good sense and good business for Texas to produce all the food supplies she needs and a surplus besides.

Texas needs to produce more—much more—of everything edible the people of Texas consume.

If the newspapers will join the extension of service of our University, Agricultural and Mechanical College and Department of Agriculture, and inform the Texas farmers of food conditions, it may be possible to avert a great misfortune next winter.—Houston Post.

**FOR QUICK SALE.**

960 acres land; \$32.50 per acre; one-tenth cash, one-tenth each year at 8 per cent. In one of the best developed neighborhoods in Shallow Water district; 2 1/2 miles of railroad.

158 1/2 acres 3 1/2 miles of Plainview Court House at \$40 per acre; one-third cash; balance to suit purchaser, at 8 per cent. About 60 acres in cultivation; 35 acres in wheat.

320 acres 2 1/2 miles east of Kress, well improved, at \$37 per acre; one-half cash; balance 8 years, at 6 per cent. Rented for one-third crop delivered at Kress. Most all in wheat.

Two well located east-front residence lots, close in, for \$500.

Three-room house, close in, east front, \$1,300; \$500 cash; balance \$25 per month at 8 per cent.

Three-room and 4-room house (must be sold together), \$1,100 for both. One-half cash; balance to suit.

Seven-room house, modern, well located, close in, fine shade trees, large grape arbor and fruit trees, good outbuildings, improved for a home, at \$5,000; half cash; balance to suit.

Five-room house, modern, east front, close in, \$3,150; good terms.

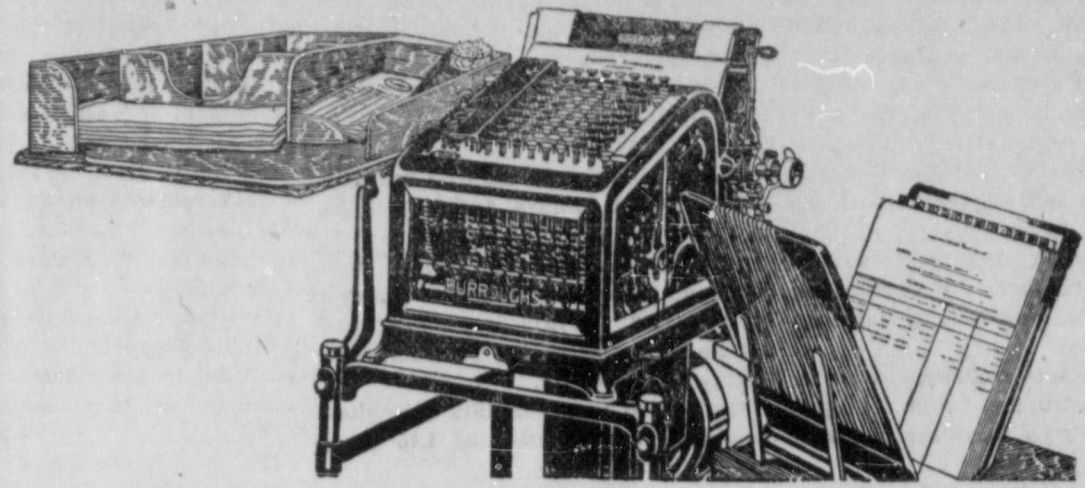
Nine-room house, east front, close in, modern, furnace heat, two bath rooms, \$5,500; good terms.

Best trackage property in town for sale.

For Sale or Trade—160 acres near Clovis, N. M.

See me for a \$52,500 property which will net 10 per cent per annum.

J. W. GRANT,  
Grant Building,  
Suite 24.



**How a Machine Does Our Bookkeeping**

A short time ago we installed a remarkable machine in our accounting department—a machine which adds and subtracts, tells the date, keeps our books and gets out monthly statements. It does all this work much faster than any bookkeeper could, and has never been known to make a mistake.

The installation of this Burroughs Bookkeeping Machine means that our accounts will be handled just as accurately as those of the largest and most up-to-date banks in the country.

**Insures Accuracy**

the fact that our figure work is done on a Burroughs is a guarantee to our customers of absolute accuracy in the handling of their accounts. The machine method of ledger posting makes it impossible for a mistake to get past unnoticed. This accuracy insurance alone is important enough to us to justify the use of the machine

method, but there are many other advantages.

**Better Service to You**

The Burroughs will handle our figure work in about half the time formerly needed. This gives us more time for other things—time to improve the service in every department of the bank.

Come in and see our machine-bookkeeping system in operation. We will be glad to show you how the machine makes entries in our books, how it automatically adds in one column, subtracts in another and so on and how it makes mistakes impossible. You will be welcome any time.

We don't want you to think of this bank just as a place to deposit your money, although, of course, we are glad to have you keep as large a balance with us as possible. It is our desire to render our patrons every service and accommodation that can be reasonably expected from us.

Talk over your business problems with us. It is part of our work to study business and financial conditions, and it may be that we can suggest some ideas that you will find worth while. Please feel free to consult us at any time.

**The Third National Bank**

**WICHITA**

THE HOG MARKET OF THE SOUTHWEST

**DIRECT**

TRAIN SERVICE LEAVING PANHANDLE TERRITORY EVERY SATURDAY

**SHIPMENTS**

REACH WICHITA SUNDAY EVENING

### Coddling Moth Experiment By U. S. Dept. Agriculture

To the apple grower and orchardist the experiments of the United States Bureau of Entomology in the Roswell, N. M., country relative to the coddling moth should be of interest. The findings of a two-year study have just been published in Bulletin No. 429. The results of spraying operations are given in Bulletin No. 88.

These bulletins may be procured from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C.

A summary of Bulletin No. 429, which is general, the bulletin proper containing definite technical information, follows:

In the Pecos Valley of New Mexico the coddling moth produced during 1912 three complete generations. In 1913 a partial fourth brood of larvae developed, and it is considered probable that this is of normal occurrence.

Pupation of overwintering larvae in 1912 began March 15, and continued for about one month. In 1913 the first pupa was noticed March 23, and pupation continued for 51 days.

Moths of the spring brood in 1912 were first in evidence April 12, and continued to emerge to May 28. In 1913 the spring brood of moths was out from April to early June.

Female moths of the spring brood in 1912 lived on the average 8.47 days, and in 1913, 12.88 days. Male moths in 1912 lived 6.7 days.

In 1912 oviposition of the spring brood of moths began April 16, continuing 45 days, while in 1913 the first eggs of this brood were noted May 1. The time required for first-brood eggs to hatch in 1912 was 9.05 days, with a range of 5 to 13 days, whereas in 1913

eggs of this brood hatched on an average in 5.96 days, with a range of from 4 to 11 days.

First-brood larvae in 1912 fed on an average 21.52 days, and in 1913, 24.45 days.

The pupal stage of the first brood in 1912 averaged 12 days, and in 1913, 11 days.

Moths of the first brood in 1912 were out June 9, and continued to emerge until July 22. In 1913 first moths were out June 3, the period of emergence lasting until July 10.

First-brood moths in 1912 oviposited over an average period of 4.45 days, and in 1913, 5.7 days.

The life cycle of the first generation in 1912 required on the average 51.14 days, and in 1913, 46.91 days.

Second-brood eggs in 1912 averaged 5.62 days for incubation, with a minimum of 4, and a maximum of 8 days.

The incubation period of eggs of this brood in 1913 was on the average 4:9, with a minimum of 4 and a maximum of 7 days.

The feeding period of second-brood larvae in 1912 averaged 21.23 days, and in 1913, 19.7 days.

The pupal stage of second-brood pupae in 1912 averaged 11.23 days, and in 1913, 11.06 days.

The life cycle for the second generation of the coddling moth in 1912 averaged 41.26 days, and in 1913, 41.04 days.

Eggs of the third brood in 1912 averaged 5.75 days for the incubation period, with a minimum of 4 and a maximum of 9 days.

In 1913 the incubation period for eggs of this brood averaged 5.36 days.

During 1912 the third-brood larvae fed on an average of 26.55 days, with

a range of from 15 to 56 days, whereas in 1913 the average feeding period for this brood was 20 days, the range being from 15 to 28 days.

The pupal stage of the third brood in 1912 required on an average 4.94 days, with a minimum of 11 and a maximum of 20 days. The average length of this stage in 1913 was 11.4 days, with a minimum of 7 and a maximum of 17 days.

The life cycle of the third generation of 1912 required on an average 48.57 days, with a range of from 36 to 62 days, and in 1912, 43 days, with a range of 34 to 58 days.

Fourth-brood eggs were in evidence in 1913 on August 20, and oviposition continued to September 8. The incubation period, on an average, was 7.9 days.

The feeding period of fourth-brood larvae in 1913 averaged 38.36 days, with a minimum of 25 days and a maximum of 53 days. All of these larvae passed the winter as such.

Record of egg deposition by individual moths were obtained with females of the spring brood and also of the first and second broods. The maximum egg deposition by a female of the spring brood in 1912 was 91 eggs, while the average number per moth was approximately 28 eggs.

The highest oviposition record established was by a female of the second brood, in 1913, with a total of 259 eggs.

Oviposition may occur two days after the emergence of moths, and, on an average, moths of the first brood in 1913 continued oviposition over a period of 5.7 days.

The average incubation period for all eggs of the four generations produced during 1913 was 6.4 days. The corresponding average for the three generations during the season of 1912 was 6.8 days.

Studies in the insectary of the hourly emergence of moths show that of 788 records of individuals the greatest number, 17.44 per cent, emerged at 3 p. m. In general, the maximum period of emergence was found to occur at the time of, or almost immediately following, the period of highest temperature for the day. There was some variation from this, however, earlier in the season.

Fourth-brood larvae were found leaving the fruit on September 23, after a feeding period of 28 days. Larvae of this brood persisted as late as October 21 in the rearing shelter, and the last collection from bands in orchards showed larvae to be present as late as November 1.

The wintering larvae of 1913, as illustrated in figure 17, were composed of 7.16 per cent of the larvae of the first brood; of 19.98 per cent of the larvae of the second brood; of 75.06 per cent of larvae of the third brood; and of 100 per cent of the fourth brood.

The feeding period of wintering larvae of the first brood in 1913 was 0.68 day longer than the corresponding period for the transforming larvae of the same brood. Wintering larvae of

the second brood fed 1.94 days longer than transforming larvae of this brood, while the length of feeding period of wintering larvae of the third brood exceeded that of the transforming larvae by 1.1 days.

The probable effect of sudden changes of temperature on the activities of the coddling moth is illustrated in figure 8. Temperature records also accompany figure 1.

Successful band records were made during 1913 at Roswell, Artesia, Lincoln, and Santa Fe. From available data, the conclusion is drawn that at Lincoln there occur two full generations and a partial third, while at Santa Fe, a more northerly location, there appears to be but one complete generation, followed by a partial second.

## LISTEN

All things come to the OTHER FELLOW if you sit down and wait. Roll up your sleeves and hustle.

Build You a Home

## Plainview Lumber Co.

### The P. & O. No. 111 Lister

This lister is known to farmers wherever sold as P. & O. No. 111, but the improved type is called No. 111 on account of important improvements.

There are more of them in the hands of farmers than all other makes combined,—over 2,000 sold by one dealer in one county in West Texas. The special features on this Lister made it deserving of its immense sale. Its use is not confined to preparing for row crops; it is now almost universally used for plowing for small grain crops by listing and re-listing, leaving the ground in oval waves, which not only catches and holds the moisture but prevents the loose soils of the West from blowing away.

The adjusting link on front end of beam is an important exclusive feature on the No. 111, absolutely preventing the point from running below the desired depth. The wheels are provided with dust-proof boxes, an immense help in the sandy loam lands of the West. The feeding device absolutely deposits one seed at a time of any of the row crops, besides can be equipped for both corn and cotton. You will have to see this wonderful improvement to appreciate it. The tilting hoppers allow change of plates without emptying them. Furnished with either disc or shovel covers. This Lister embodied many other important features that will convince you that it is the best on the market.

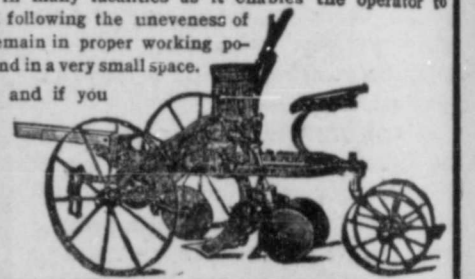
### The P. & O. No. 123 4-Wheel Lister

This lister has all the advantage of the No. 111 and in addition has rear wheels. This is desired in many localities as it enables the operator to see the seed as planted. The rear wheels have cushion springs to hold them in line with the row and following the unevenness of the ground and conform to the ridge without straining the rear frame, compelling also, the Lister to remain in proper working position at all times. The friction block disengages automatically, allowing the wheels to castor and turn round in a very small space.

We manufacture the most complete line of Two Row Implements on the market. Ask your dealer and if you cannot be supplied through him, write us for circular and special introductory offer.

Parlin & Orendorff Implement Company

DALLAS, TEXAS



## Simon Pure Nigger-Head Lump and Nut Coal

The best coal to be had for any price. Free from slack.

Full line feedstuffs bought and sold.

See me before you trade.

**E. T. COLEMAN**  
COAL AND GRAIN DEALER

PHONE 176

BETWEEN DEPOTS

Charter No. 9802. Reserve District No. 11.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

## THIRD NATIONAL BANK

AT PLAINVIEW, IN THE STATE OF TEXAS, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON MARCH 5TH, 1917.

### RESOURCES.

1. (a) Loans and discounts (except those shown on (b) and (c))	\$524,742.06	
Total loans		\$ 524,742.06
5. U. S. bonds:		
(a) U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	\$100,000.00	
Total U. S. bonds		100,000.00
6. Bonds, securities, etc.:		
(e) Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	\$ 670.02	
Total bonds, securities, etc.		670.02
8. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription)		3,500.00
10. Furniture and fixtures		7,817.36
11. Real estate owned other than banking house		1,550.66
12. (a) Net amount due from approved reserve agents in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis	\$ 17,328.34	
(b) Net amount due from approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	26,549.93	43,878.27
13. Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than included in 12 or 20)		86,616.10
15. Other checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		2,752.05
16. (a) Outside checks and other cash items	\$ 20,108.89	
(b) Fractional currency, nickels, and cents	161.00	20,269.89
17. Notes of other national banks		6,042.00
19. Federal Reserve notes		3,500.00
20. Lawful reserve in vault and net amount due from Federal Reserve Bank		39,740.11
21. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer		5,009.00
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>\$ 846,178.52</b>

### LIABILITIES.

23. Capital stock paid in	\$ 100,000.00	
24. Surplus fund		20,000.00
25. (a) Undivided profits	\$ 35,903.20	
(b) Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	8,353.66	27,549.54
28. Circulating notes outstanding		98,400.00
30. (b) Net amount due to approved reserve agents in other reserve cities	\$ 8,284.58	8,284.58
31. Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than included in 29 or 30)		39,367.02
<b>Demand deposits:</b>		
33. Individual deposits subject to check		468,719.30
24. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days		15,695.50
36. Cashier's checks outstanding		1,109.69
Total demand deposits, Items 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40		\$ 485,524.49
<b>Time deposits (payable after 30 days, or subject to 30 days or more notice):</b>		
41. Certificates of deposit		67,052.89
Total of time deposits, Items 41, 42, and 43		\$ 67,052.89
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>\$ 846,178.52</b>

STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF HALE, ss:

I, T. Stockton, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

T. STOCKTON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of March, 1917.

W. W. KIRK, Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

L. A. KNIGHT,  
W. A. DONALDSON,  
L. G. WILSON,  
Directors.

**W. A. TODD, Agent**  
All Kinds of Insurance  
Office No. 14,  
First National Bank Building,  
Phone 129.

Seeds in Bulk That Get Up and Grow at Plainview Produce Company.

## WE HAVE MOVED

We have moved our entire rubber repair business from Garrison-Conner Electric Co. to the new Maxey building in "Automobile Row". Our new equipment will meet every need of your tires and tubes. No matter what work is needed, from the slightest puncture to retreading, we are prepared and ready to perform the service.

### FREE TIRE SERVICE

A part of our general service will be a free tire service. We will have a service car ready at any minute to answer a call within a radius of two miles of our shop and if you will learn to call Phone 73 we will be there in a few minutes whenever you have tire trouble.

We ask you to visit us in our new location and get acquainted with us and the service which we are prepared to render automobile owners.

## McGLASSON & ARMSTRONG RUBBER COMPANY

HEADQUARTERS FOR FEDERAL TIRES AND TUBES

**PLUMBING—PLUMBING—PLUMBING**  
H. D. HYDE, First Door West of Wooldridge Lumber Co. PHONE 268

**TRANSFER OF SHIPS.**

According to a report by the Bureau of Navigation, Department of Commerce, between July 1, 1914, and February 28, 1917, ships transferred to the American flag from foreign flags numbered 204, of 664,925 gross tons, and ships transferred from the American flag to foreign flags numbered 405, of 313,811 gross tons. The American flag made a net gain of 351,114 gross tons and a net loss of 201 vessels; in

other words, American citizens bought much larger vessels than they sold. The bulk of the American gain in tonnage has been from the British and German flags, and the Norwegian, Japanese and French flags have made the largest net gains. The following table shows the foreign flags involved and the number and gross tonnage of vessels transferred from those flags to the American flag and from the American flag to those flags, with the net American increase or decrease:

Flag—	To American.		From American.	
	No.	Gross Tons.	No.	Gross Tons.
Belgian .....	6	10,549	.....	.....
British .....	111	357,669	170	82,651
Cuban .....	6	18,702	37	8,401
Danish .....	5	13,193	5	3,631
Dutch .....	6	26,724	3	8,131
French .....	2	6,247	20	26,740
German .....	32	155,941	3	1,603
Greek .....	1	4,471	3	2,119
Italian .....	2	2,769	.....	.....
Japanese .....	1	5,869	16	38,720
Mexican .....	9	11,652	35	6,707
Norwegian .....	7	15,311	30	91,211
Portuguese .....	.....	.....	7	3,943
Roumanian .....	1	5,275	.....	.....
Russian .....	3	2,144	2	986
Spanish .....	.....	.....	11	11,963
Swedish .....	.....	.....	2	909
South American countries .....	10	23,299	22	18,667
Central American, Haitian, Dominican, etc. ....	2	5,110	39	7,429
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>204</b>	<b>664,925</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>313,811</b>

**KANSAS CITY STOCK MARKET IN DETAIL.**

**KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS,** March 12.—Cattle receipts today were 15,000 head, market slow and about steady on steers, strong on cows and stockers and feeders, nothing prime here, top \$11.10. Hog supply was 14,000, market 10 to 15 cents lower, top \$14.95, 5 cents above top reported from Chicago today. Sheep and lambs today 8,000, market steady to weak, top lambs \$14.75.

**Beef Cattle.** Prime steers were again lacking, the best natives here selling at \$10.80 to \$11.00, middle and plain kinds \$9.50 to \$10.75. Prime steers are worth around \$12.00. More than 100 cars of pulp-fed cattle arrived, seven cars of Oregon steers at \$10.80, 1,272 pounds average, Utahs and Idahos at \$10.40 to \$10.80, Northern Colorado and Western Nebraska pulp steers at \$10.40 to \$11.10. Butcher cattle sold strong, cows mostly at \$6.75 to \$8.75, odd head up to \$10.00, bulls \$7.00 to \$9.00, heifers \$8.00 to \$10.75, veal calves \$9.00 to \$11.50. The run today contained more

than the usual proportion of shipments from a long distance, including a consignment from Southern Arizona, cattle recently brought across from Mexico. Native territory shows signs of depletion of the cattle supply, and light runs will be the order the balance of the week.

**Stockers and Feeders.** Firm markets have ruled since the first of last week, including today, except for some weakness on thin stock steers late last week. Packers usually outbid feeder buyers on fleshy feeding steers, sales of feeders ranging from \$8.60 to \$10.00. Stock steers range from \$7.50 to \$8.50 in most cases.

and are considered low, as compared with prospects for prices a month hence. Stock cows and heifers bring \$6.00 to \$8.50.

**Hogs.** Receipts slightly in excess of estimates today gave buyers a breathing spell, and they got concessions of 10 to 15 cents, early top \$14.90, but one or two lots finally reaching \$14.95, medium weights \$14.90, lights \$14.70, bulk of sales \$14.50 to \$14.90. Receipts here contain a great many poorly finished hogs, from sections short of corn, hence a spread a little wider than if more good hogs were coming. Pig prices are very high, \$11.50 to \$13.50, and are held up by a strong demand for immune stock hogs, the immunizing plants getting as many of their pigs at the stock yards as they can. The situation is firm, and the break today is believed to be temporary.

**Sheep and Lambs.** Early sales of lambs were steady, up to \$14.75, but the market proved slow, and late sales were 10 cents lower. Sheep sold steady, some 105-pound wethers at \$12.60, no choice ewes here, but quotable up to \$12.25. Clipped lambs have been coming freely for a week, and sell at \$12.00 to \$12.50. Feeding lambs are scarce, and not extra desirable, sales at \$13.25 to \$13.75. Receipts here have been very light, and local prices have ruled comparatively high.

J. A. RICKART,  
Market Correspondent.

A great many centuries ago, in what is called the prehistoric period, there were strange, huge animals inhabiting the earth, and many of these do not exist at the present day and have not existed since history began. One such animal was a reptile called by the long name of "Triceratops." It was thirty feet long and weighed about thirty tons. It had big horns, a thick tail, an odd sort of collar around its neck and great, broad feet. Its food, so we read, was plant life.

TEAM to put out for the feed.  
Phone 157. JOHN JOHNSON. tf.

**NOTICE.**

I am permanently located in Plainview with my Optical Business, and would appreciate your business. If you fail to get relief from your glasses, bring them to me, and experience the comfort of proper lenses accurately adjusted before your eyes. Office at residence, 704 Columbia Street.  
**S. S. WILLIAMS,**  
Optometrist and Optician.

**ANNOUNCEMENT**

The old Nobles Brothers warehouse has been moved to the lots just east of the Harvest Queen Mills and we have moved with it. It is to still be the home of the Merchants Produce Company and you will find us on the job at all times paying highest market prices for

**POULTRY, EGGS and HIDES**

We appreciate your business and will make it worth your while to bring us your produce.

Remember the place, the same building, just east of the mill.

**Merchants Produce Co.**  
Phone 716

Wichita, Kansas

Established 1889

Oklahoma City, Okla.

**HEALY & COMPANY**

**Live Stock Commission Merchants**

**We Sold Over Nine Hundred More Cars of Live Stock on the Wichita Market In 1916 Than Any Other Firm**

Stockers and Feeders Bought on Order  
Market Reports Furnished  
Phones: Market 305 and Whitewater Line

**"Practice Makes Perfect"**

Twenty-Eight Years Experience and an Active Member of the Firm in Each Department Assures You the Best of Service





## VALUE OF ROTATION.

We were very much interested in gathering information gleaned from the work of Government experiment stations at the International Soil-Products Exposition held at Denver, in the fall of 1915, and we were particularly impressed with the tests made in growing wheat.

At one of the experimental farms, in Oregon, we think it was, the matter was tried out thoroughly, and the results, though not at all surprising, were very instructive just the same.

At the Oregon Government booth a number of small glass tubes containing wheat were arranged side by side, and they were partially filled with wheat, according to the yield, each tube bearing an inscription giving the yield, and they looked like this:

Wheat following wheat, 10 bushels per acre.

Wheat following oat, 10½ bushels per acre.

Wheat following barley, 15½ bushels per acre.

Wheat following sorghum, 17½ bushels per acre.

Wheat following corn, 29½ bushels per acre.

Wheat following millet, 21 1-3 bushels per acre.

Wheat following peas, 30½ bushels per acre.

Wheat following beans, 30½ bushels per acre.

Wheat following beets, 28½ bushels per acre.

Wheat following potatoes, 29½ bushels per acre.

Wheat following carrots, 28 bushels per acre.

Wheat following summer fallow, 30 bushels per acre.

Such was the record, and it told a very simple A B C story. No explanation is needed; to attempt it would be to spoil the effects of the story. The deduction is very plain. If farmers will persist in following crops of cereal after cereal they are but sowing the wind and will reap the whirlwind.

Cereals not only take practically all the moisture out of the ground, but they take out most of the chemicals necessary for the growth of the next crop of cereals. Experience long ago proved this to be the case, and every farmer should remember it and profit thereby.

The proper way to do is to change off to other crops and replenish the soil with the necessary chemicals, chiefly nitrogen, on which cereals feed heavily.

Farming is simple enough to those who understand it, and who will profit by their experience and observation.—Patrick Byrnes, Pueblo, Colo.

WANTED—Printer, at once; also young lady or boy who wishes to learn the printing trade. HALE CENTER RECORD. 3t-pd.

CHIEF ENGINEER HAS GAINED 40 POUNDS.

Almost Lost Hope of Getting Well; After Taking Tanlac Feels Better Than Has in 25 Years.

"Tanlac, to my mind, is the greatest and grandest medicine in the world," said O. H. Mahaffey, Chief Engineer of the Life & Casualty Building, Nashville, Tenn.

"I have taken eight bottles," he continued, "and have actually gained forty pounds in weight, and feel stronger and better than I have in twenty-five years."

"For two years, I have suffered with the worst kind of stomach trouble and indigestion, and fell off in weight from 210 pounds to 162. I am now back to 202, which is almost as much as I weighed before I was taken sick. About six weeks ago I got awful bad off, and called on the doctor, and he told me I had an ulcer of the stomach and if I was not careful it might turn into a cancer. He gave me some medicine. I didn't seem to get any better, and was afraid to eat anything except a little oatmeal and sweet milk, but in spite of everything I could do I just kept going down hill, and got weaker

and weaker every day. I got so disheartened one day I told my employer it looked like I would have to throw up my job. I was trying to hold on, though, as long as I could, for I had a family to support, and I made up my mind that just as long as I could drag myself around I would stick it out.

"One day my wife told me what she had read in the papers, and what the neighbors were saying about Tanlac, and begged me to try it. She had read about a man who had taken it, who described my case exactly, and he was getting lots better, but I had tried all kinds of medicines, so didn't have much hope of it doing me much good. Besides, my doctor had already told me I would have to be operated on in order to get relief. Something just

told me, though, it might help me, and I decided to try it.

"After I had taken it a day or two I got so hungry I just simply had to eat, and I did eat, and you can believe me or not, nothing seemed to hurt me a particle. My wife said to me 'Tanlac must be helping you,' and I said, 'I guess it is, from the way I am eating.'

"It wasn't long before those awful pains in my stomach and the small of my back began to leave. Then I noticed I began to sleep better. The medicine seemed to take hold quicker than anything I ever saw, and braced me right up. I am telling all my friends about Tanlac, and hope everybody will hear about it."

Tanlac is sold in Plainview by Long-Harp Drug Co.—Advertisement.



## ODD FELLOWS, REBEKAHS WOODMEN and STOCKMEN

### Low Excursion Rates to all Conventions

Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. and Rebekah Assembly, Dallas, Texas, March 19-22, 1917. Round trip \$14.75 Tickets on sale March 18 and 19, 1917. Return limit March 24, 1917.

Annual National Feeders and Breeders Show, Fort Worth, Texas, March 10-17, 1917. Round trip \$13.50. On sale March 9 to 16, 1917. Final return limit March 19, 1917.

Woodmen of the World Convention, Waco, Texas, March 27-31, 1917. Round trip \$16.30. On sale March 25 and 26, 1917. Final return limit April 1, 1917.

Above named rates open to all. For further information call on or phone 224.

JOHN LUCAS, Agent.



## Another Shipment of Spring Rug Patterns

Beautiful Axminsters, Deltos,  
Congoleum and Other Weaves  
in Refreshing Colors

Priced Within Reason.

## GARNER BROTHERS

PHONE 105

"The Postoffice is Across the Street From Us"

## Plants, Roots, Seeds and Potatoes

Frost-Proof Cabbage Plants, Rhubarb Roots, Blackberry Roots, Asparagus Roots, Horse Radish Roots, Ever-bearing Strawberry Plants, and other varieties. Seed Sweet Potatoes, Seed Irish Potatoes, Onion Sets, Poultry Remedies of every description. Leg bands for chickens.

COME IN NOW WHILE WE HAVE IT

## C. E. WHITE SEED CO.

PLAINVIEW, TEXAS

# Public Sale

At my place 5 miles south of Floydada, 1 1-2 miles east of the old Shipley place. Sale beginning promptly at 10:30

## TUESDAY, MARCH 20

### 9 Head Horses

One sorrel work mare, 8 years old, bred to jack. Weight 1180.  
One sorrel buggy mare, gentle for ladies and children to drive. Weight 900 pounds.  
One bay smooth-mouthed work horse. 16 hands high. Weight 1100.  
One dun 5-year-old work horse, 16 hands high—and a good one.  
Two coming yearling horse colts.  
One coming 2-year-old horse colt.  
Two extra good cow horses.

### 60 Head Good Hogs

Two Duroc brood sows with young pigs.  
Thirty-six shoats, weighing about 75 pounds.  
Fifteen head of weaned pigs.

### Farm Implements

One P. & O. cultivator, good as new.  
One 60-tooth harrow, with truck—good as new.  
One rubber tire buggy—good as new.

This is a big sale of extra good stuff. Please come early

### About 85 Head of Cattle

Sixteen good milch cows.  
Six good Hereford milch cows.  
Eight good Durham milch cows. These cows are all from 3 to seven years old.  
Twenty-six head good stock cows, from 3 to seven years old—all good ones.  
Twenty-two head of heifers. Fourteen head of steers. Good ones.  
One registered Hereford bull, coming 3 year old. A dandy.  
Two 2 year old registered bulls. No better breeding.  
Three Jersey milch cows, 2 and three years old. Will be fresh in spring.  
Extra good ones.

### Feed

Ten thousand bundles extra good headed kaffir corn.  
Three thousand bundles sorghum—extra good feed.

Some household goods and other things too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE:—All sums under \$10, cash. All sums over \$10 eight months' time will be given on good bankable note bearing 10 per cent. 5 per cent off for cash. No goods to be removed before settled for.

FREE LUNCH AT NOON

**DAN SHIPLEY, Owner**  
W. A. NASH, Auctioneer

## Announcement

I am pleased to announce that I have purchased the Plainview Machine and Auto Shop, and in the conduct of the business I will practice a policy of "a square deal for all." We will greatly appreciate the patronage of the many friends and customers of the company in the past and solicit the business of others who may be attracted to our efforts at service.

### Welding and Repair of all Kinds

We are splendidly equipped to do all kinds of welding and machine work. This does not mean on automobiles only. We can do any sort of work that is needed on any sort of automobile, and in addition can repair any kind of machinery used on the farm or in town. We will also be pleased to order any parts needed for any machinery.

### Accessories and Automobile Parts

We will handle Goodyear Casings and Tubes, and a full line of supplies and accessories for all cars. We will especially have a full supply of parts for Buick Cars.

Come in—let's get acquainted. We want to know just how to serve you, and how you want to be served.

## Plainview Machine and Auto Shop

PHONE 16.

D. BROWN, Proprietor.

PHONE 16.



**CO-OPERATIVE BULL ASSOCIATIONS.**

There are now more than 30 active co-operative bull associations in the United States. On July 1, 1916, there were 32, representing a total membership of 650 and owning about 120 pure-bred bulls. In the opinion of specialists in the U. S. Department of Agriculture, co-operation in this respect is only in its infancy, and co-operative bull associations should become a great factor in the improvement of our dairy cattle.

The co-operative bull association, says an article in the 1916 Yearbook of the U. S. Department of Agriculture, is especially adapted to herds which are so small that a valuable bull for each would be too heavy an investment to be justified by the extent of the business. Through co-operation, cattle owners are enabled to obtain the benefits which come from the use of a pure-bred sire at an expense which is no greater, and in many cases is even less, than the cost of maintaining a scrub.

"Better and fewer bulls" is a phrase which represents the aim of these associations. A typical organization is composed of from 15 to 30 farmers who own jointly 5 bulls. The territory of the association is divided into 5 breeding blocks, and one bull assigned to each block. To prevent inbreeding, each bull is moved to the next block every two years. Barring losses from death or other causes, therefore, no new bulls need be purchased for 10 years. It is customary to apportion the purchase price, and the expense of supporting the bulls, among the members according to the number of cows owned by each.

These associations have been known in the United States only since 1908, when the first one was organized, in Michigan. The short time which has elapsed since then makes it impossible to demonstrate the full value of the associations, because the influence of a pure-bred sire is felt in the herd for more than one generation. Similar associations, however, have existed in Denmark ever since 1874, and the movement in that country has proved most successful. So far as we know now, there seems to be no serious objection to organizations of this character to offset their very obvious advantages. Instead of spreading abortion, tuberculosis, and other diseases, as has been sometimes alleged, they seem to aid in the control of contagion. One association, for example, refused to permit one of its members to use the bulls until he had consented to dispose of all his cattle which reacted to the tuberculin test.

This same association is composed of 16 farmers and is organized into 5 blocks. Before the association was formed, 8 farmers who afterwards became members had each an average investment of \$85 in a scrub bull. These scrubs were sold and 5 pure-bred bulls were bought at \$240 each, or an average of \$75 for each member. This actual saving in cash, however, is a far less important matter than the fact that the members now are able

to use purebred sires instead of the former scrubs. A larger membership, it is said, would reduce the expense still further. In another association, which has more than 100 members, the original cost to each for purchasing the pure-bred sires was only \$23.

In regard to the returns from grading up cattle through the use of the pure-bred bulls of the co-operative associations, one estimate obtained from farmers in Maryland, Michigan, and Minnesota, places the increased value of the offspring in the first generation at from 30 to 80 per cent, or an average of 65 per cent. Such large profits are commonly associated by business men with the possibility of an equally serious loss, but in the bull associations this does not seem to be true. It is

difficult to see that any probability of loss exists. "It is true," says the article mentioned, "that some associations have disbanded, but there is no case in which any member actually lost on his investment."

**A REAL BARGAIN.**

A seven-room house, good barn, windmill, tank, waterhouse, six lots, a good orchard—a fine place—real cheap. call 397 or see A. L. MOORE. 2t.

WE HAVE a few Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets left. You'll have to step up or they'll all be gone before our Spring shipment arrives. GARNER BROS. Phone 105. 1t.



**Maxwell**  
The World's Greatest Motor Car Value  
**\$635**

Quality, care and skill, from first to last, are responsible for the final merit of the Maxwell Car. And merit is the first and most important reason why you should select one of these cars.

The Maxwell Price is acknowledged to be very reasonable; but it is the combination of merit and price that has earned for the Maxwell its position as THE WORLD'S GREATEST MOTOR CAR VALUE.

Touring Car \$635 Cabriolet \$665  
Roadster \$620 Town Car \$715  
Sedan \$955

All prices f. o. b. Detroit

**South Plains Motor Co.**  
Vickery-Hancock Building  
Telephone No. 677

**Improved Ranches**

5 to 10 Leased Sections  
WITH EACH

320 to 640 acres for sale

Fenced, Good Grass,  
Plenty of Water

Further information see R. T. Harrell, Ware Hotel, Plainview, Texas.

**S-E-E-D-S**

The worth while kind, and varieties adapted here. Now is the time to plant Sweet Clover, Barley, Speltz, Oats and all kinds of Potatoes.

East of the Hale county courthouse is the best place to buy them.

**C. E. WHITE SEED CO.**  
PLAINVIEW, TEXAS

**AUCTION**

AT PUBLIC SALE

**TUESDAY, APRIL 3, 1917**

TEN O'CLOCK A. M., AT

**BASSETT DAIRY**

CROSBYTON, TEXAS

A clean-up of Ranch, Farm and Dairy Properties Owned by Julian M. Bassett

Closing out his interests in Crosby County. These articles go to the highest bidder without reservation and include:

- 5 pure bred Jersey milch cows.
- 20 saddle and work horses.
- 20 mares.
- Harnesses, buggy, wagons, disc plows, drills, planters, cultivators, go-devils, row and broadcast binders and nearly all farming implements. Many practically new.

**The Largest Auction Sale Ever Held in Crosby County**

NOON LUNCHEON OF BARBECUED PIG

Terms of Sale: Net cash under \$10.00. Over \$10.00, secured by note due December 1st next, with 10 per cent interest; or 5 per cent off for cash. No property to be removed until settled for.

**JULIAN M. BASSETT, Owner**

W. A. NASH, Auctioneer

G. M. McKEE, Cashier

**SEASONABLE SUGGESTIONS**

**For Our Farmer Friends**

**Buckeye Incubators "The Best Made"**

These incubators are guaranteed to hatch more chicks—and better chicks than any other incubator. 25 years of consistent service makes this guarantee an assurance.

**The New Sharples Suction-Feed Separator**

Is the only separator made which will not loose cream at varying speeds. No matter how you turn the New Sharples you always get even thickness cream. You men who really need separators will make no mistake by letting us demonstrate these Sharples separators to you.

**Then Let Us Suggest Some Other Leaders**

- John Deere Farm Implements
  - Martin Graders and Ditchers
  - Well Outfits
  - Pipes and Casing
  - Wire Fence
  - Builder's Hardware
  - Oil Stoves, Coal Stoves and Ranges
  - Washing Machines
  - Garden Tools
- Our stocks are complete—our quality and prices are guaranteed.

**R. C. Ware Hardware Co.**

Telephone 178

**EDUCATION OF LAWYERS.**

**Law Notes:** The need for better general education of members of the bar has been given renewed prominence by a recent address on the subject by Prof. Walter W. Clark, of Yale. "In twenty-eight of our States," said Professor Clark, "there is no law requiring any preliminary education for admission to the practice of the law, the only bar to sheer illiteracy and ignorance being the intervention in some of these States of boards of examiners. In none is any college work mentioned." He made an effective contrast with conditions in another of the "liberal professions"—medicine—which has certainly little to boast of in the way of freedom from ignoramus. In thirty-three States the candidate for admission to practice medicine must have a preliminary education of at least one college year, besides four years in high school. Of these, seventeen require two years of college work, and only four have no requirement. In all but one of our States the would-be medical practitioner must show the graduate's certificate of an approved medical college. In no single State need the would-be practitioner of law have a certificate from any law school.

The situation is one demanding attention. If the bar is to maintain its standing as a profession, the lawyers must as a class be the best educated men in the community, a condition which the most optimistic will not assert to exist at this time. It is gratifying to note that in Indiana, where at the present time any man of "good moral character" may be admitted to the bar, an agitation for higher standards is growing. At a luncheon of the Indiana University Association at Indianapolis, Prof. Warren A. Seaver, a new member of the law faculty at Indiana University, urged the alumni to work for a change in the State Constitution which would provide a method of correcting this fault. He pointed out that members of the Indiana bar who go to other States are sometimes

discredited because of the likelihood that they may belong to the incompetent class of lawyers which such a system encourages.

The Nebraska Bar Association has just adopted a resolution favoring requirement by law of four years' high school education and three years' law school training for applicants for admission to the bar. This action ended a three years' battle in the association on the question.

Such agitation, coupled with that on which we commenced recently, for a longer course of legal instruction, is a most hopeful sign of the times.

**DON'T BLAME IT ON THE GERM!**

Germs have been handy scapegoats ever since they were discovered. To explain that one has caught a "germ" disease is to slide out from under all responsibility for being sick.

But the latest medical science robs us of this comforting excuse. It makes us personally responsible for harboring germs.

We may no longer expect immunity from disease by fumigating inanimate objects for, we are told, people more than things are carriers of infections.

To keep from catching disease and to keep from passing it in to others, we have all got to be personally clean all of the time. Common colds, grip, diphtheria, measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever, cerebro-spinal meningitis, and probably infantile paralysis, are all spread through the discharges, namely the mouth and nose secretions, of people having the disease.

A generous indulgence in soap and hot water, fresh air and sunshine, both for the body and for the clothing, suc-

ceed, where medicines and disinfectants fail, in lowering the death rate.

Man has done all he can to make sanitation and hygiene luxuries instead of necessities. High rents shut out air and sun from hundreds of families. Hot water is often an extravagance, owing to the cost of fuel. And often soap is looked on as an unnecessary expense when most of the income must be paid out at present food rates.

Still, there is no greater personal elegance than that germ-proof look which belongs to the person who sleeps with the windows thrown wide (even in mid-winter), who walks in the sunshine, and who manages somehow to get a daily tubbing.

**A PERFECT DAY.**

When you come to the end of a perfect day,

And you sit alone with your thought,  
While the chimes ring out with a carol gay,

For the joy that the day has brought,  
Do you think what the end of a perfect day

Can mean to a tired heart  
When the sun goes down with a flaming ray,

And the dear friends have to part?

Well, this is the end of a perfect day,  
Near the end of a journey, too;  
But it brings a thought that is big and strong,

With a wish that is kind and true,  
For mem'ry has painted this perfect day

With colors that never fade,  
And we find at the end of a perfect day  
The soul of a friend we've made.

—Bond.

**\$1,000,000 TO LOAN**

On South Plains land. Ten years time, 8 per cent interest with options to pay in one to five years time.

**TEMPLE TRUST COMPANY**

See J. F. GARRISON, Plainview, Texas.

**FLETCHER MUSIC METHOD**

Original Kindergarten and Simplex Method of America

Recognized by world's best musicians as the ideal system of music teaching. Why be content with permitting your child to study in old and uninteresting way when in this up-to-date manner Music Study is made a pleasure instead of a drudgery? We obtain results. Ask our patrons. Demonstration of work gladly given upon request. The price now and for the Summer term beginning in May is \$5 per month. Beginning in September the price will be \$6 per month.

**ELIZABETH ZIEGLER, Fletcher Teacher, Wayland College**

President Farmer certifies that the class of Miss Ziegler has, without exception, increased every month since she began last September

**SPECIAL SALE GROCERIES**

In adopting a cash business we have a great many goods bought before the recent big rise in prices, that we are going to offer at Less Than Wholesale Cost Today, as you can see from the following list. We are doing to this celebrate our new method of doing business, in order to show the people how much they can save by buying for strictly cash.

**CANNED GOODS.**

- English Peas, Harvest Home ..... 20c
- Good Peas, 2 cans for ..... 35c
- La Paloma Brand Peas, 2 cans for ... 25c
- Good Red Chinook Salmon ..... 20c
- Hominy, per can ..... 10c
- Extra Good Bartlett Pears, in heavy syrup ..... 25c
- Can Strawberry Beets, very fine ..... 20c
- Two cans Good Table Peaches ..... 25c
- Two cans California Peaches ..... 35c
- Del Monte Canned Prunes, ready for the table ..... 15c
- Pineapple, No. 3 size, regular 30c .... 25c
- Pineapple, No. 2 size, 2 for ..... 35c
- Good Sliced Yellow Table Peaches, while they last, per can ..... 15c
- Gallon Peaches, Apples, Blackberries and Grapes ..... 40c and 45c
- Gallon Loganberries ..... 50c
- Gallon Good Catsup ..... 75c
- Jack Frost Baking Powder, 25c can for SOAP. 20c
- Crystal White, 13 bars for ..... 50c

Clean Easy, 13 bars for ..... 50c

**SYRUPS.**

- Pure Ribbon Cane Syrup, gallon ..... 80c
- Pure Country Sorghum ..... 80c
- Nigger-in-the-Corn-Patch Syrup, regular 90c, gallon for ..... 80c
- Regular 65c Syrups ..... 60c

**COFFEES.**

- All High-Grade \$1.00 can Coffees for . 90c
- Maxwell House, 3-pound can ..... 90c
- J. & W. Leader, 3-pound can ..... 90c
- "Class C," 2-pound can ..... 65c
- Royal Blend, \$1.25 size can, while it lasts, for ..... \$1.00
- Good Grade Coffee, 5 pounds ..... \$1.00

**FLOUR.**

- "Brewley's Best," the best on the market anywhere, per sack ..... \$2.65
- Per hundred pounds ..... \$5.25
- "White Fawn" Flour, per 100 lbs. ... \$4.75
- Sunbright Cleanser, same as Dutch Cleanser ..... 5c
- Matches, while they last, at Old Price.

And many other articles at proportionately low prices.

**This Sale Lasts Ten Days**

So don't fail to take advantage of it.

We buy country produce of all kinds and pay the highest prices cash or trade.

**L. J. WARREN**

Plainview, Texas **GROCERY CO.** Phones 233--234

**SHIP YOUR HOGS TO  
RHOME-FARMER  
COMMISSION COMPANY  
FORT WORTH, TEXAS**

Tom Frazier sells the hogs, Jim and Joe Farmer the cattle. No better service anywhere.

See Tom Frazier at Ware Hotel during the meeting.

**Rhome-Farmer Commission Co.  
FORT WORTH, TEXAS**



### With the Home Economics Clubs

#### Needlework—Part 16, Lesson No. 51.

Now that we have learned to make buttonholes, we must learn the correct way of sewing buttons on, so that a shank is formed between the button and the material. If this is done, when the button is slipped through the button hole the material between the buttons will lie flat and smooth. I am sure many of my girls have noticed and wondered why, after fastening garments, the material between the buttons seems full and puffed up. This is caused by buttons having been sewed on without forming a shank, and the threads fill up too much space under the button. For correct sewing on of buttons follow these directions:

1. Lap the front over the back until the placket is covered.
2. Put pin through the buttonhole into the belt. This marks the place where the button is to be placed.
3. Thread a needle with a double thread. Put the needle through the point marked by the pin, leaving the knot on the right side. Bring needle back to right side.
- Place the button over needle and bring needle through hole in button. Put a pin on top of the button and take stitches over the pin so the thread will not be too tight.
- Buttons with two holes should have stitches running with the warp of the material. Buttons with four holes may have stitches running with warp and woof or forming a cross.
4. Take several stitches in each hole.
5. Remove pin and wind thread around stitches under the button several times, to form a stem or shank. This protects the button and makes room for the buttonhole.
6. Fasten directly under the button or on the wrong side.
7. The wrong side should be very neat.

#### Recipes for Uses of Eggs.

(Through courtesy of Miss Allie George, Domestic Science Department, Denison High School, Denison, Texas.)

##### Soft-Cooked Eggs.

Place the eggs in boiling water; remove from fire; cover and allow to stand from 5 to 8 minutes.

##### Hard-Cooked Eggs.

Place the eggs in cold water, and when the water boils remove from the fire and allow them to stand 20 minutes on the back of the range; then put into cold water.

##### Poached Eggs.

Break the eggs into a saucer; slip the eggs into boiling water; cover; remove to the cooler part of the fire and cook 5 minutes, or until the white is firm and a film has covered the yolk. Take up with a skimmer; drain; trim off rough edges, and serve on slices of toast.

##### Baked Eggs.

Butter slightly a saucer or a small, shallow dish; slip into this one or two eggs, being careful not to break the yolk. Place the dish in a pan of boiling water and cook in the oven until

#### CO-OPERATIVE STORE DOES \$100,000 ANNUAL BUSINESS.

New Building Near Texas University Campus for Shop Will Cost \$20,000.

AUSTIN, Texas, March 14.—The beautiful new building being erected by the University Co-operative Society at a cost of nearly \$20,000, and located just across the campus from the west entrance, is nearing completion. The Co-operative Society is a very successful financial organization. Hereafter it will probably run two stores. A small supply store for the immediate wants of the students will be located in the Main University Building, while all the heavier goods will be carried in their regular store. Last year the Co-Op sold nearly \$100,000 worth of goods.

#### FLOYD COUNTY GAVE SANTA FE A BIG GRAIN BUSINESS.

In a trial before Judge R. C. Joiner at Floydada last week interesting figures relative to grain shipments on the Panhandle and Santa Fe Railway were made public. The chief dispatcher's deposition disclosed the fact that in November and December, 1915, and January, 1916, a total of 4,514 cars were used for grain from the Plains division of the Santa Fe. Seven hundred ninety-two cars were distributed to dealers in Floyd County and 626 to Hale, 200 to Lubbock and 312 to Swisher.

This does not include shipments of the whole season, and, of course, does not take into account grain stored in elevators in towns having storage room.

Figures for every one of the forty shipping points in the division were included in the compilation, from Lamesa, on the south, to Woodward, Okla., on the north. Of the North Plains shipping points, Higgins led, with 270 cars during the period.

the white is set; season with salt, and serve.

A stirred egg is prepared in the same way and cooked in the top of range instead of in the oven.

##### Egg Omelet.

- 2 eggs,
- 1/2 teaspoonful salt,
- Cayenne or white pepper,
- 2 tablespoonfuls milk,
- 1 tablespoonful butter.

Beat the yolks of the eggs until light and creamy; add the seasoning and milk; beat the whites until stiff, but not dry; cut them into the yolks; heat an omelet pan; rub it all over evenly on the pan. When the omelet is set, put into a hot oven for a few minutes; to dry slightly on top; fold, and serve immediately.

MRS. J. L. LANDRUM.

#### REPORT OF COLD STORAGE HOLDINGS OF EGGS, MARCH 1.

Reports from 301 cold storages show that their rooms contain 5,381 cases of eggs, while on February 1, 302 storages reported 148,943 cases. The 233 storages that reported holdings on March 1 of this year and last show a present stock of 4,759 cases, as compared with 34,761 cases last year, a decrease of 30,002 cases, or 86.3 per cent. The reports show that during February the February 1 holdings decreased 97.2 per cent, while our last report showed that during January the January 1 holdings decreased 83.7 per cent. Last year the decrease during February was 91.9 per cent, and during January 66.7 per cent.

#### LEGISLATURE EXONERATES THE GOVERNOR OF CHARGES.

AUSTIN, Texas, March 15.—Charges brought against Governor James E. Ferguson were declared insufficient to "merit the severe pains and penalties of impeachment" by the House of Representatives, in a report made late today, and a resolution to that effect was adopted.

#### HE WANTS COWS LIKE OURS.

A letter to The Herald from a prominent citizen of Grovetown, Texas, states: "Please give me addresses of owners of the thoroughbred Holstein cows. I would like to get hold of one that has a real record."

The gentleman had seen in The Herald accounts of the importation of 101 Holstein cows into the Plainview district.

#### WILL WORK CEMETERY TUESDAY.

Members of the Plainview Cemetery Association and others who are interested in keeping the grounds in good condition will work there Tuesday, cleaning up the grounds and cultivating the shrubbery and trees.

#### NEWSPAPER FOR LITTLEFIELD.

C. J. Duggan, of Littlefield, is here today on business. Mr. Duggan states that a newspaper will be started in Littlefield in the near future, the Chamber of Commerce having guaranteed five hundred subscribers to Mr. Douglas, of Roaring Springs, who has agreed to move a plant to Littlefield.

#### MOTOR LICENSES ISSUED.

Automobile licenses were issued by County Clerk Jo W. Wayland this week to the following: A. J. Magler, Hale Center, Buick, No. 1244; T. J. Porter, Petersburg, Ford, No. 1245; J. N. Fitzgerald, Abernathy, Hupmobile, No. 1246; R. B. Teadford, Abernathy, Ford, No. 1247; Bob Martine, Ford, No. 1248; C. O. Moore, Ford, No. 1249; W. H. Murphy, Ford, No. 1250.

LOST—One Scotch Collie. Answers to name of "Kaiser"; right ear slit, scar on throat; has black leather collar. Reward for return to H. C. MADARO, Helen Temple Farm. It.

#### PANHANDLE TEACHERS' ASS'N MEETS IN CANYON MARCH 30-31.

Superintendent Campbell on Program for a Half-Hour Address.

The Panhandle Teachers' Association meets in Canyon on March 30 and 31. Reduced rates have been granted by the railroads. The program for the meeting is as follows:

##### Friday.

- 9:30—Song.
- Invocation.
- Welcome Address—Supt. E. F. King, Canyon.
- Response—Supt. R. A. DeFee, Channing.
- Music.
- 10:00—"The New Education After the World War"—Prof. J. A. Hill, Canyon.
- 10:30—"Supervising Study"—Principal J. L. Duffot, Amarillo.
- 10:55—"Vitalizing History in the Public Schools"—Hon. W. A. Palmer, Canadian.
- 10:20—"Vitalizing English in the Grades"—Miss Annie McDonald, Amarillo.
- 12:00—Noon Recess.
- 1:30—"Health Inspection of Schools"—Supt. J. W. Campbell, Plainview.
- 2:00—Address—President R. B. Cousins, Canyon.
- 3:00—Address—Dr. H. T. Musselman, Editor Texas School Journal.
- Selection of Place of Meeting.
- Election of Officers.
- 8:00—Preliminary Program Arranged by West Texas Normal.
- Address by Dr. H. T. Musselman.

##### Saturday.

- 9:00—"Educational Measurements"—Supt. M. H. Duncan, Amarillo.
- 9:25—"Service of Scholarship the End of Public Education"—Supt. B. M. Harrison, Hereford.
- 9:50—"Linking the Rural School to Rural Life"—County Superintendent M. E. McNally, Memphis.
- 10:15—"Play as a Factor in the Education of Children"—Prof. D. A. Shirley, Canyon.

##### Saturday Afternoon.

The afternoon session will constitute the privilege of visiting the training-school department of the West Texas State Normal. The Association deems this a most important feature of the convention, and recommends that each and every teacher avail himself of the splendid opportunity thus afforded.

#### KILL GRASS AND WEEDS IN FIELDS WITH HARROW.

Grass and weeds are the greatest difficulty the farmer has to contend with after the plants are out of the ground. It is this crop which comes up just before or immediately after the young plants make their appearance that necessitates expensive and tedious hand labor with the hoe and difficult cultivation with the cultivator or other farm implements used for this purpose.

Unless this crop is destroyed before it has developed to any size, its destruction will be an extremely difficult matter. However, small weeds and grass are very easily killed with the harrow, if the farmer does not allow them to get well established. In order to do this cheaply, the section or drag harrow should be used at the proper time and in the right manner.

Where the seed bed has been thoroughly prepared and the land is reasonably smooth young crops of corn and cotton can be harrowed crossways with the rows three or four times without material injury, provided the harrow teeth are set back at an angle of about forty-five degrees and driven diagonally across the rows.

This harrowing should begin immediately after the plants are well up, or even before that time, provided care is used in ascertaining that the plants are not so small as to be injured by covering them up. This will prove to be not only the easiest but the best cultivation for small crops, as it loosens up the soil immediately surrounding the roots and destroys all the small weeds and grass up to the plant.

By thus harrowing the crop three or four times during the first two or three weeks of its growth the cost of hand labor will be reduced to the mini-

mum and in addition the small plants will start to growing rapidly early in the season. It will also serve to break up any hard crusts that may have formed after rains and will assist in allowing the heat to penetrate the first few inches of soil, thereby warming the soil earlier and permitting more rapid growth of the plants.

#### REPORTS OF COLD STORAGE HOLDING OF CREAMERY BUTTER.

Reports from 286 cold storages show that their rooms contain 15,542,532 pounds of creamery butter, while on February 1, 299 storages reported 30,454,200 pounds. The 215 storages that reported holdings on March 1 of this year and last show a present stock of 14,582,975 pounds, as compared with 15,032,769 pounds last year, a decrease of 449,794 pounds, or 3.0 per cent. The reports show that during February the February 1 holdings decreased 48.1 per cent, while our last report showed that during January the January 1 holdings decreased 34.5 per cent. Last year the decrease during February was 50.4 per cent, and in January 36.5 per cent.

#### ODELL, OF CLEBURNE, IS APPOINTED U. S. ATTORNEY.


Wilmot Odell, of Cleburne, has been agreed upon to be United States District Attorney for the Northern District of Texas. Mr. Odell is a nephew of the well known lawyer, D. W. Odell, of Cleburne.

H. E. McCabe, of near Abernathy, was in Plainview yesterday.

A trustee election will be held in Abernathy April 7, to select trustees for the Abernathy Independent School District, which was created recently by the Legislature.

For Watch Repairing see ARTHUR L. TALLEY, Jeweler and Optician, North Side Square. Three years experience on Railroad Watches. It.

R. E. Slaughter, Overland representative, was in Plainview this week.



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