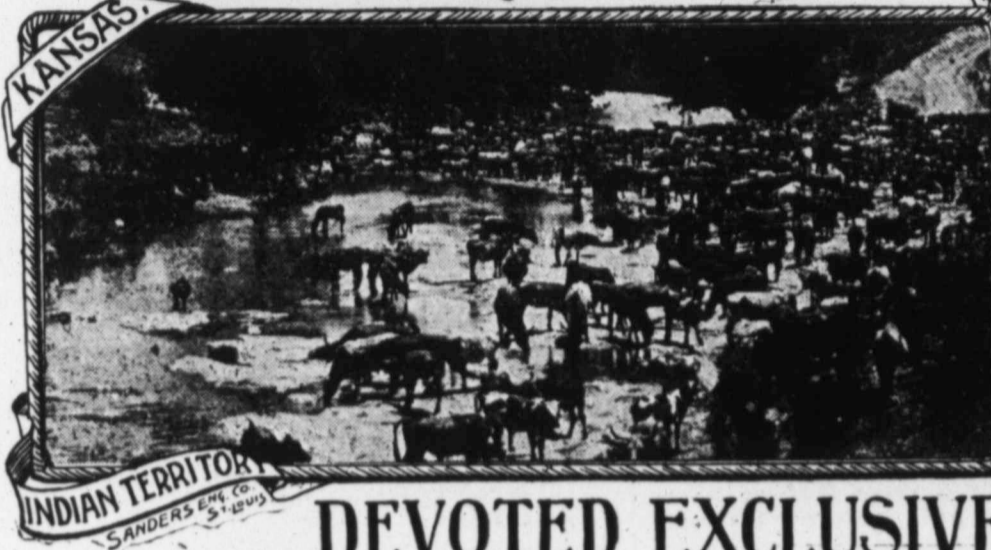


The LIVESTOCK



INSPECTOR

DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO LIVE STOCK INTERESTS.

Fifth Year.
Number 21 & 22

Woodward, Oklahoma, Feb. 1, 1900.

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IMPROVED LONGHORNS ON OKLAHOMA RANGES.

Address of Hon. Sidney Clark of Oklahoma, Before the National Live Stock Association at Fort Worth, Texas.

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the National Live Stock Association:

Oklahoma has been described as the land of the "Fair God." To the stranger to Oklahoma, this may seem to be the language of extravagant eulogy. Once the bend of a great ocean, or island sea, in the progress of the ages, it has been developed into a landscape of marvelous beauty, and a soil of unequalled fertility. It is blest with climatic conditions conducive to the welfare of all animal and vegetable life. Half way between the north and the south, it escapes the extremes of heat and cold, common to those sections of the country. Its geographical position is directly in the path of empire, which stretches from the great lakes, and the cities of the Mississippi valley on the northeast, to the magnificent commonwealth of Texas on the south. Its system of transportation, constructed and to be constructed, so important to its prosperity and business life, is equally fortunate in all its ramifications. Great trunk lines reaching to the deep water harbors of the Gulf of Mexico and to the great cities of St. Louis, Kansas City and Chicago, are already busy carrying our products on their way to the markets of the world. Other lines are now in course of construction, and still others are to be constructed in the near future, to meet the wants of the people, who, in a single decade, have laid the foundations of a sovereign commonwealth, equal in area to the State of Ohio, and now entitled to take its rightful place in the galaxy of American States.

The settlement of Oklahoma—its sudden growth, its unexampled prosperity, its rapid increase in population, is without a parallel in the history of civilization. In the short space of ten years, four hundred thousand people, coming from all sections of our common country, have made their homes in Oklahoma, and the great tide of immigration still flows in. The cities they have built, the farms they have opened and cultivated, the prosperity they have created, the institutions they have established, the resources they have utilized in all branches of business, labor and production, attest their capacity in the past, and give an assurance of the important relations they will hold in the future with the commercial and business relations of the great southwest.

Not the least important interest, Mr. President, in all that goes to make up the wealth and prosperity of Oklahoma, is the live stock interest represented in the National Association. In Oklahoma, as in all the fertile sections of the Trans-Mississippi region, that which grows out of the ground and on the ground, constitute the essential and natural elements of wealth necessary for the happiness and prosperity of the people. We cannot, and we would not if we could, change our geographical situation or the character of our natural resources. That part of Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado and New Mexico, which was the home of the buffalo, the deer and the antelope, before the advent of the white man, is now and will be in the years to come, the great meat producing regions of the United States. The live stock that can be raised in Oklahoma alone, would feed the entire population of the original thirteen states, and in addition furnish to other markets a liberal supply. In the year 1899, the number of head of live stock returned for taxation was 1,376,079, and doubtless an equal number escaped taxation, or were driven into the territory for range and feeding purposes after being taxed in the states. So rapid has been the growth of the live stock industry, and so magnificent in results, that too high an estimate can hardly be placed upon the prospects of the future. The time is not far distant when the population will be equal to that of Kansas, and her producing capacity so far as live stock is concerned, as well as in all classes of agricultural products, will more than equal the sun-flower

state. It is true the methods of raising and feeding cattle which have been prevalent in the past, must give way to other and better methods incident to the rapid settlement of the new lands hitherto devoted exclusively to range purposes. But many million acres in western Oklahoma, not altogether fitted for homesteads, will be devoted to raising horses and cattle of improved grades. In view of the changes of methods which is now at hand, the relations of Oklahoma to all the southwestern cattle raising sections will be more intimate and important as time goes on. In this connection, it is interesting to note the fact that the great ranges and agricultural lands of Oklahoma, are so situated that the one can be utilized to the advantage of the other, cheaper and better than in many other sections of the country. The summer range and the winter feeding will go hand in hand with a better profit to all concerned.

Honorable W. E. Bolton, the able editor of THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, published at Woodward, Okla., says, in a letter to me of recent date:

"Observation shows that Oklahoma, in the old days of free range, when it was one great pasture, supported one cow to every ten to twenty acres. Today, under the rule of the small stock raiser, besides the immense crops of wheat, cotton and broom corn and other products shipped out of the Territory, she is supporting one cow to every three or four acres, besides the immense number of hogs as a by-product. The uplands of western Oklahoma are furnishing the richest section of the union for the production of feeders to fill the feed lots of the great corn belt."

"The growth of the grade of range cattle has been steady and continuous, and the quality of our cattle is very much improved during the past year. Our cattlemen are discarding the idea that there is a profit in raising cattle and deducting the per cent of winter kill, and are now practicing the economy of the feed lot. By this method we turn out steers to market fully two weeks earlier than formerly, by reason of their going on grass much earlier than before, when they had to starve through the winter, and make up for it during the first month of grazing."

"The Oklahoma Live Stock association has now a membership value exceeding \$6,000,000 worth of cattle. It maintains inspectors at the yards and at the markets. It offers the best protection given to range cowmen at home as well as abroad. It has demonstrated its value to Oklahoma by perpetuating the quarantine established by the Federal Government, and has hereby saved to cattlemen of Western Oklahoma, north-western Texas and south-western Kansas, not only thousands but hundreds of thousands of dollars. It is an organization which has grown by reason of merit and the necessity of its existence. It will hold its 6th annual convention at El Reno, on the 13th and 14th of February, to which all cattlemen are invited. On its program will appear the Deans of four of the leading agricultural colleges of the west, and the interest of the cattlemen will be treated from the standpoint of experience, aided by science. The live stock interests of Oklahoma constitutes more than one-fourth of its entire personal tax valuation, and it is developing daily into the greatest profit bearing industry of the Territory."

I have quoted freely from Mr. Bolton, because of his accurate knowledge of the live stock interests of Oklahoma and the south-west, and because his paper, actually published on the range, is the recognized organ of the range interest from Kansas City to El Paso.

The increase of the live stock trade at Kansas City, the nearest market for Oklahoma and a large section of the south-west, but only one of many markets, is a striking example of our rapid advance to the front rank in the race for commercial supremacy. In 1871, the total receipts of live stock at Kansas City, were 167,1899, valued at \$4,210,605. Ten years later the number had increased to 1,392,683, valued at \$23,595,276. In 1891, the number received was 4,365,096, valued at \$66,063,681, and in 1899, 6,030,212, valued

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A Good Wagon



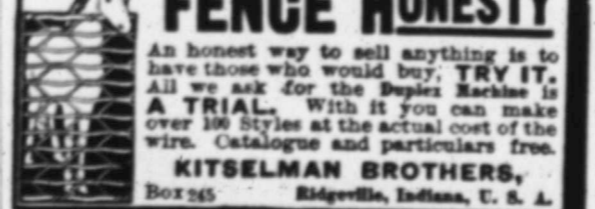
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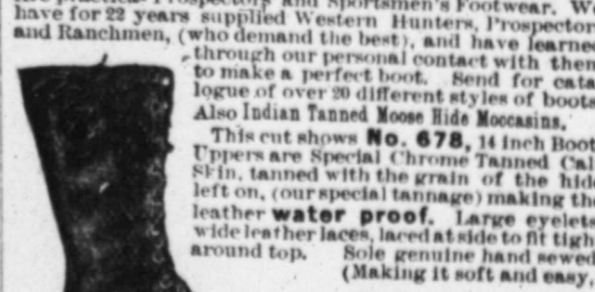
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Why not throw away your worthless electrical appliances and patent medicines and consult this learned and eminent physician? Almost ten years ago, after graduating from one of the leading colleges, he decided to connect himself with some of the largest hospitals of the East where he might still pursue the study of his profession. He spent much time and money in Baltimore and New York, where he completed his medical education, and it is only reasonable to suppose that he is better fitted to undertake the treatment of your case than a common practitioner. It must be conceded that one who directs his whole time and thought to curing a few diseases, will become more proficient in healing them than the one who undertakes to cure all the diseases peculiar to man. If others have failed in your case it is no reason that his treatment, which embraces the very latest and best methods now in vogue, should fail to effect a permanent cure. Dr. Hill treats and guarantees a cure in the following described diseases:

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NERVOUS DEBILITY The follies of youth, lost manhood, impotency and like sexual diseases are cured to stay cured. Try his treatment before it is too late. It is something original, and perfectly safe. All losses quickly checked. You will see the effects of this grand treatment in 3 days and in a short time will feel like another person.

RHEUMATISM. It is foolish to suffer with this painful disease when relief is absolutely given you, no matter how bad your case. Lumbago, or muscular rheumatism, Sciatica and chronic joint affections quickly cured. After years of study on this one subject the doctor has brought his treatment well-nigh to perfection. You will never regret having put yourself under his care, if you are afflicted with Rheumatism.

VARICOGELE The injurious effects of this disease are well known. Under the Doctor's treatment the enlarged veins are restored to their natural size and the nervous system soon regains its normal condition.

STRICTURE Cured in your own home, without use of knife or detention from business.

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Almost all cases can be successfully treated by correspondence. Write a full and complete history of your case, plainly giving your symptoms. All such letters are held sacred. If your case is curable, the Doctor will take it for treatment and you will soon be restored to health.

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at the enormous sum of \$121,706,632. So it is that the stock raisers are the best customers of the railroads, and it is equally clear that in the interest of fair trade to the producers and consumers alike, the railroads should pursue a liberal policy to the live stock industry. One million nine-hundred and twenty-seven thousand seven hundred and forty-seven cattle, 105,579 calves; 3,014,923 hogs; 950,296 sheep, and 31,667 of horses and mules, shipped to Kansas City, in 116,374 cars in a single year, and to a single market, furnishes a business to the railroads of no mean importance.

If we summarize the business of the last 29 years at the same market, we shall find that the number of live stock receipts amounted to 81,545,979, having a value of \$1,399,966,158. And all this represents only a fraction of the live stock business of the south-west, for I make no mention of the shipments to St. Louis, Chicago and New York, and to the many markets in other directions.

No country in the world produces better and more nutritious grasses for cattle and horses than Oklahoma. In all the Eastern and central sections, hay is produced in abundance, and much of the land is well adapted to the growth of alfalfa. The corn crop of last year was not less than 75,000,000 bushels. We have it on the authority of the department of agriculture at Washington, that in the year 1899, Oklahoma had a crop of 16,202,000 bushels of winter wheat, and that only twelve of forty-five states had a larger crop. According to the same authority the seven states of Michigan, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, Maryland, Missouri and Texas, produced less winter wheat in 1899, than Oklahoma. In both wheat and oats, the average yield per acre was larger in Oklahoma than in any of the grain growing states, being twenty bushels of wheat and fifty-five bushels of oats. In my judgment, with the possible exception of wheat, no grain should be shipped out of Oklahoma. It should all be fed to live stock at home, and thereby double the price which would otherwise be obtained. Both the large and small ranges and the homesteads of the farmers, can be stocked with increasing numbers of cattle in the summer, while the supply of feed in the winter is practically inexhaustible.

I must be pardoned if I feel proud of Oklahoma and the position it is certainly destined to assume among the Trans-Mississippi states. In the short space of ten years, it has come to be a commanding factor in the material development and commercial progress of the south-west. It is now more than five times as populous as a large majority of the Territories that have heretofore been admitted into the union as states. On its broad prairies the people of the north and of the south have buried forever the passions of our great civil conflict, and in the fraternity of a common citizenship and a common purpose, built up a civilization without a parallel in the history of the human race. The world never saw the like before. It will never see it again. Its territorial area is larger than one-third of the states of the union. The high intelligence and metropolitan character of her people—almost distinctively American—fully explains the wonderful progress of the decade. In no other country, and at no other time, has it been possible to build a state in so short a period. The result in Oklahoma is the culmination of that grand westward march of civilization and free government, which in the century now closing, has added more than thirty states to the American union, and increased almost beyond conception, the wealth and power of the national domain; in all this building of states, there has been no violation of the principles of the declaration of Independence, wherein it is declared that all just governments derive their powers from the consent of the governed. From the ordinance of 1787, to the Louisiana purchase from France in 1803, the assurance was continuous that the people of the new possessions were entitled to statehood with all the rights guaranteed to the

people of the original thirteen states. In the northwestern territory and in the country south of the Ohio out of which the states of Kentucky and Tennessee were formed, the same assurance was given in the letter of the law. So it was when New Mexico was added to our national domain, for in the treaty of cession it was agreed that that territory should become a state of the Federal union. And such has been our national policy in all our acquisitions of territory up till the war with Spain. The high ideal of the fathers of the Republic, has been steadfastly maintained.

Oklahoma, having demonstrated her capacity to govern herself, rather than to be a Federal dependency, demands that she be accorded the same voice in our national affairs that has been accorded to other and less populous territories. In this demand her people are practically unanimous. We have shown to the world what we can do under the Territorial system, which, at best, is unsatisfactory and uncertain. Give to us that stability of government which will be secured by a state constitution; give to us two senators and two representatives to represent us at Washington, to protest not only our own interest, but the common interest of the great south-west, and at the end of another ten years the state of Oklahoma will have not less than one million population, and her increase in wealth will astonish the people of her sister states. Confident of the justice of our claims to immediate statehood, we invoke the sympathy and the aid of all who would accord to 400,000 American citizens the rights and privileges of home rule protected and defended by the constitution and laws of a sovereign state.

Maj. James F. Randlett, United States agent for the Kiowa, Comanche and Wichita Indians, is authorized to receive bids for leases of the Wichita pasture lands up to 2 o'clock p. m., February 1st. The minimum price for fenced pastures will be ten cents per acre annually, and eight cents for unfenced. The Wichita lands are divided at present into thirty-one pastures, aggregating 691,235 acres.

More Pure-Breds For Texas.

A syndicate, composed of Messrs. Beasley, Flournoy, Klipstein and Mitchell, stockmen at Beeville, Texas, last week received forty-four Short-horn and forty Hereford calves, all pure-breds, that cost them \$10,000. They were purchased for the syndicate by Mr. T. F. B. Sotham, the well known breeder of Chillicothe, Mo. Among the Herefords received is only one bull, Loveland, a March calf, a grandson of Corrector, and cost the gentlemen \$500. Among the heifers are four grand daughters of Corrector. Among the heifers are representatives from the herds of Van Natta & Son of Indiana, K. B. Armour, Gudgell & Simpson, Cornish & Patten and Scott & Marsh of Missouri and Ponting & Son of Illinois. The Durhams are headed with Verbena by Chief, a scion of Cruikshank, bred by J. G. Robbins & Son of Illinois and Rose of Sharon from George Bothwell of Missouri. The animals all arrived in fine condition, and will be inoculated in a few days for Texas fever. The gentlemen have decided to call their enterprise the Loveland Stock farm, after the young scion of Corrector.—Drover Stockman.

Atchison "Globe:" "The last year the St. Jacobs Oil company advertised liberally, the profits were \$150,000. The company failed the other day, having quit advertising. A good many of these patent medicine concerns become conceited, and quit advertising and go to pieces. Chas. A. Vogeler, one of the original owners of the medicine, understood the importance of newspaper advertising, but he died, and his widow married another man. The new husband couldn't see the point to advertising, and wrecked the concern."

RANCE NOTES

Rose Wood Stock Farm.

Kiowa, Kansas.

There is hardly a stockman in Southern Kansas or the Territory that has not seen or heard of this magnificent institution, with its \$10,000 barn, equipped with all modern conveniences to lessen labor, and give comfort to the animals. The barn sets on the northwest corner of the farm which consists of 1,800 acres of beautiful prairie land, one mile east of Kiowa Kansas.

The writer has made several visits to the farm recently, attracted mostly by the beautiful trotters, that are now in training, to appear at Fasig Tipton Sale of American trotting horses to be held in Madison Square Garden, N. Y., Feb. 13 to 17.

No ordinary horses can be admitted to this sale. He must first show a good ancestry, and then he must have the finished speed and training that the lovers of fine horses demand when a horse enters this annual sale it is sufficient guarantee that his breeding is perfect and his speed and training he must show on the ground. When this is satisfactory, there is not much quibbling over the price.

Probably the best all round horse that the Rose Wood farm will send to this sale, is Will Dugan a beautiful dark bay, son of Symboler 2:09 1/2. With very little training Dugan has a record of 2:14 and has went quarter miles in 32 seconds which is very remarkable for a three year old colt, and we predict for this beautiful and perfect colt a record of, at least 2:09 before the close of the coming season.

But when it comes to unequalled beauty, both in color and symmetry everything in the horse line that we ever saw must slip aside for Montoleer by Symboler, dam Ladymont by Egmont, and we doubt if any colt in all the great gathering that will appear at Madison Square Garden, will be admired so much as this beautiful equine product of Barber county, Kansas, not alone for his famous beauty but for his splendid abilities as well.

A half sister to Montoleer is Symbolletta, and she is the nearest equal in beauty to him that we have ever seen and she is the especial favorite of the noted driver Deed Tinker of Wichita, Kans., who predicts for her a glorious future.

Their very efficient trainer and driver Mr. Chas. Campbell will accompany them to New York.

The Campbells were among the first to introduce trotters into Southern Kansas and demonstrate the fact that this climate is abreast with any in the world, for the production of record makers and their friends everywhere, note with pride the good measure of success that has crowned their efforts.

DENVER.

From New Mexico.

Carlsbad, New Mexico, }
Jan. 25, 1900. }

PUB. LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR:

Although the cattle shipping business in the valley is just now at a standstill, and probably will remain so for the next two months, there are many purchases of interest bearing on the business that interest people here. The first of all is the transferring of the great wool-scouring plant from Colorado City to this place. This was done at large expense to the owners, but as they now have their plant in the center of the wool producing country both east and west, they will no doubt profit by their move.

Then the continued importation of fine bred cattle into the valley is also attracting attention. These cattle came mostly from Kansas and Missouri.

The railroad is diligently aiding in this matter and removes every obstacle from the way of parties who propose to establish fine stock breeding

farms in the valley or its neighborhood.

The proposed vicious lease-law, advocated by but few people of the valley, and those mainly non-residents, is meeting with a most determined opposition everywhere. It is claimed that it would transform the fertile pastures of the valley into a "land trust."

Oklahoma is always complaining through the columns of the INSPECTOR and other leading papers there of the depredations of the wolves, panthers and other ravenous beasts on its stock pastures. The Pecos valley is free, in a great measure from such losses, but now and then a case comes up worthy of note. A party east of here on the "Staked Plains," a poor man just starting in with a few head of choice cattle lost in a single night in his carral twenty-six head of Hereford calves, standard bred, out of a bunch of seventy-two. Not one of them was eaten. Just simply had their throats cut by these villainous cattle killers. The old man next day shouldered his gun and two days later brought in five scalps of the grey wolf, commonly known as the "Lobo".

The writer not long since, while camped in the hills to the southwest of Carlsbad, was treated to the music of a panther's scream. Talk of your shriek of a lost soul as it descends into the opaque depths of predation, or the cry of a bereaved mother as she sees her babe disappear beneath the water of a raging flood! These would be music compared to it; melody. A Mexican band with the musicians full of beer or a broken "escape" pipe on an engine can come no where near a panther's scream at mid-night.

One old timer in the party, as he crawled out of his blankets and raked together the ashes of the fire, muttered "she's a man-eater sure." We then laid awake. Nobody appeared to be sleepy.

GEO. H. HUTCHINS.

According to the report of the regular cattle inspector, the number of cattle shipped from Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi and Georgia to the Indian Territory and Oklahoma in the year 1899 amounted to 23,140 head.

Cattlemen in Beaver county are suffering a considerable loss from wolves.

From St. Joseph Stock Yards.

South St. Joseph, Mo., }
January 23, 1900. }

The sharp break in cattle the first part of last week occasioned by an oversupply of partly fattened steers had a tendency to restrain shipments the first part of this week and as a result of the more moderate supplies, values have made a good rally. The local market has advanced 10 to 15cts. and good to choice beefs should have shown even a larger gain had they been offered. Cows and heifers have also advanced in the same proportion to steers and bulls have regained all the loss of last week. Veals continue in strong demand at the high point. The improved tone to the market on beefs has also helped the trade in stock cattle, dealers all reporting an enlarged inquiry and prices strong. Good stock bulls and stock heifers are selling to somewhat better advantage than a week ago and the trade is finding it hard to get enough to supply customers. Active steers are quotable at 4.25 to 5.00; Texas and westerns, 3.50 to 5.80; cows and heifers, 3.25 to 4.35; bulls and stags, 2.55 to 4.75; yearlings and calves, 4.10 to 5.10; stockers and feeders, 3.40 to 4.70; veals, 4.50 to 7.00.

The sheep and lamb market continues to show strength under the strong packing demand regardless of the fluctuations noted at other points. Packers want them and are putting up a sharp competitive market. Lambs are now quoted at 5.00 to 6.25; yearlings, 4.60 to 5.25; sheep and yearlings, 4.25 to 5.00; ewes, 3.20 to 4.60.

The hog market shows little change from a week ago, prices being only a shade under the extreme high point. Sales today ranged from 4.50 to 4.70 with the bulk at 4.60 to 4.65, the market being 5 to 10cts. lower.

WARRICK.

The KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS...

Finest Equipped, Most Modern and Best Facilities.

The Kansas City Market, owing to its central location, offers greater advantages than any other.

Twenty-two Railroads Center at These Yards.

The Largest Stocker and Feeder Market in the World,
Buyers from the

ARMOUR PACKING COMPANY,
SWIFT AND COMPANY,
SCHWARZSCHILD & SULZBERGER C.
JACOB DOLD PACKING COMPANY,
GEO. FOWLER, SON & CO., Ltd.,
CUDAHAY PACKING COMPANY.
And all Principal Buyers for Export and Domestic Markets are in Constant Attendance.

	Cattle and Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Official Receipts for 1899	2,017,484	2,959,073	953,241
Sold in Kansas City, 1899	1,883,773	2,891,252	761,401

C. F. MORSE, E. E. RICHARDSON, H. P. CHILD, EUGENE RUST,
Vice-Pres. & Gen. Man'gr. Secy. and Treas. Asst. Gen. Mgr. Traffic Mgr

E. C. WHITFORD, Pres. JOE BAKER, V. Pres. T. F. MCKEE, V. Pres.
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McKee-Zook-Whitford Com Co.,

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STOCK YARDS: SOUTH ST. JOSEPH and KANSAS CITY.. H. S. STEPHENSON Solicitor,
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ROSENBAUM BROS. & CO.,

Live Stock
Com. Merchants.

CHICAGO,
KANSAS CITY,
SOUTH OMAHA,
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Solicit your patronage, and accord to shippers every accommodation which your business and responsibility warrants.

A. M. ALLEN, President. W. H. AVERY, Vice President. W. P. VOORHEES, 2d Vice Pres. & Mgr. A. B. H. MCGEE, Jr., Sec'y-Treas.

GLOBE LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO.

KANSAS CITY YARDS,

Correspondence Solicited.

Kansas City, Kansas

W. H. AVERY, Inspector Loans. Englewood, Kas. B. B. HUCKELL, Inspector Loans, Alva, Oklahoma.

CHAS. BOYLE, CATTLE SALESMAN, Kansas City.
E. E. COFFEY, INSPECTOR LOANS, Woodward, Okla.

Wichita Union Stock Yards Co.,

WICHITA, KANSAS.

Capacity 8,000 Cattle
5,000 Hogs

Private Yards for Texans.
Perfect Sewerage and City Water.
All Pens Covered....

W. R. DULANEY,
Supt. of Stock Yards.

E. J. HEALY & CO.,
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Union Stock Yards, Wichita, Kan.

Special inducement to feeders.
Markets furnished on application.
Phone 305.

—THE—

Wichita Buggy COMPANY

Wants to give you prices on vehicles of all kinds, before you buy. They can and will save you money, in PRICE and QUALITY as well as in freight charges. Don't forget this! Call and see, when in Wichita, Kan. JOHN T. KELLY, Manager, 155 North Main St.

J. C. Casey. D. A. Garst.

Casey & Garst,

WHOLESALE,
WICHITA, KAN.

Sell Grocers' Sundries, Cigars, Tobacco, Candies and everything in our line. We can fit up country stores complete at low prices and low freight.

Goods well bought sell themselves at a profit. Write us for special prices and mention this paper.

CASEY & GARST,
Wichita, Kan.

Wholesale Merchants.

C. G. KNOX,
Vice-President.

CHAS. T. JONES,
General Manager.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET OF ST. LOUIS.

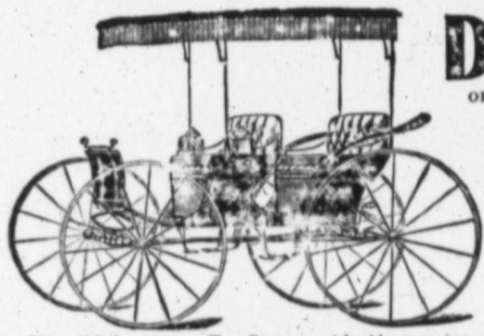
THE ST. LOUIS
National Stock Yards.

Located at East St. Louis, Ill., directly opposite the City of St. Louis. Shippers should see that their stock is billed directly to the

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

L. W. KRAKE,

General Manager.



No. C66—Canopy-Top Surrey, with side curtains, lamps, storm apron, sun shade and pole or shafts. Price, \$65. As good as sells for \$55 more.

nation and guarantee everything. Send for our large illustrated Catalogue before buying IT'S FREE.

Don't Take Any Chances

on an inferior vehicle or harness. Your life and that of your family depends upon their quality and reliability. You can't tell very much about the quality of a vehicle by simply looking at it. The paint and varnish effectively hides the quality of material. Vehicles must be bought largely on faith—faith in the honesty of the manufacturer.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have been selling vehicles and harness direct to consumers for twenty-seven years. In fact we are the largest manufacturer of vehicles and harness in the world selling to the consumer exclusively. These facts speak volumes for the quality of our goods and our method of doing business. You take no chances; we ship our vehicles and harness anywhere for examination and guarantee everything. Send for our large illustrated Catalogue before buying IT'S FREE.



No. 75—Single collar and hand harness, with nickel trimmings. Price, \$14. Good as usually sells for \$20.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MANUFACTURING CO., Elkhart, Indiana.

Do You Ship Cattle?

Very many readers of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR will soon begin shipping cattle to the markets at Kansas City, St. Joseph and St. Louis. For the benefit of those who may be undecided where to consign, the following list will be of value, representing as it does the leading and more progressive commission firms at the markets.

If you expect to get top sales for your stuff don't monkey with back number firms who are not alive to their business, who do not even solicit your patronage.

On the other hand, the firms and companies below named are up to date in method; they employ the very best salesman and buyers; they thoroughly understand their business and can give you the very best service at no higher rates than is charged you by others in the business who do not even seek your acquaintance.

In addition to all this these men aid you directly by assisting you to maintain an Association journal; they are interested in your success and invite your confidence. Consign to these people when you ship, no matter whether it be a single car load or a hundred; no matter whether it be cattle, hogs or sheep, and you will not have cause to regret your action.

- Here are the
PROGRESSIVE COMMISSION FIRMS OF
KANSAS CITY, ST. JOSEPH AND ST. LOUIS.
McKee-Zook-Whitford Com. Co.
Lone Star Commission Co.
Elmore & Cooper.
Tamblyn & Tamblin.
Barse Commission Co.
Kansas City Live Stock Com. Co.
South & Kirk.
Zeb F. Crider Commission Co.
T. P. Gordon Commission Co.
Paugh & Co., Wichita, Kan.
Goodloe McClelland Com. Co.
Rosenbaum Bros. & Co.

SAVE YOUR CASH
You need fence. The ready made kinds cost from 60 to 75c a rod. We tell you how to make the best fence on earth for **20 to 35 Cents per Rod.** Over 100 Styles, and from 50 to 70 rods per day. Send for our free Catalogue. **KITSELMAN BROTHERS,** Box 245, Ridgeville, Indiana, U. S. A.

Paugh & Co.

Successors to McCoy & Underwood and Eldridge & Campbell.

Live Stock Commission Merchants,
UNION STOCK YARDS, WICHITA, KAS.

Correspondence solicited. Markets by Eagle and Drivers' News sent free. Make your consignments to us. Special inducements to feeders.



St. Louis & San Francisco R. R.

Will make you the
Lowest Rates
—and—
Quickest Time

To St. Louis, Joplin, Carthage, Springfield, Fort Smith, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Boston, New York, Louisville, Washington, D. C., or any other place. When purchasing your tickets be sure and ask the Santa Fe Agents to route you this way. They all have through-tickets in connection with the

Frisco Line

via Wichita, Winfield or Cherryvale. The Santa Fe trains make close connection for all points on this Line.

Further information as to Time, Rates, Route, Etc., will be cheerfully given by

B. F. DUNN, BRYAN SNYDER,
Dist. Pass. Ag't, Gen. Pass. Ag't,
Wichita, Kan. St. Louis, Mo.

When visiting Kansas City, stop at the

BLOSSOM HOUSE,
Opposite Union Depot,

From Beaver County.

Beaver Oklahoma, Jan. 11, 1900.

Written for the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR:

The attention of a traveler on entering Beaver County, is called to the immense area of buffalo grass and superior appearance of cattle grazing on the range. In the matter of grass, some of the counties east of Beaver are deficient, for, while they have plenty of sage grass they also lack for winter grasses, such as buffalo and gramma. Our country stands without a peer throughout Oklahoma for highly graded range cattle, both for number and quality. So far during this winter, only a few isolated cases of any death losses to speak of, have been reported to me, and have occurred among the western cows going through their first winter and brought into the country late and in thin condition.

The native and wintered stock has sustained no loss up to date, but as before remarked, our loss to come, if any, will be during March, principally. We have had no snow or cold weather amounting to much, and with a fairly open winter March 1st, stock in this country should pull through with but a slight per cent of loss. Still grass is of quite poor quality and short. Extreme cold snaps would have a very bad effect, and poor cattle should be kept well warmed up with corn. No cattle changing hands. This is between seasons with the cowman. His efforts are confined mostly to seeing after his stock and keeping the old cow alive. We are prospecting pretty carefully over the range for thin cattle, and when found they are at once placed in a feeding corral to be fed until spring and grass comes. On the whole, we are feeling pretty well just now in this corner of Gov. Barnes' dominion. J. I. C.

Jorden's Annual Report.

Quanah, Texas, Jan. 1.

To Mr. Albert Dean, Live Stock Agent in Charge, B. A. L., Kansas City Kansas:

SIR:—During the year ending December 31, 1899, I have supervised, by personal inspection or identification by brands, the movement of three hundred fifty-seven thousand, four hundred twenty-two (357,422) head of cattle that originated North or West of the United States quarantine line (uninfected area) in Texas, that were shipped by rail or driven to the states or territories, for grazing or feeding as follows:

Via the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, 205,000 cattle, of which 87,424 head went to Kansas, 28,873 head to Oklahoma, 16,625 head to Montana, 16,421 head to Missouri, 12,104 head to Nebraska, 11,306 head to Iowa, 9,601 head to Wyoming, 8,142 head to Indiana, 6,109 head to South Dakota, 4,107 head to North Dakota, 2,704 head to Illinois and 1,674 head to Colorado.

Via the Fort Worth & Denver City railway, 78,807 cattle, of which 27,390 head went to South Dakota, 19,668 head to Nebraska, 13,428 head to Montana, 9,416 head to Colorado, 4,564 head to Wyoming, 3,278 head to North Dakota and 1,063 head to Kansas.

Via the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway, 28,050 cattle, of which 16,304 head went to Kansas, 4,106 head to Oklahoma, 3,276 head to Nebraska, 1,876 head to Illinois, 1,446 head to Missouri and 1,042 to Iowa.

Via the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway, 2,930 cattle, of which 2,246 head went to Missouri and 684 head to Kansas.

Forty-two thousand five hundred forty-five (42,545) head of cattle were driven from the safe area in Texas, distributed as follows: To Oklahoma, 29,476 head; to Kansas, 8,162 head; to Montana, 3,234 head, and to Colorado, 1,672 head.

During the past season three droves of cattle, aggregating 5,300 head, originating north of the quarantine line in Texas, on inspection, were found to be infected with Southern cattle fever (infested with *Boophilus bovis*), and were placed in quarantine under Texas law. Four thousand two hundred (4,200) head of these cattle, from

Garza Co., Texas, were shipped to the Chickasaw Indian reservation, I. T.; one drove of five hundred (500) head, originating in King Co., Tex., were returned to point of origin; and the remaining drove of six hundred (600) head, from Haskell Co., Tex., were quarantined in a pasture located about 15 miles south of Estelline, in Hall Co., Tex. The infection in those cases was brought in during the open season of 1897-8, by cattle from Louisiana and Eastern Texas. The fever infection introduced into the counties immediately above the quarantine line during that season has caused the loss of about 700 head of cattle this year.

During the grazing season of 1899, 309,366 cattle originated below the quarantine line in Texas were moved to the Indian Territory and the infected area in Oklahoma, 278,530 head of which were shipped by rail and 30,836 trailed. In addition to the above, 23,140 head of cattle from Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas, were shipped by rail into the Indian Territory and the infected area of Oklahoma.

During the months of November and December 17,393 head of cattle were admitted on inspection from the infected area to points north of the quarantine line in Texas.

On account of excessive rains in November last, the grass throughout Western Oklahoma, the Panhandle and Western Texas is still green, which is not considered by cattlemen as a favorable condition at this time of the year. The cattle, however, are in fair flesh, and in numbers, the cows and other stock cattle will compare very favorably with recent years; but there is a noticeable shortage of steers, 2-year-olds and up. Only about 15 per cent as many calves were sold off of the range to go to Northern feedlots, as compared with the movement last year. The calf crop of the season of 1899, will run from 85 per cent in favored localities to 50 per cent of a crop in places less favorable.

Very respectfully,
Live Stock Agent.

CATTLE FROM MANILA.

Drovers' Telegram: H. B. Phillips of this city is the possessor of three head of cattle, just imported from the Philippines. The herd includes a bull, a cow and a calf. They are said to be the only specimens of the bovine animals ever brought to this country from the Philippines. The cost, delivered in San Francisco, was \$1,175.

It is custom in the Philippines to use these cattle as beasts of burden, and the ones imported here are all well broken. The bull is about one-fourth as large as the average native American bull and weighs 400 pounds. He is about three feet tall, seven feet long, and has red hair about the length of American cattle. The cow is the same color as the bull and of about the same size and weight. The cow gives about seven pints of milk per day. The milk is exceptionally rich. The calf is the most interesting of the three. It is not thirty inches tall, weighs only about 150 pounds, and is about as wide as it is long. The horns are very small and extend back over his head instead of forward, as those of the American cattle do. The calf is half water buffalo, and has wonderful staying powers under water.

These cattle are interesting in comparing them with the class of stock we are familiar with in America, and no doubt Mr. Phillips will have many visitors this week who want to see what kind of stock is produced in the "western" part of this country.

The cattlemen of Texas and New Mexico through Representative Stephens, have introduced a bill for leasing the public grazing land of the arid States and Territories. The lease price is fixed at 3c per acre for watered land and 2c for unwatered. One man is permitted to lease only two watered sections and six unwatered sections. Any person leasing one section must also lease three sections of unwatered land. Watered lands can be leased for five years and unwatered for ten years.

FOUR DAYS HEREFORD SALE.

Two Hundred Head, Special Selected Registered Whitefaces. The Sale of the Year.

At no time since the advent of the Hereford in this country has there been the equal in quality or breeding of those that will be sold at public sale at Kansas City, Feb. 27-28, and March 1-2, 1900, coming as they do from the herds of Stannard, Sotham, Van Natta & Son and Scott & Marsh the cattle need no introduction to the American beef cattle breeding public. The records of these four herds in the past and the statement of each consigner that they believe the cattle to be, numbers consigned, the choicest lot ever offered at public sale any where in the history of the breed.

The writer has looked over the offerings that will go into the sale and takes it upon himself to say that he believes that there are more extra good individuals in proportion to the whole number than has come under his observation at any time during the past twenty five years. The reader is respectfully requested to consult the announcement elsewhere in this issue and write for a free copy of catalogues.

W. P. BRUSH.

The New Schedule.

Assessor I. W. Hart returned from Guthrie the 26th, where he was in attendance at the meeting of county assessors, of Oklahoma. Mr. Hart reports an interesting session, and that they asked the territorial board to increase the valuation of railroad property to correspond with the raise in other properties. The schedule for 1900 is as follows.

1. First class horses shall be assessed at from \$50 to \$200; second class \$20 to \$50; third class \$5 to \$20.
2. Jacks and stallions to be assessed at \$50 to \$50.
3. First class mules and asses to be assessed at \$35 to \$75; second class, \$20 to \$35; third class, \$5 to \$20.
4. Cattle six months old and under two years old, \$8 to \$20; cattle two years old and over, \$18 to \$30; cows, \$15 to \$35; bulls, \$15 to \$100.
5. Sheep and goats over three months old \$1 to \$1.50; bucks, \$5 to \$25.
6. Swine over three months old \$2 per 100 pounds.
7. Farm implements to be assessed at cash value.
8. Wagons to be assessed at from 10 to 80 per cent of first cost.
9. Pleasure carriages of every description from 10 to 80 per cent of first cost.
10. Gold watches \$20 to \$50.
11. Silver and other watches at \$1 to \$20.
12. Plate and jewelry at cash value.
13. Piano fortes from \$40 to \$500.
14. Other musical instruments from \$1 to \$100.
15. Household furniture to be assessed at not less than \$5.
16. Territorial bonds to be assessed at cash value.
17. Stocks in any company or corporation to be assessed at cash value.
18. Bicycles to be assessed at from \$5 to \$80.
19. Money to be assessed at 100 cents on the dollar.
20. Credits to be assessed at cash value.
21. Average merchandise stocks to be assessed at actual cash value.
22. Manufacturers stocks for the preceding year to be assessed at actual cash value.
23. Promissory notes to be assessed at actual cash value.
24. Tax sale certificates to be assessed at cash value.
25. Judgments to be assessed at cash value.
26. All loans, discounts, etc., of banks and banking institutions, to be assessed at cash value.
27. Improvements on all unentered lands, including school lands, not deeded, to be assessed at cash value.
28. Grain on hand to be assessed at market value.
29. Machinery of all kinds to be as-

essed at from 10 to 80 per cent of first cost.

30. The aggregate of all other personal property to be assessed at cash value.

31. All real estate to be assessed at its actual cash value.

El Reno's Turn.

El Reno, O. T., January 15.—E. F. Mitchell returned yesterday from a trip among the cowmen. He says everywhere he went he heard nothing but:

"Are you going to the convention at El Reno next month?"

"Why, certainly I am going. What do you take me for?"

Mr. Mitchell says the other conventions of like nature, held heretofore, will not be in it the least little bit with the monster show that is going to come off in El Reno. The small sum of \$6,000,000 will be represented during the two days the convention will be in session, and the men who own it are not a bit squeamish in putting out a goodly quantity of it. Wichita had a little side show last fall, called a Street Fair, but even that was not a marker to the vast attractions which will be displayed in El Reno.

For further particulars, see Billy Bolton.—Wichita Beacon.

A Cure For Smallpox.

To The Star: Kindly publish this prescription for the benefit of the general public: The worst case of smallpox can be cured in three days, simply by the use of cream of tartar. One ounce of cream of tartar dissolved in a pint of hot water and drank at intervals, when cold, is a certain never failing remedy. It has cured thousands. Never leaves a mark, never causes blindness, and avoids tedious lingering. It will check and stamp out the disease quicker than anything else, and saves the great expense that sickness brings.

In conclusion, let me say, use a glass or stone or china vessel; never use tin or iron to keep it in or make it in, as both destroy the tartaric flavor. —Mrs. J. T. H.—In K. C. Star.

"BREEZY WESTERN VERSE"

—BY—

James Barton Adams.

Is something every cattleman and stock farmer should have. The book contains about 80 poems, a great many of which are of ranch and range. The titles of some of them are:

- "A Christian Cowboy's Creed."
- "A Cowgirl's Sweet Confession."
- "A Rough Rider's Capture."
- "When Broncho Jack was Spliced."
- "A Cowboy's Sweetheart."
- "A Rancher's Terrible Afflictions."
- "The Rancher Maiden's Sorrow."
- "At a Cowboy Dance."

Send 25c to James Barton Adams Editor of the Postscript Department of the Denver Post, and the book will be sent immediately.



KITZELMAN ORNAMENTAL FENCE.
More ornamental than iron and as cheap as a wood picket fence. Over 50 different designs. Catalogue free.
KITZELMAN BROS., Box 245 Ridgeville, Ind.

Registered Herefords

For Sale.—10 Cows, 10 Yearling Heifers, 10 Heifer Calves, 20 Yearling Bulls.
THOS. EVANS,
Nov 15-3m Hartford, Kan.

INOCULATED RED POLLS.

I have now at the Missouri Experiment Station for inoculation against Texas fever two selected loads of Red Poll Bulls. They are a fine lot, coming from the noted herd of Capt. V. T. Hills, Delaware, Ohio. Later on they will be brought here to be sold. For Catalogue and particulars write me.
C. S. MITCHELL, Jr.,
American Nat'l Bank, 17th Dallas, Texas.

BREEDER'S DIRECTORY



Shorthorn Bulls

We breed Short-Horn Bulls from deepest strains of Bates cattle, using sires from such famous old and tried families as Wild Eyes, Kirk-Levington, Barrington, Rose of Sharon, Hilpa, Liverpools and Craggs.

No bulls on earth have greater power of transmitting the qualities that have made the Short Horn the leading beef breed of cattle. Our bulls are bred on Buffalo grass, and are not weakened for range purposes by being pampered.

Our ranch is on the Staked Plains, seventeen miles from Panhandle, Tex. Come and see us.

H. T. GROOM Manager,
Panhandle, Texas.

(Please mention this paper.)

R. S. COOK, WICHITA, KAS.

BREEDER OF

Poland-China Swine



correspondence invited.

The prize-winning herd of the great west. Seven prizes at the World's Fair; eleven firsts at the Kansas District fair, 1893; twelve firsts at Kansas State fair, 1894; ten first and seven second at Kansas State fair, 1895. The home of the greatest breeding and prize-winning boars in the West, such as Banner Boy 28441, Black Joe 28003, World Beater and King Hadley. For Sale, an extra choice lot of richly-bred, well-marked pigs by these noted sires and out of thirty-five extra large, richly bred sows. Inspection or

HEREFORD GROVE STOCK FARM,

U. S. WEDDINGTON, Proprietor,

CHILDRESS,

TEXAS.

Native bred Registered Hereford Cattle. Herd bred strongly with ANXIETY and LORD WILSON blood, and other famous families. A first class lot of young Bulls for sale. Inspection solicited. 12-6m

BRIGHTSIDE BOARS.

We are now dispersing 22 head of fine young Poland China Boars, standard bred and ready for spring service. On account of remodeling our pens, these Boars will be sold cheap, if taken at once. Pedigree with each animal sold.



Address all orders to

U. H. SHULL,

19th

Brightside Stock Farm,
Mulvane, Kansas.

Recorded Hereford Bulls.



YOUNG STOCK FOR SALE,

Either sex, single or car lots.

FRED COWMAN,

Lost Springs, Marion Co., Kans.

For Sale

12 Head Registered 2-yr-old Hereford Bulls.

HILLSIDE RANCH, Woodward, Okla.

Fine Bulls for sale at all times. Singly or in Car Load lots

D. P. MARUM.

REGISTERED Short-Horn Bull Calves For Sale.
My prices cannot be duplicated when quality is considered. D. P. NORTON,
Nov 15-99 Dunlap, Kan.

Sir Charles Corwin 14520 and Graceful Chief

Two of the greatest boars living head this herd. We have taken more premiums than any herd in the state in the last three years. We keep our herd up to date in blood lines. Both sexes at all ages for sale at the very lowest prices. Write or come and see us. We will meet you at the train.

ELM BEACH FARM,
Wichita, Kas.

C. M. Irwin, Office Firebaugh Black.
S. C. Duncan Supt.

GRANDVIEW HEREFORDS.

Grandview Farm is devoted to the breeding of the most desirable strains of Herefords. 50 choice registered 1899 Bull Calves for sale.

C. G. COMSTOCK, Albany, Mo.

WM. POWELL,

Breeder of Registered Hereford Cattle.

The Home of the Hereford. Established 1868. Channing, Hartley Co., Texas.

My herd consists of 400 head of all the well known families of the breed. I have for sale at all times both Bulls and Heifers. Either singly or in car-load lots. Correspondence solicited. 8-1y

PERSONAL POINTERS.

John C. Snyder, of Kildare, Okla., editor of the poultry department in the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, was one of the judges at the recent great chicken show at Kansas City.

W. M. Ferguson, of Wellington was in the city the 15th, and while here purchased 500 feeders.

John B. Sherman, who has been president of the Union Stock Yards and Transit Company, of Chicago, for 35 years, resigned on the 18th. John A. Spoor, vice president of the Company has been made Chairman.

U. S. Weddington, proprietor of the Hereford Grove Stock Farm at Childress, Texas, and whos. advertisement appears in the Breeder's Directory in the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, has just completed a number of sales. E. B. Burleson and son, L. B., of Bastrop, Texas, purchased eight heifer calves and two bull calves, and Mr. Van Martin, Motley County Texas, purchased one of his fine bulls. No prices were mentioned, but they were high, as the Hereford Grove Stock Farm is noted for its fine stock.

Mr. H. F. Mitchell, so long manager of the LIT-ranch, has now, in connection with Mr. Al Popham, purchased the well known Frying Pan ranch, together with 2700 head of cattle. This ranch, comprising a large territory, is situated 16 miles from Amarillo, and well supplied with breaks where cattle are protected from severe weather. —Channing Courier.

Meade, Kansas, Jan. 8, 1900.

EDITOR LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR:
Please find enclosed \$1.50 for that most worthy paper, the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR. It is the best, most reliable and beneficial stock paper I ever read. As ever yours, H. F. DANKS.

On January 14 M. S. Gorden, of Weatherford, Texas, sold to Mr. Speck, a cattleman at Iowa Park, 24 head of fine Hereford cattle, the consideration being \$150 per head.—Droyer's Telegram.

Hon. E. F. Mitchell has purchased, in Missouri, and brought to this city, thirty-seven head of Hereford and Polled Angus cattle.—El Reno Globe.

E. B. Johnson shipped two trainloads of fat cattle to Kansas City on Saturday. There were thirty carloads, and he has been feeding them at the oil mill's feed yards in Oklahoma City. They went over the Frisco. Among those who accompanied the cattle were John McGinley and Jim Allen.—Norman Transcript.

C. J. Jones, commonly known all over this country as "Buffalo Jones," has received a proposition from the Canadian government to bring out a drove of buffalo, musk ox and reindeer from remote regions in the north-west. Mr. Jones is considering the proposition.

Jno. U. Rhynard, one of the substantial patrons of this paper at Moscow, was a pleasant caller the 19th.

A. H. Tandy returned the 22nd from the convention at Ft. Worth. His son Will, who accompanied him, remains in Ft. Worth, and will attend college there.

Marion Hendricks, of Ouita, Iowa, who has been looking over our country left for his home the 22nd. He added his name to our subscription list before leaving.

Superintendent W. D. Nelligan, of the Santa Fe, was up from Amarillo the 20th.

G. W. Patterson came up from Haekberry the 22nd on a short business visit.

Capt. E. T. Morris, one of the cattlemen from Gainsville, Texas, was in Woodward the 20th.

Train master E. A. Austin, of Wellington, was in the city the 24th looking after railroad matters.

THE CATTLEMEN'S BALL.

(Written by request for the Oklahoma Live Stock Association.)

There'll be fun in Oklahoma when the Monarchs of the Range
Throw aside the chaparejos for a most refreshing change—
Get together in the ball-room in a blaze of cheery light,
In a glittering oasis in the desert of the night,
Strains of soul-entrancing music, flashes from angelic eyes,
Rancher maidens, dreams of beauty, clad in fashionable guise,
And the matrons blest with graces hand of time can never pall
Will be there to lend enchantment to the cattlemen's ball.

There the frisky gods of pleasure and of merriment will reign,
Not a face will hold a shadow that suggests a clinging pain,
Every care will be forgotten when the band begins to play
And the hoofs begin to shuffle in the jolly run-away;
How the echoes will be shattered with the beating of their feet,
How the air will gaily tingle with the glad harmonic treat
When the fiddles get to playing and the horns begin to squall
And the jollity runs riot at the cattlemen's ball.

Men that used to sit the saddle and to wear the jingling spurs
With their hair by breezes tangled and their whiskers full of burrs,
Men who rode and punched the cattle on the roundup and the drive
Will be there in royal raiment as the king-bees of the hive,
Swallow tails they'll all be wearing with the tony low-cut vest,
Built to show the starchy surface of the broad expanse of breast,
And beneath their patent leathers how their corns will fairly squall
O'er the pinching operation at the cattlemen's ball.

Here's a greeting to the fellows of the Oklahoma plains,
May their sunshine of existence be the sort that never wanes;
May their range of life be studded with the flowers of delight,
And the cheery grass of pleasure never know a drouthy blight,
And when Gabriel leads the roundup with his loud arousing horn,
May the tally books up yonder on the resurrection morn
Never show a mark against them, but be clear, and may they all
Feel as gay as if the call was to a cattlemen's ball.

—JAMES BARTON ADAMS, Denver, Colorado.

DO YOU WANT IT?

This edition of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR will reach several thousand cattlemen in addition to the thousands who receive and read every issue. Do you want it?

The LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR is the only paper in America, devoted to the interests of the Live Stock Grower, Breeder and Feeder, PUBLISHED ON THE RANGE.

It is up-to-date, issued twice every month, contains special Live Stock News in every number, a resume of the Markets, Personal mention, Poultry Department and For Women on Stock Farm and Ranch, latest Quarantine Regulations of the Government and State Boards, advertising which will save you money, and editorial matter concerning your interests.

You need it. TRY IT. Fill out blank below, send it to us, and you'll get it:

Publisher LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR,
Woodward, Oklahoma.
Enclosed find One Dollar, for which send LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR one year to

Postoffice _____
State _____

Our readers who are interested in poultry and who want a suggestion towards success will be pleased to know that The Collins Incubator Co., of Kansas City, Mo. took first prize on their incubator at the big poultry show held in the big Convention hall at Kansas City, this month. Their incubators range from \$20 up and can be operated by a mere child.

ROOF YOUR CORN CRIB WITH Corrugated Iron.

Cheapest, Best, and Most Easily Applied. The Kansas City Roofing & Corrugating Co., 218 and 220 West Third St., KANSAS CITY, MO.

POSTAL NOTE WANTS.

This department is conducted especially for LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR patrons, and only the small charge of two cents per word merely to cover cost is made for advertisements of cattle for sale or pasture, lands for lease or sale, feed for sale, etc.—in short any want felt about the rancho or farm. Enclose postal note for amount with order and if insertion is desired for more than single issue, remit to cover the amount. Address, Postal Card Wants, care LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, Woodward, Okla.

FOR SALE.—Good bank safe, burglar proof and fine time lock, fire proof, five feet four inches high, three feet two inches wide and two feet eight inches deep, weighs 5,800 pounds. Price \$275. Address "B," care of Live Stock Inspector.

FOR SALE OR LEASE.—Cattle ranch in Beaver county, Oklahoma, on Beaver river, 30 miles south of Liberal, Kans., 480 acres of deeded hay land. For terms apply to O. H. Simpson, Dodge City, Kansas.

\$100. For 20 cent stamps, and receive by return mail, following RARE and VALUABLE

Trade Secrets:

All new receipts that have sold from \$1.00 to \$5.00 each:—

- How to make Port Wine from Blackberries.
 - Cider Without Apples.
 - The Housekeeper's Friend.
 - Rat, Mouse and Roach Exterminator.
 - Washing Fluid.
 - Fly Poison.
 - Patent Blacking.
 - Lightning Ink Eraser.
 - Cleaning Compound.
 - Angler's Secret.
 - Royal Washing Powder.
- All for 10 2-cent stamps. Address G. W. BRAIN, 112 Reno Ave., Oklahoma City, O. T. 212

Senator Marum shipped two white-face bulls, (Woodstone and Joe Wheeler) to James F. Noel, Alva, O. T.

Frank Butsch, a representative of the Elmore-Cooper Commission Company at El Paso, Texas, was here the 16th looking after business matters.

E. E. Coffey, who is representative at this place for the Western Brokerage Company of Kansas City, returned from a business trip to headquarters the 12th.

J. H. Charless, of Wichita, and F. S. Gamble, of Wellington, were in Woodward a few hours the 11th. They were on their way to Roswell, New Mexico, where they will make their homes in the future. The INSPECTOR will be a regular visitor to them.

A Reliable House.

The Patrons Supply House, 59 Lake Street, Chicago, is a reliable concern to deal with. It has the official endorsement of the Patrons of Industry, an extensive organization among farmers, who purchase their supplies through this house at wholesale prices.

The house issues a large catalog of from 450 to 500 pages semi-annually, quoting wholesale prices on all classes of goods. This catalog is furnished free to all its patrons, and will also be sent free to others who will take the trouble to write for it. At the same time send the names of your neighbors who may be interested in receiving a copy of same.

The house is making a remarkable run on buggies and harness at the present time. See their announcement elsewhere.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY BY

W. E. BOLTON.

WOODWARD, OKLAHOMA
Represented in Kansas City by E. F. Halstead.
Represented in New Mexico by Geo. H. Hutchins,
Carlsbad.

The only journal published in Oklahoma and
the Indian Territory, devoted exclusively to
live stock interests and stock farming.

Entered at the post-office at Woodward, Okla-
homa, as second-class mail matter.

Subscription \$1 per Year in Advance.

FEBRUARY 1, 1900.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

REMITTANCES. In sending money to the LIVE
STOCK INSPECTOR please observe that the Clearing
House will not accept private checks at par. Rem-
it by postal or express orders, eastern bank ex-
change, registered letter, or if by private check
add twenty-five cents for collection. Amounts of
less than \$1 can be paid in postage stamps.

DISCONTINUANCES. Subscribers wishing the
LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR stopped at the expiration
of their subscription must notify us in writing to
that effect otherwise we shall consider it as their
wish to have it continued and we will make col-
lection for the same.

CHANGES OF ADDRESS. When a change of ad-
dress is ordered, both the new and old address
must be given and notice sent two weeks before
the change is desired. We require this on ac-
count of our heavy mailing list.

Official Organ of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association.

At News Depots, and On Trains.

1900

January

Calendar grid for January 1900 showing days of the week and dates.

February

Calendar grid for February 1900 showing days of the week and dates.

March

Calendar grid for March 1900 showing days of the week and dates.

April

Calendar grid for April 1900 showing days of the week and dates.

May

Calendar grid for May 1900 showing days of the week and dates.

June

Calendar grid for June 1900 showing days of the week and dates.

OKLAHOMA POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

J. J. WALLACE, Pres., Oklahoma City.
L. F. LAVERTY, Sec'y, Guthrie.
ROBT. MORRIS, Vice-Pres., Guthrie.

OKLAHOMA SWINE BREEDERS ASSOCIATION

A. J. HENTHORN, Pres., Oklahoma City.
C. S. WILLIAMS, Sec'y, North Euid.

OKLAHOMA AGRICULTURAL, HORTICUL-
TURAL AND IRRIGATION SOCIETY.

E. E. BOGUE, Pres., Stillwater.
C. A. McNABB, Sec'y., Oklahoma City.

NATIONAL LIVE STOCK ASSOCIA-
TION DIRECTORY.

HEADQUARTERS, DENVER, COLO.

HON. JOHN W. SPRINGER, President.
JOHN M. HOLT, Vice President.
GEORGE L. GOULDING, Treasurer.
CHARLES F. MARTIN, Secretary, postoffice box
880, telephone 726.

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H A Jastro, G F Patrick, J D Wood, J R Stoller.
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Horses—Colin Cameron, D N Stiekney, W C Mc-
Donald.
Hogs—Reuben Gentry, G W Melville, I H Stol-
ter.

The Sumner County Live Stock as-
sociation held an interesting meeting
in Wellington, on the 13th.

\$2,000 have been raised by the cat-
tlemen of Kansas to make a fight in
the courts against the new cattle rates
established by the railroads.

The Santa Fe hauled a train recent-
ly consisting of 73 cars. It was a
half mile in length, and took two of
the heaviest engines on the division to
pull it. It was an Oklahoma train.

The Woodward LIVE STOCK INSPEC-
TOR, which has always been a good
paper, seems to grow better with every
issue. The current number is one of
the finest illustrated papers of its class
that we have ever seen.—Canadian Re-
cord.

We are just in receipt of Gov.
Barnes' annual report to the Secretary
of the Interior for the year 1899. It is
a neat 106 page paper-back volume,
and is handsomely illustrated with 27
half tone engravings. It also contains
a new railroad map of Oklahoma.
Two of the illustrations are from
scenes in Woodward county.

The Hereford and Shorthorn breeders
of America, will hold a joint exhibi-
tion and sale at Kansas City the last
two weeks in October, 1900. Both
Hereford and Shorthorn breeders have
always contended for supremacy
among the stockmen of the West, but
this is the first time they have ever
agreed to meet at one great show and
let merit decide. About \$20,000 will
be offered in prizes.

The Live Stock Commission Mer-
chant's Protective Association, which
comprises many of the leading com-
mission firms of Chicago and Kansas
City, was organized at the latter named
place on the 15th. The action is taken
in order to secure better protection
against swindlers. The following offi-
cers were elected: M. P. Buell, of
Chicago, President; M. D. Scruggs,
of Kansas City, Vice-President; J. H.
Waite, of Kansas City, Secretary and
Treasurer.

It would be a great help to the gov-
ernment census takers if farmers
would classify and schedule their stock
ready for the enumerators. This data
could just as well be prepared in ad-
vance, and as nobody is more interest-
ed in this compilation than the far-
mer himself, it should be thorough and
complete in every respect. Especially
is it important that the supply of
young live stock on hand be given ac-
curately, for then by the time the figures
are published, one can tell in some
measure what there is available in the
country. The government never has
had a classification of live stock that
was worth much to the trade by the
time it got in type.—Chicago Drover's
Journal.

SIXTH ANNUAL CONVENTION

—OF THE—

Oklahoma Live Stock Association

WILL BE HELD AT

El Reno, Oklahoma, February 13th and 14th, 1900.

"You All are Invited to Come."

NOTE.—One Fare Railroad Rate to El Reno and return has been made for above dates by
the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe; the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; the Choctaw, Oklahoma and
Gulf; and the Fort Worth and Denver, Railroads. Selling dates for round trip tickets, Feb. 10, 11 and
12, limited to return on Feb. 17, 1900. Ask your railroad agent for round trip ticket to El Reno.

Special: On Feb 12, the Santa Fe Railway will run a special train from Higgins, Texas, to El
Reno, returning Feb. 15th, 1900. Rate of fare on this train, from Higgins to Kiowa, Kan., and inter-
mediates, Five Dollars for round trip to El Reno and return.

Don't Forget: Members and Guests attending the Convention will please register with the
Secretary of the Association and receive Badges, upon arrival in El Reno.

CONVENTION PROGRAMME

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 13.

The Convention will be called to order in the Opera Hall promptly at 10 o'clock A. M., by the
President of the Association.
Address of Welcome by the Mayor of El Reno, Hon. T. F. Hensley. Response by President A. T.
Wilson.

BUSINESS SESSION.

Report of Executive Committee.—Report of Treasurer.—Report of Secretary.—Adoption of Reports.
—Amendments to Constitution and By-Laws.—Acceptance of new members reported by the Executive
Committee during past year.—Enrollment of new members and applications for membership.—Introduction
of Resolutions and appointment of Committee.

Election of Officers for the coming year will be held immediately after finishing the business of
the Convention on the first day of the session.
Address: "Value of the Live Stock Industry in Oklahoma"—Gov. C. M. Barnes.
"Marketing For Profit"—Hon. Frank Cooper, Kansas City, Mo.
Adjournment.

[Amusements furnished by City of El Reno, including Branding Contests and Racing, will occur
each afternoon under direction of local Committee.]

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 13.

7:30 P. M.—Music by Band.
Invocation.
"My First Impressions of the Range"—Dr. F. E. DeLonge, Chillicothe, Mo.
Recitation—"Kissing Cup's Race"—Miss Florence Dennis, Granbury, Texas.
"Value of the Range Horse"—Prof. C. F. Curtis, Dean Iowa Agricultural College.
Recitation: "The Tiger Lily"—Miss Mary Tandy, Woodward, Oklahoma.
Illustrated Lecture: "Types of Steers Affecting Profits to the Ranchman and Stock Farmer"—Prof.
F. C. Burtis, A. & M. College of Oklahoma.
Recitation: "So Was I"—Miss Florence Dennis, Granbury, Texas.
Music by Band Adjourn.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 14.

9:00 A. M. Sharp.—"Blackleg in Cattle and Its Prevention"—P. W. Hunt, Fort Worth, Texas.
"International Live Stock Exposition"—D. O. Lively, Chicago, Illinois.
"Splenetic Fever and Quarantine Legislation in Oklahoma"—Col. Albert Dean, Bureau of Animal
Industry of U. S.
"Present and Future Range Conditions"—Col. L. A. Allen, Kansas City.
"Value of the Experiment Station"—Prof. H. J. Waters, Dean Missouri Agricultural College.
"Means of Preventing Texas Fever"—Dr. Lewis, Territorial Veterinarian, Oklahoma A. & M.
College.

DINNER.

1:30 P. M., Sharp.—"The Hereford Adapted to the Range"—Col. T. F. B. Sotham, Chillicothe, Mo.
"Relations that Should Exist Between Ranchmen and Commission Salesmen"—H. C. Offutt,
Kansas City, Mo.
"Forage Crops to Help Out the Grasses of the Range in Oklahoma"—Prof. John Fields, Director
Oklahoma Experiment Station.
"Things in General"—Editor Claridge, San Antonio, Texas.

"The Value of Well Equipped Markets"—Five-minute Talks by
M. B. Irwin, St. Joseph, Mo.
L. W. Krake, St. Louis, Mo.
Eugene Rust, Kansas City, Mo.
W. R. Dulaney, Wichita, Kan.
F. G. Leonard, Chicago, Ills.
G. W. Ballentine, Denver, Colorado.
Andrew Nimmo, Fort Worth, Texas.

Report of Meeting of Western Quarantine Association.—Col. W. B. Tullis, Quanah, Tex.
Selection of Committee on Resolutions, and adoption.
Selection of Place of Meeting Next Year.
Adjournment.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

8:00 P. M.—Cattlemen's Ball—[Free to all Members and Guests.]

No Danger Whatever.

A great many reports are going the
rounds as to smallpox in El Reno.
Many people are holding off from at-
tending the convention at that city the
13th and 14th of next month on that
account.

The following certificate from the
board of health in that city ought to
dispel any fears. Here it is:

Office of Board of Health,
Canadian County.
Prof. H. H. Kellogg, Pres.
Dr. H. Greenleaf, Okarche, V. P.
Dr. W. J. Muzzy, Supt. & Sec.
El Reno, Ok., Jan. 17, 1900.

To whom it may concern:
This is to certify that there are no
cases of small pox in the city of El
Reno. There has been but one case in

the city and it was discharged several
days ago. H. H. KELLOGG, Pres.

Wm. J. MUZZY, M. D., S. & S.
Subscribed and sworn to before me
a notary public, this 17th day of Jan-
uary, 1900.

H. K. RICKER,
Notary Public.
My Commission Expires, Dec. 9, 1902.

The Third Annual Convention of the
National Live Stock Association at
Forth Worth was a huge success.
Eighty-five state, territorial and dis-
trict associations are now on the mem-
bership rolls. President Springer and
Secretary Martin are especially adapt-
ed to make the organization a success
and were re-elected unanimously.
The convention meets next year in
January at Salt Lake City.

Subscribe for the INSPECTOR.

The Range Problem.

Every day the more plainly develops the fact that the range grazing question is going to be a very grave subject for discussion at the El Reno convention. All the leading stock papers of the country are handling the matter in various forms. Here is what the Breeders' Gazette says:

"A serious condition of affairs now exists in our frontier grazing country. That the carrying capacity of the common ranges is rapidly becoming restricted to an alarming degree, has long been evident to practical observers of the situation. The causes for this condition are as evident as the results, but unfortunately thus far, no solution is available. The common grazing areas have been restricted by encroachments of frontier settlers; in some instances waters recently available for live stock have been made to do service in irrigation, while reservations for parks and forest preserves have not been without influence to intensify the difficulties of the situation. But more seriously important than all these is the fact that persistent close grazing has resulted in diminishing—and in some localities completely eradicating—large proportions of the annual grasses dependent upon seeding for their reproduction that formerly covered these ranges, and more acres are now required for the maintenance of grazing animals than formerly, while fewer acres are available.

An unfortunate result of this condition of affairs is the frequently recurring conflicts between occupants, culminating in personal violence and the destruction of valuable property. In the absence of law, the hardy, earnest men who have been schooled by experience to discern by vigilance and surmount by personal effort all obstacles to the comfort and thrift of their charges are indisposed to philosophize long over the changed condition of their surroundings, and the result is deeds of out-lawry that would meet prompt condemnation and punishment in the average farming community. Such conflicts most frequently occur between sheep-herders and the men looking after the interests of cattle herds where accident or necessity places the two in contiguous territory. Sheep have the advantage when it comes to cropping short grasses. They can overlap a cattle range and find fair picking, while starvation is the fate of the steer that is restricted to a ranch recently scoured by the close-biting flock. This fact gives the shepherd an advantage that he is sometimes disposed to turn to selfish account, and which the cattle-herder is inclined to meet with the only argument then available—the argument of force.

That this condition should not long remain, will be admitted by all who give thought to the subject, and that some early action by congress is necessary to render the common range country of greatest possible advantage to the greatest number of citizens, will not be negated by any reasonable man. But while all agree up to this point, opinions are not so harmonious as to the best policy to adopt. Several plans have been advocated. One would turn the public lands over to the several states in which they are located, and let occupants find a solution in local legislation. Another plan is to sell the public lands to the highest bidders, who under the rights of ownership can fence or otherwise defend their interests. A third suggestion, and seemingly the most popular, is for congress to provide a leasing system for all lands not suitable for homestead entry, and give title for occupancy covering a period of ten years or more to those who wish to control them.

Something can be said in favor of each of these schemes, and that there are objections to all of them, is equally apparent. The purpose in alluding to them in connection with reference to the range problem, is primarily to call forth suggestions from those most competent to advise, but mainly to bring the question to public attention with the hope that congress may be induced to take early action, and in its wisdom lay down the best road out



St. Joe Delegation to Fifth Annual Convention at Woodward, February, 1899.

of a difficulty that all must admit should be promptly met and settled in the best manner possible.—Denver Stockman.

Kafir-Corn.

Experiment Station, Manhattan, Ks.,
January 9th, 1900.

Publisher LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR:

Kafir-corn is grown in every county in Kansas, Secretary Coburn reporting 582,895 acres in 1899, for the state, yet we are in constant receipt of letters asking how to raise and how to feed it.

It has been raised on the Kansas Agricultural College-farm for the past eleven years. We recommended two varieties—the Red and the Black-hulled White. For the first seven years we raised the Red. The Black-hulled White was then introduced, and from 1896 to 1898, we grew these two varieties side by side, the Red giving an average yearly yield of 37 bushels per acre, and the Black-hulled White, 43 bushels per acre. We now raise the Black-hulled White only. In western Kansas, many farmers think the Red a little harder in drought.

Kafir-corn makes a slow early growth, and should not be planted until the ground becomes warm. On cold soils, surface planting is best; on warm soils, listing does well. Plant in rows, 3 to 3½ feet apart, dropping single seeds an inch apart in the row. Cultivate the same as you would for a good crop of corn. Many farmers sow Kafir-corn broadcast, cut with a mower, handle and fed as hay.

When grown for grain, the heads may be cut off and gathered if the fodder is not wanted. When the fodder is to be used, the cheapest method of harvesting Kafir-corn is to cut and put it up in large shocks.

The college farm is upland. In the eleven years that we have grown Kafir-corn, there has been but one failure to produce grain. In 1894 Kafir-corn yielded no grain, but gave two tons of fodder to the acre. Corn the same year yielded us no grain and one ton of fodder per acre. The average yield of grain per acre on the college farm for the past eleven years has been, per year: Kafir-corn, 46 bushels; corn, 34½ bushels. Our highest yield per acre in one year has been: Kafir-corn, 98 bushels; corn, 74 bushels. In the western half of the state the difference in favor of Kafir-corn is greater, as there, in dry years when corn yields one to five bushels per acre, the yield of Kafir-corn is 25 bushels or more.

A bushel of corn is worth more for feed than a bushel of Kafir-corn, but on the college farm an acre of Kafir-

corn is worth more than an acre of corn. The average of the results where we have fed corn against Kafir-corn in fattening hogs, shows 12 pounds of pork from a bushel of corn, and 10 pounds of pork from a bushel of Kafir-corn. This shows for the college farm (upland) an average yield of grain per year per acre, to produce 460 pounds of pork from Kafir-corn and 404 pounds of pork from corn.

The relative values of corn and Kafir-corn are practically the same for beef production as for pork.

Kafir-corn grain and alfalfa hay make the cheapest combination of feeds in Kansas for milk production.

Kafir-corn meal is especially valuable to feed calves raised on skim milk. Its constipating effect offsets the loosening tendency of the milk.

Animals tire of Kafir-corn alone more quickly than they do of corn alone, but combined with other feeds they relish it for any length of feeding.

In three experiments in fattening hogs, a mixture of Kafir-corn four fifths and beans' one fifth, gave a gain per bushel of feed of over 36 per cent more than Kafir-corn alone. Hogs fed Kafir-corn and alfalfa hay gained 91 pounds each, while hogs fed Kafir-corn alone, gained 52 pounds each. Hogs fed Kafir-corn and five pounds of skim milk each per day gained 66 pounds per hog, while those fed Kafir-corn alone, gained 42 pounds each.

Kafir-corn is our best drought resisting grain feeding crop and our heaviest yielder on poor soils. We recommend it in place of corn for the uplands of eastern Kansas, and for all soils in western Kansas. When this recommendation is followed and the Kafir-corn is fed with drought resisting feeds rich in protein, the beef, pork and milk production of Kansas in dry years, will be equal to that of our best years now without more acres being planted.—REX.

The new quarantine rule adopted by the live stock board provides for the protection of Oklahoma, Logan and Noble counties against Pawnee, Payne, Lincoln, Pottawatomie and Cleveland counties, all of Oklahoma, for shipment of cattle from January 1, 1900, to December 31, 1900, unless accompanied by permit from regular inspector, or passing through on railway in transit under the laws governing interstate commerce.

The special descriptive edition of the Roswell, New Mexico, Register of the 12th, is a good one. It is well written and printed and the illustrations are splendid. Do it again.

Good Resolutions.

The Kansas City Live Stock Exchange adopted a set of resolutions on the 13th, which will be of general interest to the stockmen of Oklahoma. They are self explanatory and are given below:

Whereas, It has come to the attention of the board of directors of the Kansas City live Stock Exchange that the value of live stock in our market is at times much depreciated by reason of sundry cuts, bruises and other injuries inflicted upon animals, and

Whereas, These injuries are, for the most part, caused by rough and careless handling, striking, pounding and prodding, and

Whereas, It appears, while this abuse of live stock is not necessarily confined to or done by any one class or set of men, or in any one locality, yet is, we believe, inflicted from the time the animals leave the range or farm until they arrive at the packing house, therefore be it

Resolved, That we recommend to and urge upon all members of this exchange the necessity of more careful handling of livestock, and ask their aid and assistance in urging upon all who handle live stock the use of more care, so that no bruises, cuts or other injuries are made as a result of whipping, striking, pounding or prodding upon any animal in their care.

Be it therefore resolved that copies of these resolutions be furnished to all members of this exchange for distribution to all their employees; to shippers of live stock; to all railroads bringing live stock into Kansas City; to the stock yard companies in this section of the country and to the packing house, for their employees whose duty it is to handle live stock.

R. P. WOODBURY,
Secretary.

Order of the Board of Directors.

The Oklahoma City Live Stock Company are engaged in a pretty good scheme. A little over a year ago they purchased 125 acres of land, fenced it into five acre lots, and are now feeding 2,700 head of cattle on cotton meal and hulls. Five wells have been dug, pipes placed in every lot and connected with a big tank, and with a fine pumping plant an abundance of water is easily supplied. Each tank has an automatic shut-off, and arrangements are made so that they can all be drained, thus preventing an accumulation of ice. In addition to this the superintendent intends to make a truck patch of the lots, as the enriching it secures during the feeding months will make the ground in excellent shape for growing any kind of crop. On account of the pipes dry weather would be unknown.

Poultry Department.

CONDUCTED BY



JOHN C. SNYDER,
KILDARE, OKLAHOMA.

Will be pleased to receive communications for this department and will answer all questions in regard to the Poultry Industry; the Holding of Shows; Treatment of Diseases, &c.

Furnish plenty of grit.

Whitewash often, it pays.

Give milk, in any form, often.

Eat more poultry and eggs and less pork.

The hen with the large comb is the best layer.

Three years is about the limit of the usefulness of a fowl.

Feed powdered chalk in the soft feed for looseness of the bowels.

Use crockery more for drinking vessels, they can be scalded once a week.

Do not keep more roosters than necessary. One to each fifteen or twenty hens will be enough.

Tarred paper is the thing to line the poultry house with. It keeps out cold and assists in destroying vermin.

Clean eggs always sell better than dirty ones. At least the merchant will not suspect the age of the egg.

Missouri is supplying eggs and chickens by the car load to Cuba, Alaska and England. This export business pays.

Old Hens as Breeders.

In laying eggs pullets are usually more productive than hens, and in this respect more profitable. On this account many poultry raisers sell off all their hens before the breeding season, keeping only pullets for supply of future stock. Before doing this they ought to test the difference between the hens' eggs and the pullets' eggs when used for breeding. It will frequently be found that the eggs from a 3-year-old hen will produce offspring far more vigorous and less liable to disease than from the pullet. Last Season we saved every egg for three months from a five-year-old hen, the cock being three years old. We marked the eggs as they went into the incubator. Marked the chicks as soon as hatched, and was delighted with the results. Eighty-seven per cent of her eggs hatched in the incubator; the chicks fairly popped out of the shell, showing vigor from the very start. They continued their growth and beauty very much until they reached maturity and were the best developed and best marked birds of our entire flock. We are convinced that by far the best results for hatching are obtained by mating your hens with both male and female, not under eighteen months, nor over four years of age.

"A chick who had just learned to creep
Came out of its shell and said: peep!
It is good, I declare,
To breathe the fresh air,
I must have had a long sleep."

The El Dorado, Kas., show, held December 26-30, 1899, was a fairly successful show. Over four hundred birds on exhibition. The people of Butler County are poultry-raisers to a great extent. Our work of judging gave general satisfaction, and the boys treated us square.

If you raise turkeys, you should raise good ones. No more trouble to raise an improved gobble that weighs 20 to 25 lbs., at Thanksgiving, than the old style of 12 to 15 lbs. Look over the advertising columns and write for what you want.

If you have any fowl that you want to mark so you may know it, take a common wire nail file it flat across the end, then place the foot of the bird on a block, place the end of the nail on the web of the foot and hit it a lick with the hammer. A hole in the web of the foot will never grow up.

From Browning.

"Pa, what's Latin for egg?"
"Ovum, my son."
"Well, there's some eggs on that dish, and I'm just dying for a few ovum."

"Un auf is as good as a feast," murmured the careful father, as he passed but one fowl production to his eggs-asperated off-spring. Then did that bold bad boy resolve to "chuck" the yolk of parental authority and quit the roof of one so disinclined to shell out satisfactorily.

Central Oklahoma Poultry Show.

On Saturday noon Jan. 13th, in Kingfisher Okla., closed the most successful poultry show ever held in Oklahoma. The rainy weather and bad roads at the beginning of the show kept away as much as two hundred birds that would have been entered could they have brought them to town. This same cause kept away hundreds of turkey people that were intending to come to the show. The Kingfisher people though made up for this loss of attendance and there are but few of her citizens that did not pass through the poultry hall. The association extends a vote of thanks to the people of Kingfisher for the hearty co-operation that they have given in this work, and promises, with their continued help, to push this association to the front until it stands second to none in the West. There was a meeting of the association held in the Masonic hall at 2 p. m., Jan. 12th, for the annual election of officers and by acclamation the old officers were unanimously elected for the ensuing year.

The following is a complete list of the premiums awarded.

Barred Plymouth Rocks. Cock F. C. Brown 1st and 2nd, S. P. Gracy 3rd. Cock I. F. C. Brown 1st, H. F. Stephenson 2nd and 3rd. Hen F. C. Brown 1st and 2nd, A. F. Rasmisel 3rd. Pull F. C. Brown 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Pen F. C. Brown 1st, H. F. Stephenson 2nd, A. F. Rasmisel 3rd.

White Plymouth Rocks. Cock, G. L. Rasmisel 1st, G. L. Rasmisel 2nd, Mrs. E. Thomas 3rd. Hen, G. L. Rasmisel 1st and 2nd. Pull, G. L. Rasmisel 1st and 3rd, Mrs. E. Thomas 2nd. Pen, G. L. Rasmisel 1st.

Buff Plymouth Rocks. Cock, Mrs. E. Thomas 1st, Cock I. A. J. Waddell 1st, Hen, A. J. Waddell 1st. Pull, Mrs. E. Thomas 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Pen, A. J. Waddell 1st, Mrs. E. Thomas 2nd.

Silver Laced Wyandotts. Ck'l, S. Holman 1st. Hen, S. Holman 1st. Pull, S. Holman 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

Light Bramah's. Ck'l, C. L. Vandemark 1st and 2nd. Pull, C. L. Vandemark 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Pen, C. L. Vandemark 1st.

Buff Cochins. Cock, J. M. Bradley 1st. Cock I, J. M. Bradley 1st, V. Payne 2nd. Hen, J. M. Bradley 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Pull, J. M. Bradley 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Pen, J. M. Bradley 1st.

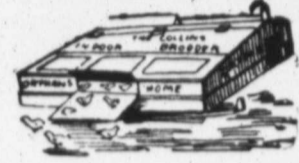
Black Langshans. Cock, F. D. Mann 1st, R. Maschke 2nd and E. Thomas 3rd. Ck'l, C. L. Vandemark,

SEEDS.

ALFALFA SEED A SPECIALTY.
Cane and Millet Seed, all varieties Broom Corn Seed, Kaffir and Jerusalem Corn. All crop of 1899. Write for our "How to Sow Alfalfa," and prices on Seeds.
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Kansas Standard TOMATO Best Novelty Out. A Money Maker.
One packet, 25c.; three packets 50c. Specialties: Alfalfa, Kaffir Corn, Siberian Millet, Forage Plants for arid regions. Onion Seed and Onion Sets. Large stock of tree seeds. Elegant catalog mailed free on application. Write for one NOW. KANSAS SEED HOUSE, F. Barteldes & Co., Lawrence, Kan.

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Medical Dictionary and Adviser free at my office, by mail 2c. Hours 9 to 4, Sunday 10-12

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THE ORIGINAL, GENUINE AND SUCCESSFUL Preventive Remedy for Blackleg.

In Powder Form: "Single" Application, \$1.50 per packet (10 to 12 head); "Double" Application, \$2.00 per double packet (10 to 20 head).
Also "BLACKLEGINE." Single application vaccine, ready for immediate use, 10 head, \$1.50; 20 head, \$2.50; 50 head, \$6.00.

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Woodward, Oklahoma.

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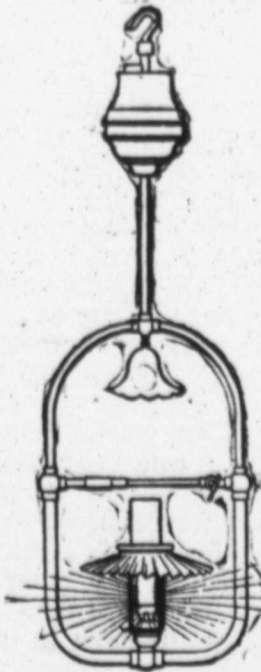
by using Collier Williams Mixture. Easily applied and a sure preventive of Blackleg in cattle. For full information, price, etc., call on or address

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Woodward, Okla.

(Please mention this paper.)

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ALSO TEXAS.

FAST STOCK TRAIN leaves Weatherford 1:00 a. m. every Tuesday, arrives at Kansas City early Thursday morning.

J. F. HOLDEN, Traffic Mgr.
SO. M'ALESTER, I. T.

1st, R. Maschke 2nd, J. E. Frank 3rd. Hen. F. D. Mann 1st, R. Maschke 2nd and 3rd. Pull. E. Thomas 1st, R. C. Norton 2nd, L. D. Mann 3rd. Pen, J. E. Frank 1st, C. L. Vandemark 2nd, R. Maschke 3rd.

Rose Comb Brown Leghorns. Ck'ls. G. W. Johnson 1st and 3rd, P. S. Lay 2nd. Pull. G. W. Johnson 1st, P. S. Lay 2nd and 3rd. Pen, G. W. Johnson 1st, P. S. Lay 2nd.

Single Comb Brown Leghorns. Ck'l, Fred Balsinger 1st. Pull. Fred Balsinger 1st and 2nd.

Single Comb White Leghorns. Cock, Anton Zalaback 1st. Hen, Anton Zalaback 1st and 2nd. Pull. Anton Zalaback 1st and 2nd. Pen, Anton Zalaback 1st.

Silver Spangled Hamburgs. Cock, S. M. Lehenbaner 1st. Ck'l, S. M. Lehenbaner 1st. Hen, S. M. Lehenbaner 1st and 2nd. Pull. S. M. Lehenbaner 1st and 2nd. Pen, S. M. Lehenbaner 1st.

Pit Games. Everything on Pit Games was taken by R. Kester.

Golden-Sea Bright Bantams. Cock, Ray Brown 1st. Ck'l, V. C. Brennan 1st. Hen, Ray Brown 1st. Pull. V. C. Brennan 1st. 2nd and 3rd.

Turkeys. Cock, G. D. Moss 1st. Ck'l, G. D. Moss 2nd and 3rd. A. F. Rasmisel 1st. Hen, G. D. Moss 2nd and 3rd, A. F. Rasmisel 1st. Pull. A. F. Rasmisel 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Pen, A. F. Rasmisel 1st, G. D. Moss 2nd.

White Pekin Ducks. Ch'l, Mrs. J. M. Collins 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Pull. Mrs. J. M. Collins 1st, 2nd and 3rd.

Toulouse Geese. Gander, S. M. Lehenbaner 1st. Ck'l, Fred Troe 1st. Hen, Fred Troe 1st. Pull. S. M. Lehenbaner 1st. 2nd and 3rd.

L. L. Constant sold six pullets and a 2nd prize cockerel to a Kingman man yesterday for \$9.50. It pays to handle only first-class stock of any kind.—Belle Plaine Defender.

Live Stock Condition in Oklahoma.

At the National Live Stock convention, the Territory of Oklahoma was represented in the five minute talks from each state by the editor of this paper, which was published in full in the Wichita Daily Eagle of the 18th, and is republished herein by request:

Mr. President, Delegates and Guests of the National Live Stock Association, in convention assembled:

Again it is my pleasure to appear before you and hold up the banner upon which is indelibly written the past, present and future prosperity of the live stock industry in Oklahoma.

Last year severe storms got across the quarantine line as fixed by the weather clerk in Washington, and God Almighty in Heaven, and swept over the valleys and prairies of western Oklahoma, and caught the imported bovine—imported from the plains of western Texas and the mesas of New Mexico and Arizona, and induced a few of them to lie down in our green pastures and thus save their owners excessive freight charges and a renewal of his loan—but these instances are rare.

On the other hand, the cowman who feared not storms and insisted on feeding well before the cold weather came, is enjoying the delights of existence and clipping a few coupons of his own occasionally.

The present winter, so far, has been a corner chipped off the sunny side of the Angel's summer resort in paradise, and has the brand of Oklahoma burned on both sides of it, and bears the earmarks of a climate not found anywhere outside of our beautiful territory, soon to be a state. The ice man has already contracted for the manufactured article for his next summer's supply, and the coal trust has met a competitor in the product of the surface mines found all over the cattle district, the latter being all that has been found necessary in such a mild winter. With such conditions, the live stock on the range are in prime season condition and will go on grass in the spring much earlier than usual. You will see fat grass beef almost a month earlier from Oklahoma at the markets, with a con-

tinuance of present conditions until spring.

The growth of the livestock industry in Oklahoma is satisfactory in the extreme. Our governor in his annual report recently submitted to congress says: "While all branches of agriculture are conducted, perhaps as successfully and profitably in Oklahoma as elsewhere. The handling of live stock offers special inducements, and by reason of favorable conditions existing here, should prove remunerative even when unprofitable in other localities. The short winters, the luxuriant growth of grasses, pasturage upon which stock may be grazed almost the entire year, an abundance of water, and a supply of all the grains grown in the temperate region, are ideal conditions for the growth and development, at minimum cost, of live stock of superior quality. The live stock interests of Oklahoma are very large, and the amount of money invested therein increases every year."

The summary of the assessor's records show that Oklahoma last year reported for taxation 98,000 head of cattle; 216,977 head of horses; 44,191 head of mules; 36,652 head of sheep and 238,498 head of swine, making a total of 1,516,318. Add to this number fully one-half million head of cattle grazed in trail herds and we have a total of over 2,000,000 head of live stock bringing returns to the ranchman and stock farmer, in the youngest healthiest, most prosperous commonwealth in all these United States of America and the Island of Luzon.

By far the most important branch of the live stock industry in Oklahoma is cattle raising. Owing to the altitude of western Oklahoma, disease germs of any nature rarely find lodgment. The maintenance of the federal and territorial quarantine lines is largely due to the watchful care of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association, which numbers within its members' holdings, cattle to an aggregate value exceeding \$6,000,000.

This organization is as yet only in its infancy, and will hold its sixth annual convention at the city of El Reno on the 13th and 14th days of next month, February. Reduced rates have been given by the following railroad companies: The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe; the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, the Fort Worth and Denver City, and the Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf.

As secretary of this young and vigorous organization, it gives me added pleasure to extend an invitation to each and all of you to be with us on that occasion, where you will learn more of the wonderful resources and the improved conditions of live stock in Oklahoma. Permit me to add here that a most excellent program has been arranged for the occasion, and if you don't come, when you read about it afterwards in the papers and what a good time you missed, you will feel like thirty cents.

Referring again to livestock conditions with us during the past year, we will say that matters on the range have improved materially within the last six months.

Some sections of the country were settled when the people got off on the wrong foot. Western Oklahoma is more fortunate. The people have made no mistakes. It was created for a cow country, and the cattle interests have flourished from long prior to the opening day of the strip for settlers.

In some sections here the home steads, for a season, tried to raise cotton and succeeded, but when they compared it with the profit for feeding and grazing cattle, they promptly abandoned the cotton, and now there is no difference of opinion. This is the most favored spot in all the broad west for grazing cattle intended for feeders. The plentiful water, the rich grassy prairies interspersed with broad alluvial, subirrigated creek and river bottoms makes a perfect ranch country for the growth of prime steers for the feed lots of eastern Oklahoma.

The rich bottom lands will raise an abundance of feed to keep the yearlings growing from the time they are calves to the time they are read yto be

finished by ninety to one hundred days full feed on corn and cotton seed meal.

The complaint has gone up from some of the western ranges that the range has been overstocked, and that the grass is gone.

The agricultural department has asked to devise some means of restoring the growth of grass. Western Oklahoma pastures are perfect. Never was there a better growth of grass than we have this year.

We are very fortunately situated, just between the great corn belt and the great breeding ground of Texas. We realize that the crop is not as good on our range any year as it is in Texas, southwest of us.

The demand and prices of feeders this year was very satisfactory. The owners of herds are getting well paid for their investment and trouble, and are in good conditions to fill their pastures and feed lots for the coming year, feed is plenty and of the best quality. Corn is good this year, but cannot be depended upon. Kafir corn has made a perfect crop, and the cane fields could not be better. Everybody learned a lesson from the scarcity of feed in the winter of '98-99 and have prepared to feed liberally this winter. The day has passed when many men will go into the winter with a string of 900 pound steers and come out with 700 pound steers.

It is now a universally accepted fact that it is far more profitable to at least keep all of the weight you have and gain some if possible, between Christmas and April. It is a grand sight to ride over the luxuriant pastures filled with fat cattle, and look off into the valleys covered with stack or ricks of cane, hay or prairie hay. The hay crop is immense. The outlook for the cattle industry never was brighter. The clouds of last winter have all vanished. The solvency, stability and business energy of the cowman is clearly exemplified in the very small number of failures from the severe losses of last winter.

The year just passed has brought few sorrows and many joys to Oklahoma. It does not require a prophetic eye to see in the near future, a state equal to the best, excelled by none and superior in many respects to any of great commonwealths of the union. Quality more than quantity is our standard of excellence. Our people come from every state, representing new thought, new ideas—progress. Our farms are fertile, our pastures provident, and Oklahoma cattle always top the market.

Gentlemen of the convention, Oklahoma has a distinct meaning. One Indian legend foreshadows its destiny by interpreting its name as "The Land of the Fair God," and it will certainly do honor to such; another tribe links its cognomen with "Big Buffalo Eating Grass," while a third nomenclature of the dusky brother gives it as "Belly-Full-Land." Whether you prefer the first named, the second or the last significance of our name word, we do not have to "show you," but will take pleasure in convincing each one when you visit our ranges and valleys that the modern and up-to-date Oklahoma, with its present prosperous live stock industry is the real thing, and its meaning, in full, is IT. I thank you."

DO YOU RAISE CHICKENS?

If so, you want the best. We breed 'em. They are the farmer's fowl, BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

We also keep upon our farm a flock of BRONZE TURKEYS.

Then have you heard of the coming table delicacy, equal to quail in all respects, and easy to raise, the great BELGIAN HARE?

Write us for particulars. We like to write letters and do business. We have been breeding poultry for twenty years.

SCALINE, a sure cure for Scaly Leg in fowls; also good for Cuts and Sores on horses and cattle. Two-ounce box sent postpaid for 15 cents.

ROUPINE, a remedy for Roup in fowls: Receipt for making sent for 10 cents.

JOHN C. SNYDER & SONS, Kildare, Oklahoma, U. S. A.

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BUCKBEE'S SEEDS SUCCEED!
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Prize Collection Radish, 17 varieties; Lettuce, 12 kinds; Tomatoes, 11 the finest; Turnip, 7 splendid; Onion, 8 best varieties—55 varieties in all. **GUARANTEED TO PLEASE.**
Write to-day! Mention this Paper.
SEND 10 CENTS
to cover postage and packing and receive this valuable collection of Seeds postpaid, together with my new Instructive, Beautiful Seed and Plant Book, tells all about the Best varieties of Seeds, Plants, etc.
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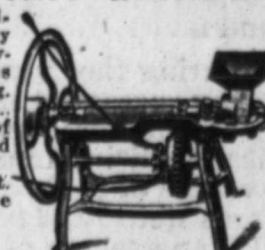
Are You Going East?
If so we would like to call your attention to the fact that the Frisco Line is now operating through Newton and St. Louis. Free reclining chair cars and drawing room sleepers through without change. Ask your local agent for ticket via that route. Bryan Snyder, G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

DIVORCE

from your mind the idea that there is nothing new under the sun and send 50 cents for one year's subscription to **POULTRY, FRUIT AND GARDEN**, the best Monthly Journal published on these subjects. Address
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Operated by pumping Wind-mills. New principle, steady motion, speed 100 to 250 revolutions per minute; needs no attention after starting.
B. A. Shafer, Sanborn, Ia., writes: "I feed 15 bushels of ground feed a day and could grind double this amount."
Works well on 8 ft. or 10 ft. mills. It will double the value of your wind mill.



AGENTS WANTED. If not sold by your dealer write us for inside price on a sample. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money refunded.
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If We Could Talk It Over With You at the Counter

We Would not be able to give you better satisfaction than we could through our MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT. Our perfect system of Mail Order Merchandising guarantees you quick delivery. Our liberal assortment of samples we send gives you your own time at home to make your selections.

Just now we are conducting our **ANNUAL BLANKET SALE.**

These prices tell the story:

40 pairs 10-4 all wool, extra heavy and good quality of Scarlet Blankets, regular selling price \$4.00, cleaning up price **\$1.98**

23 pairs 11-4 72x84 all wool, extra quality and heavy Scarlet Blankets, regular selling price \$5.00, cleaning up price **\$2.50**

58 pairs 10-4 Dark Gray Wool and Cotton Blankets, splendid quality, regular selling price \$2.50, cleaning up price **\$1.25**

35 pairs 10-4 all Wool Gray Blankets, homespun, very serviceable blankets, our regular selling price \$4.00, cleaning up price **\$1.98**

37 pairs 10-4 Cotton and Wool White Blankets, very heavy quality, regular selling price \$2.50, cleaning up price **\$1.25**

21 pairs 11-4, 72-84, very fine California all Wool Gray or Brown Blankets, these goods have been selling at \$6.00, cleaning up at **\$2.75**

42 pairs 11-4, 72x84, very fine and soft White Blankets, regular price is \$5.00, the cleaning up price **\$2.50**

Shopping by Mail has proven to be a most satisfactory way for those living out of the city to do their shopping with us. You get the same service as if you were at the counter, selecting your goods.—Always write to Doggett's first when contemplating purchasing.

DOGGETT DRY GOODS CO.

MAIN, 11th and BALTIMORE AVE., KANSAS CITY, MO.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Stockmen are requested to write postal card items for this column. The Inspector desires to print live stock notes from everywhere. Send us a postal—push it along.

A bunch of 1488 pound steers sold for 6.30 at Kansas City, the 15th.

A bunch of choice 1469 pound steers sold for \$5.90 at Kansas City, the 17th.

Some 1204 pound Panhandle steers brought 5.00 at Kansas City, the 16th.

The total cattle receipts at Kansas City during the year of 1899 2,017,484.

Cattle in Roger Mills country are in good shape. Many of the rough cattle are ready for beef now.

Asses or Taylor says that the cattle in his neighborhood are doing remarkably well, many of them being fit for beef. This seems to be the general condition over the county.—Cheyenne Sunbeam.

Caline Cameron, of Arizona, shipped 150 head of thoroughbred Herefords to Newton, Kansas, the 15th. He has had them on full feed since last October, and will sell them at Kansas City, in March.

The St. Joe Live Stock Market made a good record during 1899. The receipts were, 294,950 cattle, 1,401,794 hogs, 258,393 sheep, and 9,292 horses and mules. The increase over 1898 was 62,876 cattle, 367,759 hogs, 126,986 sheep. The decrease of horses and mules, 1,295.

During the year 1899 there were many successful sales of pure bred cattle. The total number sold was 3,296 head realizing in all \$702,235 or a grand average of \$213 per head. The Herefords were 1,033 head realizing \$271,105, an average of \$262.44. Polled Angus—469 head, bringing \$115,895, average per head \$247. Shorthorns—1,794 head, \$315,335, average per head \$175.75.—Live Stock Reporter.

Crews & Fires last week sold 150 head of their Arizona heifers at \$18 per head. The buyers live in Cattle county.—Childress Index.

One load of 1410 pound cattle sold for \$6.00 on the Chicago market the 17th; 34 head of Shorthorns at the same price; and 17 steers, 1487 pounds at \$6.15.

The Roswell (N. M.) Register says that from February 15 to December 15 last year, there were shipped from Roswell 600 cars of cattle, 60 cars of sheep and 1,000,000 lbs of wool.

Since the horse and mule markets have all returned to the stock yards at Kansas City, the stables have been crowded. Five new barns will soon be completed, giving a stabling capacity for 8,000 mules and 1,000 horses. The receipts are rapidly increasing.

Paul Morton, second vice president of the Santa Fe Railway states in his 29th Annual Report that nearly six millions of cattle were fed and watered at the Kansas City stock yards during the year 1899. The aggregate value of this stock is \$130,000,000, or more than \$10,000,000 per month.

One of the largest deals at the National Live Stock Association was consummated when Mr. John Sparks, the big cattle breeder of Reno, Nevada, sold to M. K. Parsons, of Salt Lake City, Utah, 11,000 head out of his Nevada herds. No price per head is made public, but the total amount will go over \$300,000.

Southern cattle passing through Colorado in the year 1899, were 275,768 head, compared to 280,994, in 1898, and 372,689 in 1897. This is according to the statement of Dr. Bock the State Veterinarian. Of the cattle entering the state during 1899, Arizona sent 105,623. New Mexico, 73,402, Texas, 71,699, Old Mexico, 35,044. Total, 275,768. The destination of the cattle was as follows: Colorado, 77,735, Kansas, 100,967, Nebraska, 18,963, Montana, 26,861, South Dakota, 36,129, Wyoming, 10,181, Texas, 4,758. Total, 275,768.—Live Stock Reporter.

Subscribe for the INSPECTOR.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Monthly summary of receipts and prices of live stock at the Kansas City Stock Yards, compiled by the Kansas City Packer, and reproduced for the benefit of readers of THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR.

CATTLE.

Dec. 23 to Jan. 27 Inclusive.	Receipts.	Dressed & Ship'g Steers, Native Fed.	Texas and Indian Steers.	Texas and Indian Cows.	Okl. Cows and Heifers.	Stockers and Feeders.	Bulls.
Saturday, Jan. 6	489	3 99-4 60			1 95-3 10	3 40-4 10	2 05-2 45
Monday, " 8	6,327	4 55-5 65	3 65-4 93	2 85-3 50	2 15-4 20	3 90-5 00	2 40-3 10
Tuesday, " 9	9,049	4 60-5 80	4 20	2 10-3 25	2 35-4 40	3 25-4 80	2 40-3 75
Wednesday, " 10	7,593	4 30-5 80	2 65-4 35	2 75-3 15	2 25-4 10	3 50-5 00	2 90-4 00
Thursday, " 11	5,145	4 60-5 80	3 75-4 10	2 65-3 15	2 00-4 15	4 10-5 10	2 4-5-10
Friday, " 12	3,922	4 13-5 85	3 60-4 10	2 25-4 10	2 40-5 05	3 20-5 00	2 90-4 10
Saturday, " 13	381				2 35-4 00	3 25-5 00	
Monday, " 15	5,328	4 9-5 30	3 35-4 40	2 60-3 15	2 55-4 50	3 75-4 95	3 10-4 00
Tuesday, " 16	2,144	3 90-5 75	3 35-3 80		2 00-4 50	3 25-5 00	3 05-4 20
Wednesday, " 17	5,332	4 3-5 75	3 10-4 00	2 90-3 10	2 25-4 80	3 50-5 10	2 85-3 75
Thursday, " 18	3,536	4 90-5 50	3 25		2 25-4 15	3 60-5 00	2 40-3 20
Friday, " 19	4,287	4 05-5 25	3 05-3 40	3 95-3 20	2 40-2 65	3 70-4 90	2 50-3 25
Saturday, " 20	62	3 90-4 85			3 00-4 05	3 50-4 60	
Monday, " 22	4,000	4 00-5 90	3 60-4 50	2 00-2 75	2 00-3 10	3 20-5 00	05-3 90
Tuesday, " 23	9,100	4 25-5 85	3 50-4 25	2 90-3 25	2 00-4 35	3 25-5 25	1 5-5 75
Wednesday, " 24	8,098	4 00-5 75	3 00-4 95	2 65-3 50	2 00-5 40	4 10-5 25	00-3 85
Thursday, " 25	5,845	4 50-5 60	3 60-4 10		2 25-4 35	3 75-5 10	3 5-4 20
Friday, " 26	4,926	4 60-5 55	3 25-4 15	2 70-3 40	2 45-4 95	3 0-5 20	3 15-4 6
Saturday, Dec. 23	165				3 00-3 70	3 90-4 50	3 25-3 40
Monday, " 24							
Tuesday, " 26	8,678	4 50-6 15	4 10-4 70	2 50-3 35	2 55-4 50	3 95-5 00	2 00-4 15
Wednesday, " 27	4,903	5 45-5 85	4 1-4 40	3 25	2 40-4 75	3 90-4 25	2 85-4 50
Thursday, " 28	4,163	4 00-5 85	3 75-3 80	3 35	2 25-4 35	3 65-5 00	2 50-4 25
Friday, " 29	3,941	4 25-5 84	4 30-3 85	3 20-3 30	2 00-4 75	3 75-5 00	3 00-4 35
Saturday, " 30	660				2 85-3 50	4 30-4 55	3 15-3 90
Monday, Jan 1	3,341	4 25-6 15	3 85-4 0	2 65-2 90	2 50-4 15	4 05-5 00	3 15-4 00
Tuesday, " 2	9,441	4 45-6 20	4 10-4 40	3 3-3 85	2 40-4 75	2 90-4 20	2 85-4 50
Wednesday, " 3	8,787	4 35-6 05	3 25-4 15	2 25-3 59	2 85-4 40	4 00-4 80	2 75-4 50
Thursday, " 4	5,145	4 60-5 80	3 75-4 10	2 65-3 15	2 00-4 15	4 10-5 10	2 40-5 00
Friday, " 5	4,816	4 15-6 00	4 30-4 85	3 20-3 15	2 25-4 25	3 75-5 00	3 00-4 35

1899 Prices For Hogs.

The receipts at Chicago for the last year, were 8,177,000, Kansas City, 2,960,000, St. Louis, 1,800,000, and at Indianapolis, 1,545,000. This makes a grand total of 14,492,000 received and sold at those four markets.

This number represents one years supply and brought the average price of 3.87 to 4.11. At St. Louis, from 2.98 to 4.10, and the average top price was 4.18. At Chicago the bulk sold for 3.98 to 4.11 with the average top price of 4.20. At Kansas City hogs sold for 3.87 to 3.98, with an average top price of 4.05. The average top price at Indianapolis was 4.16, and the bulk sold at 4.02 to 4.11.

Alfalfa.

Experience with this valuable hay crop, has shown that it will thrive in many sections of Oklahoma, and the acreage of it should be increased. A careful survey of the reported failures leads to the conclusion that too close pasturing has been the usual cause. Many fields of alfalfa have been ruined by this method, while fields close at hand that have been cut for hay and pastured but little are in excellent condition.

Alfalfa has a long tap root and will not do well on soils with hard-pan close to the surface. It thrives best soils that have been plowed deep and well cultivated. Early plowing for spring sowing is an advantage as it gives the soil time to settle and become filled with moisture before sowing. The seed should be sown as soon as the soil is in good condition in the spring. When the plants are about six inches high they should be cut with a mower set high, and this operation repeated at intervals of two to three weeks until the weeds are left behind the alfalfa in growth. This method proved successful at the Oklahoma Experiment Station last season. There are some objections to it and sowing late in August has sometimes proven better. If wheat ground is plowed early in July and the weeds kept down by frequent harrowing, and the seed sown after the soil is filled with moisture, a good stand of alfalfa free from weeds may be secured. Trials of the Turkestan alfalfa imported by the U. S. Department of Agriculture are being continued by the station.

Alfalfa should be cut for hay in early full bloom and not allowed to ripen. Cut at this stage, the next cutting is larger and the plants are better than when cut at a later period. Three cuttings of one ton per acre each have been secured on the station farm at Stillwater, and the alfalfa plants at the present time are in good condition.

HOGS.

The market below is a representative basis of good hogs for packers' use.

Dec. 23 to Jan. 27 Inclusive.	Receipts.	Top Price.	Bulk of Sales.
Saturday, " 6	3,972	4 42	4 35-4 40
Monday, " 8	6,375	4 42	4 35-4 40
Tuesday, " 9	15,702	4 45	4 32-4 40
Wednesday, " 10	13,718	4 50	4 35-4 42
Thursday, " 11	12,854	4 45	4 30-4 35
Friday, " 12	11,960	4 60	4 45-4 57
Saturday, " 13	7,128	4 67	4 57-4 65
Monday, " 15	8,246	4 71	4 62-4 71
Tuesday, " 16	18,922	4 65	4 52-4 60
Wednesday, " 17	15,891	4 65	4 50-4 60
Thursday, " 18	10,943	4 67	4 55-4 62
Friday, " 19	11,680	4 65	4 50-4 60
Saturday, " 20	8,260	4 65	4 55-4 60
Monday, " 22	6,620	4 72	4 60-4 65
Tuesday, " 23	11,744	4 75	4 55-4 62
Wednesday, " 24	13,339	4 65	4 50-4 57
Thursday, " 25	11,154	4 60	4 50-4 57
Friday, " 26	9,870	4 60	4 50-4 57
Saturday, Dec 23	5,336	4 12	4 05-4 10
Monday, " 25			
Tuesday, " 26	5,647	4 22	4 12-4 20
Wednesday, " 27	7,804	4 25	4 12-4 17
Thursday, " 28	7,390	4 30	4 15-4 20
Friday, " 29	7,583	4 35	4 22-4 30
Saturday, " 30	4,321	4 30	4 20-4 25
Monday, Jan 1	2,128	4 40	4 30-4 37
Tuesday, " 2	9,597	4 50	4 40-4 50
Wednesday, " 3	14,484	4 47	4 35-4 40
Thursday, " 4	12,854	4 45	4 30-4 35
Friday, " 5	11,180	4 25	4 22-4 30

GOODLOE-McCLELLAND
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION COMPANY.
KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS.

OFFICERS: H. B. Sanborn, President. T. A. McClelland, Vice Pres. J. W. Goodloe, Secretary.

SALESMEN: T. A. McClelland, Cattle. J. W. Goodloe, Hogs. Wm. M. Leltch, Sheep.

All business entrusted to our care will have our personal attention. We solicit a trial and will do our best to merit your continued patronage.

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W. P. HENDRICK, Proprietor.
Best service given to Transients.
Headquarters for Cattlemen.
Dec 15 '99-ly.

Cattle Wanted and for Sale

In our issue of Dec. 1st the Live Stock Inspector sent blank slips to each patron, offering to advertise "Cattle Wanted and for Sale at the El Reno Convention," to be published in our convention number (next issue) FREE OF CHARGE.

The following have been received. Time for others to come in will be extended to Jan. 24th. Any patron who expects to attend the El Reno convention on Feb. 13 and 14 and desires to add his cattle or his desire to purchase to this list may do so without charge. Don't delay but send at once. Positively no list will be received later than Jan. 24th for publication in the great convention number, which will be mailed to all patrons prior to convention dates.

Lloyd B. Ferrell, Wichita, Kan., 600 coming 2-year-old Panhandle heifers in Kansas.

Thomas Evans, Hartford, Kan.: 10 registered cows, 16 registered Hereford yearling bulls, 10 registered bull calves. Total number 36-head. All Herefords.

J. H. Cox, Moscow, Okla.: 3 young bulls, high grade. Want to trade some cows for good driving team.

H. C. Jett, El Reno, Okla.: 1000 3-year-old steers, 500 Panhandle cows, 150 native steer yearlings. Total 1650.

J. E. McCance, Hackberry, Okla.: 10 coming 2 and 3-year-old steers, 60 coming 3-year-old cows. Total number 70.

Windsor Brothers, Garden Plain, Kan.: 75 cows one-fourth to three-fourth Hereford; 4 Hereford bulls, 2s past; 10 Hereford bulls, 1s past; 35 April and May bull calves. The bulls will range from three-fourths Hereford to a few unregistered thoroughbreds.

Fr. von Tungeln, Heaston, Okla.: 1 halfbreed red Polled bull, 18 cows, 14 steer yearlings, 4 heifer yearlings. Total number 37.

L. H. Pruitt, Snyder, Tex.: 700 steer yearlings, 2 in spring. Spring delivery.

G. A. Yantis, Quanah, Tex.: 300 3 and 4-year-old steers in Greer county, 150 steers, 3s and 4s in Hardman county, 400 steers, 2s, in Hardman county; 1800 2-year-old steers in Greer county; 108 2-year-old heifers in Greer county. Total 2758 head.

G. A. F. Parker, Claude, Tex.: 28 yearling bulls, unregistered Herefords; 15 2-year-old bulls, unregistered Herefords. These bulls are from JJ cows from Mrs. Cornelia Adair's herd, and by registered Hereford bulls. Total 43 head.

Ellison & Blanks, Calumet, Okla.: 300 head of native 2-year-old steers, 250 steer yearlings, natives of Oklahoma; 250 heifer yearlings, natives of Oklahoma. Total 800 head.

J. C. Denison, Cople, Okla.: 28 cows, 2 and 8 years old; 35 steer calves, coming yearlings; 15 heifers, coming twos; 20 heifers, coming yearlings. Two grade Hereford bulls, coming 2s. Total 100 head.

B. Jones, Cheyenne, Okla.: 160 cows, 170 steer yearlings, 30 heifer yearlings. Total number 360 natives.

WANTED: 2000 mature beef cattle to fatten on shares, or will buy outright.

LLOYD B. FERRELL,
Wichita, Kan.

Frank Grice, Arkansas City, Kans.: 4 registered Hereford bulls, 50 head of high grade Hereford bulls, all coming yearlings.

S. J. Keyser, Grenola, Kansas: I want 1,200 head of cattle, to pasture this season.

Jack Pirie, Quanah, Tex.: 1,000 yearling steer calves, 50 heifer calves. Total 1,050.

J. H. Cox, Moscow, Okla.: 31 head of 2-year-old steers; high grade Hereford and Durham.

W. F. Taylor, LeFors, Tex.: Steer cattle 180, cows 150, yearling steers 100, yearling heifers 50. Total 480.

4000 head of cattle are being fattened for market at Shawnee this winter. The establishment of a cotton seed oil mill there furnishes all the feed necessary in that line.

A. J. Richardson, Francis, Okla.: 37 steer cattle on feed, 300 cows, 85 bulls on feed, 135 yearling steers.

From Kansas City,

K. C. Live Stock Exchange }
January 9, 1900. }

Cattle receipts for the week 25,000; for the corresponding week last year 30,000. The liberal supply at all the western markets the early part of last week caused a decided break in prices that was checked later and the past few days there was a reaction and values to day were practically restored. The top for the week was 6.30 for a single load of 1,488 lb. Shorthorn steers.

Make your cattle fat. The relatively higher prices which slaughterers are willing to give for prime fat cattle over the medium to common kinds will justify finishing steers before shipping. The worst trade this week has been on steers lacking finish. A few weeks more feed and careful handling would have added 50c to \$1.00 per cwt. over what most of the offerings brought.

Stockers and feeders have been free sale all the week and a greater number are going back to the feed lots than for the corresponding time last year.

Heavy native steers brought 5.00 to 6.30; light weights 4.50 to 6.00, stockers and feeders 3.60 to 5.15; butcher heifers 3.50 to 5.00; butcher cows 3.00 to 4.50; canners 2.50 to 3.00; fed westerns 4.00 to 5.87; western feeders 3.25 to 4.50; Texans 3.35 to 4.70.

Hog receipts for the week 66,000; for the corresponding week last year 69,000. Hogs are coming in good quality. The tendency of prices is higher although they are now about \$1.00 per cwt. higher than the corresponding week last year. Heavies brought today 4.60 to 4.75; mixed 4.55 to 4.65; lights 4.25 to 4.65.

Sheep receipts for the week 13,000; for the corresponding week last year 12,000. The market was in good shape throughout the week, every thing meeting with ready sale at strong prices. During the week lambs brought 4.50 to 6.25; muttons 4.40 to 5.10; fed ewes 3.75 to 4.50; feeding lambs 4.00 to 5.00; feeding sheep 3.85 to 4.25; breeding ewes 3.50 to 4.75; culls 2.00 to 3.50.

Been Appraising Cattle.

A. B. Robertson has just returned from an inspection trip as appraiser for the proposed Loving syndicate. Mr. Robertson visited the C. C. Slaughter long S range, the G. J. F range, Tahoka Cattle Company, Iowa lands on Yellowhouse canyon, St. Louis Cattle company, Nave-McCord Cattle company, John B. Slaughter's ranch, Long Bros. and the Two Circle Bar. He says that he found cattle on these ranches in good condition, much better than he expected at this season of the year. The fatest cattle he saw on the trip were on the Square & Compass ranch. Range conditions are generally good and there is plenty of grass and water, except on top of the plains. In that section grass is short, much of it having been destroyed by prairie dogs. Mr. Robertson will make his report to Mr. Loving in Fort Worth Tuesday.—West Texas Stockman.

C. E. SHARP. H. N. ROBERTS.
Sharp & Roberts,
LUMBER.
Mill Work. Building Material.
WOODWARD, - - OKLAHOMA.

Dates Claimed For Public Sales.

- Feb. 27 C A Stannard, Emporia, Kan. Herefords, at Kansas City, Mo.
- Feb. 28 T B F Sotham, Chillicothe, Mo. Herefords, at Kansas City, Mo.
- Mar 1 W S Van Natta & Son, Fowler, Ind., Herefords, at Kansas City, Mo.
- Mar. 2 Scott & March, Beldon, Mo. Herefords, at Kansas City, Mo.
- Apr. 25-26 K B Armour, J A Funkhouser, John Sparks and Dr J E Logan, Herefords, Kansas City, Mo.

VARICOCELE Permanently and speedily cured by a surgical operation. PARTICULARS FREE. Call on or address **Dr. Coe's Sanitarium, Kansas City, Mo.**

List Your Cattle for Sale WITH US!

Can Furnish Buyers. Can Meet Every Requirement of Commission Company and all Honorable Competition.
Best of Salesmen. Money Loaned.
ZEB F. CRIDER COMMISSION COMPANY,
KANSAS CITY, MO. AND SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, MO.
Represented in Oklahoma by **W. L. BYARS.**

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BARSE Live Stock Commission Co.,
Rooms 159-160, Live Stock Exchange. KANSAS CITY, MO.
Established 1871.
Money to Loan on Cattle.
Experienced Salesmen. Correspondence and Consignments Solicited.
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ST. JOSEPH, MO.
We are in the Market Every Day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep.
We are especially bidding for range cattle and sheep, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads, and in the center of the best corn and live stock district of the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock. Our charges for yardage and feed are—
YARDAGE:
Cattle, per head - 20c Horses, per head - 20c
Hogs, per head - 6c Sheep, per head - 5c
FEED:
Corn, per bushel, - 60c Hay, per hundred lbs 60c
Our packers furnish a daily market for all kinds of cattle ranging from canners to export cattle. Look up your railroad connections, and you will find them in our favor.
G. F. SWIFT, President, JNO. DONOVAN, Jr., Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr.
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All trains or parts of same consigned to us are met at the Yards and cared for in best manner.
Money can be obtained at short notice on fat cattle. Buy and sell on order. Experienced salesmen. Best results obtained.
NICK HUDSON, Solicitor, Woodward, Oklahoma.



[EDITED BY "AUNT MARY."]

[Note:—All readers of the Live Stock Inspector, especially lady readers, are invited to send letters for publication in this Department. Help us make this Department one of the best features of the Live Stock Inspector. Address all letters to Aunt Mary, care Live Stock Inspector, Woodward, Okla.—The Editor.]

Endymion.

Like Dian's kiss, unasked, unsought,
Love gives itself, but is not bought.

It comes—the beautiful, the free,
The crown of all humanity—
In silence and alone
To seek the elected one.

O weary hearts! O slumbering eyes,
O drooping souls, whose destinies
Are fraught with fear and pain!
Ye shall be loved again.

No one is so accursed by fate,
No one so utterly desolate,
But some heart, though unknown,
Responds unto his own.

Responds—as if with unseen wings;
A breath from heaven had touched its strings,
And whispers in its song,
"Where hast thou stayed so long?"

Longfellow.

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY

Few people stop to think of the origin of the celebration of the 14th of February as Valentine Day, but it is an interesting study to trace customs to their origin.

In England, Scotland and different parts of the continent, particularly in France, the day was celebrated by a peculiar custom in the 14th century. On the evening before St. Valentine all the young unmarried people would meet and after writing the names of an equal number of maids and bachelors on little slips of paper, would place them in a box. Afterwards each one drew from the box, it being arranged that the bachelors should draw the maidens' names and the maidens the bachelors'. The person whose name was thus drawn was the other's valentine for a year. Of course if the drawing did not correspond, the man staid with the valentine he had drawn rather than with the one who had drawn him. Of course sometimes these bachelors then became real lovers.

In the 15th century this was a popular amusement at many European courts. The connection of the custom with St. Valentine was made by the Church of Rome, who finding she could not stop this pagan practice gave it a religious tendency by having the names of saints used instead of those of women. In this way they had a patron saint for a year who was called their valentine. The custom at first probably arose out of the old pagan religion of England and was started on account of natural happenings at that time, for about this time the birds choose their mates.

The symbolic meaning has for some time fallen out of use and now with the exception of a few of a sentimental turn, the valentines are sheets composed of a caricature and verses sometimes almost shocking, which are used to gratify small spite or revenge. Indeed it is a great fall from the original meaning. This should be changed and a return made to something of the old beauty of the old custom.

NINETEEN HUNDRED NOT A LEAP YEAR.

It is generally thought that every fourth year is a leap year, but this is not true. The exact length of a year is 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, 48 seconds and therefore lacks 11 minutes and 12 seconds of being 365½ days, as is generally counted, the four years making the extra day which is counted

as February 29th. But in 400 years a day is gained, so that the extra day is then dropped and the year is not therefore a leap year. The rule is that years ending in a figure or cipher must be divisible by four and those ending in two zeros must be exactly divisible by 400, which 1900 is not. But this need not hinder the observance of the leap year custom by the ladies, as when four more years have gone it may be too late, and it is always best to "take time by the forelock."

"In the spring a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love," and though this is not leap year I do not doubt that there will be just as great a number of marriages as in any leap year. Every year Valentine day offers an appropriate opportunity for a young man to express his devotion, of which he generally takes advantage. Old maids in the United States need not feel their chances are gone, for they are outnumbered by bachelors, although it is generally thought otherwise. There are 7,427,767 bachelors and 3,224,494 spinsters (I like that word so much better than "old maid") according to the latest government census. Even in Massachusetts, where everyone thinks old maids predominate, they could each have a husband and then leave some, for there are 226,585 bachelors and 219,225 spinsters. Only one state in the Union has more spinsters than bachelors and that is California, which has 59,456 of the former and 22,829 of the latter. In Washington, however, the case is very much reversed, as it has 80,537 single men to 9,181 single women. Out of an equal number of bachelors and widowers between 25 and 30 years old, 39 widowers remarry to 13 bachelors who enter first upon the joys and cares of matrimony. The widows remarry two to one as compared to the spinsters. It is a well known fact, indeed, that widowers and widows as a rule remarry, the exception being when they do not, and that exception is always in favor of the widow.

In Germany there are domestic training schools for girls and women only, which when they leave they are competent to manage a home. The value of such training cannot be estimated. Indeed it would be a great boon to this country if just such schools were established throughout the United States, as most girls of today are so incompetent to take charge of a home. The mother, mistakenly, spares the daughter and does the work herself to allow the daughter to enjoy herself, thereby laying up not only sorrow for herself, but also for the daughter, for when she comes to the charge of a house she has to learn everything and untold trouble ensues, not only to herself but also to her husband and children. Daughters should be taught to do their portion, not only for the knowledge it brings them, but to encourage a sense of duty. A duty shirked always brings its appropriate punishment.

One of the latest street gowns described as made by an artiste, is a tailor-made gown of black cloth. The skirt was a one-seam garment, trimmed with a dozen rows of white silk stitching covering the seam on the left side of the front and then down the seam, around the hem and train. Three jet and crystal buttons fastened it near the waist. The bodice was an Eton jacket made very short, fastened on the left with buttons to match those on the skirt, and had a stitched choker with cravat of black velvet. The high fitted belt under this short jacket was of black cloth with parallel rows of white silk stitching.

HE DID NOT STAY.

A man who had lost his way while out hunting, had met a farmer who had promised him a night's lodging. On their way to the house they saw at a distance a very ugly woman. Said the man to the farmer "What an ugly woman." The farmer replied, "Sir, that is my wife, besides, beauty is only skin deep." "For lord's sake, skin her then," the man replied and took to the forest.

ABOUT MARRIAGE.

Some people marry for the fun of the thing and never see where it comes in. This is discouraging.

Man is very fickle. Even Adam, who had a wife made to order, found fault with her.

Many women marry men for their fine looks, but that is all that is worth mentioning about an ancient egg.

Most men marry for beauty, and some find out they have paid \$20 for what they could have bought at the druggist's for 25 cents.

Marriage is a lottery. That's what makes it so popular. Everyone expects to draw a prize.

It is better to have an ordinary looking better half with common sense, than a beautiful one who has no brains.

A VALENTINE LUNCHEON.

A pretty decoration for a valentine luncheon table is a diamond shaped mirror mat for the center of the table on which two large hearts are outlined by carnations or red roses. Make the hearts so that the two bases meet in the center. Ribbons may be draped from the chandelier or suspended from above the center of the table and fastened to its corners, on which little heart shaped candies or cards may be suspended. The name cards may be heart shaped and the menu may follow in words the prevailing design.

Satin finish cloth is the most popular cloth at present.

Velvet is very popular for elaborate dresses and is trimmed a great deal.

Plain dresses of a rather quiet color are worn on the street.

For indoor wear or for receptions, dresses very much trimmed or with the trimmings trimmed are made.

The sheath skirt of one piece with slight train is the latest skirt.

The sheath skirt will be superseeded partially at least this season by the skirt slightly gathered at the top. Some of the skirts in the fashionably made fine dresses are tucked in clusters from top to bottom. A single plait is used in the back, as the saddle back is not liked.

Corselets are very stylish. Some are made with strips sewed on belt close together, sloping to a point in front, fastened with a large buckle.

AS TO WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

One cupful of butter weighs half a pound.

Two tablespoonfuls make one ounce.

One cupful of wet or dry material is half a pint.

Two cupfuls of granulated sugar weighs a pound.

Two ounces of unmelted butter are as large as an egg of medium size.

Two heaping tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar weighs an ounce.

One heaping tablespoonful of granulated sugar weighs a ounce.

Twelve level tablespoonfuls of dry material weight are equal to eight that are heaped.

Four tablespoonfuls of liquid are equal to one wine glass full.

A sherry or a claret glass is not the wine glass ordinarily alluded to in measurements.

Eggs ought to be weighed instead of counted for custards, cakes, puddings etc., because nine large, ten medium, twelve small ones, weigh one pound without their shells.

Two rounded tablespoonfuls of flour weigh one ounce.

RECIPES.

Cracklin Corn Bread: Take a quart of cornmeal add a pint of water or of sour milk with a level teaspoonful of soda dissolved in it. Add an egg if you desire. Then break or chop up

about a pint of cracklins left after trying out the fat. Stir until thoroughly-mixed, then put in well greased pan and bake thirty minutes.

Baked eggs: Line a baking dish with finely chopped cold fowl or veal about two inches deep, sprinkle over with bread crumbs about an inch deep. Over these strew bits of butter sprinkle with salt and pepper and pour over it a tea cupful of cold gravy. Break carefully into the dish eggs enough to cover the crumbs and set into the oven to bake. Serve as soon as cooked.

No Return Transportation.

The stock shippers of the southeast will have a grievance after February 1. All the southeastern lines have agreed not to give any return transportation to attendants in charge of live stock, but compel them to pay full fare. If all the roads stick to the agreement it will mean the saving of a great amount of money in the course of a year. No free transportation will be granted to prospective buyers of live stock and attendants in charge of less than carload shipments will have to pay the regular fare. Free transportation will be granted for one person in charge of one or two cars of live stock; two in charge of three or four cars; three in charge of five to seven cars, and four in charge of eight or more cars. The latter is the maximum, no matter whether the shipper has eight or forty cars.—Kansas City Journal.

According to the Alva pioneer a Mr. Allen who is feeding 500 head of cattle in big timber 30 miles southeast of Alva, says the corn is so big he has to notify the farmers from whom he buys to bring only small corn, most of the crop being too large to feed in the ear.

Newkirk Journal: As an item of interest on stock raising, Mr. O. E. Walker says that two years ago last June he purchased of E. H. Littlefield six head of registered Short Horn cows, and has sold enough bull calves therefrom to pay for the original herd and has at least \$1500 worth left.

The Quanah Tribune—Chief of the 18th says that cattle rates from Texas were advanced 3 cents, taking effect December 15. This is the action of the southwest freight committee. The change applies from all points in Texas to all markets. It does not apply to horses, sheep or hogs, and applies only to Texas, and not to the Indian Territory.

The cattle which bring the highest price on the market are cattle which were born fat and never permitted to get poor. The Polled Angus steers that sold in Chicago recently at \$8.25 per hundred pounds were that sort of cattle. Their owner explained it this way: "I do not fatten cattle; I grow beef."—Claridge's Texas Stock-Farmer.

Must Have It.

Erwin, Okla., Jan. 1, 1900.

Editor Live Stock Inspector:

Dear Sir:—Find enclosed \$1.00, hard got, and give credit for the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR. If you don't give me credit enough I shall have to get the paper through another paper, for I must have it if I go without whiskey. Please mark the distance that this good paper dollar will go.

Yours ever,
J. J. WOODMANSEE.

A Panhandle man who is visiting in the east says that he misses the wind more than any thing else. There is so little wind that he says he has nothing to lean up against.... Ed Brainard returned Monday from his trip to the southern part of the Panhandle. He bought a thousand head of fine yearlings from A. L. Barton, of Motley county, to be delivered in May.... J. F. Johnson bought 125 head of steers from W. G. Nation this week, and also the two sections of land included in Mr. Nation's old place on the flat between Clear creek and Persimmon creek.—Canadian Record, 11th.

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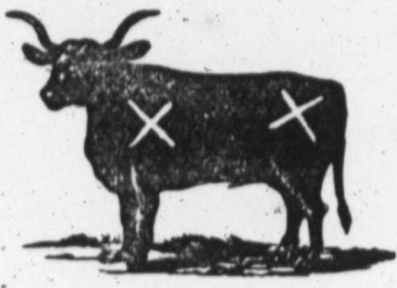
READY-TO-WEAR FURS, CORSETS, UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, SILKOLLENES, MUSLINS, BLANKETS, LEATHER GOODS, BOYS' CLOTHING, MEN'S FURNISHINGS, MEN'S SHOES, WOMEN'S SHOES, GIRLS' SHOES, BOYS' SHOES, DRAPERIES, FURNI-

TURE, RUGS, PICTURES, CHINA, GLASSWARE, LAMPS, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, STOVET, CROCKERY, TRUNKS, VALISES, BASKETS, BOOKS, STATIONERY, CONFECTIONS, TABLE DELICIES, ETC.

Visitors are cordially invited to visit this store while in the city. Out of town customers can conveniently do their buying through our catalogue by mail. If you haven't one, call or write for one.

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T. C. SHOEMAKER. P. O. Address, 1416 Linwood Ave., Kansas City, Mo. Ranch address, Dorsey, New Mexico. Range, head of Beaver, in Beaver Co., Okla.

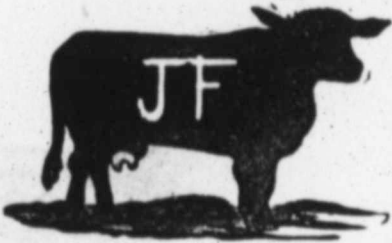


OTHER BRANDS:



10 on left side. 1B on left hip. [V] On left hip or shoulder. [O] On left hip. HORSE BRANDS: [E] On left shoulder.

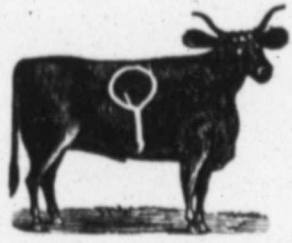
J. F. FULLER.



P. O. Woodward. Range, eight miles east of Woodward on the North Canadian.

On right side or on right hip. Horses unbranded. Range same as cattle.

J. A. STINE & SON.



P. O.—Alva, Okla. Range—Woods Co.

Frying-Pan on right side. Horses same as cattle.

[C] on left thigh. [S] right hip.

J. H. WILLIAMSON.



P. O., Englewood, Kans. Range, Cimarron river in Northwest corner of Woodward County, O. T.

on left side or left hip.

Horse brands, X on left shoulder, and — on muscle of left hind leg. [May 1, 1900.]

M. C. CAMPBELL. Owner and Manager, Wichita, Kansas. JOE STEINBACH, foreman, Ashland, Kansas. Range on Cimarron, headquarters mouth of Snake creek, Clark county, Kansas.



Other brands, [] on left shoulder of horses. Range same as cattle.

J. P. CAMPBELL. P. O. Address,—Ashland, Kansas. Range,—Northeast portion of Clark county



Some cattle — on left side. All cattle [C] on left thigh. Horse brand J C left shoulder.

WHITE & SWEARINGEN. P. O. Address: Woodward, Okla. Range: On Sand-creek, 5 miles north of or Supply.



OTHER BRANDS.

[LS] On right side, seven underbit each ear. [S] On both sides. HORSE BRANDS. [V] On right shoulder.

A. L. MCPHERSON & SONS.



P. O. Address, Woodward, Okla. Range, Canadian river northward, including Cottonwood Springs.

On left side or shoulder. Horses branded same as above. Range same as above.

GEO. W. CARR.



P. O. Address, Stone, O. T. Location of range on Turkey Creek, in Day county.

BRAND OF CATTLE.

[I] On Left Hip. [7] On Left Hip. All calves are branded same as cattle. BRAND OF HORSES. [I] On left thigh. Location of range same as cattle.

S. B. JONES.

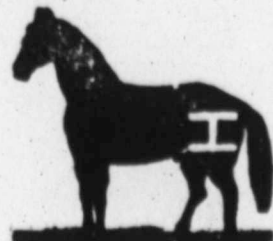


P. O. Address, Higgins Texas. Range, in Texas and Oklahoma, near Higgins.

Other are:

[CS] On either side; also [] On left shoulder and [+] On left side and [H] On left hip.

HORSE BRANDS:



Also heart on left hip

Range, same as above.

200 A Notable Hereford Event. 1900 HEREFORDS The best lot (numbers considered) ever offered in America. Will Be Sold by AUCTION Stock Yards Sale Barn. KANSAS CITY, MO.

TUESDAY FEB. 27th. SUNNY SLOPE FARM, C. A. STANNARD, Emporia, Kansas, will sell 23 bulls and 27 young cows and heifers, representing all the best sires of the famous Cross importation and the great Sunny Slope sires Wild Tom, Java, Archibald V., Keep On. Pronounced the best lot ever offered from Sunny Slope. WEDNESDAY FEB. 28th. T. F. B. SOTHAM, Weavergrace Breeding Establishment, Chillicothe, Mo., will sell 24 Corrector Bulls, including Thickett Sir Comewell and Grandee (the three best bulls ever offered in one sale), and 26 young cows and heifers bred to the Weavergrace sires. Guaranteed the best offering ever made from Weavergrace. THURSDAY MARCH 1st. W. S. VAN NATA & SON, Hickory Grove Farm, Fowler, Ind., will sell 23 bulls by their celebrated Christopher, Imported March On, etc., and 27 young cows and heifers bred to Christopher and March On. Miss Betsy 3d by old Cherry Boy and other prizewinners are included. Size with quality rules throughout. FRIDAY MARCH 2d. SCOTT & MARCH-BELTON, CASS COUNTY, MISSOURI, will sell 25 bulls by Hesiod 29th, Monitor, Chester and Imported Victor; 25 heifers bred to Hesiod 29th, Imported Roderic, Expansion and Frisco. This offering comprises the most valuable and desirable lot ever offered from their herd. For Catalogue address as above, or Sotham will send all four on request.

PUBLIC SALE.

On the 13th and 14th of March, 1900, THE SEDGWICK NURSERY Co., of Sedgwick, Kansas,

will sell to the highest bidder, without reserve, the best and largest offering of

Poland China Hogs and Short-horn Cattle ever offered in the West, consisting of 150 Hogs, March 13th, and 80 Head of Cattle, March 14th.

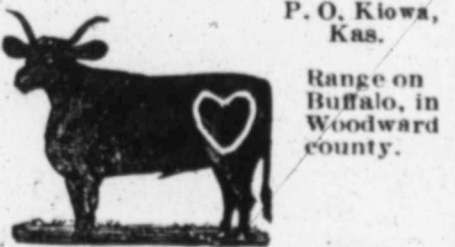
COL. JAS. W. SPARKS, Marshall, Mo., Auctioneer. W. M. CONOGON, JR., Sedgwick, Kan., Clerk. Catalogues out Feb. 15th. Send for one. Address THE SEDGWICK NURSERY CO., Sedgwick, Kansas.

J. L. SIMPSON, Hammond, Okla.



left shoulder and side. left shoulder and hip. left loin. left side. Range, East Quartermaster Creek, Custer County, Okla. (Nov. 1, '99)

ISHMAEL & RUDOLPH.



P. O. Kiowa, Kas. Range on Buffalo, in Woodward county. EAR MARKS: crop and split left. Horses: branded heart on left shoulder.

GOBER & PUGH.



Range Woodward county, O. T. P. O.—Woodward Oklahoma.

F. D. WEBSTER.



P. O. Address, Gage Oklahoma. Range, on Little Wolf east and south of Gage. [F] On left jaw of all young stock.

MILLARD WORD.



P. O. Address, Grand Day County, Oklahoma. Range, on South Canadian, Red Bluff and Mosquito creeks, in Day county. Ear mark: Crop the left and swallow-fork the right. [7] on left thigh.

W. B. GRIMES, JR.

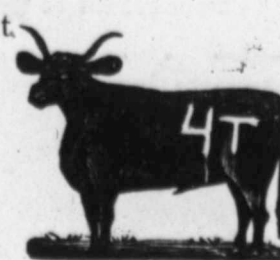


Range in Clark, Meade and Comanche counties. P. O. Address, Ashland, Kansas.

OTHER BRANDS:



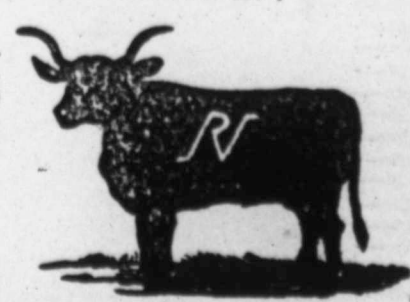
On Right Hip. Horse Brand, Left Shoulder.



Horse range same as cattle.

ROURKE & NELLIGAN.

P. O. Waynoka, Oklahoma. Range fifteen miles west of Waynoka, on White Horse Creek.



EAR MARKS: Under bit the left, and swallow-fork the right.