

# Parmer County Calf and Meat Show Here Saturday

# The Friona Star

OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF PARMER COUNTY, TEXAS

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FRIONA, PARMER COUNTY TEXAS, FRIDAY, MARCH 6, 1936

Published Every Friday

## CHAMBER OF COMMERCE TO HOLD BANQUET

The local chamber of Commerce will hold its next regular meeting and banquet on Friday night of this week, March 6, in the basement of the Congregational church and the banquet will be prepared and served by the Ladies Aid of the church. Tickets for the banquet are on sale at 50c a plate.

The banquet is given in honor of the members of the vocational agriculture club of the county and Home Demonstration Clubs of the county, and an excellent educational program of speaking and music has been arranged for the occasion.

Among the speakers who will be present and address those present are: Messrs. Dobkins, of Amarillo and O. T. Williams, of Hereford. Mr. Dobkins is in charge of the education and information division of the government Soil Conservation Service, and is well versed in this line of service. He will address the audience on the methods used and the value of the service to the American farmer, especially of the plains country. His talk will be both interesting and instructive.

Mr. Williams has full charge of the Soil Erosion Project now being developed in Deaf Smith County, and is located at Hereford. He will lecture on the methods now being employed by this service and will illustrate his lecture with stereoscopic views and motion pictures which show the benefits of the methods that have thus far been used in conserving moisture and preventing erosion as compared to territory where the methods have not been put into practice.

These lectures should be of inestimable value to farmers who have suffered from lack of moisture or injury to their lands and crops from wind erosion and they should avail themselves of the opportunity of seeing them by attending this banquet.

On the following day, Saturday, March 7th, the chamber of commerce will sponsor the second Annual Parmer County Calf and Meat Show, that is being prepared by the boys in the Vocational Agriculture classes and 4-H clubs who will put on the calf show, and by the Home Demonstration Clubs of the county, who under the leadership of Miss Margaret St. Clair, county home demonstration agent.

The calf show will be held in the Maurer Building just south of the Friona State Bank, and the exhibit will consist of entries of many kinds of canned and cured meats, including pork, beef and chicken.

The canned meats department will be under the supervision of Miss St. Clair, the cured meats of all kinds will be under supervision of Jason O. Gordon, County Farm Agent, and the livestock or 4-H club calves, will be under the supervision of Mr. J. T. Gee.

Prizes will be given for calves first and second place and ribbons will be given for all calf entries. Ribbons will also be given for canned and cured meats entries.

## GIRL SCOUT NEWS

The Girl Scouts met at the grade school gym, Thursday, February 27, 1936. The girls went to their patrols and studied how to sterilize things which came under "First Aid."

They also signaled messages to each other from across the gym. Next meeting the girls will take up "Nature Study."

There were sixteen girls present. The next meeting will be held at the Congregational Church basement. Scribe—Jacquelyn Wilkison

## CONGREGATIONAL LADIES

The ladies of the Congregational Ladies Aid Society held their regular meeting Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. H. W. Wright, south of town.

The following members were present: Mrs. Roden, Kinsley, Bradley, Goodwine, Guyer, Reeve, Parks, Knight, Wilkison, Taylor, Jordan and Wright.

A short missionary program was rendered. Mrs. Parks read the scripture lesson and each member answered roll call with a brief description of some New Testament character.

The remainder of the afternoon was spent in sewing and the hostess served refreshments of tea and cookies.

Mr. and Mrs. O. F. Lange and their daughter, Mr. Mistell, and Mrs. J. C. Wilkison attended the Farwell Woman's Bridge Tournament, at Farwell Tuesday night.

Mrs. E. B. Noble and small son, Don Loy, of Dimmitt, were business visitor here Tuesday.

M. A. Crum, who has been quite in the past two weeks with an attack of pleurisy, is again able to be up and gradually improving.

## CURTIS DOUGLASS ANNOUNCES FOR STATE SENATOR

Curtis Douglass, attorney of Panhandle, Texas, announces his candidacy for the democratic nomination for State Senator from the 31st Senatorial District of Texas. Mr. Douglass is a native Texan and has been actively engaged in the practice of law for the past fifteen years, ten of which have been in Carson County. He was formerly Judge Advocate of the Department of Texas for the American Legion in submitting his candidacy. Mr. Douglass stated:

"The principal problem will be to state our questions, get away from fence-riding, bring the issues out into the open and, for better or for worse, give the people a real chance to decide with their ballots. At the proper, and in due time, I will endeavor to state as specifically as possible my views on every question confronting the public to-day. At this time, suffice to say, our most vital problems are those of governmental economy, taxation and the conservation of our natural resources.

"Expenditures of our State government must be decreased, and until a substantial reduction, ranging from the very top to the bottom, is had, there will be little or no relief afforded. Taxation is absorbing a large portion of our incomes, yet the revenue produced is still insufficient to meet the expenditures. No government can successfully operate where it spends more than it earns. Useless bureaus and overlapping agencies burden us with their inactivity at a staggering and ever increasing cost.

"Political patronage has increased the public payroll to the extent of millions of dollars annually. A holiday must be declared in politics, and we must settle down to a well defined course of thrift and economy. More than ever, our economic salvation rests upon our ability to lay aside trivial differences and personal wants, and to settle down to fundamentals applying just every day common sense to the administration of our affairs.

"The problem of taxation is a subject of such unlimited dimensions that a brief and hasty conclusion on any phase thereof will often, and more than likely prove impractical. Now, as ever, the views maintained are so varied and divergent that a proponent of any one measure inevitably finds himself entangled in a mesh of a thousand conflicting interests, each of which seeks to shift the burden to the other. We must accept the realities of this issue and meet the problem fairly and squarely. No increase in taxation is thinkable at this time.

"No new levies should be advanced at this juncture. The actual budgetary needs of the State government must be met. But all other expenditures incident to government not fundamentally imperative must be eliminated with dispatch.

"Nor should one's attitude in this particular suffer change until such a time as, to the extent of our homes and the necessities of life, the ad valorem tax be totally abolished. With this accomplished, let us make an exhaustive and thorough study of the multiple problems presented in the redistribution and equalization of taxation to the end that a measure of justice and equity may be accorded to all.

"Of our natural resources, the gas problem most vitally affects this area. I am for the unqualified, positive and absolute conservation of this great natural resource. Four years have passed since our first gas conservation law was enacted, yet, since this time, the amount of gas wasted represents enough to supply all of the present domestic consumers of Texas for a period of fifty years.

"It is idle talk to say the sovereign people of Texas cannot remedy such a deplorable situation. This vast natural resource must be conserved, gas wastage must end, and it will when knowledge of the real facts are brought to the attention of our people. It's high time that the public, and not the conflicting interests, be represented in this matter.

"To the accomplishment of the above and my program in full, I will extend my efforts. I intend to make no false promises, present no pet policies, or becloud or straddle any of the issues. I will strive to simply state the facts, meet the problems and decide the questions to the end that the common will of the people will prevail. I take it that all prospective legislation, without regard to stimulus or objective, should be determined and controlled in the light of unquestioned progress and the common economy of our people. Any proposed legislation, however valid it may be, that does not con-

## In Senate Race



Curtis Douglass, attorney of Panhandle, who has made announcement of his candidacy for state senator from the 31st Senatorial District. A native of the state, Douglass has practiced law for the past ten years in Panhandle. He was formerly judge advocate of the Department of Texas or the American Legion.

## P. T. A. BANQUET

The P. T. A. banquet was held in the high school on Friday evening. Mrs. Roy Slagle, president, acted as toastmistress. After the banquet was served, Mrs. Slagle introduced Mr. Stewart, who introduced "Tack" Gene Howe, of the Amarillo Daily News. He in turn introduced several of the Amarillo people whom he brought with him. Among these were Cal Farley, Mr. Taylor, who has charge of the broadcasting station, Mason King, advertising manager of the News-Globe and Dutch Mantel.

The program was presented by the School Auditorium. Appearing on this were the Williamson sisters, a singing trio; a girls orchestra and several other numbers that were interesting.

There were ninety persons served. The second and third year H. E. classes had charge of the serving under the direction of Mrs. Gee.

## SCHOOL NEWS

As basketball season closes, attention will be turned to track, spring football and other spring games. Track was started Monday while spring football will be started next Monday.

The Senior Class started work on their play last Monday. They hope to have the play ready to present about the middle of April.

The name of the play is "The Ghost Train," by Arnold Ridley. It is a mystery play in three acts. It will be directed by Mr. Williams. Miss Gill and Mr. Stroud, as sponsors of the Senior class, will assist Mr. Williams with the play.

The Home Economics girls had a theatre party on Tuesday evening. They attended the show, "The Bride Comes Home" starring Claudette Colbert. Her girls have sponsored this show, selling tickets for a percent of the proceeds. They are to use the money for financing their trip to the State H. E. Rally.

## EXCHANGE CHANGES OPERATORS

With the beginning of this week the Southwestern Associated Telephone Company has made a change in the personnel of its employees at the local central station.

Mrs. Jessie McSpadden, who has had charge of the local office for the past several months, has resigned her position with the company to accept other employment at Clovis and has moved her household goods to that city.

Her aunt, Mrs. Ward, who has been assisting her here with the work at the central office, has been transferred to the central office at Bovina, and Mrs. Naomi Todd, who has been installed at Friona.

Mrs. McSpadden's two young daughters will live with their aunt at Bovina, while her small son, Hal Wade, will accompany his mother to Clovis. While here Mrs. McSpadden has formed a wide circle of friends who will regret her leaving, and those who had become intimately acquainted with her their children will sadly miss them.

serve and defend the inherent rights of freemen does not deserve, nor will I receive, my consideration. I shall strive honestly and industriously to interpret the will of the people, defending it at all times against the hazards and conditions of the day."

## CITY ELECTION ONLY A MONTH AWAY

It is not only out of place for the attention of the citizens and voters of Friona to be called to the fact that it is now but four weeks until the next city election, at which election a mayor and two commissioners will be elected.

It is perhaps not just to any group of men to ask them to bear the trial and responsibilities of the city's government for so many terms in trials and responsibilities of the city's government for so many terms in succession, but it is, beyond a doubt, decidedly to the city's interest at this time to retain the same men as mayor and commissioners for at least another term, if they are willing to accept the responsibility and the work they are familiar with and the City's financial obligations and its ability to meet them and have thus far managed its affairs through this season of depression, and their acquaintance with these conditions will enable them to better care for them than persons unacquainted with these conditions could readily be.

## BASKETBALL NEWS

The Friona Chiefs played their first game in the Regional Meet on Friday afternoon with Pampa. They were defeated by a score of 20-41. In this game the boys are decidedly off form, and couldn't seem to be able to hit the basket.

They played Abernathy that evening and were winners by a 38-26 count. This put them back in the running as this was a two-round tournament.

In the semi-finals on Saturday morning, they played Pampa again and lost the game by one point, the score standing at 33-32. This was a hard played game, but in losing it the boys were definitely eliminated. Carey defeated Pampa and won the regional, giving them the right to go to the State meet.

Harry Gowers was selected as all-regional guard.

Gowers, in the game Saturday morning, played his last game for Friona. He is a Senior who has been the leading scorer, and splendid on both defensive and offensive work.

Pricie Brookfield, an all-district man, has played an outstanding game as guard all season. Noel has been a consistent player that could be relied upon at any time.

Kenneth Houlette, another guard has one more year to play. He will be expected to fulfill a guard's duties on next year's squad. Kenneth has shown much improvement during the year's time, playing a splendid defensive game.

Eugene Dixon is a very reliable forward who has one more year of eligibility, and will be expected to fill a vacancy next year.

Other seniors are O. D. McLellan, Carl Schlinker and Eugene Boggers. All three boys have been hard workers and have helped send the Chiefs through the District and to the Regional meets.

Boys who are left for next year on the reserve string are Refford Brannon, Maurice McFarland, Eugene Coffman, Bruce Parr, Ira Benger, Ralph Baxter and others. They will be expected to fill vacancies and help in building a winning team for next year.

## LAKEVIEW NEWS

Mrs. E. R. Maggard and sons, Robert and Harold Lee, left last week for Cerrill, Oklahoma, where they plan to remain a few weeks with her sister there before locating permanently. We are indeed sorry to lose these folks from our community, and our good wishes follow them.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Russell on February 26th, a baby girl, Bertha Lee, weight eight pounds.

Miss Margaret Guinn, who is attending a beauty college in Amarillo spent the week end here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Guinn.

Mrs. Henson has been sick the past few weeks and is not improved at this writing.

Prof. and Mrs. Van R. Boston spent Sunday with his mother at Tulsa.

Miss Marian O'Brien came home over the week end, returning to Canyon Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jim Mears and small sons spent Sunday in the Ernest Wright home.

Mrs. B. Buchanan and Mrs. E. B. Whitefield were shopping in Clovis Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. W. Alexander and Messrs. C. A. Guinn and Otho Whitefield attended the agricultural meeting at Bovina last Friday night.

## FRIONA WOMAN'S CLUB DATE

The Friona Woman's Club will hold its next meeting at the home of Mrs. Dr. Stover, on Wednesday, March 11.

Mrs. Winnie Wilkison, Pres.

## JIM MARTIN FOR SHERIFF

This week's issue of the Star carries the announcement of J. H. (Jim) Martin, of Farwell, as a candidate County.

Mr. Martin has served in this office in former years and his ability and efficiency in the office are well known to the voters of the county and if he is again chosen by the voters of the county to fill the office for the coming term he will still give his undivided attention to the discharge of the duties of sheriff and collector that has characterized his former service. He will truly appreciate your vote and favorable influence in his campaign. His popularity in the county makes further introduction superfluous.

## MRS. SARAH ELIZABETH SMITH

Death's Angel came Saturday afternoon, February 29th to close the eyes and to give rest to the aged body of Aunt Sarah Smith at the home of her niece, Mrs. E. B. McLellan.

Having raised Mrs. McLellan from an early orphan, Aunt Sarah had made her home for more than seven years with Mr. and Mrs. E. B. McLellan. Ninety years and eight months of life had left her frail in body, but still a lover of children in particular. She had fallen and injured a hip during the third snow this winter and had steadily grown weaker till death came.

Born in Sweetwater, Tennessee, she had lived for fifty years in Texas and several years in Oklahoma, a Christian all her life, and affiliated with the Methodist church.

The funeral services were conducted at the home Sunday afternoon, with simple rites in fulfillment of her request. Her pastor, Rev. H. L. Theaston, officiated. Interment was at Friona cemetery.

Beside Mr. E. B. McLellan, Leo McLellan, Mr. and Mrs. Dewey Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Whitley, one brother of the deceased, Mr. Doak Bailey and his son and daughter, Ernest Bailey and Mrs. Curtis, of Jordan, New Mexico, were present. Her niece, Mrs. E. B. McLellan, who is ill at Hat Springs, New Mexico, was not notified.

## TO GO TO McALLEN THIS WEEK

Miss Bivian Chronister, who, for the past several months has been employed at Hereford, returned home the latter part of last week for a few days visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Chronister, and her sisters, Melzie and Thelma.

Miss Bivian plans to depart this week for the Rio Grande valley where she has secured employment at McAllen.

## FOUR CAUGHT IN WRECKED CAR

Four people Mr. and Mrs. Casebeer and Mr. and Mrs. Mitzfeldt, all of Indiana, who had been visiting in California and were on their homeward trip, met with what could easily have been a fatal accident to all of them.

About six miles west of Friona on the State highway, No. 23, near Yarmston, one of their rear tires blew out and caused the driver to lose control of the car and it upset, turning entirely over and landing with the top down.

It appears that they were completely trapped beneath the car and had not succeeded in freeing themselves from it when a bread truck came along and the driver hearing voices within the car at once began efforts to free them.

When they were freed the car they were found to be practically uninjured with the exceptions of some minor bruises, and were brought to Friona by the truck driver. The car was badly damaged and the people tarried here several days waiting for it to be repaired before resuming their homeward journey. About \$150.00 damage was sustained by the car.

## COMBINING STORES

J. L. Landrum, who owns both the Friona Drug Company store and the J. L. Landrum grocery and market store on Main street, was quite busy during the early part of this week placing both stores under one roof.

The stock of goods and equipment the Friona Drug Co., including the soda fountain and its equipment, were removed from the T. J. Crawford building adjoining the post office to the J. G. Weir building adjoining the City Drug Store, where the grocery and market business has always been located. By this move Mr. Landrum will decrease his overhead expense both in rents and employees and at the same time have all his business under the same roof.

## PERMANENT ORGANIZATION FOR COUNTY AG.

At the county-wide agricultural meeting held at Bovina on Friday night a permanent organization was formed for the county by electing Lee Thompson, of Farwell precinct, as permanent president; Otho Whitefield, of Friona precinct, as vice-president, and Mr. Morgan, of Bovina as secretary.

Three directors were also elected, being Clyde Goodwine, of Friona, Bill Shirley, of Luzzadday, and Mr. Roberts, of Farwell.

Following the election of permanent officers, those present listened to some good speaking on the various lines of agriculture by Mr. Ryan, of Lubbock, District Supervisor of Vocational Agriculture of this district, and a gentleman from Canyon, whose name the writer did not learn.

Mr. Ryan stressed the fact that the old idea of rugged individualism among the farming population is a thing of the past and that progress and success for agriculture must come through solidly united organization and a mass effort.

The other speaker spoke of such benefits as the AAA had been able to bring to the farmer as being good and necessary at this time, but more particularly stressed the idea that the farmer's greatest help must come through his own intelligence and cooperative efforts.

It is the plan of the organization to have local organizations in the various communities throughout the county, the membership of which will hold regular meetings and discuss matters of interest to farmers generally.

## POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

At the earnest solicitation of a number of my friends in Parmer County I have decided to present myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff and Collector of Parmer county, subject to the decision of the Democratic Primary Election of July 25th, 1936.

Having formerly served in this office I feel that I need no further introduction to the voters of the county, as my former official record is sufficient evidence of my ability and efficiency in that office.

I will truly appreciate the patronage of the voters of the county and if elected I give my most faithful and impartial services to the people in the discharge of the duties of the office.

J. H. (Jim) Martin.

## FRIONA STATE BANK HAS NEW CASHIER

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McLain, formerly of Dimmitt, have moved to Friona and are making their home in the rooms on the second floor of the Friona State Bank building.

Mr. McLain, on Tuesday assumed the duties and responsibilities as cashier of the bank, succeeding Mr. Ester Noble, who has been transferred to the Dimmitt bank.

The people of Friona extend a cordial welcome to Mr. and Mrs. McLain as neighbors and citizens of our fair little city.

## METHODIST NOTES

Mumps absented the pastor for two Sundays but he was able to return to his pulpit last Sunday morning. In his absence Mr. O. M. Stewart, speaker on February 23rd, was well received. Many compliments have been spoken in appreciation of his message. Mr. Stewart has stepped in before for an "assist" and has always been appreciated.

Rev. J. O. Haynes will be present Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock to lecture in class work in the training class titled - "The Teaching of Jesus." Bovina and Friona will alternate nights for the succeeding five nights as the place for class work. Everyone is welcome. Rev. Mr. Haynes taught a class last year on this co-operative church plan and was liked by all who attended. Brother Haynes will preach next Sunday evening here. A welcome is extended to all to hear him and attend the classes.

## MR. SMITH HOME FROM SOUTH

Attorney A. D. Smith, who has been spending the past two weeks down in the Rio Grande valley at Harlingen, returned home last Saturday and expresses himself as well pleased with his trip.

Mr. Smith says the farmers are busy there cultivating their vegetable crops and the said crops are now growing nicely, everything being green and thrifty looking. He says the freeze that visited that region went away with a rain and very little if any damage was done to the growing crops.

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JOHN W. WHITE, EDITOR

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Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Friona Star will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the publishers.

Local reading notices, 2 cents per insertion. Display rates quoted on application to the publisher.

Political Announcements

Those whose names appear below have authorized the Friona Star to announce their candidacy for the nomination for the offices under which their names appear subject to the action of the Democratic Primary election of July 25, 1936.

For County Judge and ex-officio Superintendent of Schools.

WALTER LANDER

For Sheriff, Tax Collector and Assessor:

EARL BOOTH

J. H. (Jim) MARTIN

For County and District Clerk:

E. V. RUSHING (re-election)

For County Attorney:

E. F. LOKEY

For District Attorney:

PERRY T. BROWN

JAMES W. WITHERSPOON

Commissioner Precinct No. 1.

J. M. W. ALEXANDER

County Treasurer

ROY E. EZELL

For State Senator, 31st District.

CURTIS DOUGLASS

Panhandle Press

Dahart Texas: "What Man Hath Done, Man Can Do!"

Therein lies the future of agriculture on all related endeavors.

The government certainly will grant agriculture and its family the same rights and protection that it granted industry and its family. Yet the time when that will happen is uncertain.

Memphis Democrat: If "trial in the newspapers" prejudices a man's case, in the public mind, how must Hauptmann's case be prejudiced now?

Claude News: Industry, which wants farmers on a peonage basis, has all its profits protected and well led away by use of the tariffs. It has always had its "processing tax" and had it so long it now considers it a divine right.

Amarillo Daily News: Out of the struggle for women's equality in the last 50 years has come the conception that women need higher education as much as do women. Contrast that with the old-fashioned belief that a girl had no use for higher learning, since she didn't have to earn a living.

Shamrock Texas: This newspaper printed stories of the two meningitis deaths in the neighboring towns because it felt and does feel that the public is entitled to true and unbiased news. We believe our citizens should be warned of the prevalence of such disease so they may safeguard against unnecessary exposure, and we think we would be an accessory to murder if we sat idly by and permitted persons to contract such fatal diseases when a word of warning might be the cause of preventing them.

Pampa Daily News: School laws, according to Rep. Gray, are among the most poorly drawn. Many contradict each other. The courts have repeatedly remarked on the difficulty of interpretation. A thorough re-writing of Texas statutes by accurate workmen would effect a tremendous saving in time, money, and patience. Assuming that the laws could thus be simplified, the problem would be one of assuring better law-making in the future.

Rail Banner: The popular Hungarian song "Gloomy Sunday" which has inspired astringent suicides recently in that Middle-European country, must have a lot of power. It might be classed as a sort of super-torch song but probably be better called the six shooter song.

Briscoe County News—Governor, in his action in the Hauptmann case, is either going to be a hero or else—

CURTIS DOUGLASS

With this issue of the paper comes the announcement of Curtis Douglas as candidate for the Democratic nomination for State Senator from the 31st. district of Texas. Due to the personal friendship for Mr. Douglass the writer is for our young Panhandle attorney, and will use his influence (if any), and take pleasure in doing any and all work possible to forward his candidacy. Aside from the personal feeling in the matter, the writer believes every citizen of the 31st. district can give our young Panhandle friend logical consideration. Without wishing to be blunt, or depreciating the many good things that Senator Small has accomplished for the Panhandle of Texas, the writer would like to present his own logic in the case. For four years the writer has supported Clint Small for Governor. Some little effort has been expended in his behalf, some expense has been had in an effort to boost this Panhandle man to a higher position. For four years we have been hearing of Senator Small resigning his official position and taking up more lucrative work. For four years the writer has found Senator Small's name associated with private law practice extensively. It has been a constant impression with the writer that Senator Small has held on to the post of official duties, only as a necessity to stay in the political foregrounds. As we see the situation, the Senator, and a great many of his friends seem to think that he is too big a man—has much better training and personality than the official position he holds. The writer for one is willing to remove the obstacles from his path of ambition by electing Curtis Douglas to the Senate, and allowing him to travel the path of private practice to wealth, without the handicap of having to serve the 31st. Senatorial district. Further, if the talented Panhandle citizen wants to run for governor, or United States Senator, the writer is willing to relieve him of his official duties so that he may devote his talent to seeking the official position he would really like to have, rather than being compelled to hang on to his job as a representative of this section.

In all seriousness, the writer doubts if the Panhandle Senator has the proper frame of mind to best serve the Panhandle. Let him step aside and allow a young man a chance to make good on the legislation that is needed to bring this Panhandle country out of the slump.

If Panhandle citizens believe like the writer, namely that the waste of natural gas in Texas is not only a steal of natural resources from coming generations, but one of the most emphatic causes of our unprecedented drought, they will realize why the writer is not well pleased with the official record of Senator Small for the past four years. Perhaps the writer is not well informed, but to his knowledge, Senator Small has not made a conscientious effort to conserve this natural resource of this section of the state. If he has fought for our protection, he has certainly made miserable job of it, and the Senator does not have the power his enthusiastic supporters would lead one to believe he has.

Summing up our own feeling, we believe that Senator Small has lost interest in serving the 31st. district. We believe that he has such wide and varied interests, that he cannot make good any longer in his position of public trust. We believe that he should not have placed his constituents in the embarrassing position of telling him with the ballot, that they have had enough of serving as scape goat for his private and political ambitions, and must replace his services with a man that has nothing on his mind except serving the citizens of the 31st. senatorial district.

Senator Small has certainly been ill advised if he feels that he can come back to the voters of this district year after year, and say in substance, put me back in office again so I may keep in the political foreground. It don't look like there was an opening for United States Senator this election year, and I am all washed out as a candidate for governor of the state—but you boys keep me in the limelight—and as my personal fortunes improve, and IF the opening comes up, I will make you a REAL public servant in some big job in the future. The Panhandle voters are the most loyal humans in existence, but there comes a limit to endurance. The Panhandle is aroused over the question of natural gas waste—Senator Small has had 4 years of opportunity to carry out a program that would have placed him ace high in the hearts of his constituents—he has apparently registered a failure—Can we continue this blind loyalty indefinitely?

A NATIONAL CELEBRATION

The national scope of the Texas Centennial celebration was given new emphasis this week with the breaking of ground for the new \$3-25,000 Federal Building at the Centennial grounds. The structure is to house nearly one million dollars worth of exhibits. This is an interesting thing to tell your out of state friends what the Texas Centennial will be like.

If this Federal building may be called a straw to show which way the wind is blowing, certainly it is a very important straw. The Texas and that fact deserves the widest possible publicity. If there are still Centennial is going to be a national event in every sense of the word those who think it may only be a bigger than usual state fair, they had better give up that view now. It will truly be "the world fair" of 1936.

The general idea seems to be, not to find the real kidnappers but to free Mr. Hauptmann. Many very strange testimonies have come up on both sides of the case and Bruno still maintains his complete innocence. If he's guilty and can still do that, after the punishment he is bound to have withstood in the way of questioning, his conscience must be dormant. He must have been a good stolid German soldier.

Happy Herald—If the picture shows give us anything like a fair idea of the social life of the idle rich we believe that the revenue department should make a recheck on the funds received from liquor revenue. We don't believe the revenue men are getting all of it. We saw one picture recently in which enough liquor was drunk, if revenue was collected on it, to pay all the national debt.

International Sunday School Lesson By DR. J. E. NUNN

For March 8, 1936

General Topic: Jesus Teaches Neighborliness

Scripture Lesson: Luke 10.

25. And, behold, a certain lawyer stood up, and tempted him, saying, Master, what shall I do to inherit eternal life?

26. He said unto him, What is written in the law? how readest thou?

27. And he answered said, Thou thy heart and with all thy soul, and thy heart and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and thy neighbor as thyself.

28. And he said unto him, Thou hast answered right: this do, and thou shalt live.

29. But he, willing to justify himself, said unto Jesus, And who is my neighbor?

30. And Jesus answering said, A certain man went down from Jerusalem to Jericho, and fell among thieves, which stripped him of his raiment, and wounded him, and departed, leaving him half dead.

31. And by chance there came down a certain priest that way: and when he saw him, he passed by on the other side.

32. And likewise a Levite, when he was at the place, came and looked on him, and passed by on the other side.

33. But a certain Samaritan, as he journeyed, came where he was: and when he saw him, he had compassion on him.

34. And went to him, and bound up his wounds, pouring in oil and wine, and set him on his own beast, and brought him to an inn, and took care of him.

35. And on the morrow when he departed, he took out two pence, and gave them to the host, and said unto him; Take care of him; and whatsoever thou spendest more, when I come again, I will repay thee.

36. Which now of these three, thinkest thou, was neighbor unto him that fell among the thieves?

37. And he said, He that shewed mercy on him. Then Jesus said unto him, Go, and do thou likewise.

GOLDEN TEXT: "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and thy neighbor as thyself." Luke 10:27.

INTRODUCTION The priest and the Levite were religious men, but they were not neighbors. They thought they loved God whom they had not seen, but they did not love their fellow men, whom they had seen. Such men's religion, we are told, is vain. They think themselves God's sons, but refuse to be brothers to God's other children. That is an arresting picture which the Master paints for us in Matthew 25. Those who had fed the hungry, clothed the naked, visited the sick, sought out the prisoners, were doing all these things to Him. They practiced neighborliness, and it is to neighbors that he says: "Come, ye blessed of my Father." To all the unneighborly the dreadful sentence is "Depart, I never knew you."

Jesus as a Teacher The master did not teach in abstract language. Many teachers do that and fail. Christianity is life, and life in action. This is why the Master taught in parables. No one can give us a definition of life in abstract terms. Jesus never tried to do that. By means of his stories, he

showed life at work. No amount of academic language could bring out and impress the lessons taught in the parable of the Prodigal Son. The truths come forth and speak for themselves. This is drama, one of the highest forms of art. It is so with the parable before us. It would require a volume to discuss all the lessons of this parable of the Good Samaritan. Every truth is connected and made to walk in plain sight before us."

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LIVE." V. 28. Well did Christ say, "Thou hast answered right: this do, and thou shalt live." (V. 28). For the lawyer had set forth the whole duty of man. As Broadus points out, these statements show that "all our faculties and affections must be occupied with love to Jehovah." One cannot live up to this commandment without being converted, and one cannot be really converted without seeking to live up to it. It, indeed, involves the whole duty of man, and has in it the quality of eternal life.

THE PARABLE OF THE GOOD SAMARITAN - V. 30-35.

"He willing to justify himself, said unto Jesus, and who is my neighbor?" (V. 29). "Jesus gave apparently spontaneously, the famous parable of the good Samaritan." A Jew traveling down the rocky, dangerous gorge from Jerusalem to Jericho, known as "the bloody way," fell into the hands of Arab thieves, or hi-jackers. The country has always been noted for such groups, an English official being killed in 1826 on this road. They robbed the Jew of his clothing, injured him, and left him to die. A priest on his way from the Temple in Jerusalem to Jericho, the city of priest, whose vacation should have led him to help, passed by on the other side of the road. A Levite, traveling the same route and interesting in hair-splitting interpretations of the law than in helping a needy man, likewise passed by after having looked on the man. Then the Samaritan who was hated by the Jews, and would not have been fellowshipped by this one, came along, sympathized with the wounded fellow, put oil and wine (medicines) on his wound, put him on his own beast, took him to an inn (hotel), took care of him over night, and when he left the next day money to pay expenses with a promise of more, if necessary, on his return.

"GO, AND DO THOU LIKEWISE" V. 37

Then Christ asked the pointed question as to which of these three was neighbor to the man. The lawyer much as he would have liked to justify his own hostile attitude to others than Jews, even this very Samaritan himself, said, "He that showed mercy on him" (V. 37). The lawyer, had in a way answered his own question, and in doing so had condemned his own narrow prejudiced attitude as well as that of his own people. Then Christ made the personal application of his lesson, "Go, and do thou likewise" (V. 37).

Attend the pie supper at the Hobart school tonight at 7:45 o'clock. Mr. Frank Paul, "Windy" Morris, J. G. Wadsworth and Beahler Martin of Amarillo, brother of Mrs. Paul, made a trip to Sedan to the Paul Brothers ranch Monday.

Let's CLEAN-UP PRINT-UP and be Ready for them VISIT THESE INTERESTING CENTENNIAL CELEBRATIONS (March 2 through May 3. Revised to February 12.) MARCH 2-6-SAN ANTONIO - Celebrations from Independence Day to date of Fall of the Alamo. MARCH 2-11-HOUSTON - Independence Day celebration at site of old capital of Texas Republic. HUNTSVILLE - Ceremonies honoring Independence Day and Sam Houston's birthday. BRENHAM - Historical celebration at Washington-Brazos. GONZALES - Texas Centennial Stamp Celebration. MARCH 7-11-EAN ANGELO-Stock Show and Rodeo. MARCH 12-15-FORT WORTH - Southwestern Exposition and Fat Stock Show. MARCH 17-CRYSTAL CITY - Spinach Festival. MARCH 27-GOLIAD-Pastoral Field Day. APRIL 4-SEGUIN-Historical Pageant and Music Festival. APRIL 4-BELTON - Texas Literary Parade. (At which 100 Texas writers representing 100 years of Texas will review literary achievements at Mary Moody Bay.) APRIL 16-18-GEORGETOWN - Agricultural and Cultural Fete. APRIL 15-21-EL PASO - Schools' Centennial - Recreating the History of Texas. APRIL 17-RAYMONDVILLE - Texas Union Fete. APRIL 18-19-HOUSTON - San Jacinto Association Celebrations (Ten-day festival, parades, banquets, concerts, and outdoor events, including Catholic field mass of great national importance.) APRIL 14-16-SANTON-TAFF - San Francisco County Celebration. APRIL 15-VICTORIA - Field Mass and Pageant (Commemorating a mass held on the banks of the Gwashope in 1829 by Aloka de Leon.) APRIL 17-KINSEVILLE - Historical Celebrations (In heart of world's greatest cattle domain, see King Ranch.) APRIL 20-25-SAN ANTONIO - Fiesta de San Jacinto (Day festival of San Jacinto, Battle of Flowers parade, April 24.) APRIL 21-PARIS - Texas in the 19th Century (Exposition, Centennial of 1821.) KILGORE - Centennial Pageant and Celebration. SCHEDULED Centennial Talk Festivals. APRIL 21-22-EDFORD - Rose Festival. APRIL 22-CROCKETT - Texas Six Flags Festival. APRIL 25-MAY 2-TERNON - Historical and Industrial Review. MAY 1-JAN HARCOS - Centennial Pageant. MAY 14-DEL RIO - Historical Pageant. For dates beyond May State Headquarters TEXAS CENTENNIAL OFFICE Dallas, Tex.

**HOMELAND DEMONSTRATION CLUB**

The Homeland Demonstration Club met at the home of Mrs. Loflin, Wednesday, March 4th.

The subject for discussion was "Warm Bedding." The goal for the year is: "Add one piece of warm cover which will meet the standard stressed in bed room demonstration work."

The club will make a comforter under the direction of the leader, Mrs. Ber, for the member who provides the necessary materials.

The homeland Club sent representatives to the Team Demonstration Training School, held at the Friona school cafeteria, Monday, Feb. 24th, by Miss Margaret St. Clair, county home demonstration agent.

The demonstration teams are to demonstrate the use of bonded chicken at the County Meat Show, to be held at Friona, Saturday, March 7th. Mrs. E. B. Brannon, Reporter.

**FRIONA HOME DEMONSTRATION CLUB**

By Mrs. Earl Watkins

The Friona Home Demonstration Club will meet March 5th to make a child's comforter, filling with wool materials furnished by Mrs. J. W. Parr. Visitors are always welcome.

Don't forget the Meat Show to be held in Friona March 7, sponsored by the County Home Demonstration Council and Friona Chamber of Commerce.

All entries must be in by 4:00 o'clock Friday p. m. March 6, or by early Saturday morning, for judging begins at 9:00 a. m.

Mr. Ethridge, president of the Chamber of Commerce, says complimentary tickets will be presented to the president of each club in the county to attend the annual banquet to be held Friday night, March 6, in the Congregational church basement.

**FRIONA WOMAN'S CLUB**

By Mrs. Tom Galloway

The Friona Woman's Club met in regular session, Wednesday, February 26, Mrs. F. W. Reeve and Mrs. F. T. Scholnick entertained the members present at the home of Mrs. Reeve.

One new member, Mrs. J. D. Buchanan, was present. Mrs. Walter, president of the Parmer County Federation, and Mrs. Henneman, of Farwell, were guests of the club. Mrs. Landers gave a very interesting talk on various things pertaining to club matters.

"State, Church and Private Schools in Texas," was the title of the paper well rendered by Mrs. M. Lacy, and Mrs. Claude Osborn gave an interesting talk on "Educational Problems of Today" and everyone enjoyed very much a violin solo by Mrs. M. L. McFarland.

At the close of the program delightful refreshments carrying out the club colors of green and yellow, were served to twenty-three club members.

**LAKEVIEW DEMONSTRATION CLUB**

The Lakeview Home Demonstration Club met Friday afternoon, February 28th, in the home of Mrs. Bert Day. There were six members and one visitor present.

Business was discussed and plans for the Parmer County Meat Show were taken care of in our club. Money was contributed for our scholarship girl fund, and refreshments of sandwiches, cakes and chocolate were served by the hostesses at the close of the meeting.

Our next meeting will be on Friday afternoon, March 3, at the home of Mrs. C. A. Quinn, and will be on "Planning to meet the Family Nutritional Needs." Miss Margaret St. Clair will have charge of the meeting. Everyone is invited and urged to come.

**HAVE MOVED TO DIMMITT**

Mr. and Mrs. Ester Noble and family moved last Saturday from their home here to Dimmitt, where they will reside for the future. Mr. Noble having taken a position in the bank at Dimmitt.

Mr. Noble has been cashier of the Friona State Bank during his past four years and during these years of serving Friona public he has won a warm place in the hearts and esteem of our people, all of whom deeply regret the removal of himself and family from our midst, but wish them success and happiness in their new home and place of business.

Mrs. E. B. McLellan, who has been at Hot Springs, New Mexico, for the past few weeks, is reported as not improving in health as rapidly as was hoped for. She asks that the Star be sent to her.

The local P. T. A. is sponsoring a Cal Farley Flying Dutchman at the school building on March 3th.

**CARD OF THANKS**

Mrs. E. B. We hereby express our sincere Don Loy, of L good friends who so kindly and faithfully assisted us by word and deed during the illness and death of our dear one, Mrs. Sarah Smith.

M. A. Crum, wife of the late Mr. Crum, of pleurisy, is again and gradually improving.

**Health Officer Urges Aid From Stricken People**

Austin, Texas—In speaking about epidemics, Dr. John W. Brown, State Health Officer, stated that if doctors, nurses, house-holders, and others would report the occurrence of any communicable disease immediately to the local health officer, that many epidemics could be prevented or greatly curtailed.

The control of preventable diseases depends upon the perfect reporting of all cases. It is necessary to secure information as to when and where cases occur before the proper steps for the control of these cases can be taken. Every epidemic starts with one case and the doctors engaged in protecting the public health are interested in locating this first case to prevent its spread to others.

Some of the contagious diseases are quarantinable. This is not done to punish the persons involved for having the disease, but to protect the well. The quarantine sign is not a disgrace but a badge of good citizenship, as it shows that household is trying to protect others from contracting a contagious disease.

**Huge Reduction Noted In Wheat Acreage Of U. S.**

According to information released for publication on Monday of this week there was a reduction of \$20,000,000 acres in the American Wheat crop for 1935, below that of 1929. Reduced to terms of bushels of wheat per person this amounts to only 4.1 bushels compared to the 1929 figure of 6.6 bushels.

Practically all of the reduction was found in six states, North and South Dakota, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska and Oklahoma. The drought was the most important factor influencing this reduction.

Kansas leads all states in the production of wheat with Oklahoma second and Texas third. North Dakota and Nebraska follow in fourth and fifth places.

The reduction reported above involves more of the spring wheat belt than of the winter wheat area. Increases in minor wheat states, mostly in the east and south, amounting to a million and a half acres tend to offset somewhat the reductions in the major wheat producing states.



**Just a Little Smile**

A backwoods mountaineer one day found a mirror which a tourist had lost.

"Well, if it ain't my old dad," he said, as he looked in the mirror. "I never knowed he had his pitcher took."

He took the mirror home and stole into the attic to hide it. But his actions didn't escape his suspicious wife. That night while he slept she slipped up to the attic and found the mirror.

"Hum-um," she said, looking into it, "so that's the old hag he's been chasin'!"—Cherokee (Kan.) Sentinel.

**But Love Conquers All**

For a lad who had recently got himself engaged to a beautiful and attractive young woman, his face was radiating a surprisingly small amount of rapture.

"I've got a five-thousand-a-year girl," he confided gloomily.

"Well, then," said his friend, heartily, "you're fixed for life."

"No, no, you misunderstand, the upkeep."—Stray Stories Magazine.

**Smartness**

"Do you think children ought to be encouraged in the belief that they are smarter than their parents?"

"Of course," said Mr. Dustin Stax. "They have got to be a whole lot smarter if they are to pay up the debts their parents piled up."

**LATEST SHADES**



"She has a good face."

"The best the market affords."

**Epitaphisms**

"Do you think we should speak ill of those who have passed from this life?"

"No," said Miss Cayenne. "But I can't see the wisdom of trying to assert tombstone epitaphs as political doctrine."

**Favorites Among T. C. U. Sophomores**



These four girls from the sophomore class at Texas Christian University have been named as the most popular among the second-year group. The selections were made by vote of the entire student body. The four girls are: Johnnie Weatherby, San Saba; Evelyn Lowe, Margaret Hall and Robbie Jo Whitener, all of Fort Worth.

**Named Supervisor**



J. S. Fischer of Amarillo has been named supervisor of district number sixteen of Texas Old Age Assistance Commission. Orville S. Carpenter of Austin, executive director, appointed Fischer recently. District headquarters are at Amarillo.

**Centennial Heads Look For Curios**

Dallas.—The desk used by Anson Jones, president of the Republic of Texas; an imprint in clay, now turned to rock, of a man's right hand with the scrawled inscription "S. F. A., 1831" (believed to be a personal record of Stephen F. Austin); a watch worn by a Texas soldier who guarded Gen. Santa Anna after his capture at San Jacinto; a bit of gold braid from the uniform worn by Gen. Tom Green who fell before enemy grape shot when the Northern Army sacked Blair's Landing on Red River. These are just a few of the interesting relics which have come to light through the "relic hunt" sponsored by the historical exhibits department of the Texas Centennial Exposition.

"The heavy demand for entry blanks, with no indication of what information they may return, convinces us that we were correct when we surmised that hundreds of historically valuable items are hidden away in the homes of Texans," declared Miss Emma Kyle Burleson, Austin, chairman of the contest committee.

Through the contest, the committee hopes to obtain information about many other items, such as diplomas, certificates and catalogues of early Texas colleges or academies.

**WPA Women Earn \$20,300 Per Month**

AMARILLO, Feb. 29.—As sewing machines whirl in fifteen Amarillo District sewing rooms, 660 women of the Texas Panhandle are earning combined monthly pay checks of \$20,300. Mrs. Leah E. Kay, District Supervisor of WPA Women's Projects, reported today.

"Vast improvement in the type of work being produced by these women is proving a source of satisfaction to those of us connected with the projects," said Mrs. Kay. "Many of the women now doing splendid work had never operated a sewing machine before being assigned to these tasks."

**Ritchie Dies**



ALBERT C. RITCHIE

A candidate for the Democratic nomination for president in 1932 and for 15 years governor of Maryland, Mr. Ritchie died early this week.

such as Add-Ran university, Waco College, McKenzie College, Rutherville College and others which served early Texas sons and daughters; authentic vehicles of the period; reports of public meetings; and all such material which may give new information about Texas and those who fostered its birth or development.

Inquiries and requests for entry blanks should be addressed to the Historical Exhibits departments, Texas Centennial Exposition, Dallas.

**Officials Give List Of Places Open For Exams**

The United States Civil Service has announced open competitive examinations as follows.

Flat-bed bookkeeping machine operator, \$1,620 a year. Associate research physiologist, Air Corps, Material Division, Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio \$3,200 a year. Principal agricultural research writer, \$5,600 a year, special agricultural research writer, \$3,800 a year, agricultural research writer (radio), \$2,900 a year, Department of Agriculture.

All states except Colorado, Iowa, Maryland, Minnesota, South Dakota, Vermont, Virginia, and the District of Columbia have received less than their quota of appointments in the apportioned department service in Washington D. C. The position of associate research physiologist is not affected by the State apportionment law.

Full information may be obtained from the Secretary of the United States Civil Service Board of Examiners at the post office or customs-house in any city which has a post office of the first or the second class or from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

Wheeler, Wheeler County, 12; Spearman, Hansford County, 20; Borger, Hutchinson County, 26; Amarillo, Potter County, 389. Projects other than sewing rooms occupy 142 women on Amarillo District WPA payrolls. Mrs. Kay stated. Canning plants at Clarendon and Perryton employ 26 women. 29 are engaged in library work 21 are teaching in emergency education centers, and the remainder work on various survey and clerical projects.

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**"Mississippi Bubble" Was Dismal Speculation**

The "Mississippi Bubble" was a scheme devised by John Law, a famous Scotch financier who lived from 1671 to 1729. Under the patronage of the duke of Orleans, regent of France, he organized a project intended originally to liquidate the national debt of that country by developing, under an exclusive grant, the resources of the province of Louisiana and the commerce of the Mississippi, then claimed by the French.

The scheme was launched in 1716 with the establishment of a bank. In 1717 the West Indian company was organized with a capital of 200,000 shares of 500 livres each. The company was at first successful, and in 1719 obtained exclusive control of the trade to the East Indies, China and the South Seas, and all the possessions of the French East India company. The holders of West India shares seemed likely all to profit tremendously.

An additional issue of 5,000 shares was created, and so wild was the speculative craze that more than 200,000 persons applied for them. In consequence all of the shares rose to twenty times their original value, and at the height of the excitement in 1719 were nominally worth more than eighty times the amount of all the currency in France.

The company could not hope to make a satisfactory profit for those who had paid the preposterous prices which speculative demand had put upon the shares. Before a year was out the "bubble" burst and the shares sank to a tenth of their face value.

The whole enterprise was thus discredited, and the company was wound up, while Law was obliged to flee; he died in poverty in Venice.

So great were the losses, which were in France rather than England, that the collapse of the Mississippi scheme nearly precipitated a revolution. It is usually regarded as the most disastrous speculation of modern times.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**Three Distinct Groups Make Up Cricket Family**

There are comparatively few species of crickets, but they represent three quite distinct groups. These can be distinguished as True crickets, Male crickets and Tree crickets, says an authority in the Montreal Herald.

Male crickets are so called because they burrow in the ground like moles. The form of their bodies is fashioned for this kind of life. They feed upon the tender roots of various plants.

True crickets are the black creatures seen in the cracks in pavements, or in the paths in the fields. They are common everywhere, some even invading our houses. They usually feed upon plants, but some are predaceous. They lay their eggs in the autumn, usually in the ground and hatch the following summer.

The common name Tree cricket was applied to this group by the fact that they are apt to live in trees; but they are found on shrubs, tall herbs or grasses. The song of the Snowy Tree cricket is often mistaken for that of the Katydid.

**The Nation's Songs**

"Let me write the nation's songs and I care not who makes her laws" was written by a Scotch patriot, Andrew Fletcher of Saltoun, in his "Account of a Conversation Concerning a Right Regulation of Governments for the Common Good of Mankind," a letter written to the marquis of Montrose and others in 1701. The correct quotation is: "I knew a very wise man so much of Sir Christopher's sentiment that he believed if a man were permitted to make all the ballads he need not care who should make the laws of a nation. And we find that most of the ancient legislators thought they could not well reform the manners of any city without the help of a lyric, and sometimes of a dramatic poet."

**Kangaroo Kitchens**

In Australia the natives have been living off kangaroo meat for at least 10,000 years. Paris of kitchens believed to be that old were unearthed near Kingston, South Australia, some time ago. Shape of the organs leads archeologists to believe they were for roasting kangaroos at ceremonies. So strangely man-like are these animals that it seems almost incredible that they should be eaten, but the fact remains that the Australian aborigines consider them a great delicacy. Vast herds of the beasts formerly roamed the great inland plains of the "island continent," but they have been largely killed off for their hides.

**"Yellow Streak"**

The meaning of "yellow streak" appears to have originated with the idea that things have yellowed through age, disease or other discoloration, just as a complexion may turn yellow through jaundice; hence the meaning of jaundiced or jealous, melancholy. A later development of this was in the sense of mean, contemptible, cowardly or craven. Another applied meaning is sensational, with regard to news or the press.

**Trial of Socrates**

At the trial of Socrates, time was divided by means of a water-clock, a kind of hour-glass, with water instead of sand, into three equal portions; the first, to the speech of the prosecutor, the second to that of the defendant and the third, if the verdict was "guilty," to the speech of the prosecutor, the reply of the defendant, together with the decision of the judges.

**Camel Has Hard Battle; Can Endure Punishment**

The camel's life is about as hard as any animal has to bear. It lives in the desert where blinding dust storms sting its eyes, and where water is scarce. The hot sands grind its feet. It must live days without food. And if nature had not been extraordinarily kind to it, probably not a single camel would be alive to lope over the desert today. But it is marvelously protected against these hardships, according to a writer in the Washington Star.

Its nostrils, for instance, are slanting, and it can close them in sandstorms so that part of the stinging dust is kept out and air still can get in.

Its lashes are thick and long and shade its eyes from the blazing sun and glaring sand almost as well as awnings would.

Its feet are padded with callouses against the blistering sand, and so are its elbows and knees and even its chest, so that it may kneel and lie down comfortably.

Its humps are fat-storing cupboards where extra fat is stored for use during the hungriest days. Humpless camels couldn't live long.

But the camel doesn't starve if his teeth can help him, for they're sharp and pointed and as strong as steel and can chew the toughest shrubbery. And the camel can smell water across vast distances of sand.

Once he reaches an oasis (or pool) he not only slakes his thirst—he fills the pouches of his stomach with water besides. These pouches, which are really a part of his stomach, he may then close off to keep the water in storage against the thirst of another long, dry journey. The camel generally lives for 40 lean years.

**Copenhagen Porcelain Is Marked With Wavy Lines**

Royal Copenhagen porcelain has a regal background. The first attempts to found a pottery in Copenhagen are shrouded in mystery. Between 1730 and 1756 suitable kaolin was discovered on the Isle of Bornholm and pottery-making was started under the direction of Mehlhorn, a modeller from Meissen. But there is no definite information until about 1760, when a Frenchman named Lournier was making a soft paste at Copenhagen. These efforts were short-lived but may account for the French appearance of the porcelain, says a writer in the Kansas City Star.

In 1775, King Christian VII of Denmark gave the enterprise his support and the government took over the factory which had been re-established by Muller, a chemist who used the hard paste.

The Royal Copenhagen mark is three wavy lines, said to denote the three belts of sea which divide the islands of Zealand and Funen from Jutland.

**First Public High School**

In 1821 Boston established the first public high school in the United States. This school, patterned after the academies, did not at first prepare for college; it offered, rather, a variety of courses of the modern (non-classical) and practical type. In 1827 the Massachusetts legislature passed a law requiring towns of a certain size to establish high schools. Few of the towns acted upon this law until Mann became secretary of the state board of education, but by 1850 Massachusetts had 64 public high schools—probably more than all the other states combined. The high schools later undertook to prepare pupils for college and thus combined the functions both of the old Latin grammar schools and of the private academies. In the country as a whole the high school made little progress until after the Civil war.

**Oldest Botanic Gardens**

The oldest botanic gardens in the new world are situated on the island of St. Vincent, in the Windward Islands. It was established in 1763 and it was to obtain breadfruit tree specimens for this garden in 1787 that the British naval vessel Bounty sailed to the South seas, where the famous mutiny on the Bounty occurred. Eventually Captain Bligh, of the Bounty, was brought back to St. Vincent with 530 choice specimens for the gardens.

**First Trip of Fast Mail**

On September 17, 1875, great crowds at Chicago welcomed the first fast mail train, which completed the run from New York in 26 hours—about half the previous postal time between the two cities. In addition to a car for guests, the train consisted of four especially designed and equipped postal cars, manned by a picked crew of clerks who handled, en route, more than 30 tons of mail matter.

**Siam's Idols and Temples**

Nothing it seems, was spared when Siam set out to build idols and temples. The ideas were lavish; so were the results. Outstanding is the Wat Arun, but such idols as adorn the entrance to the Royal Imperial castle are typical of the work which the Siamese undertook to express themselves. Gorgeous coloring and exquisite carving are the chief characteristics.

**Anchor Ice**

Since water expands on freezing, ice is lighter than water and therefore forms on the surface and floats. Anchor ice, however, is sometimes found at the bottom of the river. It consists of an aggregation of small crystals or needles of ice frozen at the surface of rapid open water and probably carried below by the force of the stream.

**The Household**

By LYDIA LE BARON WALKER

**TO SAVE** the bindings of books either because they are choice or because they are shabby, make paper covers or use textiles instead of the stiff paper. Both the cloth and paper covers can be smart and ornamental today, as novelty papers in suitable weight are procurable, and decorative fabrics are to be found in profusion.

Waterproof cloth is best for cook books, and those which are handled in the kitchen. If these covers get wet or spotted, they can be restored merely by rubbing the cover with a wet cloth, or by using soap and water or a cleaning agent on the spots.



Textile covers can be made in either one of two ways. One long strip of material, lined, can be bound along edges, this binding to be put on after each end of the goods has been turned toward the inside in a hem of several inches. The depth of this hem depends on the size of the book to be covered. The length between hems must be adequate for the front and back bindings to be slipped under the hems and the book to close without tension on the textile.

**Method for Paper.**

The other way to cover a book applies both to paper and textiles. Make a paper pattern by centering the open book on a strip of paper wider than the volume and several inches longer. Make slightly diagonal cuts for edge of top and bottom of paper as far in as the back of the book, leaving the space between these cuts, the width of the back. Fold slashed portions under the book. Close the volume and fold the paper over lengthwise edge of back and front bindings. Fold side portions over bindings and at corners, tuck paper or textile under front of bindings to form uncut but mitered corners.

The various folds of paper or material provide extra durability. Paper, being stiff and firm, will stay in place, but where the mitering comes in corners of textiles, there should be a few stitches put in to prevent covers from slipping.

The choice of smart patterned papers such as are imported, and choice textiles, determine the handsome character of these covers. Brocades are exquisite, glazed chintz is recommended also in fabrics. Never use wallpapers, however good looking, as they are by no means strong enough, and they will rub with constant handling.

**Unit Furniture.**

Unit furniture, that is furniture that is made not merely for separate pieces in themselves, but also to combine so that the units form other pieces, is one of these modern era styles. Many possibilities lurk in unit furniture. It is especially desirable in small apartments, or in rooms which serve double purposes as instances in living room bedrooms, which the English term "bed sitting rooms."

Another good feature of the unit furniture is that it can be combined to save space, or separated to afford extra furniture. Also it can be shifted about and used in other combinations so that different furnishings can be secured at a moment's notice and with little effort, and the needs of the hour can be supplied with no extra outlay.

An interesting arrangement of unit furniture consists of three chairs, or two chairs and one ottoman and an end table, which is also a bookcase and which can form an arm for one chair, or the head of a studio couch when the three chairs or two chairs and one ottoman are positioned in a straight line. By pushing the ottoman into the angle of a wall by an open fire, and using large pillows for the back, and placing a side chair close to each end, you will have an log-cabin, or a corner couch. By separating them you have two chairs and an ottoman. These three units prove living room furniture, or bedroom to fill these respective needs at different times in the twenty-four hours.

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**Brightening Dark Rooms**

Stronger contrasts of colors can be used in rooms inclined to be dark than in well lighted interiors, according to F. N. Vandewalker in his new book "Interior Wall Decoration." Here, the lover of brilliant hues may use yellows, reds, and tints of orange. Fabrics with prominent patterns and wall finishes with rough textures are also effective in dark rooms.

**Get Painter in Time**

Painting is one of the things that costs money to do without. Wear from weather is continually taking place and if there is insufficient paint protection, the house suffers.

**Painting Preparation**

When preparing to do a painting job, be sure that your paint is well mixed. It's a good idea to pour the paint from one can into another and back again four or five times.

**REVEALS SECRET OF GOOD PASTRY**

When Mixing Keep Dough as Cold as Possible.

By EDITH M. BARBER

**ANYONE** who can make good pastry is naturally proud of it. But, let me tell you a secret, there is no reason why any woman should not know how to turn the pastry trick. It is really one of the easiest things in the world of cookery.

First of all there is the flour: For a good sized pie take one and a half cupsful of sifted flour and one half teaspoonful of salt. Into this work one half cupful of cold shortening. If you can take your choice in this matter also, some women think lard is the best shortening, while many prefer one of the vegetable fats. A little butter may be used for flavor if you wish, but it is not really necessary. Work in the shortening. If your hands are cold you may use your fingers, otherwise use a knife or a fork. I usually use a small wooden chopping bowl and a double blade chopping knife. Do not cut the fat too fine if you like flaky crust with bubbles in it.

When the flour and shortening are well mixed make a hole in the flour at one side of the bowl and pour in one tablespoonful of cold water and work in with a case knife as much flour as it will take up. Do the same thing to other portions of the flour and when you have three balls of dough and some dry flour left in the bowl, take your fingers and press them all together. If you need a little more water add it a few drops at a time. Remember, however, that wet pastry is always tough. Put the dough in a bowl, cover, and chill before using.

If you follow these directions you are perfectly sure to have tender, flaky pie crust, and what more can the family ask: Your reputation as a cook is made!

In baking pastry a hot oven is necessary. For a pastry shell, it should be very hot, about 500 degrees Fahrenheit. For a fruit pie and for a custard pie, we start out with a hot oven, 450 degrees Fahrenheit, but after ten minutes we lower the temperature to 350 degrees Fahrenheit or 400 degrees Fahrenheit.

**Apple Pie.**

5 or 6 apples  
1/2 cup sugar  
1/4 teaspoon salt  
1/2 teaspoon cinnamon  
1 tablespoon butter  
1 tablespoon flour  
Pare, core and slice the apples. Mix the sugar, salt and cinnamon. Line a pan with pastry, sprinkle with a tablespoonful of sugar and add the apples and sugar in layers. Dot with butter, cover with an upper crust, and bake in a hot oven (450 F.) for ten minutes, then lower the temperature and bake until the apples are soft. This way of arranging the filling may be used for all fruit pies.

**Lemon Meringue Pie.**

1/2 cup flour  
1 cup sugar  
1 1/2 cups boiling water  
2 eggs  
Grated rind of one lemon  
1 tablespoon butter  
3 tablespoons lemon juice  
4 tablespoons powdered sugar  
Mix the flour and sugar, add the boiling water slowly, and boil five minutes, stirring occasionally. Beat the yolks of the eggs and add to them the cooked mixture. Return to the boiler and add butter, lemon juice and rind and cook until the mixture thickens. Cool and fill the baked crust. Cover with a meringue made by beating the whites of the eggs and adding the powdered sugar. Brown in a moderate oven (300 degrees F.)

**Coconut Custard Pie.**

2 eggs  
3 tablespoons sugar  
1/4 teaspoon salt  
1 1/2 cups milk  
1 cup shredded coconut  
Nutmeg  
Beat the eggs, add the remaining ingredients in the order given. Pour into a deep pie pan lined with pastry. Bake in a hot oven (450 degrees F.) ten minutes then at a lower temperature thirty minutes or until the custard is firm and the crust brown.

**Fruit Cream Pie.**

Bake the crust as for lemon pie and fill the shell with cream filling. Whip one cupful cream, add one-half cupful or more of strained fruit pulp and pile on top of the cream filling. Fresh strawberries, raspberries or peaches may be used, or stewed apricots or prunes may take the place of fresh fruit.

**Refrigerator Lemon Pie.**

3 egg yolks  
3 lemons (juice)  
3 egg whites  
2 small boxes vanilla wafers  
1 can condensed milk  
1 1/2 lemons (rind)  
3 tablespoons sugar  
Beat egg yolks, add milk, lemon juice and rind and mix well. Put vanilla wafers through a meat grinder, and line a well-buttered pie plate with them. Pour in mixture and top with meringue of stiffly beaten egg whites and sugar. Bake in a moderate oven, 375 degrees Fahrenheit, 15 minutes. Chill in refrigerator several hours.

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**Colors for Child's Room**

An amusing, but exceptionally practical child's room pictured in the current issue of Country Life has white-coated walls. Painted black trim and floors accented them and, for contrast, there is a red lining in the bookcase, dressing table, red curtains and gray carpet.

**USE OF SPICES HELPS COOKERY**

Gives Flavor and Zest to All Kinds of Dishes.

By EDITH M. BARBER

**COOKERY** as an art has been said—perhaps justly—to have begun with the introduction of spices into it. For thousands of years spices had been highly prized for medicinal uses. They were literally worth their weight in gold and were considered fit gifts for a king.

While salt is not a spice we group it with spices as a condiment—the oldest condiment in the world. Some of the earliest trading between groups of people began with the exchange of other products for salt. In the days of the Romans the soldiers were given a special appropriation for this purpose.

The spices used today in largest proportion are peppers of various types, mustard, cinnamon, ginger, nutmeg and clove. Among the peppers are black, white, cayenne, paprika and chili. Mustard is used in a number of forms—the dry powdered mustard flour, the whole seed and in its mixed form.

English mustard is usually strong in flavor and at its best is very good. Indeed, the well known Bahaman mustard is of the English type. French mustard is more delicate in flavor, as it is usually mixed with wine or wine vinegar, sometimes flavored with tarragon. Epicures are very particular about the flavor of blended mustard. If you wish to mix your own you may use wine, vinegar, cream or milk.

In this country the mustard pot usually accompanies cold meat, hot corned-beef and sometimes roast beef. A hot mustard sauce is delicious with either meat or fish. Dijon, on account of its famous mustard, has given its name to many French dishes. If you see the word Dijonnaise on the menu you may be sure that mustard will be used as a seasoning.

While mustard is usually used with main dishes, cinnamon has its largest use in combination with sweets.

Nutmeg may be used as a seasoning or as a flavoring. There is much discussion as to whether nutmeg or cinnamon should be used with apples. The nutmeg is the kernel of the fruit of an East Indian tree. Mace comes from the same fruit and is found around the kernels. Grated nutmeg is satisfactory as long as it is fresh. The whole nutmeg, of course, retains its flavor longer.

Ginger is also a tropical product. The roots are used for flavoring. When they are used in their natural form they are known as green ginger or ginger root. The roots are sometimes preserved or crystallized. The great majority, however, are dried and powdered.

Cloves have a long history of warfare over their possession. They come from the so-called Spice Islands, the East Indies, East Africa and the West Indies. Cloves have a varied use in the preparation of meats as well as of desserts and pickles. They are used in their whole form about as much as they are in the more modern powdered flavorings.

**Spiced Peaches.**

Cloves  
1 can peaches  
1 cup peach syrup  
1/2 cup vinegar  
1 stick cinnamon  
1/2 cup sugar  
Stud the drained peaches with cloves. Cook peaches with syrup, vinegar, cinnamon and sugar for three minutes. Chill and serve with meat.

**Sour Cream Spice Cake.**

1/2 cup shortening  
2 cups brown sugar  
2 eggs  
2 cups pastry flour  
1/4 teaspoon salt  
1/4 teaspoon soda  
1 teaspoon baking powder  
2 teaspoons cloves  
2 teaspoons cinnamon  
2 teaspoons allspice  
1 cup sour cream  
Cream the shortening with sugar until light. Add the beaten egg yolks and beat well. Measure and sift the flour with salt, soda, baking powder and spices. Add to the first mixture alternately with the cream. Fold in stiffly beaten egg whites. Pour into a greased cake pan and bake in a moderate oven, 350 degrees Fahrenheit, for 30 minutes.

**Sauerbraten (Sour Beef).**

4 pounds round  
1 pint vinegar  
Water  
4 bay leaves  
12 peppercorns  
8 cloves  
2 tablespoons flour  
Salt, pepper  
Allspice  
1 bunch carrots  
12 onions, sliced  
1 tablespoon sugar  
12 ginger snaps  
Select meat with a layer of fat, put into a bowl, add vinegar and enough water to completely cover meat. Add spices and put in refrigerator for three days. Drain, rub meat with flour, salt, pepper and allspice and brown on all sides in hot drippings. Add sliced carrots and onions and two cupfuls of the spiced vinegar. Cover and cook over a low fire about two hours. Crumble ginger snaps and add with the sugar to the liquid around the meat. Cook ten minutes more. Add more salt to the gravy if necessary.

**Mustard Sauce.**

Mix two teaspoonfuls of dry mustard and a few drops of Worcestershire sauce with two tablespoonfuls of water and add to one-quarter cupful of melted butter. Serve in a sauce boat with meat or fish.

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**Coconut Tree of Ceylon Mainstay of the Natives**

In Ceylon, we claim that the coconut tree is the most useful tree in the world, states a correspondent in Pearson's Weekly. The coconut palm has been established in the island for hundreds of years. Each palm yields from 40 to 100 nuts a year for 70 or 80 years. Copra comes from the dried kernel, and is exported in large quantities for the manufacture of margarine and soap, etc., and desiccated coconut, coconut oil, and coir-fiber, made from the husks of the nuts, are also exported.

But to the Ceylon villager, his coconut trees are not merely his source of income, but his mainstay.

With the wood he builds his hut, and his fishing boat is a trunk hollowed out. His simple furniture is made from the same wood, and his drinking cup is a coconut shell. His lamp is a shell filled with coconut oil, the mat on which he sleeps, his broom and his ropes are made of coir-fiber.

The fresh juice of the young nuts forms his drink, and the soft kernel gives him a staple dish; it's a delicious, jelly-like substance.

Grated coconut ekes out his meat of rice, and from the coconut flowers are made arrack and toddy, potent spirits, much appreciated at village festivals. Jaggery, a kind of brown sugar, is made from the juice of the trunk. The beautiful cream-colored blossom, and the tender young leaves are used in every form of decoration in this land of sunshine.

**Pine Tree Is Classed as Favorite of the Forests**

There is something knightly about a pine tree. It raises itself on sturdy trunk into the atmosphere, great arms sweeping the air, and shoulders its stalwart bulk against the elements. It can be among the most quiet of trees, producing an utter forest stillness, a breathless hush, or, when roused, among the most tempestuous. It is a communal tree, observes a writer in the Rural New-Yorker, pitched in encampments, marching in mighty armies, but is also to be seen riding along some barren wind-whipped hillside or lonely lake shore. It is somber, dignified, with a protective strength about it.

It is one of those trees that have a personality, not graceful like the white birch, nor domestic like the maple, but a thing of the wild, a little aloof, serene, fearless, with a certain majesty, but the majesty of a strong man of the people rather than of courtly places.

That the pine is a favorite among trees is small cause for wonderment. It can be gentle, as a true knight should be, murmuring low words of consolation and comfort. It has about it something of gloomy romance and mystery, the spirit of moat and castle. In battle its war song rises high on the blast and its great body, assembling all its forces, struggles mightily with the enemy, the grim conflict showing wild against the storm clouds of the sky.

**Meaning of "Layman"**

The first part of the word "layman" is derived from the Greek "laikos," meaning "of or from the people," and "layman" is most generally applied to the people in general who are not members of the clergy; in other words, to members of the laity. Thus in various churches we have lay deacons, lay preachers, lay elders, lay readers, etc., persons who perform such church duties and continue with their outside occupations. In religious orders lay brothers and lay sisters are occupied chiefly with domestic or manual work. Apart from church usage, the term "layman" is applied to outsiders or non-experts in relation to some profession, art or branch of knowledge, especially with reference to law or medicine.

**Discoverer of Eucalyptus**

Sir Joseph Banks fitted out a vessel at his own expense and accompanied the famous Captain Cook on his first voyage around the world in 1768, and when they touched the shores of Australia (then called New Holland), Sir Joseph was the first man to see and describe the Eucalyptus which grow by the millions in California. He called them "Gum" trees because of the exudations of gum on the trunks and Gum trees they still remain to us. The Araucaria was first introduced from the Society Islands in the Pacific and named by him, while the same is true of the famous "Bird of Paradise," Strelitzia, which he introduced from South Africa and named in honor of his friend Queen Charlotte Sophia of Mecklenburg-Strelitz.

**Rheumatism in Stone Age**

Even in the Stone age, some 4,000 years ago, Britons suffered from rheumatism. This was shown by the skeleton of a Stone age man dug up at Notgrove long barrow, in the Cotswold hills, in the west of England. This Stone age veteran showed extensive signs of osteoarthritis, indicating that when alive he was crippled with rheumatism. Experts take this as a sign that the climate of these isles was chillsome in winter.

**St. Mark's Decorations**

According to the ancient laws of Venice, every merchant trading in the East was required to bring back material for decorating St. Mark's, and every successful general or admiral returning from an Eastern campaign was expected to carry some offering for it. "Not one of the hundreds of columns and capitals within or without the church was originally built or constructed for St. Mark's," writes Arnold Lund in "Venice."