

Sixty-Fifth Congress Is Reopened U.S. Cavalry Cross Border And Rout Mexican Raiders

OVER THIRTEEN BILLION DOLLARS WILL BE ASKED FOR NEXT FISCAL YEAR

By Associated Press. Washington, Dec. 3.—Estimates of more than \$13,500,000,000, the greatest in the nations history, for the conduct of the government and the prosecution of the war during the fiscal year 1919, were submitted to congress today by the treasury department.

In round figures more than \$11,000,000,000 of that vast sum is for the war alone. Only part of it will be realized from taxation; the remainder will come from the issues of Liberty Bonds.

Deducting an item of \$153,000,000, intended as an annual appropriation toward a sinking fund for the discharge of the old public debt and some \$330,000,000 which will be turned back to the treasury from postal revenues, the estimated sum for which congress actually is expected to appropriate is \$13,018,725,595. No previous estimate ever has exceeded two billions.

General Statement. Here follows a general statement of the estimates by general heading: Legislative \$8,026,325. Executive \$65,325,369. Judicial \$1,396,290. Agricultural \$25,458,551. Foreign intercourse \$6,535,072. Military (army) \$6,615,936,554. Navy \$1,014,077,503. Indian \$12,255,218. Pensions \$157,060,000. Panama Canal \$24,171,624. Public works (practically all fortifications) \$2,041,818,055.

ARMY AND NAVY BUDGET IS OVER ELEVEN BILLION

PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR ARMY OF MILLION AND HALF.

THIS IS MERELY PART

Naval and Coast Fortifications Also Will Be Materially Strengthened By Government Now.

By Associated Press. Washington, Dec. 3.—A war budget of more than eleven billion dollars for army and navy costs during the fiscal year 1919 was faced today by congress, when the government's estimates were presented.

The chief item in the budget is for three military establishments of the army, to cost \$6,615,936,553, an increase of \$1,365,967,509 over the total of army appropriations made at the last session.

Staff Officers. The estimates call for staff officers as follows: General staff 347, adjutant general department 281, inspector general 246, engineers 400, ordnance 2,000, quartermaster 3,300, medical 14,000, judge advocate general 300, signal corps (including aviation) 11,241.

Fortifications estimates take second of \$1,500,000. Fortifications estimates take second of \$1,500,000. Fortifications estimates take second of \$1,500,000.

Baker's Estimate. Striking items of Secretary Baker's estimates are \$2,116,000 for additional civil employees at the war department, \$2,000,000 for the military information section of the general staff, doubling the present appropriation, \$1,138,907,509 for the signal corps, which is \$399,172,448 in excess of the existing appropriation, including the special \$540,000,000 aviation measure, \$2,224,325,000 for army transportation, an increase of \$324,000,000, mostly for clothing and camp equipment, \$28,755,991 for the purchase of cavalry and military horses, a decrease of \$37,355,000 and showing restrictions placed upon the use of animals for the army in France due to transportation difficulties, \$157,182,400 for the medical department to include \$17,000,000 for new motor ambulances and \$111,000,000 for medical and hospital supplies, also \$24,000,000 for veterinary supplies, the total being an increase of \$26,331,894; \$135,000,000 for engineer equipment for troops, which includes the gas and flame devices, starrockets, hand grenades and signal lights of all kinds; \$892,000,000 for engineer operations in the field, an increase of \$600,000,000 and covering bridge, rail-

A DAUGHTER OF THE LATE PRES. CLEVELAND WEDS



Mrs. William Stanley Dell, daughter of the late President Cleveland, is shown in a portrait. She is wearing a dark dress with a high collar and a brooch. The photo is credited to Curtis Dell.

AMERICAN TROOPS KILL THIRTY-FIVE MEXICANS

By Associated Press. Indio, Tex., Dec. 2.—One American cavalryman, a Mexican foreman of an American cattle ranch and 35 Mexicans were killed in a battle which occurred early Saturday morning at Buena Vista, a small hamlet on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande. The dead included the commanding officer of the American detachment, Lt. Tigner, and a number of his men.

ARMY BALLOON RUNS AMUCK

WOODWARD, Okla., Dec. 3.—Information received by the Southwestern Telephone Company here this afternoon said that the runaway balloon from Fort Omaha, Neb., had grounded at Meade, Kansas, near the Oklahoma state line, early today. The same information said that the anchor on the end of the 6,000 foot cable had torn off the roof of a house at Altica, Kan., as well as ripping up several hundred feet of telephone, telegraph and electric light wires.

PRESIDENT WILL SOUND LEGISLATIVE KEY-NOTE IN MESSAGE TOMORROW

By Associated Press. Washington, Dec. 3.—The Sixty-Fifth Congress reconvened today for its second and "long" session, with the leaders prepared to stay here until next autumn. The keynote of the legislative program will be sounded Tuesday by President Wilson in his opening address to be delivered in the house chamber at 12:30 p. m. at a joint session.

Perfunctory Session. As in the special war session which ended October 6, prosecution of the war is the principal task facing the legislators. Today's opening meeting was as usual brief and perfunctory, accompanied by the ordinary scenes of a new session—handshaking and other felicitation with well filled galleries and miscellaneous and confusion.

President Will Lead. President Wilson in his address, it is understood, will urge congress to confine its work strictly to measures for the successful and speedy prosecution of the war. There is a general disposition among the leaders of both sides to depend upon him to take the lead in proposing the war measures and to give effect to any changes in support possible.

Organization of both senate and house under democratic control has been effected at the special session, both bodies were ready to plunge into the mass of waiting business. Legislation, however, is not expected to get into the session until after the Christmas recess, although there is some agitation to forego the holiday.

Will Watch Estimate. Closer scrutiny of appropriations and department estimates during the present session is generally predicted, with efforts to prevent extravagance while at the same time providing adequate funds for war needs. Spectacular features during the session are regarded as possible developments from the agitation against Senator La Follette and others because of their opposition to some war legislation. He and Senator Harriett Georgia have announced their intention to seek repeal of the draft law, while Senators La Follette and Sherman of Illinois have peace resolutions pending before the senate foreign relations committee.

Russian Now Interned in England Appointed British Ambassador. Petrograd, Sunday, Dec. 3. (Delayed).—All the newspapers which printed the manifesto of the provisional government have been suspended. Their printing facilities have been placed at the disposal of the Maximilists and peasant unions. Several new members joined the house today, Representative Lufkin,

STATE OFFICIALS CASES CONTINUED TO NEXT MONDAY

By Associated Press. Austin, Dec. 3.—The cases against Ex-Governor Ferguson, former Secretary of State Churchill Bartlett, former Superintendent of Buildings and Grounds C. L. Stowe, former Labor Commissioner C. W. Woodruff and Comptroller of Insurance and Banking C. O. Austin were continued this morning until next Monday by Judge James R. Hamilton of the criminal district court. No decision has been reached by the court of criminal appeals in the McKay habeas corpus case.

Other Departments. The estimates for all other departments besides showing increase for

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13 CONVICTS MAKE ESCAPE FROM JOLIET

By Associated Press.
 Joliet, Ill., Dec. 3.—Thirteen convicts escaped from the state penitentiary here early today by sawing or cutting their way through steel bars and then beating two guards into unconsciousness.
 Guards in the two towers nearest the east gate fired on the fleeing convicts as they disappeared over the way, but none is believed to have been hit. A large posse started after the convicts, who took a southerly direction.
 The thirteen men were in solitary confinement for having caused disturbances last week in the cell houses. To escape they had to break out of their individual cells, then saw through two barred doors, and finally through a heavy steel door which leads into the "solitary" from the corridor.
 Albert Chancell, a guard stationed just inside the steel door, was beaten into unconsciousness, but not before he had summoned John Carlson, night captain of the guard, with his cries. Carlson, too, was beaten into unconsciousness. The men then climbed the fifteen foot wall to the east gate. They fled toward the Illinois and Michigan canal and were lost in the darkness.
 Warden Murphy stated that the men could not have escaped without the assistance or connivance of somebody about the prison.
 Three of the men were sentenced to life imprisonment.

LOONEY, JOHNSON, ARRIVE TODAY TO "LAY OFF" SITE

Immediate action toward making the new insane asylum to be located in this city a reality is forecast by the visit of Senator W. A. Johnson, Attorney General E. F. Looney and Dr. Preston here this afternoon to select the 500 acre site at Lake Wichita which has been accepted for the asylum.
 The site offered comprises more than the 500 acres needed and the committee which arrived here this afternoon is now selecting the ground needed. It is understood that construction on the buildings will be under way as soon as possible.

ARMY NOTES

Chatten McDowell, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lee McDowell is here visiting his parents on a short furlough before reporting to San Benito, Texas, where he has been assigned to duty. Mr. McDowell was commissioned first lieutenant of infantry at Camp Stanley, the Leaning Springs training camp that has just closed. He and Wiley Fuller, whose mother resides here were the only local young men who remained in camp until its close and received commissions.

Burke Taylor, of the firm of Richardson and Taylor, has received notice from the war department to report at San Antonio Dec. 8. Mr. Taylor passed an examination for the aviation corps some time ago and has been awaiting this call. It is supposed he will have his preliminary training at Austin in the ground school.
 Lieutenant Con Brown, quartermaster for Call Field, who was until his appointment to the local camp stationed at Camp Travis is commending to the hospitality and friendship of Wichita Falls folks by a number of local young men at Camp Travis. Lieutenant Brown received his commission from Leon Springs in August and was in the same company with John Gould, John Naylor and Grover Bullington, three local young men who were commissioned from the first camp.

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 But the old-fashioned mustard-plaster burned and blistered while it acted. Get the relief, and help that mustard plasters gave, without the plaster and without the blister.
 Musterole does it. It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It is scientifically prepared, so that it works wonders, and yet does not blister the tenderest skin.
 Just massage Musterole in with the fingertips gently. See how quickly it brings relief—how speedily the pain disappears.
 Use Musterole for sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, rheumatism, headache, congestion, pleurisy, neuralgia, lumbago, pains and aches of the back of joints, sprains, muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bite, cricks of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).
 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.



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WATERWAYS BILL ESTIMATES PROVE LESS THAN USUAL

By Associated Press.
 Washington, Dec. 3.—The cost and maintenance of aid improvement of harbors and rivers in the handling of the country's water borne commerce was estimated to congress today at \$29,515,697 for the fiscal year, 1919.
 That is a reduction of more than \$3,000,000 from the amount appropriated for the current year. As usual the largest sum estimated was for the Mississippi river, a total of \$12,112,000. For the Ohio river, \$5,906,000 was proposed and for the harbor of New York, where the largest portion of the country's foreign commerce is handled, \$3,010,000 which includes provision for improvement on the Hudson and East rivers, estimates for the latter waterway amounting to \$2,500,000. Estimates for the Delaware and Schuylkill rivers amount to \$1,655,000, and for Norfolk harbor and Thimble Shoal improvements \$1,540,000.
 Details of the largest estimates for rivers are:
 Mississippi river: passes \$1,400,000; flood control (including improvements and maintenance from head of passes to mouth of Ohio, and expenses of Mississippi river commission), \$10,000,000; mouth of Ohio to mouth of Missouri, \$100,000; mouth of Missouri to Minneapolis, \$500,000; lock and dam construction between St. Paul and Minneapolis, \$50,000; reservoirs and headwaters, \$32,000; Missouri river: six foot channel, Kansas City to mouth, \$500,000.
 Ohio river: locks and dams below Pittsburgh and Pittsburgh harbor, \$5,000,000.
 Allegheny river: Locks and dams and open channel work, \$505,000; Delaware river: Above Trenton, \$55,000; Allegheny avenue, Philadelphia to the sea, \$1,200,000.
 Harbor estimates include Galveston \$300,000.
 Other items are:
 Removing water hyacinth Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi and Texas, \$20,000.
 Louisiana bayous and rivers, \$5,000.

EARLY ARRIVALS GIVEN OFFICERS FROM FIRST LINE

Special to The Times.
 With the American Army in France, Dec. 2.—A number of officers who were attached to the first battalion to enter the trenches have been transferred to the newly arrived units of former National Guardsmen where they will direct the work of getting the new troops ready for the front line. Later men on the first unit to establish contact with the enemy also may be transferred temporarily to assist the officers.
 This conforms with a announced plan of General Pershing.
 Reports from all divisional headquarters indicate that the training is progressing rapidly. The course of instruction has been shaped so as to achieve the greatest results in the shortest time without abandoning any necessary detail.
 Snow fell today over the entire American zone, whitening the ground buildings and trees in the higher places but adding to the mud in the lowlands. Engineers working on the supply line today reported they had passed through several fairly lively bombardments without casualties.
 Vance McCormick, member of the American mission to the inter-allied conference came out from Paris today to visit headquarters and see the troops. Later he left to inspect the French front. Colonel E. M. House and the other members of the mission are expected to visit the American zone during the week.

ALLEGED SPY PROMINENT IN FINAGE NEGOTIATIONS.

By Associated Press.
 Stockholm, Dec. 3.—Vladimir Scherzer, one of the representatives of the Bolsheviks in the peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk, was arrested at Petrograd a fortnight before the revolution of last March as a German spy, according to information obtained by the Associated Press from a well informed source.

W. C. T. U. CONVENTION IN SESSION TODAY.

By Associated Press.
 Washington, Dec. 3.—Patriotic ceremonies, including "the salute to the flag" committee reports and the address of the president, Miss Anna Gordon, engaged the attention here today of nearly one thousand delegates to the annual convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. The energies of the convention, which was opened informally last night with an address by William Jennings Bryan, will be devoted largely to the fight for passage by the house of the prohibition amendment already adopted by the senate.

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With the following very special values:
 Women's Smart Dresses
 For street, afternoon or evening, of velveteen, serge, jersey cloth, satin; formerly up to \$19.75, at **\$9.75**
 Smart Tailored Coats
 Of silvertone, duvet de laine, velours and velveteens; plain man-tailored or fur trimmed, formerly up to \$24.75, at **\$14.75**
PLAIN AND DEMI-TAILED SUITS AT \$23.85
SUITS REDUCED
 Smartly tailored Suits, many fur-trimmed, comprising models of velveteen and wool materials.
MILLINERY
 This collection includes model Hats, many of them copies of French importations; materials of every description, in the good colors of the season—
 HATS that were \$22.50 and \$25.00 now **\$4.95**
 HATS that were \$18.50 and \$21.50 now **\$12.50**
 HATS that were \$22.50 and \$25.00 now **\$15.00**

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LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	\$2,712,630.81
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	242,000.00
Liberty Loan and Other Bonds	642,202.00
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	10,500.00
Furniture and Fixtures	18,715.00
Real Estate	12,259.45
Cash in Bank	\$ 111,760.42
Cash with U. S. Treasurer	12,500.00
Sight Exchange	1,459,590.98
Total	\$1,583,850.59
	\$5,328,157.76
RESOURCES	
Capital Stock	\$ 250,000.00
Surplus and Profits	\$ 218,127.86
Reserve for Taxes	11,000.00
Reserve for Interest	18,000.00
Circulation	247,127.86
Individual Deposits	\$3,014,678.89
Government Deposits	638,568.00
Bank Deposits	924,983.01
Total Deposits	\$4,578,229.90
	\$5,328,157.76

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GROWTH OF ELKS LODGE RELATED BY A. E. MYLES

EULOGIES FOR DEPARTED MEMBERS ARE SPOKEN BY JUDGE EDGAR SCURRY.

The origin and growth of the Elks Fraternity from a group of ten members fifty years ago to a great brotherhood of 475,000 members with 345 lodges throughout the United States and Canada was recounted by A. E. Myles speaker at the Elks memorial service at the Wichita theatre Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Myles emphasized some of the virtues which the fraternity teaches, these being Charity, Justice, Brotherly Love and Fidelity and told how these virtues were being practiced by members and by the lodge as a whole. Big Brother Movement. He called attention to the Big Brother movement and told how Elks throughout the country were acting as big brothers to boys to whom opportunity would not be opened without the help of these big brothers.

There was a large attendance of members and many friends. Musical numbers were given by Miss Cook, Mrs. King, Mr. Templeton and Katz orchestra.

NEW IRON REMEDY IS BIG IMPROVEMENT OVER LIQUID TONICS

The Many Advantages of Pep Systemic Pills Seem to Appeal to Thinkers.

Although there are a number of liquid tonics on the market which heretofore have enjoyed a big sale, the large demand already created for Pep Systemic Pills indicates that they will very soon surpass the record made by any general tonic that has ever been introduced.

Accept no substitute for these pills. —Adv.

SECOND RECITAL WILL BE GIVEN BY MISS DAY'S CLASS

Pupils of Miss Ella Day's class in dramatic expression and public speaking will give their second recital of this school year next Friday evening, Dec. 7, at the high school auditorium at 8 o'clock.

Secure a box today and be convinced that Pep Systemic Pills are really superior to any other tonic you have ever used.

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THEY DON'T SWEAR AT THE MESSENGER BOYS NOW.



The type of language long considered available for use to messenger boys in requesting speed is on vacation in business circles. Nowadays when the telegraph call boxes are used they are turned gently rather than slammed, as formerly.

SCANDAL MONGER IS HARD HIT BY REV. T. T. HICKS

HELP FOR THE ERRING OF MORE AVAILABLE THAN KNOCKS, SAYS RECTOR.

Rev. Reginald T. T. Hicks rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, spoke last night on the duty of Christians to avoid gossip and scandal-mongering, to self-expression, and to help erring brothers and sisters by surrounding them with sincere love and fellowship.

Should Aid Erring. "If we know of such a one it is our duty as Christians to help him to see his fault if we can; but if we cannot help him, we must keep it to ourselves. We must not tell every one we know of it; we must do nothing to hurt or hinder him. If we are filled with the spirit of God, we shall be careful that we do nothing to handicap those who are running the same race that we are."

Seek the Stranger. "And I charge you, my brother, said the Bishop to me, 'to go back to

High Prices Cause Unrest in England, Committee Reports

Washington, Dec. 3.—An increase in the cost of living out of proportion with the advance in wages and an unequal distribution of food are assigned by the British commission of inquiry into industrial unrest as the chief reasons for restlessness among the workers of Great Britain.

The commissions report, re-published in a bulletin issued today by the bureau of statistics of the department of labor, covers an investigation of leading British industrial centers lasting more than a month and recommends, among other things, an immediate reduction of food prices. Suggestion also is made that the increased cost of food be borne to some extent by the government.

Restriction of personal freedom under the munitions act, liquor restrictions, inadequate housing and industrial fatigue are mentioned as contributory causes.

Although the report clearly indicates the prevalence of industrial unrest it says there is a "strong feeling of patriotism on the part of the employed and they are determined to help the state in the present crisis."

Naval Recruiting In District Shows Excellent Results

Navy recruiting in the Dallas district showed good results last week in spite of the holiday; a total of 67 recruits being secured. Wichita Falls was third on the list of stations, Fort Worth and Waco going ahead of her.

There is still a great demand for firemen, their class, and for mess attendants, as the district quota is a long way short.

The standing of the towns of the district is as follows: Dallas 35, Fort Worth 19, Waco 7, Wichita Falls 4, Sherman 3, San Angelo, Denison, Texarkana and Abilene 1, Cleburne and Paris 0.

SOCIETY

HICKMAN-RUFFNER WEDDING SOLEMNIZED SUNDAY

Sunday afternoon at 1:15 Miss Muriel Hickman, older daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Hickman, was united in marriage to Earl S. Ruffner of Dallas at the family home, 1907 Seventh, the Rev. Dr. S. A. Barnes reading the ring ceremony.

The room until a few months ago resided here and is well and favorably known. He is now employed in the Dallas office of the Western Union as a telegraph operator and will take his bride to that city after a short wedding trip.

CIVIC LEAGUE TO HOLD IMPORTANT MEETING TUESDAY

Civic League members are asked to remember the monthly business meeting to be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock in the reading room of the First Methodist church.

D. A. R. CHAPTER MEETS SATURDAY AFTERNOON

The D. A. R. at its regular monthly meeting held Saturday, Dec. 1, at the home of Mrs. J. R. Hyatt, made a donation of some valuable books, linens, books and manuscripts to the Kemp Library and made plans to make candy for the quarantined cadets at the aviation camp.

HAMMOND-KAHN WEDDING TAKES PLACE SUNDAY

Sunday afternoon at one o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Alex Kahn, 1500 Austin, Miss Blanche Kahn and W. H. Hammond were united in marriage by Rev. S. A. Barnes. The ceremony was a very quiet affair and was attended by the immediate family of the bride and four very intimate friends.

Morgan Health

Miss Amy Health and Roy Morgan, two well known local young people, were married Saturday at 6:30 at the M. E. Church, South, parsonage by Dr. S. A. Barnes.

BIRTHDAY PARTY FOR MASTER GUS KUEHN

Mrs. Gus Kuehn entertained at her home, 4134 Polk, Saturday afternoon in honor of her son, Gus Junior's sixth birthday. Various games were

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played and music by Miss Ruby Kuehn entertained the guests. Delicious refreshments were served in the dining room, prettily decorated in a pink and white color scheme.

RED CROSS. The Philaetha Class of the M. E. Church South, spent Saturday afternoon working at the Red Cross hall. The class will meet at the same place next Saturday.

TWO STOLEN CARS ARE RECOVERED BY OFFICERS OF CITY

The cars belonging to Fred A. Smith and W. F. Reeves were recovered by the police yesterday. Mr. Smith's car was found about two miles north of Byers, and that owned by Mr. Reeves, on the Archer City road a few miles beyond the lake.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Haltom & Friedly GRUEN WATCHES We have been appointed an official agency for the Gruen Watch Co. and will display their complete line. See Our Show Window "The Most Beautiful Watch in America" Haltom & Friedly Jewelers 614 Eighth St.

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 Wichita Falls, in Clay, Archer, Young,
 Baylor, Wilbarger Counties in Texas
 and in Cotton County, Oklahoma
 \$3 per year
 By Mail, outside foregoing exceptions
 \$5 per year

PHONES
 Business Office 107
 Editorial Room 1071
 Wichita Falls, Texas, Dec. 3, 1917.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Carrier boys are not allowed to col-
 lect for subscription to The Times, ex-
 cept in the factory district and on the
 north side of river. Our collector will
 call on you or else you will receive a
 statement from us through the mail.
THE WICHITA PUBLISHING CO.

Score one for the Bolshevik. Some
 one of the Russian faction has a
 sense of humor. Official announce-
 ment is made of the appointment of
 a Russian now interned in England
 as ambassador to Great Britain.

**RAILROAD TO NEW OIL FIELD
 NEEDED.**

New oil pools are being discovered
 and developed to the south and south
 west of Wichita Falls. It is now nec-
 essary for oil men of Wichita Falls, in
 order to reach this new territory to
 travel a long distance by way of Fort
 Worth.

Wichita Falls is now the oil center
 of North Texas. If the city is to main-
 tain its leadership in one of the great-
 est industries of the state, and cer-
 tainly the most important in this sec-
 tion, better means of access to the
 new pool must be provided. This
 could be done by an extension of the
 Wichita Falls and Southern railway.
 This railroad were extended to
 Cicco by way of Breckenridge, the
 new fields would be tapped and Wich-
 ita Falls would have direct transpor-
 tation to the new territory.

"This is a matter that our Chamber
 of Commerce might well look into."

MUCH WORK FOR CONGRESS.

The "long term" of the Sixty-Fifth
 Congress, which convened today, will
 be asked to make tremendous neces-
 sary appropriations for the carrying
 on of the war.

We believe that most of the people
 of our country are devoutly praying
 that these appropriations may be
 made without needless delay. Patri-
 otic congressmen can do much for
 their country by expediting needful
 legislation.

But there is another way in which
 Congress, at this time, can serve the
 people well. Much has been said
 regarding economy in every phase
 of the life of the private individual as
 a means of helping to win the war.
 There are a number of avenues
 through which money has heretofore
 escaped from the public treasury,
 which it will be well for the mem-
 bers of Congress to "close up" as a
 means of furthering national economy.

So-called "pork-barrel" legislation
 should be pared to the bone.

Such government equipment as is
 still useful to the civilian population
 of the country, should be made to
 serve pending war developments, and
 we do not believe that the people
 will protest half so much if their
 respective postoffices are not of a size
 commensurate with the "dignity and
 importance" of the towns they adorn,
 as they will if the members of Con-
 gress determine upon a "grab-as-
 grab-can" campaign for the erection
 of public institutions and the improve-
 ment of water holes not indispensable
 to the welfare of the public.

Let us hope that Congress, from the
 outset, while careful of the people's
 money, will yet expedite every mes-
 sage which has for its direct aim
 the winning of the war, and hold down
 all other legislation to the minimum.

May all members about whom critics
 the talent of disloyalty—if there are
 any—and who would hamper and re-
 tard the efforts of the government,
 be dealt with swiftly and surely. May
 they be given to understand that
 much as all the people desire peace,
 world peace—they will not seek peace
 until this world has been made a safe
 place for the democracies within it—
 thus attaining the outstanding war
 aim of the United States of America.

**Bulgaria Will Also
 Consider Peace With
 New Russ Regime**

Amsterdam, Dec. 3.—Bulgaria has
 decided to open negotiations with
 Russia, in accordance with her al-
 lies and has sent a reply to this
 effect to the Russian government, a
 Sofia dispatch says. This announce-
 ment was made in the Bulgarian par-
 liament by Premier Radoslovoff.

BYNG HOLDS LINE DESPITE GERMANS' VIGOROUS ATTACK

**HEAVY LOSSES ARE DECLARED
 TO HAVE BEEN SUFFERED BY
 TEUTONIC FORCES.**

HUNS LOSE SMALL GAIN

No Impression, However, Made Upon
 British Defenses in the Bourlon
 Wood Region.

**GERMANS CLAIM TAKING
 OF 5,000 PRISONERS.**

By Associated Press.
 Berlin, Dec. 3. (via London).
 —Since Friday the Germans
 have captured 5,000 British
 prisoners in the Cambrai region,
 the German general staff an-
 nounced today. The guns taken
 number 100.

By Associated Press.
 The war situation today is summa-
 rized by The Associated Press as fol-
 lows:
 General Byng is regaining bit by bit
 the ground won by the Germans at so
 heavy a cost last Friday in the Cam-
 brai battle, now characterized as the
 heaviest attack ever delivered on the
 British by the German armies, except
 in the case of the first battle of Ypres.
 Attack in Southwest.

The front on the northerly side of
 the Cambrai salient having remained
 virtually intact under the German im-
 pact, it is in the region to the south-
 west of Cambrai that the British have
 been centering their efforts in the
 rectification process. Last night they
 pressed their way eastward to the
 edge of Villers-lez-Cambrai, wiping out
 much of the German gain in the sector
 most deeply penetrated by the
 drive. They also made good their hold
 on the village of La Vacquerie on
 this front, having repelled a series of
 attacks.

To the north a portion of a position
 on the high ground southwest of Bou-
 lon village which had been temporarily
 relinquished by the British has been
 re-occupied by them as a result of
 another capture of 500 British.
 Berlin claims the capture of 5,000
 British within the last few days to-
 gether with 100 guns.

Southwest of Maanre toward
 Gonnellieu the Germans still hold La
 Vacquerie where it is said the dead
 in twelve hours have numbered more
 than in any similar period since the
 beginning of the war. The British
 have reached Gonnellieu and fighting
 was in progress Sunday in and around
 the village. In this region the Ger-
 mans used four or five divisions. Fri-
 day and attacked in massed forma-
 tion Saturday and Sunday. At least
 six or seven divisions were used by
 the attackers in their fruitless efforts
 to break the northern leg of the salient.

American Engineers.
 American engineers operating and
 building railroads within the British
 lines near Gouzeaucourt west-south-
 west of Gonnellieu were caught in the
 first rush of the German attack.
 Many sought shelter in shell holes
 from which they were rescued by Brit-
 ish counter attacks. The engineers
 aided the British in withstanding the
 enemy attacks and went on patrol
 duty at night. Several were captured
 by the Germans but later managed to
 escape.

Northwest of Ypres in Flanders the
 British have captured fortified build-
 ings and German strong points on the
 main ridge north of Passchendaele.
 On the remainder of the western front
 the artillery continues active. The
 German crown prince has not repeat-
 ed his attacks in the Verdun region.

Infantry Inactive.
 On most of the Italian front the in-
 fantry remains virtually inactive while
 the artillery is engaged in violent
 bombardments, especially along the
 Piave river. On the Asiago plateau
 the Italians have withstood a local
 Austro-German attack against Monte
 Meletta near Monte Partica, along the
 Brenner the Italians made a slight ad-
 vance. Austro-German infantry move-
 ments in the truncated district near
 the mouth of the Piave have been
 under Italian artillery fire.

While the Bolshevik representa-
 tives planned to enter the German
 lines Sunday and begin negotiations
 with the Germans nothing has yet
 been reported of their mission.

"The demobilization of the Russian
 army by the Bolshevik is reported to
 have begun. The Russian provisional
 government has resuspended and is-
 sued a manifesto asserting it is the
 only legal authority. It urges the peo-
 ple to disobey the decrees of the Bol-
 sheviki."

RELATIONS BETWEEN GINS AND OIL MILLS PROBED

Oklahoma City, Dec. 3.—Warning
 that they "must volunteer any
 information they may have" which
 indicates control of cotton seed prices
 by combination of ginners and mill
 men, Governor R. E. Williams to-
 day sent broadcast, throughout Okla-
 homa, an appeal for farmers for co-
 operation in the investigation into
 relations between cotton oil mills
 and gins, recently ordered by the gov-
 ernor.

**"MOMENT IS SERIOUS."
 "UNITY IS ESSENTIAL."
 LLOYD GEORGE IS QUOTED**

By the Associated Press.
 Ottawa, Dec. 3.—A statement
 given a Petit Parisien represen-
 tative in Paris by David Lloyd
 George, British premier, who has
 been in France for the inter-
 allies conference has been re-
 ceived by the agency here of the
 Reuters' Limited. It follows:
 "The moment is very serious.
 Everything must give way be-
 fore the importance of our ob-
 ject. We have the men, the
 munitions, the economic and
 financial resources and the feel-
 ing that we are fighting for the
 right. Let us strain every nerve
 and now make unity of direction
 and control into realities. If
 we do not waste time and are
 resolutely to win the war we shall
 do so. We must have the will
 the patience, the endurance and
 the tenacity. Then we shall
 conquer."

Success Is the Keynote of Success---"Nothing Succeeds Like Success"

Diamonds that are taken from our
stock give the wearer every mark of
distinction and indicate success in its
broadest term. Come in and make your
Christmas Gift Selections early—we
will take care of them for you until the
happy moment when you want to pre-
sent them to some loved one.

Join the happy throng which is now
visiting our store daily. Every cus-
tomer of ours is a satisfied customer,
and that is the keynote of our success
as diamond and jewelry merchants in
Wichita Falls.

Christmas is close at hand now.
Shop early and avoid the rush and all
the unpleasant features incident there-
to.

ART JEWELRY CO.

"The Brightest Spot in Wichita Falls"
Indiana at Eighth

SALARY RAISES AT UNIVERSITY ARE CONSIDERED

By Associated Press.
Austin, Tex., Dec. 3.—Two principal
topics were discussed this morning by
the regents of the university and the
legislative sub-committee which is
conducting an investigation of the in-
stitution. One had to do with the
disposition of the university lands and
the finding of some other source of
revenue with which to carry on an
orderly building program. The other
had to do with the reasons which
prompted the regents to grant con-
siderable salary increases at the uni-
versity.

Have Conference.

The regents (all of whom were
present except Mr. Sealy, of Galves-
ton) engaged in a general round table
conference with Senator Clark and
Representative Tillotson and Davis
of the sub-committee.

With respect to the university's two
million acres of lands, it developed
that Colonel George W. Brackenridge
and Major George W. Littlefield were
strongly disposed to retain possession
of them. Mr. Kemp, on the contrary,
favored selling them if, as someone
had said they would bring \$5 an acre.
Otherwise, he favored an alternative
plan suggested by Mr. Tillotson that
the state take over the lands at an
agreed price to be paid the university.
Major Littlefield did not think that
the lands would bring more than
\$2.50 an acre. Half of them would
bring over \$1 an acre, he said.

Condition of State Funds Is Announced

By Associated Press.
Austin, Tex., Dec. 3.—Balances in
the state treasury for the quarter
ending November 30, as announced
today by State Treasurer Edwards,
shows a total in cash of \$4,455,809 to
the credit of the various funds and
a total of \$2,423,656 in bonds. Of
the cash on hand, \$802,703 is to
the credit of the general revenue fund,
\$1,238,821 to the available school
fund, \$150,283 to the permanent
school fund, \$61,713 to the available
university fund, \$67,400 to the game,
fish and oyster fund \$1,255,690 to
the prison commission account, \$212,-
273 to the confederate pension fund
and \$397,048 to the state highway
fund. Of the bonds, \$21,989,231 is
to the credit of the permanent school
fund.

The disbursements for the quarter
aggregated \$6,437,907 of which \$3,-
381,645 was out of the general reve-
nue fund, \$1,959,015 out of the avail-
able school fund, \$854,876 permanent
school fund, \$204,043 available uni-
versity fund, state prison fund \$355,
000, state highway fund \$406,346 and
confederate pension, \$322,179.

WARNIX BROTHERS AND HESTER ARE ALL CONVICTED

A dispatch from De Queen, Ark.,
in the St. Louis Post Dispatch, tells
of the conviction of John and Enoch
Warnix and Willie Hester, who were
apprehended here after they had rob-
bed the Bank of De Queen several
months ago. They were given three
years in the penitentiary each.

The men were arrested here on
August 23rd and a number of sacks of
small coin taken from the bank re-
covered. The men were in a stolen
automobile when they came to Wich-
ita Falls.

The Warnix brothers had been gro-
cers at De Queen. They had fallen in
business and had shut up their store.
They dug a tunnel from their store to
the bank. They failed to get into the
bank vault and got only a small sum
that had been left outside the vault.

WANTED

For Wichita Falls

Man or firm with automobile to act
as promoter and local distributor for a
large eastern publishing house.

Only those financially capable and
interested in a first class part-time propo-
sition need apply.

Write immediately to
Post Office Box 298, New York City
New York

PENNINGTON'S | "The Brightest Spot in Wichita Falls" | PENNINGTON'S

VERY SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS Today and Tomorrow at Pennington's

The highest of extravagance is to pay more for a thing than is absolutely necessary—the excess represents an actual waste, and waste is always destructive. We believe in the encouragement of thrift and to promote it, we will place before you on Tomorrow and Tuesday some of the very same quality merchandise that you pay considerably more for elsewhere than it will cost you on these special days here.

Look Over This List of Specials:

- LADIES' WOOL DRESS GOODS**
- | | | |
|---------------|-------|--------|
| \$3.00 Values | ..... | \$2.69 |
| \$2.50 Values | ..... | \$2.19 |
| \$2.00 Values | ..... | \$1.79 |
| \$1.75 Values | ..... | \$1.59 |
| \$1.65 Values | ..... | \$1.49 |
| \$1.50 Values | ..... | \$1.34 |
| \$1.25 Values | ..... | \$1.13 |
| \$1.00 Values | ..... | 83c |
| 75c Values | ..... | 59c |
| 50c Values | ..... | 39c |
- LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR**
- In this department we carry one of the most complete lines in this part of the state, and can dress you up in anything, anyway.

- MEN'S SUITS, OVERCOATS AND MACKINAW**
- | | | |
|--------------------|-------|---------|
| Value \$35.00, Now | ..... | \$27.95 |
| Value \$30.00, Now | ..... | \$23.95 |
| Value \$27.50, Now | ..... | \$21.95 |
| Value \$25.00, Now | ..... | \$19.95 |
| Value \$22.50, Now | ..... | \$17.95 |
| Value \$20.00, Now | ..... | \$15.95 |
| Value \$18.00, Now | ..... | \$13.95 |
| Value \$15.00, Now | ..... | \$11.95 |
- These same cut prices applies to the cheaper Overcoats and Mackinaws.
- BOYS' KNEE PANT SUITS, OVERCOATS AND MACKINAW**
- SPECIALY PRICED**
- | | | |
|---------------------|-------|--------|
| \$12.50 Values, now | ..... | \$9.95 |
| \$10.00 Values, now | ..... | \$7.95 |
| \$8.50 Values, now | ..... | \$6.79 |
| \$7.50 Values, now | ..... | \$5.95 |
| \$6.50 Values, now | ..... | \$5.19 |
| \$6.00 Values, now | ..... | \$4.79 |
| \$5.00 Values, now | ..... | \$3.95 |
| \$4.00 Values, now | ..... | \$3.19 |

- FOR MEN**
- Edwin Clapp—the dress-up Shoe.
We also carry a good line of medium price shoes for men and boys.
- Where prices are not quoted we give 10 per cent discount throughout the shoe stock.

The Home of EDWIN CLAPP SHOES for Men

Pennington's

WICHITA FALLS

"The Kuppenheimer House in Wichita Falls"
717—INDIANA AVE.—719

ZEIGLER BROS. FANCY BOOTS for Ladies

President Wilson Has Said:

"Now is the time for America to correct her unpardonable fault of wastefulness and extravagance."
Heed this message in this year's gift giving—these are serious times; give only serious, sensible, worthwhile presents.

Buy wisely, give wisely—give useful gifts, practical presents that will endure, last and serve.

Consider how the gift you give this year will be looked upon a year from now.

You won't have to apologize later if you make this an electrical Christmas. Your friends will commend you for your good judgment.

We have a large stock of everything electrical from which to make your selections. We have appropriate gifts for friend and relative—old and young—for dad, for mother—for sister and for brother.

GIVE SOMETHING ELECTRICAL THIS CHRISTMAS

NUNN ELECTRIC CO.

816 Indiana Successors to Stokes Electric Co. Phone 837

THRIFT STAMPS FAIL TO REACH LOCAL OFFICE

Only one drawback to the immediate success of the war thrift stamp sale in Wichita Falls presented itself today...

PERKINS-SNIDER REPORTED MAKING 100 BARRELS HOUR

The Perkins-Snider well on the Serrien lease which was reported in Sunday's Times as a two-thousand-barrel hour since Friday night.

TODAY'S MARKETS

BULLISH TRADERS IN CORN PIT GET SOME ADVANTAGE

Chicago, Dec. 3.—Opinions that prospective heavy receipts of corn had been for the present well discounted...

LIVESTOCK

Fort Worth Livestock. Ft. Worth, Tex., Dec. 3.—CATTLE: Receipts 10,000; active and strong.

COTTON MARKET UNSETTLED AND PRICES EASED

New York, Dec. 3.—The cotton market was unsettled during today's trading with prices easing off...

Chicago Livestock

Chicago, Dec. 3.—HOGS: Receipts 47,000; slow. Bulk \$16.75@17.10; light \$16.15@17.00; mixed \$16.50@17.20...

Open High Low Close

Table with 4 columns: Open, High, Low, Close. Rows for CORN, OATS, PORK, LARD, HIBS.

Kansas City Livestock

Kansas City, Dec. 3.—HOGS: Receipts 8,000; steady. Bulk \$16.80@17.20; heavy \$17.00@17.20; light \$16.50@17.00...

Cotton Seed Oil

New York, Dec. 3.—Cotton seed oil market closed steady. Spot 18.35; Dec. 18.30; Jan. 18.40; March 18.05; May 19.00 asked. Total sales 8,100.

New Orleans Cotton

New Orleans, Dec. 3.—A sagging movement developed in cotton here today and in the first half hour of business, prices lost 17 to 23 points.

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, Dec. 3.—Cotton spot quiet. Prices unchanged. Offerings: middling 23.00; mid 22.47; low middling 21.95; good ordinary 20.95...

Cotton Seed Meal

Memphis, Dec. 3.—Cotton seed meal closed quiet. Spot 46.50; sales: Dec. 46.75@47.50; Jan. 46.40@47.50; Feb. March 48.00 asked.

St. Louis Livestock

St. Louis, Dec. 3.—HOGS: Receipts 15,000; steady. Light \$17.00@17.20; mixed and butchers \$17.15@17.35; good heavy \$17.20@17.40...

Kansas City Produce

Kansas City, Dec. 3.—Butter creamery 41 1/2; firrst 39 1/2; seconds 37 1/2; packing 31 1/2.

The Exchange of Gifts

Helps to strengthen the bonds of those that are here, and make the SOLDIER BOY, too, feel that he is not forgot. Jewelry is the most preferred Gift...

High Class Diamond Jewelry, Useful Gifts, Gifts for All. MAKE YOUR CHRISTMAS SELECTIONS EARLY. 613 8th Street. B. T. BURGESS, Jeweler Phone 165

MANY APPLICANTS ARE DESIRED FOR GOVERNMENT JOBS

The demand for applicants for the many departments of the Civil Service continues to increase, as old departments are being enlarged...

"The SILKEN ROMANCE"

WILL BE SHOWN IN OUR STORE TONIGHT. For the benefit of those who could not attend our complimentary matinee this afternoon. A very educational picture, showing how silk is spun, etc., to the finished garment. BE HERE AT 8 O'CLOCK TONIGHT. P.B.M.C. DEPARTMENT STORE

Merry Holiday Shoppers Are Taking Advantage of Kruger's Christmas Shopping Sale

Advertisement for Kruger Jewelry Co. featuring a large diamond ring illustration. Text: We take Liberty Bonds at 3% Premium. Any article selected now will be held for Christmas delivery. The general public is responding nicely to our Christmas Sale...

Kruger Jewelry Co. "Good Gifts at Little Cost" 725 Ohio Ave.

William Wehe Held By Government As An Alien Enemy

By Associated Press. Tex., Dec. 3.—William Wehe, who is under detention by the federal authorities as an alien enemy...

MORTUARY

Geraldine Elizabeth Tompkins. Geraldine Elizabeth Tompkins, aged 2 years, died late Saturday night in the Wichita General Hospital.

"A SPLENDID TONIC"

Says Hixson Lady Who, On Doctor's Advice, Took Cardui And Is Now Well. Hixson, Tenn.—"About 10 years ago I was..."

WICHITA COUNTY RED CROSS

Twenty teachers are now taking special instruction in surgical dressing making at the Red Cross headquarters...

Local Brevities

E. G. Hill, undertaker, office and parlors 900 Scott Ave. Phone 225. Prumpt ambulance service \$2 fee. 171-tfc. Notice. All persons having claims against this company for services rendered at Call Field, are requested to present their claims...

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished bedrooms; reference required 2109 Ninth st. Phone 1645. 175-tfc.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADY

wanted for ladies' ready-to-wear. Permanent position. Apply Baum & Gardner 175-tfc.

FOR RENT—Nice bedroom and good board

to young lady for \$30.00 per month 2 1/2 blocks car line. Phone 2799. 175-tfc.

Service when you want it

O. K. Transfer line. Phone 1167 21 26-tfc. Allander Walker, who was hurt in the Electra oil fields on Saturday by a piece of falling piping...

Notice to Out of Town Subscribers

The Times wishes to announce that J. K. Luton is authorized to solicit subscriptions for the Daily and Weekly Times. Any courtesies shown Mr. Luton will be appreciated by this company.

When Itching Stops. There is one safe, dependable treatment that relieves itching torture and skin irritation almost instantly...

OVER THIRTEEN BILLION DOLLARS WILL BE ASKED FOR NEXT FISCAL YEAR

(Continued from Page 1.)

fications, \$15,495,284 is estimated, which takes no account of amounts derived from tolls.

Navy Department.
The navy department nearly a million dollars is asked for extra clerical forces and the total estimate for the ordinary peace establishment is practically doubled, making it \$2,230,000. This is exclusive of naval construction and consequent activities.

The department of commerce submits several items to care for the expansion of American trade in the war opportunity.

It asks \$100,000 for promoting commerce in Central and South America, a like sum for promoting commerce in the Far East and \$200,000 for consular expenses for the embassies abroad. For the bureau of standards, which is taking a tremendous part in the development of mechanical appliances for the winning of the war, several large items in addition to the regular appropriation are asked. The blanket item under the head of military research is put at \$250,000.

The estimate for the coast and geodesic survey is doubled to make it \$2,325,000. Practically one million dollars of this is for new ships. In the bureau of fisheries items are submitted for the extension or establishment of hatcheries at Berkshire, Mass., St. Johnsbury, Vt., Woods Hole, Mass., Wytheville, Va., Yes Bay, Alaska, and Afognak, Alaska.

Interior Department.
The interior department presents many new items for investigation and development of natural resources. It asks \$200,000 for scientific investigation of mining; \$135,000 for scientific investigation of petroleum and natural gas; \$25,000 for new buildings and improvements of the bureau of mines buildings at Pittsburgh, and Hucinet, Pa., for a new mine rescue car the department asks \$20,000 for a government fuel yard, an experiment by which it is proposed to have the government buy and distribute fuel for all its needs in Washington, \$200,000 is asked for irrigation projects or work toward their completion authorized by existing law is estimated for in various sums.

Many items are submitted for the betterment of Alaska. For continuing construction and operation of the Alaskan railways more than 1,000,000 is asked. Other items are: Extension of the Alaska railway to the Yukon delta, \$200,000; Alaska railway to the Yukon delta, \$200,000; Alaska railway to the Yukon delta, \$200,000; Alaska railway to the Yukon delta, \$200,000.

uation of natives \$250,000; medical relief for natives \$82,500. An increase is proposed in the annual sum for support of reindeer stations making it \$6,500.

National Parks.
Many estimates are submitted for the national parks. The sums, which in all cases are increased, follow: Yellowstone \$135,000; Glacier \$165,000; Yosemite \$290,000; Sequoia \$45,000; General Grant \$5,500; Mount Rainier \$100,000; Mesa Verde \$25,000; Crater Lake \$17,500; Wind Cave \$5,000; Platt \$8,500; Lassen \$5,000; Mount McKinley \$10,000; Sier de Monte \$50,000. For new buildings at Hot Springs, Ark., \$150,000 is proposed.

The department of labor increases are due principally to the problems of employment and the settlement of labor disputes. For salaries and expenses of federal commissioners of conciliation \$200,000 is asked; \$25,000 is asked for investigation of trade agreements and \$20,000 to investigate conditions of labor in many industries, principally coal, steel, and ship building. For the enforcement of the child labor law the department asks \$165,000. For the expenses of the interned German civilians at camps under the jurisdiction of the department \$1,000,000 is asked. To extend the employment service, the department asks \$750,000, an increase of half a million. A new immigrant station at San Francisco, costing \$225,000 is proposed.

Department of Justice.
In the department of justice, the principal increases are to provide for prosecution of crimes against the United States, principally sedition, conspiracy and espionage. One million dollars is asked for that work. The usual appropriation of \$200,000 for the enforcement of anti-trust laws is also submitted. Improvements costing \$107,500 at McNeil island, Washington penitentiary are submitted.

Practically all the increases in the department of agriculture are to cover the work of stimulating food production and furthering the preservation of stock and animal life as a war measure. They include the annual item of \$240,000 for the distribution of free seed by congressmen; \$1,000,000 for eradication of foot and mouth disease, and the annual \$15,000,000 appropriation for federal aid to good roads. A new item appears in the department's estimate for motor vehicles. It gives the name of every man who will use a government vehicle and lists specifically on what business he uses it.

Indian Service.
In the Indian service the work of relieving distress and preventing disease has been extended to an increased estimate of \$400,000 and an increased estimate of \$1,700,000 is submitted for Indian schools. An increase estimate of \$500,000 is shown for industrial work among the nation's wards and to teach them the care of timber. For the encouragement of industry among Indians \$400,000 is asked. Increased estimates are submitted for the Indian schools at Fort Mojave, Arizona and Truxton Canyon, Ariz., and for the irrigation of the Colorado River for irrigation of the Papago, Ariz., reservation and various items already authorized by law for the irrigation of Indian reservations are included. Most of them are reimbursable to the government from the reclamation funds. An estimate of \$25,000 is submitted for continuing work on the national park to Gallup, N. M. Total estimates for the Indian offices which include the usual sums for maintenance and improvement total more than \$12,000,000.

Public Buildings.
For continuation of work on or completion of public buildings already authorized, the following estimates are included: Des Moines, Iowa, \$100,000; Globe, Ariz., \$20,000; Nogales, Ariz., \$60,000; Shawnee, Okla., \$43,000.

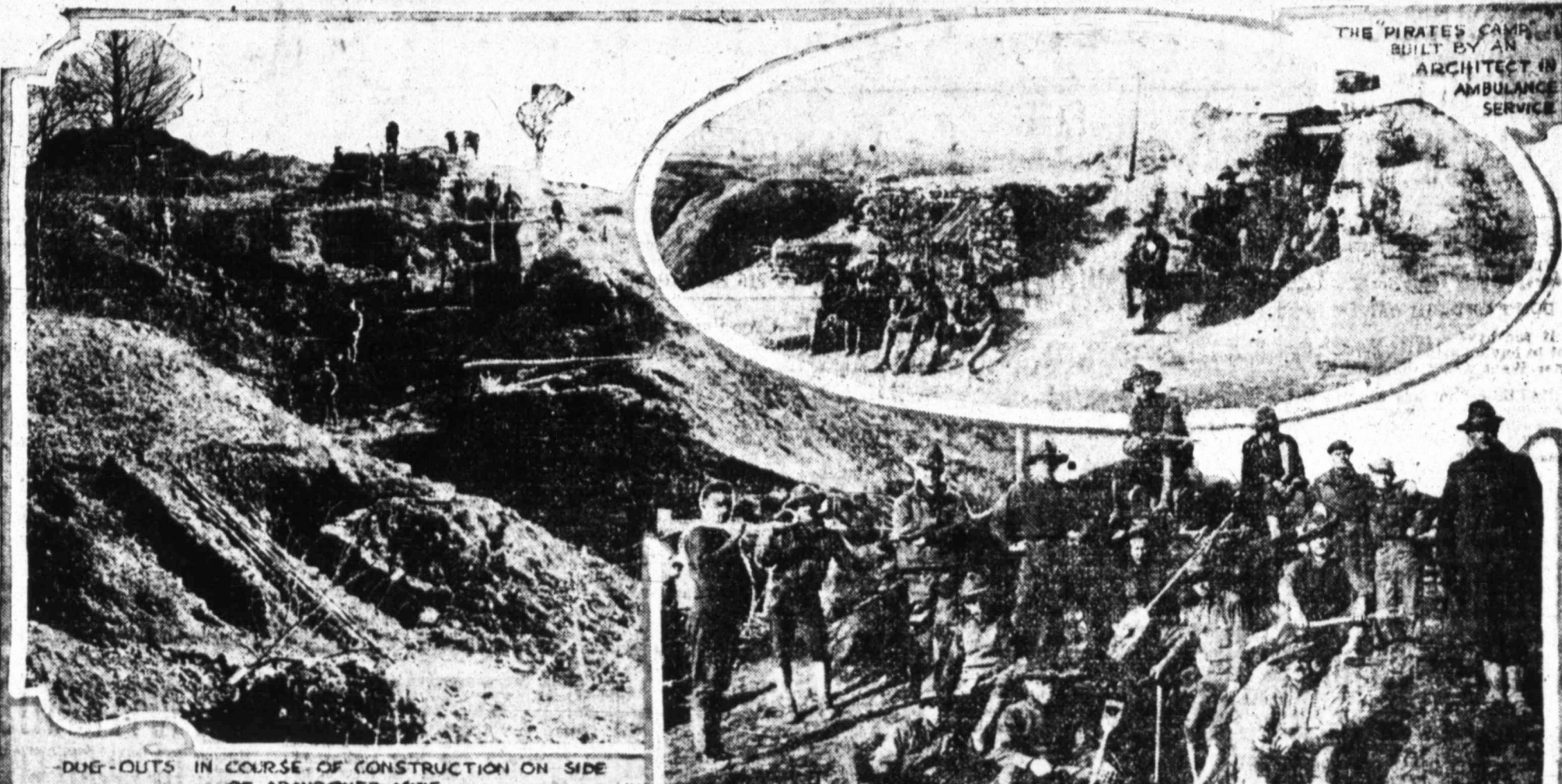
New items for marine hospitals include St. Louis \$4,000.

New items for quarantine stations include Galveston \$70,000; New Orleans \$4,000.

Estimates under independent officers are for those not under executive departments elsewhere. The interstate commerce commissions ask a little more than \$5,000,000. The expenses of the shipping board are placed at \$89,517,500, which includes the construction and requisitioning of ships.

For the council of national defense \$370,000 is asked as against \$500,000 previously. The federal trade commission's expenses are estimated at \$1,429,240, as against \$600,000. The usual \$50,000 is asked for the federal board for the mediation and conciliation of interstate transportation wages disputes. A new item of \$57,500 is presented for salaries of the

AMBULANCE MEN DIG THEMSELVES INTO WINTER QUARTERS.



DIG-OUTS IN COURSE OF CONSTRUCTION ON SIDE OF ABANDONED MINE

American soldiers on the western front, who are digging themselves in for the winter in trenches and shell craters, in abandoned mines and along the banks of streams, are experiencing nothing except the dodging of shells that differs from the life of 1,800 men from the concentration camp of the United States Army Ambulance Service, who have gone into camp in an abandoned hematite iron ore district. They are now living in an underground city which their commander, Major Francis T. Metcalfe, declares is the most interesting camp he has ever had.

THE "PIRATES" CAMP BUILT BY AN ARCHITECT OF AMBULANCE SERVICE

UNIT IN FRONT OF SOD-HOUSE, JUST COMPLETED

STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics, or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the real cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach troubles.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, troubled with undigested foods, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for cologne.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without gripping, cramps or pain.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, so you can eat what you like, at 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

Miller's Antiseptic Oil, Known As **Snake Oil**

Will Positively Relieve Pain in Three Minutes.

Try it right now for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, sore, stiff and swollen joints, pain in the head, back and limbs, corns, bunions, etc. After one application pain disappears as if by magic.

A new remedy used internally and externally for Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, and Tonsillitis.

This oil is considered to be the most penetrating remedy known. Its prompt and immediate effect in relieving pain is due to the fact that it penetrates to the affected part at once. As an illustration pour ten drops on the thickest piece of sole leather and it will penetrate this substance through and through in three minutes.

Accept no substitute. This great oil is golden red color only. Every bottle guaranteed \$2c, 5c and \$1.00 a bottle or money refunded at Miller Drug Store.

United States employees compensating commission and their employees. The estimate for the national advisory committee for aeronautics is increased to \$250,000. For the work of connecting Rock Creek and Patomac parks here in the capital \$500,000 is estimated. For the Arlington memorial bridge commission which is to plan the connection of Washington to Arlington, Va., \$25,000 is submitted.

Ar Information.
For collection of information of the prevalence and geographic distribution of disease the public health asks \$25,000, an increased estimate of \$25,000 for studies in rural sanitation is submitted.

The exhibit showing the great sums the government spends each year for rented buildings in Washington is especially interesting this year because of the great number of such buildings taken for war activities, changing in character from hotels to office buildings to lofts, stores and stables, the rents paid by the different departments total \$1,059,594.

Va., \$3,450,000; Naval academy, \$2,750,000; marine recruiting station, Fort Royal, S. C., \$100,000; Charleston, S. C., \$1,400,000; Key West, \$25,000; New Orleans, \$450,000; Mare Island, Cal., \$1,200,000; Puget Sound, Wash., \$200,000; Tutuila, Samoa, \$50,000; Guam, \$100,000; Guantanamo, Cuba, \$200,000; naval magazine, Bingham, Mass., \$20,000; Indian Head, Md., proving grounds, \$160,000; Iona Island, New York, \$18,000; Fort Lafayette, \$26,000; torpedo station, Newport, R. I., \$250,000; additional torpedos and ordnance stations (new), \$250,000; training stations, Newport, \$110,000; training station, San Francisco, \$75,000; training station, Great Lakes, \$35,000; marine barracks, Peang, China, \$25,000; marine barracks, San Diego, Calif., \$1,500,000; fuel depot, \$750,000; operating base, Hampden Roads, \$2,500,000.

An item of \$500,000 is included for changing in character from hotels to office buildings to lofts, stores and stables, the rents paid by the different departments total \$1,059,594.

ARMY AND NAVY BUDGET IS OVER ELEVEN BILLION

(Continued from Page 1.)

way and road building and operating equipment; \$30,000,000 for ammunition, an increase of \$1,500,000; \$29,000,000 for ordnance repairs which covers the expenses of operating the great base arsenal in France; \$27,144,000 for the purchase of machine guns; \$75,550,000 for army cars. A new item is \$4,500,000 for arms and ammunition for the home guards and \$6,918,000 is asked to conduct civilian training camps.

Military Academy.
For the military academy a total of \$5,713,254 is sought, some \$4,000,000 for the expenditure on buildings and grounds.

Secretary Daniels estimates for the navy show that the store of gun and ammunition is rapidly being gathered and that estimates have been reduced in many particulars under appropriations received last year. The chief increase is in pay, the total being \$13,259,552, against \$12,552,448. Provisions also call for more than \$64,485,353, against \$41,855,955. Marine corps pay estimates have risen to \$23,153,210, against \$18,802,200.

Naval aviation calls for \$94,000,000, an increase of more than \$50,000,000, for armng naval vessels and merchant ships \$28,309,525 is being against \$4,592,523 obtained during the last session; the torpedo item is reduced from \$12,291,280 to \$1,000,000; raising ordnance supplies from \$1,417,000 to \$32,000,000.

Building Naval Station.
A new item is \$2,000,000 for the construction of a naval station in the Virgin Islands, recently taken over by the United States and another \$1,000,000 is asked for extension of facilities for proving ordnance. In both these items the language is proposed which would authorize the president to take immediate possession of any land or apartments necessary and which cannot be purchased within the appropriations at prices to be determined by him as just. Should that price not be satisfactory to the president 75 per cent of the sum determined would be paid over at once, with authority granted to see the United States for additional payment.

Under the ordnance appropriations the new language is inserted to make the items available in supplying guns, ammunition and reserve ordnance stores for vessels authorized under the three year program, indicating the department's intention to press for the completion of that program which has been held up by warheads for destroyers and merchant craft.

Public Works.
Under the heading of public works the navy department asks the following appropriations for various yards and stations: Portsmouth, N. H., \$465,000; Boston, \$75,000; New York, \$1,600,000; Philadelphia, \$2,400,000; Washington, D. C., \$40,000; Norfolk

Special "Wear-Ever" Week, Dec. 1st-8th

Get this \$2.65 Set of "Wear-Ever" Aluminum Saucepans

"Wear-Ever" Aluminum Saucepans For Only \$1.59

1 quart—1½ quarts—2½ quarts

and the Coupon if presented on or before Dec. 8.

Get this set of pans and see for yourself why so many women prefer "Wear-Ever" to other kinds of aluminum and enameled utensils. See why so many are equipping their kitchens with complete "Wear-Ever" outfits.

Replace utensils that wear out with utensils that "Wear-Ever"

CLIP THE COUPON! GET YOUR SAUCE-PAN TODAY!

10 per cent discount allowed on all Aluminum Ware sold during the sale this week

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I have accepted this coupon and \$1.59 in payment for one "WEAR-EVER" Set of Saucepans, which sells regularly at \$2.65, provided the coupon is presented at store on or before December 8, 1917, writing on the coupon your name, address and date of purchase.

At the Theatres

The Gem.
Today the sixth episode of "The Fighting Trail" in which Carol Holloway and William Duncan are starred with be shown at the Gem. The story continues to be of intense interest and filled with thrills.

The Empress.
In his initial photodramatic production for Paramount, "The Countess Charming," Julian Eltinge, the noted feminine impersonator is supported by a cast of more than ordinary excellence and including such well-known screen personages as Tully Marshall, Edythe Chapman, Florence Vidor, Mabel Van Buren, Billy Elmer and others. The production was made for Paramount under the direction of Donald Crisp. "The Countess Charming" will appear at the Empress Theatre today and tomorrow.

"VERY GOOD EDDIE" PLAY BY NEW YORK COMPANY.
Direct from a wonderful year's run at the Princess Theatre, New York City, "Very Good Eddie," the smartest and brightest musical comedy success of the season comes to the Wichita Theatre on December 11th. The phenomenal success of this charming musical play still remains quite as much of a mystery to the Marbury-Comstock Company, its producers, as to the many thousands of seasoned theatergoers who have enjoyed it.

"Very Good Eddie" is pre-eminent by a production characterized by beauty, charm and good taste, not

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Absolutely Removes Indigestion. Druggists refund money if it fails. 25c

only of its libretto, lyrics and music, but of the personnel of its cast and method of presentation. But, as many a producer has learned to his sorrow, beauty, charm and good taste do not always spell success. Perhaps the best explanation, however, of "Very Good Eddie's" well-deserved success is to be found in the comment made by one of New York's best-known critics the morning after its first metropolitan presentation, which comment the Marbury-Comstock Company carries in its advertising matter—"It is a musical play that is different."

The chorus of "Very Good Eddie" is one of the big features, and the songs to be worn are the very latest thing in up-to-date dresses.

MAJESTIC THEATER

TONIGHT

Opening bill with Musical Comedy and Vaudeville

THE IMPERIAL GIRLS CO.

—also—

WINNIFRED ALLEN

—IN—

"THE HAUNTED HOUSE"

Five-part story of a bandit and a ghost

First show 6:30—two complete shows at night

25c 15c 10c

TOMORROW

Show starts at 12, with pictures only in afternoon, as we realize the fact that quite a number of our good picture patrons do not care for vaudeville. We will run pictures, only in the afternoon for the entire week and pictures and vaudeville at night.

15c 10c 5c

WILLIAM S. HART in "The Disciple"

Commencing at 6:30 with vaudeville and pictures, prices to be

25c 15c 10c

EMPRESS THEATER

TODAY AND TOMORROW

JULIAN ELTINGE

—IN—

"THE COUNTESS CHARMING"

BY GARDNER HUNTING FROM THE STORY BY GELETT BURGESS and CAROLYN WELLS

Mr. Eltinge has won fame and a host of friends as the greatest impersonator of women in the world. He looks like a girl, speaks like a girl, you can't tell him from a girl.

HIS SWEETHEART DID NOT KNOW HIM

as the Russian Countess in this brilliant play of fun, farce and action.

HOW THE NEW YORK CRITICS PRAISE JULIAN ELTINGE

New York Tribune says: If we must have quasi ladies, then let us have Julian Eltinge, for he is so good looking and so funny that he is a delight any way you put it.

New York Herald says: Julian Eltinge in his second Paramount photoplay, presented at the Rialto Theatre supplied a remarkable lot of fun.

We believe it useless to try to tell you of the many good features possessed by Mr. Eltinge, the world's greatest woman impersonator after having seen him in "CELEVER-MRS CARFAX" and only give the above testimonials for the benefit of those who failed to see him when here in his last picture.

Adults, 15c—Children, 12 and over, 10c—Under 12, 5c

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Telephone Ads cost no more, in money—and less in time—but the Times must employ collectors to follow the phone.
The extra accommodation of receiving by phone should be encouraged by always being ready for the collector.
DON'T LET HIM CALL THE SECOND TIME
If you have a room to rent, a house to rent, a farm for sale, or if you want to buy an article, whether new or second-hand, you should use the Times Want Ad Column daily.
RATES—Want ads are one cent a word for the first insertion and half a cent a word for subsequent successive insertions. No want ad taken for less than fifteen cents and no ad taken to run three times for less than 25 cents. In giving in Want Ads PHONE 167.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS

B. A. BAILEY cleans carpets and rugs at your home. Work guaranteed. Auto Motor Power. Vacuum process, quick service. Phone 2286. 149 tlc
WANTED—To buy second hand furniture and stoves. Phone 1513. Gas Stove and Furniture Co. 150 tlc
DON'T LEAVE TOWN—But if you do, let me buy your furniture and stoves. Dodson Furniture Co., 908 Indiana. Phone 528. 174 tlc
HIGHEST PRICES paid for cast-off men's clothing and shoes. Phone 434. —154 tlc
WE furnish help in all lines of work. Phone 2654. Wichita Labor Agency. (Licensed and bonded.) 707 1/2 Ohio Ave., Wichita Falls, Texas. 171 26tc
WANTED—Furniture to repair. We will do it right. Dodson Furniture Co. 908 Indiana. Phone 528. 174 tlc
WANTED—Bedroom by two young ladies who work. Apply BX care Times —173 3tp.
WANTED TO BUY—Victrola or any standard machine slightly used. Also records. Must be cheap for cash. Phone 213. —173 3tc
WANTED—Piano for storage. 1203 Austin. Phone 134. —174 3tc
WANTED—Three gentlemen boarders. Phone 997. —174 3tc
WANTED TO BUY—Mattresses, comforts and second hand furniture. Dodson Furniture Co. 908 Indiana. Phone 528. —174 tlc
WANTED—Listings on good homes and resident lots, by parties who wish to sell. If you have a residence or a lot that you wish to sell, please phone as I will be glad to advertise same for you. N. O. Monroe. Phone 2454. —174 3tp
WANTED—Orders for Cedar X-mas Trees. Phone 389. —174 3tc
WANTED—To buy second hand barb wire. Address V. B. Morgan. —174 3tp
WANTED—Five-room house, close in preferred. Call C. B. Macklin, 514 or 1671. —175 tlc
WANTED—To rent 4 or 5 room furnished house. Phone 324. 174-3tp
WANTED—Two or three well located rooms. Phone W. Bailey 1428 or 908. —175-3tp
CHICKENS, EGGS AND PET STOCK
FOR SALE—Pure bred Rhode Island Red Cockerels. \$1.00 to \$2.50 each. J. B. Jenkins, Jolly, Texas. 172-6tp

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FOR RENT—Six room modern bungalow well furnished. Will lease for 2 months to desirable parties without small children. Phone 1761. 173 tlc
HELP WANTED—Male
WANTED—Man with sufficient family to handle 100 acres in cotton on the halves. Reference required.—J. B. Jenkins, Jolly, Texas. 173-6tp
BOARD AND ROOMS
ATTRACTIVE ROOM and board in private home. Phone 299. 174 3tp
FOR RENT—Offices and Stores
FOR RENT—Store building, 615 Seventh street. Anderson & Patterson. Phone 87. 174 3tp
FOR SALE OR TRADE
FOR SALE OR TRADE—20 acre truck farm 5 miles south of Bowie, Monigie county. 4 room house. 3 good wells.—J. H. Reaso, 620 Ohio Avenue. —175-6tp
MISCELLANEOUS
LET MADAM GOSMAS help you by giving your life redemption. Send birth date and dime. De Laurence Kosmas, Box 291, Louisville, Ky. —175-3tp

HELP WANTED—Female

SITUATIONS WANTED—by young man with experience as office clerk. Apply A. B. care Times. —175-3tc
WANTED—Work by young white girl either house work or laundry work. Odie Turner, gen. del. —175-3tp

NOTICES

Subscriptions to **THE WICHITA TIMES** accepted at **NOBLE GRAY'S NEWS STAND** in lobby of **FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.**
NOTICE—Experienced detective work. Strictly confidential. Will open office in this city about Dec. 10th. Address P. O. 560. —174 tlc

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Mrs. Frankie Ross, dressmaking, alterations and repairing. 1306 Scott. Phone 1718. 151 tlc
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FOR SALE—Five hogs. J. M. Morgan, route 4, about 4 miles from city on Barkburnett road. 174 3tp

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1916 5-passenger Ford in first class condition for sale at once. Willis Car Co., Masonic Bldg. Phone 2150. 163-4 tlc
FOR SALE—One Oakland 38-4 cyl. in perfect condition. All around cheap. Wurtz Hupmobile Co., 809 Scott ave. Phone 2800. 167-4 tlc
AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS.
1 Model 37-Buick, Starter and lights. Price \$750.00
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1 '490' Chevrolet Roadster. 350.00
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1 7-Passenger Kissel Car. 750.00
1 5-Passenger Hupmobile. 22. 175.00
LOYD WEAVER AUTO CO.
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SOLDIERS INJURED In Wreck Are Not In Serious Shape

By Associated Press
Rockford, Ill. Dec. 3.—Twenty-two privates of the 38th division of the national army and four civilians who suffered minor injuries when a special troop train on the Illinois Central was derailed last night near Granger, Ill., were reported in no danger today.
About 800 soldiers were returning to Camp Grant after a two-day holiday in Chicago when the accident occurred, one car being overturned.

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Wichita Falls Lodge No. 628 A. F. & M. Stated meetings first and third Friday nights in each month. W. E. BROTHERS, W. M. J. W. WALKUP, Sec.
Wichita Falls Chapter No. 202. R. A. M. Stated convocations second Friday nights in each month. W. Y. HAMMACK, H. P. J. W. WALKUP, Sec.
Wichita Falls Commandry No. 49 Regular convocations fourth Friday night in each month. C. W. RICHOULT, R. M. J. W. WALKUP, Sec.

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Phone 604

PERSONALS

Mrs. W. E. Rutledge and son, Paul, have returned from a visit to Iowa, Kansas. Mrs. A. K. Short and daughters, Misses Violet and Margery, have returned from Decatur where they spent Thanksgiving with Mr. Short's parents. Senorita Maria Ordonez, late of South America, is here for a prolonged stay with her brother, M. Ordonez and family. The seniorita has been teaching school in South America and will open Spanish classes in this city for those who wish to study with a native teacher in conversational Spanish. The young lady is a very interesting personage, being of Spanish birth and education and has spent a good deal of time in South America. Hon. R. E. Taylor, of Henrietta, attended federal court here today. J. S. Bridwell will return to Eastland county tonight. Mr. Bridwell is taking some leases in the new oil field in that section. Mr. and Mrs. J. C. York, of Dallas, are the guests of this week of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Lunsford, 1811 Polk street. Mrs. York is a sister of Mrs. Lunsford. J. R. Atton, of Miami, spent Sunday in the city. Mr. and Mrs. Abel Beatter, of Oklahoma City are visitors in town today. J. B. Nathan, of Tulsa, is here today on business. G. E. Stock, supervisor of athletics of the Y. M. C. A. in San Antonio, was here today visiting G. R. Little, supervisor of athletics at the Y. M. C. A. at Call Field. Miss L. Lock, of Lawton, is visiting friends in the city. O. G. Whitten, of Abilene, is a business visitor here today. El L. Hunter left this afternoon for Quanah, where he has business for a day or two. Con Jewell is over from Electric in connection with his oil interests. Professor, T. L. Toland, of Dallas, former superintendent of schools here, is in the city today. Postoffice inspector Macy of Fort Worth is in the city today. Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Whittenberg of Graham, are visiting in the city. Mr. Whittenberg is serving on the federal grand jury. J. W. Clark and A. M. Bowen, of Graham, are in town. Mr. Clark being on the federal grand jury, and Mr. Bowen on the petty jury. J. C. Vaughan, of Graham, is in the city with a party of friends. J. O. Lewis, of New Castle, is in town, serving on the petty jury. W. F. Potter, editor of the Oil and Gas Journal, the leading publication in the oil world, arrived today from Tulsa, Okla. J. H. Norwood, of Austin, is in town today on business. J. N. Porter, of Stamford, is registered at the St. James. Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Hunt, of Oklahoma City are here for a few days.

DR. J. W. DU VAL Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat. Glasses Fitted. First National Bank Building.

THE HOME

Can be kept close to the soldier boy through kodak pictures. Give some member of the family a Camera for a Christmas present. It will provide entertainment for those at home and will enable you to take pictures of Home Scenes and Home Folks and send to the boys who are away fighting for our country.

SEND A SMALL VEST POCKET AUTOGRAPHIC EASTMAN KODAK TO THE SOLDIER FRIEND OR RELATIVE

It will help him to give more graphic description of what is happening that can be conveyed in a letter. WE HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF EASTMAN KODAKS—Priced from \$2 to \$30

First Attention To All Orders For The Sick Special Attention Given Our Prescription Dept.

Mr. and Mrs. Hart Farwell, of Stelling, Okla. are visiting friends in town. H. A. DeLamar, of Wellington, is a visitor here today. R. D. Mueg, of Seymour spent Sunday in town. D. Throne, of Burkburnett, was here yesterday on business. Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Dickson of Oklahoma City were weekend end visitors here. Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McKenna are visiting in town from Boulder, Colo. Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Henry, of Dallas, spent Sunday in the city.

Wilson's Cash Grocery

- Corn, per can 15 and 20c
2 cans small Peas 35c
Tomatoes, per can 10 and 15c
2 cans Soup 25c
2 cans small Lima Beans 35c
3 pound can Hominy 15c
1 can blackeyed Peas and Pork 15c
Picnic Plates, per dozen 5c
2 packages Tapioca 25c
1 can Dill Pickles 20c
1 package Mothers Oats with prize 40c
4 packages Sunbright cleanser 25c
Preserves, 20c, 40c and 65c
1 can Heinz Pork and Beans 15c
Coffee, per pound, 30 and 35c
White Swan Coffee, 3 lbs for \$1.25
1 can Bartlett Pears 25c
Fruits and Vegetables.

HENRY S. WILSON 813 Tenth St. Phone 2251

Quail Season Is Now open. We have the Ammunition and Guns for rent

Wilfong & Woods OFFICE SUPPLIES AND SPORTING GOODS

The GEM Theatre TODAY

America's Greatest Outdoor Photoplay "THE FIGHTING TRAIL" Also Special Release by Geo. Ade's Comedy Success "What the Best People Are Not Doing"

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Table with columns for Missouri, Kansas & Texas, Eastbound, Westbound, and various destinations like St. Louis, Kansas City, Fort Worth, etc.

LAXACOLD Tablets for that stubborn Cold. 25c a box. Miller Drug Store Phone 193

FEDERAL COURT IS CONVENED HERE FOR TERM OF TWO WEEKS

LARGE ATTENDANCE OF ATTORNEYS AND WITNESSES AT OPENING SITTING.

GRAND JURY EMPANELLED

Judge Smith is Presiding and Prospect is Considerable Business Will Be Transacted Here.

Oyez, Oyez, Oyez, the United States district court of the Northern District of Texas at Wichita Falls is now open. God save the United States and this Honorable Court. With these words the first term of the United States court in Wichita Falls was opened Monday morning. At the opening session the grand jury was empanelled and instructed by Judge W. R. Smith, the petit jurors were sworn and the civil docket was called for orders. The court then recessed until two o'clock Monday afternoon when it was announced that the civil docket would be called for the setting of cases.

In District Court Room. The court is being held in the 30th district court room on the second floor of the new court house. This is the first court that has sat in the new court house. There was a large attendance of attorneys, witnesses and others at the opening. The officers of the court in attendance include Judge Smith, Assistant U. S. District Attorney W. E. Allen, L. C. Maynard, clerk, W. J. McDonald, United States deputy marshal, J. A. Campbell, assistant United States deputy marshal, R. A. Goodfellow, assistant U. S. deputy marshal, United States Commissioner J. A. Lantz, B. M. Strickland, stenographer and secretary to Judge Smith. U. S. Deputy Attorney W. M. Gdell is expected here tomorrow. Judge Smith gave only a general charge to the grand jury. Members of Grand Jury. C. W. Snider of Wichita Falls was named as foreman. The other members include: W. L. Emery, Belcher, H. Carner, Charlie, Charlie W. Taylor, Harold, R. A. Wells, Crowell, R. A. Palm, Seymour, Rex Boyd, Oklaunion, J. W. Clark, Graham, R. B. Whittenburg, Bunker, J. C. Ward, Wichita Falls, Charles E. Blackman, Fruitland, C. P. Bobo, Byers, Clyde Orr, Vernon, J. H. E. Young, Vernon, R. P. Grogan Byers, A. Fisher, Electra, W. M. Finney, Forrestburg, W. A. Johnson, Spanish Fort. W. C. Pope was named as bailiff. J. M. Arington was also named as a bailiff.

YOUR CLOTHES Are like REAL MONEY—You assure yourself that your money is in a safe bank. Be just as sure that your clothes are with a safe cleaner. Ten successful years in the Cleaning Business ought to put us on the O. K. list. Ask anybody. Wichita Cleaning and Dye Works 1102 Scott H. R. HANKS, Mgr. Phone 620

Just Arrived—A Limited Number of "12TH ST. RAG" —AND— "COLD TURKEYS" Shaw-Chambers Drug Co. Phone 47

VICTOR TALKING MACHINE WINS HIGHEST POSSIBLE REWARD FOR TALKING MACHINES AT THE PANAMA PACIFIC EXPOSITION

At the request of several of our customers we wish to announce that the awards made at the San Francisco Panama Pacific Exposition stands as follows in order of precedence.

First--Grand Prize. Second--Medal of Honor. Third--Gold Medal

The Victor Talking Machine Company was awarded the Grand Prize, the highest possible award in both Liberal Arts and Educational Divisions. No higher honor was possible.

Victrolas for Christmas brings more happiness to everybody all the time than any other gift in the world. Comes in nine different styles to suit every purse, every taste, every home. Victrola prices \$20. to \$400. Terms easy as easy can be. Stop in today.

Over seven thousand records in stock. Two record sales ladies, four Victor Rooms. It will be a pleasure to play any Victor Record you may wish to hear.

December Victor Records are Here

The New Victrola Book of the Opera Price \$1.00

MACK TAYLOR DRUG COMPANY

WHOLESALE and RETAIL School Books and Supplies 812-814 Ohio Ave

Messiah--He Shall Feed His Flock. Messiah--Come Unto Me By Lucy Marsh Price \$1.00

We have got the experience—you get the best quality of work Phone 1067 Mount Tailoring Co 704 Seventh St. Phone 1067

Dry Cleaned, Pressed, and Good as New! Don't spend money for new clothes when Dry Cleaning brings back that look of newness to your Suit, Overcoat and Dresses. Will call if you'll phone. HAVE IT DONE RIGHT 914 DE LUXE DRY CLEANERS 404 Cleaners, Hatters and Dyers Scott "We Clean Everything" A. J. VIETS, Prop.

WHEN YOU BUY COFFEE From Us You Pay Only For Coffee

Nothing for tin cans, lithographed labels, high-priced traveling salesman and expenses. No local freights, cartage, etc. Nothing but for the coffee bought in car lots. So you can readily see we sell much better coffees for less money, and then, the big idea—FRESH FROM THE ROASTER TO YOU WE ROAST COFFEE EVERY DAY

BERT BEAN COFFEE HOUSE 824 Indiana Ave. Telephone 35

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including "Le", "The", "Vic", "Volum", "W", "BOI", "Petr", "post of c", "throw of", "the resul", "comman", "nounced", "ARGENTI", "POSSIB", "AUTON", "DAVID BEEC", "PORT REL", "By Associated", "ties than any", "America as a", "vehicles, says", "port made pub", "of Foreign an", "of the Depart", "The physical", "country, with", "total for agr", "of 8,000,000", "greater than t", "east of the M", "great need f", "of all types", "ticularly oppo", "paratus, like", "Valley in No", "will undoubte", "est consumer", "South Americ", "Once B", "Previous to", "automobiles i", "came largely", "ber of cars i", "during the", "lowa: 1911, 2", "5,115; 1914, 2", "5,929; Argent", "mobles from", "the United S", "many Argenti", "winters in Pa", "where they li", "purchased the", "naturally att", "the entire E", "dustry to the", "tion of Eur", "Argentina res", "the ysa rol", "time sales of", "car have fall", "unsold cars", "carrying for", "now obsolete", "will have di", "original inve", "was this sto", "pean cars th", "can car and", "to some exte", "cars in the S", "Wer", "For 10 or", "was automot", "confine chil", "Buenos Aires", "Mendoza, Co", "Fe, and Tact", "sold almost", "The America", "most exclus", "ropean cars", "positive type", "They were c", "ness for as", "eleros (farm", "their time in", "districts, th", "roads, were", "automobiles", "that s reside", "attempt to", "distance of", "such a drive", "would be ve", "the trail-like", "dust. In we

WAR AGAINST AUSTRIA IS FAVORED BY WILSON

Washington, Dec. 4.—Immediate declaration of war against Austria-Hungary was recommended to Congress today by President Wilson.

The president did not however recommend a declaration of war against Turkey and Bulgaria at this time.

BOLESHEVIKI GENERAL KILLED RESULT FALL

Petrograd, Dec. 4.—General Dukhonorin, who took over the post of commander in chief of the Russian armies after the overthrow of Premier Kerensky, was thrown from a train and killed as the result of lynch law, after Ensign Krylenko, the Bolsheviki commander in chief had captured Mohilov, it was officially announced by the Russian war office.

ARGENTINE OFFERS POSSIBILITIES IN AUTOMOBILE FIELD

DAVID BEECROFT MAKES REPORT RELATIVE TO CONDITIONS

By Associated Press. Argentina offers greater possibilities than any other country in South America as a market for automotive vehicles, says David Becroft in a report made public today by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, of the Department of Commerce.

12 BANDITS ARE KILLED IN SECOND ATTACK

By Associated Press. Indio, Texas, Dec. 4.—After two fights between Mexican bandits and American border cavalry troops during the past three days the entire Big Bend river front was under arms today and every precaution was taken to prevent further firing into American territory or bandit raids by the organized force of outlaws under Chio Cano, said to be wanted both in Mexico and the United States on serious charges.

NEW CONCEPTION OF WAR IS BEING FORCED UPON ALL

SMALLER WAR MAP MAY NOW BE USED IN UNIFYING EFFORTS.

By Associated Press. (Delayed).—Daily events are forcing a new conception of the war upon all the belligerents, which in many ways has simplified the deliberations of the executive Council in Paris.

President Is Given Case of First Shell Fired Upon Germans

Washington, Dec. 4.—The shell case which held the first shell fired by an American artillery man on the western front has been presented to President Wilson by the party of congressmen who recently made an official visit to the battlefield.

RESOLUTION INTRODUCED.

Washington, Dec. 4.—A joint resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the United States and Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey was introduced in the Senate today by Senator Pittman for Senator King of Utah. It was referred to the foreign relations committee without action.

TERRIBLE BATTLE AGAIN RAGING FURIOUSLY OVER CAMBRIA SECTOR FRONT

Positively German in its frightfulness was the war declared upon the Cambria sector front, and small, domestic and foreign, old and young, at the meeting of the Civic League yesterday.

Boy Returned Home From Transport at Sea to Aid Mother

Chicago, Dec. 4.—After having been two miles at sea on his way to his home in this city, a young boy was returned to his mother's arms at sea to aid her.

Queer Raider Tries To Lure Ships With Great Fires at Sea

San Francisco, Dec. 4.—What a ship's captain believed to be a German raider operating in the Pacific and trying through fires in imitation of a burning vessel to attract its intended victims has been reported by him in a letter to friends here.

Socialist Deplores Russian Peace Move As Lengthening War

Stockholm, Dec. 4.—Camille Huysmans, secretary of the Socialist International, who is now in Gottenburg, according to an interview printed in the Afton Tidningen, deplors events in Russia as making the peace outlook darker.

Petrograd Duma Is Declared To Be Dissolved

Petrograd, Friday, Nov. 30. (Delayed).—The city duma was declared dissolved today. New elections have been called for December 9.

Argentine Offers Possibilities in Automobile Field

By Associated Press. Argentina offers greater possibilities than any other country in South America as a market for automotive vehicles, says David Becroft in a report made public today by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, of the Department of Commerce.

OVER THIRTEEN BILLION DOLLARS WILL BE ASKED FOR THE YEAR 1919

By Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Estimates of more than \$13,500,000,000, the greatest in the nation's history, for the conduct of the government and the prosecution of the war during the fiscal year 1919, were submitted to congress today by the treasury department.

In round figures more than \$11,000,000,000 of that vast sum is for the war alone. Only part of it will be realized from taxation; the remainder will come from the issues of Liberty Bonds.

Deducting an item of \$153,000,000, intended as an annual appropriation toward a sinking fund for the discharge of the old public debt and some \$330,000,000 which will be turned back to the treasury from postal revenues, the estimated sum for which congress actually is expected to appropriate is \$13,018,725,595. No previous estimate ever has exceeded two billions.

General Statement.

Here follows a general statement of the estimates by general heading:

Legislative \$8,026,327.

Executive \$65,325,369.

Judicial \$1,336,390.

Agriculture \$24,458,551.

Foreign intercourse \$4,535,072.

Military (army) \$6,615,936,554.

Navy \$1,014,971,503.

Indian \$12,255,210.

Pensions \$137,900,000.

Panama Canal \$24,171,624.

Public works (practically all fortifications) \$3,044,918,935.

Postal services \$231,818,245.

Miscellaneous \$1,026,208,317.

Permanent annual appropriations \$711,166,825.

Total (cents omitted here and above) \$13,501,357,940.

Deduct sinking fund and postal returns \$48,632,345.

Total \$13,018,725,595.

For Army and Navy.

The greatest sums, of course, are estimates for the army and navy. Estimated previously submitted in terms of thousands and occasionally millions are now stated in terms of billions and hundreds of millions.

For the signal service, which includes the graving yard for the air, \$1,138,240,317 is estimated. This sum includes the \$640,000,000 previously appropriated for the great air fleet. A billion dollars is asked for pay and miscellaneous expenses of the army; more than two billion dollars for the quartermaster corps; \$157,000,000 for hospitals and medicines; \$135,000,000 for the equipment of the army; and \$92,000,000 for the expense of their operations in the field. Ammunition for the great guns to blast way through the air, is estimated to cost \$30,000,000. For machine guns, the deadliest weapon of the war, more than \$27,000,000 is asked for. For the purchase of more than \$75,000,000 of estimated.

Some Minor Items.

Compared with these estimates in billions and hundreds of millions, some of the estimates for the other items stated in simple millions are:

For extension of military academy, \$4,000,000; horses for cavalry, etc., \$28,000,000; construction and repair of hospitals, \$25,000,000; manufacture of arms, \$50,000,000; small arms target practice, \$7,000,000; civilian military training camps, \$6,000,000; rifle ranges for the instruction of civilians, \$1,000,000; equipment of home guard organizations, \$4,500,000; supplies for reserve officers training camps and ordnance stores for the same, \$5,000,000; finance equipment for military schools and colleges, \$1,000,000; uniforms for the general staff, \$2,000,000.

Naval Total.

The navy's total of a little more than \$1,000,000,000 is distributed principally in this way: Pay of officers, \$142,850,000; pay of enlisted men, \$94,000,000; improving and equipping navy yards for construction of ships, \$4,000,000; pay, provisions and clothing for the navy and training recruits, \$15,000,000; arming and equipping naval militia, \$1,500,000; organizing and equipping the navy; \$1,000,000; schools and camps of instruction for naval reserve recruits, \$2,000,000; ordnance strictly in the bureau of ordnance, \$20,000,000; civilian training of gunners, \$3,000,000; ammunition for ships, \$32,000,000; torpedoes and torpedo appliances, \$1,000,000; extension of naval gun factory at Washington, \$2,000,000; reserve supplies of ordnance, \$33,000,000; for a new naval guns, \$1,000,000; for experiments, \$88,000; maintenance of the fleet, \$10,000,000; contingent expenses, \$12,000,000; for medicine and surgery, \$8,500,000; care of hospital patients, \$4,000,000; transportation charges on same, \$4,000,000; for maintenance in the bureau of supplies and accounts, including fuel, for the navy and transportation, for the same, \$6,000,000; construction and repair of ships, \$60,000,000; engineering, which includes the motive power, \$100,000,000.

Other Departments.

The estimates for all other departments besides showing increase for their expansion due to activities consequent to the war, reflect generally the increasing costs of everything general throughout the country. Some increases of salaries for government employees are submitted but there is no blanket proposal almost of the amounts for pay are due rather to increases in numbers of employees than to a rising scale of wages.

No estimate appears for the committee of public information, the expenses of which are being paid out of the president's \$100,000,000 war emergency fund.

The state department reviews its proposals for an under secretary of state at a salary of \$75,000, congress has rejected the plan when submitted before. The office is proposed in addition to the three assistant secretaries now serving. For additional clerks the department asks \$120,000; to meet the increased cost of living for consular and diplomatic officers, which is recognized as being all out of proportion to their small salaries, the department asks \$800,000, an increase of half a million. A new immigrant station at San Francisco, costing \$225,000 is proposed.

Legation Building.

One new item proposes \$25,000 for the erection of a legation building at San Salvador. The total sum placed under the head of foreign intercourse exceeds \$5,000,000, and represents to a large degree the increased activities of the diplomatic service because of the war.

In the treasury department the growth of the war risk insurance bureau which now includes insurance for the lives of soldiers, sailors and merchant seamen, calls for an estimate of \$4,000,000. The federal farm loan bureau presents a new item of \$37,000. For the maintenance of the bureau for the auditing of accounts of the army and navy \$300,000 is asked.

The international revenue bureau shows a large increase in expenses for the collection of the many war taxes. Expenses of ordinary collections are placed at \$3,000,000; collection of income tax is placed at \$2,700,000, and for collection of the special war taxes \$9,000,000 is estimated, double the sum asked for the same purpose last year.

Mints of Country.

All the mints and assay offices are estimated for as usual. On some occasions previously when the treasury commissions have eliminated them they have been restored by congress.

In the war department the ordinary peace time force has been practically doubled, and the cost of maintaining employees is estimated at \$10,000,000. The total estimates for river and harbor improvements are \$25,000,000. For the equipment of the Panama Canal, exclusive of fortifications, \$15,428,284 is estimated, which takes no account of amounts derived from the canal.

Navy Department.

In the navy department nearly a million dollars is asked for extra military forces and the total estimate for the navy is practically doubled, making it \$2,230,000. This is exclusive of naval construction and consequent activities.

The department of commerce submits several items to care for the expansion of American trade in the war.

It asks \$100,000 for promoting commerce in Central and South America, a like sum for promoting commerce in the East Indies and \$20,000 for commercial attaches for the embassies abroad. For the bureau of standards, which is taking a tremendous part in the war, the mechanical appliances for the winning of the war, several large sums in addition to the regular appropriation are asked. The market item under the head of military research is put at \$250,000.

Interior Department.

The interior department presents many items for investigation and developments of natural resources. It asks \$200,000 for scientific investigation of mining; \$135,000 for scientific investigation of geology; \$200,000 for geological and geophysical research; \$25,000 for natural gas; \$25,000 for improvements of the bureau of mines buildings at Pittsburgh, and \$25,000 for a new mine rescue car the department asks for an experiment which it is proposed to have for a new mine rescue and distribute for, at a cost of \$250,000, \$600,000 is asked.

National Parks.

Many estimates are submitted for the national parks. The sums, which in all cases are increased, follows: Yellowstone \$125,000; Glacier \$169,000; Yosemite \$280,000; Sequoia \$43,000; General Grant \$5,500; Mount Rainier \$100,000; Mesa Verde \$25,000; Crater Lake \$17,500; Wind Cave \$5,000; Platt \$8,500; Lassen \$5,000; Coast McKinley \$10,000; and Mount Meade \$20,000. For new buildings at Hot Springs, Ark., \$150,000 is proposed.

Department of Justice.

In the department of justice, the principal increases are for the prosecution of crimes against the United States, principally sedition, conspiracy and espionage. One million dollars is asked for the work of the federal grand jury, for the prosecution of the enforcement of anti-trust laws is also submitted. Improvements costing \$167,500 at McNeil Island, Washington penitentiary are submitted.

Practically all the increases in the department of agriculture are to cover the work of maintaining the preservation of plant and animal life as a war measure. They include the annual item of \$240,000 for the distribution of federal agents to guard crops. A novel exhibit appears in the department's estimate for motor vehicles. It gives the name of every man who will use government vehicle and tells specifically on what business he uses it.

Indian Service.

In the Indian service the work of relieving distress and preventing disease has been extended to an increased estimate of \$109,000, and an increased estimate of \$1,700,000 is submitted for Indian schools. An increase estimate of \$500,000 is asked for industrial work among the nation's wards and to teach them the care of timber. For the encouragement of industry among Indians \$140,000 is asked. Increased estimates are submitted for the Indian schools at Fort Mojave, Arizona and Truxton (Canyon, Ariz.) and for the irrigation of the Papago, Ariz., reservation and various items already authorized by the act of March 3, 1917, carrying out naval and coast fortification increase projects already authorized.

Public Buildings.

For continuation of work on or completion of public buildings already authorized, the following estimates are included: Des Moines, Iowa, \$100,000; Globe, Ariz., \$20,000; Okla., \$43,000.

New items for marine hospitals include St. Louis \$4,000.

New items for quarantine stations include Galveston \$70,000; New Orleans \$4,000.

Estimates under independent officers are for those not under executive departments elsewhere. The interstate commerce commissions ask a little more than \$5,000,000. The expenses of the shipping board are placed at \$89,750, which includes the construction and requisitioning of ships.

For the council of national defense \$20,000 is asked against \$500,000 previously. The federal trade commission's expenses are estimated at \$1,428,240, as against \$600,000. The usual \$50,000,000 asked for the federal grand jury, which includes the construction of interstate transportation wages disputes. A new item of \$57,000 is presented for salaries of the United States employees compensation commission and their employees.

The estimate for the national advisory committee for aeromantics is increased to \$200,000. For the work of connecting Rock Creek and Potomac parks here in the capital \$500,000 is estimated. For the Arlington memorial bridge across the Potomac, the connection of Washington to Arlington, Va., \$25,000 is submitted.

For information of the prevalence and geographic distribution of disease the public health asks \$25,000, an increased estimate of \$25,000 in rural sanitation is submitted.

The exhibit showing the great sums the government spends each year for rental buildings for the federal government is interesting this year because of the great number of such buildings taken for war activities, ranging in character from hotels and office buildings to stores, and stables, the rents paid by the different departments total \$1,059,594.

Military Academy.

For the military academy a total of \$5,713,254 is sought, some \$1,000,000 for the expenditure on buildings and grounds.

Secretary Daniels estimates for the navy show that the store of gun and ammunition is rapidly being gathered.

AMERICAN TROOPS KILL THIRTY-THREE MEXICANS ON BORDER

By Associated Press.

Indio, Tex., Dec. 3.—One American cavalryman, a Mexican foreman and 33 Mexicans, including the foreman, who were killed Saturday morning at Buena Vista, a small hamlet on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande.

Private Riggs, Eighth Cavalry, satirically detachment.

Justo Gonzalez, foreman of the Buena Vista ranch, was slightly wounded.

The bandits, 200 in number under command of Chico Cano, on Friday raided the cattle ranch of J. R. Tigner, driving off a number of cattle and shooting down others in the pasture.

Call for Troops.

Tigner appealed by telegraph to Col. Langhorne, district commander at Marfa, who ordered Lieut. Leonard T. Matlack with 30 men in pursuit.

Tigner, owner of the cattle, accompanied the troops.

Lieut. Matlack followed a hot trail into Mexico and at Buena Vista the bandits attempted to ambush him,

ARMY AND NAVY BUDGET IS OVER ELEVEN BILLION

PROVISION WILL BE MADE FOR ARMY OF MILLION AND HALF.

THIS IS MERELY PART

Naval and Coast Fortifications Also Will Be Materially Strengthened By Government Now.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 3.—A war budget of more than eleven billion dollars to pay army and navy costs during the fiscal year 1919 was faced today by congress when the government's estimates were presented. The sum represents only a strictly military expense that can be estimated so far in advance and is more than two and a half billion larger in the similar appropriation made for the year 1917-1918. So far as the estimates show it provides only for raising and maintaining a force of 1,500,000 men, carrying out naval and coast fortification increase projects already authorized.

The chief item in the budget is for three military establishments of the army, to cost \$6,615,936,553, an increase of \$1,365,967,699 over the total of army appropriations made at the last session. The only means of determining the size of the army provided for is in the estimate of \$1,063,933,676 for pay. This is \$159,294,528 greater than the appropriation obtained last session for the pay of 62,000 officers and 1,241,390 enlisted men of the line and 398,000 enlisted men of the various auxiliary corps.

The estimates call for staff officers as follows:

General staff 347, adjutant generals department 281, inspector general 245, engineers 409, ordnance 3,000, postmaster 8,200, medical 14,000, judge advocate general 300, signal corps (including aviation) 11,941; with these large staff increases and foreign service pay increases total nearly \$80,000,000 also estimated for, it appears clear that the total increase in the pay item is \$129,349,558, which covers any material extension of the staff.

Fortifications estimates take second of 1,300,555 men.

Fortifications estimates take second place with a total of \$3,324,445,122, or an increase of \$1,155,102,874 over appropriations obtained last year. The item of \$1,030,569,090, a decrease of \$52,977,357.

The naval figures probably do not include, however, new ships that will be ordered for when building facilities are available.

Baker's Estimate.

Striking items of Secretary Baker's estimate for the military department, \$2,000,000 for the military information section of the general staff, doubling the military information section, \$1,138,907,699 for the signal corps, \$359,172,648 in excess of the regular appropriation, including the special aviation measure, \$2,243,325,000 for military hospitals, and supplies, an increase of \$324,000,000, mostly for clothing and camp equipment, \$28,755,391 for the purchase of ordnance and foreign goods, a decrease of \$887,555,000 and showing restrictions placed upon the use of animals for the army in France due to the transportation of military horses, \$11,894 for the medical department, to include \$17,000 for new motor ambulances and \$111,000 for medical office buildings, \$24,000,000 for veterinary supplies, \$125,600,000 for engineer equipment, which includes the hand grenades and signal lights of all kinds, \$892,000,000 for engineer operations, a decrease of \$57,000,000, \$500,000,000 for covering bridges, highway and road building and operating equipment; \$390,000,000 for ammunition, an increase of \$175,000,000; \$39,000,000 for military repairs, \$125,000,000 for the purchase of machine guns, \$17,000,000 for military cars. A new item is \$4,500,000 for arms and ammunition for the home guards and \$6,918,000 is asked to conduct civilian training.

AMERICAN TROOPS KILL THIRTY-THREE MEXICANS ON BORDER

By Associated Press.

Indio, Tex., Dec. 3.—One American cavalryman, a Mexican foreman and 33 Mexicans, including the foreman, who were killed Saturday morning at Buena Vista, a small hamlet on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande.

Private Riggs, Eighth Cavalry, satirically detachment.

Justo Gonzalez, foreman of the Buena Vista ranch, was slightly wounded.

The bandits, 200 in number under command of Chico Cano, on Friday raided the cattle ranch of J. R. Tigner, driving off a number of cattle and shooting down others in the pasture.

Call for Troops.

Tigner appealed by telegraph to Col. Langhorne, district commander at Marfa, who ordered Lieut. Leonard T. Matlack with 30 men in pursuit.

Tigner, owner of the cattle, accompanied the troops.

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and that estimates have been reduced in many particulars under the present budget received last year. The chief increase is in pay, the total being \$213,229,551, against \$126,532,448. \$45,553, against \$41,839,935. Marine corps pay estimates have risen to \$22,153,370, against \$13,531,802.

Naval aviation calls for \$94,000,000, an increase of more than \$30,000,000 over last year. The chief increase is in the purchase of merchant ships \$38,309,523 is asked, against \$74,593,523 obtained during the last session; the torpedo item is reduced from \$12,291,830 to \$13,000,000; raising ordnance supplies from \$1,417,000 to \$2,900,000.

Building Naval Station.

A new item is \$2,000,000 for the construction of a naval station in the Virgin Islands, recently taken over by the United States and another \$1,000,000 is asked for extension of facilities for proving ordnance. In both these items which are authorized by the principal laws facing the legislature, today's opening meeting was as usual brief and perfunctory, accompanied by the ordinary scenes of a new session—handshaking and other felicitations with well filled galleries and much bustle and confusion.

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Perfunctory Session.

As in the special war session which ended October 6, prosecution of the principal task facing the legislators. Today's opening meeting was as usual brief and perfunctory, accompanied by the ordinary scenes of a new session—handshaking and other felicitations with well filled galleries and much bustle and confusion.

Under the ordnance appropriations make the items available in supplying guns, ammunition and reserve ordnance stores for vessels authorized during the current year program, indicating the department's intention to press for the completion of that program which has been held up by war needs for destroyers and merchant craft.

Public Works.

Under the heading of public works the navy department asks the following appropriations for various yards and stations: Portsmouth, N. H., \$3,000,000; Boston, \$75,000; New York, \$1,600,000; Philadelphia, \$2,400,000; Washington, D. C., \$400,000; Norfolk, Va., \$3,450,000; Naval academy, \$2,750,000; marine recruiting station, Port Royal, S. C., \$100,000; Charleston, S. C., \$1,400,000; Key West, Fla., \$200,000; New Orleans, \$450,000; Mare Island, Calif., \$1,200,000; Fugate Sound, Soles, \$200,000; Tutuila, Samoa, \$500,000; Guam, \$600,000; Guantanamo, Cuba, \$200,000; naval magazine, Bingham, Mass., \$300,000; Indian Head, Md., \$200,000; Great Lakes, Mich., \$150,000; New York, \$150,000; Fort Lafayette, \$250,000; torpedo station, Newport, R. I., \$250,000; additional torpedo and ordnance program (new), \$10,000,000; training stations, Newport, \$10,000,000; training station, Great Lakes, \$3,500,000; marine barracks, Pease, \$2,500,000; marine barracks, San Diego, Calif., \$1,500,000; fuel depot, \$750,000; operating house, Hampton Roads, \$2,500,000.

An item of \$500,000 is included for telegraph extension of naval prison facilities—the same plan for taking over the land or buildings needed being provided as in Washington, the station and proving ground extension projects.

Maintenance and Yards.

Under the maintenance and additional items for yards and stations mentioned as follows:

Yerba Buena (San Francisco harbor), \$250,000; coasters harbor island, \$1,350,000; Great Lakes, \$7,000,000; St. Helena and naval operating base, Virginia, \$310,000; war college, Newport, \$38,550; naval gun factory, Washington (new machinery and new shop), \$2,000,000.

In the fortifications estimates are carried items for the purchase or manufacture of heavy and field ordnance of all types, and the majority of the army's artillery equipment is provided under this heading. Two items for cannon totalling \$2,897,000, make up the bulk of the expenditure for the purchase of heavy mobile artillery includes an item of \$1,500,000, and one ammunition item is for \$95,000,000. Under engineering projects the present fiscal year's appropriation for the protection of the shore line of Sandy Hook reservation.

An item of \$1,323,000 is carried for fortifications in the insular possessions.

Soldiers Injured In Wreck Are Not In Serious Shape

By Associated Press.

Rockford, Ill., Dec. 3.—The twenty-two privates of the 36th division of the national army and four civilians who suffered minor injuries when a passenger train wrecked at Rockford, Ill., were reported in no danger today.

The 400 soldiers were returning to Camp Grant after a two-day holiday in Chicago when the accident occurred, one car being overturned.

PRESIDENT SOUNDS LEGISLATIVE KEYNOTE IN MESSAGE TUESDAY

By Associated Press.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The Sixty-Fifth Congress reconvened today for its second and "long" session, with the leaders prepared to stay here until next autumn.

The keynote of the legislative program will be sounded Tuesday by President Wilson in his opening address to be delivered in the house chamber at 12:30 p. m. at a joint session. It will be the presidents first appearance before congress since the night meeting of April 2, at the opening of the special session called to permit him to ask for a declaration of war against Germany.

As in the special war session which ended October 6, prosecution of the principal task facing the legislators. Today's opening meeting was as usual brief and perfunctory, accompanied by the ordinary scenes of a new session—handshaking and other felicitations with well filled galleries and much bustle and confusion.

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KEMP WILL HEAD COMMITTEE TO GO TO CAPITAL SOON

Special to the Times.

Dallas, Dec. 3.—For the purpose of meeting with representatives of manufacturers and business men of various sections of the United States, a committee of Texas representatives, including the present governor, and manufacturers named by J. A. Kemp, of Wichita Falls, president of the day in Texas Association, will go to Washington in a short time. This committee will primarily discuss interpretations and charges from the excess profits tax law, which at the present time is known to be under consideration by the legislative leaders for changes.

The recent meeting of manufacturers in Austin, which made a study of the law, developed some information which some suggestions made by representative bodies for changes, would be carefully considered by the congressional committee which will meet in regard to the law. The committee will go to Washington with this in view.

As a direct effect of the Austin meeting, the committee will have a Washington with it the view that certain qualifications are necessary to meet the interpretation and application of the law through various sections of the nation will send representatives to Washington also. It is learned it is practically certain that some changes will be made in the law, following these suggestions.

PERKINS SNIDER REPORTED MAKING 100 BARRELS HOUR

From Monday's Daily.

The Perkins-Snyder well on the Serjeant lease which was reported in Sunday's Times as a two-thousand-barrel hour since Friday, is making 100 barrels an hour since Friday.

The Humble Oil and Refining Company's Serjeant No. 17 is a five-hundred-barrel well.

The Pathway Refining Company's Ramming Kern No. 2, is making 20 barrels an hour.

High Reilly No. 40, is making 50 barrels an hour.

There have been a number of smaller wells completed in the Serjeant well district upon which detailed reports have not been received.

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BROTHERS ASK CENTRAL

By Associated Press.

Cleveland presented to the count wages for iron workers are about 25 percent higher. The general organizations scale to the railroad workers is 31 at the late. The railroad workers for the purpose of entering into a joint effort through a joint all the of two labor organizations. It is expected that the railroad workers will be able to secure an increase in the wages of about two percent in the next few days.

Civil Rights Bill.

The administration soldiers and sailors civil rights bill, which passed the house last session but failed to get through the senate soon will be taken up by the senate judiciary committee. The nature of the bill, proposing a moratorium, suspending processes against members of the American military forces. Other unfinished legislation includes Senator Chamberlain's resolution to subject alien residents to the same government control of iron and steel products and for reclamation of physically unfit men from military service. Revision of second class postage rates for publications also promises to be agitated during the session.

Creation of a congressional committee to supervise war expenditures. which President Wilson prevented during the last session, will be urged by Senator Weeks of Massachusetts and other Republicans. The proposal of Chairman Fitzgerald of the house appropriations committee for a single committee to control war appropriations also is pending.

Closer scrutiny of appropriations and departmental estimates during the present session is generally predicted, with efforts to prevent extravagance and waste. The same time providing adequate funds for war needs.

Spectacular features during the session are regarded as possible development for the agitation against Senator La Follette and his associates of their opposition to some war legislation. He and Senator Hardwick of Georgia have announced their intention to seek repeal of the draft law, while Senators La Follette and Sherman of Illinois have peace resolutions pending before the senate foreign relations committee.

Within the next few days President Wilson is expected to send to the senate nominations of many military and civil officers appointed during the recess or who failed of confirmation at the last session.

Other miscellaneous legislation is being introduced before congress, including some measures affecting this country's course in the war in view of widespread sentiment among returning members for declarations of war against Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey and Bulgaria. Congress is expected, however, to follow the views of the President in this respect.

Appropriations will require much time. Fourteen general and probably several special supply bills for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1918, as well as a number of special bills for present war needs, are to be considered, probably immediately after New Year's. Two bills, one for legislative and judicial and District of Columbia measures, already are under preparation.

May Reach Fifty Billions.

With \$2,200,000,000 already appropriated for the present fiscal year, many members believe that, with forthcoming appropriations, the fifty-billion-dollar mark may be reached for two years of war.

New war revenue legislation is not scheduled for active consideration for a month or more. A deficit of \$3,000,000,000 in the present fiscal year remains to be provided for.

Political affairs will come in for much consideration during the session, with considerable speeches being made in the new session. The session next fall at which thirty-two senators, nineteen Democrats and thirteen Republicans and the entire House will convene in Washington.

Many members believe political campaign necessities may shorten the session.

The Democrats start the session in control of both senate and house with 22 Democratic senators against 43 Republicans, with one seat—Senator Husting—vacant. In the house the Democrats have 215 members, the Republicans 213, with five independent and one seat vacant.

Several New Members.

Several new members joined the house today. Representative Luffa, Republican, of the sixth Massachusetts district succeeding Augustus P. Gardner, Republican, Democrat, of the twenty-eighth Pennsylvania district, succeeding former Representative Bleakley, Republican, who resigned. Representative Merritt, Republican, of the fourth Connecticut district, succeeded Representative Ebenezer Hill, Republican, deceased.

Important war legislation expected to come before the present session includes measures to give the President further authority, especially over enemy alien property, to amend a bill for universal military training and measures to meet labor conditions.

Chief among the domestic concerns are prohibition and military training. Senator Sheppard's proposed constitutional amendment, whose submission was approved August 1st by the enemy alien property bill, is expected to approve submission of the so-called Susan B. Anthony amendment for equal suffrage, which has been favorably reported to the senate calendar. Speaker Clark soon will appoint a chairman for the new, special house important general legislation pending because of its exclusion from the

Submarine Warfare And Prussian Autocracy

By D. F. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture. Why is the United States at war with Germany? Why all this preparation, expense, and jeopardy of thousands of American lives? Are we fighting the battles of England, France, Italy and Russia? Are we in the war to pull the chestnuts of the allies out of the fire? Are we fighting to help them recover lost territory or to acquire new possessions? Why do we fight at all? Why not employ peaceful means? Why not negotiate?

These questions are now being asked not infrequently, especially by the German propagandists, by a few disloyal natives, and by some unintelligent and unpatriotic pacifists. Such people imagine that the time is opportune. They imagine that many Americans are astounded and resentful over the prospect of enormous expenditures, burdens of taxation, and sacrifice of life. They assume that there is, or will be, a reaction—that the people have short memories. They place reliance on the fact that the scene of conflict is remote, that our people can not appreciate that a defensive war can be waged by forces at a distance, and that aggressive action may be in the highest degree defensive.

The main answer to these enemies of America within and without is simple. We are at war with Germany primarily to assert and to defend our rights to make a good war claim, that we are a free nation, entitled to exercise rights long recognized by all the nations of the world, to exercise these rights without restraint or dictation from the Prussian autocracy and militarists, to have the kind of institutions we wish, and to live the kind of life we have determined to live. We are at war with Germany because Germany made war on us, sank our ships, and killed our citizens who were going about their proper business in places where they had a right to be, traveling as they had a right to travel, or either had to fight or to keep our citizens and ships from the sea around England, France and Italy, or to have our ships sunk and our people killed.

We did not make this war. Germany made war on America and only after exercising great patience and enduring grievous wrongs did we formally declare this to be a fact. For over two years Germany had committed hostile acts against our sovereignty, destroying the property and lives of our citizens, acts which if committed by any smaller power or power nearer home would have led to a quick demand from our people for a belligerent response. By turns, as it suited Germany's needs, she was apologetic and contemptuous, conciliatory and dictatorial, full of promises and headless of them, finally repudiating her most solemn obligations. In the meantime, while we were extending hospitality to her diplomats here and representing her abroad, she was carrying on a hostile propaganda within our own borders as well as abroad, promising prizes to destroy our plants, and attempting to sow dissension among our people. Recall the history of our negotiations with Germany, of our attempts to secure justice by diplomatic peaceful means.

February 1, 1915 (Germany declared that on and after February 18, 1915, she would regard the waters around Great Britain and Ireland, including the Channel, as a war zone and that "every enemy merchant ship would be destroyed without possibility of avoiding danger to crew and passengers." She pointed out that it would not always be possible to prevent neutral vessels from becoming victims of submarine attack, and that action was without the color of justification in international law. Her only legitimate course was to declare and to effect a blockade and then, having done so, to intercept enemy vessels, discriminating between enemy and neutral vessels, enemy and neutral cargoes. In the case of neutral ships captured to take to prize courts only those carrying contraband to sink vessels only in extraordinary circumstances, and in every case to give safety to crews and passengers and to preserve all papers of ships sunk or captured. Because of the allied fleets, it was impossible for Germany to do these things by the use of instruments heretofore employed. She could attempt them only with a new device, the submarine.

Unquestionably, new conditions of war had arisen and new means for waging it had come into existence; and, just as it was recognized that fleets of the old three mile blockade, so it was tacitly admitted that a submarine could not be expected to capture and take a ship in port, but might sink it provided it practised visit and search for purposes of discrimination, safeguarded the lives of crew and passengers and therefore, gave ample warning to vessels and did not sink them in places or under conditions in which non-combatants could not secure safety. These things, under international law it was necessary that Germany have her submarine commanders do or that she set aside international law and make necessary the only law, make law to suit herself and the desperate conditions into which she had brought herself by her own aggressive action.

Germany's Justification. The justification Germany attempted to give was that England had declined to respect in full the declaration of London, had extended unnecessarily the list of contraband, and had brought unfair pressure on neutrals, had declared the North Sea a seat of war, and was warring not only on the military forces of Germany, but on the whole civilian population as well. She ignored the fact that England and her allies had fleets which, by the use of practices recognized by law, could maintain a blockade and which up to this time they have maintained without sinking ships or

REVIEWS STEPS TAKEN BY U. S.



SECRETARY HOUSTON AT HIS DESK. (AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION.)

killing non-combatants. Germany could not do these things and had no right to do them because the allies could. She is certainly the last nation in the world to demand that only military forces be considered as involved in the war. For centuries Prussia had recognized clearly, more clearly than any other government, that a whole nation makes war, had proceeded very early to organize herself on that basis, and had gone out to extend and had repeatedly succeeded in extending her possession by force against laws of right and morality. Her tender consideration for the civilian population and her view of the extent to which it should be exempted from the pressure and horrors of war are amply illustrated by her dealings in Belgium, northern France, Poland, Serbia, and on the high seas. Certainly Germany ought to have thought of the British blockade, and have a perfect right to travel on unarmed or even defensively armed, enemy merchant vessels and to go where they please on the high seas. To have acceded to such insular dictation from Germany would have amounted to a waiver of international law and rights and to the doing of an unequal act against the allies, just as would compliance with the suggestion made by Germany on February 16 and frequently repeated, that neutrals cease to ship arms and munitions to the allies. Germany knew that neutrals had a perfect right to do this. She herself had exercised the same right more than once. She knew the allied nations would have filled munitions orders for her and that it was no fault of ours that she could not secure them. These things, too, she ought to have thought of before she provoked hostilities.

United States Replies. On February 11 this government replied, condemning Germany's position, and warning her that it would hold her to strict accountability and take every necessary step to safeguard American lives and property and to secure a full enjoyment of their rights on the high seas. March 12, 1915 the allies issued a decree in which they declared that it was necessary to prevent merchandise from reaching Germany directly or through neutrals. They, however, asserted in taking this step that they would not follow Germany in her cruel and barbarous methods and would not in their intention endanger neutral vessels or the lives of non-combatants, that they would act in strict conformity with the lives of humanity. On March 28 a German submarine sank the Falda, drowning an American citizen; on May 1 the Gulllight, drowning two American citizens; and on May 4 the Lusitania, drowning 111.

Followed by Protest. These acts were followed by a protest from this government on May 13 in which a demand was made for disavowal of the action of the commander of the submarine in sinking the Lusitania and for reparation. This government informed Germany that it would omit no word or act necessary to the performance of its sacred duty of maintaining the rights of the United States and of its citizens and of safeguarding their free exercise. On May 28 Germany replied, placing the responsibility for the sinking of the Lusitania on Great Britain and the British shipping company, asserting that the Lusitania was an auxiliary cruiser, which was false; that it was

armed, which was equally false, and that the company permitted it to carry munitions, which it had a right to do. On the 1st of June the German government asserted that the attack on the Gulllight was an unfortunate accident, that the submarine commander was in no wise to blame, and expressed regret, and stated that it would pay damages. On the 9th of June the government of the United States replied to Germany's explanation, denying the statements as to the character of the Lusitania and as to her armament, asserting that it was sunk without warning, solemnly renewed its representations, and asked insurances that American ships and the lives of American citizens be not put in jeopardy. A month later Germany answered saying that she was compelled to meet the British blockade, and that if her submarine commander had practiced visit and search the submarine would have been destroyed. She cynically added that in any event it was to have been expected that a mighty ship like the Lusitania would remain above the water long enough for its passengers to get off. The sinking of this ship, she hypocritically represented, revealed with horrible clearness to what jeopardy of human lives the manner of conduct, war employed by her adversaries led. American ships, she promised, would not be hindered from their legitimate business, and lives on neutral vessels would not be jeopardized. This promise number one.

Must Mark Vessels. She decreed that neutral vessels must be properly marked, sufficient notice be given in advance, and a guaranty be furnished that they would carry contraband. She impudently informed us that she would agree to a proposal to increase by one-half the number of vessels available for the passenger service by placing a reasonable number of neutral ships under the American flag. She informed us that American citizens did not need to travel to Europe on enemy vessels and that she was merely following the example in declaring a part of the high seas an area of war, in her singular psychology, a mere declaration by her was to be given the same regard and weight as an established fact. With her lack of a sense of humor she apparently could see no difference between an effective blockade maintained by England and a paper blockade announced by her. Accidents suffered by neutrals or enemy ships in such an area, could not be judged differently from those suffered in a war zone on land. If this country could not secure a sufficient number of neutral ships then the German government would permit it to place auxiliary vessels under its flag.

Reply Unsatisfactory. Of course the secretary of state answered that Germany's reply was unsatisfactory. It did not indicate how the principles of international law and humanity could be applied. It proposed a partial suspension of them, which, in effect, set them aside. This government noted Germany's assurance, made once more, as to the freedom of the seas, that the character and cargoes of merchant vessels would be first determined, and that lives of non-combatants would not be jeopardized. The United States demanded the disavowal of the act of the commander of the submarine and reparation for injuries. It renewed the warning to Germany and advised her that the repetition of such an act against the rights of the United States affecting her citizens would be regarded as deliberately unfriendly. Less than a month after this definite representation, Ambassador Page sent notice from London of the sinking of

the Arabic, with a loss of three American lives. Five days later German Ambassador Gerard expressed the hope that the United States would await full information before acting and asserted that if American lives were lost it was not in accordance with the intention of the German government. A week later he gave this assurance: "Liners will not be sunk by our submarines without warning and without safety of non-combatants, provided that they do not try to escape or offer resistance." This was promise number two.

Government's Policy. He added that this policy was decided upon by his government before the Arabic was sunk. This was followed on September 7 by word from the German government through Ambassador Gerard that the Arabic was sunk because it planned to attack the submarine, that the government could not admit indemnity even if the commander was mistaken, and that if he was, the government would be willing to submit the case to The Hague. On the 14th, after receiving the facts, Mr. Lansing wrote that the Arabic was sunk and did not try to escape or offer resistance. On October 5 Bernstorff replied that the German government rules had been made so stringent that no repetition of the Arabic case was possible, admitted the validity of the evidence against the Arabic's attempt to ram the submarine, expressed regret at the occurrence, disavowed the act and offered indemnity.

This was promise number three. On January 7, 1916 the German ambassador gave notice that German submarines in the Mediterranean would destroy any vessels, passenger as well as freight, but only after the safety of passengers and crew had been assured. Three months after Germany repudiated the whole subject, rebuking the old arguments, and with obvious insincerity expressed the conviction that the United States would appreciate her point of view. Germany was evidently getting ready to break all her promises.

Sent Word to Gerard. On March 12 this government sent Ambassador Gerard word that there was much evidence that the Channel passenger steamer Sussex was sunk by a torpedo March 24 with 50 passengers on board. It asked for information concerning the following ships, which, with Americans on board, were sunk. The Englishman, the Manchester, Guardian, Eagle Point, and the Berwaldale, all sunk within a comparatively short time. The German government replied on April 11, saying either that it did not have sufficient information to form an opinion, or that it was doubtful if the sinking was traceable to a submarine, or that the ship attempted to escape. It asserted that the Sussex was not torpedoed and frivolously represented that the German commander made a sketch of a vessel torpedoed at the time in question and that this sketch did not look like the picture of the Sussex in the London Graphic.

On May 4 Germany replied that she regretted the sinking of the Sussex was torpedoed, admitting in effect that she was caught in having made a false statement. Her commanders, she asserted, had orders to conduct warfare in accordance with visit and search except in the case of enemy ships in the war zone. She regretted that the ship attempted to escape. It asserted that the Sussex was not torpedoed and frivolously represented that the German commander made a sketch of a vessel torpedoed at the time in question and that this sketch did not look like the picture of the Sussex in the London Graphic.

Restore Freedom of Seas. The United States, however, must make England restore the free domain of the seas—that is, make her surrender her naval advantage. If she did not succeed then Germany informed us that the United States would consider the rights of neutrals, affecting the rights of neutrals. Responsibility in such matters was absolute and not relative. Germany's insincerity was made clear. She was posing as a victor, and in posing as a victor she was creating a favorable attitude among certain parts of the American people to throw the responsibility on the allies for prolonging the war, and to lay a predicate for her policy of submarine ruthlessness.

Germany Expresses Regret. On January 31 on the pretext of acknowledging receipt of the president's message to the Senate, Germany expressed regret that the attitude of the allies, their lust for conquest, made peace impossible. This she proclaimed, created a new situation, to which reference was made in a former note, and called for a decision. That decision was nothing less than to violate all her solemn pledges, to extend the submarine zone to Great Britain, France and Italy and to sink all ships. She was confident that this action would lead to a speedy termination of the war and would be understood by the United States. As a favor to this country she would permit it to send one steamer a week each way to a particular port, Fal-

mouth. She fixed the day for arrival, Sunday, and the day for departure, Wednesday. The ship must be stripped with three stripes, each a meter wide, white and red alternating and a guaranty must be given that it carry no contraband.

The president promptly executed his warning to Germany, severing diplomatic relations with the German Empire on February 3. Immediately the president laid the matter before Congress and informed it of his action. American ships, however, remained in port as they arrived, as did those of other neutrals, and Germany was achieving her ends by menace. On the same day the Housatonic, an American steamer, was sunk and on February 13 the Lyman M. Law. It was obvious that a further step must be taken or this country would be imposed upon by the Prussian autocrats. Therefore in February 26 the president asked Congress for authority to arm merchant vessels and even then said that war, if it came, could come only by the act of Germany.

On April 2 the president appeared before Congress and recommended a state of war be declared against the German government. The Congress accepted the recommendation by a vote of 573 to 50 in the House of Representatives and 82 to 6 in the Senate.

Not Free Nation. If we had not accepted the challenge of the war made, desperate, dictatorial, contemptuous, hypocritical, and medieval Prussian militarists, we would have had to admit that we were not a free nation, that we preferred peace at any price, and were interested only in the fleshpots. This country either had to swallow its own words, abdicate its position as a free sovereign power, concede that it had no rights except those which Germany accorded it, hold its citizens and ships away from Europe, or to recognize the plain fact that Germany was acting in a hostile manner against it, had to defend its rights, fight for humanity, and the cause of civilization and free peoples everywhere, joining its power with the other free nations of the world to put an end to autocratic and brute force. There was one choice, we could not make—we were incapable of making. We could not "choose" the path of submission and suffer the most sacred rights of our nation and our people to be ignored or violated.

Does not this review make it plain what it would mean to the world if Germany should win and if free, democratic, law supporting nations like Great Britain and France were destroyed, if Europe should fall under the domination of Germany, headed by the Prussian military autocrats who know no right except might, who believe that small and peace loving nations have no standing and who attach no sanctity to a pledge, no matter how solemn?

COUNTY GINNINGS FOR PAST MONTH SHOW DECREASE

Cotton ginnings in Wichita county up to November 29 were 5,361 bales, according to the weekly report of the Archer county fair. The Archer county fair has received authority to make public ginnings on the same date last year totaled 5,979 bales. Archer county is falling far behind the ginnings in that county to tallying 2711 bales compared with 4,168 bales a year ago. Ginnings in Wichita county are behind expectations, as no extent the most optimistic expected the crop to yield as much as five thousand bales at the opening of the season. The crop is yielding many farmers as large a return as much larger crops in previous years.

NEW HOTEL MAY BE ERECTED IN THIS CITY SOON

Attention of Wichita Falls capitalists is being directed toward a big new hotel to cost between \$1,000,000 and \$2,000,000. It is known that a number of the city's men of wealth are considering the erection of a corporation to build a hotel. As yet no definite steps have been taken, but men who have money know the need of such a hotel and are thinking and talking about building it. Everybody who knows anything about the situation realizes that a big hotel is badly needed here. Scarcely a night passes but that scores of people are turned away from local hotels.

Table with columns for days of the week and corresponding bank clearing figures. Total for the week is \$743,079.64, with a decrease of \$871,008.17 from the previous week.

PERKINS-SMIDER WELL REPORTED TO BE GOOD ONE

Perkins and Smider are reported to have brought in a good well on the east side of their 35 acre Serrien lease yesterday. Reports Saturday night were to the effect that the well was good for 150 to 200 barrels.

The Sunday Oil Co. on the J. P. Sunday farm north of Iowa Park was reported in a good sand at 740 feet with a showing for a twenty-five barrel well. The well is west of J. P. Sunday's residence. It is the second drilled by the company. The first was a dry hole. Most of the stock of the company is owned by Wichita Falls parties.

Another development that is attracting considerable attention is the new well of the Findley-Munkit company on the Taylor tract at Perrella. The sand was struck at 1760 feet. The well is 200 to 250 barrels or better. It is the third well brought in by the Findley-Munkit company. It is southeast of the company's other producing wells. Still further to the southeast the Beam oil company owned by W. W. Maier and others is reported on the sand and about to bring in a well. Still further to the southeast Boddy and Squires are drilling a two thousand foot test with a cable rig.

KEMP APPOINTED TO BE CHAIRMAN ON WAR SAVINGS

J. A. Kemp has been appointed chairman of the Thrift Stamp and War Savings Certificate committee for Wichita Falls, by Secretary of the Treasury W. G. McAdoo. Lewis Lipsitt, of Dallas, is state chairman of the movement which is strongly sponsored by Frank A. Vanderlip of New York.

The stamps, which are of twenty-five cent denomination, will be on sale Monday at the postoffice. Sixteen of these stamps, with the additional payment of eleven cents, will obtain War Savings Certificate for interest at about four per cent. No more than one hundred dollars worth of certificates will be given to one person at one time, and no person may have more than one thousand dollars worth of certificates at any time, according to the instructions issued at Washington, and distributed to the postmasters.

The purpose of the plan is to provide a means for people in close circumstances to save sums of money at a time, if they wish to do so; to give these people an opportunity to help the government, and at the same time to make a fair interest on their savings. No active campaign in the improvement has been announced locally, and at least, no big drive is in prospect.

At the recent meeting of the Bay-Made-In-Texas Association at Austin, called at the suggestion of A. S. Walker, collector of the new income tax, J. A. Kemp was delegated to obtain authority to select a committee from among the representatives of business men of the state to go to Washington to intercede with the representatives of the state there to obtain some modifications of the act which, in the opinion of the Association, present certain unjust inequalities. Mr. Kemp has notified the committee that they are to be in Washington on Tuesday, December 11th, for this purpose.

The new law, as at present contemplated will tax the small out of operating upon a small capital, out of proportion to the larger institutions, and will put a premium upon companies and corporations operating upon watered-stock and other fictitious capitalization methods. Mr. Kemp stated that he believed there would be little difficulty in obtaining the modifications desired, as it was evidently the intention of the government to discover in what opinion the law was held, and Mr. Walker had quite frankly asked suggestions as to weak points and possible corrections.

The following have been appointed on the committee: Wichita Falls: J. A. Kemp, Galves I. H. Kemmer, Lewis Adoue; Houston: J. T. Scott, John H. Kirby; Beaumont: E. S. Read; Waco: E. R. Bolton; W. D. Brazelton; Austin: A. C. Collier; Abilene: Ed S. Hughes; San Antonio: Dallas Jack Best, Nathan Adams; R. H. Stewart, Lewis Lip-sitt; Wiley Blair, J. C. Duke, F. L. "Shel" W. W. Turner, El Paso: W. Warren P. Andrews, Amador G. Carter; Amarillo: W. H. Fouca, El Paso: W. W. Turney; Tyler: Gus F. Taylor, J. B. Mayfield.

E. W. FRY FOUND GUILTY FORGERY IN CLAY COUNTY

Former county judge is al-ready under two years sentence.

Special to The Times. Henrietta, Tex., Dec. 1.—A jury in the Clay county district court Saturday morning found E. W. Fry, former county judge of Clay county, guilty on an indictment charging forgery. The case went to the jury Friday afternoon. Fry is already under two year sentence, but has appealed in that case. It is probable an appeal will be taken in the case just tried unless a new trial is granted.

WICHITA COUNTY MOTORISTS NAME HILL PRESIDENT

E. G. Hill was unanimously elected president of the Wichita County Motor Club for the ensuing year, following the resignation of C. W. Reid, the former president, at the annual meeting of the directors of the club held last week at the National Bank of Commerce.

The following is a list of the new directors for the ensuing year: R. O. Hartley, Marvin Smith, Lloyd Weaver, Arthur B. Huff, R. E. Shephard, Carter McGregor, J. F. Boyd, W. M. Priddy, Roy B. Jones, J. F. Winston, M. J. Bashara, W. D. Chize, C. H. Clark, W. W. Steiner, Ben Schwieger, C. W. Reid, D. P. Talley, J. I. Staley.

BUSINESS ACTIVE DESPITE CONFLICT STATES FORECAST

The Collins forecast for November has been received by the Wichita State Bank, and contains some valuable information. Amongst the more encouraging items is the fact that during the first week of the month the U-boat victims have been fewer than at any time since April 21st; and this is notwithstanding the fact that many troop transports have been going across, and a great deal of very valuable exports.

A settlement of threatened labor troubles indicates that the government has the capital and labor situation well in hand, and that the work necessary to make our participation in the war effective will go forward without serious interruption. Some inconvenience is being experienced, however, owing to insufficient supply at certain points, but the remedy for this will be applied as promptly as circumstances will permit.

Business keeps up its active pace, and the adjustment to war conditions goes forward with a minimum of friction. In every part of the country a complete unity of purpose to subordinate everything to the needs of the government, so that the full energies of the country may be brought to bear in ending the war victoriously in the shortest time possible.

More mineral oils were exported from the United States during the first week of November before, the total amounting to 2,749,438 gallons, valued at \$230,553,149. This was an increase of approximately 300,000 gallons and \$25,000,000 over 1916, and about 470,000,000 gallons and \$75,000,000 over 1914, the last normal year before the war.

Death Is Sentence Passed By Jury On Slayer of Conductor

Galveston, Texas, Dec. 1.—A jury in the fifty-third district court this morning returned a verdict of guilty against Joe Mickle, charged with the murder on Nov. 15, of Ed Howard, a street car conductor. The verdict carried the death penalty. Mickle stated, Howard to death after having refused to pay his fare to the conductor.

Submarine Warfare And Prussian Autocracy

By D. F. Houston, Secretary of Agriculture.
 Why is the United States at war with Germany? Why all this preparation, expense, and jeopardy of thousands of American lives? Are we fighting the battles of England, France, Italy and Russia? Are we in the war to pull the chestnuts of the allies out of the fire? Are we fighting to help them recover lost territory or to acquire new possessions? Why do we fight at all? Why not employ peaceful means? Why not negotiate?

REVIEWS STEPS TAKEN BY U. S.



SECRETARY HOUSTON AT HIS DESK

The Arabic, with a loss of three American lives. Five days later the German ambassador expressed the hope that the United States would await full information before acting and assured that if American lives were lost it was not in accordance with the intention of the German government. A week later he gave this assurance: "Liners will not be sunk by German submarines without warning and without safety of non-combatants, provided that they do not try to escape or offer resistance." This was promise number two.

Government's Policy.
 He added that this policy was decided upon by his government before the Arabic was sunk. This was followed on September 7 by word from the German government through Ambassador Gerard that the Arabic was sunk because it planned to attack the submarine, that the government could not admit indemnity even if the commander was taken and that the United States government would be willing to submit the case to The Hague. On the 14th, after receiving the facts, Mr. Lansing wrote that the Arabic was not warned and did not try to ram the submarine. On October 5, Bernstorff replied that the German government rules had been made so stringent that no repetition of the Arabic case was possible, admitted the validity of the evidence against the Arabic's attempt to ram the submarine, expressed regret at the occurrence, disavowed the act and offered indemnity.

This was promise number three. On January 7, 1915, the German ambassador gave notice that German submarines in the Mediterranean would destroy any vessels, passenger as well as freight, but only after the safety of passengers and crew had been assured. Three months after Germany reopened the whole subject, rehashing the old arguments, and with obvious industry expressed the conviction that the United States would appreciate her point of view. Germany was evidently getting ready to break all her promises.

Sent Word to Gerard.
 On March 17 the state department sent Ambassador Gerard word that the sinking of the Arabic was a deliberate act on the part of the German government. He expressed regret and stated that it would pay damages. On the 9th of June the government of the United States replied to Germany's Lusitania note, denying the statements as to the character of the Lusitania and as to her armament, asserting that it was a tank without any warning, solemnly renewed its representations, and asked assurances that American ships and the lives of American citizens be not put in jeopardy. A month later Germany answered saying that she was compelled to meet the British blockade, and that if her submarine commander had practiced visit and search the submarine would have been destroyed. She cynically added that in any event it was to be expected that a mighty ship like the Lusitania would remain above the water long enough for its passengers to get off. The sinking of this ship, she hypocritically represented, resulted with horrible clearness to what jeopardy of human lives the manner of conducting war employed by her adversaries led. American ships, she promised, would not be hindered from their legitimate business, and lives on neutral vessels would not be jeopardized. This was promise number one.

Must Mark Vessels.
 She declared that neutral vessels must be properly marked, sufficient notice be given in advance, and a guaranty be furnished that they would not carry contraband. She impudently informed us that she would agree to a proposal to increase by installments the number of vessels available for the passenger service by placing a reasonable number of neutral ships under the American flag. She informed us that American citizens did not need to travel to Europe on enemy vessels and that she was merely following England's example in declaring a part of the high seas an area of war. In her singular psychology, a mere declaration by her was to be given the same regard and weight as an established fact. With her lack of a sense of humor she apparently could see no difference between an effective blockade maintained by England and a mere blockade maintained by her. Accidents suffered by neutrals on enemy ships in such an area could not be judged differently from those suffered in a war zone on land. In this country could not secure a sufficient number of neutral ships then the German government would permit it to take four enemy vessels under its flag.

Reply Unsatisfactory.
 On February 11 this government replied, concerning Germany's position, and warning her that it would hold her to strict accountability and take every necessary step to safeguard American lives and property and to secure a full enjoyment of their rights on the high seas. March 12, 1915, the allies issued a decree in which they declared that it was necessary to prohibit merchant ships from reaching Germany directly or through neutrals. They, however, asserted in taking this step that they would not follow Germany in her cruel and barbarous methods and would not in their intention endanger the lives of the crews of non-combatants, that they would act in strict conformity with the laws of humanity. On March 28 a German submarine sank the Falba, a German submarine, and on May 1 the Gulf Light, a German submarine, and on May 1 the Lusitania, a passenger liner.

Followed by Protest.
 These acts were followed by a protest from this government on May 13 in which a demand was made for the removal of the action of the commander of the submarine in sinking the Lusitania and for reparation. This government informed Germany that it would omit no word or act necessary to the performance of its sacred duty of maintaining the rights of the United States and of its citizens and of safeguarding their free exercise. On May 28, Germany replied, placing the responsibility for the sinking of the Lusitania on Great Britain and the British shipping company, asserting that the Lusitania was an auxiliary cruiser, which was false, that it was

mouth. She fixed the day for arrival, Sunday, and the day for departure, Wednesday. The ship must be striped with three stripes, each a meter wide, white and red alternating and a guaranty must be given that it carry no contraband. The president promptly executed his warning to Germany, severing diplomatic relations with the German Empire on February 7. Immediately the president laid the matter before Congress and informed it of his action. American ships, however, remained in port as they arrived, as did those of other neutrals, and Germany was achieving her ends by menace. On the same day the Housatonic, an American steamer, was sunk and on February 12 the Lyman M. Law. It was obvious that a further step must be taken or this country would be impotent and would be playing into the hands of the Prussian autocrats. Therefore in February 26 the president asked Congress for authority to arm merchant vessels and even then said that war, if it came, could come only by the consent of Germany.

On April 2 the president appeared before Congress and recommended a state of war be declared against the German government. The Congress accepted the recommendation by a vote of 573 to 50 in the House of Representatives and 82 to 6 in the Senate. **Not Free Nation.**

If we had not accepted the challenge of the war made, desperate, dictatorial, contemptuous, hypocritical, and medieval Prussian militarists, we would have had to admit that we were not a free nation, that we preferred peace at any price, and were interested only in the fleshpots. This country either had to swallow its own words, abdicate its position as a free sovereign power, concede that it had no rights except those which Germany accorded it, hold its citizens and ships away from Europe, or to recognize the plain fact that Germany was acting in a hostile manner against it, fight to defend its rights, fight for humanity and the cause of civilization, and free peoples everywhere, joining its power with the other free nations of the world to put an end to autocratic and brute force. There was one choice we could not make—we were incapable of making. We could not "choose the path of submission and suffer the most sacred rights of our nation and our people to be ignored or violated."

Does not mean to the world if Germany should win and if free, democratic law supporting nations like Great Britain and France were destroyed, if Europe should fall under the domination of Germany, headed by the Prussian military autocrats who know no right except might, who believe that small and peace loving nations have no standing and who attach no sanctity to a pledge, no matter how solemn?

NEW GOVERNMENT TRIFIT STAMPS WILL GO ON SALE NEXT WEEK.
 (From Sunday's Daily)
 J. A. Kemp has been appointed chairman of the War Savings and War Stamps Committee for Wichita Falls. Secretary of the Treasury W. G. McAdoo, Lewis Lipman, chairman of the War Savings movement, which is strongly sponsored by Frank A. Vanderlip of New York.

COMMITTEE IS CHOSEN BY CHAIRMAN KEMP.
 At the recent meeting of the War Savings and War Stamps Association, held in the city, the committee was organized. Mr. Kemp has notified the committee members that they are to be in Washington on Tuesday, December 11th, for the purpose of discussing the new law which will be passed by the House of Representatives. Mr. Kemp stated that he believed there would be little difficulty in making the modifications desired, as it was evident from the opinion of the law was held, and Mr. Walker has quite frankly asked for suggestions as to weak points and possible corrections.

COST OF PROPOSED STRUCTURE EXPECTED TO BE AROUND \$300,000
 Attention of Wichita Falls capitalists is being directed toward a big new hotel to cost between \$250,000 and \$300,000. It is known that a number of the city's wealthy are considering the organization of a corporation to build a hotel. As yet no definite steps have been taken, but men who have money know the need of such a hotel and are thinking and talking about building it. Everybody who knows anything about the matter realizes that a big hotel is badly needed here. Scarcely a night passes but that scores of people are turned away from local hotels.

BANK CLEARINGS FOR PAST WEEK SHOW SLIGHT DECREASE.
 While continuing at high figure bank clearings for the week ending December 3rd show a decrease from the previous week. Clearings last week were \$743,279, the record by days as follows:
 Monday \$176,973.35
 Tuesday 117,627.39
 Wednesday 96,979.50
 Thursday 107,979.50
 Friday 209,510.22
 Saturday 142,697.88
 Total \$743,279.84
 Last week \$751,008.17
 Decrease \$7,728.33

NEW HOTEL MAY BE ERECTED IN THIS CITY SOON

COTTON GINNINGS FOR PAST MONTH SHOW DECREASE

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PERKINS AND SLIDER WELL REPORTED TO BE GOOD ONE

FIRESTONE COMPANY TO MAKE DEEP TEST UPON HEISERMAN LEASE

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 (From Sunday's Daily)
 Perkins and Sluder are reported to have brought in a big well on the east side of their 35 acre Serrien lease yesterday. Reports Saturday night were to the effect that the well was good for 1500 to 2000 barrels.

FIRESTONE COMPANY TO MAKE DEEP TEST UPON HEISERMAN LEASE
 The Firestone Oil and Gas Co. of Cleveland, Ohio, is shipping a rig here to make a deep test on the W. F. Heiserman lease south west of the Serrien. The test will be made with a cable rig. Jack Kelly is associated with the company in the development of this lease. The location was made by A. D. Loyd, a geologist well known in oil circles.

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 Cotton ginnings in Wichita county up to November 20 were 5,361 bales, according to figures which O. P. Martie, crop reporter for Wichita and Archer county has received authority to make public. Ginnings on the same date last year totaled 5,975 bales. Archer county is falling further behind the ginnings in that county totalling 2711 bales compared with 4,168 bales a year ago.

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 Attention of Wichita Falls capitalists is being directed toward a big new hotel to cost between \$250,000 and \$300,000. It is known that a number of the city's wealthy are considering the organization of a corporation to build a hotel. As yet no definite steps have been taken, but men who have money know the need of such a hotel and are thinking and talking about building it.

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 (Special to The Times)
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