

WICHITA DAILY TIMES, WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 11, 1918.

SIGN TERMS WAR OVER

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The world war will end this morning at six o'clock, Washington time, 11 o'clock Paris time. The armistice was signed by the German representatives at midnight. This announcement was made by the State Department at 2:50 o'clock this morning.

The announcement was made verbally by an official of the state department in this form:

"The armistice has been signed. It was signed at five o'clock a. m., Paris time, and hostilities will cease at 11 o'clock this morning, Paris time."

The terms of the armistice, it was announced, will not be made public until later. Military men here, however, regard it as certain that they will include: Immediate retirement of the German military forces from France, Belgium and Alsace Lorraine. Disarming and demobilization of the armies. Occupation by the Allied and American forces of such strategic points in Germany as will make impossible a renewal of hostilities. Delivery of part of the German high seas fleet and a certain number of submarines to the Allied and American naval forces. Disarmament of all other German warships under supervision of the Allied and American navies which will guard them. Occupation of the principal German naval bases by sea forces of the victorious nations. Release of Allied and American soldiers, sailors and civilians held prisoners in Germany without such reciprocal action by the associated governments.

There was no information as to the circumstances under which the armistice was signed but since the German courier did not reach German military headquarters until ten o'clock yesterday morning, French time, it was generally assumed here that the German envoys within the French lines had been instructed by wireless to sign them. Forty-seven hours had been required for the courier to reach German headquarters and unquestionably several hours were necessary for the examination of the terms and a decision. It was regarded as possible, however, that the decision may have been at Berlin and instruction transmitted from there by the new German government. Germany had been given until 11 o'clock this morning, French time, six o'clock Washington time, to accept. So hostilities will end at the hour set by Marshal Foch for a decision by Germany for peace or for continuation of the war.

The momentous news that the armistice had been signed was telephoned to the White House for transmission to the President a few minutes before it was given to the newspaper correspondents. Later it was said that there would not be a statement from the White House at this time.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—Only a few minutes after receipt of the news of signing of the armistice a demonstration began. Hotel guests awakened by the blowing of whistles, dressed themselves and thronged to the streets where crowds were soon surging in the downtown streets with bells, whistles and other noise making instruments everywhere.

PEOPLE'S GOVERNMENT INSTITUTED IN BERLIN

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—The German people's government has been instituted in the greater part of Berlin. The garrison has gone over to the government. The workmen's and soldiers' council has declared a general strike. Troops and machine guns have been placed at the disposal of the council. The social democratic party is interceding (?) with the people's government. The guards which had been stationed at the public offices and other buildings have been withdrawn. Friedrich Ebert (vice president of the social democratic party) is carrying on the chancellorship. The text of the statement issued by the people's government reads: "In the course of the forenoon of Saturday the formation of a new German people's government was initiated. The greater part of the Berlin garrison and other troops stationed there temporarily, went over to the new government. The leaders of the deputations of the workmen's and soldiers' council...

ITALIANS OBTAIN A GLIMPSE OF AMERICA AT TRAINING CAMPS

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 10.—For a quick journey to America without the discomforts of a long sea voyage, Italians in these days have only to visit the American training camps in Italy. There, says the home correspondent of the Italian American News, they can get a quick glimpse of everything distinctly American. It makes no difference to the Yanks whether they are in the center of Africa or a stone throw from Italy's wealthy cities for they brought right along with them all articles for comfort, from the rarest to the most practical. Some Italian business interests thought the presence of the Americans would furnish excellent opportunities for good business. The hope was supported by the reputation Americans have of being well supplied with money, says the correspondent. "The devil! The value of gold in the teeth displayed by the men in a single battalion would provide a handsome downy for a lot of good family."

But things did not turn out as expected. When the American tents of khaki spread out to the sun, persons presented themselves to commandants and offered a little of everything, not for profit, understand, but because Americans have shown themselves in sympathy with Italy. "Americans do not need anything," came the reply. "How? Nothing, absolutely nothing." "Nothing, and the few things they may possibly need they can find themselves," came the reply. "The hint that American boys were not backward with the gentler sex. The rapidly with which barracks and wagons were built brought persons with offers of wood and nails. They were led to supply stations where they gasped in surprise. "It looks as if the Americans were going to fill ten thousand states with nails," said one dealer. "Finally, the business men with donkey-trail minds struck on a scheme. "If they won't buy, then they will sell," they said, casting their eyes over the mountains of lumber. The arrival of this lumber had struck them as a miracle. They had not seen a single stick arrive. "The boxes in which more than seven hundred automobiles had been packed furnished the wood for the construction of the barracks, for the construction of the shelter for several hundred trucks and there was enough left to make it an object of cautious desire in the trade," said the correspondent.

WILHELM HINDENBURG WITNESSES KAISER TAKE MEDICINE

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Emperor Wilhelm witnessed a letter of abdication Saturday morning at the German grand headquarters in the presence of Crown Prince Frederick William and Field Marshal Hindenburg, according to a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The German crown prince signed his renunciation to the throne shortly afterwards. It is believed that King Ludwig of Bavaria and King Frederick August of Saxony, also have abdicated. The ex-king and the former crown prince were expected to take leave of their troops on Saturday but nothing was tempered by the fear that it had come too late. Friedrich Ebert, the socialist leader, has been appointed imperial chancellor. He has issued a proclamation saying that he plans to form a people's government which will endeavor to bring about speedy peace.

AMSTERDAM, Saturday, Nov. 9.—A message from Cracow announces the formation of a Polish republic under the presidency of Deputy Daszynski.

ZURICH, SWITZERLAND, Nov. 10.—Because of the troubles in the interior of Germany Prince Maximilian of Baden, and all the Bourgeoisie ministers have resigned, says a dispatch from Berlin. Friedrich Ebert, the German socialist leader, has been definitely recognized as chancellor. The emperor was deeply moved. He consented to sign the document only when he received the news of the latest events in the empire. Serious food difficulties are expected in Germany, owing to the stoppage of trains. The council of the regency will take the most drastic steps to re-establish order.

OFFICIAL

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Field Marshal Haig's forces are closely following up the retreating Germans along the entire front in Flanders. The official statement issued today by the war office announces that the British troops have occupied Faubourg De Bertumont, on the southern outskirts of Mons, Belgium. The text reads: "Our advanced forces are keeping in touch with the retreating enemy on the whole front. We have occupied the Faubourg De Bertumont, on the southern outskirts of Mons. Further north we are approaching Leuze and have taken Renaix. (Renaix is about thirty miles west of Brussels.)"

PARIS, Nov. 10.—French troops this morning renewed their pursuit of the Germans. The French official statement today says the retreat of the enemy is becoming more and more precipitate. Everywhere along the line the Germans are abandoning great quantities of war materials. Cannon, numerous vehicles of all descriptions and in some instances entire railroad trains have been captured by Foch's forces. The text of the statement reads: "Our pursuit of the enemy was renewed this morning under favorable conditions. West of Mezieres the French backed the Sormonne River and took the village of Sormonne. They reached the Hirson route at Mezieres-Sur-Renwez. "On the right the French continued to cross the Meuse River between Lumes and Donchery. "In his retreat which is becoming more and more precipitate the enemy is abandoning everywhere considerable material. The French have captured, notably between Anor and Mornignies (southwestern Belgium), cannon, numerous vehicles of all kinds and whole railroad trains."

WILHELM HINDENBURG WITNESSES KAISER TAKE MEDICINE

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Liebig, the largest city in Saxony, Stuttgart, the capital of Wurttemberg, and Cologne and Frankfurt, have joined the revolution, according to reports from the Danish frontier, telegraphed here by the Copenhagen correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company. The soldiers councils at Stuttgart, Cologne and Frankfurt have decided to proclaim a republic. Schleswig-Holstein, the Prussian province which formerly belonged to Denmark, is to be proclaimed an independent republic, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

KRUPP PLANT TAKEN OVER

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Essen, where the great Krupp steel works are situated, is reported to be in the hands of the revolutionaries, says a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Exchange Telegraph company.

# AMERICA IS TO SUPPLY FOOD TO SOUTH EUROPE

PROGRAM IS TO BE UNDER THE DIRECTION OF HERBERT HOOVER.

## HURLEY GOING ALSO

Mr. Hoover Will Not Relinquish His Position as Food Administration Of U. S.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Immediate arrangements are to be made by the American and Allied governments for supplying the food necessary for the rehabilitation of the people of northern France and Belgium and the demoralized civilian population in southern Europe.

America's part in the program is to be under the direction of Herbert Hoover, who organized the commission for relief in Belgium and of which he still is chairman. The state department announced today that President Wilson had requested Mr. Hoover to take charge for the American government in co-operation with the various governments concerned of the projected food relief and to proceed at once to Europe to begin his task.

Chairman Hurley Going.

Mr. Hoover, it was learned, is to be accompanied by Chairman Hurley of the shipping board, who will be able to furnish instant information as to the shipping facilities the United States can supply. His presence therefore, is expected to facilitate the framing of the program as the measure of relief will depend to some extent on the movement of food stores in Australia and other countries where they have accumulated through the lack of tonnage to move them during the war.

The state department's announcement said the war industries board, the war trade board, the treasury department, the shipping board and the food administration are to aid in the prompt advancement of necessary measures for assisting the feeding of the people in invaded Belgium and northern France. It also said the arrangements are being made by the food administration, the shipping board and the war department for the earliest possible dispatch of foodstuffs to the liberated populations in southern Europe.

Announcement is Made.

The state department's announcement follows:

"President Wilson has requested Mr. Hoover to take charge for this government of the organization of measures for the relief of the liberated people of Europe and to proceed at once to Europe as the government's special representative for the determination of measures of relief in co-operation with the various governments concerned.

"It is necessary to perfect and enlarge the arrangements for foodstuffs to the populations in Belgium and France now being released. These populations have been supported for the last four years by the commission for relief in Belgium under Mr. Hoover's chairmanship, but owing to the difficulties of transportation and distribution of finance and fear of German seizure, the amount of foodstuffs furnished has been the very minimum on which human life could be maintained.

"First Measure of Assistance.

"As the first measure of assistance to Belgium, it is necessary to increase immediately the volume of foodstuffs formerly supplied so as to physically rehabilitate this under-nourished population. The relief commission has during the last four years sent to the 10,000,000 people in the occupied area over 600 caravans of food, comprising 120,000,000 bushels of breadstuffs, and over 3,000,000,000 pounds of other

foodstuffs, besides 20,000,000 garments, the whole representing an expenditure of nearly \$600,000,000. The support of the commission has come from the Belgian, British, French and American governments, together with public charity. In addition to this, \$35,000,000 worth of native produce has been financed internally in Belgium by the relief organization.

"That the maintenance of this relief commission has been necessary is evidenced by the fact that in the same time and under the same conditions the population of Serbia is estimated to have diminished fifty per cent in number, and that of Poland 25 per cent; whereas the population of Belgium, although suffering great privations, is still intact.

Departments Co-Operating.

"All the departments of the government are co-operating to support the enlarged program of the relief commission. The war industries board, the shipping board, the treasury, the war trade board, and food administration are putting their backs to the prompt advancement of the necessary measures, for the immediate care of the population in every direction.

"The second portion of Mr. Hoover's mission is to organize and determine the needs of foodstuffs to the liberated populations in southern Europe—the Czech-Slovaks, the Jugos, the Serbians, Rumanians and others. An adequate food supply will assist the governments set up to maintain order and cohesion in government and to prevent the complete debacle such as has taken place in Russia. Arrangements are being made by the food administration, the shipping board and the war department for the earliest possible dispatch of foodstuffs to these liberated people and Mr. Hoover will make the necessary arrangements abroad for distribution."

### CHIHUAHUA REVOLTS AT MILITARY GOVERNMENT

PASO, Nov. 9.—A movement has been started throughout Chihuahua to organize the civilian and home guard elements against the military, according to information received at the border tonight. The civilian and home guard leaders are aligning themselves with General Ignacio Enriquez, against General Francisco Murguía, military governor. American consular officials stated the people are becoming weary of military rule and were threatening to arm and take control of the local district affairs through out the state. A telegram from Chihuahua City today stated General Enriquez had been ordered to Mexico City to accept another appointment as civil governor, and General Murguía has been given complete control of the state.

### ARE TO IMPROVE 861 GOVERNMENT PLANTS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—As the result of an investigation showing danger from fire in privately owned buildings where war munitions are manufactured, handled or stored, the war industries board has ordered improvements in 861 plants.

### FRANKIE BRNS WINS OVER JOHNNY ERTLE

WEEHAWKEN, N. J., Nov. 9.—Frankie Burns of Jersey City knocked out Johnny Ertle, of St. Paul, in the seventh round of an eight-round match here tonight.

The boys weighed in at 121 pounds. The contest was a lively one but Burns, who had the advantage of both reach and reach, wore down his man steadily.

### FOR CHRONIC RHEUMATISM

Many people who have considered themselves incurable after spending hundreds of dollars on specialists' baths, baking processes, etc., and who have experimented with other remedies, have at length found relief from the tortures of rheumatism by taking Prescription A-2851—a time tested remedy free from opiates or narcotic drugs. In use for 54 years. Prescription A-2851 is for sale at all druggists.

EIMER & AMEND  
Third Avenue, 18th to 19th Streets, New York.

# REVOLUTION IN BULGARIA LEAD BY CURT EISNER

By Associated Press.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Curt Eisner, a Munich newspaper man and prominent in socialist circles is the leader of the revolution which has broken out in the Bavarian capital. It appears from information received here. Some reports designate him as president of the Bavarian republic which has been proclaimed.

Eisner, the advices add, has organized a committee consisting of workmen, soldiers and peasants in many respects similar to a Russian soviet. Eisner is a newspaper man on the Munich Post. He first came to public attention in 1905 as a gifted speaker at socialist meetings. He is about 45 years old. He has not held public office.

Eisner was arrested some time ago for having published the news that Germany on July 28, 1914, was mobilizing her army. He was released after serving sentence lasting until 15 days ago.

Only scant messages are arriving from Germany with regard to the Bavarian revolutionary movement.

### DALLAS JAIL EMPTY FIRST TIME IN 30 YEARS

DALLAS, TEX., Nov. 9.—For the first time in thirty years the Dallas city jail contained no prisoners today. For more than three hours there was not a single prisoner in the cells.

If you want your banking business attended to in the best possible way, the National Bank of Commerce invites your patronage. Small and large accounts are welcomed.

Knights and Ladies of Security. Will give a big dance Friday night Nov. 14th, in Odd Fellows hall. Rights reserved to reject any one for cause. Dancing begins at 8:30 p. m. Stanley Sec.

### MEMPHIS GAS AND LIGHT PLANT AGAIN DAMAGED

MEMPHIS, TENN., Nov. 9.—The bursting of a steam pipe at the plant of the Memphis Gas and Electric Company early today, the second accident of its kind within two weeks, put the plant virtually out of commission for a few hours here today and led to the report that a serious explosion had occurred. It was stated later, however, that aside from wrecking some machinery essential to the running of the plant the damage was small.

A checking account with the National Bank of Commerce enables you to handle your every day business with system and accuracy. Small accounts are welcomed.

### Sen. McCollum Of Waco Dies At Austin Saturday

AUSTIN, TEX., Nov. 9.—The Texas flag over the capitol is at half mast today, honoring the memory of Senator A. R. McCollum of Waco, who died today. Senator McCollum died in a sanitarium here, following an operation on his eyes.

He was elected state senator in 1915 to fill H. B. Terrell's unexpired term and was re-elected in 1916.

The body will be sent to Waco this afternoon.

Burial at Waco.

WACO, TEX., Nov. 9.—News of the death of Senator A. R. McCollum in Austin this morning spread a pall over the city. The announcement was a surprise to everyone. Mr. McCollum went to Austin last week to have an operation performed on his eyes. He travelled after the operation and was thought to be doing well until the announcement of his death.

Senator McCollum was born in Camden, Arkansas, 69 years ago. He came to Waco in 1875 and has since resided here, having been connected in an editorial capacity with a number of newspapers. The body will arrive here this evening.

# PROTEST AGAINST GERMAN TROOPS CROSSING BORDER

By Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 9.—German troops have crossed the Austrian frontier into Tyrol and Salzburg. The Vienna Neue Freie Presse, reporting the presence of the Germans in Tyrol, says that the Austro-Hungarian supreme command has protested to Berlin against the passage of Germans through Austrian territory and that the Austro-Hungarian government will also protest on the ground that the armistice concluded with the entente powers and the United States might be endangered thereby.

Under existing circumstances, it is added, Austria-Hungary is powerless to hinder the movement by which

# Mrs. Robertson to Open Studio Monday

By Associated Press.

Mrs. Harry Robertson will open studio, 1310 13th street, to her pupils in china painting, water colors, pastel, oil and tapestry painting, Monday, November 11, 2 p. m.

China fired for public also. Orders for customers must be in by December 1. Phone 309. 155-ltc

See Art's Dollar Window Monday.

Card of Thanks.

To all of our friends who, with their kind words of sympathy and beautiful floral offerings made our burden lighter in the loss of our darling baby. That God may bless each of you is our prayer.

MR. AND MRS. J. C. WINFREY.

See Art's Dollar Window Monday.

There is no reason why you should take risks of any kind in investing money when you can get complete safety and 4 per cent compound interest at the National Bank of Commerce.

See Art's Dollar Window Monday.

# CONCERT

By Associated Press.

At Academy of Mary Immaculate, Holiday street, at Ninth, benefit of United War Work Fund, Friday, Nov. 15th, 8:30 p. m. admission 25c. Tickets on sale at following drug stores: Richardson & Taylor, Morris, Rexall and Shaw-Chambers.

See Art's Dollar Window Monday.

OFFICERS	
R. E. Huff, President	W. M. McGregor, Active Vice Pres.
F. M. Gates, Vice President	C. E. McCutchen, Active Vice Pres.
L. R. Buchanan, Cashier	J. R. Hyatt, Asst. Cashier
Wm. E. Huff, Asst. Cashier	Carter McGregor, Asst. Cashier

THE OFFICIAL CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF	
First National Bank	
WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS	
As made to the Comptroller of Currency at Washington, D. C., at the close of business November 1, 1918.	
<b>RESOURCES</b>	
Loans and Discounts	\$3,185,885.87
U. S. Bonds and Premiums	313,666.25
U. S. Liberty Bonds, War Savings Stamps, and Certificates	209,829.58
Other Stocks and Bonds	62,186.83
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	18,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	19,613.00
Cash in Bank	\$155,153.28
Cash with U. S. Treasurer	15,000.00
Cash with other Banks	1,462,171.78
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$5,551,526.29</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>	
Capital Stock	\$200,000.00
Surplus and Profits	325,889.50
Currency in Circulation	257,108.00
Bonds Borrowed	19,000.00
Notes with Federal Reserve Bank	\$7,797.34
Bills Payable	295,000.00
Deposits	4,065,959.55
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$5,551,526.39</b>

P. P. LANGFORD, Vice-Pres. J. A. KEMP, President W. L. ROBERTSON, Asst. Cashier  
 R. O. HARVEY, Vice-Pres. C. W. SNIDER, Cashier R. E. SHEPHERD, Asst. Cashier  
 C. H. CLARK, Vice-Pres. O. A. JONES, Asst. Cashier N. M. CLIFFORD, Asst. Cashier

Official Statement as made to the Comptroller of Currency at the close of business Nov. 1, 1918.

## City National Bank

Wichita Falls, Texas

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	\$4,037,473.55	Capital Stock	\$250,000.00
Bills of Exchange	11,919.53	Surplus and Profits	\$277,292.69
Certificate of Indebtedness	587,308.00	Taxes for Taxes	22,000.00
Liberty Loan and other Bonds	12,000.00	Res. for Interest	35,000.00
Federal Reserve Bank Stock	20,785.00	Circulation	334,292.69
Furniture and Fixtures	7,325.00	Individual Deposits	\$3,504,536.88
Real Estate	6,000.00	Bank Deposits	250,000.00
Interest earned but not collected	134,612.04	Bank Deposits	623,119.75
Cash in Bank	12,500.00	Dividends unpaid	125.00
Cash with U. S. Treas.	754,925.51	<b>Total</b>	<b>4,127,781.63</b>
Sight Exchange	902,037.55	Notes with Federal Reserve Bank	535,974.34
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$5,584,848.66</b>	Bonds Borrowed	86,900.00
		<b>Total</b>	<b>\$5,584,848.66</b>

# NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS

Statement of Condition of the NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE of Wichita Falls, Texas, at the close of business November 1, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$911,241.46
Bills of Exchange (Cotton)	69,091.65
U. S. Bonds	200,000.00
Bonds bought for Investment	20,000.00
City Warrants	2,162.45
Furniture and Fixtures	5,000.00
U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness	40,000.00
Liberty Bonds	112,900.00
War Savings and Revenue Stamps	706.50
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	3,000.00
Real Estate	16,248.55
<b>CASH AND EXCHANGE</b>	<b>326,116.35</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,706,467.16</b>

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock	\$200,000.00
Surplus	40,000.00
Undivided Profits	15,034.18
Circulation	200,000.00
<b>DEPOSITS</b>	<b>1,251,432.98</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,706,467.16</b>

The above Statement is Correct.

C. W. REID, Pres. FRED C. BARRON, V. Pres.  
 W. M. FRANK, Cashier.

Capital and Surplus \$240,000.00

I have moved on my own property corner of Ohio Avenue and 3rd street with the greatest stock of memorials that has ever been assembled in this section. My work is unexcelled, this implies service as well as perfect construction. It is unsatisfactory to buy from pictures through imagination. Come and see the real art.

**M. G. Catter Marble and Granite Works**  
 Corner Ohio Avenue and 3rd Street Phone 2200

Cotton Checks For Quilt Lining

# 19c

Men's and Boys' Suits Dirt Cheap

See them—compare them then buy where you please

Buy Bonds

**Saul's**

Buy W. S. S.

Your credit is good for an Edison or Victrola—Seven Thousand Records to Select from.

It will be a pleasure to play any Victor or Edison record you may wish to hear.

**Mack Taylor Drug Co.**

THE GIFT YOUR SOLDIER OVER THERE WILL APPRECIATE MOST.

Our fighters in France carry the photographs of their wives, sweethearts and other loved ones. They have written home that they can buy almost everything which is being sent over there except your photograph. They can't buy it, therefore it is the gift which will please them, as nothing else can do.

CHRISTMAS "OVER THERE" means November 20th "OVER HERE", for that is the last day on which soldiers' Christmas packages can be received.

"You can almost talk to a Wichita Studio Picture." Make your appointment today.

**THE WICHITA STUDIO**  
 802 1/2 Indiana Avenue—(over Morris Drug Store.)  
 Phone 2044

### PLANS COMPLETE TO CAMPAIGN FOR WAR WORK FUND

DRIVE WILL BEGIN MONDAY MORNING THROUGHOUT COUNTY.

QUOTA HERE IS \$45,000

There Will Be No Special Meetings Chair Martin Announced Last Evening.

Wichita Falls is asked for \$45,000 for the United War Work Campaign contribution, and it should be an easy matter to raise this money in two or three days if the people at home will think of what they owe the soldiers, and will pay their debt of gratitude by a generous offering to the fund that will help keep up the morale of the soldier when he is thousands of miles away from home and all that it means," said N. H. Martin, chairman of the Wichita county United War Work Campaign, Saturday, in announcing the opening of the campaign in Wichita Falls on next Monday, when the canvass of the downtown section begins. Forty-five thousand dollars is the minimum expected of Wichita Falls, he added, and the city should go far over this amount as a thank offering that the war will soon be over, as now seems probable, or to prepare for any emergency if peace should not come immediately. Mr. Martin stressed the fact that the duty of the people at home to the soldier was not ended when the war was ended, for the men abroad, many of them, will have to remain there for some time, and with the object attained, and no fighting to be done, the absence from home will grow more irksome, and the ministrations of the Y. M. C. A., Salvation Army, Knights of Columbus and the allied work organizations will be needed quite as much as at present, to keep up the morale of the troops.

No Speakers Required. There will be no special meetings held in Wichita Falls this coming week to assist in raising the fund, it being the belief of the committee that the city will raise the allotted amount easily, and that no speaker would be needed, so the Dallas bureau will be spared the expense of sending a speaker. A meeting of the general city committee has been called by Mr. Martin for Monday night in the directors room at the City National Bank and at this time the solicitors for the canvass of the business district will be appointed. The canvass will begin on Tuesday, for the business men, but on Monday the girls and women employed in downtown offices and stores will be called on by members of a special committee from the women's committee to call for the contributions. The business men's canvass will be taken on Tuesday and Wednesday and on Thursday and Friday the house to house canvass which the women's committee has undertaken as their part of the drive will be held. The school children have their part in the campaign, being organized into Boys and Girls Victory Clubs, and Monday the collection of subscriptions among the children will start in the schools. In this way every part of the city will be covered and every individual, regardless of age or condition, will be given an opportunity to contribute to the seven great causes which the United War Work Campaign represents, the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the Salvation Army, the Jewish Welfare Board, the National Catholic War Council, the War Camp Community Service and the American Library Association. Small Subscriptions Encouraged. The general committee wishes to stress the fact that any contribution, regardless of size, is desired, and that man, woman or child who can give only \$1.00 should do this and feel that they have a part in the great work for the soldiers, as well as the man who can write his check for \$10,000 and never miss it. This war is a war of the people, every class is in it, and every few homes in the entire United States but have their representative, and similarly, every home should be represented in this fund. To take home to the men in the trenches. The committee has made some appointments, among those whom it feels should be the larger contributors, and the apportionment lists are at the four banks, where contributions can be accepted. Already a number of voluntary subscriptions have been made and the committee hopes that a number of other similar subscriptions will be made on Monday and Tuesday, lessening the work of the canvassers and enabling Wichita Falls to report its work finished, and its quota over-subscribed quickly. Arrangements have been made for the subscriptions to be paid in three payments. Fifty per cent payments of the subscription may be paid on December 2, twenty-five per cent on January 15, 1919, and twenty-five per cent on March 1, 1919. Wherever possible the committee urges that the subscription be paid in cash, as the money is badly needed by the war work associations represented in the drive, expense being always on the increase.

Popular Ministers Returned To City For Another Year Rev. J. Sam Barcus, presiding elder, and Rev. E. A. Barnes, pastor of the First Methodist church, have been re-assigned to Wichita Falls for the coming year at the annual West Texas conference held in Dallas during the past week. Members and friends of the local church are much pleased to learn that they will retain the services of the two men who have proved such successful leaders. Appointments throughout the Wichita Falls district have been announced as follows: J. Sam Barcus, presiding elder; An-lope mission, Hargrove Grounds; Archer City, W. R. McCarter; Bellevue, I. R. Ashburn; Blue Grove, to be supplied by P. S. Warner; Ebers, E. L. Wright; Burk Burnett, E. V. Cole; Dundee and Wichita mission, to be supplied by Clarence Grimes; Nocona, minor bounds; Petrolia, E. C. Carter; Ingold, A. F. Watkins; Yashil mission, B. S. Aynes; A. Wall Junior teacher; Wichita Falls, S. A. Barnes; conference evangelist, W. H. Brown; student in S. M. U. J. B. Ibbell; chaplain in U. S. A., T. L. Huffstutler; captain in U. S. A., R. N. Huckabee; and Y. M. C. A., E. C. Huckabee.

Notice to Stockholders Minchew Oil Company. Stock certificates are now being issued in lieu of the receipts you hold. Please call at office at once, 817 Old Ave. or mail receipt for exchange.—W. H. Street, secretary. 155-31p

Card of Thanks. We wish to thank our many friends and neighbors for their kindness shown us during the illness and death of our husband and father, G. S. Swearingen. — V. Swearingen and Children.

ODD FELLOWS TO CONFER DEGREE MONDAY NIGHT The following announcement is requested: "The Odd Fellows will confer the first degree upon two candidates at their hall, and members and visitors are all urged to be in attendance. "This lodge is still growing, and has gained in membership for the past several years each year, and the attendance has been fairly good considering conditions, and the absence of many of the members who are now in the service, men who seldom missed a meeting. "Many members have transferred their membership to this lodge since coming here, and many more are here that have not as yet seen the wisdom of such a move."

Notice: I have left all outstanding accounts due me with J. A. Hood at 316 First National Bank. Those owing unsettled accounts will call and settle same. Dr. A. L. Lane. 155-11c

Every person will readily appreciate the unexcelled facilities and equipment provided by the National Bank of Commerce for the prompt and accurate transaction of all banking business. 155-11c

### Popular Ministers Returned To City For Another Year

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### Do You Like Ham?

Not ordinary boiled ham, but fresh roast ham, tender, succulent, delicious. "Take home or let us send you one of our hams for roasting and you will say it is the best you ever tasted. We also have young pork in other cuts, all choice, and moderately priced. We have on hand good cuts of young lamb, veal, etc.

Palao Meat Market 719 Seventh Phone 25

# Featuring Tomorrow Women's Coats and Suits



## Coats

\$29.75

—and—

\$39.75

Splendid belted models in Velour, Cheviot and Kersey in a good selection of colors. Plain or fur trimmed collars.

## Silk Plush Coats

\$32.50

Full belted coats of silk seal plush with large convertible collars. Sul Satin and lined throughout.

## Women's and Misses' Suits

\$29.75

—and—

\$39.75

A splendid selection of suits will be found at these prices which, for suits of this quality, are very moderate. They are fashioned of serge, gaberdine and poplin in black, navy and practically all of the new shades. These are plain and belted effects, silk lined, button trimmed. Most of them youthful models that will appeal to the discriminating buyer.



In Our Millinery Salon Special Sale On Trimmed Patterns

## Fascinating in Their Simplicity and Elegance Are the New Garments



The New Coats Featuring Simple Lines Smartness of design and superior quality materials insure a very cordial reception for these coats. Many of which are lavishly embellished with fur. The favored materials are velours, bolivia, plush, silk velours, etc. priced from \$25 to \$100

New Dresses Artistically Simple and Practical The slender silhouette is the predominant feature. Trimmings such as fringed panels, quaint sashes, many kinds of beads and button trimmings, navy blue, blacks, grays, toupes, coppers, priced \$16.50, \$18.50, \$25.00 to \$100.00

Furs Have Taken New Grace They are no longer a luxury but a necessary part of the well dressed woman's costume, only the most authoritative styles are shown. The wonderful assortment of these furs include Hudson Seal, Beaver, Red Fox, Silver Fox, Black Fox, O'Possum, Mink, Kolinsky and others, priced \$15.00 to \$100.00

The New Suits Are Very Fascinating Velours, duvetyns, bolivias, broadcloths, duve delaines, poplins and serges, are the favored materials, medium length coats, semi-fitting, also the flare fitted coats. Various rich and pleasing shades of grey, brown, fawn, Pekin, navy, taupe and others, \$25.00 to \$150.00

Beautiful New Blouses Never were the possibilities for individuality in blouses more pronounced than in the blouse shop. And never was that so important an achievement as this season, when the blouse is accepted even for the more formal wear, priced \$5.95 to \$15.00

Wonderful Distinguished Models in Trimmed Hats Many new styles in millinery are making their appearance, the pretty white Beavers are very new and exceptionally beautiful, all new trimmings and sold at 20% off.



## Blouses!

A most extraordinary and remarkable purchase of new fall Blouses

In two groups \$3.95—\$4.95

100 new fall blouses in the latest styles in flesh, white, pink, navy and all the new suit shades. Wonderful values which are developed in Georgette and Crepe de Chine in embroidered, braided and beaded effects. Many tailored models in square and round neck. They are especially attractive blouses, suitable for suit wear and all occasions.

## Attractive Draperies

36 in. Cretonnes, good line of patterns suitable for covers 35c-4c  
36 Silkoline, solid colors, light and dark patterns suitable for comfort coverings 25c  
36 in. Cretonnes, in all colors, bedroom draperies, priced at 50c  
36c in. Cretonnes, in a good line of patterns, suitable for living room and bedroom 75c  
36 in. Cretonnes, a good line of patterns at \$1.00  
50 in. Cretonnes, plain and fancy patterns \$1.25  
Lace curtain net, 36 to 44 in. wide, a good line of patterns to select from, priced at yard, 35c, 50c, 65c, \$1.00, \$1.50  
Scrim and Marquisettes in white and ecru, 36 to 48 in. wide at yard 25c, 35c, 50c and 65c

Smart Turbans, Irregular brimmed hats, jaunty small hats, pokes, sailors and other charming styles are included in the assortment. Call and investigate our prices. Clearing of Tam O'Shanter's and Canadian Caps, for school and practical wear at Cost.

## The Home Furnishings

- 18x36 Huck Towels, each 25c
- 22x44 Huck Towels, each 35c
- 17x35 Bath Towels, each 25c
- 17x39 Bath Towels, each 35c
- 21x42 Bath Towels, each 50c
- 22x36 Bath Mats 1.00
- 22x42 Bath Mats 1.50
- 22x42 Bath Mats 2.00
- 42x36 Pillow Cases, each 35c
- 42x36 Pillow Cases, each 50c
- 42x36 Hemstitched Pillow Cases, each 40c
- 81x90 Sheets 1.95
- 8-x99 Sheets 2.25
- 81x99 Hemstitched Sheets 2.25
- 76x84 white plain bed spreads 2.50
- 76x90 white plain bed spreads 3.25
- 84x90 white plain bed spreads 3.50
- 84x90 white plain bed spreads 7.00
- 84x90 white plain bed spreads, satin finish 8.00
- 86x90 white scalloped edge bed spread 9.00
- 84x90 white scalloped edge bed spread 6.50
- 84x90 white scalloped edge cut corners bed spread 7.00
- 84x90 white scalloped edge cut corners bed spread 8.50
- 84x90 white scalloped edge cut corners bed spread 9.50
- 90 in. Linen Welt Sheetting 2.50
- 68 in. Heavy Mercerized Damask, yard 85c
- 70 in. Mercerized Damask, yard 1.00
- 72 in. Mercerized Damask, yard 1.50
- 70 in. Linen Welt Damask, yard \$2.50 and 3.00
- 72 in. all Linen Damask in plain and fancy patterns, 3.25, 3.50 and 4.00 yd.
- Mercerized Napkins \$2.00 to 5.00 Doz.



THE WICHITA DAILY TIMES

THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY (Printers and Publishers)

Published every week-day afternoon (except Saturday) and on Sunday mornings

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Entered at the Postoffice at Wichita Falls as second-class mail matter

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Carrier boys are not allowed to collect for subscription to The Times, except in the factory district and on north side of river

U. S. No two letters carry more meaning to the eye of man than U. S. Certainly the war has brought out the hidden meaning as well as added meaning to these letters

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THE UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN

Beginning Monday the 11th and continuing to the following Monday, the 18th, the greatest moral campaign in the history of civilization raising the largest sum of money ever raised for such a purpose will be carried out by the people of this United States

A few sharp facts are to be noted. Seven societies have united upon an agreed basis for this campaign, to wit: The Young Men's Christian Association, Young Women's Christian Association, National Catholic War Council (Knights of Columbus), Jewish Welfare Board, War Camp Community Service, American Library Association, and the Salvation Army

Authorities are on record affirming that with peace signed it will take fifteen months for Canada to return her men home. We can well imagine how long it will take our army of several times the size of the Canadian to "get back at home"

American Vessel With Depth Bombs Dangerous Craft

ON BOARD AN AMERICAN DESTROYER in French waters, Oct. 2, an American destroyer with her depth bombs ready to be discharged is indeed a dangerous craft to monkey with

With all these depth bomb charges ready to be let loose forward, aft and amidships a complete enveloping barrage can be put in operation at any time

OUR TABLOID SERMON

REV. P. G. CROSS

"WHY WAS I BORN?"

Text: "So teach us to number our days that we may get us a heart of wisdom." Ps. 90:12

Values concern all of us mightily. Man is too prone to value "the passing show"—the things that are of today. The value that you put on life is the sure sign of your wisdom in life

The cry of man when pain, sorrow and defeat come upon him is often, "O, why was I born?" Youth at times asks this query in a bitter, rebellious spirit

One working theory of life says I was born to get all the pleasure out of life possible. I was born to have a good time, to enjoy myself at any cost

Another philosophy of life is the antithesis of this for it views this world as an evil world, and argues that man is born into this vale of tears to make ready for life in another world

Finland Became a Monarchy Through Fear of Germany

Associated Press Mail Correspondent. COPENHAGEN, Oct. 5.—Finland became a monarchy instead of a republic solely because the Finns yielded to German domination according to a communication from Finnish sources published in the Berlin Vorwaerts

The Vorwaerts asserts that although the German government pretended to be neutral on this question, the official section of the German general staff supported a monarchy in Finland

THE GOVERNMENT ALLOWS US NO OPTION Notice To All Subscribers. We must stop your paper if you are not paid in advance, or run the risk of having the Industries Board cut off our paper supply

this man's world. This working theory produces your hermit and your monk, your recluse and your peasant. A fair sample of its products is Simon Stylites, Simon of the Tower, who lived his life high up on a narrow platform aloft and above the ways and walks of all mankind

Another philosophy of life declares that man was born to work for others and not for himself; that his days are to be consumed in a round of eat, drink, go to work, eat again, go to bed, get up and eat and go to work, and so on in rat-in-a-cage like manner until death comes to his relief

The opposite theory is that man was born to live off the toil of others; to enjoy himself at the expense of others. This is the silk-stocking, the spoon-in-the-mouth theory that has floated upon the masses the divine right of kings, and the blight of special privilege

Why was I born can be answered but one way for the welfare of all men. The key to this answer is Jesus Christ and the working theory is His gospel. Thus we can answer this time long query in this manner: I was born to serve society by the development of the best that is within me

Oysters!

Fresh oysters at Sanitary Meat Market, 40c a pint, 80c a quart. Those 35c hams are skinned hams with no rind and fat off; also picnic with no wrapping. 616 7th street. Phone 2537. 153-37p

BERLIN SAYS AMERICANS ARE BROUGHT TO STANDSTILL

BERLIN, No. 9. (Via London).—The Americans continued their violent attacks east of the Meuse and extended their bridgehead east of Dun, according to the official statement from general headquarters today

DON'T LET THAT COUGH RUN RIOT

Stop it With Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. The tens of thousands who use this medicine regularly to relieve colds, coughs, grippe and bronchitis, testify to its prompt and effective action

Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey for Coughs & Colds. 30c, 50c and \$1.20

OH MY, HOW GOOD! Kelly-Springfield Tin. 906 SCOTT AVENUE. FOR SALE. Frust Boiler 54x12, new stack and all fittings, gain, \$600.00 cash. Phone 386 or 2147

WAR DEVELOPMENTS

Germany has not yet made reply concerning the armistice terms presented by Marshal Poch. It is reported the German courier bound to German headquarters had difficulties in crossing the battle zone and probably was not able to reach Spa until Saturday afternoon

The first 24 of the 72 hours given Germany have expired and the second 24-hour period is passing rapidly. The red flag of revolution is waving over a continually increasing area of Germany

Liberating French Territory. Field Marshal Haig, General Petain and General Pershing continue the liberation of French territory and further advances have been made all along the line from Mons to east of the Meuse

On the north the British are pressing on Mons and are advancing east from Maubeuge, the great French fortress. South of Maubeuge, they are within a few miles of the Belgian frontier on a line east of Avesnes

Along the Meuse the Americans are pressing forward from Sedan to the region south of Damvillers. They made progress Saturday at nearly all points on the front of forty miles, driving the Germans rearward toward Montmedy, Longueval and the Friedberg of Luxembourg and Lorraine

See Art's Dollar Window Today.

GRAVENS WALKER & CO. GENERAL INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE. KEMP AND KELL BLDG. PHONE 694. FIRE IS YOUR PROPERTY'S GREATEST FOE

Professional Cards

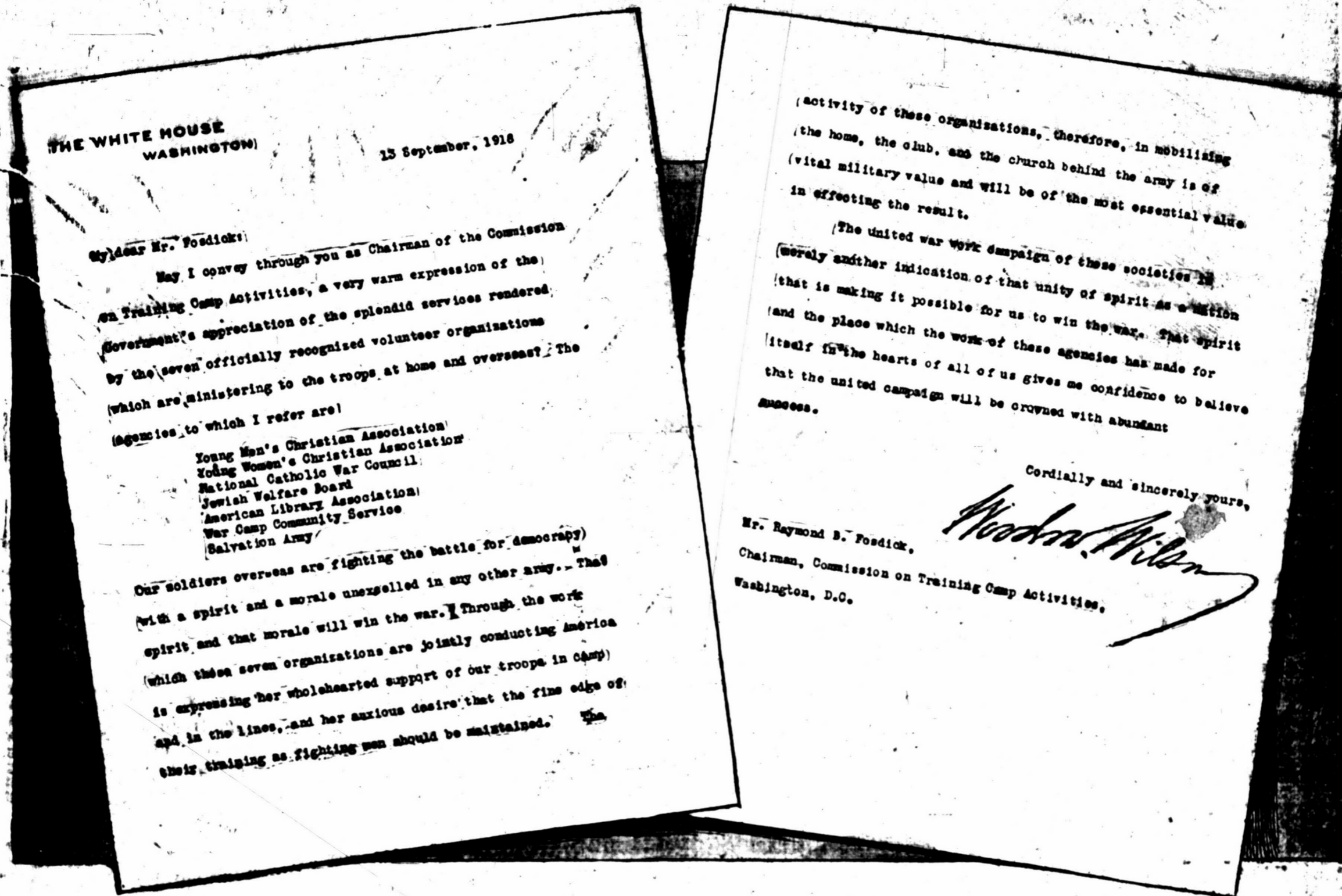
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Oil Refinery Equipment. Sted Plate Construction. All Kinds. Steel storage tanks dismantled and re-erected; any size; any where. Mail or wire your inquiries today. PEEPLESS STEEL COMPANY. Works and General Offices, ARDMORE, OKLAHOMA. 203 Simpn Building. Telephone 1501

A genuine Victrola very home an afford. Why not a Victrola today! Nothing will give you so much pleasure for so long a time at so little outlay. It brings you the music you like the best, whether it be songs by the world's greatest artists, selections by the most noted bands and orchestras, or popular music by leaders on the concert or vaudeville stage. This portable Victrola is convenient to use at home, take to the mountains or seashore, have with you in camp or canoe—a genial companion whether you go or stay. Come in and let us demonstrate it for you and explain how you can have a Victrola in your home immediately by our method of deferred payments. NUNN ELECTRIC CO. 816 Indiana Ave. Phone 837



# "Of Vital Military Value" Says the Commander-in-Chief



**T**HE President has expressed what is in every American heart. As a nation we are united in the winning of this war. As a nation we stand behind our fighters eager and prepared to do for them whatever will hasten victory and make the fighter's task a little lighter.

As individuals there is little we can do. As a nation we can work wonders through the seven organizations authorized and recognized by the Government.

They come to you not as Catholics, nor as Jews nor as Protestants, not as the representatives of any creed or enterprise, but as Americans to ask that you join in this great united undertaking for God, and country and our fighters.

The President has voiced his belief that this spirit of unity will be "crowned with abundant success."

He believes it because he knows this campaign is "of vital military value" and he knows that you will leave nothing undone to win this war.

It rests with you. Think of this campaign as your sole responsibility. What you give will mean its success. You cannot leave this undertaking to others. It is YOUR campaign. In France, Americans are fighting this war as if the result depended on the way each individual fights. At home, this campaign rests with you. What will you give—decide to night—and make your share the biggest thing you ever did!

**Why you should give twice as much as you ever gave before!**

The need is for a sum 70% greater than any gift ever asked for since the world began. The Government has fixed this sum at \$170,500,000.

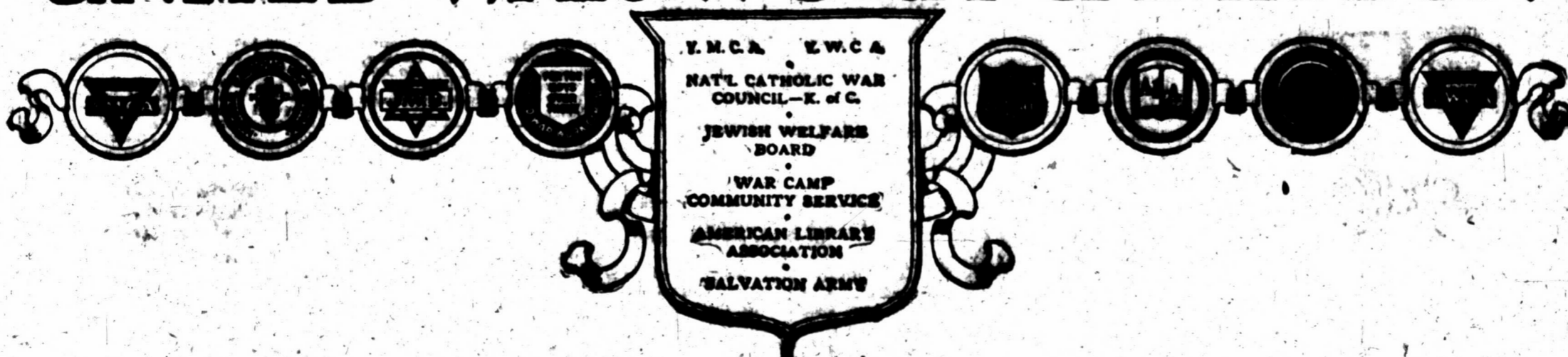
By giving to these seven organizations all at once, the cost and effort of six additional campaigns is saved. Unless Americans do give twice as much as ever before, our soldiers and sailors may not enjoy during 1919 their:

3600 Recreation Buildings	2500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books
1000 Miles of Movie Film	85 Hostess Houses
100 Landing Stage Stairs	15,000 Big-brother "secretaries"
2000 Athletic Directors	Millions of dollars of home comforts.

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way (from home to the front and back again). You provide him with a church, a theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club and an athletic field—and a knowledge that the folks back home are with him, heart and soul!

You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs. Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

## UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN





## Morale Is Winning the War!

**A**N American is capturing a Hun—not because he is any heavier or stronger or older or bigger, but just because he has the fighting spirit which his enemy is losing.

That's morale.

"Where are those Germans? Let's get at 'em!" yelled an American before Chateau-Thierry. He was going under fire for the first time. He was wild to get there!

"We are constantly on the alert and are afraid the Americans are going to attack," wrote a German to his wife. He was captured before he could mail the letter.

"The men are so embittered," wrote another Hun, "that they have no interest in anything, and they only want the war to end, no matter how. We are only slaves of the Government." Now he is a prisoner, too.

Every despatch from France brings new proof of American fighting spirit—stories of individual valor. Morale makes Americans glad to fight for freedom. The lack of it makes Germans hate to fight for Prussia.

Our soldier knows he is a free-born fighter. He is no slave of any Government. He is part of a nation waging war. He wants to fight. He needn't be driven into battle. He yells: "Let's go!"

That's morale! Let's let them keep it! Let's keep them keen and fit and confident!

General Pershing finds that 900 men who have a hut to spend their evenings in are more effective than 1000

men without it. Napoleon called morale three times as important as other factors in war.

The strain comes with the first swift change from civil to military life; when these organizations give your man a place to meet his family, books to read and study, the hospitality of American homes, when whole cities are readjusted to the new conditions created by having a cantonment nearby.

It comes later, too, when a man has been off in some lonely camp for weeks, when the war itself seems miles away, when letters are irregular and home seems somewhere in another world, when a man has lived out in a gun-pit or a dug-out, has slept in filthy straw, when the bodies of his friends lie just beyond him, out in No Man's Land.

That's when the men and women of your organiza-

tions overseas can show our fighters that they aren't forgotten, that home is following them up to the guns. Sports, entertainment, education, religion, warmth, and cheer and friendship—these are the forces that are working to keep morale up to a victory pitch.

On you, this week, depends this question of morale! These are the seven recognized activities through which the Government enables you to stand behind your fighters. Their value depends on just how much you, as an individual, will give to help them hasten victory. Give as you never gave before! Give for morale!

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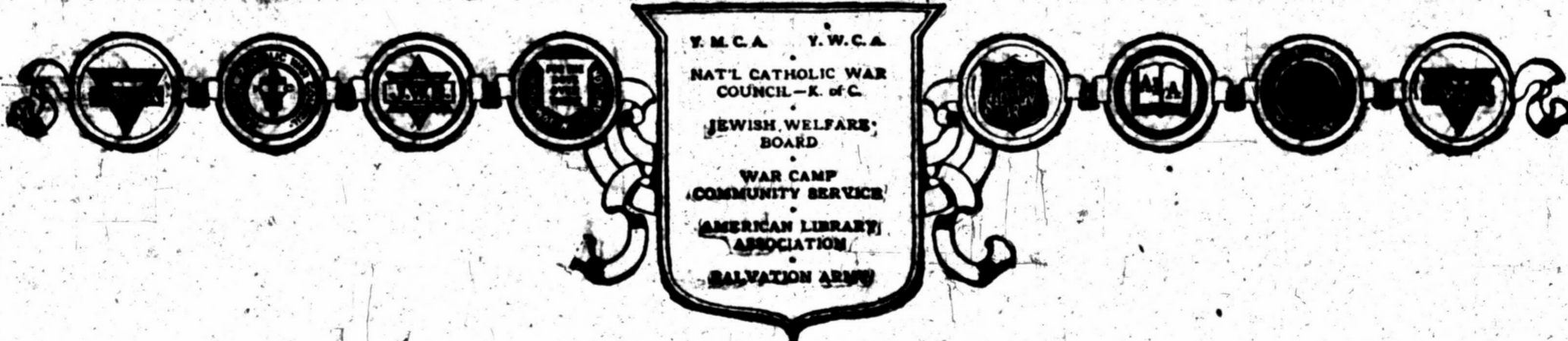
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3,600 Recreation Buildings	2,500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books
1,000 Miles of Movie Film	85 Hostess Houses
100 Leading Stage Stars	15,000 Big-brother "Secretaries"
2,000 Athletic Directors	Millions of dollars of home comforts

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way from home to the front and back again. You provide him with a church, a theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club and an athletic field—and a knowledge that the folks back home are with him, heart and soul!

You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs. Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

## UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN





# The Marines would die for Old Baptist "Doc"—He almost died for them

By Sergt. ALEXANDER WOOLLCOTT  
of "The Stars and Stripes," A. E. F.

**Y**OU would turn your pockets inside out for the United War Work Campaign if you knew dear old "Doc" of the Marines, a white-haired, slow-speaking padre, who is Y. secretary with the leathernecks and so beloved by them that it's past telling. He was a preacher in Arizona—had been, I think, a missionary with the lepers when the war came, and he went from his pulpit to the Y.

They have always loved him, the Marines. I think it was because he had the genius for meeting all mankind brother-to-brother. And because he would not spare himself any hardship that the boys had to undergo.

If they hiked, he would not ride. If they had to march half-way across France as fast as their legs would carry them, Doc marched, too, and what is more, carried the full pack, lest any boy should ever say old Doc did not know what a real hike meant.

Of course, their devotion became a cult on the Marne when it was he who took the hind end of a litter and went out through a very rain of shells to bring in and save the wounded colonel. And they did save him. Can't you picture it—the two of them creeping over the treacherous ground, with the private turning now and then and hissing back to poor old bulky Doc not to "stick up so far" in the air?

That little expedition dropped Doc unconscious with gas and shrapnel, and when he came to he found that quite mysteriously, all his Y insignia had been cut away and Marine emblems sewed on in their place.

Doc holds services now and then. I know of one a young Jew organized. It was held in a deserted church which a volunteer squad had spent three hours in cleaning for the occasion—three hours routing the dust and cobwebs and litter of fallen plaster and broken glass. Then the congregation trooped in and the service began with the distribution of rosaries fished from Doc's capacious pockets for the Catholic boys, some of whom had lost theirs in the fight.

They have a way of looping their rosary through their left shoulder strap and wearing it into battle as the knights of old wore their lady's colors into the jousts. It is an inspiring thing to see a whole company thus beautifully uniformed, but sometimes they come back with the beads torn away.

Well, Doc distributed his own supply and I doubt if a passerby at that moment would have suspected him of being a Baptist clergyman. Doc—and indeed most of the padres of the front—have to rake their memories to tell what denomination was theirs before they took this great communion.

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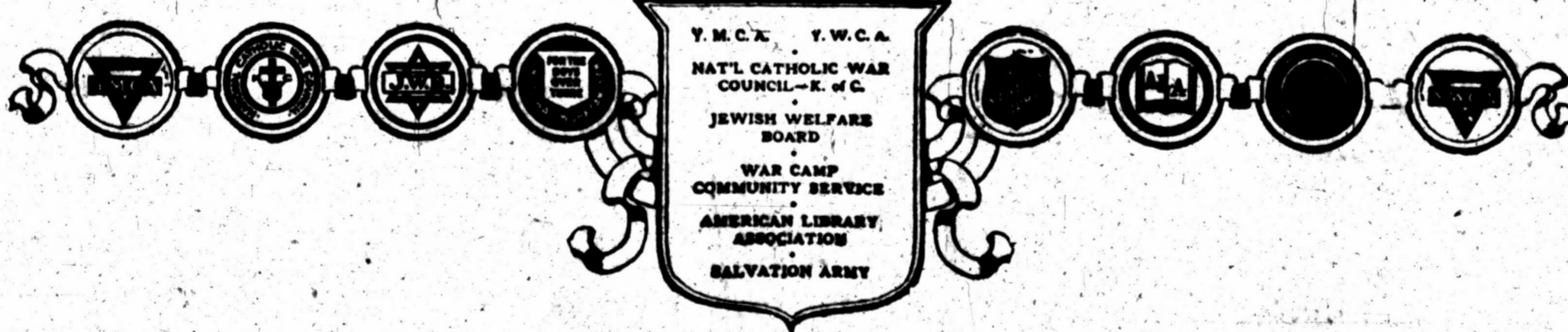
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You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs.

Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

*And Baptist Doc is only one of thousands who are serving your boys in the great religion of Fatherhood, whose creed and faith are Service. Keep them on the job next year! Pershing needs a thousand like them every month.*

## UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN





A NATION'S STRENGTH IS IN ITS FOOD SUPPLY  
See News - Where nothing Counts a Reserve  
AMERICA MUST FEED 750,000,000 ALLIES

# Wichita Daily Times

Weather Forecast  
West Texas - Tonight and Tuesday  
continued fair and warmer.

Volume XII.

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1918.

NUMBER 156

# ARMISTICE ENDS THE WAR HOSTILITIES CEASE AT 5:00 O'CLOCK A. M. DRAFT CALLS ARE CANCELLED

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—By order of President Wilson, Provost Marshal General Crowder today directed the cancellation of all outstanding draft calls, stopping the movement during the next five days of 252,000 men and setting aside all November calls for over 300,000 men.  
A small number of men in eastern states commenced entraining at six a. m. today for cantonments under the calls, and the cancellation comes too late to affect their status. They will be considered as in the army until demobilized. Men not yet entrained whether specially inducted or assembled by general calls, for whom the day and hour of service has been set by draft boards, will be considered as honorably discharged, and so paid.  
Calls for the navy and marine corps are not affected by the cancellation and entrainments of men for these service will continue as ordered. Draft boards will continue classification of registrants of September 12.

## KING AUGUST OF SAXONY DETHRONED

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 11.—King Friedrich August of Saxony has been dethroned, according to an official telegram from Berlin.  
The Hamburg Nachrichten, which reports the abdication of the grand duke says a government for Mecklenburg has been formed by a workers and soldiers council.

## DUKE OF OLDENBURG HAS BEEN DETHRONED

COPENHAGEN, November 11.—The Grand Duke of Oldenburg has been dethroned and the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin has abdicated, according to dispatches from Hamburg.  
The Hamburg Nachrichten, which reports the abdication of the grand duke says a government for Mecklenburg has been formed by a workers and soldiers council.

## VON HINDENBURG OFFERS SERVICE TO NEW REGIME

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, Nov. 11.—Field Marshal Von Hindenburg has placed himself at the disposal of the German army at the disposal of the new people's government at Berlin, says a dispatch from Berlin via Copenhagen.  
The field marshal asked the Cologne soldiers and workers council to send delegates to German main headquarters at once. A delegation left Cologne Monday morning. Field Marshal Hindenburg said he had taken this action "in order to avoid chaos."  
In Prussia the emperor is gone and a socialist government in an undeclared form is in power.  
In Bavaria and Wurtemberg republics have been proclaimed.  
"The royal family of Oldenburg has fled and a revolution is reported. A republic has been formed in Schleswig-Holstein."  
"Frankfurt, Hamburg, Cologne, Essen, Muelheim, Aix-La-Chapelle and Emmerich, as well as many other cities are in the hands of the revolutionaries."  
"Kiel, Wilhelmshaven, and other ports are in the power of revolution. Let naval units!"

## EXEMPTIONS ARE MADE IN GENERAL STRIKE ORDER

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, Nov. 11.—The soldiers and workmen's council, according to a German wireless message picked up here, has decreed that public utilities

## STOP ALL OVERTIME AND SUNDAY WORK

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Orders stopping all overtime and Sunday work on government work were authorized today after a conference of Secretaries Baker and Daniels and Chairman Hurley of the shipping board.

## BRITISH GOVERNMENT SUSPENDS RECRUITING

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, Nov. 11.—The British government has decided to suspend recruiting.

## NO SHIPMENT OF MEN TO ARMY CAMP TODAY

Though no official cancellation of the draft call for today had come to the local board, the railroad equipment had been cancelled and no shipment of men was made as had been expected. George Thorburn, the clerk of the board, stated that he was holding the men to check them out, when the official notification came. He had no information on the matter other than that carried in Associated Press dispatches this morning.

## AMERICANS FIRE A PARTING VOLLEY

(By Associated Press.)  
WITH AMERICAN ARMY ON THE Sedan Front, Nov. 11.—Thousands of American heavy guns fired the parting shot to the Germans at exactly 11 o'clock this morning.

## SOLDIERS AND WORKMEN IN AUTHORITY AT DANZIG

(By Associated Press.)  
AMSTERDAM, Nov. 11.—Public authority in the Prussian north sea port of Danzig is in the hands of a soldiers and workmen's council formed by both socialist parties.  
There were no disturbances Sunday, but a general strike has been declared for today.

## HESSE-DARMSTADT HAS ISSUED DECLARATION

(By Associated Press.)  
COPENHAGEN, Nov. 11.—Hesse-Darmstadt has declared itself a free socialist republic until a German republic is established, according to a Wolff Bureau dispatch from Berlin.  
It is reported that the garrison at Dresden is in the hands of a provisional soldiers' and workmen's council.

## GERMAN GARRISONS ON DUTCH FRONTIER REVOLT

(By Associated Press.)  
AMSTERDAM, Nov. 11.—German garrisons along the Dutch frontier are revolting. Officers are being disarmed and being treated roughly in some instances.

## GREAT ENTHUSIASM MARKS CELEBRATION IN WICHITA FALLS

CITY PRESENTS A GALA SCENE AS WELCOME TO PEACE NEWS.

## BUSINESS IS SUSPENDED

Demonstrations Start Long Before Dawn and Continue a Larger Part of Day.

## MAJAS MEETING OF JUBILEE FOR TONIGHT

As a fitting climax to the day of celebration a number of leading business men have arranged for a mass meeting of jubilee and thanksgiving to be held in the city at 8 o'clock this evening. The program which will have "Victory" for its theme, will be given by speakers and musicians from all parts of the city. All citizens of Wichita Falls and Wichita county are urged to be present. If the theater is filled there will be overflow meetings on the outside.

## With a herald of whistles, punctuated by a fusillade of shots in true western style, Wichita Falls began a celebration of the return of peace this morning long before dawn.

The city went mad, wildly gloriously and enthusiastically mad, and the patriotic fervor which brought people from their beds long before the customary rising time, kept them on the streets, regardless of business, meals or any other consideration, the only thought being victory and the end of the war. No attempt was made to hold the regular session of either the public schools or the convent, the banks and practically every business house were closed, while all over the city, business and residence districts alike, American flags, and flags of the allies burst forth and hastened to tag the city, riot of color and proving a fit setting for the riotous demonstrations which were staged throughout the day. A holiday was declared at Call Field by Major Alford and the soldiers added their wild enthusiasm to the general celebration in the city. Housewives left their dishes and beds unattended to and hastened to tag business districts, in many homes neither breakfast nor luncheon was thought of, practically every individual in the city, in the halls of the city, the like of which has never before been seen on the streets of Wichita Falls.

## Impromptu Parade Forms.

When the first Times extras appeared on the streets men and women jumped into their automobiles, seized what flags they could find and dashed wildly about the town blowing horns and cheering. Later cars appeared decorated in a more orderly manner, and it was not long until an impromptu parade was formed, the band being hastily gotten together, an eagle borrowed from the relics of a defunct saloon, and some enormous flags completed the necessary parade accessories. As the line of march continued the parade grew, men from all walks in life and of all ages joined in, abandoning for the time all thought of work to join in the rejoicing that the long awaited day had come. Then Uncle Sam and Miss Columbia appeared and took a place at the head of the line and so the parade was added to from time to time.

## Soldiers Join in Celebration.

Soldiers from the aviation camp came in trucks, automobiles or what ever vehicles could be commandeered to join in the celebration, which was as noisy as it was widespread. The two fire engines, with their sirens and bells, covered with flags and bearing cheering men, tore up and down the streets throughout the morning. Not a few automobiles dragged off the streets and the crown prince and there, were many unique banners and placards on the automobiles.

## Not even the largest circus crowd that has ever been seen here could compare with the crowd downtown today but there was practically the same spirit that a circus crowd manifests, save that occasionally traces of past emotion could be seen on faces in the crowd or in automobiles. Arrangements were being made this afternoon for a parade.

(Continued on page 5.)

## PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—President Wilson issued a formal proclamation at 10 o'clock this morning announcing that the armistice with Germany had been signed.  
"My fellow countrymen:  
"The armistice was signed this morning. Everything for which America fought has been accomplished. It will now be our fortunate duty to assist by example, by sober friendly council and by material aid in the establishment of just democracy throughout the world."  
"WOODROW WILSON."

## President Announces Terms of Armistice

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 11.—The strictly military terms of the armistice are embraced in eleven specifications which include the evacuation of all invaded territories, the withdrawal of the German troops from the left bank of the Rhine and the cessation of all supplies of war.  
These are the "high spots" of the terms as the President gave them to Congress.  
Germany's acceptance of them, he said, signified the end of the war because it made her powerless to renew the struggle.

All ports on the Black Sea occupied by Germans are to be surrendered and Russian war vessels recently captured by the German naval forces are to be surrendered to the Allies.  
The President made it plain that the nation which have overthrown the military masters of Germany will now attempt to guide the German people safely to the future of a democracy.

Financial Terms.  
Among the financial terms included are restitution for damage done by the German armies, restitution of the cash taken from the National Bank of Belgium and return of gold taken from Russia and Rumania.  
The military terms include the surrender of 5,000 guns, half field and half light artillery, 30,000 machine-guns, 3,000 flame throwers and 2,000 airplanes.

The surrender of 5,000 locomotives, 50,000 wagons, 10,000 motor lorries, the railways of Alsace-Lorraine for use by the Allies and stores of coal and iron also are included.  
Allies to Hold River Crossings.  
In connection with the evacuation of the left bank of the Rhine it is provided that the Allies shall hold the crossings of the river at Coblenz, Cologne and Mayence, together with bridgeheads in a thirty kilometer radius.  
The immediate repatriation of all Allied and American prisoners with out reciprocal action by the Allies also is included.

The right bank of the Rhine and that occupied by the Allies is to become a neutral zone and the bank held by the Germans is to be evacuated in 15 days. The armistice is for thirty days but the president spoke of the war as "coming to an end."  
The German troops are to retire from any territory held by Russia, Rumania and Turkey before the war.  
The Allied forces are to have access to the evacuated territory either through Danzig or by the river Vistula. The unconditional capitulation of all German forces in East Africa within one month is provided.  
The repatriation within fourteen days of the thousands of unfortunate civilians deported from France and Belgium also is required.  
Freedom of access to the Baltic Sea with power to occupy German forts in the Kattegat is another provision.

## TEXT OF TERMS

(By Associated Press.)  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The armistice terms with Germany were read to Congress today in joint session by President Wilson.  
Assembled in the hall of the House were nineteen months ago senators and representatives heard the President ask for the declaration of war which today heralded the coming of peace.  
The President spoke as follows:  
Gentlemen of the Congress:  
"In these anxious times of rapid and stupendous change it will in some degree lighten my sense of responsibility to perform in person the duty of communicating to you some of the larger circumstances of the situation with which it is necessary to deal."  
"The German authorities who have, at the invitation of the supreme war council, been in communication with Marshal Foch, have accepted the terms of armistice which he was authorized and instructed to communicate to them. Those terms are as follows:  
"1.—Cessation of operations by land and in the air six hours after the signature of the armistice.

"2.—Immediate evacuation of invaded countries: Belgium, France, Alsace-Lorraine, Luxembourg, so ordered to be completed within fourteen days from the signature of the armistice. German troops which have not left this above mentioned territories within the period fixed will become prisoners of war. Occupation by the Allied and United States forces jointly will keep peace with evacuation in these areas. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated in accordance with a note annexed to the stated terms.  
"3.—Repatriation beginning at once and to be completed within fourteen days of all inhabitants of the countries above mentioned, including hostages and persons under trial or convicted.  
"4.—Surrender in good condition by the German armies of the following equipment:  
Five thousand guns (two thousand five hundred heavy, two thousand five hundred field), thirty thousand machine-guns, three thousand minnwerfer, two thousand airplanes (fighters, bombers—firstly D seventy three and night bombing machines). The

## (By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The world war was ended at 6 o'clock this morning, Washington time, (5 o'clock local time), with red revolution in Germany and with William Hohenzollern former emperor a fugitive from his native land.  
Announcement that the Armistice terms imposed by the Allied and American governments had been signed by the German envoys at midnight last night, five o'clock Paris time and that hostilities would cease six hours later was made at the state department at 2:45 o'clock this morning.

By Associated Press.  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Signing of the armistice with Germany, which brings the world war to an end, does not mean that the great American military machine will cease to operate at once. America must play an important part in disarming and guarding the enemy and until this work is completed, even the movement of troops to France will be continued, although on a greatly reduced scale.  
During the cessation of hostilities and the conclusion of the peace conference, it is assumed that the major portion of General Pershing's expeditionary force must be retained there. It is possible also for the reasons of political purposes, some American garrisons may be kept in disputed territory even after the actual peace negotiations have been brought to a close.

Groups which have seen the longest service in France probably will be returned home soon to be replaced by men now in this country who will be sent to guard or other duty overseas. There are more than one million men now in camps in the United States.  
Hostilities ended much earlier than expected, and the German and Allied navies will form no small part of this work and undoubtedly the fleet of mine sweeping and other craft sent overseas by the United States will assist in this gigantic work.

The greatest mine field is that placed in the North Sea as a barrier against German submarines. Thine mines were manufactured in this country and were laid largely by American ships.  
With the return of all German submarines to their bases Allied and American shipping once more may

Practically the whole German General Staff accompanied the former Emperor, and ten automobiles carried the party. The automobiles were bristling with rifles and all the fugitives were armed.  
The ex-Kaiser was in uniform. He alighted at the Byden station and paced the platform, smoking a cigarette.  
Byden lies about midway between Liege and Maastricht, on the Dutch frontier.  
Chatting with the members of the staff, the former Emperor, the correspondent says, did not look in the least distressed. A few moments later an imperial train, including restaurant and sleeping cars, ran into the station. Only servants were aboard.  
The engine returned to Vise, Belgium, and brought back a second train in which there were a number of staff officers, and others and also stores of food. The German consul from Maastricht arrived soon after 8 o'clock. Dutch railway officials soon made their appearance and many of the inhabitants came to the station attracted by curiosity.  
Many photographs were taken by the people of the imperial party. On the whole the people were very quiet but Belgians among them yelled out "En Voyage."

## EMPEROR HAD PLANNED SURRENDER TO BRITISH

(By Associated Press.)  
AMSTERDAM, Nov. 11.—The former German Emperor, Kaiser Wilhelm II, is reported to have planned to surrender to the British.  
The Kaiser is reported to have been in Holland and to have been in communication with the British government.

(By Associated Press.)  
AMSTERDAM, Nov. 10.—The former German Emperor, Kaiser Wilhelm II, is reported to have been in Holland and to have been in communication with the British government.

(By Associated Press.)  
LONDON, Nov. 10, 12:31 A. M.—The former German Emperor, Kaiser Wilhelm II, is reported to have been in Holland and to have been in communication with the British government.



### NUMBER CELEBRATE BY CONTRIBUTING TO THE WAR FUND

CAMPAIGN TODAY WOULD LIKE TO HAVE RESULTED IN OVERSUBSCRIPTION.

### TELEGRAM IS RECEIVED

Director General Mott Wires Chairman Martin of Great Need for This Fund.

A number of Wichitans celebrated the victory of the Allies and the return of peace by making contributions today to the United War Work campaign. If the campaign could today it is believed they would readily have oversubscribed the country's quota. It is believed the country's quota will be oversubscribed before the end of the week.

N. H. Martin, chairman of the committee for raising the fund in Wichita county, this morning received the following telegram from Director General Mott:

"Our United War Council, believing that no matter how near or how distant may be the long period of demobilization will present greater need for the services of the seven co-operating organizations, and therefore urge that the requested oversubscription of fifty per cent is most necessary. Our advisory committee of the American army and navy concur in this judgment."

"I have conferred on the subject with the War Department and President Wilson and they strongly emphasize the need and importance of this work for the period to follow the cessation of hostilities. A letter from President Wilson will appear in a few days expressing his satisfaction that our plans have been enlarged to render this great patriotic service. The demobilization following the victorious ending of the war will be accompanied with special dangers.

"We need not be solicitous for our soldiers and sailors when they are drilling and fighting and confronting the great adventure of life and death but rather when this great incitement is withdrawn and discipline relaxed and hours of leisure multiplied and temptations are increased, the seven great organizations will then be needed more than ever to prevent the period of demobilization from becoming a period of demoralization.

"It took over two years to complete demobilization after the Franco-Prussian war, eighteen months after the Turco-Russian, sixteen months after the Spanish-American war, ten months after the South African war and thirteen months after the Russo-Japan war. All with whom we have consulted agree that it will require American forces to demobilize the greatest danger our organizations are planning to enlarge greatly our physical and social progress by presenting such helpful counter attractions as to keep our men from wrong associations and practices. We are also extending our great educational program involving the use of thousands of teachers and the spending of millions of dollars on text books and reference books. A remarkable religious program will be conducted including the using of leading religious preachers and teachers of America to occupy all the time of our men in these useful ways. This will cost much more than to help them during fragments of their time.

"We therefore call upon the entire American people to subscribe generously in grateful recognition of the marvelous service rendered by our men, and with the firm purpose to make the period of demobilization, not a period of physical, mental and moral deterioration but rather a period of character building, of growth in useful knowledge and working efficiency, and of preparation for assuming larger responsibility as citizens on their return.

### MAJOR ALFONTE AND MAJ. NEVILLE SEEK TRANSFERS

Request for an immediate transfer to the infantry, and orders to go across for the duration of the reconstruction work, was sent to General Kenly, commander of the Air Service, by Major James R. Alfonte, commanding officer, and Major E. E. Neville, engineer officer, of Call Field, just as soon as their offices were opened this morning. News of the signing of the armistice was responsible for this move, both majors being determined to see some service abroad, even if they had not been able to get in while the fighting was in progress. Major Alfonte is a regular army man and Major Neville is a reserve officer. Action on their request for a transfer should be heard from within 30 days, Major Alfonte stated this morning.

While there was much disappointment expressed, both among officers and men, at Call Field, that they were not across when the war was finished, all admitted that Lieutenant Conn Brown, the camp quartermaster, summed up the situation very well when he said, "I hate like the dickens that I didn't get to help whip them over there, but they needn't hold an encore just for me."

It is Major Alfonte's opinion that the cadets at the school at present will be given their flying training, and that at the end of about four months the men in the squadrons will be mustered back to civil life. The school will probably be maintained for some time, he said, with only a limited force at the camp, but he was unprepared to make any statement as to the final abandonment of the camp.



Frederick Ward with all-star cast, "Out There"—Wichita Theatre, Nov. 18

## The War Is Over

And will soon become only a matter of history  
Crashing Throng to Berlin

Is a pictorial record of all the great events of four years of the great struggle. REAL—AUTHENTIC—TRUE—It is a drama as absorbing to contemplate as its plot is big—and there never was a plot more striking or more complex.



TODAY AND TOMORROW

25c 15c 10c

### STREET FIGHTING IS REPORTED IN POLISH CAPITAL

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 11—Street fighting is taking place in Warsaw, the capital of Poland. The railway station there has been occupied by Polish forces who have refused the German troops in the city permission to pass through Polish territory.

### Find Good Sand In Hopkins Well In Holliday Field

Hopkins and others drilling on the George Hodges place about six miles northwest of Holliday are reported to have found a good oil sand at 672 feet. The sand was drilled into Friday and the well has been flowing a part of the time. It is said to be showing for from 25 to 50 barrels daily. The oil is of an unusually high grade.

DOSCH ELECTRIC  
708 9th Street. Phone 220

Randle Auto Supply  
FOR DEPENDABLE TIRES  
Kelly-Springfield

Wichita Theatre  
COMING

Next Thursday,  
Friday and  
Saturday

Pantages Big  
Vaudeville

—Also—  
Big Picture  
Prices 25c, 50c  
and 75c

Seats on sale at the Palace  
Drug Store Wednesday,  
Phone 340

BELLANS  
FOR INDIGESTION  
6 BELLANS  
Hot water  
Sure Relief

EMPRESS  
Wednesday and  
Thursday



DIVORCE

One marriage out of  
every twelve results in  
divorce, according to  
Government Statistics.

Some of the causes and  
consequent suffering are  
graphically shown in  
stupendous production of

The Blindness  
of Divorce

The Woman  
Always  
Pays

Adults 25c, Children 12  
and over, 15c; Under  
12, 10c.

November  
Breakfasts  
POST TOASTIES  
(MADE OF CORN)  
Says Bobby  
Save  
Sugar  
and  
Wheat

## EMPRESS

Today and Tomorrow

Dorothy Gish, George Fawcett

—and a—

Special Star Cast



"THE HUN WITHIN" with Dorothy Gish, George Fawcett and Star Cast  
A Paramount Artcraft Special

—IN—

### "THE HUN WITHIN"

The star is Dorothy Gish, of the famous Gish Sisters, players discovered and made famous by D. W. Griffith.

The story is one of great timely interest; a tale that, while fiction, is based on facts, and a subject of deep concern to every one that is truly American. It was directed by George Withey one of Griffith's ablest assistants, and a man who has such features as "The White Rat," "Madame Bo-Peep" and "The Alabaster Box" to his credit.

It played a successful week's engagement at the Rialto, New York City, where it received the praise of both press and public. It is a picture of a beautiful love story built around thrilling events of unusual patriotic interest of the sort that will appeal to both men and women. A special production, produced in the lavish style that is usual with features with a carefully selected cast of players.

Adults 25c, Children 12 and over 15c, under 12, 10c



## His Mother Needed Money —and She Got It!

AN American soldier hurries along the street of a shell-torn village, keeping close to the shelter of the crumbling walls, and runs up the steps of a battered chateau.

He climbs to a room where sandbags are piled high to the ceiling. Behind a rough counter stands a man of middle age—a man with an emblem on his arm and a smile on his face.

"In a hurry this morning, buddy?" he asks.

"You bet I am," pants the soldier. "We're going into the trenches at noon."

"Can I help you?"

The boy thrusts one hand into his pocket and with the other points to a sign on the wall. It reads:—"SEND YOUR MONEY HOME—ASK THE SECRETARY NOW."

"Can I send this to my mother?" he asks, and draws out a roll of French bills. "She needs it."

"Of course you can," says the secretary. He counts the money carefully—twice—and then does a little figuring.

"That makes \$84.60 in American money."

"And will you see that my mother gets it?"

"We will," is the answer. "I'll give you this receipt and I'll send your money to the nearest headquarters. They will forward it to Paris, and Paris will tell New York to mail your mother a check for your \$84.60."

"How much will it cost me to have you do that?"

The answer is it won't cost him one cent. His mother will get the whole \$84.60. Every week the War Work organizations are transmitting more than half a million dollars from the boys over there to the home folks over here.

### Why you should give twice as much as you ever gave before!

The need is for a sum 70% greater than any gift ever asked for since the world began. The Government has fixed this sum at \$170,500,000.

By giving to these seven organizations all at once, the cost and effort of six additional campaigns is saved.

Unless Americans do give twice as much as ever before, our soldiers and sailors may not enjoy during 1919 their:

- 3,600 Recreation Buildings
- 2,500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books
- 1,000 Miles of Movie Film
- 85 Hostess Houses
- 100 Leading Stage Stars
- 15,000 Big-brother "secretaries"
- 2,000 Athletic Directors
- Millions of dollars of home comforts

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way from home to the front and back again. You provide him with a church, a theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club, and an athletic field—and a knowledge that the folks back home are with him, heart and soul!

You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs. Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

From the time your fighter starts for a cantonment until he reaches a front-line dug-out the seven organizations are ministering to him in big ways and little ways, to take the worries off his shoulders and to carry cheer and comfort to him. One aim—**one need—now, altogether!**

## UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN



This space donated for United War Work by Ray Sheet Metal Works



WILSON ANNOUNCES ARMISTICE TERMS

(Continued from page 1.)

above to be delivered in situ to the Allies and the United States troops in accordance with the detailed conditions laid in the annexed note.

5—Evacuation by the German armies of the countries on the left bank of the Rhine. These countries on the left bank of the Rhine shall be administered by the local authorities under the control of the Allies and the United States armies of occupation. The occupation of these territories will be determined by Allied and American garrisons holding the principal crossings of the Rhine, Mayence, Coblenz, Cologne, together with bridgeheads at these points in thirty kilometer radius of the regions. A neutral zone shall be reserved on the right of the Rhine between the stream and a line drawn parallel to it forty kilometers to the east from the frontier of Holland to the parallel of Gernsheim, and as far as practicable a distance of thirty kilometers from the east of stream from this parallel upon Swiss frontier. Evacuation by the enemy of the Rhine lands shall be so ordered as to be completed within a further period of eleven days, in all nineteen days after the signature of the armistice. All movements of evacuation and occupation will be regulated according to the note annexed.

6—In all territory evacuated by the enemy there shall be no disturbance of inhabitants. No property or harm shall be done to the personal property of the inhabitants. No destruction of any kind is to be committed. Military establishments of all kinds shall be evacuated in accordance with military stores of food, munitions, equipments not removed during the period fixed for evacuation. Stores of food of all kinds for the civil population, cattle, etc., shall be left in situ. Industrial establishments shall not be impaired in any way and their personnel shall not be moved. Roads and means of communication of any kind, railway, road, waterways, main roads, bridges, telegraphs, telephones, shall be in no manner impaired.

7—All civil and military personnel at present employed on them shall remain. Five thousand locomotives, fifty thousand wagons, and ten thousand motor lorries in good working order with all necessary spare parts and fittings shall be delivered to the associated powers within the period fixed for the evacuation of Belgium and Luxembourg. The railways of Alsace-Lorraine shall be handed over within the same period, together with all preparatory personnel and material. Further material necessary for the working of railways in the country on the left bank of the Rhine shall be left in situ. All stores of coal and material for the upkeep of permanent ways, signals and repair shops left in situ shall be kept in an efficient state by Germany during the whole period of armistice. All barges taken from the Allies shall be returned to them. A note appended regulates the details of these measures.

8—The German command shall be responsible for revealing and for delaying-acting fuses disposed on territory evacuated by the German troops and shall assist in their discovery and destruction. The German command shall also reveal all devices and mines that may have been taken (such as poisoning or polluting of springs, wells, etc.) under penalty of reprisals.

9—The right of requisition shall be exercised by the Allies and the United States armies in all occupied territory. The upkeep of the troops of occupation for the civil population (excluding Alsace-Lorraine) shall be charged to the German government.

10—An immediate repatriation without reciprocity according to detailed lists which shall be fixed, of all Allied and United States prisoners of war. The Allied powers and the United States shall be able to dispose of these prisoners as they wish.

11—Sick and wounded who cannot be removed from evacuated territory will be cared for by German personnel who will be left on the spot with the medical material required.

Part II. Disposition relative to the eastern frontiers of Germany: 12—All German troops at present in any territory which before the war belonged to Russia, Rumania or Turkey shall withdraw within the frontiers of Germany as they existed on August 1, 1914.

13—Evacuation by German troops to begin at once and all German instructors, prisoners or civilians, as well as military agents, now on the territory of Russia (as defined before 1914) to be recalled.

14—German troops to cease at once all requisitions and seizures and any other under a view to obtaining supplies intended for Germany in Rumania or Russia (as defined on August 1, 1914).

15—Abolition of the treaties of Bucharest and Brest-Litovsk and of the supplementary treaties.

16—The Allies shall have free access to the territories evacuated by the Germans on their eastern frontier either through Danzig or by the Vistula in order to convey supplies to the populations of those territories or for any other purpose.

17—Unconditional capitulation of all German forces operating in East Africa within one month.

IV—General clauses: 18—Repatriation without reciprocity within a maximum period of one month, in accordance with detailed conditions hereafter to be fixed, of all civilians interned or deported who may be citizens of other Allied or asso-

ciated states than those mentioned in clause three, paragraph nineteen, with the reservation that any future claims and demands of the Allies and the United States of America remain unaffected. 19—The following financial conditions are required: Repatriation for damage done. While such armistice lasts no public securities shall be removed by the enemy which can serve as a pledge to the Allies for the recovery or repatriation for war losses. Immediate restitution of the cash deposit in the National Bank of Belgium, and in general immediate return of all documents, specie, stocks, shares, paper money, together with plant for the issue thereof, touching public or private interests in the invaded countries. Restitution of the Russian and Rumanian gold yielded to Germany or taken by that power. This gold to be delivered to the Allies until the signature of peace.

20—Immediate cessation of all hostilities at sea and definite information to be given as to the location and movements of all German ships. Notification to be given to neutrals that freedom of navigation in all territorial waters is given to the naval and mercantile marines of the Allied and associated powers, all questions being waived.

21—All naval and mercantile marine prisoners of war of the Allied and associated powers in German hands to be returned without reciprocity. 22—Surrender to the Allies and the United States of America of one hundred and sixty German submarine cruisers and mine laying submarines, with their complete armaments and equipment in ports which will be specified by the Allies and the United States of America. All other submarines to be paid off and completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allied powers and the United States of America.

23—The following war-surplus warships which shall be designated by the Allies and the United States of America shall be disarmed and interned in neutral ports or for the want of them in Allied ports, to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America and placed under the surveillance of the Allies and the United States of America, only caretakers being left on board, namely: six battle cruisers, ten battleships, eight light cruisers, including two mine layers, including river craft, are to be concentrated in German naval bases to be designated by the Allies and the United States of America, and are to be paid off and are to be completely disarmed and placed under the supervision of the Allies and the United States of America. All vessels of the auxiliary fleet (trawlers, motor vessels, etc.), are to be disarmed.

24—The Allies and the United States of America have the right to sweep up all mine fields and obstructions laid by Germany outside German territorial waters, and the positions of these are to be indicated. 25—Freedom of access to and from the Baltic to be given to the naval and mercantile marines of the Allied and associated powers. To secure this the Allies and the United States of America shall be empowered to occupy all German forts, fortifications, batteries and defense works of all kinds in all the entrance from the Gattgat into the Baltic and sweep all mines and obstructions within and without German territorial waters without any question of neutrality being raised, and all German merchant ships found at sea are to remain liable to capture.

26—The existing blockade conditions set up by the Allies and associated powers are to remain unchanged, and all German merchant ships found at sea are to remain liable to capture. 27—All naval aircraft are to be concentrated and immobilized in German bases to be specified by the Allies and the United States of America.

28—In evacuating the Belgian coasts and ports Germany shall abandon all merchant ships, tugs, lighters, cranes and all other harbor materials, all materials for inland navigation, all aircraft and materials and stores, all arms and munitions, and all stores and apparatus of all kinds. 29—All Black Sea ports are to be evacuated by Germany; all Russian war vessels of all descriptions seized by Germany in the Black Sea are to be handed over to the Allies and the United States of America; all neutral vessels are to be released; all weapons and other materials of all kinds seized in those ports are to be returned and German materials as specified in clause twenty-eight are to be abandoned.

30—All merchant vessels in German hands belonging to the Allied and associated powers are to be restored to ports to be specified by the Allies and the United States of America without reciprocity. 31—No destruction of ships or of materials to be permitted before evacuation, surrender or restoration.

32—The German government will notify the neutral governments of the world and particularly the governments of Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland, that all restrictions placed on the trading of their vessels with the Allied and associated countries, whether by the German government or by private German interest and whether in return for specific concessions such as export of shipbuilding materials or not are immediately cancelled.

33—No transfers of German merchant shipping of any description to any neutral flag are to take place after signature of the armistice.

34—The duration of the armistice is to be thirty days with option to extend. During this period, on failure of execution of any above clauses, the armistice may be renewed by any of the contracting parties on 48 hours previous notice.

35—Time limit for reply: 36—This armistice to be accepted or refused by Germany within 72 hours of notification. The war thus comes to an end; for

having accepted these terms of armistice will be impossible for the German command to renew it. It is not now possible to assess the consequences of this great consummation. We know only that this tragical war, whose consuming flames swept from one nation to another until all the world was on fire, is at an end, and that it was the privilege of our own people to enter it at its most critical juncture in such fashion and in such force as to contribute in a way which we are all deeply proud, to the great result. We know, too, that the object of the war is attained, the object upon which all eyes must have set their hearts; and attained with a sweeping completeness which even now we do not realize. Armed imperialism such as the men conceived who were but yesterday the masters of Germany, is at an end, its illicit ambitions engulfed in black disaster. Who will now seek to revive it? The arbitrary power of the military caste of Germany, which once could secretly and of its own single choice disturb the peace of the world, is discredited and destroyed. And more than that—much more than that—has been accomplished. The great nations which associated themselves to destroy it had now definitely united in the common purpose to set up such a peace as will satisfy the longings of the whole world for disinterested justice, embodied in settlements which are based upon something much better and much more lasting than the selfish competitive interests of powerful states.

There is no longer conjecture as to the objects the victors have in mind. They have a mind in the matter, not only, but a heart also. Their avowed and concerted purpose is to satisfy and protect the weak as well as to accord their just rights to the wrong.

The humane temper and intention of the victorious governments has already manifested in a practical way. Their representatives in the supreme war council at Versailles have by unanimous resolution assured the peoples of the central empires that everything that is possible in the circumstances will be done to supply them with food and relieve the distressing want that is in so many places threatening their very lives, and steps are being taken to help them to organize these efforts at relief in the same systematic manner that they were organized in the case of Belgium. By the use of the idle troops of the central empires it ought presently to be possible to lift the fear

of utter misery from their oppressed populations and set their minds and energies free of the great and hazardous tasks of political reconstruction which now face them on every hand. Hunger does not breed reform. It breeds madness and all the ugly disorders that make an ordered life impossible.

For the fall of the ancient governments which rested like an incubus upon the peoples of the central empires has come political change not merely but revolution; and revolution which seems as yet to assume no final and ordered form, but to run from one kind of change to another, until thoughtful men are forced to ask themselves with what government and of what sort are about to deal in the making of the covenants in making of peace? With what authority will meet us and with what assurance that their authority will abide and sustain securely the international arrangements into which we are about to enter? There is here matter for no small anxiety and mis-giving when peace is made upon whose promises and engagements besides our own it is to rest?

Let us be perfectly frank with ourselves and admit that these questions cannot be satisfactorily answered now or at once. But the moral is not that there is little hope of an early answer that will suffice. It is only that we must be patient and helpful and mindful above all of the great hope and confidence that lie at the heart of what is taking place. Excesses accomplish nothing. Unhappy Russia has furnished abundant recent proof of that. Disorder immediately defeats itself. If excesses should occur, if disorder should for a time raise its head, a sober second thought will follow and a day of constructive action if we help and do not hinder.

The present and all that it holds belongs to the nations and the peoples who preserve their self-control and the order processes of their governments. The future to those who prove themselves the true friends of mankind. To conquer with arms is to make only a temporary conquest; to conquer the world by earning its esteem is to make permanent conquest. I am confident that the nations have learned the discipline of freedom and that have settled with self-possession to its ordered practice are now about to make conquest of the whole world by the sheer power of example and of friendly helpfulness. The peoples who have just come from under the yoke of arbitrariness (Continued on page 8.)

OUR STORE IS CLOSED TODAY WHILE WE CELEBRATE

Victorious Peace

“Everything for Which America Fought Has Been Accomplished”—President Wilson.

How wonderful and satisfying is the peace that comes under these conditions and how gladly do we celebrate it by a complete cessation from business and by those joyous demonstrations which have made this the most memorable day of our lives.

The emotions which this day have prompted make our ordinary affairs seem small and paltry indeed. Only as an explanation do we mention it that our Monday

DOLLAR SALE

has been postponed until Tuesday morning at eight o'clock.

Kruger's Jewelry Store

WRIGLEYS Give to United War Work Nov 11-18 We will win this war— Nothing else really matters until we do! Be patient here—Our Boys are getting WRIGLEYS over there!

Official Statement as made to the Comptroller of Currency at the close of business Nov. 1, 1918. CITY NATIONAL BANK Wichita Falls, Texas RESOURCES: Loans and Discounts \$4,027,472.58; Bills of Exchange 11,919.53; Certificate of Indebtedness 587,308.00; Liberty Loan and other bonds 12,000.00; Federal Reserve Bank Stock 20,785.00; Real Estate 7,325.00; Interest earned but not collected 6,000.00; Cash in Bank \$134,612.04; Cash with U. S. Treas. 12,500.00; Sight Exchange 764,925.51; Total 902,037.55; LIABILITIES: Capital Stock \$250,000.00; Surplus and Profits \$277,292.69; Res. for Taxes 22,000.00; Res. for Interest 35,000.00; 334,292.69; Circulation 250,000.00; Individual Deposits \$3,504,536.88; Bank Deposits 623,119.75; Dividends unpaid 125.00; Total 4,127,781.62; Notes with Federal Reserve Bank 335,974.24; Bonds Borrowed 86,800.00; \$5,584,848.66

FOR SALE Five room house and one of the choicest building sites in city. Site fronts 210 feet on Denver street and 100 feet on Ninth street. The lots are bordered with beautiful shade trees and the site is unexcelled. This house and these lots are offered for \$7,250. The house and the lot on which it is built are themselves worth the price asked. Immediate possession of the house can be given. If interested phone 1821.





WILSON ANNOUNCES ARMISTICE TERMS

(Continued from Page 5)

itary government and who are now coming at last into their freedom will never find the treasures of liberty there in search of it they look for them by the light of the torch. They will find that every pathway that is stained with the blood of their own brothers leads to the wilderness, not to the seat of their hope. They are now face to face with their initial tests. We must hold the light steady until they find themselves. And in the meantime, if it be possible, we must establish a peace that will justly define a place among the nations, remove not being handed over born and of their former masters, and enable them to live in security and contentment when they have set their own claims in order. I, for one, do not doubt their purpose or their capacity. There are some happy signs that they know and will choose the way of self-control and peaceful accommodation. If they do, we shall put our aid at their disposal in every way that we can. If they do not we must await with patience and sympathy the awakening and recovery that will assuredly come at last.

SUPPLEMENTARY CLAUSE TO ARMISTICE TERMS

By Associated Press. LONDON, Nov. 11.—A supplementary declaration to the armistice was to the effect that in the event of the six German battle cruisers, ten battle ships, eight light cruisers and fifty destroyers not being handed over owing to a mutinous state, the Allies reserve the right to occupy Heligoland as an advance to enable them to enforce the terms.

ELMORE JONES IS HURT IN FALL FROM TRUCK

While riding on a truck which was taking part in the celebration this morning Elmore Jones, aged 16 son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Jones, proprietors of the Denver hotel, was thrown to the ground and sustained a sprained ankle also breaking the leg right above the ankle. This afternoon his injuries were giving him much pain but it is not thought that any complications will arise. Young Jones was at the rear of a truck with a bell which he was ringing, and fell when the truck turned a corner.

MRS. T. J. TARKINGTON INJURED SUNDAY

Mrs. T. J. Tarkington sustained slight injuries and her car containing were badly damaged in a head-on collision between an Overland, driven by Mrs. W. L. Beatty and a Paige car at the intersection of Tenth and Travis about one o'clock Sunday afternoon. Mrs. Beatty was driving down Tenth when she met the other car coming up the street at the corner of Travis. According to witnesses a third car running at a fast rate turned up Tenth from Travis, forcing the driver of the Paige to turn out of the way and in front of Mrs. Beatty's car. Both cars were badly damaged.

PRESIDENT WILSON RESPONDS TO DEMAND OF EMPLOYEES

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—President Wilson's first public appearance today was in response to calls from war trade board employees who headed by Chairman Vance McCormick and a band paraded to the White House at noon. The President bowed and

Safety First

We have installed, at our Soda Fountain, an apparatus for the sterilization of glasses and spoons. After a test for several weeks we are pleased to announce it successfully meets all requirements. You are running no risks when you drink at our Fountain.

First Attention to All Orders for the Sick.

Special Attention Given Our Prescription Dept.

Palace Drug Store

vaved his hand from the portico. The fuel administration employees followed the war trade workers and with crowds assembling from everywhere joined in the demonstration before the White House.

CHINESE GENERAL GETS CAR SERVICE ALRIGHT

By Associated Press. Vladivostok, Oct. 11.—Fighting between revolutionary forces and imperial troops was still going on in Berlin Sunday morning. The struggle which began Saturday evening, broke out afresh at 9 o'clock Sunday morning.

The heaviest fighting Sunday morning was in front of the Victoria and arsenal, near the Lust Garten, where officers, military cadets and boy scouts were fortified.

CHINESE GENERAL GETS CAR SERVICE ALRIGHT

Associated Press. Vladivostok, Oct. 11.—A Chinese general with his seven wives and a small bodyguard walked into the station at Harbin a few days since as the Vladivostok train was about to start and demanded accommodation for himself and party. The Chinese Eastern, although a joint Russian-Chinese property, is operated by the Russians in conjunction with the Siberian railway. The Russian station-master consulted his watch, shrugged and said "Nilza" which is the Russian equivalent for "it can't be done." He explained that the train was full and it was leaving time.

POINT ISABEL HOTEL OFFERED GOVERNMENT

By Associated Press. DALLAS, TEX., Oct. 11.—On the extreme southernmost point of Point Isabel, Texas, the farthest south town in the United States, inviolated American soldiers and sailors may henceforth be nursed back to health. D. A. O'Brien, owner of the hotel,

Duck Season Is Open

Wilfong & Woods OFFICE SUPPLIES AND SPORTING GOODS

The GEM TODAY

The Beautiful Popular Western Star Ruth Roland in "Hands Up" Also Good Comedy.

has authorized the Chamber of Commerce to offer to the government as the nucleus for a marine hospital and reconstruction camp without expense to the government. The hotel is a large modern structure with porches on all sides right on the shore of Laguna Madre overlooking the Gulf of Mexico. Cold is unknown in the winter there. Point Isabel is the most southern point in Texas and although the Florida peninsula extends slightly farther south, Point Isabel is known as the most southerly city and port in the country.

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DRIVE FOR WAR WORK FUND WILL START TOMORROW

Tomorrow morning the drive for the \$45,000 United War Work Campaign Fund will begin in Wichita Falls all plans for starting the drive today having been abandoned on account of the peace celebration which took practically every person out of the business houses. The campaign of the business men and that of women and girls who are employed downtown, which will be conducted in rivalry, will begin on Tuesday morning and the house to house canvass will begin Thursday morning, the women's committee to have charge of this work.

The central committee, of which Norris H. Martin is chairman, met this afternoon in the City National Bank and perfected the plans for the drive. The captains of the teams to solicit from the business men were being named, and also a committee which will pass on the contributions, which may not come up to the amounts apportioned by the committee on quota.

Notice: Parties indebted to the Taylor Grocery Co. will find me at Room 12, old post office building. Roy A. Taylor. 154-61p

Every one hundred dollars you save and deposit in a savings account with the National Bank of Commerce increases your income by four dollars a year. 149-17c

DR. J. W. DU VAL Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat Glasses Fitted

DOSCH ELECTRIC 708 9th Street. Phone 220

E. G. HILL UNDERTAKER Prompt Ambulance Service Phone 225 Office and Parlors 900 Scott Avenue.

Not First Cost Rut Last Kelly-Springfield Mileage 908 SCOTT AVENUE

ITCH! Hunt's Salve, formerly called Hunt's Ointment, is especially compounded for the treatment of Itch, Eczema, Ring worm, and other skin diseases. It is sold by the drugist on the strict guarantee that the purchaser pays, \$6, will be promptly refunded to any dissatisfied customer. Try Hunt's Salve at our risk. For sale locally by MACK TAYLOR DRUG COMPANY.

SOME OF THE COFFEES WE ROAST AND SELL

Table listing coffee types and prices: Waldorf, pound 50c; M. & J. Style 45c; New Orleans Roast 45c; Colonnade 45c; Who Can Beat It 40c; Hotel Special 35c; Bourbon 30c; Select Santos Peaberry 35c; Santos Peaberry 30c; Metropolitan 35c; Golden Rio 35c; African 45c; Caracas 40c; Victoria 25c; Any growth or combination roasted to order.

BERT BEAN COFFEE HOUSE Telephone 35 824 Indiana Ave.

IMPORTANT

Order your Christmas and New Years greetings now. Our line being more attractive this season than ever before is now ready for your inspection. If interested please call at store or phone 96 and our sales lady will be glad to call and take your order. No orders will be accepted after Nov. 15th.

Martin's Book Store

Free Delivery in Business District Only. 609-611 Eighth St. Phones 96 and 2159

TYPEWRITER OR ADDING MACHINE

Owing to the scarcity of typewriters, some time back we were forced to discontinue selling typewriters on the installment plan. At present we have a fairly good stock of machines and for a limited time we will sell any make machine on the monthly payment plan. Let us explain this plan to you.

"We Fix All Makes"

WICHITA TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE 707 Eighth St. R. H. HOLLINGER, Mgr. Phone 2222

Its Very Essential

To your health that your clothes be kept free from harmful germs. Our method of cleaning and pressing will absolutely kill every living germ—be safe—have your clothes cleaned often.

Wichita Cleaning and Dye Works BETTER SERVICE 1102 Scott Phone 620

Stevens-Talbert Co. Insurance of All Kinds.

The Agency of Service. First National Bank Building. 708 Eighth Street. Telephone 201.

ANDERSON, PATTERSON & REESE Insurance of all kinds—Loans, Real Estate and Rentals—615 Eighth

BLACK DIAMOND STORAGE

Phone 2765 1004 Ohio Phone 1963 We Store Your Goods Reasonable

FRESH CHOCOLATES

Johnston's, Aldophus and Browns.

The MILLER DRUG STORE

H. T. THORNBERRY, Prop. Phone 193 8th and Ohio Free Delivery

Large advertisement for Postum instant drink. Text: 'There's an All-American table drink INSTANT POSTUM (Much used in place of coffee) which you should think about now—adays Economical, Satisfying, No Caffeine No Sleepless Nights At Grocers Everywhere. "There's a Reason"'

GREAT ENTHUSIASM MARKS CELEBRATION (Continued from page 1) ternoon for a general jubilee to be held at the Wichita theatre tonight and continue far into the night. There was some talk of holding a review of the officers and men from Call Field down town some time this afternoon, but no definite announcement was made. This, like the remainder of the celebration, if undertaken will be impromptu.

SOL KRUGER INJURED WHEN CARS COLLIDE With two young celebrators on the hood of his car interfering with his view of the street, Kruger drove his car into another automobile parked in front of the post office about ten o'clock this morning. Sol Kruger, the Kruger's nephew, was knocked from the hood of the street and sustained a few minor injuries. The other car belonged to P. W. Parker. Both cars were slightly damaged.

LEONARD GRIFFIN IS INJURED IN COLLISION Leonard Griffin, nine-year old boy, was badly shaken up and his motorcycle damaged in a collision with the delivery car driven by Dan Oster of The Home Bakery company, at the intersection of Tenth and Holiday about eleven o'clock this morning.

According to Mr. Oster, the accident occurred as he was turning to the left into Holiday out of Tenth. The boy was going down Tenth and struck the car on the side, damaging both car and cycle. Mr. Griffin was taken to the hospital where his injuries are said not to be serious.

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