

Our Circulation covers the territory like the sandstorm.

# THE MULESHOE JOURNAL

Buy a farm in the Blackwater Valley. Water 8 to 30 feet.

Vol. 2

Muleshoe, Bailey County, Texas, Friday, July 10, 1925.

Number 21

## Quarterly Conference Held Here Sunday

We have been authorized to announce to the public and the Methodist people that Quarterly conference will be held at the Methodist Church Sunday July 12th. All officials are expected to be present and everyone is invited to come out. Rev. Payne of Sudan, will preach at the morning hour.

## K. K. Smith Attends Chevrolet Meeting

K. K. Smith, manager of the Valley Motor Company Inc., attended the Annual Meeting of the Chevrolet Dealers of the Oklahoma City zone. The meeting was in session Monday and Tuesday. Mr. Smith stated that in this zone there had been sold 1142 Chevrolets this year and about 450 last year. This shows the great increase in the demand for the Chevrolet products, Mr. Smith said.

## Old Timer Returns on Visit to Homefolks

Jess Elrod and family of San Angelo, came in last week for a visit with homefolks and friends. After taking in the July 4th, celebration and visiting a few days, Jess Elrod left for Kansas where he has a bunch of cattle on blue grass pasture. His family will visit here for several weeks.

Jess Elrod will be remembered by old timers as the manager of the Agricultural Department of the Coldren Land Company. He and his brother Carl were among the first to turn the sod in this wonderful agricultural country. Mr. Elrod has a large sheep ranch near San Angelo, and said "he would have a fine lamb crop and received a good price for his wool.

The ladies of the Methodist Missionary Society met at the home of Mrs. Farmer Wednesday afternoon in business session. Ten members present and two visitors. The next meeting will be with Mrs. R. L. Faulkner.

## CHARLES EBERHARDT



Charles C. Eberhardt of Kansas has been appointed by President Coolidge to be minister to Nicaragua.

## HERR BRAUN



Herr Braun, leader of the German Socialists, is the favorite of his party for the presidential election that will be held the latter part of March to choose a successor to the late Friedrich Ebert.

## Muleshoe Ball Club Wins Three Straight

The local ball club is slightly coming to the front. During the last four games they have carried off the honors.

Last Friday they won from Baileyboro 6 to 1; Saturday they won from Amherst 4 to 5; Saturday afternoon winning from Bovina 18 to 4; and then again on Sunday they won to the tune of 22 to 1.

We understand that the team is to have a game with Farwell's Round-up team right away. Also one to come up soon with the Littlefield League.

## Surprise Dinner Given J. E. W. Jennings June 28

Several friends and 45 relatives gave J. E. W. Jennings, of the Star Ranch country a surprise dinner on Sunday June 28th. Those present were; W. A. Hunter and family, R. T. Nunn and family, Mr. Martin and family, Bro. G. O. Dean and family and his mother of Dardnell, Okla., all the children and grand children, of Mr. Jennings were present. He said, "the fine thing about it all was they brought their dinner with them.

## Epworth League Lesson For July 12th

Leader--Lottie Huke.  
Subject--(The Beatitude of Those Who Have Seen.)  
Scripture Reading--Matt. 17-1-6.  
The Blessedness of Expectation Realized--Dovie Morris.  
Special Music--Mrs. Carl Elrod.  
Scripture Reading--Isiah 6-1-8.  
Irene Cardes.  
Th) Blessedness of Vision--Mrs. Roy Elrod.  
Song.  
Scripture Reading--John 12-20-33--Ana Mae Long.

There will be a League social sometime next week. Be on hand Sunday and get details and locations.

## Many Should Attend Farmers' Short Course

The sixteenth annual Farmers' Short Course will be held at the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas at College Station, Texas, July the 27th to August 1st.

An excellent program has been prepared for those who attend. G. I. Christie, Director of the Extension Service, Purdue University, Lafayette, Indiana; O. B. Martin, Office of Extension Work, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.; C. W. Warbington, National Director of Extension Work, Washington, D. C.; Miss Ola Mae Powell, Field Agent Southern States, Extension Service, Washington, D. C.; and others will appear on the program at various times.

Any man, woman, boy or girl who desires to study and learn more about the solution of farm and home problems is eligible to register for the Short Course and take advantage of the program which has been specially prepared, since the Short Course is planned to meet the needs of men, women, boys and girls who desire to make farm life more profitable and attractive.

Agriculture.—Work in Agriculture will be held in the following departments; Animal Husbandry, Poultry Husbandry, Agronomy, Horticulture, Agricultural Economics and Agricultural Engineering. There will also be an exhibit of improved and modern farm machinery and home equipment.

Home Demonstration Work.—Several courses in home demonstration work, especially adopted to the needs of girls and women from rural communities, will be given. The work will consist of lectures and demonstrations in health work, in meal planning, table service clothing, home improvement and poultry.

Boys.—A special feature of the Short Course will be a Poultry Judging Contest, a Grain Judging Contest and a Livestock Judging Contest. Loving cup; and individual medals will be awarded during the Short Course.

Women and Girls.—All State contests for home demonstration club girls and women will be held at this time.

Buttonhole Contests.—Girls and Women.

Yeast Bread Contests.—Girls.

Biscuit Contest.—Women.

4 H Appropriate Dress Contest.—Girls.

Awards for the improved Kitchen Contest will be made Tuesday the 28th.

Entertainments.—The evening program will be devoted almost entirely to instructive lectures and entertainments. In addition sometime during the day will be devoted to special forms of entertainment. In so far as possible the entertainment will be of educational value.

Conferences.—A large number of the State Agricultural Societies will hold their annual meetings at College during the Short Course, among which are the following: The Extension Workers, consisting of County and Home Demonstration Agents and Specialists, the Superintendent of Experiment Stations, County School Superintendent, County Fair Secretaries, Agricultural Editors, Shippers and Carriers, Texas Bee Keepers, Cotton Seed Breeders' Association, etc.

The railroads have agreed to make a special rate of one and one-fifth fare for the round trip. All persons attending the Short Course will be charged only the actual cost of meals and lodging.

## Big Barbecue And Rodeo Makes Good

The Annual July Celebration of Muleshoe was well attended on July 4th, the crowd was rather small on the 3rd, something like 600 people. On the 4th it is said there was something like 2000 or 3000. Due to so many of the smaller towns in this part of the territory having celebrations, the crowds were cut down. And there was also a basket picnic in the Y L community.

Everything went off fine. A wonderful barbecue, with the finest kind of barbecue Plenty of rodeo stunts, races, ball games and amusement.

The management deserves much credit and praise for the way they handled the celebration from every stand point.

## Mrs. Dan Winn Entertains W. M. U.

The W. M. U. ladies of the Baptist Church met with Mrs. Dan Winn, Wednesday July 8th with 13 members present. Lesson in Royal service was enjoyed. After a thorough study of the lesson a short business session was called. The ladies voted to have a lawn party, Saturday, July 25 on vacant lot in front of D. A. Dodson's and L. S. Barron's residences. Every body come and have a jolly good time. Mrs. Coker and Mrs. Glaze met with the Sunbeam band at the church. All children under 12 are cordially invited to come and be a sunbeam for Jesus. Meet at the church next Wednesday. The ladies meet with Mrs. L. S. Barron, Wednesday, July 15th.

## Onions Coming In; Price Ranging Good

W. L. Swanson was in the first of the week with a load of new onions. He sold them on the local market at 5c per pound. We did not learn the acreage he had in. But at the present price one acre with a good stand will bring in something like \$1,500.

Camp Ground.—Everything possible will be done for the convenience of those coming in cars. They will be given the privilege of obtaining lodging in the dormitories and board in the Mess Hall on the same terms as the others. A special location near the Athletic Field has been set aside for camping purposes, and arrangements have been made whereby groceries, vegetables, ice, etc., will be delivered at the camp. However, on account of the extreme low rates for lodging, persons who come overland may find it more satisfactory to secure rooms in the dormitories.

Lodging.—A charge of \$1.25 for the entire Short Course July the 27th to July 31st inclusive will be made for each person who occupies a room in a dormitory. (Room payment to be made in advance at time of registration.) Due to the small charge for rooms no refund will be made in case of departure before the close of the Short Course.

Meals.—All meals may be obtained at the College Mess Hall at a nominal cost. Meals from breakfast Monday, July the 27th to supper inclusive July the 31st may be obtained at a cost of 33 1-3 cents per meal by purchasing coupon book (15 meals for \$5.00). All meals before and after the above specified period and for those who do not purchase coupon books will be \$5.00 each. No refund will be given on the coupon books.

## MISS MARTHA VAUGHAN



Miss Martha Jeanette Vaughan who was awarded the president's prize of the Federation of College Women for having attained the highest scholarship during her three years in the Little Rock (Ark.) high school. She is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Milton Vaughan and the granddaughter of the late Mrs. Myra McAlmont Vaughan, one of Arkansas' leading historians.

## Sim Lawler Has Narrow Escape Of Life

Sim Lawler who lives on D. O. Smith's farm was seriously hurt Wednesday when a tractor on which he was adjusting carburetor while the motor was going at high speed jumped into gear, knocking him down and resulted in cutting his hand off at the wrist joint and cut a very deep gash in his leg and another lug very near cutting off a toe. He was rushed to a Clovis Sanitarium where he received surgical attention. Mr. Lawler is a married man and one of our progressive farmers. The Journal hopes for a speedy recovery. He was reported resting nicely as we go to press.

## Curtis Taylor and Miss B. B. Layne Married

On Tuesday night of June 23rd, Curtis Taylor and Miss B. B. Layne were married at the Baptist Parsonage by Rev. Stewart. They kept the news from their friends and relatives for several days, but at last it made its get away and in a few days the entire community was wise to their marriage.

Mrs. Taylor is a beautiful, charming young lady, with a winning personality, numbering her friends by her acquaintance. She taught in the primary department of the local school last year and was elected to teach the second grade here the coming season. She is the daughter of Tom Layne and wife.

Curtis Taylor is one of our promising young men, and is connected with the Rice Construction Company. Prior to his connection with the above firm he was with the Bailey County Abstract Co. Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Taylor have hundreds of friends that wish for them much happiness, health and prosperity.

W. W. Lomineck is on the sick list this week.

## New Post Office At Earth In Lamb County

The local Postmistress, Mrs. Carles has advised us that a new post office has been established at Earth. Formerly known as Tulsa or Fairlawn. The Chamber of Commerce and our faithful Postmistress have been working on this proposition for some time and they feel proud in making the announcement. The new office will be specially supplied from the Muleshoe office. They are now doing a good business.

## Ernest Fowler Quits Rooming Houses-Cafes

Ernest Fowler front office man at Green Motor Company, has quit the rooming houses and cafes. On last Saturday afternoon at Floydada, he and Miss Irene Webster were made man and wife. On their arrival in this city Sunday the small cottage of L. S. Barron was made their home. Mr. Fowler had previously arranged for a complete set of furniture to be placed in the cottage by the Panhandle Lumber Company Furniture Department. And when the bride and groom arrived everything was in readiness for the new home.

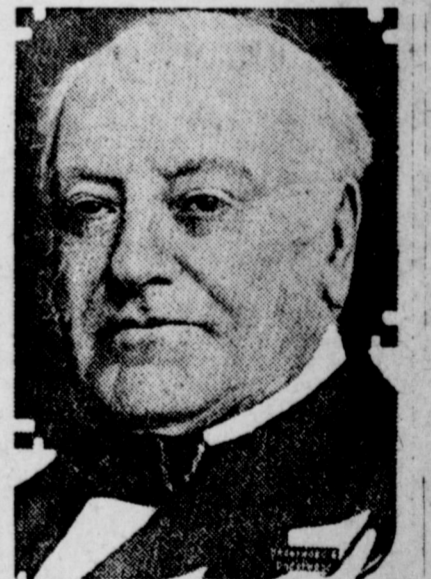
Mrs. Fowler is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Webster, of Lockney. Mr. Fowler's home was also in Lockney before moving here to take charge of the front office at Green Motor Co.

May their path of life be ever strewn with roses of the sweetest fragrance is the wish of the Journal.

See the Journal man for anything in the novelty advertising line. We can give you nearly any article you can think of with your advertisement printed on it. See the editor, or phone and we will call with the samples.

Miss Fannie Anderson came in Saturday from Clovis, where she underwent an operation at the Baptist Hospital. She is recovering nicely.

## EARL OF COVENTRY



Portrait of the earl of Coventry, ninth in his noble line, and at eighty-seven (in May) looking more than ever like the famous grand old man, Gladstone. The earl and his countess recently celebrated their diamond jubilee, having been married sixty years.

## WORRELL'S



## OPTICAL SHOP HEADACHES EVERY DAY?

Eyestrain is the cause of 7 out of every 10 headaches. If you want to get rid of it, have your eyes properly fitted.

**C Worrell, Eyesight Specialist**  
Lyceum Theatre Bldg. Clovis, N. M.

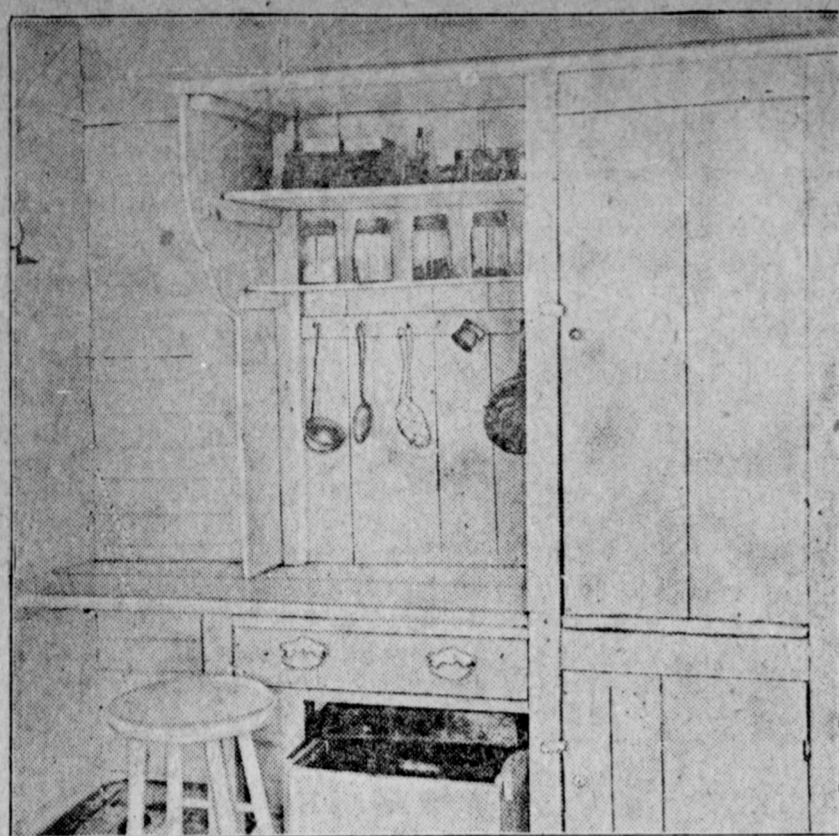
## SUPERIOR Stock and Poultry FEEDS

We have just received a large shipment of that Superior Feed. Feed your stock the Superior way and increase your net profit.

**Bailey County Elevator**  
Ray Griffiths, Mgr. Muleshoe, Texas



WOMAN BUILDS CABINET FOR HER KITCHEN



(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Here is a picture of a cabinet which was made by a woman living on a farm in Goochland county, Virginia. Mrs. Nichols did not have a closet or pantry, so she set about to build a cabinet which would effectively meet her needs. The investment represented was little more than what was needed for nails, hinges and handles on the drawer. She also made the high stool, and put the box under the shelf on rollers. As it contains her pots and pans, she has frequent occasion to pull it out. The work was done in connection with the county kitchen improvement contest, directed by the state and county home demonstration agents, co-operatively employed by the United States Department of Agriculture and the Virginia Polytechnic Institute.

DELICIOUS DESSERTS MADE FROM CHERRIES

It Pays to Use Them at the Height of Their Season When Freshest.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"Cherries are ripe! Let's have a pie!" is probably exclaimed in hundreds of homes as soon as the remark happens to fit the growing season. The family fortunate enough to have a cherry tree in the garden can count on many delicious desserts as well as cherry pie, whether the cherries are sweet or sour, black, white or red. Even when the cherries have to be bought, it pays to use them at the height of their season when they are freshest and cheapest. They may be served in place of, or in addition to other fruits, for the sake of a change of flavor.

Every housekeeper has her own way of making cherry pie; not every one, however, knows the secret of making a juicy fruit pie with a crisp undercrust. Here are several suggestions furnished by the United States Department of Agriculture to insure success: Prebake the undercrust until it is delicately colored, but not too brown, or it will be overcooked around the edges when the filling is done. Thicken the juice slightly with flour. Moisten the rim when laying the top crust in place and tuck the edge in carefully so that the juice will not leak out. Prick the crust to allow steam to escape.

For cherry tarts, make any desired pastry, and bake the shells on the outside of muffin pans. Cook the fruit only long enough to dissolve the sugar, thickening the juice a little if desired. Fill the cases with the cooked cherries. An extra touch may be given by adding a meringue or a spoonful of whipped cream.

Cherry Roly Poly.

A good old-fashioned hot dessert is roly poly pudding. This can be made with any kind of fruit in season—raspberries, blackberries, blueberries, apples or even with dried fruits—raisins, dates, prunes, figs—but it is particularly delicious when cherries are used, and they are one of the earliest available fresh fruits. To make it use:

- 2 cups flour
- 5 teaspoonfuls baking powder
- 1 teaspoonful salt
- 1/2 cup milk
- 1 1/2 cups pitted cherries
- 1/2 cup sugar
- 2 teaspoonfuls butter

Mix all together except the fruit and sugar and then roll the dough out in a sheet. Spread the fruit and sugar over the dough and add a little spice if desired. Roll up like a jelly roll.

Leave a one-inch margin of plain dough all around. Sew the pudding up in a cheesecloth bag, allowing room for swelling. Steam or boil one hour.

Serve with a cherry hard sauce made by adding from one-half to one cupful of chopped pitted cherries to ordinary hard sauce.

Cherry Foam.

Desserts made with uncooked egg white are meant to be served and eaten promptly or they lose their fluffy texture. Cherry foam is similar in principle to apple or orange "snow," and has the pleasing cherry flavor. Here is the recipe:

- 2 egg whites
- Dash of salt
- 1 cup sugar
- 1 cup cut cherries
- 1 tablespoonful lemon juice

Wash and pit cherries and cut them in half. Cook them for a few minutes until the sugar is dissolved. Chill thoroughly. Beat the whites of the eggs until very stiff, then add the slightly cooked fruit, mixing lightly. Serve at once with a custard sauce or whipped cream.

Dress Form Popular in Western Sewing Clubs

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In the clothing work in Thurston county, Washington, the home demonstration agent, representing the United States Department of Agriculture and the state agriculture college spent ten days with three groups of interested women. After finding that the price quoted on commercial dress forms was \$2.75, it was agreed to discontinue their use and substitute the gummied paper form, at a cost of \$1 to each maker. Eight forms were finished at Grand Mound, 14 women were



Making a Gummied Paper Form.

enrolled at the Spurgeon Creek community fair, and the same plan was presented at the South Bay fair, with an enrollment of 12.

In Pierce county, Washington, the home demonstration agent reports 36 paper dress forms made. A commercial device was purchased for moistening the paper, the cost of which the women propose to meet by paying 10 cents extra for the first 40 forms. One woman said the fun of making a form is worth the \$1 it costs. The women have been doing this work themselves after seeing one demonstration.

Rhubarb Betty Is Good Dessert for Variation

Here are two old friends who, in a good many homes, have never met each other. Rhubarb, by itself—served as sauce—is sufficiently familiar to need no introduction; in fact, this is almost the only form in which many people know rhubarb. Even when they enjoy rhubarb pie, the rhubarb is sauce before it is pie. "Betty"—bread crumbs and fruit, baked in alternate layers—is most often "apple betty," sometimes peach or prune betty. There is no reason, however, why rhubarb betty should not vary the spring desserts and be popular with the family. It may be made with sweetened rhubarb sauce or raw sliced rhubarb, sprinkled with sugar and alternated with buttered spiced crumbs. The United States Department of Agriculture has tested the following proportions:

- Rhubarb Betty.
- 1 quart sweetened rhubarb sauce
- 1 quart fine, dry bread crumbs
- 3 or 4 tablespoonfuls melted butter
- 1/2 teaspoonful Cinnamon or nutmeg

Mix the butter with the crumbs. Place the rhubarb and the crumbs in alternate layers in a greased baking dish, and sift the cinnamon or nutmeg over the top. Bake the pudding in a moderate oven. If rhubarb sauce is used, this will require about fifteen minutes. If raw rhubarb is used, cover baking dish at first and bake uncovered until the rhubarb is tender. Serve the pudding hot, or let cool with hard sauce.

VARIETY IN BEADED GOWNS; COSTUMES FOR FANCY DRESS

IN ONE headed gown after another the silhouette may be as simple as that of a plain chemise and still be wholly approved if the beading is beautiful. It is the pattern and coloring in beaded decorations that make the success of the gown and are most important. Designers have lavished their exhaustless ingenuity on these decorative patterns and many beaded gowns still remain straight up-and-down affairs—backgrounds for wonderful beading.

But in beaded gowns this season certain of the great designers decided to put less emphasis on beading and more on the construction of models in order to introduce the season's new

times is revealed in the apparel of those times and it is their costuming that impresses periods of history on the minds of the young.

Recently exhibitions have been given in the cities showing how effectively fine crepe and tissue paper can be used for reproducing costumes of different periods and peoples. These exhibitions were a revelation and showed that paper is as adaptable as need be to these bygone costumes and can be used for frocks, wraps, headwear and accessories and is far less expensive than fabrics.

Three little maids pictured here reproduce the costumes of colonial days and periods a little later. The ruffled



PRODUCED BY PARIS DESIGNERS

and important style points. The side panels, front or back fullness, godets, yokes and varied necklines that are characteristic of the season find themselves dividing interest with beaded patterns in these new gowns. Just how gracefully they have been managed may be gathered from the two models shown here from Lanvin. At the left a dress of pale-rose crepe is embroidered with rose-colored beads and provided with a girde embroidered in a floral pattern. The yoke with round neckline finished like the girde and extended into short sleeves is of the plain crepe.

In the gown at the right of orchid crepe, the new low "V" shaped neckline, back and front, is introduced, and a pointed front drapery of plain

skirt with panniere drapery and elbow sleeves in a short bodice with "V" shaped front opening recall the cheerful modes of Lady Washington's day. Any color in fine crepe paper, with black tissue for the ribbon bands across the front of the bodice, may be used for this dress. Crepe paper makes the rose that is posed on the panniere and the large cap. The quaint dress with short sleeves and little cape shown in the center of the group is very prim looking, with little flat bows of silky paper set down the front and ruffles of it about the skirt. The demure poke bonnet is also made of paper. For the sprightly dress at the left printed crepe paper is used, with ruffles and sash of plain crepe paper. The frivolous Charlotte Corday bon-



COSTUMES FOR FANCY DRESS

net is also of paper. A thirst for knowledge rarely impels young people to the study of apparel of the past, but a fancy dress party will make them keen about it.

By way of furthering the study of costume another use for crepe paper is found in the dressing of character dolls. Indian villages are reproduced in the recent exhibitions given showing miniature warriors, squaws, medicine men, papooses fashioned of paper and wire, among tepees and trees made in the same way. Water-color paints and colored sealing wax help out in decorations and the work of making the figures proves fascinating to boys and girls. Incidents in American history may be portrayed in this way and youthful minds improved much more readily and permanently than is possible with simply memorizing what the books say.

Tableaux prove a great aid to the history teacher, in which pupils take part, clad in paper costumes.

JULIA BOTTOMLEY.  
(© 1925. Western Newspaper Union)

LIVE STOCK

ALFALFA FAVORED FOR HOG PASTURE

Alfalfa is the best pasture crop for hogs where conditions are favorable for its growth. It not only has a higher feeding value than clover or blue grass, but remains green and succulent during the hot summer months when blue grass has dried up and clover is often hard and dry.

Alfalfa is ready for pasturing early in the spring and continues until late in the fall. It has the advantage of lasting through a number of seasons while clover and rape must be reseeded. When alfalfa is not pastured heavily one or two light crops of hay can be cut during the season. This is good practice in pasturing because heavy grazing tends to kill out the stand. Alfalfa is a suitable pasture crop for all classes of hogs, but is especially valuable for brood sows and young pigs. Its high protein and lime content makes it valuable for growth and milk production.

A good stand of alfalfa will graze eighteen to twenty full-fed hogs per acre, while the number will be reduced to six or seven when the hogs are being grown on a half-feed of grain. Under average conditions four or five brood sows and their litters can be pastured on an acre of alfalfa. Although alfalfa ranks at the top of the pasture crops as a supplement to corn for hogs, it is usually advisable to add tankage or some other high-protein concentrate to the ration, especially for young growing pigs.

Recent tests at the Purdue experiment station show that spring pigs fed for market on alfalfa pasture made more rapid gains and saved more corn and tankage than those on clover. In two trials the pigs on alfalfa gained an average of 1.76 pounds daily and required 331 pounds of corn and 30 pounds of tankage per 100 pounds gain, while on clover the average daily gain was 1.68 pounds, with a feed requirement of 336 pounds of corn and 30 pounds of tankage per 100 pounds of gain.

A good pasture crop is essential for the most economical pork production. In fact, it is so important that it often makes the difference between profit and loss in the business.

For Proper Development Young Colt Needs Care

The colt, to develop into a strong, rugged, growthy horse, must not be stunted the first year of its life. If the feed box is placed low, the foal will begin eating with its mother when three or four weeks old and will acquire a taste for grain. The earlier it learns to eat the sooner it will relieve the mare to the extent that she will be able to do more work. If the mare is not being worked and is running on grass, a creep should be made to allow the colt to eat at will while on pasture. Good rations for the creep are crushed oats with bran or 4 parts crushed corn, 3 parts bran and 1 part linseed meal. Colts should be given alfalfa hay as soon as they will eat it.

When the mare is being worked the colt should be kept in a cool, dark stall during the day where it will not be bothered by flies and where it will be safe from injury. Colts should not be allowed to follow the mare in the field. When the colt is small the mare should be brought to the barn to suckle the colt in the middle of the forenoon and again in the middle of the afternoon. After the colt becomes older it may be allowed to nurse only when the mare is brought in at meal-time.

Mares at hard work and nursing a strong foal should be fed heavily to insure a good flow of milk. If the mare is worked during the day the mare and colt should be turned on grass at night. If a creep is not used for colts while running in the pasture they should be given a good ration of grain in the barn twice a day.

Fattening Lambs on Soy Beans Is Satisfactory

Soy-bean hay is somewhat inferior to alfalfa hay for fattening lambs, according to tests conducted by the Illinois experiment station. The hay required was about 20 per cent greater with soy-bean hay than with alfalfa. The edible portion of the soy-bean hay was, however, as palatable as alfalfa, and as efficient in producing gains, but it contained more refuse.

Soy-bean oil meal, when used as a supplement to shelled corn and soy-bean straw, gave more rapid gains and required less grain than did linseed meal.

Soy-bean straw proved superior to oat straw as feed for lambs. When oat straw was fed with shelled corn and soy-bean oil meal, the gains were less than with soy-bean straw and the same concentrates.

Removing Ram's Horns

It is not unusual for the horns of rams to press upon the side of the head or neck. In most cases of this kind longitudinal sections sawed from the inside of the horn and the edges rasped smooth will remedy the trouble. Sometimes it is necessary to remove the horns by sawing them off. If dehorning is practiced pine tar bandages should be applied. If the operator is inexperienced in dehorning it might be well to call your local veterinarian for advice.

TWICE IN THIS WOMAN'S LIFE

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her from Sickness to Health

Ellensburg, Washington. — "When I was first coming into womanhood I suffered terribly every month. My mother did everything she could think of, so she took me to several doctors and they only helped me a little. Mother was talking to another lady about my condition and she told mother of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Mother got me six bottles and at the end of the first month I was much better, so I kept on taking it until I had no more pains. When I got married and had my first child I was in terrible pain so that it was impossible for me to do my housework. I thought of how the Vegetable Compound had been of so much benefit to me when I was a girl, so I went to Perier's Drug-Store and got six bottles. It sure did help me and I still take it. I am a well woman today and I can't say too much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I will answer any letter that comes to me to answer about what your medicine has done for me." — Mrs. WILLIAM CARVER, R. F. D. No. 2, Ellensburg, Washington.



His Occupation

A feller from down about Slippery Slap, while passing along the big road in the Rumpus Ridge neighborhood, encountered beside the road a resident of the region sitting on a stump and gazing at the ground. "Howdy!" he saluted. "What are you doing there?"

"Fonderin'," was the reply. "Doing—p'tu!—which?" "Fonderin'." "What's that?" "Durned if I know!"—Kansas City Star.

The prices of cotton and linen have been doubled by the war. Lengthen their service by using Red Cross Ball Blue in the laundry. All grocers—Advertisement.

Decorations Too Costly

Brass work, with which the front doors of most British homes have been adorned for centuries and which contributes to the furnishings of numerous offices, is going out of fashion because of the expense involved in keeping the fixtures shiny. Many new buildings in Liverpool and elsewhere in England are going up without brass or copper decorations.

When you decide to get rid of Worms or Tapeworm, get the medicine that will expel them with one dose—Dr. Perry's "Dead Shot." 372 Pearl St., N. Y. Adv.

Same Everywhere

"So I will call round with the bill on Wednesday." "Yes—Wednesdays!"

He Feels Like a Boy at Forty

"For over a year I suffered from headaches and constipation. Someone at my club suggested Beecham's Pills, I tried them and they relieved me. It's only forty and I feel like a boy again after taking Beecham's Pills." Mr. J. G. Yonkers, N. Y.

This man gives good advice. Follow it, and see how quickly digestive disorders, constipation and biliousness are overcome by Beecham's Pills.

For FREE SAMPLE—write B. F. Allen Co., 417 Canal Street, New York Buy from your druggist in 25 and 50c boxes

Beecham's Pills

RESINOL

Soothing and Healing Stops Itching

Dickey's OLD RELIABLE Eye Water relieves sun and wind-burned eyes. Doesn't hurt. Genuine in Red Folding Box. 25c at all druggists or by mail. DICKEY DRUG CO., Bristol, Va.—Tenn.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic Stops Malaria, Restores Strength and Energy. 60c

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Removes Dandruff Stops Hair Falling Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair 5c and 10c at Druggists. Hixson Chemical Works, Patchoque, N. Y.

HINDERCORNS

Removes Corns, Callouses, etc. stops all pain, ensures comfort to the foot, makes walking easy. Use by mail or at Druggists. Hixson Chemical Works, Patchoque, N. Y.

SHOW CASES

Drug, Dry Goods & Jewelry Fixtures Soda Fountains BUY DIRECT FROM MANUFACTURER SOUTHERN FOUNTAIN AND FIXTURE MFG. CO. Dallas, Texas



# NAMELESS RIVER DAIRY

**A Clean Record for Four Generations**

**DISASTER**

**SYNOPSIS.**—Kate Cathrew, "Cattle Kate," owner of the Sky Line ranch, on her way to McKane's store at Cordova, seemingly infuriated by the sight of a girl plowing in the valley below, places a rifle bullet near the horses' feet. The girl takes no notice. Kate goes on to town, where her presence brings on a fight between McKane, the trader, and Sheriff Selwood. Nance Allison, the girl on whom Kate Cathrew had vented her spite, is with her widowed mother and crippled brother Bud farming land taken up by her father, killed a short time before in a mysterious accident. Bud is the victim of a deliberate scheme to maim or kill him. Kate Cathrew wants the farm for pasture land, and is trying to frighten the Allisons into leaving. Big Basford, Sky Line rider, desperately in love with Kate, picks a quarrel with a fellow rider, Rod Stone. Kate, to part them, lashes Basford across the face with a quilt. Nance discovers in a cave a fine collie dog, evidently guarding a child. She goes home mystified. Next day Nance returns to the cave with food and makes friends with the dog and the small boy. Sonny, he tells her "Brand" takes care of him and "Dirk," the collie. Selwood is certain Kate Cathrew is the head of a "cattle rustling" gang, with Lawrence Arnold, her partner, who rarely visits the ranch. Minnie Pine, halfbreed at the Sky Line ranch, is in love with Rod Stone. Ranchers complain of cattle-stealing and criticize Sheriff Selwood for his seeming inactivity. Nance, visiting Sonny and Dirk in the cave, meets Brand Fair, Sonny's protector, and promises to keep their secret. Nance becomes keenly interested in Brand Fair. The girl is relying on a field of corn to pay off debts she owes McKane. Fair sees Bud Province, one of the Sky Line riders, in Blue Stone canyon, and tells Nance he and Sonny must move at once. So Nance takes Sonny home with her.

**By VINGIE E. ROE**

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What could be his reason? What could there be in the Deep Heart country to whom a little child could make a difference? But it was none of her business, she sagely concluded, and could wait the light of the future. Maybe Brand would some day tell her all about it. So she worked and planned for two days more. At their end she drove the cultivator to the stable and stood stretching her tired shoulder muscles while Bud unharnessed the team. She looked back at the field with smiling eyes. "Can only get in it about once more," she said. "It's growing so fast." "Pretty," Bud said, "pretty as you, almost. Do you know you're awfully pretty, Sis?" "Hush!" she laughed. "You'll make me vain. Pretty is as pretty does, you know." "Well, the Lord knows you do enough," returned the boy bitterly, "if I was only half a man—"

with her tongue, straightened her shoulders and, taking her hands from their grip on the pail, walked out toward the field. At the gate she stopped and gazed dully at the ruin before her. Where yesterday had been a vigorous, lusty, dark green growth, fair to her sight as the edges of Paradise, there was now the bald, piteous ugliness of destruction. Of all the great field there was scarcely a dozen stalks left standing. It was a sodden mass of trampled pulp, cut and slashed and beaten into the loose earth by hundreds of milling hoofs. Far across at the upper end she could dimly see, in the growing light, a huge gap in the fence—two, three posts were entirely gone. It had taken many a head of cattle, driven in and harried, to work that havoc. It was complete. For a long, long time Nance Allison stood and looked at it. Then with a sigh that seemed the embodiment of all weariness, she turned away and went slowly back to the cabin. At the open door she met Bud and pushed him back with both hands. Her mother was at the stove, lifting a lid. At sight of her daughter's face she held it in mid-air. "Hold hard, girl," she said quietly, "what's up?" Nance leaned against the door-jamb. Every fiber of her body longed to

could hear far back the voice of Nameless, growing fainter as she left it. At another time she would have missed nothing of all this, would have gloried in it, drunk with the wine of nature. Now a shadow hung over all the fair expanse of slope and mountain range, an oppression heavy, almost, as the hand of death sat on her heart. She rode slowly, letting Buckskin take his own time and way, her hands folded listlessly on her pommel, her faded brown riding skirt swinging at her ankles. She had discarded her disfiguring bonnet for a wide felt hat of Bud's and her bright hair shone under it like dull gold. She was scarcely thinking. She had given way to feeling—to feeling the acid of defeat eating at her vitals, the hand of an intangible force pressing upon her. And she had to face McKane and tell him she could not pay her debt. That seemed the worst of all. She could go without their necessities—her Mammy's shoes and Bud's new underwear—and as for the luxuries she had planned, like the blue dress and the carpet—why, she would cease thinking about them at once, though the giving up of the carpet did come hard, she frankly owned to that. But to fail in her promise to pay—ah, that was gall to her spirit! However, it couldn't kill them, she reasoned, no matter how bitter might be their humiliation. There was always another day, another year, for work and hope, and there were still the hogs. They would bring, at least, enough for the winter's food supply of flour and sugar, salt and tea. She could not turn them in on the debt—the trader must see that. Cordova lay sleeping under a late noonday sun when she rode into the end of the struggling street. A few horses were tied to the hitch rack in front of the store and a half-dozen men lounged on the porch. Nance went hot and cold at sight of them. She had hoped all the way down that McKane would be alone, for no conversation inside the store could fall to be audible on the porch. It would be hard enough to talk to him without an interested audience. She felt terribly alien, as if these people were allied against her, and yet she could not discern among the loungers anyone from Sky Line. As she drew near she did see with a grateful thrill that Sheriff Price Selwood sat tilted back against the door-jamb, his feet on the rung of his chair. At sight of him a bit of the distress left her, a faint confidence took its place. She remembered his kindly eyes that could harden and narrow so quickly, his way of understanding things and people. She dismounted and tied Buckskin under a tree and went forward. As she mounted the steps the sheriff looked up, rose and raised his hat. Nance smiled at him more gratefully than she knew. Then she stepped inside the door—and came face to face with Kate Cathrew who was just coming out. McKane was behind her carrying a small sack which held her mail and some few purchases. The two women stopped instantly, their eyes upon each other. "It's the first time they had met thus pointedly. At sight of this woman whose unproved, hidden workings had meant so much to her, Nance Allison's face went slowly white. She stood still in the door, straight and quiet, and looked at her in silence. At the prolonged intensity of her scrutiny Cattle Kate flung up her head and smiled, a conscious, insolent action. "If you don't want all the door, young woman," she said, "please." She made a move to pass, but Nance suddenly put out a hand. There was an abrupt dignity in the motion, a sort of last-stand authority. "I do," said the girl, "want it all. I have something to tell McKane, and you may as well hear it." The imperious face of Kate Cathrew flushed darkly with the rising tide of her temper. "Get—out—of—that—door," she said distinctly, but for once she was not obeyed.



She Made a Move to Pass, but Nance Suddenly Put Out Her Hand.

"The little shaver's starved," said Bud. "Not starved, but he ain't had regular food—not right to grow on. I can see a difference already." Nance reached over an investigating hand to feel the small shoulder. It bore proudly a brand new shirt made from one of Bud's old ones. To be sure, there was a striking dissimilitude of colors, since part of the fabric had been under a pocket and had not faded, but Sonny wore it with the air of kings and princes. "Yes, sir," she said judicially, "he is gaining, sure as the world!" It seemed to Nance that night that all was well with the world, very well. There seemed a wider margin of hope than usual, as if success, so long denied them, was hovering like a gigantic bird above the homestead, as if their long labor was about to have its reward. She fell asleep thinking of the whispering field, of the trip to Bement, and of Brand Fair's quiet, dark eyes, the look of the chin-strap on his brown cheek.

It seemed to her that she had hardly lost consciousness when Old John announced from his rafter perch the coming of another day and she saw the faint light of dawn on the sky outside. She dressed as usual, looked lovingly at the small face of the little sleeper in the crib, and went out, soft-footed, to start the kitchen fire. That done, she took the pail and went out to the well. She rested the bucket on the curb a moment, lifted the well-board, and stood looking at the faint aureole of light that was beginning to crown Rainbow cliff. The cliff itself was black, blue-black as deepest indigo, its foot lost in the shadows that deepened down Mystery ridge. She could hear the murmuring of Nameless, soft and mysterious in the dawn, feel the little wind that was beginning to stir to greet the coming day. Then, as was her habit, she turned her eyes out across the waving green field of her precious corn.

It must be earlier than she thought, she reflected, for there was not the shimmer of light which usually met her gaze. She looked again at the eastern sky. Why, yes—it was light as usual there. Once more she looked at the field—then she leaned forward, peering hard, her hands still lying on the bucket's rim. Her brows drew down together as she strained her sharp sight to focus on what she saw—or what she thought she saw. For a long time she stood so. Then, as realization struck home to her consciousness, the hands on the bucket gripped down until the knuckles shone white under the tanned skin. Her lips fell open loosely. The breath stopped for a moment in her lungs and she felt as if she were drowning. An odd dizziness attacked her brain, so that the dim world of shadow and light wavered grotesquely. Her knees seemed buckling beneath her and for the first time in her life she felt as if she might faint. Her Mammy had fainted once—when they brought John Allison home, . . . But she gathered herself, with a supreme effort, closed her lips, wet them

crumple down, to let go, to relax in defeat, but she would not have it so. Instead she looked at these two, so greatly dependent upon her, and faced the issue squarely. "It's the cornfield," she said with difficulty, "it's gone." "What?" "Gone? Gone—how?" "Gone—destroyed—wiped off the earth—trampled out by cattle," she said dully, "every blade—every stalk—root, stem and branch!" "My Lord A'mighty!" gasped Mrs. Allison, and the words were not blasphemy. "Cattle Kate!" cried Bud. "Oh, d—n her soul to h—!" "Oh, Bud—don't, don't!" said Nance, her lips beginning to quiver. "He who—who is guilty of d—n—and damnation shall be in danger—danger of h—l fire."

But the boy's blue eyes were blazing and he did not even hear her. He jerked his sagging shoulder up, for a moment, in line with its mate and shut his hands into straining fists. "Gimme a gun—" he rasped, "Pappy's gun—" "No guns, Bud—I've seen feud—in Missouri. There's land an' sunlight in other places beside Nameless. With life we can—" The boy shook his head with a slow, savage motion. "Not for us," he said; "I'd die first." Nance straightened by the door. She lifted her head and looked at his grim young face. Some of its grimness came subtly into her own. "Right," she said, "so would I. We belong to Nameless river—where our pappy left us—and here we'll stay. Only—I pray God to keep me from—from—she wet her lips again, "from what is stirring inside me." "He will," said Bud. "But I'm not so particular. We own this land—and we'll fight for our own." "Amen," said Nance, "we will. We've still got the hogs to sell. Mammy—let's have breakfast. I'm going down to Cordova—it's right McKane should know."

**CHAPTER XII**

"Get—out—of—that—Door!" That was a bitter ride to Nance. The day was sweet with the scents and sounds of summer. Birds called from the thickets, high up the pine tops, stirred by a little wind, sang their everlasting diapason, while she

So Nance turns at last! When two such women as Nance and Kate meet, almost anything can happen.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

**Basilicas**

The name "Basilica" was given to ancient Rome to buildings used as meeting places for business men, and as courts of justice. A basilica consisted of a long central hall or nave, with aisles, the aisles being separated from the nave by pillars supporting the roof. At the end of the nave, opposite the entrance, was a raised platform, or dais, with seats for the judges. To give additional space there was sometimes added at this farther end, a semicircular structure called an apse. After the introduction of Christianity, basilicas were very generally converted into churches, and thus is that the form of the modern cathedral is derived from the Roman basilica.—Kansas City

Doesn't every big industry need provide you with some costs less than it used to?

**ALFALFA HAY BEST FOR DAIRY CATTLE**

Alfalfa hay proved superior to sudan hay as a feed for dairy cattle at the Hays (Kans.) experiment station in the third trial comparing the merits of the two feeds, according to the report given by Prof. J. B. Fitch at the annual Kansas roundup. This trial, conducted during the past year at the Hays station, gave results agreeing with those obtained in the first trial when cows fed alfalfa hay, kafir silage and grain in proportion to milk production produced 13 per cent more milk each day than the same cows when sudan hay was substituted for alfalfa hay. In the second trial, however, the cows fed sudan hay, kafir silage and a liberal grain ration produced slightly more milk each day than the same cows when alfalfa hay was substituted for the sudan hay.

Eight Holstein cows were used in the third trial. They averaged 573 pounds of milk and 21.5 pounds of butterfat daily while fed alfalfa hay as compared with 511 pounds of milk and 19.7 pounds of butterfat on sudan hay. "Cows fed alfalfa hay, kafir silage, and a liberal grain ration, produced 8 per cent more milk and 10 per cent more butterfat than the same cows when fed sudan hay," said Professor Fitch in summarizing the results of the third experiment. "The body weights of the cows were practically constant during the three periods. The alfalfa hay was consumed in larger amounts than was the sudan hay.

"In two of the three feeding trials comparing alfalfa hay and sudan for dairy cattle at the Hays station, alfalfa has proved to be better than sudan. In the trial where sudan proved better than alfalfa, the alfalfa hay was of inferior quality. In all three trials the liberal grain ration and the relatively short feeding periods apparently have reduced the difference between alfalfa hay and sudan hay. This statement is made as the result of a large number of feeding trials with dairy cows comparing feeds similar to those used in this experiment. Alfalfa hay and sudan have practically the same amount of digestible protein as has sudan. The quality of the protein in alfalfa is also superior to that from other hay crops and grains that have been compared experimentally to date. As a source of minerals for dairy cows the legume hays, and especially alfalfa, are of special importance. To maintain milk production and body weight over a large period of time when on sudan hay cows must be fed a grain ration containing a protein supplement. In regions where alfalfa cannot be grown and where it is high in price it is desirable to feed three or four pounds of alfalfa daily to dairy cows as an additional source of minerals and for the protein it contains."

**Soy Beans Are Superior as Protein Supplement**

Cracked soy beans are equal or slightly superior to linseed oilmeal as a protein supplement for dairy cows. After three separate trials with this new feed, investigators at the Iowa experiment station have reached the above conclusion. Furthermore, they demonstrated that soy beans do not cause scours under the conditions existing in the experiment. The basal ration consisted of corn silage, alfalfa hay, cracked corn and ground oats. Roughage was fed according to the capacity of the cows and the grain mixture according to production. No tendency in the beans to become unpalatable over long feeding periods was observed so long as a daily allowance of four pounds was not exceeded. When the price for soy bean seed gets lower and reasonably large acreages are planted, soy beans can be extensively used. Soy bean oilmeal, which is the product left after oil extraction, was also tested at the Iowa station. Its value was found equal to that of linseed oilmeal. The relative prices of the two feeds will determine which is the better to buy. Planted with corn for silage, soy beans did not show any value, according to the Iowa tests. Work done so far indicates that corn silage is of practically the same value as corn-bean silage for the production of milk and butterfat. The tonnage per acre showed an increase of 5.69 per cent where the two crops were grown together, compared with corn alone. The costs for seed and seeding largely offset the advantage in tonnage, however, making straight corn silage practically as economical as corn-bean silage.

In the first trial the percentage of beans in the silage was about 3 and in the second 25. No advantage was noted in the increased percentage. There was practically no difference in the palatability.

**Soy Bean Meal Value**

The value of soy bean meal for producing meat, milk, and butter is well established. It is one of the cheapest of the highly nitrogenous feeding stuffs and is therefore economical for balancing rations deficient in nitrogen. Owing to its high content of protein the meal should be used with the same precaution observed with other highly concentrated feeds. As regards digestibility, soy bean meal compares favorably with other oil meals.

**That Good Old Pine Tar Soap**



**Small Wood Denizens Have Large Appetites**

Tests of the appetite of the average Rocky mountain mantled ground squirrel and the San Francisco mountain chipmunk are being conducted by the biological survey, United States Department of Agriculture, at the southwestern forest experiment station. These little animals show an astonishing capacity for pine seeds, the ground squirrel eating 340 pine seeds in one day and night, while the chipmunk can account for 237. It is found that a group of four seed trees in an acre of cut-over western yellow pine land will produce about 92,000 seeds in a good year, which would be just enough seed to carry one family of squirrels and three families of chipmunks about two weeks. What the rodents do for the remaining 50 weeks or what they do in a poor seed year does not appear, but in a good year, at least, they seriously interfere with the natural reforestation of western yellow pine.

Let us draw upon content for the deficiencies of fortune.

**CHILD'S BEST LAXATIVE IS CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP**



MOTHER! Even if cross, feverish, bilious, constipated or full of cold, children love the pleasant taste of "California Fig Syrup." A teaspoonful never fails to clean the liver and bowels. Ask your druggist for genuine "California Fig Syrup" which has directions for babies and children of all ages printed on bottle. Mother! You must say "California" or you may get an imitation fig syrup.

**Boschee's Syrup** for Coughs and Lung Troubles. Successful for 59 years. See and use bottle. ALL DRUGGISTS

**BATHE TIRED EYES**

Buy at your druggist's or 1109 River, Troy, N. Y. Booklet.

**OLD SORES, PILES AND ECZEMA VANISH**

Good, Old, Reliable Peterson's Ointment a Favorite Remedy. "Had 51 ulcers on my legs. wanted to cut off leg. Peters ment cured me."—Wm. J. Ni Wilder Street, Rochester, N. Y. Get a large box for 35 cents. druggist, says Peterson, of Buffalo, N. Y., and money back if it isn't the best you ever used. Always keep Peterson's Ointment in the house. Fine for burns, scalds, bruises, sunburn, and the surest remedy for itching eczema and piles the world has ever known.

**NR To-Night Tomorrow Alright** NR a vegetable NR appetizing, adds tone and vigor to the digestive and eliminative system, improves the appetite, relieves Sick Headache and Biliousness, corrects Constipation. Used for over 30 years. Chips off the Old Block. NR JUNIORS—Little NRs One-third the regular dose. Made of same ingredients, then candy coated. For children and adults. SOLD BY YOUR DRUGGIST



**NOTICE**  
Every Thursday afternoon from 2:30 to 6 p. m. will be ladies afternoon.  
Electric Pool.  
FOR SALE--\$50 Victrola, \$20 worth of records going at \$30 cash, if taken at once. See Geo. M. Clark at American Cafe or Journal Office.

Mrs. A. A. Huke and Misses Clara Huke and Sarah Park were week-end guests of Miss Lottie M. R. Usleman was in the latter part of last week with a load of new onions. They were very fine and brought him 5c per pound.  
Long's Dairy, Phone 45-2R.

**Notice To Farmers**  
The Chamber of Commerce will give the following cash sums for the best crops as below.  
Best 10 acres of cotton \$100 cash.  
Best 10 acres of maize \$50 cash.  
Best 1 acre sweet potatoes \$50 cash.

**Church Directory**  
METHODIST  
Preaching services 1st 2nd and 4th Sundays in each month 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.  
Sabbath School every Sunday at 10 a. m. prompt. A. V. McCarty Jr. Supt.  
Prayer Meeting every Wednesday 8 p. m.  
League Meeting 7:45 Good Harden President.  
W. M. S. ever Wednesday afternoon 2:30 p. m.  
Let us forego not the assembling of our selves together after the manner that some has done. Come worship with us. We welcome you one and all.  
Rev. J. D. Farmer, Pastor.

BAPTIST  
Worship and preaching 1st and 3rd Sundays in each month 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.  
Business meeting Wednesday 8 p. m. after first Sunday.  
Sabbath School every Sunday at 10 a. m. Ray Griffiths Supt., B. Y. P. U. 8 p. m. Miss Brown Pres.  
Prayer Meeting every Wednesday 8 p. m.  
W. M. U. every Wednesday 3:30 p. m. Mrs. Ray Griffith Pres. C. D. Gupton, Treasurer. Taylor White, Clerk.  
A place of worship for every member of the family.  
W. L. Stewart, Pastor.

Dodge, twelve volt battery, SPECIAL—Dinner every Sunday at T. B. Fry. \$24.00 at Hotel James.

**Bennett Mfg. Company**

Sells lumber and building material direct from their Mills in East Texas to the builders. Save money, buy from us on tracks just above grain elevator

MULESHOE - - TEXAS

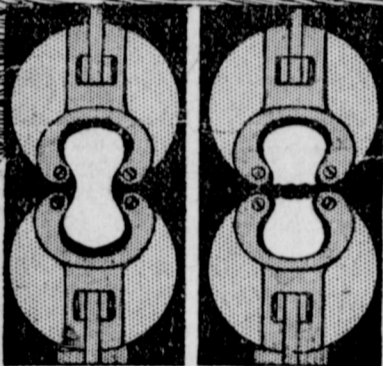
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The Best Thing Ever Organized for the Farmer

DIRECTORS LOAN COMMITTEE  
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**R. L. Brown**  
The Real Estate Man



**50% Above Standard —U.S. Government Tensile Strength Test**

Standard specifications under which all cement is sold require, among other things, the making of tensile strength tests. The above illustration shows how the test is made. Samples taken continuously at the mills of the Texas Portland Cement Company are combined and made into small briquettes, shaped like a figure "8", in preparation for this test. Some are allowed to harden for seven days before testing. Others are kept twenty-eight days for another strength test. The first test determines the rate of hardening and the second indicates permanent strength. Before acceptance, cement must develop a tensile strength of 200 pounds per square inch after seven days and pass the other exacting tests of the Standard Specifications. But LONE STAR Cement does more than just pass these tests. It exceeds standard quality by over 50%. This record has been continuously maintained at the Texas Company's mill. With ordinary manufacturing methods, this feat might be difficult. With the famous International Wet-Blending Process now used in the LONE STAR mills, uniform quality becomes a matter of habit. In fact, the chemist and the superintendent can always come within 1/10 of 1% of the quality at which they aim. Result—A super-quality product that costs no more than other brands of cement. It has our unqualified endorsement.



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Ask us for cost figures and other facts on repairs, improvements and construction of any kind. Valuable information supplied without obligation.

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Abstract, Loan, all kinds of Insurance and Conveyancing. All matters pertaining to land titles given prompt attention

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We have some real bargains in used cars. These cars are guaranteed to give satisfaction

Call and let us show you  
Service is Our Motto

LINCOLN Ford FORDSON  
CARS - TRUCKS - TRACTORS

**Green Motor Co.**

Oils Gas Parts Service

FOR SALE—Maps showing Bailey County, part of Lamb, Farmer, Castro and Cochran counties. Send 50c and we will mail you one. This is a late map, just completed showing the school houses, and Post Offices over the various counties. Sections and surveys are also shown. Map is 8 1/2x11 on good paper. Journal Office.

July Clearance Sale on at Jackman's in Clovis. Women's, and children's wear exclusively.

Mrs. C. C. Mardis, Beth, Ivan and Harold Mardis and Miss Jewel Anderson left the first of the week for Pine Lodge, N. M., to spend a few weeks in the tall Pines and cool streams.

Mrs. J. H. Johnson was in Amarillo the first of the week on business.

FOR SALE—Used Victor, Brunswick and Columbia Records. Call at Journal office. 21-22.

J. A. Billingslea and wife, of Romero, are here this week guests in the H. C. Edmonds home.

New mid summer dresses at Jackman's in Clovis. Women's and children's wear exclusively.

Long's Dairy, Phone 45-2R.

**Bill's Tailor Shop**

Dry Cleaning and Pressing

Altering and Repairing Suits Made to Order

ROAD NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT STATE OF TEXAS, Bailey County.

We, the undersigned Jury of Freeholders, citizens of said Bailey County, Texas, duly appointed by the Commissioners' Court of Bailey County, Texas, at its April Term, 1925, to view and establish a First class Road from and to the points named below and having been duly sworn as the law directs, hereby give notice that we will, on the 11th., day of July 1925, assemble at the beginning point of said road and thence proceed to survey, locate, view, mark out and establish said road, beginning at the Northwest corner of League No. 169, Hale County School Land; thence South on the West boundary line of said League 169 and League 198 Hale County School Land and continuing South on the West boundary line of Leagues Nos. 167, 166, and 195 of the Irion County School Land to the South West Corner of said League No. 165 of the Irion County School Land where said road will connect with the Ozark Trail.

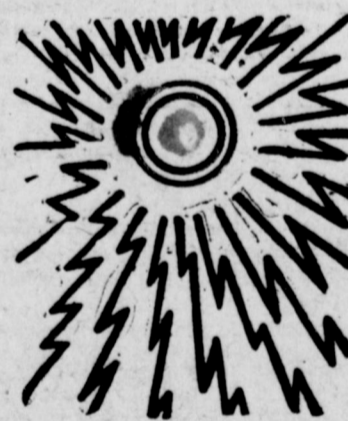
And we do hereby notify Hale County, Texas; G. F. Henderson, M. E. Harris, J. W. Watson, Ed Hulise, O. C. Smith, Fidelity Trust Company and any and all persons owning lands through which said road may run, that we will at the same time proceed to assess the damages incidental to the opening and establishment of said road, when they may, either in person or by agent or attorney, present to us a written statement of the amount of damages, if any, claimed by them.

Witness our hands, this 16th., of May A. D. 1925.  
D. Smith, O. C. Smith, W. arber, T. A. Bayless, Mr. Jurors of view.  
17-18-19-20



**O. N. Robinson**  
General Farm Auctioneer  
Muleshoe, Texas

Phone 879 P. O. Box 2113  
**JOE SEALE**  
—Auctioneer—  
I specialize on farm and stock sales  
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**New Goods**

The very latest in Men's Shirts, Ties, Hose, Caps, Hats etc. Our line of Men's furnishings is the very latest out. Come in and look them over.

We are this week showing a nice line of dress goods for ladies' and children. We have all the wanted materials for the hot summer days.

Wonderful Line of Groceries in stock at all times

**M. P. SMITH**



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G. E. ODELL, Prop.  
Next Door to Gupton Grocery Store  
Shoe Repairing,  
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GOOD HARDEN, Owner

We do all kinds of hauling

No job to large or small for us

Get Me at PANHANDLE LUMBER CO.

### J. E. HANLEY

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All forms of Chronic Diseases

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The Basket Leaves Monday and Returns on Wednesday

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Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat  
In Muleshoe July 17

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Clovis, N. M.

## Bang! Goes a Big Sale Saturday Don't Miss It!

Men's good grade Penacle Brand overall \$1.65 values going at - \$1.49  
Men's good grade work sox going at - 19c  
Black and White face powder, large size going at 49c, small size at - 23c  
That good Dyanshine shoe polish 50c the world over, going at - 40c  
That good grade Murray 30x3 1-2 red tube \$2.00 value going at - \$1.49  
The Paramount 30x3 Gray tube going at - \$1.29  
Ford Timers and rollers 60c value going at - 49c  
Champion X Ford spark plug 60c value going at 49c  
Millers Best Handy Andy tire patch 50c value at 24c  
The Ladies' Pet Silver Monarch wash board at 49c  
Genuine Ford hub caps going at, each - 7c

Many other articles to numerous to mention.

Don't Overlook Our Grocery Department

## Brooks Variety

FREE tickets will be given on each purchase on dress given away at Johnson's Specialty Shop.

New white kid and felt sport hats at Jackman's in Clovis. Women's and children's wear exclusively.

Ford size battery, \$14.50 at T. B. Fry.

Rev. Parr, of McKinsey, Tenn., who is doing evangelistic work in West Texas was here last week assisting Bro. Dean in his meeting and also visited J. E. W. Jennings home.

E. M. Wilder District Manager of the Bennett Mfg. Co., with headquarters at O'Donnall was here the first of the week checking up on the local yard. He says the country around O'Donnall is looking fine.

Say! have you seen those pretty wool bathing suits at McCarty Drug Store.

Milton Webb of the Whaley Lumber Co., is taking his vacation in Oklahoma and Texas visiting.

Henry Assiter, of Cone, was here last week, visiting in the Star Ranch country.

### American Cafe

J. W. HIGGINBOTHAM Proprietor

### Regular Dinners

-AND-

### Suppers

### Short Orders



## Dodge Brother's Cars

## D. O. SMITH

Muleshoe, Texas

### NOTICE TO BIDDERS

Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners' Court of Bailey County will, up to 10 o'clock a. m. August 10, 1925, receive bids for the furnishing and installing of plumbing, heating and wiring of the new County Courthouse Building of Bailey County and for the furnishing and installing of steel cells of the County Jail, in accordance with plans and specifications adopted by the Commissioners' Court of said County which plans and specifications may be had upon application to the Clerk of said County or to the Architect, The Butler Co., of Lubbock, and at said hour of 10 o'clock a. m., of August 25, of 1925, all bids received will be publicly, opened and considered and all bidders will be required to deposit with the Clerk of this Court or with the Architect \$50.00 as a guarantee for the safe return of the said plans and specifications, and each bid shall be accompanied by a certified check of five per cent (5 per cent) of the amount of such bid, and the successful bidder will be required to give bond in the full amount of the contract.

All bids shall be addressed to Wm. G. Kennedy County Judge of Bailey County in a sealed envelope with the words "Bid of \_\_\_\_\_," such blank space containing the name of the bidder. The Court reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Homer Morris and Miss Lillie Parton both of Sudan, were quietly married here Sunday afternoon by Rev. Farmer.

### - BARGAIN -

FOR SALE---One Victrola and twenty double-disc records. In good condition, is a real bargain. For full information, call Geo. M. Clark at the Journal office or American Cafe.

C. S. Smith, wife and daughter, Miss Leola Smith, of Vernon, were here for the Celebration on July 3-4. Mr. Smith owns a large ranch near here. He was glad to see everything looking so well here.

Rev. G. R. Fort, of Lubbock, was here the first of the week looking after his land interests. He was well pleased with the outlook.

Armatures turned down for generators and starters on all cars. T. B. Fry.

Mail order printing and mail order merchandise go hand in hand. Invest your money in Muleshoe.

Better solid ivory than a rattling gourd.

A couple can live on love if love has a job.

The only unwelcome velvet is that on the iron glove.

Longer and longer grows the list of unreformed reformers.

Another fine spot for a cross-word would be the barber shop ceiling.

The modern idea of disarmament is to beat the swords into airplanes.

Bird lovers note a growing tendency to make the best of the prolific stalling.

The supreme test for Job would have been a simultaneous attack of boils and cross-words.

It seems a shame to find another Egyptian tomb, just as styles for spring had been well settled.

Persons who have built homes never cease to wonder how the birds accomplish it with so little trouble.

You needn't get killed at a railroad crossing. The cities are well supplied with many a dead man's cure.

Straws show which way the wind blows, and aerials point out some of the radio outfits to the assessors.

The song birds are as tuneful as ever, but there has been no harmonic improvement in screeching brakes.

The woman who said the lawmakers joke too much, might as well have said that the lobbyists are too jolly.

Whatever became of the old-fashioned cracker-box Socrates who used to hone the pocket knife on his shoe?

To think that during all the year prior to the arrival of radio, static was lying around idle, loafing its life away.

Wonder if science ever will be able to harness the energy used by the fellow who stands at the curb tooting his horn?

Anyway, there is some consolation in knowing it is almost impossible to transmit a cross-word puzzle by radio.

The man who starts out with a pay roll these days never knows whether the employees orgatne bandits will get it.

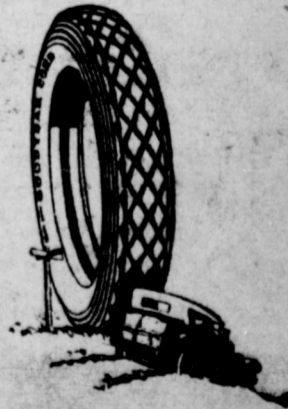
### QUEEN MARY



Best portrait of Queen Mary, showing her majesty wearing her orders and official jewels and her coronet. On her left sleeve is the Order of the Garter, with the big star of that order pinned over her heart.

## Swap Your Old Tires For New Goodyears

Here's the way to get new tires and get 'em at low cost. It beats risking your good money on "gyp" tires of unknown reputation. It gives you the best and most popular tires made---Goodyear Tires---on a money-saving and trouble-saving basis. Simply drive in, trade us your old tires, and with our allowance you can have the utmost in wear, reliability and safety at little outlay.



## Valley Moto

Chevrolet Sales and

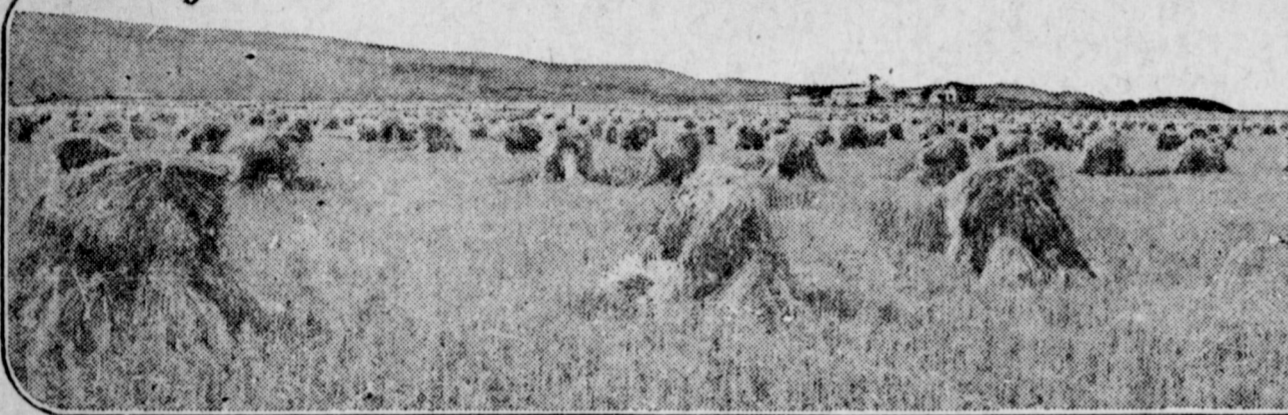
The Checker Servi



# RAGS-OL' IRON!



THE FARM SITUATION IS DESPERATE



WORTH LESS, BECAUSE THERE'S LOTS OF IT



FRANK O. LOWDEN  
AGRICULTURIST

## The American Farm On the Junk Heap

By FRANK O. LOWDEN

**O**UR agriculture is decaying. Farm bankruptcies in recent years have increased more than 600 per cent. According to the Department of Agriculture, the average farmer could have obtained a larger income since 1920 if he had hired himself out as a farmhand. In considerable portions of the agricultural area farms cannot be sold for the value of the improvements alone. Farm improvement everywhere has practically ceased.

And though the attendance in other courses in our universities and colleges has largely increased since the war, the number of students in agricultural courses has decreased about a third. Abandoned farms, which in the New England states excited so much comment a few years ago, are now found in considerable and increasing number in every state of the Union.

And yet despite these facts, which are gathered from the records, there has been a persistent effort during all these years of farm distress to minimize the seriousness of the agricultural situation. Interviews from prominent financiers, articles in magazines—one going so far, I recall, as to characterize the agricultural depression a myth—have appeared with astonishing regularity during all this time, denying that there has been a serious situation upon the farm, or announcing confidently that the farmer's troubles were over and that the future was assured.

Whatever may be the popular opinion in the cities upon the subject, the ablest farm economists generally agree that the farm situation is desperate. This they think grows out of the great disparity between the prices of the things the farmer has to sell and the prices of the things he has to buy. They can see no permanent relief until this disparity is removed. They think that it may take from fifteen to twenty years to effect this adjustment if nothing is consciously done to help the situation. They expect this to be brought about by the natural increase in our population and by the running down of the great farm plant of America.

At the end of that time they tell us there will be another maladjustment of prices, but this time in favor of the farmer, with a great and unwholesome increase in the cost of living to the so-called consuming classes, with its attendant distress.

A few months ago the Department of Agriculture issued its statement of the estimated value of farm crops for the last year. This was heralded as another proof that agriculture had come into its own. For it found that the total value of the farm crops for the year was three-quarters of a billion dollars in excess of the value of the crops of the year before. This, of course, was welcome news. The report, however, disclosed some very perplexing facts. To illustrate, the corn crop was about 20 per cent smaller than the crop of the preceding year. The total value, however, exceeded that of the preceding crop by almost \$200,000,000. And every one knows that the quality of this year's crop was far below the quality of the preceding crop. And yet, under a marketing system which it is claimed is one of the most noteworthy achievements of this commercial age, the smaller crop of inferior corn was worth more in the market than the large and superior crop of the year before.

The cause of this lesser and inferior crop was a cold, wet summer. It was a summer disastrous for corn, but very favorable to the growth of grasses in meadow and pasture. There was, therefore, an increase in the production of milk, with the result that something like 100,000,000 pounds more of butter was produced in 1924 than in the year before. This was about 5 per cent of the total annual production of butter in the United States. However, on account of the fact that only 50.0 per cent of the milk was marketed, the value of the milk was only 50.0 per cent of what it would have been if the price had been the same as in the year before.

This same wet season injured the price of the milk, and the value of the milk was only 50.0 per cent of what it would have been if the price had been the same as in the year before.

bumper corn crop of 1923 was sold at a price which did not cover the cost of production. If corn growers had been organized and found that the market would not receive their corn at what it cost them to produce it they would not have dumped the larger part of the crop upon the market in a few brief months. They would have sold sparingly. They would have stored the remainder, knowing full well that seasons of bountiful production are always followed by seasons of low production, and that at no distant day they would receive a profitable price for their corn. As it was, only a few of the corn farmers were able to hold their corn for the higher prices which they had rightly anticipated and which were later received.

Of course, even if organized, they could not have expected to receive as much per bushel for a 3,000,000,000-bushel crop as for a 2,400,000,000-bushel crop. They would doubtless have asked a somewhat smaller price, but they certainly would have asked a price—and have received it—which would have made the 3,000,000,000 bushels of corn worth more to them than the very next year 2,400,000,000 bushels of poor corn actually brought in the market.

In other words, the corn farmers, if organized, would have adjusted the supply to the actual demand. And they would have made this adjustment before the price became demoralized. In fact, the adjustment was made later, but only after the great bulk of the crop had left the farmers' hands. It cannot too often be stated that the supply of any commodity which affects the price is not the entire stock of the commodity in existence, but only that portion of it which is offered for sale at a given price.

And so, if the dairy farmers had some way by which they could have taken last year the incubus of 50,000,000, or at the outside 100,000,000, pounds of butter off the market, it is almost certain, in the opinion of experts, that this depression in the great dairy industry would not have occurred. If, in other words, this added 50,000,000—or, if you please, 100,000,000—pounds of butter had been purchased at a cost, say, of \$50,000,000 and stored by the farmers themselves, awaiting a season of less luscious grasses, the dairy farmers of America would have received as a return upon their large investment and their labors many million dollars more than they actually did receive.

And so I say this report from the Department of Agriculture discloses very perplexing facts. Now, I produce both corn and milk upon my farm. I feed the larger part of my corn in the form of silage to my cows. I sell it, therefore, in the form of milk. I receive considerably less for it than I did a year ago. And so these glowing figures of the increased value of the corn crop over which the financial writers of the great metropolitan dailies gloat do not comfort me much. I am indeed puzzled to know what to do. I have been taught that to produce 60 bushels of corn to the acre is a finer achievement than to produce 45. I like to see the milk pail brimming full with sweet, pure milk. But when I see 45 bushels of corn worth more than 60 bushels of corn, and when I see the milk pail but two-thirds full worth more than the brimming pail of another year, I become confused and hardly know what to do.

Last summer the cotton crop, particularly in the Southwest, was suffering severely for lack of rain. And then one day the heavens opened and the rains descended. As a result, the government, which before had estimated the crop at 12,400,000 bales, increased the estimate to 13,000,000 bales. This was an increase of less than 5 per cent in the yield, and yet, because of this estimated increase, the price declined in the market 20 per cent. This meant that the total crop of the larger estimate was worth less in the market by \$300,000,000 than the crop by the lesser estimate. And yet at that very time the world needed cotton as it had not needed it before since the Civil war. And this paradox was the result of a timely rain.

Now, there is no music sweeter to my ears than the patter of raindrops upon the roof breaking a drought in the summer time, and yet to save my life, I cannot tell whether that rain is a sweet and fragrant bearer of a benefit—or bankruptcy. When the hot summer winds scorch the fields, I do not know whether to pray for rain or to thank the Almighty for the unbroken drought.

Something is wrong with our methods of marketing when the aggregate money value of a larger crop of a prime necessity is smaller than the value of a smaller crop. There are untold thousands of men and women and children who need more cotton to clothe them than is produced in the world today. To say, therefore, that 12,400,000 bales of cotton are worth more than 13,000,000 bales is to condemn a system of marketing which so measures value.

Our agricultural colleges and our Department of Agriculture have constantly urged larger production. They have assumed, and naturally I think, that the more wheat and corn we raise the fewer hungry mouths there will be and that the more cotton we produce the fewer people will be obliged to go naked or but half clothed. For whatever economists may say as to surplus we know that there really has never been too much of food or too much of clothing for a needy world. And of course it follows that the larger the production per unit, the cheaper will the product be. But when large production is used to drive prices down so as to make large production less profitable than small production, large production will not continue, and the world will therefore have to pay more for the necessities of life. This therefore is the consumer's problem as well as the producer's.

It has been shown again and again that competition, when it goes to the extent of forcing prices below the cost of production, in the end is as disastrous to the consumer as to the producer himself. The demoralization of an industry which inevitably follows results in an increased cost of production which the consumers finally must meet. Organization is a most powerful factor in human progress. The economist as long ago as Adam Smith found in organization the key to industrial growth. Organization means the difference between the mob and a highly organized progressive society.

In the modern world, the farmer alone has been the last to realize the value of organization for his own sake. And therefore it happens that when the farmers in any community organize for any purpose, they soon find that there are other benefits derived in addition to the one that was their special aim. A finer community life, a widening of sympathies with their neighbors and associates, a broadening of their outlook upon the world, a new sense of the dignity and worth of their calling, an elevation of the ablest and worthiest among them to places of leadership, are among the by-products of farmers' organizations.

Agriculture has emerged from its primitive state. It must therefore conform to those practices which have been found necessary to the success of other great industries. In all other fields of commerce, unrestricted, free and open competition in the marketing of products has been gradually disappearing.

Agriculture, therefore, finds itself with its millions of members freely competing among themselves while it is obliged to sell its products in a highly organized industrial and commercial world. Now, if the farmers are to put themselves upon terms of equality with the great industries of the country they, too, must organize. It is not desirable that they should imitate the great industries, adopt the corporate form of organization and operate their farms through corporate management.

It would weaken our whole social structure if our millions of farmers were to surrender their individualism in this way. Nor is it necessary. While much improved efficiency in production is still possible, the farmers have made and are making constant progress in this respect. The problems which press hardest upon him today are concerned with the marketing of his products at a price which will enable him to live and to go on producing. He must find some way to restore the proper relationship between the prices he receives for his products and the prices he pays for other commodities.

Those who oppose the principle seem to think that in some sort of way the co-operative associations are seeking to avoid the operation of the law of supply and demand. Quite the reverse is true. Those who advocate this form of marketing are seeking only to create conditions by which that law will operate fully as between the seller and the buyer of farm products. At present it does not.

Farmers' co-operative marketing associations, however, are making real progress. Some have failed. Doubtless others still will fail. The mortality among them, however, has been no greater than among new business organizations of any other kind of which I know. We have been gathering a large fund of experience which will enable not only those already organized, but new ones yet to be, to avoid largely the errors of the past. They are destined one day to occupy the entire field, for there is no other way out. Just when that happy day shall come no man can tell. It depends largely upon the farmers themselves.

This is not the problem of agriculture alone. It is the problem of all. Because there can be no enduring prosperity unless all the principal industries which go to make up the commercial world, keeping step with one another, shall march abreast.

## Keep Bees Busy to Make Money

### Remove Filled Supers as Soon as Possible and Put in Empty Ones.

The "busy" bee is not nearly so industrious as he has been pictured by his admirers. In fact, he has some very human qualities. He works when there is an incentive to work, and he has been known to loaf on the job dreadfully when he has gotten up enough honey to keep him through the winter.

The bee would not contribute much to man's sweet tooth if he was not persuaded to do so through intelligent handling, and through fear of starvation. A hive of bees can be kept at work through most of the summer if you keep this fear constantly before the workers.

#### Quit When Full.

Under the old system of hiving a good swarm seldom produced more than 10 to 20 pounds of honey a season for the keeper. This was due to the fact that when Mr. Bee got his house full of honey, he quit working. Since beekeepers adopted the sectional hive with supers holding small pound frames, the records of production of a single hive have constantly grown until beekeepers say that in good seasons they sometimes run 200 pounds of honey to the hive. Certainly 60 to 80 pounds is an average yield.

The point is to keep a continual watch on each hive during the honey flow and to remove the filled supers as fast as possible, putting in empty ones. If you don't do this, you are losing just so much return from the bees. Oftentimes to delay doing it at the right time, finds the bees out of the "notion" and they will continue to loaf.

By planting alsike clover for mid-summer feeding and even for late summer, the bees can be kept working right along during hot weather, and they can finish off on buckwheat or some other late crop. Buckwheat honey, however, does not appeal to the market as clover honey. If there is any considerable planting of sweet clover near by, either in fields or growing wild along the roadsides, it will keep the bees busy until well into the fall. And sweet clover is one of the best and clearest honey-makers you can find.

#### Prices for Honey.

Last season honey was bringing beekeepers 50 cents a pound right at the local markets. In the larger cities, the price was even more favorable. And every pound that the bees can be encouraged to produce is just that much more "velvet" for the beekeeper. It pays to have the extra supers all ready to be slipped into place as needed. The big honey flow always comes with a rush and the way the bees get it in often catches the beekeeper unawares, especially so if he is a new hand at the business. Constant prodding is good for Mr. Bee. It will help him to earn the right to the reputation he has enjoyed so long.

## Satisfactory Ration to

### Produce Baby Beeves

Beef cattle investigations conducted by the animal husbandry department of the Kansas State Agricultural college show that fairly satisfactory baby beef can be produced on a ration consisting of cane silage, shelled corn, and no alfalfa hay. The calves fed this ration gained 2.08 pounds per head per day for 197 days.

The high degree of finish and economy of gains, according to the result of a second experiment, are determined by the length of time a limited amount of alfalfa hay is fed with cane silage, shelled corn, and cotton seed meal. The longer a limited amount of alfalfa is fed with this ration the greater the finish and economy of gain.

Another test showed that alfalfa alone is a satisfactory roughage to feed with shelled corn in fattening baby beef for market in so far as gains are concerned.

## As Green Manuring Crop

### Rye Holds a High Place

Rye does not make use of atmospheric nitrogen as does the legume crops and for that reason it gives back to the soil only the nutrients which it takes from it. Its greatest value as a green manuring crop is its ability to return large amounts of organic matter to the soil which improves its mechanical condition, moisture capacity, etc. Rye should not be allowed to grow until it reaches a large size before it is turned under because it will exhaust the moisture supply and thereby injure the following crop. In some soils there is also danger of getting so much organic matter from a crop of rye that unless it is turned under early and allowed to begin decomposition the excessive amount of material turned under will interfere with the movement of the soil moisture.

## Parasites Kill Pests

A well-known scientist once expressed the opinion that were it not for the tendency of insects to prey upon each other, thus holding down their numbers, life on this globe would be made impossible for the vertebrates, including man. Entomologists have been taking advantage of this warfare to help in keeping down the numbers of certain insect enemies of crops, introducing parasites from various parts of the world.

## Early Oats Good as Alfalfa Nurse Crop

### Most Satisfactory When Cut in Green or Dough State.

"There is really no best way to put in alfalfa," says Professor Shepperd of the North Dakota Agricultural college. "It all depends on the fertility of your soil, whether your soil is sandy, loam, clay loam, free of weeds (especially such weeds as quack grass, foxtail and pigeon grass) also, whether you have the time, the tools and the inclination to do all the things necessary to best protect your little alfalfa plants under all conditions.

"In certain soils, there isn't enough plant food or sufficient moisture to take care of the needs of growing a full-sized nurse crop and ripening it ready for harvest, and at the same time supply the necessary plant food and moisture for the alfalfa plants. They have to send their roots deep enough into the ground so that they can get moisture in sufficient amounts to supply the need when the nurse crop is removed and the sun shines directly on the little alfalfa plants during the hot, sunshiny period of harvest time.

"Of all the nurse crops early oats at the rate of two pecks to one bushel per acre with the alfalfa and then cutting the oats green or in the dough stage for hay, have given most satisfaction. It gives them shade in their early weeks of growth, and it keeps weeds and grass from starting and crowding out the alfalfa. Also, by removing it before it ripens, the moisture that would be needed to ripen the grain is conserved and not passed off into the air by the evaporation process. A light seeding of about two pecks of oats to the acre is a good protection for the little alfalfa plants from the blowing of sand.

"Barley seeded at the rate of one bushel to the acre on soils suited for barley has proven to be an excellent nurse crop. As a rule, it does not lodge as easily as oats, ripens early and excellent yields have been secured of from 25 to 51 bushels on different farms where only a bushel of barley was used and seeded."

## Most Profitable Crops

### for Hay and Pasturage

Alfalfa is the most profitable hay crop that can be grown in this state. It does best on soils that are fairly well drained and in a fair state of fertility and that are not acid. Only adapted, hardy seed should be used. Grimm is especially well adapted to Michigan conditions while Cossack, Ontario Variegated, Northern Grown and High Altitude Common usually give good results.

Sweet clover is gaining very rapidly as a pasture crop. On the other hand, alfalfa is frequently used for pasture purposes.

The seed should be inoculated. Material for inoculation may be secured from the department of bacteriology, East Lansing, Mich. The price is 25 cents per bottle and each bottle contains sufficient material to inoculate a bushel of seed. Full directions for application accompany the material.

The spray of the orchard should not in any way lessen the feeding value of the hay.—C. R. Megee, Associate Professor of Farm Crops, Michigan Agricultural College.

## Spray for Vegetables

Arsenate of lead is better than paris green as an application on vegetables and vines such as the potato, cucumber and bean, because it will stick to the plant longer. Paris green, however, will kill the bugs as quickly and as readily as arsenate of lead. Arsenate of lead should be used at the rate of one teaspoonful to two gallons of water, well stirred or at the rate of 1 pound to 50 gallons of water for arsenate of lead and one-half pound of paris green to 50 gallons of water. Cover the plants thoroughly to get good results.

## FARM FACTS

Frequent and shallow cultivation will keep the garden coming along in good shape.

Overfeeding is bad for the calf. A good rule is always to keep the calf a little hungry.

A garden free from weeds not only produces more vegetables but is a sight worth seeing.

Because wood is so useful trees must be felled. Because wood is so useful trees should be planted.

In a number of instances very injurious insect pests have been in a measure controlled by introduced parasites.

The herd bull should run in pasture at least a part of the summer. The exercise will be a fine thing for him and the succulent green grass will "cool him out" and be a great relief from the dry feed he has probably been receiving for many months.

Cultivation of corn and other row crops, in excess of that required to control weeds and keep the surface soil in a granular condition, is not necessary or advisable. Deep cultivation prunes the roots of corn plants and may decrease the yield, especially if deep cultivation is practiced late in the season.



# Children Cry for



## Fletcher's CASTORIA

**MOTHER:**— Fletcher's Castoria is especially prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and, by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving natural sleep.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* Absolutely Harmless—No Opiates. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

### Especially the Cent

"Let me see," said the young man, thoughtfully. "I've got to buy some flowers, and some chocolates, and some theater tickets, and—"  
"Doing mental arithmetic?" inquired the man at the desk.  
"No, sentimental arithmetic."—  
Stray Stories.

### Not Sea Lingo

"I heard somebody under my window this morning," said the northern guest, "remarking, 'Yo ho.'"  
"Yes, suh," said the southern host. "A wandering sailor?"  
"No, just a colored neighbor returning a garden implement."

## Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

**BELLANS FOR INDIGESTION 25 CENTS**  
6 BELLANS Hot water Sure Relief  
**BELLANS**  
25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

### African Gold Output

Although the output of African gold mines recently jumped \$1,530,000 to \$17,540,000 in a recent month, every effort is being made to reduce expenses.

The use of soft coal will make laundry work heavier this winter. Red Cross Ball Blue will help to remove that grimy look. At all grocers—Advertisement.

### Scrambled Brains

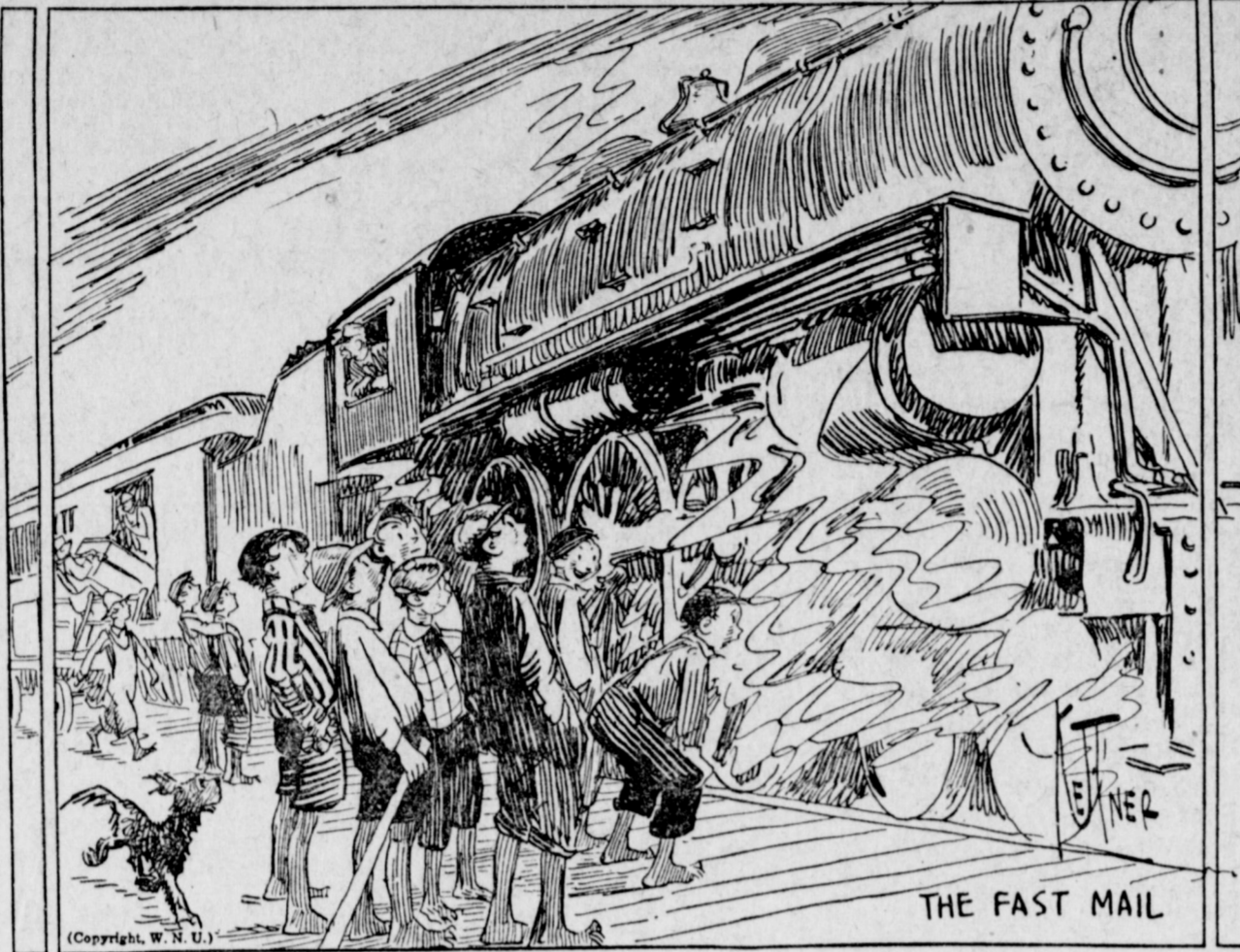
There are two kinds of people: the intelligent and morons. The intelligent does the classifying.—Fresno Republican.

### In Suburbia

"My cook is threatening to leave."  
"Mine went yesterday."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

# OUR COMIC SECTION

## Events in the Lives of Little Men



THE FAST MAIL

### THE FEATHERHEADS

### You Tell Him, Fanny

CONRAD BRAGGART IS ALL RIGHT — HE TOOK MY SIDE IN THE ARGUMENT WITH THE DETECTIVE — IF IT HADN'T BEEN FOR CONNY I MIGHT NOT HAVE BEEN HERE

ALL THAT YOUNG UPSTART DOES IS BRAG ABOUT HIMSELF, FLIP CIGARETTE ASHES ON MY RUGS, & THROW BURNT MATCHES BEHIND THE RADIATOR

YOU'RE ALWAYS BRINGING THE QUEEREST PEOPLE HOME WITH YOU — TAKE FOR INSTANCE OTTO VERFLOPP, THAT MAN WHO LOANED YOU A NICKLE ON THE TROLLEY ONE NIGHT — YOU THOT HE WAS NOBILITY IN DISGUISE AND HE PROVED TO BE JUST A DISH WASHER AT GRABBS LUNCH ROOM

AND THEN THERE WAS RODERICK SEBNITZ, THE MAN WHO SHARED HIS PEANUTS WITH YOU AT THE BALL GAME — YOU THOT HE WAS SOME RICH MAN'S SON & HE TURNED OUT TO BE AN ELEPHANT TENDER AT THE CIRCUS

AND THEN THERE WAS IRA RANTACK, THE MAN WHO HELPED YOU WHEN YOU SKIDDED ON THE BANANA PEEL — YOU THOT HE WAS A PHILANTHROPIST AND HE TURNED OUT TO BE A PANHANDLER

OTTO VERFLOPP

RODERICK SEBNITZ

IRA RANTACK

L. F. VAN ZELM

### MICKIE, THE PRINTER'S DEVIL

### No Wonder He Looked Groggy

HOT DOG! SHE SAID "YES" AND WE ARE GOING TO HAUL OFF AND GET HOOKED UP IN THE BONDS OF MATRIMONY ONE OF THESE DAYS

HER OL' MAN, HE GIMME A SCARE THOUGH! HE SEZ, "CAN YOU SUPPORT MY DAUGHTER IN THE STYLE TO WHICH SHE IS ACCUSTOMED?"

"Mebbe not, I helps, 'but I can accustom her to the style in which I can support her!"

HE LOOKED KIND OF GROGGY WHEN I LEFT!

NO WONDER!

W. W. WILSON

### After Every Meal



Pass it around after every meal. Give the family the benefit of its aid to digestion. Cleans teeth too. Keep it always in the house.

"Costs little—helps much"  
**WRIGLEYS**

### Brazilian Nut Crop

Only about 45,000,000 pounds of Brazil nuts will be available for export this year, according to late crop estimates, in Brazil, as against 80,000,000 pounds exported last year.—Science Service.

### RUINED EYES

by neglect; they get red and sore and you let them go. Don't do it. Leonard's Golden Eye Lotion cures soreness without pain in one day. Cools, heals and strengthens. Insist on having "Leonard's"—it makes strong eyes. At all druggists. Sent prepaid on receipt of 35 cents by S. B. Leonard & Co., Inc., New Rochelle, N. Y.—Adv.

### No Night Owl

"Do you tell your children bedtime stories?"  
"I should say not. You don't catch me staying up till 4 a. m. All mine have reached the flapper age, you see."



Champion Spark Plugs are guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction to the user, or full repair or replacement will be made.

Champion X for Fords 60c. Blue Box for all other cars, 75c. More than 95,000 dealers sell Champions. You will know the genuine by the double-ribbed core.

Champion Spark Plug Co. Toledo, Ohio Windsor, Ont., London, Paris



### Sargossa Gulf Weed

The gulf weed which floats in the Sargossa sea by means of air bladders is thought to have come from a plant which grew attached to the bottom.—Science Service.

For Hard Workers and Hard Walkers Everywhere—**USKIDE SOLES**

The Wonder Sole for Wear—Wears twice as long as best leather—  
—and for a Better Heel "U.S." SPRING-STEP Heels  
United States Rubber Company

Try the New **Cuticura** Shaving Stick  
Fresh Lathering Medical and Emollient

DALLAS, NO. 27-19-5.

## Mosquitoes Quickly Killed by Bee Brand Insect Powder

Here's some good news for you, but BAD news for Mosquitoes!

You can be free from attacks by these dangerous pests. Read what a correspondent from Crystal City, Texas, says: "I tried... and... trying to kill mosquitoes but to no avail. Finally tried burning Bee Brand Insect Powder. I not only killed all mosquitoes, but also flies and roaches too. I have never seen a roach since."

Get a can of Bee Brand Insect Powder and kill all the pests in your closed room. Mosquitoes, Flies and many other insects breathe them and die. Bee Brand Insect Powder kills Flies, Mosquitoes, Ants, Roaches, Water Bugs, Bed Bugs, Moths, Lice on Fowl and Plants, and many other House and Garden Insects. Many, like our Texas friend, prefer to burn the powder. Powder is a most effective insecticide. Bee Brand is the most effective powder. Clean, easy, quick.

It's harmless to mankind, domestic animals and plants—non-poisonous—non-explosive. Will not spot or stain.

In red, sifting-top cans at your grocer's or druggist's. Household sizes 10c and 25c. Other sizes 50c and \$1.00. No expensive apparatus necessary. Puffer gun, 10c.

If your dealer cannot supply you, send us 25c for large household size. Give dealer's name and get our free booklet "It Kills Them", a guide for killing house and garden insects.

Bee Brand Necessary as Soap and Water

Every home needs the protection of Bee Brand Insect Powder. It should be used regularly to prevent insects. Keep a can always on hand—and blow or scatter it wherever insects may be hidden.

McCORMICK & CO., Baltimore, Md.

## Bee Brand INSECT POWDER

## DELTA BRAND CALCIUM ARSENATE

Guaranteed strictly highest quality 1925 manufacture—invariably analyzes more than 41% arsenic pentoxide, less than 9% of one per cent water soluble arsenic and more than 90 in density.

Recommended as highest quality obtainable by Georgia State Board of Entomology, who purchase from us yearly by contract several millions of pounds.

You Take No Chances With DELTA BRAND!

Write or Write for Particulars  
**COMMERCIAL CHEMICAL CO.**  
MEMPHIS, TENN. (Southeast Office, Atlanta, Ga.)

## DIXIE FEVER AND PAIN POWDER

Reduces Fever and Produces Rest  
Contains No Opiate — 25¢ All Dealers





**The Muleshoe Journal**  
R. B. BOYLE, Editor  
\$1.50 per year

In this issue of the Journal you will find the ad for Brooks Variety. They are offering some exceptional bargains. Cut out the ad and bring it along with you, for reference. There is some of the greatest bargains ever offered in the variety line, offered in this ad. In connection with this ad the Johnson Specialty Shop is running one announcing the giving away of a fine dress. Read these two ads this week.

Sudan News came out last week with Number I and Volume I. It is a dandy looking newspaper well filled with plenty of local news and a fine bunch of ads. It looks like there was one from every business man in the city. Those Sudan people believe in patronizing each other, and that is one of the reasons they have made such wonderful progress the past two years. We hope the editor will continue to receive the same loyal support, for we know he will give the people of that city many times the amount of cash spent with him in free advertising and boosting their country. In that way they are again paid for their liberal support.

**Baileyboro Buzzings**

On account of the recent rain the Morton base ball team failed to appear on the diamond here Saturday to the disappointment of the players and the many fans present.

Mrs. M. J. Harney entertained the young folks with a party at her home, Saturday night.

Misses Grace Vesta and Annie Mae Branner, of Littlefield, spent Saturday and Sunday with relatives here.

Blanche Wallis and Velma Duncan were the guests of Jessie Long, Sunday.

The Singing here Sunday afternoon was well attended by the people of this community and of Circleback, also.

J. H. Johnson, H. G. Harney, Cecil Harney, J. W. Bayless and J. D. Bayless returned to their homes here Friday after several weeks of work on the new railroad near Levelland.

Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Moore returned home Saturday after an enjoyable visit with relatives in Hollis, Okla.

Ellen, Clyde and Charlie Coffman, Trixie and Bosie Henderson, Gladys and Lois Harney, Tessie Long and Elmer Sterling attended church at Circleback, Sunday night.

Whitten Barber returned home from Idalou, Saturday.

C. C. Duncan was a business visitor in Lubbock, Monday.

O. C. Newberry and D. M. Middleton, of Afton, spent Tuesday night in the Blackshear home.

Mrs. J. F. Nickels has just been reported critically ill with no hope for her recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Blackshear and A. H. Whitmire were Muleshoe, Progress, Texico-Farwell and Clovis visitors Wednesday.

Mrs. W. B. Wollis and daughters, Enid and Byrdine returned home Wednesday, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Robert Snowden, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Stevens and Will Stevens all of Memphis.

A large portion of the Baileyboro inhabitants are attending the big Fourth of July celebration at Muleshoe. The B Z B's

July Clearance Sale on at Jackman's in Clovis. Women's, and children's wear exclusively.

Clay Strickland and wife, of Pidco, are here this week guests in the Rev. Farmer home. Mrs. Strickland is the daughter, of Brother Farmer and wife.

Jess Elrod left Tuesday for Kansas City where he will look after business.

WANTED—To do your printing, calling cards, wedding invitations, programs and office forms. Journal office at Muleshoe, across street from court house.

We have just received a shipment of carbon paper 19x25 inches, fine for making copies on fancy work. Ladies get your carbon paper in this size. Journal Office.

New white kid and felt sport hats at Jackman's in Clovis. Women's and children's wear exclusively.

Hon. W. C. Wicher, District Attorney for the Lubbock District was here for the July celebration, and made a splendid speech on the 4th., of July.

July Clearance Sale on at Jackman's in Clovis. Women's and children's wear exclusively.

E. J. Vance and family made a trip over in N. M., the first of the week on business.

Carl Elrod was in Clovis Tuesday morning looking after business.

Try a pair of Panco soles and heels, guaranteed to be as tough as an elephants hide. Modern Shoe Shop, G. E. Odell, owner.

A. P. Stone, wife and little daughter have returned after a few days visit down in the state.

**Pressly & Thomas**  
Attorneys-at-Law

General Practice and Probate Law  
Interests of Non-resident Clients given Careful Attention  
Practice in all Courts  
Muleshoe, Texas

Acetylene welding, disc rolling at T. B. Fry Shop.

New styles in footwear at Jackman's in Clovis.

**Groceries for the Picnics**

Preparing a picnic meal is easy when you come here to our shelves of tempting dainties. And so easy to carry---without muss or care.

Bread, Cheese, Canned meats, Baked Beans, Olives, All Kinds of Pickles, Fancy Cakes, Crackers, Peanut Butter

Fresh Fruits of all Kind

Free Delivery Phone 21

**Henington Cash Grocery**

**July Clearance Sale**  
Saturday, July 11 to 18  
Inclusive

10% off on everything, 20% off on all millinery

From Saturday morning July 11 up to 6 p. m. of the last day we will give 5 free chances to the dollar purchase on the prize to be given away absolutely free on July 11th.

To every person entering the store on Saturday only, over 16 years old will be given a free ticket on dress given away.

**Johnson's Specialty Shop**

**For Old Line Insurance**

Whether LIFE  
SICK and ACCIDENT  
FIRE  
TORNADO  
HAIL  
or RAIN

See J. E. ALDRIDGE,  
Muleshoe, Texas.

Or write in care of The Blackwater Valley State Bank

**The Hot Weather GROCERIES**

Hot weather brings with it a big problem for the housewife who must prepare three meals per day for the family.

Our large, clean stock of groceries should be a great aid in selecting foods suitable for summer menus

Call and let us make suggestions. Our prices are always "in line" and sometimes lower.

Get Telephone Convenience Free Delivery

**C. D. GUPTON & SON**  
Groceries - - - Sanitary Market

"In Business For Your Health"

**EXACTNESS**

A most vital element in filling prescriptions is exactness. That is one reason we emphasize and practice exactness in our prescription work at all times.

**McCarty Drug STORE**

Don't forget our Prescription Department

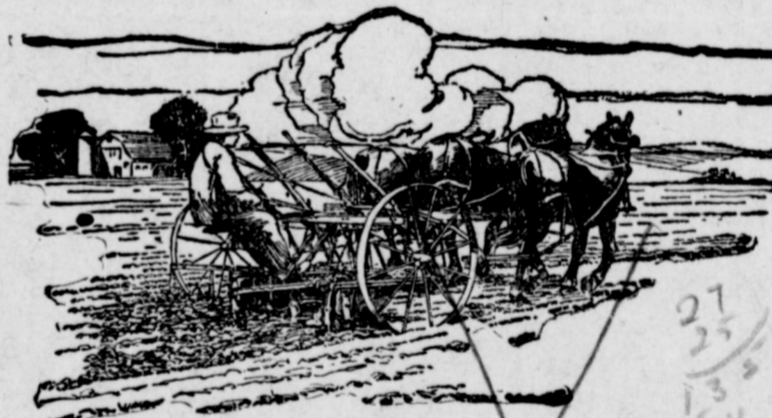
---THE---  
**WHALEY LUMBER COMPANY**

We would be glad to give you our prices on your next building proposition.

The Price is Right

We ask you to judge quality and price. From long experience we know your needs and have it for you. Come in and let us figure your bill.

**Whaley Lumber Co.**  
C. E. YODER, Manager



Do Yourself  
a Good Turn  
Save a Man!  
Cut Cultivating  
Costs With A

**McCormick-Deering 2-Row**

A boy with four horses and a McCormick-Deering Two-Row can do as much as two men with four horses and two one-row cultivators. We don't believe there is a cotton or row crop grower in this community who can afford to overlook such an opportunity to save labor and increase profits

Ask us for complete information.

**E. R. Hart Lumber Company**

**Summer Time Hardware**

Refrigerators, that will last a lifetime and will many times pay for itself in savings on perishable foods. Then too---summer foods are much more appetizing---when fresh off the ice.

Ice cream freezers in all sizes. Just the very thing for these hot afternoons.

**The Panhandle Lumber Co**

Our Aim--Courtesy, Quality, Service Hardware, Fur