The Indianola Bulletin.

VOL. 1. | Devoted to Commerce, Agriculture and the Dissemination of General Information. | NO. 45.

BROWN & BRADY; PUBLISHERS. | INDIANOLA, TEXAS, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1852.

MISS L. VIRGINIA SMITH.

The following interesting sketch of Miss L. Virginia Smith, the gifted and amiable editress of the Southern Ladies' Book, is taken from the Newport Daily News. A collection of her Pomes will soon appear in volume form.

"Several of our lady readers who are delighted with the writings of our friend and pet authoress, Miss L. Virginia Smith, have requested us to give some little account and description of her, so that they may form an opinion of the personal appearance of the young lady, who, in so short a space of time, has justly earned a distinguished and enviable reputation. We will comply with these requests, and give them as minute a description as we can.

She is a native of Virginia, and was educated in Pennsylvania; during the last three years or so, she has resided in Memphis, Tennessee. She is about 20 years of age; is rather below the medium height, and is finely formed. She has an expansive forehead, delicately arched and finished eyebrows, large blue eyes, though soft and liquid, evincing keen and delicate feelings; rosy cheeks, adorned with beautiful dimples, and a mouth of exquisite moulding. Her hair is dark brown, which she wears in curls, which are very becoming, and give her a girlish appearance. She is considered very handsome. She possesses easy and graceful manners, and charming conversational powers. She rarely ever speaks of her writings, even to her most intimate friends—others find great difficulty in inducing her to allude to them under any circumstances—this, let us add, is an invariable characteristic of true genius. In society she is gay, sprightly, witty, and full of fun. Her speech is accurate and slow enough to be always clear and comprehensive; her voice is low, soft, and sweet, falling on the ear gently, and awakening in the heart emotions of tenderness and purity. She possesses great pride and self-respect, and elevation of sentiment and dignity of character. The best evidence of her personal influence is found in the fact that those who know her most intimately are her greatest admirers,—and when they read her poetry, see in it, beautiful as it is in itself, all the inspiration of the amiable woman. She exhibits few if any of the eccentricities of genius; she is delicate and feminine, with nothing harsh or rude to diminish the beauty and loveliness of her character. Those who are most intimate with her say that it is impossible to close the heart against her; she wins her way into it without effort, and when once there, rules it with gentle sway which is supreme.

"Such is the brief sketch of the character and appearance of Virginia Smith. Below we give a sweet little poem, which speaks for itself, which she sent us a short time since, and which forms an appropriate close of this notice, and shows her to be almost alone in this wide, wide world."

ONE, OR TWO.

And we one, my sister dearest!
One or two? my azure-eyed,
Sunny-hearted gipsey; fairest,
Little laughter-loving Lid!
Like the fabled "Star and Stella,"
By the morn and even sun,
Don't you think, sweet Zingarella,
That our spirits are but one?

Brightly blending, shall we frame them
Into Springs eolian tune?
Or disporting, softly name them
Laughing May and smiling June?
Like the sunshine and the shower
That in flashing jewels run
Through our golden April hour,
So our spirits are but one.

Joy to them is like the spring
Of the birdling's choral swell,
Sweetly wild and softly ringing
With the chiming matin bell,
And, when o'er them sadly linger
Shadows of the lovely flown
Sorrow's pale and tear-dewed finger,
Writes upon them, "Ye are one."

Long ago our gentle mother
Sought the sunny spirit-land;
And we never had a brother;—
So we wandered hand in hand
Through life's labyrinthine mazes,
Where to guide us there are none;
Yet amid its thousand phases,
Here our spirits are but one!

Smile, my love, the great All-seeing
Is our Father, and we bow:
To the hand that gave us being,
And our only Mother now
Pillared flame and cloud before us,
Through the wilderness begun,
They shall journey, watching o'er us
That our spirits may be one.

I have often thought, if only
I might pass from earth with you,
That our hearts would not be lonely
If in heaven we were but two,
Then a deeper bliss is given
To us home.—Our mission done,
As on earth, so in heaven,
Shall our spirits be but one!

The Little Rock Gazette states that the emigration to the southern portion of Arkansas, Louisiana and Texas, during the past fall, has been unusually large, and the tide which flows daily through the streets of that town, indicates that the volume abates but little, if any. On the opposite bank of the river on the 3d inst. were encamped near fifty wagons, with probably not less than 250 souls. Each night, for a fortnight, there had been, on an average, not less than twenty-five wagons encamped there, and, notwithstanding two hand ferry boats had been constantly plying between the shores, the hourly accession to the number made the diminution scarcely perceptible.

SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.—We are able to present a list of Southern Merchants to our friends, who undertake, and are able to supply the Southern people, on as good terms and with as good goods, as any Northern Merchants. We say this by authority, and also, from personal knowledge of what we assert. If goods can be bought as cheap, and of as good a quality from a Southern Merchant as from a Northern, is there any good reason why our wealth should not be kept at home, and spent in sustaining Southern enterprise.—*Cotton Plant.*

From the N. O. Bacon of Cuba.

CASE OF CAPT. GRAY.

The Northern papers come to us daily with speculations as to the nature of the despatches carried to Washington by the steamer Fulton from Havana. The general supposition is that they relate to the case of Capt. Adams Gray, who was arrested in Havana by the Captain General, on charge of having abetted in the slave trade now so extensively carried on in Cuba. The principal facts in the case, and of the liberation of Capt. Gray have been stated by the correspondents of several of the papers of this city, and in particular by the Delta.

The case is one of those numerous instances of arbitrary proceeding and oppression of our citizens so common in Cuba, and which only a firm and self-respecting stand by our Government can prevent. It is succinctly as follows: Capt. Adams Gray, of Baltimore, sold to Don Julian Zulueta, a Spaniard residing in Cuba, the ship Lady Suffolk, with the condition that she should be delivered to the purchaser in the port of Mariel, an open port in Cuba, some eighteen miles west of Havana. Capt. Gray took the ship to Mariel and entered her at the custom-house. He was then requested to take her to the port of Bahia Honda, which is not an open port, but at which permission to load ships is granted by the Government, with the condition of returning to an open port for the purpose of clearing. He consented to do so, and the usual clearance for Bahia Honda was given by the custom-house at Mariel. Capt. Gray took the ship to Bahia Honda, and delivered her to the agent of the purchaser, who offered to take the crew to Havana free of charge, in a steamer that would come to Bahia Honda in a day or two.

This offer was accepted by Capt. Gray, and himself and son, who was his mate, proceeded at once to Havana, taking with him the ship's papers. These he deposited with the Consul, cancelling the register, as usual in such cases, by cutting it, and waited for the arrival of his crew, in order to pay them off, in accordance with the laws of his country. After some days the crew came up, and reported that as soon as Capt. Gray and mate left the ship they were fastened under hatches, while armament and fixtures for the slave trade were taken on board from a steamer that came down from Havana with them; that the steamer subsequently towed the ship to sea, and they were then transferred to her, and she returned to Havana, leaving the ship to proceed on her voyage.

They were paid off according to the articles, and then went to the British Consul, and reported the whole affair. The British Consul immediately notified the Captain General that the treaty for the suppression of the slave trade had been infringed in the ports of Cuba, and demanded that the officers conniving at it in Havana, Mariel and Bahia Honda, should be arraigned. The Captain General, instead of arresting Don Julian Zulueta, as owner, and the officers of the steamer and of the customs as abettors, fell at once upon Capt. Gray and his son, who were awaiting a passage home, and, on a cold wet night, threw them into exposed separate dungeons, where they remained, without any one being allowed to see them for four or five days.

Under these circumstances, Judge Sharkey, the Consul, sent the steamer Fulton to Washington. What her despatches were we can judge by other circumstances. We are well aware that Judge Sharkey has complained very openly and frequently in Havana, that he has never, in a single case of conflict with the authorities there, been supported by his own Government, and that in one or two instances, when his communications to the Cabinet at Washington have remained unanswered, he has learned from the Captain General that the President did not justify his conduct. And we are well informed that, in one instance at least, previous to the arrest of Capt. Gray, he declared he would make no further reclamations upon the Captain General without positive and precise instructions from Washington to do so. These circumstances induce us to suppose that the Fulton has gone to Washington for instructions in the case of Capt. Gray, and it is not improbable that the news of his liberation will reach there before any action is taken, and thus Mr. Fillmore will be relieved from the unpleasant dilemma into which his vacilating course has lead him.

It is publicly notorious that the slave trade between Africa and Cuba is fostered by the Captain General as a source of great revenue to himself and as a political necessity in order to retain Cuba to the crown of Spain. Christina, the Queen Mother, is largely engaged in it, and the traffic is entirely in the hands of Spaniards both in Cuba and on the coast. Not a single native Cuban is known to be engaged in it. The continuance of this infamous trade is not the only blot upon this last remnant of Spanish rule in America. The case of Capt. Gray is an eminent exemplification of the evils that the present policy of our Government brings upon our citizens in Cuba.

NEW NOVEL BY MRS. STOWE.—The National Era will shortly announce the publication of a new story, by the author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," called "Dark Scenes of Slavery, or, Power and Principle." She gives the following as an outline of it:

"This work illustrates, among other things the genius of African Institutions in developing and preserving the noble traits of character and talent in all ranks of society, showing the history of planter's son, who giving up his patrimony for conscience sake, sets out upon a journey through colonial and through many early vicissitudes, and sufferings, carves his way to another fortune."

ARREST OF CAPT. DAWSON.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Allow the favor, through the medium of your columns, to correct the impression which will naturally rest upon the minds of those unacquainted with the facts, from reading a paragraph in the Gazette and Democrat, of the 26th ult., published at Little Rock, Arkansas. I regret not seeing the paper before I left that place, otherwise I would have stated the facts while on the ground. He says:

ARREST OF A MURDERER.—Capt. James L. Dawson, who killed Seaborn Hill, a respectable merchant in the Creek Nation, July, 1844, and for whose apprehension a large reward was offered by the friends of the deceased, was brought to this city, on Wednesday night last, on the steamboat Exchange, in charge of Mr. Cleveland, Deputy U. S. Marshal for the Western District of Texas. He was indicted in the U. S. District Court of this state, soon after the occurrence, and was arrested under a writ issued by that Court and brought here for trial.

Upon my arrival at Little Rock with the prisoner, Dawson, I found every officer of the U. S. Circuit Court *absent*, with the single exception of Mr. Fields, the Clerk; consequently, I was delayed several days before I could properly and legally place the prisoner in the custody of the Court.

Finding the Judge absent, before whom my account must be examined, allowed and certified to before payment will be made, and the disbursing officer, the U. S. Marshal for that District, also gone—I turned my attention to the reward, which I learned at that place, had been offered for the apprehension of Capt. Dawson, with the hope of getting enough to remunerate the men who had assisted me in conducting the prisoner from Texas to Little Rock. Upon an examination of a file of old papers, I found an advertisement offering the sum of $1500—but not a *responsible* name attached to the offer! The relations of Mr. Hill, the deceased, who were able, seemed to have been exceedingly careful in avoiding responsibility for this character, and evinced no disposition, whatever, to advance one dollar by way of remuneration. From those whose names were affixed to the paper, and in a condition *not to be forced* I had nothing to expect. I was then told, that in N. Orleans some considerable sum additionally had been offered, and that, too, by one perfectly solvent. On my return to that city, I found in a old file of the Picayune the further sum of $250, held out by a gentleman since connected with the Quarter Master's Department. Upon inquiry at the Army officers, I learned that he had left some three or four years ago for California, and that, if found, it was extremely doubtful whether a single dime could be extracted from him. Such is the history of this "large reward."

Upon the return of Mr. Stillwell, U. S. Attorney at Little Rock, that gentleman, as well as Mr. Belle, nephew of Gov. Roane, showed me every kindness and attention, and rendered me important service in assisting me in the arrangement of my account in the proper shape for presentation to the Court. To them I feel thankful, but to the relations of the deceased I owe nothing, whatever, by way of favors received.

For the information of the friends of Capt. Dawson in Texas, I will state that during the time he was under my charge, I contributed in every possible manner to his comfort; that instead of placing him in irons, I prefered and did look after him, by night as well as by day. When I arrived at Little Rock, I afforded him every facility he desired in meeting and conversing with his old friends and acquaintances; and I am glad to say, that not a *few* of the *first* men in the place were among the number who called at my room to see him. If bail will be taken, I can confidently assure his friends that he can furnish any reasonable amount in Arkansas. Having discharged my duty in delivering him in conformity with the writ, I felt every disposition to render him all the aid I could, consistent with my duty as an officer. The very ablest and best counsel in the place was employed to defend him; I made an arrangement with the Jailor to furnish whatever might be necessary to make him as comfortable as could be done under the circumstances, and before I left, I saw him placed in a clean, neat upper room in the jail with fire place, bedding, &c., suitable for the cold weather; and with no other confinement.—Upon my leaving, he expressed his thanks to me for my kindness, and spoke as if his arrest was rather fortunate than otherwise; that upon an investigation he had nothing to fear—he could go and do as he pleased, without any molestation.

I will now, Messrs. Editors, state the *facts* of the arrest, by way of reply to an article which it seems emenated from the Beacon, of Houston, and was copied into some other papers, soon after I had left with the prisoner for Arkansas, and leave them to enjoy the usual amount of credit awarded for the publication of articles so silly and ridiculous.

The murder having been committed in the Indian Nation, outside the boundary of Arkansas, that State had no jurisdiction, whatever, nor was any requisition ever made by the Governor for Capt. Dawson; but having been done in a Territory over which the United States claims and exercises jurisdiction, a true bill was found against him by the Grand Jurors of the U. S. Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Arkansas, and a *capias*, a writ to seize the body, directed to the Marshal of Texas. Several attempts had been made to arrest Dawson, and as many failures—owing generally to persons about him giving information upon the approach of the Marshal. U. S. Marshal Judd was commissioned in October last, the *capias* placed in his hands, with all necessary instructions for making the arrest, which he did shortly after.

In arresting, and not "kidnapping" Capt. Dawson, the Marshal of Texas was moved by no motive of pecuniary character. He knew of no offer of reward; but under the belief that he was bound by his oath to office to obey and execute all writs to him legally and properly directed, and that he was strictly within the line of duty.

The Beacon is principally conducted by a gentleman who makes some pretentions to law knowledge. Does he show himself at all versed in his profession, when he not only justifies, but encourages the Sheriff of Colorado county, in *obstructing* the U. S. Marshal in the execution of a writ, under the seal of the United States; and does he not know that the party so offending, would become so liable to abide the *penalty* of the law, in such cases made and provided? It does seem that common sense, apart from the lessons taught in the books, would have indicted a different article than that which appeared in his paper.

Another report for which, however, the Beacon is not responsible, was put into circulation, and is, to some extent, accredited—to the effect that Gen. Augustus Jones is the brother-in-law of the deceased; and that under the pretence of land speculation, &c., he had dogged Dawson through Texas, till he procured his capture. Not one particle of truth in such report. Gen. Jones never heard of the circumstances, never saw Hill, was in no way connected with him, and never saw or knew Dawson till he met him at Columbus, on the Colorado, in charge of Deputy Marshal Judd. He was there summoned as a guard to this place; and from here he went solely upon the earnest solicitation of Capt. Dawson, for I preferred another and younger man, but gave way to satisfy his request. I, however, found Gen. Jones to be a most excellent gentleman, very servicable, and fully reliable—kind, polite and attentive to the wants of the prisoner, and I am fully convinced that there is not a particle of foundation for any such report.

Very respectfully,
J. A. H. CLEVELAND,
U. S. Deputy Marshal at Galveston,
For JOS. BATES, U. S. Marshal.

☞ In the Supreme Court of the United States on the 8th inst. Mr. Crittenden, Attorney General, presented the resolution of the bar expressive of their high sense of the public and private worth of the late Judge McKinley, and in so doing, paid an eloquent tribute to his memory. Mr. Crittenden also alluded to the demise of Clay, Webster and Sergeant. He said:

The present indeed has been a sad year for the profession of the law. In a few short months it has been bereaved of its brightest and greatest ornaments. Clay, Webster and Sergeant have gone to their immortal rest in quick succession.

We had scarcely returned from the grave of one of them till we were summoned to the funeral of another. Like bright stars they have sunk below the horizon, and have left the land in wide-spread gloom. This hall, that knew them so well, shall know them no more. Their wisdom has no utterance now, and the voice of their eloquence shall be heard here no more forever.

This hall itself seems as though it was sensible of its loss, and even these marble pillars seem to sympathize as they stand around us like so many majestic mourners.

But we will have consolations in the remembrance of these illustrious men. Their names will remain to us, and be like a light kindled in the sky to shine upon us, and to guide our course. We may hope, too, that the memory of them and their great examples will create a virtuous emulation which may raise up men worthy to be their successors in the service of their country, its constitution and its laws.

Chief Justice Taney directed the resolutions of the bar to be entered on the records of the court and made an appropriate response.

RAPPING.—From the concurrent testimony of all who have witnessed the experiment, we are bound to believe that if a number of persons, from three to half a dozen, place the palms of their hands on an ordinary pine table for from fifteen to thirty minutes, the table becomes charged with some kind of animal fluid or agency, and will vibrate or rise partially from the floor, in obedience to the movements of the hands of the persons making the experiment. We have not seen the thing tried, but are told that it is a common thing to put questions to tables thus affected, a movement being construed into an affirmative answer, and none into a negative. These movements are doubtless owing to physical causes, and the experiment would seem to be both simple and harmless. Yet we regret to see that, in many places, the most serious injury has resulted to weak-minded and credulous persons, from these experiments. We frequently see cases of insanity reported in the papers as having resulted from this source. The editor of the Cincinnati Advertiser, who recently visited the State Lunatic Asylum at Columbus, says there are in that institution twenty persons whose insanity is clearly traceable to these rappings; and it is stated that there are in the Utica (N. Y.) Lunatic Asylum nine victims of the same delusion.—*Galveston Civilian.*

COMPOSITION OF THE MOON.—Every object on its surface of the height of 100 feet is distinctly seen through Lord Rosse's telescope. On its surface are craters of extinct volcanoes, rocks and masses of stone almost innumerable. But there are no signs of habitations such as ours, no vestige of architectural remains, to show that the moon is or ever was inhabited by a race of mortals similar to ourselves. No water is visible, no sea, no river; all seems desolate.

☞ In an article in Friday's paper,—says the Galveston News,—we alluded to the now almost universal rule with individuals, corporations and governments, of advertising for sealed proposals, in order to get heavy contracts taken on the most favorable terms. We also observed that universal experience had proved that a neglect of this rule invariably led to heavy additional expense, and with governments, opened a door for numerous frauds and corruptions. The N. O. Delta, of Thursday last, cites an instance in illustration of this, which will be probably of interest to our readers. It will be remembered that the last Congress appropriated $75,000 for deepening the bar at the mouth of the Mississippi river. Instead of advertising, so as to get this important work done in the best possible manner, for that amount of money, the Secretary of War is said to have given the job to some favorite, without any public notice whatever to induce competition bids, and the consequence is that the bar will not be made so deep, by *five feet*, as it might have been. But as the case may furnish an instructive lesson to our citizens, we will quote the Delta's remarks:

"It was the understanding of all parties, that this work, like the other works ordered by the Government, would be given out to the lowest and most favorable bidder. We have not the law by us, and cannot say whether it expressly requires it to be so given out; but we can assert that such was the intent of the author of the bill, and such is the uniform usage of the Government. Our laws abhor all jobbing. In public works and contracts, all the citizens stand on equal ground, and the wholesome principals of competition are always kept in view. Such, at least, is the theory of our institutions. The practice is too often the very reverse, it appearing to be the object of parties, when they get into power, to fatten and enrich their favorite and partisans, at the public expense. Such is strikingly the character of the recent adjudication of the profitable job of dredging the bar of Mississippi.

"In silence and secrecy—without advertisement or any sort of public notice, the Secretary of War quietly orders certain officers of his department to execute a contract with two Towboat Companies of this city to deepen the bar to the extent of eighteen feet. The Board of officers having no other proposition before them, of course approved the one made. But why were no others made? We will answer with ample evidence in our possession, to sustain our assertion, it was because other parties, who would have offered better terms and possessed larger means than the Towboat Companies, who got the contract, were actually waiting, with impatience, for the advertisement of the job. We know positively that parties in New York intended to offer to deepen the water on the bar to the extent of twenty-one feet in lieu of the eighteen feet, which the Towboat Companies have contracted to do. These parties possessed ample means to fulfil such an undertaking. It would certainly have been greatly preferable to have secured *five feet* greater depth on the bar. Other propositions, equally, if not more feasible, would have been made in case the contract had been regularly advertised, as has been the uniform custom in such cases. But no,—the Government has its favorites to reward, and thus a precedent must be set of a practice which, if continued, is destined to augment that most baneful influence and power exercised by the Executive Department of our Government. We trust that the matter will be investigated by Congress and the proper remedy applied to prevent its repetition.

THE JEWS OF PRAGUE.—Mr. Weed, of the Albany Evening Journal, in a letter from Prague, the Bohemian capital, says:

There is as usual in European cities, a "Jew's Quarter," but they are not as formerly shut up after a given hour in the evening. It is said that this colony of Jews established themselves here after the destruction of Jerusalem. They preserve all their customs and peculiarities and are Jews according to the manner of the strictest of their sect. They wear long flowing gowns, and hats without rims. They have five synagogues, several schools, magistrates, and a town hall of their own. Though living in the midst of others, they are wholly and entirely a distinct people. The statistics of Prague show that the Jewish inhabitants increase faster and are longer lived than their immediate neighbors.

LOOK UP.—It is what we rejoice to see—men, women and children—the rich, the poor—the old and the young always looking up. It shows the purity of your intentions, and the determination of a true man. No matter if the seas have swallowed your property, or the fires have consumed your dwellings—look up, take fresh courage. Is your name a by word or a reproach? Look up to the purity of the skies, and let its image be reflected in your heart. Detraction, then, will rebound from your bosom. Are you trod upon by the strong? Look up—push on—and you will stand as strong as he. Are you crowded out of the society of the rich? Look up, and your company will be coveted. Whatever may be your circumstances or condition in life, always make it a point to look up—to rise higher and higher, and you will attain your fondest expectations.—Success may be slow, but sure it will come.—Heaven is on the side of those who look up.

THREE TIMES AN ELECTOR.—Mr. Thos. H. Hubbard, one of the Presidential Electors of New York from Oneida county, gave his vote for De Witt Clinton, in the Electoral College of 1811, again for James K. Polk, in 1844, and now for Franklin Pierce. When the Electors cast their votes for Mr. Clinton, they marched in procession to the post office at Albany, and deposited them in the mail to be conveyed to Washington.

FREE SOILERS.—This seditious faction has gained a few votes here in a few years. Well Mormonism gains, and Millerism *did* gain, and Communism went ahead, till nature cracked some quite serious jokes with a number of the female members thereof. Why there were not more votes to sustain it is a greater marvel than why there were so many. As many as two religious societies have had the "lepous distillest" poured into their ears during these last few months by the priests who presided at their altars. This preaching politics by reverend partizans is calculated to have effect even in defiance of the well known and very true remark, that no educated men, out of their profession, are so exceedingly ignorant as ministers. They, as a general thing, are just as well instructed in politics as a brawling barroom partizan is in polemics. And some of these vain men set up to teach a lesson on political economy and the policy of Governments with so bold a manner, and so laughably oracular withal, that one is tempted to wonder rather than smile at their temerity.

Now the pulpit is no place for the rant of politicians. No community will bear it in its priests and none so little likely as this. I venture the assertion that no man, be he equal to Buckminster or Bishop Waugh, can get his breed and butter from any religious society in Nantucket, when he has made his pulpit a place from which to disseminate opinions upon mooted questions in politics, or in anything else that has most to do with this world, and only collaterally with the world to come, as all mere moral questions have. And this is exactly right. The kingdom of the clergyman is not of this world. His aim ought to be higher than free soilism or any other ism. Strings of electors, and paper votes, and party machinery,—clear of his ignorance in those matters,—ought to be to him as an Ethiopian play bill, or the programme of the opera, or the announcement of the learned Pig. And those too, who sit under his teachings, if fairly intelligent, may, without vanity, feel that in such matters they are far better prepared to judge than he who would make himself a robed oracle. It is as unwise as arrogant to be led in these wordly schisms by our spiritual guide, as *not* to listen to him in those things which concern our everlasting happiness. The submissive credulity in the one case is as reprehensible as the conceited self-reliance and impiety of the other.

A minister, any time, may prate away on the catch-words of a party and even deceive himself and think there is really something in them. "Humanity", "freedom", "equality", in those bonds, and all that clap-trap is enticing on the face. Every pot-house party monger knows this, and any man, with intelligence enough to make a rap-trap, can found a political party and get adherents, by virtue of this or a like array of words, upon which to ring certain regular changes.

We hope the voters of Nantucket, especially those who have been enticed into voting for Free Soilism, as it is ingeniously named—and with an object too—will review all at their own firesides, its birth and growth; scan its supporters with a wary eye, and remember that Washington in his farewell address opposed it, that Jefferson never suggested it, and that, if it had been good and right, Franklin, Rutledge, Jay, Adams, Clinton, Jackson, Harrison, Clay and Webster, would have had intelligence enough to have perceived it, and boldness enough to have advocated it. Do not, I entreat you, be led into error, by great and solemn words, arranged purposely to deceive, by the sophist in head and rotten in heart.

MONUMENT TO THE MARTYRS.—We published two weeks since, a communication from W. F. C. Duplessis, Esq., stating that "several musicians of New Orleans had authorized him to inform the public that they are disposed to give a concert to contribute to the erection of a monument consecrated to the memory of the heroic Lopez and his unfortunate companions."

In relation to this the Concordia Intelligencer says:

We are much pleased with the suggestion of Mr. Duplessis, of N. Orleans, made to Mr. Trasher, editor of the "Beacon of Cuba", would add respectfully add the name of Richard R. Stanton, once of Natchez, to the names mentioned by Mr. Duplessis. Three or four hundred dollars might be raised at any time in Natchez, by an amateur concert in connection with the names of Stanford, O'Rourke, and others who once were citizens.

It would be eminently gratifying to us, and to every friend of those who shed their blood in Cuba for principles sacred to every freeman, to see this suggestion take a tangible shape, and will gladly yield every assistance in our power to its accomplishment.—*Beacon of Cuba.*

A VALUABLE LIBRARY DESTROYED.—The Rev. J. M. Peck, of Rock Spring, Illinois, who has been collecting books and manuscripts relative to the history of the western country for more than forty years, had nearly the whole of them destroyed by fire a short time since. It is to be feared that much has been lost which would have thrown light upon the early history of western colonization and the locations, migrations and habitudes of the Indian tribes.

INDIAN NEWS.—Dr. P. N. Luckett, direct from Fort Croghan, brings intelligence of the stealing of three horses from Mr. Vandever, by the Indians, about two weeks since, while he was at Fort Mason. With that exception there has been nothing to disturb the peace or quiet of the frontier in that region.

The Toucahuas and the Caddoes are at Fort Croghan They are quite friendly, and engaged in hunting. They kill a large quantity of game, including bear, deer, turkey, &c. The country in the vicinity of the Fort abounds in all the requisites to render a hunter's life agreeable and exciting.

☞ The Boston Herald states that Webster's works are having a sale at the rate of about one hundred copies per day.

THE DIRECT TRADE MOVEMENT.—The editor of the Washington Cotton Plant, who has taken the leading part in the movement of sending cotton direct from the Southern States to the European continental ports, says the arrangements are now complete to ship cotton from Charleston, Mobile & New Orleans to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam, Antwerp and Amsterdam, at the following rates of advance:

Seven cents per pound for middling, seven and a half cents for middling fair, seven and a quarter cents for fair; other qualities in the same proportion. In one case the house in New Orleans advances one-half millionally, whatever the state of market.

When cotton is ranging very high advances will only be upon a basis of one-half. The above are the best kind for continental markets.

☞ It is stated that Louis Napoleon has written to Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, of Baltimore, inviting him to return to France, and that the invitation will probably be accepted.

A VETERAN VOTER.—Michael Grenoel, of Clinton, Pa., vote with one of his sons, aged 74, on the day of the election, and voted for Franklin Pierce. He is himself 100 years old, and has voted at every Presidential election since the adoption of the federal constitution. His votes have been as follows:

For George Washington, in 1788 and 1792.
Thomas Jefferson, in 1796, 1800 and 1804.
James Madison, in 1808 and 1812.
James Monroe, in 1816 and 1820.
Andrew Jackson, in 1824, 1828 and 1832
Martin Van Buren in 1836 and 1840.
James K. Polk, in 1844.
Lewis Cass, in 1848, and
Franklin Pierce, in 1852.

The Honesdale Herald says, that in consequence of a cold he was quite unwell a few days immediately previous to November 2d. Friends were entertained that he would not be able to attend the polls. On being asked the day before the election, whether he intended to go, he replied: "*Our government must be sustained*, and one vote may turn the scales."

MILL'S EQUESTRIAN STATUE OF JACKSON.—The Washington Republic announces that this statue is nearly completed, and is to be inaugurated on the next anniversary of the battle of New Orleans. The Republic adds:

The horse measures fourteen feet from the front hoof to the tail, and the hight of the statue, from the ground line to the highest point of the figure of the rider, is fourteen and a half feet. The material is brass—of old cannon captured from the "enemy" for the most part, the aggregate weight which is upwards of fifteen tons. The horse is in a rearing position, and is thus firmly sustained by its own equilibrium, the first instance of this kind in the history of the arts, so far as we have been enabled to learn.

The erection of this equestrian statue was projected by individuals, and the money necessary to defray the expenses, collected by subscriptions. The contract price was twelve thousand dollars; an inconsiderable sum considering the magnitude of the work, causing an actual loss to the artist of upwards of six thousand dollars, exclusive of his loss of time.

SPIRITUAL COMMUNICATIONS.—The Mountain Cove Journal, a paper published in Fayette county, Va., is given to the terrestrial world transcriptions of several works from the immortal world. The following is from the "Book of the manifestations of God":

In the beginning of the period of germ formations in the expanse of planetary immensities preparatory unto paradisical formations upon the expanse of planetary orbs terrestrial, God the life in God the lord in God the divine procedure in condescension infinite descended, and appeared unto creative manifestation of forms of life, in form of appearing of divine love, and from thence in form of appearing of divine creator or inspiration of divine propending energy of divine creative intelligence.

These works are being transcribed through the medium of what the New York Knickerbocker calls rap-scallions, and are about as intelligible as the foregoing quotation.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.—The good folks of Wheeling were much excited on Wednesday, by the first appearance of the locomotive George Washington, which was put in operation on the track, on that day. The Intelligencer says:

Every thing works well, and the locomotive, although some twenty years old, admirably subserves the purpose for which it is employed, to wit—conveying rails, timber, &c., along the line, and regulating the road for the admission of the regular trains. It is a beautiful reach of strait road from the depot to Caldwell's run.

The rails are laid on the track from the creek to the intersection at the pike in Rhebletown, and the work is progressing rapidly. The tunneling from Pettibone's tunnel is progressing in a like rapid manner. Workmen are briskly engaged on the foundation of the depot.

It will be 50 feet long and 30 feet wide.

GEN. PIERCE ON PUBLIC POLICY.—A Boston correspondent of the New York Tribune states that Gen. Pierce has announced views of policy by no means discreditable to him, and has signified his desire and determination to administer the Government upon national rather than partizan grounds. The same writer adds:

Upon one thing of importance he has expressed decided views; these are, that the tariff question should be taken out of party politics and be settled upon a satisfactory basis, by the yielding of extreme views upon all sides. The committee on revenue frauds, appointed at the last session, consisting of Gen. James Gen. Shields and Mr. Bright, have lately been here, and of course visited the President-elect. That committee will not report in favor of any revision of the tariff at this session. It is not unlikely, however, that Mr. Pierce will, in his inaugural address, intimate the opinions we have here ascribed to him, and foreshadow the policy indicated by the declarations to which we have alluded.

AN EXPERIMENT.—"Denis darlint, och, Denis, an' what is it you're doing?"

"Whist, Biddy, I'm trying an experiment."

"Murther! what is it?"

"What is it d'ye say. Why, it's getting hot water to chickens, I am, so they'll be after laying boiled eggs!"

☞ Under the head of "A new thing on the Ohio," the Cincinnati Gazette says the genuine and fresh shell oysters with the mud and sand of Perth Amboy still sticking to them, and the salt and fragrant water oozing from them, are sold in that city, which were only the day before in New York. The Baltimore American says one concern in the oyster trade in that city, forward to the West daily, by railroad, eight tons of oysters in cans. One hundred and fifty persons are constantly employed in opening the shells.

☞ An English paper says, not long ago, the elderly lady, quietly traveling along in her carriage across a lonely heath in the north of England, was arrested by a masked highwayman, who, with all the finish of Captain Macheath or Jack Sheppard, demanded her purse and trinkets, obtained them, made a gentle adieu and decamped.

HONESTY.—On Monday evening last, a gentleman named Richard Dowling, stepped in the shop of a poor, but honest shoemaker, near the corner of 14th and Eddie streets, and while in the act of paying a bill, accidentally dropped a roll of bank notes, amounting to the value of $125. On the evening day, the shoemaker met Mr. Dowling in the street, and handed him his money untouched—it had been picked up, he said, by his little grandson. The man's name is William Hamilton, and his grandchild, Charles Hamilton.—*St. Louis Republican.*

☞ Dr. Parsons, in the Nashville Christian Advocate calls "Uncle Tom's cabin", the best fabricated lie of the nineteenth century.

THE BULLETIN.

JOHN HENRY BROWN, EDITOR.

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1852.

A Happy New Year Dear Reader!—The return of each new year's day is and should be, like that of Christmas, an occasion of joy and interchange of good feeling and kind offices among the people—of those nice civilities and mutual acts of kindness and hospitality, which have so long prevailed in this country, and make so long and so favorable an impression on the mind of the youth, endearing their tender hearts to home, relatives and neighbors. That our readers may enjoy these civilities and all attendant pleasures and blessings to the fullest extent on the approaching new year's day, is our most cordial wish. Let it be an occasion of good feeling one towards another, and of mirthful pleasure, tempered with thanks to the Mighty One, for the many blessings with which he has strewn the path of life. Let the rigid parent prudently relax the strict rules of family government for this rejuvenating occasion, and the too hesitant parent remember that in time of rejoicing and feasting, there is danger, thus establishing for the time being at least, that happy medium so well calculated to give a just tone to our holyday occasions.

We invite the attention of land holders and others to the card of John S. Menefee, in this paper. We have known Judge Menefee well for fourteen years, and can recommend him as an honorable and reliable man, well fitted by long residence and intelligent investigation, for the business he solicits. Among other recommendations, he possesses that of being a patriotic citizen, and now bears upon his person the marks of seven arrow wounds inflicted by a Camanche Indian, and in his house may be seen the arrows themselves.

The Light House.—We are informed that the Light House, at Pass Cavallo, will be lit up on New Year's eve.

☞ We publish to day the Deputy U. S. Marshall's statement of the arrest of Capt. Dawson of Hallettsville, for the satisfaction of the friends of that gentleman, and as an act of justice to Gen. Augustus Jones, late a distinguished citizen of Missouri.

At Home Again.—We have the pleasure to say that our junior, Mr. Brady, with his new bride, arrived at home by the Louisiana in good health. Before this goes to press, our senior will have left on a short visit to his friends above.

County Surveyor.—Henry Beaumont, Esq., was elected Surveyor of Calhoun county on the 20th December.

Josiah M. Camp was at the time elected Justice of the Peace for the Indianola precinct.

☞ The Probate Court met in this place on Monday last, the Hon. J. Beaumont presiding.

The Season.—A gentleman of Indianola gathered a dish of green peas from his garden on Christmas day. In another garden in town, there are fig trees full of fruit now in a ripening state. This, however, is unusual even in this climate.

Arrival of the Mexico.—The steamship Mexico, Capt. Place, arrived at Powder Horn on Tuesday, bringing dates from N. Orleans up to the 23d.

The Steamships Bay, Perseverance and Louisiana took over beef cattle from the lower wharf on their last outward trips; also cotton and pecans.

Gen. Rusk.—It is generally believed President Pierce will tender a cabinet appointment to our distinguished Senator, Rusk. None is more worthy.

Texas Butter.—We are credibly informed that one lady in this County, this year sold over eight hundred dollars worth of butter. We are now using butter made last May, and find it perfectly sweet and pure. It seems strange that when good butter always finds a ready market here, in summer at 18 to 20 cents and in winter at 25 cents, that the farmers do not pay more attention to its production for market. In Kentucky butter sells for 10 cents, yet it is a large article of trade. Texas can produce as good an article as any other State, if it is properly managed.

☞ Capt. McClellan, the engineer who is to survey Matagorda Bay, arrived by the Louisiana.

☞ Col. Coe, who was lately shot in an affray at Gonzales, is dead.

☞ Graham's Magazine for January is upon our table, filled with original matter.

☞ A seaman on board of the schooner J. G. McNeel had his leg broken at the lower wharf on Sunday last.

☞ We regret to learn by the Galveston Civilian, that its editor, the Hon. H. Stuart, is confined by indisposition.

Jewelry.—Mr. L. H. Woods is now opening in the Masonic Hall, Indianola, a fine assortment of jewelry. Call and see.

CHRISTMAS.

The annual return of this Holyday, was duly observed in this place, and passed off very pleasantly. Several dinner parties were given, and entertainments of various kinds at the hotels and coffee-houses. It was our pleasure to be a guest at one of the Planter's, where Judge Varnell was holding forth with his wonted fund of wit, good humor and hospitality. At McCulloch's, also, we called in at a juvenile dinner party, given by the little Misses Lawrence in room No. 1. There were present 14 girls and 13 boys, besides several ladies and gentlemen. Such a sight would have softened the heart of any bachelor extant. So much of juvenile beauty, in person and behavior, surrounding a table decked in appropriate and very profuse and tasteful style, was calculated to awaken reflections in one's mind. Beholding the sprightly and youthful groups, assembled on such an occasion, in the morning of life, before sin and corruption had an abiding place in the heart, when all was innocence and purity, the mind wandered back to other days, when the trials and cares of life were unknown and unanticipated—when all in the future was bright and glorious—when all around was as but one day of childish rejoicing. Then the reflection arose, that these little ones, now so joyful, must ere long enter upon the arena of practical life—meet the vicissitudes, endure the toils, enjoy the blessings and surmount the difficulties in the way to manhood, and so soon stand where we now stand—causing mingled emotions of grief and pleasure. Alas! and how many of them will be nipped in the bud and laid in their last resting place! Who among them will become the controlling spirits of another period—the merchants, lawyers, physicians, the jurists and statesmen of the land! Who will be blessings and props to their now fond parents in after years, or who will precede them to the tomb! Then the solemn responsibilities of the parents towards these budding flowers, come to view; the effect of their early training for weal or woe; the extent of their power, if wisely directed, to lead the juvenile mind and heart in the path of soberness, virtue and truth; to prepare their offspring for the duties of after life, of men and women, in a land of freemen. These were solemn reflections; but relieved by the unexceptionable deportment and good breeding of the children, manifesting already the fruits of wise and early training. Long may the little ones live to remember the pleasant gathering, and re-assemble on similar occasions.

It was also our good fortune to attend a dining party of gentlemen at the house of that prince of good fellows, Capt. H. E. Bœhner, which did great credit to himself and lady, and afforded a rich repast and pleasant afternoon to the delighted guests.

At the Alhambra, Strickland's and other places, repasts were also served in good spirit. Christmas was indeed a pleasant time.

☞ What country can show more citizens in proportion to population who were poor a few years since, and are now independent, by the steady and legitimate accumulation of property, than Texas? What country has more general intelligence among the people than Texas? What country can produce horses, cattle and sheep, so cheap as Texas? What soil yields more produce from the same amount of labor than that of Texas? What State can show more intelligence and benevolence among its mothers than Texas? What State can boast of more handsome and bewitching young ladies, (who wont marry without they get a good opportunity,) than Texas? What country can beat Texas in the number, beauty, health and sprightliness of its children? As to old maids and bachelors, as Deacon Stokes used to say, we leave them at the mercy of the *breethren*.

☞ Several years ago, the shipping of Matagorda Bay, amounted to an arrival of a small schooner from New Orleans, about once in six to eight weeks. Now we have two steamships per week from New Orleans; ten or fifteen vessels in the lumber trade with Mobile, Pensacola, Biloxi and Attakapas and as many more in the New York trade, and this is but a foretaste of what it will be in three years.

The Old Fellow.—We have just received a humorous letter from an esteemed subscriber on the Cleto, Bexar county, dated Dec. 24th, in which he says:

"I have just received two gallons of *rot gut whiskey*, a barrel of flour, killed a beef and a hog, and will a turkey and a deer before night, and to-morrow we're going to tumble into Christmas right side up, in a hurry. Hurrah for Texas and the Bulletin."

Thank you, Major, for your wishes, and our best wishes for a good time with you through the holydays. Feast and grow fat on the bounties of the land, but when you drink whiskey at all, stick to old Bourbon or Monongahela, according to custom in the "*oald country*." The article received by you is one admissible only from sheer necessity, which no doubt existed in this case, for like old mother H. in Missouri, you never take any unless you are *sick* or *want it!*

To Mr. Da Costa, the attentive clerk of the Mexico, we are under renewed obligations for late favors.

Battle of Meir.—Christmas day was the tenth anniversary of the surrender of the brave men of Meir, after one of the best fought battles of modern times. Those poor fellows saw indescribable hardships, were designated, by drawing the black bean, and every tenth man shot. The others remained prisoners 22 months, and then returned, but how thinned in number. Starvation in the mountains, forced marches on foot, the lack of clothes, exposure, abuse and disease had reduced them almost a third. The survivors are scattered hither and yonder; but whenever we clasp the hand of a Mier prisoner, we are reminded of noble deeds of daring in by-gone days, when courage, freedom and truth, were borne down by the strong arm of ignorance, tyranny and superstition—when the just were crushed by the unjust. Long live the brave men of Mier.

How is it?—The San Antonio and Austin papers announce that Gen. Smith, commander of this department, has been superceded by Gen. H. Harney. We learn from other sources that the change is only temporary, during Gen. Smith's visit to Washington City. Who is right?

New Paper.—Dr. John S. Ford, editor of the American, and Mr. Lancaster late of the Texas Ranger, (which was consumed by fire at Washington,) propose publishing a paper at Austin, to be called the "Texas Ranger." Dr. Ford was twice a member of the Texian Congress, afterwards editor of the Texas Democrat, Captain of a Ranging company, and more recently, Colonel of the revolutionary forces of Caravajal. He is considered a ready and forcible writer, favorable to improvements in general, the extension of the area of freedom, &c.

Harrisburg Rail Road.—This road is steadily progressing to completion and will be the first one in operation in Texas. The iron and locomotives are on the ground. It runs from Harrisburg, 6 miles below Houston on Buffalo bayou, to the Brazos river. Much of its success, therefore, is owing to the patient and indomitable perseverance of Gen. Sidney Sherman, one of the heroes of San Jacinto. The people of Houston, we believe, have the right, under the charter, of tapping it.

☞ We notice with pleasure among late emigrants arriving here, Col. John Shirkey, of Virginia, and Mr. Weir, of Kentucky.—The Col. moved 800 miles by land to Memphis, thence by water to Indianola, having a large number of negroes, horses, wagons and farming implements, and met with not a single accident on the way. He is settling 5 miles below Victoria and will prove, from all accounts, a valuable citizen. Mr. Weir, Mr. Southern and many other valable emigrants have also lately arrived from Kentucky, some of whom are prepared to carry on agricultural operations on an extensive scale. We learn from reliable sources that large numbers are now moving from old Kentuck to Texas. We bid all such welcome. Formerly the number of persons coming from that State was comparatively small.

☞ We notice in the Corpus Christi Valley, a handsome compliment paid to Mr. Richard Chisholm, of Clinton, generally better known among the old b'hoys as "Uncle Dick," occasioned by a recent visit of his to Corpus. We endorse all that is said of him—that he cast the first cannon ball used by the patriots in the Texian revolution, &c. All old Texians know Uncle Dick and love him; but he has one hard joke to bear. He was once surrounded and captured by 70 Indians, who were about to despatch him, without judge, counsel or jury. An old chief rode up and was struck with the remarkable features of the prisoner. "Great God," said he, "what an ugly man, let him go home and take care of his wife and children." "Thank you, captain," said Uncle Dick, and said he, I —— left.

☞ The San Antonio Ledger of a late date, refers to Commodore Moore as authority for saying that Saluria is the best harbor on this Bay. This, we think, is an error. Commodore Moore says, (in his letter to Dr. Levi Jones, in March, 1848,) that La Salle possesses greater advantages for a commercial city than any point on Matagorda Bay. The harbor of La Salle and that in front of Powder Horn bayou is substantially one and the same.

☞ The funeral obsequies in New Orleans in honor of Calhoun, Clay and Webster, were conducted on a scale of magnificence never before reached on such an occasion in that city. Orations were delivered by Judge McCaleb, C. Roselius and others.

A Monster Schooner.—The New York Herald states that the schooner Indianola, of *six hundred and thirty-three tons*, was to be launched at Perth Amboy on the 13th inst., by Mr. Charles Keene. It is the largest schooner ever launched; was built for Captain Isaac Cathcart, formerly of the three-mast schooner Spray, and will be employed in the Matagorda trade. She is one hundred and thirty feet keel, twenty-nine feet beam, sixteen feet hold, and six and a half feet between decks, built of best Jersey white oak, of beautiful model, with sharp bows and clean run. She has three masts, with the largest sail on mizen-mast, a peculiar rig which is said to have proved very successful under Captain C's management.

☞ On the 27th ult., Lady Lovelace, the only daughter of Lord Byron, died in London, after a tedious illness, at the age of 37, which is precisely that to which her father attained. She has left behind her two sons and a daughter.

FOREIGN ITEMS.

Louis Napoleon Emperor.—New York, Dec. 17th.—Louis Napoleon was proclaimed Emperor on the 2d inst., and acknowledged the honor in a speech, in the course of which he said:

While I take the title of Napoleon III., I not only acknowledge the Governments that have preceded me, but I inherit in manner that which they did, good or bad. My reign does not date from 1815, it dates from this very moment. Receive my oath that I will spare nothing to secure the prosperity of the country; and while maintaining peace, will make no concession of the honor and dignity of France.

The Emperor's marriage is postponed till May.

Polish Movement.—An eminent Polish General has addressed a letter to Louis Napoleon, in which he declares that the Poles are ready to rally under his banners, if he should find it necessary to renew the French wars.

Viceroy of Algiers.—It is settled that Jerome Bonaparte is to be the Viceroy of Algeria.

England.—The Chancellor's budget, in which he proposes many reductions in rates, meets with general approval.

From Turks' Island.—An arrival from Turks' Island brings dates from the place to the 30th of November. At that date there were about 280,000 bushels of salt unsold. Prices 11 a 11c. per bushel. After the 1st of January an export duty of one cent per bushel will be levied on all Dutch salt.

The American brig Sophia sailed on the 1st Nov, for Alexandria, with two men in irons, for mutiny on board. The British brig Avon was wrecked at Salt Key, on the 27th November and was a total loss.

Revolution in Tabasco.—Advices from Tabasco to the 21st state that a revolution has broken out, that two battles have been fought, and 400 Mexican soldiers killed. The revolutionists captured two small towns.

Congress.—The Senate has passed a bill providing for the completion of the survey of the Rio Grande.

The Kentucky contested election case was further debated.

A dispatch from Washington, on the 14., states that, in the debate on the Tariff, Mr. Jones, of Pensylvania, opposed any reduction, stating that although there is now a surplus in the Treasury, such would not long be the case, as there is a probability of war with France, which nation is backed by Russia, and that both are preparing to dispute with us the ground that no European nation shall gain a footing on the continent of America.

Baltimore, Dec. 17th.—Col. King still continues unable to preside in the Senate.

A lady's parasol fell from the Senate gallery on the head of Senator Pratt, seriously injuring him.

Noble Conduct.—Under this caption the Louisville Courier of the 8th inst. relates the following characteristic anecdote of the estimable Capt. Martin of the steamer Sultana:

Last November, we published in the Courier, the deaths of the number of persons on the steamer Sultana, of cholera, including the wife and several children of a man by the name of Wm. Williams, from Texas. They were journeying to Tennessee as deck passengers, and were overtaken by the fell destroyer before arriving at Paducah. When the boat reached that port, the survivors were landed there to pursue their journey up Tennessee river. One of the children, Betty, a girl of twelve years of age, who had been violently attacked with the disease, had been kindly taken by Capt. Martin, of the Sultana, who removed her to the cabin, and gave her a warm bath, and bestowed many other kind attentions upon her. A subscription was raised for the family, and a passage spoken them on the Fanny Farrer. The little girl was sent to the boat, but was refused admission to the cabin. Capt. Martin immediately took charge of the little sufferer, and placed her in his cabin, and brought her to Louisville, and through the kind and assiduous attention of himself and wife, the little one was restored to health, and a life saved.

The child, Betty Williams, is now at the house of Capt Martin in this city, in good robust health, and her father, or relations, will no doubt be greatly relieved to know this fact. She thinks her father is in Knoxville, Tennessee, and if this notice reaches his eye, he will know where to find his child.

New Hungarian Colony.—The Chicago Press learns that Mr. Perczel, who was deputed by a large number of Hungarians in England and France to act for them, has purchased two townships of land in Iowa, near Davenport, for a Hungarian colony, and that in the Spring a large number of Hungarians design emigrating and settling upon the purchase. Among them they are some highly distinguished men, who did good service to their country in her legislature and in the revolution. It is designed to furnish each person in indigent circumstances, with forty acres of land on credit, at the government price.

Investments in Manufactures.—The Boston Journal says: "The current of investment is now turning strongly towards factory stocks, which are beginning to hold out brilliant prospects in the way of dividends. A very important change in several branches of the manufacturing business has been going on the last six months. The demand for domestic goods has increased greatly and prices have advanced sufficiently to yield handsome profits. This fact is beginning to be realised in the community, furnishing a key to the present movements in factory shares. The truth is, that a large majority of our manufacturing stocks are now selling at prices much below their real value, as can be easily demonstrated by references to facts and figures. But the argument in factory stocks entitled to most weight, are those who refer to the prospects ahead—certainly most brilliant and encouraging.

Col. Fremont's California Lands.—By the following advertisement, published in the London Times of November 27, it appears that the controversy relative to Col. Fremont's California lands has been amicably arranged.

Mariposas Estate.—I, the undersigned Thomas Denny Sargent, do hereby notify to all whom it may concern that all matters in dispute between Col. John Charles Fremont and myself, in reference to the above mentioned estate, have been entirely settled. That I have received from the said John C. Fremont the amount of $26,000, which was paid to me by Col. Benton on account of the purchase. That I have consented to the bill filed by me in the Court of Chancery against the said John Charles Fremont, for the completion of the sale of such estate being dismissed, and that I renounce all right whatever to the said estate, and all claims whatever against the said John Charles Fremont, or against the said Col. Thomas H. Benton, in respect thereof. Dated the 24th day of November, 1852.

Thomas Denny Sargent.

Baron Liebig, the distinguished chemist, says that as much flour or meal as can lie on the point of a table knife, is more nutritious than five measures, of about eight or ten quarts, of the Bavarian beer; and that a person who daily consumes that amount of beer, obtains from it, in a year, the amount of nutriment which there is in a five pound loaf of bread, or in three pounds of flesh.

☞ It will be remembered that our Senator, Gen. Houston, during the last session of Congress, had a committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the several departments of Government, and to report whatever frauds or other mal-practices could be detected. It is said that this committee have found enough to do. They appear to be still at work, and it is intimated the results of their labors will astonish the country. The Delta's Washington correspondent says the committee are now overhauling the Patent Office as it was administered by the late Commissioner Ewbank. The writer says:

"I am informed by gentlemen who seem to know all about such affairs that there are patent rights in existence, some of which tax the community millions of dollars; and that in most of the re-issues and extensions of the most valuable of such special privileges, palpable frauds, or at least gross violation of the Patent laws, have been resorted to. If I am not mistaken, the original patentee only is entitled to an extension, under any circumstances, and never, where he may not be able to prove that, after using due diligence he has failed to introduce his invention or improvement into common use, as to net a fair remuneration for his labors and expenditures in perfecting his machine. Patents have recently been renewed (extended) or re-issued for sundry inventions in glass work, the manufacture of revolving fire-arms, coach-lace weaving, the manufacture of India rubber goods, &c., in which the immediate friends of the late Commissioner of Patents are said to be heavily interested, as proprietors, in whole or in part, which are immensely valuable. According to the representations of parties extensively engaged in such manufactures, they have all been re-issued, or extended around the law, to the great pecuniary advantage of Mr. Ewbank's friends, and to the greater injury of the public.

"Thus, the India-rubber patents, which are said to have no legal existence, though they are operative, impose a tax of some two millions of dollars annually on the community; and the Woodworth patent for a planing machine, which was in use full thirty-four years ago, is said to be a tax of three millions per annum on New York city and her business. In every case against which complaint is made, the patent right is in the hands of a powerful combination of capitalists, who spend immense sums of money at law and in the lobbies of Congress, to maintain their ill-gotten privileges. There can be no doubt that there is great reason to complain of Mr. Ewbank's administration of the Patent Office, in many particulars, as, from the moment of his induction into office, down to the hour of his virtual removal, complaints against his conduct have given the Department of the Interior far more trouble than it has had since its organization, growing out of any other one subject matter."

Dreadful Explosion.—On the 22d ult., the steam mill of Mr. Thos. J. Coghlan, near Sumterville, S. C., was literally scattered into fragments by the bursting of the boilers. One negro was instantly killed, and two others died in the course of twenty-four hours after the explosion. Four other persons were seriously injured. Three boilers exploded at the same time, the noise of which was heard at a distance of twelve to fourteen miles. The shock at Sumterville, distant three miles, was very severe.

☞ The city bounds of New Orleans were, some time since, offered for sale, and sealed proposals invited. On the 12th inst., the Commissioners opened the proposals, when it was found that the sums for which a small premium was offered, amounted to $883,000. The amount of $917,000 was given to bidders at par, making $1,300,000 sold. The highest premium was 1½ per cent.—This successful sale is said to have relieved the city from all embarrassment.—*News.*

A Thanksgiving Gathering.—One of the largest and probably the most pleasant family gatherings in the State took place in the village of Hampden, at the home of Benjamin Sweet, on Thanksgiving Day, when forty-six persons sat down to dinner. There were present the father, aged 83 years, all his sons and daughters, seven of the former and six of the latter, twelve of whom are married, and their wives and husbands with them; fifteen grandchildren, and two great-grandchildren. A clergyman and his wife and another neighbor completed the list. They all formed about the old hearthstone and received the old man's blessing. The cradle in which the thirteen (the number of the original States of the Confederacy) were all rocked was brought forth, and the whole scene, as related to us by a participator, was most impressive and joyous.

Mr. Webster's Opinion of Kossuth.—Professor Felton, in an article in the Whig Review, gives an interesting account of a conversation held with Mr. Webster, a few weeks before his death. In this conversation the following was the language which Mr Webster held towards the great Hungarian orator and patriot, Kossuth: "He spoke of Kossuth's genius. He thought this genius wonderful and his resources extraordinary, but that he was rather an enthusiast, possessed with the idea that he was born with a mission to fulfil, than a statesman; that his political ideas were not well defined, nor fixed, nor consistent; that he was doubtless a sincere lover of his country, but was a poet rather than a sound reasoner on affairs of state and the condition of the world."

☞ A number of gentlemen from New York are now in Washington as representatives of a company formed there for taking a contract with the Government for building the proposed railroad from the Mississippi to the Pacific. They offer to build the road in four years, taking their pay partly in money and partly in land, as they proceed with the work.

☞ The grand jury of the United States District Court sitting at Hartford, Conn., have found two bills against Thomas Lawson, of New York, on five indictments for forging Pension papers, and a land warrant in the case of Charlotte Dosha Jones, purporting to be the widow of John Jones, and against George H. Power, of New York, for aiding and abetting in the above offence.

A Model Wife.—Under this head, the St. Louis Intelligencer of the 14th has the following paragraph.

Recently one of the toll gate keepers was removed by the Judges of the County Court, and a successor appointed to fill the situation. Yesterday the newly appointed official went to commence the discharge of his duties, but, on arriving at the gate, was informed by the lady of his predecessor that she would give him an unmerciful thrashing if he came about the house. Fearing that she would carry her threat into effect, the would be toll keeper vamoosed.

Baltimore, Dec. 22.—The Senate to-day passed the bill conferring the Lieutenant Generalship on Gen. Scott by 34 yeas to 12 nays. The House referred the President's message to the appropriate committees, excepting rivers, harbors and commerce.

☞ General Pierce has presented to Mr. Butterfield, editor of the Concord Patriot, a beautiful silver-mounted cane, as a mark of personal esteem.

The Case of Capt. Gray at Havana.—The correspondent of the N. Y. Times, is announcing the release of Capt. Gray and crew, of the ship Lady Suffolk, from prison in Havana on the 2d inst., says:

The captain remains here under the personal security given by Mr. Antonio Cabargo, until the case is closed, which would not have been accepted, had there been any appearance of criminality attaching to the captain or any of his officers or crew. The friends may be assured that this case is arranged, and by the Spaniards themselves in their own way, to save fair appearances for subsequent history, in their relations and implication in the slave trade.

I should add, that previous to arrest, all the sailors of the Lady Suffolk had been shipped on board of different vessels in this harbor; when released, they were ordered on board, with instructions not to communicate with the shore whilst remaining in port; thus to prevent the transpiration of more facts in relation to the *modus operandi* of Spanish benevolence, as elucidated by their confinement, first on board the ship—subsequently in the prison walls of the clement Government, and generally in the preparation and outfit of the carrier of chains for Africa.

☞ The number of passengers arrived at San Francisco, seaward from the 1st of January to the 14th of November, were 9239, including 4618 females. The departure seaward, during the same time, were 19,839, leaving 40,400 as the increase to the population by sea. The overland immigration is estimated at 45,000, making the total increase about 86,000 in 18½ months.

The Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad.—The track on this road is now to within ten or fifteen miles of the Tennessee river—or about 120 miles from Nashville—and the work is rapidly progressing towards completion.

☞ We are told that the Ferryman at the Seguine crossing on the Guadalupe, in one day, slew over thirteen hundred rats. These undermining creatures, having congregated in an immense body, are traveling westward. Indiscriminately they attack every thing of a vegetable nature in their route. Many theories are suggested for their emigration. We have heard of no plausible one.—*S. A. Ledger.*

☞ The Savannah Georgian shows that when the projected railroad from that city to Pensacola is completed, the journey from New York to New Orleans can be accomplished in seventy-nine hours, as follows:—From New York to Savannah, 55 hours; from Savannah to Pensacola, 12 hours; and from Pensacola to New Orleans, 12 hours.

☞ The Hon. Cornelius P. Van Ness, former Minister to Spain, and a very distinguished man, died at the Girard House, Philadelphia, on the 15th inst.

☞ Dr. Charles T. Jackson, of Boston, has been engaged in investigating the causes of death which have resulted from chloroform. He states that when chloroform is made for pure alcohol, no ill effects ensue from enhaling it; but when it is made as it often has been, from corn, rye, or potato whisky, fusel oil, a deadly poson is generated.

☞ The North Mississippi Union announces that Gov. Foot has appointed Mr. Kenyon, of Tishemingo county, U. S. Senator, to succeed Mr. Brooke, whose term of service will expire on the 4th of March next.

MANIFEST.

Steamship Louisiana, from N. Orleans, Dec. 19th.

Passengers: Col. H. L. Kinney and lady. Capt. McLellan, U. S. A. L. H. Woods, W. M. Cluntie, D. H. Stallnacker, Brady and lady, W. Rust and family, W. E. Mitchel and lady, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Colyin, Mrs. Dr. L. Jones, May, Miss Baskin, Miss Mann and sister, L. D. Cook and lady, Mrs. Wright and 3 children, Baird and lady, J. Barton, J. D. Morgan, Mrs. Wharles, Miss Mary Smith, Col. Slaughter, W. Mann and brother.—23 on deck. 30 negroes, 3 horses.

Consignees—*Indianola:* A. Fromme, S. A. White, H. Runge & Co., J. H. Dale, Baldridge, Sparks & Co., Maas, Jas. Burns, J. H. Brown, Moekham, L. H. Woods, T. D. Woodward, J. H. Lang.—*Lavaca:* Fulton & Hensley, W. H. Kerr, G. W. Adams, R. M. Forbes & Co., Nichols & Wilson, C. Hagerty and order.—*Matagorda:* M. Camley & Co., Powell & Coen, Wadsworth & Lilly, Gordon, J. Shannon, W. J. Phillips.

Steamship Mexico, from New Orleans, Dec. 22d.

Passengers—Jas. Hastings, J. B. Bruce, John Minagoe, Gen. X. A. Chapman, R. Knowlton, Dr. Tate Murphy, G. W. Dunn, W. G. Dunn, Loreing, Samuel Hogue and family, Mr. Lively and family, L. E. Carpenter, M. A. Beiso, J. J. Lightfoot, James McIntosh, Maj. Buell and lady, Dampman Budden, A. Dietz, U. Bouzine, J. Nolte, Mr. Gooch U. S. M. agent, Dr. E. Baldwin, Sanborn, T. Braken, Wm. Case, Sam'l McGehee.

Consignees—*Indianola:* Jerry Smith jun., S. A. White, A. Fromme, C. Etter & Co., Baldridge, Sparks & Co., J. H. Dale, Major E. B. Babitt, Jacob Maass, Bateman & Salle.—*Lavaca:* Fulton & Hensley, Wm. H. Kerr, R. M. Forbes, G. W. Adams, J. T. Benedict.

DIED,

In Port Lavaca, December 27th, Mrs. Nancy Dekse, aged about sixty, an old and much esteemed citizen.

Bagging and Rope.

We have in store and for sale low, for cash or produce, a superior lot of K'y Bagging and Rope.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Dec. 29th, 1852—45:tf.

NOTICE!!! All persons indebted to us are earnestly requested to come forward and settle up; as the first of the new year is at hand, we wish to close our books.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Dec. 20th, 1852—45:tf.

Sugar and Molasses.

15 bbls Choice and Prime Sugar
5 do do Molasses
for sale low, for cash or produce.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Dec. 29th, 1852—45:tf.

GOSHEN BUTTER, English Dairy Cheese and Roll'd Buckwheat, just received from New York, and for sale, low, by

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Dec. 29th, 1852. 45:tf.

Administrator's Sale.

THE subscriber, administrator of the estate of *Augusta Bierman*, deceased, in pursuance of an order of the County Court of Calhoun county, made at its December term, 1852, will sell at public auction at the court house door in Indianola, on Tuesday, the first day of February, 1853, for cash in hand, all the real and personal property belonging to the estate of the said deceased, consisting of one house and [illegible] half of lot 4, B 10, in Indianola, (known as the Texas Exchange), one butcher pen [illegible] feet long, without the ground; one butcher [illegible] Market square, without the ground; two spanish horses, two jennets and one [illegible] cattle as they run; [illegible] other articles.—Sale between [illegible] The house subject to [illegible] next.

JOHN [illegible]

Dec. 30, 1852.—45:tf.

Public Sale.

ON TUESDAY, January 4th, 1853, the subscriber, administrator of the estate of *B. J. Beckwith*, deceased, will sell at auction, for cash in hand, at the Court house door in Indianola, all the property belonging to said estate, consisting of two frame rooms, without the ground, and various other articles.

JAMES S. ALLEN,
Administrator.

Dec. 30, 1852—45:1t.

Land Agency.

JOHN S. MENEFEE,

Texas, Jackson co., Texas.

Will attend to Selling Lands, Paying Taxes, Examining Titles, &c., on reasonable terms.

—REFER TO—

Mr. H. Stuart, Galveston.
Mr. John Henry Brown, Indianola,
Hon. Guy M. Bryan, Brazoria,
Mr. R. M. Forbes, Lavaca,
Messrs. Logan & Sterne, Victoria.
C. L. Owen & Co., Texas. [44:6m

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Calhoun.

N. C. White vs. Harris & W. C. Lacy.

To C. M. Creamer, Constable—Greeting:

WHEREAS, N. C. White having made oath before me, W. M. Varnell, an acting Justice of the Peace in and for said County that Harris & W. C. Lacy is justly indebted to him the said White in the sum of forty-two dollars and that the said Harris & W. C. Lacy are not residents of the State of Texas so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them and that thereby the plaintiff will probably lose his debt, and that this attachment is not sued out for the purpose of injuring said defendants.

You are hereby commanded to summons the said Harris & W. C. Lacy by publication of this writ for three successive weeks before the return day thereof, in the Indianola Bulletin, published in the town of Indianola, to be and appear before me at the Court House, in the town of Indianola, on the first Saturday in January, 1853, then and there to answer the complaint of said White.

You will herein fail not and make due return of this process as the law directs.

Given under my hand this the 9th day of December, 1852.

WM. M. VARNELL,
Justice of the Peace, Calhoun County.

Came to hand December 10th, 1852.

I hereby order publication of this citation to be made in the Indianola Bulletin, a newspaper published in the town of Indianola for three successive weeks.

CHAS. M. CREAMER,
Dec. 16, 1852—43-3t. Constable, C. C.

Convention at Austin.

We noticed in a late number of the Bulletin that many creditors of the German Emigration Company are desirous of holding a convention at Austin, for the speedy liquidation of the Company's affairs.

This is really the wish of every creditor we have conversed with on the subject, and all seem anxious to have the plan consummated.

We therefore, in the name of many others, invite every creditor to attend the convention at Austin, on the 10th day of January next.

HENRY J. HUCK.
HENRY RUNGE.

Indianola, Dec. 22d, 1852.

HENRY C. COOK. CHAS. A. HARPER.

Cook & Harper,

Attorneys at Law and General Land Agents.

Indianola, Texas.

Dec. 22d, 1852. [44—1y

Groceries.

50 bbls Flour.
20 bags Rio Coffee.
30 boxes Star Candles.
6 hhds. Sugar.
8 firkins fresh Goshen Butter.

Together with Potatoes, Onions, Mackrel, Codfish, Bacon sides, Molasses, Lard and Sperm Oil, fresh Raisins and Figs, &c., &c.; received per J. L. Day and Perseverance, and for sale by

44:2w.] BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.

Tobacco,

Heavy lot, choice article chewing, and in Mexican bales—for sale by

44:3w.] BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.

Rice, by the steamer Mexico; Booker's celebrated brands of choice Tobacco, Peytona, Crescent city, & Picayune, warranted by the manufacturers to be unsurpassed in quality; for sale, wholesale and retail, at

COTTMAN'S.

Indianola, Dec. 21st, 1852.—44

New Orleans and Texas

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

OF LOW-PRESSURE

STEAMSHIPS.

Texas, (1400 tons) Capt. *Jas. Lawless.*
Louisiana, (1200 tons) Capt. *J. Smith.*
Mexico, (1200 tons) Capt. *Place.*
Perseverance, (900 tons) Capt. *Thos. Parker.*

THE above new and magnificent Steamships have been built and fitted up with great care and cost especially for this trade; have splendid state-room accommodations for passengers, and for speed and safety are unsurpassed.

One of the above vessels will leave the Powder Horn Wharf at Indianola every Wednesday and Saturday, and Galveston every Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, and Sunday evening, at 4 o'clock.

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to

H. E. BOEHNER, *Indianola.*
HARRIS & MORGAN, *New Orleans.*

Dec., 1852: 44.

Matagorda Male & Female INSTITUTE.

THE Principal, Professor J. J. Cardozo, having purchased and fitted up the well known, commodious and beautifully located building, the Mansion House, situated in the most healthy and desirable portion of the town of Matagorda, and overlooking the Matagorda Bay, designs establishing an Institution (commencing on the *First Monday of January next,*) with the view of furnishing young Ladies and Gentlemen the means of acquiring a thorough and finished education, which, invariably, must contemplate the harmonious development of the intellectual, moral and physical constitution.

For the attainment of this end, an important object of the Principal will be, to teach his pupils to reason logically, to speak and write correctly, as well as to exact strict conformity to the Rules.

Both departments, shall be under the superintendence of the Principal, who shall be aided by competent Assistants, as the wants of the school may demand.

The Female department will be under the immediate supervision of Mrs. Cardozo, who will use every energy for the proper development of the mental and moral faculties of all those entrusted to her care.

Rates of Tuition per session of five months:

For Spelling, Reading, Writing and First Lessons in Arithmetic,	$12 50
Arithmetic, Geography, English Grammar, History and Elocution,	15 00
Logic, Rhetoric, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Ancient Languages, Mathematics, Civil Engineering and Surveying, &c.,	25 00
Music, Piano, Vocal and Instrumental, with the use of the Instrument,	30 00
Matriculation fee,	1 00

The cant "*sans doctissimus*," has become so common that we have declined saying any thing further of our qualifications, &c., but would respectfully invite our patrons or others who may feel desirous, to examine honorary certificates and testimonials from some of the first Institutions in the United States.

P. S.—A large number of young ladies can be accommodated with board and washing, at the Institute. dec. 23, 1852—44-1y

CUBAN OYSTER SALOON.

FRANCISCO E. BRAVO, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has recently refitted the above establishment in a style unsurpassed by none in town, and is now prepared to furnish Oysters in every style to those who may honor him with a call.

The best of Wines and liquors always on hand.

Indianola, Dec. 16, 1852—43-3m.

Farm for Rent.

THE undersigned will rent his farm situated on the East bank of the Guadalupe river, five miles below the town of Gonzales. There is 275 acres of rich valley land in cultivation, and enclosed with a superior fence.—Also a good dwelling house, and first rate negro cabins. Also the best orchard of a gin and mill—a good spring, and a constant out way to the back land. For terms of rent reply to the subscriber living in Gonzales.

Dec. 16, '52-4t: 3m. C. S. BROWN.

NOTICE.—Mr. David Lewis, of the house of Lewis & Bigbee, Druggists, Indianola, will leave during the first week in January for New York and Boston, with the view of bringing on the largest stock of Drugs, Medicines, &c., ever imported into Western Texas, and which will be opened in their large and spacious building now erecting at the Powder Horn wharf. All persons indebted to them will therefore please come forward and pay up, by the first of January. Mr. Lewis will take pleasure in attending to any business in the north that may be committed to his charge.

Indianola, Dec. 9-42-3t. LEWIS & HUGHES.

CAUTION.

I HEREBY forewarn all persons from trading for a note of hand for $300 payable to E. Gile, dated Aug. 18th, 1852, and signed Denson & Ford; and I also have reason to believe there is a second note of the same character out. I will pay neither of said notes, nor any part of them, as I never saw nor signed them, nor was any other person ever authorised directly or indirectly thus to use my name. JOHN FORD.

Indianola, Dec. 16, 42-3t

LUMBER TO ARRIVE.—The schooner Mary Ellen from Pensacola, is daily expected with a full cargo of lumber for sale at the Powder Horn wharf by BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.

Dec. 9-42-tf

C. T. CHURCH,
House, Sign & Carriage Painter.
Indianola Texas.

ALL orders in the above business, will be executed with promptness, and in a style to give satisfaction. Dec. 9, '52. [42] 3m.

J. H. & J. SELKIRK,
Daguerreotype Operators
And Dealers in Daguerreotype Stock,
MATAGORDA, TEXAS.

Dec. 9, 1852. [42] 1y

M. D. BENNETT, M. D. T. H. HAWKS, M. D.

Drs. Bennett & Hawks.

HAVING associated themselves together in the practice of Medicine, offer their professional services to the citizens of Lavaca county. Where a consultation is necessary no extra charge will be made. Office in the Halletsville Drug Store. Dec. 9, 1852-42

W. T. ROGERS. R. E. WALKER.

ROGERS & WALKER,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
AND
GENERAL LAND AGENTS,
Halletsville, Lavaca County, Texas.

WILL attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in the Courts of the Tenth Judicial District, and the Supreme Court at Austin. Especial attention will be given to buying and selling Land, and examining titles in Western Texas. Dec. 9, 1852-42

NOTICE is hereby given, that I have been appointed administrator of the estate of Obediah Stevens, deceased, late of calhoun county, Texas: all persons indebted to said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment to me; and those having claims against the same are requested to present them for allowance, duly sworn to as the law directs.

SAMUEL D. CLARK, adm'r.

Indianola, Dec. 2, 1852.—41-6t

Merchants' Line of Packets,
BETWEEN
N. York & Matagorda Bay,

Composed of the following first class vessels:

Schr. INDIANOLA,	I. Cathcart,	Capt.,	4000 bbls.
" REINDEER,	Cathcart,	"	2500 "
" CLINTON,	T. Smith,	"	2500 "
" DESDEMONA,	J. S. Chattin,	"	1600 "
" W. A. STAFFORD,	Kent,	"	2000 "

The above having been built or selected expressly for this line, are all new vessels of light draft of water, well adapted to the trade, and being commanded by masters of experience in our coasting trade, shippers may rely upon their passages comparing favorably with any other vessels afloat. Freight will also be taken on the most accommodating terms, and every facility and attention extended to shippers for the prompt dispatch of their goods.

☞ All goods consigned to the agents will be forwarded free of commissions.

N. L. McCREADY & CO., Agents,
36 South street, New York.

Indianola, Dec. 2, 1852.—[41]

Carpetings.

20 PIECES Cotton and Woolen Carpetings, handsome patterns, just received.

BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.

Dec. 2. [41] 6t.

Notice.

ALL PERSONS are hereby forewarned from in any way meddling with the cattle, horses, hogs, or other property, belonging to the estate of Auguste Bierman, deceased. I am the legal Administrator of that estate, and shall prosecute any and all persons offending in the premises.

JOHN HENRY BROWN, Adm'r.

Indianola, Dec. 2d, 1852. [41]3t

To Stock Raisers and Shippers.

THE subscribers have the pleasure to announce that their new and magnificent Wharf, at Powder Horn Bayou, is now completed, so that the largest steamships and sail vessels entering Matagorda Bay can at all times receive and discharge freight upon it without the trouble, delay, expense, and damage of lightering. They have constructed in connection with it, a large and convenient pen for shipping live stock, with the railroad car running into it, by which cattle, horses, mules or sheep can be shipped on to the vessels at the wharf with safety, speed, and great convenience. Grass and water is abundant within one and two miles of the wharf.

BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.

Indianola, Dec. 2d, 1852. [41]tf

Administrator's Notice.

THE undersigned has been appointed by the County Court of Calhoun county, Administrator of the estate of Auguste Bierman, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned; and those having claims against the estate will present them duly sworn to according to law, for allowance.

JOHN HENRY BROWN,
Indianola, Dec. 2, 1852. [41] 6t. Adm'r.

Cash Notice!

I HAVE determined from this day forward not to sell a dime's worth of goods on credit. I am very anxious of closing my books and would earnestly request those indebted to me to come forward and either pay their bills or settle them by note.

Grateful for past favors, I hope by adhering strictly to the cash system to offer such inducements as will merit a continuance of the same. I keep a general assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes, ready made Clothing, &c., Wholesale & Retail.

THOS. D. WOODWARD.

Indianola, Nov. 25, 1852.

ARCADE HOTEL,
Magnolia, between Natchez and Gravier Streets,
NEW ORLEANS,
R. S. MORSE, Proprietor.

☞ The above establishment having been entirely new furnished and repaired throughout, is now ready for the reception of visitors. [39]1y

PEISER & BROTHER

Are in the Field, with the following

GOODS,

Which were purchased at such remarkable low prices that the closest buyers cannot help proclaiming

Cheap! Cheaper than the Cheapest!!!!!

Our Stock consists of the following which will be sold very low:

Dry Goods,

Bleached and brown sheetings and shirtings; cottonade; checks; hickory stripes; denims; kentucky jeans; linseys; kerseys; tweeds; satinets; casimeres; blankets; flannels; prints; ginghams; delaines; alpacas; merinos; cashmeres; silks; lawns; jaconet; mull; swiss and book muslins; thread and bobinet laces; veils; hosiery; diapers; toweling; table cloths; gloves; mitts; linen; curtains; handkerchiefs; lace; jaconet and swiss edgings and insertings; umbrellas; bonnets; buttons; pins; needles; tapes; genuine spool thread; sewing silks; bonnet ribbons; artificial flowers; with every article belonging to Dry Goods.

Clothing.

Cottonade, kentucky jeans, satinet and casimere pants; coats; sacks; cloaks; vests; shirts; drawers; suspenders; flannels; gurneys; under shirts; &c.

Boots & Shoes.

Men's, women's youths' and misses' brogans; russets; ladies' walking bushins; slippers; gaiters; mud, fishermen's and dress boots; rubbers; leggins; and all kinds of children's shoes.

Hats & Caps.

Beaver, moleskin, seal, angola, mexican brush, jenny lind, pearl, casimere and wool hats; cloth, glazed, plush, military and navy caps.

Saddlery.

Men's and women's saddles; bridles; martingales; halters; heads and reins; girths; circingles; bridle bitts; stirups; stirup irons; hames; collars; webbing; whips; buckles; needles; tacks; thread; silks; leathers.

Hardware & Cutlery.

Knives and forks; pocket, pen and butcher knives; razors; scissors; spoons; locks; latches; bolts; hinges; files; screws; chisels, augurs; planes; saws; brace and bitts; gimlets; trace and log chains; sad irons; anditons; pots; ovens; stew pans; shovel and tongs; fenders; anvils; vices; bellows; stoves; pipes; tin ware; &c., &c.

Crockery Ware,

In original assorted crates, suited to the country trade; plates; dishes; teas; coffees; tea and coffee pots; pitchers; bowls; basins; ewers; chambers; &c.

Glass Ware.

Tumblers; goblets; wines; lamps; sugars; creams; salts; molasses jugs; castors; candlesticks; decanters; lanterns; preserve dishes; &c., &c.

Groceries.

Flour; coffee, sugar; lard; molasses; butter; cheese; hams; bacon; soaps; oils; shot; powder; lead; apples; peaches; potatoes; onions; spices; starch; indigo; vinegar; candles; rice; sardines; mackerel; codfish, &c., &c.

Liquors.

Brandies, Otard & Dupuy's; champaigne; rum; whiskey; gin; st. julian; claret; hock; cordials; &c.

Teas.

Imperial, gunpowder, souchong, pouchong, oolong, young hyson, &c., &c.

Preserves.

Jellies; jams; prunes; peaches; fruits; apricots; pears; strawberries; raspberries; currants; gages; pickled and brandy fruits.

Cigars,

Imported from Havana, varying in price from $8 to $75 per thousand. American in abundance.

Fruits.

Raisins, figs, currants, nuts, candies.

Drugs & Medicines.

Castor oil; olive oil; quinine; Brandreth's and Moffat's pills; cream tartar; borax; rhubarb; nitre; magnesia; with a whole supply of plantation medicines.

Paints & Oils.

White lead; black lead; venetian red; spanish brown; chrome; green; &c. Oils, plain & boiled.

Stationery.

Foolscap; letter paper; post and all kinds of writing paper; steel pens; ink, sands; inkstands; blotters; pencils; slates; quills; blank books; hymns; bibles; novels; romances; visiting cards.

Clocks & Watches,

Of the most celebrated make, and warranted good time pieces.

Furniture.

Tables; chairs; rockers; wash stands; stools in a very great variety.

Jewelry & Fancy Goods.

Breastpins, earrings; bracelets; cuff-pins; lockets; card cases; gold and silver spectacles; silver spoons and forks; napkin rings; finger rings; dressing cases; work boxes; perfumed cushions; lily white; perfume; cologne; hair oil; salts; powder; powder puffs; spy glasses; thermometers; fancy hair pins; fancy knitting needles; &c., &c.; together with such an endless variety of Fancy Goods that it would be too tedious to enumerate them

☞ Cash Advances on cotton, sugar hides, skins, &c., &c., consigned to our friends in New Orleans, New York, or Europe.

PEISER & BROTHER,
[34] Indianola.

☞ At Government Wharf. ☜

JUST RECEIVED, at the New Store, Government Wharf, Indianola, a SPLENDID STOCK OF GOODS, embracing, in part,—

Negro Clothing.

Six bales ky jeans and linseys; 2 cases kerseys; 200 pair blankets.

Linsey, Calicoes etc.

50 pieces plaid and plain linsey; 100 pieces fancy prints; 4 bales brown domestics.

Shoes, Boots, Hats, Clothing, etc.

A very large stock of the above named articles, which are offered very low.

Sundries.

12 boxes assorted candy; 2 bbls almonds; 10 boxes soda crackers; 2 bbls crackers; 10 lbs nutmegs; ½ bbl ginger; spice; pepper; cloves; indigo, &c.

Liquors! Liquors!!

2 casks cognac brandy; 3 ¼ casks Dalman do; 3 ¼ casks pale do do; 10 5 gallon kegs do; 1 bbl fine scotch whiskey; 10 5 gallon kegs fine holland gin; 1 bbl gin; ½ cask port wine; 10 5 gal kegs do do; 2 ½ casks south side madeira; 10 ½ gal kegs fine do; ¼ cask fine pale sherry; 10 kegs malaga wine; 10 bbls old mononghela whiskey; 5 do do bourbon do; 80 bbls rectified whiskey; 8 baskets champaigne wine; 10 boxes claret wine; 16 do cantern do; 6 baskets sauterne; 4 boxes brandy cherries; 2 boxes stoughton bitters; 2 do cas peppermint.

Cigars! Cigars!!

40,000 Havana cigars; 4,000 La Called do; 2,000 Panetellas; 1,000 fine presad; 1,000 La Congoes.

Tobacco.

2 boxes Patterson's; 10 ¼ do Bloomer's; 10 2-4 do Tell's; 8 ¼ do Floyd's; 4 ½ do Marshall's; 1 case smoking; 6 doz Macaboy snuff; 4 doz Scotch do; 6 boxes Yellow Bank Tobacco.

Powder! Powder!!

8 kegs rifle powder; 10 ½ kegs do do; 20 ¼ do do; [illegible] do do.

Candles and Soap.

10 boxes star candles; 20 ¼ do do; 20 ¼ do do; 5 boxes sperm do; [illegible] brown soap; 2 do fancy do.

Sugar.

1 case bbl sugar; [illegible] bbls crushed do; 1 bbl powdered do; [illegible] do brown, &c.

Pickles, Sauces, etc.

12 bottles [illegible] gallons; 2 bxs pepper sauce; 5 [illegible] do olive oil; 100 do Sardines.

H. R. FULKERSON & CO.

Indianola, Oct. 14, 1852.

M. W. BATEMAN. L. E. SALLES.

New Fancy Store,
Corner of Fronme & Main Streets—formerly occupied by Huck & Oppburg.

BATEMAN & SALLES would respectfully invite the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of Indianola and the country generally to the opening of their stock of *FANCY GOODS*, which was selected with the utmost care. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, and no pains will be spared in exhibiting the goods. Our stock consists of satin deshine, plaid and gros de rhin and black silks, fancy embroidered silk cicilia tissues, printed turcoise, plain and figured muslin delains, plain french and english merinos, plain, figured and fancy muslin robes, pink, white, blue and black crape, white, black & figured bobinets, and a general assortment of embroidery, such as sleeves, cuffs, collars, capes and chemisettes; berthes, and a complete assortment of laces and trimmings for ladies' dresses: also, bonnet and other ribbons, neck ties, light, dark and black kid gloves for ladies and gentlemen: also, beaver, cashmere and egyptian fillet mitts and gloves, ladies' fine cambric handkerchiefs, several fine watered silk mantillas, very richly trimmed, embroidered tippet and cashmere shawls, pearl & black silk & cotton hose, swiss, mull, book and figured muslins; swiss and cambric edgings and insertings, and a great many other articles, too tedious to mention; yet we have a good stock of staple and domestic goods, french, english and american prints, fine plaid and plain oil ginghams, linseys, fine blue and black cloths, casimeres plain and gold mixed, and a good assortment of fashionable clothing, gentlemen's neck ties, apron stocks, silk and cotton half hose; also a small lot of choice bed blankets of best lambs' wool, and a complete assortment of the choicest perfumery for the ladies uses. Please give us a call, even if you do not purchase—it will cost nothing.

☞ A complete assortment of ladies' gentlemen's and children's shoes.

P. S. Our terms are invariably cash, as we intend selling very low. Our prices can but induce every one to buy. BATEMAN & SALLES.

nov[37]4m

☞ San Antonio & Victoria papers copy.

BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.,
Indianola, Texas,

HAVING established themselves at their new *POWDER HORN WHARF*, with a view of prosecuting a *Wholesale Business*, respectfully solicit the attention of Merchants and Planters of the interior to their LARGE STOCK OF GOODS, which they have recently selected in the Eastern markets with great care and at low rates. They flatter themselves that with the heavy supply they have on hand, the experience they have had in the Trade, and facilities they are enabled to afford, that they can make it to the interest of purchasers to patronise them instead of going to New Orleans, offering as they do, rates as low, and terms as accommodating. Their Stock consists, in part, as follows:

STAPLE & FANCY GOODS.

Plain and fancy silks and satin d'soi; berages; delanes; mouslins; cashmeres; embroideries; tarletons; ginghams; lawns; cambrics; muslins; laces; edgings; trimmings; cords; velvets; etc., etc.—Cloths; cassimeres; vestings; satinets; tweeds; jeans; kerseys; linseys; 500 pcs prints; sheetings; shirtings; osnaburgs; bed and apron checks; ticking; denims; drills, stripes; flannels; table and curtain damask; toweling; diaper; 500 pair French & American blankets; ladies' silk and cotton hosiery; gentlemen's do; ladies' and gentlemen's kid, silk, buck and cotton gloves, mitts, &c.; collars; sleeves; chemizettes; linen cambric; French, works, handkerchiefs; cravats; shawls; etc.

CLOTHING.

The heaviest stock ever brought to the bay, of every cut and quality, adapted to the season.

HARDWARE.

Pocket, traveling and table cutlery; carpenters' and blacksmiths' tools of every kind; ox, log and trace chains; iron; steel; nails, butts; hinges; screws; castings; stoves; tea kettles; waffle irons; jack screws; and screw drivers.

GROCERIES.

50 hhds sugar; 100 sacks coffee; molasses; rice; teas; tobacco; dried fruits; pepper; ginger; spice; pickles; preserves; pie fruits; lobsters; sardines; clams; sauces; codfish & herrings; and a large stock

WESTERN PRODUCE.

Without enumerating farther, we simply say, that our stock of *Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Glass & Queensware, Woodenware, Fancy Articles and Stationery*, is full and complete, and that we will take great pleasure in showing them.

We again invite the attention of purchasers before buying elsewhere. We will pay the highest price for Cotton, Peltries, and Pecans.

LUMBER.

In connection with our business, we have placed on two fine schooners, the "Arispe" and "Mary & Susan," and with them we hope to keep a fine supply of all kinds Building Materials, which we will afford lower than has ever been sold on the Bay at any previous time.

☞ CASH ADVANCES. ☜

We will make liberal cash advances on cotton and other produce consigned to our friends in New York and New Orleans.

BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.

Indianola, Oct. 21, 1852.

TOBACCO.
No. 59, Camp Street, New Orleans.

THE subscriber keeps on hand fine stocks of black *heavy* Tobacco, selected with great care expressly for the Mexican trade, either in hhds. or bales of 100 lbs. each. Prices varying as in quality. Also a great variety suited for Cigars. 60 days will be given where satisfactory references is given in this city.

[37]1y THOS. K. PRICE.

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

THE safest and most effectual *Remedy for Worms* that has been discovered. The following is one of many voluntary testimonials of its efficacy and popularity, from Dr. J. B. Ellis, an eminent practitioner of Ripley, Tappah county, Miss., dated January 20, 1851:

Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.—Gentlemen: I have used your Vermifuge for seven or eight years, and am well pleased with its effects. I have frequently seen fro fifty to four hundred and seventy-five long worms come from a child, from its use. I believe none is superior to it.

Respectfully, J. B. ELLIS.

☞ Sold by Chambers Etter & Co., Indianola, and by druggists and merchants in Texas. 32:1y

STOVES!

JUST received a lot of nonpareil cooking and parlor Stoves of assorted sizes, which we offer for sale low. H. RUNGE & CO.

October 7.

NEW STORE.
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

THE subscriber, having removed his stock of Goods from Lavaca to Indianola, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has taken the eligible stand on the corner opposite the Post Office, where he will keep always on hand a full and complete assortment of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and General Merchandise.

—ALSO—

Flour, Bacon, Lard, and Western Produce generally, all of which he will sell at lowest market prices. *He* invites all to call and examine his stock. J. H. DAVIS.

Indianola, Sept. 30, 1852. 32:tf

Dr. J. C. Lawrence,
(LATE OF NEW ORLEANS.)

HAVING located in Indianola offers his professional services to the citizens of this place. He has practised for several years in the South, during which time he has had ample opportunities to acquaint himself with the diseases peculiar to the Southern climate.

Office over T. D. Woodward's store.

References:

Dr. A. Hester, Sec. Board Health, Dr. R. S. Crocket, Ed. Hall, Texas Commissioner, W. H. Woodward, *Indianola.* } *New Orleans.*

[31]1y

HALL & RODD,
General Commission, Receiving and Forwarding Merchants,
No. 4, Front Levee, New Orleans.

GIVE their individual attention to the Sale of Cotton, Sugar, and all other Produce, the Purchase of Plantation Supplies, Groceries, or other Merchandize. Refer to—

Cook & Harper, Baldridge, Sparks & Co., Chambers, Etter & Co., John Henry Brown, } Indianola.

[39-y]

DRUG STORE.
BENNETT & SANFORD,
HALLETSVILLE, TEXAS,

HAVE just received a new and fresh supply of Drugs, Medicines, Dye-Stuffs, &c., which they offer for sale at their Store. [38]tf

H. BONNABEL,
Corner of Natchez and Tchoupitoulas Streets,
NEW ORLEANS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
Drugs, Medicines, Foreign & American Chemicals,

Glassware for Drugs and Confectionery, Putty, Perfumery, Varnish and Brushes of all kinds.

AGENT for most of the approved Patent Medicines. Being an Importer, he can furnish the articles in his line at low prices, and guarantees them of the best quality.

☞ Sole Agent for the sale of the Products of the *Southern Chemical Works*, such as Oil Vitriol, Nitric and Muriatic Acid, Aquæ Fortis, Copperas, Bisulphite of Lime, &c. This last article is now extensively used by the Planters of Louisiana in the sugar manufacturing, with magnificent results. Full directions given. Sold in barrels of 40 gallons. [38]y

R. Yeatman & Co.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
And General Commission Merchants,
No. 85 Common street,
[37]1y NEW ORLEANS.

Sloop for Sale.

THE fine, fast-sailing sloop, MOUNTAIN GOAT. Apply to

oct28-[36]-2m J. SMITH, Jr.

DR. WM. D. KELLEY,

RESPECTFULLY tenders his services to the citizens of Indianola and vicinity. Having had several years experience in the practice, he hopes to be able to give entire satisfaction.

Special attention given to Obstetrics and the diseases of females.

He can be found at the McCulloch House.

oct28-[36]-tf

GLOBE HOUSE,
VICTORIA, TEXAS.

THE public are respectfully informed that this well known and long established House is again open for the accommodation of *Travelers* and *Boarders*. The Proprietor has thoroughly repaired and renovated his House, and added additional rooms for the use of Families and Ladies. His

TABLE

will be supplied with all the necessaries of life, and as many of the luxuries as can be procured in the Market.

There is conveniently attached to the House a good

STABLE AND HORSE LOT,

of suitable size, with a well of excellent water for the use of the stable. His stable is well stored with corn, fodder and hay, and will be faithfully attended by careful and experienced hostlers.

The Proprietor feels thankful to the public for past favors, and trusts by strict attention and industry in his business to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

He flatters himself that his charges are extremely moderate and liberal. J. L. NICKELSON.

Victoria, Sept. 23, 1852. 31:6m

ARCH'D H. LOWERY,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
121 Front street, New York.

A. M. GENTRY. 32:1y.

FISHING TACKLE.—We invite the Fishing community to call and examine our assortment of hooks and lines. Received and for sale by

LEWIS & HUGHES.

GEORGE S. MENEFEE & CO.,
RECEIVING AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
AT THE
New Powder Horn Wharf,
" INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

Sept. 16, 1852-30

J. H. DAVIS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Saddlery, Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Hardware, &c.

Opposite the Post Office, Indianola, Texas.

Sept. 30, 1852.

At Government Wharf.

JUST Received, 5 bales Kentucky Linsey,
" " 3 " " Jeans, for sale by H. S. FULKERSON & CO.

sep 16

BRICK! BRICK!—First quality of Brick constantly on hand at my Kiln in Victoria, at the current rates, or will be delivered in Indianola at $14 per one thousand.

C. M. BROWN.

Victoria, June 3, 1852. [17:tf.

GUNNY BAGS for sale by

sep16 H. RUNGE & CO.

FRENCH WINDOW GLASS 10 by 14, for sale by sep 9 *H. RUNGE & CO.*

NEW GOODS.

WE have just received, per schr. Reindeer, from New York, a new supply of HARDWARE, such as castings, chains, axes and nails; also, a large lot of Rope, of assorted sizes, for sale low, by [sep16] H. RUNGE & CO.

To Arrive.

DAILY expected to arrive by Brig Mary and Barque Trinity from New York and Boston and transhipped per schooner McNeal—

15 casks white and red wines, viz: Santerne, Port, Bordeaux, Malaga, and Madeira, &c.; 5 half pipes pale and dark Cognac 1842; 2 do do Vintage 1815, as good if not superior to any Cognac ever imported here; 9 Casks of Rye and Bourbon Whiskey; 10 bbls Vassar Cream Ale; 1 bbl Alcohol; 6 Cast Nets; 2500 lbs white and black Lead; 100 gals Linseed Oil; 50 kegs cut Nails and Spikes; 25 boxes of Soap; 20 bags superior Coffee; 15 Oporto Syrup; 2 doz Horse Radish; 15 boxes Raspberry Vinegar; 2 do real Cayenne pepper; 5 do Mustard; 10 do Olive or Salad oil; 5 bbls crushed sugar; 5 do Rice; 2 do Spts Turpentine; 1 do bright Varnish; 40 do smoking Tobacco; assortment of Window Glass, colored paints, Wall paper or Tapestry; Glass Tumblers, Copal Varnish, ship Duck, Matches, Spices, Saleratus, Indigo, Starch, Woodenware, Hardware, Anchors, Rope, Whale Oil, Boston Crackers, Spy Glasses, Compasses, Collins Axes, for sale at very acceptable terms.

sep 2 JACOB MAAS.

$25 Reward.

I WILL pay the above reward for the return of my Gold Watch to me, which was stolen from me on the 12th inst., in Indianola. It is a gold hunter lever, made by John Edwards, Liverpool, No. 8498. The key is large, with four red and five blue setts in the sides. The seal is oval, with a pale red cameo set in the bottom, and attached was a gold vest chain.

A. C. ASHWORTH.

Aug. 18, 1852. [26:tf

NEW STORE.

J. H. DAVIS has just opened in Indianola a large and valuable Stock of Goods, suitable for Fall and Winter—

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Cutlery, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Queens & Woodware,

Comprising a very complete assortment of Merchandise, selected with care, expressly for this market, which he offers upon the most favorable terms. ☞ Cash advanced on cotton, wool, beef hides, deer skins and pecans, for shipment to New Orleans, New York or Philadelphia, or he will purchase at the highest cash price. 34[37

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a decree of the Calhoun District Court, at the Spring Term, 1852, in favor of H. C. Kitchens, Exr. against Edward Clegg, I shall, on Tuesday, the 4th day of January next, at the court-house door of said county, expose to public sale, for cash, Lots Nos. one, two, eleven and twelve in the city of Lavaca, known as Clegg's hotel, or so much thereof as will satisfy said decree. Upon the payment of the purchase money the purchaser will receive from me a deed for the property sold.

WILLIS CHAMBERLIN, Sheriff C. C.

N. B. The above property was sold according to law on the 2d November, 1852. Said sale is null and void on account of non-payment.

[38]4t W. CHAMBERLIN, Sheriff C. C.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

WE are just in receipt per schooners Hazard, Reindeer, Deadamona, President, and brig Lavaca, of our extensive stock of Fall and Winter Goods, direct from Philadelphia, New York and Boston, comprising Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, Saddlery, Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, Groceries, Iron, Steel, Stoves, &c., which we are now opening and offering to the trade at extreme low prices. We would advise our old customers and the public generally to call soon and make their purchases early.

C. ETTER & CO.

Indianola, Sept. 30, 1852.

House and Lot for Sale.

THE late residence of George W. Palmer, on lot 10, block 4, in Indianola. Apply to

JOHN HENRY BROWN.

Oct. 7, 1852. 32:2m

A. F. MARSHALL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BASTROP, TEXAS.

AUCTIONEER
AND COLLECTOR OF ACCOUNTS.

WILLIS CHAMBERLIN, (Sheriff of Calhoun county,) offers his services to the public as *Collector of Accounts*. All notes, bills, &c., placed in his hands for collection will be attended to with promptness and energy, and returns made without delay.

He also solicits the patronage of the public as a *Licensed Auctioneer*, and will give particular attention to the sale of any consignments of goods or other property with which he may be favored.

References:

C. Etter & Co., J. A. Settle, Aug. Fronme, J. Ashworth, H. Runge & Co., Jacob Maas, S. A. White, J. H. Davis, Huck & Ogsbury, John H. Dale, Peiser & Bro., Wm. P. Milby. [31:tf

PETER M'DERMOTT,
DEALER IN FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS, &C.
HALLETSVILLE, TEXAS.

A NEW EDITION OF
MARTIN'S REPORTS.

The undersigned has now in press a new edition of MARTIN'S REPORTS, including the new series with notes of reference to subsequent decisions of the Supreme Court, up to the Seventh Volume of the ANNUAL REPORTS; references to the Amendments to the Constitution, Statutes, and Civil Code and Code of Practice, since those decisions were rendered. Compiled by Thomas Gibbes Morgan, Esq., Counsellor at Law.

This work has been got up with great labor and research, and it is hoped will be found to merit the patronage of the profession. No alterations of the original have been made, except to correct typographical errors; and, in some instances, by adding marginal notes of points decided but not noticed by the reporter.

The high character of the Court during the time embraced in these volumes; the great number of cases involving the most important principles of the civil law, as it obtained prior to the acquisition of Louisiana, and subsequently which are passed upon; the learned and able briefs of the eminent counsel then at the bar—renders this work of the greatest importance, in all those States and Territories formerly under the jurisdiction of Spain; while at the same time, the notes afford a ready reference to the subsequent adjudications of the Supreme Court of this State.

The original twenty volumes, comprising all the cases of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, from 1809 to 1830, will be published in TEN VOLUMES—price to subscribers Five Dollars per volume, and to non-subscribers Six Dollars per volume—cash in all cases. Neither expense nor labor will be spared to make the work in every respect worthy of the patronage of the profession. It will be published complete and ready for delivery in this city by the 1st of November next, until which date subscriptions will be received.

It is the intention of the publisher to follow it up with a new edition of the LOUISIANA REPORTS, noted in the same manner; and also to publish new editions of the *CIVIL CODE* and *CODE OF PRACTICE*. In the latter works it is proposed to publish the original text entire; follow each article with the statutory amendments entire, and the decisions of the Supreme Court upon each, by reference to the volume and page.

Such works will require great labor and care; and as they will be executed under the immediate superintendence of the annotator of Martin's Reports, I think they can be safely commended to the especial attention of the profession.—Some progress has already been made in these works, and they will be published as speedily as may be compatible with the utmost accuracy.

J. B. STEEL, Publisher,
[aug26-6m] 60 Camp street, N. Orleans.

To the Members of the Texas Bar.

THE undersigned has the following work relating to the laws of Louisiana, which he is prepared to sell for Cash, at a very great reduction upon the prices formerly demanded.

Martin's Reports of cases argued and determined in the Supreme Court of the Territory of Orleans, and in the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana. By Francois Xavier Martin, one of the Judges of said Courts. With marginal references, by Thos Gibbes Morgan, Counsellor at Law. New edition. 1852. The original 20 volumes comprised in 10 volumes, without abbreviation. Price $5 per volume to subscribers, prior to November 1, 1852, and to non-subscribers, $6 cash.

Robinson's Reports, 12 volumes; embracing the decisions of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, from October, 1841, to March, 1846. This valuable work is now offered either by the volume or by the set, at a much lower price than heretofore. Nothing need be said in commendation of a work so well known to every Louisiana lawyer. Its possession is indispensable to secure the continuity of the decisions of the Supreme Court.

Greiner's Louisiana Code of Practice. New Edition.

Benjamin and Slidell's Digest, enlarged:—A Digest of all the Decisions of the Supreme Court of Louisiana down to the 13th volume of Louisiana Reports.

Dedie's Digest—This is a continuation of Benjamin & Slidell's Digest, and is brought down to the 3rd volume of Robinson's Reports.

Dedie's General Index, from 1809 to 1842.—An alphabetically arranged table of all the cases decided during the above mentioned long period.

J. B. STEEL,
60 Camp street, New Orleans.

August 26th, 1852.

Chocolate House.

THE subscriber having taken this stand, is now fitting up and opening it for the comfortable accommodation of the traveling public, and will most graciously receive all who may favor him with a call. The above house is situated on the San Antonio road, twelve miles from Indianola. He will also keep constantly on hand a supply of *Groceries and Provisions*, for the accommodation of teamsters. A. W. NORRIS.

August 10, 1852.

DR. JAYNE'S
CELEBRATED FAMILY MEDICINES,

H. RUNGE & CO., *Agents in Indianola*, have constantly on hand an assortment of these well known Medicines, viz; Expectorant, Hair Tonic, Alterative Carminative Balsam, Vermifuge, Sanative and Ague Pills. The character of these Medicines is so well established to leave any doubt about their effect, if taken as directed in the Almanacs, which are furnished gratis to the public, and for which they are invited to call.

sep 9

THE GREAT KENTUCKY REMEDY.

DR. JOHN BULL'S SARSAPARILLA.

IT is put up in full quart bottles, and contains the strength of six times as much pure Honduras Sarsaparilla as any similar preparation in America. Price, one dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five dollars.

It has been a well established fact, for years past, that Sarsaparilla, when pure and properly prepared, was the only true panacea for all disease originating from an impure state of the blood, the use of mercury, intoxicating drinks, evil habits in youth, hereditary, &c. We hold, and claim, that JOHN BULL'S FLUID EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA is the only preparation before the public that is prepared on strictly scientific principles, and of uniform strength. The Sarsaparilla is purchased of best quality, in prime, and every pound, before being used, is subject to the strictest chemical tests, and the genuineness ascertained before being used.

Bull's Sarsaparilla also contains the virtues of several other valuable medical roots, together forming the best compound, and possessing THE GREATEST CURATIVE POWERS OF THE KNOWN WORLD. This medicine, when used according to Directions, WILL CURE, WITHOUT FAIL—

Scrofula or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm of Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones and Joints, old Sores and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands, Syphilis, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Diseases of the Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Diseases arising from the use of Mercury, Pain in the Side and Shoulders, General Debility, Dropsy, Lumbago, Jaundice, Costiveness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Weakness of the Chest, Pulmonary Affections, and all other Diseases tending to produce Consumption, Liver Complaints, Female Irregularities and Complaints, Sick and Nervous Headache, Low Spirits, Night Sweats, Expectoration Impurities in Blood, Chronic Constitutional Diseases; and is a Spring & Summer Drink, and General Tonic for the System, and a Gentle and Pleasant Purgative, to be taken by persons of Either Sex, or Children.

Rose Lick, or Congress Water, Salts, or Sedlitz Powders.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

The truly wonderful and remarkable cures that have come under our immediate observation, have made them convinced as the Doctor Bull is a GREATMAN, and that his Fluid Extract of Sarsaparilla is the most valuable combination of vegetable extracts that the science of chemistry has yet produced. All success to the Doctor in his new enterprise, say our—LOUISVILLE COURIER.

We agree with our neighbor of the Courier, that Doctor Bull is a great man, and his Sarsaparilla a useful medicine; we know of numerous cures performed by him, with his Sarsaparilla, and create a Column sufficient to overwhelm the Eastern Humbugs of Wistar's Balsam and Jenny Lind, because all who spend their money for a bottle of Bull's Sarsaparilla will get its equivalent; and we have heard it only blamed that many, after hearing the divine Jenny, and finding their pockets minus from ten to twenty dollars, thought it was pretty dear for the music. Our objection is, we have to Bull a Sarsaparilla, and still like it so exceedingly pleasant to the taste, and invigorating to the system, that, once in the habit of using it, it is equal to smoking fine regalias, chewing Augustine's best, or drinking Walker's paint Julep.—THE CAST OFF H.—LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT.

The above complimentary notices from the editors of the Louisville Courier and Democrat, were endorsed by Gen. B. Preston, Esq., the distinguished editor of the Louisville Journal, in the following flattering notice of the Doctor:

There is no doubt in the world of the greatness of Doctor Bull, and the excellence of his Sarsaparilla. Some of the most scientific physicians in the city have applauded the Sarsaparilla, and, what is a great deal better, the million have taken it, and the verdict is tremendous in its favor. The applaud it too. It is having a tremendous sale. The celebrated Jayne has, from the profits of his medicines, built a granite palace in Philadelphia, seven stories high, and Dr. Bull, if he chooses, can very soon build one twice as high as that. It is, we are told, very different for

NEW ORLEANS CARDS.

JOSEPH H. PALMER.....JAMES H. MASSEY

Joseph H. Palmer & Co.,
Importers & Wholesale Dealers in
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
67 Camp street, above Gravier,
[27]1y NEW ORLEANS.

PHILADELPHIA SADDLERY WAREHOUSE,
NO. 6 MAGAZINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS.
MANUFACTORY NO. 18 DECATUR STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
MAGEE & KNEASS,
RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of persons wishing to purchase articles in the Saddlery Business, to call and examine their stock of Goods, which for durability and neatness of finish, cannot be surpassed. Their prices are as low as any establishment in the country.
The stock is very large and well assorted, being mostly of our own manufacture, and comprises almost every article in
Saddlery, Saddlery Hardware, Trunks, Harness, Leather, Trimmings and Materials, Masonic, I. O. O. F. and Sons of Temperance Regalia in all its varieties.
Principal agents for the Boston Belting Company, the sale of Belting for Gin and Mill Bands, packing for the steam pipe, &c.; Hose and all descriptions of India Rubber Goods. [3:1y.

J. B. STEEL,
NEW ORLEANS STATIONERS WAREHOUSE.
60 CAMP STREET,
Between Common and Perdido Streets, nearly opposite the Municipal Place.
BOOKS—Comprising the works of the best authors extant in the various departments of Literature.
STATIONERY—Received as soon as issued from the press.
SCHOOL BOOKS—Of every grade, supply of all kinds in general use, received with great care by the publisher.
JOURNAL, WEEKLY—Of the most beautiful description, just received.
STATIONERY—Comprising of the most approved kinds, adapted to the use of merchants, professions and public offices.
BLANK BOOKS—Of the most approved patterns, made to order, with patent locks.
PAPERS AND CARDS—Letter, Foolscap, Folio Post and Medium Papers; Plain and Fancy Cards, of all kinds.
PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING—In all their various branches promptly and neatly executed.

New Law Books,
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT
J. B. STEEL'S, 60
NEW ORLEANS STATIONERS' WAREHOUSE, CAMP STREET.
Cowell's Spanish and Mexican Law in relation to Title of Real Estate, in force in California, Texas and New Mexico, and the Territories ceded to the United States.
Cowell's Laws of Spain and Mexico.
Wise's Land Laws of Spain, Mexico & California.
Comyn's Civil Law—Translated by Cushing.
Cooper's Institutes of Justinian.
Code Napoleon.
Martin's Louisiana Reports—12 vols.
Martin's Digest Laws and Charters, by Gregg & Pond.
Martin's Laws and Equity Reports—5 vols.
Martin's Digest Laws and Equity Reports—9 vols.
Robinson's Reports, complete in 2 vols, either in sets or any of the volumes separate.
Graham's Code of Practice, new edition.
Benjamin & Slidell's Digest, new and improved edition, embracing a continuation of Benjamin & Slidell's Digest, being a continuation of Benjamin & Slidell's Digest.
Hall's Law Digest, Supreme Court General Index.
American State Papers, relative to Public Lands—
Pleasants' Hall. JOHN KEMP.

HALL & KEMP,
GROCERS,
NOS. 1 & 2 TCHOUPITOULAS STREET,
(CORNER OF CANAL STREET,)
NEW ORLEANS.
☞ A general assortment of Groceries. [1:1y.

AUGUSTUS BLOCK. HENRY BLOCK
A. & H. BLOCK,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
NO. 8 FRONT STREET,
THREE DOORS BELOW THE CORNER OF CANAL STREET,
NEW ORLEANS.
KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND
A FULL SUPPLY OF GROCERIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. Pratt, Williams & Co. Messrs. J. Burnside & Co.
Messrs. McMahon & Pannall.
Mr. R. Richards. [1:1y.

SAMUEL LITTLEJOHN. SAMUEL HENDERSON
Littlejohn & Henderson,
Wholesale Grocers,
NO. 66 MAGAZINE STREET,
(CORNER OF SATCHEZ.)
NEW ORLEANS. [1:1y.

RICHARD M. ELLIS & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
67 GRAVIER STREET,
NEW ORLEANS. [1:1y

CHAS. A. KELLOGG & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE,
BUILDERS' MATERIALS AND MECHANICS' TOOLS.
☞ *Carpenters' and Coopers' Tools of all kinds.*
NO. 126 CAMP STREET,
NEW ORLEANS. [5:

J. B. BURGEN,
DEALER IN NEW AND SECOND HAND
FURNITURE,
NO. 53 MAGAZINE STREET,
NEW ORLEANS. [1:1y.

CHARLES C. GAINES,
IMPORTER OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE
No. 84 ST. ANNE AND 40 GRAVIER STS.,
NEW ORLEANS

S. ROBB & CO.,
(Late Robb & Fairbairn,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
SADDLERY AND TRUNK
Warehouse,
No. 60 Gravier St., between Camp & Magazine Sts.
NEW ORLEANS.

Wills & Rawlins,
NO. 11 AND 13 CHARTER STREET,
CORNER OF TCHOUPITOULAS
NEW ORLEANS.
AGENTS for the sale of all qualities of Virginia Manufactured Tobacco, keep always on hand a large and desirable stock, which they invite country dealers to examine.
JOSIAH WILLS [1:1y] ED. A. RAWLINS.

MARSHALL & JAMES,
No. 53 Camp Street,
NEW ORLEANS.
DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS.

A. F. DUNBAR & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS
NOS. 54 AND 56 COMMON STREET,
NEW ORLEANS. [1:1y.

THOS. M. CONVERSE.....WM. P. CONVERSE, JR.

CONVERSE & CO.,
Grocers, & Dealers in Western Produce,
87 Tchoupitoulas, corner of Lafayette Street,
NEW ORLEANS,
CALL the attention of Dealers and Consumers to their very extensive Stock of Goods, comprising in part of the following, which they will sell cheap for cash or city acceptances:
Sugar—brown, loaf, crushed and powdered;
Coffee—Java, Rio, St. Jago, &c;
Bacon—hams, sides and shoulders;
Rice, flour, lard, candles, soap;
Mackerel, shad, salmon;
Tea—imperial, gunpowder, hyson and black;
Pickles and catsups, assorted;
Syrups, brandies, wines, rum, gin and whisky;
Scotch and East India Ale;
London and American Porter & Brown Stout;
Dried apples and peaches;
Cologne and bay water; pepper, spice, cloves;
Nutmegs, cassia, mace; saleratus;
Nitrate soda, carb. soda;
Powder, shot and bar lead; 2,000 bas tobacco.
100,000 segars, assorted;
Writing, letter and wrapping paper;
Envelopes, wafers, pens, pencils, pen-holders;
Plantation Medicines;
Buckets, tubs, brooms, brushes, washboards;
Blacking, balls, pipes;
Together with every article usually kept by grocers. Orders promptly executed. [38-y

Dr. John Bull's celebrated Sarsaparilla
FOR sale by BENNETT & SANFORD,
nov14 [38] Hallettsville, Texas.

John A. Mitchel,
Commission Merchant,
32 POYDRAS STREET,
NEW ORLEANS.
GIVES his undivided attention to the sale of Cotton and the purchase of Merchandise.
He refers to Texas to:
Messrs. Proctor & Metcalf, Lockhart,
Dr. C. S. Brown, Gonzales,
Russel Jones, China Grove,
E. Luter, Gillad.
Chambers Etter, } Indianola.
S. A. White & Co., }
Brown & Brady.

PRIESTLEY & BEIN,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS
IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE,
Iron and Steel,
MILL AND GRIND STONES,
PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE, CORDAGE, &c.
NOS. 89 & 91 CAMP STREET,
NEW ORLEANS. [5:

F. F. FOLGER & CO.,
NO. 17 NEW LEVEE, 32 AND 34 TCHOUPITOULAS STS.
NEW ORLEANS,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON,
STEEL, NAILS, CASTINGS,
Chains, Anchors, Cordage, Axes, Hoes, Mill Stones, Grind Stones,
Paints, Oils, Oakum, Tar, Pitch, Glass, &c. [12

Boarding House.
67 POYDRAS STREET, NEW ORLEANS.
MRS. A. STONE has superior accommodations for permanent and transient boarders.

PAYNE & HENDERSON,
No. 30 and 32 Gravier st.,
NEW ORLEANS,
Dealers in Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Candles, Soap, Rice, Starch, Spices, Segars, Tobacco, Wines, Brandies, &c.
FAMILY GROCERIES.
[12] PLANTATION SUPPLIES.

H. RUNGE & CO.,
INDIANOLA.
HAVE constantly on hand, an assortment of groceries, liquors, dry goods, clothing, shoes and boots, crockery, nails, iron, cooking stoves, hardware, carpenters tools, furniture, chairs, bedsteads, tables, bureaus, kitchen safes, etc. Ploughs and corn shellers, a general assortment of rough and dressed lumber, window sash, &c. Which have been imported direct from New York and New Orleans, and which are offered low for cash. Cotton, hides, and deer skins, always bought at market prices for goods or cash.

Linn, Smith & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NO. 8 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
CLAUDIUS B. LINN. HORACE P. SMITH.
A. L. OLMSTED.
Drugs and Medicines,
Paints, Oils, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Varnishes.
Also, Patent Medicines, Medicine Chests, Surgical and Obstetrical Instruments, Chemical Tests, &c. [1:1y.

Augustus Fromme,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS. [1:1y.

INDIANOLA WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Tin and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory.
THE subscriber carries on the above business in its various branches, at his store on Main street, Indianola.
Stoves of every variety on hand. His prices shall be as low as those of any house in the State.
1:1y. GEO. W. MURPHY.

J. M. CAMP,
(Opposite the Post Office.)
HOUSE JOINER AND UNDERTAKER.
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
IS prepared to do all work in his line with promptness and in good style. [2:1y.

ATTORNEY
For Prosecuting Claims at Washington City.
THE subscriber undertakes the collection, settlement and adjustment of all manner of claims, accounts or demands against the Government of the United States, or any foreign State or country; before any of the public Departments at Washington.
The procuring of Patents, Army and Navy Pensions, the collection of accounts against the Government, all land claims, and every demand or other business of whatever kind requiring the prompt and efficient services of an attorney or agent.
A residence of fourteen years at the seat of the Federal Government, with a thorough and familiar acquaintance with the various systems and routine of public business at the different offices as well as in Congress; added to this, free access to the ablest legal advisers, if needed, justifies the undersigned in pledging the fullest satisfaction and the utmost dispatch to those who may entrust their business to his care. Being well known to the greater part of the citizens of this district, and to many gentlemen who have been members of both Houses of Congress in the last twelve years, it is deemed useless to extend this notice by special references.
Communications must be prepaid in all cases.
Charges or fees will be regulated by the nature and extent of the business, but moderate in all cases. Address H. C. SPALDING, Att'y.
18tf.] Washington, D. C.

Lumber! Lumber!
WE have constantly on hand, a general assortment of rough and dressed lumber; such as scantling, inch boards, weatherboards, flooring, laths, dressed flooring, ceiling, and shingles. We receive regular supplies from Mobile, and always keep a stock of from one to two hundred thousand feet, enabling us to fill orders for the different kinds.
We also keep an assortment of nails, carpenters tools, paints and window sash, all of which we offer at the lowest price for cash. H. RUNGE & CO.
[1:tf.

NEW GOODS.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS,
KEEPS constantly receiving fresh and seasonable Goods, consisting of
Prints of the latest styles and patterns, Ginghams, Barages, Muslins, Delaines, Lawns, Linens, Swiss and Bandi Muslins, Cambrics, bleached and brown Domestics, Checks, Ticks, Denims, Stripes, Tweeds, Cotton and Linen Drills, Table Cloths and Covers, Flannels, Blankets, Osnaburgs, Lowells, Cottonades, Jeans, Ladies' Hose assorted, Gentlemens' Half Hose; Gloves, Ribbons, Needles, Pins, Tapes, Braids, Cords, Laces, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, &c., &c.

Clothing,
Cloth, Dress, Frockand Sack Coats, Linen and Check Gingham do., Pantaloons of various kinds, Vests, Drawers, Suspenders, Shirts, &c.

Boots and Shoes,
Comprising a full assortment of Gentlemens', Ladies', Youths', Boys' and Misses' Fine Boots, Gaiters, Slippers, Ties, and, also, Heavy Boots and Brogans.

HATS AND CAPS.
Mens', Boys' and Childrens' Mole, Silk, Russetts, Mexican, Wool, Palmleaf, Leghorn and Panama Hats.

HARDWARE
AND CUTLERY—Axes, Hatches, Hammers, Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Augurs, Chisels, Steel, Coffee and Spice Mills, Log, Ox and Trace Chains, Shovels and Tongs, Hemp and Manilla Rope, Iron, Nails, Steel, Butts, Hinges, Screws, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Razors, Sheep Shears, Saws, Files, Castings, Mouse Traps, &c., &c.

GLASS AND QUEENSWARE.
Tumblers, Lamps, Girodins, Plates, Tea and Coffee, Tureens, Eurns and Basons, Bowls, &c.

STATIONERY.
Cap, Letter, Envelope, Note and Bill Paper, Ledgers, Journals, Day and Memoranda Books, Pass and Copy Books, Gold and Steel Pens, School and Miscellaneous Books, Gum Labels, Papeteries, Water Colors, Slates, Cat'r Cases, Pen Makers, Motto Stamps, Wafers, Ink Stands, Wafer Stamps, Pencils, Blue, Black and Red Inks, Sand Boxes, Pearl and Ivory Paper Cutters, Card Racks, Post Office Pen Racks, Bill Files, Eyelet Machines, Pounce and Pounce Bottles, India Rubbers, Quills, Pen-Holders, Bags, Legal and Fancy Envelops, Red and Bronze Sealing Wax, Almanacs, &c.

GROCERIES.
AND WESTERN PRODUCE.—Louisiana, Texas, Loaf and Crushed Sugar, Rio, Prime, Green and Old Java Coffee, Rice, Dryed Fruits, Pickles, Soaps, Flour, Potatoes, Preserves, Raisins, Bacon, Lard, Sugar Cured Hams, Candles, Starch, Saleratus, Pepper, Pimento, Indigo, Ginger, Alspice, Pie Fruit, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Macaboy and Scotch Snuff, Cigars of various brands, Sardines, Lobsters, Mackerel, Codfish, Imperial, Young Hyson and Black Teas, &c.
All the above Goods, with many others, will be sold by the subscriber low for cash or produce.
CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.
Indianola, Sept. 20, 1852. [1:tf.

JERRY SMITH, JR.,
LUMBER AND SHIPPING AGENT
INDIANOLA, TEXAS, [2:tf

S. A. WHITE,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANT,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

H. RUNGE & CO.,
Commission and Forwarding
MERCHANTS,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
HAVE a large and commodious warehouse, and are prepared to receive and forward goods, on terms agreed upon by the different forwarding merchants. Any orders or other business entrusted to them will be promptly attended to. They will make liberal advances on cotton and other produce, shipped or consigned to their friends in New Orleans or New York.
For references they refer to those they have done business for, during the six years they have been established at Indianola. [1:tf.

500 Willow Baskets.
IMPOTED direct per Bark Republic, from Hamburg, which we offer to dealers in the country at importers prices. H. RUNGE & CO.

HENRY CARSTENS,
Architect and Builder.
IS prepared to take all contracts in his line, and execute them with neatness and despatch. All kinds of jobbing attended to, he will be ready to draw plans and specifications, and is also well acquainted with the arrangement of sugar house and saw mills; putting up sugar mills and engines, he will also give lessons at his house in drawing. Cisterns made to order and kept on hand for sale.
[1,1y.

J. A. SETTLE,
RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
KEEPS constantly on hand a general assortment of Groceries, Liquors, Provisions, Ship Chandlery, Crockery, Saddlery, and Western Produce. [1:tf.

For Sale.
550 ACRES of Land on Rocky Creek, Lavaca county, about 4 miles from Petersburg, and well improved.
Apply to HENRY BEAUMONT.
Indianola, Feb. 12, 1852. 1:tf

E. H. VONTRESS. T. P. HUGHES
Vontress & Hughes,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
GEORGETOWN,
WILLIAMSON COUNTY,
TEXAS.

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.
WE have received, by late arrivals from New York, a new supply of *FURNITURE* viz: Cane and Wood Seat Chairs, and Rocking Chairs, Arm Chairs, Childrens' Chairs, Wood and Cane Seat Stools, Wash Stands, Toilet, Reading, Work and Card Tables, Cherry and Walnut Tables, Cradles, Bureaus, high and low post Bedsteads, and Kitchen Safes, making a complete assortment of the different kinds of Furniture, which we offer for sale low.
H. RUNGE & CO.
Indianola, June 10, 1852.

FOR SALE.—A House and Lot in the town of Indianola, suitable for residence or store, in an eligible part of the town. Apply to
[17:tf.] HENRY BEAMONT.

DAVID LEWIS. P. R. HUGHES
Lewis & Hughes,
APOTHECARIES AND DRUGGISTS,
(At the old stand of David Lewis.)
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
KEEP a large and well selected assortment of
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs, &c.
Stationery, Books, Blank-Books, Paper, Pens, Ink, Drawing Paper, Drawing Pencils, Water Colors, &c., &c.
Patent Medicines of all kinds, Perfumeries, Soaps, &c.
By ordering fresh supplies weekly, we have no old Medicines on hand; and the public may rest assured that none but pure and fresh Medicines will be sold at this establishment.
To Physicians we say, send in your orders, and they shall be filled to your satisfaction.
1:tf. LEWIS & HUGHES.

DR. ADOLPHUS MYLIUS,
Dr. Med. et Chirurg.
OFFERS his services to the citizens of Indianola and vicinity.

ALHAMBRA HOUSE,

C. VILLENEUVE, Proprietor,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
RATES OF BOARD:

Board per Month, with Lodging,	$25 00
do do without Lodging,	20 00
Board per Week, with Lodging,	8 00
do Day, do	1 25
One Single Meal,	50
Lodging only,	50

☞ A good Bath-House attached to the establishment, for the enjoyment of the Boarders.
☞ Fish, Oysters and Game in abundance.
☞ His Bar is always supplied with the choicest Wines and Liquors, and a good Billiard Table.
[1:1y.

PLANTER'S HOUSE,
Indianola, Texas.
THE undersigned, having leased the above property hereofore so favorably known, and having given it a thorough renovation throughout, besides repairing, painting and furnishing with entire new furniture, is now ready to accommodate those who may favor him with a call. He also pledges himself to spare no pains or expenses whatever to make those calling on him as comfortable as at any other hotel in Western Texas. Families or other persons visiting Indianola, will find the rooms at the Planter's House comfortable, and the table supplied with as good eating as the market and country will afford. But as it is much easier to make promises than to redeem them, please call and examine for yourselves.
WM. M. VARNELL.
Indianola, June 17, 1852. [19:tf.
☞ Western Texan, San Antonio; Texan Advocate Victoria, and Galveston News will please copy the above three months, and forward accounts to this office.

M'CULLOCH HOUSE,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
HAVING taken the stand lately occupied by *Mrs. Eberly*, the subscriber designs opening the same on the 1st of June for the accommodation of the traveling community. The house will undergo thorough repairs, besides many alterations and additions will be made, with new furniture throughout. Every attention will be given to ladies and families to make them comfortable. *A Bath House* is also constructed for the benefit of boarders.
R. D. McCULLOCH.
Indianola, May 29, 1852. [16:tf

HUFF'S HOTEL,
DECROW'S POINT.
THE subscriber takes pleasure in informing his friends, the planters of the country, and the traveling public, that he has opened the above Hotel for their accommodation, and hopes by a close application to business to meet with a liberal share of public patronage.
Decrow's Point is the healthiest place on the Bay, and an excellent place for fishing and bathing; and persons wishing to spend a few months during the summer season on the coast could not select a better place.
The steamships running between New Orleans and Matagorda and Lavaca Bays touch at Decrow's Point.
☞ Terms moderate.
1:1y. JOHN HUFF.

TO INVALIDS AND THE SICK
THE CELEBRATED
COMSTOCK MEDICINES.
1st. The GREAT PAIN EXTRACTOR (CONNEL'S & DALLY'S) curing all Burns and all External Pains & Sores.
2d. BALM OF COLUMBIA for Staying or Restoring the Human Hair.
3d. HEWE'S NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT and INDIAN VEGETABLE ELIXIR, a cure for all cases of Rheumatism.
4th. McNAIR'S ACOUSTIC OIL, a certain cure for deafness.
5th. HAY'S LINIMENT, a known cure for the piles.
6th. SPOON'S SICK HEADACHE REMEDY.
7th. MOTHER'S RELIEF, for all women in the family way.
8th. LEGLEY'S GREAT WESTERN INDIAN PANACEA, for Colds and feverish feelings and preventing fever; for Asthma; Liver Complaint and Billious Affections; for Diarrhea, Indigestion and Loss of Appetite; for Costiveness in females and males, and for sour complaints; for Stomach Affections, Dyspepsia, Piles, Rheumatism, &c. The great point are it is not bad to take, never gives pain, and never leaves one costive.
9th. KOLMSTOCK'S VERMIFUGE (Worm Killer,) for Children or grown persons.
10th. MRS. BROWN'S GREAT PAIN KILLER. No medicine has been discovered which is so happily adapted to use *internally* as drops to be taken, and yet perform such wonders when applied *externally* as a wash or bath, by friction.—In bottles from 12½ to 50 cents each.
11th. SAUERHOLTZ'S ROACH AND BED BUG BANE, for driving away Vermin in a short time.
12th. The celebrated *Lion's Life Pills* and *Temperance Bitters.*
13th. *Dr. Bartholomew's Pink Syrup*, the popular *Expectoral for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, &c.*
14th. *The East India & New-York Hair Dyes* the only sure coloring for the hair.
15th. *Lin's Balm of China*, a Chinese remedy for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, &c.
16th. EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. This article has outlived all other Sarsaparillas, and still gives as great satisfaction as ever.
17th. The celebrated *Friend Strengthening Plaster*, made from *Dr. Lin's* recipe, and the most popular in the market.
18th. Dr. KLINE'S TOOTH ACHE DROPS. A certain and easy cure for the Tooth Ache.
19th. Dr. COMSTOCK has lately bought the right for the United States, of the celebrated *Concentrated* MINERAL WATER, found at the Salt Springs of Dr. Wm. C. Chase, at St. Catherines, C. W. This medicine has attained a notoriety and popularity never before equalled by any preparation at that place, and its sale has been commensurated with its merits, which are extraordinary.
All the remedies are fully described in *Almanacs*, to be given to all who call where the Medicines are kept.
NOTICE. All preparations heretofore known as "COMSTOCK'S" or COMSTOCK & CO's, always belonged & now belong EXCLUSIVELY to Dr. Lucius S. Comstock; and though the signature of Comstock & Co will be continued, this outer label with the fac simile signature of Dr. L. S. C. will in future designate the GENUINE.
ALL OTHERS MUST BE SPURIOUS.
Lucius S. Comstock
The above medicines can be had in this place by LEWIS & HUGHS, also of R. J. CROW, Port Lavaca, HOLBROOK, Victoria, and S. R. POWELL, Matagorda.
Who are the only dealers in the genuine COMSTOCKS PREPARATIONS.
Indianola, May 13, 1852 1:1y

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.
From Dr. Robert A. Nelson, Saline, Ky.
Having used this remedy for the last ten years in a large and extensive practice, I can confidently and unhesitatingly recommend it as the most safe and certain anthelmintic ever offered to the public.
January 27, 1851.
From Dr. E. G. Harris, Fayette county, Ala.
Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.—Dears Sirs; I am anxious to get some of your celebrated Vermifuge. It is without doubt one of the best medicines for expelling worms I ever saw.
May 18, 1851.
The above valuable Vermifuge is for sale, by the bottle or package, by
CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.,
Agents for the Proprietors.
Indianola, June 17, 1852. [19:tf

LOUDEN & COO'S
Superior Medicines.
THE subscriber has on hand and offers for sale the following valuable Medicines:

Indian Expectorant,	Remedy for Piles,
Oriental Hair Tonic,	Com. Carminative Balsam
Alterative or Sarsaparilla,	Com. Tonic Vermifuge,
Circassian Hair Dye,	Cherokee Lineament,
Female Elixir,	Indian Sanative Pills,
Fever and Ague Pills,	All Healing Salve.

Having been agent for these Medicines for near two years, and seeing their good effects, takes pleasure in recommending them to the public.
CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.
Indianola, Feb. 17, 1852. [1:tf.

COTTAR,

MAIN STREET, INDIANOLA,
KEEPS constantly on hand choice
LIQUORS, WINES, CORDIALS
and Cigars, direct from the importers at New Orleans. Thankful for past favors, he hopes by unremitting attention to his business to merit a share of public patronage.
☞ For sale, two patent water proof tents 25 feet 15, 7 feet wall.
Indianola, Aug 12, 1852. 25:1y.

INDIANOLA AND CORPUS CHRISTI PACKET.
THE fine Sloop *Wandering Willie*, Wm. McPherson, Master, will ply regularly between the above ports, leaving Indianola on the arrival of the New Orleans steamers. Freight and passage low.
Indianola, Aug. 12, 1852. [25:6m

Allen's Line,
INDIANOLA AND SAN ANTONIO
Mail Stages,
VIA VICTORIA, CUERO, GONZALES, SEGUIN AND NEW BRAUNFELS.
THE undersigned takes pleasure in returning his thanks to the citizens of Indianola and San Antonio for their liberal patronage of his Line during the last year, and he feels gratified in stating to the traveling public that he has now bought out the Mail Line from Indianola to Braunfels, and will run *Tri Weekly* from and to the above named points. He has superior Coaches, fine horses, polite and skilful drivers.
With these inducements, together with a sincere desire to deal candidly and fairly with all those who may patronize his Line, he hopes to continue to receive a liberal share of public favor. These Stages will run in connection with the New Orleans boats.

RATES:

From San Antonio to Seguin,		$3 00
" "	Gonzales,	6 50
" "	Victoria,	10 00
" "	Indianola,	12 50
From Indianola to	Victoria,	4 00
" "	Gonzales,	8 00
" "	Seguin,	10 50
" "	New Braunfels,	12 50
" "	San Antonio,	12 50

JAMES L. ALLEN, *Proprietor.*
Indianola. [1:tf.

SALTMARSH'S
LINE OF UNITED STATES MAIL STAGES.
D. A. SALTMARSH & Co., *Proprietors.*
From Indianola to San Antonio, via Lavaca, Victoria, Yorktown, Sulphur Springs and Eclato.
THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing that he has on this Line good Troy coaches, with good teams, and polite drivers—leaving Indianola on the arrival of the steamers from New Orleans, for San Antonio and touching at the above points. The country through which this route passes is one of much beauty and interest to the traveler, (including the Sulphur Springs,) and the roads are good.
For further particulars apply at the stage office, Alhambra Hotel, Indianola.
J. R. FRETWELL, Agent.
Indianola, Feb. 1852. [1:tf.

For Sale.
ONE League of Land No. 2, on highland Bayou in Galveston county, granted to Administrator of John Austin. Apply to
HENRY BEAUMONT, *Indianola.*
Indianola, Feb. 12, 1852. [1:tf

Valuable School Books.
PUBLISHED BY
THOMAS, COWPERTHWAIT & CO.,
PHILADELPHIA.
And for sale by Booksellers generally throughout the United States.

SWAIN'S SCHOOL READERS.
The Primary School Reader,
PART 1. Which is intended for beginners, containing lesson upon each of the elementary sounds in the language, exercises in syllabification, etc.
PART 2. Contains exercises in Articulation, arranged in connection with easy Reading Lessons.
PART 3. Designed for the first class in Primary schools, and for the lowest class in Grammar schools.
The Grammar School Reader,
For the middle classes in Grammar schools.
The District School Reader,
For the highest classes in public and private schools containing exercises in Articulation, pauses, inflections of the voice, also, a complete Glossary of the classical allusions which occur in the Reading lessons.
This popular series of Books was compiled by Wm De Swan, the well known Principal of the Mayhew School, Boston.
The Instructive Reader,
Or, a course of Reading in Natural History, Science and Literature, designed for the use of schools.
Introduction to Green's Analysis,
Or, Green's First Lessons in Grammar,
Green's Analysis:
A treatise on the structure of the English Language by Samuel S. Greene, M. D., Principal of Phillip's Grammar School, Boston.
Jarvis' Physiology,
Primary Physiology for the use of schools, and Practical Physiology for the use of families, by Edward Jarvis, M. D., Philadelphia.
Johnston's Turner's Elementary Chemistry.
For the use of common schools.
Johnston's Natural Philosophy,
A manual of Natural Philosophy, compiled from various sources, and designed as a Text Book in High schools and academies, by John Johnston, M. D., Professor of Natural Science, in the Wesleyan University.
Pinnock's School Histories,
Comprising Pinnock's England, Greece, Rome, and France; all revised editions.
Ureulla's Spanish Grammar,
Based on the system of D. Jose de Ureulla.
Mitchell's Primary Geography,
An easy introduction to the study of Geography; designed for the instruction of children in schools and families.
Mitchell's Intermediate,
Or, Secondary Geography with maps, and exercises on the same.
Mitchell's School Geography,
Comprising a description of the present state of the world, and its five great Divisions, embellished with numerous engravings, and illustrated by an Atlas of 23 maps, drawn and engraved for the work.

SPICE DRYED BEEF—Beef Tongues and Bologna Sausage, a fine assortment, in store and for sale by C. ETTER & CO.

Dr. J. H. Baldwin
OFFERS his Professional services to the inhabitants of Indianola and its vicinity.
☞ Office at his residence. [1:1y.

PRIVATE BOARDING, Mrs. Van Vleet, No 63 Barclay street, New York. Charges per day $1 25. [14:1y.

15 SACKS RIO COFFEE, for sale by
sep 2 *HUCK & OGSBURY.*

Fresh Groceries.
JUST received per schooner Clinton, direct from New York,
22 bags prime green Rio Coffee,
4 do old Java do
25 boxes Soap,
6 boxes Lemon Syrup,
50 boxes and half boxes mr Raisins,
1 case Sardines,
40 bags ground Rock Salt,
4 boxes " Pepper, Ginger and Spice,
10 doz Scotch and Macaboy Snuff,
2 boxes Stoughton Bitters,
12 boxes and barrels Soda Biscuit,
6 bbls Water Crackers,
10 do Pilot and Navy Bread,
10 boxes Claret Wine,
6 " Chocolate,
12 " assorted Brandy Fruits,
2 dz " Lobsters,
16 " assorted Pickles,
8 " " Pie Fruits,
1 case Canton Ginger,
24 packages choice Wines and Liquors.
The above fresh and seasonable goods are offered to the trade low for cash or produce.
CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.
October 7, 1852. [8:tf.

GEO. W. PASCHAL & J. A. PASCHAL
Attorneys and Counsellors
AT LAW.
GEO. W. PASCHAL will reside permanently at *Austin*, and J. A. PASCHAL at *San Antonio*. One of them will regularly attend the Supreme Court at Austin, and the U. S. District Court at Galveston.

Thomas H. Stribling,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR
AT LAW,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Refers to—
Col. John Henry Brown, Indianola.
Logan & Sueme, Victoria.
A. Neill, Esq., Seguin.
John A. Mitchel 32 Poydras st., New Orleans.

A. S. CUNNINGHAM, *Victoria.* GEORGE M. REID, *Clinton.*
TEXAS.
CUNNINGHAM & REID,
Attorneys at Law,
WILL practice together in the counties of De Witt, Gonzales and Lavaca. [1:tf.

LYTLE & STOCKDALE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law
JAMES T. LYTLE, LAVACA, TEXAS. F. S. STOCKDALE, La Salle, EDS
Wm. J. Hbwerton,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
INDIANOLA TEXAS.
WILL practice in the Tenth Judicial District, and in the Supreme Court of the State.
1:1y.

W. B. Leigh,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SEGUIN, TEXAS.
—REFERENCES—
W. H. Gordon, Esq., Austin.
Judge I. A. Paschal, San Antonio.
R. M. Forbes, Esq., Port Lavaca.
Col John Henry Brown, Indianola. [4.
John A. Mitchel, 32 Poydras st., N. Orleans.

CYPRESS LUMBER,
CLEAR stuff for Cisterns, Window-sash, Door-frames, etc., for sale by
[22:3m AUG. FROMME.

Ox Wagons.—New Pittsburgh Ox Wagon for sale by H. RUNGE & CO.
Indianola, June 10, 1852.

For Sale.
4428 ACRES Land, on west side of Caranchua Bay, in Calhoun county.
600 Acres on Sand Point, opposite Indianola.
640 Acres on east side Caranchua Bay.
4428 Acres in forks of Caranchua Creek, on side water and well timbered, in Jackson county.
4428 Acres, survey No. 4, West side of Colorado River, in Matagorda county.
Apply to HENRY BEAUMONT.
Indianola, Feb. 12, 1852. [1:tf

GOLDEN SYRUP—Four half barrels, a superior article, just received and for sale by
C. ETTER & CO
Indianola, April 22, 1852.

20,000 REGALIA CIGARS, for sale by
sep 2 *HUCK & OGSBURY.*

FLOUR.—I am in weekly receipt of the choicest brands Extra St. Louis Flour, Crescent and Albion Mills, in half and whole barrels; also other good brands, which will be sold low for cash. JOHN H. DALE.
Indianola, Aug. 12, 1852.

FULTON MARKET BEEF, at retail and by the package, by AUG. FROMME.
Indianola, June 17, 1852.

SHINGLES!
400,000 Cypress Shingles per schooner Velasco. These Shingles are a better article than heretofore brought to this market, and will be sold low by
[22:3m. AUG. FROMME.

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS—Three full sets, Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Forges, Stock and Dies, Hammers, &c., just received direct from New York, and for sale low by C. ETTER & CO.
Indianola, April 22, 1852.

Blacksmithing.
A. C. ASHWORTH & J. H. FARISH
RESPECTFULLY inform the public that their shop is at present in full operation, and that they are prepared to execute all work pertaining to their line of business with neatness and despatch.
Engines repaired, and Boat Work done with despatch and warranted.
All orders from a distance promptly attended to.
Indianola, July 22, 1852. [24:tf

HUCK & OGSBURY,
AT their stand in Indianola, keep constantly on hand and for sale, low for cash or produce, a general assortment of
GROCERIES AND WESTERN PRODUCE.
Flour, Bacon, Sugar, Coffee,
Rice, Cheese, Soap, Candles,
Tobacco of all kinds,
Cigars, " "
Dried Fruits,
Preserves and Sweetmeats,
Buckwheat in kegs and boxes,
Pickles, Figs,
Fish, Mackerel, Cod, Salmon,
Herrings, Sardines,
Starch, Beef,
Wines and Liquors,
Tea of all kinds,
Salt, Spices, Catsups,
Almonds, Syrups,
In a word, a complete assortment of articles in our line.
We are in weekly receipt of fresh supplies by the steamers. We buy none but good articles, and sell at the lowest living rates. We solicit a liberal patronage. [1:tf.

JOHN H. DALE,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN
Groceries and Western Produce,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
IS in weekly receipt by the New Orleans steamers of all articles embraced in his line, consisting in part of—
St. Louis Flour, s. c. Hams,
Bacon,