

The Cotulla Record

VOL. 19, NO. 17

COTULLA, TEXAS, AUG. 2, 1919.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

LA SALLE MUST HAVE PUBLIC WEIGHERS.

Austin, Texas, July 31.—According to the records in the office of the Secretary of State there are no public weighers in La Salle County.

Under the act passed by the Thirty-sixth legislature early this year, provision is made for a public weigher in each of the seven justice precincts in the county, if in the judgment of the Commissioners Court that number of weighers is necessary. Weighers heretofore elected are to continue in office, and in precincts where there are no weighers the appointment is to be made by the County Commissioners, within sixty days from June 18, 1919. The new law requires that each public weigher must give a bond in the sum of \$2,500.00; must be reported to the Commissioner of Markets and Warehouses and from him receive a commission, must have a seal and take an oath of office. The law provides that no person can act as a weigher for the public for hire without being appointed or elected, and that he must qualify as stated. It follows therefore that only an individual can qualify.

If the new law is followed by the letter, it will make more important the office of public weigher. The Public Weighers association of Texas, recently organized with Ed K. Marrast of Galveston president, is co-operating with the Department of Markets and Warehouses to see that weighers are appointed in each county and to bring about the enforcement of the letter of the law. This association has established headquarters at Austin, and every public weigher in the state is being urged to join. The organization will hold a state meeting at the Oriental hotel in Dallas August 21, 1919, at which all those things will be discussed. Information regarding the new association can be had by inquiry addressed to P. O. Box 447, Capitol station, Austin, Texas.

Notice—I have opened a boarding house at Millett and will appreciate the patronage of those desiring good meals at reasonable rates.—Mrs. W. A. Park.

R. L. Keithley Buys Garage.

The Garage property on the corner of Front and Tilden Streets has been purchased by R. L. Keithley from Mrs. E. P. Gilmer. Mr. Keithley also purchased the garage equipment and business of J. T. Johns who occupied the building. We understand that the new owner will assume charge Monday and will make some extensive improvements in the property, which will include a plate glass front for display room of accessories, and that the building will be extended to the alley in the rear.

Tennessee Governor Tells Negroes Come Back.

Nashville, Tenn., July 30.—"Come back home", is the word Tennessee sends to friendless negroes fleeing from Chicago because of race riots. Gov. A. H. Roberts said today the negroes will be welcomed back by Tennessee.

"The perfect understanding and efforts to maintain friendly relationship for the past century stand in good stead in the present period of unrest," the Governor said.

"Nobody rejoices at the misfortune of Chicago," said Mayor Gupton, "but it should prove an object lesson to the people of that city. Negroes attracted to the North by high wages and alleged social conditions that did not prevail are awakening to the truth that the South is the best place for them."

"I believe the people of both races to work together to maintain the present harmony," said Governor Roberts. "We need the negro here and I do not fear that Tennessee will ever be the scene of such troubles as are now exciting Chicago."

Weeds Menace to Health.

Because of the great amount of rainfall weeds have grown up to unusual proportions in every part of town. There are great jungles of them and unless they are done away with much sickness will be created. Every householder should put in every available hour to destroy weeds around his premises and thereby eliminate much danger.

COTTON CROP IN LA SALLE LOOMING BIG.

Prospects for a good cotton crop in La Salle county are looming up big. In fact from present indications we venture the prediction that La Salle county will gin more cotton per acre this year than any county in South Texas.

Boll weevils, though in evidence in some fields are doing but little damage and the plant is loaded heavily with bolls, blooms and squares everywhere. The weather this week has been especially favorable, and the rainfall of last week, while it caused some shedding was no doubt a benefit to the crop and will cause a greater yield. Unless extreme adverse conditions prevail this month a fair yield is going to be produced. Cotton is just beginning to open, but it will be the latter part of this month before much picking is in progress.

Boll weevil is doing enormous damage in the territory North of Dilley and East of Fowlerton to Beeville. Some of the farmers in the Eastern and Northern part of Frio and adjoining counties, say they won't make a bale to 40 acres. The excessive rains have caused the plant to grow six and seven feet high and completely shade the ground which gives the boll weevil a chance to work unmolested. Some farmers are cutting out every other row in order to give the sun a chance to shine on it.

Cotton prices are above 40 cents. Predictions have been made that cotton will go to 75 cents per pound.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

The State of Texas, County of La Salle.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain Order of Sale issued out of the Honorable District Court of Williamson County, on the 10 day of July 1919, by C. H. Gee District Clerk of said Williamson County for the sum of one hundred three and 70/100 Dollars and costs of suit, under a certain judgment, the said judgment is a foreclosure of a Vendor's Lien, in favor of La Salle Company in a certain cause in said Court, No. 8905 and styled La Salle Company vs Victor Droll, placed in my hands for service, I, T. H. Poole, as Sheriff of La Salle County, Texas, did, on the 16th day of July 1919, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in La Salle County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit: East one-half of the Northeast one-fourth of Section No. 7, of the subdivision of a part of the O'Connor Ranch as shown by Plat recorded in Vol. "Z", Pages 9 to 14, both inclusive, of the Deed records of La Salle County, Texas, and in that part of said plat designated as "This part surveyed and platted by W. T. Sutherland" containing twenty (20) acres of land, more or less, and being situated in La Salle County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of Victor F. Droll and that on the first Tuesday in August, 1919, the same being the 5th day of said month, at the Court House door, of La Salle County, in the town of Cotulla, Texas, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m., by virtue of said levy and said Order of Sale. I will sell said above described Real Estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said Victor F. Droll.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Cotulla Record, a newspaper published in La Salle County.

Witness my hand, this 16th day of July, 1919.

T. H. Poole,
Sheriff La Salle County, Texas.
By John Wilenthal, Deputy.

Predicts Civil War Prices.

Columbus, S. C., July 17.—Cotton producers should now receive seventy five cents per pound for their product, basis middling, declares President S. Wannamaker of the American Cotton Association. He terms this a fair price compared to what the public is paying for manufactured cotton goods and says that because of the great world demand situation, and the increased cost of production, the raw product will soon be worth more than it has sold for since the Civil war.

Postmasters Now Sell Bacon.

The Government has a surplus supply of foodstuffs and the 54,000 postmasters of the country are going to be made agents to sell this surplus supply, which amounts to approximately 341,000,000 pounds. The meats and canned goods will be sold at prices representing cost to the government, plus postage to point of delivery. All postmasters and mail carriers will give information and take orders for this supply.

We believe cotton pickers will have "better picking" in La Salle county this year than further North and growers should not have much trouble in getting labor.

O. W. Holman is Now Postmaster.

Mr. O. W. Holman has received appointment as Temporary Postmaster of the Cotulla office. W. A. Kerr resigned and will give all his time to his farm interests. Mr. Holman took charge yesterday and will remain in charge of the office until a permanent appointment is made after a civil service examination is held. He will be an applicant for the place and we understand there will also be several other applicants. Mr. Holman has had several years experience as Postmaster.

Boy Bitten By Rattler.

A small son of Francisco Cassios, who lives above Woodward was bitten on the leg by a rattler last Wednesday evening. Dr. Graham was called and gave the little fellow treatment and he is doing splendidly. The Doctor says that on his way back he stopped in at Tobe Eldridge's on the McGehee place, and was just in time for a big chicken supper, and now he's hopin' somebody will need his services again up that way.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Regular services morning and night. W. L. Skinner.

JULY KEPT UP THE RAIN RECORD.

The month of July kept up the rain record for the year. During the month 4.69 inches fell, bringing up the total since January 1st to 23.55 inches. During the first six months of the year the rainfall at Cotulla was 23.86 inches. The greatest precipitation fell in June when 7.40 inches was recorded.

The rains of this month did great damage to the feed crop, a great per cent of it being lost. Maize and kaffir corn cut and in shocks sprouted from the heads and in some cases the entire top of the shock became green, the grain being a total loss. This was never known to occur in this section before. July rains were a benefit to cotton, as they did not extend over a period sufficiently long to injure the crop.

W. A. Kerr and Family Moves to Farm.

W. A. Kerr and family have moved back to the farm, and Mr. Kerr will give his time exclusively to stock farming. He has been Postmaster for Cotulla for the past four years, and Cotulla never had one more efficient. He came as near giving the public generally satisfaction, as it is possible to do so.



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If it would, be ROYAL TAILORED
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THE UNIVERSAL CAR

HAVE YOU SEEN IT?

The new Ford with Electric Starter? It's the real article. We have made several sales the past week and are waiting for your order.

WE HANDLE
The largest supply of Automobile Supplies South of San Antonio, and we can serve you well. Come in and see us.

Neal's Auto Sales Co.

The Cotulla Record

C. E. MANLY, Publisher.

Published Every Saturday.

Subscription: \$1.50 per annum

Not all other uplift movements are keeping pace with the price.

Since hobble skirts came in the fashion of arriving on time has gone out.

No need to go further—we are convinced that you can't drown a dandilion.

It takes more time now to pay the luxury tax than it does to select a suit of clothes.

As to those British automobiles of concrete, will they run again after they once get set?

If the war tax schedule gives you a headache, it will be noted there is no tax on bromo seltzer.

Thus much must be said though—the fellow who has no garden isn't so liable to work on Sunday.

China and Japan are in the class of twins with the colic. As soon as one is quieted the other yells.

Formerly the most-sought-for thing in the world was perpetual motion. Now it is perpetual peace.

One of the troubles of the world is that it has too many imperative needs that conflict with one another.

The objection of buying coal now is that one probably will have it all burned before winter comes.

Does the protest of the United States against German dyes mean that something has been stained?

Japanese ought to practice some of their well-known Jujitsu on that vicious anti-American propaganda.

Lard has now reached a price so high that we need no longer fear it is being used to adulterate our butter.

The demand for cents, however, is due to the war tax and not to thrift or the increasing number of children.

It's a safe bet the Rainbow boys saw more to admire in New York city in a minute than they did in Paris in a month.

London is reported as crazy over "jazz weddings," and soon may be expected to specialize on ragtime divorces.

San Salvador reminds one of those fellows around the cigar counter who spend the greater part of their time shaking.

The Germans have no cause for complaint. This was their war, and they are entitled to everything that goes with it.

No statistics are available as yet to show how much an air passenger from overseas will be permitted to carry in his suitcase.

After the young man has paid the luxury tax on the ice cream soda he hasn't the penny left to offer her for her thoughts.

If street car steps will have to be lowered to accommodate milady's newest skirt, it wouldn't seem to be getting on so very well.

Having become accustomed to those uncomfortable tin hats, returning warriors may be able to wear even derbies without a grimace.

To make an overseas flight safe all that is necessary is an airplane that will fly like a bird, float like a chip or dive like a porpoise.

All the gentlemen who used to tell how cheaply and scientifically the railroads could be run should now submit their remarks in writing.

"Does your husband aggravate your servants?" queries a woman's page writer, in which case, of course, you should get a new husband.

Letter delivery by airship has been pronounced successful. Once an aviator gets going it is difficult for the post office department to interfere with him.

Loot stolen in Berlin from the stores is openly sold in the streets of the city. Which is adopting a pet Hun theory to the fact that laws are merely scraps of paper.

Bolshevism is losing ground in Russia, both literally and figuratively. The depth of its decline will be in proportion to the violence of its reign.

American writing paper shows \$6,000,000 increase in gross sales. Blanks for income tax returns have been spoiled by the million. It's an ill wind that doesn't blow somebody good.

With the coming winter wheat crop estimated at 900,000,000 bushels it looks as if the landlady will find small excuse for cutting the slices of bread so thin after the harvest is over.

BISMARCK'S FRUITS.

The latest biographer of Bismarck, Grant Robertson, calls attention to the way in which the great German chancellor was responsible for his own destruction. It was Bismarck's aim to build, not a constitutional government, but an autocracy, says Kansas City Star. In himself he concentrated the whole power of the state. Then came the young William II to the throne, restless and ambitious. The two clashed. Had Bismarck been the parliament-made minister of a constitutional sovereign it would have been William who would have had to give way. For the chancellor had the confidence of the nation. But, as Mr. Robertson says, while a plebiscite would have retained him in office, the nation could not save him. He had made that impossible. As a result of his fall Bismarck denounced as "Byzantinism and caesar worship" this very irresponsible power which it had been his life work to build up. The same ironical fate might be traced in the further development of Bismarck's handiwork. The state which he founded on iron and blood came to ruin by attempting to expand his policy.

It is well-known that kings and queens work desperately hard for their salaries. The pursuit of life they have in abundance, but liberty and happiness, requiring much leisure, are not for them. Since the war's end their activities have become furious, and the few monarchs left are earning overtime. The royal engagement pad will not permit a headache to stand in the way of opening a memorial arch. None of the comfortable subtleties of private life can excuse a queen. A writer in the Kansas City Star describes Queen Mary's crowded day, from the early morning hours until late at night, and it is evident that she must have little use for a chaise longue, while the king, not overburdened with tasks of state, like a president, nevertheless has not a moment to himself. If our own executive were to attempt to combine social labors with the strenuous schedule he is now undertaking, by aid of Admiral Grayson, there would be fears for his endurance.

The work of the Salvation Army with the army was of such magnitude in the way of results that its members came back from the war zone practically without criticism on their organization or methods and with the love, respect and admiration of men of all ranks. They were the actual risks of war in the discharge of their duty, and some paid the supreme sacrifice in ministering to the needs of the soldiers. Their appeal now ought to reach to the heart of the country they served so well, and receive substantial appreciation of their work in the war.

What the whole world needs now is the fishing cure. There is no other bath so effective for strained nerves and wearied souls. Fishing is said to encourage falsehood, but we believe that is a slander invented by would-be humorists who never fish except for stale jokes. On the contrary it encourages nearly all the virtues. It's difficult to conceive of a true fisherman who is not a philosopher and a good citizen. Let's halt the world's business and go a-fishing. It is a sure cure for that tired, worried feeling.

Possibly the allies may find that they have unwittingly done Germany a favor by absolving it from the old and grievous burdens of militarism, while aiming to cripple it. At any rate, heavy armaments in France and England will put them at a disadvantage with German industry to that extent.

It is not surprising that England lays claim to a number of the German ships seized by the United States. When everything is settled it will be found that if England has not come out of the big end of the horn it will not be for lack of effort on her part.

America has spent \$39,000,000 in relief work and sent 270,000 tons of food to starving Europe. And it has come out of the war asking no spoils. That is a record to be proud of we are handing down to posterity.

The governor of New York has signed the law repealing the statute which makes attempted suicide a punishable offense. In one state, at least a man can no longer be jailed for falling to kill himself.

Whisky may not be manufactured in the United States, but the war developed several new and potent kinds of gas that should bring all the old-time reactions.

Some brave-talking youths would be come aviators if they weren't afraid of missing something on the street corner.

The war has taught us, among other things, that mother isn't the only one who can make doughnuts.

**LEAGUE OR WAR
DECLARES FORD**

MANUFACTURER MAKES IT CLEAR HE BELIEVES COVENANT IS GREAT STEP.

DECLARES "WAR IS MURDER"

Whirlwind of Questions Fail to Shake Composure of Man Who Sues for Million Because He Was Called "Anarchist"

Mt. Clemens, Mich.—The high idealism of Henry Ford has freshened the proceedings of the Ford-Tribune libel case and has brought into the wearisome arguments of counsel and the dull repetition of cross-examinations, a new quality.

For a week the man who has been described as everything from an "anarchist" to the greatest patriot of his day, has been on the stand facing a merciless fire of questions.

During the reading of an article written by John Reed on Henry Ford, and published in the Metropolitan Magazine, the audience in the court chamber violated all precedent by breaking into applause and Mr. Ford, visibly embarrassed, raised his hand in protest.

Tribune counsel had endeavored to quote paragraphs from the Reed article but had been stopped, by objection of Ford attorneys, to introduce the interview in its entirety. In the main it was highly complimentary to Mr. Ford.

"Make Farmer Independent." "What I want to do," Mr. Ford was quoted as saying, "is to make the farmer as independent as I am; independent of the banks, independent of the trusts, independent of the railroads."

The audience, many of them from the surrounding farms of this community, showed visible evidence of its appreciation of that ideal.

Twice Mr. Ford, wearying of the questions having to do with his knowledge of history, said "Oh, I'll admit that I'm an ignorant idealist if you wish."

"What is an idealist?" queried Tribune counsel. "The innate goodness of the man," he replied, "is his light, as he leans forward and swears slowly, 'I think an idealist is one who is honest and prosperous. I think I do it a little.'"

Quiet, unassuming, courteous and patient, Henry Ford made a deep impression on the audience. Not once did he lose his temper under the hacking of opposing attorneys, even when their questions verged on the edge of insult. But when the examination touched on subjects which are close to his heart, the League of Nations, war and the happiness and prosperity of humanity, counsel found him eagerly alert.

A League of Nations, or preparedness up to the hilt. "That is the way he sees the situation today. 'We must either,' he said, 'accept the covenant of peace or democracy must arm and stand guard forever at the threshold of liberty.'"

"War is Murder." He hammered that fact home and with it he always added, "War is murder."

"I was a murderer," he said, "I was a helper of murder. When the crisis came we all took a hand. But it is the same. War is murder."

"What do you mean by murder?" "I mean killing people."

"Killing people to protect the interests of the people?" "Killing anybody or anything. I don't know what else war is. War is murder. There is a far better way."

"What is the better way?" "Why, to educate people. To teach them to think for themselves."

A long examination was conducted which sought to quiz Mr. Ford concerning his views on history, based on a remark which he once made that "I wouldn't give five cents for all the history ever written."

"I don't think much more of it now than I did then," testified Mr. Ford. "The war showed us that history didn't last a week. All the things they told us would happen didn't happen. They went ahead, knowing what war meant, and made the same mistakes all over again. The history we write today is the thing that counts. I'm not interested in yesterday."

The Flag of Nations. The much discussed flag of a League of Nations, which it has been stated Mr. Ford was having made in his factory before the United States entered the war, was brought into court.

The testimony developed the fact that Mr. Ford did not originate the design of the flag and had never seen the banner itself. He saw a small drawing of it once in St. Paul's Cathedral, Detroit, he said, but had never heard of it again and knew nothing about it.

He denied emphatically that he ever said he would raise this flag above the Stars and Stripes, and said the statement that he revered this banner above the flag of his country was "A terrible thing to say about an American."

SANS ROMANCE.

The bare fact that the daughter of a Pittsburgh steel multimillionaire, several times a millionaire in her own right, has become the bride of a Florida fishing guide and pilot, suggests a romantic marriage in a romantic setting. The mind's eye envisions a handsome, bronzed young man, the hero of a real-life love story in which the heroine appears as the ideally democratic young woman who shocks, and scorns, society when she meets a real man, water-wise, weather-wise, experienced in out-of-door sports, a commanding figure, an ideal lover, says Louisville Courier-Journal.

The bride has the courage which the judge lacked when he saw Maud Muller. What a flood of cold water upon the romantic imagination is there in the additional facts. The guide was turning fifty. He had a daughter eighteen, a son thirteen. When the attachment began he wasn't a widower. Like a true member of the Smart Set, to the manner born, he loved where he listed, and his wife divorced him. So what appeared at first glance to be a really romantic and unconventional match is unromantic and, insofar as the divorce court phase of it goes, wholly, dully conventional under the strict standards of conventionalty obtaining in the set in which the bride was prominent.

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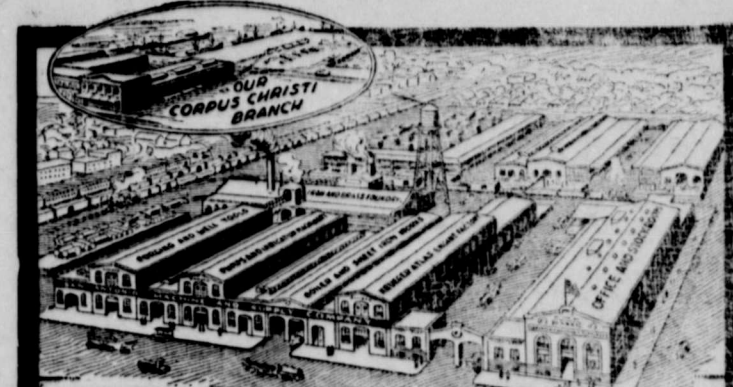
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(Incorporated)
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Wants Your Business for 1919.
J. H. ZACHRY, Manager J. H. GALLIMAN, Assistant Manager

We Sell for Cash
WE CAN SELL CHEAPER.
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Bring the Money and Get More.
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Chronic Catarrh is Curable
Nothing is more distressing to the sufferer and his friends, Chronic catarrh is systemic—that is, it is present throughout the body, though it may manifest itself in a local ulceration. Only a constitutional treatment will overcome systemic catarrh. Local treatments sometimes help the acute manifestations, but they cannot overcome the systemic disorder.

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It is a foe to catarrh. The voluntary testimony of thousands establish that. Peruna benefits in a number of ways. Peruna builds up the digestion, restores the strength, and helps put the system in condition.

Peruna has special value in catarrh. It gives vitality to the system, restores tone to the membranes and enables those to perform their functions. In many cases its benefits begin at once, and it rarely fails when treatment is continued properly.

The Peruna Medical Department will be glad to assist you to overcome the disease. The doctor's advice is free. Don't delay treatment.

THE PERUNA CO., Columbus, O.

RELATING TO SPECIAL TAXES BY CITIES, TOWNS AND COUNTIES FOR PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS, PUBLIC ROADS, ETC.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 20.

Proposing an amendment to Section 9 of Article 8 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by changing said Section 9 so as to provide for the levy of taxes by counties, cities and towns, not to exceed thirty cents for roads and bridges, and a tax not to exceed fifty cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation in any one year, for the erection of public buildings, streets, sewers, water works, improvements of cemeteries and other permanent improvements, providing for the levy of a maintenance tax by counties, or political subdivisions thereof, not to exceed sixty cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation, upon a majority vote of the qualified property tax payers voting at an election held for that purpose, and making an appropriation therefor.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 9 of Article 8 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended that the same will hereafter read as follows:

Section 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools, shall never exceed thirty cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation; and counties, cities and towns are authorized to levy not exceeding thirty-five cents for city or county purposes, and not exceeding thirty cents for roads and bridges, and not exceeding fifteen cents to pay jurors, on the One Hundred Dollars valuation, exclusive of taxes levied for the payment of debts incurred prior to the adoption of the amendment on September 25th, 1883; and for the erection of public buildings, streets, sewers, waterworks, improvement of cemeteries, and other permanent improvements not to exceed fifty cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation, in one year, and except as in this Constitution otherwise provided and the qualified voters, who have been assessed or paid property tax, of any county or subdivision thereof now existing or that may hereafter be defined by the Commissioners' Court, may at an election called in accordance with the law authorizing the levy of a special road tax, by a majority vote levy a special tax of not exceeding sixty cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation on all property, for the further improvement and maintenance of public roads, provided that this provision shall be self-enforcing and that no part of such tax shall be available to pay an indebtedness incurred prior to the current year for which said tax is collected, except to pay indebtedness now existing, and provided further that such levy may be voted off or changed at any time by majority vote of those qualified to vote under this provision. And the Legislature may provide for the sale and maintenance of public roads and highways, without the local notice required for special or local laws.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: Section 1. That Section 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, which article relates to education, and which sections provide for the establishment and support of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and for a branch college for the instruction of colored youths; provides that the Texas State Medical College and the School of Mines at El Paso shall be branches of the University of Texas; provides that said University, said Agricultural and Mechanical College, and said College of Industrial Arts shall be separate State institutions, and independent in organization; provides for the sale of the lands belonging to the University of Texas permanent fund, and for the division of the proceeds of such sale and all securities between the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View Normal and Industrial College; directs that the respective parts of each shall become the permanent fund of each institution and how it shall be invested; provides that the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas may utilize the permanent fund of each as a basis for the issuance of bonds for improvements, and for redemption of such bonds from the income of such permanent funds; provides that the governing board of the Agricultural and Mechanical College may make provisions for permanent buildings, the Prairie View Normal and Industrial College from the proceeds of bond issues by the said Agricultural and Mechanical College; and declares said Prairie View Normal and Industrial College a Constitutional branch of the Agricultural and Mechanical College; provides that the Legislature shall make provisions by appropriation for the maintenance and development of the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College, and for the development and support of the College of Industrial Arts, the Normal Schools, the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College; provides for the authority to the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College, pending division of the University endowment, to issue bonds redeemable from the income of the endowment, and granting authority to the Legislature to make appropriations to supply any deficiency; provides that the Legislature shall give encouragement and direction to the development of a University of the first class, and an Agricultural and Mechanical College of the first class, and a College of Industrial Arts of the first class; provides for the submission of this proposed amendment of the Constitution to the people, fixing the date for election to be held, and making an appropriation to pay the expense of said election.

the State of Texas: Section 1. That Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding thereto a new section to be numbered Section 60 as follows:

Sec. 60. The Legislature shall have power to authorize a division of the net profits arising from the operation of the prison system during any one fiscal year between the State of Texas and the prisoners confined in the Penitentiary during said fiscal year or any part thereof, or their dependents in such proportion as the Legislature may determine, not to exceed fifty (50) per cent to such prisoners or their dependents.

Section 2. The foregoing amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution of Texas shall be submitted to the qualified electors of this State for its adoption or rejection, at a special election hereby ordered for the fourth day of November, 1919. All voters on this proposed amendment at said election who favor its adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots the following: "For amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution, authorizing a division of the net proceeds of the prison system of this State between the State and prisoners confined in the Penitentiary or their dependents." Those voting against its adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots the following: "Against the amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution authorizing a division of the net proceeds of the prison system of this State between the State and prisoners confined in the Penitentiary or their dependents." Previous to the election the Secretary of State shall cause to be printed and forwarded to the County Judge of each county, for use in said election, a sufficient number of ballots for the use of the voters in each county, on which he shall have printed the form of ballots herein prescribed, for the convenient use of voters.

Section 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue his necessary proclamation ordering this election, and have the same published as required by the constitution and laws of this State. The sum of Five thousand Dollars (\$5000), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of publishing said proclamation, and printing and distributing the necessary tickets and blanks for use in said elections. (Attest—A True Copy.) GEORGE F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.

PROVIDING FOR THE SEPARATION OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY AND AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE, AND FOR BOND ISSUES BY EACH.

House Joint Resolution No. 29. A Joint Resolution to amend Article 7, Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, which article relates to education, and which sections provide for the establishment and support of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and for a branch college for the instruction of colored youths; provides that the Texas State Medical College and the School of Mines at El Paso shall be branches of the University of Texas; provides that said University, said Agricultural and Mechanical College, and said College of Industrial Arts shall be separate State institutions, and independent in organization; provides for the sale of the lands belonging to the University of Texas permanent fund, and for the division of the proceeds of such sale and all securities between the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View Normal and Industrial College; directs that the respective parts of each shall become the permanent fund of each institution and how it shall be invested; provides that the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas may utilize the permanent fund of each as a basis for the issuance of bonds for improvements, and for redemption of such bonds from the income of such permanent funds; provides that the governing board of the Agricultural and Mechanical College may make provisions for permanent buildings, the Prairie View Normal and Industrial College from the proceeds of bond issues by the said Agricultural and Mechanical College; and declares said Prairie View Normal and Industrial College a Constitutional branch of the Agricultural and Mechanical College; provides that the Legislature shall make provisions by appropriation for the maintenance and development of the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College, and for the development and support of the College of Industrial Arts, the Normal Schools, the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College; provides for the authority to the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College, pending division of the University endowment, to issue bonds redeemable from the income of the endowment, and granting authority to the Legislature to make appropriations to supply any deficiency; provides that the Legislature shall give encouragement and direction to the development of a University of the first class, and an Agricultural and Mechanical College of the first class, and a College of Industrial Arts of the first class; provides for the submission of this proposed amendment of the Constitution to the people, fixing the date for election to be held, and making an appropriation to pay the expense of said election.

Section 1. That Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, which article relates to education, and which sections provide for the establishment and support of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and for a branch college or university for the instruction of colored youths, be amended to read as follows:

Section 10. In pursuance of constitutional authority and direction the State having established the University of Texas at Austin, in Travis County; the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas at College Station, in Brazos County; and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College for the instruction of colored youths of the State at Prairie View, in Waller County; and the Legislature having established the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, in Denton County, the said University of Texas, the said Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the said College of Industrial Arts for white girls, are hereby declared separate state institutions and independent in organization. The Texas State Medical College, located at Galveston, in Galveston County, and the School of Mines, located at El Paso, in El Paso County, are established branches of the University of Texas. The Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College for the instruction of colored youths is constituted a branch of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas.

Section 11. To better enable the University of Texas and its constitutional branches, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College, to fulfill the purposes for which created, all lands and other property heretofore set apart and appropriated for the establishment, endowment, and maintenance of the University of Texas and its constitutional branches, together with the proceeds of the sale of such lands heretofore made, or hereafter to be made, for the support and benefit of either institution, shall constitute a permanent fund for the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and for the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College; provided, that when the permanent University endowment shall, by constitutional and statutory authority, be apportioned to the institutions named in this division, the said University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College in the following manner: To the University of Texas, six-sixths (6 2/3) per cent, and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, thirty-three and one-third (33 1/3) per cent, and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College, thirty-three and one-third (33 1/3) per cent, as may be determined equitably by said governing board. The principal of all funds accruing to each institution from the division of the University endowment shall be placed in a separate fund, and shall be invested in such manner as shall be provided by law to be hereafter authorized by law to be invested; and the governing board of each institution shall make provision from the income derivable from its permanent fund for the payment of all bonds issued under its authority as may be provided by law.

Section 12. The land set apart to the University fund shall be sold under such regulations, at such times, and on such terms as may be provided by law; and the Legislature shall provide for the prompt collection, at maturity, of all debts due on account of University lands heretofore sold, or that may hereafter be sold, and shall in no event have the power to grant relief to the purchasers. And, until such time as the University endowment fund shall be divided, in accordance with constitutional and statutory authority, the proceeds from the sale of lands, as realized and received into the Treasury of the State, together with such sum belonging to the fund as may now be in the Treasury, shall be invested in such manner as may be provided by law, and the interest and principal thereon shall be available for the construction, equipment and maintenance of the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the total of such bond issues outstanding shall at no time exceed four and one-half million dollars, and the Legislature is hereby authorized to appropriate out of the general revenues of the State such moneys as may be necessary to cover deficiencies in the interest and sinking fund accounts of the bond issues herein provided for. Provided, that the one-tenth of the alternate sections of the lands granted to railroads, reserved by the State, which were set apart and appropriated to the establishment of "The University of Texas" by an Act of the Legislature of February 11, 1858, entitled "An Act to Establish 'The University of Texas,'" shall not be included in or constitute a part of the permanent University fund.

Section 13. The Legislature shall provide by appropriation for the equipment, maintenance and development of the University of Texas, and the branches of the said institution named in this Article and such other branches as may hereafter be established by law; for the College of Industrial Arts for the education of white girls; for the Normal Schools; and for the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College for colored youths.

Section 14. The Legislature shall give encouragement and direction to and make provision for the educational activities of the respective State institutions provided for in this Article and as may be adequate for the preparation of the sciences, pure and applied, and for instruction in the professions, of the University of the first class; and for instruction in all those branches of learning which relate to agriculture, animal husbandry, the natural sciences, pure and applied, connected therewith, the mechanic arts and military science and tactics, requisite to the development of an Agricultural and Mechanical College of the first class; and for the education of white girls in the literary branches, the arts and sciences, and in social and domestic economy of the age, as may be necessary to establish and maintain a College of Industrial Arts of the first class for white girls, and for instruction in all the branches requisite to the development of normal schools of the first class.

Section 15. The Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College for the instruction of colored youths of a State, having been located at Prairie View, in Waller County, as a branch of the University of Texas, is hereby declared a branch of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas. And in lieu of the separate apportionment of a part of the University endowment, as authorized in Section 11 hereof, the said Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical College may apportion to the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College such part of any fund realized from any authorized bond issue by the Board for the purpose of permanent improvements as the Board may determine to be available for the purpose of constructing permanent improvements for the said Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College.

Section 16. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue and have published the necessary proclamation for the submission of this proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State, to the qualified voters of the State, said election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday in November, 1919, and all voters favoring the amendment shall have printed or written on their ballots the words:

"For the amendments to Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, fixing the constitutional status of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, Texas; the Sam Houston Normal Institute at Huntsville, Texas; the North Texas State Normal at Denton, Texas; the Southwest Texas State Normal at San Marcos, Texas; the West Texas State Normal at Canyon, Texas; and the East Texas State Normal at Commerce, Texas; and other state educational institutions, and determining the interest, respectively, of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College in the University endowment fund; and providing for the support, direction and development of State Educational Institutions."

Those opposing the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "Against the amendments to Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, fixing the constitutional status of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, Texas; the Sam Houston Normal Institute at Huntsville, Texas; the North Texas State Normal at Denton, Texas; the Southwest Texas State Normal at San Marcos, Texas; the West Texas State Normal at Canyon, Texas; and the East Texas State Normal at Commerce, Texas; and other State educational institutions, and determining the interest, respectively, of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College in the University endowment fund; and providing for the support, direction and development of State Educational Institutions."

Section 17. The Governor is hereby directed to submit this amendment to the qualified voters at an election to be held throughout the State on the date herein specified, and the sum of Five Thousand (\$5000) Dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of the general revenue not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of issuing the proclamation and publishing the amendment as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. (Attest—A True Copy.) GEORGE F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.

RELATING TO CONFEDERATE PENSIONS AND INCREASING TAX RATES FOR PAYMENT OF SAME.

House Joint Resolution No. 35. Proposing an amendment to Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas to provide that the Legislature may grant pensions to Confederate Soldiers, Sailors and their widows, who have been citizens of Texas prior to Jan. 1, 1910, providing that all soldiers, sailors and their widows eligible under the provisions hereof shall be entitled to be placed upon the rolls and participate in the pension fund created hereunder; levying a tax of seven (\$7.00) cents on the \$100.00 valuation of property in this State for the payment of such pension, providing that the Legislature may reduce the rate of pension for such purpose, fixing a time for the election to be held on such amendment, and making appropriation to pay the expense thereof;

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: Section 1. That Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas shall be amended so as to read as follows: "The Legislature shall have no power to make any grant of public money to any individual, association of individuals, municipalities or other corporations whatsoever, provided, however, the Legislature may grant

aid to indigent or disabled Confederate soldiers and sailors, who came to Texas prior to January 1, 1910, and to their widows in indigent circumstances and who have been bona fide residents of this State since January 1, 1910, and who were married to such soldiers or sailors prior to January 1, 1910, and to indigent and disabled soldiers who under special laws of the State of Texas during the war between the States served in organizations for the protection of the Frontier against Indian raiders or Mexican marauders and to indigent and disabled soldiers of the militia of the State of Texas who were in active service during the war between the States and to the widows of such soldiers who are in indigent circumstances and who were married to such soldiers prior to January 1, 1910, provided that the word "widow" in the preceding lines of this section shall not apply to women born since the year 1866, and all soldiers and sailors and widows of soldiers and sailors eligible under the above conditions shall be entitled to be placed upon the pension rolls and participate in the distribution of the pension fund of this State under any existing law or laws hereafter passed by the Legislature, and also to grant aid for the establishment and maintenance of a home for said soldiers and sailors, their wives and widows and women who aided in the confederacy under such regulations and limitations as may be provided by law, provided the Legislature may provide for husband and wife to remain together in the home. There is hereby levied in addition to all other taxes heretofore permitted by the Constitution of Texas a State ad valorem tax on property of seven (\$7.00) cents on the \$100.00 valuation for the purpose of creating a special fund for the payment of pensions for services in the Confederate army and navy, frontier organizations and the militia of the State of Texas, and for the widows of such soldiers serving in said armies, navies, organizations or militia; provided that the Legislature may reduce the tax rate herein levied. And provided further, that the provisions of this section shall not be construed so as to prevent the grant of aid in cases of public calamity.

Section 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified voters of this State at an election to be held on Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1919, at which all voters shall have printed or written on their ballots: "For amendment of Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution authorizing the Legislature to grant aid to Confederate soldiers, sailors and their widows who have been residents of this State since January 1, 1910," and "Against amendment to Section 51 of Article 3 of the Constitution, authorizing the Legislature to grant aid to Confederate soldiers and their widows."

Section 3. The Governor is hereby directed to issue the proclamation for the submission of this proposed amendment to the qualified voters of the State, said election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday in November, 1919, and all voters favoring the amendment shall have printed or written on their ballots the words:

"For the amendments to Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of Art. VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, fixing the constitutional status of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, Texas; the Sam Houston Normal Institute at Huntsville, Texas; the North Texas State Normal at Denton, Texas; the Southwest Texas State Normal at San Marcos, Texas; the West Texas State Normal at Canyon, Texas; and the East Texas State Normal at Commerce, Texas; and other state educational institutions, and determining the interest, respectively, of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College in the University endowment fund; and providing for the support, direction and development of State Educational Institutions."

Those opposing the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "Against the amendments to Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of Art. VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, fixing the constitutional status of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, Texas; the Sam Houston Normal Institute at Huntsville, Texas; the North Texas State Normal at Denton, Texas; the Southwest Texas State Normal at San Marcos, Texas; the West Texas State Normal at Canyon, Texas; and the East Texas State Normal at Commerce, Texas; and other State educational institutions, and determining the interest, respectively, of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College in the University endowment fund; and providing for the support, direction and development of State Educational Institutions."

Section 4. The Governor is hereby directed to submit this amendment to the qualified voters at an election to be held throughout the State on the date herein specified, and the sum of Five Thousand (\$5000) Dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of the general funds of this State not otherwise appropriated for expenses of publications and sections thereunder. (Attest—A True Copy.) GEORGE F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.

PERMITTING GALVESTON COUNTY AND CITY TO ISSUE BONDS FOR GRADE RAISING PURPOSES.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 23. A Joint Resolution proposing and submitting to the people of the State of Texas an amendment to Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas by adding thereto a new section and authorizing the City of Galveston and County of Galveston to issue bonds for protective works, irrespective of Constitutional limitation, in the aggregate of five million dollars for both city and county, as may be by the city or county deemed necessary for the raising of the grade, building seawalls and breakwaters, and doing any and all other kinds of protective works in said city and county, and to levy and collect taxes to retire said bonds, principal and interest, providing for a sinking fund and creating an emergency.

Section 1. The City of Galveston and the County of Galveston, and each of them are hereby authorized to issue bonds in such amounts not to exceed in the aggregate five million dollars, for both City and County, as may be by the city or county deemed necessary for the raising of the grade, building seawalls and breakwaters, and doing any and all other kinds of protective works in said city and county, without regard to and irrespective of any provisions of the Constitution of the State of Texas limiting tax levies and governing bond issues, and for that purpose to levy and collect taxes to retire and pay same, principal and interest, but no debt shall ever be incurred for such purpose, unless provision is made at the time of creating same, for levying and collecting a sufficient tax to pay the interest thereon and to provide at least two per cent as a sinking fund, this provision being cumulative, and in addition to those heretofore issued for such purposes and still outstanding, the amount of such additional bonds to be issued by the county hereunder, not to exceed four million dollars, but so exceed four million dollars, but heretofore or hereafter issued for purposes other than those herein defined, provided, however, that that portion of Galveston County not lying within the corporate limits of the City of Galveston shall not be taxed for the purpose of issuing bonds for any of the purposes herein provided within the corporate limits of the City of Galveston, unless such bond issue and tax levy be authorized by a majority of all the tax paying voters residing in Galveston County outside of the Corporate limits of the City of Galveston; provided that no such bonds issued by the City of Galveston shall be valid unless such bond issue and

tax levy be authorized by a majority of all qualified tax payers of the City of Galveston, and that an election to be called for that purpose by the Mayor and Board of Commissioners of said City of Galveston, see 2. The Governor is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for submitting an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas on the first Tuesday in November, 1919, at which election the fourth day of November, 1919, shall be the day of the election. Those favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to Article sixteen of the Constitution of the State of Texas, authorizing the issuance of bonds by the City and County of Galveston." And those opposed to the said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words: "Against the amendment to Article sixteen of the Constitution of the State of Texas, authorizing the issuance of bonds by the City and County of Galveston." Sec. 3. The sum of five thousand (\$5,000.00) Dollars or so much thereof as is necessary, out of the funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated to pay expenses for the carrying out of the provisions of this Resolution. (Attest—A True Copy.) GEORGE F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.

PROVIDING FOR AN ISSUE OF BONDS BY THE STATE FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSTRUCTION OF HIGHWAYS.

House Joint Resolution No. 13. A Joint Resolution proposing to amend Section 49, Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of Texas relating to the power to create debts by or on behalf of the State so as hereafter to authorize the Legislature to enact such laws as may be necessary directing the Governor of the State to issue bonds in a sum not to exceed \$75,000,000; providing for the levy of a tax to create the necessary interest and sinking fund therefor; and providing that the proceeds from the sale of such bonds shall be used in the construction of durable, hard-surfaced roads upon the public highways of the State.

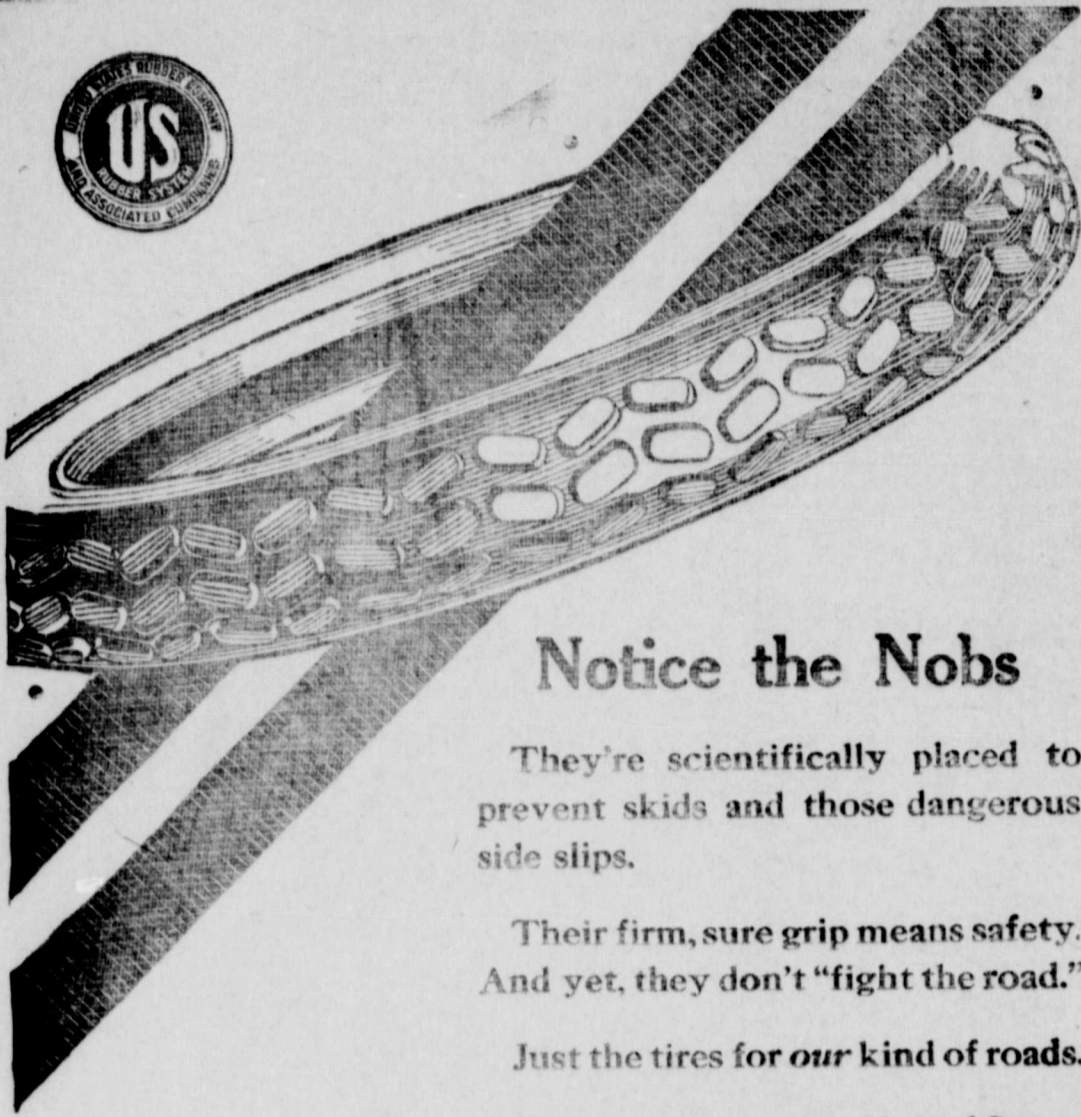
Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: Section 1. Amend said Section so as to read after its adoption as follows:

Article 3, Section 49. No debt shall be created by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, repeal invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiencies in the revenue shall never exceed in the aggregate at any one time, two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000); provided however, that the Legislature may enact such legislation as may be necessary to authorize and direct the Governor to issue bonds of the State in a sum not to exceed Seventy-five million (\$75,000,000) Dollars; the proceeds to be used in the construction of durable, hard-surfaced roads upon the public highways of the State; provided that such proceeds shall be apportioned to the different counties of the State according to the amount of the State Highways in such counties; and provided further that under Legislative authority a tax not to exceed twenty cents on the one hundred dollars of valuation of taxable property in the State may be levied, assessed and collected to provide the necessary interest and sinking fund therefor, and said taxes shall be in addition to the taxes authorized by Article 3, Section 9 of the Constitution.

Section 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors for members of the Legislature at an election to be held throughout the State of Texas on the first Tuesday in November, the same being the fourth day of November, A. D. 1919, and the Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. Those favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "For amendment to Section 49, Article 3 of the Constitution proposing to amend Section 49, of Article 3, relating to the power to create debts by or on behalf of the State, so as hereafter to authorize the Legislature to enact a law directing the issuance of bonds by the Governor of the State in a sum not to exceed Seventy-five Million (\$75,000,000) Dollars, the proceeds of said bonds to be used in the construction of durable, hard-surfaced roads upon public highways of the State; and providing for the levy of a tax not to exceed 20 cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation, on taxable property in the State." Those opposing the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "Against the amendment to Section 49, of Article 3 of the Constitution proposing to amend Section 49, of Article 3, relating to the power to create debts by or on behalf of the State, so as hereafter to authorize the Legislature to enact a law directing the issuance of bonds by the Governor of the State in a sum not to exceed Seventy-five Million (\$75,000,000) Dollars, the proceeds of said bonds to be used in the construction of durable, hard-surfaced roads upon public highways of the State; and providing for the levy of a tax, not to exceed 20 cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation, on taxable property in the State."

Section 3. The sum of Five Thousand (\$5,000.00) Dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated to defray the expenses of such proclamation, publication and election.

Section 4. The fact that the Legislature is restricted by the provisions of Section 49, Article 3 of the Constitution from enacting needed Highway Legislation creates an emergency and an imperative public necessity exists, demanding the suspension of the rule requiring bills to be read upon three successive days, and such rule is hereby suspended. (Attest—A True Copy.) GEORGE F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.



Notice the Nobs

They're scientifically placed to prevent skids and those dangerous side slips.

Their firm, sure grip means safety. And yet, they don't "fight the road."

Just the tires for our kind of roads.

There are four other United States Tires—every one of them a good tire.

No matter what your individual needs may be, we can fill them.

United States Tires are Good Tires

We know United States Tires are GOOD Tires—that's why we sell them.

Chas. E. Neal's Auto Sales Co.

E. G. Bright Garage, Fowlerton Garage, Fowlerton Encinal Mercantile Company, Encinal

DRINK A GLASS OF REAL HOT WATER BEFORE BREAKFAST.

Say, you don't look and feel clean, neat and fresh and avoid illness.

Sanitary science has of late made rapid strides in results that are of untold benefit to humanity. The latest application of its untiring research is the real discovery that it is as necessary to tend to internal sanitation of the digestive system of the human body as it is to the drains of the household.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when we arise, spitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, rasy breath, acid stomach, catarrhs, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should each morning before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate added to wash from the stomach, liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous acids; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast.

While you are enjoying your breakfast the phosphated hot water is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble, rheumatic stiffness; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of internal sanitation.

LADIES! LOOK YOUNG, DARKEN GRAY HAIR
Use Grandma's Sage Tea and Sulphur Recipe and nobody can tell. Brush it through hair.
Gray hair, however handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantages of a youthful appearance. Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks lank, wispy and scraggly, just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur will restore its appearance a hundred fold. Look young! Look young! Either at home or get from

GIVES CAT PALM OF WISDOM

Writer in California Newspaper Comes Forward With Loud Praise of Household Pet.

It is often a subject for discussion as to which is the wisest animal. Some say it is the dog and some are in favor of the horse, while scientists appear to think it is the elephant.

We beg to differ with all these views. We do not even agree to the movement in certain quarters to give the palm for wisdom to the fox. To our mind the wisest animal that lives is the cat. And, if it goes to that, we are willing to have it further known that of all animals we like the cat the best.

A cat is so wise that it succeeds in not letting us know how wise it really is. If you will be friendly with cats—and that's an easy thing to do—you will be astounded at their wisdom. And you could not imagine how affectionate a cat can also be.

There is an old yellow cat up in the Verdugo hills that we wouldn't trade for all the dogs and horses and elephants outside of Baran's circus. When the host of his nine lives departs from the earth those mountains will be a very lonely place for us.—Los Angeles Times.

For Success in Business.

Wealth is, after all, only what is produced by us, either by mental or physical labor. It stands to reason, therefore, that if a man would become rich in this world's goods, or in knowledge of things or men, he must work hard and long to acquire such knowledge and skill. And he will be rewarded in proportion to his work. Despite a lucky stroke occasionally here and there in a man's life, I am a firm believer in the motto that nothing really comes by chance to a man which is of much value beyond the ordinary.

Success has usually been prepared for, striven for, helped onward by his own innate ability, work, or set in ways the exterior world often failed to recognize. Hard work is the best friend any man ever embraced.

I would say to all youthful beginners in business that business is like the land—the more you put into it the more you will get out. If you put nothing in, you will get precious little out; if you tend it in desultory fashion, you can only expect an indifferent harvest, if any at all.—Exchange.

Where "Loot" Originated.

The word "loot" came into the English language by way of India, and is supposed to be derived from the Sanscrit "lotra," signifying booty. Originally all booty taken from the enemy in war pertained to the crown of the victorious nation, the title thereto being regarded as indisputable. The crown was supposed to dispose of the spoils of war according to its pleasure, bearing in mind the services of the captors of the matter. This was, indeed, the basis of prize law at sea. But at every international congress at which the laws of war and of mutual relations came under discussion it was agreed to exempt from seizure private property on land and to restrict confiscation to the national property of the foe.

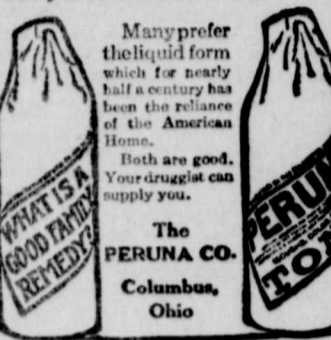
Quick Cold Relief

is usually found through the prompt administration of a mildly laxative, dispersive tonic—one that will scatter the inflammation, remove the waste, and help Nature to build up resistance.

Peruna is That Tonic.

Its action is prompt, usually very effective, and its use is without harmful effects. Every household should keep it at hand for this purpose, and every catarrhal sufferer should regularly use this reliable remedy.

The tablet form will be found very convenient. A tablet or two at the very beginning of a cold will frequently prevent its development, and these tablets may be taken regularly with beneficial results.



Many prefer the liquid form which for nearly half a century has been the reliance of the American Home. Both are good. Your druggist can supply you. **The PERUNA CO., Columbus, Ohio.**

HORSES IN ANCIENT BATTLE

Seem to Have Been Little Used Except to Carry the Infantry into the Fight.

In the old days when the Romans and Greeks fought furious battles, the charioters drove their cars in all directions, hurled their javelins, and by the din and clatter of horses and wheels commonly threw the ranks of the enemy into disorder, and making their way among the squadrons of the enemy's cavalry, leaped down from their chariots and fought on foot. The charioters then withdrew, little by little, from the fight, and placed their chariots in such a way that if they were hard pressed they could readily retreat to their own side. Thus in battle they afforded the mobility of cavalry with the steadiness of infantry. Daily practice enabled them to pull up their horses at full speed when on a steep slope, or to run out on the pole and stand on the yoke, and to get nimbly back into the chariot.

With the introduction of cavalry in the later iron age came larger horses, but their use for this purpose seems to have been restricted to isolated areas. There is no doubt that the west German tribes, as late as the campaign of Caesar in Gaul, used only the shaggy pony. It is said that they held it in disgraceful use. Instead of charging in squadrons they dismounted and fought on foot. As far as England is concerned, the art of riding seems to have been introduced by the Normans. The Saxons appear to have been but indifferent horsemen.

After the Grip—What?

Did it leave you weak, low in spirits and vitality? Influenza is a catarrhal disease, and after you recover from the acute stage much of the catarrh is left. This and your weakness invite further attacks.

The Tonic Needed is Peruna.
First, because it will assist in building up your strength, reinvigorating your system and quickening all functions. Second, because it aids in overcoming the catarrhal conditions, helping dispel the inflammation, giving the membranes an opportunity to perform their functions.



THE PERUNA CO., Columbus, Ohio

Start Tomorrow and Keep It Up Every Morning

Get in the habit of drinking a glass of hot water before breakfast.

We're not here long, so let's make our stay here as good as we can live well, eat well, sleep well, work well, and look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet, how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, spitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, rasy breath, acid stomach, can, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly extracting a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of inside-bathing before breakfast.

DON'T FORGET US

When you need anything in the line of neat and attractive Printing

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke



NEVER was such right-handed-twofisted smokejoy as you puff out of a jimmy pipe packed with Prince Albert! That's because P. A. has the quality!

You can't fool your taste apparatus any more than you can get five aces out of a family deck! So, when you hit Prince Albert, coming and going, and get up half an hour earlier just to start stoking your pipe or rolling cigarettes, you know you've got the big prize on the end of your line!

Prince Albert's quality alone puts it in a class of its own, but when you figure that P. A. is made by our exclusive patented process that cuts out bite and parch—well—you feel like getting a flock of dictionaries to find enough words to express your happy days sentiments!

Tappy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half-pound tin holders—and that classy, practical pound crystal glass holder with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.



R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

WHY?

"When I have tried various other remedies upon many occasions, I realize that I had not succeeded in curing my catarrh until I had used the medicinal properties of Peruna. Afterward, when I read the various pages of the 'Encyclopaedia' of those days, I found that Peruna was the only medicine mentioned there. I had used it before, and it had cured me. I found it in my dictionary, and it was there in the 'Encyclopaedia' of those days. Now the great medicinal properties of Peruna are set forth in the 'Encyclopaedia' of those days, and it is at present the best of the best volume dictionary, and well sufficient for all ordinary uses. From those who possess the special dictionary in several volumes, I find it a most convenient to have this, which is so compact, so full, and so trustworthy as to leave in most cases little to be desired."—Albert C. Cook, Ph.D., M.D., Prof. of the English Language and Literature, Yale Univ., April 24, 1911.

Shake Off That Grip

When Spring comes, with its changeable weather and your exposure, it is best to clear away all the symptoms left after an attack of grip. That evil disease leaves you weakened, and when its victim attempts to "do his bit" he exposes himself to the risk of a second attack, for which he is less prepared, and which may have graver consequences.

There's Danger in Delay

April and May are pneumonia months. In this time a weakened system is a constant source of danger, for the pneumonia and grip infections are in the air, and after a long winter the body is so clogged with waste it cannot resist them. Fortify the health, remove the catarrh, and improve the digestion.

For Quick Relief PERUNA

This reliable tonic is recommended to remove the waste from the body, counteract the catarrhal poisons and allay the inflammation that is catarrh, restore the regular appetite and tone up the entire system to resist disease. A well man is safe. As a tonic after grip it has won many commendations, while its effectiveness in catarrhal conditions is unquestioned. Take no chances—Take Peruna.

Peruna Tablets are always ready to take. You may carry a box with you and ward off colds and chill. The liquid medicine in your home is a great safeguard. Protect your family.

The Peruna Company, Columbus, Ohio

WE PAY

NO RED TAPE

We recently delivered checks to two of our Cotulla policy holders, one for accident \$117.85; one for illness \$13.75. These checks were delivered within 50 hours after claims were made.

Accidents Happen at the Most Unexpected Time

and every man should have protection. It's a business proposition. We insure your income. Read the papers, and you will see that accidents are happening every day. They are occurring every week in our midst. Can you afford to be disabled one month, two months or perhaps five years? What would your family do should a serious accident happen to you? They would not suffer if you had one of our policies that paid you \$25 per week as long as you were disabled.

Every Man Should Protect His Family With Life Insurance,

but it is just as important to protect them while you are living with a good Health and Accident Policy.

High Class Policies

We don't handle cheap and practically worthless policies—the kind that specifies that a man must fall out of a balloon; light on his left shoulder and break the fifth rib on the right side, or other aerobatic feats just as unreasonable, before he is entitled to compensation—and then go through four months of red tape before his claim is paid.

Our policies pay for

All Accidents and All Sickness

If necessary we send you to the hospital and pay the bill, in addition to your weekly indemnity. If you need a nurse at your home, we pay for the nurse.

GET THIS! We don't write your policy—and then forget you. When you have an accident or get sick, we see that your claim is properly and promptly made out. We collect the money—**Every Dollar You Are Justly Entitled To**—and deliver it to you. You don't have to worry when you own one of our policies. Every policy holder on our list is a satisfied man and you couldn't jar him loose from his protection. To prove this, if you want the proof, we'll give you a list of them, so that you can satisfy yourself personally.

The Man Who Delays

getting protection today, may wait a day too long. Don't put it off.

The Manly Agency

Representing American Bond & Casualty Co.

WOMAN'S WISDOM

Many foreigners have been pious to call my country the land of proverbs. A large percentage of our proverbs, it is needless to say, concern women.

Most of the old, well-worn ones have been freely translated, or stolen, by foreign writers. But we are not worried. Now and clever proverbs are fast being created by the new generation of men and women.

I translate below some of the gems which have recently come under my notice. They do not necessarily represent the opinion of the present-day Japanese people, but they are at any rate a contribution to the abundant world wisdom on the immortal problem:

- "Tender and hard is woman's heart."
- "New" women are created to replace good women."
- "If you want to love women, begin by loving money."
- "Women who remember shop signs and trademarks make good wives."
- "Very jealous women are easy to control."
- "Pride goes before a fall, especially in beautiful women."
- "Women and mountains should be looked on at a distance."
- Women fall in love with their protectors: men with women."
- "Men who can neither brag nor flatter need not fear being loved by women."
- "Rather than make love in clumsy language, bite your tongue out."—From the Japanese.

COIN DEFINITIONS

- Obverse—the image, face or front.
- Fillet Head—A tie or head-band.
- Reverse—The back or opposite side.
- Flowing Hair—Loose, easy flowing locks.
- Uncirculated—Clear, deadbright, untarnished.

Proof—Finely finished, struck by hand on a hydraulic press.

Re-strike—A piece struck from the original die at some time subsequent to the first issue.

Lettered Edge—A coin with inscription around edge.

Over-date Coin—A coin struck over some other date by re-engraving one or more figures upon the original die.

Milled Edge—A coin with milling on edge like all the United States silver of the present day.

Wire Edge—A sharp thin thread of the metal struck on the obverse or reverse border of a coin.

Pattern—A trial or an experimental coin struck at the United States mint.

WISE MEN SAY—

- That the biggest little thing is kindness.
 - That the fun is in the struggle, not the reward.
 - That success comes in cans. Failures in can't's.
 - That no tyranny of circumstances can permanently imprison a determined will.
 - That a diplomat is a man who remembers his wife's birthday, but not her age.
 - That we must have respect for others or we cannot expect the respect of others.
 - That getting on is largely a matter of getting up each time you are knocked down.
 - That we should judge ourselves by what we feel capable of doing, not by what we have done.
 - That the optimist is never afraid of the worst, because he knows that the worst never happens.
 - That we never think of limiting ourselves to what we have done if we have a proper estimate of ourselves.
 - That a man is a real hero who keeps stout-hearted and undismayed when troubles and tribulations are piled on. He knows that the chances are that no man but himself can pull him out.
- PEPPERY PARS**
- The secret of success is still a secret.
 - Two's company, three very often a divorce suit.
 - A pessimist is a man who has lost heart and found a liver.
 - Velocity is what a man gets out of the way of a motoromnibus with.
 - It has been said that clothes make the man, but many a man owes much to his tailor.



What you pay out your good money for is cigarette satisfaction—and, my, how you do get it in every puff of Camels!

18 cents a package

EXPERTLY blended choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos in Camel cigarettes eliminate bite and free them from any unpleasant cigarettey aftertaste or unpleasant cigarettey odor.

Camels win instant and permanent success with smokers because the blend brings out to the limit the refreshing flavor and delightful mel-

low-mildness of the tobaccos yet retaining the desirable "body." Camels are simply a revelation! You may smoke them without tiring your taste!

For your own satisfaction you must compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price. Then, you'll best realize their superior quality and the rare enjoyment they provide.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

STRAY PLANTS

Our sorrows we call afflictions, our blessings our dues.

The allied artillery blasted out the roots of the tree of devilry.

"Tis good strategy to keep yourself posted, and surprise the enemy."

Takes a mighty dirty flood to retard the swimming of a clean soul.

A nation, as a tree, will survive some bad scars, and live, and bear fruit.

Some people are as the mockingbird, full of melody, but nothing original.

Regret for the past is a good deal like mourning over last year's poor crop.

When the sun lights the sweat of honest toil, naturally it produces rain-bows.

In its war on babies, the German nation reached the dignity of diphtheretic croup.

Even when a man thinks he has done right he loves to hear himself say so.

It is not unmanly to heed the advice of others. Remember you have good advice to give.

Practice throwing at the midnight cats. May help in the future use of hand grenades.

Our idea of gall is a young man in a coat slit up to his shoulder blades making game of the funny things a girl wears.

Sometimes a man would crack his fists and boast what a good man he is, but not in hearing of the draft examining boards.—J. H. Mackley in Ohio Farmer.

STATISTICAL

The most precious metals in the world, excluding radium, are now iridium at \$170 an ounce, palladium, \$130, and platinum, \$105. Gold is \$20.

The trade of the United States with Latin America the last fiscal year aggregated \$1,770,000,000, against \$750,000,000 in the year preceding the war, a gain of about 136 per cent.

For the four years of the war our foreign trade reached over \$20,000,000,000, as against \$16,000,000,000 in the immediately preceding four years. Our imports jumped from \$6,987,000,000 to \$9,558,000,000, and our exports from \$9,000,000,000 to \$19,874,000,000.

Germany's gross debt, peace and war, is \$34,000,000,000, or 45 per cent of her wealth; England's \$34,000,000,000, or 45 per cent of her wealth; Italy's \$8,000,000,000, or 46 per cent of her wealth; the United States, \$10,000,000,000, or 4 per cent of her wealth. Even with the Fourth Liberty loan (\$6,000,000,000) added, our percentage would be only 5 per cent. To match what Australia and Canada have done this country should raise \$20,000,000,000.

WITH THE SAGES

Whatever ignominy or disgrace we have incurred, it is almost always in our power to re-establish our reputation.—Rochefoucauld.

Repose without stagnation is the state most favorable to happiness. "The great felicity of life," says Seneca, "is to be without perturbations."—Bovee.

Our principles are the springs of our actions; our actions, the springs of our happiness or misery. Too much care, therefore, cannot be taken in forming our principles.—Skelton.

He who, when called upon to speak a disagreeable truth, tells it boldly and has done, is both bolder and milder than he who mumbles in a low voice, and never ceases nibbling.—Lavater.

WORDS OF WISE MEN

There are men who can think as deep as a fact.—Voltaire.

Gilded frame makes a good picture in the eyes of nearly all the world.—Anon.

Our enemies speak of us as they hear, we judge of ourselves as we feel.—Hannah More.

It argues an ignorant mind where we have wronged to higgie and dodge in the amendments.—Hale.

I would rather have zeal without knowledge than knowledge without zeal.—D. L. Moody.

To forget one's ancestors is to be a brook without a source, a tree without a root.—Chinese Proverb.



Removal Sale

In the face of advancing prices on nearly every class of merchandise, we are making attractive prices in order to close out our stock before moving.

- Ginghams, fancy patterns, 25c value,20c
- Ginghams, Toile Du Nord, Select45c
- Domestic, unbleached, 35c value25c
- Shoes, all brands, mens and womens, 10 per cent discount.
- Flour, White Eagle, guaranteed, 24 lbs.\$1.55
- Syrup, Koo Koo, large size1.00
- Syrup, Export,80
- Soap, Crystal White, par bar6 1-4c
- Soap, Swift's white 5c
- Matches, Search Light 5c

Simpson & Son.

LOCAL & PERSONAL

J. W. Lacey spent Sunday in San Antonio.

P. A. Kerr, business man of Laredo was in the city yesterday.

Miss Tehula Coleman left last week for El Paso.

Miss Marie Neal visited in San Antonio during the week.

Dr. Sanders of Dilley was in the city this week.

F. D. Lown returned Tuesday from a business trip to San Antonio.

L. A. Kerr Jr. was down from San Antonio this week on a visit to relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Jac. Merriman were here first of the week from Pearsall visiting relatives.

The editor returned Tuesday from Chicago, where he spent two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Henrichson of Artesia Wells were in Cotulla during the week.

Don't forget that next Thursday is Weed Cutting Day in Cotulla.

Buy your cotton sacks now. After Aug. 9th, 8 oz. duck will be 40c per yard. 30c now.—K. Burwell.

Mrs. G. H. Knaggs and son, Arthur and daughter, Anna, returned first of the week from Pleasanton.

Mrs. M. P. Thompson returned Monday from a two weeks visit to relatives and friends at Falfurrias.

Royal Tailored Clothes are priced so that you don't exhaust your "roll" in paying for them. Save and buy now.—K. Burwell.

An eleven pound girl was born Thursday to Mr. and Mrs. Jim Walker. Both mother and child are doing well.

Vernon Widener returned first of the week from Coledge where he has been on a visit to relatives.

Rev. Hamilton will preach both morning and evening at the Presbyterian Church, members are expected, friends are welcome.

Have your feet looked "over," we are rendering the "Scholl Service." We can give you correction and comfort in all foot trouble.—K. Burwell.

The weather for the past week has been ideal on the cotton crop. It is coming a whooping and it looks like La Salle is going to be the banner cotton county of this part of the state.

Royal Tailored Clothes fit and stay fit until worn out, they are wonderful clothes, they are "democratic" in price, within the price of all. Visit our men's department.—K. Burwell.

Alfred L. Brooks of Corsicana recently spent several days at the Joe Nagy farm near Millett, and was very much impressed with this country. C. L. Witherspoon and little son Claude is also spending a few days at the Nagy farm.

Mrs. Ed Traylor is here from Colorado on a visit to her father, Capt. Giles. Mrs. Traylor formerly lived in Cotulla but has been residing at Breckenridge, Colo., for the past two years. She will probably be here for several weeks.

Rev. M. L. Rone was here yesterday from Dilley. Rev. Rone says farmers are feeling highly hopeful over the crop outlook up that way. Cotton prospects are flourishing. He says some of the fields are white with blooms.

F. A. Woofter, prominent farmer of the Millett section of the county, was in town yesterday on business. Mr. Woofter reports cotton doing fine. In fact he says he never saw better cotton in his life than the Cibolo valley can now show.

H. C. Lane and W. C. Held, prominent citizens and farmers of Millett were in Cotulla yesterday. Both were very optimistic over the outlook for a cotton crop in their section of the county. However, they said many thousands of dollars worth of feedstuff had been lost because of excessive rains.

O. W. Barnes reports his cotton crop in a flourishing condition. His crop is late and therefore is not so large but what it can be cultivated, and he is keeping the plow going. Says he has some boll weevil but that they apparently are not doing much damage.

J. L. Hamilton of Smiley, formerly of Millett, was here this week. Mr. Hamilton said crop prospects were poor in his section of the state because of so much rain. He thinks the cotton in La Salle county the best he has seen and is of the opinion that some fields will produce a bale to the acre.

Coming Tonight!

Five reel feature with comedy. Tuesday night, a Western Feature and Fatty Arbuckle. Thursday night, "The Purple Mask," fourth episode, and a Western feature, and Fatty Arbuckle comedy.

Watch for better pictures at the Queen. "The Kaiser, the Beast of Berlin," "The Zeppelin's Last Raid, Bomb Dropping." These are super special. Watch for dates, at the coolest place in town.

This section should not be scarce on cotton pickers this fall as conditions are favorable for a better crop through the county than anywhere else in this part of the state. Naturally laborers seek the place where cotton is best. The proper thing for the business men and cotton growers to do now is to do a little advertising of the fact, especially along the border where the laborers will come from. Now is the time to do it, because we will be needing pickers in a mighty short time.

The editor is under obligations to Mr. B. F. Nicholson, while in Chicago last week. Mr. Nicholson is an official of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad, and is interested in La Salle county lands, which he says is not on the market because he believes this part of Texas has a great future. He is considerably interested in seeing a big dam constructed across the Neuces so as to conserve storm water for the irrigation for a great body of our land and thinks that will be brought about in time to come.

There has been considerable sickness in the vicinity the last two or three weeks. The malady seems to be similar to the flu that we had last winter, only in a mild form. There also have been several cases of malaria. We believe more of this can be expected, as mosquitoes have been breeding all the year, and very few people have done anything to stop their increase, early in the year the RECORD sounded a warning note about closing up all unused cisterns, but evidently not enough of the people thought it worth while. The malaria cases will tell.

In this issue of the Record appears the delinquent tax list for the year 1918. This list is larger than usual and on the same appears many large tax payers. Under the new laws it is the duty of the County Attorney or District Attorney to file suits within a specified time after the publication of this list, and this action adds much costs to the taxes. Therefore, every property owner whose name is listed on this Delinquent Roll should lose no time in paying his taxes and thereby save much additional costs. This list will be published in the Record for three consecutive weeks.

"QUEEN"

A cool place to spend the evening. Let the big fans fan you while you listen to the music and laugh at Fatty.

Entertained

To meet one of Cotulla's former boys Emil Gilmer," was the invitation many responded to when Miss Maurine Dyson entertained some of the home-coming friends on Tuesday. The Dyson home was decorated in Shasta daisies and roses.

Various games and contests were indulged in with music to make a very pleasant evening. Miss Maurine was assisted in entertaining by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Dyson and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Gallman. The following guests enjoyed Miss Maurine's hospitality: The honor guest, Mr. Emil Gilmer, of Fort Sam Houston, Misses Willie May and Alice Kerr, Ruth Tarver, Lillie Belle and Fannie Herrington, Mildred Manly, Helen Steele, Arthur Earlest, Floss Dyson, Lizzie Gilmer, Annielee Giles and Messrs. Fredrick Binkley, Milton Manly, Bill Morgan, Harry Gaddis, C. B. Harbort and Sidney Steele.

DIAMOND
The Joy of Saving.
DUPLICATE

Healthier Stock, Quicker Growth
Guaranteed with
CAREY-IZED
STOCK TONIC

Composed of eight different vegetable and mineral salts, which all animals need.

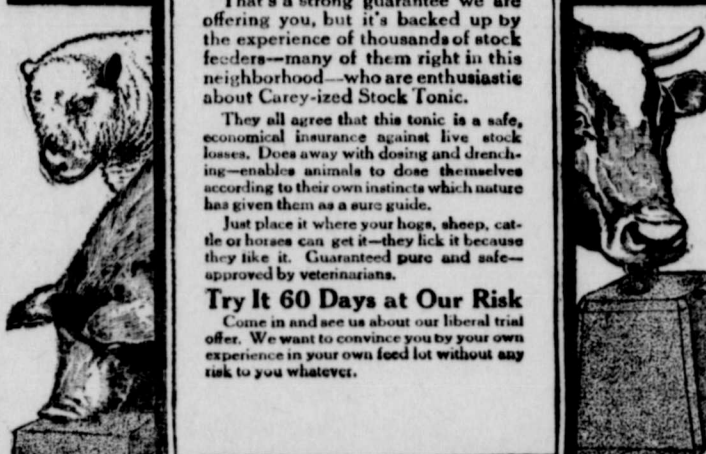
35 lb. bricks for stall or pen feeding. 50 lb. blocks for range or pasture feeding.

That's a strong guarantee we are offering you, but it's backed up by the experience of thousands of stock feeders—many of them right in this neighborhood—who are enthusiastic about Carey-ized Stock Tonic.

They all agree that this tonic is a safe, economical insurance against live stock losses. Does away with dosing and drenching—enables animals to dose themselves according to their own instincts which nature has given them as a sure guide.

Just place it where your hogs, sheep, cattle or horses can get it—they lick it because they like it. Guaranteed pure and safe—approved by veterinarians.

Try It 60 Days at Our Risk
Come in and see us about our liberal trial offer. We want to convince you by your own experience in your own feed lot without any task to you whatever.



COTULLA MERCANTILE COMPANY.

FOLKS WE ALL KNOW



The Editor is dreaming of Heaven, where Subscribers pay on Time, and Advertisers are early with their Copy, and Everybody phones in News, and Much Money accumulates, and the Editor rides to his Marble Mausoleum on the Hill at the End of a Perfect Day in his new Limousine.

Next Thursday
"Weed Cutting"
Day, Says Mayor.

Next Thursday, August 7th, has been designated by the Mayor as "Weed Cutting Day" in Cotulla. Because of the rank growth of weeds in every part of the town on account of excessive rain they have become a menace to health and it becomes necessary to get them before much sickness is created.

Mayor Keck requests that all business houses be closed during the forenoon on this date so that all may assist in this necessary work. Every household is requested to cut all weeds in the immediate vicinity of his premises, including the alleys and streets in front. The City will put on men if they can be secured to cut weeds along some of the streets where they will not be reached by holders.

It is earnestly requested that the entire population lend their co-operation to this movement. If every person does their duty a day will make a great difference in the appearance of things and may make much difference in your doctor's bill. It is a sane idea not to wait cutting weeds until the day specified, but begin at once and be in a position to finish up completely on that date. Don't argue about this matter. It is necessary. "Throw away your hammer and get a hoe."

DENTAL NOTICE.

Dr. Morgan will be in Carrizo Springs the week ending Aug. 9th. Will be in office at home July 21st, to Aug. 2nd, and two weeks beginning Aug. 11.

NOTICE.

I have the Roy Campbell Agency for Onion, Cabbage, lettuce and spinach seed. See me before buying elsewhere. Phil Mewntier.

KILL THE BLUE BUGS

And all blood sucking insects by feeding Martin's Wonderful Blue Bug Killer to your chickens. Your money back if not absolutely satisfied. Ask Gaddis Pharmacy.

NOTICE.

On all matters pertaining to electric lights, water or pipe lines, please notify P. H. Preston, Telephone No. 39.

NOTICE.

Beginning Monday, August 4th all haircuts will be 35 cents. W. L. Pease.

FOR SALE—Piano at Coleman Farm. Price \$75 for quick sale. Tehula Coleman.

FOR SALE—250 head of steers, one to five years old. Charles Bros., Encinal, Texas.

LOANS on Ranch Lands, amounts ten thousand dollars up, interest seven to eight per cent. A. C. Hamilton, Attorney, Laredo, Texas.

When you fill that barn full of grain you will want it insured. Telephone us and we will come and make you a rate.—Manly Agency.

American Barber Shop

W. L. Pease, Proprietor

Service up to date in every Particular.

Agent for White Star Laundry.

Basket shipped Wednesdays

DR. W. C. MORGAN

DENTIST

Pyorrhea and Bridge Work a Specialty

25 Years Experience

Office Over Gaddis Pharmacy

Rafael Carpenter

Expert Tailor.

Clothes Cleaned, Pressed and Dyed. Hats blocked.

Repairing skillfully done. Send me your work, I am an old-timer in the business.

Front Street.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

It's time to let us write that Insurance—Manly Agency

T. R. KECK

Lumber, Hardware, Wagons
Undertaker's Supplies.

Lime, Cement, Brick and all kinds Builders Supplies.
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WATCH THE BOLL WEEVIL!

If the boll weevil starts to work in your cotton fight him with some of the remedies the Government recommends. Cotton is worth too much to let him operate unmolested. We will arrange to handle the "medicine" you may need. Start the fight early and it will be easier to win.

GADDIS PHARMACY.