

The Crockett Courier.

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CROCKETT, TEXAS, AUG. 7, 1896.

NO. 27.

REPUBLICAN PLAN Is to Unse Boodle in 9 Commonwealths.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

The Hundred and Thirty-Nine Members Represent Five Hundred Millions of Dollars.

Washington, Aug. 1.—The Republican managers intend to raise a campaign fund of \$20,000,000 and buy McKinley's election. The suffrage is to be debauched in the States of Illinois, Iowa, Ohio, West Virginia and Maryland. The States have, jointly, 125 electoral votes. They expect to capture thirty-nine votes of New England a serious effort, and the forty-six of New York and New Jersey by reasonable work and reasonable expenditure. The big fight will be made in the nine States first mentioned. The Republican managers believe that they are doubtful and at this time disposed to favor Bryan. The Republicans look upon Wisconsin, also, as a doubtful State, notwithstanding the fervid protestations of Senator Vilas and General Bragg.

Mr. Hanna has served notice, it is said, on the New Yorkers that he must have \$20,000,000 to insure McKinley's election. This money will be contributed, to a large extent, by the money changers of New York. The manufacturers are sulking. The gold men insist upon the tariff question being kept in the rear. The Republican managers seem to be more solicitous of pleasing the bolting gold Democrats and the garrulous squad of free trade mugwumps than their old friends and standbys, the manufacturers. The latter are a practical set of people. They are not in the habit of giving something for nothing. They want good, safe, substantial returns on all their investments. They are afraid that in the present condition of the Senate it would be impossible to pass a tariff bill that would be of any great benefit to them during the four years of McKinley's Presidency.

Back of it all, the manufacturers are not as enthusiastic for the single gold standard as some of their friends and party associates. It required an effort, in fact, to prevent a number of big manufacturers from stampeding to free coinage before the national conventions were held. While, of course all the manufacturers will support McKinley, they will not bear the burden of the campaign as they have been in the habit of doing. They explain that they bore the expense of nominating McKinley and that if the bankers had not insisted upon putting him on a gold standard platform his election would be easy. The bankers having captured McKinley, so to speak, they are now invited by the manufacturers to defect him.

The bankers and big capitalists, I am informed, have made satisfactory arrangements with Hanna. J. Pierpont Morgan will be one of the managers of the Republican campaign. Hanna has appointed a finance committee of 139 members in New York that jointly own or control about \$500,000,000. Think

of it ve one-gallused Democrats and Populists who toil in the field.

Surprise was expressed when Hanna appointed a \$100,000,000 committee in Chicago, but his New York performance dwarfs that into insignificance. A well-informed friend of mine went over the list with me of the 139 millionaires selected by Hanna as his Eastern Finance Committee. He assures me that 16 own or control \$350,000,000. Here are the 16: H. O. Armour, Cornelius N. Bliss, George Bliss, Andrew Carnegie, G. M. Dodge, H. C. Frick, C. P. Huntington, Brayton Ives, J. Pierpont Morgan, D. O. Mills, Whitelaw Reid, J. D. Rockefeller, William D. Sloan, John H. Starin, John A. Stewart and Cornelius Vanderbilt.

Nearly every name on this list will be recognized even by the toilers in the field. There is our old friend, Carnegie of Culny Castle. There is Frick, the commander of the Pinkerton mercenaries at Homestead. There is that modest, guileless and unselfish citizen, C. P. Huntington. There are Pierpont Morgan and John A. Stewart, the heads of rival bond syndicates. There are D. O. Mills and his amiable son-in-law, Whitelaw Reid. There is Standard Oil Rockefeller, and head of the house of Vanderbilt.

It will be admitted, I presume that Mr. Mark Hanna performed, his work well. We know who the members of his Ways and Means Committee are. Perhaps later on he will take us into his confidence and show us the makeup of his Appropriation Committee. That the Ways and Means Committee are capable of raising the \$20,000,000 there is not much doubt. In fact the members of the committee could raise it among themselves without serious embarrassment.

I understand that Mr. Hanna is using the income tax club with great facility. He tells the multimillionaires that the election of Bryan will mean an ironclad income tax law and a change in the personnel of the Supreme Court to hold it constitutional. An income tax of 4 per cent on \$500,000,000 would be \$20,000,000. So it is these 39 millionaires have only to contribute to Hanna what they would be expected to contribute yearly to the government for their incomes if the Democracy swept the country.

All serious effort to capture the country by an educational campaign will be abandoned. Mr. Hanna will conduct a boodle campaign exclusively, and depend on finance committees rather than on spellbinders.

NO STATE TICKET.

Sound Money Democrats of Texas Held a Conference.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 1.—The gold standard Democrats of Texas today at Corsicana resolved not to put out a State ticket. They appointed a committee to confer with the Populists and the Republicans, looking to a fusion; Republicans and gold standard Democrats to vote for Populist State and county tickets and the Populists to vote for the McKinley electors. The conference also appointed delegates to the Indianapolis conference to consider the putting out of a national gold standard Democratic ticket.

COUNTY JUDGE.

Houston county now has an opportunity to make a great mistake in the selection of County Judge. This is the most important office in the county, and every man, woman and child are more or less interested in the selection of the County Judge, for when a parent dies and the estate goes to probate if the county Judge is not well read in the laws pertaining to probate matters, he is liable to make a mistake that will be very detrimental to the orphan child who is not able to protect its self as it is a minor. Take the best posted men of our county who have not made a practice of reading law and ask them and you can easily ascertain that none of them are familiar enough with the law to make a County Judge. In the next place, the County Judge has jurisdiction over all cases from \$200 to \$1000, and when cases, either civil or criminal, comes before the county Judge, if he is not well read in law how is he to decide the legal points that may be presented by the attorneys on either side, as we all know that the attorneys on both sides of the case try to justify his side of the case by the law, and if the two attorneys differ and the County Judge is not posted on the law how is he to decide which is in the right? And should he make the wrong decision, which he is liable to do, if he is not well read in the law, the party whom the wrong ruling was against is forced to appeal the case so as to get a proper ruling and in so doing is put to extra lawyer fee and cost and if it should be a criminal case it makes double the cost on the county. And if the County Judge is not well posted in the law it will take him twice as long to try a case as it would a man who is well read in the law, thereby making the expense more than double on the county. And then if the Judge is not well posted and read in the law, how can he charge the juries? Some will say that he can require both lawyers to write his own charge, and suppose he does each lawyer will write his charge to suit his side of the case; you have two charges that are conflicting with each other. Then how can the Judge say which charge is correct if he does not know the law, or how can a jury decide a case with two charges that are conflicting; I have no war to make on any class of men but in voting we ought to vote for a man that is qualified in every way for such an important office as County Judge, lay aside prejudice and personal feeling and vote for the man that is qualified.

VOTER.

DEAD.

John M. Smith died at the residence of his son-in-law, B. F. Chamberlain after an illness of several weeks. Deceased was an old and highly esteemed citizen widely known throughout Eastern Texas before and since the war. He was born in South Carolina in 1811 and moved thence to Mies, and there married Miss Elizabeth Mosely in 1840. He left Mies and came to Texas in 1857 and engaged in the mercantile and planting business. He became largely interested in these lines before and during the war and accumulated a large fortune which was swept away by the fortunes of war. He came to Houston county in 1875 and has resided here ever since. He leaves three daughters and one son. He has been a consistent church member since 1827, having at that time joined the Methodist church.

PROCLAMATION.

By the Governor of the State of Texas.

Whereas, the Twenty-fourth Legislature, at its late regular biennial session, which adjourned on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1895 passed the following Joint Resolutions, in the manner prescribed by the Constitution of this State, proposing certain amendments to the Constitution of this State, to-wit: Joint resolutions to amend section 4, of article 7, of the constitution of the State of Texas.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That section 4, of article 7, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be so amended as to read hereafter as follows:

Section 4. The lands herein set apart to the public free school fund shall be sold under such regulations, at such times, and on such terms, as may be prescribed by law; and the Legislature shall not have power to grant any relief to purchasers thereof. The Comptroller shall invest the proceeds of such sales, and of those heretofore made, as may be directed by the Board of Education, herein provided for, in the bonds of the United States, the State of Texas, or counties in said State, or in such other securities as may be prescribed by law, or in agricultural lands, for the benefit of the penitentiary system of the State, under such restrictions as may be prescribed by law, and the State shall be responsible for all such investments.

Sec. 2. The foregoing amendment shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the next general election. Those favoring its adoption shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "For the amendment to section 4, article 7, of the Constitution," and those opposed to its adoption shall have written or printed on their ballots the words, "Against the amendment to section 4, article 7, of the Constitution;" and the Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and have the same published, as required by the Constitution and existing laws of the State.

Approved April 27, 1895.

Joint resolution amending article 6, section 2, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, requiring persons of foreign birth to declare their intention to become citizens of the United States six months before any election at which such persons may offer to vote.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That article 6, section 2, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 2. Every male person subject to none of the foregoing disqualifications, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and who shall be a citizen of the United States and who shall have resided in this State one year next preceding an election, and the last six months within the district or county in which he offers to vote, shall be deemed a qualified elector. And every male person of foreign birth subject to none of the

foregoing disqualifications, who, not less than six months before any election at which he offers to vote, shall have declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, in accordance with the Federal naturalization laws, and shall have resided in this State one year next preceding such election, and the last six months in the county in which he offers to vote, shall also be deemed a qualified elector; and all electors shall vote in the election precinct of their residence: Provided, that electors living in any unorganized county may vote at any election precinct in the county to which such county is attached for judicial purposes.

Sec. 2 The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation submitting this amendment to the qualified voters of Texas at the next general election.

Passed April 30, 1895.

And whereas, the State Constitution requires the publication of any proposed amendments once a week for four weeks, commencing at least three months before an election.

And whereas, each of said joint resolutions requires the Governor to issue his proclamation ordering an election for the submission of said joint resolutions to the qualified electors of the State for their adoption or rejection on Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1896, which will be the 3d day of said month:

Now, therefore, I, C. A. Culberson Governor of Texas, in accordance with the provisions of said joint resolutions, and by the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of this State, do hereby issue this proclamation ordering that an election, as required by said joint resolutions, be held on the day designated therein, to-wit, on Tuesday, the 3d day of November, A. D. 1896, in the several counties of this State, for the adoption or rejection of said proposed amendments to the Constitution of the State of Texas. Said election shall be held at the several polling places of the election precincts of the several counties of this State, and will be conducted by the officers holding the same in conformity with the laws of this State and in accordance with the provisions of this proclamation.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto sign my name and cause the [L. s.] seal of State to be affixed, at the City of Austin, this 14th day of July A. D. 1896.

(Signed) C. A. CULBERSON
Governor of Texas.

By the Governor;
(Signed) ALLISON MAYFIELD
Secretary of State.

Who is Entitled to Vote in Primary?

In order that there may be no misunderstanding as to who is entitled to vote in the primary election we call attention to the fact that a resolution was adopted at the county convention providing that any qualified voter of the county, regardless of past political affiliations, who will agree to support the nominee for county and precinct officers will be entitled to vote.

It is requested that the primary election returns be made to me by Friday, Aug. 14th, at which time the vote will be counted and the result declared.

F. H. BAYNE,
Ch'm. Dem. Ex. Com.

HIGH PRAIRIE.

After a continued dry spell that ruined our corn, we had the pleasure of seeing a nice rain fall which came 12inst. followed by another on the 17th but not enough for sugar cane and a scant supply for cotton which is ruining very fast; some call it rust, others pronounce the cause to be lice, be it either it is fatal, cotton that looked well one week ago now looks dead and a great many stalks have shedded everything and the bolls will open before reaching the state of maturity. The peanut crop will indeed be short. After raising an enormous crop in '95 some of our farmers concluded it was cheaper to raise corn to fatten hogs, and did not plant peanuts, and very few plant sorgum here, consequently they will make a complete failure. Too many of our soil tillers depend on king cotton and when that fails to make a good yield it is so far to the corn crib and smoke house until they havent sufficient means to teach them. We will never learn to farm in Texas successfully; always on the extreme, too hot or too cold, too wet or too dry, yet we manage to live and some prosper.

Health of our little community is very good at present.

Our protracted meeting here was postponed until the 3rd Sabbath in August.

High prairie will want a good teacher for her school next fall and winter; only one or two applicants so far. Who will come next?

Prof. Hns Hackney after teaching one month at Weldon, has resigned and has gone near Waco to secure a large school.

Prof. James Reynolds will commence a two months term at Weldon immediately, he is a young man only 18 years old, lives near Weldon and holds a first grade certificate.

"Yes, 16 to 1" I heard a populist say that meant \$16 per capita more; that we have \$4 now which will make a total of \$20. per capita" so said the populist.

I am sorry "Silver Dick was left out, but think Bryan a good substitute and perhaps better for he can manage the populist vote to a greater advantage.

I have heard several populists say that Bryan's speech was just grand though evidently they are not informed yet as to how they will vote in November.

J. S. Adams.

CREEK.

We are having another drought here.

The grass worms are eating all the grass up. There is some cotton open on the uplands. There is very little rust in the cotton here. No sickness of any note.

The candidates were on hand and they all seem to be a very nice lot of men, and although they were introduced to us poor mortals as a manager of animals, we only found one who seemed to be any ways dangerous. We expected to see some freak of nature, lo and behold they look as we do now. But after the primary some will feel lonesome. We hope some day when I go to the legislature I will fix laws so all can have a piece of the pie.

Not as we know, but its in the wind, that those who pay the smallest amount to help support the gospel are the first to fall out with the preacher for telling the unadulterated truth.

Mr. Jim Thompson and Miss Helen Gary were married at the home of the bride. May their pathway through life be strown with flowers of happiness and love.

After the elections we can sing that song: "Prodigal child return" The medicine may be bitter, but take it, for it is a sure cure. it is called democracy and free silver.

ISEMARLITE.

Cheaper Than Ever.

I have just received a large stock of choice fresh groceries which I will sell at a low figure and deliver them at your door.

S. H. OWENS,
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I Also Write Tornado Insurance.

Six weeks ago I suffered with a very severe cold; was almost unable to speak. My friends all advised me to consult a physician. Noticing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised in the St. Paul Volks Zeitung I procured a bottle, and after taking it a short while was entirely well. I now most heartily recommend this remedy to anyone suffering with a cold. Wm. Kell, 678 Selby Ave., St. Paul, Min. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

Since 1878 there have been nine epidemics of dysentery in different parts of the country in which Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was used with perfect success. Dysentery, when epidemic, is almost as severe and dangerous as Asiatic cholera. Heretofore the best efforts of the most skilled physicians have failed to check its ravages, this remedy, however has cured the most malignant cases, both of children and adults, and under the most trying conditions, which proves it to be the best medicine in the world for bowel complaints. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

"Little spells of fever, little chills so bland, Makes the mighty graveyard and the angel band A Little of Chetam's Chill Tonic taken now, and then Makes the handsome women and the healthy men."

What a Prominent Insurance Man Says.

H. M. Blossom, senior member of H. M. Blossom & Co. 217 N. 3d St., St. Louis, writes: I had been left with a very distressing cough, the result of influenza, which nothing seemed to relieve, until I took Ballard's Horehound Syrup. One bottle completely cured me. I sent one bottle to my sister, who had a severe cough, and she experienced immediate relief. I always recommended this syrup to my friends. Jno. Cranston, 608 Hampshire street, Quincy, Ill., writes. I have found Ballard's Horehound Syrup superior to any other cough medicine I have ever known. It never disappoints. Price 25c and 50c. Sold by L. H. Haring & Co.

The richest and poorest, the oldest and youngest, the proudest and humblest, the largest and smallest, all use Chetam's Chill Tonic. Guaranteed. Put up in both Tasteless and bitter styles. Tasteless 50 cents.

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For Sale.
Three houses and lots and one vacant lot on Houston Street, one block from court house.

11 acres in the John Long addition to town of Crockett including the former home place of John Collins, deceased, East 500 yards from public square. Can be sold in parcels.

Between 22 and 30 acres 1/4 mile West of court house between the Navarro and Halls Bluff roads, full length front on both. Good branch and \$300 worth of timber. Fenced.

590 acres James Perry headright in the East end of the county. Take this or any amount of it at your own terms.
Business house and lot in Elkhart. The first reasonable offer for any of the above will be accepted.
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A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you bilious, constipated or troubled with jaundice, sick headache, bad taste in mouth, foul breath, coated tongue, dyspepsia, indigestion, hot dry skin, pain in back and between the shoulders, chills and fever, etc. If you have any of these symptoms, your liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your liver does not act properly. HERBINE will cure any disorder of the liver, stomach or bowels. It has no equal as a liver medicine. Price 75cts. Free trial bottle at L. H. Haring & Co.

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CALL AND SEE US.

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The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Error, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$2.00 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.
For sale by J. G. Haring, Druggist.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS. The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILL ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies.
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A Policy absolutely without restrictions.
A Policy with but One Condition, namely, the payment of premiums.
A Policy with a Month's Grace in premiums, and paid in full in case of death during the month of grace, less only the overdue premium with interest.
A Policy providing for Re-instatement within six months after lapse, if the insured is good health.
A Policy automatically non-forfeiting after three annual premiums have been paid.
A Policy with privilege of Cash Loans at 5 per cent interest five years after issue.
A Policy with Six Options in settlement at the end of 10, 15, or 20 years.
A Policy incontestable from any cause one year after issue.
THAT'S THE ACCUMULATION POLICY OF THE
New York Life Insurance Co.
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Physician and Surgeon.
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Office at Haring's drug store.

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Physicians and Surgeons,
CROCKETT, TEXAS

I will give a 3 mo. subscription free to the Texas Farm & Ranch, The Christian Advocate, The Christian Courier and The Baptist Herald with every bottle of Chetam's Chill Tonic bought from me B. F. Chamberlain.

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A 50 cent Iron Tonic. Pure Soluble Iron concentrated and pure Amorphous Quinine is contained in Chetam's Tasteless Chill Tonic, making it the most desirable Iron Tonic on market. It is a true tonic, strengthener, appetizer, toner up of the system, and blood purifier. Only 50 cts.

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Will practice in all the State Courts.
Preparing deeds and like instruments, and making abstracts to land titles a specialty. Collections solicited, prompt attention guaranteed.
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Will practice in all courts, both State and Federal.
CROCKETT, - - - TEXAS
The COURIER, \$1 per year.

The first magazine article on Wm. Jennings Bryan, at present the most talked about man in the Democratic party, is a character sketch by a personal friend, Mr. Willis J. Abbott of the New York Journal, in the August Review of Reviews. Mr. Abbott's article, which is fully illustrated, is not only entertaining, but really helpful to the formation of an intelligent estimate of Mr. Bryan's capabilities and resources.

A jewel of a girl ought to have ruby lips, pearly teeth, a silvery laugh, golden hair and eyes of jet.

ANOTHER GOOD MOVE.

The Illinois Central Adds a New Fast Day Train to Its Chicago-St. Louis Service, the Diamond Special Continuing as Before.

Beginning August 1st the Illinois Central will add a new solid vestibule day train to its St. Louis-Chicago service, which will make the run between the two cities in eight and a half hours. It will be known as the "Daylight Special," and will leave St. Louis at 8:32 A. M., arriving at Chicago at 5 P. M.; returning leaving Chicago at 10:35 A. M. and arriving at St. Louis at 7:04 P. M. It will carry a free reclining chair car and an elegant Pullman combination parlor and buffet car. This in addition to the regular night train, the Diamond Special, with its free reclining chair car, its elegant Pullman full compartment sleeping car and Pullman combination sleeping car containing buffet, state rooms and open sections, which will continue to leave Chicago at 9:00 P. M., arriving at St. Louis at 7:24 A. M.; returning, leaving St. Louis at 9:10 P. M., and arriving at Chicago at 7:35 A. M.

These trains will, in every sense, be solid through trains of the Illinois Central Railroad for the entire distance between Chicago and St. Louis, but they will both run via a new route from Pana to St. Louis, i. e., over the tracks of the Big Four Route, the line between Chicago and Pana being over the Illinois Central via Clinton—regular route of the Diamond Special. Trains make regular stops in both directions in Chicago at 22d Street, 39th Street, Hyde Park and 63d Street Stations, for the accommodation of patrons to or from the Kenwood, Hyde Park, Pullman or South Chicago districts of the city.

The only people who can come out wrong are those who do not start right.

Seldom is so much delightful fiction presented in a single issue of a magazine as is invitingly arrayed in the short story issue (August) of the LADIES' HOME JOURNAL. With the best contributions of such clever story writers as Bret Harte, Jerome K. Jerome, Sarah Farr, Lillian Bell, Jeanette H. Walworth, Caroline Leslie Field and Annie Stegar Winston, the illustrations of such capable artists as W. L. Taylor, T. de Thustrup, Alice Barber Stephens, Otto Toepfer, Florence Pearl England and Clifford Carlton, divide attention and interest. The midsummer JOURNAL covers a wide range of topics and is exceptionally attractive.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth. Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, **WISLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP** for Children's Teething.

An immense amount of expense is lavished on belts this season.

S FOR CURES SCROFULA, BLOOD POISON.

S THE CURES CANCER, ECZEMA, TETTER.

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Waterproof your skirt edges with

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S. H. & M. BIAS VELVETEEN BINDING

It keeps them dry and whole and it never fades.

If your dealer will not supply you we will.

Samples showing labels and materials mailed free. "Home Dressmaking Made Easy," a new 72 page book by Miss Emma M. Hooper, of the Ladies' Home Journal, giving valuable hints, mailed for 25c. S. H. & M. Co., P. O. Box 669, N. Y. City.

FISCO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

T. N. U.—HOUSTON—32—1896.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention this Paper.

MOONSHINE WHISKEY.

IT WAS SOLD IN NEW JERSEY IN MILK CANS.

Illicit Distillers Deceive Their Neighbors—Keep Cows to Carry Out the Illusion—Revenue Agent Gets Onto the Scheme.



THREE men were sent to the Essex county jail yesterday by United States Commissioner Whitehead on a charge of running an illicit distillery in Irvington village, says a Newark, N. J., correspondent in the New York Journal. The prisoners are Abraham Schubert of this city and Marris Paperin and Hirsch Silberstein, who live at Irvington. The illicit still was discovered by Internal Revenue Officer Joseph Cavanaugh, who captured Schubert, the alleged proprietor, and the other men.

The distillery was in the old Hayes mansion on Stuyvesant avenue, Irvington, a two-story farmhouse, with a gable roof and a one story addition. It is surrounded by trees and shrubbery. Cavanaugh suspected that an illicit still was being run in the neighborhood of Irvington, and after working on the case and watching for three months he located it. He went to the Hayes house last evening and forced the front door. Paperin, the distiller, rushed from a back room with an ax in his hand and aimed a blow at Cavanaugh, who drew his revolver and said: "Put down that ax or I'll shoot, as sure as you are a living man."

He then stepped forward, put the muzzle of the revolver at Paperin's head, and the big distiller dropped the ax. The wife of Silberstein and her son, a boy of 14 years, who were in the room, began to scream and cry. Cavanaugh tied his prisoner to the hall stairway until Officers Raymond and Kepsner of Irvington arrived and took the man to the town lockup. Cavanaugh and Special Officer Blader then searched the house, and found in the cellar two boilers, one with a capacity of forty-two gallons, and a smaller one.

The officers also found two casks of high wines, two large barrels of wine, four barrels of mash, two tubs and a boiler full of mash ready for the still. One still was in full blast. Cavanaugh had to draw the fire from under the boiler. In other rooms 30 empty sugar bags, two kegs of molasses, and more barrels of mash were found. Everything was in order to turn out 300 gallons of whisky a week. Cavanaugh destroyed the mash and other material with lime, and broke up the plant so that it is now useless.

Later in the evening, while waiting for more moonshiners, Cavanaugh captured Silberstein, who came to the house where his wife and son were held. From the women enough was learned to justify the arrest of Schubert at his home in this city. Schubert is a prosperous butcher. His arrest was a great surprise to his friends and neighbors, for he was considered a model citizen.

There were several cows about the premises, and these were used to deceive the neighbors. The Silbersteins gave it out that they were in the dairy business. Every night one of the men would drive up to the house and remove the whisky in milk cans, giving the impression that it was milk that was being taken from the house.

The whisky was sold by Silberstein and his companion in the Russian saloons along Prince and Howard streets in this city.

He Was Indignant.

A wealthy resident of North Broad street, formerly prominent in commercial circles, yesterday entered the establishment of an 11th street florist and remarked impressively: "Say, young man, I want a couple of these yere gen'alogical trees set out in my front yard right away. No—North Broad street, you know. What! Ain't got 'em? Wot kind of a place do you keep? Why, my wife says all our neighbors is got gen'alogical trees an' I'll show 'em there ain't nothin' goin' that we can't have, by jing!" And he pranced out in a state of perspiring indignation.—Philadelphia Record.

Loneliness.

Ferry—"I doubt if riches bring happiness. Some of our rich men seem to be the most lonely people on earth." Hargreaves—"And I don't doubt but that they are. I know I would be awfully lonesome if it weren't for the company I find in the bill collectors that call on me."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Golden Beginning.

Gilhooley—"This is a little peculiar." Hostetter McGinnis—"What is peculiar?" "Young Freshy has really married that rich old widow he has been courting." "What is there so funny about that?" "Nothing, except that he begins with his golden wedding."—Texas Sifter.

WOMEN AS GYMNASTS.

Like the Ballet Girl, They Must Keep Constantly in Practice.

It requires about two years' constant practice before a woman can do the routine acts and their combinations with grace in the execution, says Pearson's Weekly. Like the ballet girl, the woman gymnast must keep constantly in practice, for she never realizes how many muscles and joints and tendons she has until she begins to resume her work after a holiday and sets all of them aching at once. As a rule women in this profession are a very healthy and happy lot of individuals. They get a great many bumps and the tender skin of their hands is painfully burned with the ropes and they have to deny themselves something in the line of indigestible food. You can't hang by your feet with a lump like lead in your stomach and no hearty meals may be eaten before a performance.

The most serious permanent effects seem to be noticeable in the action of the heart, owing to the nervous strain, and the nerves of the eyes. It isn't exactly natural to hang by your feet or spin your body round like a wheel and seems after awhile to produce near-sightedness and general imperfection of vision.

The average age of gymnasts is 65 years, but it is rare to see a woman follow the profession after she is 35. They depend largely upon the music to inspire them and aid them in the performance of any feat, and directly they hear the band playing to their performance they seem to forget all fear and to be transformed into machines operated by the rise and fall and beat of the notes.

The professional gymnasts find their most famous prototypes in Lenora Dare, the "flying queen," who went into training when a mere child, and was celebrated for more than twenty years for performing feats no other woman and very few men would dare attempt, and in Azella, the first female trapezist who ever appeared on the bar, the novelty of whose performance and the grace and suppleness of whose slender form aroused unbounded admiration and called forth a storm of applause from her audiences and produced many imitators of her aerial acts, which in themselves were neither particularly skillful nor daring.

Then there was Jennie Price, who was the first to fly through the air to be caught by her husband from another swinging trapeze. This trick always produces great applause, but it requires only nerve and a complete control of the muscles of the chest.

SAYINGS OF COL. NORTH.

He Wanted Some New Words for His Vocabulary.

The late Col. North, the nitrate king, had a ready, if somewhat rough style of wit peculiar to himself, says the London World. The trap in which he was seated being on one occasion blocked in a crowded thoroughfare in immediate juxtaposition to a costermonger's cart laden with vegetables, the coachman, finding that the horse was about to help himself to the cabbages would have backed the animal out of harm's way. "Let him graze," said the colonel "I want to hear the man swear!" The costermonger turning his head around at this moment, the colonel's wish was promptly gratified by an exceptionally choice and extensive selection of expletives. "Bravo," said North, as he threw the man a coin that would more than have bought the whole cargo of vegetables. "I thought I was pretty well educated in your line myself, but hang me if you haven't taught me four new adjectives." North, although fond of pictures, hated what one calls "doing galleries." Once, being pressed to go and see a picture after Rubens, he quickly replied: "After Rubens! Why, surely, Rubens was the brute they were after last year when you dragged me in here. Haven't they caught the old cuss yet?" The colonel loved children, but was not widely keen on kissing babies miscellaneous. Once, being implored by a handsome lady to kiss an exceptionally unwholesome-looking infant, of which the mother stated herself to be the living image. "Well, here goes for the image," said North, and he forthwith imprinted a sounding kiss on the fair mother's cheek.

A Substitute for the Hen Roost.

It is seldom that even the most indefatigable and enthusiastic hunter discovers a frog eleven pounds in weight. A colored boy residing in the rural districts of New Jersey found a bullfrog wandering along the shore of a reedy pond, and was so startled by its abnormal size that he ran home to announce that alligators had taken possession of the sheet of water. The frog was captured. It so happened that the boy's father, a certain Mr. Asa Jackson, of much fame in the neighborhood, was about to kill the fatted calf in preparation for his silver wedding feast. Instead, he killed the frog. As frog's legs are credited by connoisseurs with possessing a delicacy of flavor superior to that of spring chicken, the colored community doubtless enjoyed a rare treat. Since the discovery, however, the remaining frogs have not exactly enjoyed a piping time of peace.

The training of Greek athletes in the old days was eminently sensible. The training began when the boy was about ten, and the object was not only to secure strength and health, but bodily grace and beauty. The Greeks assumed that only in a symmetrical and beautiful body could a fine mind dwell, and so physical culture held a foremost place in the education of the youth of the land.

Mrs. Kruger, Oom Paul's wife, is not a new woman. She is extremely domestic, and is not in the least ashamed to admit that she thoroughly enjoys her well-earned reputation for making the best coffee in the Transvaal. She is a "huis-vrouw" pure and simple, and her chief pleasure is in tidiness, the only thing about her distinguished husband which annoys her being his distressing indifference as to personal cleanliness.

That Terrible Scourge.

Malarial disease is invariably supplemented by disturbance of the liver, the bowels, the stomach and the nerves. To the removal of both the cause and its effects, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is fully adequate. It "digs the bile" as no other remedy does, performing its work thoroughly. Its ingredients are pure and wholesome and it admirably serves to build up a system broken by ill health and short of strength. Constipation, liver and kidney complaint and nervousness are conquered by it.

God did not send his son in the world to condemn it, but to save it.

Our Canadian friends, who have already had their general election, will please excuse us till we hold ours.

People like occasionally to be told that they look sick enough to be in bed, and makes them feel heroic because they stayed up.

Woman's Writes

Believe in Woman's Writes? Of course we do. Who could help it when women write such convincing words as these: "For seven years I suffered with scrofula. I had a good physician. Every means of cure was tried in vain. At last I was told to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which entirely cured me after using seven bottles." —MRS. JOHN A. GENTLE, Fort Fairfield, Me., Jan. 26, 1895.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
..cures..

EDUCATIONAL.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME.

Notre Dame, Indiana. Full Courses in Classics, Letters, Science, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses. Rooms free to all students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Junior or Senior Year of any of the Collegiate Courses. A limited number of Conduites for the Ecclesiastical state will be received at special rates. St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 15 years is unique in completeness of its equipments. The 10th Term will open September 28th, 1896. Catalogues sent free on application to F. W. BEY, A. BOHANNON, C. S. C., President, NOTRE DAME, IND.

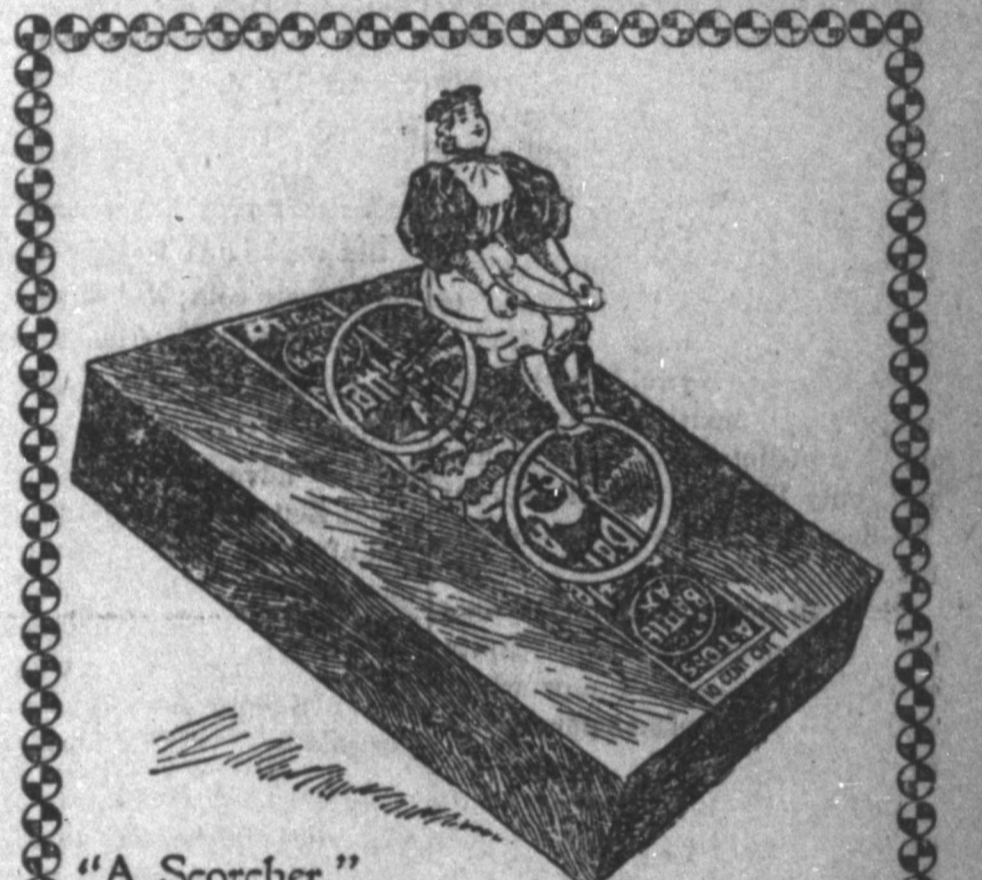
RODS

For tracing and locating Gold or Silver Ore lodes or hidden treasures. M. D. DUFFY, LEB., Box 557, Southington, Conn.

OPIUM

AND WHISKY habits cured. Don't wait that they look sick enough to be in bed, and makes them feel heroic because they stayed up.

If afflicted with **Thompson's Eye Water.**
5079 62nd, 15th



"A Scorcher."

Battle Ax PLUG

Tobacco Dealers say, that "BATTLE AX" is a "scorcher" because it sells so fast. Tobacco Chewers say, it is a "scorcher" because 5 cents' worth goes so far. It's as good as can be made regardless of cost. The 5 cent piece is almost as large as the other fellows' 10 cent piece.



BEST with a big B. Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham is in a class by itself. You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco

Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

COURIER.

TEXAS.

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following the defeat of Cornell last
year.
German papers discuss the origin of
the phrase, "Blood is thicker than
water," which Emperor William lately
used twice as an expression of good will
toward England and, as usual, credit it
to the wrong man. It was used first
by Captain Ingraham during the Brit-
ish-Chinese war in 1859 and not by
Admiral Taitel, the commander of the
American fleet that witnessed the bom-
bardment of the Taku forts by the
British gunboat Opossum. Captain In-
graham was already a famous man on
account of the share he took in the
Martin Koszta affair, when he, at the
harbor of Smyrna, had his vessel pre-
pared for action, placing her between
two Austrian men-of-war to emphasize
his demand for the surrender of Kosz-
ta, a political refugee, with a declara-
tion of intention to become a citizen of
the United States in his pocket. The
Austrians, of course, yielded.

COCHRAN GOES OVER.

WILL NOT SUPPORT THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

The New York Advertiser Advises All Gold Men to Support William McKinley for the Presidency—Senator Jones Talks of Bryan and Watson.

New York, August 3.—Bourke Cochran returned last Saturday from Europe by the steamer Paris. Mr. Cochran did not forget American politics during his trip and he had evolved a plan by which he thinks the defeat of the Chicago candidates may be accomplished.

Speaking of the situation he said: "I regard it as the gravest in the history of the country, exceeding in importance the crisis of 1860. The secession movement was but an attempt to divide this country between two governments, each desiring to protect property within the limits of its jurisdiction. The movement launched at Chicago is an attempt to paralyze industry by using all the powers of government to take property from the hands of those who created it and place it in the hands of those who covet it. This is a question of morals as well as of politics. No political convention can issue a valid license to commit offense against morality and I decline to help Mr. Bryan in a crusade against honest labor."

"Do you mean that you will actively oppose the democratic party or abstain from active support of it?"

"In a contest for the existence of civilization no man can remain neutral. Whoever does not support the forces of order aids the forces of disorder. If I can do anything to thwart a movement the success of which I should regard as an irreparable calamity, not only to this country, but to civilized society everywhere, I shall certainly do it."

Senator Jones Talks.

New York, August 3.—A special to the World from Washington says: Senator Jones of Arkansas, chairman of the national democratic national committee, has returned to Washington. When asked by the World correspondent the question: "Will Mr. Bryan accept the nomination offered him by the populists?" he answered slowly and deliberately. "How can he? He was nominated with Mr. Sewall on the democratic platform and he will do nothing that will reflect on him as a gentleman or as a democratic candidate. "I see that some of the populists are declaring that unless Mr. Bryan accepts their nomination by August 5 the central committee will withdraw his name and nominate some one else in his place. Well, let them do so. Mr. Bryan, having been the nominee of the democratic and silver parties, common decency would at least suggest the propriety of his accepting their nominations first. "But, suppose the populists nominate another candidate for the presidency, what will be the situation? Mr. Bryan received a thousand votes in their convention and then this committee, composed of a few men, come along and nominate a new man. It will simply mean the disruption and disorganization of the people's party. "We all know that we are going to have either Bryan and Sewall or McKinley and Hobart. The best men and the most intelligent of the populist party will vote for Bryan and Sewall."

In conclusion Senator Jones, according to the World correspondent, compliments the populists of the North and West as broad-minded and patriotic men. On the other hand, he said, the populists of the South were out for nothing but spoils. Mr. Jones said he did not propose to allow Mr. Watson to "bluff" him into withdrawing Sewall. He said he was willing to make fair and proper arrangements with the populists in the matter of electoral tickets, but he did not propose to consent to any improper arrangements.

Still After Burt.

Austin, Texas, August 3.—Sheriff White returned from Dallas yesterday, but brought back no tidings of Burt, the wife murderer. Reports of his having been seen continue to come in from various parts, but there is absolutely no reliable information at hand that promises to pan out. The chase has by no means been abandoned, however, one of the best detectives in the southwest having taken the trial with the intention of staying with it until the game is bagged.

Schrader the Healer.

Paris, Texas, Aug. 3.—Schrader, divine healer, lectured to a large crowd at the court house this afternoon. He disclaimed being the Christ, but declared that he possessed all of his attributes, that he yearly fasted forty days and nights; that he walked on water and that persons were healed by merely touching his garment. He said that he had been persecuted and attempts made to take his life, but that he had the power of vanishing from the sight of those who sought to slay him. Schrader says he is now on a tour of the world, and will heal many mil-

Democrats in Alabama.

Montgomery, Ala., August 4.—By a careful estimate at 10 p. m., yesterday, from reports received so far, Johnston has carried forty-eight counties and Goodwin fourteen with four in doubt. Johnston's apparent majority is about 50,000.

Memphis, Tenn., August 4.—A special to the Commercial Appeal from Birmingham, Ala., says:

Incomplete returns from about half the counties received up to midnight show that Johnston has certainly carried five counties that were populist two years ago, while six others of the same class are so close as to require the official count to decide. The democrats have not lost a count, so far as heard from, but the fight in this county is close. The count here is incomplete at midnight, and will not be finished until tomorrow. Twenty-seven boxes in this county, outside of Birmingham, give Goodwin a majority of 288. This is expected to be overcome by the vote of Birmingham, Bessemer and Pratt City. Two years ago the democratic majority in this county was 90. Kolb claims Johnston's majority is 25,000.

Evergreen, Ala., August 4.—The democrats have been defeated in this Canebrake county, by about 50 majority. In 1894 Kolb received 419 majority in this county.

Selma, Ala., August 4.—The election passed off without a ripple of excitement. Dallas county will give a majority of about 4000 for the democratic State and county tickets. Governor Oates' majority in 1894 was 6650.

Minnesota Republicans Frightened.

Washington, August 4.—The Minnesota republicans are badly frightened. Congressman Tawney of the First Minnesota district arrived here yesterday. What he said to the republican campaign managers, of course, is not known, but here is what he said to the Republic correspondent: "I believe that with vigorous and thorough organization on the part of the republicans we will be able to carry Minnesota for McKinley, but the hardest sort of work is necessary to our success, because all the elements in opposition to republicanism are going to effect a thorough fusion. In 1894, Senator Nelson's vote for governor was 147,944. Becker, the democratic candidate, got 53,579 votes, and Owen, populist, received 87,931, while the prohibitionists polled 6000 votes. It will be seen from these figures that the republican ticket won by a very handsome plurality, but by only a small majority over the democratic and populist nominees. "Another thing that must be taken into account is that some of the most influential men in the party have bolted the republican ticket—men like John Lind, who will be the fusion candidate for governor; Lieutenant Governor Day, Congressman Towne, Frank Nye, who is one of the most brilliant stump speakers in the state, and a good many others of equal prominence. That their defection is a matter of considerable consequence is not to be denied."

Joint Debate Off.

Victoria, Texas, August 4.—The proposed joint discussion on the silver question to have been held this month, between A. S. Thurnmond for silver and James McDonald for the gold standard, has been abandoned. The democratic managers desired the opponent of free silver to defend not only the gold standard, but the republican party. Mr. McDonald was willing to essay the first task, but could not nerve himself to undertake the latter.

An Electrical Storm.

Winona, Minn., August 4.—The electrical storm which visited Winona shortly after 8 o'clock this morning was the severest experienced here this season, and was accompanied by a very heavy fall of rain. Reports received from the country are yet somewhat meagre. In the vicinity of Betheny considerable damage was done to vegetation by hail. Some damage was done to telephone and other wires by lightning and some buildings were also struck, but no serious damage resulted.

Great Britain's Appeal.

Brussels, August 3.—The appeal of the British government against the acquittal of Captain Lothaire, the Belgian officer who caused the English trader, Stokes, to be hanged in the Congo region for selling arms and ammunition to the natives, was offered today in this city before the superior court of the Congo state. Captain Lothaire was present in the uniform of his rank in the service of the Congo state—that of a major general. The day was occupied in a recital of the facts by one of the judges.

Firebugs at Work.

Graham, Texas, August 4.—Night before last, while most of the people of the town were attending church, an attempt was made to burn the oil house of the R. G. Graham Drug company. Kerosene and kindling wood were placed under the side of the house and a match applied. The blaze was seen and extinguished in a very short time and no damage was done. Today a "fire inquest" is in session and it is hoped that the perpetrator will be discovered. Several small fires have occurred here recently and the people are considerably excited over it.

Chicago is now interested in a remarkable lawsuit. One citizen sold a cow to another and warranted her to give sixteen quarts of milk a day. The most the purchaser could make the cow give was two quarts. It seems to be a clear case of 16 to 2.

A family in Bremen has treasured four barrels of rare wine for over 250 years. It has just been discovered that the barrel nearest the wall had been regularly sampled by an old and trusted servant, who drank a pint a day of it until it was all gone. He was caught tilting the barrel with water.

Nicotine stands unrivaled as the safest, surest cure for scab and ticks. It is the only remedy that does not injure or shrink the sheep, while stimulating wool growth. The reason that waste tobacco is not universally used for a sheep dip is the impossibility of preparing a bath from it of uniform nicotine strength. Another objection is heavy freight charges on weak tobacco extracts or bulky scraps and stems. At the Skabeura Dip Co.'s large factory in Chicago, nicotine is obtained of uniform strength guaranteed twenty times stronger than any tobacco extract ever made before.

Personal. ANY ONE who has been benefited by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will receive information of much value and interest by writing to "Pink Pills," P. O. Box 1392, Philadelphia, Pa.

What word may be pronounced quicker by adding a syllable to it? Quick.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Berry ices are delicious desserts this kind of weather.

To Cleanse the System Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

The bicycle is a good bond of companionship between the husband and wife.

How to Grow 40c Wheat.

Salzer's Fall Seed Catalogue tells you it's worth thousands to the wideawake farmer. Send 4-cent stamp for catalogue and free samples of grains and grasses for fall sowing. John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

Why shouldn't a boy throw dust in his teacher's eye? Because it may occasion harm to the pupil.

Fisco's Cure for Consumption is the only cough medicine used in my house.—D. C. Albright, Mifflinburg, Pa., Dec. 11, '95.

It is much easier to be contented without riches than it is with them.

WITS stopped free and permanently cured. E. M. Miller first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 21 trial bottle and treatment. Sent to Dr. Kline, 511 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

God's way of rewarding is that the man who does nothing gets nothing.

The garden fete is the function of the moment.

Strong Hood's Sarsaparilla

Muscles, steady nerves, good appetite, refreshing sleep come with blood made pure by Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills.

\$900 SOLD IN THIS CITY

In Twelve Weeks—Veno's Remedies Are Having the Biggest Sale on Record—They Are the Coming Medicines of the World.

FATHER BESSONIES,

Of St. John's Church, Indianapolis. Recommends Them—Physicians in New York City and Chicago Use Them.

Your Druggist Recommends Them Because Many Sufferers in this City Have Been Cured by Them.



In the past twelve weeks \$900.00 worth of the Veno Remedies have gone into the homes of our citizens. To the poor they are a God-send from the fact that they do away with big doctor fees. With a supply of the Veno Remedies in the house there is no need for a doctor. The instructions accompanying each of their remedies are plain and concise, and no mistake can possibly be made if they are followed by your own doctor. Don't permit inexperienced druggists or their youthful assistants to put up compounds haphazard to be given to your family. The Veno Remedies are most carefully compounded after the formula of Sir Morrill MacKenzie, formerly Consulting Physician in Chief to the Queen.

They are the greatest achievement of the nineteenth century. A blessing to mankind.

VENO'S CURATIVE STRUP is the best and only scientific cure. It permanently cures malaria (chills and fever), and thoroughly cures catarrh, constipation and liver trouble. It strengthens the nerves, clears the brain, invigorates the stomach and purifies the blood, leaving no ill effects. This medicine has for its base the famous Llandrinod water, the great germ destroyer and blood purifier, and when used with

VENO'S ELECTRIC FLUID will cure the worst and most desperate cases of rheumatism, paralysis, sciatica, neuralgia and all aches and pains. No home should be without these medicines. They are sold at 50 cents each, twelve for \$5. Ask your druggist to get Veno's Curative Syrup and Veno's Electric Fluid for you.

CUBAN CHILL CURE positively stops chills in one night. 25c. At drug stores.

For sale at Druggist or Sent Free on receipt of price by CERTAIN CURE CO., Evansville, Ind.



Columbia Bicycle Experience

Nineteen years of it—have made more bicycles, better bicycles, and bicycles longer, than anybody else. Columbia riders ride on the certainty of experience. One hundred dollars is right for quality, safety, surety—the trinity of Columbia excellence. When you pay less, you get less.

Catalogue of Fact, free at Columbia agencies —by mail for two 2-cent stamps.

POPE MFG. CO., Hartford, Conn.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

MAROTO HAD A FIGHT WITH A BAND OF GARCIA FOLLOWERS.

Insurgents Retreat—Several Hundred Families are Homeless—Yellow Fever is on the Increase at Sagua—Strikers Getting Ready.

Havana, Aug. 3.—Col. Maroto had a battle with a numerous band of Garcia's followers on the heights of San Miguel, in Matanzas province.

The insurgents retreated to Paula, where their front was attacked by Col. Ceballos. After two hours' fire the insurgents abandoned their position and retreated, carrying away numerous killed and wounded. They left on the scene nineteen killed. The troops had three killed and thirteen wounded.

Two longshoremen were arrested on board the steamer Marcotee on suspicion of being implicated in the carrying of correspondence to the insurgents for the United States and were set at liberty Saturday.

The insurgents have dynamited and destroyed the iron bridge near Mercha, Matanzas province.

The band of Jose Sosa have burned the houses and demolished the plantation of San Francisco, by which 700 persons are left homeless. The houses on the plantation of M. Arra Villar at the colony of Lucia, have also been destroyed, leaving numerous other families homeless. The threat was made to them that they would be killed with the machete if they did not go to the village of Bolondra in Matanzas or return to their farms. It is now reported that at the time the insurgent general, Juan Brunom Zayas, was killed there were also killed by his side Carlos Macias Solco and several youths, the sons of well known Havana families. It is said that a man named Dubuchet, formerly reporter for La D'Avulsion, was also killed. The Spanish troops are said to be using the watches and jewelry of those who fell with Zayas.

Yellow fever is on the increase at Sagua and in the last three days a large number of cases have entered the hospital. Many of the natives are being attacked with the disease. A sergeant and corporal and six men of the garrison of the plantation of Esperanza, in the Sagua district, deserted to the insurgents and assisted in the attack on the plantation of San Francisco. They were subsequently captured by a guerrilla force, but the sergeant effected his escape.

Report from the Hurricane.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 3.—Many people yesterday visited the scenes of the hurricane of Saturday in the northern suburbs. The public did not know what a narrow escape the city had. With the wind blowing sixty miles an hour and a rainfall of 2 inches within two hours, the weather bureau says, the city was fortunate in escaping with only property damage. This was due to there being no funnel-shaped clouds, no twisting winds or whirlwinds.

The only death reported was that of Charles Bouhe, who picked up a telegraph wire that had blown into his yard, on the Carthage road. The wire crossed a trolley that was also blown down.

John Hammer of Covington also picked up a wire and was unable to release himself. His condition is doubtful.

Among the others who are prostrated from lightning shocks experienced Saturday afternoon and evening are: Taylor Greenwald, Mrs. Oliver Greenwald, Mrs. A. Ritchie, Harry Marschmeier, Wm. Geizer, John Holbyger, Edward Chagger, Miss J. Detere, John Brinker, Edward Stagmiller, John Scharrid and Miss Nellie Finn.

The lightning struck hundreds of places in the city. Hundreds experienced severe shocks who were not prostrated. Quite a number of horses were killed in stables that were struck by lightning or blown down.

Tailors Meet.

New York, Aug. 3.—The striking tailors held a large and enthusiastic meeting yesterday at the Windsor theater. Among the speakers were Meyer Schoenfeld and Joseph Baroness. At the headquarters of the contractors, Leader Benjamin Duesen said that most of the shops would be open Monday morning. He insisted that the majority of the strikers would return to work during the week. He also announced that many warrants would be issued to-day for the arrest of strikers, who he claimed have indulged in riots. Seven or eight of the contractors and their friends, it is asserted, have been assaulted by the strikers and additional trouble is feared.

Sheriff Appointed.

Roswell, N. M., Aug. 3.—C. W. Haynes has been appointed sheriff by the governor to fill the unexpired term of C. C. Perry.

Strikers Getting Ready.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 3.—A startling piece of news in connection with the Brown strike, which comes from an apparently reliable source, is to the effect that the strikers are arming themselves and drilling. It was said yesterday that forty of the strikers had organized a company last Saturday, elected a captain, and purchased revolvers. The company drilled Saturday evening and it was announced that the purpose of the men was to avenge the death of the two men who were shot at different times in conflicts between union and non-union men.

James O'Connell, the head of the machinists' union, who was here in charge of the strike and who helped bring about the settlement under which the men returned to work, came back to Cleveland yesterday. He was very much surprised and chagrined to learn that the men had struck the second time. He said that he believed the company had entered into the agreement with the men in good faith and he was satisfied that the company intended to live up to its agreement in every respect.

Four companies of militia are on duty at the works and a large force of police will be on hand to-day to guard against trouble when the non-union men go to work.

Prayer Meeting Riot.

Pocahontas, Ark., Aug. 3.—A prayer-meeting at Dalton schoolhouse, in Randolph county, was the scene of a riot Wednesday night. The trouble was precipitated by a comment on the silver question by the preacher, Rev. Jas. Hogart. In the course of his remarks he made some reference to the silver question at which a member of the congregation arose to his feet and protested against the attempt of Rev. Mr. Hogart to mix religion and politics. The preacher made a hot retort and in an instant great excitement prevailed.

Some one rushed into the pulpit and assaulted Mr. Hogart; others came to his rescue and in a few minutes a free-for-all fight was in progress. Benches and chairs were overturned, men tore each other's clothes, pummeled each other with their fists and clubs and gouged each other's eyes. When order was finally restored it was found that Hogart had fled during the melee and that while several of the belligerents were badly bruised up, no one was seriously wounded.

The words that started the riot was the minister's retort when interrupted by a member of his congregation and were: "Anybody who will vote for free silver ought to be pitched into hell head foremost."

Li Hung Chang.

London, Aug. 3.—Li Hung Chang, representing the emperor of China, arrived at Southampton yesterday from Havre and was received by various officials of the British government and among others by the manager of the American steamship line. The distinguished Chinese visitor proceeded directly to London, where he was installed in Lord Lansdale's magnificent mansion in Carlton house terrace, which is to be his residence during his visit in England, which is expected to last about a month. It is announced that Li Hung Chang will only stay for three weeks in England, at the end of which time he will sail for the United States. His departure is thus planned in order to enable him to catch the steamer Empress of China, upon which he will sail for home from Vancouver.

When Li Hung Chang landed yesterday at Southampton a body of American sailors from the American liner St. Paul lined the passage from the steamer to the train.

Church Shooting.

New York, Aug. 3.—A special from Thomasville, Ga., says: Col. James F. Lally was shot down in the Baptist church at Metoak, ten miles from here, Sunday afternoon, by John T. Rushin, and in the panic that ensued several women fainted. Rushin stepped to the side of his victim's body and several of the men started forward to seize him, but he waved his pistol at them warningly, and then, taking a razor from his coat pocket, almost severed the prostrate man's head from his body. Rushin then attempted to commit suicide by taking laudanum. He is supposed to have been insane.

Children Buried Alive.

Perry, Ok., Aug. 3.—Saturday evening near White Rock, twenty-five miles northeast of Perry, the 4 and 5-year-old girl children of A. H. Forman were buried in a sand bed. The children dug a cave in a sand hill, and sand caved in, burying both. Two hours afterwards the father dug the children out and found both dead.

The Peanut as a Native of Brazil.

In reply to a question by the editor of the Richmond dispatch the department of agriculture has decided that the peanut is not a nut, and that "the weight of authority seems to be in favor of accepting it as a native of Brazil."

BIG FIRE AT WACO.

ENTIRE ROW OF BRICK BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

Originated in a Livery Stable—Firemen Hurt by Falling Glass—A Fine Horse Burned—The Loss Will Reach \$30,000 List of Insurance.

Waco, Tex., Aug. 3.—Fire yesterday morning destroyed the brick row on South Fourth street, including all the houses from the alley to Mary street. The buildings were occupied by A. B. Reynolds & Co., livery stable John L. Breckenridge, feed store; P. E. Bement & Son and G. W. Bement trustee. Bement's house was filled with a large stock of machinery, produce, carriages and wagons.

The entire row was totally destroyed with all its contents. The loss is estimated at \$30,000 or \$30,000, including the buildings. The Waverly hotel was also damaged to the extent of several thousand dollars.

The building were owned by F. G. Olive and Thomas F. Mann. The Waverly hotel was owned by Olive, Mann and Wiley Jones.

The fire originated in the livery stable and is supposed to have been caused by an electric light wire. It was discovered about 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Two firemen were hurt while at work and one of these, Felix D. Robertson, was injured in a very serious manner by falling glass.

In the upper rooms a number of persons had offices and lost their furniture including typewriting machines, in many instances without insurance.

Ed Haston's fine horse, Waco Boy, burned.

The insurance, as far as could be ascertained, was as follows: B. T. Harpole, in Northern of England, \$500; Bement & Son, in Trader's, \$2000; G. W. Bement, trustee, in Trader's, \$1000; Olive & Mann, on building, \$5000 in Norwich Union, \$1000 in New Orleans Insurance Association, and \$1500 in the Southern; W. O. Brown, on household goods, \$1300 in the Germania of New Orleans; George Laner, \$300 on horse in the Northern; R. B. Dickey, \$100 on horse and buggy, in Phoenix of London; A. B. Reynolds & Co., \$1000 on livery stable equipment, in the North-British and Mercantile, \$1000 in the Phoenix of New York, and \$2000 in the Lancashire; William Bruenstedt, \$200 on horse and buggy in the Commercial Union; Olive & Mann, \$3000 on Waverly hotel building, in the Germania of New York; Twin Bros., on stock of chemicals, \$2000 in Hartford Fire Insurance company; T. A. Galbraith, on household goods, stored, \$5000 in the Phoenix of Hartford; Bement, trustee, \$4500 in the Hartford, \$3500 in the Phoenix, \$2000 in the Hartford, \$2500 in the London Assurance, and \$2500 in the Palatine; James I. Moore, on goods stored, \$500, in the London, Liverpool and Globe; Olive & Mann, on the Waverly hotel building, \$5000 in the Royal Ho. J. H. Finks, custodian of the federal building, ascertained that the heat damaged the south end of that building, causing the window-glass of the United States circuit court and district court rooms to fall out. The buildings destroyed and partly destroyed cover more than half a block and were occupied by a great many people for a variety of purposes. The latest estimate places the loss from fire, water and smoke and breakage, at \$30,000, with insurance covering 50 per cent of the loss.

Boy Drowned.

Orange, Tex., Aug. 3.—At 11 o'clock yesterday morning Stanley Stork, the 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Stork of this place, fell overboard from the schooner Flaville, lying at the wharf at the foot of Fourth street. The water was about fifteen feet deep where he fell in, and it was twenty-five minutes before he was brought to the surface. All efforts to revive the little fellow failed.

Is in Jail.

Mexia, Tex., Aug. 3.—The past year the farm of A. T. Schulz has been worked by two Polish brothers, Joe and Frank. There is only Joe left now and he is in jail charged with killing his brother yesterday evening. The scene of the killing presents a most gruesome spectacle.

They All Knew Her.

"Now," said the clairvoyant to her group of visitors, "I will describe a person known and loved by everybody in this room. Will run two blocks for a waiting street car and then stop to wait for the next one. Generally stands on the wrong side of the crossing and is invariably unable to find change. Does anyone recognize this person?" And every man in the room got up and shouted: "It's my wife!"

If the lava and ashes vomited from Vesuvius since A. D. 79 could be molded into bricks there would be a sufficient number to make a city as large as New York and London combined.

Torch and Outrage.

Key West, Fla., July 30.—The situation in Cuba is growing worse, according to advices received here. The insurgents are daily destroying trains by dynamite and burning sugar estates, while Spaniards continue to burn the homes of the Cuban peasants. According to official reports the Spaniards burned nearly 5000 houses last week. In many cases these houses were only occupied by women, the men being in the insurgent army. Where women were found alone they were forced to submit to outrages from the soldiers.

This campaign of the torch which Weyler has inaugurated is forcing the country people into the cities where they are dying by scores of hunger and disease. Many of the refugees die by exhaustion before they reach the cities.

The Fernandez family, consisting of father and mother and six little children, were driven from their home by Spaniards last week and the house burned. The family started for Matanzas on foot. They were five days on the way, and for three days were without food. Four of the children died of hunger and exhaustion, and the parents carried the little corpses in their arms. On the fifth day, when about six miles from Matanzas, the father, mother and other two children succumbed and dropped by the roadside, dead, save the father, who lived long enough to tell the story.

At the parched breast of the mother was a babe only a few weeks old.

Many similar stories reach Havana, but the above is sufficient to show what horrors result from Weyler's policy of burning the homes of the Cubans. Driven to the cities, the men are compelled to enter the Spanish army, while the women become the sport of the troops. Weakened by lack of food, these refugees become easy victims of yellow fever.

In the hospitals of Matanzas, Havana and Santiago it is estimated that there are 11,000 yellow fever and small pox patients. Of these about 7000 are Spanish soldiers. The exodus from the island continues every steamer being crowded. Official reports show that nearly 50,000 persons have left Cuba since Weyler arrived, but these figures do not cover the exodus, for hundreds too poor to pay passage who have taken refuge on the little keys adjoining Cuba, where they are subsisting on fruit and fish.

Jose Gato, a Cuban boy only 11 years old, has been condemned to death at Puerto Principe for killing a Spanish officer who was trying to assault the boy's sister. The Spaniard forced his way into the girl's room and seized her. The girl's screams brought her little brother. The boy had a gun, and when he saw his sister's peril he placed the weapon against the officer's head and blew out his brains. The girl, to save the brother, claimed at the trial that she herself shot the officer, but her plan did not avail.

Will Test the Postal Law.

Chicago, July 30.—Railway officials will test the right of Postmaster General Wilson to prohibit them from carrying their own and the letters of other roads. The Lake Shore railroad will make the test. Its superintendent has issued an order to all employees to carry mail pertaining to the business of the road and letters for other roads relating to joint business affairs. A postoffice inspector, to whom the enforcement of the postal laws falls, said he had not heard of any agreement to test the law, but if the Lake Shore road desired to make a test of it, the government would be very apt to accommodate it by prosecuting the violators.

Warm in St. Louis.

St. Louis, July 30.—Today the thermometer marked 95 in the shade, which was the maximum, but this was exceeded by several degrees on the streets. Suffering humanity has had no relief since Sunday. The thermometer, even at night, remains above 80. More than twenty-five persons suffering from heat prostration were treated at the city dispensary and at the various hospitals today and others were cared for at their homes. Two deaths are reported and four or five other victims are likely to die. Frederick Toussaint, aged 62, a tailor in the Southern hotel building, and Richard Tassel, a laborer, were the fatalities today.

Executive Heat in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, July 30.—The sweltering weather continues. Two men were overcome by the heat today. John Schuppe died tonight from the effects of excessive heat. This makes twelve prostrations today, two fatal. The government thermometer went up to 95, but those on the street registered a maximum of 98 to 101. A cool breeze starting at sundown, has tempered the heat. The signal service predicts forty-eight hours continuous hot weather. The river stands at 40.9 above low water mark. It is more likely to rise than to fall in the next few days.

Bohemian Wild Woman.

Waxahachie, Texas, July 30.—The large Bohemian woman captured in the Red Oak swamps west of this city yesterday was being placed in the Ellis county jail. John Sim and Frank Keese, who have charge of the inmates in the jail, sent for a Bohemian who lives here and endeavored to get the woman to talk, but to no avail. Nothing can be found out that would lead one to suspect her identity. She is a brawny creature and has the appearance of being a domestic. The farmers in the fields near where the woman was captured quit their work when she approached them.

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Mr. Edwin Goree, son of Dr. L. J. Goree, while out squirrel hunting, from the effects of which he died.

C. H. Block, a constable from Fort Bend county, was arrested at Houston the other day on a charge of false imprisonment for arresting five Mexicans without warrants. The attorney has habeas corpus the prisoners, but the writs from Fort Bend county arrived too late to secure their detention.

Fire broke out in the Sealy hospital at Galveston the other night. The fire originated in a defective flue between the first and second floors, which separated two wards. The patients were all removed safely, and the fire speedily extinguished. The loss is estimated at about \$1,000; fully covered by insurance.

James A. Mahony and Leopold Wallach, of New York City, have brought suit against the New Birmingham Iron and Land company in the federal court at Tyler on claims for money loaned, amounting to over \$600,000. On application of their solicitors, Cain & Knox, Richard L. Coleman has been appointed receiver for the company.

At Cleuro, DeWitt county, John McDonald, dry goods, filed a deed of trust a few days since with W. H. Graham as trustee. The principal preferred creditors are: Proctor, of this city, \$350; First National bank, of this city, \$6,000; A. Levi & Co., of Victoria, Tex., \$4,000; Claffin & Co., of New York, \$300, and Friedman Bros. & Co., \$500.

Capt. William Donnelly, of the schooner Flora S., went to the custom house at Galveston the other day to make a report on the beaching of the craft. A few nights ago it was discovered that she was leaking, so at midnight ran her ashore to save her cargo. She was beached near San Luis Pass. The Flora S. had a cargo of dry goods from Galveston for points on the Brazos river.

Felippo Noscardi, an Italian, engaged in the grocery business at 161 North Akard street, Dallas, swallowed a dose of morphine with suicidal intent a few days ago about 2 o'clock and 4 p. m. breathed his last. Mrs. Noscardi summoned a physician when she made the discovery that her husband had taken poison. Antidotes were prescribed and every effort made by the physician and the neighbors to save the life of Noscardi, but he was too far gone and never rallied.

The other evening an attempt was made to kidnap the 13-year-old son of John R. Bates, who lives two miles from San Marcos. An unknown tramp tied the boy and compelled him to go some distance into the woods with him, when meeting some negro boys with dogs the boy broke away and ran toward them. The man, fearing the dogs, ran away. The negroes untied the boy and took him home. The sheriff, with a posse, went in pursuit, staying out all night and continuing most of the day. No arrests have been made. There has been great excitement in consequence.

At Bryan the other night Constable Powell Harvey, of Stone City, lodged a young negro named Wash Neal in jail, and a warrant has been sworn out charging the negro with outraging an Italian girl named Precita Depuma on or about May 27, 1896.

Ike Brown and John Carney were arrested at San Antonio the other morning on charges of making and issuing counterfeit money. A search of the houses occupied by Brown and Carney resulted in the discovery of a complete set of molds and material for making halves and quarters of dollars.

SISTER ROSE.

A STORY OF THE FRENCH REVOLUTION

BY WILKIE COLLINS.

INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

CHAPTER XXI.—(Continued.)

"So I said to him, 'I am sure Louis will agree with me, that our time is yours, and that we shall only be too glad to advance our departure so as to make traveling leisure enough for you to come with us to Rouen. We should be worse than ungrateful.' He stopped me. 'You have always been good to me,' he said, 'I must not impose on your kindness now. No! No! You have formalities to settle before you can leave this place.' 'Not one,' I said—for we have not, as you know, Louis. 'Why, here is your furniture to begin with,' he said. 'A few chairs and tables hired from the inn,' I answered; 'we have only to give the landlady our key, to leave a letter for the owner of the cottage, and then—' He laughed. 'Why, to hear you talk one would think you were as ready to travel as I am.' 'So we are,' I said, 'quite as ready, living in the way we do here.' He shook his head, but you will not shake yours, Louis, I am sure, now you have heard all my long story? You can't blame me, can you?"

Before Trudaine could answer, Lomaque looked out of the cottage window.

"I have just been telling my brother everything," said Rose, turning round towards him.

"And what does he say?" asked Lomaque.

"He says what I say," replied Rose, answering for her brother; "that our time is your time—the time of our best and dearest friend."

"Shall it be done, then?" asked Lomaque, with a meaning look at Trudaine.

Rose glanced anxiously at her brother; his face was much graver than she had expected to see it, but his answer relieved her from all suspense.

"You were quite right, love, to speak as you did," he said, gently. Then, turning to Lomaque, he added in a firmer voice, "It shall be done!"

CHAPTER XXII.

TWO days after the traveling carriage described by Lomaque had passed the diligence on the road to Paris, Madame Danville sat in the drawing-room of an apartment in the Rue de Grenelle, handsomely dressed for driving out. After consulting a large gold watch that hung at her side, and finding that it wanted a quarter of an hour only to two o'clock, she rang her hand-bell, and said to the maid servant who answered the summons: "I have five minutes to spare. Send Dubois here with my chocolate."

The old man made his appearance with great alacrity. After handing the cup of chocolate to his mistress, he ventured to use the privilege of talking, to which his long and faithful services entitled him, and paid the old lady a compliment. "I am rejoiced to see madame looking so young and in such good spirits this morning," he said, with a low bow and a mild, deferential smile.

"I think I have reason for being in good spirits on the day when my son's marriage-contract is to be signed," said Madame Danville, with a gracious nod of the head. "Ha, Dubois, I shall yet live to see him with a patent of nobility in his hand. The mob has done its worst; the end of this infamous revolution is not far off; our order will have its turn again, and then who will have such a chance at court as my son? He is noble already through his mother; he will then be noble also through his wife. Yes, yes, let that coarse-mannered, passionate, old soldier father of hers be as unnaturally republican as he pleases, he has inherited a name which will help my son to a peerage. The Vicomte D'Anville (D with an apostrophe, Dubois, you understand?). The Vicomte D'Anville—how prettily it sounds!"

"Charmingly, madame—charmingly. Ah! this second marriage of my young master begins under much better auspices than the first."

The remark was an unfortunate one. Madame Danville frowned portentously, and rose in a great hurry from her chair.

"Are your wits failing you, you old fool?" she cried indignantly; "what do you mean by referring to such a subject as that, on this day of all others? You are always harping on those two wretched people who were guillotined, as if you thought I could have saved their lives. Were you not present when my son and I met, after the time of the Terror? Did you not hear my first words to him, when he told me of the catastrophe? Were they not—'Charles, I love you; but if I thought you had let those two unfortunates, who risked themselves to save me, die without risk-

ing your life in return to save them, I would break my heart rather than ever look at you or speak to you again! Did I not say that?—And did not he answer, 'Mother, my life was risked for them. I proved my devotion by exposing myself to arrest—I was imprisoned for my exertions—and then I could do no more.' Did you not stand by and hear him give that answer, overwhelmed while he spoke by generous emotion? Do you not know that he really was imprisoned in the Temple? Do you dare to think we are to blame after that? I owe you much, Dubois, but if you are to take liberties with me—"

"Oh, madame! I beg pardon a thousand times. I was thoughtless—only thoughtless—"

"Silence! In my coach at the door? Very well. Get ready to accompany me. Your master will not have time to return here. He will meet me for the signing of the contract, at General Berthelin's house, at two o'clock precisely. Stop! Are there many people in the street? I can't be stared at by the mob, as I go to my carriage."

Dubois hobbled penitently to the window, and looked out, while his mistress walked to the door.

"The street is almost empty, madame," he said. "Only a man, with a woman on his arm, stopping and admiring your carriage. They seem like decent people, as well as I can tell without my spectacles. Not a mob, I should say, madame, certainly not a mob."

"Very well. Attend me down stairs; and bring some loose silver with you, in case those two decent people should be fit objects for charity. No orders for the coachman, except that he is to go straight to the general's house."

CHAPTER XXIII.

THE party assembled at General Berthelin's to witness the signature of the marriage-contract, comprised, besides the persons immediately interested in the ceremony of the day, some young ladies, friends of the bride, and a few officers, who had been comrades of her father's in past years. The guests were distributed, rather unequally, in two handsome apartments, opening into each other—one called in the house the drawing-room, and the other the library. In the drawing-room were assembled the notary, with the contract ready, the bride, the young ladies, and the majority of General Berthelin's friends. In the library the remainder of the military guests were amusing themselves at a billiard-table until the signing of the contract should take place; while Danville and his future father-in-law walked up and down the room together; the first listening absently, the last talking with all his accustomed energy, and with more than his accustomed allowance of barrack-room expletives.

The general had taken it into his head to explain some of the clauses in the marriage-contract to the bridegroom, who, though far better acquainted with their full scope and meaning than his father-in-law, was obliged to listen for civility's sake. While the old soldier was in the midst of his long and confused harangue, a clock struck on the library mantelpiece.

"Two o'clock!" exclaimed Danville, glad of any pretext for interrupting the talk about the contract. "Two o'clock, and my mother not here yet! What can be delaying her?"

"Nothing," cried the general. "When did you ever hear of a woman punctual, my lad? If we wait your mother—and she's such a rabid aristocrat that she would never forgive us for not waiting—we shan't sign this contract yet this half-hour. Never mind! let's go on with what we were talking about. Where the devil was I when that cursed clock struck and interrupted us? Now then, Black Eyes, what's the matter?"

This last question was addressed to Mademoiselle Berthelin, who at that moment hastily entered the library from the drawing-room. She was a tall and rather masculine-looking girl, with superb black eyes, dark hair growing low on her forehead, and something of her father's decision and bluntness in her manner of speaking.

"A stranger in the other room, papa, who wants to see you. I suppose the servants showed him upstairs, thinking he was one of the guests. Ought I to have had him shown down again?"

"A nice question! How should I know? Wait till I've seen him, miss, and then I'll tell you." With these words the general turned on his heel, and went into the drawing-room.

His daughter would have followed him, but Danville caught her by the hand.

"Can you be hard-hearted enough to leave me here alone?" he asked.

"What is to become of my bosom friends in the next room, you selfish man, if I stop with you?" retorted Mademoiselle, struggling to free herself. "Call them in here," said Danville, gaily making himself master of her other hand.

She laughed, and drew him away towards the drawing-room.

"Come!" she cried, and let all the ladies see what a tyrant I am going to marry. Come and show them what an obstinate, unreasonable, wearisome—"

Her voice suddenly failed her, she sniggered and turned faint. Danville's hand had in one instant grown cold as death in hers; the momentary touch of his fingers, as she felt their grasp loosen, struck some mysterious chill through her from head to foot. She glanced around at him affrightedly; and saw his eyes looking straight into the drawing-room. They were fixed in a strange, unwavering, awful stare; while from the rest of his face all expression, all character, all recognizable play, and movement of feature had utterly gone. It was a breathless, lifeless mask—a white blank. With a cry of terror, she looked where he appeared to be looking, and could see nothing but the stranger standing in the middle of the drawing-room. Before she could ask a question, before she could speak even a single word, her father came to her, caught Danville by the arm, and pushed her roughly back into the library.

"Go there, and take the women with you," he said in a quick, fierce whisper. "Into the library!" he continued, turning to the ladies, and raising his voice. "Into the library, all of you, along with my daughter."

The women, terrified by his manner, obeyed him in the greatest confusion. As they hurried past him into the library, he signed to the notary to follow; and then closed the door of communication between the two rooms.

"Stop where you are!" he cried, addressing the old officers, who had risen from their chairs. "Stay, I insist on it! Whatever happens, Jacques Berthelin has done nothing to be ashamed of in the presence of his old friends and companions. You have seen the beginning, now stay and see the end."

While he spoke, he walked into the middle of the room. He had never quitted his hold on Danville's arm—step by step, they advanced together to the place where Trudaine was standing.

"You have come into my house, and asked me for my daughter in marriage—and I have given her to you," said the general, addressing Danville quietly. "You told me that your first wife and her brother were guillotined three years ago in the time of the Terror—and I believed you. Now look at that man—look at him straight in the face. He has announced himself to me as the brother of your wife, and he asserts that his sister is alive at this moment. One of you two has deceived me. Which is it?"

Danville tried to speak; but no sound passed his lips; he tried to wrench his arm from the grasp that was on it, but could not stir the old soldier's steady hand.

"Are you afraid? are you a coward? Can't you look him in the face?" asked the general, tightening his hold sternly.

"Stop! Stop!" interposed one of the old officers, coming forward. "Give him time. This may be a case of strange accidental resemblance, which would be enough under the circumstances, to discompose any man. 'You will excuse me, citizen,' he continued, turning to Trudaine. "But you are a stranger; you have given no proof of your identity."

"There is the proof," said Trudaine, pointing to Danville's face.

"Yes, yes," pursued the other; "he looks pale and startled enough, certainly. But I say again—let us not be too hasty; there are strange cases on record of accidental resemblance, and this may be one of them!"

As he repeated these words, Danville looked at him with a faint, cringing gratitude stealing slowly over the blank terror of his face. He bowed his head, murmured something, and gesticulated confusedly with the hand that he was free to use.

"Look!" cried the old officer; "look, Berthelin, he denies the man's identity."

"Do you hear that?" said the general, appealing to Trudaine. "Have you proofs to confute him? If you have produce them instantly."

Before the answer could be given, the door leading into the drawing-rooms from the staircase was violently flung open, and Madame Danville—her hair in disorder, her face in its colorless terror, looking like the very counterpart of her son's—appeared on the threshold, with the old man Dubois and a group of amazed and startled servants behind her.

"For God's sake, don't sign! for God's sake come away!" she cried. "I have seen your wife—in the spirit or in the flesh, I know not which—but I have seen her. Charles! Charles! as true as heaven is above us, I have seen your wife!"

"You have seen her in the flesh, living and breathing as you see her brother yonder," said a firm, quiet voice from among the servants on the landing outside.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The sin we spare will not spare us.

PAINT OUT OF DOORS.

FRENCH ARTISTS DISCOVER NEW EFFECTS.

The Same Plan Was Followed When the Murat Paintings Were Made for the World's Fair Buildings—Models Posed in Windows.



LAZAR'S marvelous success in painting the nude is attributed to his habit of posing his models out of doors, and now, should you chance to wheel along some country lane and see a goddess in the attire effected on one occasion by Lady Godiva of Coventry you must not be surprised or indignant.

It is only the development of a new artistic idea, the results of which, the artists will tell you, will enable the painter to achieve color effects that it is impossible to obtain by painting from the model in the studio.

The north light of the studio is not the light of nature. It has not the clarity of the light of out-of-doors, and it falls upon the model and brings out tones that are not naturalistic.

Because of all this, it is reported that many artists are going this summer to set up their easels in the woods or by the sea, there to paint from the model in the bright or softened light of out-of-doors, that never enters any studio. The naturalistic painters are the ones that are going to do this sort of thing. The idea is, as might be fancied, not American, but French.

Startling as this may appear, the artistic mind is prepared for it by the Parisian precedent. Adolph Lazar, a painter occupying a studio in the Paris Latin quarter, made necessity the mother of invention. Half a dozen years ago he was in despair. He had conceived the idea of the picture of a nymph which he hoped to exhibit in the salon. The early sketches were made and his model secured.

Where to paint his picture was a question that puzzled him. The light in his studio was white enough, but it was not the light the artist desired, and that he thought must have fallen upon the nymphs of old. He must approximate that light as closely as possible.

Where could he secure it? Nowhere better, he argued, than in the woods. So he picked out a spot, intending to make his studies there and finish the painting at home. And it was in the woods that this idea occurred to him: "Why not pose the model here in the open air? Why not catch directly on the canvas the effect of the strangely softened light that finds its way through the leafy screen to the ground?"

And Lazar did this. Day after day his model was posed by the banks of a little stream, and the result of his work was a picture which interpreted perfectly the natural flesh tints, the soft sunlight on graceful limbs, the lights and shadows of the human figure seen in the open air and under the trees. The painting was a success. It was discussed by the world of art, and solved a question that had perplexed artists for years.

The solution was so simple that it had not been thought of before. Thousands and thousands of thousands of dollars had been spent in fitting up elaborate studios containing not only roofs but sides and fronts of glass. Other studios were built on the roofs of houses, all to obtain the coveted natural light of the woods, but there was always something lacking. Lazar, the struggling artist, settled all questions by going direct to nature.

No secret was made of the manner in which the perfect tones of Lazar's nymph had been obtained. In a month half a dozen artists were posing undraped models in as many points of the woods about Paris. One of the first models to be taken to the woods was the famous Sarah Brown. She was the first, too, who discovered that the new idea was a boon to models. The air not only had a beneficial effect on her, she found, but removed half the fatigue of posing for a length of time in a difficult attitude.

Beyond Paris, in France, the idea spread rapidly. Nowhere, however, did it become so popular as at Grez, near the river, the scenery there being particularly beautiful. The French artists, who take readily to any new method, no matter how freakish, grasped this upon the instant. From no quarter was the slightest objection heard.

One artist at Grez posed his undraped model in his back yard beneath a grape arbor. The artist's mother had for years been in the custom of sitting at a rear window to watch her son paint in the back yard, and still remained there. They look upon that sort of thing differently abroad than here.

To know what one man has done is to know what all men may do.

SOCIETY PEOPLE ROMP.

Little Mrs. B. Is Astonished at Their Antics.

There are certain sets of people who delight in gambols that in children of a larger growth seem to be; to say the least, somewhat elephantine, says the New York Tribune. They cause outsiders to wonder whether they themselves are lacking in animal spirits or are so much more ancient than their contemporaries that they feel "out of touch" with it all, or whether, as it seems to them, it is rather unseemly for people of mature age and position to indulge in such antics. With bohemians, so-called, who by virtue of the artistic temperament are eternally young, any such eccentricities appear more or less natural and are certainly allowable, but when people of formal society, who to the world at large are somewhat unapproachable and stiff, relax among their intimates and act like a lot of children, the merriment seems a little forced. Poor little Mrs. B. of Philadelphia, who had been brought up with quaker propriety and consequent stiffness and who, by virtue of her family wealth and personal attraction, had been welcomed into a certain inner circle known as decidedly smart, was very anxious to do in Rome as the Romans do and to show herself no novice in fashionable life, although it was all terra incognita to the simple little lady who had passed 40 innocent years "far from the maddening crowd."

Brought suddenly into the bewildering rush of fashionable society, she struggled valiantly and, as she thought, successfully to appear a finished woman of the world. It happened that one of the first dinners she attended was given by a Philadelphian, who, married to a New York man, had become a social power in a certain set and who had asked her own special "gang" to meet her townswoman, whose family connection she was and who, she prophesied, would "get on." To little Mrs. B., accustomed to the stiffest of stiff entertainments and to whom a "dinner party" was a solemn and momentous occasion, the mirth and jocularity of the party, which was composed of intimate friends, seemed almost indecorous, but, accepting it as a part of the manners and customs of the strange new world which her ambitious little soul longed to conquer she set herself to study the entertainment as a type of a fashionable dinner. It turned out to be what might be called a very jolly affair indeed. Popular airs were started and sung with the desert and the climax was reached when one of the men contrived to get into a giant lampshade which he pretended was the skirt of a ballet dancer and executed a very clever pas seul. All these, to her, new and curious customs Mrs. B. studied with the seriousness which was one of her characteristics, and when she herself gave a big dinner not long afterward, a dinner which she intended should be the starting point of her new career, she resolved that she, too, would introduce these free and easy manners, which were evidently the latest style and which would show conclusively that she was up to date. Just how, however, to set the ball of hilarity rolling she could not determine, so she took a wicked man of the world into her confidence.

"How do people manage about such things?" she asked, ingenuously. "Does the hostess start the songs, or the guests?"

"Oh, the hostess," he answered, promptly, for he was bidden to the feast, and he longed to see the little quakeress inaugurate a dinner a la chantante.

Mrs. B. gave a gasp of consternation, but resolved to do whatever was incumbent upon her to make her dinner a success, while the wicked man chuckled to himself over the anticipation of what he thought would be the most amusing function of the season. Fortunately, however, for Mrs. B. her courage gave out; she could not bring herself to the point of "starting things up," and, to the wicked man's intense disappointment, the dinner was as decorously dull and respectable as any descendant of William Penn could desire or Mrs. Grundy criticize.

A Jewel Robbery.

A considerable highwayman took part in a jewel robbery which occurred a few months ago and in regard to which the detectives have never discovered the slightest clue. Among the articles taken was a locket ornamented with a sunburst in fine diamonds and containing the portrait and lock of hair of a dear relative. A week after the occurrence Mrs. A., the owner, received the picture and hair with a type-written note, saying that the writer's "conscience" would not allow him to keep what was evidently of such great value to Mrs. A., although it is needless to say that the locket itself was retained by this remarkably upright individual. —New York Tribune.

Child Wiser Than the Man.

Prof. Geisler of Göttingen has twenty-four children. He saw a child crying in the street and asked: "What is the matter, little boy?"

"Don't you know me, papa?" said the boy.

He was one of the twenty-four children.—The Collector

LOCAL NEWS.

B. F. Chamberlain for drugs.
Reports of cotton yield are gloomy.

Try Ham Bone Tobacco. Each Plug Warranted.

Mrs. A. H. Wootters of this city is quite sick in Huutsville.

Giles M. Haltom of Vinita I. T. and formerly foreman of the COURIER is in the city.

Dr. H. J. Cunyus, dentist, Crockett, Texas. Office over Arledg, Kennedy & Co. grocery store.

A full and complete line of coffins, caskets and undertakers goods always on hand at Shivers Bros.

At least 2000 democratic votes should be polled at the primary on next Monday. Every democrat should vote.

Chew Ham Bone Tobacco. Best on Earth for the money. Manufactured by J. H. Cosby & Bro., Danville, Va.

An experienced artist is now located by the Capitol Hotel. He guarantees his work to be as good as the best and cheap as the cheapest.

Rev. J. B. Smith, President of Mary Allen Seminary, is superintending the construction of another college building for colored people at West Point, Miss.

Do you ever travel? If you do you should take out an accident policy first. D. M. Craddock represents the old Aetna Life and Accident company of Hartford and sells 'em cheap. See him before you start.

Go to the Crockett Bottling Works for high grade Soda Waters, Ciders, Mineral Waters, and all kind of Carbonated Beverages. Our specialty is California's new drink, Logandery wine the leading drink of the season. Mail orders have prompt attention. 14-6m

Managers of the primary election should not make too liberal a construction of the rule permitting persons to vote. No one has a right to vote who will not pledge himself to vote for the county and precinct officers in November and the managers and judges should not permit any one to vote who is unwilling to make this pledge or who, they have reason to think, will not carry out this pledge in November. The democratic party extends the invitation to all to join in the selection of officers but all who participate must stand by the nominees and vote for them whether they are of their choice or not. In other words no one has the right to vote next Monday who is not willing to abide the result of the primary and to vote for those chosen.

CASH! CASH!! CASH!!!

DOWN goes the PRICES on SPRING AND SUMMER SHOES. BRING IN YOUR FEET and get them shod with the neatest, cheapest and most DURABLE SHOES in town.

SOLID low cut SHOES reduced from 75 to 50c. \$1.00 shoes to 75c. \$1.25 shoes to \$1.00. \$1.50 shoes to \$1.25. Also a beautiful line of HAND TURNED tokin TANS, CHOCOLATE and Blacks, REDUCED from \$3.00 to \$2.50, from \$2.50 to \$2.00, from \$2.00 to \$1.50. These shoes are the latest styles being cut on the 20th century last and every pair guaranteed.

Remember my all SOLID shoes, for ladies, button or lace 75c.

R. M. ATKINSON.

Oxford Ties To Be Sold.

ONLY a limited quantity, all marked in plain figures and sold for their marked price until a very short time ago. Now, we have a few John Kelly's best and finest quality in the latest styles, tan, plain toe, only a few, sizes from one to five, B, C and D width, sold for \$3.50, to close at 195. Same as above only in silk cloth top, sold at \$3.50, to close at \$1.95. Also same in black, cost same as above, now for \$1.95; only a few left.

Our three dollar tans, sizes from 1 to 41-2, to close at \$1.75. Here is the best tie ever sold for two and a half, in black or tan, C D and E width, to close at a dollar and a half.

Those who have worn these goods can best appreciate this reduction as they have no equal. A few broken sizes in \$1.50, plain or tip, to close at one dollar. Our \$1.25 tie to close at 75c. Tans sizes from 3 to 6, very nice shapes, fifty cents per pair. Black cheaper grades for 20c a pair. Come at once.

Be in no hurry to buy Dry Goods, they are getting cheaper every day. Don't be surprised at present prices on anything. You will hear from the boys soon. Remember it is new music when they play.

SPECIAL:—Ladies' vests worth five cents each to close at two for five cents. Better grade worth twenty five cents now going at 12 1-2c each. The finest fifty cent vest ever sold in Crockett for twenty five cents. Come at once.

Very Respectfully Yours,

McLean & Wilson.

Crockett, - - - Texas.

Miss Laura Dunnam is visiting in Livingston.

The Best is the cheapest—Ham Bone Tobacco is the best.

Dr. Will Downes of New York, is visiting his father's family.

Chas. Edmiston of Beaumont, is spending several days in the city.

Hon. John H. Reagan and M.M. Crane spoke at Grapeland yesterday.

Campmeeting at Shiloh camp grounds commences to day (Thursday.)

W. E. Mayes and wife are at Mineral Wells, the latter, we understand, quite sick.

Judge Gould of Palestine spent a day in our city this week on business for the I. & G. N. R. R.

Mrs. W. W. Davis left this week on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Alice Long, at Jackson, Tenn.

Walter Jones of Galveston, a brother of Mrs. J. F. Downes, is visiting the latter for a few days.

Miss Anna Wall who has been visiting in Huntsville for the past two or three weeks has returned.

Joe Romansky left Saturday for New York to lay in the New York Store's winter supply of goods.

Refrigerators at actual cost at the Furniture Store. Everybody ought to have one. Don't miss this chance.

We learn that the body of Jess Baker, (col.) who had been ordered to leave the county, was found North of Elkhart in a decomposed condition.

Miss Clara Mitchel of Midway, who has been visiting in the city the past several days returned home Monday accompanied by Miss Clara Rice.

Coltharp communication too late for this issue.

H. C. Eichelberger went to Waco last Saturday on business.

H. F. Moore and sister of Ohio, are on a visit to Galveston.

Those in charge of the barbecue are busy with all the preliminaries.

16 to 1 means 16 fine photos for \$1.00 at Boddy's gallery by Capitol Hotel.

Mrs. A. P. More and family of Tyler, are visiting the family of Judge Aldrich.

The tickets are ready to be delivered as soon as those, who have no paid up, do so.

Crowds continue to visit Monk's Well every day. They claim that the water is highly beneficial.

A. J. Belott is back from a trip through Western Texas. He was gone three weeks. He says the corn crop is an utter failure and that the cotton short.

Two new bales of cotton were brought in Wednesday. Dick Douglass brought in one and L. L. Smith brought in the other one. Both bales were ginned by W. V. Berry.

Last Monday a horse ran away with Bob Lusk and S. H. Thomas. The horse ran several blocks, kicking and pitching. He kicked the dash board off the buggy and struck Mr. Thomas on the knee crushing the knee cap.

Some ten or fifteen thousand ties are on the ground ready for inspection. The R. R. has't taken them up for six months or more. This works a great hardship on many people and especially the contractors who are poor men and need their money.

Cotton is opening at a low figure. When the present crop is considered and the fact that the accumulated surplus crop is all exhausted, the price is low. The drouth has been disastrous in La., Tenn., Miss., Ark. and Texas.

Governor Culberson has offered a reward of \$250. for the apprehension and the conviction of those who were engaged in the assassination of Ellenberg. We hope this will induce persons to go to work and disclose the guilty villains in this plot. The officers and the citizens of this neighborhood should spare no means to bring the guilty ones to justice.

Negroes on Jury.

We are reliably informed that the next grand jury will have three negroes on it and that the petit-juries will have as many or more negroes on them than they had before. Mixed juries now, the next step will be mixed schools, mixed hotels, mixed churches etc.

Republican Field Day.

The Republican county convention met last Saturday, a large crowd being in attendance. It was the day to reorganize the party by the election of a new chairman. Bruce the old chairman, was re-elected. The fun came off on a resolution introduced to instruct for Frank Hill. All of the colored Republicans were not in favor of this program though a majority were as the resolutions adopted. Payne Warfield, Bud Masters and Green Wynne, all opposed the endorsement of Hill for County Judge. There was some talk of fusing with the pops but this failed of accomplishment.

Tackee Paritee.

Ze Tackee Paritee to be given at ze rizidance of Mrs Johnee Woottersee, by the Darcarsee Zo-zietee, on ze 14 instantee, iz expectedee to be one uf ze tughist githerins that ever Asimblid in ze MoinTains uf Hipsodamee. On that mimerablee occasionee, ze follwinee pregrammee will be reservedee:

Syngin by ze hul Zo-zietee.
Marter Ivan Haring will spoke a spitch.

Syngin by Mattie Hanna.

Tu wil play the samee peaceee at ze zame tymmee on 1 orgainee, a duit by MisTrisse Hallie Crook-ee an' Miss Bobee BoWersze.

Sarie Ithill Woottersze, wil ilo-kutee.

Hayrit Ann Crookee wil syng a songee.

Purformin on ze Piannee by Hinryettee Adamze.

Lucie annie Verginnie Milleree wil Resyte er rushertashun.

Dyalogee, by Hatty Adalinnee Woodwardee an' Mariee Licieanne Wootterez.

Ef fun is what yuuns is hutin, yu wil be thar.

Mrs. Rhodie Noah of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains and the next day diarrhoea set in. She took half a bottle of blackberry cordial but got no relief. She then sent to me to see if I had anything that would help her. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another of our neighbors had been sick for about a week and had tried different remedies for didrrhoea but kept getting worse. I sent him this same remedy. Only four doses of it were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy.—Mrs. Mary Sibley, Sidney, Mich. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

THE COURIER.

W. B. PAGE, Editor.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce the following candidates, subject to the action of the democratic party: For Judge of the Third Judicial District:

W. H. GILL,
of Anderson County.

For Representative,
W. B. WALL,
W. F. MURCHISON,
JOHN MAPLES.

For District Attorney of Third Judicial District:
J. M. CROOK,

of Houston County.
A. G. GREENWOOD,
of Anderson County.

For District Clerk,
JOHN H. ELLIS,
COL. ALDRICH, JR.,
TONY GOSSETT,
J. S. FLUKER.

For County Judge,
J. F. DUREN,
A. D. LIPSCOMB,
E. WINFREE,
JOHN KENNEDY.

For County Clerk,
N. E. ALLBRIGHT.

For County Treasurer,
J. B. ELLIS,
HARDIN BAYNE,
M. M. BAKER.

For Assessor of Taxes:
GAIL CLINTON,
D. J. CATER,
CHARLES STOKES.

For Tax Collector,
JOHN R. FOSTER,
S. E. HOWARD,
J. R. SHERIDAN.

For Sheriff,
G. M. WALLER,
DICK STUBBLEFIELD,
C. J. HASSELL.

For County Surveyor,
B. M. JONES.

For Commissioner Precinct No. 1,
T. C. LIVELY,
R. T. MURCHISON,
R. W. VINCE.

For Justice Peace, Precinct No. 1,
C. W. ELLIS,
W. D. PRICHARD.

For Constable Prec. No. 1,
TOM BAYNE,
C. K. BAGGETT,
C. C. MORTIMER,
M. W. SATERWHITE.

For Commissioner Precinct No. 2,
W. E. HAIL,
S. H. ROOK.

For Commissioner Precinct No. 4,
T. J. HALLMARK,
C. B. ISBELL.

We expect to vote for Bryan but we want it distinctly understood that we are not swallowing all of that platform nor the half of it. Too much dynamite in it for us.

The movement on the part of the sound money democrats to hold another national convention and put out another ticket is assuming formidable proportions. The movement includes thirty odd States now. The convention will be largely attended.

It begins to look now like the pop leaders of Texas would have no following in their efforts to repudiate Mr. Bryan. They have discovered that the mass of pop voters are for Bryan and will not be a party to any scheme to fuse with the Republicans.

The N. Y. SUN has discovered where Mr. Bryan cribbed his celebrated passages about "crown of thorns etc" from a speech of a young republican congressman from Mass. But Mr. Bryan's printed speech shows these passages to be in quotation marks.

It is almost, if not quite impossible to borrow money now with the best of collateral. If Bryan is elected or the chances of his election are good, those who have money on deposit in banks or loaned out will begin to withdraw it from bank and to foreclose. Times will be much harder, for a while at least than they are now and many a house, firm and individual "will go broke."

THE CONDITIONS.

In a recent letter to the Advocate, denying any connection with the late populist executive committee "breach of confidence dodger," Judge Burnett said he did not object to the publication of any of his old letters to E. J. Davis "provided the conditions existing at the time were also stated." The conditions were as follows:

Judge Burnett is a Southern man by birth, who had served in the Confederate army with other Southern comrades, by whom he had been honored with confidence and positions of trust. He returned with his friends to his old home in Houston county, to face the ruin, havoc, desolation and broken fortunes wrought by the war.

The slaves, flushed with their newborn freedom, and aided by scoundrel carpet-baggers, who came to steal, and fatten on our misfortunes, were practically in charge of the machinery of the government. Judge Burnett, having a sharp eye to the main chance saw that to rise above his brethren, it was necessary to join the rabble crowd.

In order to prove to them his worthiness to become a member of their rotten brotherhood, he buried his patriotism, shook off his old friends, aggravated their miseries and gave aid and comfort to their enemies. He sealed his apostasy by writing a letter to E. J. Davis, whom the great-hearted Grant afterwards spurned as unclean, demanding that Federal soldiers be sent to terrorize and trample on his old comrades—and this before the sores of their old war wounds had quit bleeding.

The soldiers came, and soon also came Judge Burnett's commission as Federal judge in the Crockett and Huntsville district.

When he obtained the reward of his apostasy, he virtually became one of a gang composed of negroes, carpet-baggers and scallawags, which riotously plundered and robbed the state and almost every county in it. We do not charge that he got any of the aforesaid plunder, for we believe him to be personally honest, but he was one of the crowd, and to-day he is following the same methods of judicial procedure that he then followed. He is exalting over the people those who are unfit to be so exalted, and for the purpose of furthering his political and personal interests, he is changing our organic law, violating former precedents, and going beyond his legal powers in instructions to jury commissioners.

If General Grant, from his distance, could have known earlier the true conditions that prevailed, the Judge and his reconstruction crowd would doubtless have been hurled from power sooner; but after a long period of their misrule and misgovernment, the democracy, aided by the great American soldier and peacemaker pulled them down.

After thirty years the same crowd is rampant again, with Burnett at their head. After the years have passed, and those whom he had forsaken in the hour of their great trouble had forgotten and forgiven, he again dons the vestments of a renegade, and sells his brethren for another mess of pottage.—Palestine Advocate.

CREEK.

At this writing, matters are moving along smoothly in this part of God's vineyard.

There is no sickness to any extent.

Tom Furlow has the finest cotton of the season, it is as high as a man's shoulder, all over.

Two of Creek's handsome young men started out to see some of our girls last Sunday evening, but their hearts failed them. A faint heart, boys, never won fair lady.

We saw "Old Tony" drive up to our depot a few days ago and load a two horse wagon with various articles too numerous to mention. Success to you, old boy.

One of our bachelors, after several years of meditation, has reached the conclusion that a woman is needed around the house. Not as we know, but its in the wind that a wedding will come off soon at Creek.

The Baptists' protracted meeting closed here Sunday evening and God has surely blessed them. There were about 30 added to the church. The meeting was largely attended day and night. Rev. Mr. Lea of Trinity conducted the meeting and has done his community with the help of God a good deal of good. He will continue to preach here the balance of the year.

There is many a glad and happy heart at Creek this night. Rev. Mrs. Lea and daughter returned home Monday.

Mr. Albert Furlow is visiting Creek.

From the best evidence we can gather, one of Crockett's young men would be much obliged and would perhaps pay the correspondent not to report his trips to the North Western part of the county.

ISHMALITE.

BELOTT.

ED. COURIER:
Not having seen anything from our Burg for some time, have decided to write.

We are somewhat divided politically. Have seen all the candidates, and they all seem to think their prospects good.

Cotton picking seems to be the order of the day.

Our singing school taught by Prof. Parish closed last Saturday. Sunday we had all day singing and dinner on the grounds at New Energy. The entire community, with the exception of a few families, acted as one family. The tables were loaded with all the substantial and delicacies possible to be secured.

Just here, being an attendant of the school, I must say in justice to Prof. Parish that I consider him a thorough and efficient teacher and that he accomplishes all that he promises and I take great pleasure in recommending him to the patronage of the public.

SUBSCRIBER.

PORTER SPRINGS.

ED. COURIER.

Our primary is near at hand and we must try and elect officers who are qualified in every way to fill the different offices, and I would like to call the voters attention to the office of County Judge as I think that the most important office in the county; it is one that we are all interested in and we should try and select a County Judge that is well qualified in every respect to fill the office and while I am a farmer I have no war to make on the merchant or professional man, they are all needed to make up the county and they each have their part to play in this life, and I do not see how a man who is not well read in the law could fill the office of County Judge for he has some fine points of law to decide, besides there is the

probate matter, and other very important matters to come before him, besides he should be a man well posted in law so as to make rulings readily and dispense with cases quickly, with as little cost as possible to the county and thereby make the county scrip worth 100 cents on the dollar, besides he has full control of our public schools and our children are all interested in that. Now most any business man can write a deed, draw a contract or take acknowledgements or interrogatories, but the same business man would not know any thing about the law of probate or the law governing different cases both civil and criminal that may come before the County Judge, therefore he would be forced to go to some lawyer to get his advice and I think it best to elect a good lawyer at first and not elect a man that may be controlled by some attorney for that would give the attorney be advises with control of the decisions of the county court. And of all the candidates before us I think A. D. Lipscomb is the man for the office, as he is well qualified and as honest and conscientious as any man we can find in the county and will not be controlled by any class or classes in the discharge of his duty.

SUBSCRIBER.

There will be an ordination service at the first Baptist church on the 3rd Sabbath in this month, Dr. R. C. Burleson of Waco Texas will help in the ordination with Dr. J. E. Kennedy of Lovelady, Dr. Burlison wishes to meet all of his old students in a reunion at the church Saturday evening before, at 5 o'clock. All are invited to this service.

On the 1st. Sabbath in September the Baptist pastor will commence a protracted meeting, which is expected to last several days. He will be assisted by Dr. A. H. Mitchell, recently pastor of the first Baptist church at Austin. Dr. Mitchell is the pulpit orator of the State, and the church and pastor feel sure that the people of the city will enjoy his visit. All christians are invited to take part and help all they can.

R. E. MORRIS, Pastor.

FOR SALE.

To the public. Pursuant to a resolution passed at the quarterly meeting of the farmers' county alliance of Houston county, held at Lovelady, Tex. July 10, 1896, to sell the cotton platform and property of said alliance. Notice is hereby given that sealed bids, will be received by me until August 15th next, for said platform and the 4 lots adjacent to and covered by same viz. lots no. 3, 4, 5 and 6 of block no. 2 fronting the freight depot on right of way of I. & G. N. R.R. at Crockett, Tex. The property is free from encumbrance and sale will be made for cash only. Parties submitting bids are expected to satisfy the committee in regard to their ability to pay cash.

Right reserved to reject any and all bids.

H. H. LARUE.

For executive committee.
Pa. Ho. Co.
Lovelady Texas.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This liniment is different in composition from any other liniment and the market. It is a scientific discovery which results in it being the most penetrating liniment ever known. There are numerous white imitations, which may be recommended because they pay the seller a fat profit. Beware of these and demand Ballard's Snow Liniment. It positively cures rheumatism, neuralgia, sprains, bruises, wounds, cuts, eczema and inflammatory rheumatism, burns, scalds, sore feet, contracted muscles, stiff joints, old sores, pain in back, barb wire cuts, sore chest or throat, and is especially beneficial in paralysis. Sold by L. H. Haring & Co.

DELICATE WOMEN Should Use BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

IT IS A SUPERB TONIC and exerts a wonderful influence in strengthening her system by driving through the proper channel all impurities. Health and strength are guaranteed to result from its use.

My wife was bedridden for eighteen months, after using BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR for two months, is getting well.—
J. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.
Sold by all Druggists at \$1.00 per bottle.

William's Kidney Pills
Has no equal in diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs. Have you neglected your Kidneys? Have you overworked your nervous system and caused trouble with your Kidneys and Bladder? Have you pains in the loins, side, back, groins and bladder? Have you a flabby appearance of the face, especially under the eyes? Too frequent desire pass urine? William's Kidney Pills will impart new life to the diseased organs, tone up the system and make a new man of you. By mail 50 cents per box.
WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS, CLEVELAND, O.

For sale by Smith & French.

Chester's Tasteless Kidney Tonic, the best ever made. It's been in the battle and through it stayed, it housed the banner, "No Cure, No Pay," and that's the motto it works under today.

A complete line of coffins and metallic caskets at The Furniture Store at moderate prices.

4 LBS. Best Granulated SUGAR \$1.00

We are selling 4 lbs. of the best Granulated Sugar for \$1.00 and everything in the grocery line at "rock bottom" prices. We are the Only Supply House that sell to Consumers at strictly Wholesale Prices, which is clearly proven when we sell 4 lbs. of best granulated sugar \$1.00. We ship these goods anywhere to anybody and guarantee satisfaction. Send No Money, but cut this out and send for full particulars enclosing two cents in stamps to CONSOLIDATED WHOLESALE SUPPLY CO., 215 to 219 So. Clinton St., Chicago, Ill.

GO TO J. A. BRICKER & CO.

—FOR FE



Gold and Silver Spectacles.
Gold and Silver Watches
Plain Gold and Fancy Set Rings
Silverware and Novelties.
Fine Watch and Jewelry Repairing a Specialty.
Casteburg Old Stand.

If you risk what is the quickest, best and safest Chill Tonic, the answer will invariably be, My friend use Chester's, it is pleasant and guaranteed. Put up in both the bitter and Tasteless styles. Tasteless 50 cents.

"This is for You."

I will sell you dress goods, such as lawns, muslins, organdies, percales, tulle, mainsooks, chambrays, gingham, etc., etc., at very close prices. I only ask you to price same. Bargains for everybody every day in the week. Our line of ladies' shirt waists are going; have sold boxes of them and we now offer them cheaper than ever. Gentlemen, remember our bargains in everything in furnishing goods. Hats, the very noblest; shoes the latest styles. We want to win trade and hold it. Don't miss us. Come at any time and every day in the week except Sunday, and you can find us loaded with bargains. Try our A. A. 1 Flour; none better. Don't be deceived. Call on the old reliable,
Yours for trade,
J. E. DOWNES.

My little boy, when two years of age, was taken very ill with bloody flux. I was advised to use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and luckily procured part of a bottle. I carefully read the directions and gave it accordingly. He was very low, but slowly and surely he began to improve, gradually recovered, and is now as stout and strong as ever. I feel sure it saved his life. I never can praise the Remedy half its worth. I am sorry every one in the world does not know how good it is, as I do.—Mrs. Lina S. Hinton, Grubbsville, Marion Co., Florida.
For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.