

# The Crockett Courier.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at Crockett Post-Office.

Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum, Payable at Crockett

MOTTO—Quality, Not Quantity.

CROCKETT, TEXAS, JUNE 8, 1911.

VOL. XXII—NO. 20.

## O. C. GOODWIN DEFENDS HIS OFFICIAL ACTS WITH REFERENCE TO THE RECENT ELECTION.

I have never had any desire or inclination to enter into a newspaper controversy with anyone, nor do I wish to do so now, but some things have been rumored concerning some of my official acts that require an answer from me. When the returns of the recent road superintendent election came to my office, several of the citizens called and asked to see them. Being told that the statute required that I show them, I investigated, and found that Art. 1743 Revised Statutes of Texas required that the election returns sent to the County Clerk be kept open for inspection by the public for twelve months from the date of the election, so of course I let these citizens see the returns. Since doing so I have been criticised by some, and it has been said that the ballot boxes were broken into and the ballots examined by these men.

Now, no such thing has happened. The election laws require that the ballots be placed in a wooden or metallic box, fastened with nails, screws or locks, and to be marked or endorsed on the box as "ballots" and sent to the County Clerk for safe keeping. This was done by only a few boxes in the county. Most of the boxes sent in their returns and ballots in an open envelope together, and marked "election returns" on the back. Some of them sent in the returns and ballots together in pasteboard boxes, endorsed on the back thereof as "returns." Of course I opened them because the law requires that I open the returns for the inspection of the public. When I found the ballots in with the returns I would take out the returns, leaving the ballots in the box and place them in the vault for safe keeping, and no man has examined a single ballot, not even myself. Those boxes that sent the ballots in properly endorsed have not been opened nor will be without a process of law.

Knowing that a great many people do not understand the law governing these matters I have asked for an opinion from each firm of lawyers in this town upon the law governing the election returns and whether or not I, as County Clerk, had a right to show the election returns. Below you will find these opinions from the different lawyers. I also wired the Attorney General's department for an opinion upon the same subject, intending to give the readers of this paper his opinion this week. I received from him the following telegram:

"Austin, Texas, June 3, 1911.

"O. C. Goodwin, County Clerk, Crockett, Texas.

"This department has given your county judge written opinion holding that election returns filed with you may be inspected by the public. Call on him for copy.

"C. E. Mead, Asst. Attorney Genl."

After receiving this telegram I called upon the county judge and asked for this opinion and he stated that he had misplaced it and did

not know where it was, so it will be next week before I can again get a hearing from the Attorney General's department and give you his opinion.

THE DIFFERENT ATTORNEY'S OPINIONS.

Crockett, Texas, June 5, 1911.  
Mr. O. C. Goodwin, County Clerk, Crockett, Texas.

Dear Sir: Replying to yours of the 2nd inst. will say that Article 1743 of the Revised Statutes of Texas provides as follows: "When the ballots have all been counted the managers of the election in person shall make out triplicate returns of same, certified to be correct, and signed by them officially, showing first, the total number of votes polled at each box; second, the number polled for each candidate, one of which returns, together with poll list and tally lists, shall be sealed up in an envelope and delivered by one of the managers of the election to the county judge of the county; another of said returns, together with poll lists and tally lists, shall be delivered by one of the managers of the election to the clerk of the county court of the county, to be kept by him in his office open to inspection of the public for twelve months from the date of the election; and the other of said returns, poll and tally lists, shall be kept by the presiding officer of the election for twelve months from the date of the election."

There is no doubt as to a proper interpretation and meaning of this article of the Statutes. There is no ambiguity about it, and it is your plain duty after such poll lists and tally lists have been delivered to you by the managers of any election, that the same are to be kept by you in your office open to the inspection by the public for twelve months from the day of the election, and you have no other recourse when called upon for such poll lists and tally lists so that same can be inspected by the public, except to furnish such lists to the person or persons demanding same for his or their inspection.

It does not require a lawyer to properly construe this provision of the statutes, and anyone of ordinary intelligence in reading same can have no other opinion than as above suggested. Yours very truly,  
Nunn & Nunn.

Crockett, Texas, June 5, 1911.  
Mr. O. C. Goodwin, Crockett, Texas.

Dear Sir: In reply to yours of the 2nd inst. beg to say that Art. 1743 of the Revised Statutes of Texas is very explicit. Unquestionably it authorizes you when the returns of an election are filed with you to keep the same "open to inspection for a period of twelve months from the date of the election." In our judgment you had no other alternative than to permit any person interested to inspect the poll list and tally sheets when demanded. In doing so you most assuredly did your duty. Respectfully yours,  
Moore & Sallas, Attys. at Law.

June 5th, 1911.  
Mr. O. C. Goodwin, County Clerk, Crockett, Texas.

Dear Sir: We have yours of 2nd inst. in which you ask us whether you would be authorized to show the poll list and tally sheets returned to you under Art. 1743 of the Revised Statutes. In reply we

beg to say that these poll lists and tally sheets are filed in your office for the purpose of being inspected by anyone desiring to do so, and it would be a violation of your official duty to deny any citizen access to them. Yours truly,  
Aldrich & Crook.

June 6, 1911.  
Hon. O. C. Goodwin, County Clerk, Crockett, Texas.

Dear Sir: We have your letter of the 2nd inst. requesting our opinion on the question of whether or not under the law, the public has the right to inspect the poll list and tally list of any elections held under the provisions of the Election Laws of the State of Texas.

Article 1743 of the Revised Statutes, among other things, provides and expressly states that one of the poll lists and tally lists shall be delivered by the manager of the election to the county clerk "to be kept by him in his office open to inspection by the public for twelve months from the date of the election."

There is absolutely no question about the interpretation and construction of this Statute. Whenever called upon by any citizen you are compelled to exhibit the poll list and tally list, and if you should refuse to do so, in our opinion, you could be compelled to exhibit same.

Yours very truly,  
Adams & Young.

The above opinions from lawyers of high standing are certainly sufficient to show any reasonable man that I have not violated the law, but, on the other hand, have done what was my duty. I have taken no stand with either side of this controversy over the road law, but am simply trying to do my duty as an officer and expect to continue to do so as the law directs, regardless of whether or not it pleases a few.

I invite an investigation of my official acts at the hands of the next grand jury; perhaps they, with the assistance of able attorneys, can find out whether or not I have violated the law. I am only trying, in my official acts, to be a faithful servant of the people without favors to any man beyond the bounds of the law. There are a few people, I am sorry to say, who, though well informed as to the law governing these matters, are deliberately trying to discredit me and my official acts in the eyes of the people. Of course to these it will be useless to quote the law. I hope, however, that those who are willing to take the law as it is, will withhold censuring me until I do violate the law. I am sorry that my official position has placed me up as a target for some people, but I expect to do my duty as long as I am honored with this position. Respectfully submitted,  
O. C. Goodwin, County Clerk, Houston county, Texas. (Advertisement.)

Ball Game at Lovelady.

Lovelady defeated Crockett Friday by the score of 12 to 3. Both teams played well in the field, but Crockett was outclassed at the bat. The pitching of Perry was the feature of the game. He relieved Collins in the fourth and pitched the remainder of the game and allowed only one hit.

Batteries: Crockett, Punch and Arledge; Lovelady, Collins, Perry and Newton. Reporter.

## ELECTION CONTEST DENIED.

### Commissioners' Court Decides Against a Recount and Declares The Result.

The commissioners' court met in special called session Saturday to canvass the returns and announce the result of the recent election on superintendent of roads and bridges. The session was opened at 2 o'clock in the afternoon with a full attendance of the court.

Attorney D. A. Nunn Jr. was present to represent W. B. Page, J. H. Smith, G. Q. King, J. V. Collins and others, resident taxpayers, seeking to contest the recent election and asking for a recount in certain boxes. A strong opposition to a recount had developed at Grapeland, and Grapeland citizens—W. F. Murchison, G. E. Garsey, M. D. Murchison and others—were represented by attorney John I. Moore.

Mr. Nunn presented his petition showing whom he was representing, alleging certain irregularities and asking for a recount in certain boxes, the principal one being the Grapeland box. He submitted a list of the votes challenged and the reason for challenging each vote. Illegal voting because of the non-ownership of real estate and the non-payment of poll taxes were the principal reasons set out.

Mr. Moore for the Grapeland citizens followed. He made a formal denial of existence of the illegal votes in the Grapeland box and alleged irregularities in other boxes, citing specially the Crockett boxes. He asked that, if one box be opened and recounted, all be opened and recounted. He alleged that contestants' petition was defective in that it failed to show that the result of the election would be changed by a recount.

Mr. Nunn replied that the contestants had no way of showing that the result would be changed before recounting the ballots; that while they alleged certain men had voted illegally, they had no way of ascertaining on which side they voted; that all they asked was that all illegal votes be thrown out and the result declared from what remained; that the contestants were willing to have all boxes recounted, and that they would join hands with their opponents on this ground.

Mr. Nunn had the opening and closing, and at this juncture the commissioners retired for a consultation, and Mr. Moore, the attorney for the Grapeland people, was called into the consultation, which lasted for some time. When the commissioners reappeared in the court room, Commissioner Murchison, acting as spokesman and addressing counsel for contestants, announced that the commissioners had asked counsel for the Grapeland people if he would agree to abide by the result of a recount and that counsel had answered in the negative; that he now desired to ask counsel for the contestants the same question, whereupon counsel answered that, the other side having refused to agree to abide by the result, he himself could not agree to do so. Commissioner Murchison then

made a motion that the court proceed to canvass the returns and the motion was seconded by Commissioner Lively. The motion carried without opposition. The result was declared as published in another place in the Courier.

Attorney for the contestants announced that, as the contest would likely be carried into the district court, he be permitted to be present during the canvassing of the returns. His request was granted.

## Shallow and Frequent Cultivation.

Dallas, Texas, June 3.—Correspondents of the Texas Industrial congress who are following its instructions in contesting for the \$10,000 cash prizes for the best yields of corn and cotton report excellent results from shallow cultivation of their crops and the maintenance of a dust mulch to prevent evaporation of the moisture in the ground. Shallow cultivation every four or five days keeps down the weeds and saves the fertilizing elements of the soil for the growing crop and at the same time keeps the ground from crusting. Many farmers who are practicing these simple but effective methods say their corn and cotton are fresh and green while their neighbors' crops are burning up, which emphasizes the fact that the dryer the weather conditions the greater is the necessity for continuous shallow cultivation.

Our farms are the heart of our national life and the chief source of our material greatness. Tear down every edifice in our towns and cities and labor will rebuild them, but abandon the farms and our cities will crumble away and disappear forever.

The track has been laid on the Coleman cut-off between Coleman and Lubbock, and it is expected that the road will be in operation by June 15th, and will open a new route to California.

When in Crockett

Eat at the

# CITY

## RESTAURANT

Capps & Manning

Proprietors.

Regular Meals

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Ladies' Dining Room

# Oil Oil Oil

A full line of gasoline and lubricating oils for machines, automobiles, farm machinery and high-grade cylinder and engine oil.

Buy a Clark Jewel gasoline stove and make your summer cooking a pleasure—cool, comfortable and convenient.

Fuller & Johnson farm pump engines, pumps, water and gas pipes, bath tubs, lavatories, kitchen sinks and water closets, cream separators and churns.

**All Kinds Repair Work.**

**C. A. CLINTON**  
Plumbing and Supplies.

## Social Items.

### Lovelady.

Miss Mollie May Roark of Dodge is the guest of Miss Nell Turner.

Miss Pauline Lawrence is the pleasant guest of relatives in Lufkin.

Miss Stella Nussle is the guest of relatives in Mexia and Teague.

Miss Jewel Parker is visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. A. Norris, in Crockett this week.

Miss Oas Lundy of Huntsville spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Lundy.

Misses Alma Moore and Irene Bruton returned last week from Denton Industrial College at Denton.

Miss Lucille Collins of Groveton is the guest of Miss Nell Turner.

Mrs. Crawford of Houston spent a week with Mrs. Hayne Mainer.

Mrs. W. O. Phipps was a visitor in Grapeland last week.

Mrs. G. G. Alexander and little Miss Laurine were guests of Mrs. F. C. Woodard in Grapeland last

week.

Mr. and Mrs. Grover C. Bland passed through Lovelady en route Dallas after spending their honeymoon with relatives in Wallis. Mrs. Bland was Miss Minnie Hutchings before her marriage to Mr. Bland.

Mrs. H. E. Harris and Miss Maud Harris returned last week from Greenville.

Mr. Clem Corley of Beaumont was the guest of friends last week.

Prof. Norman H. Moore of San Marcos is spending his vacation with his parents, Postmaster and Mrs. C. B. Moore.

The following went from Lovelady to attend the Sam Houston Summer Normal at Huntsville: Misses Maggie Robinson, Kate and Bessie Hutchings, Lettie Beeson, Edna Burton, Hubert Burton, Jno. Beeson, Jno. Gilbert.

Mrs. Ollie McWhorter of Huntsville is the guest of Mrs. G. G. Alexander.

Mrs. H. H. La Rue is on the sick list.

The San Angelo Chamber of Commerce has appointed a committee to lay plans for a bond issue for good roads in Tom Green county.

### Do We Need a Guardian?

Are the people of Houston county a set of imbeciles and need a guardian to look after their affairs? Had we better not throw up our hands in despair and get somebody to look after us to keep us from falling into the fire? This seems to be the opinion of a few people around Crockett, judging from the way they are acting over the result of the recent election. The Messenger kept out of the road superintendent fight. We published the law twice for the people to read and study, so they could vote as their intelligence dictated. They did so, and the result was that they abolished the office of superintendent of roads and bridges. The verdict of the people—who are sovereign—did not satisfy some people, and they at once set about to thwart the will of the people by contesting the election. This is perfectly legitimate if done in the proper way, but what right have a set of men to deliberately break into the ballot boxes in order to establish evidence to contest an election before the commissioners' court had canvassed the returns? It leads one to believe that there is some ulterior or sinister motive at the bottom of it. We have been informed that just such a thing has been done at Crockett.

Now, we would like to know why Crockett is anxious for a superintendent of roads and bridges? Both the local papers at the hub have declared that Crockett will not be affected in the least by the result of the election, that they will have a superintendent to build their roads regardless of a county superintendent. Then why all this fuss?

It was alleged before the election that the road law was gotten up in the interest of Crockett, but we are sure not very many votes were influenced by this charge. But since the proposition has been defeated, the actions of some people at Crockett will lead people to believe that the allegation was true, and an argument in their favor is the law itself. A road and bridge superintendent could very easily work in Crockett's seven-mile-each-way road district and comply with the law, for that road district covers a part of every commissioner's precinct in the county.

We do not charge that the people of Crockett had in mind such a scheme, but as above stated, their actions are causing the people to open their eyes and wonder why.

Is it not a violation of the law for any one to tamper with election returns before the vote has been canvassed? If not, then our law books ought to be burned and our court houses allowed to crumble to the earth. Neither should we proclaim to the world in stentorian voices that we stand for the purity of the ballot.

We hope this matter will be probed to the bottom and if a crime has been committed that the guilty parties be punished to the fullest extent of the law.

"If this be treason, hang us."—Grapeland Messenger.

### A Leading California Druggist

Pasadena, Cal., March 9, 1911.  
Foley & Co., Gentlemen:—We have sold and recommended Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for years. We believe it to be one of the most efficient expectorants on the market. Containing no opiates or narcotics it can be given freely to children. Enough of the remedy can be taken to relieve a cold, as it has no nauseating results, and does not interfere with digestion. Yours very truly, C. H. Ward Drug Co., C. L. Parsons, Sec'y and Treas." Get the original Foley's Honey and Tar Compound in the yellow package. Will McLean.

# EXTRA

**Seventeen Deaths in Crockett in One Week.**

'Tis said only the good die young. We know this to be a fact in this case, as we kill only the youngest and best of everything in meats.

We solicit your patronage and are ever ready to please.

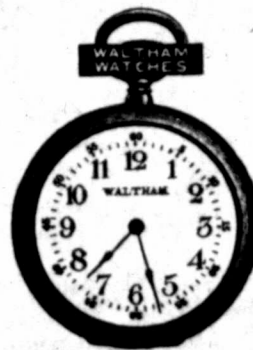
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**Crockett Market Co.**

**On the Square.**

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**Expert Watchmaker and Jeweler.**



Elgin and Waltham Watches, 20-year Standard Cases, from \$10.00 up.  
Simmons' and other Standard Chains, from \$2.50 up.  
Solid Gold Rings, \$1.00 up. Bracelets from \$2.50 up.

Your Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairs Done Correctly, Lasting and Quick.

LOOK FOR THE BIG GRAY WATCH SIGN.

Everything Guaranteed at Living Prices.

EAST SIDE SQUARE

CROCKETT, TEXAS

# Sidewalks!

SEE

**Clark Bros.**

Let them build you a first-class concrete walk and keep your feet dry.

Harris Hotel

Telephone 110

*Beautify your home for the children's sake.*



Dear Amy:

Don't you think that lots of parents do their children a wrong by not fixing up a beautiful home for them? I think nothing has such a refining influence upon children as a lovely furnished home; it is a necessary part of their education.

I'm going to see that my children grow up in the proper home atmosphere. I feel like I owe this also to my husband and to myself.

Bring the kiddies to see Baby John.

With love, always your friend,

Lou.

P. S.—What beautiful and well-made furniture you can buy from

**J. D. Sims**

# Machinery

# Repaired

**Steam, Gas and Gasoline Engines Repaired and Overhauled.**

Have your machinery put in first-class shape by one that knows how and why. Look over your plant and see if you haven't neglected something that is very essential that you should have fixed at once.

Have your gin lighted by electricity and receive lower insurance rates than you now receive.

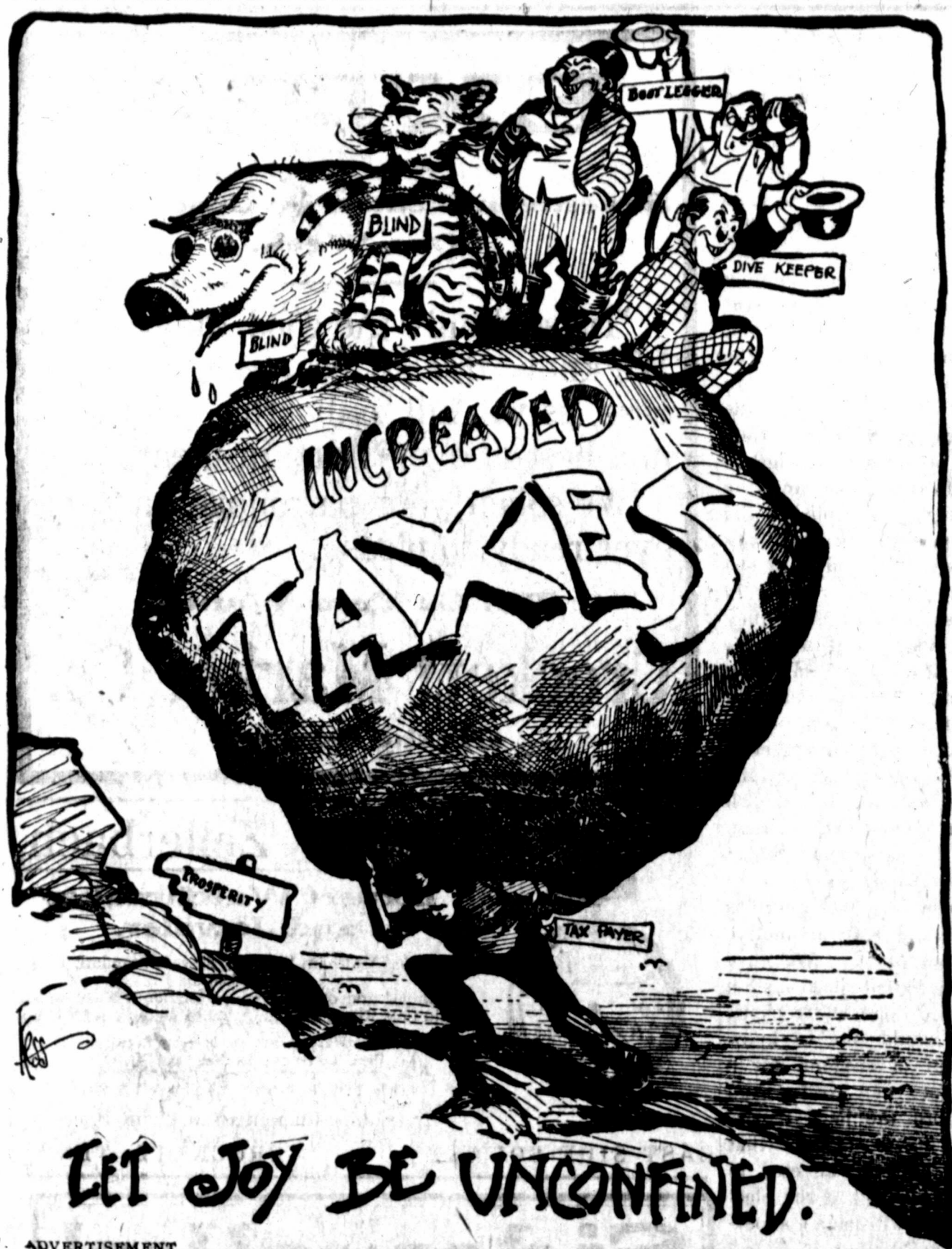
Think it over and if you find anything that needs fixing send for

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dences in the careers of Governor Harmon and President Taft. Always Harmon has followed Taft or Taft has followed Harmon. Harmon resigned as Judge in Ohio, and Taft took his place. Then Mr. Taft became solicitor general of the United States. Harmon followed him to Washington as a cabinet member. Will he follow Taft to Washington again?

Governor Harmon was born in Newtown, Hamilton county, O., Feb. 3, 1846, and he therefore is in his sixty-fifth year. One not acquainted with this fact would take him to be no more than fifty-five. He is just as vigorous as a man of many years under fifty-five and as fond of sports and of the out of doors as a schoolboy. He rides with the grace of a regular army cavalryman, plays golf, competes with the crack rifle shots of the O. N. G. annually and makes good scores, goes to Michigan every summer for his vacation and fishes and fishes, and he is a baseball fan of the species that records each play made during a game on a score card.

He was for years pitcher in a nine composed of business men who met every Saturday afternoon out in the suburbs of the Queen City to try diamond conclusions with teams from other localities. Judson Harmon never missed a game while he was in town. He would go to the ball field, shed his coat and collar and wade in and pitch nine straight innings with all the vigor of a big leaguer.

Mr. Harmon's father was a Baptist minister, and from him he received his early education. In 1866 he graduated from the Baptist college at Denison, Licking county, and in 1892 the school honored him with the degree of LL. D. He attended the Cincinnati Law school and graduated in 1899.

Mr. Harmon's idea of what Democracy should do can be summed up in the closing words of an interview which he gave, as follows:

"I take it that the true platform of

the Democracy is the preservation to the utmost of the rights of the common man—the man who has not might or wealth to twist the current of events to suit himself, to observe to the strictest possible degree the limits of authority imposed by the constitution, to administer the government economically and in doing that to levy only the amount of taxes, direct or through a tariff, which will meet the expenses of the government.

"Am I a believer in the income tax?" said the governor in response to a question. "Most assuredly," he continued. "Without such a tax the expenses of the federal government, which now amount to a billion dollars per year, cannot be fairly distributed. They are now collected by tariff and other taxes on consumption, and the enormous vested wealth of the country escapes. A few states have undertaken to tax incomes, but, as I am advised, with little success. Changes of legal residence are too easy to make. The efficiency of a federal income tax has been proved. The levying of one would help secure the lowering of tariff taxes, so greatly and generally desired, while the people will watch more closely what is done with their money when they know they are paying taxes and how much."

**The Surest Place.**  
Speaker (warning to his subject)—What we want is men with convictions, and where shall we find them?  
Voice—in jail, gov'nor.—London Telegraph.

**When One Loses Confidence.**  
After a man loses confidence in himself it is not likely that anybody else is going to exhibit much enthusiasm over his abilities.—Chicago Record-Herald.

God gives every bird its food, but does not throw it into the nest.—Titcomb.

### SOME HARMON EPIGRAMS

Guilt is always personal.  
I would vote for a Republican for United States senator if the people by their votes declared for a Republican, and I would be proud to do it, for I would simply be doing the will of the people.  
The party emblem in municipal elections is an aid to the ignorant and those who corrupt voters and no help to upright and intelligent electors. Both parties would be better off if they were kept out of purely municipal elections.  
The people who support the government have to economize. Why should their public servants not do the same?  
It is not the existence or discovery of wrongdoing that brings shame to a state, but failure to put a stop to it.  
We must make the state government more broadly useful, for its powers are ample to grapple with many things which have been developed by new conditions.  
There can be no relief so long as the interests which profit through tariff laws are allowed to frame them.  
A lawyer's honor is his crown, and no hand but his own can ever dis-crown him.

**Might Spare a Few.**  
It is said that never was there a gentler critic than Dr. McClintock of Dickinson college. One day a young orator presented his speech for Dr. McClintock's approval. He evidently did not anticipate adverse criticism. He received it nevertheless, given in the doctor's gentle, humorous way, which never could offend.

"It's a good speech," he said, "but there is perhaps a little too much of a certain sort of rhetoric. For instance, I find in it two midnight owls, two midnight wolves, three American eagles and four unfurled banners. It seems to me that the supply exceeds the demand."

**A Mighty Big Can.**  
An Irish harvester found himself in a small Scottish town. At the gas works he saw a gasometer for the first time in his life and stopped a countryman who was passing to ask, "What's that big round thing there standing on end?"  
The Scotchman scratched his head and replied, "A dinna ken."  
"Get out with you," said the Irishman. "You never saw a dinner can as big as that in your life."

**Putting His Foot in It.**  
Guest (to hostess at private theatricals)—Madam, you played your part splendidly. It fits you to perfection.  
Hostess—I'm afraid not. A young and pretty woman is needed for that part.  
Guest—Oh, but, madam, you have positively proved the contrary.—Boston Transcript.

**Duncan Smoked in Church.**  
Sir Walter Scott in his "Heart of Midlothian" refers to one Duncan of Knockunder, an important personage, who smoked during the whole of the sermon from an iron pipe tobacco borrowed from other worshippers. We are told that at the end of the discourse he knocked the ashes out of his pipe, replaced it in his sporan, returned the tobacco pouch to its owner and joined in the prayer with decency and attention.

**A Complex Accomplishment.**  
"I understand you speak French like a native."  
"No," replied the student. "I've got the grammar and the accent down pretty fine, but it's hard to learn the gestures."—Washington Star.

**A Feeling Allusion.**  
"I heard Uncle Joe talking about something he said he saw at the horse races, but I know better," confided the recently chastised small boy to his chum. "He saw 'em right here, and they're my ma and pa."  
"What did he say?" asked the chum. "He said he saw a spanking team."—Baltimore American.

**A Learned Russian Baby.**  
William Lyon Phelps tells this story about Robert Louis Stevenson as illustrating the cosmopolitanism of Russian character, which Professor Phelps says is unaccountable in a measure for the international effect and influence of Russian novels. Stevenson, writing from Mentone to his mother, Jan. 7, 1874, said: "We have two little Russian girls, with the youngest of whom, a little polyglot button of a three-year-old, I had the most laughable little scene at lunch today. She said something in Italian which made everybody laugh very much. After some examination she announced emphatically to the whole table in German that I was a madchen. This hasty conclusion as to my sex she was led afterward to revise, but her new opinion was announced in a language quite unknown to me and probably Russian. To complete the scroll of her accomplishments she said goodby to me in very commendable English." Three days later Stevenson added: "The little Russian kid is only two and a half. She speaks six languages."

**"A Right and Lawful Rood."**  
An example of the old rough and ready methods of arriving at a measurement is the Elizabethan way of getting the "feet." Falentin Leigh, who wrote on surveying, records that after service on Sunday sixteen men were stopped at the church door, just as they happened to come out, and drawn up in line, left foot to left foot. The length thus obtained was taken as "a right and lawful rood to measure and survey the land with," and a sixteenth part of it as "a right and lawful foot." Although big and little men were thus roughly averaged against each other, the results naturally varied to some extent. Hence it is, as Shaw Sparrow notes in treating of this "rood" as the architectural "bay" which gives us the "bay window," that a bay is sometimes found to be rather less than sixteen feet of twelve inches.—London Chronicle.

**The Shepherd and His Flock.**  
A certain good bishop was in Italy for his health, and while walking in the country one day he met a small girl who was tending some pigs. The animals were giving her a great deal of trouble, and the good bishop offered to stay and watch the ones that were grunting and rooting in a ditch while the little shepherdess went to catch two runaways that had strayed from the fold. When she came back the reverend gentleman stroked the unkempt curly head of the child and asked her how much she earned by her hard work and was told that she received 4 soldi a day.

"Do you know," said he, "that I, too, am a shepherd? But I earn much more than you."

"Ah yes," answered the little peasant, "but no doubt you tend many more pigs than I do."  
**Impaling the Wild Bear.**  
In Germany the bear hunt occurs annually. Trained hounds are held in leash until the lair of the bears is sniffed, and then they are let go. Off rush the bristling beasts. They run fast, and the faster they skip along the wilder and "madder" they get. Sometimes they are shot, but the correct style of killing is to use a long spear or a short swordlike knife. The hunter spies his boarship speeding along in an almost straight line, blinded with rage and ferocity. Bending over sideways to the earth, the sportsman thrusts his spear

dull end downward in the soil and the sharp point slanting upward and turned directly to the bear's path. Straight on the wild hog rushes, and with all the impetus of his long flight he plunges upon the spear point and there, impaled, dies a bloody death.

**Peculiarity of Sea Otter Fur.**  
"This collar," said a furrier, "is sea otter skin, the costliest fur known. Silver fox, beside sea otter, is cheap. Where you would pay \$1,000 for a silver fox skin you'd pay \$2,000 for a sea otter. It is only the Russians, the world's greatest fur lovers, who go in for this most precious of all furs. They use it exclusively for coat collars. Why? For a strange reason, an almost incredible reason. Sea otter is the only fur on which the breath won't freeze."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

**MacPherson's Testimony.**  
The MacPherson—Man, Judkins is right—there's a deal of sufferin' attendant on yon whusky drinkin', for, MacTaggart, ye'll mind me, whiles a mon's drinkin' his ain whusky there's the terrible expense tae think of, an' whiles he's drinkin' a friend's whusky he drinks sae much that he suffers terrible the morn.—London M. A. P.

**The Sequence.**  
It was a Kingston (Ont.) woman who recently sized up one feature of the servant girl question in a new way. She said, "I got a girl to relieve me of physical fatigue, and soon I got rid of her to relieve me of mental fatigue."

**Cited His Own Case.**  
Singleton—Even a married man has a right to his own opinion. Her peckke—My dear fellow, it isn't a question of right. It's a question of courage.—Philadelphia Record.

**Little Words.**  
Out of the 297 words in Abraham Lincoln's immortal Gettysburg speech 196 are words of only one syllable. It isn't the big words that count.—New York Herald.

**The Recoil.**  
Sophomore—Wonder what makes the telegraph lines hum? Senator—I've wired dad for dough, and I guess he's talking back.—Chicago Journal.

**Shark Soup.**  
In Ceylon there is a considerable trade in the oil of the white shark. The fins of the animal are very rich in gelatin and are used largely by the Chinese for making soup, of which they declare that the turtle soup so prized by epicures in this country is but a distant and feeble imitation.

**Well Patched.**  
Johnny's mamma had put several patches on his trousers, and when the little fellow tried the trousers on he said gravely, "Mamma, if you had made the patches a little bigger I'd have had new pants."

**Hard Luck.**  
She—Because I cannot marry you do not be disheartened! You must face the world bravely. He—It isn't a question of the world; I've got to face my creditors.

**Secret Sorrows.**  
Believe me, every heart has its secret sorrows which the world knows not, and oftentimes we call a man cold when he is only sad.—Longfellow.

The innocent seldom find an uneasy pillow.—Cowper.

### SOME BIG BILLS A REAL GOVERNOR OBTAINED FOR PEOPLE IN OHIO

The Oregon plan of nominating and electing United States senators by direct vote of the people.  
Placing the Ohio judiciary beyond the clutches of party bosses by electing all judges on nonpartisan ballots.  
A workmen's compensation act, so that injured employees can get damages without expensive and tedious litigation.  
A public utility commission with authority to regulate issues of stock, rates, mergers and service.  
A corrupt practice act that will make vote buying in primaries and elections a dangerous undertaking.  
A limited initiative and referendum for Ohio cities.  
A central board of control for nineteen state institutions to take the place of nineteen separate boards of trustees with their corps of employees. This bill places subordinates employees in the institution under civil service.  
A shorter ballot by abolishing boards of advisory directors of three members each.  
A reform of Ohio election laws to prevent corruption and fraud.  
To have delegates to the 1912 Ohio constitutional convention nominated by petition only and elected on nonpartisan ballots.  
To stimulate the agricultural industry by requiring agriculture to be taught in all Ohio villages and country schools.  
Ratification of the proposed income tax amendment to the federal constitution.  
Memorializing congress to call a convention to provide for the direct election of United States senators.  
Insuring the honest handling of all state money by depositing in banks under the competitive bidding plan.  
Creating a fund of \$2,000,000 every year by general levy to give Ohio a system of improved roadways equal to the best in the world.  
A complete reformation of tax laws that will put tax delinquents out of business and will compel corporations and owners of intangible property that have been dodging taxes to place their holdings on the duplicate the same as small property owners. Included in this is a 1 per cent tax levy limit bill.  
Providing for the construction of a women's reformatory and placing all girls in the state correctional institutions under the control of a woman.  
Public utilities bill, corrupt practices act and the initiative and referendum have passed both houses, but are in the hands of the conference committee. These bills will become laws in satisfactory form.

## Cooling as an Icicle

If you want to think of crisp winter weather and sparkling frost; if you want to forget the heat and the dust and the thirst, for real, cool comfort, drink

# Coca-Cola

As sparkling, wholesome and refreshing as a spring house icicle. So next time you're hot or tired or thirsty, if you're anywhere near a place that sells Coca-Cola, go in and give yourself a real treat.

Delicious — Refreshing  
Thirst-Quenching  
5c Everywhere

Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola."

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY  
Atlanta, Ga.



### The Ambition of Bryan, and the Democratic Party.

Intolerance and arrogance have always been the chief defects in Mr. Bryan's nature. Few men in public life seem to regard themselves as so nearly infallible. The defects and the misfortunes which have come to him and his party as the result of his own blundering have apparently in no wise diminished his confidence in his own judgment. It remains absolute. He is as unwilling, and as unable, now as in the days when his judgment was untested to yield something of his own view in favor of an opposite view. The possibility of his being in error is an idea that he can not patiently entertain. The error, he believes, is inevitably in the man who is unable to see as he does. He makes the test of truth, and even of sincerity, agreement with his own dicta.

This we say in defense of Mr. Bryan, whom Chairman Underwood of the ways and means committee accuses of trying to disrupt the democratic party. That is not so; Mr. Bryan has no such malefic motive. It is true that his denunciation of those democrats who do not agree with him that wool ought to be put on the free list is marplotish and must tend to disrupt the party, and thus diminish the bright prospect it has of winning a triumph in the nation next year. But Bryan is not animated by the desire to accomplish such a result; he is moved irresistibly by the ineradicable conviction that only he is competent to direct the democratic party.

The News has expressed the opinion frequently, and still entertains it, that Mr. Bryan is not seeking another nomination. He will be content to be the democratic party's overlord, and to see, as its nominee for the presidency, one who will accept Mr. Bryan as his mentor. Speaker Clark is the man whom Mr. Bryan has selected, wherefore it is a peculiarly embarrassing circumstance that the revolt against Mr. Bryan's dictatorship should be led by Mr. Underwood, who, among democrats of the house, is nearest and dearest to Speaker Clark. The

contretemps can not be other than adverse to Speaker Clark's fast growing ambitions.

Nevertheless, it is to be hoped that Mr. Underwood will persist in his purpose. Mr. Bryan wields a large influence among democrats, and rightly so. But the democratic party needs no dictator. If it did, there are few democrats who have at once less claim to the honor and less competence for the task. The democratic party owes Mr. Bryan nothing; he owes it much. A proper regard for the relations between them would prompt him to be content and grateful for the honors and powers which for twelve years he enjoyed undisputedly; and more to his own than the party's profit.—Galveston News.

Blisters on the hands, burns, scalds, old sores, lame back and rheumatism are all subject to the great healing and penetrating power of Ballard's Snow Lintment. It is a marvelous pain relief. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

Advertising which has not the confidence of the public can not be made to pay.—Printer's Ink.

When you feel Lazy,  
Stretchy, Half Sick,  
Blue and Out of Sorts,  
look to the Liver; it is  
Torpid.

## HERBINE

Is the Remedy You Need.

It is an invigorating tonic for a torpid liver. The first dose brings improvement, a few days use puts the liver in fine vigorous condition. Herbine also extends its restorative influence to the stomach and bowels. It helps digestion and food assimilation, purifies the bowels and brings back the habit of regular daily bowel movements. When the stomach, liver and bowels are active, bilious impurities no longer obstruct functional processes, the result of which is renewed energy, mental activity and cheerful spirits.

Price 50c per Bottle.  
James F. Ballard, Prop., St. Louis, Mo.  
Use Stephens Eye Salve for  
Sore Eyes. It Cures.

The Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

Southwestern University.  
Georgetown, Tex.,  
May 27, 1911.

Editor Courier:

Thinking that there may possibly be some readers of the Courier who would be glad to acquaint themselves with the plan of instruction at Southwestern University, I have ventured to write you a letter, which I hope you will publish.

As a preliminary statement it may be best to say at the very first that this school is not a preparatory school, nor is it a low class college. Indeed, the academic work done at the Southwestern is on a par with that done at the State University. Under the control of this school are the following departments: Fine Arts, Liberal Arts, Theology, Medical School, Fitting School and Summer Normal.

The plan of instruction at Southwestern is very acceptable to the student body. The year is divided into three terms of three months each; each term is subdivided into two parts of six weeks, at the end of which reports of the work done are made out. Each week has five recitation days, Monday being a holiday; the recitation day in turn is divided into seven recitation periods of one hour each, and a period of twenty minutes is dedicated to chapel services.

This plan of instruction is made even more advantageous by personal attention that each instructor gives the student. The members of the faculty are always willing and ready to encourage those who desire it.

Now that you know something of this system, I shall point out a few of the results obtained. Each year students go from Southwestern to other schools which are considered as having a higher standing. In every instance the credits given by Southwestern are maintained, and records show that these students almost always hold their own. Again, there have been six Rhodes scholarships given in Texas; Southwestern has won half, more than any other school.

Yours truly,  
Earle Porter Adams.

### HAPPY RESULTS.

**Have Made Many Crockett Residents Enthusiastic.**

No wonder scores of Crockett citizens grow enthusiastic. It is enough to make anyone happy to find relief after years of suffering. Public statements like the following are but truthful representations of the daily work done in Crockett by Doan's Kidney Pills.

E. L. Simpson, of Crockett, Texas, says: "A few months ago my back became so lame and painful that I could not stand, and often had to go around with my hands pressed tightly against my loins. I was also annoyed by a frequent desire to pass the kidney secretions. When a friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, I procured a box from I. W. Sweet's Drug Store and they helped me so much that I obtained a further supply. Since using the second box, I have been feeling like my former self. It gives me pleasure to endorse Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

F. S. Rexford, 615 New York Life Building, Kansas City, Mo., says: "I had a severe attack of a cold which settled in my back and kidneys, and I was in great pain from my trouble. A friend recommended Foley Kidney Pills and I used two bottles of them and they have done me a world of good." Will McLean.

Fire      Live Stock      Accident

## INSURANCE

SEE

### M. Satterwhite & Company

TELEPHONE 217      CROCKETT, TEXAS

## Sanitary Sinks



are a necessity in every home. A stopped pipe means an accumulation of foul air and foul air precedes sickness in a variety of forms. Be sure that your house Plumbing is all right. Don't neglect any needed repairs. Call us in and we will fix things right, do the work well and quickly, and ask only a fair price for the job when satisfactorily done.

**C. A. CLINTON,**  
Plumbing and Supplies.

## TEXACO ROOFING

Less expensive than metal or shingles  
Approved by the Fire Underwriters  
Easily put on by the purchaser

MAKE YOUR OLD ROOFS WATERPROOF  
by recoating them with  
TEXACO ROOFING CEMENT  
FOE SALE BY LOCAL DEALERS

**The Texas Company**  
General Offices:      Houston, Texas

## Uses Small Space But Gets Fine Results

To make a success of your advertising does not necessitate a large expenditure of money. Small space used regularly in such a medium as the Crockett Courier, with good clean copy, telling the truth in a straightforward manner, is certain to bring splendid returns.

A prominent retail merchant of Crockett has the following to say regarding the use of small space in the Courier:

"As you know, I do not use any large amount of space at any time, but I use small space in the Courier regularly and I get excellent results. I consider the money I spend in the Courier the best advertising investment I make. Our business is growing every day and we have made scores of new customers through our Courier advertising and I consider

## The Courier

the best advertising medium in East Texas."

### More Hogs and Better Hogs.

Manager Edson of the Cuero Packing Company has offered a prize of fifty dollars to the farmer raising the largest hog for the market; also fifty dollars for the one raising the best shaped hog and the Cuero business men will supplement the amount with like contributions.

There is not enough hogs raised in Texas to supply the demand of our packing houses, a large per cent being shipped in from neighboring States and the method of the Cuero packer in encouraging the production of more hogs and better hogs is a step in the right direction.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will brace up the nerves, banish sick headache, prevent drowsiness and invigorate the whole system. Sold by Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

**FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR**  
stops the cough and heals lungs

### Your Neighbor's Experience

How you may profit by it. Take Foley Kidney Pills. Mrs. E. G. Whiting, 350 Willow Street, Akron, O., says: "For some time I had a very serious case of kidney trouble and I suffered with backaches and dizzy headaches. I had specks floating before my eyes and I felt all tired out and miserable. I saw Foley Kidney Pills advertised and got a bottle and took them according to directions and results showed almost at once. The pain and dizzy headaches left me, my eyesight became clear, and today I can say I am a well woman, thanks to Foley Kidney Pills." Will McLean.

Lame shoulder is almost invariably caused by rheumatism of the muscles and yields quickly to the free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. This liniment is not only prompt and effectual, but in no way disagreeable to use. Sold by Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

**FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR**  
Cures Colds; Prevents Pneumonia

# We thank you

Our friends have responded in a generous way to our subscription proposition and we have been enabled to place many new names on our subscription lists, all of which we are thankful. Of course, some names were sent us from which we got no returns, but we did not expect to hear favorably from all of them. Those who responded so readily have helped us swell our subscription lists until it has become necessary to install folding and mailing machines in order to handle these lists with any degree of promptness. These additions make the Courier easily the best advertising medium in East Texas.

## An Ad in the Courier

will reach almost all, if not all, the people of Houston county. Those who do not take the Courier themselves borrow their neighbor's paper. While this is not as the Courier would like to have it, still it shows that all the people read the Courier. We would like to have all of our readers as subscribers and not as borrowers, but of course if any are unable to subscribe they will have to be excused for borrowing. If you are troubled with the newspaper borrower, send the Courier his name, and if on investigation we find that he is unable to take this paper we will send it to him free of charge.

## The Courier

Best for the News  
Best for Advertising  
Best for Job Printing

### DEBATE ON LORIMER TOUCHES CONFIDENCE. La Follette Avers that Public Confidence in the Senate is Shaken.

Washington, May 26. — The Lorimer debate in the senate this afternoon got down to fundamentals, namely, public confidence in representative government, and around this point the debate gavitated during the closing hours of the session in their brilliant contributions by Senators La Follette, Bailey and Borah.

The discussion took this turn when Senator La Follette, near the conclusion of his long analysis of the Lorimer case and his proposed method of dealing with that case, appealed to the senate to start off the investigation with the confidence of the people in its sincerity. He also contended that the decision of the senate at its last session was neither conclusive nor accepted by the public.

Senator Bailey replied to this speech and paid special attention to the question of public sentiment in the Lorimer case. He went on record as being in favor now of a most drastic investigation, but he wanted it understood that he favored a reopening of the case because of the production of new testimony, and not because public sentiment is opposed to the last verdict of the senate on Lorimer. He said he would no more grant a rehearing of the Lorimer case in answer to the public clamorings in the papers than he would, as a judge, grant a rehearing in answer to the demands of the spectators in the courtroom.

Senator Borah took occasion to offer a few observations dimetri-

cally opposed to Senator Bailey's position. He said it is the senate's duty to preserve representative government by retaining the confidence of the people, and the senate ought to begin by cutting loose from precedents and courtesies and reaching down in earnest after the graft in the Lorimer case by appointing a committee in a way that would inspire public confidence right at the beginning.

"It cured me," or "It saved the life of my child," are the expressions you hear every day about Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This is true the world over where this valuable remedy has been introduced. No other medicine in use for diarrhoea or bowel complaints has received such general approval. The secret of the success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is that it cures. Sold by Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

#### Canning Factory.

A Chicago firm has erected a new canning factory at San Benito which will be put in operation at once. The machinery has been installed and has been given a thorough try out and pronounced in good condition. The factory will make a speciality of the manufacture of sauer kraut from the hundreds of acres of cabbage which grow in that section.

Help the baby through the teething period by giving it McGee's Baby Elixir. It is a healthful, wholesome remedy, well adapted to a baby's delicate stomach. It contains no opium, or morphine or injurious drug of any kind. Babies thrive under its excellent stomach and bowel correcting influence. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

#### Furniture Factory.

The city of Naples, in Morris county, is going after a furniture factory. The hardwood mill there turns out daily from 70,000 to 100,000 feet of first-class lumber and the citizens of that place with characteristic energy are working for a factory to utilize the products of their mill.

Morris county has an unlimited supply of material for a furniture factory and from ten to fifteen cars of hardwood is shipped from Naples each day to foreign factories to be manufactured into furniture and in many instances shipped back to Texas for local use.

There is no horse liniment more effective for animal flesh than Ballard's Snow Liniment, nor is there any healing remedy for the human body only, that is milder or more efficacious in its action. It heals the sores and wounds of man and beast. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

The farmers who produce the necessities of life are less dependent than the millions of people who live in our cities and towns. Good roads are just as important to the consumers, if not more so, than they are to the producers of the country. Help the farmers build good roads.

#### Foley's Kidney Remedy

Is particularly recommended for chronic cases of kidney and bladder trouble. It tends to regulate and control the kidney and bladder action and is healing, strengthening and bracing. Will McLean.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is sold on a guarantee that if you are not satisfied after using two-thirds of a bottle according to directions, your money will be refunded. It is up to you to try. Sold by Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

#### Good Roads for the South.

That not less than 25,000 miles of road were improved throughout the south in the short period from 1904 to 1909 was asserted by Logan Waller Page, director of the United States office of public roads, in an interesting address before the National Good Roads association at the convention just held at Birmingham, Ala.

The additional miles of road that have been improved make a total of improved mileage of 42,280, or 6.67 per cent of all roads in the South.

"From this," said Mr. Page in his address, "it will be seen that during the brief period of five years the South has increased the mileage of its improved roads by practically 100 per cent, and this during what might be termed a transition period in the administration of its road affairs.

"One of the potent results of these reforms, and one which gives promise of greater progress in the future, is the interest and enthusiasm which has been aroused in the subject of road improvement in the South. That this enthusiasm is of a substantial character is evidenced by the fact that more funds have been raised by taxation and bond issues for expenditure during 1911 than ever before.

"At the present date, there is available for expenditure throughout the sixteen Southern States the sum of \$40,652,000, or \$59 per mile, which is practically double the expenditure of 1904. There will be, however, other large funds available during the year, as many counties are agitating and will, no doubt, vote large bond issues for road improvement. It is further shown that the South is keeping pace with other sections of the country in the matter of road improvement, by the fact that practically one-third of all funds available for expenditure on roads during 1911 are available in the sixteen Southern States, while in 1904 the other States of the Union expended practically four times as much as was expended in the South.

"Conditions in the South require road improvement more urgently than in any other section of the country, for the reason that the roads are subjected to more continuous heavy traffic during the winter months, and, as they are nearly always wet at this season they cut up very badly and become almost impassable. In order to have good, hard roads during this period it is necessary that they be properly graded, drained and surfaced. In the North things are different. There the roads are partially protected by ice and snow most of the time during the winter months, which affords a good, smooth surface upon which traffic may pass.

"To offset this advantage, however, the roads of the South can be improved more cheaply than those of the North. In the South labor is cheaper, and convict labor can be utilized, and the road-building season is longer. Also, a cheaper type of road, in most cases, can be built in the South.

If you are not satisfied after using according to directions two-thirds of a bottle of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, you can have your money back. The tablets cleanse and invigorate the stomach, improve the digestion, regulate the bowels. Give them a trial and get well. Sold by Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

Good roads will help those who cultivate the soil and feed the multitude and whatever aids the producers of our country will increase our wealth and our greatness and benefit all the people of the land.

#### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. C. LIPSCOMB, M. D.,  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office with The Murchison-Beasley Drug Company.

T. R. ATMAR,  
DENTIST,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office over First National Bank.  
Telephone No. 67.  
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.

J. W. MADDEN C. M. (MARVIN) ELLIS  
MADDEN & ELLIS,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts and in both Civil and Criminal cases. Special attention given to all business placed in our hands, including collections and probate matters.  
MADDEN & ELLIS.

J. H. PAINTER,  
LAND LAWYER,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

E. B. STOKES, M. D. J. S. WOOTTERS, M. D.  
STOKES & WOOTTERS  
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.  
Office with The Murchison-Beasley Drug Company.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE  
**PATENTS**  
TRADE MARKS  
DESIGNS  
COPYRIGHTS &c.  
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the  
**Scientific American.**  
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year, four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.  
**MUNN & Co.** 361 Broadway, New York  
Branch Office, 627 F St., Washington, D. C.

—THE—  
**SEMI-WEEKLY FARM NEWS**  
A. H. Belo & Co., Publishers  
Galveston and Dallas, Tex.  
The best newspaper and agricultural journal in the South. Contains more state, national and foreign news than any similar publication, the latest market reports, a strong editorial page and enjoys a reputation throughout the nation for fairness in all matters.  
Specially edited departments for the farmer, the woman and the children.  
**The Farmers' Forum**  
The special agricultural feature of The News, consists chiefly of contributions of subscribers, whose letters in a practical way voice the sentiment and experiences of its readers concerning matters of the farm, home, legislation, etc.  
**The Century Page**  
Published once a week, is a magazine of ideas of the home, every one the contribution of a woman reader of The News about farm life and matters of general interest to the female portion of the family.  
**The Children's Page**  
Is published once a week and is filled with letters from the boys and girls.  
**Rates of Subscription**  
One year, \$1.00; six months, 50c; three months, 25c, payable invariably in advance. Remit by postal or express money order, bank check or registered letter.  
SAMPLE COPIES FREE.  
A. H. BELO & CO., Publishers,  
Galveston or Dallas, Tex.

**More Business**  
can be gotten from Courier advertising than thru any other advertising medium. A trial will prove it. Phone 22

**Middle-Aged and Elderly People**  
Use Foley Kidney Pills for quick and permanent results in all cases of kidney and bladder troubles, and for painful and annoying irregularities. Will McLean.

# GOVERNOR JUDSON HARMON OF OHIO

By A. V. ABERNETHY

**C**OLUMBUS, O.—[Special.]—When the bribery charges against members of the Ohio general assembly exploded with the suddenness and force of a bomb and sent scores on a hunt for lawyers Governor Judson Harmon took the same view of the personality of guilt that he did when he reported to President Roosevelt that Paul Morton, a member of his cabinet, had been guilty of granting rebates while an officer of the Santa Fe railroad. "Guilt is always personal," said Harmon to Roosevelt, and he resigned his commission to investigate rebating because Teddy was inclined to shield Morton.

A few hours after the bribery charges were filed the Ohio executive sent out an order that no man should be spared in the legislative boondoggling investigation. Party and even personal friendships must be set aside, the governor said, and the entire situation cleaned up.

Throughout nineteen years of continuous control Republican state administrations, when charges of irregularities were made involving members of their party, assumed the attitude, "They are our thieves, and we must defend them." There is an Ohio statute which grants immunity to every

compel corporations to stop dodging taxes and pay along with all individual property owners; third, the application of business methods and economy in public expenditures, and, fourth, the enactment of purely non-partisan laws for the benefit of the entire people, irrespective of political parties, and designed to make rule by interest seeking corporations extremely difficult and rule by the people easy.

After he became governor two years ago Mr. Harmon quietly began his investigation of the methods by which public money had been loaned by Republican state treasurers. He learned they put interest earnings in their pockets. There followed in rapid order suits against the estate and bondsmen of W. S. McKinnon, former state treasurer, for \$116,785 and interest thereon; against former State Treasurer I. B. Cameron and his bondsmen for \$211,721 and interest thereon. They were Republicans. Another graft investigation brought forth the exposure, prosecution and conviction of Mark Slater, former Republican state printer, on graft charges in lesser degrees; the settlement of an interest claim of over \$5,700 on funds carried in the bank for former Republican State Auditor Walter D. Guilbert and the filing

of a claim for over \$31,000 with the receiver of a defunct bank at Columbus as an interest charge on funds carried in that bank by Mr. Guilbert as auditor.

These revelations during the governor's first term awakened the civic conscience and paved the way for his subsequent re-election. The Democrats captured the general assembly at the same time.

Then Governor Harmon renewed his efforts in behalf of certain bills two Republican general assemblies denied him.

The most notable achievement accomplished by the executive during the legislative session was the enactment of the Wyman bill, including the Oregon plan of nominating and electing United States senators.

A conference committee was appointed to frame a compromise senatorial nomination and election bill. "I would vote for a Republican for United States senator if the people by their votes declared for a Republican," the governor told this committee during the conference. "I would be proud to do it. I would simply be doing the will of the people." One of the committee suggested the Oregon plan was undemocratic. The executive replied, "It's the very essence of Democracy to put the government back into the hands of the people and let them say whom they want for United States senator."

Governor Harmon took a new tack and had a similar measure offered in the house, the Wyman bill. That body passed it and sent it to the sen-

ate, where the governor finally got sufficient Republican votes to save it. Ohioans had demonstrations recently that their judiciary, one of the most sacred institutions of a free government, had been invaded by party bosses in their inordinate thirst for power. Instead of being places where the people could turn to invoke the penalties of the criminal statutes on those who had offended certain courts were being used, in cases where men of vast political power were concerned, to shield violators from the vengeance of the law.

But the general assembly took a long step forward from boss domination of the courts by enacting a bill providing in the future that all Ohio judges, from the dignified gowned justices of the supreme court down to the humble laymen who sit as justices of the peace, shall be elected on tickets absolutely free from party emblem or device. Nominations may be made by conventions, but the power of bosses to control nominations was broken by a clause in the bill which says that nominations may be made by petitions. There is not another such law in the United States.

Ohio has been hampered by the crude, unwieldy machinery of a constitution which was adopted in 1851, and the subject of making a new organic law is the biggest and most important proposition that has come before a Buckeye general assembly in many years. Selfish hands were being outstretched to get control of the constitutional convention to be held in 1912 when Governor Harmon took charge of the arrangements for it and succeeded in getting through the general assembly a bill which will remove the delegates from political influence and make them responsible to the people only. So well did he manage the campaign that Ohio will set a precedent for all other states to follow when they come to rewrite their organic laws.

Nominations of delegates will be made by petition only, and nominees will be elected on ballots absolutely free from party device or emblem or any form of party designation. The liquor question, which has been a sore spot in Ohio for sixty years, will be finally settled when the new constitution is adopted.

The state when Governor Harmon grasped the reins of government had nineteen penal, reformatory and benevolent institutions, with the responsibility of governing them divided among nineteen separate boards of trustees, three members to a board. They were so conducted as to secure neither economy nor best results.

These trusteeships, all honorable positions and eagerly sought after, had been used as a sort of currency to purchase nominations and to repay the boys who had delivered votes in conventions. The trustees appointed superintendents and all subordinates, and these combined to furnish the dynamic power for the steam roller which the late Mark Hanna and Boss George B. Cox used to crush the life out of rebellions against the rule of the G. O. P. machine.

Governor Harmon's idea was that "the establishments which a Christian state maintains for charity are sacred and that every selfish purpose should perish at their doors."

Acting on this principle, the governor framed and forced through the general assembly a bill placing all employees of the institutions ranking below superintendent under civil service rules. The nineteen separate boards of trustees and nineteen stewards under this law were legislated out of office, and the duties of the fifty-seven trustees

fellow servant rule, assumed risk and contributory negligence.

The employee cannot resort to the courts for damages when injured in the factory of a corporation which pays into the state compensation fund except when the injury is caused by the disregard of a law, ordinance or order issued by an authorized public officer providing for the protection of employees or by the willful wrong of an employer, his officer or agents.

The employer contributes 90 per cent of the compensation fund and the employees 10 per cent. Awards range from \$3,400 to \$1,500 and are graded on the scale of wages paid employees.

The taxing laws of the state were a joke when Mr. Harmon was inducted into office and the taxpayers had no means to check extravagance of their public officers. These men decided on the amount of money they were going to spend in a year and then made a levy to produce that amount. Taxpayers could do nothing but pay.

"The authority which demands must be curbed," said the executive in a message to the general assembly. That body obeyed and passed the Smith bill which limited the maximum tax rate that could be levied by public officers in each district to 1 per cent of tax duplicates. That was sufficient, the governor held, for an economical administration. If more money were needed there was incorporated in the Smith bill a provision for a referendum vote on a higher rate.

There were a large number of taxing boards composed of various state officers with jurisdiction over excise and other corporate taxation, but different boards were made up of different officers so that there could be no uniform and consistent action. Auditors in eighty-eight Ohio counties had nearly eighty-eight different rules of appraising property, with the result that no one got a square deal.

Governor Harmon had a bill drafted to abolish all these boards and to place the entire taxing machinery of the commonwealth in the hands of a single state commission of three members. Other new tax laws make it possible to chase out of hiding millions of dollars of property and also strengthen and broaden the inquisitorial powers of the state tax commission.

Ohioans expected big things from Judson Harmon when they elected him their governor. The achievements of the Democratic general assembly show the expectations of the people have been realized. He had been a leading attorney for years, but a search of his record disclosed Harmon, while he had corporations among his clients, had never given his talents to appear in a court suit against the people. As an attorney general of the United States he had proved to be a friend of the people, fighting through court cases, which established the foundation of all jurisprudence on the anti-trust subject. In private life he was recognized as one of the ablest lawyers in Ohio.

In February, 1910, ten months before the state election in Ohio, when Judson Harmon would go before the people for re-election, Ohio Republicans by order of President Taft held a harmony meeting in Dayton. The Republicans at Dayton did not talk of helping President Taft or of restoring the Repub-

lican party; they talked about the chance of defeating Governor Harmon, and they did not talk hopefully. Unconsciously they paid a patent tribute to the real strength of the man. It suddenly revealed the tremendous success of Governor Harmon and his complete mastery of the political situation in Ohio. The plan of opposition outlined in Dayton has never ceased. No governor has ever been opposed by so strong a force as Governor Harmon.

During his first term of two years a Republican general assembly to discredit him reduced the treasury balance \$2,652,858.68 by making appropriations exceed revenues and also created obligations amounting to \$2,000,000

more by deciding to build new structures for state institutions. When the revenues were reduced \$500,000 a year by voting out saloons and several hundred thousands of dollars were added to the wrong column by the abolishment of prison labor contracts Harmon's arms were apparently tied, and his enemies laughed at his discomfort.

The governor promptly reduced public expenditures. Then, instead of a general levy, the proper enforcement of the excise laws provided \$500,000 additional every year. The establishment of a market for prison manufactured goods and the concentration of authority over nineteen state institutions is expected to add another \$500,000 to the state revenues. Thus was the situation met and the state restored to a sound financial basis without any additional burdens being imposed on the people who are least able to be further taxed.

Voters like to support clean and able men, as has been demonstrated in many localities where the electors displayed remarkable discrimination in honoring exceptional men with an exceptional vote. This explains why in a strongly Republican state Judson Harmon was elected governor of Ohio two years ago by a plurality of 19,372 in the face of a Republican plurality of 69,591 in the vote for president. On his record as governor of the state Judson Harmon was prepared to go before the people and ask re-election.

With precedent against him, the election machinery against him, with the president of the United States, a citizen of the same state, fighting him for re-election and in the face of a strong Republican sentiment to combat, Governor Harmon nevertheless was given a majority of 101,000.

Ohio repudiated her favorite son, William H. Taft, president of the United States. Governor Harmon won the greatest Democratic victory in the history of Ohio or of the middle west. It was a crushing blow to the president.

There are some things in Ohio more popular than the Taft smile. One of them is the Hon. Judson Harmon, who will countenance no frills and who sits on the edge of a big table that occupies the center of the governor's reception room and chats with visitors. "Common as an old shoe" is the way Ohio farmers size up their governor after they see him perched on that table, swinging his feet, and hear him talk straight from the shoulder.

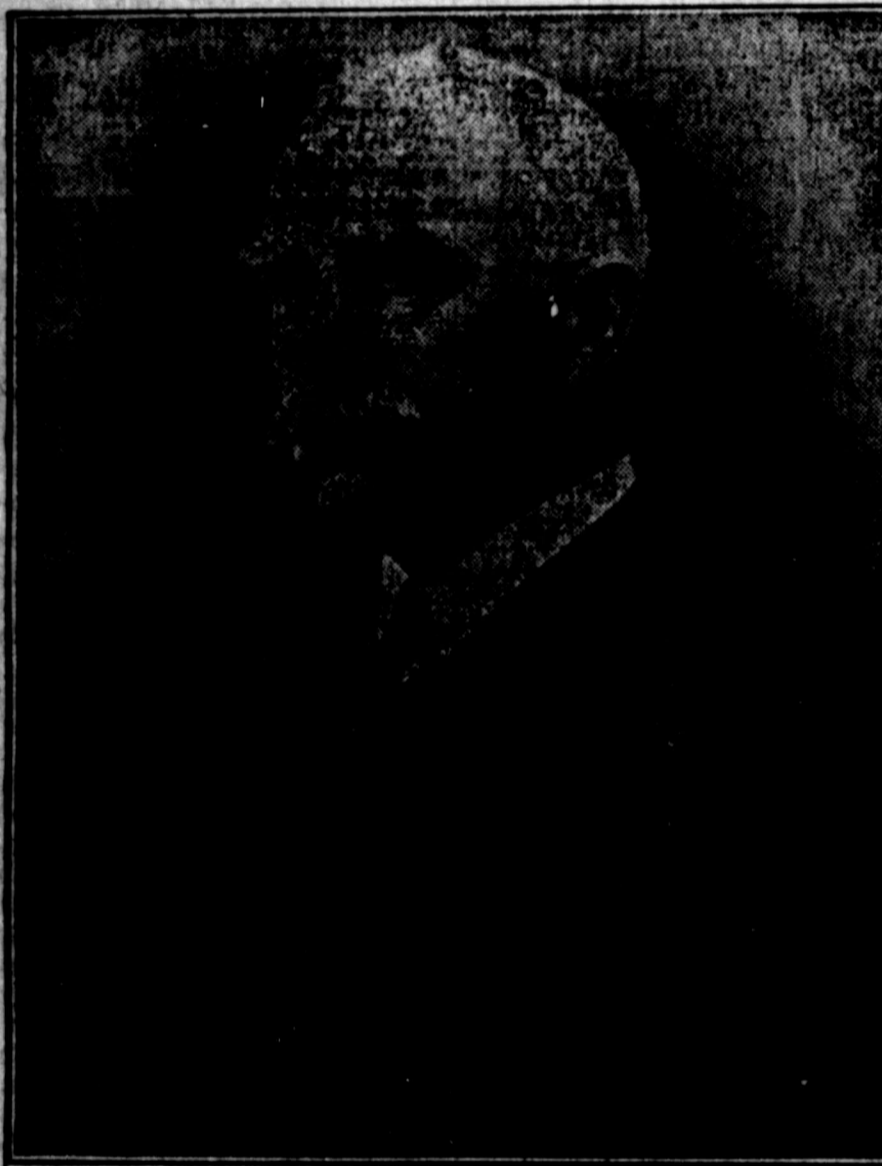
When he was attorney general he argued many cases before the supreme court—argued them well—so well that he earned many deserving compliments from bench and bar. Among them, and perhaps the most noted, was that of the United States against the Trans-missouri Freight association. It was the first test as to the efficiency of the Sherman anti-trust law when applied to prevent an illegal combination of railroads. Mr. Harmon won, and the combination went by the boards.

Of a similar character were the suits against the Freight Traffic association and the Addyston Pipe company. Harmon was successful in both, and thus was established the law as it stands today.

There is an odd series of coinci-



GOVERNOR AND MRS. HARMON WITH TWO OF THEIR GRAND-CHILDREN.



HON. JUDSON HARMON, GOVERNOR OF OHIO.

one who testifies before a legislative committee, and this law, together with a whitewash brush, had prevented any Republican law violator from being haled before a court of justice.

Naturally there was a great rush by distraught members for legislative immunity. But Governor Harmon promptly pulled the plug of the immunity bathtub and prevented any one bathing in its soothing waters by insisting that no legislative investigating committee be appointed and that the inquest of the grand jury be the only probe.

Indictments were returned against seven members of the general assembly and the sergeant-at-arms of the senate, and these cases will take the same course as that of the most humble citizen who becomes involved in criminal charges. A coterie of Democrats who had been fighting the governor's bills were among the members indicted.

In less than three years of his administration Governor Harmon has made a record of accomplishment unparalleled in the history of Ohio politics. He has wrought more progress for the people than was accomplished in the forty years that preceded him. There has been written into the statutes legislation that the enlightened citizens had been demanding and pleading for in vain for decades.

The supremely important achievements of the Ohio Democracy under the leadership of Governor Harmon may be divided into transactions and legislations, first, for the elimination of graft; second, such reform in the tax system as will protect the taxpayer from the tax spender and will

of a claim for over \$31,000 with the receiver of a defunct bank at Columbus as an interest charge on funds carried in that bank by Mr. Guilbert as auditor.

These revelations during the governor's first term awakened the civic conscience and paved the way for his subsequent re-election. The Democrats captured the general assembly at the same time.

Then Governor Harmon renewed his efforts in behalf of certain bills two Republican general assemblies denied him.

The most notable achievement accomplished by the executive during the legislative session was the enactment of the Wyman bill, including the Oregon plan of nominating and electing United States senators.

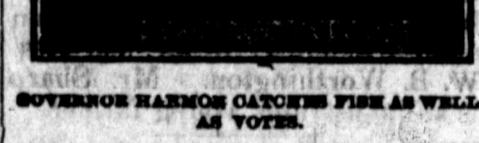
A conference committee was appointed to frame a compromise senatorial nomination and election bill. "I would vote for a Republican for United States senator if the people by their votes declared for a Republican," the governor told this committee during the conference. "I would be proud to do it. I would simply be doing the will of the people." One of the committee suggested the Oregon plan was undemocratic. The executive replied, "It's the very essence of Democracy to put the government back into the hands of the people and let them say whom they want for United States senator."

Governor Harmon took a new tack and had a similar measure offered in the house, the Wyman bill. That body passed it and sent it to the sen-

while a single fiscal agent replaced the nineteen stewards.

The advantage of purchasing supplies for all institutions in bulk and the reduction in employees will save the state \$500,000 a year. This law makes it possible to utilize the work of prisoners and also creates a market for their manufactured products by compelling all Ohio political divisions to purchase such supplies as they need from the penal institutions.

Employers and employees locked in



GOVERNOR HARMON OATONS FIRE AS WELL AS VOTES.

while a single fiscal agent replaced the nineteen stewards.

Employers and employees locked in

# WHAT IS YOUR EXCUSE?

For not getting the best drugs for your money?

There will be no necessity to advance excuses if you procure your drugs and toilet articles here. Your orders and inquiries solicited.

**The Murchison - Beasley Drug Company**

## Local News.

Mrs. Frank Harris is visiting at Tyler.

If in need of glasses have Meeks fit you.

Dan Craddock of Austin is visiting here.

W. T. Blakeway of Midland was here Friday.

Seed speckled and clay peas at N. E. Allbright's.

Miss Yolo Kennedy has returned from school at Belton.

Earl Adams has returned from school at Georgetown.

Mrs. J. W. Shivers is visiting relatives in Fort Worth.

Plant speckled and clay peas. N. E. Allbright has them.

Armstead Aldrich has returned from school at Sherman.

Jim Hall of Groveton was a visitor here Friday evening.

Buy your speckled and clay seed peas from N. E. Allbright.

Mrs. Minnie Sutton of Corsicana is visiting Mrs. C. L. Edmiston.

A complete, up to date abstract. Aldrich & Crook.

T. T. Bitner of Lovelady paid the Courier a visit last Wednesday.

M. D. Murchison of Grapeland was a visitor at the Courier office Friday.

B. S. Hearn of Route 6 was a pleasant caller at the Courier office Saturday.

Douglass Simpson left Saturday night for Fort Worth, El Paso and Lobo.

Miss Verne Monday of Lovelady is spending the week with her friends here.

A cement sidewalk and curbing is being placed at the Methodist church corner.

The Crystal Barber Shop has been remodelled and is better equipped than ever.

Miss Hillie Hart Johnson of Marlin is being entertained by Miss Judith Arledge.

Miss Q'Belie Clayton of Lovelady visited Mrs. Tom Jordan Friday and Saturday.

W. H. Harrison of Weches was a visitor at the Courier office Wednesday of last week.

Miss Jane Freeman and Mr. H. E. Tomme of Lovelady were visitors here Friday evening.

Where gas is not available gasoline makes cooking cool and convenient. For summer it is dispensable. See Clinton's line of Clark Jewel gasoline stoves.

Miss Hillie Hart Johnson of Marlin arrived Thursday for the Collins-Langston nuptials.

Remember W. W. Meeks when in need of watch, clock and jewelry repairs. East side square.

Miss Laura Painter of Galveston is visiting her brother, J. H. Painter, and family in this city.

For bath or shave go to Friend. Best equipped shop in Houston county. Cleanliness our hobby.

G. W. Hallmark of Route 5 and H. M. Gary were among those remembering the Courier Saturday.

Messrs. Sheridan & Kuhlman are circulating a real estate folder advertising their Houston county lands.

For that tired feeling there is nothing better than an electric massage; try one at the Crystal Barber Shop.

Hyman Pearlston of Palestine, president of the Pearlstone-Edmiston Grocery Co., was in Crockett last week.

Miss May Wilkes of Hubbard City was in Crockett this week, returning from an extended visit to relatives at Augusta.

Mr. Chas. Leaverton of Leon county was in Crockett Friday and Saturday. It was his first visit here in many years.

**For Sale.** My dairy business, including twelve Jersey cows. Apply to C. M. Valentine at the depot.

Miss Myrtle McKellips of Beloit, Kan., has arrived in the city to take charge of the retouching department of Meeks' studio.

Buy your art squares from us and get a square deal. We have the prettiest and cheapest line in the city. Deupree & Waller.

Grady McConnell, who has been travelling out of Dallas for a wholesale house, is spending the week with his parents here.

Iron beds—close prices—Deupree & Waller. That's all there is to it. If you can use an iron bed now is the time to buy and save money.

Men and teams reached Crockett this week for work on Hurricane Shoals lock and dam on the Trinity river. This work will be done by the national government.

A good gasoline stove is only second to gas for convenience and is as cool. Buy a Clark Jewel from Clinton and your summer cooking will be a pleasure.

Mr. H. Asher, who has been in the hospital at Palestine for some time, was taken to a sanitarium at San Antonio for special treatment Monday. We regret to say that his condition shows no improvement.

Miss Mary McLean entertained Friday with a luncheon-shower for Miss Mary Langston who will be married on the 7th. A write-up will appear next week.

Your expenditures won't worry you if you sleep on a Sanidown mattress. They are better and cost less than many other kinds. Sold by Deupree & Waller.

### For Sale at a Bargain.

A Mason 5-passenger automobile in good condition. Will exchange for land or vendor's lien notes. Smith Bros.

### Hands Wanted.

I want hands for sawmill work at my mill seven miles west of Crockett on Hall's Bluff road. J. R. Brooks.

### Purse Lost.

Containing about \$5.00—lady's purse and lost in Crockett. Finder will please call at Courier office for further information. 1t

### Notice.

I have employed the services of Mr. Tipton, who is a first class barber; remember there are four of us at the Crystal Barber Shop.

We are now prepared to turn out first class photograph work. Call and see us. Meeks' Studio, North Side Square. Phone 135.

A bunch of Mexican laborers passed through Crockett Tuesday on their way to Kennaed and Ratcliff, where they will work for the Louisiana and Texas Lumber Company.

The Crockett Business College is growing. The management advises the Courier that they now have thirty-eight scholars, having started only a few weeks ago with thirty-three.

Yes, we do picture framing. Send or bring your pictures to us and we will do the rest. We guarantee our work and can save you some money. Deupree & Waller.

Summer cooking will be a pleasure if you use a gasoline stove. C. A. Clinton sells the Clark Jewel smokeless generator stoves and ranges. See them before you buy.

Get in line with your neighbor and buy a refrigerator or ice box from us. We have the goods and the prices. Don't take our word for it, but investigate. Deupree & Waller.

Good roads have a money value far beyond our ordinary conception. Bad roads constitute our greatest drawbacks to internal development and national progress.

### Copy of Courier Wanted.

We will pay 25 cents for a copy of the Courier of date May 18, 1911, delivered at this office. The person bringing or sending the first copy to this office will get the 25 cents.

Lost—one railroad credential book, with several receipts, etc. Also one Parker fountain pen. Finder please return same to Murchison-Beasley Drug Co. and receive reward of \$1.00. Articles belong to Thos. F. Ware, Palestine, Texas. 1t\*

We want to put linoleum or matting on the floor of every house in Houston county and our prices will come very near doing it. Let us talk linoleum and matting to you. We can explain some things you don't know about quality and price. Deupree & Waller.

Miss Ruth Worthington of this city and Mr. B. B. Sharp, living north of town, were married Saturday afternoon in this city. So quietly did it happen that very few knew of the wedding. The bride is an accomplished musician and the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Worthington. Mr. Sharp is an industrious young farmer.

The ladies are requested to meet at the Methodist church next Monday at 4:30 p. m. An interesting program will be rendered in the interest of state-wide prohibition. A very enthusiastic meeting was held by the ladies at the Methodist church last Monday afternoon. The ladies of the town are getting very much enthused over this great question. Ladies of M. E. Church.

## Money to Loan.

We make a specialty of loans on land and to farmers. We buy vendors lien notes and any other good paper. If you want to borrow money you will DO WELL to call and get our terms before placing your loan. We buy and sell real estate.

## Warfield Bros.

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS

### SUPERINTENDENT'S

### OFFICE ABOLISHED.

The Result of the Recent Election as Canvassed by the Commissioners.

The commissioners' court met Friday in special session for the purpose of declaring the result of the election on the road and bridge superintendent question. After canvassing the returns, the result was declared as follows:

ABOLISHMENT.		
	For	Agst
Arbor	9	14
Ratcliff	29	18
Lovelady	33	49
Antioch	87	2
Freeman	1	8
Tadmor	4	2
Porter Springs	4	26
Percilla	20	0
Ash	3	13
Weldon	14	6
Weches	30	1
Tyer's Store	22	4
Augusta	23	46
Dotson	18	0
Shiloh	28	3
Creek	29	1
Kennard City	35	46
Concord	0	9
Grapeland	246	10
Daniel	22	10
Crockett 1 and 2	21	138
Crockett 3 and 4	13	161
Daly	22	5
Patterson Lake	0	3
Total	713	575
Majority for abolishment		138

### A Negro Shoots Another.

Dave Hopkins was placed in jail Friday afternoon, charged with shooting a negro named Jerre Williams. Dave Hopkins is also a negro. It is claimed that his wife was at Jerre's house Thursday night and that he went there to see her; that they had had a disagreement and that his wife was a relative of Jerre's. He took a shotgun with him and before he left the house he shot Jerre, making a dangerous wound. The difficulty occurred east of Crockett.

### Old-Style Barbecue at Grapeland.

Grapeland, Tex., June 2.—Yesterday Grapeland entertained with an old-style barbecue and basket picnic about 8,000 people, including about sixty Houston county old confederate soldiers. A program of entertainment was prepared for both the fore and afternoon and as the business houses were closed from 10 o'clock in the morning until 3 p. m., everybody was given a chance to enjoy their day. The Elkhart band furnished the music during the day.

### Crockett Schools.

Patrons of the Crockett schools living outside of the district should transfer their children to this district if they desire the benefit of this school. Hereafter six months free tuition will be allowed all children transferred to this district. Do not forget to transfer. Those who do not transfer will pay tuition for full term of nine months.

J. W. Hail,

12t President of Board.

Good roads mean progress and prosperity, a benefit to the people who live in the cities, an advantage to people who live in the country, and they will help every section of the state.



## A Good Report

Will follow a trial of our "93" hair tonic for dandruff. Everybody says it is great.

## McLean's Drug Store

### Wesley Chapel.

Willie Wilson and Geo. Rutly of Redland were visiting relatives and friends Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Doc Temple has resigned his position with Mr. G. W. Willis and will make his home in Crockett.

Wednesday morning bright and early quite a number of Mr. G. W. Cline's friends took him on surprise and gave him a good day's work, and in the evening Misses Dora and Anna Clines served cake and ice cream to show their appreciation of the good deed. Mr. Cline is slowly improving.

Mrs. R. A. Hancock, who was very sick last week, is improving fast.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hollingsworth entertained a few of their friends Saturday evening in honor of their daughter, Miss Mary, who has attended the Crockett school.

Mrs. M. W. Waller of Crockett visited her sister, Mrs. Geo. Cline, Wednesday.

A nice crowd of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Moffitt's young friends came in Sunday evening and had a real nice musical.

Mrs. Ragan is on the sick list this week.

Mr. R. C. Stokes and Mr. Clayton Willis of Crockett visited Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Willis Sunday. What.

## Picnic Lunches

prepared by us are sure to please. Our canned and bottled goods are of the very best quality. Our bread, cakes, pies, etc., are unsurpassed. We make a specialty of lunches for picnic and fishing parties. Upon the quality of our goods we base our claims for your patronage.

## CROCKETT BAKERY

F. B. WEBB, Proprietor

# The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from the Courier Building.

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

## PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bill.

## RULE OF FAVORITISM AND COERCION AND THE RESULT.

President Diaz of Mexico has gone out of office as he went in. He went in on a revolution and he has gone out on a revolution. Diaz has accomplished much for the material advancement of Mexico. But his governing hand was not an impartial one. Favoritism and coercion was his policy. His friends were placed in high position and his opponents in jail. Free speech and a free press were denied the people. If a man made a speech against the Diaz administration he was jailed on some trumped-up charge. What the newspapers published had to be approved by officials beforehand. The result was an armed revolt and the overthrow of the Diaz government. It was but natural. It will be the result in an country. It will be the result in this country when the freedom of the press and speech is assailed—when favoritism and coercion is the rule. But it will be a political revolt and a political upheaval and those bringing it about will sink into deeper oblivion than has Diaz. We have an illustration in our own country. Down at San Antonio a campaign, hard fought, for city officers has just ended. Mayor Callaghan was re-elected by the machinery of the city government. He proceeded as usual to reward his supporters and punish his opponents. A public benefactor, Col. Brackenridge, had deeded a beautiful park to the city and the park bore his name. Col. Brackenridge had exercised the right of opposing Callaghan. After the election Callaghan called a meeting of the city council and asked that the name, Brackenridge Park, be changed to Waterworks Park. The change was made by the council. But only by the council. The people have risen in revolt and declared that this playground shall always be known as Brackenridge Park. They are holding daily and nightly demonstrations and demanding that Waterworks Park be expunged and Brackenridge Park reinstated. It will mean the overthrow of Callaghan and his political machine. The San Antonio Republic tells of another case. There is a city ordinance in San Antonio against permitting weeds to grow along the sidewalks. A citizen who had voted against Callaghan was arrested and fined, according to the San Antonio paper, for failure to cut his weeds, while pedestrians were compelled to take to the streets at other places in passing the houses of Callaghan's supporters and there were no arrests in these cases. The Republic does not tell us whether Callaghan and his aldermen have boycotted the newspapers that opposed or criticized their administration.

## SOME OF THE CITY'S NEEDS.

While we are noting the many improvements in our town, let us stop to consider some of its needs. The first and highest consideration is the public health and very little has been said on this subject since last spring. In fact, most Texas towns never think of the public health but once a year and that

in the springtime. If Crockett is different from other Texas towns in this matter it is in the fact that Crockett does not think very much of her public health at any time, judging from the looks of some of the back streets and from information supplied by some of the town's physicians. The Courier learns that some alleys and premises are not in a very inviting condition.

Most every newspaper one picks up nowadays has for its slogan these words: "Swat the fly." The best way to swat the fly is to remove all unhealthful accumulation and rubbish from around the premises. It is known that the fly is a disseminator of typhoid germs. There were a number of typhoid cases in our city last summer and some if not all of them might have been prevented by better sanitary conditions in the city. With this knowledge before us there should be no excuse for any typhoid this summer. Let every good citizen appoint himself a committee of one to see that all premises under his control are properly cleaned up and disinfected. If there should be any laggards, and the Courier hopes there will be none, let them be promptly reported to the county and city health authorities. Let's clean up the town, "swat" the fly and make of Crockett a typhoidless city.

This accomplished, then by all means let's have a steam laundry. The Courier editor can count in a week's time enough soiled linen and other clothing being hauled about town seemingly on display in the back ends of buggies to run a pretty good-sized steam laundry. This is a condition that should not prevail in a town the size of Crockett. A steam laundry would send for all this soiled linen and deliver it in a closed wagon and save the time of the good women in hauling it about town in quest of a washwoman. In Crockett a good laundryman could make a steam laundry pay; a poor laundryman could make a failure here as elsewhere.

## STRICTLY WITHIN THEIR RIGHTS.

The Courier reproduces this week an editorial appearing in last week's issue of the Grapeland Messenger. There is one part of the editorial that we desire especially to call attention to and thereby correct an erroneous impression. That part reads as follows: "This (contest) is perfectly legitimate if done in the proper way, but what right have a set of men to deliberately break into the ballot boxes in order to establish evidence to contest an election before the commissioners' court had canvassed the returns? It leads one to believe that there is some ulterior or sinister motive at the bottom of it. We have been informed that just such a thing has been done at Crockett." Now Editor Luker is a fair-minded man and would not knowingly do the people of Crockett or any other section an injustice. But he has done the people of Crockett a great injustice in this instance, and the Courier believes that this week's issue of his paper, before he has seen this editorial, will contain the necessary correction. Those taxpayers of Crockett who sought to contest the election went about it in a perfectly proper way, consulting counsel and exceeding their rights in no particular instance. Acting under the authority of the law, they went to the county clerk's office, procured the poll lists, compared them with a list of land owning taxpayers procured from the tax collector's office and, from the information procured in this way, went into the contest. The ballot boxes were and are as yet untouched. While the contestants have charged that certain men voted illegally, they do not know

# Bourbon McDonald

No. 2157

## American Saddle Horse

Registered



Foaled May 7th, 1904. Son of the great prize winner, McDonald Chief, No. 1451, the best son of the great Rex McDonald, No. 803, conceded by all horsemen to be the greatest show horse in America, winning over \$20,000.00 in premiums, and sold to Col. Bliss of Chicago for the largest sum of money ever paid for a saddle stallion.

Bourbon McDonald is a dark mahogany bay stallion 15 $\frac{3}{4}$  hands high, star in forehead, possesses great natural style, extreme action speed and finish; he can show as many gaits as any living horse, and does it nicely, and is a harness horse of the most stylish type. He has been exhibited in saddle classes seven times at Texas State Fairs at Dallas and San Antonio, winning five first and two second premiums. His sire, McDonald Chief, No. 1461, has won premiums at all the best fairs in Kentucky, Ohio and St. Louis and Kansas City fairs, winning over one hundred first premiums, and is a harness horse in any company.

Bourbon McDonald will make as great a show horse as his illustrious sire. He is a half brother to Dandy Jim, the champion show stallion by McDonald Chief, who as a three year old met and defeated all the best show horses in Kentucky, studs, mares and geldings; also a half brother to Red McDonald, shown seventeen times as a three year old in saddle and harness classes, winning sixteen first and one second premium; half brother to McDonald King, the great show horse, Rex Chief, Sadie Mack, Minnie Hughes and a number of other show types.

In view of the fact that a number of this horse's colts can be seen in the city of Crockett, I feel that he needs no further recommendation, and for the benefit of the horse's friends, I have decided to give the citizens of Houston county an opportunity to breed to him.

He can be seen by calling on Mr. H. J. Asselberghs, the expert horseman who has him in charge, at the Cunyus barn. Visitors are welcome, breeders or not.

W. F. MORRIS, Box 916, Palestine, Texas.

on which side they voted, for the poll lists do not show that. Any citizen of Grapeland or of any other section of Houston county could have done the same thing that some of the citizens of Crockett did. They had the right to demand the information that was procured and no official had the right to withhold it. If there was any violation of the law it is a matter for the investigation of the next grand jury and at whose hands, we are informed, the county clerk has asked the fullest investigation. Now, where did Editor Luker get his information? He owes it to the people of Crockett to explain who it was that misrepresented them.

Crockett has twenty-one miles of streets that are kept in repair with one pair of mules and the driver. This is an object lesson for communities who say that they cannot have better roads. While we have not the figures at hand, it is known that the city's road and bridge fund is small. The Courier doubts if there is another town in Texas that has secured as good streets with the same outlay of money as has Crockett.

## Railroad to Hurricane Shoals.

Big things are going to be done at Hurricane Shoals. The government is getting ready to put in the lock and dam. Sixteen mules and an outfit went out from Crockett Monday. Wagonload after wagonload of camp supplies is now going out. One of the men in charge told a Crockett groceryman that the camp would require \$1200 worth of supplies a month. The rock for constructing the dam has been bought and will have to be hauled to the site by rail. One of the men told the Courier editor Wednesday morning that a railroad would have to be built either from Crockett or Weldon. Crockett is the nearest point, but the Weldon railroad has already made the government a proposition. A road from Weldon to Hurricane Shoals would pass through or near Porter

Springs and cut off a big slice of Crockett's trade territory. Crockett does not want this to happen. Then we will have to get busy and have that road built from Crockett. The distance is in our favor. It is a matter for the consideration of the city's commercial and industrial interests.

## Railroad Improvements

The I. & G. N. Railroad Company is spending nearly a thousand dollars putting in a sewerage system at the Crockett station. The company will spend several thousand dollars on the depot addition. The track through the Crockett yard has been relaid with new steel. In addition to these improvements, the company is considering the advisability of putting on a through train to be operated each way between Houston and Dallas via Crockett, Palestine, Tyler and Mineola. The track of the Texas & Pacific would be used between Mineola and Dallas.

Take Herbine for all disturbances in the bowels. It purifies the bowel channels, promotes regular movements and makes you feel bright, vigorous and cheerful. Price 50c. Sold by Murchison-Beasley Drug Co.

Lovelady 12, Crockett 3.  
Lovelady, Texas, June 6, 1911.

Editor Courier:

Lovelady took the long end of the score of 12 to 3 from the Crockett High School team here Friday afternoon. Collins for Lovelady did exceedingly well the first three innings in the box. On account of it being the first game he has played in this season, he was a little wild in the fourth, letting in two of the three scores. He is also credited with a "three bagger" and a single out of two times up. Perry who relieved Collins in the fourth was almost invincible to the visitors throughout the game. The home team got to Punch for just twenty-two safe hits, that's all.

This makes it two out of three for Lovelady against C. H. S. thus far, and right here we wish to thank The Courier for the space allowed in last week's issue for the victory won in Crockett two weeks ago as well as the defeat in the double header. Observer.

Foley Kidney Pills contain just the ingredients necessary to regulate and strengthen the action of the kidneys and bladder. Try them yourself. Will McLean.

## Economical Vehicle Luxury

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We have a line of new ones that leaves little to be desired. Every one stylish and worthy. If you know how little we asked for a really good buggy, road-wagon or surrey, you would become a vehicle owner.

Let's get together and talk it over.

T. J. Waller

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