

The Crockett Courier.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at Crockett Post-Office.

Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum, Payable at Crockett

MOTTO: "QUALITY, NOT QUANTITY."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, SEPTEMBER 3, 1914.

VOLUME XXV—NO. 31.

GOVERNMENT READY TO ISSUE NATIONAL BANK CURRENCY ON COTTON RECEIPTS.

Secretary McAdoo Said National Banks of South Can Take Care of Crops in Address to Cotton Conference.

Washington, August 24.—As the result of the first day's work of the representatives of the cotton producers, bankers and manufacturers of the southern states with Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, the seven members of the federal reserve board, Secretary of Agriculture Houston, Secretary of the Navy Daniels and Postmaster General Burleson, two points stand out in bold relief. The first is that no complicated warehouse and storage system calling for elaborate warehouses is essential. Second that state banks will have to come into the federal reserve system if they desire to partake of its advantages.

Of interest to the Texas legislature, now in special session, will be the dispatch sent tonight to Governor Colquitt by State Bank Commissioner Collier, outlining information gleaned by him today, which centers chiefly in the fact that no plan need be devised in connection with advances upon cotton warehouse receipts which would require state banks to issue circulating notes, for the reason that treasury officials construe the Texas state constitution as prohibiting such a course.

\$170,000,000 AVAILABLE FOR SOUTH.

In his opening address to the conference this morning Secretary McAdoo aroused enthusiasm by announcing that he is prepared to accept cotton warehouse receipts with notes attached as collateral for the issuance of National bank currency to the extent, possibly, of 80 per cent of their authorization. He added that tobacco and all staple products would be accorded similar treatment. He declared the national banks in the South alone can secure \$170,000,000 in currency

if they avail themselves of all the avenues opened by the banking laws, and he made it clear he believes the national banks can take care of the situation. "It is useless to suggest new laws or radical amendments of present ones for the reason that such a course would require too much time.

"We court suggestions along rational lines, suggestions based upon the law as it is now. We have all the means necessary to care for the crop and there is not going to be any inflation. All that is necessary is to evolve a practical plan which will serve to keep the surplus of cotton off the market in the early part of the season until markets are opened.

WILL NOT FIX MINIMUM PRICE.

"The secretary of the treasury nor the federal reserve board can not and will not attempt to fix \$40 or any other stated price per bale to be advanced upon warehouse receipts and thus indirectly fix a price for cotton. The government has limited resources. It can not hand out money it has not got. But there is an almost unlimited supply of currency available, properly safeguarded and to be issued upon well defined collateral. Thorough organization is all that is needed to get that currency where it will afford the necessary relief.

Speaking of the state banks, he said the law prohibits the treasury department from making deposits in them. "The state banks, it seems to me, want to eat their cake and keep it, too. They ought not ask the benefits of the federal reserve act unless they are willing to comply with the law."

\$60,000,000 AVAILABLE FOR TEXAS.

And in reference to Texas, speaking to R. A. Farris of Dallas, Secretary McAdoo said that the national banks in Texas would take out \$60,000,000 in currency and take care of present emergencies among the cotton growers.

Texas state banks desiring to obtain additional currency, it was

pointed out to the state delegates present, could make application for membership in the reserve system. He quickly set right the opinion entertained by Messrs. Farris and Collier that a time limit had been fixed and that after the 19th of this month it had been impossible for state banks to come into the system. It is believed the reserve board sees a splendid opening to get the state banks into the federal system and is going to exert every effort toward that accomplishment.

BURLESON TALKED AS PLANTER.

Postmaster General Burleson addressed the conference this afternoon, being introduced by Secretary McAdoo as a producer of cotton in the biggest cotton state in the union. Burleson said he wanted it understood he was talking as a cotton grower, not as a government official. He said the European war had closed the cotton market and that if means were not found to keep three or four million bales of cotton off the market disaster would come to the whole country. This relief must come through the means of the laws at hand. He said Secretary McAdoo and the reserve board were patriotic and wise and would do all they can to afford prompt and substantial relief. "But what is to be done will be done within the pale of the law. This relief must be in strict accord with a plan consistent with sound financing. There is no use talking about issuing currency to state banks not members of the federal reserve or currency association because that can not be done under the law.

FEW STATE BANKS CAN QUALIFY.

"Of over 800 banks in my state, but few more than 300 can qualify under the law, but that don't mean they can not aid in extending relief because these state banks can go to the national banks and get currency on their paper. The truth is, state banks ought to become members of the federal reserve system; they can do it. If their capital is too small, the means is still at hand. We realize we must keep the distress cotton off the market, but we will act sanely and do away with the visionary, paternalistic suggestions of government loans. We will meet the situation and I confidently believe it will result in final, lasting good to the cotton producers. If we act sanely, out of this will come co-operative marketing and an organized rural credit system of lasting benefit to the farmers. As a producer I say we will act sanely and cautiously but we want, first of all confidence."

R. A. FARRIS SPOKE FOR TEXAS.

R. A. Farris was called to speak for Texas. He asked but one or two questions and then declared himself satisfied with the attitude of the treasury officials and closed by saying the Texas bankers wanted to advance money on cotton and were ready to do so. He asked that Texas road bonds, issued less than 10 years ago, be made available as collateral for currency issues.

H. R. Eldridge of the National City Bank of New York, and former a Houston banker, read a paper that elicited much applause. He made a plea for an extension of credit, suggesting the use of cotton

warehouse receipts as a base of exchange. He declared paper based upon staples in storage to be commercial paper in every sense and offering to discount markets the best commercial paper known. He estimated the present crop at from 12,000,000 to 14,000,000 bales, with 2,000,000 bales carried over from last year. Consumption this year he estimated at 11,000,000 to 13,000,000 bales, leaving a surplus of the balance Europe, he said, has 20 weeks' supply and will not be in American markets for two or three months yet. Government licensed warehouses, he declared, to be necessary to protect the cotton to be carried over to next year.

WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS SECURITY

Will Be Accepted on Notes in Currency Crop Plans.

Washington, August 27.—Notes with a maturity of not longer than four months secured by warehouse receipts for cotton or tobacco will be accepted by the treasury department from national banks as a basis for the issue of additional currency which may be used to help farmers pick and market their tobacco and cotton crops.

These notes, according to an announcement from the department tonight, will be accepted at 75 per cent of their face value and must be presented through currency associations provided under the Aldrich-Vreeland laws. In making this announcement Secretary McAdoo declared that there is adequate power under existing law to issue enough currency through national banks to meet any reasonable demand, and reiterated his statement that it is "not necessary to extend the note-issuing privilege to state banks." He pointed out that he has power to issue \$1,000,000,000 additional currency if required.

It was explained tonight that since the law gives discretion to the secretary of the treasury, this

currency will not be issued unless officials are convinced it is not to be used for speculative purposes, but for harvesting and carrying crops.

Banks, it was said, will be relied upon to see that the warehouse receipts are accepted which are issued by reliable warehouse men, and that cotton and tobacco stored there is protected by insurance against injury by the elements.

"The banks and the assets of all banks belonging to the currency association," said Mr. McAdoo, "will be jointly and severally liable to the United States for the redemption of such additional circulation and lien and will extend to and cover the assets of all banks belonging to the association and to the securities deposited by the banks with the association, pursuant to the provisions of law. Each bank composing such association, however, will be liable only in proportion so that its capital and surplus bear to the aggregate capital of all such banks.

"This plan ought to enable the farmers to pick and market the cotton crop if the bankers, merchants and cotton manufacturers will co-operate with each other and with the farmers and will avail of the relief offered by the treasury within reasonable limits.

"Such co-operation is earnestly urged on all those interests. The farmer can not expect as high a price for his cotton this year because of the European war, yet he should not be forced to sacrifice his crop.

"The banker and the merchant should not exact excessive rates of interest and the manufacturer should replenish his stocks as much as possible and pay reasonable prices for the product. If this is done, and it can be done if every one displays a helpful spirit, a normal condition can be restored and there ought to be no serious difficulty in taking care of the problems."

Friends

I have opened my tailoring office in the back of the Crockett State Bank, and will just do ordering in my office of men's made-to-measure clothing from the famous Churchill Co., known as the "Clothing of Satisfaction." I am having cleaning and pressing turned out for me by your old-time friends. If you want me to receive a commission on your work you have done by your old-time friends, and who I am boosting, then place my cards on your suits or leave them at my office and I will place my cards on them and have them delivered back to you on time. I will give prizes each month to those that give me the most business, because I greatly appreciate any business you may give me. Come around to my office and look over my large hanging samples and let me figure with you on your next suit or overcoat. Your same true friend,

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W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bill.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

- For District Attorney
J. J. Bishop
of Henderson County
- For Representative
J. R. Hairston
- For County Judge
E. Winfree
- For County Attorney
B. F. Dent
- For District Clerk
John D. Morgan
- For County Clerk
A. S. Moore
- For Tax Assessor
John H. Ellis
- For Tax Collector
Geo. H. Denny
- For County Treasurer
Ney Sheridan
- For Sheriff
R. J. (Bob) Spence
- For County Superintendent
Jno. N. Snell
- For Commissioner, Prec't No. 2
G. R. Murchison
- For Commissioner, Prec't No. 3
J. A. Harrelson
- For Commissioner, Prec't No. 4
J. W. McHenry
- For Justice of Peace, Prec't No. 1
E. M. Callier
- For Justice of Peace, Prec't No. 6
T. R. Hester
- For Constable, Prec't No. 1
C. C. (Buck) Mortimer

A Leaf From the Life of Hogg.

When James S. Hogg was governor of Texas there walked into his office one day a stranger who introduced himself and related one of the strangest occurrences that marks the pages of criminal annals. It was, in substance, as follows:

When a boy, this man had been engaged by a cattleman in one of the far western counties of Texas to assist him with the cattle then on a range. The cattleman had him round up a bunch of cattle in one of the far ranges, telling him they were his, but which proved to be the property of another, and the cattleman and boy were arrested, tried and both convicted and given a term in the penitentiary for cattle theft. The boy escaped jail, secured a pistol and made his way to New Mexico. While on the road he met a stage with one lone passenger, whom he commanded to alight and throw up his hands, which was done in proper regulation time. He took from the passenger a purse containing \$150, and after counting the money returned \$75 to the passenger, gave him a receipt for \$75 and took his postoffice address and parted from him with the assurance that as soon as he could do so he would restore to him the money taken, which in due time was returned as promised. He went to one of the northwestern territories, and there prospered, and was elected sheriff, and subsequently was appointed a United States marshal and was held in high esteem by all the neighbors. He had married and at that time had a daughter 13 years old, and had come to the governor to surrender and serve out his sentence if he required it. After the man had finished relating the strange tale of adventure, ill fortune and success, Governor Hogg said to him: "I wish to ask you one question: When you were courting your wife and asked her to marry you, did you tell her you were an

escaped convict?" This being answered in the affirmative, the big governor replied: "Well, by gatlins! you shall not serve a day in the penitentiary; I will pardon you now." So he did, and a copy of the pardon is now in the secretary of state's office at Austin, with all the facts set forth.—State Topics.

Bankrupt Notice.

In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Texas: In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of C. S. Swift, bankrupt. No. 1768.

To the creditors of C. S. Swift, bankrupt, of Ratcliff, in the county of Houston, and district aforesaid: Notice is hereby given that on the 29th day of August, 1914, the said C. S. Swift was duly adjudged and declared bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors in said bankruptcy will be held in the office of the referee in bankruptcy, at Tyler, Texas, on the 9th day of September, 1914, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the bankrupt, elect a trustee, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Adv. It. H. E. Lasseter,
Special Referee in Bankruptcy,
Tyler, Texas, Aug. 29, 1914.

Mrs. Payne Dead.

Mrs. Martha Ann Payne, wife of J. E. Payne, who lives in the Jones School House community near Grapeland, died at her home at 9 o'clock Friday, August 28. Deceased was sixty-nine years of age, and had lived in Texas since childhood, coming here with her father from Alabama at the age of six years. She was a life-long member of the Methodist church, and funeral services were conducted by the pastor of the Methodist church of Crockett. She leaves a husband, four sons and four daughters: W. T. Jeff, Etheridge and Louis Payne; Mesdames Joe Stowe of the Lock-out community, Ben Parker of the Jones School House community, W. D. Denman of Trinity county, and Miss Ella Payne. She also has a sister, Mrs. Nancy Ritchie, who resides in Palestine.

Don't Be Bothered With Coughing.

Stop it with Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. It spreads a soothing, healing coating as it glides down the throat, and tickling, hoarseness, and nervous hacking, are quickly healed. Children love it—tastes good and no opiates. A man in Texas walked 15 miles to a drug store to get a bottle. Best you can buy for croup and bronchial coughs. Try it.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

Notice of Election.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Crockett, that an election be and is hereby ordered to be held in the city of Crockett on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1914, for the purpose of electing one alderman to fill out the unexpired term of Alderman T. R. Deupree resigned. John C. Lacy is hereby appointed judge of said election. J. W. Young, Mayor.

Attest: J. Valentine, Secretary. 3t.

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Citrolax.

Users say it is the ideal, perfect laxative drink. M. J. Perkins, Green Bay, Wis., says: "I have used pills, oils, salts, etc., but were all disagreeable and unsatisfactory. In Citrolax I have found the ideal laxative drink." For sick headache, sour stomach, lazy liver, congested bowels, Citrolax is ideal.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

INVESTING MONEY.

Questions to Ask and Have Answered When Buying a Bond.

I have received a reprint of a sane article written by an investment expert. It is simple, readable and sound. For example:

"There is no mystery about a bond. It is merely some one's promise to pay, with security to compel performance. It requires no technical training or adeptness in the mock mysterious art of 'finance' to adjudge the merit of such an investment. Of a bond, just as of a simple loan to your neighbor, you inquire: 'Who am I lending to? What security is he giving me? When do I get paid? And what do I get for the accommodation?' To be a good investment a bond, like any other loan, must answer these questions unequivocally and satisfactorily. You can ask them as well as the most eminent financier, and when they have been answered to your intelligent satisfaction you have made a safe investment."

If you should ask those four questions and insist upon getting right answers and then verifying the truth of the answers, I don't imagine you would buy very many stocks, and I know that you wouldn't fall into the net of the get rich quick promoter. That test would keep you in the class of wise investors who confine themselves to making loan investments.

Applying this banker's test, you would place your money for a definitely limited time in the hands of some borrower who could show that he was able to use it profitably, and you'd soon realize that at the bottom of sound investment lies one big question:

"Who is the borrower?" Eugenics advises you to look into the soundness of body and of mind of the young man who seeks to marry your daughter. You see the logic of that. So the successful expert advises you to look carefully into the moral and financial soundness and capacity of the borrower who wants to take your money to use.

In answering your four questions the borrower should show that he is a responsible man. He should show ample security to insure the return of the money. He should show that he can repay when he promises, and he must offer a reasonable reward for the use of your money.

Think over this simple test.—John M. Oakison in Chicago News.

Moon Worship in China.

The fete of the moon is celebrated in China in the eighth month of the year, and this lasts six days. Presents are then made on which the figure of the moon is apparent, and a large pagoda is illuminated. Firecrackers and music and family reunions prevail. A midnight banquet on the last night terminates the feast, and then the descent of the goddess of the moon, which we call the man in the moon, is awaited. She is supposed to visit the earth at this time to grant the wishes of mortals. The moon with the Chinese is the patroness of poetry, and autumn is the poet's favorite season.

A Fateful Breach of Etiquette.

Under the third empire in France Sainte-Beuve brought disgrace upon himself because at breakfast at the Tuilleries he carelessly opened his napkin and placed it over his two knees. To this he added the crime of cutting his egg in two at the middle. Court etiquette prescribed that the half folded napkin should lie on the left knee and the top of the egg was to be merely broken with the edge of the spoon and drained with the tip of the spoon. For his failings in these respects Sainte-Beuve's name was stricken off the imperial visiting list.—London Chronicle.

His Lost Temper.

Lord Kenyon, a once famous judge, who was a favorite with King George III., had a violent temper, and on one occasion made a scene in court by an extraordinary outburst. He went to a levee shortly afterward, and the king took the opportunity of saying a word in season to him. "My lord chief justice," said his majesty, "I hear that you have lost your temper and from my great regard for you I am very glad to learn it. I hope you will find a better one!"

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SAVED A SLAUGHTER.

A Glimpse of His Own Epaulet Made the Lieutenant a Hero.

"Nobility binds to noble conduct," says the old French proverb. "My boy," answered Senator and Colonel Baker at Ball's Bluff when called upon to obey his own order and lie down upon the ground—"my boy, a colonel cannot afford to lie down in the presence of the enemy!" He was shot a moment after.

There is a story that Lieutenant Guy Preston saved his men at the fight at Wounded Knee by thinking of the sentiment of the old proverb.

He was holding his men in the line before the Indians fired. Every one was looking for trouble of some kind, but it was the unexpected that happened.

The Indians were hovering about with their blankets around them when the signal was given by one of them, and in an instant every buck threw away his blanket and stood revealed with a gun in his hand.

The Redskins fired. They had every advantage of the soldiers, even without counting the surprise. And the soldiers ran. It was only for a short distance in any case, and they wanted some sort of cover.

But Preston, looking back over his shoulder to see if the Indians were following or for whatever purpose one looks back at a dangerous foe, saw a strap on his shoulder and experienced a shock.

It occurred to him at the instant that he was running away with the insignia of rank which his government had conferred upon him, that he was in a way the representative of a great nation and that he ought not to run. He stopped. Of course there was no well defined object in his stopping, but when the rest of the men saw him standing there without cover and returning the fire of the Indians they turned back, and in five minutes it was all over and the Indians were beaten.

It could have been nothing short of a slaughter had Preston gone with the rest, for there was no cover until the top of the hill was reached, and that was so distant that the Indians would have had an easy time picking off officers, their favorite pastime. Preston's idea of duty was what saved the day.—Washington Star.

Love.

This I, moreover, hold and dare affirm where'er my rime may go: Whatever things be sweet or fair, love makes them so; whether it be the lullabies that charm to rest the nursing bird or that sweet confidence of sighs and blushes made without a word; whether the dazzling and the flush of softly sumptuous garden bowers or by some cabin door a bush of ragged flowers.—Alice Cary.

Study of Life.

Life has been to me simply an opportunity to learn and enjoy and, through my books, to share my enjoyment with others. I have had no other ambition. I have thirsted to know things and to make the most of them. The universe is to me a grand spectacle that fills me with awe and wonder and joy and with intense curiosity.—"Our Friend, John Burroughs," by Clara Barrus.

A Legal Thrust.

"The learned counsel for the defense," said the plaintiff's attorney, "appears to be afraid of losing his case. Otherwise why isn't he ready to go on?"

"I've got a good excuse," replied counsel for the defense.

"Nonsense! Ignorance of the law excuses no one."—Philadelphia Press.

Handed It Back.

Fair Lady (maliciously)—You were such a charming debutante, my dear, twelve years ago!

Fairer Lady—Was I? I only remember that you made such a lovely chaperon for me when I came out!

Discipline.

Father (left in charge)—No, you cannot have any more cake. (Very seriously)—Do you know what I shall have to do if you go on making that dreadful noise?

Little Girl (sobbing)—Yes.

Father—Well, what is it?

Little Girl—Give me some more cake.

And she was quite right.—Presbyterian Standard.

SHE JUST KEPT THE HOUSE.

Lady Stanhope Had a Cool and Tasting Way of Her Own.

In an old book published in Paris under the title of "Le Journal d'un Voyage au Levant" there is an amusing account of the way in which Lady Hester Lucy Stanhope, the eccentric English traveler, took possession of the house at Dijon, where eventually she made her permanent home.

She was pleased with the house and its surrounding gardens and accepted an invitation to dinner. As she sat after dinner with the owner, a satian merchant, he said to her that if she liked the place he should be glad if she would stay the night. When she said that she liked it so much that she would stay there the rest of her days he took it as a polite figure of speech, but a fortnight later, as she still prolonged her visit, he suggested that Europe might be expecting her return.

"I do not intend to return," she replied carelessly.

"Ah, then you intend to build a palace in the neighborhood?" he said.

"No, this house suits me very well."

"But I cannot let it or sell it, milady."

"I do not wish to hire it or buy it, but I intend to keep it," was the startling reply.

In this dilemma the merchant dispatched a messenger post haste to Emir Beshyr, who sent word to Lady Hester that she must give up the house. Lady Hester, however, wrote to Constantinople, whence a courier came to the emir, bearing the order, "Obey the princess of Europe in everything."

So the disgusted merchant fled, leaving her ladyship in possession. There for twenty years she lived the life of a recluse, growing more and more withdrawn from the world and more accustomed to dwell in a mental and spiritual realm of her own creation until she died and was buried in the garden of the house that she had usurped.

He Studied It.

H. Rider Haggard in "A Winter Pilgrimage" tells this anecdote:

"When I was a 'soaring human boy' my father took me up the Rhine by boat with the hope and expectation that my mind would be improved by contemplating its lovely and historic banks. Wearing of this feat very soon, I slipped down to the cabin to enjoy one more congenial, that of 'Robinson Crusoe.' But some family traitor betrayed me, and, protesting even with tears that I hated views, I was dragged to the deck again. 'I have paid 6 thalers,' shouted my justly indignant parent as he hauled me up the steamer stairs, 'for you to study the Rhine scenery, and, whether you like it or not, young man, study it you shall.'"

Old Table Manners.

Hints on table manners have always been welcome. In the Ambrosian library at Milan there is a thirteenth century manuscript, entitled "Fifty Courtesies of the Table," by one Fra Bonvesin. Here are a few of the fifty: "Let the hands be clean, and above all at table do not scratch your head, nor, indeed, any portion of your body." "Do not lick your fingers, which is very ugly and ill bred." "In eating do not put too much upon your spoon at one time, for not only will you thus give much embarrassment to your stomach, but you will, by eating too quickly, offend those sitting near."

Mosques of Constantinople.

There are 300 mosques in Constantinople, of which the fifteen royal ones are regarded as the finest in the world. The meaning of the name of Turkey's capital is "city of Constantine." The most noted of the mosques is that of St. Sophia, the first ancient existing Christian church, which was converted into a mosque in 1453 on the capture of the city by the Turks under Mohammed II.

Lucky For Otto.

An old German was delivering a self imposed address on military science.

"My son Otto," said he, "goes off to the war and wears a high hat. Along comes a bullet, right through the middle of it. Had he been wearing a cap, Otto would have been killed!"—Everybody's.

HOW HEAVY ARE YOU?

After the Age of Forty Overweight Affects the Heart.

Life insurance statistics show that overweight policyholders very rarely die of old age. For that matter no one ever dies of old age. But overweight persons are apt to succumb to some illness earlier in life than persons of normal weight.

A man five feet tall should weigh 115 pounds.

A man five feet two inches should weigh 127 pounds.

A man five feet four inches should weigh 138 pounds.

A man five feet six inches should weigh 144 pounds.

A man five feet eight inches should weigh 155 pounds.

A man five feet ten inches should weigh 170 pounds.

A man six feet tall should weigh 177 pounds.

Between the ages of fifteen and thirty underweight is more important than in middle life. It is often the indication of incipient tuberculosis or some other chronic disease. Of course, it may be a family trait and mean nothing. But when only one member of a family shows underweight the case is one for the family doctor's observation. Diabetes, tapeworm, chronic appendicitis, anaemia, tuberculosis and other obscure conditions may be expressed almost exclusively by underweight in early adult life.

Underweight in individuals up to the age of forty shortens the expectancy of life—that is, insurance companies have found by experience that these individuals do not live as long on the average as do persons of normal weight. But after forty the factor of underweight seems to be of little importance. From forty up overweight begins to assume the more prominent place.

Why is overweight bad?

A moderate amount of excess baggage doesn't seem to be bad for younger men; in fact, it seems to be a favorable factor. But in men past forty excess weight simply adds to the work of the heart. It stands to reason that if your heart was made to do the work of a forty horsepower machine in the first place you can't load on enough for a sixty horsepower machine without causing a breakdown sooner or later. Every time a fat man walks upstairs or lifts himself out of a chair or tears himself away from the dinner table his heart is doing overwork. Both overweight and underweight individuals may accomplish much through diet. But the first thing necessary is to find out whether any organic disease is the underlying cause of the abnormal weight.—William Brady, M. D., in Chicago News.

Names That Don't Name.

Many chemical names convey no exact idea of the things they stand for. Oil of vitriol is no oil. Neither are oils of turpentine and kerosene. Copperas is an iron compound and contains no copper. Salts of lemon is the extremely poisonous oxalic acid. Carboric acid is not an acid, but an alcohol. Cobalt contains none of that metal, but arsenic. Soda water has no trace of soda, and sugar of lead has no sugar. Cream of tartar has nothing of cream nor milk of lime any milk. German silver has no silver and black lead no lead.

East Indian Village Deities.

There is a cruel custom prevailing in many parts of the Telugu country, in India, in connection with the worship of the village deities. At the end of a sacrifice a small cart with four, five or nine pointed stakes standing upright at the corners and sides is brought to the image. Pigs, lambs and fowls are then impaled alive upon these stakes. The cart is dragged in a procession to the boundary of the village. The animals die in agony on the way and are taken off the stakes when the cart reaches its destination.

Second Thought.

Lawyer—Madam, I'm sorry to say that I don't see the ghost of a chance for you to break your uncle's will.

Client—Well, to be frank with you, I don't see the ghost of a chance to pay for what you've already done if the will isn't broken.

Lawyer—H'm! On second thought, madam, I think the will can be broken.—Boston Transcript.

The State of Texas

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of John L. Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledger Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledgard Hodge, dec'd, the unknown heirs of Sarah J. Martin, dec'd, the unknown heirs of S. J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary F. H. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. G. Logan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. M. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Caroline K. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jas. P. Langhorne, deceased, the unknown heirs of Evan J. Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lucy Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of John L. Adams, deceased, by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the nearest county to your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be holden at the Court House of said Houston County, in the town of Crockett, on the fifth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1914, the same being the 12th day of October, A. D. 1914, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1914, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 5512, wherein T. L. Hall and J. F. Hull are plaintiffs, and the unknown heirs of John L. Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledger Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledgard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of Sarah J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of S. J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. H. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. G. Logan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. M. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Caroline K. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jas. P. Langhorne, deceased, the unknown heirs of Evan J. Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lucy Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of John L. Adams, deceased, and Elliott W. Eaves are defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiffs are the owners in fee simple, being lawfully seized and possessed of the following described tract or parcel of land situated in the counties of Houston and Trinity, Texas, and more particularly described by field notes as follows, to-wit:

Situated about 5 miles east of Lovelady and being a portion of the Francisco Martinez League, and beginning at the North East corner of said League, a stake from which a P. O. 24 in. dia. marked X brs N. 84 E. 2 9-10 vrs. Thence South with the East line of said league 1409 vrs. to stake from which a Pine 20 in. dia. marked X brs N. 4 E. 8 2-10 vrs. and a P. O. 6 in. dia. marked X brs N. 17 W. 3 vrs. Thence South 89-40 degrees West with the South line of a 64 acre tract on said league, 1087 vrs. to a stake at South West corner of said 64 acre tract from which a P. O. 13 in. dia. marked X brs N. 3 W. 4 2-10 vrs. and a R. O. 10 in. dia. marked X brs S. 39 E. 6-10 vr. Thence North 326 3-10 vrs. to stake on the South line of the Gantt 200 acre tract from which a Hickory 8 in. dia. marked X brs N. 56 W. 2 2-10 vrs. Thence West 121 5-10 vrs. to a stake in a slough from which a Sweet Gum 18 in. dia. marked X brs S. 66 W. 2 7-10 vrs. and a Pecan 13 in. dia. marked X brs S. 33 1/2 E. 4 4-10 vrs. Thence North 20 West 1092 vrs. to a stake at the North West corner of said 200 acre tract from which

a P. O. 22 in. dia. marked X brs S. 69 W. 6 4-10 vrs. Thence East 1212 vrs. to the place of beginning, containing 296 acres of land, more or less, as surveyed by J. C. Ford.

Plaintiffs fully set out in their Original Petition the title under and by virtue of which they claim title to said land.

Plaintiffs allege that they and those under whom they claim title to said land have been in the actual, useful, continuous and adverse possession thereof, cultivating, using and enjoying the same under deeds duly registered, paying all taxes due thereon for periods of three, five and ten years, and plaintiffs specially plead in their said Original Petition the three, five and ten years' Statutes of Limitation in bar of all claims asserted by the defendants in and to said property.

Plaintiffs further allege and set out in their Original Petition that all of the claims of the defendants in and to said property are unknown, but specially allege various minor defects in and to said title by reason of various discrepancies which are fully set out in said Original Petition, and all of which cast a cloud on plaintiffs' title, which the plaintiffs sue to remove.

Wherefore, plaintiffs pray judgment for said land, removing all clouds and quieting their title to same.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, this 3rd day of August, A. D. 1914.

[Seal] John D. Morgan, Clerk.

Adv. St. District Court, Houston County.

Acute Indigestion.

"I was annoyed for over a year by attacks of acute indigestion, followed by constipation," writes Mrs. M. J. Gallagher, Geneva, N. Y. "I tried everything that was recommended to me for this complaint, but nothing did me much good until about four months ago I saw Chamberlain's Tablets advertised and procured a bottle of them from our druggist. I soon realized that I had gotten the right thing for they helped me at once. Since taking two bottles of them I can eat heartily without any bad effects." Sold by all dealers. Adv.

CROCKETT TRAIN SCHEDULE.

HOUSTON TRAIN. Arrives from Houston 11:28 AM. Leaves for Houston 12:38 PM.

GALVESTON TRAIN. Arrives from Galveston 8:33 PM. Leaves for Galveston 12:50 AM.

LONGVIEW TRAIN. Leaves for Longview 11:28 AM. Arrives from Longview 12:38 PM.

ST. LOUIS TRAIN. Leaves for St. Louis 8:33 PM. Arrives from St. Louis 12:50 PM.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS.

On day trains from Chicago to Houston.

On night trains from Houston to Chicago, from Galveston to St. Louis and from St. Louis to Galveston.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"I advised the 'boys' when they enlisted for the Spanish war to take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with them, and have received many thanks for the advice given," writes J. H. Houghland, Eldon, Iowa. "No person whether traveling or at home should be without this great Remedy." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

SOLE'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM AND GRABBED

What "Bee Dee" Means

"Bee Dee" on the label means REAL VALUE inside the package, and RESULTS and SATISFACTION after the contents have been used. Always ask for "Bee Dee" when you buy a stock or poultry remedy. "Bee Dee" remedies are prepared from pure, medicinal ingredients, in a scientific way, and are genuine medicines that you can depend on.

STOCK & POULTRY MEDICINE LINIMENT—DIP
Bee Dee Healing Powder—Bee Dee Colic Remedy

After using the Bee Dee Remedies generally for sometime, we take pleasure in saying that they are giving entire satisfaction, and we cheerfully recommend them.
McKitten Stock Farm, Waco, Texas.

You can get them at your dealer's. P. B. 1

CRUDE MINING IN COLOMBIA.

Natives Used to Pan the Streets of Quibdo For Platinum.

Under the primitive mining conditions of today the Chocho district of Colombia stands second only to Russia as a producer of platinum. Most of the gold and platinum exported are obtained by native women, working two or three hours per day. They use the antiquated ground sluicing process as a preliminary to get rid of the coarser gravels and then with their "bateas" separate the metals from the sand and gravel.

The batea is a wooden pan, shaped like a very shallow inverted cone, eighteen inches in diameter and three inches deep at the center, with two small handles or knobs on the rim. The women handle the bateas with great dexterity, throwing off the gravel and sand by a rotary motion and leaving the gold and platinum dust in the common center.

Another method of mining that is extensively employed by these women is diving into three or four feet of water for the sand and gravel containing the metals and bringing it up in the bateas. This method is usually more remunerative than the sluicing process.

The gold workings have existed for centuries, but little has been done in the development of the district. The river gravels were being washed by the Indians long before the advent of the Spaniards, and this region furnished much of the gold that was carried back to Spain. In those days the value of platinum was unknown, and when the Indians brought the metal down to the Spanish headquarters in Quibdo the platinum was thrown away.

Large finds of this discarded metal have been made recently in Quibdo, and frequently the earth excavated for foundations has yielded sufficient quantities of platinum to pay for putting up the building. The natives were beginning to pan even the streets, thus uncovering large amounts of mud, which was injurious to health. A decree was therefore promulgated in 1913 prohibiting any further washing of earth in the streets of Quibdo.—Argonaut.

Tune For Tune.

Frederick the Great made generous presents to all musicians except flute players. He played the flute remarkably well himself. A famous flutist once asked permission to play to the king, hoping that Frederick would show his appreciation of his skill by some valuable gift. Frederick listened attentively while he played a difficult piece. "You play very well," he said, "and I will give you a proof of my satisfaction."

So saying he left the room. The musician waited, guessing at the probable nature of the proof. Presently the king returned with his own flute and played the same piece. Then he bade his visitor "Good day," saying, "I have had the pleasure of hearing you, and it was only fair that you should hear me."

Cecil Rhodes and His Clothes.

Cecil Rhodes was not much of a dresser. When premier of Cape Colony he usually wore a flannel suit which badly wanted cleaning and a dilapidated slouch hat. His successor in office, Sir Gordon Sprigg, who wore a black frock coat even in the hottest weather, once made an effort to enforce the wearing of "respectable" dark clothes in the Cape parliament. But Rhodes would not have it. He said in parliament that if he could not help to legislate in comfortable clothes he would not help at all, and he thought that members would agree with him. They did.

Untying the Knots.

There is a marriage custom among the Santals, a tribe in India, by which, after an agreement has been reached between the parents, who usually do the bargaining, the youth's friends, after a short interval, visit the girl and give her a piece of cloth as a sign of betrothal. The money is then paid—this is called "the binding down of the thatch"—and a date for the wedding is fixed. The next step is for each party to tie a knot in a string for each day that is to intervene before the wedding day. Then the parties separate. Day by day a knot is untied, and when the end of the string is reached the real knot is tied that makes the couple one.

OLD CHARTER OAK.

Bells Were Told and Funeral Dirges Played When It Fell.

The charter oak of Hartford was a white oak. The story goes that when James, duke of York, ascended the throne of England and sent Andros to take away all colonial charters Connecticut alone refused to surrender hers. Andros was furious over this defiance, and Oct. 31, 1687, he returned to the assembly hall of Hartford with a body of soldiers and demanded instant surrender of the charter, which lay in a box on the table. A hot dispute followed.

Finally Andros stretched out his hand to seize the disputed paper. Then the candles were suddenly extinguished, and the people who had gathered on the street outside rushed in a disorderly crowd into the hall. There was a period of wild confusion in the dark, and when the candles were finally relighted no charter was to be found. It had been removed by Captain Wadsworth and concealed in the oak, which ever afterward bore its name.

The oak was even then old. When the first settlers were clearing their land the Indians begged that it might be spared. "It has been the guide of our ancestors for centuries," they said, "as to the time of planting our corn. When the leaves are the size of a mouse's ears, then is the time to put seed into the ground." The Indians' request was granted, and the tree, afterward becoming the custodian of the lost charter, became famous for all time. It fell in a windstorm Aug. 21, 1856, and so deeply was it venerated that at sunset on the day of its fall the bells of the city were tolled and a band of music played funeral dirges over its ruins.

At the time of its fall its circumference one foot from the ground was twenty-five feet, and it was estimated to be over 600 years old.—Kansas City Star.

Silent Auctions.

Japanese auctions are noiseless affairs. In many parts of Japan an odd little booth serves as such a room. The auctioneer holds aloft the object offered for sale in order that all may see it. To the stranger it appears that the object is not desired by anybody, although all seem to examine it closely. Not a word is said by any prospective customer, but a number of them march off to a little box in the corner, wherein they deposit certain little slips. If one's curiosity is aroused by this procedure a Japanese will explain the method of conducting the sale. The bits of paper represent the bids, and when all have been deposited the box is opened, and the highest amount offered buys the article. These noiseless auctions are much patronized by the Japanese.

The Rich Turkish Beggar.

Beggars are never suppressed in Turkey. The story is told (and they say it is true) about an American lady who by mistake gave a beggar of Constantinople a gold piece. The man had left his post when she returned, but one of his colleagues told her where he "resided." It was a fine house, and at the door was a servant, who politely informed the lady that "my master is dressing. He will be down soon." And then the well groomed beggar, dressed for dinner, appeared and gladly returned the gold piece, exclaiming in the meanwhile that such mistakes were highly embarrassing.

Remember Benefits Only.

To have a memory for benefits, not for offenses—these are the two pivots on which friendship may rest strong and abiding, friendships which pass to the greatness of noble minds. Be not like those who are more hurt and offended by an unkind word or by a word meant in fun and which escaped, as it were, from a cloister, unlocked for a moment by the tongue—yes, more hurt than they ever were pleased and comforted by a thousand renewed proofs of loving friendship.—Pettrach.

Accurate.

"See here, landlord," said an angry tenant after he had signed the contract for a year, "this house is full of sewer gas."
"Yes, that's what I told you."
"Told me?"
"Yes. You asked me if there was gas in every room, and I said there was."—London Answers.

AIDED HER RIVAL.

Romance of a London Society Leader and a Diamond Necklace.

Romance often lurks in a jewelry store, and the jewelers of Bond street could tell many a tale of an amazing story. There is no need to dilate on the fascination which scintillating gems exercise upon the feminine mind. That fascination is a fact and may serve to explain a mortal enmity which existed recently and probably still exists between two well known London society leaders.

To one of these ladies a highly respected admirer mentioned his intention to purchase a diamond necklace. Knowing that the lady possessed more than a superficial knowledge of the value of stones, he begged her to select for him what he required. The price he was prepared to give was £1,500.

The lady jumped to the conclusion that such a request could have but one meaning—viz, that she herself was to be the eventual recipient of the gift. She thereupon visited the jeweler's shop and inspected his stock, but at the price she was empowered to give saw nothing that particularly took her fancy.

A fascinating piece of workmanship, however, did attract her, the price of which was 3,000 guineas. The desire to possess it became irresistible. She arranged with the jeweler to send the necklace to the gentleman for whom she was acting and invoice it to him at the agreed upon price, while she gave her own check on the spot for the balance. Then she went home and awaited the arrival of the gift.

Some days passed, but there was no appearance of the necklace. A horrible doubt which assailed her became a certainty a day or two later when she saw the identical necklace she had helped to pay for sparkling on the neck of a younger and more beautiful rival.—London Tatler.

Pepsin, Saliva and Gastric Juice.

Pepsin, the principal agent in the digestion of food, is a powerful solvent stored up in the walls of the stomach and only poured forth when its assistance is needed. When pure this fluid is perfectly neutral, neither acid nor alkaline, and appears to be unable to exert any action without the presence of an acid. Such acid is supplied in the gastric juice, secreted by the gastric follicles covering the coating of the stomach. The saliva is merely for the purpose of moistening the food, thus preparing it for the action of the pepsin and gastric fluids.

Significant.

Vilhjalmur Stefansson, the famous arctic explorer, has told many good stories of the way in which the Eskimos grasp the literal meaning of anything they hear.

An instance of this followed on a sermon preached to the Eskimos from the text, "Do not follow in the footsteps of the wicked."

"What some of the Eskimos thought of me," Mr. Stefansson remarks, "can be seen from the fact that one day I noticed that some Eskimos who were traveling behind me were being careful not to follow in my trail."

Russian Marriages.

The celebration of a Russian marriage sometimes extends over three days. At the wedding festivities the bride is expected to dance with the men one after another until she drops with sheer fatigue. It is a matter of pride with her to keep going as long as possible, and it is not unusual to find a bride dancing gayly after three days and three nights of vigorous frolic. When a girl is dancing with a man she always holds his pipe. It would be regarded as extremely rude if a man should continue to smoke his pipe in such circumstances.—London Tit-Bits.

A Spider's Four Webs.

Two thousand nine hundred silkworms are required to produce one pound of silk, but it takes 27,000 spiders to produce one pound of web.

Spiders have four paps for spinning their threads, each pap having 1,000 holes, and the fine web itself is the union of 4,000 threads. No spider spins more than four webs, and when the fourth is destroyed they seize on the webs of others.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

DRIVING A NAIL.

There is More to It Than Simply Hammering It Into the Wood.

One who thinks that the driving of a nail consists simply in getting the whole length of it out of sight has little conception of the real nature of the operation, says the Scientific American. A nail driven by an expert will often hold several times as much as one ill driven. While, too, it is often made to draw the parts into place.

If you have ever watched a mechanic driving nails you have doubtless noted that he rarely drives one at right angles with the face of the work. There is a reason for this. Suppose that he is nailing the "sheeting" on the frame of a building and desires to draw the board down tightly against the one below it. He points the nail downward, and a few well considered blows at the last produce the desired effect. If the board is bent edgewise, so that much force is required, probably he will start the nail in the upper edge, pointing very sharply downward.

Again, two nails driven in a board at different angles will hold it in place much more firmly than the same nails would if they were driven at right angles with the face of the board.

Did you ever notice that in driving a nail in very hard wood one man will do it successfully, while another succeeds only in doubling the nail up before the point has fairly entered the wood? The difference lies in the fact that the expert strikes the nail fairly and not too hard, "coaxing" it in, while the other strikes too hard and with indirection.

It may be properly mentioned right here that in driving a nail into very hard wood it is usually profitable to dip the end in oil or grease. This will not sensibly interfere with the holding qualities of the nail, while it will be found to very materially facilitate its driving.

Disinterested.

Lord Monbodo, an eminent member of the Scotch judiciary and one of the clear cut figures in Boswell's immortal "Life of Johnson," was a great beau in his youth and in his later years a brilliant and learned if whimsical man.

He was a friend of the Garricks and one day was their guest at their villa at Hampton Court when Hannah More was also visiting there. They were walking together in the garden when his lordship astonished the fair and sprightly Hannah by a declaration of love and an offer of his heart and hand. Meeting with a positive refusal, he soon returned to the house and made a clean breast of it to Mrs. Garrick.

"I am sorry for this refusal," he said in conclusion. "I should have liked so much to teach that nice girl Greek."

The Clarinet.

The clarinet has the richest, sweetest voice of all the wood wind instruments, although its sound does not travel quite so far as that of the oboe. Whenever, as sometimes happens, there are two melodies to be played at once, the clarinet takes the lower of the two, while the violins play the upper and more important one. But in a military band, where there are no strings at all, the clarinets play the chief melody. The bass clarinet is not so smooth or so sweet as the higher ones. It has a rather choky sound, though softer than that of the bassoon.—St. Nicholas.

Self Evident.

One of the dangers of a little knowledge is that its possessor rarely estimates it at its true value. Ignorance, it has been said, bestows her choicest gifts on those who value her least.

A conceited undergraduate once said to his teacher that he feared he had rather a contempt for Plato. "I am afraid, Mr. Johnson," replied the teacher, "that your contempt has not been bred by familiarity."—Youth's Companion.

Kaffir Greeting.

"Saku bona" are the first words a stranger learns of the Kaffir vocabulary. The expression is the common form of salutation used by the natives, and its literal translation is, "I see you." It is considered a mark of respect not to give the greeting immediately, the delay showing the reverence in which the native holds his visitor.

CURIOUS GRATITUDE.

A Story at His Own Expense That Jacob Riis Used to Tell.

The late Jacob A. Riis was a good story teller, but there was one story that he used to tell to his friends with especial glee, even though he was the "goat" of it.

It seems that soon after he took up his residence on Long Island he decided to build a house. He went to an Austrian whom he had known in the days when he was poor and friendless, and who had since prospered. Riis asked him for a loan on mortgage. Riis' friend insisted that the money should be regarded as a gift. Riis would not consent, and the matter eventually was left as a loan (of which no written record was made) which was to be paid back at the borrower's convenience.

"Years passed," Riis used to add, "and somehow I never had the money to pay my friend. Then I heard he was ill and went to see him. I found that he had become estranged from his family and had many talks with him regarding his expressed desire to leave his property to distant relatives in Austria. Incidentally, he again told me that his loan to me was not to be repaid. Eventually he made a will, in which the bulk of his estate was given to the people of Austria.

"Well, my old friend died, and of course the family contested the will, alleging that the testator was of unsound mind. The Austrian crowd learned of my intimacy with him and of the fact that I had seen him often toward the end of his life, and I was called as a witness at the hearing of the suit to upset the will. I took the stand and told as fully and as frankly as I knew how of my relations with the dead man and of the talks I had had with him, making it clear that he was sound in mind if not in body, and knew what he was doing when he left his money outside the immediate family. Incidentally, in talking of my old friend, I told the whole story of the loan of years before.

"And would you believe it," Riis always finished with a chuckle, "when those Austrians won their suit and got possession of that estate the very first thing they did was to demand from me payment of that unrecorded loan. And, by golly, I paid it too!"—New York Post.

Mistaken.

Menzel, the German artist, was a regular patron of a certain Berlin wine shop. One day, says the Berlin Record, a man and wife came in and sat down at his table, and presently Menzel noticed that the woman was making fun of him.

Calmly he drew out his sketching book, gazed at the woman awhile as if to study her face for a portrait and then commenced to draw. Her husband immediately took notice: "I forbid you to draw a picture of my wife. Stop it!" he exclaimed angrily.

Menzel made a few finishing touches, and then, passing the sketching book over to the man, he inquired, with a laugh, "Is that your wife?" He had drawn a goose.

Speed of Vessels.

"One knot" is a measure of the velocity—not a measure of the distance—and means one nautical mile per hour. It therefore includes the measure of distance and the measure of time. It is wrong to say "a vessel runs twenty-three knots an hour." Either "twenty-three knots" or "twenty-three miles an hour" is right. But it is apparent from the above that for the same reason it is wrong to say, "The day's run was 537 knots," because you wish to express the distance which that boat ran in one day. It should read, "The day's run was 537 nautical miles."—New York Times.

Butcher's Common.

William, earl of Warren, in the time of King John, while standing upon the castle walls saw two bulls fighting in the castle meadow till all the butcher dogs pursued one of the maddened bulls quite through the town. The sight pleased the earl so much that he gave the castle meadows, where the duel of the bulls began, for a common to the butchers of the town, after the first grass was mowed, on condition that they should find a mad bull the day six weeks before Christmas day for the continuance of that sport forever.—London Standard.

Professional Cards

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Diarrhoea Quickly Cured.
 "My attention was first called to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as much as twelve years ago. At that time I was seriously ill with summer complaint. One dose of this remedy checked the trouble," writes Mrs. C. W. Florence, Rockfield, Ind. For sale by all dealers. Adv.

Spur Farm Lands.
 Many farmers are making a hard or doubtful living on high priced lands in localities cursed with insect pests, or floods, or drought, or weed plague, or other enemies to successful farming. The end of each year finds time and energy practically wasted, no progress made. Spur Farm Lands offer relief from these conditions.

The tenant on the high priced lands further east can make a payment and be master of his own acres here. Any good farmer can pay for them from the products thereof. The Spur Farm Lands offer productive, virgin lands, easily cultivated, at low prices and on easy terms. Splendid crops are raised without irrigation. No boll weevil ever known here. Altitude 2000 to 2800 feet.

Considering the reliable production of these lands, prices are lowest in Texas; new country, settling fast; splendid climate, no malaria, chills, or fever; good churches and schools. We offer the homeseeker a wide range of selection and are selling direct—no commission to any one; the purchaser receives full value in his lands in dealing direct with the owner as opposed to paying a middleman several dollars per acre.

STOCK FARMS AND SMALL RANCH TRACTS.
 We also offer fine grazing tracts, perfectly adapted to this purpose—one section to fifty, at prices from \$5.00 per acre up. Free illustrated booklet, giving all particulars, on application to Chas. A. Jones, Manager for S. M. Swenson & Sons, 6t. Spur, Dickens County, Texas.

The State of Texas.
 To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston county—greeting: You are commanded to summons J. P. A. Smith, by making publication of this citation once a week for four

successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston county at the Court House thereof, in Crockett on the 12th day in October, 1914, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 15th day of August 1914 in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 5578, wherein C. A. Smith is plaintiff and J. P. A. Smith is defendant, said petition alleging that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married in Houston county, Texas, on the 18th day of December 1906, and lived together as husband and wife until the 28th day of September 1910, when without cause the defendant voluntarily left the bed and board of petitioner with the intention of abandonment, and has neither lived or cohabited with her since, and says that more than three years have elapsed since his said abandonment, and she prays that she have a decree declaring their marriage null and void, and for special and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have before said court on the first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court, Houston county, Texas.

Given under my hand and seal of said court this 15th day of August, A. D. 1914.

John D. Morgan, Clerk of District Court, Houston county, Texas.
 By J. H. Sharp, Deputy. 4t.

Chamberlain's Liniment.
 If you are ever troubled with aches, pains or soreness of the muscles, you will appreciate the good qualities of Chamberlain's Liniment. Many sufferers from rheumatism and sciatica have used it with the best results. It is especially valuable for lumbago and lame back. For sale by all dealers.

STOMACH TROUBLE FOR FIVE YEARS

Majority of Friends Thought Mr. Hughes Would Die, But One Helped Him to Recovery.

Pomeroyton, Ky.—In interesting advices from this place, Mr. A. J. Hughes writes as follows: "I was down with stomach trouble for five (5) years, and would have sick headache so bad, at times, that I thought surely I would die. I tried different treatments, but they did not seem to do me any good. I got so bad, I could not eat or sleep, and all my friends, except one, thought I would die. He advised me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, and quit

taking other medicines. I decided to take his advice, although I did not have any confidence in it.

I have now been taking Black-Draught for three months, and it has cured me—haven't had those awful sick headaches since I began using it.

I am so thankful for what Black-Draught has done for me."

Thedford's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable medicine for derangements of the stomach and liver. It is composed of pure, vegetable herbs, contains no dangerous ingredients, and acts gently, yet surely. It can be freely used by young and old, and should be kept in every family chest.

Get a package today. Only a quarter.

Are You Going to St. Louis or Chicago?

The **I. & G. N.**

"The Only Best Way"

OFFERS THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN STANDARD ELECTRIC-LIGHTED FAN-COOLED SLEEPING CAR SERVICE.

Round Trip Summer Tourist Tickets on Sale Daily.

D. J. PRICE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agent, HOUSTON, TEXAS G. H. HENDERSON, Ticket Agent, CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Please Mention This Paper When Answering Advertisements

How Do You Spend Your Money?

WHEN you want anything for your home or for your personal use, or some improvements or repairs made to your property, or your property insured, your eyes treated, your teeth filled, your automobile polished, your horse shod or your windows screened do you wander into the first office or store you come to that carries a sign alleging the proprietor's business or

Do You Wisely Find the Man

with whom you have become acquainted by reading his announcements in the Courier and who has thereby inspired your confidence?

QUESTION---Are You a Wise Buyer or a Blind Spender?

Let the Courier Advertising Columns Guide You to Crockett's Enterprising and Progressive Citizens.

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from the Courier Building.

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bill.

A Brilliant Wedding.

On Thursday evening, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Arledge, in this city, occurred another one of the many brilliant and auspicious weddings for which Crockett is noted. We speak of the marriage of Miss Judith Arledge to Mr. Daniel P. Craddock.

The hour was half past eight. The bridal party entered the music room from the spacious hall, through which they marched on leaving the stairway leading from the upstairs hall, where the party was assembled and the line of march begun. Preceding the march was the wedding solo sung by Miss Minnie Wall. The march was played on the piano by Mrs. Johnson Arledge.

In the music room was the outline of an immense heart of roses. Behind this heart stood the officiating pastor, Rev. S. F. Tenney. The ceremony was performed with the heart intervening between the pastor and the bridal party.

The order of march was as follows: First, the bridegroom, Mr. Daniel P. Craddock, with his best man, Mr. W. C. DuPuy; second, Mr. Henry Ellis with Miss Grace Denny; third, Mr. J. C. Wootters with Miss Emma Craddock; fourth, Mr. Benton Roberts with Miss Seawillow Johnson; fifth, Mr. Roy Arledge with Miss Hallie Aldrich; sixth, Mr. Downes Foster with Miss Edith Arledge; then the little flower girls, Misses Bebee Kennedy and Janie Elizabeth Edmiston, followed by the bride and her maid of honor, Miss Jennie Arledge.

The party formed in front of the pretty wedding heart of roses, the bride and the bridegroom taking their places immediately in front, where the wedding ceremony was impressively administered by the pastor. Following the ceremony the bride and groom were overwhelmed with congratulations and best wishes, and a reception was held for the many guests present. The library adjoining the music room, the hall and the front porch adjoining were thronged with admiring friends. In the east parlor many costly and useful presents were viewed.

In the library the register was in charge of Mrs. D. F. Arledge. The punch bowl, on the front porch, was presided over by Miss Beasley Denny. In the dining room Misses Sarah Mac Crook, Elizabeth DuPuy, Clarite Elliott, Hattie Belle Arledge and others served. In the reception hall the Houston Spanish orchestra played.

It was indeed a brilliant and pretty wedding.

Lovelady.

Mrs. W. O. Phipps spent last week in Dallas, buying her fall millinery.

Miss Ella Mainer is the guest of relatives in Mineral Wells.

Miss Beth Lundy has returned to Crockett after a month spent very pleasantly with her aunt, Mrs. J. C. Atkinson.

Miss Sarah May Jackson of Galveston has returned home after a very pleasant visit to her sister, Mrs. S. M. Briscoe.

Miss Mittie Dobson of Lufkin is the guest of relatives.

Mrs. John Browder and little son of Evergreen, San Jacinto county,

were guests of Mrs. I. J. Hartt a few days.

Miss Vera Ellison has returned from a visit to relatives in Shepherd.

Mr. J. O. Monday returned last week from Colorado Springs. Mrs. Monday and Miss Verne Monday will remain until the latter part of September.

Mr. O. T. Bitner and daughter, Miss Bessie Bitner, of Marlin have been visiting relatives in and near Lovelady.

Mr. and Mrs. Grover C. Bland and little son of Dallas, and Mr. and Mrs. Stoke Hutchings and little daughter of DeWalt, are guests of Mrs. M. L. Hutchings.

J. B. Zimmerman of Dallas was shaking hands with old friends last week.

Mrs. E. S. Atkinson spent a few days in Jacksonville.

W. W. Aiken, the Courier editor of Crockett, was a welcome visitor in our town last week.

Misses Lula and Lucy Hart spent a few days last week in Pennington.

Malcolm Murray of Arizona is spending a while with his mother, Mrs. C. C. Murray.

Miss Hannah Hays of Huntsville visited friends here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Tanner will return this week from their vacation spent in Arkansas and Kentucky.

Chas. J. Niisse and sister, Miss Lillian Niisse, leave this week to visit relatives in Vivian, La., before taking up their duties in the school room at Clarksville, Texas.

Rev. and Mrs. H. E. Harris have as their guests Dr. and Mrs. Heard and little son, George, and Miss Lucy Reed of Albatville, Ala.

Mr. J. C. McDowell of Trinity was a caller in this city Sunday.

Miss Alma Moore and Miss Irene Bruton have returned from a most pleasant outing spent on the Bruton plantation.

Are Motor Car Hoods Necessary?

Now that the magneto has been made waterproof, and other parts of the modern motor car engine are so thoroughly protected from dirt and moisture, the question naturally arises, "Are engine hoods really necessary?" Why is it not possible to produce an engine so thoroughly enclosed that the ordinary sheet iron covering can be dispensed with? This should not be difficult, for already the valve mechanism is hidden behind metal plates; also, in a number of cases, the carbureter is all but enclosed. It should not be difficult to provide a carbureter intake which will permit of sufficient inspiration yet exclude such foreign matter as dirt and water.—Scientific American.

Spur Farm Lands.

Many farmers are making a hard or doubtful living on high priced lands in localities cursed with insect pests, or floods, or drought, or weed plague, or other enemies to successful farming. The end of each year finds time and energy practically wasted, no progress made. Spur Farm Lands offer relief from these conditions.

The tenant on the high priced lands further east can make a payment and be master of his own acres here. Any good farmer can pay for them from the products thereof. The Spur Farm Lands offer productive, virgin lands, easily cultivated, at low prices and on easy terms. Splendid crops are raised without irrigation. No boll weevil ever known here. Altitude 2000 to 2800 feet.

Considering the reliable production of these lands, prices are lowest in Texas; new country, settling fast; splendid climate, no malaria, chills, or fever; good churches and schools. We offer the homeseeker a wide range of selection and are selling direct—no commission to any one;

the purchaser receives full value in his lands in dealing direct with the owner as opposed to paying a middleman several dollars per acre.

STOCK FARMS AND SMALL RANCH TRACTS.

We also offer fine grazing tracts, perfectly adapted to this purpose—one section to fifty, at prices from \$5.00 per acre up. Free illustrated booklet, giving all particulars, on application to Chas. A. Jones, Manager for S. M. Swenson & Sons, 6t. Spur, Dickens county, Texas.

The State of Texas.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston county—greeting: You are commanded to summons J. P. A. Smith, by making publication of this citation once a week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston county at the Court House thereof, in Crockett on the 12th day in October, 1914, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 15th day of August 1914 in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 5578, wherein C. A. Smith is plaintiff and J. P. A. Smith is defendant, said petition alleging that plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married in Houston county, Texas, on the 16th day of December 1906, and lived together as husband and wife until the 28th day of September 1910, when without cause the defendant voluntarily left the bed and board of petitioner with the intention of abandonment, and has neither lived or cohabited with her since, and says that more than three years have elapsed since his said abandonment, and she prays that she have a decree declaring their marriage null and void, and for special and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have before said court on the first day of the

Haste the school boy or girl, haste away, Come to see us every day

to get what you need in school tablets, pencils, erasers, pens, inks, book straps and satchels, paste, glue, mucilage, colored pencils, school boxes, drinking cups and rulers.

Marbles, 5c a Grab

We wish you well and can serve you better.

King's Drug Store

Phone 91—We Deliver

next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court, Houston county, Texas.

Given under my hand and seal of said court this the 15th day of August, A. D. 1914.

John D. Morgan, Clerk of District Court, Houston county, Texas.

By J. H. Sharp, Deputy. 4t.

Keeps Your Liver Healthily Active.

A man in Kentucky just told a friend that Foley Cathartic Tablets were the most wonderful medicine that had ever entered his system.

Said he would not be without them. Neither would you, if you had ever tried them. A thoroughly cleansing cathartic for chronic constipation or for an occasional purge.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

Chamberlain's Liniment.

If you are ever troubled with aches, pains or soreness of the muscles, you will appreciate the good qualities of Chamberlain's Liniment. Many sufferers from rheumatism and sciatica have used it with the best results. It is especially valuable for lumbago and lame back. For sale by all dealers.

To Reduce the High Cost of Living

The following merchants have agreed that after the 15th of September they will sell strictly for cash. No goods will be sent out on approval, but money will be gladly refunded on all purchases not giving satisfaction. In view of the above fact they will be able to give their customers lower prices and better service, for all chances of losses will be eliminated. It is to be hoped that the citizens of Houston county will appreciate the step that will be taken by these progressive merchants, as it will materially reduce the high cost of living.

**DAN McLEAN
C. P. O'BANNON
CROCKETT DRY GOODS COMPANY
DAN J. KENNEDY
T. H. LIVELY DRY GOODS COMPANY**

The McLean Drug Company

The Rexall Store

Sells **QUININE** and 4999 other articles in drugs and jewelry, paints, wall paper, stationery, etc.

The McLean Drug Company
The Rexall Store
Everything in Drugs and Jewelry

Local News.

Mrs. C. P. O'Bannon visited in Galveston last week.

Robert Reed Nunn is here from Texarkana and Houston.

Old newspapers for sale at this office at 25 cents a hundred.

A complete, up-to-date abstract. tf-adv Aldrich & Crook.

Residence for rent—conveniently located. Apply to J. D. Friend. tf.

D. A. Nunn was among the excursionists to Galveston Saturday.

Miss Beth Lundy has returned from visiting relatives near Lovelady.

Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

Will buy their customers' cotton now. tf.

Miss Hattie Valentine has returned from the St. Louis millinery market.

Dr. Will Tenney of Elysean Fields was a recent visitor to his parents in this city.

Mrs. J. W. Shivers and children returned recently from visiting relatives at Temple.

Jas. S. Shivers has returned and will buy cotton from customers of Jas. S. Shivers & Co. tf.

Callum H. Brown, direct from St. Louis, was mixing with the Crockett trade Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Morgan returned home last week from visiting in southwest Texas.

C. R. Rich and family of Lovelady have returned from their summer vacation at Galveston.

Jake Endel says business is not bad. He has closed the lease of his brick building for another year.

FOR SALE—The windmill at old jail—cheap for \$40.00 as it stands. Apply to T. B. Satterwhite or W. B. Page. St.

Improvements continue. Residences of J. W. Madden, J. E. Bynum and others are being enlarged and remodeled.

Residence for Rent.

Has city water, bath tub, sink, lavatory and 3-acre pasture. Apply to Geo. W. Crook. 2t.

Notice, Transfers.

Parties who desire to transfer to the Crockett school district will be allowed six months free tuition. J. W. Hall, President School Board.

Miss Grace Denny will leave Friday for Madisonville, where she will teach in the public schools during the coming term.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Howard, formerly of Crockett, but more recently of Grapeland, will again make their home in this city.

J. R. Mainer of Lovelady, S. H. Sharp of the same place and W. H. Kuhlman are among those remembering the Courier since last issue.

Mrs. James S. Shivers and children and Mrs. John LeGory, who are spending the summer in Colorado, will not return home until cooler weather.

Miss Seawillow Johnson left Tuesday at noon for her home in Marlin, accompanied by Miss Jennie Arledge, who will be her guest for some time.

Misses Georgia Laura Dick of Houston and Jeannette Markle of Galveston were passengers through Crockett Saturday, returning from visiting at Palestine.

H. F. Moore and family have returned from their summer vacation in California. After an absence of two months, they say Crockett looks good to them again.

At Lovelady Wednesday, in the last of a series of three games of baseball, Crockett won by a score of 7 and 1, making a total of two out of three won by Crockett.

A farmer friend says the country will manage some way to get through the present low price of cotton, but that very few white shoes will be worn next year.

To Our Customers.

Bring in your cotton. We will buy same if you want to sell, or hold if you want to hold, subject our option. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

James S. Shivers reached home Sunday night from California and Colorado. He says the only advantages those states have over Houston county is in their climates.

A night letter from J. J. Bishop at Athens, dated September 2, 1914, reads: "Precinct No. 1 went dry today by 297 votes and Henderson county went dry by 605 majority."

Surf-Bathing is Fine at Galveston.

Popular low rate excursion via I. & G. N. Tickets on sale Saturday, Sept. 5, and for trains arriving Galveston Sunday morning, Sept. 6; limit to leave Galveston Monday, Sept. 7. See Ticket Agent for particulars. It.

J. O. Monday and Byron Cannon, in Mr. Monday's automobile, returned last week from Colorado, returning through Kansas and Oklahoma. The rest of the party will stay in Colorado until the end of the month.

Ready for Your Cotton Seed.

Am now in the market for cotton seed and have the money to pay for all the seed I can get. Am representing the same firm as last season. Do not sell before seeing me. tf. J. R. Howard.

Jim Bynum left Saturday night for McAllister, Okla., to identify a negro under arrest and suspected as being Tom Lagway Jr., wanted at Crockett for killing Halslip. He wired back on Monday to Sheriff Phillips that the suspect was not the man wanted at Crockett.

A few dollars put into circulation early Tuesday morning paid many a bill in Crockett during the day. Jones, the groceryman, paid Smith, the druggist; Smith paid it to Brown, the drygoodsman; Brown paid it to Green, the publisher; Green paid it to Mrs. Johnson, the landlady, and Mrs. Johnson paid it to Jones, the groceryman, where it started. A little money can pay a lot of debts when put into circulation. Keep it circulating.

Card of Thanks.

Grapeland, Texas, Sept. 1.—We desire in this way to extend to our many friends our sincere and hearty thanks and appreciation for their many acts of kindness and deep sympathy in the last illness of our precious mother. Your deeds of sympathy and love did much to strengthen us and help us bear this great sorrow and loss. May God reward and bless you continually. Adv. J. E. Payne and Family.

Examining Trial Thursday.

Hiram Wilburn, implicated in the Stubblefield school house killing, will have his examining trial today (Thursday). The Courier has reliable information to the effect that Harve English, who was shot in a leg, claims that both he and his brother, Marshall English, who was killed, were unarmed and that Dick Wilburn, father of the young man in jail, was accidentally shot by his own son, Hiram. The shooting occurred on the inside of the school house Saturday afternoon during the progress of a song service. It is said that both Dick and Hiram Wilburn were armed and it will be contended, did all the shooting. A feud had existed between the two families for many years.

Crockett Schools September 14.

The city schools of Crockett will open for the 1914-1915 session on Monday, September 14. It is confidently expected that the coming term will be the best in the history of the school, both from the standpoint of the numbers enrolled and the quality and character of the work done.

The interiors of the buildings have been thoroughly overhauled; the floors have been scrubbed and dressed; the woodwork, furniture and windows have been cleaned, and the buildings have been fumigated. In fact nothing has been left undone that would add to the health and comfort of the pupils. The yards will be cleaned next week, completing the preparations for the coming term.

Those pupils who desire to take examination for advanced standing will be given that opportunity next week.

Citrolax.

Users say it is the ideal, perfect laxative drink. M. J. Perkins, Green Bay, Wis., says: "I have used pills, oils, salts, etc., but were all disagreeable and unsatisfactory. In Citrolax I have found the ideal laxative drink." For sick headache, sour stomach, lazy liver, congested bowels, Citrolax is ideal.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

Money to Loan.

We make a specialty of loans on land and to farmers. We buy vendors lien notes and any other good paper. If you want to borrow money you will DO WELL to call and get our terms before placing your loan. We buy and sell real estate.

Warfield Bros.

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS

Ante-Nuptial Affairs.

Two ante-nuptial affairs for Mr. D. P. Craddock and Miss Judith Arledge, who were married on Thursday evening following, were given by their friends on Tuesday evening of last week. For the bridegroom Mr. Downes Foster threw open the home of his parents, entertaining the young men friends of himself and Mr. Craddock. A light refreshment of sandwiches and ice tea was served, after which Mr. Craddock, who had not been apprised of what was to follow, was enticed to the center of the music room, from the ceiling of which was suspended a large paper bag, filled with hosiery, handkerchiefs and ties.—When the recipient was well under the bag, a string was pulled and the contents of the bag showered upon him. At the same time a similar or linen shower for Miss Arledge was being given by her girl friends at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Woodson with the assistance of Miss Alline Foster. After the showers the young men visited the Woodson home and escorted the young ladies to the moving pictures and home.

Baseball Club Banqueted.

On Friday evening some of the citizens of Crockett who enjoy a good game of baseball arranged a banquet at Scarborough's Cafe for the Crockett Baseball Club and friends. Forty covers were laid and every plate was taken. Jack Parker, a traveling salesman making his home temporarily in this city, was chairman of the arrangement committee.

The banquet was scheduled for 8 o'clock and came off promptly. Harry Castleberg was master of ceremonies or toastmaster. After-dinner talks, through which a feeling of good-fellowship and grandstand enthusiasm ran, were made as toasts to the baseball club and responded to by members of the club. Among the speakers were John McConnell, Charlie Edmiston, W. P. Harris, John LeGory, Her-

bert Massey, Jack Parker, Tom Brailsford, Walter English, Dr. Latham, Johnson Arledge, W. A. King, Nat Allbright and many others. Baseball enthusiasm permeated everything and everybody. The 1914 successes of the club were reviewed and a successful season for 1915 forecasted. Speakers pointed with pride to the club's record in that none of its members had gambled on the games and that the players were not only free of the gambling habit but of the drink habit as well.

The banquet was an enjoyable success.

The Ideal Motor Car.

The question, "What is the ideal motor car?" is a moot one, and for this reason the discussion which revolved about it at the annual meeting of the Society of Automobile Engineers is enlightening. As a result of several sessions, it evolved that the ideal car in the opinion of the majority incorporates the following features: High-speed, high-efficiency motor with six cylinders measuring about 3 by 5 inches bore and stroke, respectively; streamline body; weight about 2,750 pounds with full equipment; electric lighting and engine starting system; dry plate clutch; four-speed gear set; worm drive; full-floating rear axle; cantilever springs; left side drive with center control; magneto ignition; pump circulated water cooling; double internal expanding brakes.—Scientific American.

Notice of Election.

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of Crockett, that an election be and is hereby ordered to be held in the city of Crockett on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1914, for the purpose of electing one alderman to fill out the unexpired term of Alderman T. R. Deupree resigned. John C. Lacy is hereby appointed judge of said election. J. W. Young, Mayor.

Attest: J. Valentine, Secretary. St.

School Bells

Will soon be ringing. Don't disappoint your children by having them wait for any of their school supplies. We have them NOW—all of the adopted books. Plenty of them and of all school necessities—pencils, pens, tablets, rulers galore and the best ink anywhere. Send the children to us. We cater to their trade and extend to them just as many courtesies as we do to the "grown-ups." Heretofore we have sold books for CASH ONLY, and the same will be our policy this year. Send the children to us—we are waiting for them NOW.

Decuir-Bishop Drug Company

Phone 47 or 140

WE SELL YOU WHAT YOU ASK FOR

OUR LIMITED SENSES.

They Fail to Make Us Cognizant of Many Things About Us.

If man were endowed with 200 senses, each as different from the other and as full of perceptive power as the eyes and ears, the human race might the better be justified for its egotism. The scientific as well as religious opinion that mankind "knows a thing or two" and is "lord of the beasts of the field, the birds in the air" and over all inanimate nature might then be at least more justifiable than with his present endowment of a mere "handful" of sense organs.

Besides ultra-microscopic living beings, some beneficial, some friendly and some inimical—witness the virus of rabies, of cancer, of infantile paralysis—there are millions and millions of real things in the physical world beyond the reach of our senses. Just as you feel heat, see light, hear winds, taste nectar and smell ozone, so if you were properly endowed with the extra, necessary hundreds of different organs you could sense:

First.—The X rays.
Second.—The ultra violet rays.
Third.—Gravitation.
Fourth.—Gamma rays.
Fifth.—Electricity.
Sixth.—Magnetism.
Seventh.—Hertzian wireless wave rays.

Eighth.—Beta rays of radium, thorium, uranium.

Ninth.—Fast cathode rays from vacuum bulbs.

Tenth.—Canal rays, electrical in vacuum bulbs.

Eleventh.—Slow cathode rays from incandescent bodies and chemical reactions.

Twelfth.—Infra-red rays that are not felt as heat.

These and many elements, such as oxygen, hydrogen, helium—the alpha rays of radium—and argon, can only be sensed by the round-about and circuitously indirect methods.

The battle of the human race against its mysterious environment is an unequal one. If the victory is always to the stronger, man has little chance in this unfair contest.

Happily, the experimental laboratory, as well as the "catch-as-catch-can" method of the "try and try again" inventor, lends gargantuan countenance to human pounding upon the doors of our shut-in environment. Inventors and laboratory workers are the Argus eyed myriads of extra senses, which give hope and promise to the weak mortal in his exploration of the world of real but unseen things.—Denver News.

Ancient Egyptian Stones.

Stones were formed into the shapes of beetles by the ancient Egyptians. They regarded the beetle as an emblem of immortality, and hence it was the most popular of all forms of ornament. Counterfeit beetles of common stones were commonly buried with dead persons, and it was customary to engrave upon them the expression of wishes for future repose and happiness, dedications of the soul to God and various hieroglyphs. One of the latter was a hawk with a human head, symbolizing resurrection. Another, the vulture, meant maternity. A goose was the son of a king.

Quite Condescending.

The college president was entertaining a freshman at dinner, when the conversation turned on football. To the student's surprise the president displayed a thorough familiarity with the game and proceeded to discuss it as earnestly as though it had been Greek or mathematics. Indeed, his treatment of the topic brought out so many points that the freshman had overlooked that the youth was moved to remark to his hostess, "Well, this talk with President Blank has showed me how true it is we never meet any one from whom we can't learn something!"

The Motor Enthusiast.

"Could you tell me where I could get some giant firecrackers?" said the determined looking woman.

"We can order them for you," replied the merchant. "Might I inquire what you want with them?"

"To wake my husband. He has got so he pays no attention to an alarm clock. The only thing that will arouse him is a noise like a bursting automobile tire."—Washington Star.

To the Farmers of Houston County

We are confronted with an unusual and serious situation, inasmuch as our cotton, on which the commercial life of our county depends, is not saleable now at a fair price, and we have no means of knowing when conditions will improve, although both our National and State governments are working on the problem, and we are hopeful and confident that measures will be adopted that will afford some relief. With a crop of sixteen million bales, which is predicted, cotton would scarcely bring over 8 cents to 10 cents per pound under favorable conditions, and, with our best customers cut off by the ravages of war, it is a question as to just what value cotton now has. All of us owe debts, and the revenue derived from cotton is practically our only means for paying them, therefore we must all stand together—bankers, jobbers, merchants and farmers—and this situation can be handled without serious hurt to anybody. Let us not talk of or magnify our troubles, but be optimistic, working for and expecting better conditions, and we will have them. Let each do his part in helping to relieve the situation, and we will be surprised at just how well we have fared after this stress is over. In this crisis, we would offer some pertinent suggestions to those who are in debt to their merchants or bankers, and those who are not, but are able to handle their cotton as they deem best, might well follow these same suggestions.

1st. Pick your cotton out as rapidly as possible, and with as little expense, for the expense of picking is a big item. Be very careful to pick it clean and get a good grade, for the cotton carried over from last season is all low grade, and grades under middling will not be in demand, and be worth a small price. After ginning, carry the cotton to your merchant or banker and have it safely stored, and suitable arrangements are being made to make reasonable and safe advancements on such cotton, which money will enable you to at least partly pay your debts, and your merchant or banker can then pay his, thus all will be relieved. If any attempt is made to hold the cotton at home, it means distress to all, so we would urge you to get your cotton in as quickly as possible, where it becomes a current asset and affords at least partial relief to all interested. Rest assured that there is no disposition to oppress anyone, or to force the sale of cotton; on the contrary, there is a decided disposition to be lenient and assist in every reasonable way to make cotton bring the very top price, and we believe the farmers will fully appreciate this and be ready and willing to do their part to bring about a betterment of conditions.

2nd. As your merchant can't secure further credit, and could hardly increase standing accounts, we would urge you to endeavor to trade for cash, but be assured that your merchant is always ready and willing to assist those who are doing their utmost, and are entitled to it.

3rd. The prospect is for the war to last into next spring, and this fact, coupled with the certainty that we will have to carry over fully 50 per cent of the present crop, if we realize a fair price for it, renders it imperative that the 1915 acreage be reduced sharply. If cotton will not bring the cost of production, and the present crop seems ample to supply the world for both years, then we must turn our attention to something besides cotton, and you will find every one disposed to assist farmers to get away from cotton, at least until it can be raised profitably. Make your very strongest effort to raise food for yourself and stock at home and try to have farm produce for sale. Raise cattle, hogs, chickens, etc. Plant forage crops, such as peas, peanuts, sorghum, etc. We can all do things when we must, and it is very evident that farmers must figure for their living out of something other than cotton. The war has brought about changed conditions, and we will have to adjust ourselves to them as best we can.

We have the best poor man's county in the United States, and no man need suffer who really makes an effort. Out of this uncertainty we will surely emerge better in every way, so let us not be pessimistic or despondent, but be optimistic and do our part toward bringing about better conditions, and look for the silver lining in the clouds that now overshadow us.

CROCKETT

First National Bank.
Crockett State Bank.
Daniel & Burton.
Jas. S. Shivers & Co.
Craddock & Driskill.
T. D. Craddock.
Smith Hardware Co.
Moore & Shivers.
Lundy & Thompson.
F. H. Hill.
Deupree & Waller.
Swann Furniture Co.
J. W. Bennett.
M. McCarty.
C. G. Lansford.
Edmiston Brothers.

GRAPELAND

Farmers' & Merchants' State Bank.
Guaranty State Bank.
Geo. E. Darsey.
Kennedy Brothers.
McLean & Riall.
J. N. Parker.
S. E. Howard.
W. R. Wherry.
D. N. Leaverton.
A. S. Porter.
T. H. Leaverton.
Traylor Brothers.
Keeland Brothers.
T. S. Kent.
J. J. Brooks.

LOVELADY

First National Bank.
Montgomery & Lawrence.
J. O. Monday.
E. Mainer & Sons.
Kennedy Bros. & Lewis.
C. R. Rich.
J. D. Baker.
WELDON
1st Guaranty State Bank.
Weldon Mercantile Co.
Mangum Brothers.
Ross Grocery Co.
B. E. Goodrum.
Leggett Brothers.
J. L. Carroll.
Weldon Hdw. & Fur. Co.

RATCLIFF

First State Bank.
McKinney & McKinney.
G. M. Mahoney.
Sam Cohen.
J. A. Gibson.
G. W. Hodge.
G. W. Ashby.
A. B. Oliver & Son.
KENNARD
Farmers' Guaranty State Bank.
F. P. Hudson & Co.

The State of Texas

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of John L. Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledger Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of Sarah J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of S. J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary F. H. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. G. Logan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. M. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Caroline K. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jas. P. Langhorne, deceased, the unknown heirs of Evan J. Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lucy Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of John L. Adams, deceased, by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the nearest county to your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be holden at the Court House of said Houston County, in the town of Crockett, on the fifth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1914, the same being the 12th day of October, A. D. 1914, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1914, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 5512, wherein T. L. Hall and J. F. Hall are plaintiffs, and the un-

known heirs of John L. Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledger Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of Sarah J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of S. J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. H. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. G. Logan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. M. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Caroline K. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jas. P. Langhorne, deceased, the unknown heirs of Evan J. Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lucy Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of John L. Adams, deceased, and Elliott W. Eaves are defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiffs are the owners in fee simple, being lawfully seized and possessed of the following described tract or parcel of land situated in the counties of Houston and Trinity, Texas, and more particularly described by field notes as follows, to-wit: Situated about 5 miles east of Lovelady and being a portion of the Francisco Martinez League, and beginning at the North East corner of said League, a stake from which a P. O. 24 in. dia. marked X hrs N. 84 E. 2 9-10 vrs. Thence South with the East line of said league 1409 vrs. to stake from which a Pine 20 in. dia. marked X hrs N. 4 E. 8 2-10 vrs. and a P. O. 6 in. dia. marked X hrs N. 17 W. 3 vrs. Thence South 89-40 degrees West with the South line of a 64 acre tract on said league, 1087 vrs. to a stake at South West corner of said 64 acre tract from which a P. O. 13 in. dia. marked X hrs N. 3 W. 4 2-10

vrs. and a R. O. 10 in. dia. marked X hrs S. 39 E. 6-10 vr. Thence North 326 3-10 vrs. to stake on the South line of the Gantt 200 acre tract from which a Hickory 8 in. dia. marked X hrs N. 56 W. 2 2-10 vrs. Thence West 121 5-10 vrs. to a stake in a slough from which a Sweet Gum 18 in. dia. marked X hrs S. 66 W. 2 7-10 vrs. and a Pecan 13 in. dia. marked X hrs S. 33 1/2 E. 4 4-10 vrs. Thence North 20 West 1092 vrs. to a stake at the North West corner of said 200 acre tract from which a P. O. 22 in. dia. marked X hrs S. 60 W. 6 4-10 vrs. Thence East 1212 vrs. to the place of beginning, containing 296 acres of land, more or less, as surveyed by J. C. Ford. Plaintiffs fully set out in their Original Petition the title under and by virtue of which they claim title to said land. Plaintiffs allege that they and those under whom they claim title to said land have been in the actual, useful, continuous and adverse possession thereof, cultivating, using and enjoying the same under deeds duly registered, paying all taxes due thereon for periods of three, five and ten years, and plaintiffs specially plead in their said Original Petition the three, five and ten years' Statutes of Limitation in bar of all claims asserted by the defendants in and to said property. Plaintiffs further allege and set out in their Original Petition that all of the claims of the defendants in and to said property are unknown, but specially allege various minor defects in and to said title by reason of various discrepancies which are fully set out in said Original Petition, and all of which cast a cloud on plaintiffs' title, which the plaintiffs sue to remove. Wherefore, plaintiffs pray judgment for said land, removing all clouds and quieting their title to same. Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the

District Court of Houston County. Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, this 3rd day of August, A. D. 1914. [Seal] John D. Morgan, Clerk, Adv. St. District Court, Houston County.

Acute indigestion.

"I was annoyed for over a year by attacks of acute indigestion, followed by constipation," writes Mrs. M. J. Gallagher, Geneva, N. Y. "I tried everything that was recommended to me for this complaint, but nothing did me much good until about four months ago I saw Chamberlain's Tablets advertised and procured a bottle of them from our druggist. I soon realized that I had gotten the right thing for they helped me at once. Since taking two bottles of them I can eat heartily without any bad effects." Sold by all dealers. Adv.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

"I advised the 'boys' when they enlisted for the Spanish war to take Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy with them, and have received many thanks for the advice given," writes J. H. Houghland, Eldon, Iowa. "No person whether traveling or at home should be without this great Remedy." For sale by all dealers. Adv.