

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, JULY 4, 1918.

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AMERICANS TOOK MANY PRISONERS

Every Objective Was Reached as Pershing's Men Swept Over Everything Before Them.

By Associated Press, July 2.—An entire German regiment has been virtually annihilated in the fighting west of Hill 204, according to official information.

With the American Forces on the Marne Front, July 2, 5:00 p. m.—A counter attack made by the Germans Tuesday against the new positions won last Monday night by the American forces to the west of Chateau Thierry was completely broken up. The Americans did not give up a foot of ground which they had captured.

There was hot fighting Tuesday in front of Hill 204, which is in the hands of the Germans. At 5:00 o'clock Tuesday evening the American artillery was engaged in heavily shelling this position. Reports from the advanced front brought back through a heavy barrage confirmed the earlier statements that the Americans have reached their every objective and are holding at every point.

The total number of Germans captured by the Americans is now estimated to number about 500, including seven officers.

The fighting qualities of the Americans were certified to by virtually all the prisoners taken. They said the Americans fought like wild men, sweeping everything before them as they plunged over the ground.

Price-Rollins Revival.

The Price-Rollins revival, after a two weeks' campaign at the Methodist church, came to a conclusion Sunday night. The closing service was attended by a capacity house. Mr. Price and Mr. Rollins left for Caldwell Monday via Houston, where they will conduct a revival for two weeks. From thence they will return to their homes for several days' vacation before beginning their fall campaigns.

The meeting conducted here was a marvelous one in many respects. First of all we have passed through unprecedented hot weather for June. Coupled with this the political pot is boiling and the further fact that the war savings stamps campaign was in full blast. Regardless of these things the revival steamed right ahead, the services being attended by large crowds by day and night. The results are very gratifying. Close on to two hundred were quickened into new life and reconsecrated to God and the church. A large, liberal contribution was made to the workers and the incidentals were cared for.

Mr. Price is a man's man. His messages appealed to them. He is logical and scriptural in his preaching and a very forceful speaker. His great address on "Taming the Beast of Berlin," patriotic utterances from time to time in sermons and his timely help at the court house on the 28th contributed no little to the success of the war savings stamps campaign. The fact is, I have never had an evangelist that was more safe and sane than he. I esteem it a great privilege to have been instrumental in bringing to Crockett a man of his calibre.

Mr. Rollins is one of the sweetest spirited men with whom I have come in contact. He is an agreeable gentleman. He is a fine director of the choir. He is an effective soloist. His work with the children was excellent. His work in advertising the sermon subjects contributed no little to the interest and attend-

ance. He is a fine companion and assistant to Mr. Price.

I believe that the results of this meeting will abide, I feel sure that Crockett has a new vision of life and of what it means to be a Christian. Let every quickened soul resolve to profit by the new light. There should be a decided improvement in church, Sunday school

and prayermeeting attendance. New enthusiasm should be experienced in Bible reading and prayer. To neglect these things means disaster and defeat. To use these means growth and development and every Christian grace will result.

Wednesday night I will receive the new members in the church. Sunday morning I will

preach and at night we will worship with our Baptist brethren. Sunday afternoon I will organize an Epworth League. Let us heed the words of our great president and keep the church going at full blast.

Chas. U. McLarty.

Here's a bit of advice for those who are always giving advice: "Don't talk so much."

AMERICANS NOW IN OVERSEAS SERVICE

1,019,115 Have Crossed Ocean to Take Part in Great Struggle to Redeem the World.

Washington, July 2.—American troops sent overseas numbered 1,019,115 July 1.

This was made known Tuesday night by President Wilson, who gave the public a letter from Secretary Baker disclosing a record of achievement which the president said "must cause universal satisfaction" and "which will give additional zest to our national celebration of the Fourth of July."

The first units—non combatant—left American shores May 8, 1917, General Pershing followed 12 days later, and at the end of the month, 1718 men had started for France. June saw this number increased by 12,261, and thereafter khaki-clad "crusaders from the Western republic sent overseas steadily until approximately 300,000 had departed when the great German thrust began last March.

The March sailings of 83,811 were increased in April to 117,212. May saw another 244,345 men embark and last month 276,372 were sent away, making a total for the three months of 637,929. This, Secretary Baker said later, put the troop movement six months ahead of the original program.

"Substantially 30 divisions are now in France ready to meet whatever move the German staff has in preparation. Some of these divisions already have been formed into the first field army under Major General Liggett, others are holding trench sectors of important points along the battle line and still others have been broken up and brigaded with the French and British troops. And so when the German thrust comes the Americans will be called upon to play no small part in meeting it.

"Secretary Baker wrote the president that the supplies and equipment in France for the million men who have gone is shown by latest reports to be adequate and added that "the output of our war industries in this country is showing marked improvement in practically all lines of necessary equipment and supply."

Secretary Baker said he disapproved of speculations as to the future records in troop movements, declaring he did not desire to have "past performances made the basis of speculation for the future."

As reserves for the million and more now in France, more than another million are now in training in the United States and 3,000,000 American soldiers will be under arms by the end of this month, while information recently furnished to congress by Brigadier General R. E. Wood, acting quartermaster general, disclosed that his department is planning to clothe 4,000,000 men next January 1.

General Crowder recently told the senate military committee that class 1 registrants will be exhausted by the first of the year and added:

"Everybody expects heavy calls to be made during the first six months of next year."

The United States Civil Service Commission has announced an examination to be held at Crockett, Texas, on July 27, 1918, as a result of which it is expected to make certification to fill a contemplated vacancy in the position of fourth-class postmaster at Latexo and other vacancies as they may occur at that office, unless it shall be decided in the interests of the service to fill the vacancy by reinstatement. The compensation was \$231 for the last fiscal year.

Lost—An automobile crank Finder return to this office and receive reward. It.

QUALITY

H. G. PATTON

PRICE

Wholesale and Retail Groceries and Feed
United States Food Administration License No. G54404

Our Big Stock-Reducing Sale Starts Saturday and Lasts One Week Only

Starts Saturday, July 6, Lasts Thru Saturday, the 13th

When everyone else is getting large profits on their goods we stand willing to help the laboring class of people by putting on sale our large stock of goods, bought cheap, and selling them cheaper than they can be bought today. We advise every one to come to this sale and see where your dollars go the farthest.

We buy for cash and sell for cash. That is the reason that we are today by far "The Largest and Most Progressive Grocery House in Houston County."

These prices are good for this sale only. Positively nothing charged or delivered during this sale.

Louisiana Sugar House molasses, per gallon	65c
Pure Louisiana ribbon cane syrup in gallon cans, per gallon	85c
Penford syrup, ribbon cane and corn syrup mixed, per gallon	75c
Quaker oat meal, during this sale must go at 9 packages for	\$1.00
K. C. baking powder, 25c cans in this sale for	20c
Calumet baking powder, 25c cans for	20c
Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour, 2 packages for	25c

Your country needs meat. Eat canned fish and help your country.

Argo Salmon, positively the best, per can	25c
Ragland Brand Salmon, Alaska pinks, 12 cans for	\$2.10

Oats, per bushel	\$1.00
Pure Magnolia peanut oil in gallon cans, special price per can	\$1.85
Pure peanut oil in bulk, per gallon	\$1.80
Pure white cooking oil in bulk, per gallon	\$1.75
Clairette soap, special price, 5 bars for	25c
Nice fresh hams, per pound	29c
6-oz. Bottles Garrett's snuff, per bottle	25c
Best grade yellow corn meal, per sack of 35 pounds	\$1.55
Best grade white Pearl corn meal in 35-pound sacks	\$1.65
3-lb. Buckets coffee, regular \$1.00 seller, 2 for	\$1.25
Pure apple vinegar in bulk, per gallon	25c
7 Pounds best grade green coffee, positively no faulty grains	\$1.00
12 Boxes best grade Double Dip matches	65c
4 1-lb. packages Arm & Hammer soda	30c

Some Other Real Bargains.

Regular \$3.25 leather horse collars, going at	\$2.50
Regular \$1.50 leather and duck collars, going at	\$1.15

Remember, positively nothing charged or delivered at these prices.

We Buy for Less

H. G. PATTON

We Sell for Less

5th and 6th Stores in Patton's Block

"By far the Largest and Most Progressive Grocery House in Houston County."

Bishop Drug Company Caters to Careful Drug Buyers

We like the trade of particular people who bring all their judgement to bear in their buying—people who want reasons for things, who scan goods carefully and watch quality and prices—people who examine, compare and look around.

WE CATER ESPECIALLY TO SUCH BUYERS BECAUSE WE HAVE FOUND THAT IT IS EASY FOR US TO HOLD THEIR PATRONAGE.

If you trade here you may always be sure of accuracy, purity, patent drugs, prompt service and right prices

PHONE 47 OR 140.

BISHOP DRUG COMPANY

PROMPT SERVICE STORE

Local News Items

666 cures Chills and Fever. 10t.

Miss Nell Beasley is visiting in McKinney.

666 contains no alcohol, arsenic, nor other poisonous drugs. 10t.

A complete and up-to-date abstract. tf. Aldrich & Crook.

Miss Mildred McGill of Mineral Wells is visiting Mrs. John Legory.

T. F. Smith of Fort Worth visited his mother, Mrs. Sue Smith, here last week.

Mrs. D. P. Craddock and little daughter of Galveston are visiting relatives here.

Jack Polly and Henry Arledge have returned from a pleasure trip to south Texas.

Dr. J. F. Scruggs, formerly of Lovelady, has located atourdant, southwest Texas.

Johnson Phillips Jr. and Pat McConnell are at home from the ship yards at Port Arthur.

Money to lend on farms. Terms reasonable, money quick. See J. S. French, Crockett, Texas. tf

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service.

Miss Hattie Stokes left Tuesday afternoon for New York to take a special summer course in music.

Mrs. W. H. Long and Miss Mabel Bolton of Augusta were guests of Mrs. Herman Howard this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Thompson left Tuesday afternoon for Galveston, where they will spend a brief vacation.

T. R. Aldrich, a former employe of the Courier office, writes home that he is now at the battle front.

Chester Owens and Robert Nunn have arrived in France. The former has been commissioned a lieutenant.

Henry Clark of Stephenville spoke in the interest of his campaign for governor in the court house here Saturday.

Robert Salisbury has returned home from Pittsburg, Pa. He expects to enlist soon in some branch of the army service.

Wanted—Clean quart bottles, all you can bring us. Will pay 20 cents per dozen. 1t. Smith-Murchison Hardware Co.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

666 cures Headaches, Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, or that tired aching feeling, due to Malaria or Colds. Fine Tonic. 10t.

Lloyd Tucker of Garland, Dallas county, is a guest of Paul Stokes and other Crockett friends.

There will be an ice cream supper at G. H. Shroyer's Friday night, benefit Red Cross. Tunstall's orchestra will furnish the music.

Ford Roadster.
A Ford roadster in good running condition for sale. See B. F. Weatherford at Duke & Ayres' store. 2t.

Smith - Murchison Hardware Company want all the clean quart bottles you can bring them. Will pay 20 cents per dozen. Get busy, boys. 1t.

H. A. McCelvey, assistant advertising manager of the Houston Chronicle, was here this week. Mr. McCelvey began his newspaper career with the Courier.

Misses Hilda Burton and Hattie Belle Arledge and Lanier Edmiston and Stephen Denny are some of the members of a house party who have returned from Longview.

Mrs. L. Meriwether left Tuesday afternoon for Cornell University, Ithica, N. Y., to attend the summer session and take a normal course in progressive piano lessons.

Twenty automobiles, occupied by members of the Lovelady Woman's Hobby Club, came to Crockett Thursday afternoon and registered. Each automobile contained from five to seven women voters.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Painter left Saturday for Athens and Kaufman and returned Monday, bringing back Misses Lucia Painter and Bess Satterwhite, who had been members of a Kaufman house party.

Strayed.
One dark bay mare mule about 14 hands high, weighing 850 lbs., about 10 years old. Finder will please notify me at Lovelady, Texas, and receive reward. 1t. D. C. Lawson.

Lawson Keene, who was among the first of the American soldiers to land in France, writes to his father, A. L. Keene, that he has been in some hard battles with the Germans on the battle front.

666 cures Malarial Fever. 10t.

For genuine Ford service, see or phone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

Women Are Registering.

Nearly a thousand Houston county women have registered to vote in the July primary election. The first woman to register was Mrs. C. W. Butler Jr. and the second Mrs. A. J. McLemore, both of Crockett.

Found—On the public road near Crockett, a small, green coat, containing the Hartt, Schaffner & Marx trademark. Owner can get the coat by calling at the Courier office, making the proper identification and paying for this advertisement. tf.

News was received here Monday of the marriage of Miss Bess Dickerson and George McCullough, the event happening at Fort Worth, where Mr. McCullough is in the training camp. Both young people have a large acquaintance who were agreeably surprised to hear the news. —Ratcliff Herald.

The double-column article headed "Request from Directors of the Crockett Ice, Electric Light and Power Company" is reprinted this week because of a typographical error it contained last week. As the error destroyed the sense of the article, the article should be reread by all who are interested.

To Build Ferry Boat.

The Commissioners' Court will receive sealed bids for building a ferry boat 12 by 50 feet, and to be delivered in the river ready for use at the old Alabama Crossing, till Saturday morning, 13th July next.

E. Winfree, County Judge.

Fell Below Quota.

It is the Courier's understanding that Houston county fell below the quota in the war savings stamps drive Thursday. It is also our understanding that the campaign will be kept up until the quota is reached. A number of communities in this county have exceeded their quotas.

Senator Jeff Strickland of Palestine and P. H. Hughes, former chairman of the Ferguson campaign committee at Palestine, spoke here in the interest of Hobby Saturday. Mr. Hughes told why he quit Ferguson and Senator Strickland told how Ferguson was indicted by the house of representatives, tried by the senate and convicted and impeached.

Chariots and Charioteers.

Some automobile drivers, judging by the way they rear back and split the middle of the road wide open, leave the impression that their only thought is: "See how fine I am and how fine my chariot is." And the average citizen is led to think all the more of the freckled-face boy and his slow-plodding donkey whom he passes by the roadside. Now if you think this does not hit anybody in Crockett or Houston county, just keep your eyes and ears open and you will find out differently. The Bible tells of the charioteers of old, but the charioteers of today speak for themselves.

Buried at Crockett.

Mrs. Brewton, wife of Mr. J. D. Brewton, died near Porter Springs Wednesday evening, June 26. She was apparently in good health at supper time, but soon afterward passed away after an attack of acute indigestion. Mrs. Brewton was about 70 years old. She was born in Mississippi, where she spent the early part of her life, but for many years she and her husband had been among the good citizens of this county. She was the mother of twelve children, eight of whom are living. She had been a consistent church member since childhood. The remains were brought to Crockett and interred in Glenwood cemetery, Rev. S. F. Tenney of the Presbyterian church conducting the funeral services.

666 cures by removing the cause.

Money to Loan

We buy vendor lien notes—Loan Money on long time. Have been doing it for fourteen years with Houston county farmers. We can refer you to a host of farmers we have helped and they now own their farms clear. See us before placing a loan with anybody.

The Firm that Gives Personal Service to Farmers.

WARFIELD BROTHERS

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Public Speaking.

Hon. W. C. Nugent of Galveston will speak in Crockett on Saturday, July 6, at 4:30 o'clock. Come out and hear why Hobby is the friend of the farmer, the soldier boy, the laboring man and, above all else, the poor student who is working his way through the state university—the farmer's university. Sons of rich men go to Yale, Harvard, etc. Hear why Hobby is the friend, not of any class, but of the masses.

First Baptist Church.

Next Sunday morning the meeting begins with Dr. J. A. Scott, evangelist of the Home Mission Board of Atlanta, Ga., in charge. Dr. Scott has the reputation of being a helpful preacher of the gospel of Jesus. He is the founder of the Oklahoma Baptist Orphans' Home and has been an evangelist and pastor all his life. He is in position therefore to serve us efficiently. May the Lord bless him and cause him to serve this community in a most helpful way.

We ask that all the choirs and individuals who can sing, of our city and community, cooperate with us in this effort to serve the kingdom of the Christ. If you have any of the hymn books in your home that belong to the church please bring them Sunday as we will need all we have.

Some thirty-four books are out in the homes of the people and will be needed next week in the church. Do not forget these books. Bring them to church with you next Sunday morning.

Our boys are dying by the ten thousand in France. This is the most serious and solemn time in all the history of the world. No man can live to himself or think in terms of selfishness now. Let us all give ourselves to God, to His church and to the upbuilding of Christian character in each other's lives as we have never done before. Everybody come. All welcome. Come praying God to bless the services and lead us all into a joyous and blessed relationship to Himself and to each other.

L. L. Sams, Pastor.

Age Limit Extension Proposal Defeated.

Washington, June 28.—Immediate extension of the present army draft age limits was overwhelmingly defeated today in the senate. The amendment proposed by Senator Fall of New Mexico to the \$12,000,000,000 army appropriation bill to make the limits 20 to 40 years and all compromises suggested for different minimums and maximums were voted down.

Children should be seen more and talked about less.

666 cures Bilious Fever. 10t.

FISH VS. MEAT

One Way of Doing What the English Call "To Carry On."



No Meat, Please.



Fish—Ah, Excellent!

The United States Food Administration has requested that householders, under no circumstance, buy more than one and one-quarter pounds of clean beef weekly, or one and one-half pounds including the bone, per person in the household. This reduced ration of meat calls for the use of substitutes, and one of the best substitutes for meat is fish. The administration wishes the public to increase the consumption of fish. Increased production will tend to bring about a readjustment of fish market conditions, and also build up an industry which has been painfully neglected.

The housewife will be interested in learning the following facts in regard to fish:

Is fish a "brain food"?

No more so than other foods. Fish contains a high percentage of phosphorus, and when food values were first discussed this was credited as "brain" food. Phosphorus is no more a brain builder than other substances of which the brain is composed.

When is the best time to substitute fish for meat?

In the spring and summer, when many varieties of fish are plentiful.

Is fish cheaper in warm weather?

Yes; particularly in localities near the source of supply.

Which are more plentiful, the ocean or inland fish?

Ocean fish. The growth of large cities on inland rivers has brought into existence many mills and factories which pollute the waters and drive away the fish.

Which variety of fish furnishes the greatest food value?

The oily varieties, such as salmon and mackerel.

Where are these found in abundance?

Salmon on the Pacific coast and mackerel on the Atlantic coast.

Why should we have frozen fish?

Because that makes it possible to have good fish in inland towns and cities.

Is frozen fish good?

Fish is frozen for market only when it is absolutely in good condition, and people should not fear to use it.

Should the fish be thawed out at the retailer's?

No; as soon as the fish is thawed out it deteriorates rapidly.

What should the housekeeper do?

She should insist on getting the fish frozen at the retailer's, and keep it frozen until she wishes to use it.

How is the best way to thaw it out?

By placing it on ice in a pan in a cool place.

How long does this process take?

Several hours.

Is there a quicker way to thaw it out?

Yes; by putting it in cold water; peves hot.

Should the water it is thawed out in be used?

By all means use the water if the fish is boiled; or use it for chowder. Some of the value of the fish goes into the water and is thus lost unless the water is made use of.

What are the advantages of cold-storage fish?

1. It brings good fish into large cities.
2. It standardizes the price of fish.
3. It lowers the annual price of fish.
4. It makes the transportation and caring for fish possible and safe.
5. It provides fish out of season.

TO OPPOSE EXTENSION OF AGE LIMIT

SENATE MILITARY COMMITTEE SO DECIDES AFTER CONFERENCES HELD.

Washington, June 26.—Opposition of the administration to proposals before the senate for immediate extension of the selective draft age limits, voiced today by Secretary Baker and General March, chief of staff, before the senate military committee, apparently served to increase the controversy over an amendment by Senator Fall of New Mexico to the \$12,000,000,000 army appropriation bill, proposing the age limits be 20 and 40 instead of 21 and 31 years.

Spirited all-day debate of the question in the senate, in which important revelations of the nation's military program were made, followed the military committee conference and the senate adjourned until tomorrow in the midst of the discussion. Tomorrow the fight is to be resumed with a final vote expected before the end of the week.

Before the senate reconvened today, Secretary Baker, General March and Provost Marshal General Crowder, who went to the capitol at the request of members of the military committee, spent nearly three hours behind closed doors with the committee. The secretary and chief of staff said legislation to change the age limits should be deferred for sixty or ninety days, as enough men for the existing army program are available and a new and enlarged army program is now being prepared for submission to congress within a few months.

Senator Chamberlain of Oregon, chairman of the military committee, told the senate that General Crowder acquiesced in the policy of his superiors and that the military committee by a majority vote had decided to oppose the proposed draft legislation as an addition to the army bill.

Senator Fall and other advocates of the Fall amendment immediately renewed their fight for changing the draft ages, declaring the department's information, showing that the class 1 registrants would be exhausted in a few months, at most, warranted extension at this time by congress of the draft to men below 21 and above 31 years.

Senator Chamberlain, although favoring immediate legislation, announced he would abide by the department recommendations and oppose the Fall amendment, while Senators Hitchcock of Nebraska, McKellar of Tennessee and others urged that the legislation go over. Senator Hitchcock indicated he would not press his substitute resolution to extend the draft ages.

Members of Draft Boards Hold Conference.

Fort Worth, Texas, June 26.—"The man who works three or four days a week for high wages and loafs the rest of the time is as much a loafer as the man who does not work at all," declared Major John C. Townes at the conference of the draft boards in Fort Worth today. "The work or fight order is an excellent rule for peace times as well as for war, and it would be a wonderful thing for the country if every man in it would work six days a week. And if he won't work six days at home, the duty of the local

Mothers of Texas, Prepare!

When a girl becomes a woman, when a woman becomes a mother, and when a woman passes through the changes of middle life, are the three periods of life when health and strength are most needed to withstand the pain and distress often caused by severe organic disturbances. Many women in Texas would testify just as do the following:

HOUSTON HEIGHTS, TEXAS.—"My mother used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. She was in very ill health, was all run down and it seemed like she could not get anything to do her any good until she took this medicine. It did her more good than anything she tried and I am always willing to recommend it to friends who need a fine tonic."—Mrs. JULIA STINSON.

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.—"I can recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to any woman suffering from woman's trouble or nervousness. I was very nervous and losing weight so fast I became alarmed over my condition. I could not do any housework. A friend told me about the 'Favorite Prescription' so I tried it and began gaining in weight at once."—Mrs. LIZZIE EFFERSON, 1220 Gould Avenue.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is not a secret remedy for all the ingredients are printed on the wrapper. All druggists. Liquid or tablets. Tablets, 50 cents. Send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10 cts. for trial package.

board is to see that he goes to the army, and is put to drill six days out of seven," he declared.

The representatives of 112 draft boards met at 10 o'clock in the courtroom of the federal building. The meeting was presided over by Major Townes, head of the selective service law in the state. Co-operation was the subject of the morning discussions.

Three very vital subjects were touched upon by the report of the resolutions committee, of which Sidney L. Samuels was the chairman. The committee expressed the opinion that as a matter of public policy and in order that the execution of the draft law shall not be colored by any appearance of political activities, candidates for office shall not participate in the deliberations of the boards. The committee recommended that rules of school boards forbidding the employment of married women as teachers be relaxed and that the certificate of a woman teacher whose husband is within the draft should be renewed without further examination.

The committee also went on record as favoring an amendment to the select service law, so as to place married men without children in class 2, and that class 4, except in particular instances of hardship, be reserved for men with children.

RUSSIA WILL AGAIN FIGHT FOR ALLIES

SENTIMENT HAS CHANGED AND RUSSIANS WOULD WELCOME MILITARY ACTION.

Washington, June 26.—The unheralded appearance in London Wednesday of Alexander Kerensky, former provisional premier of Russia, together with his announcement that he is on his way to America, and is certain Russia soon will be fighting again with the allies against Germany, furnished the subject for a discussion in official diplomatic circles that covered a wide range.

Speculation centered around Kerensky's purposes in coming. The belief seems to be general that he not only will seek to enlist the support of his own people of the country in his efforts to rehabilitate Russia and cast off the German yoke, but will discuss the subject with officials as well.

Appearing at a time when both the United States and the entente governments are earnestly considering how they may best aid Russia to rid herself of German influence and establish a stable government, the visit of the one time dictator of that nation is regarded by officials as having many and far reaching possibilities.

Coincident with the appearance of Kerensky in London, John Sookine, a member of the Russian commission sent to the United States by the Kerensky government a year ago, and now just back from France, announced Wednesday that he had learned from intimate reports from Russia that the people would welcome military action by the allies to overcome German domination.

A few months ago, Mr. Sookine said, this action would have been intolerable to the people, but German aggression in spite of the Brest-Litovsk treaty had caused so much suffering and privation that allied intervention now would be hailed with relief.

Mr. Sookine's statement and that of former Premier Kerensky concerning the change in the sentiment of the Russian masses served to bear out reports received at the state department.

Public Trust a Necessity.

Among the factors in all state governments the strongest are those that flow from the will of the people and those reflected by the conscience of the governor elected by the votes of the people. Between these two there should stalk no spectral shadows of distrust and suspicion. Upon the part of each there should be honest candor always. Without it there can be no complete co-operation in the administration of public affairs. To the people's inquiry into strange and unusual transactions conducted within the walls of the people's chief business and administrative office, the curt reply, "These are matters of private concern," is not enough. It explains nothing. Yet the people, for whose honor he is the public sponsor, have the right to know why and how it happens, that its trusted public servant, while withholding candor in his dealings with the people, elects, by secret compact, to bind his conscience to the will of some hidden source unknown to the people. By no stretch of imagination may such acts be squared with official regard for the public right. "The king can do no wrong" is in no possible sense part, nor parcel of democratic governmental creed.—Farm and Ranch.

Returning from the Panhandle Press association at Amarillo last Saturday night, a friend, H. E. Smith, and myself polled the smoking car for governor. Some five or six people were asleep in the car, whom we did not disturb, but the vote of those who were awake stood as follows: Hobby 12, Ferguson 2, Grubbs 1. One of the Ferguson men was the news butch and the other was a German who was returning to Crosby county from Amarillo, where disloyalty charges had been filed against him by the citizens of Crosby county.—Post City Post.

NEW REGULATIONS MADE ON SUGAR

SUPPLY IN SIGHT TO BE APPORTIONED THREE POUNDS PER CAPITA MONTHLY.

Washington, June 26.—Regulations for carrying out the new restrictions upon sugar consumption by commercial users, effective July 1, were made public today by the food administration. The new restrictions will apportion the 1,600,000 tons of sugar in sight for the six months beginning July 1, on the basis of three pounds per capita monthly. The apportionment is about double the ration of England, France and Italy.

Commercial users will receive their supply under a certificate system. No manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer will be permitted to sell sugar to any one except householders unless a certificate is presented. Retailers may sell not more than two pounds at a time to a town customer, or five pounds to a country customer. Commercial customers are divided into five groups.

Candymakers, soft drinks and soda fountains, chewing gum, chocolate, cocoa, tobacco, flavoring extracts, invert sugar, syrups, sweet pickles and manufacturers of wines will be allowed 50 per cent of their normal supplies, with the exception of ice cream manufacturers, who may receive 75 per cent.

Commercial canners of vegetables, fruit and milk and manufacturers of medicine, explosives and glycerine, will be allowed sufficient for their requirements.

Hotels, restaurants, clubs, dining cars and all public eating houses who take care of twenty-five or more persons may purchase three pounds for each ninety meals served.

Bakers will be allowed 70 per cent of the average amount used during June, 1918. Retail stores will receive for July quantities based on the average for the months of April, May and June, 1918, combined.

Any attempt to accumulate stocks prior to July will be construed as hoarding, the regulations declare. All stocks in excess of three months will be requisitioned, and all consumers in the five groups are required to notify food administrators of the amount they hold or have in transit prior to July 1.

ITALIANS ASSUME OFFENSIVE

And Take Mountain—Attack Unexpected and After Bitter Fighting All Positions Are Held.

Galveston News War Review.

Most active fighting has again shifted to the Italian front, where on Sunday the Italians, supported by the allied troops, attacked the Austro-Hungarians on the Asiago Plateau and captured Monte di Val Bella from the enemy. A total of 809 prisoners was also captured by the Italians in this operation.

The attack was launched at dawn and bitter fighting followed for some time before the mountain position was taken by storm. The Austro-Hungarians launched numerous and strong counter attacks, but these were repulsed by the Italians with great slaughter.

This offensive by the Italians in the mountain district of Northern Italy was unexpected, as it had been generally conceded that General Diaz would be content to hold what he had gained in the recent fighting along the Piave and would leave the mountain lines undisturbed.

That the Austrian losses in the recent disastrous ending of the offensive along the Italian front were enormous is admitted by Dr. Alexander Wekerle, Hungarian premier, in a declaration made to parliament Saturday, according to a Budapest dispatch received in Amsterdam. Dr. Wekerle is quoted as declaring that the reports of the Austro-Hungarian losses are greatly exaggerated, but he admitted that the losses in dead and wounded amounted to about 100,000, and that the prisoners taken by the Italians numbered 12,000.

The presence of American troops in Italy is expected to have a heartening effect on the Italians, and they will beyond doubt give a good account of themselves when they come to take part in the fighting.

Marine Casualty List.

Washington, June 30.—The marine casualty list announced Sunday contained 48 names, divided as follows: Killed in action 4, died of wounds 2, wounded severely 41, missing in action 1.

In the marine casualty list are the names of Private Clinton S. Lindsey, San Marcos, Texas, killed in action, and the following wounded in action: Sergeant Robert D. McGiffert, Topeka, Kan.; John F. Pinson Jr., St. Louis, Mo.; Paul R. Herbig, St. Louis, Mo.

The list also includes missing in action: Second Lieutenant Thomas R. Brailsford, 811 Franklin ave., Houston.

FINAL WARNING REGARDING SEWER CONNECTIONS

All parties must connect with the city sewer by July 15, 1918. Any failure to comply herewith will be vigorously prosecuted under the law. All applications for connection made with the city secretary before July 1, 1918, will save the \$5 tap fee.

THIS NOTICE IS GIVEN BY ORDER OF THE CITY COUNCIL

ENLARGED ARMY PLAN PRESENTED

PROJECT WILL REPRESENT MAXIMUM FIGHTING EFFORT OF COUNTRY.

Washington, June 26.—Secretary Baker disclosed to the senate military committee today that within three months an enlarged army project now being worked out will be presented to congress to represent the maximum fighting effort of the country.

The calculations upon which the pending army bill was framed have been exceeded and the war department is now revising its plans on an enlarged basis that means additional billions in money and additional millions of fighting men.

Mr. Baker disclosed the new plans in explaining his reasons for opposing any change now in the draft age limits. Later in the senate chamber figures were disclosed showing the great strides being made toward bringing American fighting power to the front in France.

General March, chief of staff, already has announced the army is five months ahead of schedule in troop movements, 900,000 men having been shipped abroad. During the debate today, however, it was disclosed that if the highest hopes are realized 1,450,000 men will have reached France some time in August, and there will be a total force under arms of approximately 3,500,000. A statement read into the senate records by Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the military committee predicted class 1 probably would be exhausted during October, and would be reduced to 614,126 men by calls to be made before Aug. 1.

Secretary Baker and General March were positive the reservoir of fighting manpower would meet all calls upon it under the best possible conditions of mobilization and transportation until congress has an opportunity to take up age extensions later, with the data now being compiled by the war department at hand.

The question of available shipping to move the men is the vital factor. At present much British and French tonnage is employed.

What the Other Fellow Thinks of You.

Don't be so thick-skinned that you can not stand a bit of criticism.

You may think it shows independence to allow yourself to be aroused to ire whenever someone dares to differ with you—but it is anything but that.

The man who is actually independent is the man who has perfect control over himself, and who can stand anything so it spells improvement.

It is the weakest individuals who lose their mental balance over trivial things, and the man who can keep control of his emotions in spite of aggravations shows up as the stronger every time.

In big business, though a man may be in a towering rage within, he must show a cool and calm exterior, and he knows it is the only way to win out.

As soon as your opponent begins to show anger you have the best of him. If you are naturally quick tempered, you have a hard time ahead to control your natural impulses, but the effort will repay you.

To think clearly, without emotion, under annoyance, means success.—Houston Chronicle.

If she pays cash at the drug store she comes by her complexion honestly.

WAR COSTING FIFTY MILLIONS A DAY NOW

OVER TWELVE AND A HALF BILLIONS SPENT BY GOVERNMENT IN FISCAL YEAR.

Washington, June 29.—The government today closed its books for the fiscal year just ending—the first full fiscal year in the war—and Monday will open new annual records. Cabinet members and other heads of departments will make reports to President Wilson covering their stewardship of funds and responsibilities for the year closing today, or technically, tomorrow.

In government financial history the year will go down as a period of expense hardly dreamed of a decade ago. More than \$12,600,000,000 is the actual outlay since July 1, 1917, to meet the multitude of big bills run up for the army, the navy, the shipbuilding program, airplane construction, coast defense requirements, other government activities and the needs of the allies for American loans to finance purchases of war materials in this country. In peace times the government spent less than \$1,000,000,000 annually.

With the addition of the \$1,200,000,000 which the government spent in the three months of war preceding this fiscal year, the war's cost in money to date has been \$13,800,000,000.

War activity now is draining about \$50,000,000 a day from the nation's public treasury.

Exemplifying duty is better than explaining it.

Some milk is sterilized and some is water cured.

DR. SAM'L A. MILLER

Practice Limited to Diseases of EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT

Office Over First National Bank Crockett, Texas. GLASSES SCIENTIFICALLY ADJUSTED FOR DEFECTIVE VISION

YOU will not have the best if you fail to get EUCALINE for Malaria, Chills and Fever. The general tonic properties restores strength and vitality to the weakened body. Guaranteed. Price 60c

RED CROSS IRONATED HERBS

(WITH PEPSIN) If you don't feel well or if you wake up tired and all run down with headache, biliousness, indigestion and feel all out of sorts, take a bottle of IRONATED HERBS with PEPSIN. Guaranteed to put you in the pink of condition. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies and Toilet Preparations are guaranteed only by

BAKER & CASTLEBERG

FIRST CONTINGENT OF U. S. TROOPS IN ITALY

CHIEF OF STAFF ANNOUNCES SAFE ARRIVAL OF SANITARY AND SPECIAL UNITS.

Washington, June 29.—Safe arrival in Italy of the first contingent of American troops was announced today by General March, chief of staff.

Sanitary units compose the greater part of the first arrivals, but "other special units" also were included. General March reiterated the statement that the bulk of the combatant American troops going to Italy will be sent from the western front.

"No definite plan for the increase of this force from the United States has been reached," Secretary Baker said later.

Material increase during the past week in the forces under General Pershing was indicated by the official announcement that five divisions, which had been brigaded with the British for training have now been returned to the American army.

The chief of staff said results have shown American troops are more than holding their own, and fine examples of individual valor have been reported.

He did not announce the total number of men shipped from American embarkation ports to date, but intimated a statement might be made next week.

Surveying the entire battle front, General March said the situation could be said to be extremely favorable to the allies. He would make no comment upon the indications of an impending German attack.

The first national army division has taken up a sector at the front, General March also announced. It is the Seventy-seventh, raised in New York, trained at Camp Upton and originally commanded by Major General J. Franklin Bell. It was taken across under Major General Johnson.

General March disclosed that the official reports from the Italian front place the number of Austrians captured at 18,000, and a large amount of war material. The line of the Piave has been entirely restored by the Italians, and in some places has been slightly advanced.

Military opinion, General March said, found the Austrian attack faulty because it was spread over so large a front as to make it impossible to carry through successfully.

The Austrian disaster which followed is valuable to the allies not only in a military sense, but psychologically, the chief of staff said, because of its stimulating effect upon Italian morale both among the civil population and the army.

The practical result in prisoners and guns taken also was, of course, valuable.

During the last week American activities in France have been local in character, but official reports show that the Americans at all times and places have more than held their own, General March said. Fine examples of individual bravery are coming in, he said.

Commenting upon the return to General Pershing's command of five divisions brigaded with the British, General March said it showed clearly the success of the plan for using all facilities to give American units their final polishing. It would not have been possible, otherwise, he indicated to have secured so large a trained force under General Pershing in so short a time.

Senators of the military committee were told by General March at their weekly conference that the accounts of the large number of captured Austrians for some unknown reason were printed only in American newspapers, and not in any of Europe.

The achievements of the Italians, however, according to senators, were not minimized.

So far there is no information to confirm the report, General March said, that German troops are being sent to back up the Austrians.

Historic Precedents.

"Four thousand years ago Food Commissioner Joseph in the land of Egypt, commandeered one-fifth of the wheat crop of Egypt each year for seven years and stored it in the cities nearest the wheat fields. His drastic action at that time saved the world from starvation.

"Two thousand five hundred years ago Nebuchadnezzar, King of Babylon, instructed that certain men whom he wished to have attached to his court be fed on king's food and wine to give them a well-nourished look. One of these men, named Daniel, persuaded his caterer that himself and friends could be better nourished on pulse and water, and requested that he make a test covering a sufficient length of time; the others to be fed on king's food and wine. The test showed that those who lived on pulse (lentils) and water were better nourished than those fed on king's food (luxury) and wine.

"Two thousand years ago Bible history records the miracle of feeding five thousand with a few barley loaves and fishes. The people were commanded to sit in rows of 50 to the row, and the servers passed before each and gave to everyone his portion, so that all were served. It was an instance where a little food went a long way, and the fragments that remained were gathered up so that no food was wasted."—Hotel Monthly.

FIRST STEP IN AID OF RUSSIA REVEALED

ASSISTANCE THROUGH INDUSTRIAL AND BUSINESS LEADERS WILL BE GIVEN.

Washington, June 28.—Plans of the United States government to aid Russia, which became known today, revealed that the first step contemplated is informal assistance through American business and industrial leaders and disposed of widely published reports that a diplomatic mission would be the means of carrying out President Wilson's promise to stand back of Russia.

The personnel of a group of men who will carry expert advice and material aid for the Russian people now is being discussed.

They will include only men familiar with Russian economic and transportation conditions.

All show of military force will be avoided; officials were reluctant to discuss this phase of the situation, realizing Germany would seize upon it as a means of distorting the intentions of the United States.

Full details of the assistance to be proffered probably will not be disclosed until after the Germans find the plans actually in effect.

As Russia is in great need of many railway materials and manufactured goods, the United States proposes to license freely for export whatever is recommended as necessary by the selected business men. Tonnage will be provided for shipment to Siberian ports, from where the supplies can be distributed to the interior. As the material expression of the charity of the American people, the Red Cross also is ready to send relief supplies in large quantities.

United States consuls in Russia will give active assistance in the work of reconstruction and to this extent only will the aid have an official aspect.

Today's startling news dispatches dealing with conditions in Russia made no change in the plans already formulated.

The reported fall of the bolshevik government was regarded as being directly precipitated by the reported assassination of former Czar Nicholas. Sentiment has been increased by the influence of the established Greek Catholic Church and the reverence with which the peasants regarded the royal family and a monarchical form of government. Grand Duke Nicholas is believed likely to rule with a firm hand if he is able to seize the government.

The Germans have proceeded to carry out systematically and with Teutonic thoroughness their system of stripping the country of everything valuable, as was done in Belgium and Northern France. Huge depots were established for concentration of grain, ostensibly for the relief of the Russians, and the grain was shipped into Germany. Other foodstuffs and raw materials were appropriated in like manner.

Germany's protestations of friendship for Russia are believed to have been revealed in their true light by the recent publication of a new program of expansion toward the east proposed by German writers. Pointing out that Great Britain and France bar the way to German expansion in the west, these writers proposed that instead of facing openly the western enemy and challenging him on the high seas, Germany should secure a hold on the main ways leading by land to Western and Eastern Russia and thence to China, Thibet and Persia.

It was pointed out that Siberia offered an agricultural and mineral empire for German exploitation and an invaluable asset in the present war.

A "Mouthful" in a Few Words.

Evidence is not lacking that the political campaign in Texas is approaching the fever heat stage. Mr. James Edward Ferguson, who was separated from the governorship by impeachment upon charges that contained strong suggestion of financial carelessness, is endeavoring to obtain the nomination in the primaries over Governor Hobby, the Martin Glynn of the Lone Star State, and apparently has not been complimentary in his references to the mentality of the governor. As a retort, this from Governor Hobby:

"My opponent says I was slighted by the Creator and that I am a mental weakling. My friends, when the good Lord created me He at least gave me the ability to tell the difference between my own money and the money of the people of Texas."

Without attempting to pass upon the merits of the controversy it may be remarked that seldom has a man shown greater ability than Governor Hobby in saying "a mouthful" in a few words.—New York Herald.

The Furor Fergusonus.

The personnel comprising the newspaper fraternity of the Panhandle is pretty apt to have the candidates for governor sized up properly, and we wish to remark that while four years ago the editor of one paper in our association worked for the election of Jamse E. Ferguson, in this campaign the entire Panhandle press, of over fifty weeklies, is for W. P. Hobby for governor.—Glazier Review.

The Spirit Of 1918



The "SPIRIT OF 1918" touches American merchandise as well as American manpower for military service. Even now the nations are planning the great drive for a decisive commercial supremacy.

Our national aims will be realized if patriotic Americans will hew true to the "MADE IN U. S. A." policy.

KEEP-KOOL Clothing is stylish, serviceable "MADE IN U. S. A." Clothing—and every dollar you spend for it will count in favor of American business leadership.

Wearing KEEP-KOOL Clothing is an expression of confidence in American enterprise, a symbol of patriotism, and a token of personal taste and economy—an encouragement to hundreds of thousands of American workers.

KEEP-KOOL Summer Clothes for Men and Young Men appeal to your Americanism, your critical judgment and your sense of thrift.

You are an American; your money is made in America; then be sure to complete your Americanism by buying comfortable, serviceable, stylish KEEP-KOOL Clothing—"MADE IN U. S. A."

Sold throughout the world.

JAMES S. SHIVERS

Crockett's Big Store.

WARNS JAPS AGAINST ANY SPECIAL PEACE

SAYS CRITICISM OF ANGLO-JAP ALLIANCE IS ILL ADVISED AT PRESENT.

Tokio, May 25.—Dr. Inazo Nitobe, a well-known Japanese educator and author, who went to the United States some years ago as a lecturer, has warned his fellow countrymen against making a separate peace with Germany and told them that in the present, world crisis they should be very careful as to the nature of criticism they may indulge in about the war. In an article written for a commercial magazine, he points out that Japan is now the cynosure of the powers and expresses regret that, both before and during the war, some bitter criticism has been made by some publicists regarding the Anglo-Japanese alliance.

Setting aside the question as to how much advantage the alliance has brought Japan, Dr. Nitobe thinks the present certainly not the right occasion for discussing its possible demerits. In his opinion, it is scarcely an attitude worthy of a nation which prides itself on being most gen-

erally to bring this matter up for discussion at a time when Great Britain is confronted with a serious crisis. Dr. Nitobe continues:

"It is alleged that the opinion prevails among a section of Japanese business men in favor of Japan's conclusion of a separate peace with Germany, following Russia's example. It seems that the advocates of this extraordinary course of action hold that Japan can derive far greater commercial profits than at present by converting herself into a neutral country and by trading with both parties of the belligerents."

"Viewed purely from an arithmetical standpoint, their theory may contain some truth, but the world situation has taken such a turn that all neutral countries are now obliged to take sides with either the one or the other group of belligerents. In days like these, can it be possible that a country upholds its national dignity long by assuming an equivocal attitude?"

"It is certainly not the way to add to the national strength and dignity for Japan to run with the hare and hunt with the hounds. For my part I believe in Nemesis in history. What Japan sows she will be called upon to reap."

"There is an almost incredible and most shameful rumor that the view is even advanced in some quarters in favor of making common cause with the central powers, utilizing the present opportunity of the eastward advance of German influence. Some statesmen, it is reported, think that

Japan will soon find herself sandwiched between two mighty world influences—America on one side and Germany, whose influence is already felt in Siberia, on the other. When placed in such a position it will become necessary imperatively for Japan to contract a special friendship with one or the other of these powers in order to maintain her position on a solid basis. Thus, they come to the conclusion that if America turns a cold shoulder to Japan there is no alternative left but for Japan to join hands with Germany."

In conclusion Dr. Nitobe asserts: "If, by any chance, Japan should conclude a separate peace with Germany and incur the deep resentment of Britain and America, it is easy to see her future development would be very disastrously interfered with. Moreover, the prevalence of Prussianism in Japan would be deplored by all Japanese except in a section of military men and professors, and the suffering it would inflict upon the Japanese as a whole, would be very far-reaching. It must also be remembered that the territorial ambitions of Germany can not be satisfied by her occupation of Russia and Siberia, for they are utterly insatiable."

Happy is the woman who can make home so clublike that her husband doesn't care to leave it.

Nothing surprises a woman who marries a man to reform him like the success of her efforts.

Mail Your Prescriptions We Mail Your Medicines

When you reach us by mail or by telephone, we can reach you with the goods you require. Your favorite prescription needs refilling while you are away; supply us with the number, and we will mail your medicines to you. No extra cost for mailing, and the same fine medicines the second time as you received originally. All drug store goods can be ordered sent by mail, and thus dependence still placed in your own home drug store.

CROCKETT DRUG COMPANY
THE HOUSE OF SERVICE
Crockett, Texas

Local News Items

Missing in Action.

Lieutenant Thomas R. Brailsford, a Houston county boy whose home was at Latexo, six miles north of Crockett, is reported from the battle front as missing in action. It is not known whether he has been captured or killed.

Thomas R. Brailsford held a commission as second lieutenant in a marine corps. He enlisted at Houston last summer with the marines and was sent to South Carolina and Virginia for training. He and Lieutenant Gilfillin, who has been reported severely wounded, enlisted and went into training at the same time. Both were students of A. & M. and prominent in Texas athletics. Lieutenant Brailsford was manager of the Crockett baseball team the season that team toured east Texas. He had been a student in the Crockett city schools.

Lieutenant Brailsford landed in France February 5 and has been on the firing line several times before entering the battle in which he was reported missing. During the last rest period which his company had he attended a school for officers be-

hind the lines. He joined his company in the front line just four days before the battle took place.

Between the time of his enlistment and the time of his departure for France he was married to Miss Merle Haring, a former Crockett girl, but whose home is now in Houston. Both the bride and the bridegroom were social favorites, having many friends in Crockett, Houston and elsewhere.

Lieutenant Brailsford is a son of Mr. George Brailsford of Latexo. He was among the first Houston county boys to enlist and is the first Houston county boy to be reported in the casualty list with the exception of the young man who was drowned when a transport was torpedoed by the enemy's U-boat. Several Houston county boys have died from natural causes in the training camps.

Germany and U. S. to Confer.

Washington, June 28.—Germany has accepted the invitation of the United States to send representatives to Berne, Switzerland, for a conference on August 5 with an American delegation on the general subject of exchange and treatment of prisoners of war.

Lack of originality in some persons' conversation displays their good judgment.

LEAVE FOR THE TRAINING CAMP

Half a Hundred Houston County Boys
Go to Prepare to Serve
Their Country.

The boys who are fighting in this war and those who are going to fight in it are the ones who are going to rule the country when the war is over. The boys who are now doing the fighting and those who are going to do the fighting are the ones who should rightfully rule when peace is secured. They are the ones who will rightfully make the laws and rightfully enforce the laws. They are doing and will do the fighting, and those who take no part in this war need never offer for public office or public favor, for it will do them no good.

Houston county has sent another increment into the service of our country. Half a hundred registrants entrained for the army training camp at San Antonio, Camp Travis, Friday night at 8:15. Many eyes were moistened at the departure of these boys—some from sadness because of their going and others because of the spirit of patriotic loyalty felt and displayed in this way by both those who were going and those left behind. A feeling of patriotism and loyalty finds expression in this way.

The order numbers, the names and the postoffices (rural route numbers omitted) of the Houston county registrants entraining Friday evening follow:

569 Earl G. Ratterree, Lovelady.
701 Carroll H. Hallmark, Ratcliff.
935 Ellis Gates, Kennard.
953 Preston Maxey, Lovelady.
1044 John Gates, Ratcliff.
1097 George Loftin, Creath.
1113 Jim Adams, Percilla.
1121 Ed Buller, Crockett.
1136 John A. Brimberry, Grapeland.
1171 Thomas H. Buller, Crockett.
1191 Chas. C. Kee, Ratcliff.
1210 J. W. Westbrook, Kennard.
1220 Alva C. Conner, Ratcliff.
1239 Hoyt Lee Garrard, Grapeland.
1240 Ruff Kennedy, Ratcliff.
1297 Malon Wright, Grapeland.
1302 James C. Goodwin, Crockett.
1362 John H. Clark, Grapeland.
1381 Edgar B. Daniels, Grapeland.
1394 John Ed Bowden, Lovelady.
1423 Lacy Smith, Lovelady.
1491 Johnny T. Spriggs, Ratcliff.
1517 Jack Nessmith, Druso.
1535 John V. Wagley, Crockett.
1549 Sallie J. Cherry, Kennard.
1559 Earl Hughes Fox, Grapeland.
1602 Jule B. McClain, Kennard.
1638 Thomas Abbie Glenn, Crockett.
1652 J. W. Bowman, Ratcliff.
1662 Henry Grady Young, Weches.
1679 Louis H. Monzingo, Lovelady.
1693 Grover W. Bowdoin, Crockett.
1709 Wilsie Gossett, Crockett.
1714 Dan Moore, Lovelady.
1723 Thomas Rosson, Crockett.
1740 Joe Huntsman, Weldon.
1752 Lee Davis, Lovelady.
1756 Ellis Lee Williams, Lovelady.
1760 Ollie Wilson, Crockett.
1771 Alva Pharris, Augusta.
1772 Charley Powell, Manning.
1796 Geo. C. Duren, Crockett.
1803 Henry Kyle, Grapeland.
1832 Raymond W. May, Lovelady.
1850 Henry W. Burran, Augusta.
1898 S. P. Lucas, Augusta.
1908 Arthur W. Starling, Kennard.
1950 George Alvin Poe, Crockett.
1956 J. H. Hill, Kennard.
2159 William Henry Ward, Percilla.
462 Wade Conner, Salina, Kansas.

Cavalry Drilling.

Company M, First Regiment, First Brigade, Texas Cavalry, officered by Captain J. N. Snell, First Lieutenant T. R. DeuPree and Second Lieutenant A. E. Owens, meets every Monday afternoon for drill practice. It is said that as soon as the regiment's colonel can be supplied from the U. S. army and the regiment otherwise fully equipped for service, the brigade to which this regiment belongs, as well as the other brigades of Texas Cavalry, will be sent to the Mexican border to relieve regular troops for duty elsewhere. On account of the tremendous task of equipping the millions of men in the new U. S. army, the matter of equipping the Texas cavalry or any other state military organization will naturally be slow. The patriotism of the Texas cavalry will have to be displayed for the time being by its patience in waiting, however irksome that may be. The men in the draft camps will have to be equipped first, as a matter of military economy and wisdom.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 28.—The Indiana statewide prohibition law was upheld by the state supreme court here today. The decision was 4 to 1, Judge John W. Spencer of Evansville casting the only dissenting vote.

REQUEST FROM DIRECTORS OF THE CROCKETT ICE, ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY

It has come to the attention of the directors of the Light and Ice Company of Crockett that considerable confusion has occurred at our ice platform during the past few Sunday mornings. It seems that our superintendent has been endeavoring to get patrons to fall in line as they approach the plant and get their ice in regular order, those reaching the plant first being served first. This, it occurs to us, is a just and fair rule; however, some of our patrons have felt justified and have refused to fall in line and have driven up in the middle of the street calling for their ice out of order, and if we wait on them when they arrive ahead of others that have fallen in line, the man who is trying to be unselfish and assist us in an orderly conduct of our business has a right to feel that he is treated unjustly, and if we decline to wait on these parties running up in the middle of the street out of their turn the street is soon blockaded and we are unable to handle the trade in a satisfactory manner.

We desire to call the public's attention to the fact that the employees of the Ice Company work all the week and return on Sunday morning to work until nine o'clock that our patrons may be served with ice Sunday mornings, if they arrive before nine o'clock, and we believe they are entitled to proper consideration, and believe that every one with proper and just feeling for these men and the Light and Ice Company will fall in line and try to co-operate with us and not expect special favors and especially when such favors cannot be granted without injustice to other patrons of the company.

The Light and Ice Company of Crockett is endeavoring to give the citizenship of our community good service at a reasonable cost notwithstanding the fact that electrical supplies have advanced in some instances one hundred per cent, fuel has advanced fifty per cent and we are told that the freight rate, instead of being advanced twenty-five per cent as announced through the daily press, will be advanced ninety per cent on the coal that is used by the Light and Ice Company. It is probable that this company will have to increase the rates on lights or make further increase in price of ice or curtail service in some respect in order to be able to operate, and we earnestly ask that you give us a fair and just treatment, the same that you would expect if you were in our place or in the place of our employees.

Assuring the public that we desire to serve you in a satisfactory manner and earnestly asking for your co-operation, we are,

Most respectfully,

G. Q. King, President.
H. F. Moore, Vice-President.
C. W. LeGory, Secty-Treas.
Joe Adams, Director.
C. L. Edmiston, Director.

Adv.

A WATERMELON PATCH KILLING

Mr. B. M. Hicks, a farmer said to be 37 years of age, was killed at his home place near Weches Thursday morning of last week. Mr. George Crenshaw, another farmer and perhaps 55 years old, was arrested for the killing and is confined in the Houston county jail.

It is said that Mr. Hicks was at work in his field or on his place. Mr. Crenshaw went to where Mr. Hicks was at work and asked Mr. Hicks, it is said, if Hicks made certain remarks about members of Crenshaw's family entering Hicks' watermelon patch. Mr. Hicks, answer-

ing in the affirmative, was shot immediately by Crenshaw, a load of shot striking him in the breast and producing instant death.

Hicks and Crenshaw were neighbors. It is said that Hicks had sent a message to Crenshaw about members of Crenshaw's family entering his watermelon patch which so enraged Crenshaw that he decided he would take his gun and go and kill Hicks.

Mr. Hicks was a member of the Masonic lodge and prominent otherwise in community affairs. Funeral services were conducted Friday by the Masonic lodge of Ratcliff. The funeral was attended by Masons from neighboring lodges and by relatives and friends from neighboring communities. Mr. Hicks was a brother-in-law of Albert Smith of Crockett.

New Gasoline Filling Station

WE HAVE INSTALLED AN UP-TO-DATE GASOLINE FILLING STATION AND ARE PREPARED TO SERVE YOU WITH THE BEST GRADE OF FILTERED GASOLINE. WE RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT A SHARE OF YOUR BUSINESS, ASSURING YOU PROMPT SERVICE AT ALL TIMES.

Arnold Brothers

AUTO DELIVERY

TELEPHONE 270

HALT AS YOU PASS BY

IF IT IS GROCERIES AND FEED YOU WANT, BUY FROM US. OUR PRICES ARE MOST REASONABLE ON QUALITY GOODS, WITH COURTEOUS SERVICE.

Caprielian Brothers

THE STORE WHERE YOUR DOLLARS GO FARTHER.

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5¢ per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America in the period of the war.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The Courier is authorized to make the following announcements for office, which announcements are subject to the action of the democratic primary to be held in July:

- For Congress, Seventh District
CLAY STONE BRIGGS
of Galveston County
- W. L. HILL
of Walker County
- For Representative
E. WINFREE
J. D. SALLAS
- For County Judge
NAT PATTON
S. A. DENNY
- For County Attorney
EARLE PORTER ADAMS
J. F. MANGUM
- For District Clerk
V. B. (Barker) TUNSTALL
JOHN D. MORGAN
- For County Clerk
ARTHUR E. OWENS
ALBERT S. MOORE
- For Sheriff
P. T. (Preston) LIVELY
E. B. (Bud) HALE
R. J. (Bob) SPENCE
- For Tax Assessor
WILL McLEAN
JOHN H. ELLIS
- For Tax Collector
C. W. BUTLER Jr.
- For County Treasurer
MIKE McCARTY
WILLIE ROBISON
NEY SHERIDAN
- For Co. Supt. of Schools
J. N. SNELL
J. H. ROSSER
- For Road Superintendent
G. R. (Ross) MURCHISON
F. H. BAYNE
WILL CARSON
W. A. MANNING
- For Commissioner, Prec. No. 1
J. S. (Sam) LONG
W. J. BRANCH
C. C. MORTIMER
- For Commissioner, Prec. No. 2
J. C. ESTES
- For Commissioner, Prec. No. 3
AARON SPEER
- For Commissioner, Prec. No. 4
J. A. (Ab) BEATHARD
O. T. RATCLIFF
E. M. CALLIER
- For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 1
C. R. STEPHENSON
J. D. (Jeff) SEXTON
- For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 4
CAL BARBEE
- For Constable, Precinct No. 1
J. H. (Jim) PATTON
C. R. McPHAIL
O. W. ELLISOR

Let no man fall out with his neighbor or anybody else about politics during this political campaign. The campaign will

HOBBY CAMPAIGN NOTES BY HOBBY CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

What would the good people of Houston county think of their county treasurer or some other trusted official if they were to divert public funds from the depositories where interest was accruing for the benefit of the public to some financial institution that they were interested in thereby causing the interest on these trust funds to revert to the man personally instead of the public? Would they feel disposed to award such conduct by a reelection to the office of trust that they had so wilfully imposed upon?

Some statesman has referred to "public office as a public trust" but it would appear that Mr. Ferguson regarded it as a "private snap" from the way that he so lavishly used the public funds for his private purposes.

Do the good, honest, hard-working voters of Houston county want their children to use the conduct of Mr. Ferguson while governor as their guide for integrity and honor? Would not a vote for Mr. Ferguson at this time have the effect of placing the stamp of approval on his official misdeeds and thus establish a precedent that corrupt office holders in the future could hide behind to prevent being convicted for betrayal of trust?

The University of Texas under present management has contributed as many, if not more, gallant young men to the service of our country than most any other similar institution and at this time is training about 1000 aviators per month to act as "the eyes of the army" in bringing the horrors of war home to the "Horrible Hun"; it is also training about the same number of auto mechanics to handle ambulances, auto trucks, etc.—in fact it has been converted almost into a gigantic training school for warriors, besides training a great number of physicians and nurses to relieve the suffering of the sick and wounded soldiers. Could we make a better investment than to support an institution that is rendering such efficient service to the country in this hour of need? Would Mr. Ferguson and his friend Kiesby, whom he recommended for president of the University, carry on this splendid work as effectively as at present? Mr. Ferguson has already given expression to views he entertains that, if carried out, would not only seriously cripple this institution but would also destroy its effectiveness. Mr. Kiesby's well-known pro-German views would doubtless prevent him from encouraging any activities at the University that might have the effect of offsetting the barbarous methods of the "Faderland." He would be more interested in inculcating the nefarious teachings of "German Kultur" into our unsuspect-

soon be over and, whoever is elected, we will all have to live together as neighbors and friends. Let no man say an unkind word, or do an unkind act, of another or toward another. Every man should take a part in the selection of men for public office and the only safe course is for every man to follow his conscience. The constitution guarantees that right to every citizen. And while we are exercising that right, let us not forget that those who do not see things as we do are as conscientious in their views and as honest in their intentions. While we are differing in our political views at home, let us remember that we are a united citizenship when the welfare of our country is concerned and at stake, and that there is only one common enemy—the kaiser and the autocracy which he represents. The democracy for which we are fighting guarantees the right of political choice and expression while the autocracy which we are opposing denies it. While

ing youth while the Prussian military rulers of his country are trying to fasten their wicked control over civilization by the foulest methods of warfare that ever disgraced a civilized nation. The whole scheme is a monstrous one and any official contaminated by such insidious influences should be forever banished from public confidence and favor.

To state that Ferguson was the victim of a plot is begging the question and evading the issues. Why don't his supporters stand up and defend his conduct instead of appealing to passion and prejudice? Because they know that it is indefensible and that the evidence brought out at the trial together with his own confessions was so overwhelmingly against him that his own friends and supporters were compelled to convict him under their oaths.

According to Ferguson argument he was immune from punishment because he was governor. The people elected him to serve them honestly and faithfully and to contend that he should not be molested in office while betraying the trust placed in his keeping is setting up one standard of treatment for the governor and another for the poor man. Some of his supporters may want to prosecute a minor county official for an offense nothing like as grave as those that Ferguson was forced to acknowledge while eulogizing him, but the great mass of fair-minded people oppose this double standard set up to favor a man in high station caught with the goods on. Of the two the governor is the more culpable because he has enjoyed superior advantages and he should seek to exalt the high place that he occupies instead of lowering its prestige and influence by betraying the people's trust.

The opposition make no effort to defend the course of Ferguson for it is indefensible but they seek to bring up irrelevant issues in the hopes of muddying the waters and drawing the attention of the people from the main and overshadowing issue which is shall we have clean, honest, constitutional government under Hobby or shall we approve by our votes the practices of Ferguson in using the public funds for his personal gain in defiance of decency and constitutional government?

While the people of Houston county would have welcomed the location of the A. & M. College they certainly did not want to secure it at the sacrifice of honor and if it took the approval of the acts of the governor in betraying a public trust to secure it they could not be expected to go to that length for that would be a prohibitive price.

we are differing in our views as to who is the best man to fill some office, let us remember that we are united in the fight for the democracy which vouchsafes to us the right to so differ. It is unnecessary to so admonish the women about falling out with each other or with the men, as they are not going to do so, anyway.

KEEPS THEM AWAKE AT NIGHT.

Governor Hobby, in his Gatesville speech last week, said in part: "They have lied about me and maligned me, and when they could say nothing else they have said that I was a drunkard. And that is as false as others of their lies are false, but if it were true I would suit them all the better. It is not the whisky I have put inside that bothers them, but the whisky I have put outside of Texas, and the whisky machine I have crushed in this

DON'T FORGET that we sell Republic casings—the casing with the 5000-mile guarantee—all adjustments made at home.

THE REXALL STORE

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state, that keeps them awake at night." Applause.

Referring to the zone law and the statewide prohibition law, the governor said that his enemies claim he was playing politics in signing those matters. "But if the enactment of laws that are for the good of Texas and laws that are desired by 90 per cent of the sovereign voters of the state is playing politics, then I say to you that I shall continue to play politics to the end of my administration, and if serving my country in that way is going to cause my defeat, then I shall welcome defeat, for I would rather be defeated once for serving my country than be elected a hundred times for failing to serve my country in a crisis like this."

Some Things Not Forgotten.

Mr. Louis Lipsitz of Dallas, state director for the war savings committee, under date of June 29 writes the Courier as follows:

"Some things are easily forgotten, but the splendid work which you have done in the Courier in the interest of the war

savings campaign is not in that classification. Thousands of people have done most effective service for the government in the pledge drive, but I believe no state has had more cooperation than that given by the newspaper men of Texas.

"I want to express to you my personal appreciation of the splendid way in which you have backed up the government and helped to make a success of the biggest movement which has ever been inaugurated. I want you to know that the United States treasury department very fully and most sincerely appreciates your kind of cooperation. "I trust I shall some time have the pleasure of thanking you personally for the big way in which you have done big things in Houston county."

A witness at Washington testified that the German-American Alliance was "interested" in Ferguson in the latter's campaign for governor, and that the Alliance spent "fifty million dollars" in furthering its purposes in America. Could it be that any of this money was spent in Ferguson's "interest"?—Trinity Tribune.

Failure of a joke is often due to the victim's digestion.



RULES FOR HOUSEHOLDERS

(U. S. Food Administration)

All kinds of food, especially wheat, meats, fats and sugar should be economically used.

No food shall be hoarded. Hoarding is the holding, contracting or arranging for food by any person in excess of his reasonable requirements for use or consumption by himself and dependents for a reasonable time. This does not refer to stocks of home-grown vegetables and home-canned or preserved fruits.

All householders who can entirely eliminate the use of wheat until the next harvest, about September 1, should do so.

Householders who are obliged to use wheat should not use more than a total of 1½ pounds of wheat flour or prepared wheat, in any form, per person per week, including the wheat flour in Victory bread, and including the wheat flour or prepared wheat in crackers, pastry, macaroni, breakfast and other foods.

Victory bread is bread manufactured by bakers under the rules of the United States Food Administration. In estimating flour consumption 1¾ pounds of Victory bread may be considered equal to 1 pound of wheat flour.

In buying wheat flour an equal weight of other cereals as substitutes for wheat flour must be bought pound for pound. This is the 50-50 rule. In buying mixed flours, the substitutes in them may be counted, so that a smaller proportion of substitutes may be bought with these flours than with white flour. In buying graham and whole wheat flours (containing not less than 95 per cent of the entire wheat) 6/10 pounds of substitutes shall be purchased with every pound of such flours.

Wheat flour substitutes are hominy, corn grits, corn meal, corn flour, edible corn starch, barley flour, rolled oats, oatmeal, rice, rice flour, buckwheat flour, potato flour, sweet potato flour, soya bean flour, and feterita flour and meals.

Householders in towns and cities may not buy more than one-eighth of a barrel of flour or two pounds of sugar at any one time. Householders in the country may not buy more than one-fourth of a barrel of flour or five pounds of sugar at any one time. In no event shall any purchaser have more than 30 days' supply of either on hand.

Householders should not use more than ¾ pounds of sugar per person per week.

In addition to the above, however, sugar may be used for home canning, and will be available to the householder for that purpose upon his signing a certificate that such sugar is desired and will be used only for that purpose.

No wheat flour, or prepared wheat in any form, should be used for any purpose other than human consumption. No wheat fit for human consumption should be used for other purposes.

E. A. FEDEN,
Federal Food Administrator for Texas.

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