

# San Antonio Daily Express.

Vol. IX—No. 220  
New Series—No. 39.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1875—FIVE CENTS PER COPY.

Subscription \$10 Per Annum.  
Quarterly \$2.50 Monthly, \$1.

Cut this out for Reference.  
SAN ANTONIO BUSINESS GUIDE.

Attnorneys.

WESLEY OODEN & CHAS. W. OODEN, Attorneys-at-Law, San Antonio, Texas. Will give prompt attention to all professional business placed in their hands.

H. MACMORMACK, Attorney-at-Law and Notary Public, Office Soledad street, opposite the Postoffice.

T. ELL & WALLACE, Attorneys at Law, San Antonio, Texas. Particular attention given to the practice in the 24th Judicial District. Look box 118.

Architects & Builders.

P. PAULY & SONS, Builders and Contractors for all kinds of Mason work, Stone Cutting, Carpenter work, Plastering and Painting.

JULES POISSARD, Architect and Builder, 10th Avenue street, next door below Zork's building. Special attention given to plans and estimates for buildings.

Bankers.

J. S. LOCKWOOD & MANNING, 19 Commerce street. Buy and sell Exchange and Bills of Exchange. Draw bills on Europe. Certificates of Deposit issued for cattle buyers. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Barbershop.

THOMPSON & SMITH, Barbers, Soledad St., next door to W. W. Gamble's Book Store. For comfort and general conveniences unequalled by any shop in the city.

Fire Arms.

B. MAUERHOLD, Dealer in Guns, Rifles, Pistols and Ammunition. Main street, opposite Schmitz's Hotel.

Hotels.

CENTRAL HOTEL, kept by L. N. Baker, Main Plaza. Renovated recently. Centrally located.

MONGER HOTEL, Mrs. W. A. Monger, Proprietress, Alamo Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

BLACKETT HOUSE; Market street; opposite Firemen's Hall. Has a splendid table; many rooms; large stable. Terms moderate.

Jewelers.

PH. WOLFGANG, Manufacturer of Gold Chains and Jewelry, and dealer in Watches, Clocks, Silver and Silver plated ware.

C. F. KLEIN, Watchmaker and Jeweler, Commerce St., opposite Bennett & Thorn-ton's bank.

BELL & BRO'S., No. 11, Main street. Dealers in Watches, Clocks, Silver Table Ware and Spectacles. Fancy Goods, etc.

Insurance.

T. F. BRADY, General Insurance Agent, Life Fire and Marine. Office on Soledad street, opposite Postoffice.

Livery Stables.

FRANC SCHULZ, proprietor of the Alamo Stable. A first class Livery and Board Stable. Buggies, Ambulances, Grooms and Carriages of every description for hire.

Lumber Yard.

F. J. BEITZ & BRO., Flores street, Lumber, Shingle, Doors, Sash and Blinds. Ready made Collars.

San Maverick, dealer in Lumber, Shingles, doors, Sash, Blinds, woodware, Lime and Plastering Lathes, north of Alamo buildings.

MERCHANTS.

F. & O. OPPENHEIMER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing, etc., want everybody to come and see their new goods, all at Reduced Prices.

L. WOLAKOW, corner Main Plaza and Acacia street. Dealer in general merchandise. Best assortment of boots and shoes in the city.

PHONE & BROS., Main Plaza, San Antonio, Texas. Dry Goods, Clothing, Tents, Boots, Shoes, Crockery, Glassware, Furniture, Wagons, Harness and Pjow Gear.

MILLERS.

A. GRAMM, Commerce St., opposite Waggoner House. Dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods. Stamping and Pinning done to order.

Mrs. A. SCHROEDER, dealer in Millinery and Fancy Goods, Threads, etc. Also Mrs. Demarest's Patterns, Commerce St., three doors below Dr. Nette's drug store.

Photographers.

H. L. RINGHAM, Photographer, 43 Commerce St. All styles of old pictures copied in every finish.

Painters.

C. MUELLER'S Paint Shop, Commerce St., opposite Schmitz's Hotel. Painting of every description done in the most workmanlike style. Sign Painting being made specially.

Restaurants.

ERNSTINE Restaurant, Commerce street, opposite Zork's building.

Saloons.

E. ZIMMEYER, Dealer in the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Has also a Billiard Saloon attached, with the latest style of Improved Tables.

KIRKMAN & LITTLEFIELD, "Old Scand" Saloon. North side Main Plaza. The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars kept. Also an assortment of Mexican Liquors, with a fine Reading Room attached.

LOCKWOOD'S Saloon, open day and night, West side Main Plaza. Known as the celebrated "Harpette" Bourbon whiskey or "Hannies" Rye. A large and airy Reading Room attached.

WALKER'S Saloon, No. 90, Main street. Trade of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand. A spacious and airy reading room for convenience of custom.

Tailors.

A. PANOGLI & SON, Merchant Tailors and dealers in fine ready made Clothing, Hats and gentle furnishing goods. Fine shirts a specialty. No. 60, Com. St.

LUDWIG LINKE, Merchant Tailor, and dealer in Ready-Made Clothing. Commerce street, San Antonio, Texas, opposite No. 10, Tengy's Book Store.

V. LORRE, Merchant Tailor, Commerce St., nearly opposite Mandelbaum & Frank. Old clothes made new at moderate prices.

Tin-Shops.

LOWE LARSEN, Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron worker, No. 57 Commerce street, San Antonio, Texas. Roofing, Guttering and Job Work promptly & neatly done.

Tobacco & Cigars.

G. ROSEY, Tobacconist and manufacturer of Havanas and Domestic Cigars. Dealer in Pipes and Smokers' Articles, Commerce St., San Antonio, Texas.

Shoemakers.

JOE BECKMANN, Boot and Shoemaker, 53 Commerce street, San Antonio, Texas, work done according to latest styles and satisfaction guaranteed.

Y. CHAVES & BRO., Boot and Shoe Makers, Obraje St., San Antonio, Texas. J. SWENKEY, Boot and Shoemaker, Dealer in Eastern and Philadelphia Boots and Shoes, No. 4, Commerce street, San Antonio, Texas.

CITY DIRECTORY

Jas H French, Mayor.  
ALDermen Ward No. 1.  
Geo R Dashiell, Joseph Sweeney, T. T. Teel.

WARD NO. 2.  
E J Chaves, Fritz Schreiner, Sam'l S. Smith.

WARD NO. 3.  
Edward Degener, Ferdinand Hahn, Wm Preiss.

WARD NO. 4.  
Thomas Kubassek, S W McAllister, Mar-tis Munch.

WARD NO. 5.  
D G Robinson, City Attorney;  
L F Eggleston, City Surveyor and En-gineer.

Jas Duffy, Street Commissioner.

Fred Petersen, City Physician.

Julius Hoy, City Collector.

Gustav Fraas, City Assessor.

J F Minier, City Treasurer;

John H. Miller, City Clerk.

Alfred E Persch, do.

Theodore Balina, City Clerk.

D W Witzel, Ditch Commissioner on East side of river.

A Y Walton, Mich Commissioner West side of the river.

Robert J Teel, Market Master West side of the river.

Robert J Teel, Market Master East side of the river.

Philip Shadney, City Detective.

Peter H Marx, Interpreter and Ass't Clerk in Records Court.

C Listach, Messenger for Mayor's Office.

Wm Hines, City Sexton.

Arrivals and Departure of Mails

ARRIVES. SEGUIN, LULING. DEPARTS Daily except Sunday. Daily except Sunday by 5 p.m. at 5:30 a.m.

AUSTIN. DAILY, by midnight. DAILY Daily at 5:30 a.m. SOUTHERN SPRINGS & VICTORIA.

TUESDAY, THURSDAY, WEDNESDAY, SATURDAY & FRIDAY by 5 p.m. & FRIDAY at 7 a.m. FEDERAL BUREAU.

SUNDAY, TUESDAY, THURSDAY & FRIDAY by 6 p.m. SATURDAY at 7 a.m. RAILROAD.

WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY AND SATURDAY AND FRIDAY AT 7:30 a.m. BREVILL & REPORT.

SUNDAY, WEDNESDAY, SATURDAY, FRIDAY AT 7:30 a.m. BREVILL.

SUNDAY & THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY & THURSDAY & FRIDAY AT 8 a.m. MAILMASTER AT GUAN, LULING AND ISLAISOLA IS SENT VIA COHOMA ROUTE ON MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY AT 5 a.m. MAIL FOR LULING AND LULIN IS ENROUTE CLOSE AT 9 o'clock p.m. S. P. GAMBIA, Postmaster.

DR. C. M'LNE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC,

or

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPOTMS OF WORMS.

The countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes seem dull; the pupils dilate; a narrow semicircle runs along the lower eyelid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache with humming or throbbing of temples; an unusual secretion of saliva; fleshy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; spleen variable, sometimes violent, viscid, gurgling sensation of the stomach in others, entirely gone; fleeting pain in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times constipated; stools slimy, if unfrequently tinged with blood; bowels swollen and hard; urine turbid; spiration occasionally difficult, accompanied by hiccup; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; variable but generally irritable, etc.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

Dr. C. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

Will certainly effect a cure.

The universal success which has attended the administration of this preparation has been such as to warrant us in pledging ourselves to the public to

RETURN THE MONEY

in every instance where it should prove ineffectual: "providing the symptoms attending the sickness of the child or adult should warrant the supposition of worms being the cause." In all cases the Medicine to be given in strict accordance with the directions.

We pledge ourselves to the public,

Dr. C. M'LANE'S VERMIFUGE

DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY

in any form; and that it is an innocent preparation, not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant. Address all orders to

DR. C. M'LANE'S, PITTSBURGH, PA.

P. S. Doctors and Physicians ordering from Dr. C. M'Lane's, will receive a free sample of the medicine.

To those wishing to give them a trial, we will send a small quantity of the medicine, postage paid, for 10 cents.

For sale by Druggists and Country Stores.

Keepers generally.

## Ayer's Ague Cure,

FOR FEVER AND AGUE. Informant Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Malaria, Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from miasmas, arsenic or manganese poisons.

**R**ecognized remedy for Southern American people from a score and a half years ago to the present time. Such are our records of its use, and we can assure you that it contains no secretions of any kind.

It is now recognized as the most effective remedy for the ague and bilious fever, and is used in all parts of the country.

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C. C. GILLESPIE, EDITOR.

Official Journal of the United States.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR COUNTY.

## TERMS.

One copy one year, in advance \$10.00  
One copy three months \$2.50  
One copy one month, by carrier \$1.00

## ADVERTISING.

No advertisement inserted for less than One Dollar.  
All advertisements, except for established business, must be with whom we have running accounts, must be paid for in advance.

All communications should be addressed to  
**ABACOCK & CO.,**  
Publishers

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1875.

## Our Sport.

There is a subject for study at this time, by the citizens of San Antonio which should be examined with the care and interest which its importance demands.

It is shadowed forth in the following extract from an article in the New York *Herald*, of September 20th, in which the reporter gives an account of his visit to the weather signal station, on the top of the Equitable Building, Broadway, New York, with the views of the officers stationed there.

The season of equinoctial storms is at hand, and from now until the middle of October, we may look for fearful gales on land and sea. A cyclone has already started on its travels, over the usual path so accurately laid down by the Meteorological department of the weather signal service.

The science of Meteorology has, within the past twenty years, been brought to a high pitch of perfection, and its study, as illustrating the wonderful and unalterable laws that govern the physical system of the universe, possesses as great an interest as any within the range of human knowledge.

At this moment, a hundred stations of the weather signal service are watching the vagaries and progress of the formidable cyclone, that starting from the Southern coast of Cuba, nine or ten days ago, struck, and almost overwhelmed the city of Galveston, in Texas, last Wednesday morning.

I have noted in the above extract its leading features by placing them in italics. The first, "The usual path is accurately laid down," showing that the path of this one is marked out, by the "unalterable laws that govern the physical system of the universe," and that their repetition will be just as certain as that those laws are fixed and "unalterable."

What then, in view of the almost total destruction of Galveston, the main seaport of the city, and the evidence so plainly before our eyes of the precarious nature of the claims of Galveston, the secondary one, showing that it may at any recurring season, with its cyclones pursuing the "usual path," be like the primary one, swept away—I say what then, in view of these facts, is the duty of the citizens of San Antonio?

Our position in reference to the Gulf coast is a peculiar one, to say nothing of its reference to the future seat of Government for the inevitable Western State in the division. As it is, we hold the key to Mexico, and to the Pacific coast, and shall we, from supineness, throw that key away or hand it over to another, instead of overlooking the great door to the mines of Mexico and the wealth of the East, and the passage across the continent, for the trains that shall transport the vast traffic from North to South and East to West, by putting forth our hands to the establishment of an accessible point upon the water line of our coast, as an Atlantic terminus for the great Transcontinental road, which shall serve also for the tapping points by means of that Transcontinental road, for the International which, when completed, will be the great thoroughfare from North to South?

It is a fact, that needs no argument to sustain it in this age of the world, that wealth is power, and it is upon this fact, that San Antonio must depend, as well as her central position, for holding the key to her position. And the first essential move is, for her to march her forces, make such a selection of a point upon the water line as shall be best adapted for the purposes of a sea port, of the Gulf coast, and especially of Western Texas, of which she is to be the capital, if she but play her part well, in this the time of her opportunity. And when the time shall have been determined upon, hand all her energies to further its progress, by obtaining aid from the General Government for the improvement of the harbor, and by connecting herself at once with it by Rail Road in a direct line, which connection shall serve as a link in the great Transcontinental line. And to do this successfully, one of the means to be employed, and the chief one, will be that rounding the possessors.

600 miles down, that when the direct line darting upward, called the Fane miles, volcano forced upon the notice of the solar atmosphere littonic, one of the ter to the height of 16,000 had to be drawing to itself all the way for long, to our family of place and holding them all in their proper places; attracting with such super-sounds of solid and -ing in

## What Has Been Done by the Fair Managers.

The energy and enterprise which has been displayed by the managers of our Agricultural Association during the past year, is deserving of great praise. They have rescued the Association from ruin and placed it on the high road to prosperity.

The Association had no Fair Grounds, and had held their Fairs at the San Pedro Park, under great disadvantages, as the grounds are free to the public, and entrance fees could not be collected; and the Association could not make such improvements as were absolutely necessary for the proper management and economy.

The managers became satisfied that until they could secure grounds of their own, the Fairs would be partial failures, and never remunerate the Association for their efforts.

The purchase of ample grounds with all the necessary advantages—water, shade and convenient distance from the city etc.—was no small matter. The price of property on the river was too high and beyond the reach of the Association.

The Jockey Club Association had been under the weather, and although they owned property, embracing 200 acres of land and some improvements, and a race track as fine as any in the State, the Club seemed almost at a dead stand still. The stock holders of the Jockey Club were ripe for a proposition for the disposal of their property and they transferred their stock and merged their interests into the Agricultural Association taking the stock of that association-inclusive of their own stock! This arrangement secured the Jockey Club stock-holders, and placed the Jockey Club grounds at the disposition of the Fair Association. Then the managers of the Association went to work to put the grounds in proper order for the coming Fair.

The Jockey Club grounds were sorely in want of repair; the track was obscured by growing chapparal; the buildings falling to pieces, the stables out of repair, the fencing down and dilapidated. But all this is changed. The entire enclosure has been cleared of its brush and rubbish, and the spectator can now watch from the grand stand the entire movements of the horses in a race.

A large amphitheatre has been erected, one hundred and sixty feet long, with every convenience for the public; the stabling accommodations for the coming Fair are being built on a grand scale.

A fine Judge's Stand, which will be the first thing of the kind in Western Texas, will be erected by the time the Fair takes place. And the Managers have gone forward with their work in earnest, and if the weather is good, they will be gratified by seeing the most successful Fair held in Western Texas.

There are two hundred and two original share-holders of the Agricultural Association, and holding 250 shares of the stock at \$25 per share—the accession of the Jockey Club increases the shares taken to 627, leaving 373 of the 1000 shares authorized to be issued.

There are over 1000 business license taken out in our city, representing 1000 business men, every one of these men should have a share in the Fair Association; and the remaining shares should be taken up by our business men.

The result of the coming Fair will demonstrate how important this Fair is to our city, and the next annual Fair should be made to rank ahead of all the Fairs held in the State.

We have resources far superior to other sections, and with proper encouragement our Fair can be made to demonstrate that West Texas is the choice section of our empire State.

RENGUARD PRINCE, who are turned out of the Catholic Church for some cause, and then suddenly take up the cause of Protestantism, by abusing and disowning their old church, are not well received in Protestant communities as reliable or creditable teachers.

Father Forhan, who had been expelled from the Church in Chicago, on a charge of misappropriating the proceeds of a fair, tried this game a few days ago in Chicago; he was replied to on the spot, and came out in disgrace.

COALITION.—The leaders of the Republican and of the "Liberal" Republican parties in Louisiana are about to unite their forces for future canvasses and elections. This is foreshadowed in the correspondence published yesterday in the dispatches to the EXPRESS, between Marshal Packard of New Orleans, Chairman of the Republican Executive Committee, and A. H. Chevrons, editor of the Shreveport Times, who was a Greeley man, and is a "Liberal" Republican leader. The object both seem to have in the running of able, educated and honest white men for all the important offices. This movement will doubtless be extended to all the Southern States. The South Carolina Republicans began it in overthrowing the recently Moses and in electing the excellent Gov. Chamberlain.

By violence they died—three Yale men. Wood of 178, shot himself; Crowell Sheffield, scientific school of '76, was drowned; and Grimes, of '75, killed by a base ball.—Systems.

Appalling, the latter death, and still the present generation is not happy!

A perfect war of base ball rages throughout the land; and the lame, the halt and the disabled, being forced upon the charity voices almost through the violence and the reason why under affliction grieve, is summed up in a number of deaths.

The Simons' Liver Regimen—*Study for them all*

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

## Associated Press Dispatches.

Louisville, Oct. 1.—An explosion occurred in the Louisville Coffee works. Four persons were burned, two fatally wounded.

New Haven, Oct. 1.—An insurance commission of the Steedman, Life and Trust company this evening, and formally demanded possession of the effects of the company.

Benjamin Noyes, the President, gave answer in writing, stating he had been advised by counsel, that the law under which the Commissioners claimed to act was unconstitutional and void, and that the commissioners' bond was illegal and insufficient.

He added he did not intend to resist the law, but would hold the assets subject to the orders of the courts having jurisdiction of the legal questions involved.

The commissioners' counsel then informed Mr. Noyes they should apply to the New London Supreme Court to-morrow, for a writ of mandamus, and that he should hold him liable under the common law.

President Noyes remains in possession. Copenhagen, Oct. 1.—Count Molto Boomenstow, who was appointed foreign minister, on the eleventh of June last, is dead.

New York, October 1.—Fiert and Kinchman, dealers in brick and building material, have failed. Liabilities \$74,000. They will probably pay twenty-five cents on the dollar.

Louisville, Oct. 1.—The Courier-Journal's Nashville special, says fifty life insurance holders of the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, living in Middle Tennessee, have filed suits to recover annual premiums amounting to \$40,000, on the ground that the Company has failed to comply with the contracts. \$8000 in bonds have been attached.

Des Moines, Oct. 1.—The Presidential party has gone to Denver.

Halifax, Oct. 1.—The first case under the new law authorizing the confinement of habitual drunkards on complaint of friends, is progressing. The prosecutor is the father-in-law of defendant, who is a well-to-do citizen.

Washington, Oct. 1.—Debt Statement—Decrease during the month \$3,342,562; in the Treasury, coin \$3,935,16; currency \$4,790,352. Treasury disbursements for the month exclusive of interest and principal, public debt, 163 millions; five millions of bonds on June 30, 1864. Called interest ceases from January first 1876.

On October 20th a light was bespoken from the new light house, Dartmouth, Manay river, Delaware Bay.

Fairhaven, Vermont, Oct. 1.—There was a collision to-day, in which two persons were killed. Engines and several freight cars were completely demolished.

Boston Oct. 1.—The jury in the Jeffersou Borden matiny case, convicted Allen and Smith of murder, and acquitted Glow.

Sheppard, Hall & Co., extensive lumber merchants have failed. The Boston Banks held nearly \$100,000 of their paper, and Montreal banks \$300,000.

Brooklyn, Oct. 1.—Dr. Fortescue was buried to-day. His friends give no details to the story that he was the victim of foul play.

Ottawa, Ont. Oct. 1.—The Canadian Fishery Commission have figures proving that the consequences of advantages recently gained by the foreign telegraphic communication were re-established between Constantinople, Oct. 1.—Instructions sent to Server Pasha to receive reports from foreign Consuls, but not to negotiate with them.

A telegram from Govtina Bosnia, says that the consequence of advantages recently gained by the foreign telegraphic communication was re-established between Narentz and Gatchevo.

The Pali-Mali-Gazette Berlin special says that the Powers have agreed upon the acceptability of proposals made by the Herzegovinian Insurgents as a basis of further negotiations.

Bishop Bresnan notified the Ecclesiastical Court that he will not attend in the Grand Court, being in competent to try him.

London, Oct. 1.—The revenue returns show an increase of 995,000 pounds sterling for the past half year.

The Morning Standard publishes a special Paris which contains the following:

At the regular semi-monthly meeting of the permanent committee yesterday, the Marquis of Pioche called attention to some telegrams about the Herzegovinian insurrection which, he said, were manufactured in the interest of unscrupulous stock jobbers. M. Scheffer thought they were concocted at Belgrade and Constantinople as well as sympathizers of either party. The whole subject was referred to the Government for investigation.

Paris, Oct. 2.—Public attention at present is much occupied with the fact that the official journal, not yet published, contains the speech delivered by the Minister of Finance, at a banquet on the 27th of September.

It is stated that M. Buffet prohibited the publication of the speech, on account of the following sentence: The coalition of the 25th of May is happily dissolved. M. Buffet thinks that Ministers should examine the matter in a special Cabinet Council, to be held to-day. Should the speech not ultimately be published by the official journal, M. Leon Ley, Minister of Finance, will be expected to resign.

London, Oct. 2.—The Times has a special dispatch dated Ragusa, Oct. 30.—Our correspondent says: I have just returned from Trebique. No troops passed for five days. The roads are in the hands of the Insurgents. Austrian official telegrams state that the Turkish troops were repelled near Klock, yesterday. Fighting was renewed to-day. The result is unknown.

Anwar, of Afghanistan, is sending troops to coerce his feudatory lord, the Emir of Mouloud, who of late has been quite refractory.

Paris, Oct. 2.—The Cabinet Council was held to-day, and the question of the publication of the Minister's speech came up. After an explanation of the question, it was settled that there would be no material change. The official journal will publish the speech to-morrow, and a letter from M. Say.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Associated Press Dispatches.

Norfolk, October 1.—The brig John Cabridge, James Crosby, master, from New York to Georgia, put in here in distress.

San Francisco, Oct. 2.—Naval paymaster J. S. Cunningham arrived to relieve paymaster Spaulding.

The Court of Enquiry will assemble at Mare Island, October 6th, to examine Spaulding's accounts. He is supposed to be involved by speculations of M. M. Piney, late purchasing clerk. Admiral Rogers, of Mare Island navy yard states that he does not know the amount of the defalcation, but it is supposed to be very large. Spaulding last night stated that the loss would fall on individuals, not on the Department.

Pinney's franks consisted in fraudulently filling up certificates for payment due on contracts which had been signed in blank form by Spaulding, and hypothesizing them to certain parties with notes of responsible parties attached, and that makers and endorsers be liable. Spaulding claims to know nothing of the transaction until the certificates were presented for payment.

Ganamayus, Canada, Oct. 1.—Nathaniel Holloway, his wife and Mrs. Snell, drowned, by upsetting a boat while crossing the river to Fisher's Landing, New York.

Constantinople, Oct. 2.—Definite arrangements have been concluded between Porte and Austria, relative to the junction of the Turkish and Austrian Railroad systems, fixing the period when the necessary works may be connected and terminated.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 2.—Col. John M. Calhoun, who was Mayor when Atlanta was entered by Sherman, and upon whom the demand for the city's surrender was made, is dead.

Washington, Oct. 2.—The Comptroller, some time ago, transmitted letters from the First National Bank of Florida and the Citizens' National Bank of Raleigh, N.C., to the Solicitor of the Treasury for his opinion as to the right of state to impose a license tax on the capital of the National banks, and also the right of State officers to examine national banks or require reports of their affairs to be made to them. The Solicitor has given an elaborate opinion that a license on the capital of a National bank cannot be enforced, and that the State officers have no right either to examine or exact reports from National banks. He says this law, as adjudicated and subservient and destructive of the principles governing the relations of the Federal State Governments.

San Francisco, Oct. 2.—The creditors of Clayton & Co., accept fifty cents on the dollar.

The Stock Board opens on Tuesday.

The Farmers' and Merchants Bank at Los Angeles opened yesterday.

It is said the defalcation of the Pay Department is over one million.

New York, Oct. 2.—Subscriptions from this city to the Texas Relief Fund up to date amounts to \$5,349.

London, Oct. 2.—The Times special telegram from Ragusa, contains the following details:

The insurgents made an attack on Klock, but were taken between two bodies of troops, and their ammunition failing, were obliged to retreat. In three days they brought off their wounded, numbering 17.

THE CABLE.

London, Oct. 1.—The Globe says that the British Naval Commandant at Gibraltar makes formal complaint to his Government of aggressions by the Spanish General Coasters in British waters.

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London, Oct. 1.—The revenue returns show an increase of 995,000 pounds sterling for the past half year.

The Morning Standard publishes a special Paris which contains the following:

At the regular semi-monthly meeting of the permanent committee yesterday, the Marquis of Pioche called attention to some telegrams about the Herzegovinian insurrection which, he said, were manufactured at Belgrade and Constantinople as well as sympathizers of either party. The whole subject was referred to the Government for investigation.

Paris, Oct. 2.—Public attention at present is much occupied with the fact that the official journal, not yet published, contains the speech delivered by the Minister of Finance, at a banquet on the 27th of September.

This undersigned have employed Edgar & McCulloch as agents, at Kingsbury, to sell their lumber, and will keep them fully supplied with it.

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Texas and California

LUMBER.

## CITY NEWS.

Advertising rates for either the DAILY or WEEKLY will be given to any newspaperman or Counting Room, or by letter. No news would suit all cases.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1875

**Melancholy Services To-Morrow.**

PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. J. W. Neil, Pastor—Sunday School, 9 A. M.; morning service 11 A. M., evening service 7 P. M.

ANGLO-CATHOLIC—Rev. W. H. Richardson, Rector—Sunday School 9 A. M.; morning services 10 o'clock; evening services 7 P. M.

Methodist—Rev. H. G. Horton, Pastor—Sunday School 9 A. M.; morning service 11 A. M.; evening services 7 P. M.

St. MARY'S—Rev. Father Johnson officiates—morning service 10 A. M.; vespers of V. M.

The Menger Hotel sitting-room and office are undergoing a thorough cleaning and whitewashing.

We suppose San Antonio is the most fortunate, quiet and orderly town in the State. No fights, no fires, no anything to distract the peace of the public mind, and give a weary local chance to dream from imagination to real facts to fill his columns.

**New Subscribers pour in for the Daily Express every day, and almost every hour. Send them along, good people; the price is low, and the paper will satisfy any reasonable man.**

**LARCO & SON have a full line ready made clothing and furnishing goods just received. For sale at a bargain.**

The managers of the San Antonio Dramatic Association have partially recast the Lady of Lyons and the Hair-It-Law, to be played during the Fair.

Extra exertions will be made by those taking part to make these plays a success and our citizens will hardly be disappointed when they are again permitted to witness their rendition.

**PERSONAL.**—Mr. Joseph Loeb, formerly one of San Antonio's most popular young gentlemen, but now residing and doing business at Fort Concho, is in the city, and will spend some two weeks with us.

Mr. W. S. Veck, is in the city. Mr. Veck is well known throughout entire Western Texas, as a thorough business man and a clever and affable gentleman. His present residence is also at Concho. Like Mr. Loeb, he visits us in his business interests.

**Appointment of Teachers.**

The action of our City Authorities requiring "A Board of School Examiners," last August, to test the relative merits of all who desired to present themselves for the positions of teachers in our Public Schools, naturally led to the conviction on the part of the public that the appointment of Teachers would be in accordance with the fair principles of competitive examinations, and could be done alone to entitle and not in any way to political or social influence.

It seems, however, that such fair promise has not been fulfilled; and it is our duty to call attention to the fact, to save the public from repetitions of injustice to certain parties who passed highly creditable examinations or the position of School Teachers, before who were not appointed; whilst others, who obtained lower class certificates before "The Board of Examiners," have been preferred and appointed.

**McCALLISTER'S FINE LIQUORS.**—McAllister has received fine Sour-mash, hand distilled Whisky, Rye and Bourbon, and J. S. Maguire's best Bourbon, besides other fine liquors. He has very old whisky and peach brandy.

**MARRIAGE Licences were issued to the following persons the week just past:**

Miss Rouff and Miss Bertha Roseler; Morgan L. McDonald, and Louis Ann Kerr; Benino Rodriguez and Estephana Hernandez; J. H. Graff and Maria Luisa Burgos; Dow Perkins and Mary E. Crawford; E. B. Wetzstein and Emma Dobbin; Joseph Meny and Augusta Schultz.

We had a very pleasant call yesterday from our old friend Dr. Leonidas Hudspeth, lately of Houston. The Doctor is well known throughout the State both as a citizen and a physician, being one of the most prominent members of the State Medical Association. The Doctor has just sold out his interest in the City Hospital at Houston. He leaves for New York in a few weeks, but will probably return to San Antonio, take up his residence among us, and practice his profession. We trust he will carry out this probability.

The Milans won another signal victory yesterday over the 10th Infantry nine, by a score of 37 to 11. This was the hardest game the Milans had to play yet, and they deserve credit for the energy and vim with which they tackled their opponents, who were perhaps a little over-confident of victory. Both clubs played well, but the swift pitching of the Milans must rather got away with the boys in blue.

The Milans have now played seven match games, and have won five of the seven, being defeated only by the Lees, of Houston. Pretty well done, Milans.

By innings, 1 9 2 4 5 6 7

Milans, 3 0 2 3 10 9 3-27

Infantry, 1 1 0 4 8 0 9-11

Umpire: H. Higgins.

Score: D. W. Alexander, J. Buckley.

Time of game: Two hours, 85 minutes.

Up Clavin's Wild Cherry and Squill, for all diseases of the throat and lungs. For sale by J. Clavin and A. Dreis.

T. B. PATRICK & BROTHERS announced that they have now in press and will publish on Saturday, October 2d, a new novel by the popular Southern author, Mrs. G. A. Worthful, entitled "Hester Howard's Temptation." The writer has been engaged on the work for the past eighteen months, and all critics who have read it pronounce it superior to "The Household of Heaven," written by the same author. It will be published complete in one large duodecimo volume, bound in morocco cloth, price \$1.75.

For coughs and colds, use Clavin's Wild Cherry and Squill. For sale by J. Clavin and A. Dreis.

## Public School Books Again.

To the Editor of the Express.  
We are obliged to claim a small space in the columns of your paper for the purpose of correcting a few of the facts in your editorial in the issue of September 29th, and to ask you, or Prof. Plagge, or some one else, to throw a little light on the certain points yet shrouded in darkness. We have delayed this communication for some days to allow time to collect all the points possible to the matter. In the first place we have been unable to find action taken by any Board, to cause any one set of books to be used in the public schools.

We have found that new books of both Murray's and Monteith's series of geographies have been recently purchased for public school scholars, that Readers of two different series are purchased, that not only Swinton's "language series" but also Swinton's Histories have been ordered by teachers, and that the lack of uniformity does not stop with the instances cited. New books of different kinds have been, and are being, purchased every day, and we would respectfully ask you, Mr. Editor, what better time can be selected to institute the adoption of a new and uniform series of books, that the commencement of a new term, with the schools, for the first time under the control of the city, and a new Board of Directors. If a new series of books have been adopted, we can find no evidence of the fact. If any action has been taken we should like to know when it was, and what series or selection of books has been chosen, and why the purchase of the new books is not enforced. If nothing has been done, our first communication was not altogether nonsensical.

In conclusion we would say that these strictures are not at no public man, but at an evil that has long been felt in this State, to wit: A non-uniformity in the school books used. We would observe, however, that if much used and much abused old custom renders the use of half a dozen grammars" in the same class practicable, it may also render it easy to teach out of a couple of geographies, half a dozen readers and a multitude of scholars, but would it not be better to extend its beneficial influences a little further, and do away with school books altogether, thus at once putting forever the complaints of.

Wm Gordon, and wife by J. L. Truehart

attorney in fact, to Teodoro Cadena, 220 acres of land in Bexar county on the West bank of the Leon Creek, about 15 miles N.W. from the City of San Antonio, for \$290 gold.

WE LEARN upon good authority that the San Antonio Ice Company has purchased an ice machine of greater capacity than the one now in operation, which will reach here about the 15th of October, and be in operation about the 1st November next. These machines of the Company together, will turn out from ten to twelve thousand pounds of ice per day, and the price will not exceed 2¢ per pound.

Sept. 14th.

Mr. BUTLER, agent in San Antonio, for

the Purline Portable Gas Light, is illuminating many of the residences and business places of our city with this most excellent light. Purline is a patented trade mark, the article which bears it being guaranteed by this mark, and infringements upon it made liable to prosecution the same as in any other patent. The fees of the law-shots out fraud in this case, and offers a splendid burning fluid.

Sept. 15th.

"PAT JOHN," who is the subject of so much gossip in many circles, is that well-corporated, bald-headed and ever smiling barber, just this side of Haas' & Oppenheimer's. His popularity pervades the entire community, and it is not more than three menful since he set up his shop.

He may live long and prosper, and if he

ever dies may go to heaven.

Sept. 16th.

It seems, however, that such fair promise has not been fulfilled; and it is our

duty to call attention to the fact, to save

the public from repetitions of injustice

to certain parties who passed highly creditable examinations or the position of

School Teachers, before who were not

appointed; whilst others, who obtained

lower class certificates before "The Board

of Examiners," have been preferred and appointed.

Sept. 17th.

It is only unjust to the parties so

teach, but it is also just to the inter-

ests of the public, as those interests re-

quire that we should employ as teachers

in our Public Schools those who have

shown the greatest proficiency under the

test of competitive examination, without

reference to any political or social in-

fluence.

Sept. 18th.

Three classes of certificates were award-

ed by the Board of School Examiners,

namely: A No. I class certificate to such

as passed the best examination; a No. II,

to those who passed an examination not

quite as satisfactory, and a No. III, to

such as passed a still lower grade of ex-

amination satisfactorily.

Naturally we had a right to expect that

the parties who passed with a No. I and II

class certificate, would, as a matter of

right, be appointed before any party who

had a No. III class certificate.

Common sense and justice required us, but what

do we find? We find that relies holding

a No. III class certificate have been ap-

pointed. Further, we are informed

that some of the unsuccessful candidates

who failed to get any certificate before

the Board of Examiners, last August, are

now—according to the school calendar

—employed by the Board of Examiners

as teachers.

Sept. 19th.

Those who have sufficient tact to ob-

tain such action in their favor, will cer-

tainly not abstain to say appointment to

the public schools, as they did in the

competitive examination before the Board

of Examiners.

Sept. 20th.

Those who have sufficient tact to ob-

tain such action in their favor, will cer-

tainly not abstain to say appointment to

the public schools, as they did in the

competitive examination before the Board

of Examiners.

Sept. 21st.

Those who have sufficient tact to ob-

tain such action in their favor, will cer-

tainly not abstain to say appointment to

the public schools, as they did in the

competitive examination before the Board

of Examiners.

Sept. 22nd.

Those who have sufficient tact to ob-

tain such action in their favor, will cer-

tainly not abstain to say appointment to

the public schools, as they did in the

competitive examination before the Board

of Examiners.

Sept. 23rd.

Those who have sufficient tact to ob-

tain such action in their favor, will cer-

tainly not abstain to say appointment to

the public schools, as they did in the

competitive examination before the Board

of Examiners.

Sept. 24th.

Those who have sufficient tact to ob-

tain such action in their favor, will cer-

tainly not abstain to say appointment to

the public schools, as they did in the

competitive examination before the Board

of Examiners.

Sept. 25th.

Those who have sufficient tact to ob-

tain such action in their favor, will cer-

tainly not abstain to say appointment to

the public schools, as they did in the

competitive examination before the Board

of Examiners.

Sept. 26th.

Those who have sufficient tact to ob-

tain such action in their favor, will cer-

tainly not abstain to say appointment to

A Curious Will.  
THEIR LIVING IN ILLINOIS.  
Among the strange customs of  
the English Baronies was one of  
willing their fortune to some far  
future generation which they never  
expected to see.

In a dark old vault in the city of  
London lies a will which has been  
mouldering there for more than half  
a century, bequeathing to the first  
born son of the fourth generation the  
whole fortune of £300,000.

This money was in the  
hands of a company of private  
bankers for about fifty years.  
They have been paying for its use  
the meagre sum of £6,000 a year,  
but this lucrative loan which had  
already made its holders immensely  
rich, will soon end, for the "first  
born son of the fourth generation,"  
is fast approaching the age of  
twenty-three, at which he is to be  
come possessor of his money.

Mr. McEwen informs me that  
but few of his many acquaintances  
know anything of his European  
possessions, although the circumstances  
are quite familiar to certain  
old Cockneys whose club talk is  
directed often to the good deeds of  
the lamented Dr. James McEwen.

The following, published many  
years ago, is an extract from the  
*London Times*:

"We are pained to record the  
name of Dr. Jas. McEwen among  
the lost in the late naval disaster.  
The old doctor will long be cherished  
in the memory of his country—  
and the English soldiers and sailors—as one of its most vigilant  
and enterprising citizens."

"Before the doctor's departure on  
board the war vessel he willed the  
greater part of his immense fortune to  
his surviving brothers and sisters, and the remainder of £300,000  
to the first born son of the fourth  
generation."

"The doctor being a bachelor,  
and consequently without lineage,  
the descendants will be counted  
from the eldest brother, now in the  
United States of America."

I had the pleasure of a private interview, in the city of St. Louis, on the 3d of July last year, while on my way to China, with the heir, William W. McEwen, and find him to be a young man of good intelligence, well educated, and able to sustain a conversation on almost any subject. He will doubtless turn his fortune to a good purpose, and be an ornament to the country in which he lives. He is now residing at Carmi, White county Illinois.

I thought to write the above circumstances because it is worthy of notice; and, although published at length in England, he told me it had never reached the press in the United States.

I am on my way to my home in London, where I expect to see the heir, in fall of 1876.

P. GOULD.

#### Telegraphic Greetings.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK.

Kansas City, Mo. Sept. 27.—Cattle—Received, 1,000 head shipped; 234 head; marketable but weak; all prices off shade. Sales: good native cows, \$2 50 & 3; common, \$2 25 & 40; native steers, \$4 50; Texan steers, \$3 25 & 30; Colorado cows, \$3. Hogs—Nothing doing. Sheep—Received, 377 head; shipped; none; market unchanged and nominal.

#### A MARRYING PRIEST.

London, Sept. 27.—A special from Berlin says that Dean Suzuki has joined the Old Catholics and married. The Old Catholics were thus obliged to decide the question in regard to priests marrying, and decided affirmatively. The Government has resolved to protect Dean Suzuki in the enjoyment of his temporality.

#### THE ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

London, Sept. 27.—Dispatches from the Swedish Arctic expedition report its arrival at Hammerburst, Norway. All the officers and men were well. Important maps and scientific collections have been made.

#### THOMAS MCNAMEE DISBOWNS.

Bedford, Mo., Sept. 27.—A good deal has been said about killing the Younger and McLennan outlaws of Central Missouri. Let it be understood these men do not belong to this section of Central Missouri, but from the best information that can be obtained, the man killed at Pine Hill, Kentucky, is the noted outlaw Thompson McLennan.

From inquiries as to late frosts, I learn they have done the farmers no material damage. The late corn planted after the grasshoppers had left last spring is not matured, but the frost did not harm. Millions of grasshoppers have been seen lighting in Lafayette and Johnson counties this past week.

#### CALIFORNIA CLIPPING.

San Francisco, September 27.—Gold has been pouring into the Bank of California rapidly to day, in payment of the assessment of twenty per cent, on the guaranteed bonds of the Syndicate on getting with such speed and were

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BOARDS AND ALL THROAT DISEASES, USE  
Wells' Carbolic Tablets.

PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.

A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY

For sale by Druggists generally, and

JOHNSTON HOWEY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE CHEAPEST.

Reliable article like Dr. Price's Cream

Baking Powder and True Flavoring Extract,

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Ginger etc., that have stood the test of the best

physicians, and the fact only realized by great bodily exertion.

The Extract, as a fair price,

is the most valuable in the market.

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