San Antonio Daily Express.

VOL. 12. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 25, 1878 NO. 202

Daily Express.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES—IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EXPRESS—By Carrier per month,.....$1 00
" " " " quarter,..... 2 50
" " By mail one year,..... 10 00
" " " six months,..... 5 00
" " " three months,..... 3 00

ADVERTISING RATES:

Rates for advertisements can be obtained by application to the EXPRESS Counting Room.

Local advertisements will be inserted at 20 cents per line for first insertion and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements in daily and weekly one third more than daily rates; in weekly only, same as daily.

RATES FOR TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

One dollar per inch each insertion. Advertisements inserted longer than one week twenty-five per cent. reduction.

Weekly Express.

Published by the EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

WEEKLY EXPRESS One Year, post paid,..... $2 00
" " Six Months ".....1 00
" " Three Months ".....75

All papers will be discontinued at expiration of time paid for.

Write name and Postoffice plainly, and state whether daily or weekly is desired.

Send postoffice order or registered letter when practicable.

Advertisements inserted in the weekly edition only will be charged at same rate as in daily only.

Postal Orders or Registered letters can be sent at our risk. Address

EXPRESS PRINTING CO.,
San Antonio, Texas.

China Hall.

CROCKERY

China, Lamps, Glassware

AT

Wholesale and Retail.

Best French China.

Complete Dinner Sets, 103 pieces, $35 00

Plain Gold Band and Decorated

TEA SETS,

IMPORTED GLASSWARE.

Gregory & Co.,

Goods Rented. Commerce Street, Corner of Paso.

UNPARALELLED OFFER

We offer to Private Parties, at Factory Prices, LESS DEALERS' DISCOUNT, for a short time only, full line of strictly first-class

PIANOS

of the celebrated manufacture of Messrs.

HORACE WATERS & SONS,

AND

DECKER, SCHUMANN & WAGNER

Also WATERS' unequaled line of CABINET

ORGANS

including the universally admired

Centennial Prize Chime Organ,

These Instruments received at the recent TEXAS STATE FAIR, all the prizes awarded, consisting of DIPLOMAS, GOLD MEDAL and THREE SILVER MEDALS, as well as the Highest Awards at the innumerable exhibits made throughout the world during the past forty years.

Sheet Music at Publishers' Prices.

Local and Traveling Agts. Wanted.

P. O. Address Lock Box 715, San Antonio, } VALENTINE & CO. General State Agents.

HEADQUARTERS, No. 58 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

GALVESTON AGENCY—Hamilton Plagge, Manager No. 131 Postoffice Street, Galveston.

Loan Offices.

M. KOENIGHEIM'S

Loan Office,

WEST SIDE MAIN PLAZA,

WILL ADVANCE MONEY ON VALUABLES AT VERY LOW RATES.

Those desiring to pledge articles would do well call on him ourselves if

☞ A large lot of fine watches and jewelry of all kinds is for sale, all unredeemed pledges, which can be bought at less than half their real value.

LOAN OFFICE

The oldest and most reliable Loan Office in

SAN ANTONIO.

Southwest corner of Military Plaza, in the two-story building.

Rates Reduced According to the Amounts Loaned.

Also on hand CHEAP Diamond Rings, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry of all descriptions, particularly Mexican Jewelry.

Maximilian Dollars.

Arms, Saddles, &c., &c., &c. Ample room for fine Furniture and Pianos.

1 17dw tf B. SCHWARZ

VALUABLE

Information!

Any parties having Furniture or any other kind of Merchandise to sell at

AUCTION OR PRIVATE SALE,

Can have the same disposed of to the

Best Advantage

and in the most satisfactory manner by calling on or addressing the

NEW YORK

Auction & Commission House

J. Abrahamson,

Proprietor.

A. WEHL, Auctioneer.

Corner of North Side Military Plaza and Flores Street, next to Green Front Theatre.

A complete stock of General Merchandise, consisting of

GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, TINWARE, CROCKERY, ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

Furniture of all kinds constantly on hand, which we will sell at private sale at Auction Rates.

Liberal Advances on Consignments.

U. S. MAIL

AND

STAGE LINE

TO

Bandera.

OFFICE IN MENGER HOTEL.

The proprietor has refitted this line and will run comfortable vehicles three times a week from each end, making the distance in ten hours. Careful drivers and good teams.

Stages leave the Menger Hotel on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 o'clock a. m.

This is a rare opportunity for pleasure seekers to visit one of the loveliest spots in Texas, the road passing through the grandest mountain scenery in the South, surpassing any other portion of the State as a place to spend the summer months. jun29

W. A. BENNETT. J. T. THORNTON. J. S. LOCKWOOD.

Bennett Thornton & Lockwood,

BANKERS

And Dealers in

EXCHANGE AND BULLION.

Telegraphic Transfers Made.

Bills on any part of Europe

Collections Solicited on all Points in

☞ Land Warrants bought and sold.

may 15 d & w

Telegraphic Flashes

Home and Foreign.

THE NEW ORLEANS GAME.

Mexicans Fighting Over a Murdered Man's Effects.

Disgraceful Squabble Between Civil and Custom House Officials.

Evidences of Mexican Corruption in Office.

Another American Murdered Near Santa Rosa.

The Latest Yellow Fever News.

One Hundred and Ninety-Three New Cases at New Orleans.

Latest From the Insurrection in San Domingo.

The Usual Batch of Miscellaneous News.

MEXICAN RASCALITY

Special Dispatch to the DAILY EXPRESS.

EAGLE PASS, Aug. 24th, 1878.

Walter Henry, a Chihuahua merchant, who recently purchased a stock of goods in San Antonio, and the information of whose murder in Mexico has been lately received here, crossed three or four wagon loads of merchandise into Mexico on his departure from this point. The merchandise which was crossed in the presence of the United States Custom House officer here in daylight, remained in front of the Piedras Negras Custom House for one day, and until Mr. Henry started for the interior. He was murdered near Santa Rosa, and there appears to be several claimants for the property. In the first place the Custom House officials of Piedras Negras claim the merchandise as contraband, and the Alcalde of Santa Rosa also puts in a claim, probably a perquisite. The Custom House officials of Piedras Negras issued Mr. Henry had a permit to cross his merchandise and move it into the interior. It seems that the papers only were issued, and that no entry had been made on the Custom House books, and learning of his murder a party was immediately sent from Piedras Negras to secure the papers which, however, could not be found. Now, in order to screen themselves, the Mexican Custom House officials claim the goods as contraband, and purpose seizing them as such. The Alcalde, in whose charge they are, refused to deliver the cargoes, and it is now understood that a sufficient force of soldiers will be sent from Piedras Negras to take the goods if necessary by force. It appears that the intention of the custom-house officials at Piedras Negras was to brindle their government of the duties on these cargoes, and probably they expect that by now seizing the property for the benefit of the government they will justify themselves.

News has just been received here that another American has been killed near Santa Rosa. Patience ceases to be a virtue.

GALVESTON GOSSIP.

Special Dispatch to the DAILY EXPRESS.

GALVESTON, August 24, 1878.

This morning a deputation of beer jerkers in a body called on the Mayor, requesting him to veto the Council resolution destroying their occupation. They advanced the usual argument of being cast penniless upon the world should the resolution become a law. They appealed to the Mayor to modify if not repeal it, but he refused to grant the request.

Engine Co. No. 4 gives a picnic at Midlegge's lake to-morrow to raise funds to meet a maturing note given in payment of the engine.

The telegraphers of Texas to-day forwarded one hundred and sixty dollars to New Orleans for the afflicted brother operators.

The mortuary report for the week shows seventeen deaths—2 of brain diseases, 2 of consumption, 5 of fits, three of premature births, 1 of heart disease, 1 of diarrhea, 1 chronic, and one drowned. None from fevers of any kind.

There was a boat race this evening, the weather being fine, but the water a little rough. First race, four oared boats, three entries; Galveston Rowing Club crew won, Eureka second, Lone Stars third. Second race, six-oared boats, Galveston Club crew and Bay City crew; the former won after a hard and exciting race.

RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERERS.

New York, August 24.—The Chamber of Commerce Relief committee has received $1,900 for the fever sufferers.

Macon, Ga., August 24.—The Macon Relief Society raised $625 for the fever sufferers, and remitted $300 to-day to Vicksburg and Grenada.

Chicago, August 24.—Subscriptions aggregating $250 was made at the Board of Trade to-day for the benefit of the fever cities in the South.

Mobile, Ala., August 24.—The Cant Get Away Club of this city has authorized the Relief Association of New Orleans to draw for $500; Memphis $300; Vicksburg $200; Grenada $100. The city is still free of fever.

Rochester, N. Y., Contributed $300 and forwarded $200 to the fever sufferers.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Saratoga, Aug. 24.—First race, three-quarters of a mile, won by Lady Downey, Alleve 2d, Loiterer 3d; time 1:16¼.

Second race, free handicap, three year olds, one and a quarter mile dash, Dunboyne winner, Pilot 2d; time 2:08¾.

Third race, one mile and a quarter, Fonso beat, Hattie 2d; time 1:40

Fourth race, 1 mile, Nannie H winner, W. J. Higgins 2d, Owens 3d; time 1:45¾.

Fifth race, free handicap, steeple chase, two and three-quarters, won by Dead Head, Walter 2d, Derby third; time 4:33½.

Toronto, Aug. 24.—The rowing match for $2,000, made between Hanlon and Gaudaur, has been arranged.

YELLOW FEVER NOTES.

Grenada, August 24.—Dr. Venzie and Judge Walton, chairman of the relief committee were stricken with fever yesterday. The negroes are falling like sheep.

Vicksburg, August 24.—The fever continues to spread. Drs. Hunt and Booth are prostrated. Forty-six cases among the negroes.

Canton, Miss., August 24.—Town depopulated; only one hundred left out of thirty-five hundred.

New Orleans, August 24, 12:30 p. m.—New cases, 193; deaths, 42. Hugh Tenize, chief operator of the Western Union Telegraph office, this city, died of yellow fever after six day's illness.

Total cases for the week, 891; to date, 1,866; total deaths for the week, 311, to date, 577. There is no explanation of the increase of new cases to-day, other than the spread of the disease. The report containing but few if any more old cases than those of the two preceding days. From noon to six this evening 403 fever cases had been reported at the office of the board of health, indicating a still larger number of new cases for to-morrow than were reported up to noon to-day.

The Touro Infirmary and Hebrew Benevolent Association have received to date over $6,000 in contributions, which they are disbursing in aid of the sick and destitute. The telegraphers of Texas have forwarded $120 for the relief of sick New Orleans telegraphers. Manager E. W. Barnes, of the Western Union Telegraph Co., and C. H. Smith, operator, are down with fever. Fred B. Moxon, operator, is convalescent.

Washington, August 24.—The following is the abstract of the sanitary reports received during the past week under the national quarantine act:

New Orleans—There were 771 cases of yellow fever cases and 295 deaths, making in all 4,663 cases and 534 deaths. During the 24 hours to noon yesterday 123 new cases and 40 deaths.

Vicksburg—At least 400 cases of fever from August 12th to yesterday and 69 deaths; 20 deaths during the last 24 hours. Dr. Booth in charge of the marine hospital service at that post telegraphs: I am sick; impossible to procure accurate data.

Memphis—144 cases and 53 deaths during the six days to Friday evening.

Canton, Miss.—First case occurred at Canton on August 1st; to yesterday evening 18 cases and 8 deaths.

Port Gibson, Miss.—118 cases and 9 deaths to yesterday morning.

Cincinnati—The engineer of the steamer, Golden Rule, was admitted to the hospital with yellow fever, also one other case, probably yellow fever from Memphis.

Morgan City, La., August 24.—One case August 1st, patient from New Orleans.

Ocean Springs, Miss., August 24.—Three cases; one death, all imported.

St. Louis, August 24.—Four refugees died of yellow fever at St. Louis during the past week.

Louisville, August 22.—Four river boatmen suffering from yellow fever are under treatment in an improvised hospital on the Marine Hospital grounds, admitted from the steamers John Porter, Sunflower and Golden Crown, on the 17th and 18th inst.

Mobile, August 24.—One case reported as fever August 17th, is officially announced as a mistake.

Key West, August 24.—No yellow fever.

Grenada, August 24.—So many of the remaining population are stricken with fever that definite information cannot be obtained.

Havana, August 24.—Ninety deaths from fever and six of small-pox for the week ending August 17th.

Matanzas, August 24.—Decreased cases of yellow fever; only five American vessels in port August 16th, and all of them have either had or were having cases on board.

At Cardenas and Sagua La Grande Cuba, there are no fever advices up to the 16th instant.

Memphis, August 24.—Fever increasing; cases for the past twenty-four hours, 105; deaths, 15.

P. B. Anderson, of the Memphis Howard's at Grenada, telegraphs to the Howard's here to-day for twenty more nurses. One hundred and thirty-four applications for relief made to the Howard Association to-day.

Memphis, August 24.—To-day a number of new cases of yellow fever were reported, nearly double that of any previous day, the total for the twenty-four hours being 106; deaths for the same time, 15.

FROM THE WEST INDIES.

Havana, August 24.—The English mail steamer from St. Thomas arrived to-day bringing the following intelligence:

San Domingo.—Previous reports of a revolution in San Domingo are fully confirmed. The eastern part of the Republic has also risen and the revolutionary forces are marching upon the capital.

The republic is in a very distracted condition. The fall of Gonzales is considered inevitable. It is generally believed Superin will come into power, Gonzales being destitute of the means of resistance.

Hayti advices to the 10th instant says: Fresh disturbances are apprehended. Prominent persons are taking refuge in the British and French consulates at Port au Prince. The government refused to grant them passports, notwithstanding repeated requests of the Consul. The presidents life, it is reported, has been threatened, and a strong guard was maintained over his residence.

There are a great many cases of yellow fever in Port au Prince and the sanitary condition of the city is very bad. Business is very dull.

Porto Rico, August 24.—It is reported that the sugar crop has suffered fifty per cent by rains; this probably refers to last year's crop.

THE POTTER COMMITTEE.

New York, August 24.—K. Alcee Gauthreaux, of New Orleans, who had charge of the registration bureau in 1874, testified that his bureau ascertained that the number of fraudulent registration in New Orleans amounted to 13,000, and affidavits had been made against 9,400. Witness said that many of the Republican supervisors of election and registrars are non-residents, fugitives from justice, and in several cases were under indictment.

Messrs. P. B. Emerson and Reed Edgeworth, of New Orleans, were next examined, followed by Jos. B. Kelly, formerly of Texas, now of New Orleans, who testified to seeing Eliza Pinkston from her home to the Republican Investigating Committee; said she walked down the steps unaided and was sent here in a cab. Maj. Burke then made a slight correction in his testimony, after which the committee adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman.

TELEGRAPHIC MISCELLANY.

New York, Aug. 24.—John E. Leet, confined in the Bloomingdale Asylum, is still suffering acutely. The physician says he will recover in a few weeks.

Saratoga, Aug. 24.—The railroad managers adopted resolutions favoring any pooling arrangements which may hereafter be devised.

Washington, August 24.—Indications for the Gulf States: Warmer, clear or partly cloudy weather, variable winds, mostly southerly, stationary or falling barometer, followed on Monday in Texas by a norther.

New Orleans

ENGAGEMENT WITH REVENUE OFFICERS.

Nashville, Tenn., August 24.—The revenue officers report an engagement with an armed band of illicit distillers in Overton county, headed by Campbell Morgan. The officers were under fire forty-five minutes. Phillips, Pippeny and Smith were wounded. Commissioner Raum has given Collector Woodcock authority to send enough men to capture the band, which he is now preparing to do.

FAILURE RECORD.

Chicago, August 24.—Eli C. Clark has bankrupted. Liabilities $157,000. No assets.

Harrisburg, Ky., August 24.—McBrayer, Trapnall & Co. have suspended. Liabilities, $70,000; assets, $10,000.

Philadelphia, August 24.—Landenberger's Sons, traders in woolen goods, have bankrupted. Liabilities $250,000.

EULOGISTIC RESOLUTIONS.

Philadelphia, August 24.—A largely attended meeting of the members of the Philadelphia bar was held to-day to take action on the death of Henry Armitt Brown. After feeling remarks by those present, eulogistic resolutions were adopted and a committee appointed to communicate a copy to the family of the deceased. The funeral took place this evening.

FROM VENEZUELA.

Venezuela, Aug. 24.—Intelligence to August 31st represents the state of affairs of that republic unsettled. A revolution in favor of Guseman is reported progressing slowly. The Government, however, is strong. Business is depressed and no shipping at Laguyra. Money is scarce. The Government endeavored to raise a loan of $100,000, but was unsuccessful.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

New York, August 24.—Weekly statement of New York banks shows the following changes: Loans increased $1,438,900; specie decreased $571,500; legal tender decreased $419,600; deposits decreased $1,796,200; circulation decrease $20,000; reserve decrease $541,050; banks now hold $19,700,475 in excess of legal requirements.

MEXICAN NEWS.

New York, Aug. 24.—A letter from Mexico says the Mexican Secretary of War has no apprehensions of trouble between his country and the United States. He thinks, however, the United States is unreasonable in insisting that Mexico shall prevent the Indians crossing into their territory as the United States shows its inability to prevent or were willfully careless in allowing Escobedo and his men crossing into Mexico with the avowed purpose of shedding blood.

POLITICAL NOTES.

St. Louis, August 24.—The Democrats of the Sixth Congressional District nominated J. R. Waddell; the Tenth District, Gen. F. Rothwell; the Ninth District, David Roe.

GENERAL FOREIGN ITELLIGENCE.

Madrid, August 24.—An attempt was made to poison the Emperor of Morocco, and he died in consequence.

London, August 24.—The weavers and winders of thirteen cotton mills at Radcliffe, struck against a reduction of wages of eight and a half per cent. Thirty-five hundred looms are idle.

London, August 24.—A special to the Manchester Guardian from Berlin says: The negotiations between Monsieur Masela, the Papal Nuncio, and Bismarck have led to no result whatever. The Ultra-Montanes will therefore continue to oppose the government in the Richstadt.

St. Petersburg, August 24.—A decree has been issued prohibiting the export of horses from the Black Sea and Sea of Azof. The transportation of Turkish prisoners has begun by railroad to Sebastapol whence they will embark for home.

STATE NEWS.

The East Line railroad is under contract for completion to Sulphur Spring, in Hopkins county.

The corner stone of the new Masonic temple at Pleasanton will be laid with imposing ceremonies on the 27th inst.

A drunken fellow named Henderson was put in the Denton calaboose a few nights ago, and he set the institution on fire.

It is rumored that one Reynolds, an owner of sheep, was recently foully murdered at his camp, in Lee county, by some unknown party.

Houston Telegram: Dallas quarantine officers on the trains are taking by all the strangers to be Sam Bass's train robbers. They frequently pull out and offer their pocket books when approached.

Houston Telegram: Four hundred and thirty bales of new cotton were received by the Central Thursday. The season has opened early and briskly and will no doubt "pan out" handsomely before long.

Houston Telegram: The rains in Southwestern Texas, which commenced more than six weeks ago, continue very heavy. The plantations in many counties are under water and cotton is fast rotting in the boll.

A sick and destitute section hand was left at the Union depot in Dallas a few days ago and as the city, the county nor any one would attend to him he made his way to a lumber yard and when found was badly eaten by red ants; he was taken to the city hospital to die.

Austin Statesman: In the southwestern portion of the city there is a sign which notifies the public that anyone depositing a dead animal within one mile of the city will be fined $25. The other morning a dead dog was found suspended from the sign, and so far as we have heard no one has been fined.

Denison Herald: W. M. Peck's little boy has been named Sam Bass for short, while his neighbor, George Massey, may be heard almost every night soothing little Henry Underwood to sleep by singing choice selections from the opera of "The Robbers." The little fellows will be re-named before they reach the age when they might perchance make their namesakes the models of their lives.

Austin Statesman: The Millet Bros., whose home is in Austin, own probably the finest cattle ranch in the State. It is located in Baylor county, 150 miles west of Fort Worth. On this ranch there are 22,000 head of cattle, and they have sold 10,000 head this season. Last spring they invested nearly $30,000 in short horn cattle, and have succeeded in acclimating 300 of this valuable breed. Next year they will not be many years before their whole stock of cattle will be made up of either thoroughbreds or grades. They find the country well suited to fine stock, and they claim to have the best grazing country in the world. Besides this ranch these gentlemen have one in the Indian Territory, upon which there are 9000 head of cattle, and another on the River Platte with 4000 head. On their ranches they keep constantly employed 50 men and 400 horses.

Waco Telephone: Mr. Ruggs lives about eight miles from this city on the Austin road, and on last Saturday left his reaper standing in his field about half a mile from

wheels, reel table, and other portions of the machine, and carried away the sickle. The reaper is rendered nearly useless. Mr. Rugg's son lately moved there, and says that he did not know he had an enemy in that locality, and thinks the parties were mistaken as to the owner of the reaper, but be that as it may, it does not detract from the punishment that should overtake persons who for sport, or the gratification of some spleen they might have, would commit such an act. The parties have not yet been caught, but an idea has been formed of who they are, and they may yet have to answer for their conduct.

The Origin of Mosquitoes.

The Red River Indians have a curious legend respecting the origin of mosquitoes. They say that once upon a time there was a famine, and the Indians could get no game. Hundreds had died from hunger, and desolation filled the country. All kinds of offerings were made to the Great Spirit without avail, until one day two hunters came upon a white wolverine, a very rare animal. Upon shooting the white wolverine, an old woman sprang out of the skin, and saying that she was a "Manito," promised to go and live with the Indians, promising them plenty of game as long as they treated her well and gave her the first choice of all the game that was brought in. The two Indians assented to this and took the old woman home with them, which event was immediately succeeded by an abundance of game. When the sharpness of the famine had passed in the prosperity which the old woman had brought the tribes, the Indians became dainty in their appetites, and complained of the manner in which the old woman took to herself the choice bits; and this feeling became so intense, that notwithstanding her warning that if they violated their promise a terrible calamity would come upon the Indians, they one day killed her as she was seizing her share of a reindeer which the hunter had brought in.

Great consternation immediately struck the witnesses of the deed, and the Indians, to escape the predicted calamity, bodily struck their tents and moved to a great distance. Time passed on without any catastrophe occurring, and game becoming even more plentiful, the Indians began to laugh at their being deceived by the old woman. Finally, a hunting party on a long chase of a reindeer, which had led them back to the place where the old woman had been killed, came upon her skeleton, and one of them in derision, kicked the skull with his foot. In an instant a small spiral, vapor-like body arose from the eyes and ears of the body, which proved to be insects, that attacked the hunters with great fury, and drove them to the river for protection. The skull continued to pour out its little stream, and the air became full of avengers of the old woman's death. The hunters, on returning to camp, found the Indians suffering terribly from the plague, and ever since that time the Indians have been punished by the mosquitoes for their wickedness to their preserver, the Manito.

Where Do Our Sponges Come From?

For long it was doubtful whether this familiar object belonged to the animal or the vegetable kingdom, but naturalists are now agreed that it is unquestionably to be referred to the former. Commonplace article as an ordinary sponge is, it possesses a history, from its cradle in the ocean depths to its cradle uses in the nursery and elsewhere, that in point of interest and instructiveness it would be difficult to surpass. Sponges, it is tolerably well known, are obtained in various parts of the Mediterranean and at the Bahama Islands. Greeks and Turks mainly pursue the fishery in the former districts, and their mode of diving, etc., are familiar to many; but of the Bahama industry information is not so general. Last year 250,000 pounds of sponges, worth about £28,000, were exported from the island, of which 150,000 pounds were sent to Great Britain, the remainder being reserved for the United States and Canada.

About 500 vessels and 2,000 persons, mostly colored, are employed in the fishery. The ships cruise about among the islands, their trips lasting from two to six weeks, according to the weather, the divers being unable to work when the weather is rough. The sponges, when caught, are found to be a black gelatinous substance, giving off an unpleasant odor that increases with putrefaction. After the divers have collected a sufficient quantity, the sponges are taken ashore and buried in the sand, or exposed to the sun for a few days; they are then beaten with clubs to remove the decomposed animal matter, which flies away in the shape of black dust. They are next thoroughly washed in sea-water, after which they are stowed in the vessel's hold. On arriving at port, the sponges are sold to merchants who trade in them, and by whom they are passed into the hands of the clipper, who cuts off all coarse matter, and otherwise trims them. This operation having been performed they are ready for the press, where they are baled for shipment. A sponge-press is not unlike a cider press on a large scale, but it is made of iron, and requires from two to eight men to turn the screw.

Pots and Pans.

Utensils for boiling purposes have undergone little modification in shape from the remotest times to the present day. The reason for this is not far to seek. Water heated in a round vessel with upright sides would soon boil over, whereas when treated in a pot whose sides incline inwards towards the top, the bubbling waves of the liquid have a tendency to a common centre, and usually waste themselves in conflict with each other. Thus the cauldron, kettle and saucepan have in all ages and in all nations much similarity in form. With regard to material, no doubt the earliest pots and pans consisted of such natural objects as adapted themselves to the requirements of cooking—as the gourd, pipkin, cocoa-nut shell, and the like—and among savage tribes these are still employed for the purpose. In course of time vessels of clay came into service, and afterwards metal was brought into requisition. The old Egyptians had pots precisely like the modern saucepan, and their larger utensils were furnished with the well-known ears and feet which may even yet be seen in some of the homesteads of our country. Shakespeare makes the "secret, black, and midnight hags" in Macbeth use a cauldron of this description, and it will be remembered that the savoury mess with which the more respectable Meg Merrilies appeased the hunger of worthy Dominie Sampson was dished from a like vessel. That these articles were common in China in dim antiquity, and that the Chinese had a superior method of mending them, can surprise no one, and is what we have expected to find in a people who seems to have forestalled nearly every invention, great and small, that has ordinarily supposed to have first seen the light in other lands than theirs.

A Minnesota Farm Tragedy.

A woman named Jane Townsend is in jail at Corunna, Wright county, Minnesota. She is 35 years old, and was married about one year ago to Marcus Townsend, aged sixty. Townsend is a farmer—well-to-do—and has a sixteen-year old daughter Augusta, who lived in the house. A tramp, who called himself William Dunham, came along hailing from Chicago. Townsend hired him as a farm hand. Mrs. Townsend soon noticed that Dunham was paying marked attention to the girl and she feared her step-daughter was on the way to ruin, if indeed not already arrived. She told her husband her fears, and he turned the matter lightly off. At length Augusta was sent away to her aunt's for greater safety, and Mrs. Townsend did her best to get Dunham sent away. The old man

One day Mrs. Townsend set Dunham's clothes and traps out on the door-step, and when he came in she told him to take them and go. He laughed and told her she was the one who would have to go. She asked he meant, and he told her to go and ask the old man, he would tell her. She went into the field and inquired of her husband what it all meant, and whether it was true that he was going to send her away. He said it was, because she was untrue to him and he believed it, and all that. The woman protested her innocence of even an untrue thought, but Townsend was inexorable. He told her the quicker she went away, and left off making trouble, the better. She went to the house and saw Dunham sitting on the door-steps with his bundle, insolently grinning at her. She saw an axe, grabbed it, went at him in a frenzy of desperation, and sunk the blade well in Dunham's neck. She then went and gave herself up, and it was thought Dunham would die from the wound. So old Townsend lost his wife and his farm hand, and his daughter being gone he is very much alone on his farm. It was Dunham's object, the woman thinks, to marry the girl and get the farm.

Wrestling With an Octopus.

(Warrnambool, Australia, Standard.)

It appears that Mr. Smale had fired off a charge of dynamite and displaced a large quantity of stones at the bottom of the river. He went down to prepare for lifting these stones by the aid of chains into the punt. While engaged in rolling over a large stone he saw something which he supposed at the time was a piece of clean looking kelp moving about in front of where he was working. In a few seconds this object came in contact with the driver's arm, about which it quickly coiled, partly holding him. Immediately Mr. Smale touched what was coiled round his arm he became aware of his position, and tried to extricate himself from the grasp of a "sea devil," but found it a more difficult job than he anticipated. Catching hold of the part hanging from the arm, he walked toward the end of it, when he saw he was firmly held by one of the feelers of a large octopus, better known among sailors as the "devil fish." Mr. Smale tried to pull the fish off from its hold of the rocks, but without effect for some time. At last the fish, perhaps thinking it had not got sufficient hold or power over its prey, loosened itself from the stones and quickly transferred its feelers or arms around the diver's legs and body. In this position Mr. Smale thought the best thing for him to do was to get up on deck as soon as possible, and he quickly made tracks for the ladder which reaches from the deck of the punt to the bottom of the river. The diver was certainly a curious looking object when he came up. This huge, ugly looking thing appeared to be entangled over him, holding him in a firm embrace. However, Mr. Smale's fellow workmen were not long in freeing him from the unfriendly hug of his sub-marine companion. The body portion of the octopus was only about the size of a large soup plate, with eyes in its head like those of a sheep, but it possessed nine arms, each about four feet in length, at the butt as thick as a man's wrist, tapering off at the end to as fine a point as that of a penknife. Thus it could spread over an area of nine feet in diameter. Mr. Smale declare it was powerful enough to keep three men under water.

MARKET REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH

FINANCIAL.

New York, August 24.—Gold opened at 100⅛.

Galveston, August 24.—Gold 100⅞; silver American par; Mexican 90.

New York, August 24—Money 1⅛; exchange at 484; gold 100⅛; governments steady; new 5's 6c; State bonds quiet.

HIDES AND WOOL.

Galveston, August 24.—Hides—firm, in demand; dry selected 16c; pickled 14c; stack salted 12c; kips, 14c; wet salted, 7½@8½c; butchers green 6½@6¾c. Wool—quiet, easy; fine Eastern spring 20@25c; fine western 17@19c; improved Mexican 12@15c. Bagging—demand active; light, 12½c; heavy, 13½c. Ties—$2.50 per bundle.

COTTON MARKETS.

Galveston, August 24.—Cotton—Receipts 385 bales. Exports, coast 1,866. Sales 240 bales; Stock 1,220 bales. Market easy; middling 11½c; low middling 10⅞c; good ordinary 10⅛c.

New Orleans, August 25.—Cotton—unchanged. Sales 65 bales; good ordinary 10½c; low middling 10⅞c; middling 11c; good middling 11⅛c. Receipts net 37 bales: gross 37 bales; exports, Great Britain, 616 bales. Stock 5,292 bales.

New York, August 24.—Cotton—Receipts, net, 7; gross 7 bales. Futures closed quiet and steady; sales 74,500 bales; August $12.02@12.03; September $11.71; October $11.44@11.45; November $11.24.

Liverpool, August 24—Noon—Cotton—dull and unchanged; middling uplands 6 11-16d; Orleans 6 13-16d. Sales 6,000 bales; speculators and exporters 500 bales. Receipts 1,150 bales; American 1,050 bales. Futures quiet; uplands l. m. c., September delivery, 6 21-32d; August and September, 6 21-32d; September and October, 6¾d; October and November, 6 5-16d; November and December, 6 7-16d. New crop, uplands l. m. c., November and December delivery, 6¾d.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Kansas City, August 24.—Cattle—grass wintered Texas steers $2.40@2.70; corn-fed $2.60@3.25.

St. Louis, August 24.—Cattle—demand exceeds supply; little done on account of light receipts; prices unchanged; receipts 600. Hogs—steady with fair demand; Yorkers and Baltimores $3.90@4.25; packing $4.00@4.25; butchers to select $4.20@4.50; receipts 1,100. Sheep—fair demand with previous prices; no receipts; no business.

Artificial Stone, Lime, Plaster Paris, English Portland and Rosendale Cement.

James Burns,

North of Main Street Bridge,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,

Manufacturer of

LIME,

—AND—

Artificial Stone Sewer Pipe

OF ALL SIZES, AND STOVE FLUES.

Importer of and Dealer in the

Best Brands of English Portland and American Cements,

PLASTER PARIS, PLASTER HAIR, &c.

He takes pleasure in stating to the citizens of San Antonio that after two years test of his Patent Artificial Stone Sidewalks here, that they have given entire satisfaction. As proof, he refers to those gentlemen who have given it a trial. And also manufactures Artificial Stone Sewer Pipe of all sizes, Stove Flues and Chimney Tops, Street Curbing, Coping and a beautiful article of Garden Edging, a curbing especially adapted for beautifying the lawns and gardens of our homes. Samples can be seen at my office, north of Main Street Bridge.

☞ ORDERS SOLICITED. ad

Miscellaneous Advertisements

GREAT REDUCTION.

In order to make room for our Fall and Winter Stock we will from this date offer our entire Stock of White Goods, Linen Lawns, Irish Linens, Table Damacks, Victoria and Bishop Lawns, Ladies' Hose, Quilts, Parasols, &c.,

AT COST

We also offer a large assortment of Gents' and Youths' Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes, at a very great reduction.

A. Morris.

Opposite Menger Hotel.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

S. Hart & Bro.

DOMESTIC, KEY WEST AND IMPORTED CIGARS.

Our Cigars are received direct from Factory enabling us to offer inducements to Dealers at low figures.

All Brands Smoking Tobacco Always on Hand.

Next to Postoffice.

When needing anything in the following line call, examine and price our goods.

Wall Paper, Picture, Window and Show-case Glass, Pictures and Frames, Mouldings, Window Shades, Fairchild's Celebrated Gold Pens and Pencils, School, Miscellaneous and Blank Books, All Kinds of Stationery, Albums, Pocket Knives, Brushes, Combs, Perfumery, and other Toilet Articles, Games, Croquet Sets, Rubber and Base Balls, Bats, Marbles, Etc., Etc.

J. S. PENN & BRO.

Soledad Street, next to the Court House,

Our AUSTIN HOUSE 629 Congress Avenue.

San Antonio, Tex.

☞ Any publication in any language supplied by subscription at publisher's prices. Orders taken for Books, or anything desired and furnished at shortnotice.

We Are Pleased to Announce that we are Once More Able to Offer For Sale the

OLD RELIABLE

White Oak Wagon,

Manufactured by

L. Espenscheid.

Some ten years ago we introduced this as the first thimble skein wagons sold in Western Texas, and it has proven to be the most durable and serviceable wagon ever sold in this market. It is not made in thousands by machinery, but every piece by hand, the irons are all wrought, and the timbers thoroughly seasoned.

We now offer this splendid wagon of solid value, for less money than any first-class wagon ever sold for here, having bought for cash a large number.

Cash is the almighty lever for low prices.

In our stock will be found the

Kansas Wagon,
Milburn Wagon,
Mitchell Wagon,
Fish Bros Wagon

and Goetting & Becker's Star Wagon, which we will sell entirely complete for the small sum of

$60.00. $60.00.

Buggies, Spring Wagons, Ambulances, Carriages, and all kinds of Harness on hand. Please call and examine our samples.

FROST & BRO.

J. H. Kampmann,

Architect and Builder,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Lumber, Sash, Doors, Blinds Etc. Etc.

and all kinds of builders materials,

Is now prepared by the aid of new and improved machinery and competent workmen to contract for and execute work in all departments of the building trades in the best manner, or furnish the materials for the same.

SPECIALTIES—Drawings, Specifications and Estimates Furnished for Buildings of all kinds.

Stone sawing by steam power done on short notice, ripping, planing and matching lumber, wood turning and scroll sawing done to order. Stair building in all its branches, newals, rails and balusters kept on hand or made to order.

Bath Tubs, Wash Stands, Water Closets, Mantels, Fourless Shaking Grates and Plumbers' Work finished. Also agent for the Miller Patent Range, with water back and boiler. Seasoned Lumber of all kinds, also Cedar Poles, constantly on hand.

OFFICE AND FACTORY, NACOGDOCHES, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

FOR SALE

Between twenty-five hundred and three thousand SHEEP in Atascosa County, fifteen miles below Pleasanton, on Lapatria Creek. Apply to the undersigned or James L. Truehart, South of San Antonio

D. W. HEARD.

SAN ANTONIO AND F[illegible]

U. S. Mail

L. S. McCAUGHA[illegible]

Hack leaves Central Hotel, [illegible] and Fridays at 1 o'clock p. m. [illegible] day at 12 m. Arrives at Fr[illegible] undays at 7 p. m. Fare $4.

Daily Express.

PUBLISHED BY THE

Express Printing Company.

Sunday Morning, August 25, 1878.

YELLOW fever is still on the increase. The contributions of aid for the suffering communities are liberal and characteristic of the American people.

IF the "absolute money" policy were adopted and enforced, what would become of all the gold and silver now used as coin? Make nose rings?

THE Postoffice Department shifts the responsibility from its shoulders and allows local postmasters and health departments discretionary power in reference to quarantining against the mails.

THE Luling *Signal*, which believes the election of John Hancock would be "just the cheese" in the Fifth district, is opposed to Mr. Schleicher in the Sixth because it claims he entertains the same financial views it is well known Hancock entertains.

THE Luling *Signal* flatly states that "one of the principal planks in the platform of the St. Louis Convention was in favor of remonetization of silver." Will the *Signal* please produce that plank? We have been unable to find it in the official copy of the platform.

ON account of the yellow fever ravages prospecting business of all kinds in Memphis, the *Avalanche* has reduced its size one-half and prepares in time to weather the hard time to come by reefing its sails until the ordeal is passed. It advises all business men to contract their expenses as greatly as possible.

A WALL street broker named Thomas Potter Wright, advertised through the "personal" columns of the *N. Y. Herald* for a wife, and secured—a suit for $25,000 damages in the way of blighted affections, the suit being brought by a young actress named Beatrice Stafford, who responded and trusted.

THE *Cincinnati Enquirer* of the 20th says, "The depreciation of the value of the trade dollar to ninety-five cents at Indianapolis on Saturday had the effect of dropping it to that figure in Cincinnati yesterday, and it is stated it will likely fall to ninety cents to-day." This dollar contains 7½ more grains of silver than the new legal tender silver dollar.

IN this section of the country, where the wheat harvest is so long past as to be almost forgotten—over three months—it seems a little strange to read in a Portland, Oregon, dispatch, that the wheat harvest is now about two-thirds through. Here, in many instances a good corn crop is now standing upon the ground over which the wheat reaper passed this year.

THE Washington *Herald* says Mr. Henry V. Poor, in his book on "Money," about a year ago, hazarded the remark that "they [greenbacks] can no more be retired by payment in coin, *or brought to their par value by 1879* than the waters of Lake Superior can by that time be pumped into the ocean," (p. 595). He does not attempt in his second publication on the same theme to harmonize this extravagant assertion with the fact that greenbacks are now .995. It seems to show that Mr. Poor is not as infallible as he thinks.

JUDGE IRELAND has been making speeches ever since the convention in this city, and he does not seem to have been very particular what he told the people or what he promised them. He has kept up an almost continual tirade of defamation of the public character of Mr. Schleicher, and yet, because the latter in response to the request of his friends made a "little talk" at a public meeting a few days ago, Judge Ireland howls and says Schleicher is taking advantage of him. In view of all the developments of the campaign we do not believe it will be necessary for Schleicher to make a speech to secure the election by an overwhelming majority. Ireland has plenty of rope and is hanging himself as fast as he can.

THE Albany *Argus* says there is something ludicrous in the final explanation given of the at first reported formidable strike of the silk weavers in Patterson, N. J. The second edition of the story is that the strikers were only boys, whose mothers whipped them soundly on their coming home, sent them supperless to bed, and made them return to work the next morning. Order now reigns in Warsaw and Paterson, and from Vreeland avenue to the soldiers' monument in the New Jersey city not a boy can sit down without wanting to stand up. It seems the little fellows wanted the wages of full grown men, instead of the five dollars a week they had been getting. The did not know the first principles of political economy, for they did not placate or allow for the spanking power inherent in their muscular mothers.

We frequently hear the question asked, what is meant by the term absolute money? In response to an inquiry of this kind St. Louis *Republican* gives the following definition: "It is something that does not derive value of its own, but possesses the official value imparted to it. It is not paper money, but something made money by an absolute power. Gold and silver are real money, because they have an inherent value of their own, and have been voluntarily selected by the nations to measure the value of other things, and to facilitate the exchange of other things. The 'absolute money' of the Ex-Senator Hill is that which creates, impresses and has the sovereignty, guarantees the wealth and power of the people, and forbids all individuals and corporations to exercise or stimulate the same power. Nothing can be bought, nothing sold, no debt paid, no judgment satisfied legally by payment, except by means of that money.' It makes no difference what this absolute money is composed of, provided it has some substance that has no intrinsic value. Paper fulfils this condition of worthlessness, and paper, therefore, is proposed as the material for absolute money. This paper issued in bills in proportion to the wealth of the country—$2,000,000,000 to begin with, as Mr. Hill proposes—would not represent real money; it would not be a promise to pay, and would not, therefore, be redeemable in gold and silver. In other words, it would be a token. The theory on which it is based is not only that it should be legal to pay all debts, but that it should be the order. No other money would be. Gold and silver and redeemable paper of all kinds, whether greenbacks or national bank bills, would be abolished. Absolute money tokens be substituted as the exclusive currency of the country. At least the advocates of it pro-

THAT INDIGNATION MEETING.

For the first time in the existence of this city, or at least within the knowledge of the present inhabitants, we believe, San Antonio Friday night witnessed an indignation meeting of her citizens, a coming together of the people to place their seal of condemnation upon the acts of their public servants. Such meetings are unpleasant, of course, but not so much so be regretted as the cause which actuates the people to thus assemble. People will not thus assemble to express their disapprobation of an ordinary offense. Extraordinary indeed must be their indignation to cause them to leave their homes and places of business to meet in public halls to express their feelings in public speeches and resolutions, for the rebuke thus given is stinging, and few officials possess the hardihood to hold up their heads in the face of such condemnation.

Those who have been at all acquainted with the sentiments of the people for the past several weeks in reference to the school superintendency will not be surprised at the size and importance of the meeting at the courthouse Friday night. It was the natural result of an act committed by the Council in the face of and contrary to a well known public sentiment. The meeting was large and a representative one, but we fear those comprising it allowed their indignation to over-ride their better judgment, and incite them to action they may, in their cooler moments, consider as hasty. As can be seen by the proceedings published Saturday morning, there were two reports by the committee on resolutions. The majority report was scathing in its rebuke, dealt in very harsh language, and called for the resignation of Mr. Plagge and those members of the Council who voted for his retention as superintendent. The minority report referred to the reports derogatory to the character of the superintendent, declared him totally unfit for the position, and provided for a thorough investigation of the matter, and a presentation to the School Board. There can be no doubt that the report of the majority reflected the sentiments of the meeting. It did not need the sanction of its adoption to convince the people of that, but we believe more could have been accomplished by the adoption of the minority report, and after the investigation established the correctness of the position assumed by the majority report, then, if the Council declined to respect the publicly expressed wishes of the people, another meeting could have been held, at which resolutions too severe in their censure could not have been passed. The adoption of the minority report would have left open a door through which the Council could have made a graceful retreat from their position, on the ground that the expression of the public meeting was a guide to their actions they had not before possessed; but now they can only resign their positions, or perform an official duty repugnant to them, or say to the people "we care nothing for your sentiments or wishes." The situation is an embarrassing one, look at it in any light.

A DANGEROUS MAN.

This man Texas Dimmitt—something must be done with him. From the manner in which he occasionally blurts out startling expressions and "tells tales out of school" about that good man and great financier, Judge Ireland, we are thoroughly convinced he must be a secret enemy in the camp, working in the interest of the "bell-hounds" and "vampires" so much talked about of late. Else why his attack on Judge Ireland? The idea of Texas Dimmitt, or any other man, accusing the Honorable John Ireland of inconsistency—of saying anything one day, and something directly opposite the next! Full well we know what Judge Ireland has been claiming his right to an election upon, since the present campaign opened, yet see what this man Dimmitt says of what the Judge said *before he became a candidate!* This man Dimmitt comes back at each rebound like a returning-ball covered with hornets' tails, and gives "names and dates" with a perversity truly astonishing and aggravating. Can't some one confine the attention of that bold bad man to agricultural pursuits? Politics evidently is not his sphere. His memory is too lengthy and too "acute," and he exhibits a lamentable lack of reverence for the truly great and good. That man should be given to understand that his expressions are calculated to interfere with the sole object of a certain class in this district—the election of John Ireland to Congress—by calling attention to such inconsiderable and unimportant matters as what their candidate said and thought before it was believed to be to his advantage to say and think otherwise.

What if Judge Ireland did say a short time ago that "if the doctrines of the greenback party prevailed, it would be over the grave of the constitution of the United States;" or that "the country was not financially distressed and the trampism of the day was not the result of enforced idleness;" or that "Mr. Schleicher had made a good representative and that we were going to keep him in;" or that "in order to make people happy you must make them poor"? He was not a candidate then, and did not consider it necessary to be or promise anything and everything to catch votes!

To show the perversity of this man Dimmitt, and his outrageous disregard for the feelings of the great man who would attempt to fill Mr. Schleicher's seat in Congress, we republish his remarkable statements that our readers may again peruse them in all their enormity, and decide among themselves what should be done with this terrible man. He proceeds in the following heartless manner:

NOW, Mr. Editor, as the Hon. John Ireland and friends are denouncing Mr. Schleicher for his hard money doctrines, and preaching greenbackism to catch that vote, I propose to bring to light some of the hidden things, that the public may judge from the facts, and to this purpose and intent I charge—

First—That the Hon. John Ireland, in the courthouse in Seguin, a few days before announcement as a candidate for Congress, said and declared that if the doctrines of the Greenback party prevailed, it would be over the grave of the constitution of the United States.

Second—A few days before the San Antonio Convention, in front of the postoffice in Seguin, he declared and affirmed, repeatedly, that the country was not financially distressed and the trampism of the day was not the result of enforced idleness.

Third—He stated to me in his office in the town of Seguin, some three or four months ago, that Mr. Schleicher had made us a good representative and we were going to keep him in.

Fourth—I further allege and charge that the Hon. John Ireland did declare and say in the town of Seguin within the last six months "that in order to make a people happy you must make them poor."

Fifth—And I further allege and charge that on the 10th day of June last, in the court house yard in the town of Seguin, the Hon. Jno. Ireland, knowing full well that I had for more than two years past been in bitter opposition to his financial policy, approached me and requested me to go to the coast counties of this congressional district to represent his interest in the primary meetings that were then being held for the election of de[illegible]

THE MONETARY CONFERENCE.

The International Monetary Conference is now in session at Paris, and the probabilities are that an agreement among the nations interested will not be easily arrived at, although nothing has as yet been reported tending to discourage hopes of ultimate success. At the opening session of the conference M. Say, in his address, stated that the policy of France was to await a moment when she could revert to the free mintage of silver. The Swiss representative said that while agreeing with the present expectant attitude of the Latin Union, as described by Say, Switzerland looked forward to a gold standard as the ultimate solution of the question of coinage. Goscher argued that the free mintage of silver will be impossible. The following are the propositions submitted to the conference by the United States delegates:

First—It is the opinion of this assembly that it is not desirable that silver be excluded from free coinage in Europe and the United States. On the contrary, this assembly believes it to be desirable that an unrestricted coinage of silver and its use as money of unlimited legal tender should be retained where they exist and as far as possible restored where they have ceased to exist.

Second—The use of both gold and silver as unlimited legal tender money may be safely adopted; 1st, by equalizing them at the relation to be fixed by international agreement; and 2d, by granting to each metal at the relation fixed equal terms of coinage, making no discrimination between them.

Elections in Texas.

(Austin Statesman.)

The following is a condensed statement of the vote of Texas at every election from 1836 to 1876 inclusive:

The first election for president took place in September, 1836. Sam Houston received 4,374 votes; Henry Smith, 743; S. F. Austin, 587; total, 5,704.

1838. M. B. Lamar received 6,995; Robert Wilson, 252[illegible]; total, [illegible]

1840. In September Sam Houston received 7,915 votes; David Burnet, 3,616; total, 11,531.

1844. Anson Jones received 7,037 votes, and Edward Burleson 5,608; total, with scattering, 12,752.

Annexation took place in 1845, after which the votes reported were cast for Governor:

1845. J. P. Henderson, 7,853; Dr. J. B. Miller, 1,673; scattering, 47; total, 9,978.

1847. George T. Wood, 7,175; J. B. Miller, 5,006; N. H. Darnell, 1,276; scattering, 1,231, total, 14,767.

1849. P. H. Bell, 10,319; G. T. Wood, 8,764; I. T. Mills, 2,632; total, 21,715.

1851. P. H. Bell, 13,595; M. T. Johnson, 5,261; J. B. Green, 4,962; B. H. Epperson, 2,871; T. J. Chambers, 2,320; scattering, 100; total, 28,309.

1853. Elisha M. Pease, 14,091; W. B. Ochiltree, 9,179; G. T. Wood, 1,993, L. D. Evans, 5,571; Thomas J. Chambers, 2,449; scattering 774, total, 36,152.

1855. E. M. Pease, 26,336; David E. Dickson, 17,968; scattering, 1,055; total 45,339.

1857. Hardin R. Runnels, 32,552; Sam Houston, 23,628, total 56,150.

1859. Sam Houston, 36,257; R. R. Runnels, 27,506; total, 64,027.

1861. F. R. Lubbock, 21,854; T. J. Chambers, 13,759; E. Clark, 21,730; total, 57,242.

1863. Pendleton Murrah, 17,511; T. J. Chambers, 12,456; scattering, 70; total, 31,037.

All the votes up to this time were by white men. At two succeeding elections many of these were disfranchised for participation in the rebellion.

1866. J. W. Throckmorton, 48,631; E. M. Pease, 12,051; total, 60,682.

Here negro suffrage began, adding some 50,000 to the number of voters.

1869. E. J. Davis, 39,901; A. J. Hamilton, 39,092; scattering, 370; total, 79,263.

1873. Richard Coke, 85,549; E. J. Davis, 42,821; total, 128,461.

1876. Richard Coke, 150,419; W. Chambers, 47,719; total, 198,137.

The number of votes this coming fall will doubtless reach 250,000.

Important Discussion.

(St. Louis Post.)

The Globe-Democrat, which employs a great number of gigantic intellects at large salaries, to devise schemes for the extirpation of all human evils, and for the amelioration of the condition of mankind, has given a signal instance of its philanthropy in the two reforms to which it is now directing the energies of its gigantic intellects and the potency of its tow-line. It has turned aside from the petty strifes and divisions of politics, from the mild fraudulence of Hayes, the blatant ravings of Kearney, from the fell designs of the Confederate Brigadiers and the brick-shying of Butler, and has summed up all the law and the prophets in these two demands on which it insists, that beer shall be sold two for a nickel, and car tickets six for a quarter.

It detracts nothing from the purity of the Globe-Democrat's philanthropy that in its zeal for reforms it has carried beyond the limits which a cooler judgment would assign to its efforts. It is an alluring prospect of human happiness which is disclosed to our vision by the mention of two beers for a nickel but in the existing conditions of beer drinking in St. Louis the prospect is an alluring vision and nothing more. St. Louis recognizes neither fractional parts of the nickel, and to fix the price of beer at two glasses for a nickel would fail to meet the reasonable demands of those who like to take an interval between beers, as well as of those who sometimes indulge in three glasses but refuse to go four of them.

Still a great reform has been established; the schooner has disappeared from many first-class beer counters and from all of them has been banished the delusive, deceptive, fraudulent, thick-buttoned, slim-waisted, frothy beer glass of our daddies. Its place has been supplied by a decent, honest, symmetrical and shapely glass known as a "big beer," which bears to its predecessor the same relation that a specie currency bears to a rag-baby. For this the four hundred and eighty thousand citizens of St. Louis who last year drank the four hundred and eighty thousand barrels of beer manufactured here, arise and call the *Globe-Democrat* blessed and hail its tow-line as potent. But the dream of two beers for a nickel is destined not to be realized, especially when taken in connection with the demand of six car tickets for a quarter.

The Explosiveness of Flour.

Professors Peck and Peckham, of the University of Minnesota, have been making an extensive series of experiments to determine the cause of the recent flour mill explosion at Minneapolis. The substances tested were coarse and fine bran, material from some grinding wheat; wheat dust, from wheat dust house; middlings, general mill dust, dust from middlings machines, dust from flour dust house (from stones) and flour. When thrown in a body on a light, all these substances put the light out. Blown by a bellows in the air surrounding a gas flame, the following result were obtained:

Coarse bran would not burn. Fine bran and flour dust burn quickly, with considerable blaze. Middlings burn quicker, but with less flame. All the other substances burn very quickly, very much like gunpowder.

In all these cases there was a space around the flash where the dust was not thick enough to ignite from particle to particle, hence it remained in the air after the explosion. Flour dust, flour middlings, etc., when mixed with air, thick enough to ignite from particle to particle and separated so that each particle is surrounded by air, will unite the oxygen in the air, producing a gas at high temperature, which requires an additional space, hence the bursting.

There is no gas which comes from flour or middlings that is an explosive; it is the direct combination with the air that produces gas, requiring additional space. Powerful electric sparks from the electric Leyden jar were passed through the air filled with dust of the different kinds, but without an explosion in any case. A platinum wire kept at a white heat by a galvanic battery would not produce an explosion. The dust would collect upon it and char to black coals, but would not blaze nor explode.

A piece of glowing charcoal, kept hot by the bellows, would not produce an explosion when surrounded by dust, but [illegible] into a blaze [illegible] explosion fo[illegible] dust of all degrees of density, would not produce an explosion, but when the dust was blown into the bottom, through the globe and out of the top, it would ignite. To explode quickly the dust must be dry. Evidently when an explosion has been started in a volume of dusty air, loose flour may be blown into the air and made a source of danger.—*Scientific American.*

Vegetine

I WILL TRY VEGETINE.
HE DID,
AND WAS CURED.

DELAWARE, O., Feb. 16, 1877.

MR H. R. STEVENS—

Dear Sir,—I wish to give you this testimony, that you may know, and let others know, what Vegetine has done for me. About two years ago a small sore came on my leg; it soon became a large Ulcer, so troublesome that I consulted the doctor, but I got no relief, growing worse from day to day. I suffered terribly; I could not rest day or night. I was so reduced my friends thought I would never recover; I consulted a doctor at Columbus. I followed his advice. It did me good. I can truly say I was discouraged. At this time I was looking over my newspaper. I saw your advertisement of Vegetine, the "Great Blood Purifier," for cleansing the blood from all impurities, curing Humors, Ulcers, etc. I said to my family, I will try some of the Vegetine. Before I had used the first bottle I began to feel better. I made up my mind I had got the right medicine at last. I could now sleep well nights. I continued taking Vegetine. I took thirteen bottles. My health is good. The Ulcer is gone, and I am able to attend to business. I paid about four hundred dollars for medicine and doctors before I bought the Vegetine. I have recommended Vegetine to others with good success. I always keep a bottle of it in the house now. It is a most excellent medicine. Very respectfully yours,

F. ANTHONI.

Mr. Anthoni is one of the pioneers of Delaware, O. He settled here in 1834. He is a wealthy gentleman of the firm of F. Anthoni & Sons. Mr. Anthoni is extensively known, especially among the Germans. He is well known in Cincinnati. He is respected by all.

IMPURE BLOOD.—In morbid conditions of the blood are many diseases, such as salt-rheum, ringworm, boils, carbuncles, sores, ulcers and pimples. In this condition of the blood try the Vegetine, and cure these affections. As a blood purifier it has no equal. Its effects are wonderful.

Vegetine

CURED HER.

DORCHESTER, MASS., June 11.

DR. STEVENS—

Dear Sir,—I feel it my duty to say one word in regard to the great benefit I have received from the use of one bottle of your Vegetine. It has been one of the greatest sufferers for the last eight years that ever could be. I do sincerely thank God and your Vegetine. My Rheumatism has left for the relief I have got. The day I first took it, my feet broke out pained me to such an extent that I have not been able to walk; now I can walk and sleep, and owe it all to your blood purifier, Vegetine.

MARGERY WELLS.

VEGETINE.—The great success of the Vegetine as a cleanser and purifier of the blood is shown beyond a doubt by the great numbers who have taken it, and received immediate relief, with such remarkable cures.

VEGETINE

IS BETTER THAN ANY

MEDICINE.

HENDERSON, KY., Dec. 1877.

I have used H. R. Stevens' Vegetine, and like it better than any medicine I have used for purifying the blood. One bottle of the Vegetine accomplished more good than all other medicine I have taken.

THOS. LYNK,
Henderson, Ky.

VEGETINE is composed of Roots, Barks and Herbs. It is very pleasant to take. Every child likes it.

VEGETINE

RECOMMENDED BY M. D.'s.

H. R. STEVENS—

Dear Sir,—I have sold Vegetine for a long time, and find it gives most excellent satisfaction.

A. B. DE FIRST, M. D.,
Hazleton, Ind.

Vegetine

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

S. N. Pike's Magnolia Whisky

S.N. PIKE'S Magnolia WHISKEY Cincinnati OHIO.

H. Grenet

Has been appointed by Messrs. W. W. Johnson & Co., the Cincinnati, Ohio, manufacturers and proprietors of this well known and celebrated Whisky as the

Sole Agent

FOR

SAN ANTONIO

AND

South Western Texas.

The superior quality of this Whisky has been known for thirty years, and it stands to-day unrivalled for its purity, and richness of flavor

J. H. KELLER,

Manufacturer of

SOAPINA

and

All kinds of Toilet Soap.

Ch. Fickeisen

German Bakery,

Alamo St., near Alamo Plaza.

Rye, Wheat and Graham Bread.

Hot Rolls

Every evening, delivered free to any part of the city

Confectionery of all kinds constantly on hand
Jan27 1y

San Antonio Fruit House.

G. B. CASSINELI

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

Fruits, Nuts &c.

No. 14 Main Street.

SPRING WAGONS

Spring Wagons!

THE FINEST STOCK OF

SPRING WAGONS

Ever offered in San Antonio of the celebrated

Studebaker Brs

Manufacturing Co.,

SOUTH BEND, INDIANA.

Largest factory of the world, that received the highest premiums and awards of merit on their works wherever exhibited in competition with other parties.

Cabriolets, Phaetons, Top and Open Buggies, Ambulances, Platform Wagons, Express Wagons, Picnic and Diamond and California Express Wagons, Half-spring Wagons, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Improved Studebaker wagons with new patent thimble skein iron axle, Mitchell wagons with self-oiling skeins, tents, covers, bows, etc.

ALL SOLD WITH FULL WARRANTY, AND AT LOWEST FACTORY PRICES.

A. Staacke,

apl 18 6m Corner Houston and Soledad Streets.

H. F. & W. H. Young

West Texas

Law & Land Office,

NO 13 COMMERCE ST.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

The oldest office in our limits West Texas. For years, without change of firm, we have been steadily building up the best appointed office and finest business facilities in the West. The members of our firm are well known throughout Texas. Special references are unnecessary.

We especially invite the public to inspect the immense and varied list of property of Messrs. Adams & Wickes, embracing every character of

Building Lots

in and around the city; choicest IRRIGABLE LANDS, in all parts of the valley, the best of

Farming and Pasture Lands

in large and small tracts, in Bexar county, and the same in THIRTY other counties of Texas. Several tracts of over 20,000 acres. These lots and lands were bought at VERY LOW prices, when money gave choice of the best. They are offered

FOR SALE

cheap and will be sold at prices defying competition. We have maps and plats made especially for showing these property and will convey all who want to purchase to see any of the property at any time.

H. F. & W. H. Young,
No. 13 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

REMOVAL.

Norton & Deutz,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, ARMS &c

Have removed their Stock to

44 Commerce Street,

Commercial Block

(Opposite the San Antonio National Bank.)

San Antonio, Texas.

TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET IRON WORKER

George White,

"General" Cooking Stoves

FIRST PREMIUM — SIX YEARS IN SUCCESSION — 1873 1874 1870 1871 1872 1866

AT THE ST. LOUIS AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL FAIR.

COAL OIL LAMPS, HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, PUMPS, ETC

Guttering, Roofing and Plumbing done at the shortest notice, fully warranted and on reasonable terms.

COR. COMMERCE & PASO STREETS, SAN ANTONIO.

Headquarters

FOR

CONFECTIONERIES.

G. A. DUERLER,

Manufacturer of

Pure Loaf Sugar Candies,

Plain and Fancy.

Syrups, Chocolate, Nuts and Fruits of all kinds
Also a large stock of choice

Cigars,

Equal to any in price and quality.

Manufacturer of Soda Water, Mineral Water, Soda Ale, and dealer in Soda Water Apparatus of every description. may4 6m

A. Nette & Son,

DRUGGISTS AND APOTHECARIES

COMMERCE ST., SAN ANTONIO, TEX.

Dealers in

CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMES, Etc.

Prescriptions carefully compounded day and night. july3-tf

High School

FOR

YOUNG LADIES.

The Eighth Annual Session of this school will commence on the first Monday in September next. Only a limited number of Pupils will [illegible]

H. BARBECK

Has just received a large supply

OF

Stationery

Stationery

BLANK BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS,

all classes and grades of

Paper

Paper

AND

Envelopes

Envelopes

And offers them at

LOWEST FIGURES.

Trustee's Sale.

WHEREAS, G. D. and Margaret D. Gileland, of Wilson county, Texas, did execute on July 6th, 1871, a deed of trust to W. A. Bennett and J. S. Lockwood, trustees of the land hereafter described, for the purpose of securing the payment of their note to J. F. Harris, of Bandera county, Texas, in the sum of $2,000, dated July 5d, 1871, with ten per cent interest from its date, said property being a part of one-third of a league originally granted to R. T. Higginbotham, lying west of the San Antonio river, south of and near the city of San Antonio. The part hereby intended being the portion of said third of a league set apart to Margaret D. Gileland then Margaret Mellen, in a certain deed of partition dated May 1st, 1866, and recorded in Bexar county records in book U, No 1, page 64, to which reference is made for more particular description, said portion containing at least one hundred and sixty-nine acres.

And it was provided in said deed of trust which is recorded in the same records in volume 5, page 403, 404, that if said Gilelands should make default in the payment of said note, the said trustees or in case of their failure or neglect to act, such other suitable person may be appointed by the legal holder of said note, should sell said property in the manner designated in said deed of trust.

And W. A. Bennett, by reason of sickness having failed to perform the trust, and J. S. Lockwood having failed and neglected to act, and being absent from the State, and said Gileland having made default in the payment of said note, signed by him which they paid on February 8th, 1875, and the legal holder of said note, J. F. Harris, having appointed the undersigned substitute trustee in the premises.

Now, therefore, I, [illegible] trustee, in pursuance of the trust in said deed of trust, and in accordance with the terms of said note, and the laws of the State of Texas, will offer for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., before the Court House door of said county, Texas, on

FRIDAY, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1878, and after such [illegible]

Elmendorf & Co.

MAIN PLAZA, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

DEALERS IN

Hardware & Agricultural Implements,

Saddlery, Fairbank's Scales, Wagon, Carriage and Buggy Timber, Axles and Springs, Pitt's Celebrated Horse Powers, Raynold's Cotton Press, Pratt's Cotton Gin,

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN CUTLERY,

Iron and Steel, Nails, Locks and Screws, Hinges, Tools of the best material, Paints and Oils, J. Leffel's Celebrated Turbine Water Wheel; C. H. & L. J. McCormic's Harvester, with or without Binder, Improved Advance, Improved Prize Mower, Furst & Bradley Manufacturing Co's Celebrated Cast Steel Plows, Cultivators and Steel Hay Rakes. All other AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Horse Powers and Engines, Aultman & Taylor Threshers, Separators and Cleaners, Kentucky Sugar Mills and Evaporators, Strauh's Flour and Corn Mills, "Queen of the South."

Agents for OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS.

BRANCH HOUSE

ALAMO PLAZA Opp. MENGER HOTEL

San Antonio, Texas.

Our present Headquarters on Main plaza becoming too small on account of increasing business, we have opened a Branch House on Alamo plaza, opposite Menger Hotel, where we will also keep a full lock of goods in our line, to which we invite inspection by all purchasers. apl29 dawly

HORD'S HOTEL,

Corner Main Plaza,

Frank P. Hord, Late of Henderson, Kentucky, Proprietor.

JOHN RUDY, E. M. LEVIS, Clerks,

San Antonio, Texas.

This house is new and furnished throughout in first-class style, by an old and experienced Kentucky landlord. may 3d 6 3 m

Hugo & Schmeltzer

Wholesale Grocers,

93 95 Commerce St

Sole agents for Western Texas of the Celebrated

Jos. Schlitz Brewing Co.'s,

MILWAUKEE

BOTTLED LAGER BEER

Known as the best bottled beer in the market and superior to any imported article.

NEW SHIPMENTS ARRIVING EVERY WEEK.

Also Rosskam, Gerstley & Co.'s well known and celebrated

RESERVE AND SARATOGA WHISKIES

ALWAYS ON HAND.

ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR

Jules Mumm & Cos

Dry Verzenay

AND

Extra Dry

CHAMPAGNE

Wagner & Rummel,

Wholesale Grocers.

AGENTS OF ANHEUSER'S

Bottle and Keg Beer

Also for Camp Spring Mills for the following brands of Flour: Ekermann's Best, F F F Golden Brown, Yager Milling Co. for the following brands of Flour: Double Anchor, May Queen and Four Aces.

AMERICAN POWDER MILLS IN BOSTON.

STAR OIL

Peerless Oil,

Gail & Ax German Smoking Tobacco,

Proprietors of the

Lone Star Vinegar Factory

and Black Horse Tobacco Factory. mh15 1y

Scheihagen and Wulff

AGENTS FOR CHALLENGE MILL CO.

Importers of and Dealers in

HARDWARE

AND

Agricultural Implements

Agents for

MILBURN WAGONS

JOHN DEERE & CO'S Celebrated Gang and Sulky Plows,

HOWE'S SCALES, Counter and Warehouse.

DIEBOLD'S FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES.

HAISH'S "S" Barb Steel Fence Wire.

Faust's Hay Loader. Also Glass, Cement, Plaster Paris, Paints, Oils, Sheet Iron, Steel, Nails, Carriage Materials, Cornstalk Cutters, Corncob Crushers, Sorghum Mills, Arms and Munition, Landreth's Garden Seed, etc., etc., etc.

THE CHALLENGE WIND MILL.

Menger Hotel,

ALAMO PLAZA,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,

Mrs. W. Menger, Proprietress.

[illegible] EQUAL TO ANY IN THE STATE.

Louis S. Brno

& BRO.

n & Comms'n

Mallory & Co.'s

S Steamship Line.

MAIN PLAZA.

Daily Express.

Sunday Morning, August 25, 1878.

The Three Coffins.

Three coffins await their final repose
In the ancient cloisters' keeping,
And a brief hour hence the lids will close
On the forms beneath them sleeping.

The first is a King who hath ruled the land,
As his fathers did before him;
A jeweled scepter is placed in his hand,
To show how well he bore him.

The next is a Chief from the battle-field,
Wounded and bronzed and hoary;
By his side are resting his sword and shield,
The emblems of martial glory.

The third is a lowly Son of Song,
With no state pomp attended;
The lay of his lyre hath sounded long
Through the aisles—but now is ended.

Hark! what is that at the postern gate
Like the roar of distant waters?
'Tis the foe, with bounding hopes elate,
Returned to the work of slaughter!

'Ho! King, awake! reascend thy throne,
And 'round thee summon thy sages!"
From the pale, mute lips there is answer none,
While the storm without still rages.

"Ho! Chief, awake! to the tents repair—
In the van lead on thy legions!"
They listen, but all is silent there,
Still and hushed as the Polar regions.

From the Poet's coffin a sigh is heard,
And the lyre at his bare feet laying
Starts into life, like the trill of a bird
Whose melody knows no staying.

'Tis an old, old theme, but it fires the blood
Of the troops with none to lead 'em,
And they fight as the valiant always should,
For the love of their faith and freedom!

When the sun goes down in a radiant glow,
With molten clouds attendant,
The three nailed coffins are now laid low
The Cross is in the ascendant!

Guide Me in the Path of Right.

(From the New York Sun.)

Father, all my soul goes out
In a prayer of trust to thee!
Still the longing and the doubt
Which do now abide in me.
Weak my strongest efforts are,
Mainly seek I for the light
That for me doth shine afar;
Guide me in the path of right.

Guide me, Father, lest I stray
Far from thoughts of heaven and thee;
Keep me in the narrow way,
How'er rough that way may be.
What care I though my feet may bleed,
If at last I gain the light
Unto which the path doth lead?
Guide me in the path of right.

Father, ever be my guide!
Then, whate'er my trouble be,
Peace will still with me abide,
Clearly I my way will see.
By day, as the cloud
As the flaming fire by night,
Pointing out the way
Of the Christian's path of right.

Father, how my spirit thrills
As I speak the name!
I can bear the myriad ills
That beset my earthly frame;
I can put the tempter's wiles
And his every snare to flight,
If the Father on me smiles,
Guiding me in paths of right.

A Turned-Down Page.

"There's a turn-down page," some writer says,
"In every human life;"
A hidden story of happier days,
Of peace amid the strife;

A folded-down leaf that the world knows not,
A love dream rudely crushed;
The sight of a face that is not forgot,
Although the voice be hushed:

The far distant sound of a harp's soft strings,
An echo on the air,
The hidden page may be full of sweet things,
Of things that once were fair.

There's a hidden page in each life,
And mine a story might unfold;
But the end was sad of the dream divine,
It better rests untold. —Millard.

General and Personal.

The London Figaro thinks Clara Morris should play Cleopatra.

Emperor William's physical strength returns but slowly.

Bishop Peck says it is a sacrifice to be a Methodist bishop.

The remains of Bishop Conroy will be taken home to Ireland for ...

A subscription for a ... cathedral at Lille has reached the sum of 6,473,362 francs.

A man was fined lately in London for insisting on riding on the platform of the street car instead of going inside.

Mr. James T. Field is entertaining Prof. Longfellow at his summer villa on Thunderbolt hills, in New Hampshire.

A young lieutenant in the British navy has been committed without bail by a London police magistrate for stealing two £5 notes.

The hat worn by Napoleon Bonaparte at the battle of Austerlitz was sold in Paris last week. Documents proving its genuineness accompanied it.

The foundation for a $500,000 Jesuit college in San Francisco has been begun. It will be, in every respect, an institution with all the requirements for modern education.

Brother Kimball worked from 10½ in the morning until midnight in a Providence Congregational church, and secured pledges of $12,000 to guard the payment of the debt.

The boldest man in the British Parliament is Plimsoll. He has set his face in flinty warfare against the system of subsidizing members of the royal family, and speaks out his mind on the subject at every opportunity.

Eugene J. Ball, a Hoosier, went to Washington and secured from the President appointment as consul at Perth. He was so overjoyed at his success that he brought up at the police court before night and was fined $5 and costs. Civil service reform blushed, but said nothing.

Mr. Moody, the evangelist, keeps a large number of strong brown paper envelopes, labeled with different religious themes, and whenever he sees anything in the newspapers that bears upon one of the subjects he cuts it out and puts it into the proper envelope.

Nilsson, they say will be shortly installed as Grand Mistress of the Ancient Charitable Masonic Order of "The Eastern Star," composed chiefly of ladies of rank and distinction whose male relatives belong to the fraternity, and who devote themselves to works of mercy and charity.

Prince Bismarck's mot on the congress of Berlin: "Italy and France are growling because they get nothing, and behaving very much like two persons invited out of politeness to spend the evening, who would claim a share in the winnings at the whist table without having played a card or betted a penny."

Prince Alfred is once more to be made a father, and the occasion is to be improved to show the good feeling existing between England and Russia. Queen Victoria will be present and meet the Czar, while the Duchess of Edinburg, "with the full assent of her own family," has recommended the services of an English accoucheur.

Lake Tahoe, a favorite summer resort of Californians, is one of the wonders of the world. Here you have a sea of pure fresh water, 1,500 feet deep, cold as snow and blue than the sky, resting in a vast mountain basin elevated more than 6,000 feet among the crests of the Sierra. All around it rise mountain slopes, clothed with fragrant forests of pine, fir and cedar.

The pleasures of visitors to the Paris Exposition are intensified, just at this time, by a strike of nearly 5,000 cabmen. As these persons control the only convenient means of conveyance about the city, while every hotel and lodging-house is swarming with foreign visitors intent on sight-seeing, the awkwardness of the situation may be imagined.

The Bennett-Bell Marriage.

(Springfield Republican.)

The marriage of Jennette Bennett to Isaac Bell, jun., is expected to take place in the Newport Catholic Church about the middle of September, both Miss Bennett and Mr. Bell being Catholics. Cardinal McCloskey, who is now a guest at the Caldwell cottage, will perform the ceremony. It will be remembered that the Cardinal administered the last rites of the Church to Miss Bennett's father in 1872. Miss Bennett has become a great favorite with Newport society for her unaffected simplicity, winning ways, quiet charities, social amiabilities and clever chat. The grandfather of the happy intended was, on the father's side, a Mobile merchant, who left a handsome fortune, and on the mother's side the celebrated Dr. Valentine Mott.

Facts and Fancies.

Cherries that are stoned are not to be pitied.

Several of our exchanges called the heated term the "Thermal Fiend." I got cooler after that.

The papers report that "Even horses have perished from heat during the heated term." The odd ones probably escaped.

A contemporary has an item about an accident headed "The Treacherous Scow." We've heard of her before. She belonged to a Widow O'Leary, of Chicago.

Napoleon allowed his letters to remain unopened for three weeks. Brave soldier he was, yet he hadn't courage to face his tailors statement.

The New York News points out "the dangers of outside bathing." Undoubtedly it is better to take it internally—particularly if the ice and mint are handy.

Nothing tries the patience of a man more than to be sitting in a dark room with a pretty girl, and be compelled to listen to her brother giving the history of a base ball club.

The grim cucumber could make Rome, or any other town, howl, if it were permitted to gain entraces to certain places that are never too well guarded.

A sensible move—beer three cents a glass. It's the high price of the necessaries of life that is causing distress all over the country.

Can you make an egg shell a fortress?

A great big ripe tomato, says the Detroit Free Press, if well aimed, will do more to make an orator forget his subject than all the cheers a mad crowd can utter.

A leading Bristol paper contains this week the following advertisement by a well known hairdresser there: "The comb used by the Prince of Wales last Friday is for sale. Apply to ..."

A St. Louis man announces his intention of introducing into his house a colossal thermometer, with the bulb located in the cellar, as a precaution against the arrival of another heated term.

Out west ministers are being nominated for congress. The great trouble about a minister going to congress is that he can't go out every four or five minutes during the day to eat hot shortcakes and quince sweetmeats by the peck.

Nurse—"Did you put that nasty mud on the doorstep, Master Charles?" Little Master Charles—"No, Nurse (artfully)—"But I saw you from the window," Charles (more artfully)—"That you didn't, for I looked up to all the windows before I did it."

The French consul lately asked the Queen of Madagascar that the French traders might be paid for the loss they suffered from her forbidding the sale of spirits in her dominion. "Yes," she replied, "we will give you compensation, provided you also compensate us and our subjects for the incalculable mischief your poison has done."

A Saratoga correspondent writes: "Everything and everybody here appear to have a refined laziness. The air is lazy, the trees are lazy and their leaves have a lazy movement; the flags on the flagpoles are lazy; the eyes of the men and women you meet are lazy looking; the birds skim the air with a lazy wing, the sun is lazy in rising and lazy in setting, and the voice of the bell boy is lazy."

"Has sound color?" asks a philosopher. "Oh, yes, have you never heard your roan voice?—Burlington Hawkeye. Certainly; have you never seen a dog bay the moon?—Goldsmith. Or a crying baby yell oh? Or still better, have you not heard how the wind whistling blew all night long?

There is a rumor that on account of the death of Dr. J. C. Ayer, the publication of his almanac will be suspended. We trust that the rumor will prove true. That almanac has stood in the way of some of the daily papers long enough. It is discouraging to have to compete with an almanac that is circulated gratuitously.

Mr. J. W. Florence has been nominated "juror for the United States in class 75, champagne wine and fermented liquors," at the Paris exposition. The London Hornet says the celebrated actor may be a good judge of wine, but the task he has under taken is a heavy one. There are, it appears, about 10,000 bottles to be adjudicated upon, and the juror will have to tackle about 250 bottles daily in order to get through.

Mr. Dion Boucicault says the actresses should be wedded only to the profession. "The priestess of our art should be devoted to celibacy. The audience is a husband that is never out of temper—always a lover, liberal, faithful, always at home. She cannot serve two masters. An actress should live among illusions of life as long as she can. Marriage and its consequences are realities of the realest kind."

Good Wives.

[Rev. E. S. Porter in Christian Weekly.]

Good wives are great treasures. They are more than silver or gold. Their love is better than money. If it be pure, self denying and yet considerate, it will be to their husbands a constant encouragement. It will invest them with an atmosphere in which every element of manly character may grow toward the full. Notwithstanding the reports of domestic infelicities which appear almost daily, still we are sure that the good wives are vastly in the majority, and that they give honor and dignity and grace to marriage as of old.

In the lighter and semi-indecent literature of nearly every age, marriage has been the inexhaustible theme of ridicule. Dramatists and satirists like to take undue license with things respectable and even sacred. They have laid on woman, as such, unjust and heavy burdens of vicious humor or of defiling wit. And yet her queenly ascendancy remains in ever-unfolding splendor, so to-day, in all Christian lands, good wives have and really hold a power the equal of which in its extent and beneficence does not belong to any sceptered potentate.

For good wives and mothers rule in the empire of the affections. They shape character, give tone to manners, make virtue attractive, commend piety, and fill their homes with sunshine. They are the dispensers of gladness; their tender hands smooth the raven down of care, until it is changed into the quiescence of hope. Their prayers are as benedictions, and the good they do in their quiet way is seen in the State and in the Church. They deserve honor and receive it. No matter what the novels or the newspapers may say to undermine respect for marriage, it remains after all the sole representative of paradise, and is the type of the relation between Christ and His Church. Let it be held sacred.

Fashion Notes.

Many of the new dresses are made entirely without lining.

Ladies in mourning wear black lace mits with a cuff of crape.

Velvet underskirts, with polonaises of delicate fabrics are largely worn.

New fichus are formed of lace and bordered with pink feathered ribbon.

New absurdities in the shape of earrings combine cross, anchor and heart.

Greenish-gray and mastic-colored Lareqe make pretty costumes for young ladies.

Linen handkerchiefs for ladies have pen and indelible ink sketches in the corners.

An ivory brooch in the shape of a passion flower, exquisitely carved, is a new design.

White dresses for evening wear are trimmed with a profusion of broad white satin bows.

Ecru toilets of Indian muslin delaine and tussor are very useful for the country and seaside.

The newest caps for breakfast wear are the Alsace bows with only a mite of white muslin.

Dress caps for elderly ladies are made of the finest tulle, with dots of white or black chenile.

Black satin mantles have just been imported; these elegant wraps are trimmed with jet and lace.

The amount of swiss plaiting put in the train of a dress renders a long white skirt unnecessary.

Wine at $60 a Bottle.

The *Courrier des Etats Unis* publishes a report of a grand dinner given recently at the Cafe Riche, in Paris, by the foreign judges at the French Exposition. Among the guests present were the French Ministers and the Commissioners General. Speeches were made by the representatives of the United States, England, Spain, Italy, Russia, Austria and Holland. The great event of the occasion, however, was the performance of the jury of the seventy-fifth class of their delicate duty of judging the wines. The owners of the wines, which had been selected by the jury for honorable mention, desired to submit their wares to one final and definite test. It was accordingly decided to discuss them at the dinner, and the result was that the first place of honor was awarded to the Chateau Lafitte of 1811. Of this wine the *Courrier* says that, when M. de Rothschild bought it, it sold for 121 francs ($22 20) a bottle. Since then another sale has taken place, and the Bordeaux Lafitte of 1811 sold at public auction for the fabulous price of 310 francs ($62) a bottle.

"One of the members of the jury," the *Courrier* continues, "M. Bignon, Sr., had had the rare, the very rare good fortune to be able to lay some of this wine, worth its weight in gold, before his colleagues. Needless to say that this council of gourmets duly appreciated the treat. * * * M. Bignon addressing his colleagues on this interesting subject, said 'It is necessary that connoisseurs, the large buyers should have in their cellars the wines of the finest vintages to enable them to judge of qualities and to serve as a safe basis of operations. You understand, gentlemen, that when we buy such rare wines it is not with any idea of reselling them at a profit. We buy them and guard them carefully, awaiting an opportunity to offer them, some day, either to men who have rendered conspicuous service to their country or to eminent connoisseurs. You have said that you love France as if it were your own country, it is then, for eminent compatriots that I have the good fortune to pour out the Chateau Lafitte of 1811. I value the opportunity the more as it has enabled me to demonstrate to you the solidity of our famous French wines and the immense value they acquire with age. I rejoice that I have been able to give this proof to a gathering of such distinguished men—men whose presence in an honor to France and contribute to her greatness, because they have come hither from all parts of the world to take part in our grand Exposition."

Toilet Talk.

There are certain moralists in the world, who labor under the impression that it is no matter what people wear, or how they put on their apparel. Such people cover themselves up—they do not dress. No one doubts that the mind is more important than the body, the jewel than the setting; and yet the virtue of the one and the brilliancy of the other is enhanced by the mode in which they are presented to the senses. Let a woman have every virtue under the sun, if she is slatternly, or even unappropriate in her dress, her merits will be more than half obscured. If, being young, she is dowdy and untidy—or, being old, fantastic, or slovenly, her mental qualifications stand a chance of being passed over with indifference or disgust.

We can hardly overestimate the effect of a pure and delicate costume on the ruder sex. A family of brothers and sisters, with, it may be, a cousin, or a visitor here and there, assembled around the early meal. The ladies have complexions fresh from plentiful morning ablutions, hair carefully parted and braided, or floating in silky curls; the plain well fitting dark dress of winter; or the still more attractive small patterned floating muslin of a warmer season, the delicately embroidered collar and cuffs; the suspicion of black velvet, that encircling the throat, just suggests its shape, and breaks the line. Some hand of taste has been at work on other matters, as well as self-adornment; taste is seldom a solitary gift, evidence in one department only. Look at those sweet violets on the table, now lying among moss; or those primroses almost hidden in their own leaves, not mixed up and dressed with gaudier flowers. The father of the family carries to his dusty counting-house, his toilsome or anxious daily business, a sense of happiness and refinement; but one of those scents are lost. Cheerfully will he labor, that his home may be preserved inviolate, that not one of those bright, precious heads may ever know change or privation. And those young men—will they ever dare approach such a sanctuary with fumes of tobacco and beer? Will they not turn with disgust from persons and places less lure and pleasant than those of their own home?—[Exchange.

History of Ear-rings.

The nothing-new-under-the-sun principle applies to the custom of wearing pendants from the lower part of the ears as well as to many other things. It appears to have taken its rise in the earliest times among the nations of the East. The prophet Isaiah reproached the daughters of Zion with being too lavish in ornaments of this kind, and several parts of the Scripture make allusion to the spoil of ear-rings, etc., dictated to the Lord. This trinket, of rings and jewels, appears to have been as much worn by men in those days as by the same sex that now lays almost undisputed claim to them. It would seem that the ornaments had been used for idolatrous purposes previous to this time, since Jacob, in the injunction he gave to his household, commanded them to put away "the strange gods which were in their hand and all the ear-rings which were in their ears." These ear-rings, or jewels, worn by Jacob's household had probably been consecrated to superstitious purposes, and worn as a sort of amulet, for it is known that rings, whether in the ears or nose, were first superstitiously worn in honor of false gods, and probably of the sun, whose circular form they were designed to represent; and, indeed, rings and vessels among the heathen nations oftentimes had the image of the sun, moon, etc., engraved upon them. The Prophet Hosea speaks of the women of Jerusalem as indulging in the lying vanities of rings devoted to the idol deities. The Roman ladies of olden times used ear-rings of pearls and of precious stones, and not unfrequently, like some of the North American Indians, they had three or four of these ornaments pendant to each ear, which, unlike the Indian trinkets of the present day at least, were of immense value. The Moors of Africa were also noted for the use of the same ornaments. Many of the busts of the heathen gods have been found to have earings or holes pierced in their ears for that purpose. Some investigators of antiquity have considered this to be characteristic of the buts of divinities, but this opinion does not seem to be well founded, as there are many well known statues of mortals which have the ears pierced. The fine busts of Caracalla, in the Villa Borghese, which is affixed to a statute of Hercules, has only the right ear pierced.

Fingers and Toes at Long Branch.

[Long Branch Letter.]

The ladies this summer have taken to wearing finger nails cruelly trimmed to a point, under the delusion that it lengthens the fingers. To see an entire family—mother and five daughters—sitting around with cold, white hatchet nails is to feel like experiencing Iroquis hospitality. Great attention has been paid during the past winter recess to developing the little toe on the female foot. A rumor had grown abroad that no female could wink her little toe, and to wink it was a surer sign of aristocratic lineage than to have a rainbow instep. At this news the entire sex went into a committee on the little toe. How to give him (or her) a separate action, a pronounced character, and, in short, to make him rise up like a piano finger and drop on the keys—this was the absorbing question. The small toe in woman seldom leaves a mark in the sand. This year various have been the devices to bring the timid creature out. Miss Van Pizen wears a seal ring on the little fellow, with the seal down, and leaves us her monogram as she goes down the beach. Miss De Vilin has practiced on hers with a clothespin, so that it is off by itself, a wandering toe, a banished knuckle. As for Miss Smith, she lets her young man exercise it for an hour or two at the bathing time. Finally the two Misses Jones inherited the gout from their pops and have beautifully isolated toes but of an indefinite color. Walking is an obsolete thing with American women. Even the servant girls from the hotels have to be sent to church, a scant mile, in omnibuses. This is said to be due to the retiring character of the junior toe, and there is a loud cry for flat-footed instead of strong-minded girls.

THE WATERWORKS Company

Is Now Ready to Receive and Fill all Orders for

Water and Fixtures.

TABLE OF WATER RATES

Payable in Advance on First Day of Each Quarter.

	MONTHLY WATER RATES.
Bakery	$1 00 to $3 00
Barber shop, first chair	1 00
Barber shop, additional chair	75
Bath, public, per tub	1 50
Bath, private	50
Brick, per thousand	10
Candy Manufacturer	1 00 to 2 50
Coffee saloon	1 00 to 3 00
Cow	25
Drug store	special rates
Dram shops	1 50 to 4 00
Fountain, 1-16 to 1-8 inch jet for 7 months, running not more than six hours a day	1 50 to 4 00
Hose for private stable	75
Hose for livery or sale stable	2 00 to 6 00
Hose for washing pavement and for sprinkling street, front foot	2 1-4c
Hotels	special rates
Ice cream saloons	1 00 to 3 00
Laundry	special rates
Livery stable, per stall	25
Office	50
Printing offices	special rates
Photograph gallery	1 00 to 3 00
Plastering, per square yard	1 1-2c
Residence occupied by one family only, one to six rooms	1 00
Residence occupied by one family with more rooms	special rates
Restaurant	1 50 to 3 00
Stables, private	50
Sale stables, per stall	25
Stone, per perch	10
Steam boilers, per horse power	50
School, for every twenty-five scholars	50
Stock yard	2 50 to 6 00
Stores	1 00 to 2 50
Soda fountains	special rates
Sprinkling garden with hose	special rates
Urinal basins	50
Water, at the stand pipes, per barrel	2
Water closets, private residence	50
Water closets, hotels and pub. places	special rates

☞ Where consumers so desire, a meter will be placed in the service pipe at their expense, and the following meter rates will be charged:

Meter Rates.

Where the quantity averages per day 100 to 1000 gallons, per 100 gallons	5 cts
Where the quantity averages per day 1000 to 2000 gallons, per 100 gallons	4 3-4 cts
Where the quantity averages per day 2000 to 3000 gallons, per 100 gallons	4 1-2 cts
Where the quantity averages per day 3000 to 4000 gallons, per 100 gallons	4 1-4 cts
Where the quantity averages per day 4000 to 5000 gallons, per 100 gallons	4 cts
Where the quantity averages per day 5000 to 8000 gallons, per 100 gallons	3 3-4 cts
Where the quantity averages per day 8000 to 20,000 gallons, per 100 gallons	3 1-2 cts
Where the quantity averages per day 20,000 to 30,000 gallons, per 100 gallons	3 cts
When quantity exceeds 30,000 gallons per day, per 100 gallons	2 1-2 cts

NOTE—The company reserves the right to put meters on any premises and charge the above rates.

The San Antonio Gas Compy.

by their superior arrangements with leading Eastern houses are prepared to furnish the following:

Entirely New Styles of Gas Fixtures Consisting of

Crystal, Gilt,

Verde Frosted,

Silvered,

Light and Dark Bronze

Roman, Copper Frosted,

Polished Steel,

Verde Antique,

And the latest style of

EBONY AND GILT.

Our Steam Fitting and Plumbing Department embraces the following articles—Ranges and Boilers, Bath Tubs, Shower Baths, Water Closets, Steam and hand pumps, iron and stone soil pipe, enameled, rubber-coated, galvanized and tinned iron water pipe. Also sheet lead, and lead pipe of all sizes for tanks and general house-fitting purposes, all of which will be sold and put up at reduced rates and in the most approved manner. mar29 tf

Eckey & Wolff,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

RYE AND BOURBON

WHISKIES

ALSO

Blackberry, Cherry, Gin, Peach Apple and Cog...

BRANDIES, Gin, Rum Holland and English Ports, Port, Kummel, Bitters, Wine, Sherry, Claret and Ale.

Next door to Schulz's Saloon, Alamo Street.

MICHAEL PIGOTT

Houston Street,

(Opp. Military Headquarters.)

Respectfully solicits the patronage of the public for anything in the

Carriage-Making Business,

ALSO IN

Trimming, Painting and Repairing Carriages and

BUGGIES.

Will do work as good and cheap as can be done in this city.

Houston street, opp. Headquarters.

July21 tf

"THE PRIDE"

BARBER SHOP

A. BRODOWSKY, Proprietor.

(opposite Leroux & Cosgrove's.)

Everything new and first-class. Coolest shop in town. Newly refitted and furnished. may5-6m

☞ PRICES REASONABLE. ☜

B. O. BOWERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

... FRONT STREET, NEW YORK.

Advancements of all Texas Products solicited, (usually excepted). Liberal advances will be made. Account sales promptly rendered. Refer by permission to Bennett, Thornton & Lockwood, Wagner & Rummel and Sam. S. Smith. June 6 1y

Hotels.

VANCE HOUSE,

Castroville,

MEDINA CO., TEXAS

HENRY HALDEMAN, Prop.

This well known hotel has been refurnished throughout, and reopened by its proprietor as a first class hotel, who intends treating his guests so as to merit their patronage.

Accommodations unsurpassed, and a good feed stable in connection with the house. U. S. Telegraph office in the building.

Terms—Reasonable. mh13 1y

BANDERA HOUSE

Bandera, Bandera County, Tex.,

CYRUS WING.....Proprietor.

This house, situated in the mountains, has been refurnished throughout and reopened by its proprietor as a first-class house.

Families can find here a pleasant and quiet home during the summer months. Stage leaves Menger Hotel, San Antonio, for Bandera Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 a. m. may 10 1f

Health RESORT,

Sutherland Springs,

Combining the fine climate of West Texas with the best mineral waters in the South. MESSINGER HOUSE, open winter and summer. Hack on Thursdays at 7 a. m., for the Springs. Fare $2.50. For passage or expressage apply to A. Drione, Alamo plaza, or DR. MESSINGER

Jn27 1lm Sutherland Springs, Wilson Co., Tex.

Look Here!

NEW

MERCHANT TAILORING

Establishment,

Commerce Street, Near the Bridge

I would respectfully announce to one and all that I have opened a new and elegant Merchant Tailoring Establishment, with a full supply of the finest cloths and merchant tailoring goods ever seen in this city, all of the very latest patterns. No high rents to pay, no clerks to hire, no cutter to employ, which will enable me to sell you an imported piece of goods made up by any tailor for $65, at the low rate of $40. All other goods in proportion.

MILITARY SUITS A SPECIALTY.

Ladies' Beaver Sacques Made to Order.

FRANK SHAFER, Manager.

Jan8 1f

LEROUX & COSGROVE,

54 & 56 COMMERCE STREET,

Importers and Dealers in Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Cutlery, Arms, Ammunition, Sportsmen's Outfits, Etc.

Castings, Glassware, Lamps, Coal Oils, Paints, Oils, Window Glass,

Avery & John Moore

PLOWS,

THE CHAMPION AND KIRBY

Mowers and Reapers

COOKING, AND HEATING

STOVES

Cotton Plant, Sunny South Stove to burn coal or ...

☞ We have added ... ture of galvanized ... on stores and dw... can be imported f... and Repairing ... We are agent... the world, an... ap29 1y ... w

Business Cards.

SAN ANTONIO.

Business Guide.

ARCHITECTS.

ALFRED GILES, Architect, office Soledad street, next to Courthouse, Room 1.

ATTORNEYS.

WESLEY ORDEN and Chas. W. Ogden, Attorneys-at-Law, San Antonio, Texas. Will give prompt attention to all professional business placed in their hands.

MASON & PASCHAL, Attorneys at Law, San Antonio, Texas, will practice in Federal and State Courts, make collections, and investigate land titles. Office on Soledad St., near the Postoffice. July7

BANKERS.

BENNETT & Lockwood, Bankers and dealers in Exchange, Bullion and Government securities. Collections solicited on all points in Texas. Telegraphic transfers made.

INSURANCE.

T. F. BRADY, General Insurance Agent, Life, Fire and Marine. Office, No. 19 Commerce street, upstairs.

BOOKBINDERS.

H. SIEBERMANN, Bookbinder, North Acequia street, San Antonio, Texas. Does all kinds of book and pamphlet binding at reasonable rates.

DENTISTS.

DRS. CREES & SON, Dentists, successors to Dr. W G Kingsbury. Office on Quinta Street, near French's Building, San Antonio, Texas. Dental operations performed in the best manner known to the profession for durability, painlessness and dispatch.

HOTELS.

MENGER Hotel, Mrs. W. A. Menger Proprietress, Alamo Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

JEWELERS.

O. F. KLEINER, Watchmaker and Jeweler, Commerce Street, opposite Bennett & Lockwood's Bank.

BELL & BRO'S, No. 11 Commerce street, Dealers in Watches, Clocks, Silver Table Ware and Spectacles. Fancy Goods, etc.

LIVERY STABLES.

FRANK SCHULZ, proprietor of the Alamo Stable. A first class Livery and Board Stable. Buggies, Ambulances, Horses and Carriages of every description for hire.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

DORER & Jacobson, Photographers, 64 Commerce st. All work warranted. Copying from old pictures done. Stereoscopic views of San Antonio and vicinity.

DYEING AND CLEANSING.

L. Wolf does dyeing and cleaning at moderate rates. Branch office at Mr. Jackson's cigar and notion store, opposite J. Callaghan's commission store.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

Good board with pleasant rooms at Mrs. Cawley's, on Avenue C, between 5th and 6th streets. House with Mansard roof.

Banking Houses.

JOHN TWOHIG,

COMMERCE STREET,

BANKER,

And Dealer in

Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Coin, Bullion.

Collections made on all accessible points on New York, New Orleans, California, Bills on Mexico.

F. GROOS

New Advertisements.

PIANO Beautiful Concert Grand Pianos price $1600 only $425. ORGAN Superb Grand Square Pianos, price $1,100, only $285. Elegant Upright Pianos, price $800, only $155. New Style Upright Pianos $145.50. Organs $35. Organs, 12 stops, $12.00. Church organs, 16 stops, price $300, only $125. Elegant $375 Mirror Top Organs, only $105. Buyers come and see us at home if I can not be represented, railroad fare paid both ways and Piano or Organ given free. Large list, Newspaper with much information about cost of Pianos & Organs sent free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.

REVOLVERS Free. Seven shot Revolvers with box cartridges, Address, J. Brown & Son, 136 & 138 Wood street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Greensboro Female College, Alabama,

$200 per annum.—Board and Tuition, including ancient and modern languages, vocal and instrumental music. THOMAS WARD WHITE, President. Session open October 1st, 1878.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

HOLMAN'S New Pictorial Bibles

Medals and Diplomas awarded. 2,000 illustrations. Address for new circulars, A. J. Holman & Co., 930 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

TRINITY HALL,

BEVERLY, New Jersey.

Established 1867. English and French Home-School for young ladies. Varied advantages of the highest order. Number of pupils limited. Fall term begins September 19. For circulars address Miss R. G. HUNT, Principal.

HEARING RESTORED.

Great invention by one who was deaf for 20 years. Send Stamps for particulars. VERRY & HARPER, Lock Box 587, Madison, Ind.

SANFORD'S

JAMAICA GINGER,

The only combination of the true Jamaica Ginger with choice Aromatics and French Brandy for cholera, cholera morbus, cramps and pains, diarrhoea and dysentery, dyspepsia, flatulency, want of tone and activity in the stomach and bowels, and avoiding the danger of change of water, food and climate. Ask for SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER.

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO. Bangor, Maine.

FINE

Furn...

Tobacco AND Cigars.

Cor. Main Plaza and Market St

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

oct 28 d&wtf

Hot or Cold

Wet or Dry,

SUMMER OR WINTER,

HARD TIMES OR GOOD TIMES,

Always Busy

AT THE

POPULAR AND PROGRESSIVE

ORIGINAL CHEAP JOHN STORE!

South Side Military Plaza.

JULIUS ABRAHAMSON

Proprietor.

DEALER IN

Groceries, Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, and Shoes, Hats, Pistols,

Guns, Cartridges, Watches and Jewelry.

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas, on the 23d day of June 1876, Carl Scheibel executed and delivered to Mrs. Alvina Mourean of Comal county, his certain promissory note payable on the 23d day of June 1877, for $2,000 (two thousand currency dollars,) with interest at the rate of 12 (twelve) per cent. per annum, and for the purpose of securing the said note made and delivered to the said payee his deed of trust conveying in trust to Carl Groos, certain property in the county of Bexar, Texas, hereafter named, which deed of trust is of record in Book Vol. 6, pages 45 and 46 Bexar county records, to which reference is made for further particulars, and whereas the said Carl Scheibel has wholly failed to pay the said note and the interest accrued thereon from the 23d day of June, 1877,

Now at the request of the said Mrs. Alvina Mourean, the legal holder of the said note, I hereby give notice that on

SATURDAY, THE 31st DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1878,

between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 4 o'clock P. M., in the city of San Antonio, in front of the Court House door of the County of Bexar, I will sell as Trustee at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash, the following described property conveyed by said deed of trust, and located in the City of San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas:

One half of original lots number (2) two and (4) four in block (3) three, according to a plat and survey made by G. Freisleben, City Surveyor, and better known as the Burdsalls District, bounded east by Avenue D, south by (7th) Seventh street, west by lot No. (6) six and north by the other half of lots (2) two and (4) four together with all the improvements thereon, conveying such title as I am authorized to make by the terms of said deed of trust.

CARL GROOS, Trustee.

au 9 2td

The Retort

Gas Stove.

A new invention, without smell or smoke, will bake, boil, roast, stew, fry or broil, and heat iron at half the expense of coal, wood or oil. A substantial breakfast can be made with two cents worth of gas without heating the house or person using it. No more exploding from the use of kerosene oil stoves. These stoves can be seen in operation at the office of the San Antonio Gas Company.

M. PAWLY, Agent, San Antonio.

July25 tf

St. Andrews Academy,

(EPISCOPAL.)

SEGUIN, TEXAS.

A first-class school for boys. Thorough instruction, Military discipline and Christian culture. Second session begins Monday, September 2, 1878.

Rt. Rev. R. W. B. Elliott, D. D., President; Rev. Wallace Carnahan, Principal; Mr. R. B. Minor, Teacher of Mathematics and Science; ——Teacher of Latin and Greek (This place will be filled before September.)

For terms of tuition, board, etc., address the Principal. July 14 d&w-2m.

F. J. Beitel & Bro.,

Dealers in all kinds of

Texas, Louisiana and Florida Lumber

Doors, Sash, Blinds and Mouldings, Shingles, Fencing, Laths, &c.

OFFICE and Yard—FLORES ST., SAN ANTONIO, and at the Depot, east side of the Track

READY MADE COFFINS.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE,

L. S. L.

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING!

At New Orleans, Tuesday, Sept. 10th.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for educational and charitable purposes in 1868, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. Its grand single number drawings will take place monthly. It never scales or postpones. Look the following distribution:

CAPITAL PRIZE $30,000.

100,000 Tickets at Two Dollars each.—Half Tickets One Dollar.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$ 30,000	$ 30,000
1 Capital Prize of	10,000	10,000
1 Capital Prize of	5,000	5,000
2 Large Prizes of	2,500	5,000
5 Large Prizes of	1,000	5,000
20 Prizes of	500	10,000
100 do	100	10,000
200 do	50	10,000
500 do	20	10,000
1000 do	10	10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximation Prizes of $300		$2,700
9 do do	200	1,800
9 do do	100	900

1,857 Prizes amounting to $110,400

M. A. DAUPHIN, Postoffice Box 692, New Orleans, Louisiana

All our Grand Extraordinary drawings are under the supervision and management of Genls. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.

Capital Prize $100,000 Whole Tickets $10

ALB. DREISS, AD. DREISS, EDW. DREISS.

Alamo Drug Store

ADOLPH DREISS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Druggist AND Apothecary,

Alamo Plaza, opp. Postoffice,

Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, TRUSSES, SPONGES, PERFUMERIES and TOILET ARTICLES.

Also a full line of

DRUGGISTS' GLASSWARE, WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, OILS and VARNISHES,

☞ Which he offers at the most reasonable prices. mch22 d1y

Roasted Coffee, the Finest in the City

HUGO KLOCKE, MORTIMER SLOCUM,

Klocke & Slocum

Real Estate Agents

AND

Conveyancers,

Office—Soledad Street, near old postoffice.

Will attend to the buying, selling and renting of Real Estate, and to the investigation of Land Titles. Also to

OBTAINING LOANS

ON

Good Security.

may 27 tf

TO HAVE GOOD HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE KEPT IN ORDER.

DR SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGOR

SHEEP

AND

SHEEP LANDS OUR SPECIALTY.

LARGE LIST OF FARMS, PLANTATIONS RANCHES, CITY PROPERTY AND UNIM. PROVED LANDS.

ALSO

very large and select list of choicest San Antonio property offered for sale at extreme low figures, on part time or for cash.

SHEEP FOR SALE.

2000 head of sheep, viz: 1200 Mexican ewes 1 to 4 years old, 200 ewes shear 2½ to 4 pounds, 1000 half breeds 18 months old, 200 third cross 2-year old, 300 yearlings.
1500 head Mexican improved ewes.
1000 head Mexican improved ewes.
1000 head graded ewes.
97 head imported Cotswold and Southdown bucks
131 head thoroughbred imported Merino bucks.
93 head thoroughbred imported Merino ewes.
29 head thoroughbred imported Merino ewes.
30 head thoroughbred Vermont imported Merino ewes.

RANCHES FOR SALE.

3,064 acres, mesquite grass, mostly open prairie land, 50 miles from San Antonio, $1.25 per acre, timber enough to fence entire.
2310 acres good land on Frio river, Uvalde Co.
2200 acres on Lacky creek, Medina county.
1100 acres on Medina river, Bandera county.
1470 acres, 45 miles from San Antonio, fine sheep lands.
11,218 acres farming lands in Atascosa county.
Sheep ranch of three thousand acres, 4,500 sheep upon it. Will sell ½ or ¼ interest for cash, or entire for ¼ cash, and the balance on time.

FOR RENT.

6 room house, hall, kitchen and servant's room outside, avenue C, best part of the city.
[illegible] house $20.00.

MOSS & ROUNTREE;

[illegible] Building, (up stairs), San Antonio, Texas.

[illegible] M. Mooney

Daily Express.

Sunday Morning, August 25, 1878.

LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

—Go to the Springs.

—The Springs to-day.

—Let's go to the Springs,

—Billiards—Walker's—Billiards.

—Music at the Springs this evening.

—S. Mayer will henceforth receive goods daily.

—The colored band serenaded Judge Ireland at the Vance House last night.

—As usual, many of our citizens will pass this afternoon and evening at the springs.

—Twelve building permits were granted last week, all for small buildings, however.

—Sweltering humanity will find relief from the heat by going to San Pedro Springs to-day.

—There were only three deaths in our city last week. A sixty-five year old lady and two young children.

—Can't you see how the Ireland chaps are pulling the wires? They're awfully cunning, but folks will find them out.

—The cool, shady groves at the San Pedro Springs will be enjoyed by many of our citizens to-day. Street cars will run as usual.

—We learn that Mr. E. P. Stokes died of consumption on the 22d inst., at the ranch of a friend near Fredericksburg, where he went in hope of finding relief.

—The city Sexton says he has not buried a single person the past two weeks. The seven persons who died in this time were interred in church yards or in the potters' field.

—We are informed by Mr. Nixon, agent of the Texas Express Company in this city, that Mr. C. T. Campbell, Superintendent of the company, has issued a general order to transmit, free, money or other aid to yellow fever sufferers.

—The young lady friends of the Turners, [illegible] all others interested, are requested to [illegible] at Central Garden at 5 o'clock to-[illegible] afternoon to arrange for the coming [illegible] hoped the young ladies of this [illegible] will be present to assist.

[illegible]winn is a happy father. [illegible]ached from the fact that [illegible]hing frantically about [illegible]laring that pistols [illegible] that boy of his [illegible] Congratula-

[illegible]ased

[illegible] of to complete a [illegible] Ireland fac- [illegible] (formerly) [illegible] *Herald*, [illegible] furn- [illegible] free [illegible]

IRELAND ON THE MAIN PLAZA.

THE MINORITY CANDIDATE "COMES TO TOWN" AND TALKS.

A Little Speech, a Little Crowd and Very Little Enthusiasm Manifested.

According to announcement, the Honorable John Ireland, the minority nominee of the Democratic Congressional Convention, came to San Antonio last evening, on his way west, and made his accustomed speech. A platform had been erected on Main Plaza, and at 8½ o'clock it was mounted by the speaker and the meeting was called to order by D. C. Robinson, Esq. There were present when the speaking begun about five hundred persons, the majority of whom were recognized by our reporter as the friends of Mr. Ireland or boys and disinterested persons. There were, at a liberal estimate, not more than one hundred and fifty Ireland men, or men who will vote for Judge Ireland, present, among the assemblage, which was an exceedingly small one for this city of 22,000 inhabitants. The people had actually made up their minds, it was evident, and cared nothing to hear Mr. Ireland.

We have said that the meeting was called to order by Mr. Robinson. After calling it to order, that worthy gentleman read off the following names of those who had been chosen to the position of Vice Presidents, etc. Through the goodness of Providence, but few of them responded, for the platform was, in the first place, only large enough to seat about one fourth of them without danger of a catastrophe, and then others could see through the complimentary gauze held up before them and very properly kept back from showing any appreciation of the forced compliment. The names embraced in this official list cover almost entirely the supporters of Mr. Ireland in this county. It is as follows:

President, General John R. Baylor.
Vice Presidents, General W. H. Young, General W. B. Knox, Col. J. H. McLeary, Col. I. N. Baker, Col. W. L. Thompson, Maj. A. I. Lockwood, Maj. J. P. Hickman, Maj. W. W. Henry, Hon. Thos. J. Devine, Maj. T. T. Teel, Capt. W. R. Storey, Hon. D. C. Robinson, Wm. Lyons, Esq., W. W. Berry, Esq., Mr. Fayette Walker, Senor Mariano Garcia, Hon. J. N. Lyle, Hon. Jas. Callaghan, Don Leonardo Garza, Don Rafael Quintana, Mr. J. F. Quisenbeary, Pete Burns, Esq., Pat Burns, Esq., J. H. Copeland, Esq., Ed. Beck, Esq., Maj. R. W. Brahan, Gen. Austin Thornton, Don Pedro Cervallos, Don Antonio Sierra, Don Juan Cardenas, W. C. McElwee, Esq., John A. Ferris, Esq., Jas. Crider, Esq., Harrison Coker, Esq., W. H. Burke, Esq., David Reed, Esq., Hugi McDermott, Esq., John Barrera, Esq., Terry O'Neal, Esq. W. C. Adams, Esq., Col. Robt. Means, Col. W. B. Hamilton, Hon. Jas. P. Eckford, Capt. W. B. Tobin, Dr. H. P. Howard, Col. H. F. Lung, J. W. Devilbiss, Esq., S. Cayce, [illegible] W. McAllister, Don Antonio Seguin, [illegible]quin Terin, Wash Tong, Esq., P. [illegible]q., Henry Mooglin, Esq., Don [illegible] F. W. Rintz, P. T. Bow- [illegible]n.

[illegible] W. L. Thompson,

[illegible] to complete a [illegible] Ireland fac- [illegible] *Herald*, [illegible] furn- [illegible] free [illegible]

[illegible]4, 1878.

[illegible] and vi-

[illegible] date the price of ice at the factory at the head of San Antonio river will be as follows:

In quantities exceeding 100,000 lbs,	¼c per lb
By the car load	½c "
By the ton	1c "
In quantities of less than one ton and more than 500 lbs	1¼c "

aug8 d1m J. B. LACOSTE.

For Rent.

Stone store-building 25x60 on Main street, east of bridge, nearly opposite church.
aug 9-tf J. ULRICH, Agent.

For Rent.

Iron clad store 25x50, corner of Market and Paso streets at Lewis' mill.
J. ULRICH,
june14-tf Agent Est. N. Lewis, deceased.

For Sale Cheap.

Two wrought iron cooking ranges suitable for hotel or boarding house. Inquire at GEO. WITTE'S, Main Street, Sign of Red Coffee Pot.

Selling Below Cost.

From date I will sell my stocks of lumber, sash, doors, blinds, &c., hardware, paints, and groceries considerably below cost for cash. Also will rent storehouse and lumber yard fronting freight depot, together or separately. Possession given on short notice.
mh31-tf SAM MAVERICK.

For Rent.

A house with four rooms and kitchen, also a good well, stable and carriage-house, situated on the Conception Ditch near the Mission store. Also one stone house with eight and a half acres land attached on North Flores street fronting on San Pedro Park. Apply to Jas. P. HICKMAN.

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In a select private family, desirably located, in a central part of the city, can be obtained by addressing Lock Box 275. tf.

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Small house with stable and wood house on Pecan street, on Conception ditch. Apply to Geo. White. july 6-tf

For Sale.

Town lots for sale. Inquire of Dr. Nette, 47 Commerce street. may17-tf.

Cincinnati Cigar Store.

For fine cigars go to Klugman's new store, 61 Commerce street, two doors west of the EXPRESS printing office. You will be surprised at the low prices asked for very fine cigars and tobaccos. jul31-tf

For Rent.

The Kingsbury place on Flores street has been thoroughly repaired and painted, and is for rent by HARRISON & EDMONDS.
july 21-tf

—Good country board, cheap. For particulars apply to Frost & Bro. Mails daily. june23-tf.

—Four boarders can obtain the best board in the city within five minutes' walk of Main plaza. Apply at this office. jun29tf

—Good pasturage and running water to be had at Johnson's pasture, on the new Austin road, two miles northeast of Government depot. Apply to S. M. Johnson, office over Centennial saloon, or at G. W. Ware's, Military Plaza. my11-dtf

—The best brands of liquors and cigars always in stock at J. & T. Brady's billiard saloon, Soledad street. The best billiard tables in the city will be found there

—Shower Baths 25 cts; Shaving 10 cts., at McGovern's Central Barber shop.

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—Cold iced "Buttermilk" is a new feature at the Centennial Saloon. It is nice to take about lunch time. jly 19-tf.

—If you want to spend an hour of genuine pleasure, go to Walker's Billiard Hall, No. 20 Main street. july6-tf

—A room for rent for one or two single gentlemen. Enquire at this office.

—Fall goods.—Pancoast & Son have just received their first case of fall goods for customers. Give them a call.

—Remem[illegible] State Lottery takes place [illegible]

—New Goods! pretty goods! cheap goods! just received by express at S. Mayer's.

—Cypress cisterns keep the water pure and healthy; cost less than other cisterns. Call on Jas. Murphy, contractor and builder, for prices, avenue C and Travis streets. aug 23 tf

Two furnished rooms to rent cheap. Enquire of S. M. Wharton. aug 17-tf

—Received at S. Mayer's yesterday, new shades of silk mitts and Lyle Thread gloves.

—Another invoice of embroideries, astonishingly cheap at S. Mayer's.

—Capital prizes in the Louisiana State Lottery for September, $30,000. Whole ticket $2; halves $1.

—Query: "Why will men smoke common tobacco, when they can buy Marburg Bros. 'Seal of North Carolina,' at the same price?"

—In answer to many questions, we have to say that our drawings will not, under any circumstances, be postponed.
PRESIDENT L. S. L. COMPANY.

—For sale or rent, a furnished house, seven rooms, kitchen and carriage house, also a piano. Apply on premises, northwest corner Fifth street and Avenue E.
aug20-6t.

—New hats, fall styles, first lot just received in fine soft and stiff hats by A. Pancoast & Son. aug 20.

—Don't forget, ladies, that the prettiest sewing and the most fashionable dressmaking, and for the least money, is done at Mrs. Alice Jones' establishment on Houston street. aug14-tf

—At the Dollar Gift Store is to be drawn $5,000 in gold, silver and greenbacks; $100 was drawn yesterday. aug14tf

Wanted.

A situation by a competent book-keeper and business manager. Will write up or balance books reasonably. Apply to Messrs. H. P. Howard & Co., Main Plaza.
aug16-3taw1m

German English School.

The German English school will reopen on Monday, the 2d of September next. New applications will be received by Nic Tengg, Secretary of the Association.
C. GRIESENBECK,
President German English School Association. aug 15-16t

Wanted.

One pair of ponies suitable for dairy purposes, one large buggy horse (young), and six saddle ponies. All orders promptly filled at the Lexington Stable by
R. HENRY & Co.,
aug 23 tf East side, Main Plaza.

Krisch's Hall.

Madam Virginia Donaldson's second exhibition soiree and hop, commencing at 8 p. m., with the Madam's pupils in fancy and ball room dancing, also a general hop for all visitors at 9 p. m. Admission—adults fifty cents, children twenty-five cents. Cards can be had at Krisch's hall, Hart Bro's, H. Barbeck, J. L. Frank, J. S. Penn's book store and pupils, &c. Monday, August 26, 1878. aug 24-2t

For Sale.

A complete set of new bed-room furniture and outfit for small family. Enquire at this office. aug 18 tf

Wanted.

To buy 1000 ewes 2 to 4 years old, well graded, to shear not less than 5 pounds. Address P. O. Box No. 422, San Antonio, Texas. aug 18 2w

Money to Loan.

A few thousand dollars to loan. Enquire at office of Ogden & Ogden. aug 9-1m

Country Board.

New and comfortable rooms, with all the advantages of country board, near the city. Reference: Glass & Wood. Address, P. O. Box 543. aug5-1m

House Wanted.

Wanted to rent a house containing 6 to 8 rooms (furnished or unfurnished) within a short distance of Main plaza. Address with full particulars X, this office. aug22-tf.

Department Notes.

Captain W. R. Livermore, Corps of Engineers, Chief Engineer Officer of the Department, will proceed to make a survey in order to the location of a telegraph line along the Nueces river, from Camp Wood to Fort Ewell, and to select sites, for stations, at intervals not to exceed twenty-five miles; due regard being had to water, wood, and grass for cavalry detachments necessary to guard the stations.

The commanding officer Post of San Antonio will select one non-commissioned officer and six privates, to report to Captain Livermore.

The seven days' leave of absence granted Assistant Surgeon E. T. Comegys, Medical Department, by Special Orders No. 206, current series, Headquarters Fort Clark, is extended three days, Fort Clark.

Benefits to the Sufferers.

Prof. Buckowitz, requests us to state that having been in the midst of the suffering from yellow fever in Montgomery, Alabama, in 1873, he feels for those who are now suffering at New Orleans, Memphis, Grenada and other points. Hence he has determined to give an entertainment for the relief of the sufferers on next Saturday evening. The city authorities and the press are requested by the Professor to constitute themselves a committee to manage the entertainment.

Messrs. Hart & Martin will also give an entertainment for the same purpose during this week. Due information will be given.

New Job Press.

Messrs. Martin & Roby, of the *Herald* Job Office, have added to their office a new Universal Job Press. It was purchased from the St. Louis Type Foundry. This addition to their office will enable them to give their customers better satisfaction than before. Business men will find their prices reasonable for all classes of work.

The Assistant Engineer Question.

SAN ANTONIO, August 24, 1878.

Editors SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS:

My attention has been called to an article in Friday's issue of the EXPRESS, signed F. Wulf, C. E., in which the writer pitches into the *Courier* man for taking the City Council to task in regard to their action in appointing an Assistant City Engineer, a school boy at that, and fixing his salary at $100 a month. Now this is a matter for the tax payers of the city of San Antonio to consider, and it was truly refreshing, in this connection, to notice the generosity of one of our *dads*. He would not be niggardly when it come to the pay of an official—surely not, and especially when the money did not come out of his own pocket. He would therefore vote the young gentleman the modest sum of $100 a month.

We have seen the time, and hope to see it again, when retrenchment and reform were the stepping stones to official position. The times have changed, however, and it has now become a notorious fact that the reverse of those time honored principles is the order of the day. In the creation of the office of Assistant City Engineer, if such an office was at all necessary, the Council should have looked around for the most deserving person possible to fill it, and without reflecting at all upon the young gentleman, it is a well known fact that there are many in San Antonio older and more experienced, who would be glad to get the position at even a less salary than $100 a month. But of course the son of a wealthy alderman must not be treated as common folks, and in fact the young gentleman himself must have viewed it in this light. Just hear him in addressing the *Courier* man: "He most impudently attacks an alderman."

Well, this is, to say the least, an outrage, for which the *Courier* man, or any other [illegible]uld have been severely punished, [illegible]n of it is, that this very idea per- [illegible]t the entire board at present. [illegible], and the young fellow caught [illegible]er. Yes, that the people [illegible] the City Council to ac- [illegible] they might have done [illegible]ery quintescence of [illegible] something wrong, [illegible]ically wrong about [illegible]s badly to be [illegible]

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—Fall goods.—Pancoast & Son have just received their first case of fall goods for customers. Give them a call.

We have had plenty of rains the last week. Our Court House is moving up quite rapidly at present.

The Disciple church is being pushed forward to completion.

We was glad to see the genial face of Captain Merritt in our town for a few days, the guest of John Gaunel. Some say the Captain was here in the interest of trade; others say, well, how about that brother-in-law? But people will talk when young folks are preparing for the journey of life together.

Major Holmes returned last night from his trip up the country. He reports all lovely. He got somewhat sunburnt, but the politicians must stand a little fire. We expect here that the Major will be our Senator.

Mr. Lewis is making things lively here in the stock business. He will buy and sell and keep the ball a rolling. He is the kind of a man we need on the frontier.

There has been considerable excitement here about who is to be teacher of the free school. Religious proclivities cause the troubles. To such a degree do many from two different denominations here in this place possess the love of Christ that they cannot settle any difficulty together, but must call in the sinner (as they term him) to settle all, and he holds such a good hand that he generally takes the game and leaves the others to console themselves that neither got what they wanted. H.

Real Estate Transfers.

Reported for the EXPRESS by John Eckford & Co., Real Estate dealers, and proprietors of abstracts of titles, corner Houston and Soledad streets, San Antonio, for the week ending August 24:

Anto. Calderon to Mrs. Refugia de Grier, lot, 26¼ varas fronting on west side south Flores street and back to San Pedro creek, bounded north by Don Juan Leal, south by Nepomocino Flores, east by south Flores street, and west by said creek	$200
J. Ignacio Casiano to Max S. Oppenheimer, 320 acres survey 227½, section 5; 463 acres survey 227½, section 5, Bexar county	350
John Fries to M. E. H. and E. M. Richardson, upper part lot 3, in San Antonio, 45 feet on east side Soledad street by 45 feet deep	425
Geo. W. Frazar to Dolly N. Frazar, undivided ½ of undivided ⅔ of lot 132; undivided ½ of undivided ⅔ of lot 66; undivided ½ of 3 lots, part of original lot 202; lots 18 and 20, south range, part of subdivision survey 24; lot 4, range 1, subdivision 22, 7.89 acres	nominal
A. I. Lockwood and wife to F. Ackermann, survey 87, section 4, 640 acres, in Bexar county	1,100
Max S. Oppenheimer to D. & A. Oppenheimer, 177 acres survey 227½, 5; 463 acres survey 227½, section 5, both in Bexar county	1
Theo. Payne to Camille Payne, ½ sacrite, above old Mission Espada, between ditch and San Antonio river, granted to Jose Anto. Garza, situated in Rincon del Alamito	2,800
Max Rimanski and wife to Stanislaus Rakowicz, survey 10, part of J. W. Springer league and labor, Bexar county	552
Chas. P. Smith and wife to D. & A. Oppenheimer, undivided ½ surveys 227½ and 227½, section 5, Bexar county	200
H. S. B. Trip to John Lessing, 69 acres southwest corner survey 10, in name of Geo. M. Dobson, in Bexar county	195

A Georgia Fish Story.

J. B. Watkins, of Quitman, Ga., tells it, and there is certainly no doubt of its truth. He says: While fishing with set lines for catfish in the Coosa river, a small three pound cat was caught. This cat was put on one of the lines whole for bait. Visiting the hooks next day, it was discovered that something tremendous had been caught. It proved to be a cat which weighed forty-two pounds. Upon examination it was found that the first fish of three pounds had been swallowed by an eleven pound cat and been caught, and in turn the two had been swallowed by the forty-two pounder. The three weighed fifty-six pounds.

Castroville Jottings.

(Special Correspondence of the EXPRESS.)

CASTROVILLE, August 22, 1878.

Judge Noonan is in town.

The Postmaster here has been seriously ill but is now improving.

The Fredericksburg brass band is visiting here and nightly discourses excellent music.

The Castrovillians will utilize the brass band here on Sunday night, when they are arranging for a ball.

Hon. John Ireland will be here on Monday and "orate" to the Castrovillians and endeavor to indoctrinate them with his peculiar politico-economic theories.

James Weaver, alias McWebber, arrested on his ranch 30 miles from Fort Clark, for shooting a negro in Bastrop in 1866, will have a hearing to-morrow before Judge Noonan.

The Mother Superior, and founder of the convent here, returned a few days since after a six months' visit to the Paris Exposition. Six Sisters accompanied her and will remain here.

There is an immense amount of travel passing over this road. It is in a terrible condition at present, but this seems to be no damper to the stream of vehicles of every description going and coming.

An effort is being made to transfer the county site from here to the geographical centre of the county near New Fountain. From all we can learn, we believe a majority of the people of Medina county desire the removal.

The stages on this line are making very indifferent time, and there is complaint against them. A gentleman informed us that he intends soon to start an opposition hack line and will put down the price from $20 to $15 from San Antonio to Eagle Pass.

The crops in this county are remarkably fine, as they are in Kendall, Comal, Kerr and Bandera, through which we have recently journeyed. The beautiful valley of the Guadalupe seems to surpass in productiveness, while Bandera immeasurably leads in pastoral advantages, picturesque attractiveness of natural parks and mountain scenery.

The oldest inhabitant of this ancient Alsatian burg declares emphatically that the weather has never been so intensely hot here as during the present month. It is an approximation to Milton's fervid imagination of an orthodox hell. It seems, however, that Prof. Tice's polar wave has reached here, and we are now vouchsafed cool nights and comfortable days with abundant rains.

The District Attorney is electioneering for John Sullivan among the lovely vales and verdant mountain slopes of Camp Verde. His competitor, Mr. Wallace, is blushingly soliciting the support of the unterrified suffragan when he visits the burg. The other Richmond, John Duffy, is filling his hair with hay seed and cockle-burs and otherwise grangerizing among Bandera's romantic hills. It is a lively triangular contest.

Truth vs. The Stock Journal and Farmer.

To the Public:

Feeling that it would be no honor to my constituency or myself to give the pusillanimous effort at slander contained in the *Stock Journal and Farmer*, a further notice than refutation, we submit the following:

We, the undersigned, being present Thursday night, July 25th, and hearing the discourse of Rev. James B. Dibrell, do hereby testify.

First. That there was nothing relentless in his discourse, except to those guilty of church desecration.

Second. That he did not order anyone to leave the house as is affirmed by the *Stock Journal and Farmer*.

Third. That no one was compared to brute creation that admitted his accountability.

Fourth. That the statement saying he made Methodism a requisite to salvation is slanderously false.

Fifth. That we saw nothing condemnatory in his ministerial administration on said occasion.

Respectfully submitted.

W. F. Mitchell, Felix A. Knox, L. D. Conghran, James Moore, A. S. Conghran, M. Beadle, James Gilliland, E. W. Westerman, John J. Wootten.

This will correct the public in regard to this effort to injure my character. We do not know what called out this article without it was an ungovernable malice, for it has certainly placed its abettors in a very awkard light in the eyes of all honest men.

Respectfully,
JAMES B. DIBRELL.

Personal.

W. H. Loewenstein, a tobacconist of Galveston, is in the city.

Horace Blackmur, of "Blackmur's Twins" fame, of Richmond, Va., is at the Menger.

Jerry C. Brasher, Houston; R. Shipray, Bandera; Prof. Key, Waelder; W. A. Gartly, Ranches; J. H. Holt, John N. Lyle, Virginia; N. Mackey, Lewis' Ranche; Jeff McLeary, Pennsylvania; J. S. Presnall, Sidney, Neb.; J. G. Walker, Seguin; T. W. Jones, E. J. Wheat, Richmond; Louis Oge, Ernest Woodward, Frio City; Thos. B. Botts, Austin, are at Hord's Hotel.

J. A. Ross, City; John Bell, Texas; Walton Farrar; San Geronimo; Henry Haldeman, Castroville; Julius Steenbock, J. Wise, Houston; T. Alexander, Luling; Horace Blackmur, Richmond, Va.; W. H. Loewenstein, Galveston; J. L. La Prelle, St. Louis; A. Lewyn, New York; H. S. Cooke, St. Louis; Gus. Lewy, Galveston; R. L. Anderson, Texas; R. R. Hugo Laer, Gen'l Agt. M.K. & T. R. R.; Geo. H. Evans, U. S. Army; G. T. Rhodes, Benficklin; Jno. Fries, Salado, are registered at the Menger.

Horrors of Siberia.

A Russian convict never knows until he reaches Siberia what sort of life is in store for him; for in pronouncing sentence of hard labor the judge makes no mention of mines. If the convict has money or influential friends, he had better use the time between his sentence and transportation in buying a warrant which consigns him to the lighter kinds of labor above ground; otherwise he will inevitably be sent under the earth, and will never again see the sky until he is hauled up to die in an infirmary. The convicts are forwarded to Siberia in convoys, which start at the commencement of spring, just after the snows have melted and left the ground dry. They perform the whole journey on foot, escorted by mounted Cossacks, who are armed with pistols, lances and long whips; and behind jolt along a long string of tumbrils, to carry those who fall sick or lame on the way. The start is always made in the night, and care is taken that convoys shall pass through the towns on their road after dark. Each man is dressed in a gray kaftan, having a brass number plate fastened to the breast, knee-boots, and a sheepskin bonnet. He carries a rug strapped to his back, a mesatin, and a wooden spoon in his girdle. The women have black cloaks with hoods, and march in gangs by themselves, with an escort of soldiers, like the men, and two or three female warders, who travel in carts. In leaving large cities like St. Petersburg all the prisoners are chained with their hands behind their backs, but their fetters are removed outside the city, except in the case of men who have been marked as dangerous. These have to wear leg-chains of four pounds' weight all the way, and some of the more desperate ones are forced to a beam of wood, which rests on their shoulders and is fastened to their necks by iron collars. Nobody may approach the men or inspect them. The Cossacks crack their whips loudly to warn persons off, and scamper up and down the line with lanterns tied to their lance points, which they lower to the ground frequently to see if the fetters have been dropped. Murderers, thieves, conspirators, mutinous soldiers and rebellious peasants all travel together as fast as they can go, and are perfectly silent. Then come the women, shivering and sobbing, but not daring to cry out because of those awful whips.

At a recent "concourse de piano" at the Paris conservatory the jury uniformly awarded the first prize to the little Mlle. Kleeberg, a child of twelve years who played like an artist, reading her music at sight without the least hesitation. She is a pupil of Mme. Massart.

—1857 prizes will be drawn in the Louisiana State Lottery for September, amounting to $110,400.

PROSPECTS OF THE SOUTH.

What the Next Census will Show—Relative Progress of the Various States Since the War.

(From the Philadelphia North American.)

There are many reasons for thinking that the national census of 1880 will reveal a surprising recuperation over the whole sixteen States constituting the section known as the South. This reaction may not be so decided in population; but in actual wealth, manufactures and agriculture it will be found unexpectedly great. It is, of course, known and admitted that the progress of Texas and Missouri has been very remarkable in all material aspects. In fact, these two States will contest with Virginia the position of the leading Southern States. Eventually, it seems likely that Texas will outstrip all other Southern States, unless her territory shall be divided. But Missouri is so near to the great sources of Southern capital and labor, so convenient to St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chicago, and possesses such enormous resources, that her progress must be very rapid and astonishing.

Next to these States, Virginia will probably make the best show, her people having been almost entirely clear of lawlessness since the civil war, her peace having been perfect and undisturbed, and her entire attention given to the recovery from the waste and desolation of war and the development of her neglected internal resources. This progress might have been made much greater, but, in truth the sufferings of Virginia during the war exceeded those of any three other Southern States combined, and her losses of men included a large proportion of her best elements. Georgia will make a prosperous display in material wealth, but not in increase of population. Manufactures have made much progress there during the past ten years. But the State has lost seriously by the emigration of her dissatisfied freedom with their families. North Carolina has been generally tranquil since the war, and has made considerable headway. The trade of this State has been chiefly transacted by Philadelphia, and it pays well as to prove that the people there are quite industrious and thrifty.

Kentucky and Tennessee have been distracted by resistance to the excise taxes on tobacco and spirits, which have been the real causes of the outrages by midnight marauders attributed to political organizations. These troubles are widespread, and seriously interfere with the prosperity of the two States. The excuse for them is that the unavoidable operation of such taxes is to favor the creation of vast monopolies, and to crush out all small concerns. It seems to be conceded that this result is a necessity for the proper collection of the revenues, and is so in all countries where such taxes are enforced. Many parts of the South are still disturbed by these troubles. Since the whisky excise was perfectly successful in the Northern States, the great distilling business has been chiefly monopolized by the West, so that the struggle now is between the West and the South.

There has been considerable material progress in Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia and Florida; sufficient, in fact, to compensate for the losses of South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. In Florida the largest increase will be found in the agricultural districts of the northern counties, into which there has been a large and steady emigration from Alabama, Georgia and Mississippi. The influx into West Virginia has been chiefly from the old sources—Pennsylvania and Ohio—but the weakness of the State Government is a sad drawback on the prosperity of the young commonwealth. Pittsburg seems to have the most commanding influence in that region. Arkansas has become tranquil and flourishing of late years, and shares in the progress of Missouri and Kansas somewhat.

The cotton culture has recovered its fullest anti-war proportions, and must have enriched the planters and dealers. The tobacco culture has not recuperated to the same extent, but is doing well. The rice culture has taken a great start, and has proved very profitable in Louisiana, Georgia and South Carolina. New Orleans has done much for rice, sugar and cotton, notwithstanding all her political distractions. In all the Southern States great progress has been made in wheat, corn and live stock. Stock raising has peculiar attractions for Southern farmers. Railroads, mining and manufactures have struggled under the disastrous influences of want of capital and four years of revolution and agitation; but in the main these interests have improved at the South. Altogether, the condition of the South warrants larger efforts to secure its trade for our own tradesmen.

A RIVAL FOR DR. CARVER.

Wonderful Display of Skill by Adam Goldie—Long and Short-Range Shooting Equally Good.

[From the St. Louis Evening Post.]

In Shannon county, Mo., lives a man who is a greater adept with the rifle and has performed more real and marvellous feats of marksmanship than those with which Dr. Carver has of late been astonishing the world. Captain Bogardus and the noted English marksmen, Lord de Gray, Aubrey Coventry and Cholmondeley Pennell, are completely eclipsed by this hitherto unheard of phenomenon. The name of this wonderful handler of the rifle is Adam Goldie, and, as above stated, he resides in Shannon county, Mo., where he was born. He is about thirty-eight years of age. Some of the feats which he has performed seem impossible. He has broken 299 glass balls out of 300 in twelve minutes, with a forty-four calibre Winchester rifle. He can break 100 glass balls five times out of six, without a miss, in three minutes. These feats are unparalleled and surpass even Dr. Carver's wonderful shooting. A seemingly incredible feat that he performs is as follows: A soda water bottle is thrown into the air in a certain manner, and before it falls Goldie will send a bullet down the neck of the bottle and not make a hole in the bottom. There are other feats that he performs with bottles. At fifty yards distance a bottle is placed on a forked tong, and Goldie will send six bullets in rapid succession down the neck and through the bottom, only perforating the latter in one place.

At long distances this wonderful marksman performs just as marvelous feats. At 1,000 yards he will hit the centre of the bull's-eye and then send six bullets one after the other, hitting the very indent by the first. A potato thrown into the air Goldie will perforate with six bullet-holes before it touches the ground. Perhaps his most astonishing feat is his breaking two balls at once. This is done in the following manner: The balls are thrown crosswise, and as they pass each other on the course, with quick, unerring aim and lightning-like rapidity, Goldie will speed a bullet through both. Another feat is the placing of an inch strip of tin about three feet long in position, at thirty feet distance, and perforating it from top to bottom with thirty-six holes, all exactly in the centre of the strip, and all at even distances apart. Goldie says he does not know where his wonderful skill comes from. He never handled a rifle until he was 18 years old, and to him it seems like an instinct. He would take aim and fire with unerring accuracy, and his wonderful feats soon acquired for him a marvelous reputation among his neighbors.

Another wonderful fact connected with Goldie is that he is just as good a marksman and just as dexterous with the revolver as he is with a rifle. At sixty paces he can hit the centre of the bull's-eye and then put twenty balls in quick succession through the same orifice. At forty paces he can with a revolver knock off the ashes of a cigar which a gentleman may be smoking, although few men have the nerve to stand at the target. Another of his feats with the revolver is firing at a champagne bottle at forty paces, and with the bullet driving the cork into the bottle. In short, his feats with the pistol are too numerous to mention. He seems to fire without taking aim, as some of this shooting he can do in almost any position, firing from under his leg, &c.

It is understood that some gentlemen who are acquainted with Goldie's record with the rifle and have witnessed his spleuflil shooting, are raising a sum of money to bring him before the public. It is their intention that he shall first give a public exhibition of his skill here in St. Louis, probably at the Race Track, and afterward go to the East, when a match is to be arranged between him and Dr. Carver.

A St. Louis man announces his intention of introducing into his house a colossal thermometer, with the bulb located in the cellar, as a precaution against the arrival of another heated term.

THE ROYAL FAMILY OF GERMANY.

Glimpses of the Life of the Emperor and Princes at Wiesbaden.

(From Harper's Magazine for September.)

There are some notable personages among the residents of Wiesbaden. First and foremost there is his Imperial Majesty the King of Prussia and Emperor of Germany, who, in virtue of his succession to the plain structure built by the late reigning Duke of Nassau in the market place, called by a courtesy a palace, and his periodical occupation of it for some few days every summer may be classed among the residents of Wiesbaden. The old King William is a great favorite here, in spite of the grievances which the Nassau people complain of in being deprived of the easy and economical administration of their former sovereign, the Duke of Nassau, and subjected to the rigid rule and oppressive taxation of Prussia. His visit is always welcomed with great enthusiasm, and all the people of Wiesbaden are sure to turn out to lift their hats and raise their loud hochs in honor of the gracious old Sovereign, ever bowing and smiling as he dashes in an open caleche from the railroad station through the broad Wilhelmstrasse to his palace, the streets all fluttering with flags and streamers, and the lively emotion of a loyal people. The Emperor is nothing if not a soldier, and is hardly ever seen out of his Pickelhaube (the Prussian helmet), and his closely buttoned, well-filled blue uniform, and is always bustling about from caserne to caserne inspecting muskets and cannon, soldier's quarters and fortifications, or consulting with staff officers and reviewing the troops.

The Crown Prince and his family are also among the periodical visitors at Wiesbaden, and although received with royal and military honors, their advent is generally hailed with a greater sobriety of welcome. He and his wife seem to affect much of the simplicity of ordinary