San Antonio Daily Express.

VOL. 13. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 13, 1879. NO. 88

Daily Express.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES—IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EXPRESS—By Carrier per month,.....$ 1 00
" " quarter,..... 2 50
By mail one year,..... 10 00
" six months,..... 5 00
" three months,..... 3 00

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Local advertisements will be inserted at 20 cents per line for first insertion and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements in daily and weekly one third more than daily rates; in weekly only, same as daily.

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Weekly Express.

Published by the EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

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" " Six Months " 1 00
" " Three Months " 75

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Advertisements inserted in the weekly edition only will be charged at same rate as in daily only.

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EXPRESS PRINTING CO., San Antonio, Texas

China Hall.

Crockery

LAMPS, GLASSWARE,

Chandeliers and Bracket Lamps,

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS

Gregory & Co.,

Commerce Street, Corner of Bridge St.

SAN ANTONIO PHARMACY.

C. B. ELBE,

CHEMIST AND APOTHECARY

HOUSTON STREET,

Four doors East of Headquarters,

Has opened with a full and specially selected stock of Drugs, Chemicals, Genuine Patent Medicines, Foreign and Domestic, Perfumeries, General Agents for the

GREAT EUROPEAN BLOOD PURIFIER

or Elixir of Long Life, a compound extract of Sarsaparilla, rhubarb, peruvian barz, etc., price 75 cents.

☞A full line of Homeoopathic Tinctures and Pellets, as prepared according to the Pharmacopoea Homeopathica Pollglottica, by Boericke & Tafel, New York, constantly on hand. mch8-1y

UNPARALLELED OFFER

We offer to Private Parties, at Factory Prices, LESS DEALERS' DISCOUNT, for a short time only, full size of strictly first-class

PIANOS

of the celebrated manufacture of Messrs.

HORACE WATERS & SONS,

AND

AUBER, SCHUMANN & WAGNER

Also WATERS' unequaled line of CABINET

ORGANS

Including the universally admired

Centennial Prize Chime Organ,

These Instruments received at the recent TEXAS STATE FAIR, all the prizes awarded, consisting of DIPLOMAS, GOLD MEDAL and THREE SILVER MEDALS, as well as the Highest Awards at the innumerable exhibits made throughout the world during the past forty years.

Sheet Music at Publishers' Prices.

Local and Traveling Agts. Wanted.

P. O. Address Lock Box 275, San Antonio. } VALENTINE & CO. General State Agents.

HEADQUARTERS, No. 60 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

GALVESTON AGENCY—Hamilton Flagg, Manager No 181 Postoffice Street, Galveston

LOUIS SCHEIHAGEN,

Importer and Dealer in

SHELF AND HEAVY

Hardware

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Howe's Scales,

CARRIAGE & WAGON MATERIALS etc

My stock, consisting of full lines of the above, besides all the latest and most improved farming machinery, together with everything to be found in a first-class hardware establishment, is not surpassed by any house west of the Colorado. mch13 1y

Adams & Wickes

Would call attention to their vast and varied tracts of

LANDS

throughout the State, including lots in all parts of the city of San Antonio, which they will sell at

LOW PRICES

and on

GOOD TERMS.

They also have a number of places for rent. For information apply to

GEO. W. CALDWELL, AGENT,

jan1-tf SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

JAMES MURPHY,

ARCHITECT AND BUILDER,

San Antonio, Texas.

I am prepared to furnish Plans, Specifications and Correct Estimates for all kinds of Buildings.

Doors, Sash, Blinds, Brackets Wood Turning,

and Scroll Sawing of every description made to order on

Short Notice.

I will contract for any or all branches to the building line at the

LOWEST LIVING RATES—SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Office and Shop Cor. Avenue C and Travis Street. nov17 tf

Mrs. H. Carter,

PRIVATE BOARDING,

AVE. D, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

Nicely Furnished Rooms, with or without Board.

TERMS MODERATE.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. feb26-tf

Telegraphic Flashes

HOME AND FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE

STATE CAPITAL NOTES.

Special Dispatch to the DAILY EXPRESS.

SENATE.

Austin, April 12.—Bill providing for assessment and collection of taxes on lands in unorganized counties passed.

S. R. Smith and J. W. Cary, citizens of Huntsville, were nominated by the governor for directors of the penitentiary and confirmed.

The senate passed the bill amending the San Antonio charter, and now goes to the governor.

HOUSE.

Austin, April 12.—The motion granting $100,000 for frontier defense was lost. The motion to appropriate $40,000 to be used by the governor in suppressing lawlessness and crime, was lost by a tie vote, the speaker voting nay.

The motion to adopt the amount appropriated by the senate ($150,000) was lost by a vote of 35 yeas to 42 nays.

Proposition to appropriate $75,000 was carried by a vote of 40 to 37.

A motion to reconsider was entered on the journal.

Austin is crowded with visitors to the great Saengerfest celebration. Grand triumphal arches were erected at two points on the avenue. A Prussian band, the finest in the country, is in attendance. Three hundred singers from all parts of the state join in the great concert. A grand picnic, ball and banquet are among the attractions. Germans praise American aid extravagantly. The principal buildings on the line of march will blaze with gaslight. Five thousand visitors are expected.

FATALLY SHOT—STAGE ROBBERS ARRESTED.

Special Dispatch to the Daily EXPRESS.

Dallas, April 12.—Antonio Bragalia, late of New Orleans, was fatally shot by H. M. Sanders here this morning. Both are Italians.

Deputy United States marshal and others arrested three of the gang of stage robbers on the Fort Worth and Fort Yuma stage line in Fort Worth yesterday.

NATIONAL CAPITOL NEWS.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

Washington, April 12.—The house is in committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill, the amendment under consideration being that increasing to $250,000 the appropriation for controlling and eradicating contagious diseases among domestic animals.

After a long debate upon the amendment increasing the appropriation for eradicating the cattle disease, the whole subject was stricken from the bill and the proposition agreed to, recommending to the house that it be referred to the committee on agriculture, with instructions to report promptly thereon.

On motion of Haskell, of Kansas, the appropriation for investigating the habits of the cotton worm and other injurious insects, was placed under the control of the U. S. entomological commission. The political portion of the bill having been reached, it was passed over for the present.

Young, of Tennessee, offered an amendment providing that the investigation agent under the southern claims commission shall give notice to claimants whose claims it is proposed to investigate of the place and time of taking testimony, and who shall have the right to cross examine witnesses. The agent also to examine any witnesses who may be presented by claimants.

Houk, of Tennessee, stated he had acted as an investigating agent, and knew of instances where he had been misled by ex parte statements, and had reported against claims which should have been allowed.

Bragg, of Wisconsin, moved to strike out all the provisions for a southern claims commission, and to insert a clause repealing the law creating that commission. Consideration of the amendment was postponed until Tuesday.

The committee arose and the chairman reported back the recommendations to refer the paragraph in relation to the pleuro-pneumonia in cattle to the committee on agriculture, with instructions to report forthwith, which was agreed to.

Adjourned until Monday.

SECRETARY OF THE NAVY ON YELLOW FEVER.

Washington, April 12.—A communication from the secretary of the navy was laid before the house this afternoon, giving information in reply to house resolution regarding the breaking out of yellow fever on the ship Plymouth. The secretary says the opinion generally prevails among experienced naval men that the freezing process is sufficient protection against the appearance of yellow fever, after it has once appeared on board of a vessel. There are instances in which it has resulted otherwise, although they have not been sufficiently numerous to entirely destroy the opinion. Why the Plymouth was not sufficiently frozen and furnigated, has been referred to the medical board to report thereon. It is a remarkable fact that the disease broke out at the precise point in the ship where it appeared in November last. This may be supposed to weaken somewhat the theory that the freezing process is a reliable remedy. A single example cannot, however, be sufficient to entirely overthrow the presumption in its favor. The department will continue to resort to it in all cases, but will at the same time add to it till all the known sanitary remedies, as well as such additional investigations may discover. In the meantime, whatever experiments, either experience or science may suggest, should be tried, in order that nothing shall be omitted to arrest the progress and ravages of this terrible scourge.

REPUBLICAN CAUCUS.

Washington, April 12.—There was a well attended caucus of republican senators this afternoon. There was a very generous and harmonious interchange of views concerning the course to be pursued by the minority of the senate in regard to the army appropriation bill. No formal action was taken, but it was agreed that every possible effort should be made to prevent the passage of the bill in its present shape, for the reason that the enactment of its sixth section would, in the opinion of the minority, prevent its posse comitatus on election day, for the execution of civil process of any and all descriptions issued by the United States authorities. Several other provisions of the bill were also considered very objectionable and in need of technical amendment, which will be offered by various republican senators. Among them are clauses which propose to prohibit appointment and promotions in the army until otherwise provided by law, while at the same time the bill holds out inducements for the creation of additional vacancies by providing that all officers hereafter retired by reason of wounds shall be retired upon the highest rank respectively held by them in regular or volunteer service before retirement. A number of senators expressed belief that the purpose of these provisions is to pave the way for appointment in the army hereafter of friends of the dominant party. Although no propositions were formally adopted, several amendments to the sixth section, of which notice has been given in the senate, were spoken of with general favor, especially those submitted by Blaine and Paddock, and providing heavy penalties against the presence of any person bearing deadly weapons, either concealed or displayed, within a mile of any polling place on election day; and second, providing that the posse comitatus of last year shall not be applicable to any troops employed in protection of life and property in the state of Nebraska, Oregon, Nevada, Kansas and Colorado and territories, subject to Indian incursions or on Indian reservations. Paddock's amendment was adopted unanimously by the senate last year, but was stricken off the bill by the committee on conference.

From the tenor of the remarks, it seems probable that a great many speeches will be made on the army bill by republican senators, and that the debate is likely to be prolonged for ten days or a fortnight.

DEATH OF GEN. RICHARD TAYLOR.

New York, April 12.—General Richard Taylor, well known general in the confederate service, is lying dangerously ill at the residence of S. M. Barlow, this city. He was supposed to be dying yesterday, as he remained in an unconscious condition all morning. In the afternoon he rallied sufficiently to receive holy communion. His sister, Mrs. Bettie Taylor Dandredge, of Virginia, is with him.

New York, April 12.—Gen. Richard Taylor, of Louisiana, only son of the late president Taylor, died this morning at the residence of S. L. M. Barlow, this city. Cause of death—dropsy.

MISCELLANEOUS PARAGRAPHS.

Providence, R. I., April 12.—The supreme court this morning rendered a decision making perpetual injunction restraining the city treasurer of Newport from paying the cost of the ball given officers of the British fleet last year.

New London, Conn., April 12.—Representatives of freshmen crews of Harvard and Columbia colleges met in this city to-day, and agreed to an eight-oared three miles straight away race on the Thames river, at six o'clock, on the afternoon of Monday, June 30th, three days after the Yale and Harvard university race.

Nashville, April 12.—Collector Woodstock to-day received information that a large illicit distillery has been destroyed in Putnam county and a number of arrests made.

SPORTING NOTES.

New Orleans, April 12.—The new Louisiana jockey club held their spring meeting to-day Good attendance, weather clear and pleasant and track in good condition. Races were according to the programme in the Picayune since Monday. First race—Verdigris, 1-1; Cannon 2-3; Hinton 3-2. Time, 1:50½ and 1:56. Pool on the track, Verdigris 25; Cannon 10; Hinton 2.

Second race—Six entries and three starters. Gabriel 1-1; Buckshot 2-2; Sam Eckers 3-3. Time, 1:47 and 1:47¼. First heat won by two lengths; second by a neck. Pool on track, Gabriel 25; Buckshot 26; Sam Eckers 20.

Third race—won by Esiloh, won by half length, Judge Hancock 2d; Kingsland 6d; beating Bluegown, Ella Rowell, Le Roi and Willie H. Time, 3:39½. Pool on track, Hancock 75; Esiloh 50; Ella Rowell 37; Le Roi 30; Bluegown 25; Kingsland 20; Willie H. 7.

MORE IRREGULARITIES.

Boston, April 12.—Irregularities were discovered in the books of Isaac A. Burens, treasurer of Foxboro Savings bank. The bank commissioners demanded his resignation and investment. The committee being refused the keys of the safe, put men in the bank to guard its affairs.

DEATH OF HON. A. A. BURNHAM.

Hartford, Conn., April 12.—Hon. Alfred A. Burnham, formerly member of congress from the third district, and ex-speaker of the Connecticut house, is dead.

FIRE REROND.

Danville, Va., April 12.—A fire on Bridge street this morning destroyed eight houses, 8,000 pounds of tobacco and some personal property. Loss $8,000.

GENERAL FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

SHOOTING POLITICAL PRISONERS.

St. Petersburg, April 12.—A Keiff correspondent of the St. Petersburg Journal gives the following account of an outbreak among the political prisoners last month, which was briefly mentioned by telegraph at the time: Persons under arrest in the Keiff prison resolved to tunnel under the walls and escape. The scheme was betrayed by one of the conspirators. The authorities allowed the prisoners to continue the excavation. When the tunnel was completed, and the prisoners had entered it one after the other, intending to come up through the opening beyond the prison precincts, soldiers previously posted at the opening shot the escaping prisoners as they came away, when the bulk of the prisoners were terrified by the noise of the firing stopped and remained in the tunnel. The soldiers were sent in from behind, and the unfortunate wretches, caught between two fires, were all shot down. The proceeding seemed to give the official much amusement, and the director of the Keiff prison has been praised and decorated for having acted with such cleverness and decision.

SEIZURE OF AN AMERICAN BARK.

San Francisco, April 11.—A special from Yokohama, March 27, says that the Spanish authorities at Manila have finally seized and advertised for sale the American bark Masonie for a fine imposed on the captain, in consequence of the cargo being short twenty-two cases of kerosene. The vice-consul protested in vain. The captain-general would not even recognize his communication. His treatment by the Spanish authorities has been exceedingly insulting and rude. The owners interested will probably lose.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Paris, April 12.—M. J. H. Cartier-Devillimesant, well-known satirical writer and journalist, and long the director of the Paris Figaro, is dead, aged 67.

The council of ministers came to no conclusion in regard to Egypt, simply deciding to act in union with England.

Berlin, April 12.—An apparently semi-official communication referring to the dispatch of an American iron-clad to Somoa, points out that the German ships, Ariadne and Albatross, are still there and fully supplied for the protection of foreigners.

Constantinople, April 12.—It is expected that a European deputy governor will be appointed for eastern Roumelia.

FISHING INTERESTS.

Halifax, April 12.—A petition has been presented in the New Foundland legislature from U. S. fishermen wishing the creation of a fishery department on the scientific commission, with whom all questions connected with the fisheries shall be a special charge.

SNOWING IN ENGLAND.

London, April 12.—Weather cold. It is snowing here and in the northern parts of the kingdom.

DURHAM MINERS.

Durham, April 12.—The striking miners and owners are now seperately discussing the terms for the settlement of difficulties. A joint conference will afterwards be held and possibly the strike end immediately.

QUEEN OF PORTUGAL ILL.

Lisbon, April 12.—The queen of Portugal is seriously ill.

DAY'S DOINGS ON A SHEEP RANCH.

The Lambing Season—The Experience of a Practical Man—Some Valuable Information for Beginners.

BUCK HORN RANCH, April 5th, 1879.

Editors San Antonio EXPRESS:

I believe, Mr. Editor, that I promised to give a short description of the lambing season, as generally managed in this county. As I have before said, this is the sheep man's harvest, and when the time comes, you must be ready to save it, or, like all other harvest times, if not on hand and prepared, you may loose more than you save, and not know how it was done. The idea has generally gone abroad that the sheep man's life in Texas is an easy, lazy one, but this past winter has shown the lazy shepherd's degree of success. Industry and labor have their reward in the sheep business, as in all other avocations.

There is no part of the business that is more confining or requires closer attention than the lambing season, and you must be right there from daybreak until dark, with coat off and sleeves rolled up, with quick step and watchful eye, not only to direct but to assist. Have plenty of good assistants. It is easy here to be penny wise and dollar foolish. It is only necessary to lose six or seven lambs to pay for a good hand a month. Then, before lambing begins, have on hand plenty of assistants and supplies, so that you need have nothing to do except to attend to the harvest.

In about one hundred and forty-five days from the first day that you began breeding your ewes, you may expect the lambs to begin dropping. Just before this, place every ewe that is going to have a lamb out into a separate herd, put a good shepherd with them, and put them on the very best feed and close to plenty of water. Try and select as nice and open prairie as possible, with as little brush or anything that a sheep or lamb can hide behind. Make here some good, large, roomy pens, and plenty of them. If you have nothing better use brush, but, if possible, have a few panels of movable fence. You will find them very useful and convenient, and will be the means of saving several lambs in the course of the season.

Well, then, lambing has begun. You have your ewes with lamb all in herd, or if two large, in two or more herds, as the case may be, but nothing but ewes with lambs in the herd. You have plenty of help, plenty of corrals, grass, water, &c., also a light pole, about ten feet long, with a wire or something on the end bent so as to catch a lamb by the leg and hold it. A reed fishing pole is the best thing for the business that I have ever found. Then, by the side of the pen where you have the ewes, make another pen with a gate opening from one into the other. Early in the morning, as soon as you can see plainly, go with your assistant to the pen, having eaten your breakfast before day. Then, with your shepherds, crook or pole in hand, place your assistant at the gate opening from one pen into the other. When you enter the pen, move just as slowly as you can. Never make a quick motion. Now, gradually move towards the sheep, and as they slowly move from your way, you will see standing a ewe with a lamb by her side. You quietly and slowly move your catch pole towards the lamb, catch him by the hind leg, and walk backward towards the gate opening into the other corral which your assistant has opened, and then step back to allow you and the ewe to pass into the other corral, and when in, to step to the gate to prevent her from running back. At the time when you first catch the lamb by the leg, bleat like a lamb, provided it does not do so itself, and if the mother owns the lamb, she will follow with her nose to the lamb in nine cases out of ten. And so continue this process, until all are separated into the lamb pen. If you notice a lamb that seems to have no mother, just leave it alone until you get all the rest out out. Then, if nothing claims it, place in a little pen by itself, and then hunt through the herd until you get the ewe which has had a lamb. Place her in the pen with the lamb that had no mother and then watch her and see if she claims the lamb. May be she has only gotten lost from her lamb, and when put with it will own it all right. If in setting a ewe out in the lamb pen, the mother is very wild, and will not follow the lamb into the other pen, mark that lamb in some way, and also select some mark or sight by which you can identify its mother, and then leave her alone in the herd until you have set all the others with lambs out. If you go to running her to catch her, you will mix them, and the result will be that you will have several ewes to lose their lambs and may not be able to make them own them again.

I mentioned above that when you catch a lamb and start backward towards the gate, to bleat like a lamb. This is rather hard for some to do, but keep trying until you succeed. It is quite essential to be able not only to imitate the lamb but also the mother. If I had an apprentice in the sheep business, I should make this the test as to his ability to master the business, as does the blacksmith his apprentice. If he can make a horse shoe nail he can master all other parts of the business.

Should you find several lambs with no mothers owning them, let them alone until you have set out all mothers that own lambs, and then put all the worthless lambs in one pen and catch the ewes not owning lambs, or too wild to follow you out into the corral, and put them into the pen with the worthless lambs, and see if any of them own or find their lambs. Those which find their lambs, place in another pen, then take the ewes which refuse to own the lambs and tie them up by the fore-feet to a little bush, or a stub driven in the ground, then give them a lamb, tying it to her with a string three or four feet long, so that it can't leave her. Generally, if the ewe is not too poor, she will own the lamb in twenty-four hours. If not by this time, mark her and lamb so that you will know them; turn her loose and let her eat in the day time, and tie up again at night. If in the course of five or six nights she doesn't own it, it is not much use to try further. Should a ewe bring a dead lamb, or one die, and the mother still own it, as is often the case, take the dead lamb, skin it, and take some motherless lamb and put the hide on it. Sew it there, and leave it on the lamb twenty-four or thirty-six hours, and then take it off and they will own the lambs every time. I have saved many a one in this way, and I have never failed to make the ewe take and raise the lamb. If you have a fine lamb come, and can get no mother for it, and have in the herd a little scrub or black lamb, cut his throat and put hide on good lamb. You can save your good lamb this way every time. Now, after you have in the morning separated all the ewes and lambs, turn out your sheep and put with them the best shepherd you can get. Let them go in some direction where there is good grass—not from camp—and then hold them there all day. Put, if necessary, more than one man with the herd. Do not let them travel any more than possible. As the lambs drop along through the day, let the ewe and lamb drop back. One of the objects in holding the herd in one place all day is to have it near, so that wild ewes dropping lambs will stay with their lambs and not run off to the herd and leave the lamb, as is often the case where you let the sheep travel much and get out of sight of the ewes with young lambs. Along towards evening, start the herd gradually towards camp. Here have plenty of assistants—some to go in front of the herd to make the sheep go slowly and others to gradually move the ewes and young lambs along behind. Always go about a ewe with a young lamb slowly and gently Be careful not to frighten her so as to run her off from her lamb into the main herd. If so, you may not be able to find her again. Should this happen, mark this lamb so that you will know it, and when the herd is penned, catch its mother and put both into a pen by themselves. If she then refuses to own it, tie her up by the fore foot until she does. Then, when you get your herd and lambs near the corral, let the ewes with young lambs drop back and pen the main herd. Then put the ewes with lambs in a separate pen. About nine o'clock, move the lambs that you let out in the morning, with their mothers, out to some good grass near by, as close as possible to good water. And right here you will have your patience thoroughly tested, for there is nothing more aggravating than a lot of young lambs when you try to move them. The better way is, first, before opening the gate to the pen, to enter the pen and stir all lambs up (for they are the most sleepy headed things in existence), and then open the gate and step to one side and let them go out of their own accord. The mother can take her lamb and coax it along, when you can't begin to drive it. Then keep moving them slowly and quietly along until you get them to where you want them to stay, and there check them up until the lambs lay down, which won't be long, and then you can leave them and their mothers will feed around them. If there are no cayotes or hogs to bother them, they will do as well as if herded. Then, at night, move them to a separate pen and each morning and day repeat this process. If you are having come some forty or fifty lambs, per twenty-four ewes, it would be well to put them in one bunch and hold them that way some three or four days. Here is a very important point in the management of your lambs, don't put too many young lambs together until they get ten days or two weeks old, or until the mothers and lambs get to know each other well. Hold them in little bunches of fifty or sixty until they are three days old, then mark and dock them; hold for five days, and then put together two such bunches, and as they get older, keep making into larger bunches, then keep them in that size of a herd until weaning time. You should keep with those lamb herds the very best of shepherds, as a careless, lazy one, can loose them almost as fast as they come. They will drop down behind anything to get out of the hot sun, and go to sleep and your herd roves off and the lamb lays there asleep. When it wakes up, it is left, and the cayote has it's ribs for his supper. The little lambs are great at playing when two or three weeks old, and if the shepherd is not careful, a bunch of them will go off playing along a gully, and before they think, run too fast and get lost. You want to be here and there, and see that the men are all doing their duty.

A word or two as to how to head a bunch of lambs, say two and three weeks old. As I said before, always, if possible, have them where there is plenty of good grass and water near. When you turn out of the pen in the morning, move them off a piece. Then check them up, and the ewes will go to eating and the lambs will lay down. Herd the ewes around the lambs. Do not let them scatter. Hold them here a little while until they get tired of the place and then stir up the lambs and move them all off to a new spot. Let the lambs lay down, and repeat the above process. If you let them scatter out, each lamb will follow its mother a little ways and then lay down behind some tall grass, or behind a bush, and the mother grazes off to some other part, and directly, while the shepherd is away around on the opposite side turning the sheep towards the center, along comes a bunch of horses, and wakes the little lamb or lambs, as the case may be, and off they go following the horses, and that is the last you see of them, whereas, if when you move to another range you herd, or rather huddle and circle the ewes closely around one center, the lambs will lay down in the center of the ring and then you can let the ewes scatter a little more.

Then as to marking and docking. In this, like everything else, every man has his own notions—yet some suggestions may not be amiss. Some prefer to perform these operations when the moon is full, like some old women in planting their garden, they must plant in the moon. In my short experience, I have not been able to see that the moon had anything to do with the cutting off of lamb's tails, etc. Some leave this part of the business until all lambs are done coming. There are to me several serious objections to this way. One is, the first lambs born will be from one month to six weeks old, and the older the longer it takes the wounds to heal, the greater the loss of blood, and the harder it is on the lambs. But the worst objection is that leaving it until all are done coming, it makes this operation come the last and by this time the screw worms are generally in full force, and you may count on putting in the balance of your time in doctoring for worms the following summer and fall. Besides, as the lambs are large, the wounds are much longer in healing, and are in this way made much more liable to worms. I prefer where you are getting from thirty to forty and fifty lambs in 24 hours, to hold them to themselves until three days old, and then mark and dock. And you will be surprised to see how soon they get over the effects of the operations. They seem hardly to notice it. Besides, they soon heal up and are out of danger from worms. H. BUNDY.

Regular Meeting.

The regular montly business meeting of the San Antonio literary association for April will be held in the literary hall on Houston street to-morrow, (Monday) night at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

W. W. HERRON, Secretary.

Mass Meeting.

The democracy will have a grand mass meeting on Main plaza to-morrow evening. Judge Upson and others will speak.

Pierce Hughes, Sr., proprietor of Hughes' springs, Cass county, asserts that the hills which surrounded them contain silver, iron and copper enough to make him worth ten million dollars.

Waco Examiner: Mr. Horace Rowe, a young gentleman who has contributed much of interest to the written lore of Texas, will lead to the altar on Wednesday evening next Miss Sallie Chalmers, the lovely daughter of Mr. A. Chalmers, of this city.

Mr. Dennis, of Thorps Springs, has a clock which has been running 114 years and appears good for many years more. This discounts "My Grandfather's Clock."

Jesse Rascoe, the notorious murderer, who recently escaped from the Corsicana jail, has sent word to policeman Robinson that he is coming to Corsicana soon and will fill Robinson's hide full of lead ore. Rascoe is a bad one.

Guadalupe Times: Several horses and mules have recently been stolen in the eastern part of the county. Some of them have been traced to a pasture near Austin, which had been leased by a couple of livery stable men, who have been arrested. We understand about forty head of stolen horses were found in the pasture.

Sherman Register: A Denison News office printer named George Weods was married to Miss Rose Hawkins. She is now Rose Woods, and no doubt a very nice piece of furniture to have in the house.

A gal over in Cass county broke up an engagement recently because her follow was so bow-legged she couldn't sit in his lap.

R. H. NEAL,

Undertaker

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Miscellaneous Advertisements

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Examine all and Buy the Best.

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Refer by permission to Bennett, Thornton & Lockwood, Wagner & Bonnell and S. C. Bennett. June 6 1y

Daily Express.

PUBLISHED BY THE

Express Printing Company.

Sunday Morning, April 13, 1879.

Meteorological.

Daily Bulletin—Signal Service U. S. Army, division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture:

Observations recorded at 3 P. M. April 12, 1879.

Locality	Bar.	Ther	Wind	Rain	Weather
San Antonio	29.69	84	SE	.....	cloudy
Eagle Pass	29.66	84	SE	.....	clear
Brownsville	29.85	79	SE	.....	cloudy
Griffin	29.75	80	S	.....	clear
Hill, T. W.	29.63	78	SE	.....	clear
Macon	29.88	78	SE	.....	cloudy
Sinkins	29.83	80	SW	.....	clear
Davis	28.94	62	S	.....	clear

Weather Indications for To-Day.

Indications for the West Gulf States: Clear or partly cloudy weather, southeasterly winds, stationary or higher temperature.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications pertaining to the development of western Texas, its stock, farming, manufacturing or mining interests, or on any subject of public weal, will be cheerfully published in the EXPRESS; BUT ALL COMMUNICATIONS WRITTEN IN THE INTEREST OF ANY INDIVIDUAL, KINDRED OR CLIENTELE FOR OFFICE OR IN A BUSINESS CONNECTION, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE AT OUR REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES. This rule will not be departed from.

LEGISLATURE NOTES.

The senate has voted to adjourn on the 22d inst. As the house had already voted to adjourn on the 14th, the prospects are the session will not be prolonged beyond the date fixed by the senate.

Senator McCormick has resigned, to accept the judgeship of the federal district of Northern Texas.

Galveston petitions to be reimbursed for expenses incurred in carrying out quarantine regulations from 1870 to 1877 inclusive, under state laws for that purpose, and for which the state has made no appropriation.

The senate has concurred in the house amendments to the act to fix the times of holding the district courts of the twenty-fifth judicial district of the state of Texas.

The act to encourage the settlement and organization of unorganized counties, was recommitted by the senate after the adoption of the following as a substitute for section 1:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Texas*, That whenever one hundred and fifty heads of families having an average taxable capital of $500 shall hereafter locate and settle in one colony with their families upon the lands of any unorganized county of this state, they shall be entitled to demand and receive from the state thirty-seven and one-half sections of land, of 640 acres each, to be located in accordance with the general laws of the state.

The house passed, without amending, the senate bill entitled "An act to attach the county of Concho to the twentieth judicial district and to fix the time for holding district courts therein."

The house judiciary committee No. 1, has made favorable reports on the senate bills to prevent county judges from practicing law in certain cases, and to authorize clerks and judges to collect costs upon the adjournment of each term.

The clause in the appropriation bill setting aside the entire available school fund annually derived from all sources, including the poll-tax and one-fourth of the general revenue, for the support of the public free schools, was adopted by the house by a vote of 46 to 34. Wurzbach and Clemens voted in the affirmative.

A QUESTION of veracity has arisen between the Chinese Six Companies and the California newspapers, which it would be interesting to outsiders to have settled. The papers, in their anti-Chinese zeal, have held up the Six Companies in a light but little better than that of slave traders, and have kept our sympathies aroused and braced at high pressure by stories of the servitude exacted of Chinamen by the said Six Companies. The Companies, however, issue a circular in response to inquiries for labor, in which they "wish it to be expressly understood that they have no control over their people's labor, and have never brought, or caused to be brought, one of their countrymen here, and have never controlled their labor or collected their wages in any manner whatsoever, the press of California to the contrary notwithstanding." This Chinese question is daily growing more interesting in California. The news from China is to the effect that that country will retaliate against this country by excluding American citizens and vessels, and should that prove to be the case it will be curious to note the effect in California of the withdrawal of the great steamship lines that run between Hong Kong and San Francisco, and the loss to the latter place of the immense business that now passes through it as the gateway between the two continents. The chances are that San Francisco has allowed Kerneyism to kill the goose that has been for years laying golden eggs for that city.

THE Eastern telegraph company and the Telegraph Construction company have agreed with the English government to construct and lay down a telegraph cable to Port Natal. The cable will be 4,000 miles long, extending from Red sea cable at Aden around Cape Guardafui, and along the east coast of Africa to Port Natal, where it will make a junction with the present land line to Cape Town. The cable will touch at Zanzibar, Mozambique, Sofoiar, Delagoa bay and thence to D'Urban as the submarine terminus, from which point the land telegraph becomes available to complete the circuit to Cape Town. The cost of the construction and laying of the cable is estimated at $7,500,000.

AN election of directors of the International railway company was held by the stockholders at St. Louis on the 8th instant, with the following result: "Samuel Sloan, Moses Taylor, John S. Barnes, T. W. Pearsall, of New York; H. M. Hoxie, D. S. H Smith and Ira H. Evans, of Palestine James A. Baker, of Houston, and John Sealy, of Galveston. Samuel Sloan was elected president; H. M. Hoxie, vice-president; D. S. A. Smith, treasurer; Ira H. Evans, secretary; H. M. Hoxie, general superintendent.

As Mr. Milton would say, "there's no demnition nonsense" about the courts in Judge Parsal's district. One prominent citizen of western Texas finds himself "stuck" for $250, the amount of his recognizance to appear as a witness in one case, and has also been fined $50 for failure to appear as a witness in another case.

UNDER the new bill for the encouragement of artesian well digging the state will give a section of land for every hundred feet of artesian well, beginning with six hundred feet, down to 2,000 feet, if water is not struck before.

THE PROMISE OF LIFE.

IDEALITY IN SCIENCE AND POTENTIALITY IN MATTER.

Possibilities of the Future Life—Stature and Rigidity of the Spiritual Body.

From the Boston Advertiser.

Prof. Peirce closed last evening at the Lowell institute his course of six lectures on "Ideality in Science." The following lecture will be found to be remarkable:

The laws of planetary motion, which Kepler educed from the observations of Tycho Brahe, are more exact embodiments of fact than the observations themselves. But their defect is their want of elasticity. They give a precise, unchanged orbit, in which each planet moves, with a fixed law of velocity. There is no recognition of the disturbing influence of other planets. But the comprehensive mind of Newton asks, Why should there be limitation in the attractive force? Why should not planet gravitate to planet? Why should not every particle of matter in the universe gravitate to every other particle? Thus is born the simple potentiality which has opened the way to all the problems of celestial mechanics, to the motions and figures of the stars and their tidal changes of figures. How simple the fundamental idea! and how complicated the details of the theories to be elaborated! They have absorbed the labors of astronomers for the last two centuries in the observatory at night, and in the study by night and day. Statistics do not inform us how many computers have been engaged in the task, how many volumes of logarithms have been consumed, how many thousands of figures have been written down, how many pens of goose and gold have been used up; but if each pen were worth a gold mine, if each figure were a golden thought, if each volume were the life of a philosopher, if each computer were a man of genius, the whole expenditure of material and brain would be insignificant in comparison with the unbounded domain subjected to the authority of ideality.

AN ALMOST INCREDIBLE ACCIDENT.

After speaking of the trials to faith necessary upon the failure of planets to conform to their ideal course in the heavens, and consequent discovery of outside planets as cause of perturbations, Prof. Peirce told the following remarkable result of his computations: If the telescope had failed, the pen of the geometer would have detected the disturbing planet. But Herschel, with his great telescope, anticipated the mathematical computations. Uranus was discovered and the theories of the seven planets were, ere long, presented to astronomers by the untiring genius of Laplace, accompanied by astronomical developments grander than new planets. In the attempt to construct tables which should serve for the prediction of the places of the planets, it was ascertained that the irregularities of motion of the new outer planet still required the intervention of some unseen power. Two great geometers, independently of each other, computed the elements of a planet which should reconcile the discrepancies. They coincided in its orbit and position. In the very direction predicted by them the planet Neptune was found in consequence of their predictions, and apparently in full confirmation of them. Neptune fully accounts for the previous defects of the solar system. The discovery was an extraordinary achievement, and deserves the wreath of immortality which has been awarded to Adams and Leverrier.

But there is a supplement to the story which seems incredible. It violates popular prejudice; it has been wrongfully attributed to contemporary jealousy; it would not be introduced here, but it is too pertinent an example of geometric potentiality to be omitted. The observed planet is quite distinct in orbit and theory from that which was predicted; and the theory of prediction throws no light upon the actual theory, nor has it any but an accidental connection with it. It is not rare that there are several different possible causes of an event, and, under the influence of incomplete evidence of prejudice, the wrong cause has been selected. Under the wise administration of justice there has been such a skillful array of circumstantial evidence that the innocent man has been punished, even to the loss of life. To the present case I have given a critical and laborious investigation. My examination has extended to a far wider range of theory than that included in the original researches. I have carefully revised the computations of Adams and Leverrier. I find in them no error, no lack of judgment, and no failure of legitimate mode of investigation. Nevertheless, I strictly adhere to the correctness of my early statement. I am aware that there are great names opposed to me, but their opposition has been the mistaken conclusion of ill-digested argument. The time must come when personality will disappear, and nationality sink into oblivion with the comets which have set forever, and you must wait for the rendering of the final verdict. My position is that there were two possible planets, either of which might have caused the observed irregularities in the motion of Uranus. Each planet excluded the other. They coincided in direction from the earth at certain epochs, once in 650 years. It was at one of these epochs that the prediction was made, and at no other time for six centuries would the prediction of one planet have revealed the other. The observed planet was not the predicted one. It was excluded through the limitations which had been determined by Leverrier himself, after a prodigious outlay of profound and ingenious search. He had proclaimed the investigation of the limits as essential to the full solution of the problem. It was its highest moiety and most intricate portion, and he had worthily solved it. It is incredible that the great master could have consented to abandon his choicest production and most brilliant jewel to popular applause and its ignoble history. The potential planet is as splendid a reality as the true planet, and as marvellous a discovery.

PREDICTIONS OF THE SPIRIT LIFE.

Passing over that part of the lecture treating of the potentiality of matter to be manifested in heat and motion, we come to the part on spiritual potentiality: Is spiritual prediction a hopeless impossibility like that of the storms of the next century? What is to be each individual's future? And what the future of all mankind? Science has banished the prophetic power of stars. But the continuity of law has taken advantage of the seat of augury vacated by astrology, and it is not unreasonable to hope that honest and reverent inquiry will have its due reward.

In the material world one atom can replace another without prejudice to the system. Tree can be substituted for tree, and beast for beast, each in its kind; so that species is everything, and material individual nothing. But it is quite the reverse in the spiritual world; an individual cannot hold the place of another, as father mother or child; as husband or wife; as king, or warrior, or statesman, or trusted friend, or beloved pastor. The spiritual individual is everything. The destruction of any soul would be an irreparable loss; nothing can be conceived more utterly at variance with the harmony of creation; it is an absolute impossibility and a not irreverent limitation even of the Almighty will. A man can tell a falsehood and thereby demonstrate his falseness; the pagan god can deceive, because he is weak and limited. But our God, because of His infinite strength and of His eternal omnipotence, must forever coincide with himself. Otherwise, instead of being an infinite possibility, He would be an infinite impossibility. At one and the same instant, He would be and not be God. If this be so, we must dismiss the argument, for the ideality of physical science is an unreal fable and the immortality of the spirit is a delusive promise.

But the multitude of immature children which die, what of them? Are their souls lost? Why, if they continue to live have they been deprived of the benefit of this world's education? What shall we say concerning the suffering with which this world is afflicted? What of sin? The body is the vocal instrument through which the soul communicates with other souls, with his past self, and even, perhaps, with his God. Were the communication between soul and soul direct and immediate, there would be no protection for thought; each man could take full possession of the thoughts of every other man, and there would be no such thing as personality and individuality. The body is needed to hold souls apart and preserve their independence, as well as for conversation and mutual sympathy. Hence body and matter are essential to man's true existence. Without them he must, in accordance with the Chinese theology, be instantly absorbed into the infinite spirit. In this case creation would be a false and unmeaning tragedy. The soul which leaves this earthly body still requires incorporation. The grandest philosopher who has ever speculated upon the theme has told us in his sublime epistle that there are celestial bodies as well as bodies terrestial. It may not be in vain to strive to attain some insight into the possible nature of the celestial bodies, and it may, perchance, assist as a reconciliation for sorrow and sin.

Can we fear lest the substance of the celestial bodies will be less adapted to the souls which they are to clothe? Is it not a fair and just inference that each body will be nicely fitted to its soul, as if organized and crystallized under the controlling influence from within? What better suggestion can be made which shall give us the full benefit of the discipline, education, ties and sympathies of this life? We shall be known as we are. Soul will recognize soul through its external covering with sheering certainty. The stature of each body will correspond to the magnitude of the soul. The intellectual supremacy and consummate beauty of a Shakespeare will be more apparent in his celestial body than in his ideal stature. The countenance of the great lawgiver of Judea will shine as when he descended from Mount Sinai. No crown will be needed to designate legitimate royalty, nor any celestial aureole encircling their heads to mark the loving and majestic presence of the apostles and the true saints. We may justly apprehend that the deformity of our future body will conform to our spiritual errors in the present life. Would not such be the natural and legitimate punishment of sin? But, surrounded by love and sympathy, who would not speedily repent and hasten to be restored to his intended excellence, and fill heaven with joy at his recovery? We then might recognize how suffering and sin were short-lived violations of material and spiritual law, essential to free agency; how they were the evidence of unlimited potentiality, and how they were amply compensated by the freedom and pardon with which they were associated.

Concerning those who have died young, the argument is subtler and more uncertain. It is a proverb that all sorts of people are required to make a world. It would be a detraction from creative fertility to conceive a possible character which did not exist. Nevertheless we must admit that there are limits of spiritual possibility. Certain general principles of human nature must be diffused through all souls which are intended for mutual intercourse. Such is mathematical truth, which we can accept as absolute. I have heard it suggested that possibly the Creator might reverse this truth and make two and two fine, or the sum of the angles of a rectilinear triangle differ from two right angles. Such a power might be attributed to a species of pantheistic god, some unconscious, undeveloped, idiotic and chaotic divinity, but not to the one perfect God of an infinite harmony of imagination. Experience justifies the assertion that all forms of mind required in this world are here to be found. How will it be with the greater demands of the future world? Where is the supply to come from? Why not from the immature spirits which began their existence here, where there is marriage and offspring, and are ready for a different training, partly, perhaps, under our own guidance in the different circumstances of the celestial world?

WONDERFUL ORGANS OF SENSE POSSIBLE.

We have here five imperfect senses, and they are as much as we can manage in this terrestrial world. A life-time is required for the most of us to become journeymen in the use of either of them, and no man has yet been known who was the master of them all. Touch, taste and smell arise from objects in immediate contact with the nerves. Their wide range of perception in different persons and their great capacity of education give us undoubted intimation of how much they may be intended in a more delicate and sensitive organization. Their variety of character dependant upon their location in the nervous system, and their apparent difference in the inferior animals, suggest the possibility and probability of increase of variety in the future, when they may be usefully employed. Hearing and sight, by which we communicate with our fellows and perceive distinct objects, are conveyed by means of vibrations. Auditory vibrations may not be oftener than ten in a second, or they may be as many as 20,000. Visual vibrations, on the contrary, are not less than 400,000,000,000,000 in a second, and may be as many as 800,000,000,000,000. Between these two limits what a vast range of untried perception! There is ample room for more than forty new senses, each of which might have its own peculiar effect upon the nerves of the observer, and give a corresponding variety of information and opportunity for scientific study, for the invention of strange varieties of microscope, telescope and spectroscope to strengthen the new senses for beautiful art, and for the development of giant and lovely forms of poetic fancy and imagination.

Such is the glory of the intellectual future life naturally suggested by Christian philosophy. How infinitely grand in comparison with the elegant joys presented by other forms of religion? It is the natural and reasonable expansion of the ideal development, which began with the nebular theory. Judge the tree by its fruit. Is this magnificent display of ideality a human delusion, or is it a divine record? The heavens and the earth have spoken to declare the glory of God. It is not a tale told by an idiot, signifying nothing. It is the poem of an infinite imagination, signifying immortality.

English Peculiarities.

London correspondence of New York Graphic.

Flag-staffs are poked out of church steeples. Omnibus drivers are quite dandyish in dress, wear gloves and sometimes a rose in the button-hole. Local elections and business notices are posted on the church doors. Gravestones in old church-yards are laid flat on the ground, and grave-yards are paved with epitaphs. No drug stores open on Sunday until 6 p. m. A single woman, after 40, is called "Mrs." out of courtesy. No free lounging offices or halls in the hotels. Every bar-room is a "public houser" Women and men are promiscuous patronizers of bars. In dress, women are cumbrously baggy about the skirts. Average female shoe clumsy and ill-fitting. Sad change from the Parisian grisette in plain black, white collar, low slipper, and bare head. But the English soldier is far beyond the French in build, carriage, uniform and general appearance. Fine animals. Shops for selling cooked food are abundant; such as roasts of all kinds, corned beef and boiled vegetables. Fine meat, too. For six pence a square meal may be bought and carried home in a paper; also, eel and kidney pies for a penny. "Noted Eel Pie Houses" all over London. A workingman may buy his steak or chop at the butcher's and have it cooked at the chop-house. The sign "No charge for cooking" is common in chop-house windows. A cup of tea is one penny, coffee ditto. The tea is good, the coffee villainous. This is a plain poor man's living. A penny will give a beggar a meal, viz: bowl of soup and bread. Shops are much ornamented with heavy brass mouldings mounted on wood. In this damp climate it's one eternal scrub and polish to keep them bright. They are frequently movable and are taken within at night; otherwise they are stolen. Singular sight, though, to see a shopman thus dismounting the ornamentation of his shop doors and windows. There are miles on miles of small, two-story cottages. In these live the working people. Six-story tenements a la New York are unknown. The poor man's street here is narrow and grimy, but the house has more comfort than that of Gotham. Tens of thousands in London have their bit of back yard and strip of front garden. Baths, warm and cold, are abundant. Cold, one penny; warm, two pence. Best class, six pence, including soap and towel. Excellent gin at 40 cents a pint. The stuff sold in New York for "Old Tom" at $1.00 per bottle is alcohol in comparison. One needs now to visit Europe to learn what good liquor means. Dirt is abundant on both men and women in East London. For greasy and rotten rags on men and women, London may stand A1. Thames steam ferry-boats cheap, dingy and dirty. Funerals cheap. Can be buried for $20, with four hired mourners. Crape a yard in length dangling from their hats like a pirates flag, red noses, black suits, well inked at seams. Don't know who you are, what you are, where you came from, or where you're going to. No matter. Will mourn all the same, and after funeral adjourn to the nearest public house and pray for another subject to mourn over.

Ye Truth.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

New England is engaged in a great theological controversy. We will say for those not acquainted with that group of colonies, that this is not the first time a controversy has raged therein. Theology is the bread of Massachusetts and the rival of pumkin pie in Connecticut. To quarrel for the glory of God was the chief end of the Saybrock platform; the salvation of thousands of the elect. The present "pleasant discourse" is as to to whether ye ancient Puritans did teach ye damnation of infants. Some assert that such a notion was never heard of till the foes of religion, in pure malice, put it into the mouths of dead and defenceless divines. But it is as stoutly asserted on the other side that the colonial parsons and poets did teach the said doctrine in unmistakable terms. Neither side will reach fasts for some months yet. Meanwhile the great religious daily begs leave to offer the following quotations. From the pages of Michael Wigglesworth, pastor at Malden, Massachusetts, from 1656 to 1704, we cull this gem:

Then to the bar all they drew near
Who died in infancy,
And never had or good or bad
Effected personality;
But from the womb unto the tomb
Were straightway carried,
Or at least, ere they transgressed
Who thus began to plead.

Well, they pleaded that it would hardly be the square thing to burn them eternally for Adam's sin, seeing that Adam was in sight on one of the best thrones, enjoying himself hugely. But the judge shuts off debate, moving the previous question, as follows:

You sinners are, and such a share
As sinners may expect,
Such you shall have, for I do save
None but mine own elect.
Yet to compare your sin with their
Who lived a longer time,
I do confess yours is much less,
Though every sin's a crime.
A crime it is; therefore, in bliss
You may not hope to dwell;
But unto you I shall allow
The easiest room in hell.

The pious Michael, having disposed of all classes and ages, and sent them to their appointed places, thus gives them a parting kick:

Go, get away without delay,
Christ pities not your cry;
Depart to hell—there may you yell
And roar eternally.

We can imagine the smack of the lips, the satisfactory beam in his eye, when Brother Wigglesworth has thus cleared the board. There is no dodging the consequences of sturdy truth in his language. He has almost the conviction that he sees the programme. He sees it in his spiritual eye, and it is his duty to be willing to be in the bad number, if thereby he can help the cause.

We have no desire to enter into the controversy; but as a momentary relief from ye great Catholic controversy and ye social evil reconsideration, we consider ye damnation of infants temporarily refreshing.

The Military Skill of the Zulus.

New York Times, April 2.

The military skill displayed by the Zulus is more common than might be supposed among the warriors of Southern Africa, some of whose exploits deserve a wider celebrity than they are likely to attain. One of the most remarkable of these untaught generals was a Griqua chief named Titus Africaner, for many years the firm friend of Dr. Livingstone's father-in-law, Robert Moffat. In their youth, Titus and his elder brother, Christian, were the terror of the whole country, never happy except when making incursions upon the surrounding tribes, or the Dutch and English settlers. On one occasion, having been robbed of all his cattle by his chief enemy, Berend (called Nicholas by the Dutch) Titus made a feigned attempt to recover the booty, and then drew off as if hopeless of success. But during the night he made a forced march of extraordinary speed, surprised the enemy's camp, and, by sending half a dozen men to fire a volley into one side of it, drove the panic-stricken crowd out on the other, close to where the main body lay in ambush. The moon had by this time risen and the fire of the concealed marksmen was so deadly that only Berend himself and a few of his chief adherents escaped, leaving both the stolen cattle and all their own in the hands of the Africaner party. On another occasion, in the heat of a severe "bush fight," Titus and Berend suddenly came face to face. Both rifles were instantly leveled, and each being the best marksman in his tribe, the death of both appeared certain; but at that moment a stray buffalo came rushing between them and received the two bullets, whereupon the superstitious warriors at once withdrew from the combat. Another of Africaner's recorded exploits was to swim, at midnight, with his gun on his shoulder, to an island in the Orange river, where he awaited the coming of a hippopotamus, whose lair he had marked, and laid the monster dead with a single shot just as it opened its huge jaws to seize him.

A Very Advanced Ritualist.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

Dr. DeKoven was extremely "high church" in his views and practice. He was probably the only minister of the Episcopal church who bordered so closely on the Romish doctrine as to maintain a confessional. Very few, indeed, of his fellow-churchmen are aware that for many years it had been his custom to hear confession. That he went so far as to attempt absolution is not here positively asserted, but this much is known: "Adjoining his handsomely furnished library, in the south wing of the old college building, was a room barely large enough to seat four persons comfortably, which was known among the students as the 'confessional.' It contained a kneeling-stool and rack for prayer-book, where the person confessing might kneel. To the right, and adjoining this, was a handsome carved walnut chair for the doctor. The room was darkened, and it was evident from the general appearance of the place that its purposes were sacred. A large portion of the students, especially those of younger years, were in the habit of resorting to the 'confession-box' every two or three weeks, and there detail to the doctor their sins of omission and commission. Many made no secret of their business there. It is not known positively that their sins were formally forgiven by the edict of the confessor, but the inference is that he was accustomed to do so, for in a learned argument at a church convention in New York, last year, Dr. DeKoven advocated the divine right of the ordained ministry to forgive sins. The burning of candles on the chapel altar, the white robes of the twenty choir boys, the chanting of the service, and all the tinsel of gorgeous worship which he practiced and encouraged, bordered as closely upon the Romish as the confessional."

The Aristocracy of the Faubourg St. Germain.

From the London Truth.

The legitimist aristocracy of France by the female side, which is the only certain one abroad, is two-thirds Hebrew. A part of the other third is Yankee. Last winter I heard a son of the crusaders thank the divinity which looks after noble families for having raised up Lafayette and Washington to provide for French strawberry leaves. Hence the *rococo* character of the nobility here and their surroundings. Hence the sedulous cultivation of blue mold, and the bigoted adherence to forms which have no meaning when the system is adopted of setting down heraldic flowers in American guano.

When nobles in the Faubourg St. Germain do not marry Jewesses, Americans, or the daughters of English stock jobbers, they generally pair with cousins. The Due de Chartres is an exception; he married the daughter of a poor Galitzian, converted to Roman Catholicism by Pere Gargia. She is a fine young woman, but semi-barbarious in her tastes. Vicomte de Raineville, another of the exceptions, espoused the niece of the reverend father just named. Her notion of happiness is to put on a new bonnet every day, and to sit in the tribunes of the chamber through debates she does not understand. The grandfathers and grandmothers, and the aunts and uncles in the Faubourg St. Germain, when there has not been a *mesalliance*, are on both sides of the house brought up at the same, catechised by the same priests, accustomed from infancy to the same family pictures, sent to sleep with the same songs, were told the same stories, and retailed, when they grow up, the same scandal.

There has recently been serious trouble in Jicona, Tamaulipas, on account of the proprietorship of certain lands.

Ladies

Do you want a pure, blooming Complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

D. W. HEARD. J. W. GLASS.

HEARD & GLASS,

Money, Land, Real Estate and LIVE STOCK

BROKERS.

Will pay taxes, make collections, rent houses, purchase and sell city lots, land and land certificates, adjust titles, and do a general agency business. Strangers visiting the city prospecting are specially invited to call and see us. To those in want of information in regard to West Texas climate, lands, sheep, cattle, agricultural or other pursuits, free correspondence solicited. Having for years been close observers of the progress and development of this country, we are in position to be of service to persons desiring to locate or invest. We have lands in this county, Atascosa, Wilson, Comal, Medina, Kendall, Kerr, Gillespie, Frio and North-east Texas to sell in large or small tracts. Plats and sub-divisions of these lands at our office. Bandera county, 5 tracts on Pipe and Privilege creeks, from 160 to 400 acres. Atascosa county, several tracts on Lacoa and Borego creeks. Bexar county lands throughout the county in tracts to suit purchasers, in good neighborhoods. Some improved places near Somerset, beyond the Medina. Wilson county, 2,560 acres, will be divided if desired, well timbered and adapted to hog raising.

References: J. T. Thornton, Banker, San Antonio, Texas; Norton, Windom & Co., Bankers, Paducah, Ky.; Ninth National Bank, New York; Murray, Nelson & Co., Chicago; Warren Deposit Bank, Bowling Green, Ky.

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Brick Yard

BOERNE, KENDALL CO., TEXAS,

Is now prepared to furnish Brick in any quantities. This Brick, for general building purposes, has no equal. Specimens may be seen at offices of Annan & Bent and J. H. Kampmann, San Antonio. Send orders to

JOHN F. STENDEBACH & SON,
mch30-tf BOERNE.

THE STAFFEL PLACE

At Boerne, Texas,

FOR SALE.

The Staffel Place, including Store House, Hotel and Furniture, Stables and about five acres of fine ground enclosed, on Main street in Boerne, is for sale at reasonable figures. It is well known and famous for its healthy location and business advantages. Terms easy. Apply to

L. C. GROTHAUS,
Attorney-at-Law, San Antonio,
Or B. STAFFEL, Boerne, Tex. ap.5-52t-w m

MAKE ME

An offer of $1.50 a head, or less, for a flock of

1,500 HEAD OF SHEEP,

About One-third Improved. Rest Mexicans.

Say, 1150 Ewes and 350 Wethers, aged from one to five years; grown wethers fat, and

ALL IN SPLENDID CONDITION AND FREE FROM DISEASE.

Already a large number of young lambs and doing well.

This flock is the property of a lady who is very desirous of selling immediately. No price is placed on them, but they will be sold for the best offer for net cash. Apply early as time is money, and this means business. Address your offers to

S. S. WARD,
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MAX NEUENDORF,

Notary Public and Conveyancer.

Pays special attention to abstracts of titles, Translations from German, English, French or Spanish literally made.

Office at Rische's cigar store, Commerce street, San Antonio, Texas.

Bell AND Bro.

ew Goods in

Plated Ware

Silver and

Of Latest and most Elegant Designs.

Clocks

Of all Kinds.

Razors, Pocket and Table Knives

Of our own Importation.

Celluloid Novelties,

Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry.

A magnificent display. Before laying in your Holiday Presents take a look at the goods of

BELL & BRO.

L. P. Boettler,

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BUILDER,

Alamo St., N Block east of the German Catholic Church.

Store and Office-Fitting a specialty
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Bird Cages

AT ALL PRICES.

FISHING TACKLE

Of Every Description.

BAMBOO POLES

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THE WESTERN AGENCY

FOR THE

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Safe & Lock

COMPANY,

No. 69 Commerce Street, San Antonio.

This Company have the largest and most complete Safe Manufactory in America, and this Safe, as at present made, combining as it does several new and important improvements over the old style, has

NO SUPERIOR

in the world. A stock of various sizes on hand, and special sizes ordered from the manufactory when desired.

Safes Sold to Responsible Parties on Reasonable Terms and Time.

JAMES L. TRUEHEART,

Real Estate, Claim & General Agent

AND NOTARY PUBLIC,

Soledad St., San Antonio,

Will sell on accommodating terms,
One improved lot, near corner of Houston and Acequia streets, 70x120 feet.
One improved lot fronting 60x225 feet on Pecan St.
" " " 50x100 " " San Pedro Cr.
" unimproved lot on 8th St., near San Pedro ave.
" " " Cameron St., opposite new jail.
Two " " East and First street.
44 " " Rio Grande and Houston Sts.
15 acres of irrigable land near railroad depot.
2 " " " on Concepcion road.
Unimproved lots in different parts of the city.
2 improved farms on the Leon creek, 12 miles north-west of the city, on Fredericksburg road.
3 small unimproved tracts on Leon, 12 miles north-west of city.
3 small unimproved tracts on Schoolhouse creek, 6 miles north of city.
1 small unimproved tract on Saltrille creek, near Converse station.
2 small unimproved tracts on Medina, and near Espada mission.
13 small unimproved tracts on Cibolo, in Guadalupe county, near Maj. Brahan's.
1 small farm on Corpus Christi road, near the city, under a good fence.
6 small tracts unimproved, 15 miles east of the city.
8 small tracts unimproved, 24 miles north-west of city, on Balcones creek.
Lands in nearly every county in North-west and South-west Texas, in quantities and prices to suit.
One furnished room to rent on Travis street, near the Vance House.

ROSADAL IS

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S

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY for the cure of Scrofula, Scrofulous Taint, Rheumatism, White Swelling, Gout, Goitre, Consumption, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility and all diseases arising from an impure condition of the Blood.

The merits of this valuable preparation are so well known that a prominent notice is but necessary to remind the readers of this journal of the necessity of always having a bottle of this medicine among their stock of family necessities.

Certificates can be presented from many leading Physicians, Ministers and heads of families throughout the South, endorsing in the highest terms the Fluid Extract of Rosadalis.

Dr. R. WILSON GARR of Baltimore says "he has used it in cases of Scrofula and other diseases with much satisfaction."

Dr. T. C. PUGH of Baltimore recommends it to all persons suffering with disease of Blood, saying it is superior to any preparation he has ever used.

Rev. BARNEY BALL of the Baltimore M. E. Conference South, says he has been so much benefitted by its use that he cheerfully recommends it to all his friends and acquaintances.

OLIVER & CO., Druggists, at Gordonsville, Va., say it never has failed to give satisfaction.

SAM'L. G. McFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tennessee, says it cured him of Rheumatism when all else failed.

Rosadalis is not a secret quack preparation, its ingredients are published on every package. Show it to your Physician and he will tell you it is composed of the strongest alteratives that exist, and is an excellent Blood Purifier. Did our space admit we could give you testimonials from every State in the South and from persons known to every man, woman and child either personally or by reputation.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.

JNO. F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO

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Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

Fruits, Nuts &c.

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Klocke & Slocum

Real Estate Agents

—AND—

Conveyancers,

Office—Soledad Street, near old postoffice.

Will attend to the buying, selling and renting of Real Estate, and to the investigation of Land Titles. Also to

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Good Security.

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John F. Reusse,

of New York City, Agent for Lindeman & Sons' celebrated Optional Pianos, will tune and repair Pianos and Organs with the utmost care. All work warranted to give entire satisfaction,

OR NO PAYMENT REQUIRED.

Orders left at Messrs. Doerr & Jacobsen's photograph establishment, No. 93 Commerce street, will receive prompt attention. may22

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(All Sizes)

CANARY SEED,

(Plain and Mixed.)

Gravel Paper, Cuttle-fish Boxes, Bird Nests, Bath Tubs, Etc., Etc

L. HUTH & SON,

Market Street, Opposite Commercial Block.

SPRING WAGONS

Spring Wagons!

THE FINEST STOCK OF

SPRING WAGONS

Ever offered in San Antonio of the celebrated

StudebakerBrs

Manufacturing Co.,

SOUTH BEND, INDIANA,

Largest factory of the world, that received the highest premiums and awards of merit on their works wherever exhibited in competition with other parties.

Cabriolets, Phaetons, Top and Open Buggies, Ambulances, Platform Wagons, Express Wagons, Picnic and Diamond and California Express Wagons, Half-spring Wagons, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Improved Studebaker wagons with new patent thimble skein iron axle, Mitchell wagon with self-oiling skeins, tents, covers, bows, etc.

ALL SOLD WITH FULL WARRANTY, AND AT LOWEST FACTORY PRICES.

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Menger Hotel,

ALAMO PLAZA,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,

Mrs. W. A. Menger, Proprietress.

ACCOMMODATIONS EQUAL TO ANYIN THE STATE.

PAUL WAGNER,

AGENT FOR

E. Anheuser's Keg Beer.

MILBURN WAGON Co

Toledo, Ohio.

South-western Branch

SOLEDAD ST., SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

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This old and reliable Factory of thirty years' standing has now opened a branch in this city, a full assortment of

FREIGHT AND FARM WAGONS,

Both Thimble Skein and Iron Axle, from the six thousand pound Freighter to the Mill Hand, as well as a complete assortment of

OPEN AND TOP BUGGIES,

End and Side Spring. Also all styles of Ambulan Carryalls, Jersey Wagons, Tents, etc. Every vehicle guaranteed for one year against defective workmanship or materia

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Main Plaza, San Antonio, Texas

DEALERS IN

Hardware & Agricultural Implements,

Saddlery, Fairbank's Scales, Wagon, Carriage and Buggy Timber, Axles and Springs, Pitt's Celebrated Horse Powers, Reynold's Cotton Press, Prairie Cotton Gin,

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN CUTLERY,

Iron and Steel, Nails, Locks and Screws, Hinges, Tools of the best material, Paints and Oils, J. Leffel' Celebrated Turbine Water Wheel, C. H. & L. J. McCormic's Harvester, with or without binder, Improved Improved Prize Mower, Furst & Bradley Manufacturing Co's Celebrated Cast Steel Plows, Oil Stoves and Best Hay Rakes. All other AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Horse Powers and Engines Aultman & Taylor Threshers, Separators and Cleaners, Kentucky Sugar Mills and Evaporators, Stimson Flour and Corn Mills, "Queen of the South."

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BRANCH HOUSE

ALAMO PLAZA, Opp. Menger Hotel,

SAN ANTONIO, - - - TEXAS.

Our present Headquarters on Main plaza becoming too small on account of increasing business we have opened a Branch House on Alamo plaza, opposite Menger Hotel, where we will also keep a full stock of goods in our line, to which we invite inspection by all purchasers. apr 10 dp wly

Hugo & Schmeltzer

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BOTTLED LAGER BEER

Known as the best bottled beer in the market and superior to any imported article.

NEW SHIPMENTS ARRIVING EVERY WEEK.

Also Rosek

Daily Express.

Sunday Morning, April 13, 1879.

Easter Carol.

A song of sweetness fills the air,
And all in sweetness everywhere,
This happy morn,
This happy morn,
This joyful morn,
This Easter morn.

Where throughout the broad earth,
The crumbling tilth doth give it birth,
New born! new born! this Easter morn.

Now tunes the joyous melody,
The bursting leaf on bush and tree;
This happy morn, &c;
The valley with its changing hue
And smiling face the sounds renew:
New born! &c.

No longer bound by winter's cold;
From purling brook the Anthem's told,
This happy morn, &c.
The mountain warmed by sunny heat,
The gen'ral chorus doth repeat,
New born! &c.

The plain, the forest, and the vale,
Confess the universal strain,
This happy morn, &c.
And man redeemed doth rejoice
And cries with loud exultant voice
New born! &c.

The world begins anew to-day,
What wonder then 'tis nature's lay,
This happy morn, &c.
All things in the earth, the air,
Sing with one voice everywhere,
This happy morn!
This joyful morn!
This Easter morn!

Parson Williams' Sabbath Breaking.

From the Independent.

On the grave of Parson Williams
The grass is brown and bleached,
It is more tha ; fifty winters
Since he lived and laughed and preached.

But his memory in New England
No winter snows can kill;
Of his goodness and his drollery
Countless legends linger still.

And many a child's delighted laughter
I hide this one a boon,
How he got in Deacon Crosby's hay
On a Sunday afternoon.

He was midway in a sermon
Most orthodox, on grace,
When a sound of distant thunder
Broke the quiet of the place.

Now the meadows of the Crosbys
Lay full within sight,
As he looked the shadow
Which stood spot on his right.

And the green and fragrant haycocks
Dry scarce three days stand;
Not a meadow like the Deacon's
Far or near in all the land.

Quick glance at the signs of thunder
Well rolling through the skies,
And the Parson saw his Deacon
Looking out with anxious eyes.

"Now, my brethren," called the Parson,
And called with might and main,
"We must get in brother Crosby's hay,
'Tis our duty now most plain!"

And he shut the great red Bible,
And tossed his sermon down,
Not a man could say he acted unfaitly
Then the Parson in that town.

And he ran now to the meadow,
With all strength and speed,
And the congregation followed,
All bewildered in his lead.

Ha! not often on a Sunday
Such sight as this, I ween,
Of a parson and his people,
A New England town had seen.

With a w'l they worked and shouted,
And cleared the fields green
And the Parson left the singing,
While the sweat rolled down his face.

And it thundered, forces, louder,
And the dark grew east and west,
But the hay was under cover,
And the Parson had worked best.

Not a moment had been wasted;
The rain was falling fast
As the Parson with his people
Strength'ning the Sabbath-place passed.

And they spoke in jest and praise
Their plans took compared;
And the Parson preached his sermon
To "effectually," where it closed.

When the services were ended
The people talking stayed,
And among the sternly pious
There were bitter comments made.

And the good old Deacon Crosby,
A staid and godly man,
Hardly dared rejoice his haycocks
Had been saved on such a plan.

But the Parson came down, smiling
In haste, the narrow aisle,
And the deacon's bent old shoulders
He patted, with a smile,

And he said: "No fear, my brother,
Lest God think it is a sin;
For he sent the sun to make your hay,
And your friends to get it in."

Fashion Notes.

Tasselled sheets are shown in Eastern toilets.

Ladder-like bows are used to adorn rich costumes.

Diaper patterns in light woolen goods are very much admired.

Panama tweeds are new, loosely-woven materials for summer suits.

Alsatian bows, made of the new Persian ribbons, are a special feature.

"Indistinct checks" is the new term for the designs in India dress goods.

Handsome chairs for the parlor and library are upholstered with mummy-cloth.

In feminine shoes the tendency is to pointed toes, high heels, and stollops round the ankle.

Dark inner trimmings and light outside garniture seem to be the rule for the new bonnets.

Jardinlere designs in dress material are smiling in tone-and quite suggestive of the new season.

Mauties for spring are of black camel's hair of Dolman shape, with square, Hussarian sleeves.

The new parasols are unique and of colonial pattern, and quite as nice inside as they are outside.

The new bonnet can not be described. It is one of those things that must be worn to be appreciated.

Banada peroales are very pronounced. This style is a reproduction of bandana handkerchief patterns.

Straw hats and bonnets are to come in shades to match the costumes. One may buy either hat or dress first.

Oriental designs in silk handkerchiefs are more or less in favor with those who want to be neat and also gaudy.

There is a great tendency to creamy tinges; these pale effects in dress and ribbons are already favorites with elegantes, both old and young.

Shades of Easter eggs have the design cut on a birch bark, finished either in India ink or colors, and fastened on panel cards of different tints.

Handsome embroidered mantles of sicilienne and camel's hair, jetted elaborately and trimmed with silk fringe and lace, are temptingly displayed.

Breton remains one of the most favorite laces, and is more extensively used for trimming than ever. Russian lace receives as much attention as ever.

Beaded fringe and passementerie will be very much used; also Breton and Cabinet lace, in many instances fringe and lace be used in the same garment.

There are new ornaments in imitation of silver set in brilliants that glitter like diamonds; these form anchors, darts, dragons, beetles, butterflies and tridents.

Poussiere d'ombre is a dust shade, and comes in all the leading "ton" dress fabrics. The gray electric hues come in nine varieties, and are veiled with bluish tinges.

New and pretty white ties are of French nainsook, the ends embroidered with polka dots in red or blue. Jabot ties are made of fine cambric handkerchiefs with colored borders.

Peacock colors are inclined to show changeable results in some lights. Faded colors have been introduced in many fine dress materials and rich ribbons. This made of dye is quite new.

There is a full representation of yellow in the list of new spring colors—dark figures largely in recherche dressing; blue is also generously brought forward, and is seen in a charming variety of tones.

Gloves in all the shades of russet are worn with black costumes. The new shades of light blue are reproduced in long suits that are non-soiling. The gloves reached half-way in the armpit then will be worn with street dresses.

Buttons will form a very prominent feature on dresses this season, and they are presented in an endless variety. The handsomest styles are engraved steel, painted steel, engraved metal with jardaniere effect, turquoise engraved and inlaid pearl.

Many of the new bonnets are lined with gathered satin and trimmed with grasses of the new shade, green, called "rossan," satin ribbon of the same shade being passed plainly over the crown, tying down the sides and terminating in a bow and strings beneath the chin.

The hats for full dress are very pretty. Some are made of white China crepe and trimmed with crushed roses and with soft ostrich plumes. Gauze is a favorite trimming for black chip hats, especially broonded gauze by which the shape of the object glasses.

Many of the new collars and cuffs have chinta binding of satoen covered with tiny rosebuds. In every day lingerie are seen long white linen waistcoats, beautifully embroidered and edged with Breton lace, and white, plaid and blue Indian muslin necktiies trimmed with Breton lace.

Fans are no longer attached to the waist band, but are carried in the hand. Some costly fans are of white, pink or blue satin shouns, mounted on either tortoise shell or pearl sticks, with a monogram in gold and jewels. Black and stone ostrich feathers are on tortoise shell sticks are also very fashionable.

An exquisite parasol had pink and silk cloth, beneath lacing of Point Venise, somewhat similar to the Dolman but in of more stylish cut. It is trimmed of very handsome passementerie beaded with Iris beads that sparkle with a grand effect, and is trimmed around the bottom with a fringe to match, six inches deep.

A New and pretty idea for spring costumes of wash goods is to make a neck-tie of the dress material. Stamp the ends in an elaborate pattern and embroider in different colored embroidery cotton. Later in the season with trimmed straw hats, for country wear, may be worn with a scarf of the dress goods.

THE CRUEL KHEDIVE.

Night Scenes on the Line of an Egyptian Railroad.

Correspondence of Hatfield Post.

The accounts of the distress now existing in the valley of the Nile remind the writer of a scene he witnessed in the winter of 1876. Starting from Cairo for a trip up the Nile we stopped the first night opposite the ruins of ancient Memphis, in the village of Mitrahiny, in the moonlight. We were surprised at seeing on the plain a mile or two south of us a large gathering of people bearing lights. Upon going to the spot we found more than a thousand men, women and children engaged in throwing up an embankment for the railroad which the khedive was building from Cairo to Thebes by forced labor. No machinery or tools whatever were used except baskets. These the poor wretches were filling with their hands, placing them upon their heads slowly and wearily, except when accelerated by the voice or lash of the overseer, dragging themselves up the embankment and dumping them at the end. This embankment, I judged, was about twelve or fifteen feet higher than the plain, and perhaps forty feet wide. The laborers seem would contain about three pecks of the light, dry, alluvial earth; those of the women about a half bushel, and the children perhaps a peck. This was all forced labor—no pay whatever. The khedive would send a steamer up the river to a village, and call for from fifty to two hundred people of all ages and sexes to go, without pay, and work on this railroad for one month, at the end of which time he would send them back. The sums of money collected from exhaustion helped to swell the embankment. We think for sentiment. What their hours of labor were I could not find out, but I saw them at work at 10 p. m. I saw villages up the river partly depopulated because, on a late visit of these steamers, had one entirely abandoned and partly in ruins, having fled into, as was said by our dragoman, because the "Sheik" could not or would not furnish the required quota. It was the intention to grade the entire road of several hundred miles in this way. Whether it has been accomplished I am not aware. Our party chartered a government steamer for the trip. At the coal stations the officers impressed the first natives they could catch and compelled them to coal our steamer in the same manner the railroad was being graded, in baskets carried on the head. I do not wonder that with the system of unpaid labor in full force, and all the labors of the khedive, with his great desire for improvements, and his large attempts at cotton growing and sugar making, there should finally be distress in the valley of the Nile.

IDIOTIC SUPERSTITION.

A Russian Soldier's Widow Burned as a Witch.

St. Petersburg Government Messenger.

Early last month a woman named Agafona Ignatjeva was burned as a witch by the peasants in the village of Wraishevo, in the government of Novgorod. It seems that the wretched woman, who was the widow of a soldier, had the reputation of being a sorceress and witch, and strove to promote this delusion by every means in her power. The peasants of the whole neighboring district had such a dread of her powers of mischief that they endeavored even to anticipate her wishes, and, although an absolute pauper, she lived very comfortably on the contributions spontaneously made to her. There were many instances in the district suffering from epidemic, and it was generally believed that the witch had thus punished those for offending her in some way. One of these epileptic sufferers, a girl from a distant village, brought some peasants to burn the witch and so relieve her from her sufferings. At an assembly of heathen and sculpins of the village it was resolved to extinguish the source of mischief. They proceeded to her hut, which they found barricaded up. They broke it open, discovered the wretched woman, charged her with the crime, and then nailed up the window and door to prevent her escape. By this time over 200 men had assembled around the hut, and until their pens still shouts of exultation it was set on fire, and the whole crowd remained until it was quite consumed. The sum of 31 roubles and 90 copecks (nearly $16.50.) was collected and offered in the street, ostensibly as a bribe to secure his release from the hands of the law, and on this terrible tragedy ended.

American and English Driving Contrasted.

From a London Letter.

Walking along the Marylebone road, I saw a pair of high-stepping American trotters in an American buggy with wheel springs, setting over the granite roadway as gaily as if they were on route for Jerome Park. The only other turnout of this kind in London is Wyndham's, but I venture to think these conveyances once become fashionable we shall soon get rid of our cumbrous phaeton. Lincoln-bodied and springless as a cart, for both the Hansom and the Long Island phaeton of America than the roads upon which they are driven at home. "If this is a question of the best roads," said an American gentleman who drives his fast trotters when he is in New York, "you should have our light wheels in London, and we your heavy ones on the other side." I remember once, and shortly before he died, having a long chat with Hiram Woodruff about driving. He was the first wheelwright driven in the world an English Wheelwright, who will take a gun over ground which would puzzle a fox hunter. But that is middle of embassy driving. He considered an American stage driver unequaled behind a four-horse team though some of the London drivers of heavy omnibuses may handle their horses fearlessly through the difficult meshes of the London traffic. Kingsley considered that there is more art and elegance in the four-horse drag driving of Hiram Woodruff in America. He compared the difficulty in a coach. American stage driving is splendid," he said, "it is like plowing the Atlantic with a line, running along through all weathers. English driving is like a yacht spanking the Isle of Wight in full sail."

The Aged—What Period in Life Does Man Old Acquaintances.

Rockford Post.

Any one who lives to be 60 is very apt to survive nearly all the friends of his youth, and when he has lived to be 70, he finds very few of the intimates or acquaintances he has enjoyed in middle age. Living to 80 or 90 he is destined to a kind of isolation as regards affection or sympathy which is very painful, if he have any sensibility or love of his fellows left at so advanced a period. Going beyond 90—to 96, for example, as Mme. Patterson-Bonaparte has done—he survives all his contemporaries, he becomes a human anachronism. When she dies, as she will doubtless, within a week or two at the furthest, the last direct connection with the family of the great Napoleon will be broken. She has outlived everybody, and almost everything. Her husband, the youngest brother of Napoleon, who married her at 19 and lived to be 76, has been dead nineteen years. All the actors in the great wars of the French Emperor, every character in that grand and startling drama of which he was the hero, appear now to belong to ancient history. Elizabeth Patterson, the pretty daughter of the rich Baltimore merchant, was married twelve years before the battle of Waterloo. Napoleon was then first consul, and Josephine Beauharnais was still mistress of the French palace. His imperial grandeur did then having power to knock down the combined sovereigns of Europe and set up the members of his family in their place. After Waterloo, Mme. Patterson-Bonaparte attracted wide attention in Paris from the most distinguished people. Wellington admired her beauty; Talleyrand complimented her; Mme. Dubinet called her lovely. A few years ago the secret correspondence revealing the negotiations which, it was fondly believed, would result in placing old Betsy Patterson's shapely head one of the richest crowns Napoleon was preparing to distribute to his brothers, was found. It is said, among the rubbish of a Baltimore rag-shop and destroyed. It would read strangely by the light of subsequent events.

Mexican Items.

Two Republics, March 29.

It appears that there are still disorders in the state of Sinaloa.

It appears that the revolution in Tepic has about terminated.

The local disturbances in Palmillas, Tamaulipas, still continue.

The daily expenses of the garrison of this city amount to $10,000.

A sharp shock of earthquake was felt in Chilpancingo on the 9th inst.

The reported pronunciamento in the Huasteca has been officially contradicted.

The crops in Oaxaca were very much injured by a hail storm on the 14th inst.

Mr. Fernando Pontones has made a proposition to light this city by electricity.

A dog affected with the hydrophobia was killed in this city a few days ago.

The famous Blue Beard, the kidnapper, who was sentenced to 15 years imprisonment, has made his escape.

Indians supposed to be Lipans have recently made a destructive raid into Nuevo Leon and Coahuila.

Mr. Pedro Arias was kidnapped in Chiotla two months ago, since when no tidings have been received from him.

The Diario Oficial has contradicted the report that President Diaz intends making a visit to the northern frontier.

The supreme court has recently declared again the unconstitutionality of interior custom houses.

Vice Governor Sosa of Sonora, has captured the city of Alamos, and appears to have brought over Gov. Mariscal.

The first installment of rails for the San Luis and Tampico railway arrived at San Luis on the 7th inst.

A challenge was sent by "Juvenal" of the Monitor to a Mr. Ruiz of the Libertad, a few days ago, but fortunately no blood was spilled.

The inhabitants of Santiago Tuxtla and San Juan Evangelista are taking measures to place themselves in telegraphic communication with the rest of the country.

In San Miguel Allende a religious procession was attacked in the cemetery adjoining the church by policemen and soldiers, and a fight ensued in which many persons were injured.

Wit and Humor.

Weather report—Thunder.

Baby mine—A howling hospital.

Back in stock table linen—Upset the gravy.

Some of the cheese—"Will you love me when I scold?"

The fellow who wrote, "Oh, ask me not again," must have been full.

The dentist will make more money per other that any farmer we ever saw.

A clergyman to Albany suggest that the wages of sin be cut down and the salaries of ministers raised a per or two.

It has been proven that after kindling his fire a miner stuck a cork in the mouth of the bellows to save the little wind that was left in it.

"Tree worth, like the rose, will blush at its own sweetness. God! Could never understand before why our fate was so red.—Hartford Post.

Sister Bubb once mislaid a swearing visitor by saying, "Let us assume that everything and everybody are damned, and proceed with our subject."

A chair has been invented which can be adjusted to over a hundred different positions. It will be a handy piece of furniture in introducing into a church pew.

But very few ever become remarkable for anything after they have reached fifty, unless it is for something that they ought to be ashamed of.—[Josh Billings.

"What is the usual definition of conscience?" asked a man of his pastor. "A man's rule for his neighbor's conduct is about the way it comes out practically," was the reply.

An agricultural paper advises the farmer to count his sheep every day. If it comes to that, we should advise the farmer to move into a better neighborhood.—[Turners Falls Reporter.

"We all known," said a cockney school committeeman to a new teacher he was examining for her position, "that A, B and C is to commence but what we wants to know is vy they is so."

Photographer: "You look too sober—smile a little." He smiles, and the photographer says: "Not so much, sir; my establishment is too small to accompany the opening."—[Oil City Derrick.

When a man discovers that he has got away with $2,674.13 worth of tobacco and cigars during his life, he doesn't decide to stop smoking and chewing, but to do more begging of his friends.

It is heartrending to make such corrections, but it is very necessary sometimes. In speaking of the president of our local bank last week, says a country journal, "for Mr. Shakshaft," please read "Mr. schebule.

"Is there any danger of the lion contributor biting me?" asked a lady visitor at the zoological gardens. "Not the least, mum," replied the showman. "He never bites he swallows his victim whole." New York Sun.

"What do you know of the character of this man?" was asked of a witness at a police court the other day. "What do I know of his character? I know it to be unmistakable your honor," he replied, with much emphasis.

An Irishman remarked to his companion, on observing a lady pass, "Tut, did you ever see so thin a woman, as that before?" "Thin!" replied the other, "bothersthen! I seen a woman as thin as two of her put together, an I have."

"Do, for goodness sake, walter, take those nut-crackers over to that man," exclaimed a nervous old lady sitting opposite a party who was cracking hickory nuts with his teeth. "No, I thank you," he said politely returning them, "mine are not false teeth."—[The Nation.

There is a story that a man went into a Newburyport liquor store and called for two quarts of rum, performing that it was for the purpose of washing some seals. After the delivery of the liquor, the dealer inquired, "What seals?" "The seals of my tongue," said the man; but it was too late.

A clergyman had for one of his parishioners a painter who was up so late nights attending to his trade that he almost invariably fell asleep in his pew on Sundays. The clergyman shortly rebuked him for his inattention, and closed by saying: "If you can't keep awake any other way, put some red pepper in your boots." To which the painter feebly replied: "Put some in your sermon."

Discussing an absent friend: "Yes, Robinson's an clever fellow, and he's a modest fellow, and he's a honest fellow but, betwixt you and I and the post, Mr. Jones," said Brown, confidentially, "Robinson did not mother the books, nor yet the baggage, nor yet the manners of a gentleman." "Right you are, sir," said Jones, shoveling the mutual remains of his pie pushing into his mouth with a steel knife (which he afterward wiped on the tablecloth). "You've it 'im off to a T."—Punch.

Pistol Practice.

Marshall Herald.

The history of the state shows that the murders are on ten to one since the prohibitory law went into effect. The reason is plain. Good citizens respect and observe its requirements, and are left completely at the mercy of desperadoes. When men were allowed to carry arms at their pleasure, homicides were of rare occurrence. Such a thing as stage robberies were never contemplated, and a train robbery would have been impossible. It depends a great deal upon the motive whether it is contemptible and cowardly to carry deadly weapons. In the majority of instances, it is simply a matter of prudence. Men that design to take human life, and who are numbered at least, feel secure under the operations of a law which gives them every advantage, while it affords no protection to their victims. The prohibitory law has proved an unmixed evil, and the sooner it is repealed, in our opinion, the better. Permit men to carry arms for self-protection, but hold them to a rigid accountability for their acts.

Daily Review of the San Antonio Market.

Office of the Daily & Weekly Express, Saturday, April 12th, 1879.

The grocery and provision trade, both wholesale and retail, was better to-day than for a long time. Other branches of business showed up better to-day than any day this week. The number of loaded wagons noticed going west to-day was much larger than usual.

Financial matters are unchanged since our last report, except that Mexican dollars are advancing in value to bullion and now now sell at 83c and are bought by the bankers at 80c.

The receipts of wool to-day included three hundred pounds of bonds' wool, which sold at 18c. About the same quantity of No. 2, which sold at 14½c. One bag which was said to be extra fine No. 1 wool sold for 15c, but on being unpacked proved to be falsely packed and contained a number of heavy heavy Mexican fleece, which were also worthless. The fellow who sold the wool will be forced to refund part of the money or answer to the law for his cheating. No huge wool grower could afford to play such a trick and for the benefit of the other wool growers it is to be hoped that an example will be made of this one.

Cotton is unchanged. There is no advance in prices here merely because there has been no receipts.

The receipts of freight by rail to-day included one car load of government freight, thirteen of mixed merchandise, one of cottonseed, two of coal, one of lard, one of sugar, one of flour and one of beer.

The receipts of hides to-day included two hundred and fifty Mexican hides from Monclova, consigned to one of the local agents of the Buffalo buyers. Also several smaller lots from the Frio country besides the usual country and fresh butchered hide. Prices are unchanged and the demand is good for all that comes in.

Grain continues very stiff and in demand with a strong rising tendency.

Country produce is scarce except eggs which are plentiful and cheap.

Irish potatoes are getting scarce with prices firm at our quotations.

Groceries are in large supply with the stock largely replenished by recent receipts.

Butchers' beeves are very scarce and in demand. Corn fed cattle are very scarce at any price.

FINANCIAL.

Coin	Buying	Selling
Gold Coin	100	100½
Gold Coin, Clipped	99½	99
Mexican Dollars	80	83
Mexican Halves	60	....
Texas Quarters	30	....
New York Exchange, sight		¼ pm
New Orleans Exchange		¼ pm
Gold Exchange		¼ pm
St. Louis Exchange		¼ pm

Money—
Bank discounts, good paper ..... 12 per ct.
Outside discounts, good paper ..... 15@18 per ct.
Outside discounts, poor paper ..... 18@25 per ct.
City Gross Indebtedness—
Bonds ..... par b
COTTON—
Middlings 9¼
Low middling 7¾
Good Ordinary 7¾
Ordinary 7
Low Ordinary and trash ..... 6 ad 6½

BEEVES—
Western, heavy weight, 1350 lbs and over ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Western, light weight, 1050 to 1350 lbs ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 1050 lbs and over ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 1050 lbs and over, 12½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 12 to 20 lbs ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 20 to 30 lbs ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 30 lbs and over ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 12 to 20 lbs, 12½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 20 to 30 lbs, 12½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 30 lbs and over, 12½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 12 to 20 lbs, 25 off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 20 to 30 lbs, 25 off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 30 lbs and over, 25 off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 12 to 20 lbs, 37½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 20 to 30 lbs, 37½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 30 lbs and over, 37½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 12 to 20 lbs, 50 off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 20 to 30 lbs, 50 off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 30 lbs and over, 50 off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 12 to 20 lbs, 62½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 20 to 30 lbs, 62½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 30 lbs and over, 62½ off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 12 to 20 lbs, 75 off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 20 to 30 lbs, 75 off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Texas, fed, 30 lbs and over, 75 off ..... 3½@3½ 4-2
Western and Mexican improved ..... 3½@3½
Texas ..... 2½@3½

SHEEPING—
Wool sheep ..... 3½@3½
Shearing sheep, two months capacity 3½
Shearing sheep, long 3½
Cotton shearing 3½

LAMBS—
Texas lambs, weight per lb 5
" " " per lb 5
" " " per lb 5
" " " per lb 5
White pine sidings, clear 5
" " " common 5
Florida pine, dressed, per foot ..... 3½@3½
" " boards, do ..... 3½@3½
" " boards, per lb ..... 3½@3½
Dressed ceiling, do ..... 3½@3½
" " 10 clear 3½
Shingles, sawed cypress, 16 x 4, per M 3½
" " " 16 x 4 ..... 3½
Lathes, white pine, per M 3½
" " Texas pine 3½

MARKET PRICES—
Beef 3½
Mutton 3½
Pork 3½
Veal 3½
Lamb 3½
Chickens, per dozen ..... 3½@3½
Ducks ..... 3½@3½
Turkeys ..... 3½@3½
Geese ..... 3½@3½
Venison, hindquarters, per pound ..... 3½@3½
" " forequarters per pound ..... 3½@3½
Butter ..... 3½@3½
Eggs ..... 3½@3½

GRAIN—
Wheat ..... 3½@3½
Corn ..... 3½@3½
Oats ..... 3½@3½

LIVE STOCK—
Cows, per head ..... 3½@3½
Milch cows, per head ..... 3½@3½
Two year old steers and heifers, per head ..... 3½@3½
Yearling steers, per head ..... 3½@3½
Stags ..... 3½@3½
Mexican steers, per head ..... 3½@3½
Improved Mexicans ..... 3½@3½
Crowded to shoot 4 pounds ..... 3½@3½
Crowded to shoot 3 pounds ..... 3½@3½
Crowded to shoot 2 pounds ..... 3½@3½
Sheep, weighing 70 to 80 lbs ..... 3½@3½
Sheep, weighing 60 to 70 lbs ..... 3½@3½
Sheep, weighing 50 to 60 lbs ..... 3½@3½
Sheep, wethers, 3 to 4 years old ..... 3½@3½
Stock heifers ..... 3½@3½

PECANS—
Pecans, per bushel ..... 3½@3½

GROCERIES.

Bacon—
Long clear		3½@3½
Short clear		3½@3½
Ribbed		3½@3½
Hams, sugar cured		3½@3½
Hams, canvassed		3½@3½
Shoulders		3½@3½
Beef, per bbl		3½@3½
Beef, per half bbl		3½@3½
Beef, per quarter		3½@3½
Beef, per lb		3½@3½
Beef, per half lb		3½@3½
Beef, per quarter lb		3½@3½
Beef, per eighth lb		3½@3½
Beef, per sixteenth lb		3½@3½
Beef, per half bbl		3½@3½
Beef, per quarter bbl		3½@3½
Beef, per eighth bbl		3½@3½
Beef, per sixteenth bbl

Daily Express.

Sunday Morning, April 13, 1879.

LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

—S. Mayer's bazaar.

—Rye and rock at Walker's.

—Read S. Mayer's column.

—Infants' hosiery at A. L. Wood's.

—Get your Milk Punches at Walker's.

—Concert at Sommer's garden Sunday.

—Gent's night shirts at A. L. Wood's.

—Regain health at Sutherland Springs.

—Boys' shirts for sale by A. L. Wood.

—Concert at Sommer's garden Sunday.

—Fresh country butter at Radway & Rudy's.

—Fresh strawberries daily, at Harnisch & Baer's.

—Beautiful ruchings at A. L. Wood's.

—S. Mayer's is the popular resort for ladies.

—Fresh strawberries daily, at Harnisch & Baer's.

—Linen bosom shirts for 50 cents at Frost & Bro's.

—Men's and boy's straw hats at A. L. Wood's.

—Young men's stylish hats at Frost & Bro's.

—Fresh strawberries daily, at Harnisch & Baer's.

—Ice cold St. Louis and Milwaukee beer at the Clipper.

—The finest and oldest bourbon and rye whiskies at the Clipper, Main plaza.

—Go to the Buffalo camp yard store for fresh country butter.

—Gentlemen can depend on getting a good shoe from A. L. Wood.

—Cheap ribbons and late style hose at Frost & Bro's.

—Fresh country butter at Buffalo camp yard store, Flores street.

—Go to the Clipper for cream punches, ice cold buttermilk, domestic and imported cigars.

—For rent, good business house on Commerce street. Apply to George Horner.
apr12-6t

—Don't fool away your money for worthless shoes when you can get good ones from A. L. Wood.

—Call and see the champagne fountain at the Clipper—only 15 cents a drink. Splendid lunch at 10 a. m.

—Handsome alpaca coats in all colors, styles and designs at low prices by Frost & Bro. apr9-d&w-3t. e

—Excelsior spring water, fresh from the spring at Saratoga, N. Y., in gas tight reservoirs, ice cold on draughts, for sale by Adolph Dreiss, druggist, Alamo plaza, San Antonio, Texas. mch29 2m

—Officer Gleason bagged another horse-thief yesterday.

—King William (Schmidt), of Houston, representing a large liquor house, is again doing the city.

—The employees of the waterworks company were engaged last evening in running water pipes into the courthouse.

—A game of base-ball was played last evening between the Red Stars and the Independents, resulting in a score of 18 to 12 runs in favor of the former club.

—Dr. C. E. Fisher has concluded to locate here permanently and resume the practice of his profession. He has fitted up rooms over D. & A. Oppenhemer's store, on Commerce street.

—A special dispatch received by Paul Wagner from Anheuser Beer company says, "Bock beer now on the way. Will arrive at San Antonio on the 16th inst." Further notice in a few days.

—R. Wipprecht, a New Braunfels school teacher, was fined $2 and costs before the county judge, George Pfeuffer, the other day, for unmercifully punishing a little son of R. Mergele.

—The contract to build the turners' hall was signed yesterday. Work will be commenced on Tuesday. The building must be finished within twelve weeks from date of contract.

—Mr. R. M. Carter returned from a jaunt to Fredericksburg yesterday. He says Gillispie county will poll a small vote at Tuesday's election. The farmers are too busy to dabble in politics.

—The Beethoven singing association leaves Monday to attend the Austin saengerfest, which begins Wednesday. The association is in fine trim and good practice, and will do the city honor.

—Judge Maney, it seems, was afraid to come up to San Antonio to enter into a joint discussion Monday evening. It is thought Mr. Newcomb has an inclination to take his place.

—During the present month up to this time, we understand the sales of sheep made by Messrs. Moss & Rountree of our city, amount to about four thousand and five hundred head, or at the rate of about eleven thousand a month.

—Read Mr. L. Wolfson's new advertisement on first page. His stock of goods will be found very large and well selected, and it is well known that his prices are always fixed at the lowest living figures. All he asks is an examination of his goods and prices.

—The Turners, contemplating an excursion to the San Geronimo, yesterday, through their committee, applied for three cars. The sum of $200 was required by the agent of the road for the cars, which was considered too steep, and so the project will probably fail.

—Tuesday, April 22d, at Alamo Literary hall, there will be a grand and novel entertainment for the benefit of St. Mark's Episcopal church, consisting of choicest vocal music and representations of marble statuary. Reserved seats at Hart & Bro.'s, price 50 cents.

—We are pleased to announce the arrival in our midst of Mr. W. C. Belcher and Mr. H. F. Ring, comprising the law firm of Belcher & Ring, late of Lincoln, who come here for the purpose of practicing their profession. These gentlemen have earned a wide and well merited reputation in northeastern Texas as lawyers of energy and ability, and we trust they may have no difficulty in sustaining it in the large fields of labor afforded by our city. Their office for the present is in the French building.

—We had the pleasure yesterday of examining a novel and most complete dental chair, being one of those specially imported by Dr. Chess & Son, for their new dental rooms, 28 Commerce street. The chair is known as the "Wilkerson," and for utility cannot be surpassed. It can be adjusted to any size from a baby to a tall man and with every appliance, both for the comfort of the patient and the convenience of the dentist. It is certainly well worth a visit, and we would advise all who take an interest in admiring the perfection of art to call and look at this superb piece of furniture. Dr. Chess deserves great credit for the efforts he has used in making his dental establishment as complete as any office in this or indeed any other state.

Read It.

Read the advertisement of Mr. A. A. Wolff in to-day's paper. Read it, and go to his place of business, and we think you will be glad to have done so, for in these times, when every dime that is saved comes very handy, it is your duty to look out for your money purse. Mr. Wolff is an enterprising merchant. Quick sales and small profits his motto, he is determined to sell cheap as any legitimate house can afford to do it, and is an enemy to exhorbitant prices. Give him a call, and you will be sure to buy the right article at the right price.

The New Piano House.

Messrs. Rhodius & Tempsky have rented the building now occupied by the Cincinnati cigar store, as will be seen by new advertisement, and open their store on May 1st. The firm is composed of young men of experience and energy, and they will certainly deserve a liberal support.

THE VETERANS.

Doings at Their Meeting Yesterday Afternoon.

A meeting of Texas veterans was held last evening in the county court room, pursuant to a call by the chairman.

Judge F. G. Smith was called to the chair and P. L. Buquor chosen secretary.

Mr. Edward Miles explained the object of the meeting to be for the purpose of making provision to meet the invitation of the citizens of Galveston to celebrate the anniversary of the battle of San Jacinto.

Mr. P. L. Paschal moved that a committee on invitation be appointed to draft resolutions in pursuance of the object in view.

The chair appointed Messrs. Edward Miles, Antonio Menchaca, S. S. Smith, P. L. Paschal and Nat Mitchell as said committee.

The committee retired, and upon returning presented the following:

Be it resolved by the citizens of Bexar county, and the Texan veterans of the west, that a cordial invitation and welcome is hereby extended to the Veterans' association of the state of Texas to hold its next reunion in San Antonio, the city of the Alamo, a place hallowed by so many recollections of the Texan revolution.

Resolved, That the reunion take place at such time as the association may direct, and that those veterans of Bexar county, who may be present at the reunion to be held at Galveston on the 21st of April, 1879, will present to the association a copy of these resolutions.

Mr. Edward Miles addressed the association as follows:

We of this district, in behalf not only of the veterans of our own district, who have always been the greatest sufferers, but for the whole state, did present to the 16th legislature three different memorials setting forth, first, that we combined the law of 1876 granting annual pensions was a blunder, benefits contract no long as a pensioner proved to remain in indigent circumstances during his natural life, and also that if fraud had been perpetrated, we had no knowledge of it, and the law was ample in its provisions to bring the guilty to justice. That we had, most of us, been all our lives upon the frontier exposed to many hardships and dangers, and partly owing to this fact we had been improvident in our youth, and while in the service had been but poorly fed and poorly paid. For these reasons, now that we are getting old, we asked our state to aid us in our declining years. Yet all our prayers have been unheard, and the doors closed against us—no pity for the poor old man whose trembling limbs have borne him to this hour, whose age has dwindled to the shortest span.

Some deaths have occurred in the district since my last annual report, but which I believe have all been specially reported.

We also have three members who are not only old, but totally blind—none whose ages are under three score years, many three score and ten, and some four score. Against some of these same men, a cry of prejudice has been raised. There may have been some impostors, this I do not deny; but who made them such? I can name you men from among those who have always been ready and willing to aid their country in its hour of need—men capable of great endurance—and I call your attention to the times when they had no claim to a country that gave them protection, but when they stood true to Texas.

In relation to the reunion in 1880, the meeting at Galveston may not select a place for it to be held at—that may be regarded the duty of the executive committee. We have never had a reunion at San Antonio, and should I go as one of the delegates to Galveston, I would be unwilling to choose San Antonio unless the citizens should show an inclination to make us welcome.

Don Antonio Menchaca being called upon, addressed the meeting. Among other references to the past, he said that on the 13th of February, 1836, information was received from Camargo by those occupying the Alamo, 37 miles, that Santa Anna, at the head of 13,000 men was marching into Texas especially for the purpose of occupying Bexar and to expel the rebels holding it. Col. Travis, Bowie and Crockett, sanguine for the cause of liberty and ultimate success, then fortified the Alamo and sent messengers to ask for aid. The number heeding this call increased the garrison to 181 men. In April, Santa Anna's hordes made their appearance, and, as is stated by history, succeeded in butchering the defenders of the Alamo and recovering possession of the territory of Bexar. From this unparalleled feat of arms, Santa Anna marched his army into the interior of Texas, and after seven days met Sam Houston with a handful of men on the banks of the San Jacinto. The contest which followed was favorable to the so-called rebel Texans. Their astute commander, Gen. Sam Houston, having by feints and strategem invited the enemy to attack, although both were in rifle reach from each other, on the 21st day of April rushed upon, defeated Santa Anna, took him and many of his men prisoners and killed great numbers besides. Thus was achieved an event which was the principal of the event of the Texas war to liberate the country from the Mexican yoke. Strange to say, the few survivors of that heroic feat of arms are to-day multiplied by men who but as yesterday came into the country.

Mr. Juan Cardenas, being the son of an old Texan, was also called upon, and made a few appropriate remarks.

Mr. F. G. Smith also made a short speech. We did not think the legislature would repeal the present law affecting the pensioning of veterans until assured that no imposition would be practiced. Its hoped steps would be taken to prevent fraud in the future. Those who had risked their lives for their country's sake should be recognized, and he would suggest, on behalf of the association, that any fraud committed be exposed.

Mr. Sam. S Smith also made some interesting remarks relating to the early history of the country, when the meeting adjourned.

Returned.

Lieutenants Edgerton and Curtis, who left the city on the 26th of March with battery G of the second artillery, returned from their scout yesterday morning. They went through the country to the southwest as far as old Fort Ewell. Everything was found to be remarkably quiet. The Cadeno people want the rangers down that way to look after horse thieves. It is said a man by the name of Woods is at the head of the thieves, with headquarters on the Apparoso. No danger of raids from Mexico is apprehended until the country is visited by rains and the grass gets better. It is very dry at present.

Mr. Alfred Giles has just returned from another business visit to Kerrville. The country still needs rain, but stock men report an abundance of grass in the mountains. Cattle generally look very well. Messrs. Fabin & Schreiner have gathered nearly 4,000 head of cattle, part of which are on the way to Kansas. Mr. John Lythe has a large number of cattle on the road to Kansas. Stock men say the cattle are in good traveling condition, especially those gathered around Beaver. Dan Riley was at Kerrville the other day, and gave a good performance to a large and appreciative assemblage. The cow boy all attended, and rejoiced over the opportunity.

Migrating Gamblers.

Three or four gamblers left town yesterday for San Antonio, business in their line having come to a dead lock in Austin. One of the principal gambling houses of the town closed a week ago, and there is a general lull in business in that line and also in the saloon line. Several Austin card players are in Louisville, and others will go there soon or elsewhere.—Statesman.

From appearances, San Antonio gamblers have, like those of Austin, reached a dead lock in money matters. The fraternity, like all other branches of the money-making world, must feel the oppression of hard times.

Post Office Notice.

Post Office, San Antonio, Texas, April 11, 1879.

All mail for points east and south of Houston departed in this office previous to 3 p. m., will be forwarded by the evening train, thus saving twenty hours' time in making close connection with the International and Great Northern at Houston.

M. E. Norris, Postmaster.

Church Notices.

Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, Odd Fellows' hall. Rev. Mr. Haney, of Quincy, Ill., will preach at 10 o'clock a. m., and Rev. J. P. Martin at 7:30 p. m. to-day. Sunday school at 4 p. m.

STRAWBERRY AND ICE CREAM FESTIVAL.

An Enjoyable Gathering Last Evening

The first social gathering of the members and friends of Trinity M. E. Church was held in Odd Fellow's hall last evening, and to say it was a most enjoyable affair is but faintly to express the feelings of those who had the pleasure of participating in it.

It was altogether an informal gathering for social intercourse and for the enjoyment of the good things provided in the way of luscious strawberries, finely flavored ice cream and rich cake, all of which was donated by the lady friends of the church and its pastor. Mrs. Dr. Chess and Mrs. Dr. Jones dispensed the ice cream to their many customers with smiling countenances, whilst a bevy of beauties flitted here and there selling bouquets, in praise of which it is only necessary to say that the gentlemen were in a quandary as to whether the flowers or the sellers were the handsomest. As for us we could not do otherwise than decide in favor of the young ladies.

There were probably about 200 persons in attendance, and though each and every one seemed to vie with each other in making it a success, we cannot but mention Miss Kate Patching, Miss Lillie Ogden and Mis Laura Henry, who by their bewitching manners and persistent efforts in selling bouquets, added not a little to the receipts of the evening. G. W. Ware, Esq., and C. K. Bronneman, Esq., acted as auctioneers towards the close, and our reporter thought that it was possible these two gentlemen had indeed mistaed their calling, for instead of hides and law, these worthy gentlemen should have been knights of the hammer. Altogether there was nearly $50 added to the building fund of the new church now in course of construction.

The Feast of Easter.

The feast of Easter, held in memory of the resurrection of Christ, has again arrived. It is one of the most important festivals of the Christian calendar, for it regulates and determines the time of all the other moveable feasts. The name Easter is derived from *Eastre*, a goddess worshipped by the ancients with peculiar ceremony during the month of April.

The observation of this festival is as ancient as the time of the apostles, for it is established that the Christians of the second century celebrated anniversary festivals in commemoration of the death and resurrection of Christ, and of the effusion of the Holy Ghost upon the apostles. The day which was observed as the anniversary of Christ's death was called the paschal day, because it was considered as the same with that on which the Jews celebrated their passover. But toward the close of this century, a dispute commenced about the particular time in which this feast was to be kept. The Asiatic churches kept it on the 14th day of the first Jewish month, and three days after commemorated the resurrection of the Redeemer, pleading, on behalf of this practice, the authority of the Apostles, Philip and John, and the example of Christ, who held his paschal feast on the same day that the Jews celebrated their passover. The western churches celebrated their paschal feast on the night that preceded the anniversary of Christ's resurrection, and thus connected the commemoration of his death with that of his resurrection. They pleaded the authority of the apostles Peter and Paul. Contentions arose as to the time to celebrate the feast between the Asiatic and Western Christians, which were continued till the council of Nice abolished the Asiatic custom in 325, rendering the same throughout the Christian world. The rule fixed was to hold the feast on the Sunday falling next after the full moon following the 21st of March, or the day of the vernal equinox. The reason given for this decree was that Christians might avoid celebrating Easter at the same time with the Jewish passover, which, according to the institution of Moses, was held the very day of the full moon.

Easter is remembered with special devotional services by the Episcopal and Catholic churches of the world, and the children of America are afforded the pleasure, on Easter morn, of finding nests filled with Easter eggs, just as the children of Europe have been for centuries past.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Postoffice at San Antonio, county of Bexar, State of Texas, for the week ending April 13, 1879:

LADIES' LIST.

Arnold, M Miss	Montgombery, Annie Miss
Anderson, Josephine Miss	Middleton, Julia Miss
Banks, Maggie Miss	Pumola, Angelita
Bennett, N T Mrs	Newton, Aggie Miss
Bradford, Caroline F Miss	Perez, Antonia 2
Cary, Susan Mrs	Russell, Leah
Cook, Mollie Miss	Ross, J Madam
Children, Martha Mrs	Rucker, C Mrs
Campbell, B B Mrs	Ramirez, Dolores
Cox, Josephine M de	Robinson, Answer Mrs
Dillard, Emma Miss	Spencer, Anna Mrs
Foster, Edith Miss	Samson, Adaiith Miss
Green, Clarita	Buckaway, Emma Miss
Gonzales, Julia Perez de	Smith, Joanah, Miss
Hawley, Virginia Mrs	Solomon, Martha Ann
Harris, Louisiana	Taylor, Maria Miss
Hemenway, Lizzie Miss	Urrutia, Antonia
Harvey, Jennie Mrs	Wallace, Sallie Mrs
Johnson, Winnie	Williams, Mathay
Kelsey, Annie Miss 2	Wilson, Lena
May, Mabel Miss	Washington, Catherine
Zorn, Philomena Miss	

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Andrews, Cavallo	Miller, Rosario
Allen, Wm	Moulding, Altamon
Armstrong, Allen	Mowry, C W
Banks, Wm F	Miller, Jeff
Beck, T P	Maier, Justus
Baldwin, Edwin P	Newton, Alfonso
Bauer, John G	Outhouse, John
Berry, Lewis	Pimmen, Jose
Carter, G O	Piquer, Wm
Carroll, Patrick	Peralta, Pedro
Cobbs, Lord Robert	Platt & Gullett
Coffee, Joe	Price, Dan T
Cromwell, Geo.	Perkins Clark A
Coffee, Alex	Parkonnel, Baron G de
Dillon, A G	Reid, Wm H
Dubuis, G P	Rife, Tomas
Drake, James S	Romarez, Santiago
Day, John W	Rios, Johnson Rev
Davis, W B	Smith, Alex
Desmarias, Jesse	Sewers, Dave Col
Desmarais, J B	Smith, E J
Desmarais, O R	Stoddard, Edgar
Everest, Guy	Shryer, James H
Fernandez, Rita	Sullivan, Johnnie
Fox, Daniel	Schmidt, John
Gunn, Andrew	San Miguel, Tues
Garvin, Mr	Sanchez, Jeronimo
Grant, M	Smith, L W
Gaters, M	Sanchez, Lino
Hopkins, W C	Samuels, Mark 2
Howard, Lafe	Schein, Frangent
Hudson, Joseph E	Smith, Wm Carpenter
Henry, Jim W	Tucker, J J Capt
Hunter, George	Thornhill, W
Hill, R J	Timmins, Wm 2
Jones, Liberty	Vance, Gov
Kellar, Henry	Waters, F C 2
Langford, Joshua	Wilson, R B
Lambkin, Wm	Wells, P O
Martinez, Wm	Wilson, Rasberry
Mims, Wm 2	White, Henry
Mahan, James	Walker, Henry
McKoy, Adrian	Wright, Wm
McGreary, Abraham D	Trias, Mariano
	Rook, E

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say advertised and give date.

M. E. Norris, P. M

Personal.

Col. Cheney R. Prouty, collector of customs, district of Saboria, is visiting San Antonio on business. Col. Prouty is one of the most efficient officials in the service of the United States government in Texas.

L. M. McCaughan, Frietown; J. Sorkinko, New Braunfels; J. F. Smith, Helena, Tex.; W. A. Cantzen, New Orleans, La.; R. W. Cole, wife and child, Texas; W. S. Sherrell, C. P. Rhodes, Tracy City, Tenn.; J. F. McDonald, Texas; J. Holt, A. Holt, Corpus Christi; Dr. A. S. Simmons, Weatherford, S. W. Taylor, New York City; J. H. Lozien, Mobile, Ala., are at the Central.

Dr. E. M. Nale and wife, Chicago; H. L. Gosling, U. Droitcourt, Castroville; D. H. Nichols, G. H. & S. A. Ry.; John Seed, Texas; A. H. Robb, Don Carlos Ranch; J. E. Hopkins, do; R. Armstrong, M. Martin, Oakville; R. Newton, Austin; W. L. Brown, J. E. Norton, N. Y.; C. Lonnecker, Galveston, are at Reed's.

Thos. Wm. Carr, England; J. H. Clarke, Hondoo Tunnel; J. A. Slaughter, Galveston; G. Robinson, Louisville, Ky.; A. J. Fry, Seguin; Jas. Converse, Houston; R. M. Corbet, Fredricksburg; Louis M. Stover, Willis Goodhue, Tilden; R. Seymour, Fort Clark; R. J. Boone, jr., St. Louis; A. B. Tabor, Dallas; L. D. Kingsland, St. Louis; J. P. Warner, J. W. Ross, Houston; L. J. Davis, New Orleans; F. Frist, Galveston; Dr. J. H. Morrison, Grimes county; C. H. Turner, Boston; G. B. Prouty, Indianola, are at the Menger.

Almost a Blaze.

Yesterday forenoon an embryo blaze was discovered in the residence of Mr. Purcell, over his shop on Market street. Mr. H. Hellgman, who was the first to discover the fire, at once laid on a hose and with a small stream of water stopped what might otherwise have been a heavy conflagration.

LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE

Auction Sale of Furniture.

On Tuesday, April 15th, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., I will sell at the residence of Mr. Bent, the architect, on Crockett street corner of Bowie, two blocks below H. Grenet's store, for cash to the highest bidder, the entire contents of said residence, consisting of elegant walnut bedstead, marble top tables, bureaus and washstands, cane seat rockers and chairs, walnut extension and oval tables, brackets and stands, 1 fine refrigerator, 12 elegant pictures in frames, carpets, matting, 1 kitchen stove, 1 lounge covered with haircloth, 1 walnut wardrobe, and household utensils of every description and variety.

Chances like the present one, to obtain furniture of the best style at your own prices, are not of every day occurrence, and it will be in everybody's interest not to let this one slip by unheeded.

apl14-2t O. Pettipain, auctioneer.

Auction at the Red Store.

On Monday, April 14th, commencing at 9 o'clock, I will sell at public auction in front of my store, southwest corner of Military plaza:

300 lbs. of black and green tea, 1 cart and set of harness, nearly new, 1 large freight wagon, furniture, crockery and glassware, and a lot of dry goods and groceries, all for account of parties about to leave the city, and must be disposed of at any price.

O. Pettipain, auctioneer.

Easter Hop.

Madame Virginia Donaldson's public hop takes place at Krisch's hall, Friday evening, April 18th. Gents' tickets (including lunch) $1.00. apl13-tf

Sheep and Ranch for Sale.

On account of the death of Jesus Ramirez a fine sheep ranch and stock of sheep, near Laredo, is offered for sale. See advertisement in to-day's paper.

German Catholic Pic-Nic.

The German-Roman Catholic Aid Society pic-nic, which takes place to-morrow, in the Edmond's Grove near the first mission, promises to be a very pleasant affair. An invitation is extended to all who wish to pass an afternoon out of the city. Refreshments will be served on the grounds.

Wanted.

By a gentleman and wife, board and room in a private family where there are no other boarders. Address "Board," this office, stating terms. 13 2t

For Rent.

A house of four rooms, stable and all necessary out buildings, one acre under good fence. Rent cheap. Apply soon to S. M. Wharton, auctioneer.

—Mr. L. R. Carpenter, the agent for the Milburn wagon company, Toledo, Ohio, is daily expecting the arrival of four car loads of wagons, etc., comprising ambulances, freight and farm wagons. Those who are expecting to buy would do well to give him a call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. apl11-2twlt

—Dr. C. E. Fisher, Homœopathic Physician. No. 10 Commerce street, over D. & A. Oppenheimer's. Office hours, 7:30 to 10 a. m., 2:30 to 5 and 7:30 to 9 p. m. Professional calls promptly answered. Medicines sent by mail to any point in West Texas. apl13-2w

—Cassimere pants made to order for $5.00 and upwards at D. Withowsky's, the Chicago merchant tailor, 113 Commerce street.

—Hats in all styles and prices, from 15cts. to $7, by Frost & Bro.

—Just received, another shipment of Burdett's sour well water at the agency, Walker's Exchange, No. 20 Main street. Also, three barrels Sutherland Springs sour water, sold at 5c a glass or 50c a gallon.

—The Labor Question.—This is one of the oldest questions known to political economy The warfare between capital and labor has been going on for the last 4,000 years, more or less, and is still raging. For bad blood take Rosadalis, the Great Southern Remedy. Warranted to cure all scrofulous humors, eruptions, etc., and cleanse the system of all impurities.

—Reeds Gilt Edge Tonic is agreeably recuperative in its effects on those weakened by yellow fever.

—Ayer's Pills are the sugar-shod messengers that put all pains to rest.

—Messrs. J. & T. Brady have for sale the popular American champagne, extra dry. It is an excellent champagne, and sells at the extraordinary price of $1.50 per quart bottle, 75 cents for pints, or 20 cents per drink. Try it. Here also will be found Ripy and McBrayer whiskies, fine cigars and the best billiard tables in the city.

—Fashionable spring suits made to order at the lowest prices by D. Withowsky, the Chicago merchant tailor, 113 Commerce street. Give him a call.

—Our spring goods for custom trade are about all in. Give us a call and see the styles. A. Pancoast & Son.

—To restore the appetite and purify the blood use Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

—Bids will be received up to the 17th day of April, 1879, for the erection of a fence, within the city limits, about five miles long. For further particulars inquire of Edward Steves, office near R. R. depot.

—Parties desiring to purchase really elegant furniture at low prices, will do well by calling on the undersigned, as he is now preparing the sale of the finest lot that has ever been offered to the public at auction or private sale. The sale is to take place on or about the 5th of May.

apl11-4t O. Pettipain, auctioneer.

—The latest styles of hats, flowers, ribbons, and a complete stock of millinery goods, just received at Mrs. Hill's, Commerce street, brick building at the bridge.
apl11-10t

—Hats! Hats! Our stock of hats for spring and summer are all in. Give us a call, prices lower than ever before.
feb20tf Pancoast & Son.

—To give tone to the stomach and stimulate digestion there is nothing like Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic cures indigestion and all disorders of the stomach.

—The Central Hotel, having reduced its rates to $1 per day deserves patronage.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic purifies the blood, restores the appetite and stimulates the digestion.

—Patronage enables the Central Hotel to charge only $1 per day.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic cures the most obstinate cases of liver complaint.

—Fresh butter at the Buffalo camp yard store. apl10-tf

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic stimulates the digestive organs and adds tone and strength to the stomach.

—Every community can furnish evidences of the beneficent effects of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the person of some recovered victim of consumption.

—"The Omnibus," which will be acted by the D. L. society, on the evening of the 15th, will be the treat of the season.

—Choice styles of machinaw, and light and dark straw goods, just received at Pancoast & Son's.

—Bargains! Bargains! Call and see the bargains in trimmed hats at Mrs. Carlile's.

—Frost & Bro. do sell the cheapest towels ever seen in the city before.

—Spring clothing and white vests just received—our first lot. A. Pancoast & Son

—The Archer house, Helena, Karnes county, Texas, is the place to stop. A fine, well-kept stable is attached to the house.

—J. & T. Brady set an excellent lunch for their patrons every morning from 10 to 12. A first-class restaurant is attached to the saloon. Meals furnished at all hours.

—Shaving 10c, hair cutting 25c, and board $1.00 per day, at the Central hotel.
apl12-tf

—The Clipper will receive, in a few days, fine New York sparkling cider, just the thing for a summer drink. apl10 1w

SAN ANTONIO, CORPUS CHRISTI AND LAREDO U. S. MAIL AND EXPRESS LINES.

Between San Antonio and Corpus Christi, and San Antonio and Laredo, Texas.

Passenger coaches carrying the U. S. mail will leave San Antonio at 6 o'clock a. m. of each day, for Corpus Christi and way stations, and Laredo and way stations. For passage or further information apply to J. J. Ellis, Commerce street, near the bridge. All express packages must be delivered before 8 p. m.

J. J. Ehas,
no21tf As't at San Antonio.

4-Horse Hack Line to Austin.

A comfortable 4-horse hack will leave San Antonio twice a week. Fare four dollars. For particulars inquire at Cincinnati cigar store, 61 Commerce street. mch7-tf

Removal.

B. McGovern has removed his barber shop and bath rooms to the west side of Main plaza, adjoining Herd's hotel, where he has fitted up very neat rooms. His friends will find him there in future and better prepared than before to accommodate them with everything in his line.

Unfurnished Rooms to Rent.

In good location with all conveniences—corner of Frem and Nueva streets. Enquire corner of Nueva and Garden streets.
apl11-1w

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York City.
mch 19 e.o. 6kw

Removal.

The Cincinnati Cigar Store will occupy on May 1st the building now used as an auction house by D. A. Allen, at 49 Commerce street, with an enlarged stock of cigars, tobaccos and smokers' articles. V. Kleinman. 13 3t

To Rent.

For the summer months, commodious house within seven miles of San Antonio, well supplied with water and good fishing in the neighborhood. Apply at the office of this paper.

Strayed or Stolen.

Dark brown pony with short mane and tail, bald place on back, branded S on left jaw, C on left shoulder. A suitable reward will be given if delivered at O. Pettipain's auction store, military plaza. apl12-2t

A Good Thing for the Traveling Public

The Sunset Road is now running elegant sleeping cars on night trains, which make close connections with the I. & G. N. road at Houston for all points north and east. Take the night train and avoid an unpleasant transfer at Houston. Save 140 miles and gain twelve hours time via the Lone Star route. For particulars call on or address

A. A. Gallagher,
Pass. Agt., Menger Hotel, San Antonio.

Furnished Rooms for Rent.

Near the depot. Pleasant up-stairs rooms. Enquire at this office. apl12tf

Runge & James

Have opened a feed and sale stable at the old Lexington stables, east side of Main plaza. They make a specialty of mules ponies. mar6-tf

German English School.

The German English school will re-open on Thursday, the 17th of April. New applications will be received by Mr. Tenge, secretary of the association.

C. Gammensch,
Pres't G. E. School Association.
apl11-3t

Steele & Price, of St. Louis.

Are making every family in town a present of a sample of Dr. Price's cream baking powder. It is absolutely the purest goods made. When you want baking powder, buy Dr. Price's, and use no other. Every box guaranteed. For sale by all first class grocers. apl11-3t

Upholstery Goods.

Tassels, fringes and curtain goods of all kinds, at Eugene Reed's.

Notice.

Mrs. Reisch has removed from Market street to the house of Dr. A. Botts, opposite San Antonio ice factory. Has very pleasant rooms and a large yard. Good board by the day, week or month. Meals furnished out of the house. mar30-3w

Wanted.

A live and active man to canvass the city with the patent safety lamp valve.
apl11-3t Gamcoxy & Co.

Notice.

To the Stockholders of the San Antonio Real Estate, Building and Loan Association:

There will be an election by the stockholders of the above named association at the office of H. R. Adams, No. 26 Commerce street, San Antonio, on Wednesday, April 16th, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m., for the purpose of electing nine directors to serve for one year from June 1st, 1879. By order of the board.

R. H. Kuhn, secretary.

For Rent for the Summer.

Mrs. Hewitt's furnished residence on north Flores street. apr1-tf

Notice.

First-class board, with or without furnished rooms for city and transient customers, by day, week or month, at Mrs. J. Blumenkamp's, corner Market and Geronimo streets, formerly of the Commercial hotel, Galveston. Meals furnished out of the house. mch13-1m

For Rent.

House of seven rooms, with fine well of water, on Houston street, near corner of Flores. Inquire of Kuehl & Co. apr1-tf.

Milk and Butter Depot.

Sweet and better milk on ice, by the glass or measure, from 6 a. m. to 3 p. m. Poultry of all kinds on hand and dressed to order. Houston street, three doors east of government headquarters. S. C. Beeler.
apr6-tf.

Champagne on Draught.

California extra dry champagne, by the bottle or drink, at the Clipper, Main plaza.

For Sale.

A small business of two years standing, requiring only a small capital. Well established and in a business location. Enquire at this office. apl8-1w

San Antonio and Fort City Stock Line.

Stock leaves Central hotel, San Antonio, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 6 a. m., returns in Fort City same days at 3 p. m.
mch13-tf. L. N. McCrosson, Ag't.

Refrigerators.

All sizes, cheap, at Eugene Reed's.

Sea Green Mattresses.

The best mattress made, at Eugene Reed's.

Stores for Rent.

Two story building on Market street, opposite Boehm hotel. Enquire on the premises. mch29-tf.

For Sale.

A well-paying cash business, best location in the city. A good active partner with small capital to take charge of the store preferred. For particulars, address P. S. box 807, city. apr5tf

Extra Season of Congress

And beggins for sale for $60. Not Jerome gauge, either. S. E. corner of Main plaza. Warranted for twelve months—the best in the state for the money; also, farm and spring wagons.
mar27-tf A. H. Swaim.

For Sale or Rent.

San Marcelo's homestead, corner avenue C and Marcelo square. Possession given May 1st, 1879. Enquire of
apl10-3t San Marcelo.

Electric Belts.

A sure cure for nervous debility, premature decay, exhaustion, etc. The only reliable cure. Circulars mailed free. Address J. E. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.
mch14-6mkw-3t w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHEEP AND RANCH FOR SALE.

Owing to the death of Jesus Ramirez, his executors offer for sale his sheep ranch and seven thousand head of fine sheep in Webb county, thirty miles from Laredo.

This is a splendid opportunity to buy a well established business. Stores, stock, wagons, accounts, grazing and farming lands all included. For particulars address

RAYMOND RAMIREZ and MARGARITO SANCHEZ,
Laredo, Webb, Co., Texas.
apr13-2w 4t

RHODIUS & TEMPSKY

Will Open Their

MUSIC STORE

On the First of May,

Commerce St., opp. L. Sueb's Bottling, and will keep only

First-Class

PIANOS AND ORGANS

Also a full assortment of

Sheet Music, Small Instruments, Piano Covers, Piano Stools, Etc., Etc.

All those wishing to buy any kind of Musical Instruments will please remember this address.
mch11-tf

BELCHER & RING,

Attorneys

AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Office in French Building, on South east corner of Main Plaza. apr13-tf

CORN AND OATS,

Coarse and Fine Salt.

—ALSO—

Rock Salt for Cattle.

In bond to arrive, at

J. F. Lockwood's Depot Ware-house,

Next to R. R. Depot. San Antonio.

Come Everyone!

And convince yourselves of the Unparalleled Inducements

S. MAYER,

is now offering from his unsurpassed assortment of goods, comprising

PERTHSHIRE LAWNS,

Pacific Lawns,

BRILLIANTS, PIQUES,

Linen Lawns and Batistes!

PLAIN, FANCY

—AND—

Grenadine Bastings & Grenadines,

SUMMER DEBEGES,

Steel Lustres & Poplins.

Scotch & English Gingham,

Seersuckers, Ginghams.

Table Damasks, (colored and white) Napkins, Cloths, Towels, Bumb Cloth, Sheetings, Muslin, and Nottingham Curtainings, Chintz, Toilet Quilts, Mats, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Ladies' Ties, Bows and Scarfs,

Hose, Embroideries,
Laces, Kid, Plain and
Fancy Lisle Gloves and
Mitts, Handkerchiefs, Corsets,
Parasols, Toilet Articles, etc

I am offering these goods at the lowest possible figures and it will pay you to examine my goods before purchasing elsewhere.

S. MAYER.

Notice.

To give better satisfaction to customers of our laundry, we have added to the branch of our business of the first mentioned the Chemical Dyeing Works, in connection with our laundry, and are now prepared to dye all the following articles, viz: Ladies' and Gents' Wearing Apparel, Curtains, Table Covers, Piano Covers, Ladies' Sacks and Dolmans, Gents' Pants, Coats and Vests, Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes, Table Linen, Ladies' Hoods, Scarfs, Ties, Gloves, Stockings, Shawls, Ribbons, Feathers, Plumes, Flowers, Kid Gloves, Ladies' Dresses, Gents' Suits, Velvets, Silks, Satins, Merinoes, Cashmeres, Alpacas, Delaines, Poplins, Linens, Lawns, Muslins, Calicoes, Ginghams, Linen Sacks, Duster, Ladies' Cloaks, Sacques, Dolmans, Ulsters, Gents' Overcoats, Coats, Vests, Pants, Ladies' Underclothing, Gents' Underclothing, Blankets, Quilts, Counterpanes, Table Linen, Curtains, Lace Curtains, Table Covers, Piano Covers, Hosiery, Gloves, Mittens, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries, Feathers, Flowers, Plumes, Tips, Ladies' Hoods, Scarfs, Ties, Sashes, Belts, Corsets, Corset Jeans, Linen Goods, Cambrics, Linen Lawns, Linen Sheetings, Linen Damasks, Linen Towels, Linen Napkins, Linen Table Cloths, Linen Sacks, Linen Dusters, Linen Ulsters, Linen Pants, Linen Coats, Linen Vests, Linen Dolmans, Linen Cloaks, Linen Sac