San Antonio Daily Express.

Daily Express.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES—IN ADVANCE.

DAILY EXPRESS—By Carrier per month,.....$1 00
" " " " quarter,..... 2 50
By mail one year,..... 10 00
" " six months,..... 5 50
" " three months,..... 3 00

ADVERTISING RATES:

Rates for advertisements can be obtained by application to the EXPRESS Counting Room.

Local advertisements will be inserted at 20 cents per line for first insertion and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements in daily and weekly one third more than daily rates; in weekly only, same as daily.

RATES FOR TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.

One dollar per inch each insertion. Advertisements inserted longer than one week twenty-five per cent. reduction.

Entered at Postoffice at San Antonio, Texas, as Second Class Matter.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 6, 1879 VOL. 13—NO. 211

Weekly Express.

Published by the EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

WEEKLY EXPRESS One Year, post paid,..... $1 75
" " Six Months " "..... 1 00
" " Three Months " "..... 75

All papers will be discontinued at expiration of timepaid for.

Write name and Postoffice plainly, and state whether daily or weekly is desired.

Send postoffice order or registered letter when practicable.

Advertisements inserted in the weekly edition only will be charged at same rate as in daily only.

Postal Orders or Registered letters can be sent at our risk. Address

EXPRESS PRINTING CO., San Antonio, Texas.

China Hall.

Crockery

LAMPS, GLASSWARE,

Chandeliers and Bracket Lamps

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS

Gregory & Co.,

Commerce Street, Corner of Bridge St.

C. B. ELBE,

APOTHECARY

Houston street, four doors east of Headquarters.

Personal attention given to

Physician's Prescriptions,

—And none but—

Pure Medicines

Dispensed in their preparations.

LOUIS SCHEIHAGEN.

Importer and Dealer in

SHELF AND HEAVY

Hardware

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Howe's Scales,

CARRIAGE & WAGON MATERIALS etc

My stock, consisting of full lines of the above, besides all the latest and most improved farming machinery, together with everything to be found in a first-class hardware establishment, is not surpassed by any house west of the Colorado. mch13 1y

Adams & Wickes

Would call attention to their vast and varied tracts of

LANDS

throughout the State, including lots in all parts of the city of San Antonio, which they will sell at

LOW PRICES

and on

GOOD TERMS.

They also have a number of places for rent. For information apply to

GEO. W. CALDWELL,

AGENT,

jan1-tf SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

The Gas Co

Having facilities for conducting the

Gas-Fitting

BUSINESS

which are unequalled in this city, offers to do work in this line at prices which defy legitimate competition

LARGE STOCK OF FIXTURES

on hand. Also catalogues from the leading manufacturers, from which orders will be filled if desired. For further particulars call at

Co.'s Office, at Gas Works.

SHERMAN'S

Prickly Ash Bitters & Malarifuge.

THESE BITTERS will prevent contracting of Chills and all Malarial Diseases if properly used, by invigorating the liver, toning the stomach, and regulating the bowels and kidneys. It is a preparation from such vegetable extracts, of which the Prickly Ash constitutes a leading part, that enters into the regular prescription practice of all medical men, among whom Dr. Sherman is justly classed as the successful compounder, after an experimental practice of 30 years, as a complete antidote to all influences which, if not arrested in time, terminate in Chills and Fever or other malignant diseases.

Though pleasant to the taste, it is not a beverage (as the extracts are held in solution in pure Holland Gin only) because of its cathartic properties, and is therefore an infallible remedy for habitual constipation.

THE MALARIFUGE is a certain cure for Chills when once contracted. It has never failed to effect a cure where the directions, accompanying each bottle, are followed.

Druggists are hereby authorized to refund the money to any party purchasing who claim a cure is not effected, providing the directions are followed and the empty bottle returned. For sale by all druggists.

Sheep for Sale.

One thousand five hundred (1500) regulated Mexican Ewes, two to four years old, good size, long wool and free from scab. Will furnish purchaser with first-class range for same, rent free, for one year.

Also, fifty (50) fine Merino rams in lots to suit.

For particulars apply to

Moss & Rountree

San Antonio, Texas.

Or, P. O. Box 42, Fort Concho, Texas. jy22mos

LATEST YELLOW FEVER NEWS.

Nineteen New Cases and Thirteen Deaths Have Occurred at Memphis Since Last Report.

Jay Gould Responds Nobly in Aid of the Yellow Fever Sufferers, and Says He Will Foot the Bill.

MEMPHIS REPORT.

Memphis September 5.—Two cases of fever were reported this morning—Samuel Richardson, son of the late Dr. Robert Richardson, and W. W. Lockart. Seven deaths are reported since last night. Among the number are Constance Bernard, G. O. Hunt, Alice Billbs and Morgan McHugh. Weather cloudy and warm.

Memphis, September 5.—Nineteen new cases in all, twelve white and seven negroes, were reported to-day. Among the number reported this afternoon were D. C. Harbert, Mrs. Alexander Keith, and Caroline Levy. Six additional deaths have been reported—Joseph W. Lee, D. C. Harbert, Dr. G. A. Hunt, F. V. Watson, S. Wright and Jennie Foster.

The rules and regulations governing pickets and patrols on duty in the suburbs were promulgated to-day.

The most important of the rules says neither lint cotton nor seed cotton will be allowed to enter Memphis during the epidemic. A petion signed by every merchant in the city protesting against the enforcement of this rule, has been presented to John Johnson, superintendent of quarantine.

Dr. G. B. Bradford returned to-night from Wythe depot. He reports Miss Ghison's illness not yellow fever, but bilious fever. There is considerable excitement prevailing along the line of the Louisville road, between that state and Memphis.

Gen. C Freeman, president of the Savannah Benevolent association, telegraphs the Howard association to draw on him for five thousand dollars.

ENFORCING QUARANTINE AT NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, September 5.—Dr. A. N. Bell, of the national board of health, is here to enforce the national quarantine law in regard to vessels leaving, as they are pleased to term it, the infected port of New Orleans. He has appointed three deputy inspectors for that purpose.

In this connection the population at present in New Orleans may be stated at not less than 200,000. There is now but one case of yellow fever in the city, that in the fourth district, fully two miles from the business centre. Total cases this year to date, 22, total deaths, nine. The application of disinfectants in the fourth district will be continued and repeated over and over again during the whole of September, under the direction of the national and state boards of health, aided by the citizens' sanitary association and city authorities.

AID FOR MEMPHIS.

Memphis, September 5.—The following telegram was received this morning:

NEW YORK, September 5, 1879.

To W. J. Smith, Acting President of the Howard Association, Memphis:

I send you by telegraph $5,000 to aid the Howard association. I am certain the generous people throughout the country will contribute liberally to aid your stricken city. At any rate, keep on at your noble work till I tell you to stop, and I will foot the bill. What are your daily expenses? Answer.

[Signed] JAY GOULD.

RATIONS FOR THE CAMPERS.

Washington, September 5.—At a cabinet meeting to-day, the secretary of war submitted a question relating to furnishing rations to persons in camp near Memphis, as requested by state treasurer Polk. After a general discussion, it was decided that whatever aid is extended in this direction by federal authority must be within the scope of recent acts of congress, and meet the approval of the national board of health. Secretary McCrary will communicate fully with Col. Polk on the subject. It is not expected that the cabinet will meet again before the middle of October, when President Hayes returns from his western trip.

SENT TO QUARANTINE.

New York, September 5.—Three seamen of the bark Rapide, from Kingston, and two of the steamer Northern Light, from Cape Haytien, were sent to quarantine to day with symptoms of yellow fever.

GRAND PREPARATIONS

Preparatory to Celebrating the Centennial Anniversary of the Surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown.

Norfolk, Va., September 5.—A large meeting of citizens of York county was held yesterday at Yorktown, for the purpose of adopting preliminary measures looking to a grand national celebration of the coming centennial of the surrender of Cornwallis in 1881. The meeting was presided over by R. H. Powers, and addresses were delivered by M. Glennan, Col. Robe, T. Armistead and Judge R. L. Healey, and a preamble and resolutions were adopted looking to a due observance of the coming anniversary, recommending to military and civic societies of the state and municipal authorities of the cities of the commonwealth, the propriety of participating in the coming celebration, and calling on them to co-operate in the initiative movement on the 19th of October next, that will lead to a grand celebration on the 19th of October, 1881.

The governor of the state is requested to issue a proclamation recommending to the people the propriety of the movement, and inviting governors of other states to take such actions as may conduce to this object, and participate with the people of Virginia in the same. The secretary of the navy is asked to order vessels composing the fleet, which is to be reviewed in Hampton Roads in October, to be present in York river, in front of Yorktown, in order to take part in the celebration; and also the secretary of war, that the troops at Fortress Monroe be permitted to participate in the military demonstrations.

It was further resolved and recommended that delegations from all the states be appointed to meet in Philadelphia on the coming anniversary, in order to form a mutual association, the object of which is to bring about a successful celebration of the centennial; that the meeting heartily concur in the recommendation and request the appointment by the governor of delegates to attend the same.

Bitten by a Mad-dog.

Philadelphia, September 5.—Six weeks ago the wife of ex-Sheriff Wm. H. Kern, of this city, was bitten by a pet dog. On Tuesday last symptoms of hydrophobia appeared, and at one o'clock this morning she died in great agony.

Fatal Accident.

Leavenworth, Ks., September 5.—Four men were injured here to-day, two fatally, by falling scaffolding at the new opera house. Among them was Wm. Yokum, contractor for the building.

Seven Persons Drowned.

Sackett's Harbor, N. Y., September 5.—Seven persons, five of whom leave families, were drowned in Henderson bay this morning, by capsizing of the yacht Westward. Two clung to spars and were rescued.

LATEST NEWS BY CABLE.

Emperor William Makes a Hasty Visit to the Czar of Russia—The International Law Institute of Brussels Urges Upon the Government to Set the Laws of Warfare.

Earthquake in Switzerland—Violent Storm in the Gulf of Finland—Much Damage to Property in St. Petersburg, Etc.

EARTHQUAKE.

Szegedin, September 5.—A small shock of earthquake has been felt in this vicinity.

COTTON OPERATIVES SUBMIT.

London, September 5.—The striking cotton operatives at North End and River Meadow mills, in Staleybridge, have accepted the reduction in wages. The Operatives' association did not encourage them to resist, although they are only working three days in the week. The hands at two or three mills, where notice of reduction of wages had been posted, have quietly accepted it.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

Havana, September 5.—The Spanish ministry has telegraphed to Capt. Gen. Blanco, authorizing him to draw for fifty thousand dollars daily upon the Spanish treasury, without prejudice, to augment the amount of succors promised. Tranquility is reported at Holquin and Santiago de Cuba. Heavy rains continue throughout the island.

EMPEROR WILLIAM AND THE CZAR.

Berlin, September 5.—The National Zeitung says the recent visit of the Emperor William to the czar had only been decided on twenty-four hours before the emperor left Berlin, and that the visit was undertaken at the urgent invitation of the czar. Preparations were made with the greatest secrecy. When the emperors met, both the railway station and the street leading to it, were cleared by the police, who were stationed at every twenty yards.

SETTLING THE LAWS OF WARFARE.

Brussels, September 5.—The international law institute, now assembled here, has adopted a motion, proposed by M. John Gaspard Bluntschli, a distinguished Swiss lawyer, urging the government to bring about a settlement of the laws of warfare by means of international treaties.

OPPOSITION TO THE KING'S MARRIAGE.

London, September 5.—A Paris dispatch to the Daily News says that the opposition in Spain to the marriage of King Alfonso to the Arch-Duchess Marie, of Austria, is assuming serious proportions.

VIOLENT STORM.

St. Petersburg, September 5.—A violent storm in the gulf of Finland has caused the river Neva to rise to the level of the streets. The canals in the center of St. Petersburg have overflowed, and the fauburgs are under water. Iron roofs have been blown from houses and churches in all directions. The guns of the citadel have been firing all Thursday night and to-day. Notices have been issued warning the inhabitants to take precautions against floods.

California Election.

San Francisco, September 5, 11:30 A. M.—Returns from the city up to two A. M., place Perkins, republican, for governor 1,32 ahead, and Kalloch, workingmen, for mayor, 353 ahead of Flint, republican, for mayor. The vote is over half counted. There is no reason to change previous estimates of the result in the city. Perkins keeps gaining on Glenn, democrat, and White, workingman, in the interior, and is likely to have 20,000 plurality over either.

San Francisco, September 5.—Three-fourths of the vote in the city and state has been counted. Perkins is leading Glenn by about 17,500, and White about the same. A completion of the count will increase Perkins' plurality to 22,000 or 23,000, probably, in the city. He will gain on Glenn in the country and on White during the remainder of the count. All the state ticket will go with the head except justice, which cannot yet be determined. It is now probable the republicans will elect all the congressmen, though the contest will be very close in the city districts. The republicans elect a railroad commissioner in the northern district, the workingmen their's in the city and southern districts. The legislature is still in doubt. Kalloch continues to increase his lead, and is elected beyond a doubt. The workingmen's chances are best for sheriff, auditor, collector and county attorney, and sure for district attorney. The republicans, probably, will get the balance, except, perhaps, two or three supervisors and school directors. The superior court judges are divided.

Reported Sale of Negro Children.

Special Telegram to the Galveston News.

Corsicana, Sept. 4.—A report has been in circulation here that a farmer living in the wester portion of our county had taken two negro children from their home and sold them for fifty dollars in money and four cows and calves. Upon diligent inquiry the following facts are learned: About eight years ago an old negro woman died in this county, leaving her children—a boy four years old and a girl two years old—to the charge of a Mr. Perry and his wife, who have ever since that time cared for and treated them remarkably well. Mr. Perry is an unpretending farmer, while his neighbor, a Mr. Logan, is a rather extensive stock-raiser. The children have long desired to live with Mr. Logan, who is about to move out west, and a few days ago he told Perry if he would part with the children he would take them with him. Finally the trade was consummated for fifty dollars in money and four cows and calves, Perry thereby relinquishing all his right to the children. The price paid Perry does not begin to compensate him for the trouble he has had with the children. The affair created considerable excitement here, and a long article had been prepared for the Globe-Democrat, which was, however, destroyed by the writer when he learned the above facts.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Dekalb, Miss., September 5.—The trial of Henry J. Gulley, for the murder of Cornelia Chisholm, commenced to-day at 10 a. m. The defendant's counsel made a motion to quash the venire for seventy-five jurors issued last Tuesday for a deficit in the copy of the indictment served to the accused. This was overruled by the judge, and at 11 a. m. a special venire was called, and up to 2 p. m. but four jurors were obtained, two white and two black. It will probably take another day to complete the jury.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 4.—Robert Hunter, a native of Livingston, Ala., where his relations reside, was fatally hurt yesterday by the fall of a telegraph pole which he was engaged in putting up, and died this morning.

Arrested for Murder.

St. Louis, September 5.—Four farmers were arrested at Carthage yesterday for the murder of John Bass Jones, a noted confederate leader, fourteen years ago, just subsequent to the close of the war. The warrants are sworn to by a woman named Lize Odey. It is stated the arrests have been given a political significance, and cause much excitement.

A militia company has been organized at Henrietta, called the Frontier Rifles.

NEW QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION.

MAYORS' CERTIFICATES NOT TO BE RECEIVED.

Arrested For Land Fraud—Death of an Old Texan.

Special Telegram to the Galveston News.

Austin, September 4.—Dr. J. H. Haling, of Dampasas, was brought in to-day under arrest, charged with forging or uttering forged land titles. The evidence against him was unearthed by the legislative committee now in session.

J. P. McKinney, an old Texan, brother of Tom McKinney, who was prominent in early days in Texas, died to-day.

The proclamation of quarantine issued to-day provides that the clause in former proclamation providing that vessels sailing or touching at any port or coast south of north latitude 25 degrees, and entering any port on the coast of Texas during continuance of quarantine, if free from disease, may be disinfected and relieved from detention or declared for afterwards that will make twenty days from the departure from the infected port or district at the discretion of the health officer, is not intended to pass into port vessels with cargoes, loaded in such infected port of departure. The proclamation also asserts that quarantine proclamation No. 3 had reference alone to the protection of the state against the yellow fever, at Memphis, New Orleans and other infected places in the interior, and to guard against the disease being imported by land transportation. It did not repeal or change the restrictions and regulations prescribed in proclamation No. 1. The indicates that the forty days business of Houston was all based upon a misconstruction of the terms of the proclamation. The governor also holds and declares that certificates of health granted by the mayor of St. Louis and other places, to travelers passing through, are not to be received.

THEATRICALS.

How the New Yorkers Are Amused in the Evenings.

New York, September 5.—It always seems that New York is herself again when Birch Wambold and Backus return to business. The San Francisco minstrels have become a New York fixture. The fun-makers start in now and keep hard at work until June, doing a steady paying business all the season. The company of minstrels which opened to-night contained all the old favorites, and there were in addition some new faces that are bound to prove popular. The greeting was full of cheer.

Aimee was blinking and winking and saucily shaking her heels at her old admirers in the Fifth avenue theater to-night. She appeared in "The Little Duke" with very much the same cast she had last spring, when she made the opera popular. The picturesque male costume is becoming to this bewitching actress of opera bouffe, and judging by the applause that greeted her to-night, Mr. Maurice Grau will make a mistake if he restricts her to the ten days now advertised. Her farewell benefit is fixed for Tuesday evening of next week, but as this is only her preliminary farewell season, that may be but a preliminary farewell benefit. The stars are leaving town daily for points where their seasons begin. There are seven combinations to go on the road in the next three weeks. It is to be hoped that the walking will be good when some of them want to return. The managers, however, are all full of spirit and predict great prosperity. On Thursday evening Mr. Boucicault is to present his new play of "Rescued; or, A Girl's Romance," and it and his theatre have been so well advertised that much is expected of both play and play-house. The characters will be taken by Son-in-Law John Clayton, George Clark, John Brougham, Dominick Murray, De Vere, Billings, Herbert and Misses Rose Coghlan, Ada Gilmore, Marie Prescott, P. Eytinge Stockton, Kelsey and Cecile Rush. Boucicault intends to advertise only in the Herald, but in spite of the declaration the other newspapers are uncommonly clever to him.

A Glimpse of Jenny Lind.

Philadelphia Telegram.

And, before I quit the theme of song and singers, let me mention a glimpse that I caught before leaving London on one of the celebrities of the past. On leaving the home of Mme. Albani, I crossed the street to look at the dwelling of Jenny Lind. The house stands back from the street, and a garden that must in summer be a very bouquet of flowers and verdure extends in front of it. A bust of the great singer, life size, and in marble, stands in the large bay window that fronts the garden. And beside the bust sat an elderly lady in a white mob cap and white cashmere shawl, engaged in partaking of the afternoon cup of tea that forms so prominent a feature in English social life. She was talking to some one in the room, and as she turned to the window I saw again the face that I had last looked upon, crowned with roses and lighted with inspiration, on the stage of Tripler Hall, twenty-eight long years ago. Under the disfiguring cap the fair hair, now plentifully streaked with gray, was seen rolled back in precisely the same fashion as that which set all the girls in America to twisting back their tresses in those by-gone years. In other respects Jenny Lind has greatly changed. Few could have recognized in the pale, worn lineaments of the elderly lady the well-high angelic countenance of the greatest singer of our day and generation. I permitted myself but one glance, not wishing to violate, even by a look, the sanctity of that tranquil home. I am told that Mme. Lind-Goldschmidt, as she styles herself, is very eccentric and peculiar. She still interests herself in music, being the leader of the Bach choir, a private association, to which some of the first ladies in London belong; and so severe is she in her requirements, and so strict in demanding their fulfillment, that her high-born pupils are often tempted to rebel.

The End of the World.

A lecture delivered at the Berlin University some three months ago, by Prof. Debois-Reymond, bears the ominous title, "The End of Our World," and says that every movement upon our planet, with the exception of the ebb and flood, which are caused by the attraction of the moon, is caused by solar heat. As, however, the sun loses every year a portion of his caloric, science has lately come to the conclusion that he will not exist as an emitter of warmth longer than for 17,000,000 years. During that space of time our earth will get colder and colder, in proportion as the solar heat shall diminish. The ice will advance from the poles to the equator; the earth's population will gradually recede before the advancing glaciers; the sun will become less and less luminous, until he will present the appearance of a dark red ball, and finally ice will annihilate all vitality on our planet.

This, in Missouri.

Kansas City Times.

More rain, O, Lord! Mother earth is parched with solar heat; the springs have ceased to flow; the ground is cracked with drought; the cisterns are empty; the cattle languish; the hogs are perishing; the prairie grass is like last year's stubble. Open the portals of Heaven and give us a refreshing shower. More rain, good Lord! Let it pour till it has "drenched the steeples, and drowned the cocks!"

Jack county is enjoying a huge camp-meeting on Carroll Creek.

REMARKABLE CONFESSION OF A PENNSYLVANIA MURDERER.

How a Man Was Killed for Life Insurance Money.

Reading, Pa., September 1.—Chas. Drew, under sentence of death as one of the principals in the Raber murder, has made a confession. He says: I went to Brandt last summer and we sat on the porch. He treated me to beer and we both felt its effects; he said he could make money and told me how. I said I would consider it. Finally I asked if he was alone. He replied there were three others with him. He mentioned Hummel and Wise, and I said I did not know them. He then offered to bring them up. I saw them, but only knew Wise. From boyhood up I knew him. I then agreed and they insured Raber. He said they could make money. When they again met Blank said there were five interested. Hummel also spoke about it. Wise came and asked whether I was to kill Raber. I told him I was not certain. He urged me to go ahead, and said he would shoot me if I didn't. I promised, but I never intended to do it. As the insurance had all been effected, Brandt afterward said they had the plan ready; and if I did not kill him they would shoot me, and to save my life I promised. A week or two afterward Wise said I should not do it, so far as he was concerned, as he said he did not like the job. I think it was the same day he said I had to kill Raber. I then asked Frank Stichler to do it because I could not. Stichler said he did not care; he could kill any one, but he bargained that I should go along, which I promised, but declared I would not touch Raber. Then Raber came to my house and we went off together with Stichler. I was first, and Raber was in the middle, with Stichler following. I went over the plank, and Raber got on it. Stichler got Raber by the legs, threw him up and jumped on top of him. Raber fell below the plank. I then went back to the fence. It was first intended to drown Raber in the dam. Brandt had planned that Raber would go fishing at Kitzmiller's to catch fish for bait and sale, and then I was to drown him. We went and Peters went with us. When I saw the dam I could not do it, and said we would return, when Raber replied, "Yes, it was too cold," and how I pitied him. The drowning at the plank afterwards was also a plan of Brandt's. Brandt had promised me $300 and that the others should get the same. He promised Stichler nothing. I had tried to coax Elijah Stichler, but he would not go with me. I said to Frank that I would give him $300 after I was paid.

When Raber came to they tried to swindle me out of all and kill me. This was planned behind a shed at Brandt's. This they told me in jail. When they asked me to go via Rankstorm I thought they wanted to kill me. Then Brandt always urged me in jail to keep quiet about this matter as they hoped to get clear. I did not see the conspirators so very often about matters. I engaged Frank Stichler to do the job after Hummel's plan failed. I did not go into the water. After the drowning Stichler walked to my house and went to Brandt's. I did not see the old man's struggles. The plank was made wet by the splash when Raber fell. Brandt had Raber insured in another company to kill him, but the company failed, and with it the plan. Brandt often urged me while in jail not to confess. He called at my cell to-day for that purpose. I am afraid of him, but not of others. If you hang me you will hang an innocent man.

What the War Was For.

Lomax's Sentinel, Rep.

As a nation we needed the magnificent stretch of territory that reaches from the Ohio to the gulf of Mexico—its metalliferous mountains, its wide and fertile plains, its cypress swamps, its gigantic rivers. We could not be a first class nation without them. (Northern brains and industry will utilize them some day soon.) We could never permit so necessary a portion of our empire to be dominated by semi-savages, such as southerners are; therefore we tenderly, with shot and shell and shrapnel and sabre, gathered you in that we might civilize, humanize, educate and enlighten you. Heaven knows you need to come under the ennobling influences of Northern brains. A confederacy of semi-barbarians stretching along our southern border for 2,000 miles and reaching to the sea, would have been constant menace to our growth and development. But remember you are with us on sufferance, pinned to us with a bayonet, and it becomes you, like the whipped and baffled curs you are, saying that your forfeited and worthless lives have been spared, to partake rarely of the rights we permit you to retain, and learn humbly the lessons we condescended to teach you.

American Products.

Toledo Blade.

Can't we have a match of some kind between Mrs. Langtry and the beautiful schoolma'am whose profile appears on the dollar of our demagogues? If the latter as is said, is the prettiest girl the artist could find in Philadelphia, and there were no heart entanglements to bias his judgment, we will back her against all the Mrs. Langtrys the Isle of Jersey—and all other British islands ever produced. The American girl is the loveliest flower of womanhood that the six revolving centuries have seen. The inferior products of European belledom have no more chance with her than English horses did with Parole, or English marksmen with the American rifle team.

MEANING BUSINESS.

Texas and St. Louis Railroad Track-Laying.

Special Telegram to the Galveston News.

Texarkana, September 4.—The Texas and St. Louis railway company mean business sure enough. Major J. W. Way, the chief engineer, laid down a spiked two and one-half miles and nine hundred feet of track a day or two ago, ready for the rolling stock. The road has another engine, J. O. Douglas, No. 7, a perfect beauty, named after the efficient vice-president and general manager, and flat cars and iron in abundance.

The cotton compress here will commence work in a few days.

What He Wanted to See.

During the session of the Butler committee at Newport on Saturday one of the witnesses stated that he served in the Union army as a private. At this Senator Beck, of Kentucky, looked up and inquired:

"Did I understand you to say you was a private?"

"Yes, sir."

"A private in the Union army?"

"Yes, sir."

"I wanted to be sure. I've always wanted to see a private in the Union army. I never saw but one private of either army before, and that was Phil Thompson, of Kentucky."

You can apply an unlimited quantity of bone dust, from three hundred pounds to one thousands pounds, per acre. Its effect is slow but lasting, as it takes several years for it to entirely dissolve. The fine particles are first decomposed in the soil, and then absorbed by the roots of the trees. The large pieces require a longer time to crumble into powder. Hence the finer the bones are crushed and powdered the sooner are they available for absorption as food for growing plants. We advise you to use fine ground bone-meal, as it is called. It will take less to fertilize an acre, and its good effects will be more immediate.

THE INFANTA OF SPAIN.

A Princess Sacrificed to Dynasty Ideas—An Imperial Love Story.

Paris Cor. N. Y. Tribune.

It would not be doing justice to her Infanta Pilar to say that she was the handsomest member of her family. She was singularly beautiful, and in no wise Bourbon. It is no secret that her father was Capitano Pulgmolto, of the Spanish artillery, with whom Queen Isabella consoled herself after the desertion of the Duke de Sesto, and before she made the acquaintance of Senors Manirí and Puenta, for her unhappy marriage. The deceased princess had attained her eighteenth year. If the next Queen Consort of Spain should furnish the church with a christening, the Infanta was to be married to the Crown Prince of Austria; if no child was born she was to remain in Spain and choose a husband who would be satisfied to live there. The Infanta had a clear olive complexion, regular and finely chiseled features, eyes dark and profound as those of Mlle. Rachel, and dark hair that might have been stolen from a pagan goddess. Her figure menaced clumsiness, but not to the extent of her mother's. She was called after an Aragonese Madonna held in great veneration by Queen Isabella. Death came upon the poor girl with fearful suddenness. It appears that she inspired Prince Randolph of Austria with a passion, which she reciprocated. The uncertainty about her marriage tormented her. Was she to be empress of Austria, or was she to be kept in Spain to provide heirs for the throne? She would have willingly renounced her contingent birthright; but jurists held that if she renounced her own claim to the succession she could not prejudice the rights of her children. The Infanta, without being seriously ill, ran down. Sea baths were ordered, and she went to a watering place on the southern shore of the bay of Biscay. While bathing there she was seized with a fit of the epileptic type which lasted several hours, and from which she only awoke in another world. The king and princess of Asturia, who were telegraphed for, did not arrive in time to see her pass away. Queen Isabella was at her country house reading a letter which the postman had just brought from the Infanta when the telegram announcing her decease arrived. The unfortunate mother was overwhelmed with grief, for she is most affectionate toward her children, and has keenly felt her separation from them, notwithstanding her intimacy with Puenta and his family. The Infanta Paz now stands on the step of the throne occupied by her sister Pilar. She is the age of the duke of Montpensier's son Antonio, and in all likelihood will be his wife. Thus the Guizotine policy of the Spanish marriages has a fresh chance of being realized. Princess Paz, or Peace, is fair and of pleasing appearance. She was confirmed by the Pope and is supposed to be a Marfori-y-Bourbon. The first telegram of condolence which king Alphonso received was from his chivalrous young friend, the crown prince of Austria.

Through Connections.

For through connections take the 5:15 p. m. train from San Antonio, and for full and reliable information as to route, rates, etc., call on or address

A. A. GALLAGHER,

Texas Passenger Agent, Menger Hotel, San Antonio.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST RECEIVED

200 Bbls. "Eagle Steam" Flour.

200 Bbls "Eickerman's Best" Flour.

500 Sacks Fine Salt.

100 " Louisiana Crystalized Salt.

For sale low by

H. GRENET.

jun6-tf

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas Antoinette Newcomb and James F. Newcomb, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1878, made and delivered unto Philipp Braubach their promissory note matured December 6th, A. D. 1879, in the sum of eight hundred dollars silver, bearing 12 per cent. interest per annum, securing the same by their deed of trust of December 6th, 1878, recorded in Bexar county records, vol. 3, pp. 489, 490 and 491, conveying to A. Dittmar as trustee all that tract of land in Bexar county, state of Texas, patented to Thos. Newcomb, assignee of Peter Hayes, being one-third of a league on the Chupederas on head waters of the Calaveras creek, about 10 miles S. 79 degrees E. of the city of San Antonio, known as survey No. 3, in section No. 4, by virtue of certificate No. 134 issued to said Hayes by the board of land commissioners of Victoria county, said survey containing about 1,476 acres, the patent being No. 609, vol. 15, dated March 2nd, 1863, less 150 acres sold to Thos. O. Gardiner Sept. 30th, 1874. See vol. 3, page 156. And less also not exceeding two hundred acres to be a homestead to J. G. Newcomb.

And whereas said Antoinette and James F. Newcomb failed and refused to pay a balance of one hundred dollars principal and of eighteen dollars and seventy-five cents interest, accrued up to June 21st, 1879, and interest from that time at 12 per cent. per annum on said $100 principal.

And whereas said Philipp Braubach requested the trustee to sell said land under the terms of said deed of trust.

Now, therefore the said trustee will on

Tuesday, the 30th Day of September, A. D. 1879,

before the courthouse door of Bexar county, in the city of San Antonio, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., sell the above described land in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust. Good and sufficient fee simple warranty deed in the name of said Antoinette and James F. Newcomb will be given to the purchaser.

A. DITTMAR, Trustee.

sept 2 d 20t

W. A. BENNETT. J. T. THORNTON. J. S. LOCKWOOD

Bennett Thornton & Lockwood

BANKERS

And Dealers in

EXCHANGE AND BULLION.

Telegraphic Transfers Made.

Bills on any part of Europe

Collections Solicited on all Points in Texas

Land Warrants bought and sold.

may 15 d & w

For Sale

BY

WULFING & LABATT.

1000 Wool Sacks,
100 bbls Best Family Flour,
2000 Bushels Corn,
200 Boxes of Roofing Tin,

aug28 d3m

FALL 1879.

L. HUTH & SON

Opp. Commercial Block, Market st., San Antonio, Texas,

Have just received a complete assortment of

Flower Seeds

for fall and winter sowing. Also Sorghum seed, and expect soon to receive new crop El Paso onion seed.

Immense Reduction

IN PRICES AT

SCHRAM & CO.'S

For the Balance of the Summer Season.

Clothing & Underwear,

Ladies', Gents' and Boys' Straw Hats.

DRESS GOODS.

Prices marked down to Rock-Bottom figures to sell our stock of Summer Goods. This is a bona fide offer, and parties intending to purchase articles in our line will be able to secure

The Cheapest Goods

Ever before offered in this city.

Call then at once and get your share of the Bargains which are offered by

SCHRAM & CO.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

Having determined to retire from the Book and Stationery business, we offer our entire stock

Regardless of Cost.

Now is the Time to Buy!

This is an excellent opportunity for any one desirous of engaging in the business, as we will close out on account of ill health the whole stock, fixtures, good will, &c., at a bargain.

J. S. Penn AND Bro.,

Soledad street, San Antonio, Texas

BOERNE HOTEL

Boerne, Texas.

J. CHRISTIE, (Late of Houston, Texas,) PROPRIETOR.

This new Hotel is of stone, with two lofty stories and balcony promenade of 300 feet. The apartments all open on the balconies fronting south, and are furnished as elegantly as any in the state. The table is supplied with the best the markets afford. Rate, $1 50 per day, $30 per month. The proprietor's long hotel experience guarantees the fullest satisfaction to all his guests.

Charles Hummel & Son,

79 Commerce St.,

Dealers in all Kinds of Fire Arms.

ESTABLISHED IN 1847.

Keeps constantly on hand the best assorted lot of

Breech and Muzzle-Loading Shot Guns, Winchester Express Rifles,

and all other models of the Winchester Carbines and Rifles, shells, primers, and all sizes of cartridges, as well as all kinds of Colt's, Smith & Wesson, Remington and other brands of pistols, spy and field-glasses, fishing tackle, etc., all of which we offer at reduced prices to suit the times.

N. B.—A large lot of fishing poles at very low figures, wholesale or retail.

☞ Repairing arms a specialty. Second-hand arms bought and sold. july29 d1y

SPRING WAGONS

Spring Wagons!

THE FINEST STOCK OF

SPRING WAGONS

Ever offered in San Antonio of the celebrated

Studebaker Brs

Manufacturing Co.,

SOUTH BEND, INDIANA,

Largest factory of the world, that received the highest premiums and awards of merit on their works wherever exhibited in competition with other parties,

Cabriolets, Phaetons, Top and Open Buggies, Ambulances, Platform Wagons, Express Wagons, Picnic and Diamond and California Express Wagons,

Half-spring Wagons, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Improved Studebaker wagons with new patent thimble skein iron axle, Mitchell wagon with self-oiling skeins, tents, covers, bows, etc.

ALL SOLD WITH FULL WARRANTY, AND AT LOWEST FACTORY PRICES.

A. Staacke,

Corner Houston and Soledad Streets.

Edward Miles,

Notary Public

Bexar Co., San Antonio, Tex.

OFFICE on Soledad street, opposite old Postoffice

Special attention given to all Veteran, State, or United States Pensions or other Claims. Abstract of titles made, taxes on lands in all parts of the state paid. Residence on lower Garden St. ja27

HENRY PAULY,

Builder and Contractor,

Will promptly attend to all kinds of work in the building line, and guarantees satisfaction.

Leave orders a office with S. Deutsch & Co., corner Commerce street and Main plaza.

aug5-3m

Daily Express.

PUBLISHED BY THE

Express Printing Company.

Saturday Morning, September 6, 1879.

JOHNSTON AND HOOD.

In its zeal to do honor to the late lamented Gen. John B. Hood, the Dallas *Herald and Commercial* cast a reflection upon the military character of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston, for which the Fort Worth *Democrat* takes the first named paper to task. This is not a proper time for a controversy over the relative merits or genius of Gen. Hood and other generals of his day; it is meet, however, that we should now give him the full credit which is his due. From those who have studied the campaign of 1864 in Georgia, Gen. Johnston needs no defender. Had he nothing else on which to base his claim for military renown, his masterly retreat from Dalton to Atlanta could not have failed to win for him, from friend and foe alike, the plaudits due the greatest military chieftians. Under the circumstances with which he had to contend, with an overwhelming power pressing so closely upon him that for one hundred and fifteen days the armies were under constant fire, and maneuvering over a country hundreds of miles in extent, each defeat even was not less than a victory to his genius. This was frankly admitted by Sherman himself while pressing his victorious legions upon "Old Joe."

But this does not detract from the honors due to Gen. Hood. He had proven himself worthy and equal to every emergency in which he was placed up to the time he assumed command of the army of the Tennessee. Just prior to that time there had been a great clamor and a still greater pressure for the removal of Johnston by those who did not realize the situation, but who, dismayed at the progress of the union army into the heart of the confederacy, demanded to have "the invader hurled back." The confederate cabinet doubtless fully realized that no general could do what was so demanded with the means at command, but further retreat was almost as disastrous as defeat in attempting to advance, and to still the clamor of those who knew not what they were clamoring for, and to relieve the pressure from those who knew not what they were pressing upon, the administration determined upon a forlorn hope with the army of the Tennessee. A gallant army was to be led out to almost certain destruction, a gallant soldier's reputation was to be put through the crucible of almost certain defeat and failure. What more gallant soldier could be called upon to lead this forlorn hope than Gen. John B. Hood? Johnston was removed and Hood took command. He had been with that army, and must have known—doubtless did know—what overwhelming power was in front of him, and that he was being called upon to attempt to accomplish an impossibility—called upon to make a double sacrifice—that of his reputation and his men. The first onslaught commenced at Peach Tree creek, July 21st, and that with the horrors of the revelry of death in front of Atlanta on the 22d, in which two days over forty thousand dead and wounded fell, will never be forgotten. Then came Ezra Church and Jonesboro, with results any intelligent man could have foreseen, and the campaign ended. Nashville came next, with the same result as might have been foretold—defeat—and then the cry went forth, "Hood cannot command an army."

Soldiers may fight and die, but they cannot gain victories where the odds are so greatly against them that no valor or genius can avail. Hood was a grand success until placed in command of an army to lead a forlorn hope. To judge of him as a commander by his failure in that, when success so near approached impossibility, is to judge unjustly and without reason; but many judged that way, and the gallant soldier was the victim of ignorance of the surroundings in which he was placed, and of the impossible things he was expected to do. It fell to the lot of Hood to lead where the feet of Hope dared not tread. The result would have been the same to any other captain, great or small.

WHAT THE A. T. & S. FE IS DOING.

Announcement is made of the definite location of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad through New Mexico to the head waters of the Gila river in the southwestern portion of the territory. This line will run from the present terminus of the road, which is now at Las Vegas, by the way of Glorieta and Galisteo; passing by this route about fifteen miles south of Santa Fe, the latter place to be connected by a branch. It will strike the Rio Grande and continue down the river valley as far as Palomas, where it will leave the river and run through the mineral region of Silver City. This brings the line up to the range of hills in which the head waters of the Gila river begin to flow westward to the Pacific ocean.

Our readers will see that this line of railroad will run through the territory from northeast to southwest, and therefore secure a large proportion of the local trade of New Mexico, for it will control the immense coal fields of Colfax county, in the northeastern portion of the territory, and the wealth of the populous counties of Mora and San Miguel, as well as the rich mining regions south of Santa Fe. Thence southerly down the river valley the road will have the business of that rich region, and in the southwestern portion of the territory it will obtain control of the copper and silver productions of Grant county.

Already the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe company have let contracts for the entire bridge building on the extension of their line to Albuquerque, and purchased iron rails for the same, and it is expected that this extension will reach the Rio Grande at Albuquerque by the first of January next. Everything that energy, enterprise and money bags can do is being put into the speedy construction of this live Southern Pacific railroad, for there seems to be a definite understanding, if not a real combination, between the A. T. & S. Fe and the Southern Pacific of California to connect the ends of their rails together some time during the year 1880, and thus build the Southern Pacific railroad.

Meanwhile the Texas Pacific railroad is really doing nothing but making useless appeals to congress for aid to take up its dead enterprise, and thus enable it, by government credit, to resume its construction towards the Pacific.

And this leads us to consider whether the management of our Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio railroad are contemplating the extension of their road northwest to New Mexico to connect with this live Southern Pacific road at Palomas, about 125 miles north of El Paso; for with this connection, and the completion of the railroad through to New Orleans, our Alamo city would be on the line of the most practicable route to the Pacific that can be constructed.

REMARKABLE MEN.

Future historians will chronicle the fact that the years 1876-80 fell upon remarkable men and remarkable times, and Tilden and Hayes will be pointed out as the most remarkable men of that most remarkable time. The great simplicity of these great men will stand resplendent as the most wonderful thing of the nineteenth century, and there will be much to justify the fact. These two men were struggling for the highest office in the gift of the people, and on both sides, when the struggle became narrowed down to a doubt, there was attempted, or consummated, a regular bargain and sale of oaths, of fraudulent acts and trickster's handiwork. Though these transactions were being conducted under the very noses of these remarkable men, in their very homes, and by their most intimate friends, and to secure a result they of all the world were most deeply interested in, they knew nothing at all about it; never dreamed that anything unusual was going on, and afterwards were horrified at the proofs of the facts presented. Of the two, Hayes is doubtless the most remarkable. To have learned that trickery was resorted to in his behalf, would have called down upon the tricksters his most bitter denunciation, yet by some strange fatality this great and good man, with only the good of his country at heart, in his innocence and simplicity showered honors and lucrative offices upon the very men whose corrupt practices would have horrified him had he knew of them. Another remarkable feature of this remarkable man's career is found in connection with his famous civil service order. Though it was openly and plainly violated from the day it was issued; though the very stones in the streets have known of its grossest violation for the past two years, when Mr. Hayes was recently pointedly told of the existing state of affairs, he affected the greatest surprise and said: "This is the first I have heard of it," and promised to see to its strict enforcement at once. The atmosphere surrounding these great men must be non-conductive of sound and prevent their hearing what is being constantly drummed into the ears of all the other people in the land.

OLD CORRESPONDENCE.

The New York *Star* has been delving into the old musty records of former days and brought forth the following interesting note, which we publish for the benefit of those who favor Mr. Tilden for president, and also as furnishing an indication that the bar'l was on top many years ago:

MY DEAR TWEED: Appoint my friend ——— to a position where the salary is not less than $2,500 per annum. He is a very useful man in the interior of the state. Sincerely yours,

S. J. T.

MY DEAR TILDEN: O. K. I have appointed him inspector of water meters.

Send me a check for $16,000. I need it for the legislature, to settle our railroad matters.

Yours truly, W. M. TWEED.

Or the unmistakable indications that business is reviving in every part of our country, the Boston *Post* says: "When Mr. Tilden gave it as his opinion that the next four years would be a term of great, if not of unexampled, prosperity on a solid basis, he undoubtedly voiced the opinions of all the shrewdest business men of the country, and added one more instance of sagacity to the many by which his life has been distinguished. It is almost inevitable that the era upon which we are entering should be full of healthy activity for industry, trade and commerce. Natural causes and natural law will make it so. The crisis has been passed, improvement visible to all discerning eyes has set in, and now all that is necessary for the people of this country is to stand aside and not interfere with the workings of Providence. The feeling of assurance and stability for which we have been waiting has taken possession of the various circles of business, and there is general belief that as sure as the laws of cause and effect are kept in operation, so sure are we to have a better business this coming fall than has been known before since the period of depression fairly set in. If this does not prove so, then some of the best business heads in the country will lose faith in their ability to read the signs."

THE Houston *Age* evidently has not lost sight of the fact that elections for congressmen will be held next year in this state, and pointedly indicates its preference for that district in the following editorial personal: "The Hon. Seth Shepard is just home at Brenham from an extended visit to Kentucky and the Atlantic cities. Mr. Shepard is a very much the most popular man in the fifth congressional district. The political legerdemain by which he was defeated for the nomination last year so disgusted the democracy that they let the election go by default. Shepard would have beat Wash Jones five thousand votes."

MANY persons are puzzled to understand what the terms "fourpenny," "sixpenny" and "tenpenny" means as applied to nails. The *Scientific American* explains this by saying that "fourpenny" means four pounds to the thousand nails, or "sixpenny" means six pounds to the thousand, and so on. It is an old English term, and meant at first "tenpound" nails (the thousand being understood), but the old English slipped it to "tenpun," and from that it degenerated until "penny" was substituted for "pounds." When 1000 nails weigh less than one pound they are called tacks, brads, etc., and are reckoned by ounces.

It is reported that the "lovely Langtry" has a divorce case on hand, her husband being plaintiff in the case. The *Town Talk*, a weekly penny scandal print, and recently seized as indecent, asserts that the Prince of Wales and Lords Londesborough and Lonsdale are co-respondents. This report, however, may be only a ruse to heighten the interest in Mrs. Langtry when she arrives in this country, and make her society more sought after by the snobs of New York, and also to show that she has peculiar claims upon public admiration as well as Sarah Bernhardt, who threatens to capture New York society.

A RUMOR came from Washington that Senator Thurman and his friends in Ohio are making arrangements to secure a majority of democrats in the legislature (which will elect Thurman's successor in the senate) by sacrificing Gen. Ewing and the state ticket. The story is doubtless, however, only one of the many contributions to the political gammon floating about the country, and industriously circulated by the republicans to demoralize the democratic ranks in Ohio.

In this country stockholders in insurance companies pay the money for their shares. In Europe, as a rule, they merely subscribe the capital and trust to the profits of the business to furnish the assets. The large assets of some of the wealthiest companies of the Old World were accumulated out of the profits of the business.

THE Chicago *Commercial Bulletin* has made an estimate of the spring wheat crop of the section tributary to Chicago. The report is based on returns received from 308 counties in the northwest, embracing an acreage of over 8,000,000, or about 75 per cent. of the entire acreage. The report shows an increased production of 29,105,000 bushels over the returns of last year, a good portion of which may be credited to the cultivation of new lands. The total crop is estimated in round numbers at 137,850,000, which may be regarded as not excessive in view of the poor crop of last year. The quality is uniformerly reported very good.

CONGRESSMAN SPRINGER, who is being quoted as questions of a national political nature as though he were a sort of political wet nurse, is of the opinion that Clarkson N. Potter will secure the New York gubernatorial nomination on the democratic ticket, and that the presidential nomination will, to a great extent, be foreshadowed by the result in Ohio.

IN 1870 the six New England states paid internal revenue taxes to the government amounting to $16,322,890. These states paid last year in such taxes only $3,540,746, of which the state of Maine only contributed $75,331 and Vermont only $50,159.

TEXAS is but one stumbling block in the way of the progress of the Dallas *H. & G.*, and that is that paper's extreme modesty. So great is that obstacle that we fear it will never get over or around it. It's a pity, too.

STATE NEWS.

The Brazos has gone down again.

Fort Worth is having pound parties.

There is a small rise in the Neches.

Jefferson has a postmistress instead of postmaster, Mrs. E. Stern.

Corsicana has a flourishing literary society.

The country papers have not finished talking about the Lampasas fair.

The fall fairs are not panning out so numerously as in former years.

The Sheriffs Convention will meet at Austin on the 9th of this month.

Brenham is discussing establishing a chain gang of city prisoners.

A gang of professional burglars is reported at La Grange.

Physicians at Orange report an increase of sickness since the recent cyclone.

The fish are dying in the bayous about Orange since the cyclone.

Dogtown is the classical name of a place in the vicinity of Marlin.

A. J. Pierce, an old merchant of Waco, died suddenly Thursday.

The tax rolls for 1879 show Comanche county to be worth $1,351,571.

The Stonewalls of Honey Grove, are the champion base ball players of the State.

Some of the doctors are leaving Waco for the west, an excellent sign for Waco.

The Gollieds grangers are to have a big picnic, on the 2d Saturday of September.

The citizens of Georgetown have invited Major Penn to start one of his meetings at that place.

The Orange Minstrels are giving a series of entertainment at Orange for the benefit of the Orange College.

No lives were lost during the recent cyclone at Orange and no one was seriously injured.

P. T. Barnum, the great showman, was in Denison for a short time last Saturday.

All along the lines of Texas railways business is now very brisk on account of the opening of the cotton season.

The prophets say next year will be one of unexampled activity in railroad building in Texas.

The Brown county miners having stopped talking and gone to work, there is no telling what developments they may make.

Ninety-eight schools, including three high schools, were opened in the Cherokee Nation on the first of September.

The Greenbackers are organizing all over the state, and both the Democrats and Republicans are looking idly on.

Times are dull in north Texas. The Sherman and Denison papers are publishing the murders committed in the Indian Territory.

The state normal school and university for the graduation of criminals, are both located at Huntsville.

A correspondent of the Corsicana Index complains of the whipping of white men by negroes in jail.

The Belton Light Guard have received 40 needle guns, with scabbard and belt and ammunition to match.

Seven negro men and women were arrested last week on a Bear creek farm, near Austin, for stealing cotton.

The latest sensation at Belle Plain is the elopement of a young white farmer of respectable family with a mulatto servant girl.

The occupation tax of Orange this year amounts to about sixteen hundred dollars—half of which belongs to the county.

The creeks were higher in Newton county after the storm than they have been for many years. Most of the bridges are gone.

Wesley, an Austin county village, has two doctors, four merchants, one tailor, two churches, one school master and two fiddlers.

A member of the ladies' aid society at Columbus is after a fellow with a sharp stick, who said all such societies were an imposition on the public.

Three Orange saloons "bucked" against the Sunday law, and on Monday plead guilty before Justice Chenault, and were each fined $20 and costs.

Even the narrow escape of the court house and jail from flames did not influence the clerk of the weather at Comanche to put water in the tanks for a greater emergency.

The Radical Record.

New York Sun.

"We Republicans stand boldly on our whole record," shouted Grandfather Taft at Cleveland the other night. Then Grandfather Taft and those for whom he speaks stand boldly on a record embracing the Credit Mobilier briberies, the San Domingo job, the whisky ring frauds, the general order store-house frauds, the straw bid postal contract frauds, Secor Robeson, Belknap, Babcock, Williams, the brother-in-law and second cousin plan of running the government, the invasion of State Legislatures by Federal troops, the Returning Board roscalities, perjuries and forgeries and their resultant—the Fraudulent Hayes. Grandfather Taft is a bold man.

Why Belle West's Hair Is Red.

Chicago Times.

The Globe-Democrat won't have it. General Grant may decline and decline, but the grateful editor of the said Globe, who was pardoned from jail by the General, will insist that, in recognition of this official kindness to its unfortunate conductor, the country must land the General in the White House willy-nilly.

The Way to Stop Indian Outrages.

Kansas City Times.

There is but one right way for the government to put a stop to outrages in the Indian Territory. It is to declare that the ceded lands are open to bona fide settlers, and the people may go in and possess them. Until then murder and pillage will continue, and the border towns of Kansas will be exposed to raids from the organized brigands who infest the wilderness.

Many Texas farmers think their fall gardens pay better than the spring planting. Try it.

Ladies

Do you want a pure, blooming Complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau.

For Ten Cents: One hundred page Pamphlet with Lists of Newspapers and Advertising Rates.

For Ten Dollars: Four lines inserted one week in Three Hundred and Fifty Newspapers.

10 Spruce St. N. Y.

L. S. L.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE.

Grand Monthly Distribution, 1879,

At New Orleans, Tuesday, Sept. 9th

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $850,000. Its Grand Single Number Distribution will take place monthly, on the second Tuesday. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following distribution.

Capital Prize $30,000.

100,000 Tickets at Two Dollars Each. Half Tickets $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE,		$30,000
1 " "		10,000
1 " "		5,000
2 PRIZES OF	2,500	5,000
5 " "	1,000	5,000
20 " "	500	10,000
100 " "	100	10,000
200 " "	50	10,000
500 " "	20	10,000
7000 " "	10	70,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 approximation prizes of	$300		$2,700
9 " "	200		1,800
9 " "	100		9,000
1857 Prizes, amounting to			$150,400

☞ Parties sending for Agencies or rates to Clubs should only be made to the office at New Orleans.

Write, clearly stating full address, for further information, or send orders to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY.
Capital Prize $100,000. Whole Tickets $10

For circulars and other information address C. W. HOWARD, San Antonio, Texas.

KANSAS CITY

Commercial Indicator.

A weekly publication, devoted to the dissemination of reliable commercial information relating to Kansas City and the great "New West." Every issue contains information of value to stock dealers.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—One copy one year, $1.50; one copy six months, $1.00; one copy three months, 65 cents; one copy one month 25 cents. Cash in advance. Correspondence on all matters of commercial interest solicited. Address all orders to

EYER & SIMONS,
Kansas City, Mo.

Frank J. Beitel,

Dealer in all kinds of Texas, Louisiana and Florida Lumber, Doors, Sash, Blinds, SHINGLES, FENCING, LATHS, Etc. MOULDING

Office and Yard—N. Flores Street and R. R. Depot. San Antonio, Texas.

C. M. BRUCE & CO.

Plumbers

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

51 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Gas Fixtures, Pumps, Pipe, Hose, Etc.

Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to. Wind mills a specialty. apr19-1yr

L. P. Boettler,

Carpenter

—AND—

BUILDER,

Alamo Plaza, 1½ Block east of the German Catholic Church.

☞ Store and Office-Fitting a specialty. Orders promptly attended to. no19d

LANDS FOR SALE.

Some of the lands belonging to the estate of W. A. Menger, deceased, are offered for sale at very reasonable prices, to-wit:

1. Lot on the west side of the Alamo plaza, between lot of F. I. Meyer and Crocket street, and extending back to Losoya street. It fronts 84 feet on Alamo Plaza, 110 feet on Crocket street and 110 feet on Losoya street. There is on it a hard rock building, known as the government warehouse, fronting 110 feet on Losoya street and 60 feet on Crocket street. The lot can be divided into four or more lots, and is offered either entire or in parts, to suit purchasers.
2. Lot and houses on the west side of the San Pedro creek, on Laredo street, now occupied by the San Antonio Coal Company.
3. Lot on the corner of Losoya and Crocket streets opposite the barracks.
4. Lot No. 30, and middle third of block No. 20, comprising nearly 3½ acres, near San Pedro avenue and the Upper Labor ditch.
5. Twenty acres of land, part of block No. 3, range o, 1 and district No. 7, 1½ miles southwest of the city, near Steiner's candle factory.
6. Blocks Nos. 1, 2, and 3, and Lots Nos. 1, 2, and 3, in block No. 5, west of the San Pedro, being a subdivision of original lot No. 143.
7. Lot No. 7, subdivided from lot No. 75, west side of San Pedro.
8. Three hundred and twenty acres of land, upper half of 640 acres, survey No. 82, in section No. 4, about nine miles southeast of San Antonio, on Calaveras creek, very good land. The country in the neighborhood is settling up very fast.
9. Nine hundred and sixty acres in Atascosa county, survey 1126, in section No. 6, very rich land and well watered.
10. Six hundred and forty acres of land in Frio county, being four surveys of 160 acres each, Nos. 81, 82, 83, and 84, in district No. 3, excellent land, being part of Castro's colony—Henry Castro original grantee.
11. A farm comprising 86 acres of land in Kendall county one mile southwest of Boerne, survey 175, section 2. In very choice land, has house and fence, and has two constantly running streams of water.
12. Six hundred and forty acres of land in Kendall county, ten miles east of Boerne, known as the David Bradbury ranch. Healthy location.
13. Four hundred and ninety-two acres of cedar land in Burnet county.
14. Three hundred and twenty acres of land in Mason county, survey No. 107, district No. 1
15. Three hundred and twenty acres of land in Gonzales county, survey No. 229, district No. 9.

For particulars apply at the

Menger Hotel Office.

Hall's

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF

SAFES

G. STORMS, Agent,

At H. Barbeck's Store.

OLD SAFES EXCHANGED.

DEI'S.

Livery, Sale & Feed Stables

PLUM STREET, OPP. MENGER HOTEL, HOUSTON ST. & AVE. E, OPP. ALAMO B'LDING SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Good saddle horses, horses and buggies, and the best open or close carriages to be had in the city for hire on short notice and reasonable rates. Also the finest hearses in the city for hire to funerals, trimmed in black or white. Horses boarded by the job, day, week or month. Transportation furnished to all parts and satisfaction guaranteed.

PHIL DEI, Proprietor.

J. SHEERN

Undertaker

Wareroom on Market St.,

(Opposite Braden's Hotel.)

Will furnish Wooden and Metalic

Burial Cases and Caskets.

METALIC EMBALMING BURIAL CASKETS PARTICULARLY ADAPTED FOR TRANSPORTING BODIES AT AS LOW RATES AS THE ORDINARY METALIC CASE.

Charges - - Moderate

GEORGETOWN FEMALE SEMINARY,

Founded in 1846.

The next scholastic year opens on the first Monday in September, 1879. For catalogues, address as at Georgetown, Ky.

J. J. RUCKER, Prin. aug7-1m

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.

Farmdale, Franklin Co.

Oldest military school in the south-west. Thirty-fifth Year begins September 1. Six miles out of Frankfort, Ky. For catalogues, etc., address

POST ADJUTANT.

Greenwood Female Seminary

Opens first Monday in September. The continued and successful operation of this Seminary proves its advantages. Being select and limited, pupils receive that personal attention to their health and progress that can not be given in an overcrowded Seminary. Daily calisthenic drill. Delphian well. First-class facilities. For catalogue address

Mrs. N. Lawrence Lindsley,
jul19 2m Lebanon, Tennessee.

FRUIT DEPOT.

G. B. Cassinelli & L. Longinotti,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

Fruits, Nuts &c.

North side Main Plaza,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

ocd17y

Loan Offices.

LOAN OFFICE

The oldest and most reliable Loan Office in

SAN ANTONIO.

South-west corner of Military Plaza, in the two-story building.

Rates Reduced According to the Amounts Loaned.

Also on hand CHEAP Diamond Rings, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry of all descriptions, particularly Mexican Jewelry.

Maximilian Dollars,

Lyre, Backing, &c., &c., &c. Ample room for fine Furniture and Pianos.

17dw tf S. SCHWARZ.

M. KORNIGHEIM'S

Loan Office,

WEST SIDE MAIN PLAZA.

WILL ADVANCE MONEY ON VALUABLES AT VERY LOW RATES.

Those desiroing to pledge articles would do well call on him. march31 tf

☞ A large lot of fine watches and jewelry of all kinds for sale, all unredeemed pledges, which can be bought at less than half their real value.

Bird Cages

AT ALL PRICES.

FISHING TACKLE

Of Every Description

BAMBOO POLES

AT

H. BARBECK'S

THE WESTERN AGENCY

FOR THE

DIEBOLD

Safe & Lock

COMPANY,

o. 69 Commerce Street, San Antonio.

This Company have the largest and most complete Safe Manufactory in America, and this Safe, as at present made, combining as it does several new and important improvements over the old style, has

NO SUPERIOR

in the world. A stock of various sizes on hand, and special sizes ordered from the manufactory when desired.

Safes Sold to Responsible Parties on Reasonable Terms and Time.

JAMES L. TRUEHEART,

Real Estate, Claim & General Agent

Soledad St., San Antonio,

Will sell on accommodating terms,
One improved lot, near corner of Houston and Acequia streets, 30x120 feet.
One improved lot fronting 60x235 feet on Pecan St.
" " " " 30x100 " San Pedro Cr.
" unimproved lot on 8th St., near San Pedro ave.
" " " " Cameron St., opposite new jail
Two " " " East and First street.
44 " " " Rio Grande and Houston Sts.
15 acres of irrigable land near railroad depot.
9 " " " on Conception road.
Unimproved lots in different parts of the city.
2 improved farms on the Leon creek, 12 miles north-west of the city, on Fredericksburg road.
3 small unimproved tracts on Leon, 12 miles north-west of city.
8 small unimproved tracts on Schoolhouse creek, 6 miles north of city.
1 small unimproved tract on Saltillo creek, near Converse station.
2 small unimproved tracts on Medina, and near España mission.
13 small unimproved tracts on Cibolo, in Guadalupe county, near Maj. Brahan's.
1 small farm on Corpus Christi road, near the city, under a good fence.
6 small tracts unimproved, 15 miles east of the city.
8 small tracts unimproved, 24 miles north-west of city, on Balcones creek.
Lands in nearly every county in North-west and South-west Texas, in quantities and prices to suit.
One furnished room to rent on Travis street, near the Vance House.

Bell AND Bro.

Plated Ware

Silver and

Of Latest and most Elegant Designs.

Clocks

Of all Kinds.

Razors, Pocket and Table Knives

Of our own Importation

Celluloid Novelties,

Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry.

Spectacles a Specialty.

BELL & BRO.

Carriage Making.

MICHAEL PIGOTT,

HOUSTON STREET.

Opp. Military Headquarters,

Is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business, such as trimming, painting, repairing and renovating carriages, buggies, etc. His work is first-class and his prices low enough to enable him to compete with any workman in his line in the city. decl1

Bandera and San Antonio Hack LINE,

Mrs. ELIZA GALLAGHER, Proprietress.

OFFICE AT THE EL PASO STAGE OFFICE.

The proprietress has refitted this line and will run comfortable vehicles three times a week from each end, making the distance in ten hours, Careful drivers and good teams.

Stages leave San Antonio on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 6 a. m.; arrive Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6 p. m.

Express packages promptly forwarded.

may19 tf C. S. REEVES, Agent.

Assignee's Notice.

The public are hereby notified that C. M. Bruce & Co., a firm composed of C. M. Bruce and M. Lavery, have heretofore, on the 24th of July, 1879, made an assignment to me, E. S. Niccolls, of all their estate, both real and personal, for the benefit of their creditors, and that I have duly qualified as such assignee, and am now settling the estate and business of the said firm of C. M. Bruce & Co., under the statute in such cases made and provided.

All creditors consenting to this assignment are required to make known, in writing, to the assignee, their consent within four months from this date.

Witness my hand at San Antonio, Texas, this the 6th day of August, 1879.

E. S. NICCOLLS,
aug6-d3w Assignee.

ECKEY & HUBERICH,

Wholesale and Retal Dealers in

Blackberry, Peach, Apple and Cognac BRANDIES.

Gin, Rum, Kummel, Stomach Bitters, Port, Sherry, Claret and RHINE WINE.

RYE AND BOURBON WHISKIES.

Also Sole Agents for the

C. CONRAD & CO.'S "ORIGINAL"

BUDWEISER BOTTLED BEER

Alamo Street, Opposite Postoffice.

Menger Hotel,

ALAMO PLAZA,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,

Mrs. W. A. Menger, Proprietress.

☞ ACCOMMODATIONS EQUAL TO ANYIN THE STATE.

PAUL WAGNER,

AGENT FOR

E. Anheuser's Keg Beer.

WAGONS! WAGONS!

JUST RECEIVED A NEW AND IMPROVED ASSORTMENT OF

Freight, Farm AND Spring Wagons,

Buggies, Buckboards, Etc.

FROM THE

Milburn Wagon Company, of Toledo, Ohio.

Southwestern Branch, Soledad Street,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

This celebrated factory is now making all the improvements in Wagons, and offers to the Public the most complete assortment ever placed on sale in this market. The only factory making the 5,000 POUND FREIGHTER with CHIHUAHUA BED and SWINGING BRAKE. Also the improved Swing Brake for ambulances. Don't forget that they make and sell a complete buggy top for $12.00, attached to any vehicle; also wheel jacks, axle grease, ambulance tops, etc., all of their own make, and guaranteed.

☞ Wool growers should call and see the patent Rack Feeding Trough.

L. R. CARPENTER, Agent.

Hugo & Schmeltzer,

Wholesale Grocers

89 & 91 Commerce St.

Sole Agents for the

CELEBRATED

Bottled Beer

OF THE

Anheuser,

BUSH

Brewing Association.

ALSO

Schlitz Milwaukee Bottled Beer, Etc. Etc.

Rosskam, Gerstley & Co's. Reserve and Saratoga Whiskies.

Wm. Lanahan's Hunter Rye Whisky.

SHULTZ CELEBRATED SOAP.

SOLE AGENTS DUPONT'S SPORTING AND BLASTING POWDER.

Elmendorf & Co

Main Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

DEALERS IN

Hardware & Agricultural Implements,

Saddlery, Fairbank's Scales, Wagons, Carriage and Buggy Timber, Axles and Springs, Pitt's Celebrated Horse Powers, Reynold's Cotton Press, Prattle Cotton Gin.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN CUTLERY,

Iron and Steel, Nails, Locks and Screws, Hinges, Tools of the best material, Paints and Oils, J. Leffel Celebrated Turbine Water Wheel, C. H. & L. J. McCormick's Harvester, with or without binder, Improved Advance, Improved Prize Mower, Furst & Bradley Manufacturing Co's Celebrated Cast Steel Plows, Cultivators and Steel Hay Rakes. All other AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, Horse Powers and Engines Aultman & Taylor Threshers, Separators and Cleaners, Kentucky Sugar Mills and Evaporators, Stewart's Plows and Corn Mills, "Queen of the South."

AGENTS FOR OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS.

BRANCH HOUSE

ALAMO PLAZA, Opp. Menger Hotel,

SAN ANTONIO, - - - TEXAS

☞ Our present Headquarters on Main plaza becoming too small on account of increasing business where opened a Branch House on Alamo plaza, opposite Menger Hotel, where we will also keep a full stock of goods in our line, to which we invite inspection by all purchasers. apr 29 d&wl

BERG & BRO.

Wool, Grain & Comm's'n

Agents C. H. Mallory & Co.'s

NEW YORK and TEXAS Steamship Line

And proprietors of Freight Transfer Line.

FRENCH'S BUILDING MAIN PLAZA

Daily Express.

Saturday Morning, September 6, 1879.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS

TO AND FROM THE

SAN ANTONIO POSTOFFICE.

Train Mails, Houston and Galveston only—Arrives daily except Monday at 9.30 a. m. Through mails for all points north and east of Houston departs at 4 p. m. daily except Sunday. Through mails from Houston, Austin, Galveston and all points north and east arrive daily except Sundays at 9 p. m.

Banquete—Arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 9 p. m. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 a. m.

Corpus Christi—Arrives daily except Monday by 10 a. m. Departs daily except Sunday at 6 a. m.

Eagle Pass—Arrives daily by 6 p. m. Departs daily at 6 a. m.

Fredericksburg and Concho—Arrives daily by 12 m. Departs daily at 1 p. m.

Frio City—Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 12 m. Departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 a. m.

Beetville and Helena—Arrives Wednesday and Saturday by 12 m. Departs Mon., & Thur. at 6 a. m.

Laredo—Arrives daily except Mondays by 6 a. m. Departs daily except Sunday at 6 a. m.

Stockdale and Sutherland Springs—Arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 6 p. m. Departs Monday, Wednesday and Friday 6 a. m.

Through mails for Houston, Austin, Galveston and all points north and east depart daily at 6 a. m.

All mails close half an hour previous to the time of departure.

OFFICE HOURS.

Stamp, Register and Money Order Departments from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.

General Delivery from 8 a. m. to 5. p. m.

Railroad Time Table.

THROUGH EXPRESS EAST—Daily except Sun.

Leaves San Antonio	7.00 a. m.
" Seguin	8.36 a. m.
" Luling	9.34 a. m.
" Columbus	12.10 p. m.
Arrives at Houston	5.05 p. m.
" " Galveston	7.45 p. m.

THROUGH EXPRESS WEST—Daily except Sun.

Leaves Houston	9.55 a. m.
" Columbus	2.25 p. m.
" Luling	5.40 p. m.
" Seguin	6.36 p. m.
Arrives at San Antonio	8.20 p. m.

NIGHT TRAIN EAST—Daily except Sunday.

Leaves San Antonio	3.15 p. m.
Arrives at Houston	9.50 a. m.

NIGHT TRAIN WEST—Daily except Sunday.

Leaves Houston	5.30 p. m.
Arrives at San Antonio	9.30 a. m.

TICKET OFFICE HOURS.—From 9 a. m. till 12 m. from 2 to 4 p. m. and from 7 to 9 p. m. Sundays 10 to 11 a. m. and 8 to 9 p. m.

N. B.—Trains run by Galveston time, which is 1 hour faster than San Antonio time.

Stock and Farm Notes.

In the usual order of things next year should be a fine year for crops.

Those farmers who have their own interest at heart will plant a greater variety of crops than usual next year.

Fall planting pays best, and this is the time for the plowing to begin.

There is a free agent going through the country selling "borer proof fruit trees." He is a swindler.

Vegetables boiled and then mashed and mixed with corn-meal or oat-meal, are admirable for poultry. Chopped meat should be added for laying hens.

Old pastures plowed deep in the fall and planted with millet winter wheat and oats never fail to pay a large percentage for the labor and time bestowed on them.

Red peppers boiled in sweet milk are recommended as a sure cure for weak-backed pigs. Spirits of Turpentine poured on the hog's back in the region of the kidneys will also straighten them up.

Mesilla Valley, in New Mexico, produces a grape making a wine equal to any known. This same superior grape production is characteristic of the country lying along the Upper Rio Grande in Texas. It is also celebrated for the longevity of its inhabitants.

Capt. Richards, of Fayette county, is experimenting with the early amber cane. He has already matured two crops this year, and is preparing for the third. The cane matures in two months and two days; it makes excellent sugar and syrup molasses.

The Oneida community is said to have cleared $76,000 last year from the products of its own industry on 700 acres of land. It has vine yards, fruit and vegetable gardens, great canning establishments, and orchards, and is rich with the riches that can be created out of the soil.

Mr. A. Moffitt, in the Montgomery Journal, writes an interesting article on fruit culture in this part of the state. The proper time for planting, he asserts, is in the fall, because trees root themselves during that season and winter. He also believes strongly in grading, which distributes the sap.

O. M. M., writing to the New York World, gives the following as a sure death to the cabbage worm: "For every hundred heads of cabbage I take a quarter of a pound of black pepper and put in a box large enough to sift out well. Go into the patch before the dew is off and pepper the cabbage well. Two or three times will be sufficient. The worms go through the leaves and die.

The Live Stock Journal recommends the planting of green peas and oats as fodder for live stock. Plant with a drill one-third oats and two-thirds peas, three bushels to the acre. Cut as soon as the pea pod is full. Cure and pack away under cover for future use. A Bushel mixed with the fodder will add to its value as well as prevent it from spoiling.

The Star Vindicator, published at Blanco City, says: The general impression is that apples cannot be successfully grown in this region, but this is altogether a mistake, as any one will find out by taking a little pains testing the matter. We have seen some as fine apples grown here as can be grown anywhere, and are satisfied that all that is lacking to raise that valuable fruit in this country to perfection is a little extra pains and trouble.

The Corpus Christi Free Press says: The quick growth of mesquit grass in West Texas is remarkable. The ground which a few weeks ago was parched and in many places bare, affording but little else than whirlwind pyramids of dust, has responded to the recent rains with a luxuriant growth of grass and beautiful flowers. It is asserted that mesquite grass, with requisite moisture, will wield seed in ten days after its appearance above the surface.

The swallow, swift and nighthawk are the guardians of the atmosphere. They check the increase of insects, that otherwise would overload it. Woodpeckers and creepers are the guardians of the trunks of trees. Warblers and fly-catchers protect the foliage. Black-birds, thrushes, crows and larks protect the soil under the surface. Each tribe has its respective duties to perform in the economy of nature; and if is an undoubted fact that if the birds were all swept away from off the earth man could not live upon it, vegetation would wither and die, and insects would become so numerous that no living thing could withstand their attacks.—London Farmer.

The American Agriculturists believes that the old-fashioned method of plowing under manure has become obsolete. The common method is to keep it as near the surface and to intermingle it with the soil as much as possible. In feeding plants we must not only place the food within easy reach of the roots, but must also supply the best food in the best condition. These conditions are secured by a thorough mixture of the manure in as finely provided condition as possible throughout the upper three or four inches of the soil. The best practice is to spread the manure upon the ploughed ground, and to work it in with the harrow.

An Englishman has been testing the merits of unshod horses—a subject much talked about now in the papers. He removed the shoes from his pony, and gave it a month's rest in the pasture. The hoof was a thin shell, and kept chipping away until it had worked up beyond the holes of the nails. After this, however, the hoof grew thick and hard. The pony was then put to work, and stood it well. He was sure-footed, his tread was almost noiseless, and the owner says of him, "He now goes better without shoes than he ever did with them, and without shoes he will continue to go as long as he remains in my possession."

The Victoria Advocate says: The successful experiments had with Nicaragua wheat in different counties of the state, proves that variety to be eminently suited to our soil and climate. It is of a hardy growth, and has the further virtue of being free from rust, and hence to our trying climate is invaluable on this account. We have on different occasions eaten of bread made from the Nicaragua wheat of Texas growth, and have found it in every instance sweet and light, though slightly dark in color. Our farmers should sow this wheat early in October, and reap the advantage of fine winter grazing from it for their milch cows and other animals, and then next spring harvest a crop which will return them an hundred fold.

In families where the dairy is small, a good plan to have the butter cool and firm without ice is by the process of evaporation, as practiced in India and other warm countries. A cheap plan is to get a very large-sized, porous, earthen flower pot, with a large saucer. Half fill the saucer with water set it on a trivet, or light stand—such as is used for holding hot irons will do; upon this set your butter, over the whole invert the flower-pot, letting the top rim of it rest in and be covered by the water; then close the hole in the bottom of the flower-pot with a cork; then dash water over the flower-pot and repeat the process several times a day, or whenever it looks dry. If set in a cool place or where the wind can blow on it, it will readily evaporate the water from the pot, and the butter will be as firm and cold as if from the ice house.

Household Hints.

To make good gingercake.—Two teacups of sirup or good molasses, 1 of lard, 1 of sour milk, 1 tablespoonful of ginger, 1 tablespoonful of saleratus, 1 of sugar, unless the sirup is quite sweet, 1 egg, well beaten; mix rather soft, and roll out same as cookies, only thicker; cross with a knife or pierce with a fork, same as crackers, and bake in a quick oven.

For soft gingerbread.—One teacup of sirup, 1 teacup sour cream, 1 egg, 1 teaspoonful saleratus, half a tablespoonful of ginger, enough flour to make it a little thicker than common jelly cake; not too stiff.

Steamed brown bread.—Two teacups sweet milk, 1 teacup of sour milk, 3 of corn meal, 1 of flour, ½ cup of sirup or molasses, 1 teaspoon of saleratus; pour in a buttered two-quart basin, place in a covered steamer, and steam steadily for three hours; two and one-half will do in case of haste; when done run a knife around the loaf, place a plate on top and turn the dish over and it will come out nicely on the plate.

Nice jelly cake.—Three eggs well beaten, one cup of sugar, half a cup of sweet milk, two tablespoonfuls cream tartar, one of saleratus, all dissolved in the sweet milk, one half cup of flour, or enough to make it about as thick or a little thicker than batter for pancakes; bake on five or six round pie tins, in a quick oven; when done, lay on on the other, with jelly between. It will be very light and nice if baked in an oven that is just right.

A chicken corn pie.—Cook and season the chicken the same as for the table. Take twelve ears of sweet corn cut off, put a layer of it in a pan, then a layer of chicken, then again of the corn, until it is all in, having a layer of corn on top; lastly turn on the soup; bake half an hour.

Butter scotch.—Below is a good recipe for making butter-scotch candy: One cupful of sugar, one cupful of molasses, one tablespoonful of water, one tablespoonful of butter, one tablespoonful of vinegar. This is splendid. You must boil until hard enough to suit.

Chocolate cream drops.—Two cups of granulated sugar, half a cup of hot water. Boil fast three minutes; place in a dish of cold water, and stir till cool; ½ of lb. cake chocolate; melt in a warm place. When the sugar is stirred till grained make into balls, and with a fork drop into the melted chocolate; then take out with a fork on a plate. These are very nice.

Recipe for pie-plant wine.—Four pounds brown sugar, four pounds stalks cut fine; pour on one gallon boiling water; let stand twenty-four hours; add cinnamon, allspice, and cloves to taste; strain; let work a few days, then bottle for use.

Grape wine.—Four quarts water, four quarts grape juice, eight pounds sugar; take ripest grapes, press the juice into a jar or keg; add a little water to the pulp, press again, fill the jar or keg even full; after fermentation has taken place, and the scum removed, draw off or dip out and bottle up tight; skim as often as the scum rises.

White invisible ink.—To make white or invisible ink, use 1 teaspoonful of fine white sugar to 1 cupful of boiling water or use simply sweet milk. When held to the fire the saccharine matter will turn to an ink-brown.

To remove grease spots.—Aqua ammonia, two ounces, saltpeter, one teaspoonful; variegated soap, finely scraped, one ounce (Babbitt's will do), one quart of soft water; mix all, and let stand for a few hours or days. To remove grease-spots, pour upon the place enough to well cover, and rub well with a sponge or brush, and wash off in clear water. It will not injure delicate fabrics. Very nice for cleaning carpets; take them up and spread on grass or boards; sweep off the dust; pour upon the grease-spots enough to well cover, and scrub with a common scrub-brush; then wash off with clear water, and hang up on something high to dry. To kill bedbugs, apply with a small paint or sash-brush, to every crevice and place they infect; it is sure death, and kills all the eggs it reaches, thereby proving itself a blessing to housekeepers. It is not poison to persons.

Effervescing Soda.—Mix half a teaspoonful of powdered bicarbonate of soda thoroughly with two tablespoonfuls of syrup of any flavor to suit the taste. Then add six or eight times as much cold water; white stirring it mix in half a teaspoonful of powdered tartaric acid and drink at once. This is for immediate consumption. For bottling—Mix the syrup, flavor and water in the usual proportions and fill into bottles; put in each bottle half a drachm each of crystalized bicarbonate of potassa and crystalized tartaric acid and cork immediately. The above quantity is for soda water bottles; wine bottles will require double the quantity.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Market Reports by Telegraph.

MONEY, STOCKS AND BONDS.

New York, September 5.—Stocks strong, money 5@6; exchange long 480¾, short 483; state bonds dull; governments firm.

New Orleans, September 5.—Sight ¼ premium; sterling bank 483½; consols 97 9-16.

COTTON MARKETS.

Galveston, September 5.—Cotton, receipts 1,073 bales; exports coast 228. Sales 915 bales; stock 7,631 bales. Market steady; Middling 11⅛c. Receipts for five days 5,624; exports 5,329; sales 1,510.

Liverpool, September 5.—noon—Cotton, firm, middling uplands 6 13-16d. Orleans 6 15-16d. Sales 6,000; speculation and exports 1,000; receipts 1,000 all American; futures partially 1-32d cheaper; uplands l m c September 6¾@7 September and October 6 31-32d; October and November 6 9-32d; futures now firmer, more buyers at last quotations. Sales for the week 50,000 American 38,000; speculation 2,000; export 4,000; actual export 6,000, imports 12,000; American 10,000; stock 979,000; American 737,000; afloat 151,000; American 96,000.

1:30 p m—Uplands l m c September 6 23-32d; October and November, 6 15 16d. Manchester markets firm; uplands l m c September 6 15-16d; September and October 6 11-16d.

4:00 p m—sales American 6,300; uplands l m c October and November 6 11-32d; November and December 6½d.

4:30 p m—Uplands l m c October 6 15-32d.

5:00 p m—Uplands l m c September and October delivery 6 11 16d. Futures quiet.

New York, September 5.—Cotton net receipts none; gross 1,068; futures closed steady; sales 50,000; September 10 22; October 10 57; November 10 50@51; December 10 40; January 10 47; February 10 57; March 10 67; April 10 77.

New York, September 5.—Cotton firm, sales 300; middling uplands 12 5-16; Orleans 12¼. Weekly receipts 547, gross 1,900; exports Great Britain 5,300; France 310; continent 3,590; sales 5,190; stock 38,398.

New Orleans, September 5.—Cotton—firm, sales 350; low middling flat middling 11⅛; good middling 11¾; middling fair 12. Receipts net 423, gross 893; no exports; stock 5,139. Weekly sales 2,105; receipts net 2,280; gross 3,805; exports Great Britain 800, coast 635.

New York, September 5.—Cotton firm, sales 403; middling uplands 12¼; Orleans 12⅛; futures steady, September 12 12; October 12 26; November 10 50; December 10 42; January 10 50.

New York, September 5.—Freights quiet. Flour quiet. Wheat quiet. Corn quiet. Pork dull at $8.90. Lard weak, steam 6¾; spirits turpentine 27½.

LIVERPOOL COTTON CIRCULAR.

Liverpool, September 5.—This week's circular of the Liverpool cotton brokers association says cotton was in moderate demand this week, but the market was firm and last week's quotations were fully supported. American was in fair demand and unchanged at the close, though there have been some slight fluctuations of grades below; middles are increasing scarce; sea-island was steady and a fair business was done. Futures opened dull and were easier until Tuesday, when prices declined fully 5-16 d, but they have since recovered 3-32d; final rates show a decline of 5-32 to ¼d from those of last Thursday.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

New York September 5.—Comparative statement of cotton for the week ending to-day: Receipts, all United States ports, for week ending to-day 15,159, same week last year 29,332; total receipts to this date 13,613, last year 18,792; exports for the week 13,194, last year 2,829; total exports to this date 13,194, last year 1,504; stock at all U. S. ports 55,196, last year 37,101; stock at all interior towns, Memphis not included, 3,466, last year 6,477; stock at Liverpool 579,000, last year 559,000; American, afloat for Great Britain 26,000, last year 10,000.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Galveston, September 5.—Wheat—No. 2 red $1.00; No. 3, $1.06; No 4 98c; Mediterranean No 2 $1.06; No 3 $1.02; No 4 97c. Corn western 64½c. Oats Texas 40c.

Kansas City, September 5.—Wheat—No 2 spot 96½c bid; No 3 spot 8 cars sold at 88c.

Chicago, September 5.—Wheat good demand, shade higher; No 1 Chicago spring 98¼c cash; No 2 96c; cash 96¾@¾c; October 96¾@¾c the year; No 3 do 92¼c.

New York, September 5.—Wheat shade firmer, fair export and home trade demand, moderate business in option, ungraded winter red $1.04@10; No 2 do $1.10¼all. Coffee steady, held quiet. Sugar firm, quiet.

St. Louis, September 5.—Flour weak and unchanged; extra fall $4.40@50. Wheat 95¾c September 95¾@94¾c; October 94¼@95c; No 2 95¼c. Corn firmer at 31½c; cash 31½c; September 31¾@¾c; October 30½c; November 29½c the year. Whisky lower. Pork higher, $8.60. Bulk meats quiet, nominally, shoulders $3.40@70; clear ribs $3.85@84.05. Bacon steady, shoulders 4¾@5¼; clear ribs 6¾; clear sides 6¾@6.50. Lard nominal at $5.75.

New Orleans, September 5.—Flour—quiet, steady, superfine $3.25@3.50; XX $4.00; XXX $4.25@4.75. Corn in good demand, active at 35@35c. Pork quiet, 89½. Dry salt meats scarce, firm, loose 3¾@¾, packed 3¾ for shoulders. Bacon steady, 4¾@5¼@5¾. Hams dull, choice sugar-cured canvassed 9@10½c, as to size. Whisky dull, western rectified $1.05@1.10. Coffee active, firm, cargoes of ordinary to prime quoted 11¼@¾c. Sugar demand fair, firm, common to good common 6¾@¾c; fair to fully fair 7¾@¾c; prime to choice 7¾@¾c; yellow clarified 7¾@¾c. Molasses dull, nominal; prime to choice 32@35c. Rice good demand, ordinary to choice 5¾@7¼c. Wheat steady, October $1.06@7.

Baltimore, September 5.—Flour—steady, fairly active Howard street and western superfine $2.85@3.50; XXX $3.75@4.25; family $5.00@7½ city mills superfine $2.75@3.25; extra $4.75@5. Rio brands $5.62@7½ Potapsco family $6.50. Wheat southern firmer, active; western firmer; southern red $1.04@10; amber $1.11@1.13; No 1 Maryland $1.12½; No 2 western winter red spot September $1.06½@¾; October $1.06¾@¾; December $1.10½. Southern corn quiet, in absence of receipts, western steady, southern white 36c; yellow 40c.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Kansas City, September 5.—Corn-fed Texas steers $2.75@3.25; grass wintered $2.45@3.00.

Daily Review of the San Antonio Market.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY & WEEKLY EXPRESS, Friday, September 5, 1879.

Business shows but little change since our last report. Country freights by wagons are large both in and out, and freights by rail are very favorable, the receipts to-day being forty-two carloads.

The receipt of cotton to-day included nine bales, making the total receipts of new cotton to date one hundred and twenty-seven bales. The market is firm and the disposition on the part of our buyers is to run each other as strong as ever. This is a very favorable time for planters to bring their cotton to this market, the demand being good for all that can be received.

The receipts for wool to-day were merely nominal; the demand continues good at our quotations. It is evident that the prices that will be paid here this season will exceed last spring's figures.

The receipts of hides to-day embraced a liberal supply of country stock, which had a ready sale at our quotations. The demand is good for all that can be received.

Grain is active, and the demand for local use equal to that of any previous date this year. Prices are firmer than at our last report, although there has been no rise above our quotations. The receipts by rail to-day included one carload of oats, two of corn, and one of wheat. The plaza receipts were only fair, corn selling at 87½c per bushel by the load, and oats, raised in this vicinity and very light weight, selling at 55c per bushel by the load.

The receipts of hay, and green dry fodder were liberal to-day, there being a slight reduction noticed from former prices.

Eggs are scarce and in demand at fifteen cents per dozen at wholesale, and retailing at twenty cents.

Country butter continues at former quotations and in fair supply.

Wood is in good supply and demand at from $3@$4 per cord. At the former price it will be profitable to lay in the winter's supply.

The receipts of freight by rail included five carloads of mixed merchandise, six of baled hay, one of coal, one of oats, two of corn, one of wheat, one of bacon, one of beer, one of ice, nineteen of lumber, one of siding and ceiling, one of shingles and two of mixed produce, making forty-two carloads of freight received here to-day.

The receipts of northern produce to-day included one hundred and fifteen barrels of apples, eleven crates of cabbages, one hundred and fifty-three sacks of potatoes, and twenty-five sacks of onions. Prices are unchanged and the market is in a healthy condition.

FINANCIAL.

Gold Exchange—	Buying	Selling
Gold Coin	100	100¼
Silver Coin	par	par
Mexican Dollars	85¾	86
Mexican Bullion	par	par
Mexican Quarters	20	....
New York Exchange, bankers	par.	¼pre
New Orleans Exchange	par.	¼pre
Galveston Exchange	par.	¼pre
St. Louis Exchange	par.	¼pre
MONEY—		
Bank discounts, good paper	10@12	
Outside discounts, good paper	16@17	
Improved real estate securities		8@12
OUR CITY INDEBTEDNESS—		
Bonds		par bid

COTTON—		
Good Middling		10¾
Middling		10¼
Low Middling		9¾
Good Ordinary		9¼
Ordinary		8¾
Low Ordinary and Trash		8¼
HIDES—		
Mexican, heavy weight, 20 lbs. and over	14¼	15¾
Mexican, light weight, 15 to 20 lbs	12¼	13¾
Butchers, selected, 20 pounds and over	14¼	15¾
Butchers, light 15 to 20 lbs	12¼	13¾
Country, selected, 20 pounds and over	12¼	13¾
Country, light, 15 to 20 pounds	12¼	13¾
Bulls, Calves and damaged	11¼	13¾
Kips, 8 to 15 pounds	10¼	11¾
Bulls, calves and damaged	8	9
Deer	25	28
Goat, selected	30	35
Goat, damaged	12	15
Kid	11	15
WOOL—		
Extra or fine	22	23¾
No. 1 or prime medium	17	19
No. 2 or medium	13	15
Mexican and Mexican improved	13	15¾
LUMBER—		
Texas pine, rough per M	$	$
" dressed on one side, per M		25
" both sides, per M		30
" flooring, per M		35
White pine siding, per		34
" " second class		22
Florida pine, dressed, per foot	2¾	c
" flooring, do	2¾	
Lathe, white pine, per M	4.50	
" Louisiana pine	5.00	
MARKET PRICES—		
Beef		
Veal		
Mutton		
Pork		c
Tripe		10
Sausage		8@10
Turkey		40@50
Turkeys, young		30@30
" gobblers		35@45
Chickens, retail		30
" wholesale per doz	$1.50	to 1.7
Hens per dozen	$300@3	0
Ducks		25@30
Rabbits		10
Quail, per dozen		60
Venison, hindquarters per pound		6¾
" forequarters per pound		
GRAIN—		
Wheat	75@1.00	
Corn	85@ 95	
Oats	60@70	
Cracked Corn		90
Bran, per hundred pounds		90
Corn fodder per ton		22.00
Baled hay per ton		15.00
" "		12.00
LIVE STOCK—		
Cows, per head	$8 00	
Milch cows, per head	18 00@22 00	
Two year old steers and heifers, per hd	8.00	7.00
Three " " " "	9 00	12 00
Mexican oxen, per head	1 40	1 75
Improved Mexicans	1 50	2 00
Graded to shear 4 pounds	1 75	2 50
Graded to shear 5 pounds	2 25	3 00
Graded to shear 6 pounds	2 75	3 50
Mutton, weighing 7 to 8 lbs	1 00	1 20
" 8 to 9 lbs	1 20	1 50
Horses, unbroken, 13¼ hands high	15 00	20 00
GROCERIES.		
Sugar—		
Fair, per lb	8¾	
Yellow clarified	9	
" coffee	9¾	
N. York A	10¼	
Crushed	11	
Powdered	11¼	
COFFEE		
Rio fair ⅌ lb	19¾	
Rio good fair	14	
Rio, prime	16	
Rio, choice	17¼	18
Rio, ground	22	
Chicory	15	
CANDLES—		
Star, 6's, 7s and 8's, ⅌ box	$5 75	
Paraffine, colored, per lb	28	
Spices—		
Pepper, ⅌ lb	20	
Allspice	20	
Ginger	20	
Cloves	50	
Cassia	40@1 00	
Nutmegs	1 50	
SALT—		
Liverpool coarse, per sack	2 00	
do fine	2.00	
do rock "	1.25	
CANNED GOODS—		
Oysters 2 lb cans, per doz	75@1 10	
" 2 " "	1 25@1 75	
" 2 " " spiced	1 75	
Lobsters, 1 lb cans	2 50	
Potted Ham, ½ lb cans	2 00	
" " ¼ "	3 00	
RICE—		
Louisiana, per lb	8¾	
Carolina	9	
L'ma Beans 2 "	2 00	
Tomatoes 2 "	1 50	
Tomatoes 3 "	2 00	
" " quart	2 25	
" " ½ gal	3 75	
" " gal	4 25	
English asst. quarts	7 75	
Brandy Cherries, French, per dozen	3 75	
Peaches 2 lb cans, per dozen	2 25	
" " " "	3 50	
Peas, " " "	2 00	
Brandy Peaches, quarts	4 00	
Brandy Peaches, ½ gal	8 00	
Brandy Fruits, French	8 75@11 00	
Jellies Goblets	3 00	
Vinegar, common per gallon	18	
Vinegar, pure cider "	45	
WINES AND BRANDIES,		
Best Brandy	2 25@5 00	
common Brands	1 25@1 50	
best Brands Brandy	5 25@6 00	
MISCELLANEOUS		
Eggs "	17@20	
Butter, Northern, per pound	20@30	
Butter, Texas, "	25@40	
Lard, Northern, "	9¾@10	
Lard, Texas, "	10@	
Potatoes, Irish, per pound		3c
" Sweet, per bush	1 00	
" New "	1.50 to 1.60	
Green Apples, per bbl	5 50	6 00
Onions, per ⅌ lb		3¾
Cocoanuts, per 100	7 00	9 00
ALES, PORTER, ETC.—		
Mumler's Beer, quarts, pts per cask	6 doz	23 00
Deetjen's Ale " " "	6 "	22 00
English Ale pints	"	21 00
English porter "	"	30.00
English porter quarts	"	30 00
St Louis Beer, " A. "	"	14 25
" " half bbls	"	14
Seltzer Water per doz		2 00
FLOUR—		
Silver Crescent, per bbl	6 75	
XX	6 10	
XXX	7 50	
Family, choice	9 10	
FRUITS, NUTS, ETC.—		
Layer Raisins whole, per box	2 75	
" " halves	1.50	
Prunes, Turk, per lb	10	
Apples	6¾	
Currants	10	
Dates	9	
Citron	35	
Peaches	22	
Almonds	22	
Filberts	20	
Brazil Nuts	9	
Lentils	10	
Peas split and green	6	
Beans, white	6	
Sago	10	18
Barley	6	10¾
Macaroni	1 75@3 50	
TEAS—		
Oonong, per lb	60	75
English breakfast	1 00	1 60
Imperial	1 00	1 50
Gunpowder	1 00	1 25

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

Fever and ague is most common in the spring but more severe in the fall and winter. It is strictly a malarious disease, and as surely as the Bitters are adopted, so surely will the individual who adopts this precaution be exempted from its painful penalties. Add to this its value as a stomachic and anti-bilious agent, and who will venture to gainsay its claims to the first place among family medicines?

For sale by all Druggists and respectable Dealers generally.

PRUSSING'S CELEBRATED VINEGAR

AN ABSOLUTELY PURE ARTICLE.

Warranted to keep pickles for years. Thirty-one years in market. Consumers should insist upon seeing our brand on the barrels when buying.

SUNSET ROUTE.

Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Railway Company.

The Only all Rail Route to San Antonio

TWO TRAINS DAILY EACH WAY, ON AND AFTER JUNE 29, 1879.

Trains will run as follows:

EAST.

Leaves San Antonio daily (except Sunday) at 7 00 a. m. and 3 15 p. m.

Arrives at Houston 5 15 p. m. and 6 00 a. m.

Arrives at Galveston 12 30 p. m. and 7 45 a. m.

WEST.

Leaves Galveston daily (except Sunday) at 4 30 a. m. and 3 30 p. m.

Leaves Houston daily (except Sunday) at 9 55 a. m. 3 55 p. m.

Arrives at San Antonio 8 20 p. m. and 9 30 a. m.

Cheapest, Shortest, Quickest and Best Route to all points East, North and South.

Direct connection made at Houston with Houston and Texas Central, Texas and New Orleans, and Galveston, Houston and Henderson Railways (until 7.00 a. m. train).

Direct connection made at Hearne with International and Great Northern, Texas and New Orleans, and Galveston, Houston and Henderson Railways with 5 15 train.

The Only Line in Texas Running Parlor Cars and Sleeping Cars of Its Own.

Parlor cars on day train and Sleeping cars on night trains, thoroughly refitted and repainted. Westinghouse Air Brake and Miller Platform and Buffer attached to all Trains. Speed in effect reduced to 25 miles per hour.

Tickets for sale at all principal Railroad Offices in the United States and Canada. Baggage checked through.

Any further information will be cheerfully furnished on application to F. R. FREES, Ticket Agent, Menger Hotel, San Antonio Texas.

JAMES CONVERSE, President. T. W. PEIRCE, Jr., Superintendent. Gen. Pas. and Ticket Agt.

GENERAL OFFICES HOUSTON, TEX.

Authorized by the Commonwealth of Ky.

12th Popular Drawing of the Commonwealth Distribution Comp'y,

At Macauley's Theatre, in the city of Louisville

September 30, 1879.

The drawing will be supervised by men of unblemished character and standing, and ticket-holders, agents and clubs are respectfully requested to send representatives with proper credentials to examine into the drawings.

A New Era in the History of Lotteries

GRAND AND UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS OF THE NEW FEATURES.

Every ticket-holder can be his own supervisor. The Management call attention to the great opportunity presented of obtaining for only $5 any of the following prizes:

1 Prize	$30,000	100 Prizes $100 each	$10,000
1 Prize	10,000	200 Prizes 50 each	10,000
1 Prize	5,000	500 Prizes 20 each	10,000
10 Prizes 1,000 each		1000 Prizes 10 each	10,000
20 Prizes 500 each			10,000
9 Prizes 300 each, Approximation Prizes			2,700
9 Prizes 200 each	" "		1,800
9 Prizes 100 each	" "		900
1,960 Prizes			$112,400

Whole tickets $5, half tickets $1, 27 tickets $30, 55 tickets $100.

All applications for club rates should be made to the home office.

Remit by postoffice money order, registered letter, bank draft or express. Full list of drawings published in Louisville Courier-Journal and New York Herald, and mailed to ticket-holders. For tickets and information address Commonwealth Distribution Co., or D. A. Gomperlord, Sec'y Courier-Journal Building, Louisville, Ky.

FEBRIFUGE

A PROMINENT PHYSICIAN.

ROCKDALE, TEXAS, Jan. 10th, 1879.

MR. J. C. RICHARDSON, St. Louis. My Dear Sir:—I have sold Clifford's Febrifuge since its introduction in Central Texas, in fact I may say I introduced it to Milam County. It has given uniformly good satisfaction, and its merits are constantly recommending it from citizen to citizen, in the speedy and effective cure of Intermittent Fever, (Fever and Ague,) and Fevers of Malarial Origin. I am always pleased to sell Clifford's Febrifuge on account of its efficiency, knowing it will not disappoint my customers, and being so palatable, makes it the most pleasant remedy for the cure of Chills and Fever.

A. E. DOUTHIT, M. D.,
Proprietor City Drug Store.

FEBRIFUGE

HE STILL LIVES!

OFFICE OF U. S. NOVELTY MFG. CO.,
New York City, August 21, 1878.

My Dear Sir:—For over two years I have had Fever and Ague, and after trying every thing I took one half bottle of Clifford's Febrifuge, and it cured me permanently. I believe my case would have been fatal had I not found this at I did.

Yours truly, H. W. POOL,
Manager "U. S. N. Mfg. Co."

FEBRIFUGE

A SUCCESS

NEWTON, KANSAS, Feb. 8, 1879.

J. C. RICHARDSON, Esq.: My Dear Sir:—Have sold Clifford's Febrifuge the past twelve months with very good results; as a Febrifuge it is a success, and merits the name chosen. I despatch a large sale and corresponding benefit to the parties using.

Respectfully, J. B. DICKEY,
Druggist.

FEBRIFUGE

WONDERFUL.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 18, 1878.

J. C. RICHARDSON, Sir:—Two of our children were severely attacked with Chills and Fever. I called our Family Physician who attended them without success, foolishly tried Ague Pads, also without the slightest effect. When through the influence of Mr. Ballard we were induced to try your Clifford's Febrifuge the effect was wonderful. The children did not have a Chill after taking the first dose and are now entirely well. We would not be without the remedy on any account. Yours, etc., GEO. WRIGHT.

FEBRIFUGE

IN EVERY INSTANCE.

NASHVILLE, ILL., February 11th, 1879.

J. C. RICHARDSON, Dear Sir:—We have been selling Clifford's Febrifuge for the past year in our store, with entire satisfaction, and a cure in every instance.

J. L. McCAULEY.

FEBRIFUGE

MANUFACTURED BY

J. C. RICHARDSON, - St. Louis

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Benson's

CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

CURES LAME & WEAK BACK.

Sold by all Druggists.

Seabury & Johnson, Props., 21 Platt st., N. Y.

Many a dollar formerly spent on Sulphur Baths is now saved by substituting therefor

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP

which is just as beneficial but infinitely cheaper. Local diseases of the skin, rheumatism and gout are all relieved by this standard remedy. Complexional blemishes are eradicated by it, and it imparts to the cuticle a pearly whiteness and velvety softness which greatly enhances female charms. Sold by druggists.

THE OVAL CAKE

is the most economical form of Washing Soap. All narrow square cakes wear down in use to a large flat piece, too thin to handle and, therefore wasted; while the oval cake of

COLGATE & CO'S

"NEW" SOAP

can be cut in two, the oval end clasped readily in the hand, and the larger end worn down almost to a wafer without any waste. Colgate & Co recommend their

"NEW" SOAP

(Trade-Mark registered) to careful housekeepers, not only as superior in quality, but as in form the most economical Soap now made.

Sanford's

JAMAICA GINGER.

The only combination of the true Jamaica Ginger with choice aromatic and fine brandy, for cholera, cholera morbus, cramps and pains, diarrhoea and dysentery, dyspepsia, flatulency, want of tone and activity in the stomach and bowels, and avoiding the dangers of change of water, food and climate.

Dr. Sanford's

LIVER INVIGORATOR

is a standard family remedy for diseases of the liver, stomach and bowels. It is purely vegetable. It never debilitates. It is a cathartic and tonic. It has been used in my practice and by the public for more than 31 years with unprecedented results. Send for circular.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M. D.,
162 Broadway, New York City.
Any druggist will tell you its reputation.

FEVERS.

Malarial and all fevers can be avoided by keeping the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys in a healthy condition with Richard's Tonsolat Tonic. Physicians rely on the ingredients of this remedy for their safety from disease, and all who take this tonic

Daily Express.

Saturday Morning, September 6, 1879.

Weather Indications for To-Day.

WASHINGTON, September 5—Indications for the western gulf states are partly cloudy weather, winds mostly light southeast, stationary temperature and barometer.

LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

—Wax-flower materials and artists' tool and materials at Muller' paint store. tf

—Whole tickets in the Louisiana State Lottery $2.00, halves $1.00. aug28 tf

If T. W. S. who left home Nov. 13, will return or at least write to his father, the past will be forgiven.

—Capital prize in the Louisiana State Lottery, $30,000.

—Drawing of Louisiana State Lottery, September 9th.

—Did you buy your drygoods, clothing, etc., for winter examine the large stock of Frost & Bro., who sell goods cheaper than any house in San Antonio, or any other Texas town.

—Get your tickets in time for the drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery.

—W. W. Herron, attorney-at-law and notary public. Office in the Devine building, Soledad street.

—Regain health at Sutherland Springs.

—McGovern's barber shop and bath rooms, one door north of Hord's Hotel.

—All kinds of goods are now retailed by Frost & Bro., at wholesale prices. We must and will sell goods, and if you would save money buy of FROST & BRO.

—One of the best investments now offering is in the buggies at Frost & Bro.'s, which they are selling at lower prices than such work ever was known in our city.

—Just received by J. & T. Brady twenty barrels of the celebrated McBrayer whisky, direct from warehouse.

—Ayer's Hair Vigor restores the hair; it is also a splendid dressing for the hair.

—Nicely furnished rooms and good board at Atlantic house, Market street. aug31 1w

—Prizes paid promptly and without discount by the Louisiana State Lottery.

—J. Landa's flouring and corn mills, New Braunfels, Texas. je28-1y.

—Get your Milk Punches at Walker's.

—One paid-up share in San Antonio Loan association for sale. Inquire at this office. sept4 2w

—Victims of wasted energies are restored to youthful vigor by Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

—Rye and rock at Walker's.

—Don't fail to attend O. Petitpain's auction sale of sewing machines on Saturday, September 6th. Good Singer and other machines will be sold at what they may bring. Look out for his posters.

—The members of the Casino association will give a hop at their hall Saturday evening, September 6th. Only members and their guests (strangers) will be admitted.

—The queen's admiral smokes, and so do his sisters and his cousins and his aunts and recommend everybody to buy Blackmur's pure smoking tobacco. Sold everywhere.

—Ladies chemise, made of Lonsdale domestic, and finely embroidered, for 75 cents at F. Schlesinger's, next to Bell Bros.

—All kinds of fruit, cigars and tobacco, and fresh home made candy at Binny & Roberts, 43 Main street. Sep 3 3taw

—Hop at the Casino Saturday night.

—The flow of water in the river continues to increase.

—Immigration aid society meets again this evening.

—The Groos bank building is almost ready for occupation.

—The cars pulled into the town of San Diego, Duval county, yesterday.

—The streets have been livelier the past two or three days than for a long while.

—The jury in the Sunday law case yesterday is said to have stood four to two for acquittal.

—Don't forget the hop of the Casino association at their hall Saturday evening, September 6th.

—Jay Gould did nobly yesterday. He immortalized himself with the people of Memphis. See our telegraphic columns.

—The grand jury will be empaneled Monday. Many are wondering whether this jury will take action under the Sunday law.

—Those parties arrested for conspiring to counterfeit, the other day, will be examined before U. S. commissioner Paschal next Monday.

—It is thought if the present effort to secure a conviction of the barber, Zilian, for violating the Sunday law, fails, that the case will be dismissed.

—A Mexican by the name of Francisco Hernandez was arrested night before last by officers Rite and Schwartz, charged with stealing a horse from a negro by the name of Dick Mickey.

—Marshal Shardein thinks that the only way of finding those who pollute the waters is to assign some man to duty as river policeman and furnish him with a skiff in which to paddle about and do his duty.

—The greatest number of years reached by any person who ever died in this city was attained by Mrs. Losoyo, the wife of the man after whom Losoyo street was named. At the time of her death this old lady had passed, it is said, one hundred and sixteen years.

—A little child of Mr. and Mrs. Langley, who reside on south Flores street, which ate concentrated lye some months ago, was operated upon by two of our physicians the other day with an effort to effect a cure. The child is in a critical condition.

—Several members of the immigration aid society were discussing the question, last evening, of withdrawing their subscriptions from the Galveston *News*, because of publications being made by that paper deemed detrimental to the best interests of this city.

—Under the law enacted by the late legislature justices' courts will receive no pay. Jurors will also be expected to supply themselves with pocket change sufficient to pay for their refreshments while on duty over meal hours.

—Mr. Lorenzo Castro, who a few days ago was seized with a dangerous bleeding at the nose, and who has been confined to bed at the residence of Mr. Leroux, on Commerce street, was again afflicted with the bleeding last evening. His condition is regarded as critical.

—Mr. F. Leick, one of the oldest citizens of this section, will celebrate his seventy-fifth birthday to-day. There are still many living who are old friends of Mr. Leick, and who will congratulate him for his advance in years and the good health and vigor that he still retains.

—Messrs. Doerr, Degener and others living on Avenue C are still unable to use the water of their wells because of its being polluted by the waste-water from Murphy's carpenter shop. The city should at once provide some means of conveying this surplus water off.

—The statement in the *Herald* yesterday that the EXPRESS reporter took away the minutes of the city council to copy from them and did not return them in time, as promised, for the *Herald* man to make up his report, was not the case. The minutes were kindly brought to the EXPRESS office by the city clerk to enable our reporter to obtain an idea of what the closing business of the council amounted to. The sessions of the council continue after night, and the EXPRESS reporter is the only person connected with the press of this city who attends the meetings regularly and makes a full report of the proceedings.

Private Boarding.

Good board and newly furnished rooms can be had at Mrs. H. Merriman's, on Houston street, third house below Krisch's hall. sep2 1m.

AN IMPORTANT MOVE.

The Effort to Secure a Fast Mail Service Between San Antonio and Brownsville.

For several days past a petition has been circulating about the city for signatures, the object of which petition was and is, by showing the necessity and demand for the same, to induce the government to put on a fast mail service between this city and Brownsville. The distance from San Antonio to Brownsville, via Oakville and San Diego, is about three hundred miles, which it is claimed can be easily made in sixty hours, the time specified in the petition. This movement is backed by Richard King, the cattle king of the state, who has recently turned much of his attention toward the interests of traffic and travel in the region to the southeast. Brownsville is and has been one of the most inaccessible places in Texas, simply because of its isolation and the magnificent distances that intervened by established routes of approach, between it and other points of the state. A trip to Brownsville has been regarded as about the same thing as a trip to El Paso, or even New York, only that one might go to the great city and return a couple of times in the time that would be required to go to Brownsville and back. It is now proposed to run a line of stages through the country from San Antonio to Brownsville in sixty hours. Mr. King has taken in with him, in his effort to open up this route, Mr. J. J. Ellis, contractor for the Corpus Christi and Laredo mail routes, who will be the general manager. This line is an important one, and should have been opened long ago on a fast basis. The government and military authorities in particular, have found it very troublesome and expensive to reach the country through which this stage line is to pass, their course being via Galveston by steamer to Brownsville. Cameron county is now added to this federal district, and jurors and witnesses and persons charged with offenses who have to come to San Antonio to court, as well as the court officers who are to see to their coming, should be provided with some more convenient means of travel than at present is afforded. The line would directly connect San Antonio and Brownsville, and Malamoras, Mexico.

Mexican Border News.

A gentleman recently returned from Piedras Negras furnishes our reporter with a few news items.

The American consul at Piedras Negras has not yet been permitted to receive the large sign for his office shipped from Washington, the Mexican customs authorities demanding $26 duty.

Mr. Schuchardt, the consul, and the Mexicans don't seem to get along together very well, because the consul has done all in his power, and continues to do all that he can, towards defending American interests and the rights of American citizens. Not many months ago, an American citizen, Walter Henry, was wounded in Mexico, and the efforts of the consul to find the perpetrators of the crime and bring them to justice have made him unpopular with some.

Mr. South, of the Santa Rosa mining company, who was at first fined $1,500 for cutting timber off of government land, has had the penalty increased to $3,000.

The great difficulty with persons who have recently gone to Mexico from this country to do business is said to be a conformance to Mexican laws. The Mexican authorities are especially strict in observing that foreigners obey their laws, and these laws are so different from the laws of the progressive civilized world that one does not know when he is liable to violate them. Again, the meaning of many of the laws is so indefinite that it is very easy for a court that is prejudiced to fix proof of having been guilty of offense.

The fight over the Sierra Mojada mines is still going on. If these mines are decided to be in the state of Coahuila, they will be the first mines ever operated in that commonwealth. It is thought that most of the reports about their exceeding richness are fabulous and without foundation, but it is nevertheless conceded that the mines are very rich. The mining laws of Mexico make the government possessor of all mines, no matter where discovered, and persons discovering ore, whether upon their own or public lands, cannot regard them as a private, personal possession. So in the discovery of the Sierra Mojada mines the states of Durango, Coahuala and Chihuahua lay claim to them, and the state in whose territory they are ultimately declared to be will receive a large share of the bullion in the shape of taxes. The bullion from the Sierra Mojada is being smelted at Cuatro Cienegas.

Gravel is being carted from the Rio Grande to Piedras Negras to make walks with and to grade and beautify the public square. The square has been tastefully laid off and will shortly be planted with trees and made a favorite popular promenade ground for the citizens.

McKavett Matters.

FORT MCKAVETT, TEX., Sept. 3, 1879.

Editors San Antonio EXPRESS:

We read accounts daily of the careless handling of fire-arms, in some cases causing death, and others severe wounds. The case of young Eddinton, who, on Sunday last, while handling a six shooter, received painful injuries in the left hand through the revolver being accidentally discharged, is another to add to the list. He is under the care of Dr. Goddard, who, with his usual skill, will doubtless be the means of Eddinton again having the use of his hand in a short time.

One of our merchants, Willie Prescott, left on Sunday last by stage, his destination being San Antonio, where he intends to make purchases and transact other business.

Any number of young quail. The outlook is promising for good sport the coming winter, providing they are not all killed before the proper time arrives.

A photograph artist has arrived in town, awaiting no doubt the "sweet eye and lye."

The nights during the past week have been intensely cool. During the day it has been vice versa.

Eggs 25c. per dozen, fresh butter 35c. per pound; very few melons offered for sale at prices averaging from 25c. to 40c., &c.

Three large droves of cattle arrived here on Monday. Their owners will camp near here. We have plenty of water and a fair amount of pasturage. Report says that several stock men intend driving their herds to this locality, if not already on the way.

Our genial postmaster, Mr. Sam Wallack, has been on the sick list for the past few days. It is to be hoped he will soon recover and be able to take his old place handling out the "documents to his numerous clients." VINDEX.

Personal.

Maj. C. H. Kleinle, the popular passenger conductor on the Galveston, Harrisburg and Harrisburg railroad, has taken quarters at Hord's.

We had the pleasure yesterday of meeting Mr. U. H. Birney, who is in the city making preparations to revive the *Frontiersman*, at Kerrville, Kerr county.

U. H. Birney, Kerrville; E. P. Crum, Rio Grande City; J. G. Woodward, Frio City; T. N. James, C. H. Kleinzle, Houston; F. K. Majors, New Orleans, W. W. Kingly, Galveston—are guests at the Hord hotel.

Ed. S. Gay, Atlanta, Ga.; Max Kosse, Mrs. A. Kosse, Houston, C. F. Campbell, Texas; E. G. Sinclair, L. W. Molsworth, St. Louis; R. E. Burns, Boston; W. S. Ellis and two children, Lockhart—have taken rooms at the Menger.

Mr. A. J. Phillips, representing the well-known house of D. W. Van Houten, dealer and packer of produce, etc., of St. Louis, paid the EXPRESS a friendly visit yesterday, and will call upon our merchants in the interests of the above house. We bespeak for him that patronage which his firm deserves.

J. B. Taylor, E. D. Mayes, C. N. Vezey, Texas; J. W. Atkinson, Austin; F. Higenbotham, New York; G. W. Suttles, Lavernia; J. C. Humphreys, wife and servant, Concepcion; O. W. Evans, Gonzales, J. F. McKnight, Karnes county, are registered at the Central.

To Sheep Men.

I have a lot of the best sheep dip tobacco, and will sell it very cheap.

WM. KOEHLER,
aug 23-2w. West side Alamo plaza.

FROM CARIZO SPRINGS.

The Grand Barbecue—Stirring Citizens—About People, Matters and Things.

CARIZO SPRINGS, September 3, 1879.

Editors San Antonio EXPRESS:

My wanderings have temporarily, and I trust permanently, culminated at this place. Arrived here just in time for the grand barbecue on the 28th ult., which was one of the happiest coincidences of my life, being a disciple of his majesty and most royal highness Epicurus. The object was to bring before the people the organization of Dimmitt county, now a dependency of Maverick, and to find out whether they are able to sustain a home government. It was a complete success, at least so far as the table luxuries were concerned, and has also proved greatly promotive of its object. All honor and praise are due to the patriotic ladies of this beautiful valley of "Eden" for the interest taken in this worthy cause, who not only loaded the table with delicacies, but charmed the long, dull afternoon hours with their presence. Judges Terry and Ware, and myself, were invited to address the people on the importance of organization, which was complied with.

A hop at the residence of Mr. J. C. Carr wound up the festivities of the day, and by the heavy eyelids next day they must have chased the "glowing hours" into morn.

Judges Ware and Terry were heard again Saturday in Justice McLaughlin's court in the case of Thompson vs. Hall, which resulted in the discomfiture of the plaintiff and the amusement of the crowd.

On Sunday religious services were conducted by Elder E. E. Burkett, of the Baptist church, who preached twice to large and attentive congregations.

Everything is quiet on the Rio Grande.

Lieut. Oglesby's camp is here now and so peace reigns. The rangers receive the blessings of the people. Two noted characters were recently caught—Dick Horn and King Fisher—and are now on their way to prison, the former to Uvalde and the latter to Laredo.

A train of wagons bringing supplies to the camp has just arrived and stored in the office of the "Locomotive."

The people are having some trouble in getting their free schools organized.

A petition is in circulation to change the name of the postoffice from Carrizo Springs to Dimmitt Springs.

It has been my good fortune on this visit to be the lucky guest of "Uncle" Levi English, the pioneer settler, who can tell many thrilling stories about deeds of daring and hair-breadth escapes, and I would suggest to name-hunters that they could not do a more appropriate thing than to remember so good a citizen, by calling the place Englishville.

Our Mexican citizens are to have a grand party to-night after the marriage of Don Jose Maria Gonzales Guerra to Miss Pragedas Reyeo, both of our county. A happy life to the adventurers in the sea of matrimony.

A chapter of vacation notes soon. With best wishes, I am, yours, M. B.

Don't Dodge It.

A few days ago, we referred to the continual efforts of Alderman Muench to force the street railway company to keep the street leveled up to the grade of the road, which the company has done without Mr. Muench's suggestions as well as possible. Mr. Muench has endeavored to answer the reporter's statement of the case, to make his conduct appear reasonable, but he has failed. The reporter has no further interest in the matter than to see the street kept in a good condition, which is not the business of Col. Belknap to do. The reporter is informed by the city engineer, Mr. Louis Giraud, that he gave the street railway the grade of its road bed under instructions and the supervision of the city council committee on streets and bridges, of which I have the honor to be chairman," says Mr. Muench. It therefore looks bad to see Mr. Muench try to shift the responsibility for damages consequent upon the grade being too high where it doesn't belong. Let the street be made perfectly good, that no accidents may be possible, but let the corrective in this instance be applied to whom it belongs.

Kinney County Sheep Owners Association.

On Monday, September 1st, 1879, a meeting of sheep men was held at the courthouse, Brackettville, who formed themselves into an association for the purpose of having the scab law put into operation in Kinney county. Mr. J. A. Maurice was elected president, P. Palmer, treasurer, and J. O. Sullivan, secretary.

It was resolved that Judge Frank J. Robinson's name should be submitted, to the county commissioners, as scab inspector, and it was unanimously decided that all sheep having scab should be effectually dipped, between the dates of October 15th, and November 15th, 1879. All parties owning sheep in this county with scab after the dates mentioned, will be liable to the penalty of the law. After a lengthy talk by the chairman with regard to the adopting of district brands by each owner, to be taken into consideration, the meeting was adjourned until November 1st, 1879.

The Third Attempt.

The third attempt was made before Justice Shields yesterday afternoon to settle the prosecution of Albert Zilian, the barber, for violating the Sunday law. H. Wagenfuhr, Philip Sulzbacher, W. Norcross, August Brian, D. W. Dunn and A. Stacke were empaneled as jurors, who took the case after a very short time given to the hearing of evidence and the arguments of the counsel. Up to last accounts, however, as upon the two previous occasions, no agreement had been reached.

Bad Bravo.

A Mexican by the name of Tomas Bravo was arrested night before last for stealing a horse, and lodged in the county jail. This same man, it is stated, stole two other horses a few days ago, both of which were recovered, however. Bravo appears to have a perfect mania for doing such things. When a boy, he was noted for all sorts of rascally acts, and soon found his way to the penitentiary, where he served a term, and now he has been caught at his badness again and is again on the track for Huntsville.

Department Notes.

The telegraphic order of the 2nd instant, directing second lieutenant H. L. Ripley, 24th infantry, to proceed from Galveston, Texas, to the city, reporting in person at the headquarters has been confirmed.

Second lieutenant H. L. Ripley, 24th infantry, having reported at these headquarters under telegraphic instructions of the 2nd instant, will proceed and join his company at Fort Ringgold, Texas.

Free Love Abandoned by the Oneida Community.

Revolutions are not often brought about in a moment, but the one that has been effected at the Oneida community comes with the suddenness of a thunderbolt. It is announced in a message from the president, J. H. Noyes, that the community has given up the practice of "complex marriage," which, to the outside world, has been the only odious feature of the institution. The president has long entertained the opinion that they would be compelled to abandon this practice sooner or later, and the community is now brought to a realization of the fact by the opposition lately manifested against it on the part of the clergy and others not connected with the community. In deference to the growing public sentiment adverse to the "immoral feature" of the communistic system it has been decreed that henceforth the community will consist of two classes of members—the married and the celibates; both legitimate but the last preferred." Enough in what respect the preference may be exercised is not stated. Marriages will be tolerated only on the principle of strict monogamy. From these declarations we are to infer that on the 26th inst., when the new regulation was adopted, all the members of the community were celibates; but whether they intend to pair off and enter into matrimonial bonds, or whether the members will seek companions from the outside world, we are not informed. If the former, it is to be presumed that the parties will go through the customary forms of courtship, proposals and nuptial ceremonies. The children thus far born under the "complex" system, are to be held in common as before. Now if the members are permitted to marry outside, the affiliating husband or wife will find himself or herself the joint parent of a numerous family. The circular does not state what the status of the children born in the future, in lawful wedlock, will be. While the new departure contemplates a maintenance of the common property and business system, and a common household as the principal features of the system, and as sufficient bonds to hold the community together, it looks as if the prop had been knocked from under the institution. That a portion of the members will marry is an absolute certainty; that all will not desire to marry members of the community is quite probable. The latter will doubtless be compelled to leave the community and part with their children (if they have any), which are common property, taking such a sum of money as may be apportioned to them as their share in the establishment. Those who marry and remain in the institution will in time find themselves in antagonism with the "celibates" or "preferred" class. It is in this classification that is to be found the seeds of future discord. It would be unjust to assail the sincerity and honor of the good people composing this association by even a hint that they do not intend to carry out the new plan to the letter. But in view of the relations so long existing among the members and the frailty of human nature in general, it would be unreasonable to expect that a system of perfect purity could be maintained. Infractions of the law will undoubtedly be treated in the same way that they are outside of the community, and in this is to be found another source of trouble. Mr. Noyes expresses himself as thankful for the toleration which their "audacious experiment," as he calls it, has been accorded, especially to the authorities and people of the immediate neighborhood. He thinks it "a good and graceful thing" to relieve these people of the burden of the community's unpopularity. In taking this step the community expect the sympathy and encouragement that have been so liberally promised in the event of such a change being made. This they will unquestionably have as the new movement is fully in accord with the moral sentiment of the best people. But it would be more acceptable had they not seen fit to declare in their leading proposition that they do not renounce their "belief in the principles and prospective finality" of complex marriage. Inasmuch as they also declare their title to "freedom of conscience to change their social practices," there is no guarantee that they may not decide, at some futureday, to resume their former relations. This is not probable, however, as the leading spirits of the original movement are convinced that the experiment is a failure, and this looks like the commencement of an attempt to wind up the concern's affairs. There is no question but that they can unravel the social entanglements they have created much more satisfactorily than could be done by the enforcement of laws. It will require time, but it is only a question of time when Oneida communism will take its place in history among the failures of Fourierism in all its varied forms.

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

There are in Paris 51,749 tobacconists' shops.

The widow of Edwin Adams, the actor, will shortly be married again.

Orrin Gotham, of Epping, N. H., ate thirty-six peaches on a wager, and they killed him.

Leopold II., king of the Belgians, is a modest, kindly, timid personage, who would blush to hear his own magnificent titles and distinctions read."

When John Dixon, a Savannah negro, sat up in bed in the midst of his own funeral services, the assembled mourners ran yelling from the house, some of them getting out through the windows.

A Louisville man ran across a half dime of the coinage of 1802 the other day, and he wants $100 for it. Only ten of the half dimes of that year are known to be in existence, and these fetch high prices.

The conjuring materials taken from a Georgia negro consisted of goose quills filled with broken needles, a vial of iron rust, the feathers of various birds, and a snake skin. The negroes of his neighborhood had long believed in and feared his power of working mischief with charms.

The Hebrew Leader stigmatizes as ridiculous and invidious such grouping as "three Irishmen and a Jew" were arrested, and urges that we never read how "two Germans and a Methodist" or "a Frenchman and an Episcopalian" met such a fate.

Mary Keesucker, one of the most enthusiastic of the converts at a camp meeting at Urbana, Ohio, fell into a trance while praying. Her friends believed that her condition was the result of a special blessing, and would not permit a physician to do anything for her. She lay unconscious several days, and finally died of spinal meningitis.

According to the report of Consul Perceval of Port Said, the total number of vessels which passed through the Suel canal in 1878 was 1,550, of which 1,227 were British, 89 French, 71 Dutch, 44 Italian, 38 Austrian, 22 German, 21 Spanish, 8 Egyptian, 8 Japanese, 6 Danish, 5 Swedish and Norwegian, 4 Portuguese, 3 Turkish, 2 Belgian, 1 American and 1 Zanzibar. Total, 2,178,316 tons, of which 1,726,946 were British.

Judge Wilkie, of Ean Claire, Minn., (the local papers do not indicate his judicial position with exactitude) spoke of Mrs. Bonell in a way that incensed her husband. Bonnell enticed the judge into a room, locked the door, drew a rawhide, and declared his intention to administer a whipping; but the attempt was not a success, for the judge took the whip away from his antagonist, and a long fight ensued in which each party was badly handled.

The Parisian: Worth, the dressmaker, has an old case against the Prince and Princess Mora, which will be pleaded shortly. In 1876 the prince was condemned by default to pay Worth 6,861 francs. The prince opposed the judgment. Hence the present difficulty. Worth, as may readily be imagined, is a millionaire and an extensive landowner. He has property at Suresnes on which each of his children has a separate pavilion as big as an ordinary villa.

Illustrated journalism has entered on a new phase. A Detroit journal has a full-lengthed portrait of a man with a beard seven feet six and a half inches in length. He is standing by the side of an elegantly carved mahogany table and holds in his right hand a book, possibly a bible, but presumably a directory. The beard trails on the floor like a clumsy mop. It is needless to add that the man with the beard is delighting the hearts of Michigan bumpkins at the country fairs.

Two specimens of the ourang-outang have been placed in the Jardin d'Acclimation at Paris, the elder one having been captured with others at Borneo after a desperate chase, in the course of which eight natives lost their lives. The animals fell into an elephant trap, thirty feet deep, and were gradually reduced by hunger to a state of weakness, when they were garroted and shut up in a cage. The older one measures about five feet, and is said to be the largest ever brought to Europe.

The French Academy lately awarded its prizes for "virtue." The chief prize was awarded to a sailor, Capt. Etienne Maigre, who, since 1843, when he was seventeen years of age, has saved nine lives, some of them under the most heroic circumstances. The second was awarded to two ladies, Miles. Virginie and Helene Frain, the founders of an orphanage which they have maintained on the proceeds of their own labor, and to which they have devoted the greater part of their lives.

Re-Opening—Lunch To-Night.

G. B. Cassinelli has thoroughly refitted his saloon, on the corner of Presidio and Laredo streets, and invites his friends to partake of a sumptuous free lunch which will be spread to-night for their benefit. He has enlarged his stock of wines, liquors and cigars, and will always keep on hand the best brands in the market.

Harry Martin,

Of New York City, or any one who has seen him since August 16th, please telegraph at once to Gen. R. S. McKenzie, Fort Clark, Texas. sep5 1w

Mrs. Gregory's School.

The second year of Mrs. Gregory's school will open Wednesday, September 17th, 1879.

Bell-Punch Arrived.

In operation to-day at Weber's saloon, Market street.

ELLIS' CORPUSCHRISTI AND LAREDO U. S. MAIL AND EXPRESS LINES.

Between San Antonio and Corpus Christi, and San Antonio and Laredo, Texas.

Passenger coaches carrying the U. S. mail will leave San Antonio at 6 o'clock A. M. of each day, for Corpus Christi and way stations, and Laredo and way stations. For passage or further information apply to J. J. Ellis, Commerce street, near the bridge.

All express packages must be delivered before 8 P. M.

J. J. ELLIS,
no21tf Ag't at San Antonio.

For Sale.

Two large, good and gentle work horses, also hack and harness, nearly new. Enquire Penn's book store. aug26-tf.

For Sale or Rent.

Improved ranch, 1100 acres, near city. Enquire at this office. aug 23

A Card.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you, free of charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D New York City. mch19eod&w

For Rent.

A cool, up-stairs front room over Dosch & Riche's saloon—side entrance. Apply to Dosch & Rische.

To Rent.

Dwelling house and store house on south Flores street, at Lachappelle's place.

For Sale.

A fine pony phaeton, pony and harness. Enqire at Menger hotel bar. aug26-tf.

Furnished Five-room House for Rent.

Centrally located—by Moss & Rountree.

Removal.

The Singer sewing machine manufacturing company has removed its office to the corner of Casino and Commerce streets, near the bridge. J. R. AYER, Agent. sept4 3t

Money to Loan

On city property.
aug. 28-tf. OGDEN & OGDEN.

For Sale.

One font of 100 lbs. nonpareil, complete. In use one year. Address
july11tf EXPRESS PRINTING CO.

To Rent.

A nice cottage of five rooms, kitchen and servant's room opposite the arsenal. Apply to H. Grenet. jne21 tf

Second-Hand Furniture For Sale Very Cheap.

Consisting of double and single bedsteads, bureaus, wash-stands, tables, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, chairs, &c., &c. Also one sewing machine. Can be seen opposite Mrs. Bracey's boarding-house on Travis street.

JNO. BURTON.

Newspaper for Sale,

A good live newspaper and job office with news and job presses for sale at a bargain. Is situated in a growing town of 8,000 inhabitants. It is the only paper published in the county and is free of any incumbrance.

For terms address, Lock Box 5, San Antonio, Texas. aug12-tf

For Rent.

Sam Maverick's homestead, corner avenue C and Maverick square, now occupied by Major Batel. Convenient to the railroad depot. Possession given on or after the 1st of September, 1879. Also, bar-room stand lately vacated by Patrick Burns, corner avenue E and Alamo plaza. Also, several tenement houses. Apply to Maverick's lumber yard, Alamo plaza. aug.29-tf.

War in Europe Again.

There is more billousness in the politics of the eastern Hemisphere. We would advise those blood-thirsty and dyspeptic statesmen of Europe to take Mott's Liver Pills. Best pills ever discovered by man. Warranted to cure if taken in season.

For Sale.

A large pool wheel at the pawnshop of B. Schwarz. sept-1w

Sale of Quartermaster's Stores.

There will be sold at public auction, at the Quartermaster's Depot, San Antonio, Texas, October 9, 1879, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following condemned articles: 1,000 pounds horse shoes, 21,411 pounds of scrap iron, 1169 rubber ponchos, 1366 rubber blankets, 265 coats and jackets, etc., etc. Terms, cash. A reasonable time will be allowed for the removal of the horse shoes and scrap iron. For further information address the undersigned.

G. W. BRADLEY,
Depot Quartermaster.
San Antonio, Texas, September 1, 1879.
sept. 4-6t.

SELLING OUT

The undersigned wishing to retire from the grocery business, wishes to sell out his entire stock

A COST

and below, for cash, viz:

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CHEWING TOBACCO, SNUFF, CIGARS AND CIGARETTES, SMOKING TOBACCO, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY, ETC.

☞City and Country merchants particularly requested to purchase.

Th. Schleuning.

San Antonio, Aug. 14, 1879. dim

BUCKS FOR SALE CHEAP.

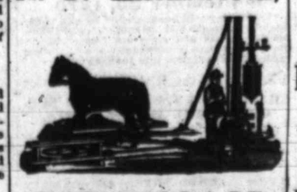
24 Head of Vermont Bucks. 24
12 " Southdown " 12

Will sell part or all, or will trade for Goats, Muttons or Ewes.

Are in splendid condition and for sale on account of the death of Mr. Garth, firm of Babcock, Mariner & Garth, and to close business.

CHARES BABCOCK,
or N. MACKEY,
Lewis Ranch, seven miles west of San Antonio, on Castroville road. aug26-tf

N. F. Allensworth,



Well-Borer and Rock-Driller

Having had nearly three years experience in the well business in southwestern Texas, would be glad to inform the public generally that I am prepared to put in family or stock wells 6, 12, 18, 22, 32, and 44 inches in diameter, to any desired depth, on very reasonable terms. Also test holes for water or minerals, or Artesian wells to a depth of 500 feet.

Any orders left with M. Geo. Holmgreen at the Alamo foundry will be promptly attended to. For further information address me at

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

RHODIUS & TEMPSKY

CIRCULATING

Music Library

Containing music for

Piano solo, 4, 6, and 8 hands,
Trios for Pianos, Violin solos,
Duetts for Pianos, Songs, Solos,
Duetts, Trios, and Quartetts,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Subscription, for one year $18 00
Privilege of pieces to the value of $6 00.
Subscription, for six months $10 00
Privilege of pieces to the value of $3 00.
Subscription, for three months ..... $ 5 00
Privilege of pieces to the value of $1 75.

The Music can be exchanged every day.

The subscription must be paid in advance. Subscribers are requested not to roll the music, but to take and return the same in portfolio. Music badly damaged will not be taken back. Two pieces of music can be obtained at a time.

RHODIUS & TEMPSKY.

HEARD & GLASS,

Real Estate Brokers

We are authorized to sell at low prices—

640 Acres improved rich land.
2 small farms, improved, on Medina river.
400 acres splendid grass land, near city.
1 league best land in Frio county.
415 acres on Salado, good improvm'ts.
1 first-class water power, near city
1 choice residence, site, 7-mile hill.
640 acres, fine grass and timber, only $1 50 per acre.
200 acres rich farm land, in good neighborhood.
1 highly improved stock ranch.
1151 acres combined stock and farming, well improved, plenty water and timber.
2200 acres very choice land on Leon.
50 or more city lots.
5 dwellings and store houses,
10,000 head stock and mutton sheep.
150 head fat steers.
25 alternate and solid certificates.

Notice of Public Weigher.

I would most respectfully inform the merchants dealing in hides, wool, cotton, &c., that I have been appointed by his Excellency, the Governor, as Public Weigher, and that I have qualified as such. Any business entrusted to me will be promptly attended to. Office, on west side of Military Plaza, next to Brand's store. Orders left at the office of Messrs. Wulfing & Labatt, Market street, will receive prompt attention. MARTIN MUENCH.
aug21-3m

A NEW EXCITING BOOK,

Bristling With the Wild Adventures of

STANLEY IN AFRICA.

The ONLY authentic and copyrighted cheap edition. Gives a full history of his wonderful discoveries in Africa and marvelous journey down the Congo. More fascinating than romance. Profusely illustrated and highly endorsed by the clergy and press. More agents wanted.

For particulars about the book, success of agents and best terms, address

N. D. THOMPSON & CO., Pubs., St. Louis, aug 12-tf.

Majolica Ware,

Latest Styles and Patterns,

Just arrived, which will be sold very cheap

AT

PAUL WAGNER'S

NOTICE.

CUSTOM HOUSE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, August 21, 1879.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction at the Customhouse in San Antonio on Saturday, the 6th day of September, 1879, the following described property, which has been seized for a violation of the customs laws, as provided by section 2677 revised statutes of June 23d, 1874, viz.:

Twenty-nine Mexican figures, manufactured from wood, wax and clay, and nine pairs of agate cuff buttons.

CHENEY R. PROUTY,
Collector of Customs.
By WESLEY OGDEN, Dep. Col.

—WHEN ANY MAN—

feels sick with

COLD CHILLS, FEVER FLUSHES, HEADACHE,

and general uncomfortableness,

AND YET DON'T

KNOW EXACTLY WHAT AILS HIM,

Then is the time to take

Mott's Pills.

These pills are made of certain ingredients that act specially on the liver, and at the same time expel all impurities from the stomach and system, aiding digestion, and

RESTORING TO HEALTH

when all other remedies fail

Take them for Biliousness, Indigestion, Costiveness, Liver Complaints, and all diseases and disorders of the stomach.

As a family cathartic pill they are warranted without an equal.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.
Sole Proprietors,
COLLEGE PLACE, NEW YORK.
J. Clavin, Wholesale Agent.

APPLES
ONIONS
POTATOES!
Corn and Oats

—AND—

FRESH LOTS OF PRODUCE,

Received daily, and for sale at

Lowest Cash Prices,

—AT—

J. F. Lockwood's,

DEPOT WAREHOUSE, next to Railroad Depot.
OFFICE—Next to Telegraph Office, San Antonio, Texas.

F. GROOS & CO.,

SAN ANTONIO, TEX.

BANKERS,

Dealers in domestic and foreign exchange coin, bullion &c.
Collections made at all accessible points

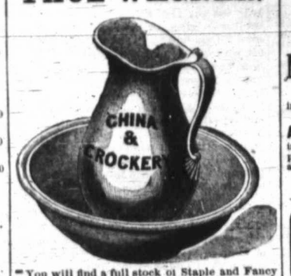
THE LARGEST

Crockery Store

IN

Western Texas.

PAUL WAGNER.



You will find a full stock of Staple and Fancy Glass, China, Lamps and Chandaliers, Table Cutlery, Wood and Willow Ware, Japanned Tin and Silver-plated Ware, Feather Dusters, Brooms and Brushes, Looking Glasses and general housefurnishing goods sold at prices to suit the times.

Cash purchases enable me to sell as cheap as the cheapest. I shall

Not Be Undersold,

My motto being, QUICK SALES and SMALL PROFITS. I mean precisely what I say. Call and convince yourself of good quality and low prices of goods

Goods Purchased Direct From Factory.

No trouble will be spared to show goods, and you will find it to your advantage to price my goods before purchasing elsewhere. Wholesale orders promptly and carefully executed. A liberal discount allowed to religious and educational institutions.

Agent for the

Non-Explosive Star Oil.

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware Clocks, etc.

I am prepared to show the largest stock in every department ever exhibited in San Antonio, at prices positively lower than has heretofore been attempted by first-class dealers in this State.

The Watch Repairing Department is under the management of L. Rouvant, a practical Geneva watchmaker, who has worked in the best establishments in Europe and the United States. All classes of fine work solicited and guaranteed to give full satisfaction. I am sole agent for

Julius King's Combination Spectacles,

These Spectacles improve, strengthen and preserve the sight.

E. HERTZBERG,
PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,
No. 19 Commerce St., San Antonio, Tex.
jun18-daw-tf

C. K. BRENEMAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE: SOLEDAD STREET, NORTH OF THE COURTHOUSE
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Collections, a Specialty.

I will attend promptly to all business pertaining to my profession in the District and inferior Court of Bexar county, and in the Supreme, Appellate and Federal Courts at Austin, and will prosecute to associate Attorneys in the various Executive Departments and Court of Claims, Washington, D. C., claims growing out of the late and previous wars.

Accounts and claims collected in all parts of the United States, England, Scotland, Wales, France, Holland, Belgium and Switzerland. deef tf

Notice!

The undersigned begs to inform the public that the

NEW HALL

Of the

Leon Springs Hotel

Has just been completed, and that he is prepared to furnish

Beer on Ice.

MAX AUÉ, Prop.

ESTO LOQUTS. MORTIMER SLOCUM

Klocke & Slocum

Real Estate Agents

—AND—

Conveyancers,

Office—Soledad Street, near old postoffice

Will attend to the buying, selling and renting of Real Estate, and to the investigation of Land Titles. Also to

OBTAINING LOANS

—ON—

Good Security.

may 27 tf

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

CELESTIN VILLENEUVE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

OFFICE—Maverick's stone front building, Room No. 8, Soledad street, San Antonio, Texas.

JOHN H. SHOOK. ALBERT DITTMAR.

Shook & Dittmar

LAWYERS,

OFFICE—No. 34 Commerce Street.
P. O. Lock Box 609. SAN ANTONIO, TEX.
Will practice in the District and Supreme Courts.

BELCHER & RING,

Attorneys

AND COUNSEL