





The prohibitionists have been holding a mass meeting at Fort Worth.

The state prohibition convention is set for Dallas to-day. A political party is expected to be organized.

The prohibitionists would send missionaries into Burnet county. The people there voted two to one against prohibition on the 4th inst.

A CHURCH monument to the late Zach. Chandler has just been completed at the Maine quarter. It is forty feet high and weighs thirty tons.

The 300-hour walking match between William Dwyer and John at Houston has failed. Adair broke down on his one hundred and twentieth mile, and Dwyer took the stakes.

The "International Telegraph Company" has been organized in New York. Its intention being to include all the principal cities of the United States in its service, and then extend to Mexico.

The editor of the Galveston Sun makes the somewhat honorable statement in a previous article and concludes: "We are not having acted the fool in this matter."

WHAT have become of our amateur dramatic and musical societies? Last year at least we had a dozen of them, with rehearsals going on almost nightly. Have all the actors and musicians concluded to retire and enjoy the laurels already won?

The Texas petition to the New York legislature mentioned yesterday shows how the petitioners of the people are generally treated. The same signed to the petitioners are seldom scrutinized, a bogus petition being as effective as a genuine one, if the fraud is not discovered by accident.

Those who celebrate "Maniculation day" the 19th inst., will have the assistance of the solar system, for we are told that on that day all the great bodies of that system, and many of the smaller ones, will assume the position of a right line with the sun—a sort of procession of heavenly bodies.

REMARKS of flour or other powdered substance are declared unavailable, except when put in transparent bags and sealed so no particles can get through. The bags must be enclosed in boxes or tubes made of hard wood or metal with sliding, or clasp or pressed lid, and without sharp corners.

It is now said the report recently telegraphed in reference to John G. Thompson's accounts owing out of an item published that an officer of the house had used the money of members. The item referred to Thompson, but to another officer, and had no foundation in the sergeant-at-arms.

Text contest between the stalwarts and half-breeds of New York will be long and bitter one. We need not expect either to make appeals to the people on account of virtues possessed, but that the efforts of each will be directed to showing how corrupt and rascally the others are and have been.

Mrs. CORNELIUS, it is said, is opposed to her husband going back to Washington, it being her desire that he retire to private life. Come to think about it, we are not surprised that Mrs. C. should so desire. There is no lady's gallery at her Uncle's home to hold the excessively ardent admirers of her legs.

Last week was not a good week for killing convicts who attempted to escape, though three were laid out instantly and two others mortally wounded. When it appears to be almost certain death for a convict to attempt to escape, it seems strange that the attempts should be so frequent. To remain must be almost worse than death to a good many.

The Texas Western railway has been turned over to the new managers, Fred. Grant being the president under the new company, with Gen. Grant a director and member of the executive committee. Fred. will make his home in Houston, and says he will have two hundred miles of his road in operation within a year. It is expected Deady will be reached by September next.

The Victoria Advertiser brings bad news from the cotton crop of that section. It says: Several farmers are plowing up their cotton fields and replanting the same in corn and peas. The worms in many places have totally destroyed the cotton stand for this year. This crop will be very much shortened on this account next fall. The promise of corn, however, was never better.

There is the postoffice department investigation, and the treasury department investigation, and now the militia are threatened. The present administration seems determined to get a good deal of the dirty work that has been going on out of the way, so that the party coming into power in 1885 as successors to the republicans will have little to do in the way of straightening republican crookedness.

In reply to a question regarding congressional action in reference to pensions for veterans of the Mexican war, the St. Louis Republi can says bills to grant pensions to soldiers of the Mexican war have been repeatedly introduced in congress, but never passed. There is no Mexican pension bill before congress at present that has passed either house. In other words, the measure has made little or no progress.

The National Magazine, of London, has been tracking American storms across the Atlantic and finds that 63 per cent of those starting in this country cross Great Britain. As it takes them several days to make the voyage across the ocean, the proposed international exchange of meteorological reports by cable ought to enable the inhabitants of England to know very nearly what sort of weather they are going to have.

The attorney-general and all connected with the star route committee investigation, it is said, refuse to say anything at all concerning who will be brought before the grand jury for indictment. There is an uncertain feeling among mail contractors and officials who are reported to be involved in the results. However, the best legal talent of the District of Columbia has been retained by the government, and the prosecution will be pressed with vigor.

REMARKS MADE by the Galveston Convention on the 4th of July celebration by the Galveston artillery company. It may be as well to state that the celebration will be commemorated by the declaration of independence by the thirteen colonies forming the basis of these United States. The event occurred several years ago, presumably on the 4th of July. We might also add that it is considered highly proper to celebrate this day, if any of our citizens feel disposed to do so.

The New York Herald puts it this way: "Half-breeds and half-breders may quarrel over the distribution of the spoils, but they agree when the question is one of spoliation. They may be trusted to forget their differences whenever there is a chance to oppress and plunder the people of this city, and if a single republican member is elected to the legislature from this city next November, the people who will vote for him will deserve whatever new evils and oppression he and his fellow-republicans may prepare for them."

We have found one northerner who is disgusted with the people of western Texas. He is a republican politician when at home, and proposes, while visiting western Texas, to instill a few wholesome political truths into the minds of those he came in contact with. But, he says, he made a total failure. He couldn't get anybody to talk politics with him; nobody cared what his politics were, nor could he find anybody who would take sufficient interest in politics to listen to him. All wanted to talk about stock, and crops, and railroads, but no politics.

TEXAS will assemble at Panama in September an American congress, composed of representatives from nine republics of South America—Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador, Bolivia, Peru, Chili, Uruguay, Paraguay and the Argentine Confederation. The convention will devote much time to bringing about a common system of federation. Some of the papers are suggesting that the United States might send representatives to this meeting, as it will be able, by these means, to cultivate the friendship and good will of our fellow-republicans of South America, whose trade and commerce we are now so earnestly courting.

The Governor, Messrs. found a speech by the new commissioner of agriculture, and says: It is to be suspected that the new United States commissioner of agriculture is an intemperate man. He has been the son of his predecessors, Le Duc included, and great credit is due to the latter's reputation was in this respect. The present commissioner will devote much time to bringing about a common system of federation. Some of the papers are suggesting that the United States might send representatives to this meeting, as it will be able, by these means, to cultivate the friendship and good will of our fellow-republicans of South America, whose trade and commerce we are now so earnestly courting.

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Then comes the question of what direction will the other extension be made in. It lies between two points—Austin and San Antonio. An extension to Austin would cause the road to run through a fine section of country which must in time, if not at once, furnish a fine local traffic for railroads, and after Austin was reached, there would be a chance for competition for business north and west of that place. But the competition would be extremely lively for every pound of freight north of the Sunset route, and the business would be so light at best that much of a division and subdivision would be required to warrant a warrant. By the time the Cuero road could be extended to Austin, the Texas Western will be in operation to a connection with the International, and Morgan's road would be strongly bent by the Sunset, the Texas Western and the Central from the east, and the International from the north. It would be peculiarly a freight road, with its main dependence on the country south of Austin, and with a down stream competitor.

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Every once in a while some indirect individual makes some remark calculated to provoke a discussion concerning the A. and M. College at Bryan, and then the old trouble of 1879, which should have been buried long ago, is dragged before the public again, and fustled after fustled of vindictive speech is hurled and returned. The college is a state institution, and every person in the state should do everything possible to build it up, and not injure its reputation by bringing its name in connection with constant trouble. No educational institute can prosper if it is almost constantly made the subject of bickerings. No good can come from discussing the right or wrong of the manner in which the adjustment of existing difficulties was made in 1879. The settlement was made, and final, so let the matter rest. If the college is not a success in every particular, strive to make it a success, rather than attempt to destroy its usefulness and reputation. It does not come up to the standard expected in some respects.

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ALREADY the news received from Albany is becoming monotonous, for in such cases disease does not lead to enlightenment of the view, as to have a full appreciation of all the terrible details one needs to be in the midst of the row; otherwise, people are more for results than details. At present there does not appear to be much prospect for an early break of the dead-lock, as the republicans do not appear to be able to agree among themselves, and they would have to be driven to the greatest extremes of rage and desperation to join with the democrats, and give them one senator to secure one for themselves, for that would bring upon the democratic the wrath of the party of the entire country, which is now going every possible effort to confine the republicans to the two factions in New York and prevent a general split or loss of power, the prospect for which, however, are not of a flattering description.

If an election is not made by the end of this week, it is the opinion of many, and notably of the New York Express, the organ of Gov. Cornell, an adjournment will be effected, and the governor is quoted as saying that if an adjournment is had without an election he will not reconvene the legislature but let the question be settled at the polls. This would be rather a dangerous experiment for the republicans, as the next legislature might be democratic, and all the republicans get left.

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Referring to this rumor about disbanding the frontier forces, the Dallas Times, a strong state administration paper, and which, if we remember aright, at one time thought the rangers were no longer a necessity, says: "Fears are expressed by some of the papers in Texas that Gov. Roberts will disband the ranger force. We are not sufficiently acquainted with the law to say whether or not the governor can exercise this power. If he can exercise it, those who know his best way will not object. He has lived in Texas long enough to know the character of the frontier desperado too well to leave the people of the western counties at his mercy. The honest, sober and law-abiding citizen remains quiet while the state troops are in existence, but let those troops disband and the rascals will drive back civilization faster than the wind. Actually, that would be the whole of it. The rangers are the only force that is doing any good in the range. The western rife of the ranger has more reverence for the soul of the Texas desperado than all the law and justice in the land."

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It is to be suspected that the new United States commissioner of agriculture is an intemperate man. He has been the son of his predecessors, Le Duc included, and great credit is due to the latter's reputation was in this respect. The present commissioner will devote much time to bringing about a common system of federation. Some of the papers are suggesting that the United States might send representatives to this meeting, as it will be able, by these means, to cultivate the friendship and good will of our fellow-republicans of South America, whose trade and commerce we are now so earnestly courting.

Every once in a while some indirect individual makes some remark calculated to provoke a discussion concerning the A. and M. College at Bryan, and then the old trouble of 1879, which should have been buried long ago, is dragged before the public again, and fustled after fustled of vindictive speech is hurled and returned. The college is a state institution, and every person in the state should do everything possible to build it up, and not injure its reputation by bringing its name in connection with constant trouble. No educational institute can prosper if it is almost constantly made the subject of bickerings. No good can come from discussing the right or wrong of the manner in which the adjustment of existing difficulties was made in 1879. The settlement was made, and final, so let the matter rest. If the college is not a success in every particular, strive to make it a success, rather than attempt to destroy its usefulness and reputation. It does not come up to the standard expected in some respects.

A LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, paper says disease, misery and death in cigarettes. Inasmuch as the average San Antonio boy consumes smoking cigarettes about as soon as he is able to balance himself on his legs and strike a match, the fond mother of the fore-said boy may find the utterance of the paper alluded to interesting. It says: The seat is now making a most determined onslaught upon cigarette smoking, which it denounces as the most offensive form of yet devised for the consumption of tobacco. There is nothing unpleasant about the most detestable of the tobacco-frustration, a cigarette. The pipe-smoker afflicts his friends with a stinging word from every pore of his dirty and filthy body, at the opera, in the street, in the church, in the theatre—everywhere where his pipe becomes his voice. Cigarette-smoking is vastly more injurious than any other form of the use of tobacco, for the victim draws the smoke with a sort of gasping effort, and the lungs, thus absorbing more or less nicotine, which one of the deadliest poisons, which it stimulates the growth, impairs the eye-sight, destroys the appetite, will cause, and is causing, a deterioration of the race.

ALREADY the news received from Albany is becoming monotonous, for in such cases disease does not lead to enlightenment of the view, as to have a full appreciation of all the terrible details one needs to be in the midst of the row; otherwise, people are more for results than details. At present there does not appear to be much prospect for an early break of the dead-lock, as the republicans do not appear to be able to agree among themselves, and they would have to be driven to the greatest extremes of rage and desperation to join with the democrats, and give them one senator to secure one for themselves, for that would bring upon the democratic the wrath of the party of the entire country, which is now going every possible effort to confine the republicans to the two factions in New York and prevent a general split or loss of power, the prospect for which, however, are not of a flattering description.

If an election is not made by the end of this week, it is the opinion of many, and notably of the New York Express, the organ of Gov. Cornell, an adjournment will be effected, and the governor is quoted as saying that if an adjournment is had without an election he will not reconvene the legislature but let the question be settled at the polls. This would be rather a dangerous experiment for the republicans, as the next legislature might be democratic, and all the republicans get left.

A rumor has been circulated that there is danger of the state troops being disbanded, but it is certainly most without foundation in fact. There is rather a possibility for an increase of numbers, and it would be found the true hue of economy.

TUTT'S PILLS. INDORSED BY PHYSICIANS, CLERGYMEN, AND THE AFFLICTED EVERYWHERE. THE GREATEST MEDICAL TRIUMPH OF THE AGE.

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER. Loss of appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulders, Flatulency, and other ailments, and a general debility, arising from a torpid liver.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNDETERRED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED. TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, and produce such a change of feeling as to establish the sufferer.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE. GRAY HAIR or WHISKERS changed to a Glossy Black, by a single application of this Dye. It is a natural color, and is instantaneous.

THE FATHER'S FAULT. An Excommunicated Catholic Priest Found Murdered in Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 2.—A Fatherless Michigan, an excommunicated Catholic priest, was found murdered in his room in a hotel in Chicago, on the morning of the 2nd inst.

INTERNATIONAL ROUTE, International Great Northern TEXAS.

THE ATTENTION OF PASSENGERS. It is invited to the time of arrival and departure of the International Great Northern Texas.

NEW TIME CARD. Daily North Through Time Card South Daily.

SAU ANTONIO, - TEXAS. Opposite Groves' bank, between Commerce and Market Streets.

MANUFACTURERS OF AMBULANCES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, CARS, ETC.

3,000 SUBURBAN LOTS, 15,000 ACRES OF LAND.

200,000 ACRES LAND. In Central part of San Antonio, comprising large bodies of irrigable farming lands.

JAMES V. DIGNOWITY. With Hamilton & Dignowity, Commerce St., East of the bridge.

San Antonio and Corpus Christi U. S. MAIL.

Express Line. ELEGANT, NEW CONCORD COACHES leave each and Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

THOS. N. DEVINE, Proprietor. P. F. MURPHY, Agent, San Antonio, opposite Hunt's Hotel.

JOS. LANDA'S MILL DEPOT, Cor. Houston and St. Mary's streets.

GRAIN, And Manufacturer of Flour, Meal and Mill Stuffs.

M. ECKENROTH. Orders solicited from the trade.

FAIRBANKS' Scales. The World's Standard.

AUGUST BIESENBACH, Family Groceries.

Wanted. A MARRIED COUPLE, without children, to go in the country.

SHERIFF'S SALE. I WILL SELL FOR CASH AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

ALFRED GILES, Architect.

VALUABLE RANCH FOR SALE. 4050 Acres, 31 miles north of city.

JOS. SCHMIDT. North side of Main Plaza, next to Schram's Dollar Store.

V. FROMM. Houston Street, near Avenue C.

Dr. G. W. Philips, Dentist. No. 12 Commerce Street.

E. B. BANKIN, M. D., Homeopathic Physician. No. 12, Commerce St., San Antonio.

BELL & BRO., SILVER and Plated Ware.

CLOCKS. Of All Kinds.

Razors, Pocket and Table KNIVES.

Spectacles a Specialty







Table with columns for various items and prices, including flour, sugar, and other goods.

Weather indications for today. Washington, June 6, indications for the week.

LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP

Local news items including reports on the city council, school matters, and local incidents.

CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Yesterday's meeting, which was of unusual interest. Regular meeting of the city council, Tuesday, June 7, 1881.

GREENEY NO. 2

A comparison favorable to Texas. On motion of alderman Caldwell, the mayor was authorized to employ two additional policemen for military work.

San Antonio

San Antonio, Tex. In my last article I mentioned that Texas was the best state in the Union for the production of cotton.

San Antonio

San Antonio, Tex. From my camp, two miles west of San Antonio, on the Castrolville road, we have seen black birds, 2 over half a dozen.

San Antonio

San Antonio, Tex. Most celebrated resort in Texas. One mile south of Main Plaza, street cars to and from the grounds every few minutes.

L. OBYNSKI WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, PHARMACEUTIST,

STOCKMEN, FARMERS and WOOL GROWERS. Sulphur, Copperas, Sal Soda, Arsenic, Strychnin, Calomel, Resin, Castor Oil, Pine Tar, Turpentine, Sewer Worm Ointment and Liniment, South American Hide Poison, Etc.

At the Lowest Prices. Large Stock of Trusses, Shoulder-Braces, Supporters, Clinical Thermometers and Hypodermic Syringes always on hand.

Spring and Summer Goods. Ladies' Dress Goods, Fancy Goods, in great variety, Boots and Shoes, best make, Ready Made Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Our Stock of FURNITURE. CHABOT, MOSS & CO. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, Notions, Clothing, Trunks, Etc., Etc. Commercial Block, Commerce and Market Streets SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

ELLIS ROBERTS' CURE FOR Horses, Mules and Cattle. Celebrated Condition Powders.

Meat Market. F. FERNANDEZ, Live Stock Commissioner, OFFICE AT GUYDAN A BLDG., San Diego, Duval County, Tex.

Advertisement for a horse, mentioning its name and characteristics.

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REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Alderman Heuserman, for the finance committee, reported the following account of the city treasury.

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