The San Antonio Daily Express.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION: No. 217 COMMERCE STREET, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE IN SAN ANTONIO AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

VOL. 16—NO. 21. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1882. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE GUITEAU TRIAL ENDED.

CLOSING ARGUMENT OF JUDGE PORTER.

Judge Cox's Charge—The Jury Retired and in Less Than One Hour Returned a Verdict of Guilty as Indicted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 25.—Judge Porter rose to address the jury as soon as court opened, but was obliged to give way to Guiteau, who, as usual, made the opening address. This time it was to republish a letter which he said is published to-day, over his signature, and warn other cranks against attempting his life.

The first serious outbreak of the morning occurred when Judge Porter alluded to the statement of the prisoner's counsel and reiterated a portion of the prisoner's statement that the notes of the stenographer were destroyed by the prosecution because they would have benefitted the defense. He denied the right of the defense to expect or demand to see papers prepared by the prosecution, solely for their own use.

Furthermore, said Judge Porter, there was not contained in them anything, as asserted by the defense, that would have improved their standing in the case.

Scoville insisted on being heard and demanded that the court should stop the counsel from making any such statements, on his own authority, as to the contents of papers which had been in evidence.

Judge Porter insisted he had the right to deny statements of the same character, made by the other side.

Judge Cox thought the counsel had no right to make statements as to the contents of papers.

Judge Porter, with much feeling contested that he had been practicing longer than the judge and had never before heard such ruling. He, Porter, was of course deprived from taking legal exceptions, but he must protest against the unfairness of the decision, which would admit of all sorts of statements from the prisoner or his counsel, and yet would debar the prosecution from all opportunities of refuting.

Reed said: If I was the judge I would put him under arrest; such insults to the court should be punished.

Judge Porter resumed his argument, and proceeded to discuss the question of reasonable doubt, one element of the defense, referring to the decision of Judge Martin, of New Jersey, which had been reinforced by a decision in Ohio.

He was again interrupted by Scoville, who wished to know if arguments were to be heard again on the two points.

A sharp colloquy ensued between the counsels, when Porter removed the objection by handing his authority to the judge, saying, it will answer.

Judge Porter resumed his argument, and reviewed the testimony of John W. Guiteau.

The prisoner interrupted him with the exclamation; "That's a lie, you'r a blood man, etc." He became so violent and noisy that it was with the greatest difficulty the bailiffs could quiet him.

The interruptions of the prisoner increased in violence, until, reinforced by objections from Scoville, the clamor and din for a moment resembled a small babel.

Judge Porter concluded his speech late this evening. When it was suggested that court adjourn over to-morrow, Judge Cox submitted to the jury the question whether they would prefer to remain and hear his charge to-day or wait till to-morrow. They chose to hear it at once. Judge Cox accordingly delivered his charge and at 4:40 p. m. the jury retired and came into court again at 5:30 and rendered a verdict of "guilty as indicted."

Judge Porter closed his argument at 3 o'clock and in conclusion saying:

"He who has ordained that human life be sheltered by human law from human crime presides over your deliberations; and the verdict which you will give to-day will be recorded where we are to come at the great day. I trust the verdict will be prompt and will uphold the majesty of the law, and reflect credit on your intelligence and conscience. shall reach all lands, that political murderers shall not be permitted to avenge political wrongs or settle political disputes. I trust you will so discharge your duty, that by your action at least, political assassination shall find no sanction to make precedent hereafter, and I hope the time will come when, by international agreements, the law shall be so that political assassins shall find no refuge on the face of the earth. The assassin of Garfield knew that against the law of God he was heading, with bloody hands, into the home of life, but he did not know that over his grave, if a grave he is to have, would be written this inscription: "The grave of the cowardly assassin, the swindler and the murderer." He did not know, when Garfield yielded his life, that the hand that aimed that pistol against life, wrote the name of James A. Garfield in characters of living light on the firmament as radiant as if every letter was traced in living stars."

JUDGE COX'S CHARGE TO THE JURY.

His honor Judge Cox, commenced by saying that the constitution provided in all criminal prosecutions that the accused shall enjoy the right of speedy and public trial by an impartial jury, in the district where the crime shall have been committed; and that he shall be informed of the cause and the nature of the accusation against him; that he shall be confronted with the witnesses against him; that he shall have compulsory process to obtain witnesses in his favor, and that he shall have the assistance of counsel in his defense. These provisions were intended for the protection of the innocent from injustice and oppression, and it was only by their faithful observance that guilt or innocence could be fairly ascertained. Every accused person is presumed to be innocent until the accusation is proved, with what difficulty and trouble the law has been administered in the present case the jurors have been witness. It was, however, a consolation to think that not one of those sacred guarantees of the constitution had been violated in the person of the accused. At last a long chapter of proof was ended. The task of the advocate was done and it now rested with the jury to determine between public justice and the prisoner at the bar. None could feel more keenly than himself the great responsibility of his duties, and he felt that he would be doing disharge them by a close adherence to the law as laid down by the highest authorities. Before proceeding further he wished to notice an incident which had taken place pending the recent argument. The prisoner had frequently taken occasion to proclaim that public opinion as evidenced by the press and correspondence was in his favor. These declarations could not have been prevented except by the process of gagging him. Any suggestion that the jury could be influenced by such lawlessness and clattering of the prisoner, would have seemed to him absurd, and he should have felt that it was an insult to the jury if he had warned it not to regard them. The counsel for the prosecution had felt it necessary, however, in the opening argument, to interpose a contradiction to such statement, and an exception had been taken on the part of the accused to the form in which the effort was made. For the sole purpose of purging the record of any objectionable matter, he should simply say that anything which had been said on either side, in reference to public excitement, or the newspapers opinion, was not to be regarded by the jury. The indictment charged the defendant with having murdered Jas. A. Garfield, and it was the duty of the court to explain the nature of the crime charged. Murder was committed where a person of sound memory and discretion unlawfully killed a reasonable being in a part of the United States, with malice aforethought. It had to be proved first had death was caused by the act of the accused; and, further, that it was caused with malice aforethought. That did not mean that the government had to prove any will or hatred on the part of the accused toward the deceased. Whenever a homicide was shown to have been committed, without lawful authority, and deliberate intent, it was sufficiently proved to have been done with malice aforethought; and malice was not disproved by showing that the accused had no ill will toward the deceased and that he killed him for other motives, as for instance robbery or through mistaking him for another, or, as claimed in this case, to produce a public benefit. If it could be shown that the killing occured in the heat of passion, or under provocation, it would appear that there was no premeditated attempt and therefore no malice aforethought, and that would make the crime manslaughter. It was not necessary, however, to say that there was nothing of the kind in the present case. The jury would have to say either that the defendant was guilty of murder or that he was innocent. In order to constitute the crime of murder, the assassin must have reasonably sane mind, in technical terms he must be of sound mind, memory and discretion, an irresponsible sane man could not commit murder, if he was laboring under a disease of the mental faculties to such an extent that he did not know it was wrong, then he was wanting in sound mind; that is a part of the definition of murder. In the next place every defendant was presumed innocent till the accusation was established by proof; in the next place, notwithstanding this presumption of innocence, it was equally true that the defendant was presumed to be sane and to have been so at the time the crime was committed, that is to say, that the government was bound to show the affirmative, as part of proof, that the defendant was sane, as insanity was an exception. And as the majority of men are sane, the law presumes the latter to be the condition of every man until some reason was shown to believe to the contrary. The burden was therefore on the defendant, who set up insanity as an excuse for the crime to produce proofs, in the first instance, to show that the presumption was a mistaken one so far as it related to the prisoner. The crime, therefore, involved three elements, killing, malice and responsibility of mind. In murder, after all the evidence was before the jury, if the jury, while believing in their minds both these presumptions, that is that the defendant is innocent until proven guilty, and that he is sane until the contrary appears, still entertained what is called a reasonable doubt on any ground or as to any of the essential elements of the crime, then the defendant was entitled to the benefit of that doubt and to an acquital.

After the jury had been out about twenty minutes, a recess was taken till 5:30, and in ten minutes afterward the jury called to the bailiff that they were ready with their verdict; they were obliged to await the return of Judge Cox.

Promptly on time the judge called the court and the verdict was rendered as telegraphed.

Scoville demanded the poll of the jury which was granted and each responded "guilty" as his name was called.

As the last man answered, Guiteau shouted, "My blood will be upon the heads of that jury, *'don't you forget it.'*"

Again Guiteau, who from the moment Judge Cox began the delivery of his charge had dropped completely his air of flippant arrogance and sat with rigid features and compressed lips called out in tones of desperation "God will avenge this outrage."

Judge Cox then turned to the jury and said, gentlemen of the jury, I cannot express too many thanks for the manner in which you have discharged your duty; you have richly merited the thanks of your countrymen, and I feel satisfied that you will take with you to your homes the approval of your conciences. With thanks, gentlemen of the jury, I dismiss you. Court then adjourned.

PALESTINE.

Arrival of the German Carp.

Special Telegram.

PALESTINE, TEXAS, January 25.—A car of German carp for distribution in Anderson county arrived here this evening, under charge of J. B. Ellis, United States fish commissioner. Major Ira H. Evans, of the International Land Company, has charge of the distribution and has secured the aid of the water works company, who have prepared a pond for the fish.

DISASTER AND CASUALITIES.

Loss of Schooner Henrietta.

NORFOLK, VA., January 25.—Steamer Gates from the wrecked schooner Ricardo Java at Watchopragge inlet has arrived here and report the loss of schooner Henrietta, near the wreck of the Java. The Gates had the schooner in tow, when the hawser parted, the Henrietta striking on the bar became a total loss. The crew was rescued.

The Wrecked Bark Carney.

Lieut. Merry, of the U. S. navy, has arrived here and with suitable force proceeded to Hatteras to assist in the recovery of the bodies lost from the wrecked bark Carney.

Loss of the Steamer Valley City.

PENSACOLA, FLA., January 25.—The steamer Valley City from Tampa for this place encountered a heavy gale on Sunday, causing a leak, and sank, on Monday, forty miles from Pensacola. The crew arrived here safely in boats.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The Late Imperial Rescript—Prince Bismarck in the Reichstag.

BERLIN, January 25.—In the Reichstag yesterday, during the debate on the budget, a discussion arose concerning the late imperial rescript. Bismarck said it did aim to create a new constitution—"The king reigns, but does not govern." did not apply in German. The expression of ministerial responsibility was equally absurd. He declared that the rescript remained mistaken by the attack on it. He was fully aware of the responsibility in signing it and he was responsible for all the acts of the sovereign. It was to the sovereign and not to parliament that Germany owed the position it enjoyed. Bismarck asked whether any one could reproach him with cowardice. There was a great uproar on the left. Prince Bismarck stepped forward and repeated his inquiry saying, "Is there any one who dares to bring such a charge."

THE AUSTRIAN-HERZEGOVIAN TROUBLES.

Editors Warned not to Publish Movements of Troops—Montenegro Refused His Support.

VIENNA, January 25.—The editors of papers published here were yesterday summoned before the police and informed that the publication of any intelligence in regard to the movements of the troops and war material was forbidden.

A dispatch to the Press from Lettinge states that Prince Nikita has refused Austria's demand for the extradition of certain refugee insurgents, affirming that the present spirit of his people renders such surrender impossible, and further declaring that Herzegovians are not Austrian subjects.

The Press says the Prince of Montenegro informed a deputation of Herzegovians, who asked him his support in the struggle against Austria, that they must not count on any Montenegro support.

WASHINGTON.

Forty-Seventh Congress.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 25.—The senate is engaged in eulogizing the late Senator Carpenter.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, Cameron, of Pennsylvania, submitted a resolution in commemoration of late Senator Carpenter. Eulogies upon Mr. Carpenter were made by Cameron, Garland, Logan, Kellogg, Bayard, Edmunds and Davis, of Illinois, some of which were very beautiful and full of feeling. At 1:45, upon the adoption of the resolution, the senate, out of respect for the deceased, adjourned.

House.

WASHINGTON, JANUARY 25.—On motion of Reed, of Maryland, the senate bill to permit Associate Judge Ward Hunt, of the United States supreme court, to retire, was taken from the speaker's table for present consideration. Reed explained the proposition of the bill and then yielded the floor to Townsend, of Illinois, who opposed it: First, because it would set a dangerous precedent; second, because he regarded it as a reflection on that high tribunal to presume that one of its members would, for pecuniary consideration be induced to do what it was his duty to the people to do.

House, of Tennessee, also opposed the bill. Justice Hunt had been disabled for three years and during that time had drawn three thousand dollars for which he had rendered no equivalent.

The debate was continued by a dozen members, about equally divided.

The bill was then passed, yeas 137, nays 89.

A majority of the republicans voted in the affirmative and the largest part of the democrats in the negative.

A number of executive communications were read and referred. Among them a letter from the secretary of the treasury transmitting an estimate of the appropriations required by the departments to complete the service of the fiscal year, ending June 30, 1883, and the prior year, aggregating $2,150,000.

At 2 p. m. all business was suspended and the house proceeded to pay its last tribute of respect to the memory of the late Senator Carpenter.

Kasson, of Indiana; Dunnell, of Minnesota; Orth, of Indiana; Robeson, of New Jersey; Priest, of Vermont; and Butterworth, of Ohio, delivered eulogies on the life and character of the distinguished deceased.

At 4:35 p. m. the house adjourned.

The Lynch-Chalmer Contested Seat Before the Sub-Committee of Election Committee.

WASHINGTON, JANUARY 25.—The case of Lynch vs. Chalmer was called before the sub-committee of election committee this morning. Chalmers filed some exceptions to the additional testimony offered by Lynch. The exceptions were ordered printed and will be argued at the hearing of the case. Lynch was allowed forty days to file his brief, but he probably will have it ready within ten days. Chalmers was allowed thirty days to file his brief, in reply, after the delivery of Lynch's brief to him. Chalmers will probably not file his brief till the last of the 30 days and the case may therefore be expected to be heard before the sub-committee about the 9th of March.

VIRGINIA.

Convention of Independent Order of Bnai Brith Main.

RICHMOND, VA., January 25.—The district grand lodge No. 5, of the Independent Order of Bnai Brith Main arrived for the convention here yesterday; delegates were present from subordinate lodges in Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and the District of Columbia. The annual reports were presented, showing the condition of the order and other routine business was transacted. The delegates were present last night at a complimentary musical entertainment given in their honor in Mason hall. The grand officers will be elected to-day.

THE OFFICERS ELECTED

RICHMOND, VA., January 25.—The following were to-day elected officers for the ensuing year: President—M. J. Solomon, of Savannah; 1st vice-president—Lee Wolf, of Baltimore; 2d vice-president—D. H. Stern, of Charlottsville, Va; treasurer—A. Gardman, of Baltimore; secretary—D. R. S. Wolfe, of Baltimore; sergeant-at-arms—J. J. Jacobson, of Washington, D. C. Also the following board of control of the orphan asylum for three years: Wm. Lovenstein, of Richmond; J. J. Marcus, of Wilmington, N. C.; E. A. Weil, of Savannah; E. Maredex, of Charleston, N. C. The officers were installed by the past grand president.

SENATE.

Investigation Committee Appointed.

RICHMOND, VA., January 25.—Senator Riddleberger introduced a resolution, which was adopted, setting forth that it is generally reported that certain persons have been making attempts to influence the measure of the general assembly by corrupt means and that the names of officers of the senate have been mentioned in connection therewith. The resolution calls for the appointment of a committee of five to investigate matters with power to send for persons and papers.

TENNESSEE.

The Cumberland Flood—Much Suffering in the District.

JOHNSONVILLE, January 25.—Every house in the settlement is partly submerged, some have overturned, and some floated off. Houses are daily floating down the river, and some that have lodged against the railway bridges were broken up by the inhabitants to preserve the bridge from destruction. Much live stock was drowned. Many people have found refuge on rafts and boats, with some live stock. There is much suffering, and it must increase.

ILLINOIS.

Railroad Consolidation.

CHICAGO, January 25.—It is officially announced that the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Louisville & Nashville, Evansville & Terre Haute, and Evansville, Terre Haute & Chicago railways will be formally consolidated on May 1st. The control of these lines will be vested in the Louisville & Nashville railroad company.

KENTUCKY.

The Ashland Murder Trial—A New Phase in the Case.

CATLETTSBURG, KY., January 25.—Ellis Craft was arraigned yesterday. His counsel moved to quash the indictement on the grn und that one of the grand jury was not a householder, and after hearing the argument until late in the evening, the judge sustained the motion and summoned another grand jury. It will be interesting to know how this will effect the case of Wm. Neal who was convicted upon an indictment of the same grand jury.

EAGLE PASS.

Death of John Murray—Real Estate—Mechanics Wanted—Rio Grande Rising.

Special Telegram.

EAGLE PASS, January 25.—Fifteen days ago there arrived here from Carrizo, Dimmitt county, a tall, fine-looking man named John Murray, he having left his family behind him. Some trouble seemed to weigh heavily on Mr. Murray's mind, for immediately upon his arrival he began to drink heavily, and for the last ten days he has lived entirely upon whisky, declining to touch a morsel of food. This morning the unfortunate man was found cold in death in the back room of a saloon. His friends had prepared an ambulance yesterday to take him home to Carrizo to-day, but their good intentions were frustrated by the word of the grim destroyer—death.

The price of real estate is advancing, there being a good demand for lots by strangers intending to commence business in our growing town. Masons, blacksmiths and carpenters have more work than they can attend to.

Mr. Flagge is putting the finishing touches to Mrs. Anderson's new hotel.

Ours is a lively town now, but dull in comparison with what we expect in a a couple of weeks, when the track will be laid from the junction to this place.

Mr. Riddles many friends in San Antonio will be pleased to learn that the former's health is greatly improving, and that we expect him to be up and doing again in a few days.

The Rio Grande is rising owing to the heavy rains above.

A drizzling light rain is falling.

BRACKETT BUDGET.

Greeley No. 2 Creates a Sensation—Railroad Building Delayed—Personal Notices.

Special Telegram.

BRACKETT, January 25.—The death of Joe Ney caused general regret in this county, where he was well known.

G. A. Anderson was suddenly recalled from Pecos by the serious illness of his youngest child. Miss Sadie Cornell is also down with severe fever.

A dance will take place at the court-house Friday night, which will close early, so that the working people can attend and business not be neglected; sensible plan.

The Moye brothers and Dr. Breeding are here. Also Rev. Gillespie, of Eagle Pass, who gives an encouraging account of the school and church work at that place.

Track laying moves with a snail pace. At the present rate, Del Rio will not be reached for three or four months yet. Our people have learned not to put their trust in the weather and railroad managers.

The high art picture of Greeley No. 2 in THE EXPRESS' annual review edition produces exclamations of delight from his friends. It is as extravagant as those produced by Roberts' hare drawing.

HOUSTON.

The Bohemians Meeting—No More Cases of Small-Fox—Remanded Without Bail.

Special Telegram.

HOUSTON, January 25.—The executive committee of the state press association met to-day. Gosling, of the Castroville Quill, Doddson, of the Henderson Times, Henderson, of the Georgetown Record; Gilbert, of the Abelene Reporter, were present. Wilson, of the Fort Worth Advance, vice Wm. Harriss, out of the newspaper business; Gail Johnson was made secretary, vice Burson, out of the newspaper business. Gosling, president, was requested to appoint the next meeting of the association four weeks later than originally, if expedient. Byron Drew, of the Kaufman Sun, was appointed a member of the executive committee.

No more cases of small-pox.

The negro William Wright, who killed Dan Williams, was tried and remanded without bail.

LAREDO.

Daily Report from the American Terminus of the International & Great Northern Railway.

Special Telegram.

LAREDO, January 25.—John Parmer, a brakeman on the Mexican National railroad, in Mexico, had his hand seriously mashed this morning while coupling cars. To save his hand, the amputation of two fingers was necessary. It was performed by Dr. A. W. Wilcox, surgeon of the road.

H. A. Doughty was charged yesterday before his honor G. B. Broadwater, with picking the pocket of a female in a gambling saloon. In default of five hundred dollars bail he was sent to jail.

Under the new administration of S. Sanchez, mayor of New Laredo, that place is thriving, and the progress of building is keeping pace with this side.

LAMPASAS.

New Buildings—Business Changes—Norther.

Special Telegram.

LAMPASAS, January 25.—The foundations for three stone business houses, two-story high, are being laid on the street; Messrs. Tatum & Co. are building one and Capt. A. H. Barnes the other two, also two frame building houses, on Western avenue.

District Attorney Acker is gone to Austin in attendance on the U. S. court this week.

A. W. Lyday sold out, his family grocery yesterday to Messrs. Monroe and Hardy, who will conduct the business.

A mild norther reached here at four p. m., with clouds but no rain.

Business very satisfactory this week.

The French Claims Commission.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 25.—The French and American claims commission met to-day. The French counsel moved that judgment to dismiss in the cases of Sigmund Romas vs. the United States be suspended for twenty days. The commissioner rendered decision in the case of Virginia Deidem vs. the United States, sustaining the demurrer, and dismissing the case. The French counsel moved that the commission take up and consider the case of Ludon vs. the United States, on its merits, without argument. The counsel for the United States objected unless the claimant should produce the original book of entries upon which some of the items in the claim are based. A motion was made in the case of the heirs of Daminet vs. the United States and also in the case of Geo. Bertrand vs. the United States to amend memorials which were reserved. The French counsel moved that an order be made requiring cases to be called in order and that if the cases are not ready for final submission, applications for the extension of time must be made, and cause shown, and that after March 1st all desistment will be prima facie evidence of intent to abandon the claim. The motions are considered on their merits. The commission took the motion under advisement and adjourned to Saturday, January 28, 1882.

AUSTIN.

THE MERCER COLONY CASE

From Gloom to Sunshine—Freight Trains Collisions on the Santa Fe Road—The Sheriff Convention—Firemen's Ball.

Special Telegram.

AUSTIN, January 25.—Gen. Benito Gonzales, sheriff of El Paso, came here covered with gloom, and goes away encircled in sunshine. The state sued him for default in the sum of $5,410.65. In April, he paid $5,181.41 cash into the treasury, and since then sent in other settlements. It now turns out, after all things are footed up, that the state is indebted to him to the tune of about $219.79. He will make her reduce the cash balance in his favor.

A gentleman just in from Burleson county, says that he witnessed the most terrible wreck on the Santa Fe road at nine o'clock yesterday morning. Two freight trains met and tried to pass each other on the same track. The train men saw the situation only when the trains were about seven car lengths apart, and jumped off. Coming together with a most terrible crash, the engines reared up, plunged, and telescoped, while the cars piled up one upon another, presenting a scene that was terrible. None of the train men were hurt; but a fireman in the locomotive's side, had both legs cut off, and was otherwise so mangled as to cause death.

The decision in the Mercer colony case was rendered to-day. The following is the judge's decree in full:

In equity No. 98.—William Preston, complaint vs. W. C. Walsh, commissioner of the general land office, etc., defendant.

DECREE.

This cause came on to be heard at this term, on the 25th day of January, 1882, and was argued by counsel, and, there, upon consideration thereof, it was and now is ordered, adjudged and decreed as follows, namely:

First, That the complainant's allegations are found to be true and supported by the proof, and that the order and writs of injunction heretofore granted and issued in this cause, is hereby made perpetual, and the defendant, W. C. Walsh, commissioner of the general land office of the state of Texas, and all and every his successor in office, and all his clerks, draftsmen, subordinates, agents, servants and employes, and all officers or agents, subordinates or servants, the said defendant, or to any of his successors in office, or in any manner under the direction, supervision or control of him, or of any of his successors in office, be and hereby is and are restrained, prohibited and forever enjoined from issuing, or delivering, or permitting to be issued or delivered to any person or persons, or to any corporation, any certificate or certificates, patent or patents, plat or plats, for any land or lands within the boundaries of Mercer's colony, as set forth in the bill of complaint and the exhibits therewith filed; and from any and all interference with, or infringement of, or upon the land grant or land reservation known as Mercer's colony, and from doing, or causing to be done, any act or thing whereby there may issue any patent, certificate, plat or plats of any land within the boundaries of said Mercer's colony, as defined and set forth in the bill of complaints and the exhibits filed, and as set forth in the contract made on the 20th of January, 1844, by and between the Republic of Texas, by Sam Houston, president thereof, of, and Charles Fenton Mercer, filed herein, whereof the original is on file in the office of the secretary of the state of Texas, and a copy is on file in the office of the commissioner of the general land office of the state of Texas—except to the complainant, William Preston, as chief agent of the Texas association, or his successors or assigns, or to such person or persons as he or his successors may in writing direct.

And it is further ordered, adjudged and decreed, that the defendant, William C. Walsh, commissioner of the general land office of the State of Texas, and each and every his successors in office, and all his or their servants, employes, agents, clerks, draftsmen, surveyors, deputies, and subordinates, each and every one be, and the same are enjoined, restrained and prohibited from hindering, obstructing, preventing or delaying the said William Preston, his agents attorneys, employes, or the successors or assigns of said Preston and their agents, attorneys or employes in the surveying, selecting, platting, recording, entering or claiming any and all vacant and unlocated lands lying within the limits and boundaries of the so-called Mercer's colony, as set forth in the bill of complaint and the exhibits therewith filed, and the said defendant and his successor in office, and his and their agents and subordinates, are enjoined from hindering, obstructing, preventing or delaying the said Preston, or his successors or assigns, or the Texas Land Association from performing and completing and perfecting, all and singular, the several conditions, duties, obligations and acts devolving upon the said Preston, or said association, under the terms and stipulations of the colonization contract set forth in the bill of complaint. And it is further ordered and adjudged, that the defendant do pay all the costs herein incurred, the clerk to tax the same, and that proper process issue therefor.

A motion will be made by Pooley & Maxey, states' attorneys, and argued to-morrow morning, to have Judge Pardee so amend his decree as to exclude school and university lands from location by plaintiff as he made no claim for such in his arguments.

Gen. King has ordered Capt. Ogiesby not to change his headquarters from San Diego, but to go in person to Rio Grande City and inspect and report on the condition of affairs there. This is done because the people in DeWitt and Duval counties claim it is unsafe to live there. The adjutant general contemplates removing troops from other points to the southwestern part of Texas, and try and forever break up the lawless element which has so long terrorized peaceable citizens.

The following postal is being mailed to all sheriffs:

AUSTIN, January 25, 1882.

You are requested to attend the annual meeting of the association. There is no small-pox here. The following roads will give round trip tickets to one fare: L. & G. N., T. & P. and H. & T. C.; and one-and-one-fifth fare, the G. C. & S. F., S. P. & N. O. and G. H. & S. A. The resident members will endeavor to make your visit pleasant.

Respectfully,
JOHN P. KIRK,
Secretary.

The ball of the Colorado fire company comes off to-morrow night. It promises to be a grand success. The supper will be the best spread this season.

Track laying on the narrow-guage is progressing at the rate of about one and a half miles per day. Col. McNeill is a vigorous man for pushing things.

Rare Sport.

Nashville Morning World.

The bitter personal newspaper war now going on among the papers of New York is not creditable to the press of the metropolis. The Times attacks Jay Gould and Cyrus W. Field on their elevated railroad schemes, and then the Mail and Express, which is Mr. Field's organ, attacks the editor of the Times, and says he has either lost, mislaid or stolen a part of the General Grant fund, of which he is the custodian. The Star looks on claps its hands at the rare sport, forgetting for the time that the standard of journalism is being trailed in the dust.

Oscar and Clara.

Elmira Free Press.

If Clara Morris reciprocates the passion of O. Wilde there is going to be an earthquake, that's all.

GALVESTON.

Court of Appeals Decisions—Telegraph Lines Completed—New Railroad Lines—A Lecture at Armory Hall—Booth—General Notes.

Special Telegram.

GALVESTON, January 25.—The court of appeals was in session to-day, full bench present. Action had in the following cases: Thos. Y. Blackman vs the State, Freestone, submitted on briefs for both parties. Thos. Hughes vs. the State, Polk, affirmed; no written opinion. H. H. McElvey vs. H. M. Dill, Houston, affirmed; no written opinion. Thos. H. Nelms vs. E. W. Carathorn, Houston, reversed and opinion rendered by Presiding Judge White. Tobe Cannon vs. the State, Houston, affirmed; no written opinion. George Roelor, Jr., vs. the State, Freestone, motion to dismiss; overruled. Santiago Clog vs. the State, Lasalle, submitted on briefs for both parties. John Robertson vs. the state, from Fannin, motion to set aside; submission submitted. Buchan vs. the state, from McLennan, affirmed; no written opinion. C. J. Thompson vs. the state, from Travis; on motion of appellant dismissed. Court adjourned until 1 o'clock Saturday morning.

Hugh McCormick, chief of line and repairs of the Western Union telegraph office at this point, who has been superintending the re-building and construction of the line between Corpus Christi and Brownsville, Texas, and from Matamoros to Tampico, returned here from Brownsville and reports the line completed and open for business.

It is officially announced that the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad have purchased the Montgomery Central railroad, a line twenty-eight miles in length, running from Navasota, on H. & T. C. southward toward Montgomery. It is the intention of the Santa Fe to build a branch from Brenham, on the main line to Navasota, eventually extending connection to Montgomery, from thence into the pine regions of southeast Texas, to some point not yet definitely known. This extension will prove a valuable auxilliary to the Santa Fe, enabling it to supply northwestern Texas with lumber as well as opening up a valuable trade to Galveston. The engineers are ready to take the field and make a survey of the proposed route as soon as the weather will permit, as it is the intention of the Sante Fe to have the extension completed between now and the opening of the coming season. One main line grade has been completed from Belton to Lampasas and ties, iron, &c., are on the ground to lay the track, which has been delayed by wet weather, but which is expected to be completed inside of sixty days.

J. C. Rathburn, founder of the order of Knights of Pythias and at present past supreme chancellor arrived this morning and delivered an interesting lecture, at Artillery hall, this evening, on the objects and principles of the order.

Hon. Seth Shepard and bride, Miss Goree, of Alabama, arrived this morning and were received by numerous friends.

Booth played Macbeth to-night to a large audience. To-morrow night he appears in Hamlet, in which he has no peer on the stage, to-day. The great tragedian is accompanied by his daughter Miss Edwina.

Thewet weather has materially affected cotton receipts, 802 bales were received to-day. The demand for spot cotton to-day was small and resulted in no sales and the exchange bulletined the market as closing with buyers and sellers apart. Futures ruled quiet with sales of 300 bales.

Entered—steamer Harlan, from Brashear, with general merchandise.

Cleared—the bark Nojadoes, for Bremen, with 1,003 bales of cotton valued at $62,000.

Miss A. E. Baker, Miss M. B. Baker, J. L. Baker and wife, Austin, and W. R. Race, Laredo, arrived to-day.

The News in its morning issue will say, "guilty" say they all, guilty say the people, guilty rings out from the law of eternal justice and the essential fitness of things. The grotesque drams of Guiteau's insanity solemnity, and the sternest reality dooms the assassin to an infamous explation of his attrocious crime. The country will experience a quieting satisfaction in reading in the morning dispatches the results of the jury, after thirty-six minutes deliberation, and will respond with a general amen, coupled with the plaudit to the patient twelve: "Well done good and faithful servants." Thus has ended the most remarkable criminal trial that has ever engaged the attention of an American court, and will help the form of law to the processes of enabling twelve plain, uncultured, honest men to boil down the common sentiment of the times and pronounce the verdict of mankind—"guilty."

WALT WHITMAN AND OSCAR WILDE.

The Irish Æsthete Visits the Good Gray Poet at His Home.

Oscar Wilde paid a visit to Walt Whitman at his home at Camden, N. J., last week. After the visit Mr. Whitman gave to a Press reporter an account of their connings:

"Wilde and I drank a bottle of wine down stairs," he said, "and when we came up here, where we could be on 'thee and thou' terms, one of the first things I said was that I should call him 'Oscar.' 'I like that so much,' he answered, laying his hand on my knee. He seemed to me like a great big, splendid boy. He is so frank and outspoken, and manly. I don't know why such mocking things are written of him. He has the English society drawl, but his enunciation is better than I ever heard in a young Englishman or Irishman before. We talked here for two hours. I said to him: 'Oscar, you must be thirsty. I'll make you some punch.' 'Yes, I am thirsty,' he acknowledged, and I did make him a big glass of milk punch, and he tossed it off, and away he went."

Current Notes.

Blaine's war-paint seems to be ground in. It will not rub off.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

What a pity it is that Hays did'nt look after the public money as anxiously as his own.—Buffalo Courier.

The maintenance of our national banking system is of much more importance to the country than to the banks.—Philadelphia Press.

Poor old Mr. Howe will begin at once the work of weeding the business men out of the postal department.—Cincinnati Commercial.

The Useful Art in St. Louis.

Chicago Times.

St. Louis is getting ahead of Chicago in one very important particular. She's doing some deserved hanging. The useful art is a lost one in Chicago.

"He Holds the Edge."

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Justice Hunt has not served long enough to earn his pension, but he proposes to make money out of the job after the manner of his brethren. He has the modern republican idea—that there is no use dabbling in politics unless there is something made out of the business, and as his place is needed to reward another republican politician and let Mr. Conkling into the cabinet, he is justified in squeezing all that he can out of the treasury. As the poker-players have it, he holds "the edge."

Ex-Judge McKenzie, a leading lawyer of Hampton, Iowa, the man who sent Gen. Sherman's signal during the war, "Hold the fort; we are coming," died at his home Monday morning, January 16th; after a lingering illness.

Markets by Telegraph.

MONEY, STOCKS AND BONDS.

New Orleans, January 25.—Sight—82 per thousand premium; sterling, bank, 4.84½@4.85; consols, 97⅞@99.

New York, January 25.—Money—3@5; exchange, 60¾; government bonds irregular and unsettled; new 5's coupons, 102¾; new 4½'s, coupons, 114¾; new 4's coupons 113¾; state bonds inactive.

New York, Jan. 25.—Stocks—somewhat irregular.

New York, 11 a. m., January 25.—The stock market opened somewhat irregular, but in the main ¼ to 1 per cent lower than yesterday's closing prices, the latter for Metropolitan Elevated, while San Francisco preferred at 2 per cent lower than the last sales of yesterday. In early dealings the market advanced ¼ to 1½ per cent, the latter for Denver & Rio Grande, while Manhattan Elevated sold up 1¾ per cent to 78. Subsequently the general list fell off ½ per cent, Denver & Rio Grande leading therein. At 11 o'clock there was a fractional recovery.

New York, January 24.—Galveston, Houston and Henderson, 24 asked. Sales 37,000 Houston and Texas Central sinking funds at 107@94000 Texas and Pacific grants at 107; $10,000 incomes at 72½; $100,000 Rio Grande at 67¾ to 68; 12 600 shares of stock at 46¾ to 48; Houston and Texas Central Wacos, 111@112, 115 asked. Brazos Branch advanced sterling to gold shipping points, but Seligman offered bills 1 per cent lower. Southern commercial on bank, 485¾.

Paris, 2:30 p. m., January 25.—Rente—82f 95c. Hardly any business doing.

London, 12 p. m., January 25.—Consols—money, 99 15-16; account, 100 1-16.

London, noon January, 25.—Erie, 40¼.

COTTON MARKETS.

Liverpool, noon, January 25.—Cotton—dull; uplands, 6⅝d; Orleans, 6¾d; sales, 8000 bales; speculation and exports 1000 bales, receipts, 10,300 bales; American, 18,599 bales; uplands, low middling clause, February and March delivery, 6¾d; March and April, 6 11-16d; April and May, 6 25-32d; May and June, 6 25-32d; futures quiet.

Liverpool, 3 p. m., January 25.—Cotton—sales American, 6700 bales; futures closed dull.

New Orleans, January 25.—Cotton—quiet; sales, 400 bales; ordinary, 9⅞; good ordinary, 10¾; low middling, 11¾; middling, 11⅞; good middling, 12; middling fair 12⅝; fair, 13¼; receipts net, 1202 bales; gross, 1448 bales; exports to Great Britain, ——; bales; Mexico, continent, 4303 bales; coastwise, 1325 bales; stock, 362,026 bales; futures steady; sales, 26,300 bales; January, 11.70@11.71; February, 11.79@11.80; March, 11.86@12.01; April, 12.28@12.29; May, 12.47@12.48; June, 12.60@12.62; July, 12.70@12.72; August, 12.80@12.81; September, 11.90@11.92; October, 11.47@11.49; November, 11.34@11.37.

New York, January 25.—Cotton—net receipts 1193 bales; gross, 15,962 bales; futures closed firm; sales, 116,000 bales; January, 11.90@12.00; February, 12.02@12.03; March, 12.20@12.21; April, 12.40@12.41; May, 12.60@12.62; June, 12.76@12.80; July, 12.91@12.92; August, 13.01@13.02; September, 12.90@12.92; October, 11.76@11.77; November, 11.66@11.68. Posts cotton statement says: Future delivery has sold slightly and a decrease at the first call advanced 2-100 and then fell 2-100 below yesterday's quotations at the second call; January sold at 11.97; April, 12.02; June, 12.75; November, 11.55; at the third call February brought 11.99c; May, 12.45; June, 12.78. There is a fair business doing and the market displays much steadiness.

New York, January 25.—Cotton—quiet; sales, 393 bales; uplands, 11½@11¾; Orleans, 12¼; consolidated net receipts, 1,327 bales; exports to Great Britain, 5600 bales; continent, 4302 bales.

St. Louis, January 25.—Cotton—steady; middling, 11½; low middling, 11; good ordinary, 10¼; receipts, 638 bales; shipments, 2544 bales; sales, 648 bales; stock 81,068 bales.

Galveston, January 25.—Cotton—quotations: low ordinary, 9¾; ordinary, 9¾; good ordinary, 10¼; low middling, 11¼; middling, 11¾; good middling, 11⅞; middling fair, 12¼.

New York, January 25.—Flour—firm and mo

The Daily Express.

Thursday Morning, January 26, 1882.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

DAILY, BY MAIL.

One copy one year	$10.00
One copy six months	5.50
One copy three months	3.00
One copy one month	1.00

DAILY, IN THE CITY

One copy three months	2.50
One copy one month	1.00
One copy one week	.25

WEEKLY.

One copy one year	1.75
One copy six months	1.00
One copy three months	.75

To CORRESPONDENTS: Correspondence is solicited on all questions of public interest to the people of Texas. Correspondents will please write plainly and on but one side of the paper. All letters, to insure publication, must be accompanied by name of the writer, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Articles written in the interest of individuals will be published only as advertisements.

WM. A. BOWEN is our authorized agent at Austin, Office in rooms of J. N. Preston, architect, corner Congress avenue and Hole'd Are street, upstairs.

A. WINSLOW is our authorized agent for Laredo, San Diego, Corpus Christi and Brownsville, with headquarters at Laredo. Office at Dr. A. W. Wilcox & Co's drug-store, corner Farbin and Flores streets.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.—When subscribers send work to have the address of their paper changed, they will please be sure and make mention of their former address. Remittances should be made either in money orders, registered letters or drafts. All communications should be addressed to

EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY.

THE scrutin de liste that Gambetta is so anxious to have embodied in the revised constitution, is simply the substitution of his own will to that of the nation.

WM. NEAL, one of the three Sonds who ravished and killed the Gibbons' children and Miss Thomas, at Ashland, Kentucky, was found guilty as charged, and the jury fixed the punishment at death.

SENATOR GEORGE, of Mississippi, introduced a bill on Wednesday last to prevent railroad companies in inter-state lines from making discriminations between shippers and consignees. Its purpose is to give absolute equality in rates to small and large shippers and consignees.

A DUBLIN dispatch states that Lord Cowper has refused to permit the presentation of the freedom of that city to Parnell and Dillon, now inmates of the Killmanham jail. What good would the freedom of the city do to Parnell and Dillon as long as the authorities keep them in jail.

THE committee from the French chamber of representatives on the Anglo-French treaty of commerce, has agreed that should it become necessary to prolong the treaty, the government should not ask the chamber to authorize the consumation of it until after the termination of the present crisis.

FOUR of the readjusters of Virginia, straight out republicans at that, voted with the democrats, on Wednesday, in the senate, for the adjournment, breaking the party lines for the purpose of defeating the election of H. Brown Allen, nominated by Riddleberger as auditor of public accounts, and for the retention of Massey, the present incumbent.

NOW that small-pox is again presented in many parts of the country, it should be generally made known that there is no time when the contagion is communicable as just when the patient has perfected his cure and goes on the street and in the public cars and receives the congratulations of his friends; and this continues for weeks after his release from confinement to his room. The fact we relate has been established beyond any doubt and is recognized by the most advanced medical scientists. Let those among us whom it concerns beware.

THE Richmond Nation proclaims that it will support no man for the legislature who will not pledge himself against levying a state tax for next year. The Nation evidently does not understand what it is talking about, as without a levy of a state tax, no county, city or town in the state can levy a tax under the enlightened constitution of the state of Texas.

CAPTAIN JOHN CAMDEN, of Memphis, and Captain E. P. Leathers, of New Orleans, are in Washington for the purpose of securing congressional aid to the amount of $350,000, for the construction of a canal from the Mississippi river to Lake Borgne, ten miles below New Orleans. They state that such canal would drain off the surplus waters of the river and prevent all overflow.

OUR people are waiting with exemplary patience for some relief at the postoffice letter delivery. There is daily a procession of miles in length to the single window at which letters are delivered and a computation of the aggregate time, more or less valuable, daily lost in getting to it would be difficult to make. We are, of course, not so lost to the progressive tendencies of republican rule as to suppose that federal officials are to be held answerable to the public for this misfeasance or neglect, and design only to express the hope that some of the privileges, which used to be considered rights, of a free people may be bestowed upon us in the near future. Perhaps our worthy postmaster will do this patient and long-suffering community the favor, if not himself responsible, to write an earnest expostulatory abjurgatory letter on the subject to whatever more important personage may happen just now to be at the head of the department.

THE Mardi Gras celebration at New Orleans will cause many strangers to visit that city, who will profit of the week of carnival to make their spring purchases. But if we are to judge from what the chief of police said to the reporter of the Times-Democrat, another class of people will also attend the festivities. The chief, Col. T. H. Boylan, said, that "the coming prize-fight between Sullivan and Ryan, and the attractions of Mardi Gras will bring to this city all classes of disreputable people from every section of the country. Among them will be found the burglar, the garroter, the bunko-steerer, hotel and steamboat thief, the confidence man and in fact, all kinds of rogues, and with these, together with our local thieves, the police will have their hands full to protect strangers and the city from the depredations that are sure to follow."

THE one hundredth anniversary of the birthday of the late eminent senator from Missouri, Mr. Benton, should have been commemorated in the old hall of the house of representatives, at Washington, by the unveiling of a statue to his memory. Among the celebrated statesmen of his day, Thomas Hart Benton had hardly a peer, and as the old hall has been set apart as a gallery for statues of the great men of the country, it would surely illustrate the proverbial ingratitude of the republic were Missouri to fail to place some striking art effigy of the great senator, who has done so much for her fame in one of the two niches that have been placed at her disposal and the disposal of each state. We trust the people of Missouri and the democratic party will be in readiness by the time another anniversary arrives to celebrate it by the unveiling of such a statue as will be worthy of the memory of the great senator.

NOT THE GOVERNOR OF TEXAS.

It was not the governor of Texas, but the governor of Missouri who used the following language in declining to interfere with the execution of the law by commuting the death sentence of a murderer, and, that, too, after the strongest, possible power was brought to bear upon him to extend executive clemency: "Ward had a fair and impartial trial upon all the points presented, so adjudge the courts, and should meet his condemnation for his crime as others have done. I say in this, as in the Kotovsky case, that I have not one particle of sympathy for the murderers of women, who, after the cowardly deed, skrink behind the coward's plea of insanity and plead for mercy. They should remember that the law was not made for mercy, but punishment; and that having had no mercy towards their victims, they have no right to ask such from the executors of the law. Murders will continue in St. Louis until the vicious learn there is a meaning and a power in the law. I am determined they shall be taught that lesson as far as I have the power."

THE Philadelphia Press describes at too much length for our space the amusing incidents attending the innoculation with the small-pox virus of the beauties and celebrities of the opera company performing in that city. "Not my arm, doctor, you shall not disfigure my arm," was the exclamation of the fair soprano Miss Juch, who in the most delicate manner imaginable led the doctor into a knowledge of her purpose of having the disfiguration done in that locality known to the student of anatomy by the Latin name of *nymbus*, plainly on the knee. "How," said another, "shall I look on the stage if you put those ugly scars on my arm?" The scruples of that susceptible vanity characteristic of the queen sex, even off the stage, prevailed over the expostulations of the doctor, and lower limbs were lavishly bared for the reception of the medical lance with serene submission to the presence of that ghastly wound which the simplest incision becomes to the lively perception of the feminine mind in such cases. Let us trust that small-pox will commit no ravages among these queens of song.

A COLOSSAL R. R. SCHEME.

A COLOSSAL railroad scheme is being organized in New Mexico, the incorporation papers of which have been filed at Santa Fe. The company contemplate the construction of a net work of railroads in the south of New Mexico; all tributary to the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway. The name of the new company is The New Mexico Railway Company. Eighteen different roads are provided for in the incorporation papers and each of these have various branches. The incorporators are C. M. Faulkes, C. C. Wheeler, Geo. O. Peck, E. Wilder and A. A. Hurd.

The company has a capital stock of thirty million dollars, which is not more than is required for the construction of the various lines of the system. Fourteen million five hundred and fifty-five thousand and eight hundred dollars have already been subscribed. The affairs of the company are to be controlled by a board of directors consisting of nine stockholders. The first board consists of the following capitalists and railroad men: H. T. Waldo and Wm. Griffin, of Santa Fe, F. A. Manzanares, of Las Vegas; C. C. Wheeler, Albert A. Robinson, Geo. O. Peck, Edward Wilder and A. L. Johnson, of Topeka; W. B. Strong, O. T. Burr and Allen Speare, of Boston.

The contemplated roads are of varying lenght and will penetrate the richest mineral regions of the territory. Route No. 1 is from Socorro to the northern extreme of the Magdalena mountain; thence to Gila river, and thence to the western boundary of the territory. It will be two hundred and thirty miles in length and will have several branches, one of which will run to Cachilo Negro and to Robinson City. Another route is to begun, at present, at a point near Eagle, run to the Niembres mountains terminating near Deming.

AMONG the recent deaths in New Orleans we notice that of a veteran butcher Augustus C. Markel, who in the days of B. F. Butler narrowly escaped becoming an historical personage.

When that model chieftain had gibbeted Mumford, and even after he had stood soared and cringing under the manly rebuke of Farragut, in whose absence the wanton and cowardly act had been committed, for doing it, he caused the arrest of Markel as an accessory and proceeded to have him tried before the provost court sitting in his bastile. Markel was universally known as a quiet, uncemonstrative, inoffensive man, although one of those unconditional "rebels" who Butler said almost always hailed from Connecticut. His arrest caused considerable commotion, as the wanton act of an unscrupulous scoundrel, by chance entrusted with power, and a number of respectable citizens were easily found who recalled the incident of the rape of the federal flag from its staff on the U. S. mint and from their intimacy with Markel were able to establish beyond question an alibi, so that the heartless prosecutor had not a peg to hang a pretense on. Hundreds of citizens attended the trial and volunteered to prove the peaceful and orderly habits of the accused, who, although not sworn as witnesses, served greatly to appall the valiant brute Butler and his court. Markel was found not guilty and let go free.

As a professional butcher Markel was proficient, but unsuccessful. He died poor and his career is instructive in teaching young men that success in any business depends far more upon strict attention to it and a systematic method of pursueing it than on talents or attainments. For lack of the former Markel repeatedly failed and died poor. In his later years, he sometimes, but probably not frequently, deviated into visits to the gorgeous saloons where the "deities" —sans! Guineas—of cards and dice held court. Now and then a hand at fare in which it was necessary he lacked, not attention, seemed to satisfy Markel that the caprices of fortune were proof against any arts of his, and he would abandon the saloons and tackle the fickle goddess again in the chambles and the markets. He was a man of fair attainments, too much troubled with a tendency to controversy and to the catching trick of scribbling, which brought him out at intervals in journalistic cards. But he was, beyond these venial faults, a good man and never did harm to any but himself and perhaps those he best loved.

OUR HAIWAIIAN RELATIONS.

We are not exactly aware and would like to be informed what our relations are with King Wm. C. Lunalilo, or possibly Hanchonopa VI., monarch of the Sandwich Islands. We are familiar with the struggle which some years ago ended in the triumphant accession of Prince Bell, then strongly given to whisky straight, and other crooked practices, to the throne, after a prolonged contest with the various lines of Sandwich Island royalty, by means of a plebiscitum. It was thought that a still more prolonged contest with that royal Bourbon, old Rye had disabled him from usurping society enough for a steady effort for royalty. But in good time he appeared by *coup d' etat*, and being really popular overcame the various intriguants who had relied upon his incapacity for the effort, and was crowed monarch of those sublime dominions. If we are not mistaken he celebrated his triumph by perpetuating his campaign against old Bourbon and in incontinently starting on a tour to this country to receive the congratulations and encouragement of the prohibitionists and mix himself up in a universal way with the democratic element. The agitation in favor of annexation which had stirred up the naturalized portion of his subjects who are in an immense majority in his dominion —the natives being in fact reduced, principally by the bourbon epidemic, from five time that number when first known to us at the close of the last century, to about 50,000—had subsided, and two or more conventions were adopted in contemplation of reciprocal commerce between the two great countries. Now we see by recent congressional proceedings that resolutions are pending to terminate two conventions with his majesty, the kink of the Haiwaiian Islands, one of January 30th, and the other of June 3d, 1875. What has come to be the matter? When the three hundred pounds of royalty in the person of his predecessor, King Kamehameha V., was consigned to earth the two countries were jubilant at the prospect which opened for reciprocal commercial advantages, if not actual annexation, and we would like to be informed if now all the fat is in the fire. We would like to know if the monarch of the future race of Haiwaiians has again subsided after a glorious conquest of so many years' standing into captivity and wears once more the livery of the bourbon despot who is rapidly carrying into perpetual the whole Polynesian race. It is said the king declares that he has never felt himself so much a monarch since his accession as in moments of glorious inebriety during the early days, when as Prince Lunalilo, like Prince Hal of glorious memory, he was given to sack. But we will possess ourselves with patience and await developments.

THE SUGAR TARIFF.

It is a pity that tariff contention can not slip into the tomb of the Capulets and be heard of no more, but the recognized and incontrovertible democratic principle of free trade is not practicable in the present situation of the country. Yet it would be better, as much better as justice is better than crime, to repeal all tariffs and raze every custom house in the Union to the ground, than desecrate in the cause of the rapacious money kings, whose unscrupulous and liveried panders infest the lobbies of congress, the patriotic sentiment which leads the democratic party to forego for the time its policy of free-trade which has been the recognized doctrine of the party since the establishment of the government. We hold that sentiment to be, not a purpose of raising revenue, which could hardly aspire to the level of a sentiment, but to give temporary protection to such industries as require it on account of the false situation in which such industries are placed by the endless difficulties with which the bugling of incompetent legislators in the service of the government has surrounded the question of value, or money.

When the general government shall be constituted, as we hope it will soon be, the only power competent to issue money, and the great army of corporations, that by means of interest conjure wealth from the poor man's toil, shall have imperative leave to wind up their affairs and close their doors forever, and when, as the consequence of this great and needful reform, fluctuations in prices shall cease beyond those incident to demand and supply, then it will be safe and expedient for the democratic party—always the party of progress that drags in its wake the reluctant army of jobbers that are ever seeking to use legislation for private or sectional purposes—to enforce the principle of unconditional free trade, leaving industries and traffic to that healthy competition which is the life of a nation's prosperity and which the money kings and their satraps, it may be hoped, will never again disturb.

Among the industries that require to be fortified against the evil we have described are sugar agriculture and manufacture. It rates to-day as a sectional interest, the sugar product being confined to Louisiana, but recent experiments in the growth and manufacture of beet sugars have shown that the cane of the south will soon have a competitor in other sections that will ignore its immunity of evil and constitute sugar protection, if it is not now so, a national question.

This present reasonable and just protection to the sugar product of the country wherever grown is opposed by an army of harpies that now swarm the lobbies of congress for the purpose of securing legislation against it. We get the following summary of what they are after from the special correspondent of the N. O. Times-Democrat under date of January 20:

"It is understood that they will attempt to secure legislation to reduce to one cent per pound the tariff on sugars from No. 7, Dutch standard, up to No. 13, which covers every grade of sugar made by planters by the open kettle process; in other words, they propose to reduce the rates on raw sugars and leave the duties prohibitory on refined sugars."

It is true that the sugar product of Louisiana constitutes but an inconsiderable part of that consumed in the country, which affords to these wealthy refiners a formidable argument in favor of imported sugars. But if it be a duty of the government to protect its own people and their industries from the infurious consequences of its own legislation on other measures by a judicious legislation on this, there can be no question as to the course to be pursued. And beyond the claims upon this ground of the sugar product to a reasonable tariff, is it not a recognized policy to foster and encourage through its legislative and other agencies with judicious protection the growth of home production to the exclusion of foreign, especially when home production can be then made adequate to all home requirements? By this means the sugar production of Louisiana will be quadrupled in a few years. By this means the sugar product from beets, combined with that of Louisiana from cane, will supply the demand of the whole country for sugars. If the monied interests of millionsires are not to take the place of the industrial interests of the useful classes in society in the legislation of the country it is advisable that congress should let that appear now and on this very question of the sugar tariff.

The Sex's Disappointment.

Chicago Times.

Senator Lapham, of the new senate committee on woman's rights, has been a sad disappointment to the sex. He's gone and made a man relative of his the clerk of that committee, when such sisters as Phœbe Couzins had been urged for the place.

One of the Nevada Postal Routes.

Cincinnati Times-Star.

No living thing was found along one of the fraudulent postal routes in Nevada for two hundred miles, except two jack rabbits, one coyote and some smaller game. Yet these interesting animals are represented by two United States senators and several members of congress.

CITY COUNCIL.

Full Report of the Special Meeting Held Tuesday Evening.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY OF SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Jan. 24, 1882.

GENTLEMEN—A special meeting of the city council is hereby called to meet this afternoon, at the regular hour (3:30 o'clock), to receive and act upon the report of the city engineer, made under the requirements of section 6 of "an ordinance passed April 5, 1881, relating to sidewalks; also, to receive the report of the mayor, to examine and refer all business, now pending before the board, to the appropriate committees for investigation and report at next regular meeting.

J. H. FRENCH, Mayor.

To the members of the Board of Aldermen.

A special meeting of the city council was held on the above date in accordance with the call of the mayor. Present: His Honor, J. H. French, mayor, aldermen Arnaud, Berg, Caldwell, Copeland, Degener, Lockwood, Nagle, Schreiner and Story, when the following proceedings were had, to-wit:

Aldermen Arnaud, Copeland, Dwyer and Story, newly elected aldermen, came forward and were duly installed for their respective terms.

The mayor's message was read and ordered to be filed and published.

The city engineer submitted a list of parties who have laid down sidewalks, which was accepted and approved, and the following ordinance unanimously adopted:

Be it ordained by the city council of the city of San Antonio, that the report of City Engineer C. P. Smith, made in accordance with the requirements of section 6 of an ordinance passed and approved April 5th, 1881, entitled "An ordinance providing for the construction of sidewalks," etc., etc., be, and the same is hereby accepted. And the Mayor, in conjunction with the chairman of the committees on public improvements and streets and bridges, be and is hereby authorized and directed to proceed at once, in accordance with section 7 of said ordinance to contract for the construction of sidewalks in front of such lots, blocks, or parts of blocks, where the owners or agents have failed, refused or neglected to construct sidewalks.

Be it further ordained, that the funds necessary to carry into effect the provisions of said ordinance of April 5th, 1881, not to exceed $2,000, be, and the same is hereby appropriated from the general fund.

That this ordinance take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Petition of citizens of the 4th ward for sundry improvements. Referred to the committee of public improvement.

Petition of F. J. Beitel, asking that proper drainage be made on Buena Vista street. Referred to the committee on streets and bridges.

Petition of heirs of Enoch Jones, for deed to lot. Referred to school committee.

Petition of Gutieres for assistance for the Esparza children. Referred to the finance committee.

Sundry petitions of citizens for crosswalks were referred to the comittee on streets and bridges.

Petition of J. B. Lee for permission to place a water wheel in San Pedro ditch. Referred to ditch committee.

Petition of F. Herff, asking that branch ditch on Third street, in the Third ward, be closed. Referred to the ditch committee.

Petion of Hon. C. Upson for a gas lamp at the corner of Travis and St. Mary's streets. Referred to gas and water committee.

Petition of city laborers for increase of wages. Referred to finance committee.

Sundry petitions for fire hydrants were referred to the water committee.

Petition of A. Belknap, president street railway company, for right-of-way. Referred to committee on railroads.

Petition of L. DeBona, for permission to occupy stand on Commerce street bridge. Referred to the market committee.

Petition of citizens for bridge over Alazan ditch on Vera Cruiz street. Referred to committee on streets and bridges.

Petition of Mrs. Julia C. Leigh, in reference to branch ditch on her property. Referred to ditch committee.

Petition of Mitchell and Carty, for a gate in the Alazan ditch. Referred to ditch committee.

Petition of Guadalupe Montoya, for remission of taxes. Referred to assessment committee.

Petition of J. Grimsinger, for increase of pay. Referred to the finance committee.

Petitions of citizens, for opening Cavallas street. Referred to committee on streets and bridges.

Petition of John Schuh, for permission to put down pipe to get water from ditch. Referred to ditch committee.

Petition of M. G. Anderson, for permission to occupy room in old court house. Referred to committee on public buildings.

Petition of Capt. L. E. Campbell, regarding encroachments of street near quartermaster's depot. Referred to improvement committee.

Petition of Maria de Jesus Valdez, for remission of taxes. Referred to committee on assessments.

Report of city engineer with profile of Market street. Read and referred to committee on public improvements.

Report of city engineer on re-survey of Olive street. Referred to the public improvement committee.

The matter of a sewer on Houston street was referred to committee on public improvements.

The estimate of the civil engineer for covering San Pedro ditch, on Acequia street, was referred to the ditch committee.

The communication of Mayor French transmitting a list of cross-walks was referred to the public improvement committee.

A communication from Messrs. Shook & Dittman relative to judgment of the county vs. the city was read and referred to the finance committee.

The bill of costs in the mandamus suit against the city was read and referred to the finance committee.

Report of the city engineer of survey on west side of San Pedro creek and placing of initial points. Referred to committee on public improvements.

Report of city engineer on re-surrey of Burleson street, 3rd ward; referred to committee on public improvements.

Alderman Copeland moved that a committee of three, including the mayor, be appointed to draft resolutions expressing the sympathy of the council on the death of Mrs. Minter, wife of alderman J. F. Minter. His honor appointed alderman Copeland and Joseph E. Dwyer as said committee.

Alderman Copeland moved that the gas committee procure data in regard to the electric light, which was adopted and the council adjourned.

The Way a Swede Sees it.

Prevading all classes of the Swedish people and controlling them in their plans and ideas is that strong vein of practical common sense which insures a conservatism of conduct and action that proves of singular benefit to them in their daily dealings with men. If one knows of a good thing they are all sure to know of it sooner or later. These were our impressions while perusing a few lines from Mr. B. C. Sandberg, of Ogden, Weber county, Utah, wherein he says: I have used St. Jacobs Oil and I wish to tell my countrymen that it is the very best remedy I have ever tried for rheumatism. It is with pleasure that we also present the name of a well-known citizen who can speak intelligently concerning the Great German Remedy. Everybody living on the south side knows Mr. J. D. L. Harvey, a gentlemen who has been a resident of Chicago for twenty years. His establishment "The Palace Market," Nos. 104, 106 and 108 Twenty-second street, is probably the finest of its kind in the city, and numbers among its customers most of the aristocratic families of that section of Chicago. Mr. Harvey expressed himself upon the "oil subject" as follows: "I have spent over $2,000 to cure my wife of rheumatism. Two bottles of St. Jacobs Oil accomplished what all the medical treatment failed to bring about. I regard it as a greater discovery than electricity. It is a boon to the human race, and I am very glad to have this opportunity of testifying to its remarkable efficacy. I cannot speak too highly of it, and I would be recreant to my duty to those afflicted did I not lift my voice in its praise."

A Representative Republican.

Atlanta Constitution.

There is much speculation over the attitude of a juror in the Guiteau case. Nevertheless we believe the jury will bring in a verdict to the effect that the assassin is a representative republican, and then he will be taken out and hanged.

CORPUS CHRISTI.

Wedding Bells Ringing—Mail Changes—Railroad—Phantom Ball, Etc.

Special Correspondence.

CORPUS CHRISTI, January 19, 1882.—Last night Miss Ella King, daughter of Capt. Richard King, of Santa Gertrudes, was united in marriage to Mr. R. M. Welton, of St. Louis. Rev. Mr. Neil of San Antonio officiating. To-night at 8 p. m. Mr. Edward Born, of New Orleans was united to Miss Anna Coleman, eldest daughter of Thomas Coleman, the cattle king of Aransas and San Patricio counties, at his ranche, about forty miles from here. Both weddings were represented by a number of Corpus Christians.

January 20th, 1882.

On and after February 1, the daily mail between here and San Antonio will be reduced to tri-weekly and schedule raised to forty hours. To offset this the through mail for this city and Brownsville will come via Laredo, daily all rail route, which is an improvement over the old method.

Owing to heavy rains west of here the road bed of the Texas-Mexican is weakened, and trains are delayed from one to two hours. It is being ballasted with shells and will soon be all o. k.

Extension of Central wharf, sixty feet nearly finished, when work will be commenced on the new wharf, which is greatly needed.

Construction material still arrives in large quantities.

A Phantom in mask was to-day distributing invitations to the Phantom ball on the 26th given by K. of H.

Wet and disagreeable weather and wood assuming an altitudinous tendency.

Texas Office-Seekers in Washington.

Globe-Democrat.

Texas republicans are swarming into the national capital. Prominent among the late arrivals are Colonel Nathan Patton, ex-collector of customs at Galveston; James McKee, ex-postmaster of the same place; Dr. Phillips, of Austin, and Ridge Paschal, ex-collector of customs at Corpus Christi. They are pronounced stalwarts, and it is stated are all in quest of office. It is thought their arrival here means a general overhauling in the federal offices throughout Texas; that in Texas the Sherman men will all be bounced and stalwarts appointed to the vacant places. Colonel Hayne, collector of the port at Brownsville, the fattest office in the state, and worth from $3,000 to $10,000, will be here soon. Serious charges were made against him. Officers were detailed to investigate, and their report is now in the hands of the secretary of the treasury. As collector Hayne was anti-Grant, and strong for Sherman in the last campaign, it is the general impression that he will be bounced. Postmaster Wilson, of Dallas, is a late arrival from Texas, looking for retention.

What the Farwell Bill Would do.

St. Louis Republican.

If the Farwell bill be passed permitting our citizens to buy or have them built in the cheapest market, it would not be ten years before half the steamers that monopolize the passenger traffic betwern our shores and Europe would be owned by our own citieens.

Taxes on Ship Property.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Among the seaboard states Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, at least, have thrown off taxes from the ship property of their citizens. Congress ought to take every possible step in the same direction. After this has been done it may appear that subsidies are needless, whether the purchase of foreign-built vessels is allowed or not.

TUTT'S PILLS

INDORSED BY PHYSICIANS, CLERGYMEN, AND THE AFFLICTED EVERYWHERE.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL TRIUMPH OF THE AGE.

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, Highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regularity of Stool is induced. Price 25 cents. 39 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to A GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 39 Murray St., New York.

(DR. TUTT'S ESSAY ON CONSUMPTION, SENT FREE ON APPLICATION.)

L. HUTH & SON,

Market - - - - Street

Just received the celebrated Cow Boy Knife, advertised in the Express, also Fine Dogs, Fenders, Shovels and Tongues. Brechts & Hale's Meat Cutters and Sizzlers, etc., etc.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Costiveness, Headache. It assists digestion, strengthens the system, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. A Book sent free. Dr. SANFORD, 162 Broadway, N. Y.

—FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.—

JOS. SCHMIDT

North Side Main Plaza,

(Next to Schmeltzer's Doll Store.)

An Experienced Watchmaker OFFERS his services to the Public. He has had thirty years experience as head workman of the greatest watch factory in Geneva, Switzerland. English watches in particular, gone rally ruined in this country by repairers, turned out as good as new.

W. W. BOGEL,

Wholesale and Retail

Grain Dealer,

21 Soledad Str., San Antonio, Texas.

Leona Hotel,

EAST MAIN STREET,

UVALDE, - - TEXAS.

Main Stopping Place for all Eastern and Western Bound Stages, and traveling public in general. Commercial men make this house their headquarters. Fare as good as can be had in the West. MRS. F. M. HARRIS, Proprietor. jan 1 4m

REED'S GILT EDGE TONIC

Is a Thorough Remedy

In every case of Malarial Fever and Ague, and Dumb Ague, while for Disorders of the Stomach, Torpidity of the Liver, Indigestion, and Disturbances of the Animal Forces, which debilitate, it has no equival-nt and can have no substitute. It should not be confounded with the Triturated compounds of cheap Spirits and Essential Oils, often sold under the name of Bitters. For sale by Druggists and general dealers everywhere. Wholesale agents,

Hugo & Schmeltzer.

AN OPEN SECRET AMONG THE LADIES

The brilliant, fascinating tints of Complexion for which ladies strive are chiefly artificial, and all who will take the trouble may secure them. These roseate, bewitching hues follow the use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm—a delicate, harmless and always reliable article. Sold by all druggists.

The Magnolia Balm conceals every blemish, removes Sallowness, Tan, Redness, Eruptions, all evidences of excitement and every imperfection.

Its effects are immediate and so natural that no human being can detect its application.

M. Eckenroth,

Market Street, Near Bridge,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

Buggies, Carriages, Ambulances, Spring Wagons, Etc.

Repairing of all kinds done promptly

JOS. LANDA'S MILL DEPOT

Cor. Houston and St. Mary Streets

San Antonio, Texas.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

GRAIN,

And Manufacturer of

Flour, Meal and Mill Stuffs.

Orders Solicited from the Trade.

SAN ANTONIO

Commercial College,

HOUSTON STREET, ODD FELLOWS' BUILDING.

Actual Business Education.

All branches of business represented in the College as they exist in a busy commercial city, each department having its Own Book-keeper.

COURSE OF INSTRUCTION:

Single and double entry book-keeping, embracing wholesale, retail, foreign shipping and general commission business, manufacturing, lumbering, steamboat and railroad book-keeping, banking, theoretically and practically taught. Mathematics, composition, commercial laws and regulations.

A room will be provided for ladies.

The school will be open day and night, and continue February 1st, 1882.

There will be a full corps of teachers.

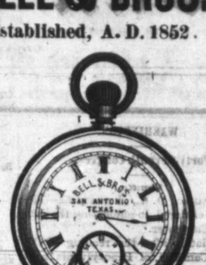
W. T. AMOSS, President.

January 22-1w

Jewelers.

BELL & BROS.

Established, A. D. 1852.



Jewelers & Opticians

A FULL LINE OF

Watches, Diamonds,

Jewelry, Clocks, Solid Silverware, Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, &c., Always on Hand.

We have the best stock of POCKET CUTLERY and scissors in the state. Spectacles a specialty. Fine Watches and Jewelry repaired and warranted. Engraving done. Orders by mail promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed. Considering quality of goods, will not be undersold.

E. HERTZBERG,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

SPECIAL attention paid to repairing FINE WATCHES and ENGRAVING.

Would respectfully inform the public that he has now on hand the largest stock of

WATCHES,

DIAMONDS,

JEWELRY,

SILVERWARE,

CLOCKS Etc.

Ever brought to this market and is selling at prices which defy competition.

Call and examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods will be sold under written guarantee if desired. E. HERTZBERG.

Next door to S. A. National Bank.

ALEX. SARTOR

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

COMMERCE STREET,

[Near the Bridge.]

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has received a new supply of the latest Styles in Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Silver and Plated Ware, Field and Opera Glasses, Dompasses, Etc.

Watchmakers & Jewelers Supplies.

SPECTACLES A SPECIALTY.

Special Attention Paid to Repairing of Fine Watches and Jewelry.

sept-6

A. W. WILCOX & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGISTS,

And Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Brushes, Etc.,

Domestic and Imported Cigars.

LAREDO, - - - - TEXAS.

A. W. Wilcox, M. D., President. Surgeon Mexican National Railroad. jan 14 tf

LEROUX & COSGROVE, A[illegible] San Antonio.

Fine Diamonds,

AT L. ROUVANT'S.

FINE WATCHES,

AT L. ROUVANT'S

FINE JEWELRY,

AT L. ROUVANT'S,

No. 285 West Commerce St.

ELMENDORF & CO.,

MAIN PLAZA, SAN ANTONIO, TEX.

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE

—AND—

Agricultural Implements,

Saddlery, Fairbanks' Scales Wagon, Carriage and Buggy Timber, Axles and Springs, Pitt's Celebrated Horse-powers, Reynold's Cotton Press, Pratt's Cotton Gin, English and American Cutlery, Iron and Steel, Nails, Locks and Screws, Hinges of the best material, Paints and Oils, J. Leffel's celebrated Turbine Water Wheel, C. H. & L. J. McCormick's Harvester, with or without binder, Improved Advance, Improved Prize Mower, Furst & Bradley Manufacturing Co's celebrated Cast Steel Plows, Cultivators and Steel Hay Rakes. All other Agricultural Implements, Horse Powers and Engines, Aultman & Taylor Threshers, Separators, Cleaners, Kentucky Sugar Mills and Evaporators, Straub's Flour and Corn Mills, "Queen of the South," &c.,

—Agents for—

OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS.

BRANCH HOUSE: ALAMO PLAZA, opp. Menger Hotel, San Antonio Texas.

Our present headquarters on Main plaza becoming too small on account of increased business, we have opened a branch house on Alamo plaza, opposite Menger hotel, where we keep a full stock of goods in our line to which we invite inspection of all purchasers.

HUGO & SCHMELTZER,

Wholesale Grocers

COMMERCE STREET,

Sole Agents for the

CELEBRATED

Bottled Beer

OF THE

Anheuser-Bush

BREWING ASSOCIATION,

—Also—

SCHLITZ' MILWAUKEE BOTTLED BEER, Etc., Etc., ROSSKAM, GERSTLEY & CO.'S RESERVE AND SARATOGA WHISKIES, WM LANAHAN'S HUNTER RYE WHISKY, MAMMOTH CAVE, POSSUM HOLLOW, Etc., Etc.

Always On Hand.

SHULTZ' CELEBRATED SOAP.

Sole Agents Dupont's Sporting and Blasting Powder.

A. HEUSINGER,

Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas,

—DEALER IN—

Hardware and Agricultural IMPLEMENTS.

Agent for B. D. Buford & Co's celebrated Steel Plows, Sulkies, Cultivators and Chilled Plows. Agent for Perry & Co's celebrated Stoves,

Harvest, Champion, Calumet, Cambridge, Brighton, Oakwood, Alpine, Clinton, Orion, Token, Coral Parlor, Cook,

Argand Coal Oil Stoves, Landreth's Garden Seeds, Lane, Calvert & Co's Ready-mixed Paints.

Agent for the Winona Rushford Wagon Co's

Farm Wagons.

TINWARE, WOODENWARE AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

Builder's Hardware.

SOULE & WILLIAMS,

272 COMMERCE ST., San Antonio, Texas

Paints, Oils, Window Glass

Wall Paper, Window Curtains and Fixtures,

And Artists' Materials.

Large sizes of double thick window glass a specialty.

BERG & BRO.,

Wool, Grain and Commission

And Proprietors of Freight Transfer,

Agents of the Cotton Seed Association for the purchase of Cotton Seed.

Market street, opp. Market House

CHARLES HUMMEL & SON,

14 COMMERCE STREET,

Sign of the Golden Winchester Carbine

Established by the Senior in 1847.

Dealrs in all Kinds of Fire Arms

Agents for the celebrated Winchester-Repeating Arms Company, Baker's Breech Loading Double and Three Barrel Guns.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND the largest and best-assorted stock in Texas of Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Ammunition, Fishing tackle, Bowie, Pocket and Hunting Knives, G

Professional Cards.

JOS. S. CARR,
Attorney-at-Law
Rm. 5, Devine Building, Soledad St.
Jan 19 1y

SHOOK & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS.
OFFICE NO. 246 COMMERCE STREET,
P. O. Drawer J, San Antonio, Texas.
Will practice in the District and Supreme Courts of Texas and the United States.

CHAS. H. MAYFIELD,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office—Room 3—Maverick Building, (adjoining Courthouse) Soledad Street.
San Antonio - - - - Texas.
Prompt attention given to collections.
jan 19 d3m

T. J. DEVINE, L. T. COWIE, W. S. SMITH,
DEVINE, COWIE & SMITH,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE—Rooms 7 and 8 Devine building Soledad street. Will attend to all business in the State and Federal Courts.

HERBERT FIELDER,
LAWYER,
Corner Soledad & Houston Streets
San Antonio, Texas.
After thirty-one years of large experience in the courts of Georgia, I have removed to, for the purpose of permanently residing at San Antonio, and offer my services to office counsel, and in civil and criminal practice, in all the Courts held in this city, State and Federal, and elsewhere specially employed. I solicit a share of public patronage.
HERBERT FIELDER.
jan 1 3m

A. M. OLIPHANT. PINKNEY JONES.
OLIPHANT & JONES,
Lawyers and Land Agents,
Eagle Pass, Maverick Co., Tex.
Business promptly and diligently attended to. References—Lockwood & Kampmann, F. Groos & Co., Bankers, San Antonio, Texas; T. J. Breckenridge, President National Bank, and Hon. John Hancock, Austin.
Have $15,000 to invest in Land or Stock.
jan 6 tf

JOHN A. & N. O. GREEN,
Attorneys at Law,
San Antonio, Texas.
Will practice in all the Courts at San Antonio, Texas, and in the District Courts of surrounding counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts at Austin. nov. 26-tf.

L. D. DIBBLE.
Attorney-at-Law
No. 26 COMMERCE (Main) STREET, Over A. Morris' Store,
SAN ANTONIO, - - TEXAS
Entrance on Yturri Street. fb 1-tf

LINTHUS ELLIS. A. A. DIAL.
ELLIS & DIAL,
Lawyers and Land Agents
Uvalde, Uvalde Co., Texas.
Prompt attention given to all business in Western Texas, entrusted to them. oct-23-4m

J. P. C. WHITEHEAD,
Attorney at Law,
And U. S. Commissioner for the Western Dist. of Texas,
LAREDO, Webb County, Texas.
dec25-tf.
Headquarters for Parties Visiting the City.

C. A. MCLANE. C. C. PIERCE.
McLANE & PIERCE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
LAREDO, WEBB COUNTY, - - TEXAS.
P. O. Box 69.
Desirable Lots in the city of Laredo, and Land in Webb county for sale. dec25-6m

GOODS

The Daily Express.
Thursday Morning, January 26, 1882.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.
TO AND FROM THE
SAN ANTONIO POSTOFFICE.

VIA G., H. & S. A. R. R.
Arrives daily at 7:00 p. m. Departs daily at 7:30 a. m.
Train mails for and from all points beyond Houston arrives daily by 9 a. m. Departs by 4 p. m. Train mail closes by 6:45 a. m. and 3:45 p. m.

MAILS VIA I. & G. N. R. R.
Arrives daily at 4:40 p. m. Departs daily at 11 a. m. A pouch made up for Austin closes at 6 a. m.

STAGE LINES.
Fredericksburg—Arrives daily at 12 m., departing at 6 a. m.
Brackettville—Arrives daily at 4 p. m. Departs at 6 a. m.
Corpus Christi—Arrives daily at 1:30 p. m., except Monday. Departs at 6 a. m., except Sunday.
Frelsburg—Arrives daily except Monday at 9 p. m. Departs at 6 a. m., except Sunday.
Bandera—Arrives at 9 p. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays and departs at 6 a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Helena—Arrives at 12 m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Departs at 6 a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Stockdale—Arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by 5 p. m. Departs Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a. m.
Tilden—Arrives Daily, except Sunday, 6:30 a. m. Departs Daily except Sundays, at 8 a. m.
Spring Branch—Arrives Saturday by 6 p. m. Departs Friday at 6 a. m.
Stage mails close half an hour previous to departure.

OFFICE HOURS.
Money order, stamp, and register department from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m.
General delivery from 7 a. m. to 5 p. m.
J. C. MANNING, P. M.

Railroad Time Tables.

SUNSET ROUTE.
THROUGH EXPRESS EAST—Daily.

Leaves San Antonio	9:30 a. m.
" Seguin	11:17 a. m.
" Luling	12:35 p. m.
" Columbus	4:44 p. m.
Arrives at Houston	9:45 p. m.

THROUGH EXPRESS WEST—Daily

Leaves Houston	8:00 a. m.
" Columbus	12:25 p. m.
" Luling	4:36 p. m.
" Seguin	5:41 p. m.
Arrives at San Antonio	7:30 p. m.

NIGHT TRAIN EAST—Daily

Leaves San Antonio	4:30 p. m.
Arrives at Houston	8:25 a. m.

NIGHT TRAIN WEST—Daily

Leaves Houston	8:00 p. m.
Arrives at San Antonio	6:45 a. m.

Ticket Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2:30 p. m. from 6 p. m. to 8:30 p. m.
N. B.—Twelve noon by Galveston time, which is 15 minutes faster than San Antonio time.

MEXICAN AND PACIFIC EXTENSION.

Leaves San Antonio	2:00 a. m.
Arrives Uvalde	4:45 p. m.
Leaves Uvalde	6:30 a. m.
Arrives San Antonio	4:00 p. m.

INTERNATIONAL TIME TABLE.
GOING NORTH—Daily—
Local passenger train leaves at ..... 6:30 a. m.
" " " arrives at ..... 3:15 p. m.
Through Express leaves for St. Louis 11:55 a. m.
" " " arrives from St. Louis 9:20 p. m.
GOING SOUTH—Daily—
Passenger train for Laredo leaves at 8:00 a. m.
" " arrives from Laredo at 6:15 p. m

STATE NEWS.

A shooting affray between a Chinaman and the barkeeper of a saloon occured at Texarkana on the 17th inst. Nobody hurt. The Chinaman was treated equally as well as the American, they were both jailed.

Denison wants more good sidewalks, street lamps, better street crossings, better drainage for the streets, a new calaboose; a town clock, a reading room, the railroad machine shops, and finally good clear weather. The Democrat states that those numerous wants exists in Denison. San Antonio also.

A special correspondent, writing from Laredo, says: Two gentlemen well known and whose veracity cannot be questioned, have just arrived from Mexico, with ore heavily charged with zinc and silver. They report having discovered a mine, but a short distance from new Laredo, that will render from seventy-five to one hundred dollars to the ton, with zinc sufficient to pay expenses.

An aged Mexican, by the name of C. Ortiz, died here yesterday. While on his death bed, and being of sound mind, divulged the secret of a very rich mine which he discovered over fifty years ago, situated about forty-five miles from Laredo, in Texas. He has worked it secretly up to the time of his death. Parties left here for the new eldorado.

Brenham Banner: A six horse team runaway with a wagon belonging to Mr. C. Korff, of Roeders mill, Austin county, on the road to Brenham last Monday. A chicken that Mr. Korff had in the coop escaped, he stopped the team and recaptured the runaway fowl, the chicken fluttered and scared the horses and they in turn ran away going down hill for about a hundred yards and into a gully the bottom of which was quicksand. Two of his best horses broke their necks. So the saving of a twenty cents chicken cost Mr. Korff two valuable horses.

Matt Brown, on trial for the murder of Sam F. Wood, a young man of Waller county, on the 24th of December last, was acquitted.

The weather was so cold on the 18th inst., that the authorities turned all the prisoners from the city jail fearing to find them freezing the next morning.

Waco contemplates to have the limits of the corporation extended.

Dr. Hudspeth, of Bandera, has again been very sick.

The Bandera Bugle speaks in high terms of the oration Father Garreache has delivered in that town last week.

Waco Examiner: The water at Tehuacana bridge on the Central is still high, and in one place the bridge is six feet out of line. A gang of men are at work trying to hold it where it is, or, if possible to get it back where it was. When the water subsides it will be repaired so trains can pass, but until then passengers will have to be transferred. The Tehuacana bridge is also threatened, although it is hoped that trains will continue crossing.

Fort Worth Democrat-Advance: Late last Monday a hackman, who had just come from the depot, told a reporter that one of the switch engines had in some manner, he did not know how, escaped from the Missouri Pacific depot with steam up and no one aboard of it. Some of the employes of the road seeing the engine coming at an unusual rate of speed attempted to flag it down, but there being no one guiding it, of course the flagging did not amount to any thing. Instantly the man opened the switch which allowed the engine to run on the T. & P. road, and our informant says that it went by the depot at the rate of at least forty miles an hour, and that its speed seemed to increase as it went. The last seen of it it was making good speed towards El Paso. Just how the runaway ended we do not know, as we received the news too late to make further inquiries.

There will be no Democratic convention at Houston for the coming municipal election, and every candidate will run upon their individual merits.

The chief of the fire department of Houston will make a report to the city council favoring the change of the fire department from a volunteer corps to a pay department.

The negro who committed a rape upon Mrs. Scott on the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio road, near the tem miles tank was arrested by constable Kegans, of Houston. He is likely to be hanged.

Another real estate boom has taken place at Houston, Sam Stern who erected a fine building at the cost of about $35,000, property included, has had a bona fide offer of $60,000 for his property which he declined.

Lieutenant McHenry Howard, president of the Maryland society of the army and navy, confederate states, has forwarded Gov. Roberts a list of Texas confederates who died in the Baltimore prison and hospitals and were interred in London park cemetery, suggesting that it might be published in Texas papers. The names are the following:

Fifth Texas—J E Love, company A; S N Steveson, company H. Unknown commands—P Blunt, A N Patton, Lewis Norton, R M Daniels, R H Parkinson, James McBride, T M Manning, J Tomlinson, M M Wells, J B Tilley, J Scott, E B Gentree, C Irons, J Hosley, J M Lee, J Nolan, Joseph Morgan, J R Robinson, J A Hogan, J K Crawford, P Wanzer, W W Hanks, C B Beckham, D L Goodwin, T S Pier, Michael Parkes, Haltman, Gibbons and Graham.

Why He Was Placed Under Arrest.

Washington Post.

What Gen. Carr has been placed under arrest for does not clearly appear. It may be because he stubbornly insisted upon not being scalped by the Apaches last fall, and thereby impeached various official dispatches to the contrary.

THE PRIZE RING.

PADDY RYAN CHANGES HIS QUARTERS AND GOES TO NEW ORLEANS.

Mr. Emmett's Opinion.

From the N. O. Times-Democrat.

When Ryan's representative returned to the city on Wednesday night he had determined upon leaving his man to train at Mississippi City until such time as the bill then before the legislature of the state of Mississippi should become a law, but after consultation with the friends of the Troy pugilist he determined that as something might happen he would remove him from there lest it should be said in such a case that he was allowed to remain there in order that he might save the money of his backers by getting into trouble, and thus putting an end to the fight. Agreeable to this change in the programme, Charlie Perkins, who accompanied Ryan to this city, was dispatched to the training quarters by the morning train with orders to bring him to New Orleans. On his arrival there yesterday morning, he informed the gentleman from Troy of the nature of his mission, and without a word of complaint Ryan packed his trunks and prepared to leave the place that he had grown to look upon as a second home.

Among the residents of the pretty little summer resort, all of whom had grown to look upon him as their friend, no little amount of surprise was expressed at this new departure, and both he and his friends were assured, time and time again, that they would run no danger of being interfered with if they remained. "The girls were all in love with him," said Perkins, telling the story of his leaving, "and one of them cried when he came away."

"He's telling that story to get square with the other party," said Ryan, with a twinkle of his gray eye. "I believe they say that all the girls in Bay St. Louis are going to pray for Sullivan."

Be the crying story as it may, the party arrived in the city at 10:20 last night, and were met at the depot by a delegation of friends and escorted to the St. James hotel, where parlor room No. 5 had been reserved for him, and here he was soon surrounded by a group of his friends and well wishers, and the representatives of the press.

"How do you feel, Ryan?" asked the Times-Democrat man looking at the pugilist, who appeared to be the very picture of manly health and strength.

"Fist rate," was the reply, "and I may say truthfully that I never felt better in my life than I do now."

"I don't suppose that you have much love for the Mississippi legislature, have you?"

"O, I don't know, but I did hate to leave Mississippi City, where I had many friends, and where they were all so kind to me; but then it don't make any difference to me, and I am willing to fight to-morrow, if the best there (pointing to Roche) will let me."

A few moments afterward, during the general conversation that followed, he narrated the adventures that befell him when he went from pillow to pole to fight Joe Goss, and after some allusion from one of the party regarding the fighting grounds, he turned to his representative and said: "Just find a place where we can fight; that is all I ask. A fair field and no favors, and don't ignore the other side in the matter. Let them be satisfied too."

"You have the naming of the ground yourself, Paddy," interrupted Roche, "and I don't think they would consult you in the matter."

"Oh, well, Roche," replied the good natured Troy man, "let's be decent about the matter, and have a place that suits them as well as me. We don't want to be mean about it, I'm sure." Then turning to his representative, he continued:

"Now, look here, and as I said before, if possible, select a ground, and one that will suit me and them too."

A few moments afterward he said, with a smile, "Sullivan says he will go to Cuba or Texas to fight. Don't be so—well, I'll go anywhere in the world, it's my last fight, and I am anxious to get out of the business, so that the sooner it is decided the better. I don't want any interference."

During the evening arrangements were made for Ryan to take up his quarters in the West End hotel, and there he will remain until just before the fight. The opinion of prominent physicians regarding the place selected for his quarters has been obtained, and all unite in stating that it is one of the best places that could possibly be selected for the purpose.

John Roche, Ryan's veteran trainer, stated that his protege weighed stripped, yesterday morning, 190 pounds, and that he entertained no fears as to the result of the coming great mill.

A reporter of the Times-Democrat last night met Mr. William Emmett, the exproprietor of the Academy of Music at Chicago, which he lately sold to Dan Shelby, and from him ascertained the fact that he has been at attendance at nearly all the great battles that have been fought in the ring for many years past, having made the journey to England to see the famous fight between Jno. C. Heenan, the Benecia Boy, and Tom Sayers, and also having witnessed the battle between John Morrissey, "Old Smoke," and Heenan. "Besides these," said Mr. Emmett, with a smile, "I have seen such men fight as Sam Collyer, Billy Edwards, Tom Allen, Bill Davis, Mike McCool, Joe Coburn, Jem Mace, Jimmy Elliott, Darby Clark, Johnny Dwyer, and a host of others; in fact, I may say that I have seen all the best of them."

"That being the case, Mr. Emmett," said the Times-Democrat, "Will you tell me what you think of the coming battle?"

"With pleasure. I think that this fight is certainly one of the most important ones that has taken place in this country since Tom Hyer fought Yankee Sullivan. I am certain that it will be a dead square battle. Both men are thoroughly in earnest. In one respect I am unlike most sporting men. I do not think that this fight is going to be a one-sided one. Ryan's cool judgment, in my estimation, will offset any advantage that Sullivan might derive from his phenomenal hitting powers. I think further that there will be one of the most respectable gathering at the ring-side to witness the mill that has ever before been seen in this or any country at an exhibition of the kind."

"How long do you think that the fight will last?"

"More than 30 minutes. They are too good men for the fight not to last longer than that."

"Who, in your estimation, will win it?"

"Sullivan, I think, and if he does, then I propose to take him to England and match him against any man in the world for the sum of $10,000 a side."

"Is there anything else that you can tell me, Mr. Emmett?"

"Nothing to-night, that I know of, but this: I had a long talk with Sullivan today, and I am confident that he is fully aware of the responsibility that rests upon his shoulders in this battle. I don't think that he has any idea that he is to have an easy victory, and he feels that if he should win he will then be willing to meet any man in the world, and that should he loose, it will be no disgrace, for he considers that when he faces Ryan and the referee calls "time" he then stands face to face with as good and as game a man as there is on American soil. Both men are in the hands of very competent people, and I regard Madden as a sincere, honest, hard-working little man. His whole soul is wrapped up in the coming battle, and the result of his labor will be seen when his man strips for combat. Roche, who looks after Ryan, is a man of vast experience and you may depend upon it, that he will leave nothing undone that will be for the good of his man. Perkins, I regard as a very able general, and a man who is the soul of honor. Now, I think I have exhausted myself."

Thanking Mr. Emmett for his courtesy, the Times-Democrat man withdrew to write it up, wondering what the result of the mill will be.

Deserving Foreign Appointment.

Chicago Inter-Ocean.

It is to be hoped that the president will give Gen. Burbridge, the great American letter-writer, a foreign appointment—as foreign as possible; also Blackburn.

Too Much Power.

New York Herald.

The Speaker holds too much power. He is not the Speaker of the House, but its master. He can direct legislation, advance or degrade members, sway debates, color committees, and virtually affect every department of the government.

Generous Ingalls.

Cincinnati Commercial.

Ingalls is as generous as Dick Turpin of other people's money. He doesn't care a continental how much is paid out to satisfy the claim agents for arrears of pensions.

—Chew Finzer's "Good Morning" tobacco.

San Antonio Market Review.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF DAILY AND WEEKLY EXPRESS, Wednesday, January 25th, 1882.

Money continues plentiful at the banks and there is a healthy demand for it. Local securities are firmly held.

EXCHANGE—

Silver coin	¼ dis to par
Mexican dollars	nom
Mexican halves	40
Mexican quarters	20
New York exchange, bankers	par. to ¼ pre.
New Orleans exchange	par. to ¼ pre
Galveston exchange	par. to ¼ pre
San Antonio exchange	par. to ¼ pre

MONEY—

Bank discounts, good paper	10 per ct.
S A Gas Co stock	75@80
S A R R & Loan stock	par
S A street railroad 6s bonds	115 bid
S A " " " stock	nom.
S A Water Works Co 7 per cent bonds	par
" " " " stock preferred	nom.
" " " " " common	nom
City bonds due April 1st, 1885, 10 per cent	113
" " " June 1st, 1886, 8 " "	110
" " " Sept. 1st, 1891, 6 " "	105
Bexar county bonds due March 1st, 1896	115
State of Texas 5 per cent	112¾
Alternate land certificates	$34 00
Confederate scrip	35@40
Veteran 1200 acres	$2500@2625
" 640 "	$1250@1310

COMMERCIAL.

Trade is good considering the mind. The greatest demand just now is for pleasant weather and less mud.

WOOL.—Market quiet. Stock nominal. Northern advices are more favorable.

COTTON—Stock light. Demand good. Market firm. The heavy roads prevent receipts.

The New York market for spot cotton opened this morning quiet and nominally unchanged. Futures dull and closed quiet with sales of 1,515 bales.

The New Orleans market for spot cotton opened quiet and closed quiet and unchanged with sales of 4,600 bales.

The Galveston receipts were 797 bales. There were no sales and the market closed with buyers and sellers apart

SPOT COTTON QUOTATIONS.

	N. Y.	N. O.	Gal'n	San An.
L. O.	8¾	8¾	7	
G. O.	9 9-16	9⅝	8⅝	8
G. M.	10¼	10⅛	10	10
L. M.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	10¾
M. M.	11 15-16	11⅝	11⅝	10¾
G. M.	12 5-16	11⅞	11⅞	11
M. F.	13 1-16	12⅞	12⅞	11⅞

The markets for the future delivery of cotton closed better to-day after the usual decline earlier in the day. The following tables show the closing figures in both markets to-day and yesterday:

NEW YORK FUTURES CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	To-day	Yesterday.
Sales	116,000	112,000
January, 1882	11.39@11.41	11.46@11.48
February, "	11.72@11.73	11.81@11.82
March, "	12.06@12.07	12.20@12.19
April, "	12.28@12.29	12.42@12.43
May, "	12.45@12.46	12.61@12.67
June, "	12.59@12.60	12.75@12.80
July, "	12.70@12.72	12.86@12.91
August, "	12.79@12.80	12.96@12.97
September, "	11.91@11.92	11.90@11.92
October, "	11.79@11.80	11.78@11.79
November, "	11.64@11.67	11.63@11.56
December, "	11.56@11.61	11.56@11.58

NEW ORLEANS FUTURES CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	To-day	Yesterday.
Sales	88,000	99,000
January, 1882	11.36@11.38	11.46@11.46
February, "	11.72@11.73	11.81@11.82
March, "	12.06@12.07	12.20@12.19
April, "	12.28@12.29	12.42@12.43
May, "	12.45@12.46	12.61@12.67
June, "	12.59@12.60	12.75@12.80
July, "	12.70@12.72	12.86@12.91
August, "	12.79@12.80	12.96@12.97
September, "	11.91@11.92	11.90@11.92
October, "	11.79@11.80	11.78@11.79
November, "	11.64@11.67	11.63@11.56
December, "	11.56@11.61	11.56@11.58

HIDES AND SKINS.—The local market continues as at last report. As soon as the dead dries up larger receipts are expected. Until then there will not be much done.

Prime 20 lbs. and over	08@10c
Seconds	13@14
Damaged and Bull	7@9
Deer	30@35
Goat, selected	20@25
Goat, damaged	11
Kid	15@18
Sheep skins	50@75

LIVE STOCK.—It is only the most fat, prime cattle that are in demand. There is an active demand for beeves, muttons, horses and mules, but the heavy roads makes it very difficult to move them.

Cows, per head	$16 00@20 00
Milch cows, per head	25 00@35 00
Yearling steers and heifers	12 00@15 00
Two year old steers & heifers, per hd	14 00@15 00
Three " " " "	18 00
Oxen, per yoke	50 00
No. 1 oxen	35 00@40 00
Mexican ewes, per head	1 65@2 00
Improved Mexican ewes	2 50@3 00
Graded to shear 4 lbs	3 50@4 00
Graded to shear 5 lbs	3 50@4 50
Graded to shear 6 lbs	3 50@4 50
Mutton, weighing 70 to 80 lbs	1 50@2 00
" " 90 to 95 lbs	1 75@2 00
Horses, unbroken, 14 hands and upward	$20@30
Broken horses, 14 hands and upward	$25@35
Mules 13 to 15 hands	$35@40
First class mares, by carload	$15@20
Kids	$ 50@1 00
Hogs, good, per hundred	4 00
Hogs, fat, " "	4 50@4 75

LUMBER.—The cry is still for more stock here, and a number of parties who contemplate building are waiting for the supply to be increased. We hear rumors that the dealers are to mark up prices again.

Yellow pine, rough, per M	$25.00
" dressed on one side, per M	30.00
" both sides, per M	35.00
" flooring, per M	50.00
White pine siding, clear	35.00
" " second clear	30.00
Florida pine, dressed, per M	$35.00@40.00
" flooring	55.00
Laths, white pine, per M	7.00
Laths, Louisiana pine, per M	5.50
Shingles, Lewis & Co., D. K. per M	6.00
" " " " R. "	5.50
" Russell's No. 1 "	5.50
" Moore & Co., No. 1, "	5.50
" Star A. Cedar "	5.50
" Pine "	4.50

COFFEE.—Demand and stock good.

Corduva	15
Rio fair	12½
" prime	13¼@14
" choice	15@16

SHEEP DIP TOBACCO.—The advance in prices of all kinds of tobacco are firmly maintained. There is no prospect of any decline until after next year's crop is harvested. Sheep dip tobacco is in fair stock and is firmly held.

Hill's extract of tobacco, retail per can	$5.00
Bennett's diamond	4.50

LARD.—There is a good demand at steady prices.

Tierce	12¼@12½
Tins	13@14

BACON.—The demand is good and stock fair.

Long clear	11¼@11¾
Short clear	11¾

SUGARS.—Steady, with usual demand and fair stock.

Crushed	11¾
Powered	11¾
Granulated	11¾
Standard A	10¾
Extra C	10
Prime La	9
Fair La	8¾@8¾

FLOUR.—Stock of better grades good. Low grades are scarce. The demand is active.

Fancy per bbl	$8.50@8.75
Choice Family	8.25@8.50
XXX	8.00@8.15

HAMS.—Good demand and good stock.

Canvassed	13¾
Uncanvassed	13

NUTS.—The following quotations are for retail lots from stores.

Brazil nuts per lb	20
Almonds " "	20
Filberts " "	25
Texas " "	12½@15

BUTTER.—The demand far exceeds the supply of the best grades. Prices are very firm.

Goshen	30@35
Northern, per lb	25@30
Common country per lb	15@20
Dairy	25@30

RICE.—Fair demand and good stock.

Louisiana, per pound	7¾@8¼
Carolina	9@10

DRIED FRUITS, Etc.—Strongly held at present prices and with further advances probable.

Apples	6@7
Barley	6@6¾
Beans, white	7¾
Hominy	4
Currants	9
Dates	9
Peas, split and green	7
Peaches	13¾
Prunes, Turkish	8¾
Layer raisins, whole, per box	$2.25@2.50
" halves	$1.25

ALES, PORTER, Etc.—

Moulter's beer, quarts, pts per cask	6 dz	$22.00
English ale, pints	"	21.00
English porter, pints	"	20.00
" " quarts	"	39.00
St. Louis beer, Anheuser qts	"	18.50
Milwaukee, Schlitz quarts	"	18.50

POTATOES.—The supply of white potatoes by rail is ample for present demand. Prices are well maintained.

Irish, per lb	3¾@4
Sweet, per bushel	$1.00

ONIONS.—In fair stock and firmly held at quotations.

Onions per lb	5¾@6

CIDER.—Stock equal to demand.

Apple per gal	35@

FUEL.—The demand for wood far exceeds the receipts by wagon on the plaza, and the local wood yards are doing a lively business. Coal is in good demand and fair supply.

Wood, per cord	$6.00@7.00
Charcoal, per barrel	30@35c
Coal, per ton	$4.50@5.00

GRAIN.—There is a good local demand today but no change in prices.

Corn per bushel	$1 00@1 10
Oats " "	75@80
Red Winter Wheat No. 1 " "	$1 20
" " " No. 2 " "	1 10
" " " No. 3 " "	1 00
Red Rye per bushel	90@95
Crocked corn	60@65
Corn meal	$1.00@1.10
Ground mixed corn and oats	$1.00@1.10
Wheat bran, per hundred pounds	1.00@1.10
Shorts per hundred pounds	$1.20@1.25
Corn fodder, per hundred bundles	1.00@1.50
Baled hay, per ton	18.00@20.00
New hay, loose, per ton	15.00

RECEIPTS BY RAIL TO-DAY.

By the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio railroad: One carload of salt, one of live stock, one of bacon, one of lard, one of stoves, one of beer, one of lumber and six of general merchandise.

By the International & Great Northern railroad: Two carloads of grain, one of hay, six of general merchandise and eleven of lumber.

SHIPMENTS BY RAIL TO-DAY.

By the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio railroad: 70,000 pounds of general merchandise, two carloads of horses and one carload of miscellaneous freight.

By the International & Great Northern railroad: One carload of produce; one carload of lumber, 22,700 pounds of general merchandise, 6500 pounds of skins and 1700 pounds of wool.

FREIGHT PER G. H. & S. A. R. R.

WOOL—	
To New York, per 100 pounds, sacks	$1.45
" " " " " bales	1.10
To Boston, per 100 pounds, sacks	1.64
" " " " " bales	1.35½
To Philadelphia, per 100 pounds, sacks	1.45
" " " " " bales	1.24
To Baltimore, per 100 pounds, sacks	1.54
" " " " " bales	1.20½
To Galveston, per 100 pounds, sacks	90
" " " " " bales	95
HIDES—	
To New York, per 100 pounds	$1.10
To Boston, " " "	1.10
COTTON—	
To New York, per hundred pounds	$1.35
To New Orleans, per bale	4.00
To Galveston, per bale	4.50
To Houston, per bale	4.00
HORSES—	
To St. Louis, per car	$115.00
To Kansas City, per car	115.00
To Chicago, per car	60.00
To New Orleans per car	115.00
CATTLE—	
To St. Louis, per car	$115.00
To Kansas City per car	115.00

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT
GERMAN REMEDY.
FOR
RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.
Directions in Eleven Languages.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.
A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

H. BRENDEL & CO.,
Proprietors Laredo Transfer Co.
New and Elegant Busses to and from Depots; Hotels and all parts of the city. Only Twenty-Five Cents to either depot of I. & G. N. Railroad and T. M. Railroad. No charge for baggage. Patronize the People' Favorite.
Laredo Transfer Co.,
H. BRENDEL & CO.

HELOTES RANCH.
Standard Stallions.
MARSDEN'S
PECTORAL BALM,
THE GREATEST REMEDY KNOWN
—FOR—
Consumption, Coughs, Colds Bronchitas, Asthma, Whooping Cough,
—AND—
All Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.
It has cured more lung complaints than any other medicine known.
PRICE:
Large Bottles, - - - - One Dollar.
Small Bottles, - - - - Fifty Cents.
☞ For sale by all Druggists and Dealers in Patent Medicines.
Jenkins' Annihilator.
—A Sure Cure for—
Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia.
It will not fail to effect a permanent cure in any ordinary case of either of these diseases, if used according to directions.
Price, - - - - One Dollar per Bottle.
☞ For sale by Druggists everywhere.
G. R. FINLAY & CO.,
New Orleans,
WHOLESALE AGENTS.
oct 3 d&wcs.

PROBATE NOTICE.
IN BEXAR COUNTY COURT—In the matter of Lorenzo D. Black, deceased.
All persons having claims against the estate of Lorenzo D. Black, deceased, are hereby required to present the same within the time prescribed by law. The time of the original grant of letters of administration was on the 21st day of November, 1881, and the residence and postoffice address of the administrator is San Antonio, Bexar County, Texas.
Dated November 28th, 1881.
CHAS. C. CRESSON,
Administrator.
dec4 4t.

JESSE ASTALL,
West Strand Iron Works,
67 Strand, Galveston, Tex.
Bridge Rods, Bridge Bolts, and Forgings.
Importer and Wholesale dealer in
STEAMBOAT, MILL AND RAILWAY SUPPLIES.
Including iron, steel, steam, water and gas pipe, steam-fitting, brass valves and cocks. Agent for and dealer in Blake's patent steam pumps, steam syphons, drive well points, and hand pumps of every description.
Send for illustrated Catalogue. aug16-1y

R. D. INSCHO. R. C. BLINN.
INSCHO & BLINN,

UNDERTAKERS,
240 Commerce Street.
☞ Special attention given to preparing bodies for Shipment.
Two Fine Hearses,
And the only White Hearse in the city.
Office Open Day and Night.
Telephone Connection.
jan 6tf

Wanted.—Manufacturing concern wants a business man in San Antonio and in every city (not already taken.) A few hundred dollars necessary to pay for goods on delivery after orders have been secured for the same; $100 per month profit guaranteed. The most searching investigation solicited. A. S. ARNOLD & CO., 1206 Broadway, New York.
jan 18-4t.

John Twohig,
Commerce Street,
BANKER,
And Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Coin, bullion, &c.
Collections made on all accessible points, Drafts on New York, New Orleans Galveston, St. Louis and California.
Bitten England, Ireland, Germany.
DANIEL JENNY. THOS. H. ABBOTT
Jenny & Abbott,
Dealers in and Manufacturers of
Saddlery & Harness,
241 Commerce Street,
Next to Nette's Drug Store, opposite Goldfrank, Frank & Co.'s.
San Antonio, - - - Texas.
Material and Workmanship not excelled in this or any other market. Repairing neatly and promptly done. Also manufacturers of Boot, Shoe and Gaiter Uppers. dec24-3m.

40th
Popular Monthly Drawing of the
COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO.
In the City of Louisville, on
TUESDAY, JAN. 31, 1882.
These drawings occur monthly (Sundays excepted) under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.
The United States Circuit Court on March 21st, rendered the following decisions:
1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.
2d—Its drawings are fair.
The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the
Jan., Drawing.

1 prize	$30,00	100 p'zes	$100 each $10,000
1 prize	10,000	200 prizes	50 ea ch 10,000
1 prize	5,000	600 prizes	20 each 12,000
1 "	1000 each 1,000	1000 "	10 each 10,000
1 "	500 each 10,000		
9 prizes $300 each, approximation prizes			$6,700
9 prizes 200 each, " "			1,800
9 prizes 100 each, " "			900
1,960 Prizes			$112,400

Whole Tickets, $2; Half Tickets $1.
27 Tickets, $50; 56 Tickets, $100.
Remit Money or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. Don't send by Registered Letter or Postoffice Order. Orders of $5 and upward, by Express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. M. BOARDMAN, Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky., or R. M. BOARDMAN, 308 Broadway, New York.
For Tickets and information apply to Earnest Rische, San Antonio, Texas.

WILLARD HOTEL LOTTERY
DRAWING
14th February, 1882.
OR MONEY REFUNDED.
LOUISVILLE, KY., November 19, 1881.
Resolved, that the Board of Commissioners consent to a postponement

The Daily Express.

Thursday Morning, January 26, 1882.

Meteorological.

Daily Bulletin—Signal Service U. S. Army division Telegrams and Reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture.

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Stations.	Bar.	Ther.	Wind	R'n	W'ther.
Eagle Pass	29.91	61	SE		cloudy
Brownsville	29.92	70	S'lm	.02	clouds
San Antonio	29.90	62	S		cloudy
Concho					
Stockton					
Denton					
Sill					
Elliott					
Indianola					
Galveston					
Ft. Ringgold					
New Orleans					

Indications for To-Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 25.—Indications for the west gulf states: Local rains and partly cloudy and warmer weather, winds mostly from southeast to southwest and lower barometer in the eastern portion.

City News.

—Masks at H. Barbeck's.

—Many new telephones are being put up.

—Ask for a ping "Good Morning."

—Little was done on the plazas yesterday.

—Wigs at H. Barbeck's.

—Chew "Good Morning" tobacco.

—Harry Kendall fell from a swing on avenue C, injuring himself severely.

—Ask your dealer for "Good Morning."

—Beards at H. Barbeck's.

—A wealthy New York banker is in the city, purchasing lots and tracts of land in the suburbs.

—Trimmings, laces, etc., at H. Barbeck's. jan 25 2w

—Just received by Jos. Landa, two cars of wheat, bran and millstuffs.

—Ask for "Good Morning" tobacco

—Just received by Jos. Landa, 5 car loads of hay at bottom figures in lots.

—Chew Finzer's "Good Morning."

—For Masqueraders, go to H. Barbeck's.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic cures torpidity of the liver.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic is purely medicinal.

—Chew Finzer's "Good Morning" tobacco.

—The old vault in the federal court room has been removed, making the room much larger.

—Chew Finzer's "Good Morning" tobacco.

—The case against James Lacy, charged with receiving stolen money, is set for examination before Justice Adam at 9 o'clock this morning.

—Chew Finzer's "Good Morning" tobacco.

—Mattie Mills, charged with theft of money, had an examination before Justice Adam yesterday, and was bound over to appear before the grand jury.

—Chew "Good Morning."
A. B. FRANK & CO.

—Mr. J. S. Ramsey received a telegram from Eagle Pass yesterday, announcing the death of Joan Murray at that place. The dispatch was from Gen. Armstrong.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic stimulates digestion.

—Farmers state that the present rain is just the right kind for their crops, much better than a heavy rain, having already moistened the ground to the depth of 26 inches.

—Mr. J. S. Lockwook yesterday received a fine imported cow from Kentucky, which was very much admired. Mr. Guilbeau also received a lot of imported blooded stock for breeding purposes.

—Ask for Finzer's "Good Morning" tobacco.

—Marriage licenses have been issued for the marriage of Manuel Hernandez to Carmen de Oleoz, and William Graham to Ellen Hopkins. The latter couple were joined in wedlock last night by Justice Anton Adam.

—Ask for Finzer's "Good Morning" tobacco.

—A private telegram received here yesterday announced that Lieut.-Col. J. E. Yard, who had been on trial before a court-martial, at Fort Dodge, Kansas, was honorably acquitted by the finding of the court. George Paschal, Esq., of this city, was the attorney for defense.

—Police arrests yesterday: Birdie Martin and Lulu Sherwood, charged with vagrancy, Frank M. Gruder, cruelty to animals; Dan Kelley, drunk on the street; William Thompson, using insulting language; D. M. Trapmell, carrying a pistol; Henry Johnson and J. Lester, gambling and fighting.

—A man by the name of D. M. Trapmell was arrested yesterday by officers Galan and Smith for carrying a pistol. A complaint will be made to-day before a justice of the peace by a man named Studt, charging him with drawing the pistol on him and attempting his life. When confined in the city jail Trapmell said he objected to staying all night in a place where he was unacquainted.

—Chew "Good Morning" tobacco.

—Following is the result of the examination made by Professor Rote of applicants for positions as teachers in the public schools: Miss Alvine Kleberg, first-class certificate; Miss Brewster, second-class certificate; and Miss Steele, second-class certificate. As there are three vacancies, the above three will likely be elected by the city council.

—Chew "Good Morning" tobacco.

—The city council, at its special meeting Tuesday, authorized Mayor James H. French, Alderman Lockwood, chairman of the committee on public improvements, and Alderman Degener, chairman of the committee on streets and bridges, to contract for the work of laying sidewalk on all streets, etc., where the owners have been notified and have failed or refused to do so. The council appropriated a sum not to exceed two thousand dollars for that purpose. This is a good move in the right direction.

A Needed Pavement.

One of the most disagreeable places in the city to pass, when the weather is at all unfavorable, is the unfinished part of the pavement on Alamo plaza, on the west park, where mud and water stands after what little rain almost ankle deep. It would be a great boon to the suffering pedestrians who are obliged to pass this way both day and night, if the pavement on that side of the plaza could be finished out as far as Houston street, or at least fill up the holes to keep water from standing on the sidewalk.

—A. B. Frank & Co. sell "Good Morning."

Calico Hop.

The Bexar Benevolent Association last evening gave one of their very enjoyable hops at Meyer's hall, about twenty-five couples being present, notwithstanding the threatening weather. The merry young folks "tripped the light fantastic toe," to sweet strains of music, until the "we sma' hours" warned them of the near approach of day, when all retired happier for the healthful exercise.

—A fine tough chew "Good Morning."

District Court.

Louis Hernandez, for stealing horses, was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years.

Juan Martinez, theft of cattle, sentenced for two years.

Thos. Villareal, theft of horses, sentenced for seven years.

Bob Ingle, for theft of horses, plead guilty and was sentenced for five years. He was also sentenced two years for forgery.

Rob McCutcheon, charged with theft of $270; the jury were unable to agree on a verdict and were locked up for the night. This is the second time this case has been tried this term.

The jury in the case of the state vs. Jno. R. Shook, Esq., for assault on Walter C. Peters, brought in a verdict of "not guilty," late yesterday evening. Mr. Shook was heartily congratulated by his many friends when the verdict was known.

STONEBREAKER'S CONFESSION.

Examination of the Corpus Christi and Laredo Stage Robbers Continued—Conclusive Evidence of Their Guilt.

Court commenced yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. The attorney for the defense cited many cases and quoted from many authorities instances to prove that the confession of any one after arrest, or while in charge of an officer, that was likely to insure conviction or establish his guilt, was not admissable.

Judge Paschal quoted a number of instances to show that when a confession is made without fear, and is corroborated by other evidence and circumstances, such evidence is admissable, and overruled the objection.

Captain Oglesby testified as follows: "The statement Stonebraker made to me was under certain promises which I held out to him, and I don't like to give it." The attorney for the defense again objected to the testimony of Captain Oglesby, which was again overruled by the court. "He stated to me to the best of my recollection that he and Robert Doaty robbed the Laredo stage.

They took from the passengers some $80 in money, three watches, and from the mail bags two registered packages of merchandise, which is all I recollect of his statement. The night after the robbery they camped near the ranch of Pancho Ramierez, in Encinal county, and next night near the Prietta creek, in the same county. I may be mistaken as to the exact locality of camps. From there they came to San Diego, in Duval county, and from there to Mendecata, in the same county; the next day to Barlow's ferry, in Live Oak county; and next night near Oakville in Live Oak county, and the next night to Beeville in Bee county, then to Refugio Mission in Refugio county, and remained there until they returned to San Diego sometime in December. He told me the proceeds of the robbery was buried on the bank of the San Antonio river.

On the evening of the 25th of December I sent private Sheely and five men with the prisoner Stonebraker after the proceeds of the robbery. They returned on the 28th inst. I opened the package and asked the prisoner who the different articles belonged to and he told me. I told him at the same time the names of three the articles belonged to, one of whom was a friend of mine. These are the same articles I turned over to this court and received a receipt for. That is the sum and substance of all the conversation that passed between us."

Here Captain Oglesby identified one of the watches that was in the package recovered and identified by Stonebraker, and which, he, (Stonebraker) said he got from the Laredo stage, but did not know from whom. Three other gold watches were then handed the Captain, each of which he identified as those found secreted and identified by the prisoner, Stonebraker, who said he took it from Dr. Spohn, at the time the stage was robbed between the terminus of the railroad and Laredo.

Also another gold watch he said he had taken at the same time and place from an Englishman, whose name is not known. The captain continued: "Stonebraker also showed me a duplicate of a pawn ticket with the Englishman's name on it, and I don't know where it is now. I could not well make out the name and asked him what it was, and he told me, but I do not recollect it. The postmaster at Oakville had it in his possession when I copied it. After I arrested Stonebraker I showed him the pawn ticket with the Englishman's name on it, and told him that he had that day registered a package of jewelry to his father at Waco, and I had stopped the transmission of the jewelry, and the postmaster at San Diego had it in his possession. I told him if he would tell me all about the matter and where the articles stolen were and who was implicated with him in the robbery, that I would intercede for him in his behalf and get his punishment as light as possible. I just convinced him I had proofs in my possession sufficient to convict him of the robbery, which is all that I promised him."

CROSS-EXAMINED.

I arrested Doaty about three-quarters of an hour after I arrested Stonebraker. I am under the impression Doaty knew he was going to be arrested before I arrested him. He did not attempt to escape. I left him at home from the evening of the 23rd when I made the arrest for three days and nights and he made no attempt to escape. There was no guard placed over him, though I visited the house at different times to see that he was there. His mother and sister were very sick at the time, which was the reason I allowed him to remain at home three days.

RE-EXAMINED.

I don't think Doaty could have escaped had he made the attempt."

The attorney for the defense then moved that the testimony of Capt. Oglesby be stricken from the docket, as it relates to the confession of Stonebraker, for the reason that such evidence is illegal, the confession having been made after arrest and when the defendant was in durance vile and under promises of certain rewards, etc.

J. T. Long, being duly sworn, testified: I am J. T. Long, and a resident of Laredo. On the night of November 19th I was on the road between San Antonio and Laredo. On that night I was robbed of a gold watch and chain and about $75. The robbery took place 16 miles this side of Laredo, and near a place called Dead Man's Hole. We were stopped on the road by two men, and were told to get out of the stage, file in a line and throw up our hands, which we did. The taller of the robbers asked if we had any pistols, and some one remarked "no," and he (the robber) said," I will see for myself," and said to the shortest robber, "have you got 'em covered," and being answered in the affirmative, he proceeded to search for pistols. Finding that there were none, he commenced picking the pockets of the passengers, and he took a watch from the Englishman named Middlemore first, and I said, "don't take his watch," because Middlemore said he prized it very highly as an heirloom, and it was returned. He then took Dr. Spohn's watch, looked at it and returned it also. He returned in a short time, made another search, and then took Dr. Spohn's watch. He had a light this time, having lighted the coach lamp, and went into the coach with the light and made an examination there, throwing out all the valises and bundles there, and in making his search he found my watch which I had secreted there for safety. He picked it up and put it in his pocket, I remarked, "that is my watch, you had better not take it for it will do you no good, it has my monogram on it." He then searched all the portmanteau, valises, &c., and in the valise of Mrs. Middlemore he found a small case, containing a necklace, and he said "hello, what's that?" and I stepped up and got within five or six feet of him, and I then saw it was a necklace. Mr. Middlemore then said "Don't take that as it is a wedding present to my wife," and I remarked "it's a shame to take anything from her." Mr. Middlemore said he would prefer for them to take his watch and let him keep the necklace, and after thinking a moment or two and consulting his partner, the other robber, he said "all right," and the exchange was effected with the understanding that Mr. Middlemore would be allowed to redeem his watch at $100 and no questions asked; when Mr. Middlemore said he would redeem it in Laredo the robber said: "That's too thin, if you want your watch you can get it on the other side, in New Laredo." The tall robber then got on the front boot of the stage, threw down all the mail sacks, valises and all that was up there. He cut the mail sacks open and in examining the mail cut some few letters open, and the small robber told him "don't fool around with those letters," and then he searched for the registered packages, and in throwing them to one side he said, "Here's a big bundle." One of the bundles he threw out looked to me like some dress goods. I was doziing when the stage was stopped. The two robbers were both armed with pistols, and the big one had a dirking his hand which he used in cutting up the mail sacks. The tallest of the two had on a wide-brimmed, light sombrero, dark flannel shirt, very loose, dark pants, which he wore tucked in his boots. The small one had on a Mexican light cloak or serape, which gave him the appearance of being very fat, and a white colored hat. I saw no horses and only two men.

Both men wore masks that covered their faces. I could not recognize them should I see them again. Stonebraker compares in stature and build to the tallest robber, but Doaty does not look as stout as the smallest of the robbers. I saw the hair of the tall robber and it was dark. Mr. Middlemore gave them (the robbers) his address. I lost two or three $20 bills, two $5 bills and some small change that was in my pocket. I can't describe the bills accurately; when the robber went through my pockets he said: "is this all you've got?" and I replied, "you're doing the searching." The driver's name was Jim.

Mr. Long then identified his watch and chain, which was stolen on the night of the robbery. The robbery took place in Webb county, in this state. I do not know which way the robbers went after they completed the robbery.

Cross-examination—"Can't say whether the little man was bow-legged or not, but he appeared to be very stout. I looked at the tall one most."

—Every one chews "Good Morning" tobacco.

Personal.

Mr. E. S. Minard, St. Louis, is at Hord's.

Mr. Chas Mathews, of Louisville, is at Hord's.

Capt. G. W. Littlefield, of Gonzales, is at Hord's.

Hon. E. R. Lane, of Goliad, is at Hord's hotel.

Mr. Jno. T. and W. T. Lytle, of Castroville, are guests at Hord's hotel.

Mr. Leon Friedman, representing the firm of Friedman Bro., is at Hood's.

Mr. John A. Kerr, merchant of Cotulla, is in the city and is a guest at Hord's hotel.

Right Rev. Bishop Neraz leaves this morning for Pana Maria and St. Joseph's church to administer the rights of confirmation.

Mr. Wm. T. Birdsall, representing Henry Lindenmeyr's paper ware house, No. 15 and 17 Beekman street, New York City, is in the city, and called on THE EXPRESS.

Rev. Father Schmeltzer, of Meyersville, DeWitt county, is in the city, and gave THE EXPRESS a pleasant call yesterday. He is in charge of the St. Peter and Paul church at that place, and tells us that upwards of seventy Polish families have recently settled in his parish. Father Schmeltzer also has charge of the Polish congregation at Yorktown.

We had the pleasure of meeting, yesterday, Mr. George Copeland, uncle of John Copeland, Esq., of this city. He is an old newspaper man, and was publisher of the first daily newspaper ever published in this state—the Galveston Herald. Mr. Copeland is just now from New Orleans, where he has been connected with newspapers for several years past. We trust he may find the Alamo City congenial enough to make it his future home.

Mr. Newton A. Young, postmaster at Graytown, came into the city yesterday, and called at THE EXPRESS office. He tells us his postoffice is now organized, with the exception of the official key, which has not yet arrived from Washington. He has a fifteen-acre field of fine oats, about eight inches high and in excellent condition, though he is afraid it may be destroyed by a late frost. We hope he will be mistaken in that respect.

R W Burlsmith, Longview; R W Harmwell, Georgia; Chas F Whitney, T-M railroad; Leon Friedman, Boston; J A Dodd, Dallas; R Frankhan, Cincinnati; C F Former, Bexar county; Chas Mathews, Louisville; Capt G W Littlefield, Gonzales; C S McCarty, Gonzales; G W Preston, Preston, N J; J P Lindsay, Texas; E S Minard, St Louis; H W Chapman Pleasanton; N A Young, Graytown; W H Jennings, Jr., Prairie Lea; F W Dwyre, Frank H Ditton, Houston; John T Lytle, W T Lytle, Castroville; W C Irvin, Seguin; E R Lane, Goliad; R E Chapman, Floresville; John A Kerr, Cotulla, Texas; Chas Thompson, Houston, are at Hord's.

W T Horne, Houston; C Keiser, Castroville; Geo W Smith, Austin; James E Bolling, Mexico; J Wells, New Berlin; A R Smead, New York; K R Armado, Kansas City; Chas Schuchard, Mexico; S Lapousk and wife, Weatherford; S B Mayer, Galveston; W A Newcot and son, Fort Ewell; Lyman I Orton and wife, Kansas City, Mo; Chas M Johnston, Walter Ross, Palestine; J P Lindsay, Texas; A Strasburge, F Doremus, Galveston; A H Gardner, Palestine; Sol Weil, Laredo; Harman Crews, Gray's Summit, Mo; C P Sampef, S M Karr, Webb county; F C Seprelveda, Fran Vizeayd, New Laredo; C W Harmmond, I & G N R R; Jno Wait, R T Dupuy, Austin; S J Phelps, New York City; F I Queyronne, J Degom, W M. Cook, G H & S A R R; J H Muenster, Luling, are at the Menger hotel.

A H Marshall, San Francisco; James W Brown, Monterey; P W Williams and wife, Sharpsburg; C Auberich, Galveston; John A Shipner, Waco; J Benjamin, Benton, La; G H Harris, Houston; E A Gonzales, Monterey, Mex; L B Harrison and family, Pittsburg; Mrs Turner, Scotland; Paul Kuechler, Austin; J H Shelly, T T Johnson, St Louis; A H Williams, Austin; G W Smith, Waco; E Thomas, Dewitt county; Frank Snyder, Austin; W H Jennings, Prairie Lea; Elias Briggs, St Louis; H Waburn, Austin; Asa Pullen, Junction City; W F McKaughan, Austin, C C Spaids, Laredo; George M Jones, Luling; H Glazbrook, Boerne; H Pallman and son, Austin; Thos D Finnell, Lexington, Ky; Josiah Godbey, Locke Hill; E T Hart, Miss Birdie Hart, Prior; W Herrschon, Austin, are registered at the Central.

—Ask for Finzer's "Good Morning" tobacco.

The Beethoven Maennerchor Concert.

The concert given last night at the Casino hall for the benefit of Mr. H. Baethge, by the Beethoven Maennerchor, was in every sense a flattering success. The audience was composed of our music loving citizens, who were more than delighted with all they heard. The "Souvenir de Bellini," by Mr. Baethge, was beautifully rendered, and reminded one of Ole Bull in his palmiest days. The following is the programme:

PART I.

Overture, "Egmont," Messrs. Rechel and Laager.
Souvenir de Bellini, H. Baethge.
"Am Strome, Beethoven Maennerchor.
Baritone solo, Prof. Halbedel.
12th Air de Beriot, H. Baethge.

PART II.

Overture, "William Tell," Rechel and Laager.
Tenor solo, H. Karber.
E minor Concerto, Mendelssohn, H. Baethge.
Baritone solo, H. Mueller.
"Poeten," Beethoven Maennerchor.

The entertainment reflects great credit on those who took part and shows there is much musical ability in the city.

—Ask for Finzers "Good Morning" tobacco.

Wanted.

To rent a residence in any portion of the city. Reference given. Address A, this office.

For Rent.

A large store, 25x85, good location for any kind of business, on Commerce street. Two years lease and reasonable rent. Address D, this office.

It Will Pay any One

Wishing to buy Furniture, Carpets and Matting, to examine the stock of Erastus Reed. He is constantly receiving new goods, and for quality and price has no equal. He makes a speciality of bedroom and parlor suits, and keeps a large stock of cheap goods, which are sold at prices that defy competition.

Cheap Wood and Baled Hay.

First quality baled hay, at $20 per ton, and seasoned trunk split wood, at $6 per cord, delivered. Address,
HAMBLETON & DIGNOWITTY,
Lock box 182, or by Telephone.
Jan17-tf.

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of L. Frank & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. L. Frank assumes all the liabilities of the late firm and will collect all the outstandings due to said firm.
P. SULZBACHER.
L. FRANK.
San Antonio, January 20th, 1882.

The undersigned signed begs leave to inform the public that he will continue the above business at the old stand on Main plaza, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends and patrons under the name of L. FRANK.

Fine Butter,

New York, Western and Texas grades in store and to arrive, 4,000 pounds unadulterated butter. S. C. BEERS,
jan19-tf. 327 Houston street.

Rhodius & Tempsky,

Agents for Knabe & Co.'s pianos.

CONSIGNED TO EARTH.

Funeral of the Late Wife of Major J. F. Minter.

Long before the hour announced had arrived yesterday, the Episcopal cathedral of St. Mark's was filled with sorrowing friends and relatives who were assembled to take part in paying the last sad tribute of love to the memory of the deceased Mrs. Minter, who but a short while since rejoiced in the smiles of hosts of friends, who now follow sadly and sorrowfully in her funeral train to the grave.

The casket was an elegant one and was beautifully and tastefully arranged with flowers, emblematic of the life which is to come, and all felt and realized the deep gloom hovering over like a funeral pall, and their hearts were bowed down in sorrow.

The exercises at the cathedral were conducted by Right Rev. Bishop Elliott, assisted by Rev. Dean Richardson and Rev. Mr. Cabaniss, the pastor in charge of St. Luke's chapel.

The bishop's text was taken from First Corinthians, 15th chapter and 22nd verse.

"Whereas in Adam all die, even so in Christ shall all be made alive."

Following is an outline of the address: "Philosophy has nothing to tell us about death. It is as dumb before the grave now, as it was when the patriarchs were gathered to their people. We are accustomed to look upon death as a state, whereas it is only an event. This thing we call death is in constant operation in our physical nature, sometimes in our moral nature, and we can observe in ourselves as we advance in years that we have lost the elasticity of youth, and memory is impaired, and that we call the advance of age. We disguise it so to ourselves; but it is more than that; it is death—the death of the tissues that we shall never have the vitality to replace. These grey hairs are but evidence that the nervous vescicles at their roots have lost their power, and death is slowly, perhaps but surely, advancing upon the great centres of life. Truly, then, in Adam all men die; but as there is a law of death in Adam, so also is there a law of life in Christ; "in Christ shall be made alive." Death, as viewed by the Savior, is therefore simply an event. Life is a state. It is while living here on earth that we pass by God's grace from a state of death into a state of life, and so when the Master stood beside the daughter of Jairus, he said "she is not dead, but sleepeth." They mocked him, because their feeble vision only comprehended the life that now is. He was looking at life as viewed by the immortality of the soul. Whoso, then, in this life, by the power of God passes from a state of death—that is deadness—to a higher moral and spiritual condition, has passed from death unto life, and enters here upon life eternal. What we call death is, therefore, but a transition from one condition of life to another. He left His church on earth that through it man might be taught of Him and joined unto him, through the symbols of his sacraments. Whoso, therefore, receives these symbols, in truth and verity, has in himself the inward grace of which these symbols are but the outward expression, and living in Christ have passed from death unto life. Such, indeed, do not die; death hate no dominion over them. The body sleeps, while the soul reposes in the paradise of the blest.

This beloved one in her infancy received holy baptism, and 22 years ago took upon herself the vows in confirmation and set herself to fight the world, the flesh and the devil. In all the relations of life she was most exemplary. The church was an object to her of love, and around us we may see the evidence of her care. When she felt the approach of the last enemy, she asked that her Bishop might give her the sacrament of the body and blood of Christ, and a few Sundays ago, while the prayers and praises of the congregation were going up before God, she in faith and hope was receiving the blessed symbols of the holy communion. It was but the next day that, with quavering voice, like one lingering upon the confines dividing this life from that which is to come, she sang that grand hymn:

"Joy to the world! The Lord has come,
Let earth receive her King;
Let every heart prepare him room
And heaven and nature sing!"

Of such an one we cannot say "she is dead," but only passed from life here to life hereafter. It is for mourners that we must mourn, and pray God that He may give us grace and power in this life to pass from death into the life which is in Christ; and so shall we live forever more."

Bishop Elliott's address was delivered in a very feeling manner, causing tears to start from the eyes of many within the sound of his voice. The above represents but feebly his eloquent tribute.

The pall-bearers were General Augur, Major J. H. Kampmann, Major H. B. Adams, Col. John Withers, J. S. Lockwood, Col. Jas. J. Thornton, Col. N. O. Green and W. H. Maverick.

When the sorrowing funeral cortege reached the cemetery, the usual beautiful ceremonies of the Episcopal Church were read by Bishop Elliott, assisted by the clergy, when all that is mortal of the lamented and noble lady was consigned to the shadows of the tomb prepared for her final resting place until the blissful awakening looked forward to with so much pleasure and hope by the dying Christian.

May the friends and relatives, within whose hearts there is an aching void that knows no ceasing, find that only true and perfect consolation this side of immortality.

Truly, "she is not dead, but only sleepeth."

—Every dealer sells "Good Morning" tobacco.

Rhodius & Tempsky,

Music store.

Notice.

I hereby caution the public against buying or negotiating an acceptance of Messrs. Hugo & Schmeltzer, in my favor, worded as follows:

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 10th, 1881.

Ninety days after date, pay to the order of myself, three hundred and nineteen and 20-100 dollars.
MADISON FOSTER.

The draft of above import was either lost or misplaced, and has never been endorsed by me. MADISON FOSTER.
jan18-10t.

Money to Loan,

In large and small amounts on city property, or on farm and land securities. Principals only need apply personally or by letter, to W. J. Ballantyne Patterson, over Messrs. Lockwood & Kampmann's bank. jany17-1m.

A Four Room Cottage for Sale.

Good well, stable, etc., with four lots. Title perfect; on Camdon street, near Madison park. Apply to or address Francis J. Walker, San Antonio. 423-tf

For Sale.

Sixteen mules from three to seven years old, 13 to 14 hands high, at $40 per head. Also a nice lot of ponies. Apply to C. C. Dibrell, Jr., Seguin, Texas. jan 22 5t

Notice.

Go to Mrs. Blumenkron's, where travelers as well as day boarders can be accommodated with first-class board and newly-furnished, airy rooms at reasonable terms, Market street, opposite Goldfrank, Frank & Co's. Particular attention paid to invalids. jan 1 1m

—J. W. C. Love, jeweler and optician, guarantees his goods and watchwork. Uses ophthalmoscopes and optimalers in fitting glasses. 229 Commerce st.
jan 7 tf

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic is perfectly reliable.

Pasture.

$1.50 per month, by Miller & Roche.
jan 8-1m

Extra Fine Rye Flour,

For family use, at Jos. Landa's Mill Depot. jan12-tf.

—We keep up our stock in Stetson hats—all sizes and styles.
jan 20-tf PANCOAST & SON.

—B. A. Bates is running a line of hacks from the end of the Sunset road near Uvalde for the accommodation of passenger to any part of western Texas.
oct 30-3m.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic nourishes and strengthens.

Conveniently Located Rooms.

With board, at 218 Avenue C.

At Jos. Landa's Mill Depot

Can be found anything in the milling line, as well as grain of any kind, and in quantities to suit purchasers. jan12-tf.

—The Farmer's Home Journal, published in Louisville, Ky., is one of the most reliable agricultural papers in the United States. It will be especially useful to the Texas farmer, as it gives through its columns the advertisements of the breeders of the best horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, etc., and also the weekly sales, by which the prices can be learned. The articles upon general farming, fruit culture, etc., are valuable and very useful to the intelligent farmer. The subscription is very low—only $1.50 per year.

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap!

Boots and shoes selling very low to close out at MARTIN & SON'S,
Corner of St. Mary's and Main streets.

Just Received.

A new lot of Bernhardt thirteen and fifteen button boots for ladies, misses and children, which we are offering at reduced prices. Also opera toe slippers and low sandal button (something new) just received and selling cheap.
JAMES MARTIN & SON.

Wanted.

A Small second hand safe. One with combination lock preferred. Room 48, Menger hotel.

Wanted.

Good female cook, white or colored, to go to Eagle Pass, in a small family; liberal wages. Also house servant, mother and daughter preferred. Leave address at EXPRESS office. jan 26 3t

Boarding.

A few gentlemen boarders will be taken on the Don Carlos ranch, near Leon Springs, one of the most healthy, pleasant and delightful locations in Texas. Plenty of milk, abundance of game and fine saddle ponies to ride. Terms reasonable. Address Byron Van Raub, Leon Springs, Texas. jan 26 1w

—The best bargains in boots and shoes ever offered in this city, at Martin & Son's. jae 26 3t

—Two large handsomely furnished rooms, connecting, with or without board. Enquire at this office.

Preserve Your Sight.

The injury to the sight from wearing inferior glasses or not being properly fitted to the eye is not generally realized by the public. My glasses are of a perfect construction, which assist and preserve the sight, rendering frequent changes unnecessary. They confer a brilliancy and distinctness of vision, with an amount of ease and comfort not generally enjoyed by persons using spectacles. With them you can read for hours without fatiguing the eye. There is no glimmering or waving of the sight, dinness, or any of the unpleasant sensations, but on the contrary, from the perfect constructio. If the lenses, they are soothing and pleasant, causing a feeling of relief to the wearer. I would also inform the public that I am able to make spectacles to suit any and every condition of the eye. E. HERTZBERG,
Optician, next to S. A. National bank.

—Board for a gentlemam and wife with a private family. Pleasant room, quiet society and central location, can be had by addressing P. O. box 340.
jan 25 3t

Wanted,

A grocery or dry goods clerk, who speaks German, English and Spanish. Enquire at Express office. jan 25-tf.

Notice.

Attention is called to the dissolution, by mutual consent, of the business relations that existed between Madison Foster as principal and John Owens as agent in the brokerage business, both continuing in same business, but separately.

[Signed] MADISON FOSTER,
jan 25-3t JOHN OWENS.

—The sale of lots in the town of North Uvalde at the station in Uvalde county on the western extension of the Sunset railroad, will take place on Saturday, January 28, 1882, on the Main plaza, in front of the wholesale establishment of Messrs. D. & A. Oppenheimer, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., and continued from day to day until sold. D. O. Petitpain, the well-known and popular auctioner, will do the selling. jan 24-5t

—First-class board by Mrs. S. E. Cook, 236 Market street. jan 24 1w

Herdic Coaches.

The San Antonio Herdic Coach Company will run this day run a regular line of coaches from the International railroad depot down Commerce street to the post office and out to Sunset and Government depots. Fare five cents, tickets to be had either from the drivers or at the company's office, 233 Commerce street, and will run on all the principal streets as soon as their other coaches arrive, which are now on the road from New York.
jan 24 tf PHIL. DIE, Supt.

For Sale.

At a bargain, two "Monarch" carom billiard tables, complete. Apply to Louis Dryfoos, Menger bar jan 22 tf

ANDREW JACKSON POTTER.

The Fighting Parson of the Texan Frontier.

Six years of Indian warfare in New Mexico and Arizona. Many wonderful events in his ministerial life on the frontier border of Western Texas; during a long term of evangelical toils and personal combats with Indians and daring desperadoes, including many hair-breadth escapes. The book, containing an excellent picture of the hero, and 671 pages, can be obtained at "Nic Tengg's" on Main street, San Antonio, Texas. Price $2, mailed to each address. J1-1md&w

—You can save money by buying winter clothing and underwear from Pancoast & Son. We must have room for our spring goods and will sell cheaper than the cheapest.

Rhodius & Tempsky.

Agents for Hardman, Christi & Co.'s and Young's pianos. jan 21 5t

Cash, Cash.

The highest price paid for all kinds of Household Goods and Furniture at No. 25, southwest corner of Military plaza.
dec 18-tf.

For Sale or Rent.

Lot and store No. 33 Commerce street. For terms apply on the premises to Jas. Callaghan. dec16-tf

Sheep For Sale.

400 Ewes and 200 Muttons. Enquire of Insche & Bilnn, 240 Commerce street.
d29-tf J. F. ROUNTREE.

The Vance House, Castroville,

Is now occupied by Mrs. Lytle, who has a few rooms vacant for boarders. jd-1m

For Sale—Cheap.

Two second-hand buggies, two two-seated and two four-seated phetons, nearly new. Enquire at Deis' livery stable. sept19tf

BURNETT'S COCOAINE,

Unlike all Other Hair Dressings,

Is the best for promoting the growth of and beautifying the hair, and rendering it dark and glossy. The Cocoaine holds, in a liquid form, a large proportion of deodorized cocoanut oil, prepared expressly for this purpose. No other compound possesses the peculiar properties which so exactly suit the various conditions of the human hair.

The superiority of Burnett's Flavoring Extracts consists in their perfect purity and great strength.

The late President Garfield's tomb is still guarded by troops and daily covered with fresh flowers.

Choice Spring Suiting

Already received at Pancoast & Son's.

Interesting to Parties Visiting Laredo.

Deutz & Koehler, tinners and dealers in general hardware, Laredo, Texas, have on hand the celebrated Jackson wagons, a large assortment of stoves, etc., which they offer at San Antonio prices. dec16-3m

Pasturage.

On and after the first day of November next, the undersigned will be prepared to pasture large or small herds of stock on the most advantageous terms to stockmen. Plenty of good grass and water. Pastures are nine miles west of town and enclosed with first-class fence. For particulars and terms apply to
oct 15 tf JAMES V. DONOVERY,
Poppi place, next to Ringelstein's, on Garden street.

LOCAL NOTICES.

—The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by C. Schasse.

—Are you made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by C. Schasse.

—Why will you cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts, 50 cts. and $1. Sold by C. Schasse.

—Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. Sold by C. Schasse.

—"Hackmetack," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by C. Schasse.

—Shiloh's Cure will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping cough and Bronchitis. Sold by C. Schasse.

—For Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by C. Schasse.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic is agreeable to the taste.

Shoes! Shoes!

I have reduced prices on my entire stock of ladies', misses' and boys shoes again; they are marked partly at and partly below cost. My aim is to close them out before January next, and will sell them at a sacrifice. Special attention is called to a line of misses' and boys' school shoes, the best in the market; every pair Philadelphia made and the stamp to show it. Merchants in the country will find this a fine chance to buy good shoes at a figure below the market. A. A. WOLFF.
decl1-tf

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth. If so, go at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is no mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and it is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co., New York.

NOTICE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
CITY OF SAN ANTONIO,
January 25th, 1882.

By authority of the City Council granted in pursuance of an "Ordinance entitled, "An Ordinance Providing for the Construction of Sidewalks, &c.," passed and approved April 9th, 1881, the undersigned will receive proposals until 12 o'clock m. Tuesday, 31st inst., for the construction of the following sidewalks (described), the owners of the property having failed to comply with the notice served on them or their agents to make the same, to-wit:

SOUTH SIDE OF HOUSTON STREET.

West half of Lot 4, block 21; estate of Jno. Mansfield.

NORTH SIDE OF HOUSTON STREET.

Lot No. 8, block 17, estate of William Vance. Lot No. 13, block 17, west half, estate of Ellen Clark. Lot No. 15, block 17, east half, A. Lingsweiler.

EAST SIDE MAIN PLAZA.

Lot No. 3 corner Market street, H. Groneck. Lot No. 4, Mrs. Allen et al. Lot No. 5, estate of Jas. Vance. Lots No. 8 and 9, G. F. Devine.

EAST SIDE ALAMO PLAZA.

Lot south of and adjoining the postoffice, Mrs. P. Gallagher. Lot south and adjoining the above, Mrs. E. A. Stribling. Lot adjoining the above, cor. E. Commerce street, Jose Flores.

SOUTH SIDE COMMERCE STREET.

Lot between property of A. Zork and M. J. Rodriguez, heirs of A. Perez.

SOUTH SIDE MAIN PLAZA.

Lot west half of No. 37, property of J. E. Dwyer.

JAS. H. FRENCH,
Mayor.
HANS L. DEGNER,
Committee on Streets, Bridges, etc.
A. I. LOCKWOOD,
Chairman Public Improvement Committee.

1882.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
D. LANDRETH & SONS,
Garden and Flower Seeds.

L. Huth & Son, 226, 228 and 230 Market street, San Antonio, Dealers and Importers of Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Wood and Willow ware, Paints, Oils, and Brushes, have just received a complete assortment of 1881 crop of Landreth's Seeds. Early Peas, Beans