

FAT STEERS STEADY

NO MATERIAL CHANGE MARKED CLEARANCE OF MODERATE SUPPLY ON OFFER.

PRICES STRONG FOR WEEK

Cows and Heifers Taken at About Steady Prices—Bulls and Calves Firm—Stocks and Cattle Steady.

Cattle receipts today were estimated at 1,000 head, a run above the ordinary for this day of the week. The supply was three times as large as a week ago and the increased marketing today was generally attributed to interrupted train service during the week.

Beef cattle trade has been featured by a broad, vigorous demand and a brisk tone during the greater part of the current week. Undercurrent of the market has manifested considerable strength and prices for practically all classes of steers have stiffened up more or less during the week.

The week brought out more cattle suitable to sell above the \$7.00 line than for some time, quite a little business being done in medium to strong weight steers, \$7.50 to \$8.00, with loads of well-fatted Missouri-fed steers, weighing around 1,400 lbs., making the extreme top for the week, \$7.75.

Local receipts for the week show a gain of 1,000 over last week and an increase of 1,700 head as compared with the corresponding period a year ago.

Choice to prime, \$5.00 to \$5.75; good to choice, \$4.25 to \$5.00; fair to good short-fed, \$3.50 to \$4.25; medium to fair short-fed, \$3.00 to \$3.75; common to medium, \$2.50 to \$3.25.

Dressed Beef and Shipping Steers. No. Av. Price No. Av. Price. 28...1170...8.75 3...1020...8.50

COWS, BULLS AND MIXED. Butcher stock formed a fair percentage of the cattle offered for sale today. It was a fairly satisfactory market all around with prices in substantiality the same notches as yesterday.

Bulls ruled steady and veal firm at recent advances. Receipts of cows and heifers this week have been rather light and a generally good demand has prevailed for all classes.

Feeding Cows and Stock Heifers. No. Av. Price No. Av. Price. 1...580...4.50 1...790...3.75

Packers' Cattle Purchases. Swift & Co., 200; Hammond Packing Co., 200; Morris & Co., 200.

LONG LIFE IN GRAPE PICKING. One Woman of 105, Another 102, Thus Accounts For Their Age.

Stamford, Conn., Jan. 19.—Mrs. Marie Grieka is celebrating her one hundred and fifth birthday at her home here. She has outlived all her children, including her husband, and sixteen children, and is still far from feeble.

HORSE WAS TOO CHEAP. Buyer, an Honest Man, Reports to the Police.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 19.—There is an honest man in Gloucester. He is William Fuller and he lives at No. 826 Broadway. He bought a horse of a man who came along the road. Five dollars was the price.

Heifers. No. Av. Price No. Av. Price. 19mx. 913...6.10 2...970...5.00

HOGS DOWN AGAIN

MARKET CARRIES SLOW TONE AT PRICES 5 TO 10c UNDER YESTERDAY.

CLOSE A FLAT DIME OFF

Quality of Offerings Good—Top of \$6.35 Scored on Best, With Bulk of Sales From \$5.95 to \$6.20.

Buyers held their foot on the soft pedal again today and sellers had to concede cheaper rates to move their holdings. Receipts were moderate in comparison with yesterday's enormous run which proved to be the third largest in the history of the local yards.

The estimate this morning called for 8,000 head and about that many registered with part of the supply reaching the yards late in the forenoon. With reports from outside centers more or less bearish in tone packers here started out bidding a dime lower than yesterday's average level and after dickering a while succeeded in opening the market at a decline of 5 to 10c and closing it on a flat dime lower basis.

Quality of the hogs continues good. Supply today included a comparatively large percentage of good smooth medium and heavy butcher grades and only a moderate showing of common light weights. The top was \$6.35 against \$6.25 yesterday. Low end of the bulk dropped down below the \$5.00 mark.

Pigs sold steady to weak. Good kinds went largely at \$4.75 to \$4.90. Prices ranged from \$3.80 to \$5.35, with the bulk selling at \$5.00 to \$5.25, a week ago at \$6.15 to \$6.35, a month ago at \$5.90 to \$6.20, a year ago at \$7.80 to \$8.50, two years ago at \$8.25 to \$8.55, three years ago at \$8.50 to \$9.15, and four years ago at \$4.45 to \$4.25.

Representative Hog Sales. No. Av. Price No. Av. Price. 65...279...6.35 68...238...6.10

Range of Hog Prices. This Week. Monday...\$5.60 to \$6.45

OTHER LIVE STOCK MARKETS. CHICAGO. CHICAGO Union Stock Yards, Ill., Jan. 19.—The Live Stock World reports: Cattle—Receipts, 4500. Market steady.

KANSAS CITY. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 19.—Special to The Journal: The Drovers' Telegram reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2000. Market slow, choice steady, top \$7.90; other kinds lower; cows and heifers steady to lower; stockers dull; calves steady.

SOUTH OMAHA. SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 19.—Special to The Journal: The Drovers' Telegram reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2300. Market slow, steady to lower.

EAST ST. LOUIS. EAST ST. LOUIS, National Stock Yards, Ill., Jan. 19.—Special to The Journal: The National Live Stock Reporter reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2000. Market steady.

FORT WORTH. FT. WORTH, Tex., Jan. 19.—Special to The Journal: The Daily Live Stock Reporter reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2700. Market steady; top \$6.25.

SHEEP VALUES TOPPLE

PACKERS ENFORCE SHARP DOWNWARD REVISION IN LAMB RATES THIS WEEK.

SLUMP FIGURES 50 TO 75c

Sheep Drop 15 to 35c—Market Closing Dull at Full Extent of the Week's Reduction.

Nothing in the way of fresh supplies arrived at the local yards today, and the day's business was limited to the selling of a few odds and ends of lambs arriving too late for yesterday's market. The sharp decline during the week's business session, was sufficient to hold buyers' interest and clearing of the few holdovers was at prices about steady on the basis of yesterday's decline.

Marketing of sheep and lambs at the five markets during the week shows a slight falling off as compared with last week, but shows an increase over the same week a year ago. A total of 215,500 head as registered at the five markets as compared with 229,000 for the previous week and \$25,000 for the same period a year ago. Locally, the week's total amounts to around 14,975, against 14,017 last week and 10,750 for the same week a year ago.

Today's cash sales: Receipts, 7 cars; corn, 50 cars; oats, 0 car. Wheat. No. 2 red...99 @ 91.00

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS. The following Chicago board of trade quotations are furnished by T. P. Gordon, 1005-1006 New Corby-Borsee Building, St. Joseph, Mo.

WHEAT—100% 100% 90% 100% 100% May...94 1/2 95 1/2 94 1/2 94 1/2 94 1/2

NEAR A RECORD HOG RUN. Total of 19,286 Porkers Disposed of on This Market Yesterday.

Yesterday's receipts of hogs at St. Joseph stock yards were the third largest in the history of the local market. Early estimates of the run called for 17,000 head. Later this was increased to 18,000, but even this failed to measure the extent of the day's marketing, official count showing the arrival of 19,286 head.

CHICAGO. CHICAGO Union Stock Yards, Ill., Jan. 19.—Special to The Journal: The Drovers' Telegram reports: Cattle—Receipts, 4500. Market steady.

KANSAS CITY. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 19.—Special to The Journal: The Drovers' Telegram reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2000. Market slow, choice steady, top \$7.90; other kinds lower; cows and heifers steady to lower; stockers dull; calves steady.

SOUTH OMAHA. SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 19.—Special to The Journal: The Drovers' Telegram reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2300. Market slow, steady to lower.

EAST ST. LOUIS. EAST ST. LOUIS, National Stock Yards, Ill., Jan. 19.—Special to The Journal: The National Live Stock Reporter reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2000. Market steady.

FORT WORTH. FT. WORTH, Tex., Jan. 19.—Special to The Journal: The Daily Live Stock Reporter reports: Cattle—Receipts, 2700. Market steady; top \$6.25.

KANSAS HEARD FROM

W. E. QUAFFE CLAIMS RECORD OF RAISING 112 HOGS FROM THIRTEEN SOWS.

SOWS WERE DUROC JERSEYS

Farrowed 126 Pigs Last Spring But 114 Died—Record All the More Remarkable, As Sows Were Gilts.

The contest for the honor of raising the biggest litter of pigs grows into an exciting story which two weeks ago The Journal printed an interview with a Nebraska farmer who boasted of a record of raising 99 hogs from the litters of thirteen sows. A new letter was received at this office from Fox Butler, of Bethany, Mo., going the Nebraska one better with a record of 90 hogs from eleven sows. Now comes a Kansas. Walter E. Quaffe, of Robinson, with a better showing than that of Mr. Butler, claiming the successful rearing to maturity of 112 hogs from thirteen sows.

According to Mr. Quaffe's statement, thirteen of his herd of Duroc Jersey sows last spring farrowed a total of 126 pigs. Of this number only fourteen head died. The first nine of the sows farrowed produced 88 pigs. "While I am not given to boasting, I consider the production of 112 hogs from thirteen gilts a record to be a little proud of," said Mr. Quaffe. "I do not say it has not been beaten, but if it has I have thus far failed to hear of it. The sows that gave me such excellent results were in just the right condition for breeding purposes. They were given all the good alfalfa hay they wanted, the fourth cutting being used in the ration. I also used some Easterners, or those who are not acquainted with this famous legume, scold at the idea of feeding hogs alfalfa hay, but all they have to do is to read the papers in Kansas and see how hogs will eat it."

As a sure road to prosperity you can't beat a combination of hogs and alfalfa. Where alfalfa can be grown so successfully in Kansas, it can be raised with greater profit than anywhere else. Given the run of an alfalfa patch a hog will make from one-half to two-thirds of his growth in alfalfa alone. It is a sure thing that a single ear of corn and at the minimum expense. Then top him off with a little corn and presto, he is soon ready for a trip to packingtown.

Now I keep sets of farm books and I know almost to a bushel just how much corn I required to fatten this bunch of hogs I had on the market today. By careful calculation, taking into account the growth made on alfalfa and figuring it at a fair rental price of the land, these hogs realize me fully a dollar for every bushel of corn put on them. Talk about not being able to break even on a sixty-cent corn and six dollar hogs—well it can be done out in Kansas, where alfalfa is used for roughness. Of course, there is a risk in doing it but I am inclined to think that if the hog grower would take more precautions in regard to sanitary conditions there would be no whole lot less sickness among the hogs. I never had a sick hog on my place. I Cholera was all around me last fall but none of my hogs became afflicted. They had good, clean quarters, and I never had a where there was disease among the hogs, in the great majority of cases, the animals were allowed to root around old rotten strawstacks, some of them several years old. I would avoid that filthy surroundings. A hog's a hog, as the saying goes, and I wouldn't advise keeping him in the parlor, but there is a possibility that some breeder in the three states already heard from can show even a better pig production record than put forth by Mr. Quaffe.

The load of hogs Mr. Quaffe had on the market yesterday was shipped under the name of W. E. Quaffe & Sons. The other members of the Quaffe firm are Howard, aged six, and Herbert, aged four. They are probably the youngest children ever to take such a live stock transaction on the St. Joseph market. The 73 hogs in the consignment averaged 222 lbs. and sold at \$2.25.

If any hog-raiser can beat Mr. Quaffe's record for big litters of pigs, The Journal would be glad to hear from him, either by mail or through a personal call at his office. \$5 far Nebraska, Missouri and Kansas have put forth claims for record litters in the Union, is yet to hear from in the matter, though there is a possibility that some breeder in the three states already heard from can show even a better pig production record than put forth by Mr. Quaffe.

CHICKEN-STEALING DISEASE. Governor and Pardon Board Say So in Freeing an Offender.

Columbus, O., Jan. 19.—The Ohio Pardon Board and Gov. Harmon have recognized chicken-stealing as a mania amounting to a disease, and after commencing officially on the peculiarities of the ailment, have pardoned George Sheets of Toledo, now serving his eighth year in a fifteen-year term for chicken stealing.

In an effort to aid Sheets in curing himself of his mania, his pardon was conditioned on his promise to avoid evil companions and associates and to marry his brother's widow, who, with seven children, now lives in Toledo. Sheets' sentence was imposed because twice before he had been sentenced for stealing, once for two years for taking chickens, and once for seven for robbery.

WEATHER FORECAST. For Missouri: Increasing cloudiness with light snow tonight or Saturday; rising temperature.

Kansas: Increasing cloudiness with light snow tonight or Saturday; warmer tonight.

Nebraska: Increasing cloudiness with probably light snow flurries tonight and Saturday; warmer east portion tonight.

Iowa: Increasing cloudiness with light snow tonight or Saturday; warmer east portion tonight.

Advertisements in The Journal.

STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL

City Office—Rooms 2 and 3, Rock Island Building, corner Sixth and Edmond streets.

The St. Joseph Journal Publishing Co., Publishers.

W. E. WARRICK, Editor and Manager. Largest Outside Circulation of Any Paper Published in Buchanan County, Mo.

Entered at the Postoffice in St. Joseph, Mo., as second class matter, September 3, 1897.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Daily, per year, \$1.00; Daily, six months, \$0.60; Daily, three months, \$0.35; Daily, one month, \$0.15; Tri-weekly, per year, \$0.50; Semi-weekly, per year, \$0.30; Weekly, per year, \$0.20.

In making change of address, please state your former postoffice. State whether you pay for it, or some live stock commission firm, and if the latter, the name of the firm. Country subscriptions are payable in advance.

Advertising Rates Furnished on Application.

Special 20 per cent commission allowed postmasters, who are authorized to take subscriptions.

AN ECONOMIC NECESSITY.

St. Joseph Gazette: Thirty years ago the refrigeration system as applied to the needs of the larger commercial interests of the country was born; for years it was a puny infant, barely alive, and only during the more recent years has it grown into promise of a long and prodigiously strong and useful maturity.

Without scientific refrigeration purchases would be made wholly upon the narrow margin of day to day supply and demand. Excessively hot weather would bear the market to that extent as to make sales of all perishable products (except in small quantities) impossible until the temperature went low enough to be an insurance against deterioration.

Without scientific refrigeration hundreds of thousands of sales to the ultimate consumer now made would not be made at all for the reason that in the hot season especially the goods would not exist with which to fill orders, or there would be no insurance of quality if the product actually did exist.

Speaking by and large, the art of refrigeration is in its very infancy. It will not be many years until dwellings, including hotels, and many public buildings will be cooled night and day at a cost that will avail the system of those of moderate means and thus make life more tolerable to untold millions.

SUCCESSFUL LIVE STOCK RAISING

Twentieth Century Farmer: The raising of live stock is generally regarded as one of the most successful branches of agriculture. It may be said that there is and always has been an open field in this industry for the ambitious, energetic, pains-taking young man, who will devote his time and best efforts in building up a herd or flock. The raising of live stock has been a success, measurably, under any and all circumstances, when the live stock industry of the whole country is taken into account.

Successful live stock raising means much in these days of strong competition of breeds and skilled breeders of combinations of feeds and improved appliances and conveniences for feeding, of centralized markets and their widespread influence in purchase and sale. The raising of live stock is becoming more and more a business of system and methods. The haphazard, hit or miss-plan of management in live stock raising has about passed in this country. The time has been when capital and ignorance made a reasonably successful combination to embark in the raising

Daddy's Bedtime Story

Elf Shilly Shally Gets the Children Into Much Trouble



Elf Shilly Shally Was Never Hurried

"THE elves that come about this house do not always please me," remarked daddy severely. He glanced across at the corner where Evelyn was bending over her doll. The clock hand was pointing to bedtime, and Evelyn knew it, but she was so busy trying on dolly's pretty dresses that she pretended not to notice. At the mention of elves she looked up, and Jack dropped his book.

"There's one little elf I've noticed too much lately, and his name is Shilly Shally. I wish he would go back home to Elf Land."

"I can't just recall when I first noticed him about the house, but he has been here a good while."

"Shilly Shally is not an elf that I care for. They don't seem to want him in Elf Land, for they send him around to board most anywhere they will take him."

"In the houses where Shilly Shally makes himself at home things generally go to sixes and sevens. Nothing is ever in its place, although somebody is always 'going to' put things in order soon."

"The children are most always late to school or late to any place they go. They scarcely ever know their lessons well. They are always just 'going to learn them.' Shilly Shally takes care of that. It is fun for him to get the children in trouble."

"Shilly Shally has a twin brother that's exactly different. His name is Just Now. He is always smiling and ready to do anything he is told or that needs to be done. Just Now is one of the best liked elves in Elf Land. The elf queen is very fond and proud of him."

"Just Now never goes to houses where Shilly Shally lives. He is too ashamed of him and his dawning ways."

"When Just Now is asked to come and live in a place the first thing he does is to chase Shilly Shally upstairs and down and around the house and out into the garden until he gets him started straight and sure for some place else. And if Shilly Shally ever comes sneaking back to see if just perhaps there may not be a chance for him to come in again and go to roost in the cozy corner by the fire Just Now is after him hammer and tongs until he gets him to stay away for good and all."

"And, oh, my, it is a peaceful and pleasant place the house where Just Now lives! Seems to me Shilly Shally has been living in our house just quite long enough. Couldn't we pack him off and ask Just Now to come and stay with us for a spell anyway?"

And Jack and Evelyn nodded as very wearily they climbed the stairs to bed.

of live stock in the west. The business is now demanding more knowledge and closer attention. Education in the details of management, skill in the principles of breeding and judgment in the matter of purchase and sale are essentials that will mark the successful live stock raiser of the future.

One of the most potent causes of failure in achieving a high degree of success in the raising of live stock is lack of care. Successful stock raising is accompanied with care and attention of animals. This is the essential principle and must be in the foundation, it must be the cornerstone of the business. Care, constant care, and attention to the little details of the herd management, must be drilled into the mind of every one who is intrusted in any relation with the stock. It is one thing to have the blood, breeding, individuality in high standard type of animal, but it is an entirely different thing to perfect this animal to the highest degree of excellence in feed and care. The skilled breeder and skilled feeder are qualities that must be in the man.

Improved breeds and pedigreed animals of high individual merit have been made so largely by care, attention and feed. Careful selection of breeding stock is an important factor in all live stock raising enterprises, but this alone will fail if the animals receive no attention in feed and care. As success follows the breeder of improved stock with his care, feed, attention to breeding, etc., so will success follow like efforts bestowed upon the common stock of the farm or ranch.

This is a good season of the year to commence improvement in your live stock operations. You now have the mothers and their young needing care, feed and constant attention. Commence with improved system and methods of care in the handling of the stock on the farm. It will pay to give up the old, careless ways and adopt newer and better ones. Try increasing the live stock values on the farm and ranch by giving the animals better care. There are degrees in successful live stock raising, commencing with a very low per cent of profit and on an ascending scale they develop into whatever the effort of the manager directs in his ability to manage.

THE BALANCE OF NATURE.

Birds Serve a Valuable Purpose in the Economy of Nature. New York Tribune: The report of the really extraordinary achievements of the Audubon Society in protecting bird life and promoting its restoration and multiplication will be received with widespread gratification. Many will be glad simply because they disapprove the destruction of living things and particularly detest the cruelty which often is attendant upon bird slaughter. Others will rejoice because they love birds for their beauty of form and color, the grace of their movement and the music of their song. Still others, who care less for these things, will be gratified on the practical and utilitarian ground that birds serve valuable purposes in the economy of nature and should therefore be preserved in order that those purposes may be fulfilled and that the balance may be kept true among the different elements of the world.

This latter thought is worthy of more than passing attention, and of more than it commonly receives, in respect of other things than birds, but certainly in respect to them. The vital need of true balance among the constituents of air and water, of soil, of food and what not else is recognized and incited. Similar regard had to the proper balance of animals

in education and of industries in the development of a community or state. The man of one idea, the farmer with one crop, the state with one industry, are looked upon unfavorably as not well fitted to endure emergencies and vicissitudes. It should not require a dizzy flight of imagination to perceive the apt application of the same principle to the world of nature. Indeed, this is already in a measure perceived. The ideal territory must be variegated, with due proportions of hill and plain, of land and water, of open field and forest. Then if this principle applies to topography and to flora it may reasonably be supposed to apply to fauna as well, and in fact, to some degree, it is perfectly well known that certain insects, as earth worms and bees, perform labors which are quite indispensable to the fertility of the land and the prosperity of its occupants. Also it is known that some are necessary for the destruction of others of a noxious character. So with birds. The almost instinctive desire to exterminate injurious insects which they destroy suggests the plague of insect life which would afflict the world were they destroyed or greatly reduced in number, and until we can and some other method of keeping the insects within bounds it is economically incumbent upon us, for our own good, to let nature maintain the balance with birds.

BIRDS TAKING DOGS' PLACES

Smart London Woman Takes Bantam Rooster to Dine With Her.

London, Jan. 18.—There is once more a craze among society people for strange pets, and the Pekingese dogs that were so fashionable not long ago are ceasing to please the ultramodern women.

While luncheon at a West End restaurant a woman entered with a little black bantam rooster nesting in her arms. The bird perched on her knee while she removed her gloves and saucers, and afterwards received crumbs of sugar from her hands. "Chickie!" she called him, and he sleeps at night perched on the rail of his mistress's bed, and joins the family at breakfast each morning.

DESTRUCTION OF RATS.

The following method for the destruction of rats, adopted by M. de Kruff of the Agricultural Bureau of the Dutch Indies at Batavia, Java, is given in a recent consular report. All visible rat holes were first stopped with earth to ascertain which holes were inhabited. Half a teaspoonful of carbon bisulphide was poured in each of the holes found to be inhabited, and after a delay of a few seconds to allow the liquid to evaporate, the mixture of vapor and air was ignited. The result was a small explosion, which filled the hole with poisonous gases and killed all the rats almost instantly. A pound of bisulphide is sufficient for more than 200 rat holes; 131 dead rats were found in 43 holes which were stopped after the operation. It is further stated that satisfactory results are exterminating porcupines have been obtained by this method.

AMERICAN FRUITS ABROAD

Apples Raised Here for English, Scotch and Dutch Markets. Liverpool, England, Jan. 12.—According to consular reports, Scotland is not an apple growing country, owing to adverse climatic conditions. Neither in quantity or quality is the domestic production a factor in the market, the long established houses that dominate the trade drawing practically the whole of their supplies from abroad, principally from the United States and Canada. The apples handled by wholesale firms here are largely bought at the auction marts in the leading English port for the importation of American and Canadian apples. These include those grown in the state of Washington, large imports of which have met with great favor, especially for the better varieties, such as Newtown Pippins, Spitzenburgs, Rome Beauties, Winesaps and other similar grades. However, this district takes the Newtown Pippins in preference to any other variety, as in ordinary seasons large quantities of red fruit grown east of the Mississippi are received; this, with the low rate of exchange, stated by the trade to effect the sale of Pacific coast fruit, more particularly of the lower quantities, such as Ben Davis.

The principal fruits marketed in Holland are apples, pears, peaches, apricots, grapes, cherries and strawberries, all of which are grown locally or imported from abroad. Besides all sorts of tropical and semi-tropical fruits are consumed here. The local crop is usually brought to market at Amsterdam in canal boats, either in bulk or in boxes. Sometimes, however, when intended for export, it is sold on the tree, brokers usually coming between the producer and retailer. Fruit is grown in orchards closely planted and the open spaces devoted to truck gardening. Picking is done by hand by men, women and children.

GETS MICROSCOPIC CHECK

Man Owning Fraction of a Share Seeks Computing Machine.

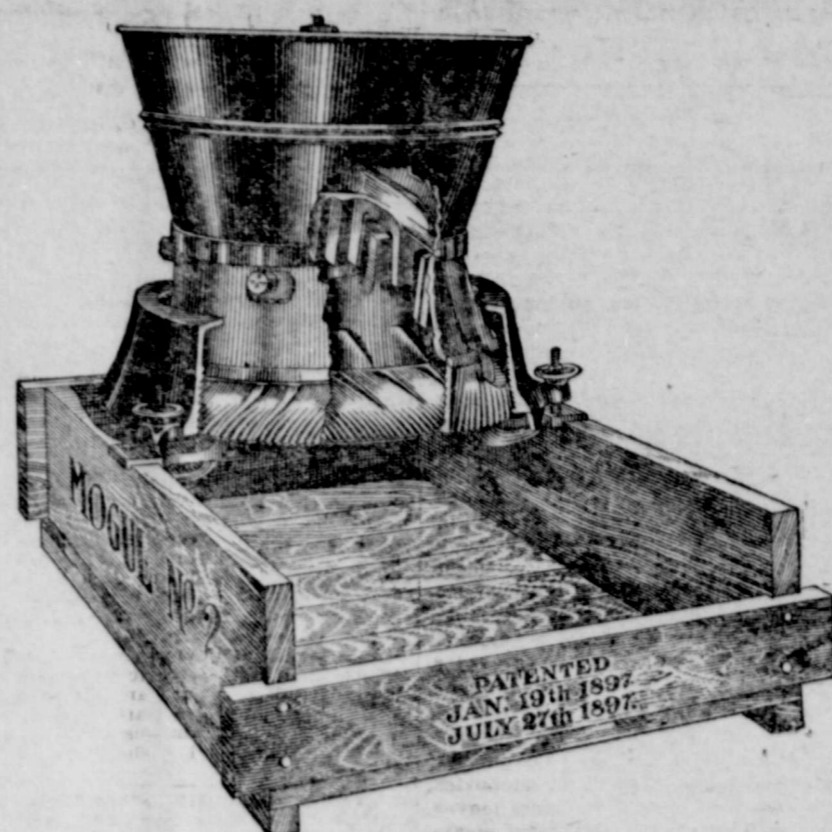
New York, Jan. 18.—They ought to send a computing machine to every stockholder, said a sad former owner of Standard Oil stock. He referred to his individual share of the quarterly dividend of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal Company, consolidated. The factoring company, consolidated. The company's fiscal agent, the National City Bank, sent out checks for 3 cents for an infinitesimal fraction of one share. The other day the Galena Signal Oil Company sent out 4-cent checks. All the thirty-five transfer offices of the companies will pay dividends on fractions of shares.

Some Success.

"Did you find the promoter of that get-rich-quick concern?" asked one detective. "Yes," replied the other. "Arrested him?" "No, not yet. He's a mighty ready and convincing man. But I managed to avoid buying any stock from him."

Last Resort.

Matrimonial Agent—Yes, sir, I think we can suit you perfectly. Ah—our preliminary fee is five guineas. The Client—Five guineas? My dear laddie, don't be farical. My ever should I want to marry if I possessed all that money?—London Opinion.



THE BOVEE FOUR-BURR GRINDER

The above illustration shows in detail the reason why the Mogul is so effective as a grinder. It has in addition to the crusher, four burrs so arranged that the grain graduates from the coarsest to the finer ones and is ground to a degree of fineness that may be adjusted to suit the requirements. The Mogul not only grinds fine or coarse as may be required, but it is an absolutely durable grinder from every point of view. Its simplicity commends it, as there is nothing to get out of order. The Mogul has been advertised in these columns for a great many years and it has never come to the notice of this paper that a single one of them failed to please customers. It is sold direct to farmers at a remarkably low price. A big illustrated catalog describing this and other styles of grinders may be had by writing to the Bovee Grinder and Furnace Works, Waterloo, Iowa. See advertisement.

EXCHANGE DIRECTORY.

Following is a list of the commission firms and stock cattle dealers engaged in business at the St. Joseph stock yards:

- Commission Firms. Butler, James H., rooms 337-38. Byers Bros. & Co., rooms 292-294. Clay, Robinson & Co., rooms 329-33. Crider Bros. & Co., rooms 303-307. Daily, C. M. & Co., rooms 317-19. Davis & Son, rooms 295-17. Drinfard, Emmert & Co., rooms 309-15. Emmert Com. Co., rooms 302-4. Kansas City Live Stock Com. Co., rooms 232-32. Knollin Sheep Commission Co., rooms 219-23. Lee Live Stock Commission Co., rooms 219-15. Missouri Live Stock Com. Co., rooms 201-203. National Live Stock Com. Co., rooms 331-40. Nicholas, Blanchard & Gilchrist, rooms 326-25. Prey Bros. & Cooper, rooms 318-22. Stewart & Co., rooms 226-25. St. Joseph Live Stock Com. Co., rooms 212-14. Shay, R. O., Commission Co., rooms 205-207. Wood Live Stock Com. Co., rooms 212-14.

Officers of Exchange. The officers of the St. Joseph Live Stock Exchange are as follows: President, A. E. Daily, vice-president, W. True Davis, secretary, E. F. Erwin. The board of directors is composed of A. H. Baker, M. W. Wyatt, J. G. Adams, L. E. Cooper, M. F. Blanchard, R. G. Denham and M. K. Stewart.

Stock Cattle Brokers.

- Alkins, J. V. & Co., room 331. Adcock, George, room 302. Baker, Joseph, & Son, room 219. Baker, James, room 315. Dawson & Reynolds, room 291. Gillette, M. H., room 318. Maxwell, Spayde & Co., rooms 205-8. Morlock, W. H., rooms 234-25. Milby, John, room 219. Roundtree, W. R., room 316. Rockwood, Geo., room 314. Timmerman, W. O. Stock, James. Wright, Perry. Sheep Dealers. Lyon, J. E., room 219. Order Buyers. Morlock, W. H., rooms 236-24. Maxwell, Spayde & Co., rooms 206-8.

Good Lumber Cheap No Money Down Shipped on Approval

Here are money saving prices on quality lumber: 2x6 12 to 16 ft. No. 1 Yellow Pine, \$14 per thousand; 6x6 12 to 16 ft. No. 1 Yellow Pine, \$17.50 per thousand; Sound Yellow Pine Shiplap or boards, 14.50 per thousand; Extra Star-A-Star Red Cedar Shingles, 1.65 per thousand. All f. o. b. mill prices.

You See the Lumber Before You Pay a Cent Any price that any Lumber, Millwork or Building Material house can name you, we can duplicate—and in many cases do better.

FARMER'S LUMBER CO. 2402 Boyd St., Omaha, Neb. The manufacture of paint brushes and hair pencils is an important industry in Nuremberg and its vicinity. It gives employment to about 3,000 men, women and children, 2,300 of whom are employed in the factories in Nuremberg and 700 in the smaller factories in nearby villages.



If Your Neighbor Has Electric Light

and you have not, just step into his house some evening and ask him if he would now tolerate any other kind of lighting in his home. You'll feel the same way about it after you have once tried electric lighting.

Find out from us how easily your house can be wired. See the new Edison Mazda Lamps that give twice as much light as ordinary electric lamps that use the same current. New Edison Mazda Lamps are strong enough for all ordinary usage, being many times stronger than the old tungsten lamps.

St. Joseph Railway, Light, Heat & Power Co., Sales Dept. 424-426 Edmond.

AMERICAN FENCE ORIGINAL & GENUINE FENCE & GATES

FARMS fenced with steel have practically no waste. Corn, fed to the lard hog; barley fed to the bacon hog—hogs that are grown the country over—bring dollars from packer and butcher. Double your pork production without increasing the cost. Use alfalfa, clover, peas, root crops, all raw products of the farm. A liberal equipment of woven wire fence allows the hogs gradually to clean up field after field, adding to their weight without effort and without price. See the nearest dealer in American Fence.

AMERICAN FENCE is made of large, stiff wires, galvanized heavily, having the American hinged joint (patented), a fabric most flexible and wear-resisting. Square mesh fence of weight, strength and durability—three great needs in farm fences. Dealers in Every Place where farm supplies are sold. Shipped to them direct from mills in carload lots, saving freight charges and enabling dealers to sell at lowest prices, giving buyer the benefit.

One Full Quart 100 Proof STRAIGHT WHISKEY FREE One Full Quart Fine California Wine Also Glass and Corkscrew. THIS IS OUR OFFER: 4 Full Quarts OLD STAVE, \$3.75 ALL FOR (Five Whiskeys) 1 Full Qt. 130 Proof, Straight Whiskey, 1.25 \$3.75 1 Full Quart Fine California Wine, .50 FREIGHT PAID Regular Price, \$5.50 TAKE US UP ON THIS OFFER TODAY

C. F. Rock Plumbing & Heating Co. MODERN PLUMBING, STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING Telephone 890. 115 North Third Street

Soft Corn

The country is full of soft corn which will not grade and must be fed on the farm. Fed alone in large quantities it is positively injurious to hogs producing digestive disorders, sickness and slow gains. Soft Corn may be liberally fed with safety and profit

with **Swift's Digester Tankage** to balance the ration and keep the hog's digestion in prime condition.

For free sample and prices write **Swift & Company Chicago**

Kansas City Omaha St. Joseph
St. Louis St. Paul Fort Worth



MISTLETOE
Sold by **Hammond Packing Co.**
St. Joseph - - Mo.

SHAMROCK WHISKY DISTILLED FOR MEDICINAL USE
10 YEARS OLD ABSOLUTELY PURE
M. J. SHERIDAN, PROPRIETOR, ST. JOSEPH, MO.
Importers and Dealers in Wines and Liquors
Established 1878.

Shamrock Whisky, Jugs or bottles, \$4.00
Tennessee Whisky, Jugs or bottles, \$4.00
Maryland Key, Jugs or bottles, \$3.00
Tennessee White Corn Whisky, \$3.00
Old Anderson Whisky, \$3.00
Kentucky Bourbon Whisky, \$3.25
Holland Gin, Jugs or bottles, \$1.00 to \$4.00
Brandy, grape, apple, peach, \$1.00 to \$4.00
Port Wine, \$1.25, \$2.00, 2.00, 3.00 and 4.00
Sherry Wine, \$1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 3.00 and 4.00
Angelic Wine, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.50 and \$2.00
THIS IS AN OLD RESPONSIBLE HOUSE
Mail orders shipped promptly. Remit with order. We carry everything in the Wine and Liquor order. Price list mailed on application. Address: M. J. SHERIDAN, 222 South Sixth Street, St. Joseph, Mo.

The BEST imported stallions, \$1,000
Home-bred draft stallions, \$500 to \$600
All-horn swaragated sound and sure breeders.
References: Any bank in Osceola.
HART BROS., Osceola, Iowa

CANCER
and tumor can be cured without a surgical operation or burning plaster. We have successfully treated these diseases for the past twenty years. Operative, hospital, well equipped sanitarium. Hundreds of satisfied patients. Prices reasonable. Write for FREE BOOK. Address: **MISSOURI VALLEY SANITARIUM, ATCHISON, KANSAS**

OIL AND COTTON SEED MEAL
Bran, shorts and tankage in car lots or less. Write for prices.
A. W. WAGNER, Omaha, Neb.

Sure Thing.
Sparkle—Your sister is wearing one of Miss Pinkie's rings. I wish you'd get it for me. I want to take the measure. Going to buy an engagement ring, you know.
Barkle—Eh? Has Miss Pinkie accepted you?
Sparkle—She will, when I propose. Last night she asked me how I liked her mother?—New York Weekly.

BUILDING UP A NEW WORD

Science Responsible for More Built-Up Words Than Classic English Ever Dreamed Of.

"Esophagoscopia" is one of the newest words which the scientist of necessity has coined. As science has progressed in its many lines, it has been responsible for more "built-up" terms than classic English could have dreamed of.

Take this new word, "esophagoscopia." It is a combination of the noun "esophagus," meaning the channel through which the food from the mouth reaches the stomach, while the last two syllables are made of "scope"—as used in telescope, microscope, spectroscope. Thus the combination suggests a way and means for allowing the surgeon to look down the esophagus in search of foreign obstructions or of injuries to the organ.

One of the leading physicians of St. Paul has been gathering statistics showing the enormous number and variety of foreign substances that are swallowed by persons of all ages and which often result fatally. He says that in almost any case of the kind a pin, needle, button, bone and even teeth plates are swallowed and in the beginning may be little more than an unpleasantness. Here is the opportunity for using the esophagoscope. Before the sharp substance has a chance to perforate the esophagus the combined mirror and electric light may be inserted, the object seen and removed without harm. If the obstruction be left, however, it starts irritation, becomes a festering wound, which almost invariably will cause death.

BOY WILL MAKE DIPLOMAT

Clever Ruse by Which Youth Gets Rid of an Unwelcome Guest.

Paul McGregor loves to have his mother tell him stories. Also he likes to have his young friends come and share the stories. Sometimes it happens that a boy who is persona non grata with Paul will drop in for a sit-in and then the host grows restive. The stories, he stoutly tells his mother, are for him and his friends only. The presence of others spoils the recital.

It was on a recent evening, in the midst of a fairy tale, that a kid for whom Paul entertains no friendship, dropped in with the others, and immediately Paul sniffed. Then he spoke up, interrupting the tale, saying, "Billie Wilke ain't got no sore on his hand."

"Yes, he has, too," rejoined the unwelcome boy. "I seen him only today."

"Don't care," said Paul, stolidly. "Billie Wilke ain't got no sore on his hand."

Again the other boy denied it, but Paul kept right on reasserting the statement.

"I'll just go and see," finally said the other boy. "I seen him today and I'm just going to prove Billy Wilke has a sore on his hand."

After he had gone, Paul, turning to his astonished mother, said, "I knew I'd not hit him to go. Please go on with the story, mother."

Some day Paul McGregor may sit in the seat of the mighty if diplomacy is a factor in the game.—Cleveland Leader.

Slang in Court.

Slang has at last compelled the court to take judicial notice of it. An employe in talking to his foreman referred to a belt he was compelled to use, which had a loose lap, as "rotten," and the court, on appeal from a judgment for damages for an injury resulting from the breaking of the belt (Hortman vs. Staver Carriage company, 153 Ill. App. 130), refused to hold that he meant "decayed," and said:

"We will take notice of slang phrases which obtain in this times in all walks of life, and not do violence to apparent intention by indulging in a literal interpretation of the words used, when such interpretation would do violence to the plain meaning intended by the words when taken in the connection in which they were used. In stigmatizing the belt as 'rotten' plaintiff plainly intended to convey the idea that it was his opinion that the loose lap was a menace and danger to himself.—West Publishing Company's Docket.

But Bristow Didn't Want To.

At the Country club luncheon to President Taft at Hutchinson one of the guests desired to secure a valuable souvenir of the occasion. So he got a piece of writing paper and asked each of the principal guests to write a line of sentiment and sign it.

President Taft led off with an observation on golf and signed it. Other guests followed suit. When the paper reached Senator Bristow he scratched his head a moment, and remarked, "Oh, what shall I say?"

"Say any old thing," put in Senator Emerson Carey of Reno. "Just write 'I am for Taft.'"

As quick as a flash President Taft turned toward Bristow and said significantly: "If you want to."—Kansas City Journal.

Modernized Axiom.
"Experience," said the ready-made philosopher, "is the best teacher."
"Yes," replied the man who has had troubles with Wall street, "but you're so liable to go broke paying the first installment on tuition."

COLD STORAGE AS RESERVOIR

Idea of the Large Field Occupied by Business Shown in Commodities Stored.

A somewhat intelligent idea of the large field occupied by the cold storage business can be gained from the following commodities stored in a Boston warehouse: Poultry, oysters, apples, berries, dates, evaporated apples, spinach, lettuce, squash, butter, flour, peanuts, bulbs, fruit juices, apple waste, preserves, maple sirup, skins, leeks, crabs, buckwheat, ham, sauerkraut, caviare, pickled fish, holly, pineapples, string beans, sponges, pickled meats, game, fresh meats, California fruits, prunes, citron, confectionery, potatoes, turnips, parsnips, cheese, cereals, beer, condensed milk, yarn, cider, salad dressing, maple sugar, furs, shrimps, lobsters, chestnuts, hops, sausage, casings, cherries, dried fish, smilax leaves, radishes, sweetbread, candied fruits, smoked meats, fresh fish, oranges, cranberries, raisins, apricots, currants, beans, carrots, onions, horseradish, eggs, rice, ferns, canned goods, gutta serena, pickles, oleomargarine, oils, parsley, scallions, honey, cream, lard, anchovies, smoked fish, egg plant, laurel leaves, rhubarb, olive oil, wines, dried meats, fish for bait, lemons, grapes, figs, evaporated peaches, nuts, peas, cabbage, melons, provisions, macaroni, plants, sirups, asparagus, jellies, cauliflower, grape fruit, woodens, shallots, clams, bananas, mushrooms, olives and herbs.

BIG MOUNTAIN OF MONEY

Philadelphia Sporting Man Couldn't Sleep With His Roll Under the Pillow.

Mrs. "Gus" Rublin, the eloquent and energetic convert to the suffragist cause, said in a recent address in Brooklyn:

"The sporting man, too, would be better off if his wife had a vote—if she had more say in affairs of state, and in home affairs as well.

"What wife, if she had more say, would approve of the senseless way the sporting man flaunts his money? What is the good of carrying a roll of twenties as big as a horse collar? Nobody but the sporting man dreams of doing such a thing, but he—"

Mrs. Rublin made a hopeless gesture. Then she went on:

"There's a Philadelphia sporting man who is famous for the roll he always carries. My husband said to him one night:

"I suppose, in strange hotels, you always put your roll under your pillow, eh?"

"No; oh, no," said the Philadelphia. "I couldn't sleep with my head so high."

Bees in Traveler's Pocket.

L. F. Crathorne of Kanopolis, Kan., is the first man in several months to come through the depot carrying a whole hive of real live bees. In addition to the several hundred bees in a portable hive Mr. Crathorne carried an extra queen bee in his pocket, enclosed in a small contrivance of wire and wood that also contained a piece of candy and two ordinary working bees. The working bees were there to feed the candy to the queen. Queen bees won't feed themselves, Mr. Crathorne said. The only things they do are lay eggs, lead revolutions and get killed.

Mr. Crathorne said he had no difficulty handling bees without gloves or netting and that the small swelling under his right eye represented the only sting he received last night after sorting out three hives at twilight, the time when bees are most irritable.—Kansas City Star.

Education Outside of Books.

Actual travel, and the seeing of rare objects in nature and art, are gradually taking the place of book study," declares a prominent official of the New York Metropolitan Museum of Art, in pointing out the important part which that institution plays in the school life of the community. The Brooklyn Institute bulletins tell the same story. In fact, there is not today a museum of any importance, either of art or of science, in all the country, that is not offering inducements to teachers to make use of its collections. The teachers are not slow in taking the opportunity, and the galleries become a place of recreation and painless instruction for the children. It is the tendency of the age, in all directions.

Boy Fought an Eagle.

Elmer Peterson, fifteen years old, and living four miles west of Little Falls, Minn., had a hard battle with a large eagle and was saved from serious injury only by the timely arrival of a brother.

The boy had shot the bird, which was in a tree. The eagle flew to the ground and immediately went at the boy with its talons. The bird's claws became fastened in the boy's clothing and the lad was unable to free himself. Elmer was badly frightened and his strength was giving out when his brother arrived and killed the eagle with a club.

The bird measured five feet across the wings.

Nothing to Do With the Case.

"I suppose you can give references," said the woman.

"I can. Everybody I ever worked for says I sure know how to cook."

"But as to your character?"

"I never let my character interfere with my cooking, mum, so I don't see as that's any concern of yours."

TO REVOLUTIONIZE FARMING

Provision for Agricultural Extension Work in Lever Bill.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Provision for general agricultural extension work by which it is sought to revolutionize farming throughout the country, is made in a bill introduced in the house by Representative Lever of South Carolina, and in the senate by Senator Smith of Georgia.

The bill contemplates the carrying on of this extension work through agricultural schools by instruction and demonstration not only in agriculture, but in home economies and rural affairs generally through field demonstrations, publications and otherwise. By this means it is sought by first hand presentation to popularize scientific agriculture.

To carry on this work an initial appropriation of \$500,000 is asked in the bill for the first fiscal year, the amount to be increased each year for nine years by an additional sum of \$300,000 over the preceding year and the annual sum to be paid thereafter until the states assenting to the provisions of the act is to be \$3,980,000.

The movement which the proposed legislation would advance has the endorsement of senators and representatives irrespective of party affiliations as well as the unanimous endorsement of the agricultural colleges of the country.

NEED MANURE SPREADER.

With better dairying in the western country comes the greater need for the manure spreader and after the graded peaches, richer fields and bigger crops. After increased crops come more cows to dispose of the increased crops come more cows to dispose of the increased crop and then the rotation is gone though with again but it all begins with the dairying.

Ten years ago the socialists in England numbered only 70,000. It is now said they have one voter in every six.

GRAIN

We supply grain from Nebraska to you at lowest possible prices. We will treat you right. Also handle grain to Omaha on consignment. Write to us for anything in the line. References: Duns or Bradstreet. The Nordstrom-Richter Grain Co., Omaha, Neb.



PROTECT YOUR CATTLE FROM BLACKLEG
Take No Chances. Blacklegoids are Simplest, Safest and Surest Preventive.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. WRITE FOR FREE CIRCULARS.
PARKE, DAVIS & COMPANY
DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY, DETROIT, MICH., U.S.A.

ANTI-FRICTION FOUR-BURR MILLS

DOUBLE THE CAPACITY OF GEARED MILLS



ANTI-FRICTION FOUR-BURR MILL

IMPORTED PERCHERON HORSES

None but the best handled by us. All our horses are imported direct from France—no home-bred, short-bred scrubs. Our prices as low as anyone, quality considered. Guarantee and insurance the very best.

No importing firm west of the Mississippi River has ever equalled our winnings at the four greatest horse shows of the southwest in 1911. Imported from St. Joseph, Kansas and Missouri State Fairs, and American Royal, Kansas City. Visit our stables. All stock yards cars pass our barns.
PERCHERON IMPORTING CO., 60TH ST. JOSEPH, MO.
CHAS. R. KIRK, Mgr.

G. H. FURBECK T. C. HURT

Visit Our Display at Merchants' Exhibit Building at Stock Yards
FURBECK & HURT Manufacturers of **ASBESTOS AND MAGNESIA PRODUCTS**
High and low pressure Steam and Water Packings, Daniels' P. P. Rod and Rods, Sheet Packings, Mineral Wool HairFelt, Wastes, All Kinds of Building Paper, Kynsone Hair Insulator for Sound, Heat and Cold; Hoses, Boiling, Milk, Cat and wire lacing the roof, cold water valves; kearsarge boiler gaskets.
520-22 South Eighth St. Boston Building, Phone Main 728
St. Joseph, Missouri.

EMMETT F. COOK, M. D.

SPECIALIST IN **CHRONIC DISEASES OF MEN AND WOMEN**
LONG BLDG., 710 FLEX ST., ST. JOSEPH, MO. Call or Write

Lightning Pileless Scales

New Patent Solid Channel Steel Frame
Channels are seven inches which is the height of platform from ground. Lower are placed in shape giving greater strength. Bearing are Treated. This Scale will set in a time with ordinary care. Equipped with compound beam Free. Furnished absolutely complete except platform planks. Guaranteed accurate and tested to more than its capacity. Write for prices and description before buying.
KANSAS CITY HAY PRESS CO., 500 Mill St. Kansas City, Mo.

Piles

FISTULA—Pay When CURED
All Rectal Diseases cured without a surgical operation. No Chloroform, Ether or other general anesthetic used. **CURE GUARANTEED** to last a LIFE-TIME. **60% EXAMINATION FREE.**
WRITE FOR BOOK ON PILES AND RECTAL DISEASES WITH TESTIMONIALS
DR. E. R. TARRY, 224 Bee Building, Omaha, Nebraska

DENTISTS



DUTTON WAY
Saves Teeth, Pain and Money
It will pay you to learn more about this way which so many praise so highly.

DUTTON BROS., DENTISTS
412-414 F. SIX STREET
Retail Merchants' Association Robbery Our Patients' Railroad Fares.

DON'T PLANT OLD CORN

or weak, wormy, frozen seed.
ARMSTRONG CORN will grow. 95 bus. per acre Ia. Agr. College; 75 bus. Kans.; 70 bus. Missouri; 75 bus. Illinois. In Fremont 5. Dak.; 24 acres, 1900 bus. Wis.; 110 acres \$749 bus. Iowa. Success in Nebraska.
Don't Risk Poor Seed.
Descriptive Seed Corn Bulletin free.
J. B. ARMSTRONG, Box 25, SHENANDOAH, IOWA

ANTISEPTIC TEAT OPENER

Easy to Adjust. No Danger. No Inflammation. No more hard milking need to be killed. Helps sprinklers. Saves time and sore hands. Makes a hard milker easy. Half your herd require them. First year it improves the cow or money returned. **\$1.00 Buys a Dozen.**
DE. J. H. DWIGHT, DES MOINES, IA.
514 Walnut Street.

SHIP US YOUR HIDES

WOOL, TALLOW, PELTS and FURS and receive the highest market price. Write for price list.
BEATRICE HIDE CO.
Home Phone Black 79.
113 Court St. BEATRICE, NEB.

MEN

of ideas, who have some inventive ability please write **GREELEY & McINTIRE**, Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C.

Subscribe for The Journal

Classified Real Estate Advertising

1 cent per word first insertion; 1/2 cent per word each subsequent insertion. Cash, money order or check must accompany the order. Write for sample copies of THE STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL.

KANSAS
Send postal card and get our new list before you buy farm; all perfect listings; it is free. **Prallie Bros. Realty Co., Bremen, Kansas.**

Chance for Excellent Investment in Northwest Missouri

I own some property that I want to sell. Somebody wants it. 200 acres of farm land in good condition, good buildings, good water, all hog-tight fence, land rolling but not rough, one of the most desirable farms for sale in Atchison county, Missouri, located 1 mile west of the limits of the town of Tarkio. Tarkio has a population of 2500, good public school, high school and college. My residence in Tarkio is also for sale; 9 rooms, modern, city water, electric lights, steam heat and bath, 2 lots, barn etc. Also 4 of the best vacant building lots in Tarkio. Other business my reason for selling. For price and terms, address

R. E. GOWDY Box 456. TARKIO, MO.



KANSAS CITY HAY AND GRAIN.

The following quotations are furnished daily by the Kansas City Receivers and Shippers association for the benefit of Stock Yards Daily Journal readers and advertisements following are reliable Kansas City hay and grain merchants who solicit your consignments or orders:

Timothy—Choice, \$21.00 to \$22.00; No. 1, \$19.00 to \$20.50; No. 2, \$17.00 to \$18.50; No. 3, \$14 to \$15.50.
Clover—Choice, \$15.00 to \$17.00; No. 1, \$13.00 to \$14.50; No. 2, \$12.00 to \$14.00; No. 3, \$11 to \$12.
Prairie—Choice, \$14.50 to \$15.00; No. 1, \$13.50 to \$14.50; No. 2, \$12.50 to \$13.50; No. 3, \$11 to \$12.
Alfalfa—Choice, \$19.00 to \$20.00; No. 1, \$18.00 to \$19.00; No. 2, \$16.00 to \$17.00; No. 3, \$13 to \$15.50.
Fencing hay—\$5.00 to \$7.00.
Lowland prairie—No. 1, \$10 to \$12; No. 2, \$8 to \$9.50.
Straw—\$6 to \$7.

WE WANT HAY

Write us what you have. Will inspect and buy on your track or handle on a commission.
BRUCE & DYER,
730 Live Stock Exchange Bldg. STOCK YARDS ST., KANSAS CITY, MO.

CLASSIFIED BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Reliable Professional Men and Business Institutions Who Want the Trade of Readers of The Stock Yards Daily Journal.

J. C. HEDEBERG

413 Francis St., St. Joseph, Mo. Telephone 357.
Abstract of Title of the city of St. Joseph and Buchanan County.

PRINTING

Combe Printing Company
St. Joseph, Mo.
Stockmen's Stationery, Bank Outfitters and Lithographers. A complete stock of Type-writers, factory rebuilt—low prices. Send for our catalogue.

INSURANCE

LAURENCE O. WEARLEY
212-213 Corby-Forsce Bldg. St. Joseph, Missouri. In-Office Phone, Old. Best sures in 799. Residence best companies. Fire, Old. Life, Fire, Acc. dent, health, automobile bicycle, liability, burglary, plate glass and surety bonds.

RESTAURANT'S

Freeman's Cafe
Fifth and Edmond
Open All Night.
After Theater Parties Served in a Carte.
Tables Reserved for Ladies

Hilgert's Cafe

THE "STAG"
The Finest la Carte Meals.
Best Cuisine. **WAGNER**
M. Hilgert, Prop. 207 So. 6th St. Stockmen make this your headquarters when in St. Joseph. This paper on file daily.

ROBES AND COATS

DO YOU KNOW CAN HAVE
Elegant Robes and Coats
Made from your Horse and Cattle Hides by the
LINCOLN TANNERY Lincoln, Neb. Est. 1895
Send for price list and shipping tags.

St. Joseph Stock Yards Co.

St. Joseph, Mo.

We Are in the Market Every day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep.

We are especially bidding for Range Cattle and Sheep, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads, and in the center of the best corn and live stock district in the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock.

Our packers furnish a daily market for all kinds of cattle, ranging from Canners to Export Cattle. Look up your R. R. connections, you will find them in our favor.

Advertise in "The Journal." It Pays.

His Cry for Help

By Claudine Sisson

Gordon Ascott had come up to Duck bay from the city for the shooting. The shooting consisted of whatever could be shot. Sometimes it was a wild goose or duck—sometimes a rabbit who was reckless enough to expose himself in the open.

Mr. Ascott was twenty-five years old and something of a philosopher. He didn't expect much in this world, and he expected nothing whatever of Duck bay. He had been told about it, and all he counted on was wading around through the marshes and getting some scenery that could not be found in town. He had never been in love, and he expected nothing of the kind from this trip. There must be women around Duck bay, but of course they would be widows and wives. If there happened to be girls they would be cross-eyed and freckled faced and engaged to farmers' hired men.

The matter of romance didn't trouble Mr. Ascott in the least. If he got a duck he would have it roasted in the inn; if he didn't he would eat the landlord's veal cutlets. He had been in this state of mind for three days, and hadn't even seen a duck, when he thought to go further afield. The innkeeper recommended a spot two miles away where wild fowl sometimes dispersed themselves, and the hunter set out for it.

Duck bay was a mile and a half from the railroad, and the hunter was therefore surprised to stumble upon an iron track in the contrary direction. Yes, there were the road-bed and the ties and rails, and he spent a long five minutes wondering where the line went to, and why he had not heard trains in that direction. The puzzle had not yet been solved when he took to the tracks and, after a walk of 200 feet came to a switch and a track leading into the bushes.

Mr. Ascott was no railroad man. He had never cared a copper about road-beds and ties and rails. He had always traveled in a Pullman, tipped the porter and let it go at that. Now, all of a sudden, this railroad bothered him and held his attention. Was it



"Was It You, Calling for Help?"

the New York and Duck Bay railroad? Was it the Duck Bay and Chicago railroad? Was it the Boston and Bunker Hill and Duck Bay line?

These queries were harrowing his brain when he moved backwards and stepped into the frog of the switch with his right foot. His weight forced the foot down, and was caught in a vice. He had on long-legged rubber boots, and of course the way to get himself free was to pull his foot out of the boot. It seemed easy, but at the end of ten minutes the victim realized that it couldn't be done. He pulled and twisted and strained and swore, but he was fast—fast in a frog, and a train might be due any minute! The engineer might see him in time to stop the train, but would he stop it if he did see him? Wouldn't he come right along and run over the captive for the moral effect it would have on other tramps?

Most men prefer to drink standing, but when it comes to thinking they would rather sit down. Mr. Ascott had to stand. Moreover, he had to be very careful about his noise. If he toppled over it would mean a broken leg, and even then the foot would not be free. For three long hours he stood up like a telegraph pole. Every minute he expected to hear the rumble of an approaching train. Time after time, he figured out how the engine would hit him, and just how his mangled remains would look as they were scattered along the track. He felt that he was a mile or more from any highway, and therefore it was hours before he began to shout. He had yelled a score of times when a young lady descended to the track from a path not far distant, and after surveying him for a moment approached to ask:

"Was it you calling for help?"
"It was," was the reply as Mr. Ascott started to lift his cap and then feared for his balance.
"And why did you call?"
"I am caught by the foot, as you say."

"Oh, yes. You are standing up so straight I thought you might be posing for a moving picture show. How long have you been here?"
"For hours, miss, and I expected a train along any minute."

"A train? A train?" And the young lady giggled and gurgled and finally laughed merrily and said:

"Why this is an old track leading to a stone quarry, and has not been used for seven years! But your position is uncomfortable, and I must get you loose. I was passing on the highway right out here when I heard your calls. Your foot must be pried out."
"And you will go for help?"
"Oh, no. Just let me find a stout stick."

She wasn't a married woman and she wasn't a freckled-faced girl engaged to some farmer's hired man. On the contrary, she was about twenty years old, handsome, and it was easy to see that she was a visitor to the country. A queer feeling passed over the duck-hunter. He tried to lay it to the pain in his foot, but he realized that he was deceiving himself. The girl came back with a stout stick to be used as a pry, and Mr. Ascott started to direct operations.

"I know all about it," she interrupted. "I put the pry in behind your heel and bear down. You put your hand on my shoulder to keep your balance. I got my aunt Martha down out of an apple tree the other day after she had fainted away, and I guess I can manage this case. If I had stepped into a frog and been caught fast you would have talked half an hour about my carelessness. Now I'm going to pry."
Mr. Ascott groaned with the pain as the foot was forced out, and the girl helped him to sit down and then ran away to be back at the end of five minutes with a flask in her hand.

"It's brandy," she explained. "I always carry it for fear I'll run over a cow and get faint. Take a few swallows and then I guess I can get you to the auto."
"But I don't want to trouble you to take me to the inn."
"You are not going there, but home with me. That is, you are going to my Aunt Martha's. I'm up from town to visit her, you know. I am Miss Gertrude Phillips, and I didn't catch your name as Jones, did I? Oh, Mr. Ascott, eh? Aunt Martha will be tickled. She was an Ascott before she was married. Perhaps you are cousins or something."

"But you see—"
"No, I don't. We are two poor, lone women, and haven't seen anybody but a tin peddler for a week. We shall doze on a cripple in the house. You shall have chicken broth the very first thing."
Mr. Ascott was assisted to the auto, and a few minutes later Miss Gertrude was explaining to her aunt:

"Heard him yelling for help. Stopped the auto. Found him caught by the foot in the railroad track. Fried him loose. He's going to be our invalid. Say, auntie, the country is the place for romance, after all."
"But where's the romance, dear?"
"What! You can't see it! I hear a man yell. I save his life. I bring him here. He's nice. So am I. You'll be motherly to him, and I'll fill his pipe and read to him and tell him stories, and it won't be two weeks before—"
"Gertie Phillips!"
"But when a nice girl saves a nice young man's life—"
"Can a man whose life has been saved by a young lady—who has eaten of her chicken broth—who has figured out a second cousinship with her aunt—who has admitted to himself that his heart has developed a curious wobble—can such a man go wandering around in old marshes instead of walking out with that girl to gather acorns and wintergreen berries and talking love?"

TO EXPLORE SUNKEN RIVER
Curiosity in the Philippine Islands Expected to Be Made of Commercial Value.

It has been decided by the Philippine government to make a complete exploration and survey of the sunken river in Palawan for the purpose of bringing it to public notice as a show place for tourists. The entrance to the sunken river is through a low gate of jagged rock, but within a short distance the cave widens into a great chamber. Then in succession come a series of chambers and tunnels, many of them strikingly pretty in coloring, all of them fantastic in design. Thousands of birds, chiefly a species of swallow, occupy the chambers and from stone ceilings hang hundreds of bats. The current in the river is generally swift, varying with the rainfall, by which it is fed from some point in the interior of Palawan.

The first American to enter the mystic river was the late Governor Miller of Palawan. An old Moro told him of its existence and said it had for years been used as a retreat for pirates and other freebooters. The Moro agreed to guide him to the river and pilot him through its black recesses, and did so.

But Miller had only candles to furnish light and his exploratory work was necessarily incomplete. He ascended the river for a distance estimated at five miles and marked the walls of the main channel for the guidance of other visitors.

No Fire There.
Mrs. Snicker—I suppose he promised to go through fire and water for you?
Mrs. Ticker—Yes, and now he won't even water the plants.—Harper's Bazar.

PAPER BAG COOKING

Great System Perfected by M. Soyer, Famous London Chef.

GETS THE GOOD OUT OF FOOD.

By Martha McCulloch Williams.
Eating serves a double purpose—the giving of pleasure, the keeping up of strength. Ill-cooked food reduces both to a minimum—hence the proverb: "God sends meat and the devil sends cooks." Possibly his satanic majesty now and again nods. It must have been in such a somnolent interval that he let M. Soyer's system of paper bag cooking get by him. For unquestionably it is in the way of reducing ill-cooking at least one-half. Thereby it will help to feed fat all the nations of the earth.

The use of cooking is to change the nature of food substances, making them at once better tasting and more digestible. Heat works by developing flavors and transforming substances. Its most important office is, however, to break down fiber, animal and vegetable, to such a degree as to render it easily digestible. If it is to do this it must be properly applied. That is to say, gently, regularly.

Simple food, well cooked, is the foundation of happiness—and paper bag cooking means good cooking.

It follows naturally that the paper bag is especially useful in preparing food for delicate persons, and growing children. Here follow some dishes that have helped build up weak and wasted people. That they will be likewise good for children, especially delicate ones, admits of no doubt.

Pigeon Roast.—Take a squab, a squab-chicken as small as possible, or a quail, dress it whole, stuff lightly with toasted bread crumbs, adding a raisin or two, or shreds of tart apple. Season very lightly inside before stuffing. Rub a little more salt outside, but only a little. Rub also with soft butter, not melted, and dredge very lightly with flour. Then wrap in bacon, sliced as thin as possible, and put into a buttered bag with a half teaspoonful of water. Seal and cook in a hot oven twenty to thirty minutes, depending on the size. The squab-chicken may require thirty-five minutes.

Shredded Wheat and Tomatoes.—Pour upon each shredded wheat biscuit required a teaspoonful of melted butter. Lay the buttered biscuit in a well-buttered bag and pile upon them thick slices of peeled tomatoes, well seasoned with sugar, salt, black and red pepper. Seal and cook for ten minutes. Serve on hot plates. A pleasing variant for children is to use instead of tomatoes, bananas peeled, cut in cubes, covered with sugar and lemon juice, and cooked for eight minutes. This can be served with cream.

(Copyright, 1911, by the Associated Literary Press.)

PAPER BAG COOKED DISHES FOR INVALIDS AND CHILDREN.

By Nicholas Soyer, Chef of Brooks' Club, London.

Sweetbread Mackenzie.—Blanch and trim a good-sized sweetbread, make a little mirepoix of vegetables, paying attention to the color of the vegetables, and seeing that they do not brown. Cut the sweetbread across the center, but do not halve it. Pound one ounce of pistachios and lay them in the slit of the sweetbread. Cover the sweetbread with the prepared vegetables and place in a well-buttered bag. Cook in a slow oven for thirty minutes. Dish the sweetbread, place the other ingredients in a fine sieve and lightly press the gravy through, on to the sweetbread.

Chicken Quenelles.—Take the breast of one fowl, add a pint of white sauce, and a piece of butter the size of a walnut. Pound well, mix in one egg, pass through a hair sieve. Place in a basin, add a quarter-pint of cream and stir well. Form into small quenelles with a spoon, place in a buttered bag, lay carefully on the broiler, and cook for six minutes in a hot oven.

Chicken and Rice Tea.—Chop up half a raw chicken, wash a tablespoonful of rice in cold water, and mix with the chicken. Wash a teaspoonful of pearl barley, and add with a quarter-pint of cold water. Put all together into a small paper bag, and cook forty to forty-five minutes in a slow oven.

Filletted Poultry for Invalids.—Mince fine a carrot, turnip and onion, add a little minced ham, a pinch of sugar and salt, and lay at the bottom of a small well-buttered bag. Slice the breast of a fowl—cooked—lay the slices upon the prepared vegetables, which were cooked before mincing, sprinkle with oiled butter, seal and cook six minutes in a slow oven. Dish the fillets, put the vegetables in a sieve and press the gravy from them over the fillets.

Beef Tea.—Put one pound of beef steak in a paper bag, seal it, and cook for twelve minutes in a moderate oven. Open the bag on a dish and you will find natural gravy about the meat. Cut up the steak, press out all juice from it, strain, season to taste, and serve at once in a hot cup. For chicken tea, cut up half a fresh fowl, break the bones with a chopper, put in bag with two tablespoonfuls cold water, seal and cook forty-five minutes in a slow oven. Strain into a hot cup, season and serve.

(Copyright, 1911, by Sturges & Walton Company.)

Consignment HIDES STEADY

MR. RANCHMAN: If you lost any cattle or horses during the recent severe storm, you will find your loss very materially reduced if you will carefully skin the animals and send the hides direct to us. Note prices below, good for one week.

SALT CURED HIDES	No. 1	No. 2
Natives.....	12c	11c
Side brands, over 40 flat.....	11c	
Side brands, under 40 flat.....	10c	
Bulls and stags.....	9 1/2c	8 1/2c
Bulls, side branded flat.....	8c	
Green salt cured glue flat.....	6c	
Green salt cured deacons, each.....	50c@35c	
Slunks, each.....	25c@15c	
Green uncured hides 1 1/2c less than same grade cured. Green frozen hides bought as No. 2's.		
Green half cured 3-4c less than cured.		
Horse hides, green, No. 1.....	\$3.50@3.00	
Horse hides, No. 2.....	\$2.50@2.00	
Green pony hides and glue.....	\$1.50@75c	
Sheep pelts, green.....	\$1.00@25c	
Dry, according to wool, per pound.....	9c@7c	

DRY HIDES	
Dry flint butcher, heavy.....	19c
Dry flint fallen, heavy.....	18c
Dry flint, under 16 pounds.....	18c
Dry salt, heavy.....	15c
Dry culls.....	11c

TALLOW	
Tallow, No. 1.....	5@5 1/2c
Tallow, No. 2.....	1@4 1/2c
Beeswax.....	15@25c

FURS

MINK—Central	
No. 1, large.....	\$7.50@8.00
No. 1, medium.....	\$6.00@6.50
No. 1, small.....	\$5.00@5.50
No. 2.....	\$4.00@4.50
No. 3.....	\$3.00@3.50
No. 4.....	\$2.00@2.50

RACCOONS—Central	
No. 1, large.....	\$2.75@3.00
No. 1, medium.....	\$2.00@2.50
No. 1, small.....	\$1.50@1.80
No. 2.....	\$1.00@1.50
No. 3.....	\$0.75@1.00
No. 4.....	\$0.50@0.75

SKUNK—Central	
Black prime.....	\$2.50@2.75
Short prime.....	\$2.25@2.50
Narrow prime.....	\$1.50@1.75
Broad prime.....	\$1.25@1.50
Best unprime.....	\$1.00@1.25
Poor unprime.....	\$0.75@1.00

OPOSSEM—Central	
No. 1, large.....	\$0.50@0.60
No. 1, medium.....	\$0.40@0.50
No. 1, small.....	\$0.30@0.40
No. 2.....	\$0.20@0.30
No. 3.....	\$0.15@0.20
No. 4.....	worthless

MUSKRAT—Central	
No. 1, large.....	65c@50c
No. 1, medium.....	50c@35c
No. 1, small.....	35c@25c

FURS

MUSKRAT—Continued	
No. 2.....	30c@20c
No. 3.....	20c@15c
No. 4.....	15c@10c

FOX—Red and rey.	
No. 1, large, Red.....	\$7.00@5.00
No. 1, medium, Red.....	\$6.00@4.50
No. 1, small, Red.....	\$5.00@3.50
No. 2, Red.....	\$4.00@3.00
No. 3, Red.....	\$3.00@2.50
No. 4, Red.....	\$2.00@1.50
No. 1, large, Grey.....	\$1.75@1.50
No. 1, medium, Grey.....	\$1.50@1.25
No. 1, small, Grey.....	\$1.25@1.00
No. 2, Grey.....	75c@50c
No. 3, Grey.....	50c@25c
No. 4, Grey.....	15c

WOLF—Prairie and Timber	
No. 1, Prairie, large.....	\$4.00@2.75
No. 1, Prairie, medium.....	\$3.00@2.15
No. 1, Prairie, small.....	\$1.50@1.25
No. 2, Prairie.....	\$1.50@1.25
No. 3, Prairie.....	\$1.00@50c
No. 4, Prairie.....	25c
No. 1, Timber, large.....	\$3.00@2.00
No. 1, Timber, medium.....	\$2.00@1.50
No. 1, Timber, small.....	\$1.00@0.75
No. 2, Timber.....	\$0.75@0.50
No. 3, Timber.....	\$0.50@0.25
No. 4, Timber.....	25c@20c

CAT—Continued	
No. 2, Wild.....	\$1.00@75c
No. 3, Wild.....	75c@50c
No. 4, Wild.....	50c@25c
No. 1, House, large, black.....	20c@15c
No. 1, House, medium, colors.....	15c@10c

CIVET—Central	
No. 1, large.....	75c@50c
No. 1, medium.....	50c@35c
No. 1, small.....	35c@25c
No. 2.....	25c@15c
No. 3.....	15c@10c
No. 4.....	10c@5c

OTTER—Central	
No. 1, large.....	\$10.00@14.00
No. 1, medium.....	\$12.00@16.00
No. 1, small.....	\$8.00@12.00
No. 2.....	\$5.00@8.00
No. 3.....	\$2.00@5.00
No. 4.....	\$1.00@2.00

BEAVER—Central	
No. 1, large.....	\$8.50@12.00
No. 1, medium.....	\$4.50@8.00
No. 1, small.....	\$3.00@6.00
No. 2.....	\$2.50@5.00
No. 3.....	\$1.50@3.00
No. 4.....	60c@1.00

BADGER	
No. 1, large.....	\$1.00@2.00
No. 1, medium.....	75c@1.50
No. 1, small.....	50c@1.00
No. 2.....	25c@50c

Others worthless.

James C. Smith Hide Co.

St. Joseph, Mo. Bell Phone 995

Branches: Wichita, Kan.; Topeka, Kan.; Grand Island, Neb., and Joplin, Mo.

LIGHTS UP DARK PLACES

New Illuminating Pistol Has Advantages Over Searchlight for Night Attacks.

During the recent extended maneuvers of the German army there were many night attacks, in which use was made of the newly introduced illuminating pistols.

According to the new regulations, these are to be employed wherever the configuration of the land makes their use preferable to that of the ordinary searchlight. The machinery necessary for the use of the latter device is very inconvenient, and especially in rolling and otherwise difficult country, where the main maneuver takes place, it cannot be used to advantage. The illuminating pistols have not this disadvantage, as they are easily transported.

Further, the searchlight is useless in valleys and deep-lying plains, as their rays shoot over the tops and leave them apparently in still deeper shadow. For this reason, such valleys serve as excellent covers at night against the searchlights. The illuminating pistols have done away with this advantage of shelter, as the cartridges which they throw up lit the deepest and darkest gullies.

There are two different sorts of cartridges, producing respectively white and red light. The white ones serve for signaling purposes between widely separated commands or divisions, even where the distance between them is several kilometers. The illuminating cartridges develops a light that makes everything within 200 meters (650 feet) visible, and lasts eight to ten seconds.—Scientific American.

His Own Idea.

Walter Wyman, surgeon general of the United States public health service, was at one time visited by the then principal representative of Tammany in congress. While waiting for some papers to be brought to his desk relative to the subject of the congressman's visit, the surgeon general sought to draw his visitor's attention to the importance and effectiveness of the public health work of the service by handing him a rather large bound volume containing public health reports for the year just ended. Upon the arrival of the expected papers, Dr. Wyman turned again to his visitor, naturally expecting some encouraging comment. To his surprise he found the representative of America's foremost commonwealth balancing the unopened volume upon his palm. Meeting the interrogative glance of the surgeon general, he solemnly remarked: "Great cott, general! If you dropped that on a man it would kill him, wouldn't it?"



"Age and Purity Makes Quality"

OLD HAYWARD

Straight Kentucky Whiskey
100 per cent Proof

Delightfully pleasant to the taste. Excellent whiskey for medicinal purposes. Money refunded if not entirely satisfactory after you have tested the goods.

4 FULL QUARTS for	6 FULL QUARTS for	8 FULL QUARTS for	12 FULL QUARTS for
\$3.50	\$4.90	\$6.50	\$9.50

EXPRESS PREPAID
FREE with each order, Bottle of Wine, Drinking Glass and Corkscrew.
SEND US YOUR ORDER.

SELF & BINSWANGER
"THE FINE WHISKEY FOLKS"
427 Edmond St., St. Joseph, Mo.

To obtain **HIGHEST PRICES** and quick returns on **Hides and Furs** ship to us. Write for shipping tags, prices and circular on tanning robes, coats, etc.
J. R. LINDSAY & CO.
115 A. and Main St. COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA

FOR SALE
24 Mules, extra good, coming three years old. 17 Mares.
JULIUS 2006, A. S. H. A. Stallion
Extra good breeder.
J. M. Baublitz, Graham, Mo.



...A FEW SPECIALTIES...
Supreme Hams
Supreme Bacon
Supreme Lard
Supreme Sausage
Supreme Dried Beef
and
Supreme Canned Meats

MORRIS & COMPANY

CHICAGO ST. JOSEPH KANSAS CITY ST. LOUIS

When writing to advertisers please mention The Stock Yards Journal