

# The Haskell Free Press.

Vol. 14.

Haskell, Haskell County, Texas, Saturday, Aug. 12, 1899.

No. 32.

## Directory.

**OFFICERS 39th JUDICIAL DISTRICT.**  
District Judge, Hon. F. D. Sanders.  
District Attorney, A. C. Wilmetts.

**COUNTY OFFICIALS.**  
County Judge, H. R. Jones.  
County Attorney, Oscar Martin.  
County & Dist. Clerk, G. R. Couch.  
Sheriff and Tax Collector, J. W. Collins.  
County Treasurer, J. E. Murfee.  
Tax Assessor, C. M. Brown.  
County Surveyor, H. M. Rike.

**COMMISSIONERS.**  
Precinct No. 1, J. W. Johnson.  
Precinct No. 2, R. M. G. Eiland.  
Precinct No. 3, T. E. Ballard.  
Precinct No. 4, J. E. Carter.

**PRECINCT OFFICERS.**  
J. P. Prec. No. 1, J. W. Evans.

**CHURCHES.**  
**BAPTIST** (Missionary) Preaching every Sunday except 9th. Rev. R. E. L. Farmer, Pastor. Sunday School every Sunday at 10 o'clock. D. W. Courtwright, Superintendent. B. Y. P. U. every Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Prayer meeting every Friday night.

**METHODIST** (M. E. Church S.) Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Rev. M. L. Moody, J. S. Hike, W. M. Pastor. Sunday School every Sunday at 10 o'clock. P. D. Sanders, Superintendent. Epworth League every Sunday evening at 4 o'clock. W. M. Towne, Pres. Junior League at 3:30 p. m. Miss Mollie Bryant, Supt. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 8 p. m.

**PRESBYTERIAN** (Old School) Preaching 2nd and 3rd Sundays. Rev. C. Anderson, Past. Sunday School every Sunday at 10 o'clock. B. G. Chisum, Superintendent. **PRESBYTERIAN** (Cumberland) Preaching 4th Sunday. Rev. W. G. Peyton, Pastor. **CHRISTIAN** (Campbellite) Preaching none at present. Sunday School every Sunday at 10 o'clock. Jasper Millholton, Superintendent.

**CIVIC SOCIETIES.**  
Haskell Lodge No. 821, A. F. & A. M. meets Saturday on or before each full moon, 7:30 p. m. J. S. Hike, W. M. J. W. Evans, Sec'y. Haskell Chapter No. 191 Royal Arch Masons meet on the first Tuesday in each month. J. L. Jones, High Priest. J. W. Evans, Sec'y. Elmwood Camp of the Woodmen of the World meets 2nd and 4th Tuesday each month. W. S. Hill, Con. C. G. R. Couch, Clerk.

## Professional Cards.

**H. G. McCONNELL,**  
Attorney-at-Law,  
HASKELL, TEXAS.

**OSCAR MARTIN,**  
Attorney-at-Law,  
HASKELL, TEXAS.

**E. E. GILBERT,**  
Physician & Surgeon.  
Office at Terrell's Drug store.

**J. E. LINDSEY,**  
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,  
HASKELL, TEXAS.  
Office Phone No. 12.  
Residence Phone No. 19.  
Office North side of Square.

**DR. J. F. TOMLINSON,**  
DENTIST.  
Permanently located in Haskell.  
Solicits your patronage.  
Guarantees all work.  
Office over Rock building at Meadors Hotel.

**The South Side Barber Shop.**  
D. W. COURTWRIGHT, prop.  
I solicit your patronage with promise of giving you prompt and agreeable service.

**M. L. MAHAFFEY,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,  
Haskell, Texas.  
Graduate of Atlanta Southern Medical college.  
18 Years Practical Experience  
Office over McLemore's Drug-store.  
Residence Phone No. 18.  
Texas Cowboys' Reunion, Seymour, Tex., Aug 16 and 17.

For the above occasion we will sell round trip tickets from all points on the W. V. and Ft. W. & D. C. R.'s for one fare. Selling dates August 13 and 14, final limit to return Aug. 19, 1899.  
L. P. DAVIDSON, Agt.

**AGENTS WANTED**—For "The Life and Achievements of Amelia Dyer," the world's greatest novel hero. By MARY EASTON. The lifelong friend and admirer of the nation's idol. Biggest and best book, over 500 pages. Rich illustrations. Nearly 100 pages of fine illustrations. Only \$1.50. Bound in leather. Big commission. Cash free. Chance of a lifetime. Write quick. The Dominion Company, 3rd Floor, Chicago.

## A Startling Discovery.

While C. C. Harwell and his men were trying to keep the Sabbath the best they could in their camps out on Cowan & Seay's ranch where they were digging, or building a tank some of the party strolled out for a walk. One young man more adventurous than the rest scaled a cliff near by and in his rambles discovered a small depression on top of the highest peak. Looking more closely he discovered a hole which he was quick to look into. He went in as far as he dared go without a lantern, but far enough to find a human skeleton. He was deeply absorbed with his find, when he was suddenly brought to his senses by the serpent-like hiss of some white winged ghost. He post haste returned to the camp and reported his discovery. Armed with lanterns and other necessities to make a thorough investigation, Mr. Harwell and his men joined the lad and returned to the cave. They found the depression to be fifteen feet in diameter, and five feet below the surface of the hill top. They jumped down and began the decent which proceeded by easy stages and along a descending winding stair case. Thirty feet below the surface they found an immense room with smooth floor and of sufficient capacity to entertain several wagons and teams. Here they discovered the source of the noise that gave the boy such a fright. It was a young buzzard, as white as snow. They descended about 100 feet where they found some fifteen or twenty skeletons, one being a woman, the entire skeleton being intact save the left forearm. The sinews and nails were perfectly sound. Only two show signs of violence. One man seemed to have been shot in the eye, and one had his neck broken. One skull was large enough for a giant's. In unearthing them, for they were covered with dust, the stench was almost unbearable. Many beads and other Indian trinkets were found. Speculation is rife as to how the skeletons got there. Since the cave is near the old government road, the most plausible theory is that the robbers would meet a wagon train in the early days and dispatch the driver, appropriate his effects and drop the lifeless body in this hole to avoid being found. Several are talking of making up a party here and going out to make further investigation.—Pecos News.

## Business Announcement.

**To The Public:**  
Having sold my drug business in Haskell to Mr. J. B. Baker of Hico, Texas, who will take charge Sept. 1, I desire in this public manner to express my appreciation to my many friends and customers for the liberal patronage extended to me during the several years I have been in business here, as well as for the cordial relations that have always existed between us.

Under the trade made with Mr. Baker I am to remain in the store with him during the rest of this year and next year, and, believing that Mr. Baker is a progressive business man who will keep up a first-class stock and even improve the business, I earnestly request my friends and customers to continue their business at the old stand, where I will be pleased to render them the best service of which I am capable in the compounding of prescriptions, etc., etc.  
Very truly yours,  
A. P. McLEMORE.

Referring to Mr. McLemore's card I wish to say to the people of Haskell and vicinity that, having determined to become a citizen among you and made an investment of my means in the drug business, it is my intention to conduct the business on business principles which shall merit the respect and confidence of the public by fair dealing, careful attention to details and under no circumstances offering any but the purest and best drugs.  
I am pleased also to say to you that Mr. McLemore will remain with me and will render you the same careful and accurate service in the future as he has in the past.  
Respectfully,  
J. B. BAKER.

## TERRELL'S DRUG STORE,

Southwest Corner Public Square,  
Haskell, Texas.

Handles only the Purest and Best Drugs. Carries a nice line of  
**Jewelry, Notions and Sundries;  
Stationery, Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, Etc.**

### Reynolds Presbyterian Academy.

Second Year  
TERM COMMENCES SEPT. 12, 1899.  
Full Academic Course.

Students received at any time during the year and at any degree of advancement.  
Special attention given those who desire to prepare themselves to teach.  
Music Department under accomplished and efficient instructors.

Tuition, \$20 to \$50 per year.  
For catalogue or other information, apply to  
O. E. ARBUCKLE, Prin.,  
Albany, Texas.

## A Mother Tells How She Saved Her Little Daughter's Life.

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. It saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering.—Yours truly, Mrs. Geo. F. Burdick, Liberty, R. I. For sale by A. P. McLemore druggist. 34

## The Glenrose Herald says:

The editor of a country paper interviewed the inhabitants of his town recently, and he finds that nearly all the successful business men were severely thrashed while young, while among the street loafers 27 were mamma's darling and the remainder were raised by their grandmothers. This is very encouraging to the boy who gets nightly trimmings in the wood shed.

"Nightly trimmings in the wood shed" may not have the effect of making boys good, and it is very probable that it is the wrong way to raise a boy, but it is an unquestioned fact that street loafing in day and full liberty at night by boys have caused more mothers and fathers to deplore the day they were born than any other one cause. The boy never lived and never will live who can come back home after an hour or two's loafing around town at night, as moral and undefiled as when he left the supper table.—Richmond Coaster.

In the average town among the street loafers at night one may hear all manner of vile stories recited and the shameless ones boast of all manner of lewd and indecent conduct. If mothers don't know that this is true they should know it. But if they do know it, many are guilty in the light of moral and divine law of gross neglect of their duty to bring up the child in the way he should go.

During the civil war, as well as in our late war with Spain, diarrhoea was one of the most troublesome diseases the army had to contend with. In many instances it became chronic and the old soldiers still suffer from it. Mr. David Taylor of Wind Ridge, Greene Co., Pa., is one of these. He uses Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and says he never found anything that would give him such quick relief. It is for sale by A. P. McLemore druggist. 34

## Was Alger rooted out?

### Qualities of Salt-Water Baths.

For a hand bath (a bath given to the body by use of hands only, or by sponge or cloth) place a handful of salt in a basin as ordinarily filled for washing. Allow the salt to dissolve, or hasten the action by stirring it with the hand. The water should be as cold as you have vitality to withstand. Use no soap. Do not neglect the face and neck in the free use of the salt water. This bath has an exhilarating influence, tones the entire system, and gives to the skin a healthful condition that amply repays for the time and trouble involved. If used in the winter it will be an excellent preventive of colds, besides being a substitute for face cosmetics. No chapping, no roughness of the skin and no clogging of the pores will trouble the person who systematically and regularly takes a bath of this sort. Ordinary table salt or rock salt will do, but will not do so well. The sea-salt contains medical properties not found in the others. Whether one exercise or not the body should receive a daily hand bath of cold or cool water, especially in the summer, either upon rising or before retiring.—Ladies' Home Journal.

## Brutality

The papers are very properly and artistically roasting a Clarendon doctor who knocked his horse down and diabolically beat the poor beast to death. Right on this line there is much work needed. There are men who sometimes come to Abilene and to every town we know anything about who would show mercy, comparatively, by clubbing their hesses to death and putting them out of a miserable life. We have seen a pair of horses stand in mud ankle deep, in the worst fly season, and hottest weather, 24 hours, hitched to a buggy without a mouthful of food or a drop of water, and if clubbing a horse to death is more brutal we are no judge of misery. There is nothing that demands the attention of the press more than cruelty to animals, and we wish it would take up the question. There are a hundred ways in which horses especially, are abused most outrageously, and no brute ever served man so faithfully.—Abilene Reporter.

The Reporter is right; the press could do no better or more humane work than to address itself to the development of a public sentiment that would lead to better treatment of dumb animals. Public sentiment once called into active life would do much toward correcting the harsh, often thoughtlessly so, treatment of our dumb servants, but some legislation would be necessary to reach the naturally vicious and those who are lacking in the finer instincts of human nature.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt remedy cures, have made it a great favorite with the people everywhere. For sale by A. P. McLemore druggist. 34

## Should Horticulture Be Taught in Public Schools?

In an article which appears in Farm and Ranch of August 12th, Jno. S. Kerr discusses this matter fully. Among the reasons given why horticulture should be so taught are the following:  
"Because, also, in so doing our young people will be fascinated and drawn toward the everyday surroundings and employments of industrial life instead of repelled and induced to seek other pursuits that to them present more attractive features. And these industrial pursuits thus recognized will be enhanced in interest, appreciation and dignity, thus taught they will be more efficiently followed, resulting in more profit and more happiness and appreciation."

"The great wonder to me is that the study of industrial pursuits and nature studies have not been adopted in our public free school system many years ago. While in most things the United States seems to be ahead of the world, in this thing she is fifty years behind Europe. Connected with every German school house is a small garden, nursery and orchard. School children are taught how to graft and how to take care of trees, and all the details of horticulture are taught along with the A. B. C. It has been carried on for the last fifty years, and has been broadened each year, and is now found in all the schools of Germany and of other European countries."

The FREE PRESS has long held to the belief that our educational system should be given a more practical form.

The University of Texas is rapidly forging ahead of all of its southern competitors.

For the session of 1898-99 the University enrolled four more students in the Academic department than were enrolled for the same time in both the University of Virginia and Vanderbilt University. Vanderbilt had 214 academic students, the University of Texas 444. The total enrollment in all departments of the University of Texas was 800. This is the largest number of students in any university in the South.

Luetgert, the wealthy Chicago sausage maker who was serving a life sentence in the penitentiary for murdering his wife was found dead in his cell recently. He died of fatty degeneration of the heart. At the trial the evidence that he murdered his wife and made way with her remains by boiling them in a vat of lye was only circumstantial. Since he had been removed by death a lawyer says he confessed to him that he murdered his wife, and because he loved another woman. The lawyer considered the confession as made in professional confidence and kept it a profound secret till death has placed him beyond further human pursuit. Had the confession been placed before the jury Luetgert would doubtless have died on the gallows.



**Look in Your Mirror**  
Do you see sparkling eyes, a healthy, united skin, a sweet expression and a graceful form? These attractions are the result of good health. If they are absent, there is nearly always some disorder of the distinctly feminine organs present. Healthy, beautiful women mean health and beauty everywhere.

**McLEMORE'S Wine of Cardui**  
makes women beautiful and healthy. It strikes at the root of all their troubles. There is no menstrual disorder, ache or pain which it will not cure. It is for the budding girl, the busy wife and the matron approaching the change of life. At every trying crisis in a woman's life it brings health, strength and happiness. It costs \$1.00 of medicine dealers. For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.  
MISS MOENNA LEWIS, of Geneseeville, Wis., says:—"I was troubled at monthly intervals with terrible pain in my head and back, but have been entirely relieved by Wine of Cardui."

## THE HASKELL NATIONAL BANK,

HASKELL, TEXAS.

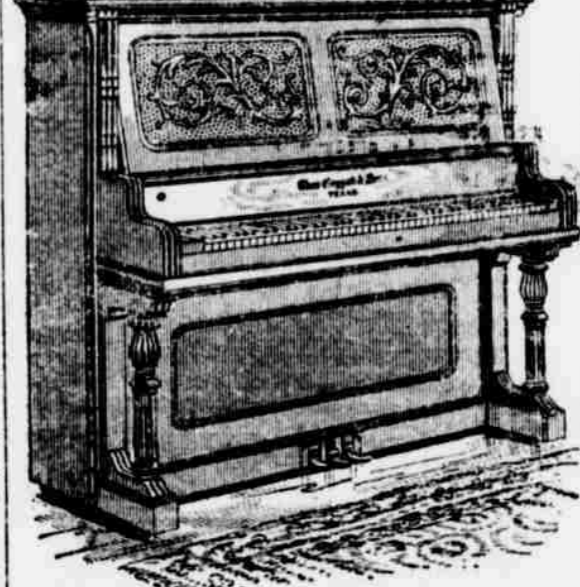
A General Banking Business Transacted. Collections made and Promptly Remitted. Exchange Drawn on all principal Cities of the United States.  
DIRECTORS.—M. S. Pierson, A. C. Foster, J. L. Jones, Lee Pierson, T. J. Lemmon.

### J. W. BELL,

Manufacturer & Dealer in  
**SADDLES and HARNESS.**  
Full Stock, Work Promptly to Order.  
Repairing done neatly and substantially.  
Prices reasonable and satisfaction with goods and work guaranteed.  
Your Trade is Solicited.

## The New Thos. Goggan & Bro. PIANO

With Style Colonial Truss. 71-8 Octaves.



Height, 4ft. 8 1/2 inches  
Depth, 2ft. 2 inches.  
Width, 5ft. 1 inch.

Mahogany Walnut or Oak Cases.

## Four Pedals and Patent Soft Stop. The Best Value for the Price.

Besides the GOGGAN PIANOS we also carry the celebrated Emerson Pianos and several other makes.

Send for descriptive circulars and prices. Our house is the oldest and largest in Texas. We carry everything in the music line and the largest stock of musical goods, sheet music, etc., in the South. We refer to any banking house in Texas.

**Thos. Goggan & Bro.,**  
Dallas and Galveston.  
W. W. Hentz, Resident Agt.

## FOR SALE!

**TEXAS SCHOOL LANDS.**  
Soon to Be on the Market.

In addition to the public free school and asylum lands belonging to the state, now on the market, by an act of the last legislature, which takes effect and goes into operation on August 27th, 1899, three million acres more will then be placed on the market for sale by the state. At the minimum price of one dollar per acre for grazing land, and 25 cents per acre for agricultural land, on terms within the reach of all, viz., one-fourth the purchase money cash, and the balance on forty years' time, at 3 per cent annual interest. This and all the other free school and asylum lands can be bought by actual settlers in tracts from 50 acres to four sections (640 acres each). All detached sections can be purchased by any person over 18 years of age, regardless of settlement or place of residence.  
On receipt of 50 cents will send a map of the state by counties, and pamphlet giving a full text of the state laws governing the sale of these lands, the forms used in making application to purchase same, the names of the counties in which the same are located, and the quantity in each, together with full instructions, how to proceed to purchase any part of the same when placed upon the market.  
This is an opportunity! A life time to get some good land cheap, as cheap lands in Texas will soon be a thing of the past.  
Send money by draft, P. O. order or express. Money order payable to undersigned. Address all communications to  
G. W. MENDALL, Sr.,  
Austin, Texas.

References:  
Any of the state or county officers, or any bank in the city.

In "The Progress of the World," the editorial department of the Review of Reviews for August, the questions connected with the Manila censorship and Secretary Alger's resignation are discussed, and also the differences between Secretary Gage and the Civil Service Reform League. There is also some comment on the Buffalo conference of political and social reformers.

**ATTENTION!**  
Don't TRUST YOUR PHOTOS TO Agents  
Deal Direct With the Artists.  
We will make to anyone sending us a photo a 10-cent negative, 10-cent tray or 10-cent album. Free of charge to introduce our superior work. Please examine our high artistic finish and prompt returns of small photo guaranteed. Send us your photo at once.  
ARTISTS' UNION,  
208 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

One way to prevent seasickness is to remain on land.

Dewey left Port Said as soon as his ship was loaded. Enough said.

The wicked mosquito is never satisfied until he lands behind the bars.

A musician ought to enjoy the company of the banjo he picks himself.

Money makes the mare go, but railway officials prefer to run trains on time.

A true friend speaks of your vices to your face and of your virtues behind your back.

The man who can honestly say he doesn't believe in luck has all the money he needs.

Now that the preliminaries in the Dreyfus case have gone beyond the hugging point they will soon get down to real business.

Tom Reed has demonstrated that it is just as easy for a big man to drop out of sight as it is for a small man to leap into temporary prominence.

The St. Louis professor who suggests the name of Ucaona for this country has missed his calling. He should be writing advertisements for biscuit makers.

The Boston police are looking for a missing girl whose name is given in full as Mary. Possibly this is the Mary whom the lamb loved. Her surname was also withheld.

Spain is not yet barren of colonies. A glance at the map will show that she still possesses the penal settlements of Ceuta and Fernando Po and a piece of the Sahara desert as big as Texas. The Dons are probably holding these choice lots to await a rise in current prices.

Another burglar has been routed, horse, foot and artillery, by a Chicago woman whom he met as he was carrying away a bag of hard-earned plunder. The man must have been a stranger. Native burglars have long since learned that the Chicago woman in her wrath is more terrible than a ten-acre lot full of policemen.

American superiority in every art is becoming recognized the world around. A somewhat embarrassing indication of the high appreciation awarded American skill is given in a dispatch from Sweden, which states that Swedish banknotes are being extensively counterfeited and that "the excellence of the counterfeit seems to prove that the plates were made in America."

The people of other states will be curious to learn how Missouri gets on with her new statute against department stores. It classifies merchandise under 38 separate heads, and imposes a special tax upon any merchant who sells goods of more than one class. As the freedom of trade has hitherto been among the unencumbered rights of the citizen, the courts have yet to pass upon the question whether the legislature can restrict the freedom.

Such is the tendency to specialism in these days that Prof. Hadley, the president-elect of Yale, who is chiefly known as a political economist, would doubtless shrink from being examined in his father's Greek grammar. But after all, of what great use is the Greek language to Americans? What we want to know is the truth: What kind of national, state or local legislation will produce the greatest good to the greatest number? College endowments keep collegians away from a chance to get at the truth. Whether Hadley's ideas are wrong or right they will provoke discussion in a fertile field of reform.

The agricultural department has issued a bulletin treating of the probable success of the efforts of the department to establish the Smyrna fig industry in California. It appears that the fruiting of the Smyrna fig is dependent upon the introduction from the south of Europe and the establishment in California of a little insect which fertilizes the fig. Experimental introductions of the insect were thereupon begun, and some of them brought over in 1908 have succeeded in penetrating the closed flowers of the Capri figs growing at Fresno, making the first step of the experimental work a success. The bulletin adds: "Since the insect has maintained itself for an entire year there is reason to suppose that it will continue to breed, and that California in the near future will be able to place a fig upon the market which will possess the same superior flavor as that which has given the imported Smyrna figs their pre-eminent commercial rank."

Chicago has at last occupied the position London has occupied for so many years, the distinction of adding every year a good-sized city to its population. The best estimates of the directory experts show that during the past year the city has increased in population 136,000, making a total grand population of 2,619,990. Passing the 2,600,000 mark and adding a city of, say, about the size of Indianapolis every year, Chicago will enter the new century with a prospect of leading all its records in the matter of phenomenal growth.

A man performed a heroic act, saving a child's life at the imminent risk of losing his own. Then while the populace thronged about him, to applaud and reward him, he turned pale and died in abject terror at the sight of a policeman! The memory of some past misdemeanor, and the fear that it had been discovered and would be visited upon him, made a moral coward of a physical hero. Yet the incident none the less showed that even a guilty life may be capable of good and noble deeds.

REMARKABLE EXPERIMENTS.

How Various Human Emotions May Be Recorded by Delicate Mechanical Devices.

Parents, teachers and lovers of children generally will be greatly interested in the results of an experimental study of no less than twenty-two thousand school boys and school girls, white and colored, just completed by the United States Bureau of Education. It has been a monster undertaking, requiring several years, as is shown by the first detailed account of the work.

All of the youthful subjects if grouped together would equal in number the men in the ranks of our standing army at the outbreak of the last war. The object of the investigation was to discover the relationship between parentage, surroundings, nationality, stature, weight, size and shape of head and other conditions and the conduct, intellect and health of children at different ages. Almost all of the subjects were selected from the public schools of Washington, the transient population of which includes nearly all American and foreign types of childhood.

For the case of each child was issued a blank calling for as many as 197 details, covering all facts and characteristics to be considered. All these data were collected by teachers in the various schools, under the direction of Dr. Arthur Macdonald, well known as an anthropologist, who personally examined thousands demanding the use of instruments of precision.

Of such instruments, devised entirely for measurements of man, the Bureau has one of the most elaborate collections in existence. They automatically measure the relative automaticity of the senses, sensitiveness to pain and other stimuli, and the dimensions and motions of external parts of the body, besides keeping strict account of the changes in breathing and the distribution of the blood circulation under different conditions.

The extravagant theories of pseudoscience of the spectacular schools of phrenology must be abandoned for conclusions reached by such thorough work as this. No attempt was made to study the bumps of the youthful heads, yet the general dimensions of the cranium were carefully considered. One of the most interesting deductions is that broad-headed children appear to be brighter than long-headed children, the length of the head being measured from front to back of the cranium.

In estimating whether each head was broad, medium or long a simple formula was applied. The maximum width was always multiplied by 100 and divided by the maximum length. When the resulting numeral was 75 or less the subject was registered as long-headed, when between 75 and 80 he was medium and between 80 and 85 he was broad-headed.

Another interesting deduction is that the child with a large head is apt to be more intelligent than the one whose cranium is small. Diagrams made from the statistics show that as the circumference of the skull increases so does mental ability. Children of laborers were found to have smaller heads than those whose parents work with their brains rather than with their bodies.

Of all his measurements the anthropologist says he attaches most importance to those of the head. Defects of the cranium, says he, are probably more significant than those of other parts, and in general the heavier a bodily defect is to the brain the more important it is.

Titles were also inferior in weight, on an average. Colored and weight children were compared. The percentage of long-headedness, appearing to indicate dullness when comparisons are made among children of the same race, was found to be twice as great among colored as among white boys, but this is believed to be due largely to the racial differences. Colored girls' heads seemed to be larger around than those of colored boys, the reverse of the rule with white children and to be shorter in stature although heavier in weight. The colored children were also found to be much the more acute in distinguishing temperatures.

The marks of "dull" and "bright" affixed by the teachers led to some further conclusions of great interest. Girls showed higher percentages of "average ability" than boys, but the boys showed the higher percentages in extremes. The boys were found to be more variable. Variability, the anthropologist says, must be regarded as an excellency. If an organism can vary itself it can adapt itself better to its surroundings. Children of the laboring classes were found to be inferior in their studies to those of the non-laboring classes.

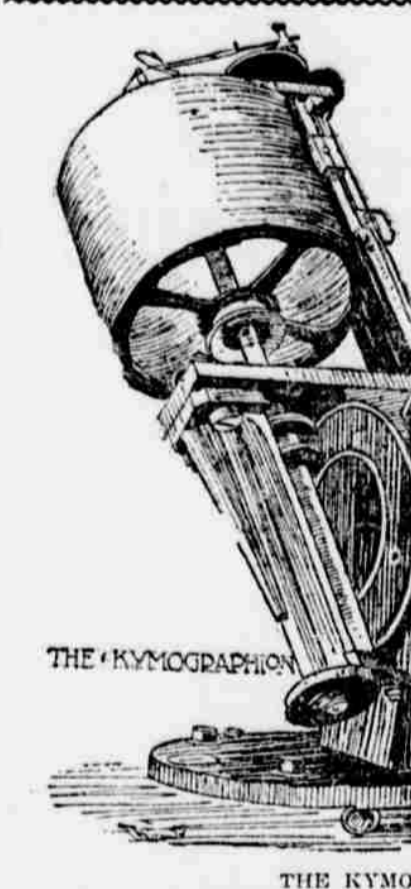
An algometer was used upon the temples and palms of the hands to determine the least sensitiveness of different children to pain or to disagreeable impressions caused by pressure. The instrument is a brass cylinder with a steel rod entering one end. The rod is attached inside to a spring with a scale and marker measuring the degrees of pressure in grammes. The object was to discover how much pressure could be borne before the least pain resulted. Girls were found to be much more sensitive than boys, and girls in the public schools showed less sensitiveness than those in the private schools.

It was concluded that in boys sensitiveness to pain decreases in the order of their birth, whether first born, second born, etc., but the reverse seemed to be the case with girls. Boys with light hair and eyes were found to be less sensitive than boys with dark hair and eyes, the same being true of girls. Bright boys and girls at the same time appear to be more sensitive than dull boys and girls. Dr. Macdonald is of the opinion that luxuries and refinement increase this sensitiveness in people in general.

Children of the non-laboring classes were found to be twice as sickly as those of the laboring classes. The highest percentage of laziness and of unfitness was found among boys degenerated as dull. Boys showed a high laziness average than girls. The sons of laborers were found less unwell than those of non-laboring classes. The reverse was the rule with girls. Convulsions were frequent in dull boys and those of non-laboring classes, but very rare in girls generally. That nervousness increases with the refinements of life is indicated by the highest average for this defect in the white children of non-laboring classes and the lowest average in colored children.

The actions of the larynx—Adam's apple—are similarly studied. To study the wiggings of the soft palate in speech, a button glued to that organ is attached to a lever connecting with a recorder. All such motions are correctly reproduced in white lines upon black paper by a kymograph, acting as an automatic reporter for each piece of apparatus.

APPENDICITIS And the Cause of Verminiform Appendicitis from Which It Comes. A great deal is heard nowadays about appendicitis. There is no doubt that very many persons are badly



THE KYMOGRAPHION. Hide with each other. The vessel will be 35 feet long, fifty feet longer than John B. Prescott, a five-master launched at Bath last year, and will cost over \$100,000.

NEW ENGLAND ART. And Moral Effect of Bad Art in the Villages. There is not one good picture in our whole village—no, not one, says Rollin Lynde Hart in the May Atlantic. It is not so much that I loathe the tawdry crayon portraits, the cheap lithographs of Alderney heifers and the flamboyant calendars, it is the pretentious substitution for real art that stirs my indignation. Our people become rapturously effervescent over the Bodenhausen Madonna reproduced on glass with a rococo edging of flimsy gilt, and a prop to stand up by. Jim Asa, viewing that wonder, exclaims, "Ain't she slick?" And what of the long and narrow etchings by the indefatigable Field? We cross ourselves before them with pious adoration. Yes, and the photographic marvels so lately put upon the bourgeois market—groups of white-draped figures holding lyres or trumpets or other pseudo-Hellenic symbols—these, to elicit our admiration. But chiefest is that shoddy Madonna, M. Charles Blanc says that the test of artistic appreciation is to behold Raphael's Stance; if you weep, there is hope for you; if you don't, why, eat, drink and be merry—tomorrow you die. Clearly, then, M. Charles Blanc had never seen the Bodenhausen Madonna reproduced on glass, with a prop to stand up by. That, thinks Sweet Auburn, is the ultimate criterion of taste. Moreover, we are musical after our uncouth fashion. There is an instrument of one kind or another in nearly every house. Indeed, I never saw a community where so many people could sing by note, or where so many people could play. However, you will never hear it said in the hills that music has charms to soothe the savage breast; our music never soothes. It insulates, but does not cheer. Still, having heard no better, we like it. Isolation is not good for music. See what happened in China? "What you think of your choir?" asked Hezekiah. "Wa'n't that solo a hooster?" "Well," I replied, "Uncle Dwight hasn't what one would call a cultivated voice." "Dunno 'bout that," retorted the enthusiastic Hezekiah. "SOUNDS AS IF HE'D BEEN OVER IT AT LEAST ONCE WITH A HARROW!" And so it goes. So, in truth, do the others. Nevertheless, our vocalists set forth upon heaven-reaching anthems with unexampled audacity.

"Eaten a Mountain." A good example of the caustic humor of a Scotch examiner floats this way from we know not where. It seems that Scotch parish schoolmasters are, on their appointment, examined as to their literary qualifications. One of the fraternity being called by his examiner to translate Horace's ode beginning "Exegi monumentum oere perennius," began as follows: "Exegi monumentum." (I have eaten a mountain.) "Ah," said one of the examiners, "Ye needna proceed any further; for after eaten sic a dinner, this parish wad be a pair mouthful' ye. Ye maun try some wider sphere."—Poet Lore.

No Burglars About. While touring last year through the west of Ireland I put up one night at a small hotel. When I retired for the night I placed my boots outside the bedroom door. Next morning I found, to my great indignation, that the boots had not been cleaned. I went downstairs vowing vengeance on the landlord. "Look here!" I said indignantly. "I left my boots outside my door last night, and they were not taken away!" "Faith, sir," returned the host, "you might have left your watch and chain there, too, and the watch a wan' ad touch them. We're all honest people here."—Spare Moments.

She—What is the attraction that draws you to church? He—"The helms."

The Educated Thief. "The testimony is against you," said the police justice, "is clear and conclusive. You spend your time committing petty thefts."

One Woman's Wisdom. He had proposed to the idol of his heart, but things had failed to come his way. "Do you know," he said, as he was leaving her presence forever, "that you are wringing my heart from my bosom?"

He Knew What Was Wanted. "You understand the necessity for making this report as favorable as possible?"

His Defense. Flagger—I saw the agent for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals coming out of your house this morning. What's the matter?

Caught in the Car. "Is Mr. Goodheart still paying attention to your daughter?"

No More to Get. Sister—So you married for money, eh? Well, did you get it? Brother—All she had.

Makes That a Business. Filson—Are you going to take part in that guessing contest? Dilson—Oh, no; they'd rule me out as a professional.

Worried by Trifles. "She's one of those girls who worry over trifles." "What's the trifle that's worrying her now?" "Her bathing suit."



READING LIP MOVEMENTS.



MEASURING SENSITIVENESS TO FATIGUE.

HOW EXPERIMENTS ARE MADE. When blood is reduced by thought, exercise or other stimulus to flow from one part of the body to the brain or to another part Dr. Macdonald measures the extent of flow by submerging the hand in question—as an arm, for instance—through an airtight rubber dam into a glass vessel of water. As the blood decreases the amount of air between the water and the rubber increases and the increase is measured by a pointer. Quite as sensitive are a score of instruments for measuring movements of muscles. One can be clasped above any muscle of the body for this purpose. Another records the breathing, and if it has been learned that concentration of mind causes respiration to grow less and a consequent impoverishment of the blood. Still another records the exact movements of the fingers and toes. Another measures and counts nervous tremblings and still another the sensitiveness to fatigue. Others gauge the pressure and movements of the tongue in speech or nervousness. A still more delicate device registers the exact motions of the lips in talking.

It is largest at birth and smallest after 70 years of age. It is of variable dimensions for the reason that it is one of the structures which, in the descent of man, flutters before going out." Its average length in a young adult is not far from three and a quarter inches.

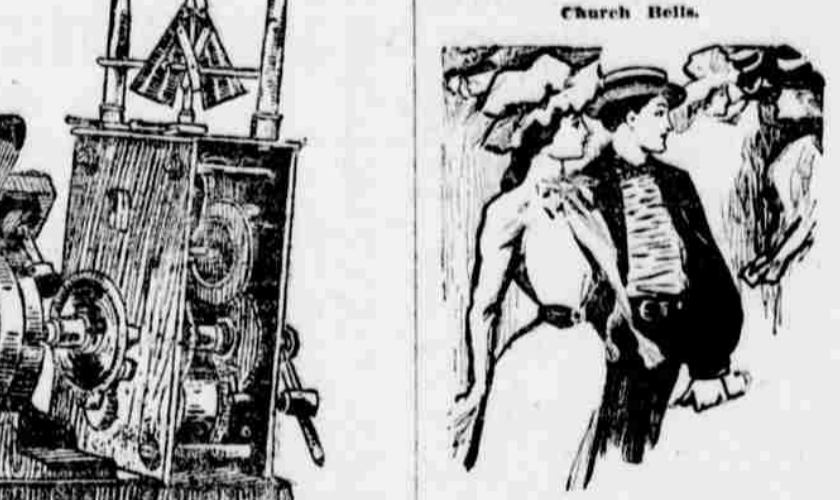
Miss Susan Wymar. This has been my experience in Pe-ru-na. This has been my friend indeed, and every bottle of Pe-ru-na I ever bought proved a good friend to me.—Susan Wymar.

OUR BUDGET OF FUN.

SOME GOOD JOKE, ORIGINAL AND SELECTED. A Variety of Jokes, Glibes and Trifles. Original and Selected—Flotsam and Jetsam from the Tide of Humor—Witty Sayings.

A June Proposal. She wore a red rose in her golden hair— My queen of all the world—so sweet—so fair; Full tenderly my offered heart she took, Then told me calmly that she couldn't cook.

An Extra Ingredient. "No," he said reflectively, "this isn't like mother's pie." "And why not?" she wasplightly asked. "Because," he mildly explained, "mother's pie always had ants in it."



Church Bells. "The testimony is against you," said the police justice, "is clear and conclusive. You spend your time committing petty thefts."

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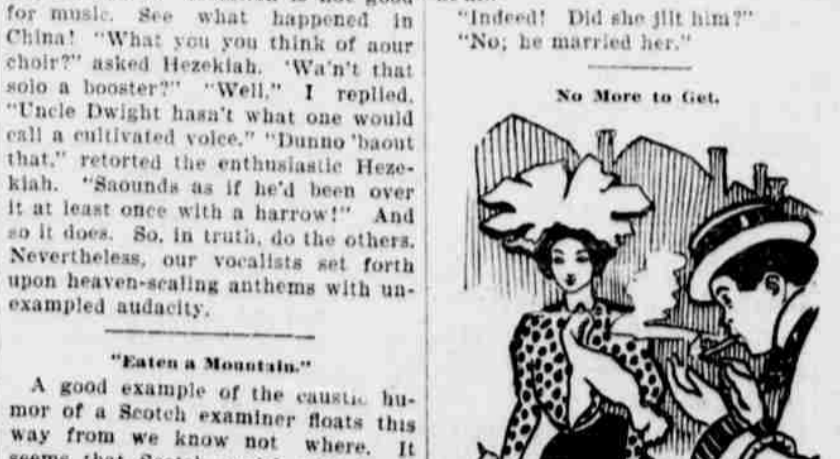
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Remember that cholera morbus, cholera infantum, summer complaint, bilious colic, diarrhoea and dysentery are each and all catarrh of the bowels. Catarrh is the only correct name for these affections. Pe-ru-na is an absolute specific for these ailments, which are so common in summer. Dr. Hartman, in a practice of over forty years, never lost a single case of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, or cholera morbus, and his only remedy was Pe-ru-na. Those desiring further particulars should send for a free copy of "Summer Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

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"Honor is Purchased by Deeds We Do."

Deeds, not words, count in battles of peace as well as in wars. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. It has won many remarkable victories over the arch enemy of mankind—impure blood. Be sure to get only Hood's, because



Sanita Fe Special Rates. The Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railway has issued the following: Houston, \$5 for the round trip; tickets on sale Aug. 23 and 24, limited for return Aug. 28, account of State Baptist Sunday School and Colportage Convention. Wharton, one and one-third fare to Rosenberg, added to \$1.05 from Rosenberg, Aug. 15, limited to return Aug. 22, account of American Baptist Free Mission Association (colored).

Chicago, one and one-third fare, on the certificate plan, account of Deutscher Kreistag of North America, to be held Aug. 13 to 15. Columbus, O., one and one-third fare, on the certificate plan, account of the meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, to be held Aug. 19 to 25.

Dewey Bought a Ticket. When Commodore Dewey left Washington in November, 1897, to take command of the fleet in the Pacific ocean, he did not ride on a pass or a half rate ticket. Being a personal friend of S. B. Hoce, General Agent of the Baltimore & Ohio passenger department in Washington, the now famous sea fighter, bought two first-class tickets from Washington to San Francisco via the B. and O., Chicago and North-Western, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific lines. Lieut. Brumby accompanied the admiral and they departed on November 27. Some time ago, Manager of Passenger Traffic D. B. Martin of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, set out to collect the coupons of the ticket and only recently secured all of them. He has had the ticket, containing Dewey's signature, lithographed, and is issuing false similes as souvenirs.

Chin Music. "You shafe yourself?" asked the barber. "Yes." "I thought so. You cut your chin. I refer cut my chin." "So I see," returned the victim. "I wish you would, because it isn't particularly interesting."

Misses Can Wear Shoes One size smaller after using Allen's Foot Easy, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Trial package FREE by mail. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Some of the visiting girls wear mighty funny things. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children, always safe, cures whooping cough, croup, whooping cough, 25c a bottle.

After a man is thirty years old soda pop tastes like soap. I believe Piso's Cure is the only medicine that cures consumption.—Anna M. Ross, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 15, '95.

The cheaper the man, the tougher the story he will tell or believe. The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GUY'S TAFLETTA CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteful form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

It is easier to quit some bad habits than it is to continue them. NO REMEDY EQUALS PERUNA, SO THE WOMEN ALL SAY.

Miss Susan Wymar, teacher in the Richmond school, Chicago, Ill., writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman regarding Pe-ru-na. She says: "Only those who have suffered as I have can know what a blessing it is to be able to



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FOR WOMEN AND HOME

ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR MAIDS AND MATRONS.

Some Striking Pen and Pictures of Fashions for Women—Ideas of Bliss—The Woman Who Stoops—Be Attractive.

Love's Aspiration. What shall I ask for thee, loved, when at the silent eve or golden morn...

For thee, fair child, for thee, In thy fresh, budding girlhood, shall my prayer...

Ever shall Love for thee Implore Heaven's best and holiest benison...

My soul grows earnest, angel-lips of flame May echo thy sweet name.

Swift on expanded wings, the boon may bear, And, soft as falling dewdrops, kindly shed...

Their Idea of Bliss. Evidently when the question of a wedding journey arises in an up-thrstate town...

But though they may come to the city in the summer to see the sights, to go to the seaside and eat roast clams...

The Woman Who Stoops. The woman who stoops is rare, thank goodness, but she does exist as an eyesore to beholders...

Painting Upon Lace. Something, although not strictly new, certainly worthy of notice, is painting upon lace for decorative and household purposes...

FRENCH BODICE FOR AFTERNOON WEAR.



Made of lettuce-green tucked chiffon, with bands of prune velvet insertion between the tucks. The sleeves have no fulness whatever, and are very...

FRENCH TOILETTE.



In fawn chaille over rose taffeta, with let-in bowknots of black silk velvet, which forms the stock and belt. The sleeves are covered with gathered...

over books, writing for hours at a time and neglect to aid a defective vision with glasses are the main causes.

The cure should begin with the pillow. Use one small, flat pillow at night, or dispense entirely with the luxury of a head rest.

Painting Upon Lace. Something, although not strictly new, certainly worthy of notice, is painting upon lace for decorative and household purposes.

A novelty in wraps is a half coat of lace, rounded up the back and trimmed with ruffles of chiffon.

A handsome purse has a border of gold openwork, which has the appearance of being cast. It is set with small precious stones.

Pineapple bunting, a new pretty summer textile is like a sheer but strong grenadine, in little open meshes, but of the texture of gauze.

Waists belted at the back, with open jacket fronts, are quite a feature of tailor gowns of summer cloth, white or colored pique, duck, Holland and English drill.

The articles comprising a toilet set for a lady are mounted in gold, the back of each article having a miniature in very bright colors on an emerald green background.

Black point d'esprit net continues to be in great use, both for making new toilets and fancy waists and for freshening gowns and bodices of black satin, taffeta, faille, Indian silk and grenadine.

Charming dancing dresses for debutantes are made with plain bodices almost covered with lace-trimmed fichus, the sleeves being nothing more than Louis XIV. bow knots of wide velvet ribbon.

Very fine open-meshed veiling is the favorite for summer wear. It has either large dots far apart or no dots at all, and in either case the veils are so thin that they will not serve to disguise a poor complexion.

The contrast afforded between laces, nets and light evening silks and tulle and black velvet ribbon and black chenille bands and special devices en applique are among the most artistic and becoming effects in French gowning.

Saring over the hands. The clinging skirt is a green canvas, with stitched bands of white cloth headed by narrow black velvet ribbons.

SCIENTIFIC TOPICS

CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

A Toy Sprinkler Made Out of an English Walnut, Two Hazel Nuts, Two Straws, a Cork and a Bottle—Portable Boat.

Electricity for All Uses.

Thomas A. Edison is building a model town on a mountain top. It will be perhaps as remarkable as anything the inventor has ever done.

Portable Boat.

A newly invented portable boat, which seems to be a great improvement over anything of the sort heretofore known, is described in the last issue of the Scientific American.

This Bird Imprisons His Brooding Birds. In the Paris Museum of Natural History at present the center of interest is the only living captive specimen of what African explorers have called the "prison bird."

A Toy Sprinkler.

Here is a toy sprinkler that any bright boy or girl can make with the aid of a pocket knife and a gimlet; the necessary materials are an English walnut, two hazel nuts, two straws, a cork and a bottle.

Fichus of Fashion.

A novelty in wraps is a half coat of lace, rounded up the back and trimmed with ruffles of chiffon.

A collar buckle of gold is in the shape of two maple leaves, with small pearls set along the lines of the veins.

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SHE GAVE THE NEWS.

MME. CABANAL KNEW BOMBARDMENT WAS GOING ON.

Had a Well Organized Staff—Nice Hospitality in the Spirit World to Supply Her with Information—Who Can Explain How These Things Happen.

In the cafe of the hotel the conversation at one of the tables turned upon the newly awakened interest all over the country in physical phenomena.

Added Insult.

Col. Hankthunder called at the office of the local paper to express his mind concerning a typographical error that had appeared in a notice brought in by the colonel himself for publication.

True to His Principles. The exhausted traveler, fainting and half dead from thirst, and all unused to the climate of the tropics, lay gasping.

The Inevitable.

"So the whole thing ends in both of us being obliged to give up the throne," said the Samoan king.

"Yes," answered the other. "It's the old story of competition being crushed out by combines. If you're not in the syndicate there's only one thing to do, and that's abdicate."

Britain Uses 72,000 Tons of Paper Yearly in Postal Cards.

Britain uses 72,000 tons of paper yearly in postal cards.

LIKE BANQUO'S GHOST.

Question of Conductor and Penalties to the Fore Again.

It was in a suburban trolley last Sunday that the question of the conductor's reluctance to receive pennies in change came up again, says the New York Herald.

"But why do you not sometimes give those pennies to me?" You always palm them off on women. "Well, the women always seem to keep them specially for you. Now, if the public could only know what a trial they are to us sometimes they might understand our reluctance to take them. For instance, one of the extras, a man who had been out of work for a long time, after making the number of trips required of him, found he had fifteen pennies among his change. He did not have a cent belonging to himself, and there was no money at home, and the pay that was coming to him at the office for his week's work was needed by his wife and children for bread. They would not take the pennies at the office, and he could not draw his pay until his fares were accounted for. When, after considerable trouble, he got three nickels for fifteen pennies and returned to the company's office it was closed, and he had to go home without his pay."

SEWED A BUTTON.

On Her Finger with a Machine That Clinched it to the Flesh.

New York Sun: Rosie Pierce, 16 years old, of 341 Madison street, met with a singular accident in Joseph Klein & Co.'s tailor shop, at 622 Broadway, yesterday.

With it so fixed she was taken over to police headquarters. The button was fastened as if it were never to come off. An ambulance was sent for, but the surgeon knew of no way to get it off. He took her over to St. Vincent's hospital. The surgeons at the hospital cut the button out. It had been clinched into the flesh, and it was necessary to put the girl under ether to perform the operation.

ARISTOCRATS IN TRADE.

The duke of Northumberland, the heir of all the Percys, with a direct descent from one of William I's favorites, has a reputation for excellent but-ter, says Tit-Bits, and the ducal brand is in great demand within a radius of many miles from Lyon House, Brentford.

Another marquis still better known in the world of trade is Lord Londonderry, whose coal is as unimpeachable as his family escutcheon. Time was when the earl of Hardwicke, as Viscount Royston, was a cigar merchant. He has now transferred his energies to Capel Court, and is half stock broker and half newspaper owner.

The earl of Harrington supplements his income from 13,000 acres by the profits of a green grocery shop at Charing Cross, to which the fruits and vegetables grown at his Derby seat, Elvaston Castle, find their way.

The earl of Ranfurly has for many years been an active and successful fruit grower at Moldura, Victoria. His farm there is the envy and pride of the fruit colony, and its condition is due very largely to the earl's own personal work on it.

The seventeenth earl of Calthness has been literally nursed as a farmer, and is prouder of his American ranch, covering over twenty square miles, the fruit of his years of hard work, than of his earl's coronet.

The last earl of Seafield was a ballist and smart farmer in New Zealand, and his successor, the young earl of today, is also engaged in industrial pursuits at Oamaru.

The late Viscountess Hampden, when he was released from the exacting post of speaker of the house of commons, turned his attention to milk and butter, and his Glynde dairy was noted for its excellence.

Lord Rayleigh, the great scientist and brother-in-law to Mr. A. J. Balfour, takes as much interest in milk as in argon and the doings of the Royal society.

Hotel Keeper Does All His Own Work. Vinalhaven, Me., has a hotel proprietor who does all his carpenter work, paints his house, drives his hack to the ferry, or will take passengers to North Haven, nine miles distant. He does all his cooking and chamberwork, and one morning recently got up in the morning and got breakfast for his two boarders and family of five, and then did his weekly clothes washing, having it on the line to dry before many of the people in the town were up. At 9 o'clock he went down town and bought articles for dinner, and while these were cooking the landlord amused himself by scrubbing the floor of the hotel office.

No Disturbance.

Mrs. Gofrequent—Your husband goes out a good deal, doesn't he? Mrs. Siddon-Holmes—Yes, but we always have seats next five, and then sit, and if never disturbs anyone.

# FORCES ENLARGED

### Troops Sent to the Pacific Coast Depot of British Army and Navy.

## GARRISON HAS LEFT ENGLAND.

The First Squad of Soldiers to Arrive Will Consist of Three Hundred and Twenty Officers and Men.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 7.—A special from Victoria, B. C., says:

The imperial government and the Dominion authorities have decided to increase both the regular military and militia forces on this station, the Pacific coast depot of the British army and navy. Coming at a time when the relations between Canada and the United States are acknowledged by Premier Laurier to be rather strained over the Alaska boundary question, it looks as if Britain and Canada were determined to assert their claim to this portion of Alaska demanded by Canada by force of arms, if necessary.

Be this as it may, the garrison is to be at once greatly increased. The barracks on MacAuley Point, where the big forts are situated, which, with their long enough disappearing guns, command the entrance to the straits of San Juan de Fuca will soon be the home of more than treble the number of engineers, marine artillery, sappers and other united service men than are now quartered there.

Some of the garrison has left England and others will come out in big squads within the next few months via Halifax and the Canadian Pacific railway. The first squad of troops to come will number 320 officers and men, and the present accommodation being too small to house them, much larger barracks will be at once erected. The cost of the new military post, half of which is to be borne by the Dominion government and half by the British authorities, will be \$25,000, or about \$125,000. It is also said the naval forces will be increased by the addition of a depot ship, the Temeraire, which will be sent out from Chatham in September. The warship, with the new admiral, is due from England two weeks hence.

### Illicit Distillery Raided.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Aug. 7.—United States revenue officers Saturday night raided two illicit distilleries operated within three miles of Chickamauga park. Both establishments did a land office business last year in selling whisky to soldiers at Chickamauga park and had defied arrest, the soldiers aiding the moonshiners in keeping the officers off the track. Both stills were in active operations when raided.

The first distillery raided was conducted by Moses Long, who peddles chickens between his home and Chattanooga. The still was of copper, 100 gallons of beer and thirty gallons of low wine were found and destroyed. The second still was about a mile away and operated by G. W. Lanham. It was about the same size of the other and about the same amount of beer and wine was found and destroyed. Lanham escaped.

The first bale of new cotton of Navarro county has been received at Corvaca.

### Dewey at Naples.

Naples, Aug. 7.—Lewis M. Iddings, secretary of the United States embassy, and Mrs. Iddings, who arrived here Saturday for the purpose of welcoming Admiral Dewey, gave a banquet yesterday evening at the Hotel Royal. The room was richly decorated with flowers and hung with American and Italian flags.

The eighteen guests included Lieut. Gen. G. Boglio of the twentieth (Sapore) military division; Vice Admiral Gonzales, commander in chief of the Naples maritime department; the prefect of police of Naples, Capt. Benjamin P. Lambertson and four officers of the Olympia; R. C. Parsons, secretary of the embassy; H. Decastro, United States consular general at Rome; A. H. Bryington, United States consul at Naples; Charles M. Caughy, United States consul at Messina, and Dr. Hassler. Mr. Iddings toasted King Humbert, President McKinley and Admiral Dewey. There were no set speeches.

### Arrived from Cuba.

New York, Aug. 7.—The United States transport Buford, Capt. Matens, arrived in quarantine yesterday from Cienfuegos and Havana. Among those on board were Maj. I. C. Brown, W. R. Graham and E. Wood, Lieut. Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., and nineteen other passengers. There were also sixty discharged soldiers, fifty-one employes, twenty-nine indigent American citizens, eight soldiers on furlough, fifty-one soldiers and six discharged soldiers en route from Matanzas to New York.

### Receiving Fine Cattle.

Carlebad, N. M., Aug. 7.—The introduction of fine Hereford bulls from the eastern states into the valley continues with surprising regularity. During the past month six cars of Hereford bulls have been brought in from Kansas and Missouri. A carload passed here Friday night from the former state, consigned to McElroy Bros. at Pecos. They were the finest load of white-faces that has come into the valley this season.

### A Bad Accident.

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 7.—Nearly forty persons were killed by an accident on the Stratford extension of the Shelton Street Railway company, at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when a loaded trolley car went off the trestle over Peck's mill pond at Oranogue, about six miles north of Bridgeport, and sank in the flats forty feet below. Thus far thirty-six people are known to be dead, and several more injured.

The identified are as follows: James Hotchkiss, Bridgeport, engineer fire department; Henry C. Cogswell, Bridgeport, employe of New York, New Haven and Hartford road, member of board of education; Orlando B. Wells, shoemaker; Selectman Elias E. Bradley and wife, Milford; William Osborn, Stratford; Daniel Gavin, Ansonia; Conductor John Carroll, Bridgeport; S. B. Banks, Shelton; Mrs. McDonald, Bridgeport; Winton Lanthear, Motor-mann, Bridgeport Traction company; Bessie Toomey, Bridgeport; Mrs. J. H. Rugee, Stratford; Mrs. Frank Blevins and two children, boy aged 3 and girl aged 5, Stratford; William McCullough, Stratford; Mrs. Arthur Holmes, Bridgeport; Thomas McNally, identify unknown as positive, Bridgeport; Peter Ring, Bridgeport; Pat McDermott, Bridgeport; Frank Kraft, Bridgeport; Mrs. Patrick Brennan, Bridgeport; Alfred Pitt, Bridgeport; William Cotter, identification not positive, Bridgeport; Irving Foruse, Bridgeport; Mrs. William H. Harvey, Bridgeport; John Galvin, 22, Ansonia.

Among the seriously injured at the Bridgeport hospital are: Margaret Brennan, scalp wound; Mrs. Sydney A. Hitt, Bridgeport, right leg fractured twice; Margaret Farrell right leg amputated above knee will probably die; George Hamilton scalp wound, injury to leg; Frank Kraft, Bridgeport, injuries about head and back; Arthur Holmes, Bridgeport, contusion about the body, left leg crushed; Fred Hiller-cus, scalp wound, bruised about the body; Matthew Olivin, scalp wound, cut and bruised generally; William Kelly, Bridgeport, sprained arm; Mabel Rugg, aged 5, arm broken; Charles Feleany, New York stock broker, injured internally; Margaret Ferrell, New York.

Only two persons are known to have escaped unharmed. It is believed that there were forty-three passengers on the car, but the indicator was removed by a conductor of Uncle Calope, or C. H. Smith, as we at present it is impossible to state accurately the number aboard.

The scene of the accident is midway between Shelton and Bridgeport. The car was northbound, running toward Shelton. It was in charge of Conductor George Carroll, of Bridgeport, who was among the killed, and Motorman Hamilton of Bridgeport, who escaped by jumping.

### Constable Shot.

London, Ky., Aug. 7.—News has just been received here from a remote part of Leslie county of the killing of a constable by his prisoner. Last Thursday Jim Beltzer went to the head of Middlefork and placed under arrest a man named Howard, from Harlan county. The two proceeded some distance when Beltzer stopped and entered a house leaving Howard outside. As Beltzer was returning and stepped in the doorway Howard drew a 45 Colt's, fired and shot him through the head, causing instant death. Howard made his escape and up to Saturday had not been apprehended.

The bubonic plague has made its re-appearance at Calcutta.

### Coal Combine.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 7.—Whitney and Stephenson, who have been financing the big river coal combine which is to be known as the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke company, have completed the allotment of stock according to the subscriptions received. The stock was oversubscribed by \$1,250,000. The first payment of stockholders on par preferred stock is payable at the Union Trust company's offices, this city, on Aug. 1. The remaining 90 per cent is payable on Sept. 21. All properties will be finally transferred on Oct. 21. Securities of the new company will be \$10,000,000 preferred stock, on which 7 per cent will be paid; \$20,000,000 common stock and \$10,000,000 fifty-year gold bonds bearing 5 per cent interest. After the first payment on subscriptions has been made officers will be elected, when it is considered certain that John B. Finley will be chosen president.

### Mrs. Pickens Ill.

Augusta, Ga., Aug. 7.—Mrs. L. H. Pickens, relict of South Carolina's war governor and at one time minister to Russia, is lying critically ill at her home at Edgewood, near Edgefield, S. C. She is suffering from paralysis. Mrs. Pickens has been prominently identified with Mount Vernon, the home of Washington, since it has been under the fostering care of American womanhood. She is one of the most noted women in the history of the south.

### Fatally Shot.

London, Ky., Aug. 7.—Saturday night at East Bernstadt, this county, Clyde Thompson, aged 18, son of Deputy United States Marshal George Thompson, was leaning against a telegraph pole. A young man named Holt came along and told Thompson to stand aside, as he wanted to shoot at the pole. This he refused to do. Again Holt told him, and again Thompson refused. Then Holt drew a 45 Colt and fired at the pole, of course hitting Thompson, who is fatally wounded.

# GEN. JUAN JIMINEZ

### Says the People of San Domingo Want Him to Be President.

## 1000 MEN WAITING FOR HIM.

### He Desires to Be on Friendly Terms With the United States Government and Expects American Sympathy.

Havana, Aug. 5.—Gen. Juan Jiminez, when his attention was called yesterday to a cable summary of an alleged declaration made by him here recently and published in the United States to the effect that he was about to proceed to the United States to organize an expedition against the existing government of San Domingo, replied that he had not made the statement attributed to him. He went on to say that it was quite unnecessary for him to proclaim himself hostile to the present government as it could not possibly last beyond the 15th of this month. "I did hear," he continued, "that Heu-reux was sending me to Cuba to kill me, but I knew nothing whatever regarding the plot to kill me. I had no connection and have no connection with Roman Caceres, who did the shooting.

"I do not believe that the United States will interfere with my government in San Domingo, which will be a government peaceful and helpful to all, for the United States did not interfere with the government of Heu-reux, who robbed and murdered for fourteen years."

Gen. Jiminez admits that he has often been in the United States incognito, but says he has not had interviews with official persons. He considers that there is no need of promoting expeditions to land in San Domingo, as there already are 1000 men waiting for him a force which he deems sufficient for his purposes.

Referring to the future relations of San Domingo with the United States, he expressed a desire to be on friendly terms with Washington and said he believed he could count on American sympathy. Gomez he referred to as esteemed by all classes of Dominicans but not sought for as president. The people of San Domingo, he declared, are impetuous and are urging him to come to them at once, but for a time he preferred delay as "each day is worth a battle won."

### The Italian Lynching.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Count Vinchi, the Italian charge, called at the state department yesterday to compare notes with Acting Secretary Adee respecting the inquiry into the killing of the five Italians at Tallulah, La. The governor has stated that the jury of the parish in which Tallulah is situated will meet next week, and it is expected that the killing will be taken up by that body immediately if the district attorney finds the report prepared by the sheriff sufficient to make out a prima facie case against the perpetrators of the killing.

Count Vinchi has not yet received the report of Marquis Domino, who was sent to Louisiana to make a personal inquiry into the lynchings, though the marquis has sent a brief dispatch saying he has completed his inquiry at Vicksburg, near the scene of the lynching, and has secured convincing proofs that the five victims were Italian citizens.

### Saved from a Mob.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 5.—It became known yesterday that Gov. Candler of this state made a personal trip to Newnan, a town sixty miles south of this city to save the life of the negro assaulter, John Mullens, charged with an assault upon Mrs. Cook, near Senoia, Ga., Wednesday. Gov. Candler left the executive mansion at 4 o'clock Thursday morning, boarding the first train that arrived and was at the public jail of Coweta county an hour after day-break. He took command of the Newnan guards, a company of the state militia, which had been guarding the jail during the night from a mob, and directed the sheriff to take his prisoner at once to Atlanta for safe keeping. The greatest excitement prevailed in the town during the night and Sheriff Brown fearing an attack from the mob telephoned Gov. Candler several times for instructions. The mob was successfully avoided and the prisoner lodged in Fulton county jail at Atlanta.

### Situation at Vera Cruz.

New York, Aug. 5.—United States Consul Wm. W. Canada, who is stationed at Vera Cruz, Mexico, arrived here yesterday on the Ward line steamer Vigilancia. Mr. Canada said at the time of his departure yesterday that the situation at Vera Cruz. There had been seventy-eight deaths from this cause in the last week of June and only seventy-eight deaths in the last week in July. Every precaution is taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

### Dewey Celebration.

New York, Aug. 5.—The Dewey reception committee has received a telegram from Adj. Gen. Henry of the state of Mississippi asking if the number of troops from outside states invited to take part in the land parade is limited. Secretary Foster replied that city would entertain all soldiers that came. Offers from patriotic societies asking for places in the land parade have been received and accepted.

### Did Much Damage.

River Junction, Fla., Aug. 5.—The most disastrous cyclone that ever visited this section of Florida completely annihilated Carrabelle, McIntyre and Lanark Inn, south of here Thursday. At Carrabelle only nine houses remain of the once beautiful and prosperous town. Communications from the mayor state that 200 families are without homes or shelter and many are completely destitute.

Of McIntyre only two mill boilers mark the site of the town. Lanark Inn, the famous summer resort, was blown into the gulf.

The Carrabelle, Tallahassee and Georgia railroad was washed away for a distance of thirty miles. A passenger train was blown from the track more than 100 yards. Many passengers were injured, but their names are unobtainable. Mary Williams, colored, was killed at Carrabelle. Numerous others had legs and arms broken. Daniel Neel of Apalachicola had his back broken and is not expected to recover.

No fatalities are reported from McIntyre and Lanark. Fifteen ships lying in anchor at Dog Island cove and upper anchorage are now high and dry on St. George's and Dog Island. Twelve were loaded with lumber and ready for sea. Nothing remains to them but a mass of wreckage. When the Italian bark Corteria struck she split half in two from stem to stern. The names of the ships blown on the island, and which are total wrecks, are as follows:

Norwegian bark Ranavalo, Edwardson, master; Vale, Andersen, master; Jafnar, Tyngensen, master; Hyn-do, Madsen, master; Elisabeth, Pedersen, master; Russian bark Latara, Krantman, master; American schooners Benjamin C. Cromwell, McLean, master; Mary E. Morse, Denamore, master; Grace Andrews, Brown, master; Warren Adams, Gibbons, master; James A. Garfield, Cottingham, master; bark Vidette, Waldron, master; Italian bark Cortesia, fishing smack, Albert Haley.

Three pilot boats and steamers Olla and Capitola and forty boats under twenty tons were lost. Six lumber lighters, loaded, are gone. Not one of the entire fleet can be saved. Five unidentified bodies were recovered yesterday, supposed to be sailors. Tug boats have gone from here to the scene of the wreckage and all possible aid is being given.

Fifty destitute sailors were brought here yesterday and are being cared for. A mass meeting of citizens was held here last night and all possible aid will be given the Carrabelle destitute. One million dollars will not cover the loss. The insurance is small.

### Bryan on "Pending Problems."

Ludington, Mich., Aug. 5.—Six thousand people were on the Epworth assembly grounds yesterday when Col. W. J. Bryan delivered his address on "Pending Problems." His first propositions argued related to the religious and moral principles underlying his political philosophy, equal taxation, the money question, anti-trust and anti-imperialism arguments following. Later Col. Bryan left by steamer for Manitowoc, Wis.

A boat which was being used to convey sailors to a warship at Budapest was capsized and five of the men were drowned.

Vice President Hobart will visit President McKinley at Lake Champlain.

The French ambassador, M. Cambon, has left for Europe on a four months' visit.

### Stoned Cars.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 5.—In addition to the attempt to blow up a Jennings avenue car on the south side Thursday night, reports received at police headquarters show that the cars were stoned in various parts of the city, although so far as learned, no one was injured.

On Pearl street, near Myers avenue, a shower of heavy stones fell upon a Brooklyn car No. 38, smashing the windows and otherwise damaging the car. The conductor promptly drew his revolver and fired five shots in the direction from which the stones were thrown.

Charles C. Trieste, a barber, was the first man to be placed under arrest for taking part in the boycott. The warrant, which charged violation of the statutory rights law, was sworn out by Patrolman Isaacs, who alleges that the barber refused to shave him because he had ridden on Big Consolidated cars. The case was continued to Aug. 7. Trieste is out on bail.

### Interesting Conference.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 5.—Interesting departmental conferences yesterday occupied the attention of the delegates to the Young People's Christian Union convention during the forenoon session of the second day of the convention. Five conferences relating to the work of as many departments were held in various churches in the Oakland, Bellefield and Shadyside districts, beginning at 9:45 a. m.

### Demand Full Reparation.

Port au Prince, Haiti, Aug. 5.—The affair of the recent violation of the American legation here by police, who were seeking to arrest M. Duvivier, the newspaper man, has not been definitely settled. It is understood that the American minister, Mr. W. F. Powell, will demand full reparation for the outrage.

During a dance at Wellville, O., the floor gave way and a number of persons were injured.

# OATH OF OFFICE

### Administered to Mr. Elihu Root at Washington.

## AN IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY.

### Judge Cole of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia Officiated—Exchange of Courtesies.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Mr. Elihu Root took the oath of office as secretary of war at 10:45 o'clock yesterday. The ceremony occurred in the presence of Secretaries Gage and Hitchcock, Assistant Secretary Melkiohna and a number of army officers in uniform, and other employes and officials. The oath was administered by Judge Cole of the supreme court of the District of Columbia.

Secretary Alger arrived at the war department at 10:10 o'clock, accompanied by Mr. Root, for whom he had called in his carriage. They went immediately to the secretary's private office, where Secretaries Gage and Hitchcock were soon joined by Adj. Gen. Corbin and Maj. Hoskins, the latter being the military secretary of Secretary Alger. A moment later Assistant Secretary Melkiohna and Judge Cole formally presented to the new secretary. The commission bearing date of yesterday was in possession of Adj. Gen. Corbin.

By this time all of the army officers on duty in the department had gathered in the main office and Mr. Root and Secretary and other members of the party entered the room. It was 10:45 when Mr. Root stood up and took the oath of office. Judge Cole then addressed him as "Mr. Secretary" and shook hands most cordially and said, with evident feeling:

"With all my heart, I congratulate you and the administration. You will find around you here men who will help in the arduous duties of your position. May God bless you and give you strength."

Secretary Gage then stepped forward and congratulated Secretary Root. He was followed by Secretary Hitchcock, Assistant Secretary Melkiohna, Gen. Corbin and Chief Clerk Schofield. Gen. Alger picked up the commission signed by the president and attested by the secretary of state, appointing Mr. Root secretary of war.

"Here is your commission," he said, with a smile, handing it to Mr. Root, "in which you lose your identity and become Mr. Secretary. I go back to become a sovereign citizen of the United States and become Mr. Alger."

"I sincerely wish it were the other way," said Mr. Root, as he accepted the parchment. Then the officers were presented, Secretary Root by Mr. Victor L. Mason, the confidential clerk to the secretary of war. As soon as they were introduced they shook hands with Gen. Alger. Nearly all stopped to express their regrets upon his retirement and wish him success in the future.

At Elkhorn, W. Va., five leading coal companies in that city advanced the mining rate 15 cents. Three thousand miners are affected.

Louis Patterson and Michael McDonald were put to death at Sing Sing, N. Y.

Indians on Warpath.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 2.—W. W. Marsh, a business man of this city, who is well acquainted with the Yaqui river valley in Mexico, has just returned from that region. He says the Indians live on land granted them by the Mexican government at the close of the ten years' war in 1877. These lands he states are constantly being encroached upon by Mexicans, and this, in connection with the excitement aroused by vigorous dancing which was going on when he left there had led to the outbreak. There are five military posts in the lower valley, which are garrisoned by about 1500 troops when Mr. Marshal was there two weeks ago. Quite a number of Americans live in two of these towns, but Mr. Marshal does not think they will be harmed, as the Indians are very friendly to Americans. Fully 2500 Indians are on the warpath, and as they are splendid fighters and well armed, Mr. Marshal says the present Mexican force in their country is no match for them.

Reinforcements are on the way.

Vessels Collide.

Queenstown, Aug. 2.—The Cunard line steamer Cephalonia, Capt. Pierce, from Boston July 22 for Liverpool, which arrived here yesterday, at 9:55 a. m., was densely fogged during the night. Between 2 and 3 o'clock in the morning, while nearing the Irish coast, she collided with a sailing vessel, supposed to be a bark. The vessel quickly separated and a boat was launched from a steamer, but all search for the sailing craft was unavailing. The Cephalonia was not damaged.

Visited the House of Commons.

London, Aug. 2.—Thomas B. Reed, former speaker of the United States house of representatives, and Joseph Choate, United States ambassador, occupied seats in the distinguished strangers' gallery of the house of commons yesterday. The son of the Hon. William Court Gully, speaker of the house of commons, accompanied Messrs. Reed and Choate, pointing out to them the interesting places and people.

### Forty Cases Reported.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Surgeon General Wyman of the marine hospital service expects to hear of the development of yellow fever cases at Phoebus, near the Hampton home.

He received a dispatch yesterday afternoon from Surgeon White in which that physician said there was little doubt that there was some infection in this village. He also referred to one suspicious case now being closely watched, the nature of which had not been fully determined. All surgeons of the service were urged to prevent a spread of the fever.

Gen. Wyman said last night that if cases were discovered in Phoebus it would not necessarily make the situation any worse; that hamlet is, so far as the fever is concerned, he said, a part of the originally infected territory, for it is the place where the inmates of the home have congregated, and cases in Phoebus are therefore to be expected.

At 6:10 last night Surgeon Wadlin telegraphed the existence of three new cases in the home, and one death. Whether this covers the day or the preceding twenty-four hours the surgeon general is unable to determine. This seems to make a total of forty cases and eight deaths, a mortality rate of 20 per cent. Last year the rate was 4 per cent.

The officials say they believe the situation is improving. They base the belief on the fact that so far the fever has been confined to the original district, and has not spread. A rigid house to house canvass is being made in all the territory in the neighborhood of the home.

The fever is confidentially reported to be of the most virulent type. In this city two men were recently at the home, and are held under surveillance. It is not thought they have the disease, but the health officers, under Gen. Wyman's instructions, will detain them until the period of incubation has passed.

### Improvement in the South.

Baltimore, Aug. 2.—With one corporation operating in southwestern Virginia and eastern Tennessee securing the country for 2000 men to push railroad construction to iron fields, with men camped out in the Birmingham district waiting for the completion of dwellings, with iron ore moving from the Llano fields in Texas to the furnaces at Rusk, with the completion of the organization of a \$5,000,000 iron and coal company in Alabama, southern development during the past week has shown more vigor than ever. The marked activity, however, is not confined to the iron industry. Cotton mill building and cotton mill improvement, cotton seed crushing, fertilizer manufacturing, lumbering and railroad construction have been quickened, while the organization of banks in widely separated communities indicates the strength of industrial and commercial advance. The railroads with terminals at Gulf ports, particularly New Orleans and Galveston, are prepared for a heavy grain export movement. The business at Pensacola is steadily increasing. Additional service to Cuba has been arranged for Mobile, while there is a strong probability that a new foreign steamship line will be started shortly from Sabine Pass. Construction upon a number of roads is being pushed, while plans for new roads and the renewal of old undertakings are being made. The Manufacturers' Record report many new enterprises, and from these statements a bare summary is given, showing the remarkable activity in the industrial life of the whole south.

### Rendered a Decision.

Washington, Aug. 2.—The navy department has rendered a decision constraining the eight-hour law. The commandant of the Washington navy yard recently asked authority to permit the contractor who is building the new gun shops to employ his workmen ten hours per day, urging that the machinery was being stopped and the floor was being damaged by exposure to rains. The law permits the employment of workmen on government works for more than eight hours per day "only in case of extraordinary emergency." The judge advocate holds that the case as reported can not be regarded as one of extraordinary emergency, and that the proper remedy would be to employ a force of men in relays, by which means the work could be expedited much more effectively.

A saloon at Gainesville was burglarized the other night.

Admiral Dewey is preparing to leave Trieste.

Made His Escape.

Durant, I. T., Aug. 2.—A negro came in Monday on the southbound flyer, riding the "blind" and the brakeman put him off here. It was learned that the negro was from Caddo and for that reason the marshal wanted him for violating the quarantine law and a lively chase ensued. Marshal Stinson, with several of the boys, chased him one mile in the direction of Caddo, but the negro gained on them each stride in the direction of the infected town whence he came.

Price of Lumber Raised.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 2.—A committee representing practically all of the big lumber manufacturers of the north-west in session here, has decided on a raise of \$1 per 1000 in the prices of lumber. The committee has plenary powers and its action is final and will be accepted without question. On July 28 prices were raised 50 cents per 1000, but the lumbermen justify the further increase by the restricted supply and the increased demand.

### PASTURE AND FARM.

The corn crop in Wood county promises to be an abundant yield.

The range in Stonewall county is fine and stock water plentiful.

Over 100 cars of wheat have been shipped from Garland this year.

The farmers of Navarro county are rushing their old corn to market.

The range in Starr county is in good condition and stock doing very well.

Fruit growers around Lindale were surprised at the yield of the peach crop, it being much larger than they expected.

The farmers of McLennan county are talking of sheds for small grain in which the sheaves can be protected from harvest rains.

Wool sold at Brownwood the other day for 17 cents per pound, the highest price paid for Texas wool for the last seven or eight years.

Large quantities of peaches, cantaloupes and tomatoes are being shipped from Jacksonville, Tyler and other eastern points in Texas.

The county commissioners, sitting as a board of equalization at Marshall, changed the cattle rating to \$10 a head on all cattle except registered, which is placed at \$50.

The wild plums around Denison have not ripened yet. The crop is large, and from indications the wild plum crop is likely to be the last thing in the fruit line to ripen.

The country above Colorado has continued to receive good rains and crops are in fine condition. The first crops of sorghum, milo maize and Johnson grass have been cut and were unusually heavy.

At Springtown, Parker county, the wheat and oats have been only slightly damaged by rains, but farmers are uneasy about the number of worms and grasshoppers at work on the corn, cotton and grass crops.

The watermelon crop of Wise county is something immense. A great number are being shipped to the northern markets. Mrs. John Spencer, a farmer living two miles west of Decatur, shipped two cars to Colorado.

Hon. A. W. Childers was in Gainesville recently. He had finished thrashing his wheat and oats and said the former averaged sixteen bushels to the acre and the latter forty-two. All crops are flourishing in his neighborhood and corn will average forty bushels to the acre and cotton looks splendid.

Information has been received at Ft. Worth of the consumption of another big cattle deal. The contracting parties are George W. Littlefield of Austin and Mann & Bevens of Menardville, the former selling to the latter firm about 6400 of 3 and 4-year-old steers raised in Mason and Menard counties. It is understood that the purchase price is not far from \$180,000. Mr. Littlefield also disposed of 5000 leased pasture in Menard county, consideration not given out.

J. E. Lovelace, a farmer one and a half miles east of Sterling, I. T., has a crop, the first of its kind in that section of the territory. It is a crop of broom corn. Last spring Mr. Lovelace bedded fifteen acres for cotton on his farm and got discouraged later on and decided not to plant the ground in cotton and to try raising broom corn. He had to get the seed from St. Louis and got the crop in late. Despite this fact he has fifteen acres of fine broom corn as ever grew in any country, and has now started bending the tops, preparatory to gathering the crop.

Brisbin Bros. of Alvin have shipped over 500 crates of peaches from their orchard this season.

Six hundred fine mules have been crossed at Laredo, bought and raised in Neuces and Duval counties, under contract with this government. These animals will be shipped on steamers from the port of Tampico. Several hundred more will pass through in a few days for the same destination.

In some sections of Grayson county there is a great deal of unthreshed grain in the fields yet. The unusual acreage in grain and the fact that the production per acre was 15 per cent greater than expected led the grain raisers without adequate threshing facilities.

F. S. Boener, a farmer living three miles east of Pilot Point, Denton county, has 150 tobacco plants growing on his farm. He says they are doing well and will make a heavy crop. He considers the soil and climate of Denton county well adapted to tobacco.

County Clerk W. C. McFall of Weatherford made a purchase of 500 head of Angora goats from Doughten & Little of Hood county, the consideration being \$1000. Mr. McFall has recently sold his stock cattle and will place goats on his ranch.

A number of trotting and running horses are on the grounds of the Denton County Blooded Stock and Fair association in training for the racing contests of the approaching fair, and the track is being put in excellent condition.

Mr. J. E. Whitesell of Corsicana was presented by Mr. O. J. Meador of the Cryer creek neighborhood with a watermelon raised by him that weighed over sixty pounds. The melon was one of a load brought in by the grower and none of the load went under thirty pounds in weight.

Farmers about Denison say that cotton blooms have begun to shed a little without fruiting. They say that the hot winds always cause a little shedding, but some of them are of the opinion that half the fruit on the cotton stocks would make much more than an average crop.

# FEVER SITUATION.

### Officials Encouraged Over Present Conditions.

### EXCITEMENT IS SUBSIDING.

Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute Has Put on a Strict Quarantine Against the Soldiers' Home.

Newport News, Va., Aug. 4.—The yellow fever situation at the Soldiers' home near Hampton is summed up in the following words of Maj. Thompson: "We feel very much encouraged over the present conditions."

The statement is made upon authority of Dr. Wadlin that a man named Geo. H. Stevens is ill with fever at Phoebus. There are some suspicious symptoms, though the house in which he is confined is closed and guarded. Everybody is calm and no fear is felt that the fever will appear in Hampton. In a statement before the Hampton Business Men's association Dr. White said that as soon as he could confine the disease to the home he could see no reason why the commercial restrictions on Hampton and Phoebus should not be removed.

The Soldiers' home is fully a mile from Hampton and is separated by two creeks. The Hampton normal and agricultural institute adjoins the grounds of the home, but the former institution has thrown out a quarantine line and has prevented the infection from spreading to the school.

There is some talk here of quarantining against Norfolk, the health authorities here realizing that city is more exposed than Newport News. Still such a quarantine is not apparently necessary and would look like the result of petty commercial rivalry.

### Beef in Belgium.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Official letters received here from the representatives of the United States in Germany bring many details concerning the recent action in that country looking to the exclusion of beef slaughtered in Belgium from the home German markets, and leave little room for doubt that this is done for the purpose of preventing the indirect introduction of the American product. The letters state that proclamations have been issued by the authorities of the Prussian provinces of Aachen, Dusseldorf, Osna-bruck, Luneburg, Schleswig, Danzig and Gumbinnen, and also in the grand duchy of Oldenburg and Mecklenburg and the ministry of Alsace-Lorraine against the admission of beef slaughtered in Belgium. These subdivisions of territory cover the entire Belgium frontier of Germany, and render it impracticable to introduce any Belgium beef into the empire. While the central government of Germany takes no official action in the premises, it is pointed out that the course of the subordinate governments is inspired from Berlin and some of the proclamations set forth that the action is taken at the instance of the imperial chancellor. Others proclaim that the reason for the step is the fear of introducing Texas fever through the American beef slaughtered in Belgium. The exclusion orders went into effect on the 15th of July.

### The Baker Trial.

Barboursville, Ky., Aug. 4.—In the Baker trial the prosecution concluded its testimony by introducing four witnesses. James Robinson, who was working at Baker's house when the killing occurred, testified that soon after the shots were fired Tom and Jim came home greatly excited. Just before the shooting he said Tom went down the road in the direction from whence the shots came, with a gun. Robinson testified in the examining trial that Tom and Jim were both at home when the shots were fired. Now he claims that he was forced by the Bakers to swear to a lie, as they threatened to kill him.

Fuller Barrett has testified twice before that Tom and Jim were at home when Wilson Howard was killed. Yesterday he swore that he, in company with Jim, Tom and Wiley Baker, were together in the room when Howard came up; that Tom fired and Burch Storr fell dead and that Howard was wounded. He said the Bakers had forced him to swear falsely.

### Legation Violation.

Washington, Aug. 4.—Acting Secretary of State Adee has received a cablegram from Minister Powell at Port-au-Prince, Haiti, confirming the newspaper reports of the violation of his legation by police officers who were making an arrest. The minister added that the person who was arrested (de Vivier) is a citizen of Haiti and he seeks to know what disposition shall be made of him upon his return to the legation.

### Gov. Roosevelt.

Ocean Grove, N. J., Aug. 4.—Gov. Roosevelt of New York was the guest of honor at the Ocean Grove summer normal school last night, when he delivered an address upon "Practical Politics and Decent Politics" before an audience of 10,000 people. Crowds met Gov. Roosevelt at the New Jersey station on his journey from New York, cheering him heartily. At Ocean Grove he was met by a great crowd, and 100 cyclists escorted him to his stopping place.

### Soldiers Well Received.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 4.—At 9 o'clock yesterday morning the Pennsylvania troops disembarked from the transport Senator and went into camp preparatory to being mustered out. The reception accorded the soldiers from the Keystone state was similar to that given the Oregon, Nebraska and Utah boys, who had preceded them home. Thousands upon thousands of people lined the streets through which the boys were to pass. The usual medley of steam whistles, cannon and fireworks accompanied them, all through the business section of the city.

Three heavy batteries, one light battery and the regimental band of the third artillery came first in the parade, followed by the Nebraska regiment, and then came the Pennsylvanians, led by Lieut. Col. Barnett. Col. Barnett's sword, draped in crepe out of respect to the memory of Col. Hawkins, commander of the regiment, who died at sea en route home, caused a hush to fall on the multitudes.

The Pennsylvanians present even a better appearance from a health standpoint than did the Nebraska boys and those from Utah, but they ascribe this to the tonic effects of the sea air on the voyage, and to the fact that they were off the fighting line for some time before departure from the islands. The soldiers accepted the attentions showered upon them modestly. The expressions of gratification which their unsmiling faces bore, and an occasional cheer, were the only signs they permitted themselves to show that they appreciated the demonstrations of a grateful people. They could not dissipate the discipline of a year's service in the army, and the loss of their commander hung heavily upon them.

The battling of the Pennsylvanians, short-riddled and almost a wreck of its former beauty, excited general veneration. As soon as the color-bearer came into sight a cheer, mightier if possible than any which had been given the boys, rang out from the throng.

The ambulances of the Pennsylvania brought up the rear of the regiment, bearing the sick and wounded. Following the Pennsylvanians came battery C of the third artillery, from the Presidio.

The parade was reviewed by Gen. Shafter, and in the review stand with him was the committee of Pennsylvanians who had come to extend a welcome to their returned heroes. As the troops passed the reviewing stand, they could not suppress a cheer, and it was returned by those in the stand.

On arrival at the Presidio the work of going into camp was taken up with a vim, and early in the afternoon the boys were comfortably quartered. Here they will remain for several weeks, until they are mustered out, when they will be taken to their Pennsylvania homes in a body.

### Hung by a Mob.

Blakely, Ga., Aug. 4.—Louis Henderson, a negro who has been in the employ of J. W. Bowman, a planter, in this county, for four years past, Wednesday attempted to commit an assault on the 6-year-old daughter of Mr. Bowman. He was captured by the father and was taken in hand by a band of lynchers. The mob was quiet and orderly, and before the town knew what was going on the negro was hanging from a limb in the outskirts of the town.

The exports of lumber and products of wood from southern ports during the fiscal year ending June 30 are beyond anything in the history of the traffic.

### Caused a Sensation.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 4.—A sensation was created at last night's session of the African Methodist Episcopal church presiding elders' council of Georgia and Alabama when the committee on the state of the country reported a resolution recommending that a committee be appointed to set before the United States congress the deplorable condition of the negro population in several of the southern states, and to petition congress for an appropriation of \$100,000,000 to start a line of steamships between the United States and Africa in order to enable all negroes who may desire to do so to emigrate to Africa.

Bishop Turner of Atlanta, who presided, explained that he did not desire the government to carry emigrants free to Africa, but to take them direct at reasonable cost. He said that European immigrants are landed in this country at from \$10 to \$15 each.

### Charged With Theft.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 4.—Wm. A. Cox, a well dressed Chicagoan, was arrested yesterday at the Hotel Grunewald shortly after he had disembarked from the steamer Whitney just arrived from Havana. The arrest was made on the strength of a cable from Havana authorities, who say that Cox is wanted by the chief of police of Belen, Cuba, for the theft of \$1500. No further particulars are contained in the dispatches.

### A Record Breaker.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 4.—Maj. Taylor rode a mile, paced by a steam motor, at the Garfield track last night in the phenomenal time of 1:22 2-5, thereby beating the world's record by three seconds. The half was made in 39 2-5 seconds and the three-quarters in 59 2-5 seconds. Taylor's performance is the more remarkable in that it was not aided by wind shields or any other device, being simply a straight away paced race.

### Parsons' Brigade Reunion.

Waxahachie, Tex., Aug. 3.—The first day of Parsons' brigade entertainment opened yesterday morning and found Waxahachie fully ready to yield the hospitality of the city to the old war veterans. A rainbow of colors greeted one's eyes in every direction about the business center. United States flags waved with those of Texas and Confederacy. Gay music could be heard and now and then an old Confederate yell told of the marshalling of and the approaching time of pleasure. It was 10 o'clock when the Waxahachie Silver Light band marched around the square and boarded the cars for Gibson's park. By the time the band reached the grounds the seats were all filled. On arriving the visitors found an ideal camp, though there were no tents. The terrific heat of the sun and the creek close by in evaporation tended to lower the temperature. Water wagons furnished an abundance of fresh water, while vendors of all kinds kept up interest with the flying-jinney and soda-water men. The band played "Dixie" and wild shouts were heard on every hand. Nobody attempted to offer an excuse for the exalted position of the thermometer, but all tried to find seats and prepare for the speaking.

The programme was opened by John P. Cox of Hillsboro, who stated the object of the meeting and called the association to order.

He was followed by Rev. Fox, minister of Hillsboro, who delivered an excellent prayer, in which he thanked God for the preservation of the old soldiers.

Yancey D. Kemble, city attorney, was then introduced to the audience. He took the place of Mayor H. E. Pickett on the programme, and welcomed the guests on behalf of the city.

Mr. Kemble spoke of the mayor's timidity and of his own cheek in undertaking such a heavy task. His speech was greatly enjoyed. He referred to the industries of the city and intimating that a cotton factory was about assured. He showed why it was better for the town and country people to work in harmony for the upbuilding of home industries. He spoke in glowing terms of the old veterans and of Henry W. Grady of Atlanta. He said the latter had done a noble work in showing the north the worth of the south. He remembered in eulogy the Spanish-American volunteers; also Hobson, Dewey, Schley and Joe Wheeler. The close was loudly applauded.

Capt. W. A. Boyce was next introduced, and spoke interestingly in behalf of Camp Winnie Davis, U. C. V., No. 108, and on several occasions was interrupted by applause. He called for the survivors of Pickett's charge at Gettysburg, and several veterans arose.

Adjutant Rhodus was called on to speak, and complied by saying a few encouraging words, thanking the people in behalf of Parsons' brigade for their generous hospitality.

All the old veterans have been given homes in the city. A big barbecue will be given on the grounds at 1 o'clock to-day.

### Railroad Extension.

Texarkana, Tex., July 3.—The Arkansas and Choctaw railroad is advancing towards the proportion of a regular thoroughfare very rapidly. From a log road of twelve or fifteen miles, it now carries a length of sixty-one miles, and the track has been put across Red river and now extends a distance of twenty miles into the Indian Territory. Work is kept up continually, and the survey will soon be finished to Coffeyville, Kan.

Two colored boys were drowned near Bellville.

### Severely Hurt.

Gainesville, Tex., Aug. 3.—A man giving his name as Herman Miller was brought in here Tuesday night with his head cut, bruised and bleeding. His story is that he and a companion reached Gainesville early Tuesday morning from Ardmore, having come in on a freight. That they spent several hours in the city, and concluded to walk out of town. They reached Fairplay schoolhouse, four miles south, about 12 o'clock, noon, and went to sleep under a tree. Miller says he knows nothing further than that he regained consciousness about 4 o'clock, and was covered with blood. He dragged himself to a farm house, and the farmer brought him here in a wagon. Miller says when he awoke his companion was gone, and also \$9 from his pocket. The officers are investigating.

The number of enlistments Wednesday were 278, making a total of 8202 for the new Philippine regiments. This leaves 4882 yet to raise.

### New Steamer Line.

Galveston, Tex., Aug. 3.—Fowler & McVitie announce the establishment of a new service out of this port. It is called the Albia line, and the first steamer will be the St. George, which is to sail from Hamburg for Galveston Aug. 15. She will bring a cargo, and will be followed by other steamers of the same line at regular intervals. D. F. Fuhrman is the representative at Hamburg.

### Found Dead.

Hillsboro, Tex., Aug. 2.—Yesterday morning at 9 o'clock a dead negro was found under the Katy bridge north of town. It was thought for a while that he had been murdered, and some parties were taken up on suspicion, but later released. The negro is thought to have been run down by a train and knocked off the bridge. He fell about twenty-five feet, dropping nearly in the creek.

### Severe Wind Storm.

Commerce, Tex., Aug. 5.—Thursday afternoon about 4 o'clock the people of Commerce were startled by a roaring noise above the city. There was a small cloud, and everybody thought it would be a sprinkle and paid but little attention to it. But the rain began to come down in torrents and the wind began to blow in circles. It soon reached the "scary point."

The front end of two business houses and the awnings on the northwest corner of the square were blown down. A long row of watermelon wagons were scattered about, teams ran away and the people were hunting a safe place.

In the northeastern part of the city several small houses were damaged. The negro church was badly damaged.

West of town large trees were twisted in two and thrown about every way. Peach trees were blown down in several orchards.

The foreman of the section gang on the Cotton Belt came in from the west with his head badly swollen and tied up. He was on the prairie without shelter from the hail, which fell enough to cover the ground.

The storm only lasted a few minutes but was the hardest wind experienced here for many years. It was almost a cyclone.

### May Cause Trouble.

Laredo, Tex., Aug. 5.—An incident occurred Thursday night on the river front between the two Laredos which may create international complications between the two countries.

Several years ago the city of Laredo transferred for a valuable consideration its ancient and exclusive ferry franchises across the Rio Grande, granted by the king of Spain in 1842 to the International Tramway Bridge company, which erected an iron trestle and foot bridge between the two cities.

Later a line of skiffs has been established between the two cities in competition with this bridge and claimed to have a right to bring passengers from this side and demanded the city should protect the company.

Several arrests and confiscations of skiffs have been made by our city authorities for violating the city's franchises, but were subsequently amicably settled.

Thursday night a city policeman opened fire on a skiff cleared from the Mexican side with two passengers on board and forced a return of the boat.

The policeman declares he did not shoot to kill, but only to frighten the skiff man, who was accused of violating many times the rights of Laredo.

The matter would probably have been adjusted by local authorities but for the fact that it is reported that the incident has been reported to the state departments of both governments, and those who are posted think a grave diplomatic question will be raised for settlement and adjustment.

### Drank Poisoned Milk.

Gatesville, Tex., Aug. 5.—Mr. John T. Post and his little son, Kirby, were seriously poisoned Thursday evening from drinking buttermilk. Their condition was critical for a time, but they are both up and out of danger. How the milk became poisoned is a mystery but the theory is that it was caused by the cow eating bitter weed. None of the other members of the family were affected.

### Colored Odd Fellows.

Sherman, Tex., Aug. 5.—The district grand lodge of the jurisdiction of Texas opened in regular session at 9 a. m. yesterday with District Grand Master Bell in the chair. The usual routine business was dispatched.

Waco was chosen as the next place of meeting then followed the obsequious resolution thanking the citizens of the following as the committee on transportation: H. C. Bell, Denton; D. Abner, Jr.; Seguin; C. M. Ferguson, San Antonio.

H. E. Ferguson of Seguin was appointed grand marshal. The report of the committee on finance showed a balance in favor of the district grand lodge.

After several reports were made a Sherman for courtesies and the railroads for reduced rates.

The grand lodge then called off to make the parade, which took place at 11:30 through the principal streets, and thence to the fair grounds, where the installation of the grand officers took place.

### Boiler Explosion.

Corsicana, Tex., Aug. 5.—At an early hour yesterday morning a boiler at the Watts well, No. 3, north of the city, exploded, throwing down the well derrick and playing havoc generally. Mr. W. M. Tatum, one of the owners of the well, Engineer Metcalf and two other men were seated on the derrick at the time the explosion occurred, but all escaped injury except Metcalf, who received a cut in his leg from a flying missile, and one of the other men, who received a slight scalp wound.

### Old Settlers' Picnic.

Waco, Tex., Aug. 5.—The old settlers' picnic at Lorena, McLennan county, yesterday was attended by between 1000 and 2000 people. J. T. Shelton was the manager and E. Tom Cox the master of ceremonies. Excursions from Temple, Moody and Waco swelled the crowd beyond the hopes of those who organized the pleasant entertainment for the early settlers and their friends. The speakers were J. B. Scarborough, Lee Perry, George Barcus, T. A. Blair, Richard H. Harrison, Robert H. Rogers, M. B. Davis and several others.

### Dublin Reunion.

Dublin, Tex., Aug. 7.—Dublin has had the fortune of entertaining the Brath and Comanche reunion on previous occasions, but at no other time has she made herself more highly appreciated by the visiting people. She has furnished amusement and pleasure, both day and night, for three days. Every one met seems happy and glad that he came. Stephenville will have the grand opportunity next year of showing how well it can entertain, which fact insures a success for the coming year.

The crowd has been variously estimated, but one may feel safe in saying that the second day found fully 10,000 people here. The amusements were so diversified and scattered over so many acres of land, unless one should observe closely he would not fully appreciate the enormous crowd present. The entertainment on the last day was well attended.

During the second day, Hon. Dick Wynne of Fort Worth addressed the association. He was at home on such occasions, and made every one feel good that he had heard the old Confederate. His address was eloquent, logical, unbiased and entertaining.

Hon. C. H. Jenkins of Brownwood address was short, but concise and entertaining. Judge Catts of Granbury was pointed, free to amusement, and happy in his conclusion. Much to the sorrow of his many admirers, Hon. S. W. T. Lanham did not arrive to appear on the programme.

The officers elected to serve during the coming year were: McD. Reil of Stephenville, president; G. A. Beamon of Comanche, vice president; John Hyatt of Stephenville, secretary; Rev. J. B. Fletcher of Stephenville, chaplain.

### The Nite Case.

Henderson, Tex., Aug. 7.—The Nite murder trial was ended at 7 o'clock Saturday evening by the jury rendering a verdict that Jim Nite was guilty of murder in the first degree, for which he must be confined in the penitentiary for life.

The verdict was rendered just six hours after District Judge Graham read his charge. No one had expected a verdict so soon after the trial was ended, and nearly every one had predicted a mistrial.

The town had been deserted by the hundreds of witnesses and visitors, and less than fifty people were in the courtroom when the sheriff announced to the court that the jury had reached a verdict.

Jim Nite sat alone and was seemingly indifferent when the foreman of the jury was reading the verdict.

A moment later Nite, in charge of Sheriff Stead and two deputies, returned to the jail.

At the jail he was met by his aged father, who has been here ever since the trial was begun. His sister was also there. His attorneys will ask for a new trial on the grounds of absence of material witnesses.

### Election Ordered.

Sulphur Springs, Tex., Aug. 7.—The city council in special session Friday night ordered an election for the 29th inst. to supply a vacancy in ward No. 2, caused by the resignation of Alderman K. T. Denton; also passed upon a petition asking for an election, and a levy of 25 cents for special school purposes. If this proposition carries it will give the city a ten months' school, and the election is ordered for the 29th.

At Marshall the Jewish citizens are preparing to build a handsome synagogue. Plans are being considered.

### Aransas Pass Harbor.

Beville, Tex., Aug. 7.—Gov. T. B. Wheeler of Aransas Pass, president of the Aransas harbor, spent several days in Beville last week. He has only recently returned from Galveston where he had a conference with Capt. Riche, in charge of the government work, and examined the plans and specifications for the work at Aransas Pass and approved them. Gov. Wheeler says these plans have been forwarded to Washington, where they will immediately be acted upon and as soon as approved there bids for the work will be called for. He is confident that by the first of November the work of deepening the channel at Aransas Pass will be well under way. He thinks the expenditure of the \$50,000 appropriated will give at least twenty feet of water on the bar and that the next congress will appropriate enough money to make Aransas harbor the best on the gulf coast.

### Produced Lockjaw.

Yoakum, Tex., Aug. 7.—About two weeks ago Vernon Ward, a lad of this city, accidentally shot his hand with a pistol that was supposed to have been loaded with blank cartridges. The wound was dressed at the time and since then it was supposed to be healing. Yesterday a sudden change occurred in the wounded member, which has produced lockjaw, and the life of young Ward is despaired of by his attending physician.

### Town Improvement.

Tioga, Tex., Aug. 7.—A large two-story hotel is nearing completion and a brick structure consisting of two large store rooms has been finished. The mineral wells make the town a summer resort for health and pleasure seekers from Denison, Gainesville, McKinney, Van Alstyne, Dallas, Sherman, Longview and many other points in Texas and the Indian Territory. Seventy-five visitors are now at the hotel, boarders' houses and camped about the several mineral wells.

### Old Settlers' Reunion.

Hutchins, Tex., Aug. 4.—The second day of the old settlers' reunion has been one full of interest to all who were fortunate enough to be able to attend. In point of attendance the two days are thought to have been about the same. Large crowds, and orderly they were, and the old settlers go away with hearts full of thanks to the good people of this place for their unbounded hospitality.

The programme yesterday was rendered without one failure to respond upon the part of those named thereon. This has been an exception to many of the reunions—some were on beds of sickness, some were absent because of some other things over which they had no control, and these things have always tended to mar somewhat the pleasure of the occasions. The perfection of this meeting in this respect has been the subject of comment, and all are happy that it is so.

At the conclusion of the exercises, the remainder of the evening was given to the Woodmen of the World, the members of which organization were very much in evidence. Sovereigns W. A. Frazer of Dallas and J. D. Alexander of Garland delivered speeches, while Col. A. S. Clark of this place and Master Frank Myers of Ennis electrified all present with beautiful vocal solos. Little Frank is a genius, and the audience encored him again and again.

Hutchins has maintained her enviable record, and good things and to spare have been the order of the day.

### Engines Collide.

Denison, Tex., Aug. 4.—As Missouri, Kansas and Texas Flyer No. 16, from the south via Fort Worth, was pulling into Denison yesterday morning, it collided with switch engine No. 141 at the railroad crossing on Barrett avenue. No. 16 was about ten minutes late, and the yard crew were doing some switching on the main track just where it curves to the north, and neither of the engines were aware of the close proximity of the other until it was too late to avoid coming together. When the engineers and firemen saw that a collision was unavoidable, they reversed and jumped.

The flyer was going at a pretty good rate of speed, and the two engines came together head on with a terrible crash, which was heard for several blocks.

The pilot of engine No. 148, pulling the flyer, was knocked off, and the front end stove in. The steps and both ends of the baggage car were knocked off, and the baggage inside thrown in every direction. Several of the passengers were injured, but not seriously.

One gentleman was thrown over a couple of seats and had his nose skinned, besides being bruised.

A lady from Fort Worth had her right arm sprained and was badly shaken up, as were quite a number of other passengers.

Engineer James Alders, who was pulling the flyer, received more serious injuries than any one in the wreck. He was shaken up and bruised badly, but his injuries are not believed to be serious.

Conductor C. M. Bryan, who was on No. 16, was thrown by the sudden stopping of the train and injured, but not seriously.

All the passengers who were injured were treated by the company physicians, and their slight wounds were dressed before they left town.

At Santo Domingo, Commander L. C. Logan, commanding the United States gunboat, has been officially received by President Figueroa.

### Gov. Sayers' Letter.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 4.—In response to an offer of aid from the Red Cross society for the food sufferers, Gov. Sayers has addressed the following letter to Capt. Scott:

Austin, Tex., Aug. 2.—Capt. W. S. Scott, War Department, Adjutant General's Office, Washington, D. C.—Dear Captain: Yours of the 29th ultimo has just been received and contents noted. From the best information that I have been able to obtain in regard to the condition of the food sufferers in the Brazos valley in this state, I am led to believe that there is no necessity whatever for invoking the aid of the Red Cross society, with a view to procuring nurses for assistance to those suffering from illness from the effects of the flood. While the loss of property has been very great, yet the loss of life has been comparatively small, and the sickness resulting from the overflow has up to this date been only such as can and will be properly and successfully attended to through local means. Thanking you and the committee very much for the interest that is being taken in this matter, I am very sincerely, JOSEPH D. SAYERS, Governor.

### Want a Cotton Factory.

Bonham, Tex., Aug. 4.—A public meeting is called for to-night at the court house to hear the report of the committee that has been arranging the plans for the erection of a cotton factory in this city. A committee of business men from this city recently visiting the Dallas cotton mill and secured some valuable information concerning the cotton mill. There is much interest among the citizens concerning the subject.

### Prisoners Identified.

Houston, Tex., Aug. 4.—Mr. Flanagan, the aged storekeeper who was robbed and nearly beaten to death near the Aransas Pass crossing two weeks ago, was able to leave his home yesterday morning and was taken to the county jail to view two negroes arrested on suspicion of being the guilty parties. Mr. Flanagan is positively they are his assailants. The negroes were caught after a long chase near the emancipation grounds by Sheriff Anderson and party.

### TEXANETTES.

Ike Harris was killed by a falling limb near Center.

Mad dogs have been causing excitement in Grayson county.

The chief of police of Galveston is enforcing the Sunday law.

The Cliff Home hotel at Mineral Wells burned the other night.

New recruits for the thirty-third regiment are being enlisted at Galveston.

The Grayson County Medical association met at Sherman the other day.

Henry Wilson, colored, has been arrested at Marshall, charged with murder.

The merchants of Waxahachie decorated their stores in honor of the old soldiers.

The first meeting of Wood county's old settlers has finished its work and adjourned.

Capt. John A. Hulen's recruiting office at Gainesville has been closed for the present.

A telephone line from Gatesville to Hamilton via Evans and Ohio, has been completed.

Prof. Oscar H. Cooper has accepted the chair of mathematics and pedagogy at Baylor university.

Burglars entered the store of W. C. Naugle at Rock Hill, Collin county. Amount of property unknown.

Gov. Sayers will not be able to attend the celebration in New York on the arrival of Admiral Dewey.

Fourteen Mexican soldiers, acting as guard for a carload of artillery, passed through El Paso a few days ago.

At Forney, Kaufman county, the hay warehouse of Bondies & Crawford was destroyed by fire. Loss \$2500; no insurance.

Clemmie Lewis, the 14-year-old son of James Lewis of Mineola, was killed and his body badly mangled by a Katy freight train.

H. A. Washburne, steward at the state lunatic asylum at Austin, died after a lingering illness. He leaves a widow and six children.

A little child of J. T. Carson was kicked at Ennis by a horse which was staked out to graze in the yard, and the little fellow was quite badly hurt.

A contract has been awarded by the county commissioners' court for the replacing of the old cells in the Collin county prison with new ones, the latest and best.

The contract for the erection of a school building at Sanger has been let, the contract calling for \$4250. The town floated \$3675 worth of 5 per cent bonds at par.

The Weatherford, Mineral Wells and Northwestern railway company paid the comptroller \$50.42 tax on \$5042.90 of passenger earnings for the quarter ending June 30.

At Bonham a mad dog was killed near L. M. Myer's wagon yard. The canine did not bite any one, but succeeded in securing a portion of a man's pants before he was shot.

The charter of the Kaufman lodge No. 127, I. O. O. F., of Kaufman, was filed in the secretary of state's office, Incorporators: A. Young, W. H. Hamilton, B. J. Hubbard and others.

The building committee of the I. O. O. F. of Corsicana has let a contract to a local firm for the erection of a three-story brick building, a portion of which will be used for lodge purposes, the first floor being designed for business purposes. The building will be erected on the corner of 3d street and Third avenue and will cost \$10,200.

The army work has made its appearance in Travis county.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Gunn of Lake avenue, south Sherman, while playing in the yard toppled into a kettle of boiling water and was severely scalded on the left side and arm.

The state board of education purchased through the Austin National bank \$21,000 of Wharton county bonds, \$23,000 of Nueces county and \$20,000 of Fort Bend county. They were purchased on the basis of 4 per cent.

The money has been raised and the contract has been signed for a first-class compress to be in operation at Overton by Oct. 10, 1899. The people felt jubilant at the success of the business men in securing the compress.

# DICK RODNEY;

Or, The Adventures of  
An Eton Boy...

BY JAMES GRANT.

CHAPTER XX.—(Continued.)  
He took us so suddenly by surprise, that, although we had been waiting and watching for him since dawn, his resolute aspect and the arms he wielded controlled us all, and we stared at each other with irresolution in our purpose and in our faces. No man, apparently, cared to act as our leader.

"Presto!" roared the Cubano; "they and quiet, or, demonio! as there are so many, I have a great mind to shoot one-half, that I may control the rest. Cast loose those top-sails, and up with the royal again—set the fly-logs and main trysail—quick, presto, or I'll make shark's meat of some more of you!"

The crew seemed to lack either resolution or the power of combination, and no man appeared anxious to incur the sure penalty of instant death by acting in opposition to his peremptory orders in setting an example to the rest. So, silently and obediently the small trimmers stood by the tacks and braces; the wheel revolved in the unwilling hands of Ned Carlton, who was compelled to obey, for the cold muzzle of a six-barreled revolver, capped and cocked, was held close to his left temple.

The head of the *Eugenie* lay off in obedience to the helm, the yards swung round and were braced sharp up; and with the starboard tacks on board, in three minutes we were steering as due westward as her head would lie for the coast of South America.

The alteration of our course furnished the crew with a new source of speculation. It was evidently the intention of Antonio, if he could reach the coast of Segura, that of Bahia, to escape with all his valuables and his vengeance; and to this end, if ships passed without succoring or overhauling us, and if we did not destroy him, he might certainly destroy us, by scuttling the brig, or setting her on fire.

The noon passed over without an "observation," for there was no one to work it, to estimate the latitude or longitude, to keep a reckoning, or take note of our variation and leeway; and lest we should signal any passing ship, no one, who was a most thoughtful and careful officer, threw every color aboard. He did not even look overboard for some time, as he had plenty of spirits and provisions below, and the folded compass in the skylight afforded him constant information as to whether the brig was steered in the direction he wished.

He was constantly drinking, but never became so intoxicated as to be unwary.

And so the fated brig glided over the hot sea, under the blazing sun. The albatross came round us again, with tripping feet, flapping wings and open bills; but no one molested them now—we had other things to think of, and as I sat on the anchor stock in the weather bow, watching them floating in the water, or skimming over it with their vast wings outspread, I thought of the "Ancient Mariner," and all that he had suffered for killing "the bird of good omen."

I felt a strange dread creeping over me while these verses seemed on my tongue—they were so descriptive of the atmosphere and of the situation:

"All in a hot and copper sky,  
The bloody sun, at noon,  
Right up above the mast did stand,  
No bigger than the man."  
"I closed my lids, and kept them close,  
And that the balls might pulse beat,  
For the sea and sky, and the sea and sky."  
Lay like a load on my weary eye,  
And the dead were at my feet."

CHAPTER XXI.  
I confronted the Cubano.  
From the wild thoughts and fancies which the horrors of that early morning, our strange situation, and my own rather active imagination, were suggesting, I was roused by Ned Carlton, who, on being relieved from the wheel, came forward to the bows, where most of the crew were seated on the windlass, or were lounging against the bits, speculating on what might turn up next.

In an excited and impressive manner, he reported that he had heard, from time to time, the sound of moans, as from some one in great pain in the cabin; that he believed that either the captain or mate yet survived; and if we could get down by any means we might be in time to save one or the other. If he was bleeding to death, the victim could not last long—a little time, and we should be too late!

This information increased our anxiety, and greatly excited us.

Remembering the manner in which Antonio first came aboard—the mystery of his being alone in the blood-stained boat—his dreams of the disappearance of Roberts—the occurrences of the morning—and though last not least, the rough treatment to which the crew had subjected him on the night we passed the line—none were very willing to enter the cabin where this savage Cubano, flushed with brandy, bloodshed and ferocity, sat with loaded pistols in his hands. But all felt that something must be done, that while a doubt remained, it should be solved, and a life so important to us saved, even though others be risked for it.

I volunteered to become the envoy of the crew.

"No, no, Master Rodney," said Tat-tood Tom; "this will never do! What do you think we will let you venture into that murderer's den while so many able-bodied fellows hang astern?"

"But I know his language, which none of you do."

"He speaks the Queen's English now as well as any of us," said Carlton, "and if I had only a pistol or a musket to give me but one chance for my life, I would have made it speak to

# FOR BOYS AND GIRLS

### SOME GOOD STORIES FOR OUR JUNIOR READERS.

#### How Pompey Telegraphed—The Boys of Today—Kindergarten Knowledge—Carrying Out Instructions—A Smart Boy.

Little Children.  
"Of such is the kingdom of heaven," and yet we check and chide the airy angels as they float about us. With rules of so-called wisdom, till they grow weary of the same old story, and the same old slaves to custom and the crowd.

Out of day by day the fresh frank soul that looked out from those wistful eyes, and smiling played with the wild roses of that changing world.

And modulated all those earnest tones, and danced in those light foot-falls to a tiny rhythm.

Heart-blessed by them, inaudible to us, folds closer its pure wings, whereon the hues they caught in heaven already pale and dim.

And shrinks amazed and scared back from our gaze.

And so the evil grows. The graceful flower may have its own sweet way in bud and bloom.

May drink, and dare with upturned gaze the light.

Or rattle "neath the guardian leaf, or whirl about in airy dance, or fly in its fragrant bells to every roving breeze, Or breathe with blushing grace the words in its bashful loveliness. The wild wood-bird may have at will his wings, and soar or sing.

The mountain brook may wind where'er it will in wild music down the deep ravine, Or rippling drowsily in forest haunts. Dread of the floating cloud, the waving banner, and murmur to itself sweet lulling words in broken tones so like the faltering of early childhood; but our human flowers, our birds, caged and plumed—they grow not as their own but as our culture suggests, and so the blossom and the lay are but half bloom and music at the best.

And if by chance some brave and buoyant soul, more bold or less forgetful of the lessons God taught them first, disdain the rule—And, wildly beautiful, rebellious rise, How the hard world, half started from its slumber, the bright wanderer down, or turns away, Thank God, to such his smile is not denied.

#### How Pompey Telegraphed.

Hattie and her mamma were on their way to visit grandma, who lived over one hundred miles from their home. They had taken a train early in the evening, and would have reached grandma's long before bedtime if it had not been for one thing—they had to change cars at a little station in the country and wait a whole hour before their train came.

Before the hour was over, Hattie grew very tired and sleepy. She had tried each bench in the station, but had found each one equally hard; she had unpacked and packed over again the little valise which papa had given her for her very own just the day before they started, and she had looked through the little window into the office where a young man sat making a funny, ticking noise on a little instrument.

"I guess this is a play piano," she said to mamma in a whisper, "but it doesn't make any music only tick, tick, tick." Mamma explained that it was a telegraph instrument the young man was playing upon, and then for some time Hattie was interested in mamma's explanation of how a message could be sent over the wires by means of those little ticks.

But after a time all this lost its interest, too, and the noise of the little instrument grew fainter and fainter in her ears.

Mamma discovered this and saw the little head begin to droop, so she tried to interest Hattie once more in the contents of her valise.

"I think the young man must have heard mamma trying to keep Hattie awake till the train came, for pretty soon he came out from the little office and whistled. Then a little curly dog that Hattie had not seen at all before came out of the office, too, wagging his tail vigorously.

Hattie opened her eyes wide at this. "Here, Pompey," said the young man, "show this little girl how you can telegraph."

Hattie was very wide awake by this time and sat up quite straight, and what do you suppose the little dog did? Well, he laid down on his back on the bare floor and began to beat upon the boards with his tail, tap, tap, tap-tap-tap, just as the young man had been doing on his telegraph instrument.

How Hattie did laugh, and mamma, too; and then the little dog jumped up and wagged his tail, as much as to say, "Didn't I do that pretty well?"

amusing that Hattie found Pompey so amusing that almost before she knew it the train came puffing into the station, and she had to bid good night to the dog that could telegraph, and that had kept her from going to sleep before she reached grandma's—Julia D. Cowlis.

#### Kindergarten Knowledge.

A settlement kindergarten teacher was trying to inspire her small charges with patriotism.

"I know who made this country," said a little one, her eyes bright with the excitement of suppressed information.

"Who?"

"George Washington."

Another hand shot into the air. The little girl was told to speak.

"He was a king," she said.

"No; we don't have kings in this country. They have kings in other countries, but in the United States we call our biggest man something else. Does any one know what George Washington was?"

There was silence and the little faces were all wrinkled in thought. Then the little girl that had volunteered the information that Washington was a king, and whose father was a gambler, said decidedly:

"Well, if he wasn't a king he was a jack."

The talk drifted to the recent war with Spain. Here, too, voluntary information of rather startling nature was not lacking.

"I know who owns the war," de-

# DAIRY AND POULTRY.

### INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

#### How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

Dairy Notes.  
The state of Michigan is taking vigorous steps to prevent further adulteration of milk and cream, and the dairy and food commissioner has sent out a warning that all transgressors of the law will be dealt with vigorously. It is reported that the state analyst's records show a great increase of the use of chemical preservatives. The state has, through its officers, been warning the violators for the last two years, but seemingly without effect. Already the officers of the state have prosecuted a number of persons, among them some hotel-keepers, for violations.

It is now possible to test chemically renovated butter and determine its character. It has been supposed previously that the constant being the same in both fresh and renovated butter would act the same when chemically analyzed. But it appears that butter, in deteriorating, undergoes a chemical change that the renovating process is not able to reverse. The fat of renovated butter has a more or less crystalline structure, while the fat of pure fresh butter is devoid of any such appearance. If pure butter be examined microscopically with polarized light will show a field of color that will be uniformly colored in any position of the analyzer, while renovated butter will show a mottled, many-colored field. Without a selenite plate and without the analyzer in proper position pure butter shows a dark field of almost uniform appearance. Renovated butter, under similar conditions, gives a dark field mottled with white patches. The peculiar appearance of renovated butter is due to the fact that the fat has been melted and in cooling has assumed a partially crystalline structure. The completeness with which crystallization from fusion occurs and the size of the crystals depends on the slowness with which the melted substance cools to its solidifying point. The slower this change of temperature takes place the more perfect will be the crystallization. In renovated butter, on account of the great rapidity with which the melted fat is solidified, we get only an incipient crystallization. If butter is melted and then allowed to cool slowly, large crystalline masses are formed, globular in shape and showing a distinct cross by polarized light.

#### About the Poultry Yard.

The use of ground bone in the poultry yard should be encouraged. With ground bone in reach of the poultry, there is no danger of the egg-eating habit assuming large proportions, and it is doubtful if that habit will be practiced at all, where ground bone is accessible. We have noticed that when the fowls are thus supplied they even lose their liking for broken egg shells, which is certainly an indication that ground bone is effective.

#### William E. Poet.

A German schoolmaster was instructing his pupils how to act when a certain grand duke should pass through the railway, an event which was to occur the next day. "Remember, children," said the pedagogue, "that as soon as the train arrives you are to shout as loud as you can, 'Long live the grand duke!' until he leaves."

The next day, when the grand duke arrived at the station and bowed graciously from the platform of the special carriage, the school children made the welkin ring with, "Long live the grand duke until he leaves!"

#### A Smart Boy.

New York Jeweler (to new boy)—Did you sell anything while I was out, John?  
New Boy—Yes, sir. I sold six plain gold rings.  
Jeweler (very much pleased)—Good, my boy. We'll make a first-class jeweler out of you in a few days. You got the regular price, of course?  
New Boy—Why, yes, sir. The price was marked on the inside 18 c., and the gentleman took all there was left at that price, sir.

#### Thought Coils Would Float.

A recent robbery of \$25,000 of state funds, in coin, from the Reine Regente, a Dutch liner, while on her voyage to Batavia, was committed under novel circumstances. The thief, a steward named Bruyn, threw the cash box containing the money into the sea, and then jumped overboard, expecting that it would float on the surface and swim to the coast of Egypt, which was in sight. As it happened, the box containing the coin sank to the bottom, and the baffled thief was captured before he could reach the shore. He is in the hands of the authorities at Port Said.

#### Timely.

Burglar Bill—Ye're a dern fool ter swipe de bloke's watch. Dey're de easiest t'ings er de world to identify. Wot did yer do it fer?  
Footpad Phil—Oh, jes' ter gain time.

#### Saved.

Nell—It was awful. I felt my skirt giving away.  
Dolly—Did anybody notice it?  
Nell—No; fortunately it was on the beach during the bathing hour.

inset powder, cedar tea, grease, are all sure death to them; but grease must be used sparingly on young chicks. A drop of coal oil to coal oil, cedar oil or less, or fresh insect powder may be sprinkled in the dusting place, with good results; or in dry times flour of sulphur is beneficial. There are many good powders to use, all have proved effective with us, if you can get fresh. For the mites, cleanliness is the prime necessity. Clean out all droppings, kerosene (coal oil) the roosts so that every crevice is reached with the oil. Whitewash the walls with good lime wash, and to each three gallons add a half-pint of carbolic acid or a pint of coal oil. This is more effective if made thin and put on with a spray pump, but with care one can put it on with a broom or brush. Do not get particular about dropping lime on the floor; the more the better for the hens, the worse for the lice.

If your house can be closed tight (which it should be), place a kettle or pot of live coals in the house, throw on sulphur or brimstone, run out and close the house tight. Let burn until 4 or 5 o'clock, watching it enough to see that it is doing good work; then open up all doors and windows, remove the kettle, and if any mites or lice remain after this siege (if well done) they are tough customers. Repeat this renovating every two weeks until cold weather.

#### Some Danish Dairy Laws.

The Smor Tidende of Denmark takes up the matter of cleanliness in Danish dairies and quotes the law on "Measures for the Prevention of Tuberculosis in Cattle." It passed something over a year ago, the last provisions of which will go into effect June 1 next. There are some good points in connection with this law which might be used in this country. Sections of the bill read as follows:

"Cows suffering by tuberculosis in the udder shall be killed under official control, either in the presence of the veterinary police, or in the public slaughter houses (the government is compensating the loss to the owner)."

"The dairies are prohibited to give off milk or buttermilk for cattle food unless such milk has been heated to a temperature of at least 68 degrees Reaumur (185 degrees Fahrenheit), equal to 85 degrees Celsius."

"When cleaning a separator, the mud on its wall shall be burned." \* \* \* importation of milk and buttermilk to this country is only admitted on condition that it is proved to the satisfaction of the minister of agriculture that it has been heated to a temperature of at least 68 degrees Reaumur."

"These enactments will have the effect of making the pasteurizing of all milk in Denmark compulsory, as otherwise the farmers cannot get back their skim-milk from the dairies to feed to their calves and pigs. In no other country has been done as much to prevent tuberculosis in cattle, or the spread of infectious disease in man, in Denmark. As a consequence, the state of sanitary matters in Denmark is generally very satisfactory."

#### Cucumber Blight.

A bulletin of the Maine Experiment Station says:

During the past few years the culture of cucumbers for pickles has become an important industry in certain sections of the state. Last year, however, the losses due to "blight" were so severe that many growers became discouraged, and the area devoted to this crop will be reduced. The "blight" referred to is caused by the downy mildew which first made its appearance in the United States in 1889. It occurs quite generally throughout New England and the middle states and as far west as Ohio. In localities where it has previously occurred, it may be expected to reappear the present season; and the range of its occurrence is likely to be extended. The amount of damage done by the disease depends very largely upon the condition of the weather during July and August. Hot and moist or "muggy" weather will induce rapid growth of the fungus; while if the weather is dry and cool, much less trouble will follow. By carefully conducted experiments in the cucumber fields of Long Island, it has been proved beyond question that Bordeaux mixture is an effective preventive of the disease. Spraying should be commenced when the plants first break through the ground and repeated at intervals of ten days through the season.

#### Packing Butter.

As to the question of packing butter direct from the churn without working other than that done by packing—yes, it can be done without leaving two quarts of brine, provided it is done right, which is not only to observe the correct temperature, and give one salt a little time to dissolve, and produce its effect on the surplus water in the butter, and solid work is done in packing, writes F. C. Curtis in Hoard's Dairyman. However, I think the novice will do well to pack the butter and let it stand twelve hours, more or less. Then repack in another tub, when the operator may find that two quarts of brine may come out in the operation. A good lesson in this line is to pack a tub from the churn without working—let it stand in a cool place a few days, then loosen the top hoops, turn the butter out on the cover, and you will likely be surprised at your imperfect work in packing. You will no doubt find ragged holes all around, to give ample space to hold that two quarts of brine.

Dairying in Missouri.—The dairy business is rapidly coming to the front in Missouri. A few years ago a few shrews traveled over the prairie and through their influence costly creamery buildings were erected, and without the careful forethought that should have been exercised, these experiments were a failure. This, however, does not argue that the dairy business is a failure. Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota and Wisconsin, their farmers are making money selling their cream to dairies and feeding their skim milk to the pigs. Neither one of these states is well adapted to the dairy business as Missouri. St. Louis alone is sending, annually, over \$5,000,000 to other states for butter that ought to go into the pockets of Missouri farmers.—Oss Co. Leader.

Well Trained.  
"I have only one request to make, my dear," said Mr. Spiffins, who woke up and found his wife searching his pockets.  
"Well, what is it?"  
"Kindly leave me a nickel with which to pay my fare into the city in the morning."

One Fare for the Round Trip.  
Texas Cowboys' reunion at Seymour, August 15th, 16th and 17th. "The Denver Road." (The Fort Worth & Denver City railway), and Wichita Valley railway and other lines have made this low rate with return limit of August 19th. See your local agent.

The Real Thing.  
Mrs. Winkley—Is your husband a brave man?  
Mrs. Bronston—I should say he was. Why, once he jumped right in front of a little moving train and saved a little child from what seemed certain death.  
Mrs. Winkley—Oh, that's no indication. Would he have courage enough to grab the cat when he was having a fit and throw it out of the house?

\$100 Reward \$100.  
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, it requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer the first \$100 reward for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address, F. J. CLEMENT & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

If you have your own way, see that your way is right.  
Beauty is Blood Deep.  
No skin deep—deep down. Pure, healthy blood means pure, healthy complexion. Castor Oil makes the blood pure and healthy. Druggists, 25c. 50c.  
Some girls wear too many newspapers in their bustles.

# Ayer's Hair Vigor

What does it do?  
It causes the oil glands in the skin to become more active, making the hair soft and glossy, precisely as nature intended.  
It cleanses the scalp from dandruff and thus removes one of the great causes of baldness.  
It makes a better circulation in the scalp and stops the hair from coming out.  
**It Prevents and It Cures Baldness**  
Ayer's Hair Vigor will surely make hair grow on bald heads, provided only there is any life remaining in the hair bulbs.  
It restores color to gray or white hair. It does not do this in a moment, as will a hair dye; but in a short time the gray color of age gradually disappears and the darker color of youth takes its place.  
Would you like a copy of our book on the Hair and Scalp? It is free. If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor write the Druggist.

**TOWER'S FISH BRAND SLICKER**  
WILL KEEP YOU DRY.  
Don't be fooled with a makeshift of rubber coat. If you want a coat that will keep you dry in the hardest storm buy the Fish Brand Slicker. It is not for sale in your own town. Write for catalogue to A. J. TOWER, Boston, Mass.

**WINCHESTER**  
GUN CATALOGUE FREE  
Send your name and address on a postal, and we will send you our 156-page illustrated catalogue free.  
WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO., 174 Winchester Avenue, New Haven, Conn.

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Containing five splendid maps of Canada and its Provinces, as well as a description of the resources of the Dominion, will be mailed free to all applicants desiring to learn something of the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada. Address: P. Polley, Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to Capt. E. Barrett, Houston, Texas.

**CARTER'S INK**  
Is what Uncle Sam uses.  
and WHISKY Habits cured at home without pain. Book of testimonials free. WOODLEY, M. E., Atlanta, Ga.  
PISO'S CURE FOR THE COLIC, CHOLERA, DIARRHOEA, INFLUENZA, DYSENTERY, AND ALL THE AFFECTIONS OF THE DIGESTIVE TRACT. Sold by Druggists.

## SAVED BY A WATERSPOUT.

No Photographs Go with This Story of a Tidal Wave.

The crew of the British bark Bandaneira while on the shore of Chili, passed through a frightful experience with a tidal wave, and which, had it not been for the most remarkable intervention on the part of nature, would have left the bark high and dry a mile from shore.  
The Bandaneira sailed from Iquique, March 15. She had loaded there a cargo of nitrate for the Dupont Powder company of this city. This town is practically the center of constant export. An observation station is maintained there from which warnings are sent to masters of vessels before they leave port. The barometer had been low from March 10, but Capt. Fant struck boldly out for the Horn. During the next two days the barometer dropped still lower and it was evident that a fearful hurricane was brewing. The crew besought the captain to return to Iquique, but he refused.

"We are already three days on our way," he said, "and we are all right yet. In all probability the worst is over now."  
His assumption was wrong, however, for at noon the following day an immense wall of water apparently nine miles to the westward rolled down slowly upon the bark. As slowly she commenced to drift toward the coast, seven miles to the eastward.

Capt. Fant's vessel is a six-wilmingtoner. She came up the river yesterday, and the story is a thrilling one. Apparently the tidal wave was about 100 feet in height and had an area of twenty miles in almost a complete circle. It advanced rapidly, but the bark, keeping ahead, reached the shore line first. The coast at this point was flat for nearly two miles inland, terminating abruptly at the base of almost perpendicular mountains. Capt. Fant is sure that the Bandaneira approached to within 100 yards of the rocky walls. The pursuing volume of water was then apparently only two miles behind. Just at the moment when hope was gone the bark suddenly changed her direction and receded from her apparently inevitable fate.

An immense waterspout suddenly developed many miles away, and its influence changed the direction of the on-rushing sea. The Bandaneira was thrown on her beam ends and drawn almost directly into the vortex of waters. Two hours later the sea had resumed its wonted aspect, leaving the bark unharmed.

Capt. Fant is positive that great damage must have been done to the vessels which were directly in the track of the tidal wave. The matter has been reported to the Hydrographic Office and further reports are being awaited.

### WORTH THE READING.

The result of some investigation on the feeding of milk cows, recently carried out in Germany, was to show that the production of milk is dependent in certain respects upon the nature of the food supplied to the cows, but not, as is commonly supposed, solely on the albumen ratio.

Early Roman history, like that of Troy, will have to be rewritten if archaeologists agree on the genuineness of the recent discoveries in the Forum. A little while ago a black stone, believed to be the "Lapis niger" that marked the "burial place" of Romulus, was found. They have now dug under the stone and unearthed, amid many votive offerings, a rock, marked with an alphabetic inscription. This is declared to be in Achaean characters, the earliest known, which may give a Greek origin to Rome, like that of Cumae and Massilia, dating some centuries before the traditional "year of the city"—753 B. C.—Foreign Letter New York Sun.  
"That pink shirt waist story about Richard Harding Davis is only one among others," said a member of a New York publishing firm who fell in from the big town yesterday. "Davis struck a place called Pomona, Cal., a few years ago, and while there he met a clever chap who has been writing stories about the killers and other bad men of the Southwest for a New York paper for several years past. The writer of the bad-man stories happened to be a modest and unassuming citizen, somewhat undersized, and Harding said to him, after being introduced: "Why, I expected to find the writer of those terrific stories a raw-boned giant, with a bowie-knife between his teeth, a whole arsenal of small arms, long hair, and all that sort of thing, you know." "That so?" responded the writer of ad-man narratives. "I had some similarly erroneous ideas about you." "I pictured you as wearing a Psyche knot."

New German Savings Bank Method.  
German banks have a novel way of inducing persons to save money. Instead of waiting for the working men and women to come to the bank to make payments, one of the savings banks introduced a few years ago the scheme of collecting from its depositors certain fixed sums each week. When a depositor desires to open an account he notifies the bank, giving his address and the sum he intends to deposit each week. As soon as he makes his first deposit he is furnished with a pass book giving the amount and the date of the initial payment. After that the collections are recorded by means of coupons, but the pass book is necessary when payments are withdrawn. The depositor is given one of these coupons whenever he makes a deposit, and on it is printed the amount collected, the date and the number of his pass book. In order to insure regular payments, if a coupon is returned by the collector as unpaid after eight days, then the bank has the privilege of closing the depositor's account. The rate of interest is the same as in other savings banks, and it is said the banks which have adopted this novel method have done so from entirely philanthropic methods, with no idea of making profits, but rather as an incentive to the laboring classes. In one of these banks last year there were registered nearly six thousand depositors.

Harrisburg has an ordinance forbidding the placing of sample packages of anything on doorsteps.

Harrisburg has an ordinance forbidding the placing of sample packages of anything on doorsteps.

# IN QUEST OF THE NORTH POLE.

## Will an Italian Duke Succeed Where Others Have Met With Disaster?

Prince Luigi, Duke of Abruzzi, having climbed Mount St. Elias and been wrecked in an expedition to Alaska, is striving now to add to his reputation by going in search of the North Pole. Being only 26 years old, an enthusiastic adventurer, a yachtman, a hunter of big game and a general all-round sportsman, the quest of the Pole appeals strongly to the imagination of this scion of the house of Savoy. He is a son of Amadeo, King Umberto's brother, now dead, who was once king of Spain, and the young man still reigns here. Nansen's expedition and the Jackson expedition filled the duke with a strong desire to follow in the wake of those Arctic adventurers. Soon after the return of Jackson from Franz Josef Land the duke announced that he would fit out an expedition for the Arctic.

For eighteen months the duke has been preparing for his trip. He has bought and fitted out the sailing steamer Stella Polare, or North Star in English. The royal explorer seems to have ordered supplies lavishly if not wisely. When he left Italy to go to Norway he left behind 1,500 cases of supplies which he had bought. But

and that there may be a season in which the waters which are generally open may be closed and form a suitable highway for explorers.  
The chances of the expedition reaching Franz Josef Land this season are, unfortunately, slight. It is well known that the group of islands to which this name has been given are often inaccessible, and the vast mass of ice which this year fills the Arctic seas is likely to prove an insurmountable obstacle to navigation in high Northern latitudes. Up to the present the attempts of the Norwegian hunters in their sloops to gain Spitzbergen, and a German scientific expedition to reach Bear Island have proved futile, all progress being stopped by the ice barrier in 72 degrees 53 minutes N. Lat., necessitating their return to Norway. So severe has the winter been in the Arctic that the polar pack was observed within a few miles of the coast of Finnmarken, and its range is, therefore, so exceptionally great that the possibility of reaching Franz Josef Land appears to be small.

But the duke has started for the Arctic, nevertheless, and may be trusted to bring up somewhere, even if he does not reach the North Pole. He is said to have an income of \$200,000 a

now supplied, while, in experienced hands, a capsized may easily be prevented by the use of the paddle, where with oars the kajak would undoubtedly turn turtle. The weight of each, with its oars, pump and box of repair materials, is 45½ pounds.

The sledges are twenty in number. They, as well as those used on Norwegian and other expeditions of late years, are undoubtedly improved types of Hunt's St. Michael sledge, originally employed by the Greely relief expedition in 1884, and are decidedly superior to any previously constructed. With their traces they each weigh 48½ pounds. Every sledge will carry eight aluminum boxes of which 160 have been made to contain pemmican and other stores, and a canoe will lie atop of these and be firmly lashed to the sledge. As in former types, the runners are shod with Britannia metal, and have protective, removable wooden soles. Of ski there are forty pairs, of a somewhat new pattern, being broader than usual, and specially designed for polar work. Forty pairs of snowshoes have also been provided. They are said to be lighter and stronger, and, though somewhat narrower, to have greater bearing power than the Canadian. The dog harness, of which 150 sets have been made, resembles that used by the Greenlanders, but is manufactured of stronger and better materials. The improvements effected in the equipment have been carried out at the suggestion of Dr. Nansen.

In spite of the excellent equipment

One thing people can't understand, and that is, how those they hate do so well in life.

You can make yourself happier by letting some one else do the kicking.

A Good-Luck Cross  
Recently discovered in the grave of Queen Dagmar is supposed to keep away evil influences. There is no more evil influence than ill health, and there is nothing which has so great a power to keep it away than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which cures dyspepsia and indigestion. A private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

When some women are imposed upon they like to boast about it.

Fruitless Starch.  
Best and goes farthest, gives stiffness and elasticity. No sticking, blistering or breaking. Every grocer sells it, nearly every-body uses it. Use a package.

Every woman thinks it is perfectly proper to visit a doctor's office.

Findley's Eye Salve Cures sore eyes in 3 days; chronic cases in 30 days, or money back. All druggists, or by mail, 25c. per box.

J. P. HAYTER, DeCatur, Texas.  
A man is in love with two or three different women all the time.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder to shake in your shoes. It cures the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

People are often "charitable" because they do not know the facts.

Everyone occasionally marvels at the good luck of the shiftless.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—For some time I have thought of writing to you to let you know of the great benefit I have received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Soon after the birth of my first child, I commenced to have spells with my spine. Every month I grew worse and at last became so bad that I found I was gradually losing my mind.

"The doctors treated me for female troubles, but I got no better. One doctor told me that I would be insane. I was advised by a friend to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and before I had taken all of the first bottle my neighbors noticed the change in me.

"I have now taken five bottles and cannot find words sufficient to praise it. I advise every woman who is suffering from any female weakness to give it a fair trial. I thank you for your good medicine."—Mrs. GERTRUDE M. JOHNSON, JOHNSBORO, TEXAS.

Mrs. Johnson Saved from Insanity by Mrs. Pinkham

Mrs. Perkins' Letter.  
"I had female trouble of all kinds, had three doctors, but only grew worse. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and Liver Pills, and used the Sanative Wash, and cannot praise your remedies enough."—Mrs. EFFIE PERKINS, PEARL, LA.

**CANDY CATHARTIC**  
**Caracath**  
REGULATE THE LIVER

### EDUCATIONAL.



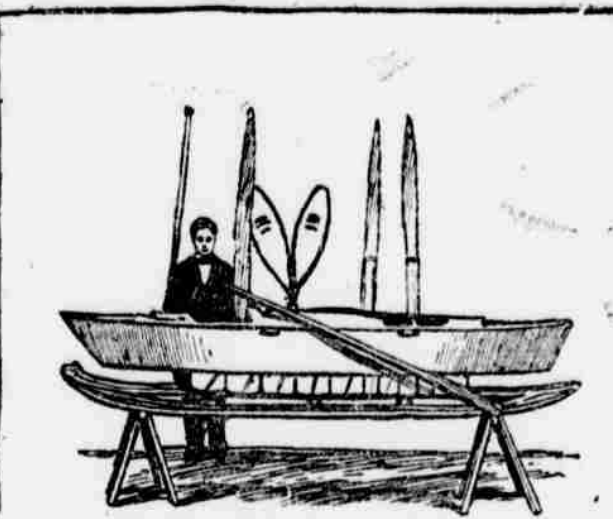
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## ST. MARY'S ACADEMY

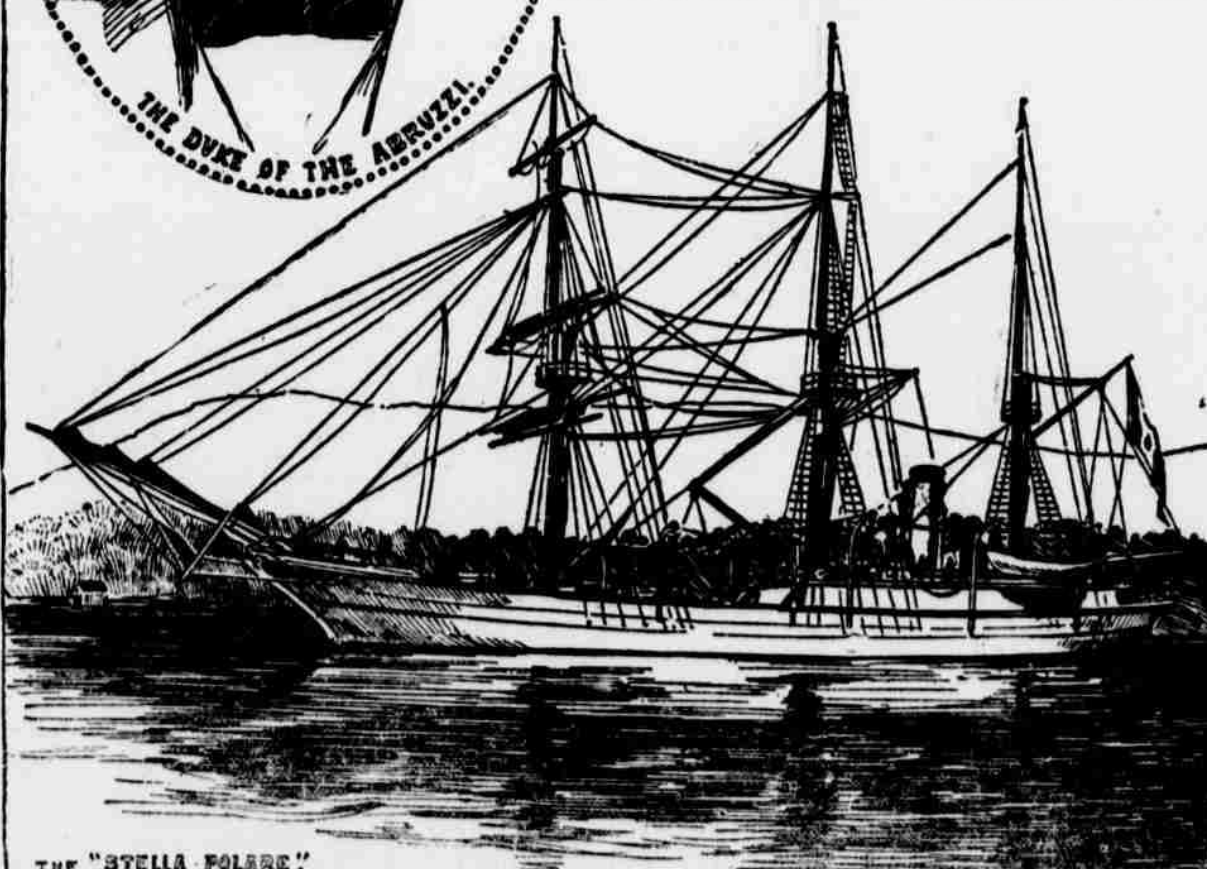
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SLUDGE IN TRAVELLING ORDER, SHOWING THE ALUMINIUM PROVISION BOXES AND KAJAK STRAPPED TO IT, ALSO SKI-STAF, SKI AND SNOW SHOES.



THE "STELLA POLARE"

he did take along an automatic piano, and a thousand bottles of wines and liquors. The young duke sailed the other day from Christiania in the Stella Polare, but so lavish had been his orders that the ship was laded by tradesmen, and the royal explorer had to bond her before he could clear. It is supposed that the ship will touch at Archangel, and then try to reach Franz Josef Land.

Previously to the sailing of the Fram last summer on her second voyage to the Arctic, the duke, after various conferences with Captain Otto Sverdrup, determined on making Franz Josef Land the base of his operations, and adopted the plan formed originally by Jackson of laying down depots of provisions along the route that was to lead to and from the Pole. Sverdrup being of the opinion that if the conditions were favorable the Pole could be reached in sixty days, and the journey to and from be accomplished in four months. After Jackson's three years experiences in those regions and his discovery of a vast open sea to the north of Franz Josef Land, which with its tides and currents so seriously affecting the ice conditions as to preclude, apparently, the possibility of any journey due north over a frozen ocean, it is only a bold man who would follow in Jackson's wake and attempt to advance where the latter was baffled. But the decision to adopt, practically, a similar route has evidently been determined by Sverdrup's saying "if" for it is known that there are exceptions to every rule,

year, which he inherited from his mother. There was a rumor at one time that he had made a fortune in the Klondike, but that afterward was denied. However, he is in comfortable circumstances and has spent money lavishly on his expedition. It would be a joke on the Northern nations which have for so many years been searching for the Pole if an Italian prince should succeed where they have failed. Needless to say, the Arctic experts do not have much faith in the success of the Duke's trip, but strange things happen in the Arctic.

The duke has fitted up his Stella Polare comfortably but not luxuriously. There has been built on her a deck house which contains the cabins, saloon, officers' mess, galley and mess room for the crew. The fittings throughout are plain. The walls and ceilings are painted white. The officers' cabins are small, the duke's differing in no respect from the rest. The seamen's quarters are comfortable, consisting of two cabins below deck, one for the Italian, the other for the Norwegian portion of the crew. The ship is provisioned for five years and the outfit generally is admirable. This includes sixteen kajaks, almost similar in construction to those used by Nansen and Johansen on their famous journey, but slightly improved, fitted with rowlocks and provided with oars instead of paddles. This is possibly a mistake, as the paddle is far handier and more serviceable in a canoe, besides being far stronger than the slight oars with which they are

which a list of the things provided for the Stella Polare would indicate, some Arctic experts say that the young man's expedition is fitted out not properly. They say he has neglected details too much, and especially in the matter of food has seemed to think that it was necessary simply to give a large order and leave the rest to the merchant who was to fill it. Another view of the duke comes from a correspondent at Christiania, who says:

"During his stay at Christiania the Duke of the Abruzzi was constantly engaged superintending the loading of the Stella Polare. From his great activity and energy, his fixed determination to bring the venture to a successful issue, his quick appreciation of every detail connected with the undertaking, there cannot be any question as to his qualifications as leader of so great an enterprise, and as such he is not only fully entitled to the thanks of the scientific world for fitting out the expedition, but to the best wishes of all those who are interested in Arctic research."

The principal members of his expedition are: Captain Umberto Cagni, royal Italian navy, aged 36; Lieutenant Franco Querini, royal Italian navy, aged 31; Dr. Achille Cavalli, aged 33; Sailing Master C. J. Evensen, aged 47, and Chief Engineer Henry Alfred Stokken, aged 24. The others are a second engineer, carpenter and six Norwegian hands, two Lapland dog drivers, four Alpine climbers and two Italian seamen.

## Satisfaction

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Entered at the Post Office, Haskell, Texas, as Second Class Mail Matter.

Saturday, Aug 12 1899.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Phone No. 16 for Dr. Mahaffey. —Go to S. L. Robertson's for fresh groceries. —Mr. J. L. Jones is off on a business trip. —W. H. Parsons has a good farm for rent. —Miss Laura Garren is visiting in Seymour this week. —Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Mason went to Albany Wednesday. —Fresh turnip seed in bulk at McLemore's drug store. —Mr. S. W. Scott paid a visit to Seymour this week. —Mr. M. H. Gossett returned from Louisiana this week. —Mr. W. B. Anthony is having some improvements made at his place. —If you have cash to spend S. L. Robertson will always give you FULL VALUE for it. —There is a new girl baby at Mr. T. S. Wrights, born Wednesday night. —Mr. G. J. Miller has the FREE PRESS thanks for some choice cante-loupes. —Miss Mary Tandy has been spending the week visiting friends in Seymour. —Mr. M. H. Rike went to Graham Wednesday to bring his mother and sister home. —Miss Buna Wilbourn is spending the week with the family of Judge T. D. Isbell in Knox county. —Carry all hides and furs you have for sale to W. W. Fields & Bro., they will pay you the highest market price for them. —Mr. Dock Brown left this week, but we failed to learn his point of destination. —A large party of the Haskell young people attended the meeting out at the Vernon school house last Sunday evening. —If you want to get the most goods for the least money, take your cash around to R. H. McKee & Co's. —Dr. J. E. Lindsey went to Albany Wednesday to bring his daughter, Miss Minnie, home. —Miss Eva Coker who spent the past week with friends in town went out home Wednesday. —Mrs. G. W. Hazlewood has some relatives visiting her whose names, etc. we failed to learn. —Mr. Eugene Mayfield, one of Stonewall's prominent cattlemen, was doing business in our city yesterday. 10 lbs. of good coffee for \$1.00 at T. G. Carney's—many other things too numerous to mention in type at equally low prices—come and see! —Rev. H. G. Bedford of Benjamin arrived yesterday and commenced a meeting at the Christian church last night, which will be continued into next week. —Mr. Major Smith and wife and little girl returned Wednesday. Mr. S. found the kind of sheep he was looking for on the way and abandoned the trip to California. —Remember that S. L. Robertson is the only place in town where you will find a fresh stock of new and seasonable summer goods. —Mr. Tom Russell left yesterday for Hammond, O. T., where he will take charge of a store for his uncle. Tom is one of our most reliable and worthy young men and we wish him success. —The announcement of Mr. McLemore's sale of his drug business will be a surprise to many, and no doubt many will regret his retirement from the business as proprietor, for he had the public confidence to a large degree. All will be pleased, however, to know that he is to remain with us for more than a year and by that time may conclude not to leave us. —I am opening this week another very large consignment of boots and shoes especially suited to the wants of all classes and sizes of our people. When you want shoes or boots it will be to your interest to call on S. L. ROBERTSON.

—Fresh turnip seed in bulk at McLemore's drug store. —Mr. M. S. Pierson left Wednesday to look after his mercantile interests at Emory. —Misses Lillie Dixon and Pearl Reeder, who spent the past week visiting friends in town, went home Sunday. —I am now opening up the largest stock of men's boys' and children's hats and caps that I have ever had in my store at Haskell. If you need a hat call on S. L. Robertson. —The Haskell market is being supplied with an abundance of home grown tomatoes and white head cabbage of fine size and quality. —Mr. Pink Keister was down from his King county ranch seeing his Haskell friends and laying in a supply of groceries, etc. —New arrivals: A nice line of new and seasonable dry goods, shoes, etc., is being opened up at S. L. Robertson's just in time for the FREE PRESS to make the announcement this week. —Mrs. Skaggs, representing the Patton Seminary and Conservatory of Music, Oak Cliff, Texas, was here this week, the guest of Mrs. B. L. Frost. —Mr. J. L. Clark and family who went from this county to Oklahoma territory last year, moved back to Haskell county this week. —Mr. M. A. Clifton has our best bow in acknowledgement of a fine watermelon presented us Wednesday. —Mr. J. B. Clark brought in this week a lot of fine tomatoes as we ever saw, as a contribution to the exhibit. Some of them were five inches in diameter. —BE GOOD TO YOURSELF and good to your friends. When you treat a friend to whiskey, give him the best. HARPER Whiskey is the beverage for your friends and for you. Sold by Keister & Hazlewood, Haskell, Texas. —Mr. J. W. Collins and family, Mr. L. W. Roberts and family and Mr. J. A. Couch went out to Munday Thursday to attend the big picnic, tournament, gander-pulling, etc., in celebration of the big crops. —Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Lemmon were presented with a fine boy on last Saturday night. Mr. L. thinks he is a fine fellow. We saw him a day or two ago bringing in his Shetland pony for him to ride. —Tailor made Suits, Pants and Overcoats, guaranteed to fit. My new book of fall and winter samples shows the best quality and styles of goods at lowest prices I have ever been able to quote. If you want something good and a perfect fit you should call and place your order with me before the choicest patterns are sold out. S. L. ROBERTSON. —Mr. S. L. Robertson laid aside the cares of business this week and went to Mineral Wells to drink the healing waters and recuperate. We hope to see him return in a few weeks fresh and vigorous. —About twenty couples of our young society people were pleasantly entertained at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Tandy on Thursday night. Such refreshments as ice cream, sherbet, cakes, etc. were served. Participants report having spent a most enjoyable evening. —13,000 pounds of flour now in stock and to arrive in a few days. This flour will be sold as long as any of it remains at \$2.05 per 100 lbs. for Seymour, Albany or Weatherford high patent and \$1.95 per 100 lbs. for Drifted Snow, Violet, etc. \$1.75 per 100 lbs. for third grades, regardless of any raise or fluctuation in the market. This is at T. G. Carney's, of course. —Misses Minnie Jones and Allie Wright and Mr. Ed Couch, who attended the teachers summer normal school at Haskell, have each been awarded four year first grade teachers' certificates by the State board of education. These are the only ones reported on so far. The work of the normal was close and thorough and it is believed that many others will be equally successful before the State board. —THE FREE PRESS is pleased to acknowledge season tickets and cordial invitations to attend the West Texas Fair and Round-up at Abilene, Oct. 25 to 28 inclusive and also the Hardeman County Fair at Quanah, Aug. 29 to Sept. 1st inclusive. Both of these fairs have provided liberal premium lists and numerous side attractions and there is no doubt that they will be the best exhibitions and entertainments of the kind ever held in West Texas.

—Mr. Mart Hoover of Chetopa, Kan., arrived here this week and is looking after his horse interest in this county. Mr. Hoover was one of the pioneer ranchmen in Throckmorton county on the Clear Fork near the line of this county and has many friends in this section who are glad to see him on his occasional visits. —Mr. Burwell Cox is now the happy man. A 10 pound boy came to his house Saturday night. It is his first born. But we needn't have told you all this, for if you have seen him on the street and observed that happy smile spreading over his countenance and noticed that frequent glance sideways to see if any one is looking at him, you already know it has happened. —A fishing party consisting of Capt. W. W. Fields, Judge P. D. Sanders and wife, Mr. Green, Mr. Jim Fields and Misses Dulin and Eva Fields and Eddie Taylor went down on the Clear Ford Friday of last week to spend a week in camp fishing and hunting. At this writing they have not returned so we can not report results. They got in Thursday night and report that they caught lots of fish, found a bee tree and had heaps of a time. —Mr. Cass Cotton of the northwest part of the county and Miss Mary Keller, daughter of Mr. J. H. Keller of the same neighborhood were married Wednesday evening at the residence of Mr. Z. M. Marcey. Report has it that they stole a march on the old folks, who objected to their daughter marrying. It seems that the young folks went to a protracted meeting in the neighborhood and from church to Mr. Marcey's, where the preacher also shortly showed up and tied the knot for them. The FREE PRESS wishes them joy, all the same. —Last Saturday we met Mr. J. M. Sherman, one of our prosperous sheepmen and farmers, on the west side of the square when the following conversations took place: He.—Say, Judge do you like cante-loupes? We.—Well, yes, occasionally, and some of the little Pooles are quite fond of them. He.—Well I'll drive by your office and leave two or three for them. We.—All right, thanks! An hour later we returned to the office and found a pile of cante-loupes containing just 17 by actual count. Don't you know that we and the little Pooles feasted! —Mr. R. J. Fuston was in town Tuesday and gave us a sample of a new and unique kind of corn that he is raising this year. He says it is called Calico or Squaw corn. It grows or stools out like wheat or oats, several stalks spring up from one seed. The sample we have has six stalks from the stool on which are eight ears of corn. The center or main stalk has three ears on it, three of the stalks have one ear each and one of them has two ears while one has only a shoot that failed to mature. The ears are from seven to eleven inches in length, well filled. The grains are large and flat, but perfectly smooth and oval on top, and in color blue and white, the blue preponderating. The grains are not speckled, each one being solid blue or white. A Week at Prayer. A revival meeting will begin at the Baptist church Sunday, Aug. 20. As God is real and sin is real Haskell really needs a revival. It has been arranged to hold a series of Prayer-meetings for six nights previous to Aug. 20th. PROGRAM. Monday, Aug. 14th, at Presbyterian church, subject—The Lord's Part in a Revival. Tuesday, Aug. 15, at Presbyterian church, Subject—The Part of Preachers and Other Church Officers in a Revival. Wednesday, Aug. 16, at Methodist church, Subject—Parents' Part in a Revival. Thursday, Aug. 17, at Methodist church, Subject—Business Men's Part in a Revival. Friday, Aug. 18, at Baptist church, Subject—Young People's Part in a Revival. Saturday, Aug. 19, at Baptist church, Subject—The Part that unconverted People have in a Revival. These services will begin at 8 p. m. Everybody is urged to come. Let us cry to God for an outpouring of His spirit and the revival of His work. R. E. L. FARMER, M. L. MOODY, C. C. ANDERSON.

McLEMORE'S is the place to buy your Drugs, Paints, Oils, Etc. Have just received a new Tank of CARBON And can give you any quantity at close prices; also all kinds of MACHINE OILS.

—Mr. J. F. Pinkerton, an old time citizen of Haskell but now of Hico, was here this week looking after his interests. Mr. Pinkerton having faith in the future of this country, retained his property interests here when he moved away several years ago. Besides some other holdings, he owns in this county 800 acres in farms which are rented to several persons and annually pay him a good interest on his investment. He says himself that his farms here pay him a better dividend on the investment than do some farms which he owns in a section of the state generally regarded as far better than this for farming. It strikes us, however, that actual returns furnish the best proof as to which is the best portion. We understand that Mr. Pinkerton is in the market for more farm lands here and that he thinks of moving back to Haskell. He was accompanied by Mr. J. B. Baker of the same place, who, it will be seen by other items in this paper is to become a citizen of our town.

—Messrs P. G. Yoe and Will Winnick were the victims of a peculiar case of poisoning on last Sunday. They were going to Mr. Winnick's place in northeast part of the county and stopped at Mr. J. D. Robert's place and ate dinner. Then started on to Winnick's, stopping at Mr. Robert's water tank and filling their water jug—one that Mr. Winnick commonly took with him and used. In a short time both drank from the jug, Mr. Winnick very freely, and in a few minutes both were taken violently sick and vomited freely. Feeling better after a time they went on to Mr. W's place and remained there until Tuesday, but both having violent fits of sickness and vomiting Monday and Tuesday about the same time of day they were first affected. On Tuesday they became alarmed, fearing that they were poisoned, and sent in for a physician. Dr. Mahaffey went out to see them, finding them in a critical condition, showing many of the symptoms of mineral poisoning—most likely arsenic. Mr. Yoe was brought home that evening and while he has suffered a good deal seems in a fair way to recover. Mr. Winnick was brought in to Mr. Draper's early Friday morning and is still in a very critical condition, with grave chances of a fatal termination. Dr. Mahaffey says it was great difficulty that he got him over the attack which he recovered yesterday and he fears the result of another attack.

Shoes at Scarce Prices. Last week we gave you scare prices on a lot of dry goods and sundry articles and the goods went and are going like hot cakes. This week we offer you a lot of shoes at equally low prices. Read on: 7 Pairs Selz Royal Blue Ladies \$4.00 shoes going at . . . \$1.25 8 Pairs Selz Schwab & Co. \$3.25 hand sewed solid comfort at \$2.00 25 Pairs Ladies shoes from \$2.50 to \$3.50 going at . . . \$1.25 to \$2.00 7 Pairs Ladies Vest top tan shoes regular \$2.50 at . . . \$1.50 Besides the extraordinary low prices at which we are offering some goods we will make you very close cash figures on all goods. We want to clear our shelves for the big stock that is coming. Respy F. G. ALEXANDER & Co.

FRUIT TREES. To the People of Haskell and Knox Counties: I have accepted the local agency for the F. T. Ramsey Nursery at Austin, Texas, for 12 months. So please reserve all orders for trees and shrubbery for me and my agents and I will be personally responsible for all mistakes, and replace all trees that die, if treated as directed by catalogue. Yours for fruit, B. T. LANIER.

The Refrigerator ICE COLD DRINKS all the time! ICE CREAM every Tuesday and Friday evening, and to order for entertainments, etc., any time.

AGENTS WANTED—For "The Life and Achievements of Admiral Dewey," the world's greatest naval hero, by Alfred H. Hanson, the lifetime friend and admirer of the nation's hero. Biggest and best book; over 500 pages, with illustrations; nearly 100 pages of Dewey's own letters, and a full and complete description of his life. Only \$1.00. Free Catalogue. Chicago's Life Time Write quick! The Dominion Company, 3rd Floor, Carson Bldg., Chicago.

B. Y. P. U. Programs. SENIOR. Leader—Marshall Pierson. Lesson. Paper on Lesson—Miss Mollie Whitman. Song. Recitation—Miss Ethel Mason. Select Reading—Miss Laura Garren. Duet—Misses Mary Rice and Rob Lindsey. Select Reading—Dr. Tomlinson.

JUNIOR. Leader—Fratie Smith. Lesson—Romans 14:17. Song—Prayer. Recitation—Alvy Couch. Select Reading—Freddie Lindsey. Roll call with scripture responses. You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhea Remedy. A. P. McLemore, druggist, will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. 43

Several months ago the Review of Reviews published the Canadian side of the Alaskan boundary dispute. In the August number the American side is presented by Mr. William H. Lewis, of Washington State, who bases his argument entirely on the facts as set forth in the British official records.

Capt. William Astor Chanler, Congressman from New York, is the president of The New York Star, which is giving away a FORTY DOLLAR BICYCLE daily, as stated by their advertisement in another column. Hon. Amos J. Cummings, M. C., Col. Asa Bird Gardner, District Attorney of New York, ex-Governor Hogg, of Texas, and Col. Fred Faig, of New York, are among the well known names in their Board of Directors.

A \$40.00 Bicycle Given Away Daily. The publishers of The New York Star, the handsomely illustrated Sunday newspaper, are giving a High Grade Bicycle each day for the largest list of words made by using the letters contained in "THE NEW YORK STAR" no more times in any one word than it is found in The New York Star. Webster's Dictionary will be considered as authority. Two Good Watches (first class time-keepers) will be given daily for second and third best lists, and many other valuable rewards, including Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, China, Sterling Silverware, etc., in order of merit. This educational contest is being given to advertise and introduce this successful weekly into new homes, and all prizes will be awarded promptly without partiality. Twelve 5-cent stamps must be included for thirteen weeks total subscription with full particulars and list of over 800 valuable rewards. Contest opens and awards commence Monday, June 20th, and closes Monday, August 21st, 1899. Your list can reach us any day between three dates, and will receive the award to which it may be entitled for that day, and your name will be printed in the following issue of The New York Star. Only one list can be entered by the same person. Prizes are on exhibition at The Star's business offices. Persons securing bicycles may have choice of Ladies', Gentlemen's or Juveniles' 1899 model, color or size desired. Call or address Dept. '12,' The New York Star, 326 W. 29th St. New York City.

Clearing Sale —At— LOW CUT PRICES!

To make room for our immense stock of fall goods, which our Mr. F. G. Alexander has gone to the Eastern markets to purchase, we quote some astonishingly low prices on first-class standard goods. Come and dress the whole family up for a song

- Read and Act! Slippers, regular price \$1 to \$2 going now at . . . . . 75cts. 17 Bolts Scotch Lawns, regular 5 and 6 cent kind, now going at 35 yards for . . . . . \$1.00 Victor and Laurels Percaloes, regular 8 1/2 cts per yd, now 5cts. Novelty Pique and Ducks, regular 12 1/2, 15 and 20 cent goods, now . . . . . 10cts. Fancy colored Organdies and Dotted Swiss, a beautiful line of goods, regular price 30 and 35 cts., now . . . . . 22 1/2 cts. Same goods in white at . . . . . 15cts. Challies, a nice line, former price 7 1/2 cts., now at . . . 4 1/2 cts. All our fancy Ribbons, comprised in 50 odd bolts at 1/3 off regular prices. All white goods, lawns, nainsooks, dimity cords, etc. at 1/3 off regular prices. A lot of summer corsets at . . . . . 25cts. Ladies unbleached vests, all sizes, former price 8 1/2 cts., now 5cts or 6 for . . . . . 25cts. Ladies bleached Vests, regular price 10 cts. now 4 for . . . 25cts. Apron checks and dress ginghams, regular price 5 to 12 1/2 cts., now . . . . . \$3 1/2 to 9 cents; Large lot Parasols and Umbrellas, regular 50cts to \$2.00 now at 1/3 off regular price. 5 dozen pairs kid gloves, go without regard to cost at . . . 25cts. A miscellaneous lot of ladies belts cheap enough. Ladies shirt waists, the \$1.25 kind at . . . . . 75cts. And the 50 cents kind at . . . . . 35cts.

Remember that this is a clearing sale and that the prices are cut down very low, in some instances below cost, and we must have the cash when the goods go out at the prices quoted. F. G. ALEXANDER & Co.

Next Spring Klondike Shortest Route! The Denver Road (Fort Worth & Denver City Railway.) ELI A. HIRSHFIELD, A. G. P. A. D. B. KEPLER, G. P. A. FORT WORTH, TEXAS. Will find THE DENVER ROAD the most satisfactory route in every particular by which water transportation is reached. The reasons why your ticket should read via the Denver Road, are: Quickest time! Grand scenery and a Through Tourist Sleeping Car Line between Colorado and Portland, necessitating but one change of cars between Fort Worth and Portland, reaching the Northwest Seaport with economy, luxury and comfort via

B. T. Babbitt's PURE POTASH IS EQUAL TO 3 of any Other BRAND. 3 Cans of any Other Brands, 25 cts. 2 Cans of B. T. Babbitt's PURE POTASH, SAVES THE CONSUMER, 20 cts. 5 cts. INSIST ON HAVING B. T. BABBITT'S Pure Potash or Lye.