

F. W. JAMES, Pres., J. L. McWHORTER, V. P.
W. C. POWELL, Cash.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BAIRD.

CAPITAL	\$100,000
SURPLUS	20,000
	\$120,000

A general banking business transacted in all its branches.
ONE OF THE OLDEST BANKS IN THE WEST.

The Star.

"Tis neither birth, nor wealth, nor state, but the 'get-up-and-get' that makes men great

Do You Carry Insurance?
J. H. PETERS,
General Insurance Agent
and Notary Public.
Over \$123,000,000 Capital Represented.

Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York	\$48,000,000
Liverpool and London and Globe	45,000,000
Harford of Harford	10,000,000
Continental of New York	8,000,000
Western Industrial Association of St. Louis	1,000,000

VOL. 10.

BAIRD, CALLAHAN CO., TEXAS FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1897.

NO. 29

DEEP CREEK DOTS.

June 23.—Married on June 20th at the residence of the bride's father, Miss Nettie McCarty and Mr. A. J. Matthis. Elder Barnhill, of Baird, officiating. The numerous friends of the young couple showed their sympathy by offering a lot of useful and handsome gifts and they start on their united journey through life with the best wishes of the community.

A. J. Matthis and bride will make their home at the R. Harlan place.

Thos. Dawkins, Abe Martin and Walter Williams paid their respects to their alma mater by attending the commencement exercises (whom! what a contradiction in adjecto! why not call them closing exercises?) at Buffalo Gap College. Miss Pearl Smartt and Master Willis Dawkins returned home the latter with the honors of a graduate.

And Tom is courting and sparking too and seems to have it real badly. Never mind Tom! loves first fever is just about like the measles. You have to go through it, but you will get over it in the soothing and cooling course of time.

The last rains did not do any damage to the small grain in this neighborhood. The returns at the threshers show that this year is a hummer for wheat in the history of Callahan county. Gabe Smartt threshed 326 bushel from 7 acres of wheat that is 46 1-2 bushel to the acre and the average so far goes over 30 bushel. Oats so far never went below 50 bushel. Matthews & Tisdale's steam threshing outfit gives full satisfaction. Jim Coffee, of Cross Plains, is at the throttle and Jesse Walker and Than Warren are the feeders, while the veteran thresherman of Callahan County, John A. Matthews, although in feeble health, superintends the work.

These last rains again showed the beauties of our present road system.

All the dirt that was scraped carefully together but was not made solid is washed away and with more rains like these our roadbeds will soon be nothing else than rockbeds. And these new washouts and ravines! just now work is needed immediately, no road overseer can summon any hands because everybody is busy with more pressing and more important work and instead of getting better the road question grows worse from year to year. We can not have good roads all over the county at once, but there ought to be a beginning and a kind of system that will finally bring on satisfactory results instead of the present heedless squandering of work and money that so far has done no good at all.

Mosquitoes—You say dear Editor? We have them thank you, and we have them to spare. They are not quite as large as young elephants, but they stand up very favorably against the celebrated Long Island and New Jersey variety, and you know Barnum had to build extra cages for them.

As I am just at it I believe it rained carps and other fishes during the last showers. Anyhow Deacon L. a man of undoubted veracity—Mr. compositor don't say or let the types say voracity or Mr. L. may take it for a personal allusion—reports to have found a carp 21 inches long at least 100 yards from any regular water course, and another family consisting of eight or nine members subsisted a whole day on fish that they caught on dry land. You see Mr. Editor we don't need to go to the Bayou or Mahair for fish stories.

The Spring Gap Singing School is preparing for their little picnic and public exhibition on Sunday July 4th. It will be an informal affair, no long winded orators who are using an avalanche of phrases and words to cover their own shallowness and emptiness

PALACE PHARMACY.

R. A. SPEER, Proprietor.

A FULL LINE OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES ALWAYS ON HAND.

Dr. S. T. Fraser is in charge of the prescription department, who will do a general and office practice. Prescriptions from other physicians will receive prompt and careful attention at all hours.

KINDLY FAVOR US WITH YOUR PATRONAGE.

A complete line of Toilet Articles.

Only the best brands of Cigars in stock.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

BAIRD, TEXAS.

but just an old fashioned hearty singing party. Everybody is invited and please don't forget your song books (Awakening Melodies or Song Land Messenger will do) and a good sized picnic basket whose interior arrangement you had better leave to your loving wife and daughters.

Geo. Smartt had a runaway the other day and his fine dun horse was badly crippled.

MASONIC ELECTION.

Baird Chapter No. 182 R. A. M. elected the following officers last Friday night:

- W. E. Gilliland, H. P.
- Harry Meyer, E. S.
- Ed Coppins, Treas.
- J. H. Peters, Sec.

The balance of the officers are to be appointed and installation at regular meeting, 3rd Friday in July.

Baird Lodge No 522 was to publically install officers last night, but as we go to press on Thursday evening we will have to defer write up until next week.

FOR SALE ON LONG TIME.

Ranch of 1,320 acres ten miles south of Baird on the Coleman road, all fenced and good house with other improvements, for particulars apply or write to Louisa C. Heimer, 701 East Second St. Fort Worth, Texas. 29 3m.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT CITY TAX PAYERS.

Notice is hereby given to all parties who are delinquent for city taxes for 1896, and prior years, including that on property sold for taxes and unredeemed, to come forward and settle up the same by September 1st 1897. Unless paid by then foreclosure suits will be brought to enforce the collection of said taxes. The costs in said suits will be greater in most cases than the taxes, and by paying at once you will prevent much unnecessary costs and trouble.

By order of the city council,
ED COPPINS,
City Tax Collector.

RECORD OF THE MUTUAL.

Very few people on the outside realize the full magnitude of the great work done by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York. This grand old company stands in the lead of the insurance companies in the United States, and in fact, the world. Organized in 1843, it has paid to living members \$258,959,451.58, to the beneficiaries of deceased members, \$178,045,743.76, making a grand total of \$427,005,195.27. Added to the above figures are the invested assets of the company now amounting to \$234,744,148.42, thus showing that in the fifty-three years of its existence the company has paid to an invested for its members the colossal sum of \$671,749,343.71.

Surely a record to be proud of, and the evidence of a great trust honestly administered upon, and representing the acme of sound judgment and conservative methods on the part of its management.

The condition of this great company, as shown by its annual statement, is certainly reassuring to its large army of policy holders in the state of Texas. They can look with pride on the showing made by the company and feel that their policies are backed by an absolute guarantee of over 234 millions of assets, a fact that conveys with it a double assurance that if anything should happen to them, that their loved ones inherit a reality and not a law suit, and that if they live beyond a certain period they themselves reap the reward of their thrift and foresight, which will provide for them in their old age a competency and a shelter for those loved ones who are still left to share it with them.

In Texas this great company has still kept in the lead, having written in 1896 over six millions of insurance, and this in the face of the most intense competition, and during a period of

unprecedented financial distress. This record is due to the indomitable energy of its general agents in Texas, Edwin Chamberlain & Co., of San Antonio. Within a period of about two years and a half they have built up and perfected an agency system which is a source of pride to their own agents and of corresponding envy to the agents of other companies, nothing could more fully demonstrate this than their recent convention held in San Antonio. That the grand old Mutual has a firm hold on the Texas people is evidenced by the lead the company has obtained in their Texas business, as they have written in this state more business than any other company.—Sherman Courier.

STOCK NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Protective Stock Association of Callahan and adjoining counties, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That when any arrest is made of any person charged with the unlawful handling of any stock of any member of this association, which charge has been preferred by any of said members, and suit is instituted against such member for damages therefor, that each member of said association shall lend his influence and aid in the defence of said member so sued.

Resolved, That each member of this association is hereby requested not to employ or have in his employ any person in his employment any person who is or has been indicted for theft, and further resolved that each member of this association is hereby requested not to go upon the criminal bonds of such persons nor aid them in making the same.

Attest.
J. B. CUTRIGHT, Pres.
F. S. BELL, Secy. 28tf

We are Willing And Ready to quote

.. 1897 PRICES ..

Why Pay Fancy Prices for Goods?

WHEN POWELL HAS SUCH RARE BARGAINS IN STORE FOR YOU.

My store house is packed from front to rear, and from floor to ceiling, with the finest assortment ever brought to Baird. Just step inside my store and take a glance at my immense stock, and have one of my ever accomodating clerks to show you through the house, and be convinced that my goods and prices are unequalled in Baird. Don't mind the rush, "every day is rush day at Powell's," but you will be waited on.



Millinery.

Powell has furnished a special department in charge of Miss Lizzie Emmerson for the accomodation of millinery shoppers. You can't pass his store without seeing the beautiful hats, flowers, etc. in the big show window. This department cannot be excelled for beauty, convenience, goods and prices in West Texas.

Dress Goods.

Many women wish to purchase a dress "entirely different from any one in town." Powell can fulfill your wish, he has the largest and finest assortment of Dress Goods that could be purchased in eastern markets. In fact his store is overflowing in real bargains. To see is to be convinced.



IBOUGHT CHEAP AND WILLSELL THE SAME WAY.

"To make money is to save it" and Powell will save you more money than any merchant in Baird. Call and be convinced.

am offering goods cheaper than ever before in my lif

YOURS FOR TRADE

T. E. POWELL.

A NEW TURN

By Counter Move, Lynchers Hailed at Lindale and Dismissed at Tyler.

Tyler, Texas, June 14.—At an early hour this morning affidavits were filed in the Lindale precinct against twenty-two citizens of that place and vicinity, including the eleven against whom similar charges have been filed here in Justice Paulson's court, charging them with the murder of Bill Jones.

District Attorney Smith was notified of the prosecution being instituted but refused to go. He wrote Justice King at Lindale that he considered the prosecution there a strategy on the part of the accused and their friends to avoid answering a similar charge in the Tyler court; if it was sincerely desired to bring the other eleven to justice the parties filing affidavits against them could have no objection to filing them in the Tyler court, where they could take the same course as the others at a place already designated as a base of action by the state; that he had consented to postponement of the preliminary trial at request of accused, and that constable Day had allowed them to go without bail on promise to return for trial.

On receipt of Mr. Smith's letter Justice King appointed William Goodman of Tyler to represent the state. He telegraphed the district attorney of his appointment and received a message in reply not to act. The justice, however, insisted on his acting and the case went to trial.

Justice King bound them over in the sum of \$1000 each to await the action of the grand jury.

Tyler, Texas, June 16.—Early this morning the eleven men from Lindale for whom warrants were issued on the 10th, came into Tyler for examination before Justice Paulson.

After their arrival they accepted service on the warrants issued on the 10th instant and went into custody of Constable Day. District Attorney Stuart Smith arrived from Austin at 10:30 and a few minutes later the case was called for examination.

Messrs. Duke and Beard, counsel for the defense, presented a motion to dismiss, which set forth that the men arrested this morning on warrants issued on the 10th had in the meantime been arrested in the Lindale precinct on warrants sworn out by Constable J. W. Dunaway of that precinct on the 14th and had stood their preliminary trial before Justice of the Peace C. P. King on the same day and had been bound over in \$1000 bond each.

Counsel claimed that as the warrants issued in the Tyler precinct had been returned to the court the court had never obtained jurisdiction over the persons of the men, even though they appeared in Tyler on Saturday, the 12th, when they heard the warrants had been issued.

Mr. Smith, for the state, held that under the statute that when a justice of the peace began a preliminary trial it was his office to carry it out and that the action of no other court could affect it while pending.

When Justice Paulson cleared his throat to give his decision, there was a dead silence over the perspiring audience. He said:

"Gentlemen, my decision in this case is that this court has no jurisdiction. The motion to dismiss is sustained."

In an interview with District Attorney Smith after the trial he said:

"When I was in Austin yesterday I saw Gov. Culberson in regard to this matter and in his conversation with me he said he favored a vigorous prosecution and told me he would send militia here to preserve order. It was my opinion, and is now, that such a demonstration of an armed force from the outside would so arouse the spirit of the people of Smith county that it would be impossible to secure an indictment from a grand jury in this county. Until these men are indicted by a grand jury the thing must stand as it is."

"If the regular grand jury fails to return bills of indictment I shall ask for a special jury commissioner to select a special grand jury to investigate this case. If this fails I shall continue to bring it before every term of the grand jury until something is done."

The sugar trust wants Cuba, too.

A GREAT REMEDY.

\$100.00 Reward for Any Case of Rheumatism, Carbuncles, Boils, Old Sores, Indigestion and Constipation that Thurnmond's Blood Syrup Will Not Cure.

W. T. Scott of Pilot Point, one of the best known merchants in North Texas, writes: "My wife was in extreme bad health; she only weighed 115 pounds when she began taking Dr. Thurnmond's Blood Syrup. She took four bottles, which increased her weight to 135 pounds—and it made a permanent cure of her. It is a boon for females."

Sold by all druggists. Manufactured by Thurnmond Chemical Co., Dallas, Texas.

THREE WERE DROWNED

Bathing by Moonlight in a Pasture Pool Near Greenville.

Greenville, Texas, June 17.—At an early hour this morning the news was brought to the city that T. H. King, cashier of the First National bank, and Miss Kate Austin of this city, and Miss Ida Schenck of Sherman, had been drowned during the night in a pool on Mr. King's ranch, six miles northeast of town.

The news was brought by Fred Norsworthy, bookkeeper of the bank who had been with them at the time of the sad occurrence.

Norsworthy made a statement at the justice's inquest, from which is the following story:

Mr. King and Norsworthy rode out last evening to the ranch, and as they got there they met the two young ladies just driving out to come home, they having driven out in Miss Austin's buggy. Mr. King invited them to return to the ranch and spend the evening, which they did. After a lunch at the house they walked out to the pool, and as the moon came up it was suggested that they should bathe. Norsworthy went to the upper end of the pool and put on a bathing suit to try if the water was warm. He swam across and said it was warm, so the ladies retired and put on bathing suits and Mr. King did the same. They went into the water, Mr. King and Miss Austin together. In a few minutes he heard Mr. King screaming, "Fred! Fred!" and saw them struggling in the deep water. He told Miss Schenck to stay where she was and started for Mr. King. Before reaching them they sank. As they came up he caught Mr. King by his finger tips, but his hand slipped off, and still calling "Fred! Fred!" they sank for the last time.

Norsworthy was overcome, and as he stood there Miss Schenck, probably dazed by fright, fell on him and pushed him down, when he became unconscious and does not know how she was drowned, but no doubt as he fell she pitched over into the deep water and was drowned.

Norsworthy, when he came to himself, got out and rode to town and gave the alarm. He was in a crazed condition all night in charge of two men, but this morning recovered and gave the above story.

Mr. King was the wealthiest man in Greenville, being estimated as worth \$1,500,000. He owned large amounts of property in this city, including the beautiful King opera house, and had 400,000 acres of black land near here, on part of which the tragedy occurred, besides ranch and cattle interests in the western part of the state. He leaves a wife, a daughter and two sons.

Texas News.

The widow of Brakeman Hanway, who died from injuries received while coupling in the Southern Pacific yards at El Paso, sues the railway for \$10,000. Physicians in that city say Hanway would have lived had his foot been amputated.

A cattle train was wrecked at Texarkana. Seven cars were completely smashed and about fifty head of beefs were crushed into a pulp and the rest took to the woods. Fireman James F. Tate jumped from his cab at a critical moment and was instantly killed.

A petition has been circulated and about 500 signatures secured, asking the commissioners' court of Johnson county to order an election for the city of Cleburne. This petition is presented on the strength of a law recently passed by the legislature and in the event the election is refused the matter will probably be carried to the higher courts.

A new cotton pest is reported from Falls county. It is a light green worm about one-half to five-eighths of an inch in length, but very thick and shaped somewhat like a screw worm. It cuts into the stalk at or near the top and then eats its way downward through the main stalk and larger branches. Specimens of the worm have been sent to the state entomologist at the A. and M. college.

Old Dave Honored.

Washington, D. C., June 21.—The president to-day sent in the names of A. C. Thompson of Ohio, Alexander T. Bottkin of Montana and David B. Culberson of Texas as commissioners to codify the criminal laws of the United States.

This commission was provided for at the present session in the sundry civil bill. It is provided that the commission shall be non-partisan. The position pays \$5000 a year.

A beauty show will be one of the most attractive features of the coming Dallas fair.

Summer Normals.

Austin, June, 13.—The following is a list of the summer normals for white teachers, located by the state superintendent of public instruction to date, showing the location and date of opening of each normal. All the normals close August 13:

Location.	Date of Opening.
Austin	July 13
Appleby	" 13
Alvin	" 19
Alvord	" 13
Baird	" 12
Burnet	" 5
Ben Wheeler	" 12
Brownwood	" 19
Bronham	" 12
Beeville	" 19
Childress	" 5
Corpus Christi	" 15
Crockett	" 19
Cumby	" 13
Caddo Mills	" 12
Cameron	" 12
Cuero	" 12
Devine	" 12
Eastland	" 12
Franklin	" 12
Ferris	" 5
Fort Worth	" 5
Goldthwaite	" 19
Graham	" 12
Glen Rose	" 5
Hillsboro	" 13
Henderson	" 5
Hallettsville	" 12
Johnson City	" 12
Jacksboro	" 13
Kerrville	" 13
LaGrange	" 5
Lufkin	" 5
Madison	June 21
Merkel	July 13
Marlin	" 13
Montague	" 13
Mexia	" 5
Oak Cliff	" 5
Pearsall	" 14
Port Lavaca	" 19
Palo Pinto	" 12
Rockport	" 12
Round Rock	" 5
San Antonio	" 12
Sonora	" 12
San Marcos	" 13
Snyder	" 12
Sweetwater	" 12
San Angelo	" 5
San Saba	" 13
Terrell	" 5
Temple	" 13
Troupe	" 13
Vernon	" 17
Willis	" 12
Weatherford	" 12
Wichita Falls	June 12
Waco	July 5

The following is the list of summer normals for colored teachers:

Location.	Date of Opening.
Austin	" 22
Cuero	" 12
Dallas	" 12
Houston	" 18
Hallettsville	" 12
Huntsville	" 12
Hillsboro	" 19
LaGrange	" 5
Mexia	" 19
Marlin	" 12
Tyler	" 13
Waxahachie	" 12
Waco	" 5
Wharton	July 12

His Commencement Effort.

A young man who was graduated from a Kirksville, Mo., institute at a not very recent date happened to become brilliantly inaccurate as is often the case with commencement orators.

He had labored on his oration and objected so strenuously to revision of his effort by the faculty that he was permitted to deliver it without its having been inspected by a vigilant instructor, as was the custom, says the St. Louis Republic.

He showed his commencement day zeal by adding a few statements ex-tempore. Among these impromptu flights was his:

"We stand to-day upon the shores of a boundless sea. Our nation numbers more than 50,000,000 people, living in 50,000 homes."

A local newspaper man had the timidity to criticize the effort, and called the graduates attention to the fact that a sea without bounds would be a very large body of water, and that 1,000 persons would be too many to live peaceably in one family, no matter how amicably inclined the household was.

Seeing the criticism the graduate started to the newspaper office on murder bent. The homicide was prevented by the newspaper man taking a fishing trip up the Charlton river, and the graduate gave a three-column dissertation in a contemporary journal on the boundlessness of the sea and the illimitableness of homes, all of which shows that a newspaper man shouldn't know too much.

J. E. Elgin of Waco thinks he has discovered a field near that city in which both coal oil and gas will be obtained by drilling 2000 feet.

LIBERIA COLONY FAILED

Negroes Returned from Africa Penalties and Half Starved.

Thirteen colored persons who formed part of the 200 sent to Liberia by the International Emigration society in March, 1896, recently arrived in New York on board the steamship Liberia. They say the scheme has been a total failure; that most of their number died of starvation and fever; that the society did not fulfill the contract and many members of the expedition are stranded in England, unable to get back to their homes.

The plan of the African colonization scheme originated in 1894 in the mind of Bishop Turner, who was traveling in the South. It was formulated and carried into effect by Jere McMillan, a white man of Birmingham, Ala., who founded what was known as the International Emigration Society.

The advance guard, in charge of D. L. Johnson, of Hot Springs, Ark., in November, 1894, started for Liberia, and with him was a committee to make arrangements for the colonists.

The first large party of colonists, numbering 200, left Savannah, Ga., in March, 1895, for their new home, and after that several smaller parties joined them.

Twenty-five acres of land for each adult and ten acres for each child was promised, and on landing each person was to be provided with a barrel of flour, two barrels of meal, a quantity of sugar and a complete set of farming implements. D. K. Flammer, president of the society, accompanied the emigrants.

According to stories told by those who have returned to-day, when they landed in Liberia Flammer deserted them, taking whatever was provided for them except the land, which they found thirty-five miles from any town, and which was incapable of growing anything but coffee. Even to grow this would take from four to six years.

Charles Peterson, of Madison, Ark., with his wife and family, is among those who returned to-day. He says he lost all he had in going over, and was nearly dead from starvation before he could raise enough money to return.

Charles Moore, whose family lives in Mississippi, said the emigrants could find nothing to do. The natives, who wore no clothes, and could live on little or nothing, did all the work for starvation wages.

The thirteen persons had not as many cents among them on their arrival, and they had no idea where they were to pass the night.

GLUCOSE TRUST.

The Price Has Been Advanced One-Third in a Few Months.

The Sugar Trust has a younger brother, the Glucose Trust. The exact time when and the place where the infant first saw the light are not yet known. Its existence was suspected two or three weeks ago, when the price of "long sweetening" took an up turn on a totally inactive market.

Last week glucose sold for 95 cents a hundred pounds, which is 25 cents above May price. The companies which are said to compose the trust are: The American Glucose Company, controlled by the Hamlin of Buffalo; the Chicago Sugar Refining Company; the Pope Glucose Company, refineries at Geneva and Venice, Ill.; the Firmerich Refining Company, refineries at Marshalltown, Ia.; the Davenport Sugar Refining Company, of Davenport, Ia.; the Peoria Grape Sugar Company, of Peoria, Ill.; the Rockford Sugar Refining Company, of Rockford, Ill., whose president, J. W. Doane, is now in New York.

There are only two other companies which amount to anything. These are the Waukegan Sugar Refining Company, which has not been operating for a number of months, and the Duryea plant at Glen Cove, Long Island, which is now controlled by the National Starch Company.

Conrad Matheissen, of Chicago, is said to be president of the trust.

A burglar entered the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Holder of Buffalo at night. Mrs. Holder aroused her husband and told him there was a man in the room. Mr. Holder jumped up and ran for his pistol and the man dodged under the bed. Mrs. Holder lit a lamp but in her haste and excitement she dropped it. Just at that moment the man ran from under the bed and Mrs. Holder caught him by the suspenders. Mr. Holder shot at the burglar but hit his wife. The burglar jumped out through a window. Mrs. Holder's wound is not serious.

NAMES WRIT ON WATER.

Evanescence Reputations of Persons Who Flitted on the Stage.

"Theatrical reputation is the most evanescent of all glories of life," sadly observed the old actor, drawing his last summer's overcoat around him a little tighter, according to the New York Herald.

"That's so," responded the agent, "and nothing reminds one of this more than an acquaintance with the bill-rooms of the old theaters about the country. You know they have a way of posting up bills and lithographs in the bill-rooms—that part of the theater in which the bills are laid out, and which is the lounging place of the traveling agents, the billposters, advertising men, etc., and preserving a sort of record of the celebrated actors, companies and scenes that have been at that particular house. Sometimes this is done systematically, with an idea for general pictorial effect, and then looks very pretty. But more often it is the freak of some billposter, who slaps up a full length figure, or a lithograph head, or something grotesque, the whole collection forming a curious and sometimes nightmarish jumble."

"In the older bill-rooms will be seen pictures of bygone favorites of the American stage—of many persons who were famous the other day and who today are quite forgotten. They are usually represented in their favorite costume and part. Some of these were the rage, but a few years ago—drew big salaries and had everything their own way. There are women who actually quenched it over the whole country—made thousands and drank champagne and wore a princess' diamonds. Why, their very names are forgotten! I am not an old-timer, though I'm familiar with the stage, and I tell you I've been actually startled suddenly to come across these pictures on the bill-room walls, and to be thus reminded what they had been, and to be set to thinking what had become of them!"

SHE WAS THRIFTY.

One Woman Made \$2,300 with a Thrashing Machine.

A woman thrasher is a novelty—that is, outside of the schoolhouse or home. And the one in question is a genuine thrasher of the golden grain of the northwest, says the Minneapolis Journal. She came into one of the Minneapolis farm machinery houses the other day to make her final payment on her machine. This was startling and marked her as a woman of business capacity; for the man who makes a full payment on a thrasher this season is regarded as an exceptionally good man. That the lady in question had a business head is further evidenced by the fact that she succeeded in "working" the manager of the establishment for \$2.50, the amount of her fare home.

She innocently told him that to pay her bill in full would take every cent she had and she must take out enough to get home. While the manager gently demurred at receiving the bill in full with this discount off, she ingeniously hinted that it would cost more than \$2.50 to send a collector after the balance, and he lumbered to the situation as gracefully as possible. Mrs. Thrasher (or perhaps it is Miss) said that she had made \$2,200 out of her machine and had 187 stacks of grain to finish this winter, which she proposed to do if the snow was hub-deep. Considering the fact that many machines are being taken back on mortgages this year, no one can successfully maintain that a woman is not adapted to this new field for woman's activity.

URNS OUT BESSEMER STEEL.

Oxide Successfully Extracted from Rock by Edison with the Use of Electricity.

When Thomas Edison began experimenting with electricity as a means of extracting iron oxide from rock a shiver ran through the spinal columns of iron mine owners. Then the matter was forgotten and the public heard nothing more about magnetic separators until a few days ago, when the news came out that the method was not only perfected, but that by it 5,000 tons of bessemer steel were being turned out every day at Edison, N. J. Mr. Edison has been developing his newest discovery quietly, and now his smelting works and their appurtenant buildings cover many acres among the Jersey mountains. The rock is blasted out of open quarries, 5,000 tons at a time, and carried by enormous electric cranes to rollers which crush the largest boulders as if they were lump sugar. After passing through a series of these rollers the fine rock falls past 700 magnets, which extract the ore, sending it along to the furnaces almost free from extraneous matter. From the furnaces the ore issues in nuggets of bessemer steel ready for the mills.

The Russians.

The Russians are believed to have originated from the Slavonian tribe called the Roxilani, about the Christian era. At a later date they were also called Muscovites, from Moscow, their leading city. The state was founded by Ruric, 862 A. D. Russia was a duchy until 1157, when it became the grand duchy of Vladimir, remaining such until 1328, when it was called the grand duchy of Moscow. The Russian rulers began to call themselves czars in 1452. Peter the Great assumed the title of emperor in 1689.

Trying His Own Medicine.

The average age of doctors is much higher than that of any other calling—it is no less than 56. Their great fault consists, no doubt, in their opposition of observing what treatment is most efficacious with their patients. A certain physician is said by James Payn to have let this particular cat out of the bag to one to whom he was paying marked attention. "I am very much interested in your case," he said, "because I have the same complaint myself; and if this medicine really does you good I shall try it."

SUBSTITUTES FOR BULLETS.

Nuggets of Gold and Y-cotton Slugs Used by Hunters in Emergencies.

When a hunter in the old days lost all his bullets or hadn't any to shoot with he usually devised substitutes that on occasion served the purpose well. All sorts of things have been fired at game or Indians, as the case might be. Old Hank Ellison, living up in Jefferson county, N. Y., told to his dying day how he was cooped up by Indians out west once, with a little lead, lots of powder, a belt full of gold nuggets, a fine rifle and a bullet mold. It was on the top of a knoll where his log cabin had been built, and he had a barrel of water and a lot of wood for emergencies. The Indians kept just out of range, dashing in once in awhile to draw his fire. He soon used his bullets up, and then used the gold. He fired nearly half his fortune at the redskins before they left him.

Many a hunter has used a pebble in the hope of getting a close deadly shot. Jackknives and ramrods have served their time as missiles. Forest and Stream tells about a hunter who had only a single bullet, but lots of powder. The bullet shot the horn of a big buck off, and the buck charged the man, who took to a tree top. He spent half an hour whittling off two-inch lengths of branches and putting them into his rifle. Then he rammed them down on the powder and fired at the maddened deer. His partner came along after awhile with a belt full of bullets, and making a run for the tree, gave a bullet to the shooter, who quickly killed the deer.

THE CORPSE DEFIED TIME.

Kept in a Good State of Preservation Thirty Years.

The grave of Capt. Jacob King, at Marietta, O., who died in the army 33 years ago, was lately opened in order to make room for his wife, who has just passed away, says an exchange. Capt. King was buried in a steel casket, sealed and perfectly air-tight. In consequence of this fact there was quite a crowd of relatives and friends of the family present when the coffin was exhumed to view the remains. When the plate over the glass was removed and the remains exposed to view the whole of Capt. King's features were plainly visible. His face had not even blackened to a great extent, and one of his grandchildren who had never seen him in life declared that he could recognize him from the picture he had left. Capt. King was buried in full uniform, which was as fresh-looking as the day it was interred. The buttons had lost none of their brightness, and even the cotton on which his head rested was not discolored in the least.

The only part of the face that showed the ravages of time and decay were his eyes, which were gone entirely. The glass was broken and the effect of the air on the corpse was not ascertained. Capt. King was a mason and his badge was plainly visible. He was lying in Mound cemetery, whose soil is quite sandy, but whether this had anything to do with his preservation is unknown.

GOLD IN THE RIVERS.

Europe's Streams Are Filled with Precious Metal.

In the River Seine a small quantity of gold exists in a state of division so fine as to be invisible to the unaided eye, and it is said that when the sand of the river near Paris is used in making glass, the crucibles in which it is melted are frequently found to be gilded over at the bottom. In former times, in fact, says the New York Sun, a sort of mining was in vogue on the Seine at Paris, carried on by men who would buy a franc's worth of quicksilver, and after passing the sand of the river over it all day, would sell it in the evening for six or seven francs—a kind of work which, however, for some reason was discontinued. Almost all the rivers of Europe carry small quantities of gold in their sands, such as the Rhine, the Seine, the Aar, the Reuse, the Danube and others; also the Clyde and many other streams in Scotland, Ireland, Wales and Cornwall; and, though one ton of sand from the bed of the Rhine, for instance, yields only 9/16 grains of gold, or one-fifth of an ounce, yet the total amount of the yellow metal in that one river is believed to be immense. It has been found, indeed, by careful scientific examination and calculation, that that part of the River Rhine alone which flows through what was formerly a portion of French territory contains no less than 36,000 tons of pure gold.

A RAINES LAW SANDWICH.

The Absent-Minded Man Ate the Pasteboard.

The absent-minded man took his seat at the restaurant table and, as usual, buried his face at once in a newspaper says the Hotel Mail. A waiter placed bill of fare, a napkin and a knife and fork in front of him and stood two or three minutes unnoticed before asking:

"What shall I bring you, sir?" "What's that?" said the absent-minded man, starting up suddenly, not remembering what it was all about.

"What do you want for lunch, sir?" the waiter asked again.

"Oh, yes," said the absent-minded, trying to collect his wits. "Bring me a cup of coffee and a ham sandwich."

The waiter supplied the order and put a large pasteboard check for it down on the table, the absent-minded man continuing to read his paper. The waiter went away to attend to the wants of other people, and about 15 minutes later came back.

"Do you wish anything more?" he asked, politely.

"Yes," snapped the absent-minded man, somewhat viciously. "Go and get me a fresh ham sandwich. The one you brought me was as dry as a bone."

"Why, here is the sandwich I brought, sir," said the waiter, pushing the plate toward him. "You have eaten the check!"

The Baird Star.

W. E. GILLILAND.

Entered at the postoffice at Baird, Texas, as second class matter

Subscription Rates.

One year \$1.50
Six months 75 cts
No subscriptions received for less than 6 months.

Every voter in the towns and cities ought to vote for the irrigation amendment. Why? Because if adopted it will help the country, and the voters in the country can vote for irrigation districts or not afterwards, just as they choose.

This season has demonstrated what West Texas can do with plenty of water. Vote for the irrigation amendment and drouths will be unknown in this section—that is if the people avail themselves of the opportunity to put in irrigation plants.

Towns and cities have always had the power to issue bonds and put in water works; then why should not the country have the same right to issue bonds and construct irrigation systems? Let the country people have a chance to put in these plants if they desire.

What are the people going to do about the irrigation amendment? We regard this as one of the most important questions ever submitted to the people of Texas. It should be adopted by all means, yet we hear some objections to it even in this section. It simply proposes a plan by which people can form irrigation districts and construct reservoirs and canals to irrigate their farms. It is strictly a local option measure. People can exercise their own pleasure as to adopting the districts or not if the amendment carries. No land not susceptible of irrigation can be included in a district, hence it is fair and just to all. Study it carefully and don't be led into voting against it by prejudice. If this amendment is defeated the people of West Texas will rue the day they allowed it to go by default. Look to your own interest and the interest of West Texas and vote for the amendment.

Prices of Linens Go Up.

When the tariff bill was about to be framed, the Republican leaders stated that they desired to be moderate and to avoid anything like excessive rates. Mr. Aldrich, when introducing the amended measure into the senate, claimed that his rates were generally lower than those of the house bill. The linen schedule, however, is a notable one of many exceptions. In it the senate rates are higher than those of the house and much higher than anything ever before known.

Under the McKinley bill of 1890 linens were assessed 35 per cent, with a few exceptions as high as 50 per cent ad valorem. Under the rates proposed by the senate a large proportion of the goods in everyday use will be assessed from 65 to 85 per cent and in some cases over 100 per cent. The following table shows some of the changes in the cost of medium and low grade linens:

	Price per yard.	New duty	Free	New
		per cent	ent.	ent.
Damask tablecloth	109	20c	87 1/2c	129
Crash for roller towels	32 1/2	8	35	40 1/2
Colored canvas for dress linings	60	8 1/2	65 1/2	73 1/2
Clothing linens	95	16	111 1/2	109
Linen for butchers' aprons	65	19 1/2	84 1/2	104 1/2

The domestic manufacturers in whose interests these changes are supposed to be made have stated that they do not deserve over 50 per cent duty on linen goods, and one of the principal manufacturers of linen and cotton handkerchiefs in America (of Acheson, Harden & Co., Passaic, N. J.) states that he does not desire any advance of duty on his goods.

The gross injustice of these duties can be appreciated when it is remembered that, owing to climatic conditions, good fiber flax cannot be grown or linen manufactured successfully in this country, and when it is further remembered that the kind of linen taxed is the kind that is used by the poorest classes, while a much lower duty is put on the finer grades.

"A License to Steal."

That must have been embarrassing information to the United States senate which Statistician Carroll D. Wright furnished that body last week concerning the labor cost of lumber in this country and in Canada. His figures showed that, while the average wages in Canadian sawmills is \$1.41 and \$1.71 per day here, the average labor cost of 1,000 feet of lumber is \$1.28 in Canada and only 91 cents here. The decreased cost of production in this country is attributed to the superior machinery used. Of course the figures prove the free trade contention that the rate of wages paid does not indicate the cost of production—that low wages are very often more expensive to employers, and vice versa. But these hard facts furnished by an officer of the government will not dissuade the lumber barons from their purpose to get a tariff on Canadian lumber so that they can the more effectually rob American consumers. Protectionists care nothing for facts. What they want is a license to steal.—National Single Taxer.

IN MY 7 YEARS EXPERIENCE

In the Grocery Business in Baird.

I have secured many good things for my customers. When I find an article of exceeding merit and proper price I secure it.

Emperor's Blend. **TEA.** } FILLS
Koh-i-noor. } THE BILL.
Orloof
Orange Pekof.

I Carry in Stock

Chase & Sanborns Seal Brand Coffee in 2lb tins.

" " African Java " in bulk

" " Pure Rio " in bulk.

Old Maple Syrup in bottles.

Regent Canned Vegetables.

Silver Cord Canned Fruits.

Swift hams & breakfast bacon, plain & canvassed.

Sweet and Sour Pickles in glass or wood.

BROMANGELON,

The most delicious desert jelly, kept in the following popular flavors.

Lemon

Orange

Strawberry

Raspberry.

I would be pleased to have you call and see my goods and get my prices before making your purchase.

Yours Anxious to Please,

Julius Norton.

ANSWER TO HOOTEN TOP.

BAIRD, TEXAS, JUNE 18 1897.

Ordered by the Court that in answer to the communication of Hooten Top appearing in BAIRD STAR of May 21, '97 issue. We have fully investigated the charges therein contained by subpoenaing witnesses before us and find that four rows of potatoes were plowed with a plow belonging to the county and that the other charges of excessive charges, by Road overseer was groundless, and we endorse the action of our road overseers in moving fences and other obstructions appearing in our public roads—that this order be spread upon the minutes and a copy published in THE STAR.

I, W. W. Dunson, County Clerk in and for Callahan County, Texas, hereby certify the above to be a true and correct copy of an order passed by the Hon. Commissioner's Court of Callahan Co. Texas, on June 18, 1897, as appears of record in Book "C" page 223 minutes of Commissioner's Court of Callahan Co. Texas.

Witness, my hand officially at office in Baird, Texas, this June 18, 1897.

W. W. DUNSON,
County Clerk,
Callahan County, Texas.

CLYDE TRIMMINGS.

Crops around in this section of the country are fine though we are having too much rain just at this time. Wheat and oats are ready for harvest, wheat has not already been harvested, but we are afraid that the rain will damage the grain that is the shock.

Quite a number of young people attended an ice cream supper at Lee McCammon's on last Thursday night and had a pleasant time while there.

Prof McKee spent a few days with the people of Clyde this week in the interest of the Clyde high school. The Professor is just from Miss., and we learn that the prairie dogs and jack rabbits are a big show to him. He said he had read of the prairie dog, but had never seen the little animals until he arrived at Clyde. We hope the Professor will soon become a citizen of Clyde. We always welcome such men as him to our city.

Prof. H. C. Darden dug his potatoes this week and he says he would like to swap some of them to his neighbors for smaller ones, he says his is too big for seed.

The young people of Clyde are going to meet with the young people of Pecan on next Sunday to spend the day in singing. Everybody invited to attend. A nice time is anticipated. The singing will take place at the new church.

H. C. Snider.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

DR. DAVID J. WILSON,

Whereas, on the 19th day of June, A. L. 5897, an Alwise providence called from labor our beloved brother, D. J. Wilson, who was ripe in knowledge and experience, yet had scarcely reached the point on life's highway where strong men turn downward. All along his journey flowers of mercy and kindness have marked his pathway. His vices, if any, we here cover with the mantle of charity; his virtues we will endeavor to emulate and keep fresh in our memory—when the craft receives their wages our brother will receive his reward. Therefore be it

Resolved: That in the death of Brother Wilson our city loses an able physician, a patriotic citizen and a cultured gentleman.

Resolved: That Baird Lodge No 522 A. F. & A. M. mourns the loss of one of its most skilled workmen, who though not yet old, could adroitly handle some of our most delicate tools and decipher the hieroglyphics of the ancients.

Resolved: That a copy of these resolutions be recorded in the minutes of our lodge, and a copy be furnished his widow, and each of the county papers.

"The circle is broken—one sent is forsaken. One bud from the tree of life is shaken. One heart from among us no longer shall thrill."

With joy in our gladness, or grief in our ill.
W. R. McDERMOTT.
R. A. ST JOHN.
B. L. RUSSELL.

FINE FRUIT.

Mrs. T. W. Froment, sent us by Ned Alexander, a fine specimen of Japanese plum, grown in her garden, in Baird. The plum measured seven inches in circumference.

Mrs. Ollie Davis sent THE STAR this week a Chinese cling peach that measured nine and one-half inches in circumference. This peach was grown on Mrs. Davis' farm in the Hubbard timbers and is as fine as can be grown anywhere. These fruit specimens shows what Callahan County can do with good seasons.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

Ordered by the Court that the Clerk give 10 days notice that the Commissioners' court will meet Tuesday, June 29, '97 as a board of Equalization as required by law.

W. W. DUNSON,
County Clerk.

THE LIVER KEEPS PEOPLE WELL.

When the liver is sluggish all other organs are involved. You suffer from constipation, biliousness, jaundice, headache, pain in back, chills and loss of energy. You will never know how promptly these troubles can be cured until you use HEMMEX. It cures quickly when all other remedies utterly fail. Regulates the liver, purifies the blood. HEMMEX is a harmless vegetable remedy that gives new life and energy almost from the first dose. Price 75cts. Nelson & St John, Baird. may 29 97 ly

BEEES AND HIVES.

Italian Bees and roots, best hives, for sale cheap.
J. L. LEA, Baird, Texas.

BLACKSMITH SHOP FOR SALE.

My blacksmith and wood shop in Baird for sale. Apply to
28 21 W. H. SIMONS.

WHEAT WHEAT.

I have completed my arrangements whereby I can handle all the grain in this county at the highest cash prices or on the exchange. J. Norton 24tf

BREAD! BREAD! BREAD!

Fresh bread baked daily, and can be had in any quantity desired. My bread is made of the best flour the market affords. MRS. E. K. KANE.

WHEAT WANTED.

I will be in the market for wheat this year and will pay the highest prices the market affords.

F. P. SHACKELFORD,
24 8t Patnam, Texas.

Do You Suffer From Piles?

If you only knew what thousands of people have learned you would suffer no longer. Surgery has been the only radical help for hemorrhoids (protruding piles) and that often fails. The discovery that the common buckeye is a specific for these troubles makes it easy to do what operations have frequently failed to do. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment positively cures every form of piles—blind, bleeding, itching and protruding. The remedy that has cured thousands will not fail your case. Price in bottles, 50 cts; in tubes, 75 cts; Sold by Nelson & St John. No. 4

Just out.

A large supply of Chattie Mortgages just finished at THE STAR JOB OFFICE. You should buy now while there is plenty in stock. We also have Crop Mortgages, Bills of Sale, Notes, Receipts, Etc.

W. W. DUNSON,
County Clerk.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Nice shirt waist 50 cents at Powell's Books and periodicals R. A. Speer.

Drugs, patent medicines and toilet articles. R. A. Speer. 14 tf

For a first-class sewing machine go to R. Phillips. 26tf

Headquarters at Vaughn & Co. the best house in town. 15tf

I carry a full line of Kellam & Moore glasses. R. A. Speer. 26 tf

Paints, oils and wall paper a specialty at R. Phillips. Call and see. 26tf

The finest assortment of matting in town at Vaughn & Co. 15tf

Finest line of tablets, box paper, paper, etc. Nelson & St John. 14 tf

Go to R. A. Speer for your prescriptions, pure drugs, and skill combined. 15tf

The best binder twine in town. Get my prices before buying. J. Norton. 24 tf

Prescriptions carefully compounded at R. A. Speers Laboratory in charge of Dr. S. T. Fraser. 17tf

Just received a new and complete line of 97 wall paper. Prices to suit all. Nelson & St John 14tf

Go to L. O. Oliver's Meat Market for fresh beef, pork, sausage, head cheese, smoked hams and breakfast bacon. 14tf

H. Schwartz, mgr. for Leo. Stern asks us to say to the public that he has straw hats until you can't rest—until you buy one. 19tf

We invite you to call and look through our beautiful line of carpets. We can and will please you. Nothing like it ever shown in Baird. Prices are right and so are the goods. Don't forget to look at our matting. H. SCHWARTZ, Mgr.

When the spring time comes, "gentle Annie," like all other sensible persons, will cleanse the liver and renovate the system with DeWitt's Little Early Risers famous little pills for the liver and the stomach all the year round. Nelson & St John. 29 4t

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. Phillips Baird, Texas. 52 1yr.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Otis Bowyer,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Practices in all our State
and Federal Courts.
BAIRD, TEXAS.

R. G. POWELL,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office upstairs in Powell & Barnhill building.
Baird, Texas.

E. R. SARTOR,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at R. Phillips' Drug Store.
Baird, Texas.

GO GO
GEO. DEAN,
The Barber.

Second Door North of
Johnson's Chop House.

I. N. JACKSON,
General Real Estate
AGENT.

Local Land Agent for T. & P.
R. R. Co. and Canda, Drake &
Strauss,
BAIRD, TEXAS.

GO GO
T. K. BRAZELL,
FOR A

Shave, Shampoo or Hair Cut.
Now located at Rudmose's old
stand. Give him a trial. 42tf

MARTIN BARNHILL
Boot and Shoemaker.
Repairing Promptly and Neatly Executed.
Prices to Suit the Times.
Market Street, [6] Baird, Texas.

How is this?
Ladies Oxford Ties (slippers) for 54, 74 and 99 cents.
Window Shades,
Straw Matting,
Dry Goods and
Ladies Shirt Waists,
Lower than anyone.
H. F. FOY.

SEASONABLE GOODS.

CROCKS,
CHURNS,
WIRE SCREEN,
PRESERVE JARS,
BINDER TWINE,
MACHINE OIL,
FAMILY ICE TONGS.
MASON'S FRUIT JARS.

For sale at the lowest prices.

HARRY MEYER.

VIRGINIA PASTURE POSTED.

Owing to the many depredations committed on the Va. Ranch, and Cattle Co. I am forced to forbid all persons from hunting on the lands or fishing in waters of said company, and any person so hunting or fishing will be prosecuted.—The lands of this company are posted.
24 tf F. S. BELL.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm has no equal as a household liniment. It is the best remedy known for rheumatism, lame back, neuralgia; while for sprains, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds and sore throat, it is invaluable. Wertz & Zike merchants, Ferdinand, Fla., write: "Everybody who buys a bottle of Chamberlain's Remedies, come back and says it is the best medicine he has ever used." 25 and 50 cents per bottle at all drug stores. June



T. & P. R'y SCHEDULE.

EAST BOUND. 9 30 a. m.
 No. 4.
 WEST BOUND. 3 15 p. m.
 No. 3.
 J. B. HARMON, Agent.

LOCAL NEWS.

A. G. Webb and J. H. Wood went fishing Tuesday.

Carbon in 8 gallon lots at \$1.00 per gallon. R. Phillips. 29tf

Joe Shackelford, of Putnam, was in the city Wednesday.

H. Windham and H. C. Grantham of Tecumseh were in town Wednesday.

W. L. Gilliland and Iley McWhorter were up from the Bayou, Tuesday.

Rev. W. B. Wilson left for Big Springs, Wednesday evening, to attend conference.

Joe Tisdall went south with his thrasher last week and was about the first to get to work.

The Baird and Pecan base ball teams will cross bats on the Baird diamond next Wednesday, June 30.

Mrs. J. P. Work and children, of Kountze, Texas, are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. McGowen.

THE STAR omitted last week to mention the return of Mr. C. S. Boyles and bride. They returned on the 12th from Galveston and other points in South Texas.

Maj. G. E. Nelson and T. E. Powell, went out to the Denton ranch last week to receive some cattle purchased by Maj. Nelson from H. Windham and others.

The holiness protracted meeting closed Tuesday night and Rev. Hines will move his gospel tent to Coleman City where he will begin a meeting the last of the week.

One of Wayne Eastham's little children was bitten by a polecat Tuesday night, and Mr. Eastham was in town Wednesday hunting for a mad stone to apply to the wound.

Unconditional surrender, is the only terms those famous little pills know as DeWitt's Little Early Risers will make with constipation, sick headache and stomach troubles. Nelson & St John. 29 4t

W. B. Dodd of Deep Creek was in town Monday. Talking about old times, Mr. Dodd said that he came to Calahan County twenty years ago this fall, and settled on the place he now lives on.

Croup and whooping cough are childhood's terrors; but like pneumonia, bronchitis, and other throat and lung troubles, can be quickly cured by using One Minute Cough Cure. Nelson & St John. 29 4t

The city council has had some long needed work done on the streets near THE STAR office. People from the east end of town can now get to town without having to wade in mud and water five or six inches deep across the street east of this office.

We understand that the trustees have agreed on three of the teachers for the public school for the coming scholastic year. Prof. J. N. Ellis, of Abilene, principal; A. M. Stewart, 1st assistant; Mrs. Parker, 2nd assistant. Only one more teacher to be employed.

Thirty years is a long time to fight so painful a trouble as piles, but Jacob Mitchell, of Unionville, Pa. struggled that long before he tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which quickly and permanently cured him. It is equally effective in eczema and all skin affections. Nelson & St John 29

The Moran base ball team failed to get in appearance last Friday, as advertised. To avoid disappointing the crowd, the merchants rigged up a team and beat our boys right along. Baird's merchants can't be beat by every scrub team that comes along, several of them being old professionals.

Rev. Dr. Bourland, of Cleburne, preached at the Methodist Church Tuesday night. His theme was Christian education. We wish we had space to give a synopsis of his sermon but have not time nor space this week. Dr. Bourland was on his way to district conference, which convened at Big Springs yesterday, where he goes to represent the South Western University, at Georgetown, and stopped over at Baird to see his daughter, Mrs. Hugh Boss.

John Hart has resigned his position as jailor and moved back to his farm.

Mr. Murphy, Mrs. Henry Lambert's father, came in from Jones county this week.

BORN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Paylor, Monday, June 21, a boy. Mother and child doing well.

Prof. Frank B. St. John came in from the west, Wednesday night, and went on to Waco Thursday morning.

Kelley Kendall, of Toyah, stopped over in Baird last Saturday and spent a few days in town with his brother and old acquaintances.

Our young friend Wm. B. Scott was granted a first grade teacher's certificate at the last meeting of the board of examiners. Will passed a good examination and we bespeak for him success as a teacher.

Dr. R. G. Powell has been appointed railroad physician at Baird, vice Dr. D. J. Wilson deceased. Dr. Powell is in every way worthy and qualified to fill the responsible position so long and ably filled by his predecessor. THE STAR congratulates Dr. Powell on his appointment.

The eastbound passenger train collided with a Southern Pacific freight train 50 miles east of El Paso, Wednesday morning and both trains were wrecked. The engineer on the freight is reported killed, some others slightly hurt. On account of wreck there was no passenger train east Wednesday.

The roof of the depot was set fire by a passing engine last Friday evening, which came near being a serious blaze. By prompt action on the part of the railroad boys, aided by Herman Schwartz and his fire extinguisher the fire was soon put out. A considerable hole burned in the roof was the extent of the damage.

Old Uncle John Hellar died at the poor farm last Tuesday morning. Poor old man, may his soul rest in peace! Uncle John was a soldier under King William of Prussia, the old King afterwards emperor of Germany. The old man being in bad health and no one to care for him he was sent to the poor farm and there ended his days. He was 68 years old and had been in the United States for 45 years, according to the statement of one of his friends.

Murray Harris came in a few days ago from Wichita Falls, where he has been making surveys for an extensive irrigation plant. Nothing more will be done until after the election in August to see what the people will do about the irrigation amendment to the constitution. If the amendment is adopted the company will go ahead and put about two hundred thousand acres under irrigation. If the amendment is defeated it is uncertain what the company will do.

There was a pretty bad collision in the railroad yard here Sunday evening about 7 o'clock in which Charley Paylor came near being killed. A freight engine and some cars being transferred to a side track collided and threw Paylor to the ground from the top of a box car and for awhile it was thought he was killed. Dr. Powell was called and Paylor still insensible was carried home. He is doing very well at present and will soon be out again. The water tank on the freight engine and one or more of the cars were badly wrecked. It is reported that the brakes on the freight engine failed to work which caused the wreck. The crash was heard all over town and caused many people to rush to the yard to find out the trouble. No one else was hurt but Charley Paylor so far as we could learn. He certainly had a narrow escape and we are glad it was no worse.

EXCURSIONS.

Account of the National Republican League meeting to be held in Detroit, July 13th \$37.40 for round trip, tickets on sale July 10, and 11, limited to return to July 17th

Account meeting of Elks at Minneapolis July 6, \$34 75 for round trip tickets on sale July 3rd and 4th, limited for return to July 10th, privilege of extending final limit to July 31st

Account of the International Convention B. Y. P. U. to be held at Chattanooga, Tenn. July 15th to 18th \$26 for round trip, tickets on sale July 11, 12, and 13, limited to return to July 21, with privilege of extending final limit to Aug. 15th.

Account Sheriff's Association to meet in Dallas July 13th \$5 15 for round trip, tickets on sale July 12th, limited for return to July 16th.

J. B. HARMON, Agent.

THE DANGER

to which the Expectant Mother is exposed and the foreboding and dread with which she looks forward to the hour of woman's severest trial is appreciated by but few. All effort should be made to smooth these rugged places in life's pathway for her, ere she presses to her bosom her babe.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

allays Nervousness, and so assists Nature that the change goes forward in an easy manner, without such violent protest in the way of Nausea, Headache, Etc. Gloomy forebodings yield to cheerful and hopeful anticipations—she passes through the ordeal quickly and without pain—is left strong and vigorous and enabled to joyously perform the high and holy duties now devolved upon her. Safety to life of both is assured by the use of "Mother's Friend," and the time of recovery shortened.

"I know one lady, the mother of three children, who suffered greatly in the birth of each, who obtained a bottle of 'Mother's Friend' of me before her fourth confinement, and was relieved quickly and easily. All agree that their labor was shorter and less painful."
 JOHN G. POLHILL, Macon, Ga.

\$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by mail on receipt of price.

BOOKS Containing invaluable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address upon application, by THE BRADFORD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Call and examine the new Blue Flame Oil Stove. Harry Meyer. 27.

Fine line of linen writing paper, tablets, envelopes at R. A. Speer's 26tf

No shoes in town wear like Powell's get a pair and see for yourself. 20tf

Try a bottle of Wild Cherry Phosphate sold by R. Phillips. 28tf

Ladies' summer vest 5 cents and up at Powell's. Worth double. 26tf

Try a bottle of Wild Cherry Phosphate sold by R. Phillips. 28tf

Hanna contemplates remaining in Baird only ten days longer. 28tf

Try a bottle of Wild Cherry Phosphate sold by R. Phillips. 28tf

Millinery goods and hats at Powell's cheap, cheaper and cheapest place in Baird.

THE STAR Job Office is prepared to do all kinds of school catalogue and pamphlet work on short notice.

Those who wish pictures of the Tournament rides, can secure same at Y. A. Orr's drug store. Putnam, Texas. 28tf

My \$7.50, \$9.00 and \$10.00 mens all wool summer suits are very very cheap. Please call and see them. T. E. Powell. 26tf

You can't do better than bring your printing to THE STAR Job Office. Everything turned out in the neatest and most artistic styles.

J. W. Carter, of Cisco, has some nice organs at low prices and on liberal terms at A. Cook's dry goods store. Call and see them. 26 1t

What is the use of being without music when you can go to A. Cook's dry goods store and get a fine organ so cheap and on such easy terms. 26 1t

The largest shipment of Mason's Fruit Jars ever brought to Baird. Can save you money by leaving your orders now at J. Norton's. 24tf

I have 15 dozen very fine lisle thread high colored ladies' vest, worth \$1.00 reduced to 25 cents each. Come quick. T. E. Powell 26tf.

PREACHING.

THE STAR is requested to announce that Rev. French McAfee will preach at the Presbyterian church to-morrow night, Saturday, June 26, and Sunday. It was announced that he would not fill his appointment at that time, but he has decided to come and requests all to be notified.

DID YOU EVER

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of appetite, constipation, headache, fainting spells, nervous, sleepless, excitable, melancholy, or troubled with dizzy spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Fifty cents and \$1.00 at R. Phillips drug store.

DRY GOODS

—FOR—

Spring & Summer 1897.

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Fine line of Spring and Summer Dry Goods Clothing Ladies Dress Goods Etc. Call and see them.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

I have a beautiful line of mens' and boys' shoes, ladies shoes and slippers, quality considered none cheaper anywhere. Just received a fine line of infant shoes.

CARPETS.

You want carpets! I have them. From the costliest to the cheapest. Carpets Matting, Oil Cloth, and Linolium Come and see them before purchasing.

FURNITURE.

I carry a full and complete line of furniture, rockers, chairs, tables, dressers, bed room sets, baby carriages, sofas, etc. I can please all in this line.

UNDERTAKERS GOODS.

I keep in stock at all times a complete line of caskets and undertakers goods.

I appreciate the patronage I have received in the past and especially in the past few months. I have a large and complete stock in all lines and my experience in the past sixteen years in Business in Baird certainly has taught me the kind and quality of goods the people want and I have them in stock and am going to sell them. See my stock before buying.

LEO. STERN.

H. Schwartz, Mgr.

When a cold is contracted, cure it at once. One Minute Cough Cure will set you on the road to recovery in a minute. It will cure pneumonia, bronchitis, croup and all forms of lung troubles. Nelson & St John. 29 4t

Remember T. E. Powell is selling more goods than he ever did in Baird. Why? Because he sells cheaper, has the goods to sell, has nice clerks and all sell at one price. I can swear to this and so can every customer in this county, and so can you if you will call at his store and price his goods and see all you neighbors trading at T. E. Powell's.

Not only acute lung troubles, which may prove fatal in a few days, but old chronic coughs and throat troubles may receive immediate relief and be permanently cured by One Minute Cough Cure. Nelson & St John 29 4t

Ladies call at my store and examine my stock of all wool dress goods and silks and all other kind of goods you may want cheaper than they can be bought anywhere. If you find things not as I represent them I will give you a nice fan. Please call. 20tf T. E. POWELL.

It should be made a matter of public knowledge that DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will speedily cure piles of the longest standing. It is the household favorite for burns, scalds, cuts, bruises and sores of all kinds. Nelson & St John. 29 4t

Homemade flavoring extracts at R. A. Speer's drugstore. Made especially for home trade. Guaranteed absolutely pure, and cheaper than any extract in the market. Give them a trial order. 26tf.

PERSONAL.—The gentleman who annoyed the congregation last Sunday by continually coughing will find instant relief by using One Minute Cough Cure, a speedy and harmless remedy for throat and lung troubles. Nelson & St John. 29 4t

The Baird base ball nine beats all other nines. Why? Because they buy their clothing from T. E. Powell and get a \$15. suit for \$10. Call and see them. 26tf.

DR. D. J. WILSON DEAD.

Dr. D. J. Wilson, who has been in failing health for several years, died suddenly last Saturday night, about 12 o'clock.

Dr. Wilson was a native of New York, where he was born about 51 years ago. He came to Baird about twelve years ago where he continued to practice of his profession up to the time of his death. His health for the past two years has been so bad, however, that he was compelled to confine himself to office practice almost exclusively.

Dr. Wilson stood high in his profession; for a number of years he was a member of the Medical Board of Examiners for this judicial district, was also city and county physician, and local physician and surgeon for the T. & P. Ry. Co., which position he held at the time of his death.

He was a prominent Mason, but confined his work almost exclusively to the Chapter. When Baird Chapter R. A. M. No. 182 was organized six or seven years ago he was elected Most Excellent High Priest, and was an active member of the Chapter until his health failed.

When in his prime, Dr. Wilson was a magnificent specimen of physical manhood, of commanding figure and military bearing, he would have made an ideal soldier. He was courteous and affable, and had many warm friends, but for the past two or three years he rarely left his office to mingle with the people. He often spoke of his approaching end in a calm dignified way. For years he expected the grim messenger, but sat like a stoic awaiting his coming with apparently no apprehension. No one ever heard him murmur or complain at his lot, though buffeted by fickle fortune, and his frame racked with disease.

He was a remarkable man in many respects, and understood by few. Always calm, quite and courtly towards his fellow man. We knew him for years, but never seen him exhibit the least signs of anger or excitement or emotion of any kind. He certainly had a wonderful control over himself

in that respect. This became more noticeable in the later years of his life. Faults he had, none are free from them; whatever they may have been, let us forget them, and remember his good deeds, for they far outnumbered his faults. Let us scatter flowers on the grave of our comrade that has fallen ere he had reached the point that marks the noontide on life's highway. May the sod rest lightly upon him, and may his soul find rest and peace beyond the mystic white veil.

He leaves a wife but no children, and no relatives in this state so far as we know.

THE STATE SUMMER NORMAL.

At Baird July 12, to Aug. 13, promises to be the best attended and most successful ever held in West Texas. Examination fee of applicants paid by the citizens. Free lectures, hospitable people, and instructors of recognized ability. Board \$10 to \$12. For catalogue or information address

A. M. Stewart, Baird, Texas.

ESTRAY NOTICE.

Reported by W. A. Hinds, Co. Commissioner or Precinct no. 1, Callahan Co. Tex., on May 17th, 1897, the following described property to-wit:

One dark brown pony 15 or 15 years old, about 14 1/2 hands high, branded A C on left shoulder and C on left hip—saddle and harness marks. Ranging in W. R. Wasson's pasture 9 miles from Baird.

The owner of said animal is requested to come forward prove property, pay charges and take said animal away or the same will be dealt with as the law directs.

Given under my hand and seal of office this 25 day of May 1897.

W. W. DUNSON,
 Co. Clk. Callahan Co. Tex.,
 By W. P. Cochran, Deputy. 26 4t

Do Your Children Thrive?

It is the business of children to eat and grow. If you have a child that eats well but does not grow, or if its appetite is variable, you have cause to suspect worms. There are apt to be other symptoms. Face is pale, eyes are dull, sleep is broken, the child picks at its nose and is restless and fretful. Use White's Cream Vermifuge. Every worm will be destroyed and the child will be able to grow and develop as nature intended. Price 25 cents Sold by Nelson & St John. No 4

The Baird Star

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.
Subscription: \$1.50 Per Annum.
W. E. GILLILAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

It is probable that a war will be waged on Wall street bucket shops. Many of the most prominent men on the street may be involved if the prosecution is instituted.

Down in Chile where one would least expect to find the new woman, there is a most advanced feminine type. All the car drivers there are women, and they not only attend their prancing steeds, but also collect fares.

In a letter from Gen. Gomez received in New York by President Palma of the Cuban Junta, the insurgent general expresses satisfaction with the work of the Cuban arms, adding that so far Weyler has been unable to thwart any of his movements. After declaring that the alleged pacification of any portion of Cuba is all nonsense, Gen. Gomez says: "We notice that the American press is again printing reports of possible compromises between us and Spain on the basis of Cuban autonomy. While we cannot trace any ground for these reports, we can assure you that they do not emanate from our side. We are fully resolved to keep up the struggle as long as necessary to accomplish absolute independence. In short, we will accept no peace proposals from Spain unless based on absolute independence."

Notwithstanding Queen Victoria's unparalleled reign of sixty years, there are subjects in her kingdom who were born years before she saw the light, and who remember other monarchs of the English throne before her. Mrs. Margaret Neve, a bright, vivacious old lady of 105, is probably her oldest subject in Great Britain. She resides in Guernsey, not far out of St. Peter's port, and can remember France before Napoleon's time. She has traveled all over Europe and recounts with interest the story of great personages she has seen and famous places she has visited. She is strong physically as well as mentally, and walks to church regularly every week. And yet she has lived through the reigns of four rulers of the British empire, not to mention famous literary men like Coleridge, Southey, Wordsworth, Charles Lamb and Humphrey Davy.

A dispatch from Panama, says: "Representatives of Guatemala and Costa Rica have signed the treaty which makes these two countries a part of the Greater Republic of Central America. The treaty of Amalpa, made in September, 1895, provided for a union of the countries of Central America into a confederation, to be known as the Greater Republic of Central America. The matter was carefully considered, and in September, 1896, the treaty was ratified by San Salvador, Honduras and Nicaragua. The entry of Guatemala and Costa Rica completes the alliance. The object of this confederation is the amicable settlement of all matters of foreign relations affecting the individual countries. Government is by a diet of deputies elected every three years and meeting at one capital after another. Where arbitration is resorted to preference is to be given to the United States as the deciding power. The confederation was recognized by President Cleveland last December.

Washington Notes.

The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that the total receipts during May were \$10,816,892, a net decrease as compared with May, 1896, of \$647,598.

Senator Teller has introduced in the senate a bill to pay the administrator of the estate of Bluford West \$12,000 for West's disposition of Bluford West Saline, in the Cherokee nation.

Miss Elizabeth Harwood Key, grand daughter of Francis Scott Key, the author of "The Star Spangled Banner," has been appointed to a minor clerkship in the agricultural department.

William B. Gaitree, of Ohio, who has been confidential clerk to Secretary Sherman, has been appointed special agent for the post-office department at a salary of \$3500. Mr. Gaitree will have especial charge of the rural free delivery.

Secretary Gage is hearing much discouraging talk from senators and representatives about his plan for a currency commission. He has learned of the common opinion that a commission resolution cannot be put through at this session.

HAWAIIAN TREATY SIGNED

The Islands to be Annexed by the United States—Full Control.

Washington, June 16.—In the great diplomatic room of the state department, where four years and four months ago, during the closing hours of the Harrison administration, the first Hawaiian treaty was signed, only to be withdrawn from the senate and pigeon holed, the representatives of the governments of the United States and Hawaii gathered this morning and signed a treaty, by the terms of which, if ratified, the little island republic will become a part of the territory of the United States.

Before the final signature of the document the secretary of state was presented with a formal protest by the Japanese government through its legation here against the consummation of the agreement. The protest is understood to be based on apprehension that the special treaties now existing between Japan and Hawaii, under which the Japanese enjoy advantages, will be affected injuriously by complete annexation.

While peaceful annexation of the Hawaiian islands would abrogate the existing treaties of that country with foreign powers, Japan will contend that the United States must assume and respect Hawaii's obligation to foreign powers. It is also a Japanese contention that under the new treaty to go into effect in 1899, special legislation cannot be enacted to exclude their citizens as has been done to Chinese under the Chinese exclusion act.

The treaty provides that the government of the Hawaiian islands cede to the United States absolutely and forever all rights of sovereignty in and over the Hawaiian islands and its dependencies and that these islands shall become an integral part of the territory of the United States. The government of Hawaii also cedes to the United States all public lands, public buildings and public property of every description. Congress shall enact special laws to govern the disposition of the interests of the United States in the Hawaiian islands. All revenue from these lands shall be used solely for the benefit of the inhabitants of the Hawaiian islands for educational and other public purposes. The Hawaiian islands shall be admitted into the union as a territory of the United States, local laws to be passed by a local legislature, but subject to approval of the president. Until congress shall apply the laws of the United States to the islands the present laws of Hawaii are to govern the islands. The present treaties and laws governing Hawaiian commercial relations with foreign nations shall remain in force until congress shall take action.

Further immigration of Chinese laborers is prohibited pending congressional action and the entry of Chinese from Hawaii into the United States likewise is prohibited. The United States assumes the public debt of Hawaii, but with a stipulation that this liability shall not exceed \$4,000,000.

The treaty before it becomes effective shall be ratified by the proper authorities of the United States and of Hawaii. No mention is made of any gratuity to Liliuokalani or Princess Kaiulani.

Minister Hoshi of Japan declined to be seen to-day about Japan's protest and Secretary Mutsu refused to discuss the matter in any way, but it is learned that the Japanese protest was made in personal communication to the state department yesterday afternoon by Minister Hoshi. The news of the protest was a great surprise to the Hawaiian legation and as intelligence of it was obtained Minister Hatch started out to learn the particulars. The essential point as to the protest, it is said at the Hawaiian legation, is whether the protest is against the annexation of Hawaii or is merely a protest reserving to Japan all her rights under the existing treaty with Hawaii. It is believed it is the latter.

The Japanese treaty with Hawaii was made in 1871 and provides that natives or citizens of one country shall have the uninterrupted right to enter into, reside and trade in the other country and also shall have all the rights and privileges enjoyed by the people of any other country under treaty stipulations with Japan. Japan under the treaty consequently has a perfect right to have her immigrants enter the Hawaiian islands.

Under international law the annexation of Hawaii to the United States would abrogate this treaty. Moreover, a new treaty between the United States and Japan made some time ago and to become effective in 1899 provides that the United States may exclude Japanese. If Hawaii is annexed the effect would be to permit the United States to exclude the Japanese from Hawaii. It is taken for granted, therefore, that the protest is one reserving Japan's rights under its treaty of 1871 with Hawaii.

The treaty was immediately sent to the senate, where it was considered in executive session. It will not have a solid republican support.

AS VIEWED IN EUROPE.

London, June 17.—Most of the morning papers contain editorials on the proposed annexation of Hawaii. The Times says: "The United States has made a new departure from its historical policy. Such an acquisition of foreign dependencies will bring, of necessity, a new and serious foreign policy, which cannot in all cases be determined by an unlimited application of Monocism. Will America pursue the colonizing course upon which she has now entered?" "President McKinley has tried hard to represent the case as an exceptional, but the forces tending in the opposite direction are very strong."

The Standard says: "The natives will be better off under the American government than before. Without doubt the Americans will soon build a fleet to protect their colony."

The Daily Telegraph says: "No political complications are likely to ensue, but it is for the Americans to square annexation with the Monroe doctrine. England's interest in the event is only sentimental."

The Morning Post, on the contrary, says:

"President McKinley should be satisfied to shelve the matter, now he has brought it before the public. Japan is no likely to consent without a struggle; England will require a quid pro quo and the affair will scarcely escape the notice of the Australians."

The Daily News admits that the United States has a superior claim and expects that the protest of Japanese will be only diplomatic.

Sherman's Eccentricities.

The New York World's Washington correspondent writes his paper that Secretary Sherman's failing powers and growing eccentricity make his resignation imperative if the administration is to be saved from grave diplomatic blunders or the humiliation of acknowledging openly that it cannot be responsible for the utterances of its secretary of state.

Foreign diplomats are still agog at Sherman's garrulous talk about his opposition to the Hawaiian annexation scheme, followed by the statement that he did not mean all he said.

Sherman's habit of solemnly giving important interviews to correspondents and then denying what he said with equal solemnity the next day has made him the terror of every newspaper man in Washington.

Judge Day is the real head of the state department, but as long as Sherman is secretary, the old statesman's utterances have full weight. His absent-mindedness has grown so that he frequently forgets engagements and is constantly mislaying vastly important documents.

Sherman has told a number of people lately that he expected to resign and retire from active public life. On other occasions he has said he has no idea of resigning. As the necessities of Ohio's politics were responsible for Sherman's original appointment; the same necessity, it is said, will keep him in office until after the fall election.

Democrats Oppose Annexation.

Washington, June 21.—The prevailing impression among senators of all the parties is that it will be practically useless to attempt, during the present session of congress, the ratification of the Hawaiian treaty. There is such a determined opposition on the part of those against the treaty that it is a recognized fact that nothing can be accomplished as long as the senate rules permit endless debate. The most intense opponents of the treaty are Senators White and Pettigrew.

There is a disposition among democrats to make the treaty a party question, and it has even been proposed that they go into caucus and endeavor to present a united front, but Mr. Morgan is an extreme believer in the annexation of the Sandwich Islands and would also like this government to reach out and take Cuba, even such a proceeding were to involve the United States in a war with Spain.

The governor has signed the fee bill.

DEBS' CO-OPERATIVE PLAN.

One Family of Thousands to be Located in the Fertile West.

Chicago telegram: To-day Eugene V. Debs' vast co-operative scheme for amelioration of the wage toilers of America was unfolded before the convention of 500 delegates from all parts of the country.

Associated with Debs in the undertaking are some of the best minds in the various schools of economic thought, such as Edward Bellamy, Prof. Parsons of the Boston Law university, A. S. Edwards of the Ruskin Co-operative Colony, Victor Edwards, editor of the Milwaukee Vorwaerts, Rev. Myron Reed of Denver, Henry D. Lloyd and Prof. Lermond of Maine.

President Debs received a royal welcome as he stepped forward on the stage at Handel hall and called the first session of the convention to order. During Debs' opening address he was listened to attentively and frequently applauded.

"I am not here to denounce capital," he said, "nor am I here to exploit my views of the rich. It is not with the individual that I have to do, but with the system of society that produces him and is responsible for him."

He was not unmindful of the fact that there are those who maintain there can be no relief while any part of wage system remains. With these people he claimed he had no quarrel, as there was no occasion for unfriendly feeling among those who are pledged to the co-operative commonwealth.

Mr. Debs outlined his idea of the new republic, which he declared, would be the means of giving work to the unemployed. That question, he declared demanded immediate action.

In outlining his plan of co-operation, Debs said:

"Never were the masses in America so badly off as at present. Menacing the happiness of the country and the continued freedom of its people from turbulence is an army of not less than 5,000,000 persons out of employment. Every hour adds to their ranks. Introduction of new machinery, improvements on old appliances, the concentration of wealth and other conditions are throwing people out of employment all the time. Millions are looking into a future that has no hope."

"Trade unionism furnishes no adequate relief for the terrible evils which confront the toilers. Organized labor can not hope to cope with organized capital. The people who have the money hold also the means of production, of distribution and of purchase. They could starve out their antagonists, who possess nothing. A terrible revolution may be averted. It is near enough to be threatening."

"The plans which will be adopted will have for their foundation the exodus of the co-operators to a western state. We have invitations to settle in dozens of states."

"Women will go. It will be a community of families and homes. The people will be educated. They will have newspapers and literature. They will develop the resources of the state, organize industrial enterprises, build roads, canals, school houses and public buildings. Six hours a day for each man will be sufficient to produce enough for the community. The man who toils the hardest will work the fewest hours. The common store will supply all. The kitchen in the home will be abolished, and food will be distributed from the common kitchen. The general conduct of the colony will be such as the federal statutes will countenance, and it will be a happy bright sort of civilization, where men will be brothers."

ALL AGREED.

Turkey and Greece Have Agreed to Peace Terms.

Constantinople, June 21.—The negotiations between the representatives of the powers and porte for the establishment of peace between Turkey and Greece have been brought to a satisfactory conclusion.

All the points involved have been settled except the method of guaranteeing the indemnity to be paid to Turkey by Greece, which was fixed at 6,000,000 pounds Turkish.

It is regarded as probable, however, that a committee composed of influential Greek residents of foreign countries will be appointed to control the finances of Greece, and stand as security for the payment of the indemnity.

This point once settled, a final treaty of peace will be signed, and the Turks will withdraw from Thessaly.

Hanna has captured Ohio.

BANK OF NAPLES.

The Oldest Banking Institution on the Face of the Earth.

Mr. Neville-Rolfe, British consul at Naples, gives an interesting account of the past history and present position of the bank of Naples, which is, he says, the oldest bank in existence, for the Monte Vecchio of Venice, and the Banco San Giorgio at Genoa, both founded in the twelfth century, have ceased to exist, as has also the bank of Barcelona, founded in the fourteenth century. The bank of Naples was founded in 1539, and is a state bank, with a considerable capital to which no one lays any claim; in other words, it is a joint stock bank, but with no shareholders. When Charles V went to take possession of the kingdom, his new subjects desired to receive him with becoming magnificence, and, therefore, contracted vast loans with the Jews against valuable pledges. These loans they were unable to repay, and to get rid of the difficulty his majesty banished the Jews from the kingdom. The Jews managed before their departure to sell the pledges to two Neapolitans at very easy prices; the new holders offered them to the original owners at a small profit and they also offered further loans without interest on the old security. Some philanthropists stepped in and gave considerable gifts to the new enterprise, provided loans without interest were made. In 1573 the bank was established on these lines and was, in fact, a charitable pawnbroker. But by degrees its scope enlarged into that of a bank doing ordinary commercial business. In 1634 it had an income from government securities of 7800 pounds, besides the capital necessary for carrying on its business.

In 1685, in a commercial crisis, the government forced it to lend 11,900 pounds for two or three years certain without interest. The result was a loss to the bank, and in a few years it was declared to be 56,000 pounds in debt. In 1691 it had recovered its position, but a series of frauds and losses amounting to nearly 100,000 pounds crippled it again. In December last Signor Luzzatti proved to the chamber that the bank had recently lost 3,600,000 pounds, for a great part of which the branches at Genoa, Bologna and Milan are responsible. Nothing short of state interference can now save the bank, and Signor Luzzatti was anxious to incorporate it into a national bank of Italy on the lines of the banks of France and England. This, however, met with very strong opposition in the Neapolitan provinces. It is proposed to issue government paper to the amount of 45,000,000f, which represents the bullion in the hands of the bank, and from the interest accruing to form a sinking fund to place the institution on a sound financial basis. The interest is fixed at 3-1/2 per cent net, instead of the normal rate of 4-1/4, the holder of the paper will thus lose 3-4 per cent in exchange for his government security, and the government will lose the same amount. But both parties would lose a great deal more were the bank of Naples to stop payment.

To Settle Dust.

The result of a series of experiments in progress for several weeks on the Camden and Atlantic railroad, which gives promise of doing away with dust, one of the trying discomforts of railway travel, has been made public by officials of the Pennsylvania Superintendent Dayton said the experiment had been highly successful wherever tried. The plan is to treat the surface of the tracks and roadbed, including the sides of slopes in cuts, with a heavy oil of low cost, the product of petroleum distillation. The application of the treatment has thus far been made from hose attachments on a large tank car, but a big spraying car is now being completed, which will do the work more effectually. It is claimed that one spraying of oil each year will be sufficient. Thus far, it is claimed, no dust whatever is lifted after the oil has been used.

The hull of the missing schooner Robert E. Templeton, together with her ice box and skiff, have been found on Padre island. No trace of any of the bodies of the crew was found.

If you want to live! Stir up your Liver. Use Plaster's Nubian Tea the great vegetable Liver Regulator. It don't cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and all Liver Complaints. Finest liver medicine on the market. Price 25 Cents. For sale by all Dealers. For 10 cents in stamps we will mail you trial package and a copy of Plaster's Nubian Tea. New Spencer Medical Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

DEBS' PLAN IN FULL.

It Contemplates the Capture of the State of Washington—Tax To Corporations.

Chicago, Ill., June 21.—At a meeting of the Social Democracy to-night the following officers were elected:

E. V. Debs, chairman; Sylvester Kolther, secretary; James Hogan, vice-president, Wm. E. Burns, general organizer.

The salary of the officers is fixed at \$100 per month.

At the afternoon session of the Social Democracy Mr. Debs explained more fully the aims and purposes of the co-operative commonwealth. A colony should be sent to Washington, from which place, he said, an official invitation had been received. After establishing the colony the next step would be to secure control of the politics of the state and start the co-operative commonwealth.

"The first thing we would do after getting control," he said, "would be to call a special session of the legislature. Then we would call a convention to revise the constitution and get all the rot out of it. We will have control of the taxing power and can tax syndicates and landsharks out of the state. Persons shall be taxed according to their means and shall have according to their needs. We will have a trust, in our state, but we will all be in the trust. The operatives will not work twelve or fourteen hours a day, but four or five. We will be in the field in 1900 with a new party. These men who represent the new life are going to unite as if by magic for the overthrow of commercialism in the establishment of the co-operative commonwealth, by which the brotherhood of man will become a fact. I do not know whether this question will be solved practically or otherwise. I hope peaceably. But I am one of those who believe in getting ready for any solution that may be necessary."

Mr. Debs said that in setting up a co-operative commonwealth in Washington the colonists might be running against the supreme court. He would consult good lawyers and learn just what the rights of the colonists were.

"We want to know what are our rights," he said, "and make them the rebels. If they send the military to invade our rights, then there will be an army of 300,000 patriots on the state line to meet them on that issue."

SUGAR TRUST WANTS CUBA.

A Scheme to Secure the Island on the Old East India Company Plan.

A dispatch from Washington says: A story is current that the sugar trust has evolved or accepted an ambitious suggestion that Cuba is practically for sale, and might as well become a sugar plantation for a gigantic corporation supported by the sympathy and interests of our country. In other words, that we might have a West India company, as England had an East India company and a Hudson Bay company, each of which added vastly in the extension of the British empire.

It is said that the Spanish minister to the United States cabled recently to Madrid, reports a disposition of our government to decline to interfere by force, also to support Cuban autonomy, and that this cable prevented the recall of Weyler, when a change in the Spanish ministry was in the air, to send to Cuba, Campos, who closed the ten-years' war with Spain, and might do the same job now by the same means, much cheaper than Spain can keep the 200,000 soldiers in the field, immediately.

Col. John J. McCook is the gentleman credited with the imagination to conceive the capture of Cuba with cash as a measure of peace. This, as Col. McCook understands it, is merely a matter of business.

N. ANLENMAN, H-SCHMIDT Proprietors.



909 Congress Av., Austin, Tex. For first-class ready prints address, Record Pub Co., Dallas.

NEW LEGISLATURE.

Adjourned Sine Die—Special Session Passed Nearly All Laws Recommended.

SENATE.

The conference report on the fee bill was laid before the senate. The report occasioned a lengthy debate and the usual motions to reject and postpone. The report was finally adopted by a vote of 16 to 6, which puts the bill in the hands of the governor, as the report had already been adopted by the house.

After a spirited debate the house passed the bill finally by adopting the measure submitted by the free conference committee.

Senator Greer introduced a bill to correct a clerical error in the fee bill, recently passed. It pertains to the one-fourth excess in counties of the highest class, the word "excess" having been omitted, which would allow sheriffs their salary and one-fourth of all fees.

When the bill came up in regular order it was passed, after several amendments relating to the fee bill had been voted down.

Senator Stafford's bill authorizing the insurance commissioner to examine the books and business of insurance companies, was passed finally.

Mr. Colquit sent up the conference committee's report on the general appropriation bill. It was adopted by a vote of 23 to 1, Mr. Harris, populist, voting in the negative.

Senator Colquit's bill relating to district judges was passed after the adoption of an amendment allowing compensation.

The bill submitted to the two houses by the governor, relating to mobs, lynching, etc., was passed finally under suspension of rules.

The Ayer's house bill requiring witnesses in criminal cases to attend when served with a subpoena instead of attachment, was passed finally.

A bill appropriating \$5000 to erect outouses at the Prairie View normal and a boiler house at the A. and M. college, was passed.

Senate bill providing manner of taking scholastic census, was called up and passed.

Also senate bill to regulate the expenditure of state county and municipal school funds.

Also senate bill to regulate the purchase of supplies for state institutions and to encourage home manufacturing.

The senate committee to investigate the text book scandal at the regular session, made a statement that out of five members of the committee, four would make reports, as the committee could not agree.

The question as to whether four reports could be made, was raised. Mr. Beall hoped the several reports would be read as they were handed in and lay on the table until all the reports were in. This proposition was accepted and the report of Mr. Colquit was read.

Mr. Colquit's report stated that, in his opinion, the house amendment never reached the senate; also that Mr. Pressler had instructed the enrolling clerk to insert the year 1889 in lieu of 1888, but Mr. Lewis was present and offered no objection; also that the house officers having charge had acknowledged that such errors were of infrequent occurrence, but they had occurred. He also stated it became very evident a lobby was at the time working

against the bill, but he drew no conclusions as to their presence here. The officials are exonerated, the report being non-committal so far as fixing the blame on any one. He thought no crime had been made in the omission of the amendment, which was purely an oversight.

Mr. Darwin sent up a resolution to adjourn sine die at 11:30 o'clock Friday.

The committee on education reported favorably Mr. Beall's bill to allow the purchase of school furniture, etc., out of the school fund.

The occupation tax bill by Messrs. Drew and Lillard was taken up and considered section by section.

The majority report by Messrs. Stafford and Wood in relation to the disappearance of the amendment to the text book bill was read. It sets forth that the amendment was delivered to the senate from the house, but further track of it was lost.

Senator Linn, another member of the committee, sent up a report saying the report did not reach the senate and presented what was considered conclusive proof that the discovery of the missing of the amendment was made at the desk of the secretary of the senate and could not have been extracted while in the senate.

There was considerable discussion in regard to the printing of the reports in the journal. After a heated discussion the controversy was settled by President Jester ruling that they could be printed in the journal.

Consideration of the occupation tax was then continued. The bill was completed and finally passed.

House amendments to Mr. Beall's bill, allowing the purchase of school supplies out of the school fund, was concurred in.

The senate bill relating to mob violence was taken up. In substance, it is the measure suggested by the governor. An amendment was adopted as a substitute for the first section, providing that whenever two or more persons shall combine for the purpose of mob violence, and any person of said combination shall knowingly or willfully take the life of any person by such violence, he shall be deemed guilty of murder by mob violence and punishable by death or life imprisonment; provided that nothing in this act shall be construed as in any way affecting the law in regard to manslaughter.

The house concurred in senate amendments to the occupation tax bill. The senate amendments include a reduction of tax on cigarettes from \$1000, as fixed by the house, to \$10.

Senate amendment to Mr. Bailey's bill defining and punishing murder by mob violence, were concurred in.

The house refused to suspend the rules so as to take up the joint resolution amending the constitution so as to exempt home factories from taxation for a period of ten years.

The senate bill correcting clerical errors in the fee bill was finally passed.

THE HOUSE.

Mr. Pfeuffer's bill, defining the thirty-eighth judicial district and fixing the time of holding court in the different counties embraced in the same, was passed finally under suspension of rules.

Senate bill regulating fees of constables and sheriffs in civil cases was passed.

The speaker signed the fee bill. The Drew occupation tax bill was laid before the house with favorable majority report, which was adopted.

The committee amendment striking out the \$5 tax on physicians, surgeons, etc., was adopted without discussion.

Mr. Fields of Hill offered an amendment fixing the tax on cigarettes at \$30 instead of \$10 as proposed in the bill. He said the cigarette was a damnable nuisance and should be taxed out of existence.

Mr. Ayers moved to make the tax \$1000.

Mr. Wolters opposed both amendments. He said he did not believe a prohibitory tax which encroached upon the personal liberty of the people. It was not democratic. If the gentleman from Hill wanted to stop his son from smoking cigarettes it was his duty to do so and not call on the legislature to do it for him. He was opposed to legislating on the morals and appetites of free born American citizens.

Mr. Drew opposed both amendments and moved to table.

On a vote the house refused to table Mr. Ayer's amendment, 52 to 32.

When the house reconvened consideration of the occupation tax bill was continued, the amendment

to tax cigarette dealers \$1000 per annum being the pending business.

There was much discussion, in the course of which the advocates of the proposition plainly stated that their object was kill the traffic in cigarettes in the state. The opposition contended that the tax was exorbitant and the adoption of the amendment would endanger the constitutionality of the whole bill.

The amendment was adopted by a vote of 63 to 40.

A tax of \$5 per annum was imposed on physicians, surgeons, etc. Mr. Lillard offered an amendment striking out the tax on slot machines. This was amended so as to apply only to machines where there was no chance, and adopted.

An amendment by Mr. Wolters striking out the tax on railroad ticket scalpers was adopted.

The bill was engrossed and then passed under suspension of rules.

Senator Lewis' fellow-servants bill was taken up. It was discussed at length and passed to third reading by a vote of 66 to 32.

The fellow-servants bill was passed finally.

The free conference committee report on the general appropriation bill called up by Mr. Garrison. It was passed by a vote of 84 to 23.

The anti-gate system bill was passed to engrossment.

The governor's bill relating to mobs was called up.

Mr. Rogan opposed the bill on constitutional grounds, saying it would not stand the test of the courts.

Mr. Wolters moved to strike out section 1, which gives rape prosecutions precedence of all cases in all courts and authorizes change of venue when necessary to secure a speedy trial, and section 2, which makes participants in mobs guilty of murder, with penalty of death or a term in the penitentiary of not less than five years. He proposed to eliminate the above two sections, pass the bill and then adopt the senate measure relating to rape, which is the same as the provisions of sections 1 and 2. His idea was to pass two separate bills in order to avoid a possible conflict with the constitution.

Mr. Neighbors said the bill had been drawn up by one of the best lawyers in Texas and the house should pass it.

Mr. Patterson said striking out these two sections was equivalent to killing the bill.

Mr. Evans said a floor report could be had on the senate bill covering the first two sections within an hour.

Mr. Wolters withdrew that portion of his motion relating to section 2.

The previous question was ordered and Mr. Bailey closed for the bill.

The Wolters amendment striking out section 1, prevailed.

The amendment by Mr. Bailey, striking out of the caption the word "rape" and inserting the words "murder by mob violence," was adopted.

The bill was then passed finally under suspension of rules.

The bill relating to mob violence was perfected and then passed.

The senate concurred in house amendments to the bill requiring taxes to be paid in cash and not script.

The Dennis anti-gate system bill was indefinitely postponed, which practically kills the measure.

House concurrent resolution to adjourn sine die at 10 a. m., Sunday, was passed.

The house concurred in senate amendments to the Ayers subpoena bill.

The Fields bill relating to salaries of clerks of the civil courts of appeals and their deputies, was passed finally. It fixes the maximum limit of salaries of clerks at \$2000 and deputies \$1080.

The anti gate system was passed finally.

Also senate bill fixing venue in cases of criminal assault and regulating prosecutions for rape.

Also senate bill granting the insurance commissioner authority to examine the books of insurance companies.

Also senate bill amending the law in regard to the finding of special verdicts by juries.

Mr. Meade presented Speaker Dashiell with a handsome gold watch, a gift of the members.

Senate bill, requiring county taxes to be paid in currency or coin, was passed. It was amended so as to authorize the payment of taxes in script by persons to whom this script was issued in payment for services to the county.

Senate bill to regulate the taking of school census was passed.

A message from the governor was read congratulating the legislature on the many good measures enacted during the regular and special sessions.

FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

Both houses met Sunday morning in adjourned session from Saturday.

In the senate Lieut. Gov. Jester announced that adjournment had been taken to Sunday in order to come in the constitutional provision requiring bills to be introduced three days before adjournment.

Speaker Dashiell called the house together at 9:45, roll call showing 36 members present.

Promptly at 10 o'clock both houses were declared adjourned sine die.

The governor recently signed the following bills:

Bills requiring county taxes to be paid in currency or coin of the United States.

Bill requiring district judges to exchange benches in cases of disqualification and doing away with special judges.

Bill correcting certain clerical errors in the fee bill.

Bill defining murder by mob violence and regulating proceedings in cases thereof.

The Anti-Gate Bill.

According to governor's recommendation, the legislature enacted a law prohibiting the maintenance of the so-called gate-system on railroads. The system is defined in the Dennis bill as follows:

It shall hereafter be unlawful for any railway company to operate "what is commonly known as the gate system, whereby gates are maintained upon the platforms of said cars and the tickets of passengers are examined or punched, or persons intending to become passengers are required to purchase or exhibit tickets before entering said cars." The penalty for violation of this law is fixed at \$1000 for each offense, and every day that such a system shall constitute a separate offense.

To Encourage Home Factories.

Senator Bowser of Dallas introduced a joint resolution to amend the constitution so as to exempt from taxation home manufactures. The gist of Mr. Bowser's resolution is as follows:

"Section 21. In order to encourage and develop the business of manufacturing within the state of Texas, the legislature is authorized to provide by law under such limitations and conditions as it may prescribe, for exempting from taxes, state, county and city, for a period of not exceeding ten years, the property and capital stock of persons and corporations invested in such business; provided, however, that no such law shall operate to exempt from county taxes in any county until the same shall have been declared to be operative therein by a majority vote of the freeholders of said county, and provided further, that no such law shall operate to exempt from city taxes, in any city until the same shall have been declared operative therein by a majority vote of the freeholders of said city."

State Won Oil Case.

Austin, June 15.—In the Travis county district court to-day verdict for the state was rendered in the case of the state against the Waters-Pierce Oil company, suit to forfeit permit to do business in Texas because of violation of the anti-trust law.

The McClure-Griswold Case.

Gonzales, Texas, June 15.—The examining trial of McClure and Miss Pauline Griswold, charged with the murder of Mrs. McClure by poisoning, came up in Justice Shuler's court. Miss Griswold's case was called first and County Attorney Walters stated to the court that after a thorough investigation into the facts and circumstances surrounding the case he had been unable to connect the defendant, Miss Griswold, in any way with the charge alleged against her, and upon this ground requested that the case as to her be dismissed. The court accordingly dismissed the young lady, and she once more stood at liberty in the presence of her aged and invalid parents, fully vindicated of the terrible charge made against her.

As soon as the judgment of the court was announced Miss Griswold was the recipient of numerous congratulations from the old Confederate veterans, who have taken a deep interest in the case in her behalf, believing that she was wrongfully accused. Miss Griswold will leave at once for Cooper, Texas, where she has been retained to teach a school the coming term. McClure waived examination and was placed under \$1,000 bond.

Denton county is actively pushing its fair enterprise.

THE STATE UNIVERSITY.

Report of House Committee Appointed to Investigate Heresy Charges.

The house committee appointed to look into rumors current to the effect there are being taught in the state university doctrines that are not in accord with the traditions of the South, has made the following report to the speaker:

The committee visited the university and made as thorough an examination of the matter as the limited time would permit.

We formulated a list of questions and then in joint meeting with the board of regents the questions were read and a free discussion held thereon. We also questioned President Winston, Professor of Political Science D. F. Houston Professor of History George F. Garrison. These gentlemen stated that there was not being taught, to their knowledge, anything that would reflect on southern institutions, or that would be unacceptable to southern people.

We ascertained that of the professors two were from North Carolina, one from New Jersey, two from Indiana, three from Virginia, four from Texas, one from New York, one from Georgia, one from South Carolina, one from Wisconsin, one from Kentucky, one from Maryland, one from Switzerland, and in addition there were employed eleven graduates of the University of Texas as instructors, tutors and fellows. In answer to a direct question, the board of regents stated that on their part there had never been any desire on employ professors or not to employ professors because of their coming from the northern states. The sole test has been fitness for the position, which has included an inquiry into family history and moral character.

The personal predilection of the regents are, other things being equal, for Texas men first and southern men next, and we are satisfied there has not been taught in the university anything objectionable to southern people.

We believe the board of regents have the best interests of the university at heart and are very earnest in their efforts to build it up.

The committee has not had the time to make a critical examination of the book written by Prof. Houston, entitled, "A Study of Nullification in South Carolina," but from a casual reading would pronounce it to be unacceptable from a southern standpoint as setting forth principles contrary to southern teaching. We questioned Prof. Houston, who is a South Carolinian, with regard to the book, and he said that in his teachings here it was not used, nor was it referred to.

We recommend that each succeeding legislature shall appoint a committee to investigate thoroughly university and other educational institutions of the state, as provided by law.

The above report is signed by Messrs. Hensley, Tracy, Burns, McGahey and Hill of Travis.

TEXAS NEWS.

Hon. A. W. Terrell is homeward bound.

Paris is vexed over the water question.

Wooten Sauley was bitten by a mad dog at Paris.

Harrison county sportsmen are raising pheasants.

The North Texas Medical association met at Sherman.

Waco is shipping Chicago one car load of peaches per day.

Jim Thomas, aged 17, was run over and killed by a Katy train at Fort Worth.

State Agricultural Commissioner Rose is developing the fish culture interests in the state.

W. S. Dorsett was killed at Roanoke while making a coupling between two flat cars.

Louis Noble, a paralytic German, died at San Antonio from an overdose of morphine.

Manuel Herrera, a well-to-do Mexican was shot and fatally wounded at San Antonio.

A little son of Henry McIntyre was drowned in the Trinity river near McCommas' bluff.

George Cole of Bell county, has returned from New York where he underwent a fifteen days treatment for a mad dog bite.

The commissioners' court of El Paso county have abolished the county poor house and hospital, discharged the county physician and road superintendents and stopped all work on county roads. The reason is that the county is running behind \$18,000 a year, and something had to be done to save it from bankruptcy.

LATE TEXAS NEWS.

The Little Rock, Ark., cotton mill may be removed to Corsicana.

Ben Thomas, a Swede, died near Texarkana from the effects of exposure.

The state convention of elocutionists and public speakers meets in Dallas July 24-26.

Boll worms have made their appearance in the Shiloh neighborhood in Lamar county.

Miss Rilla Anderson, living at Sherman, died from the effects of morphine. She was dead when her parents returned from church.

Miss Ida Schenck, one of the victims of the Greenville drowning, was taken to her home in Sherman, where she was buried according to the rights of the Spiritualists.

A few months ago a committee was appointed to secure a factory of some sort for Fort Worth. This committee has decided that a shoe factory is what they want and they are moving to that end.

In an election recently held at Cisco, the anti's carried that precinct for the first time in several years. The anti majority in the two boxes, Cisco and Scranton; was 11.

Geo. Steinback has been removed from the police force at Galveston on the ground of illiteracy. He sued the city for damages. In a recent ruling of the civil court of appeals the city is sustained.

Near Blossom, Lamar county, an attempt was made to blow up with dynamite a tenant and his family living on the farm of D. G. Flenniken. The chimney was demolished and the building badly damaged.

The directors of the First National bank of Greenville elected Mrs. T. H. King to succeed her late husband as a director of the bank. Mr. King's will made in 1891, has been admitted to probate. He left everything to his wife as administratrix without bond.

Alexander Riddith and Jack Alsborn were arrested at Vernon on charge of counterfeiting. They were taken to Dallas by Deputy Marshal and were arraigned in the federal court there. The die used is of two pieces, made of plaster paris, the coin bearing the date of 1884.

The Cartwright suit, instituted in the Corsicana district court, can probably be classed as one of the largest actions ever filed in a district court in Texas. The land in controversy is in possession of between 300 and 400 defendants and is valued at something like \$500,000, besides the rentals, etc., which amount to about \$50,000 annually.

A Pittsburg, Camp county, special says: "Dr. McAlister from Simpsonville, in this county, was in the city yesterday, accompanied by two sets of twins, all boys, two of them 9 years old and the other 11 years. The doctor said he had another set of twins at home, both girls, and that he had the misfortune to lose still another set, both boys. This makes four sets of twins that have been born to the doctor and his good wife."

The beard usually turns gray first and should be colored to correspond with the colour of the hair of the head. Buckingham's Dye colors a natural brown or black.

A NEW TRIUMPH.

The Dreaded Consumption Can Be Cured.

T. A. Slocum, the Great Chemist and Scientist, Will Send to Sufferers, Three Bottles of His Newly Discovered Remedies to Cure Consumption and All Lung Troubles.

Nothing could be fairer, more philanthropic or carry more joy to the afflicted, than the generous offer of the honored and distinguished chemist, T. A. Slocum, M. C., of New York City.

He has discovered a reliable and absolute cure for consumption, and all bronchial, throat, lung and chest diseases, catarrhal affections, general decline and weakness, loss of flesh and all conditions of wasting away; and to make its great merits known, will send three free bottles of his newly discovered remedies to any afflicted reader of this paper.

Already his "new scientific system of medicine" has permanently cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases.

The Doctor considers it not only his professional but his religious duty—a duty which he owes to suffering humanity—to donate his infallible cure.

He has proved the "dreaded consumption" to be a curable disease beyond a doubt, in any climate, and has on file in his American and European laboratories thousands of "heart-felt testimonials of gratitude" from those benefited and cured, in all parts of the world. Catarrhal and pulmonary troubles lead to consumption, and consumption, uninterrupted, means speedy and certain death. Don't delay until it is too late. Simply write T. A. Slocum, M. C., 38 Pine Street, New York, giving express and postoffice address, and the free medicine will be promptly sent. Please tell the Doctor you saw his offer in this paper.

GROVES



TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893. Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo. Gentlemen—We sold last year, 500 bottles of GROVES' TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly, ANSEY, CARE

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD

IS THE RECORD OF

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.
Statement for the Year Ending December 31st, 1896.

INCOME.

Received for Premiums.	\$39,593,414.20
From all other Sources.	10,109,281.07
	<u>\$49,702,695.27</u>

DISBURSEMENTS.

To Policy-holders for Claims by Death.	\$12,595,113.39
To " " for Endowments, Dividends, etc.	12,842,456.11
For all other Accounts.	10,781,005.64
	<u>\$36,218,575.14</u>

Assets, \$234,744,148.42. Surplus \$29,733,514.70. Insurance in force \$918,698,338.45.

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same to be correct, liabilities calculated by the Insurance Department. From the Surplus a dividend will be apportioned as usual.

CHARLES A. PRELLER, Auditor.

ROBERT A. GRANNISS Vice President.

WALTER R. GILLETT, General Manager.

ISAAC F. FLOYD, 2nd Vice Pres.

FREDERICK CROMWELL, Treasurer.

EMERY McCLINTON, Actuary.

TEXAS BUSINESS FOR 1896, \$6,226,612.

LARGEST BUSINESS WRITTEN IN THE STATE.

Remember—The Best Company is the one that does the most good; and THE MUTUAL LIFE is that company.

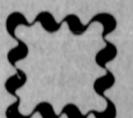
It paid its policy-holders in 1896, \$25,437,569.50

It has paid its policy-holders since organization, 437,005,195.29.

In results it challenges THE WORLD.

As a policy holder you want to be with the company that is the largest and safest.

As an agent you want to be with the company that gets the business.



 A Good Record is the Best Guarantee for the Future.

EDWIN CHAMBERLAIN & CO., Gen. Agts.

GOOD AGENTS WANTED,

San Antonio, Texas.

NEWS SERVICE EXTENDED.

The St. Louis Republic recently made arrangements with the cable companies, whereby direct news from all sections of the civilized world are received. It now prints more authentic foreign news than any other paper and continues to keep up its record for publishing all the home news. The outlook for the year is one of big news events, fast succeeding each other and they will be highly interesting to every one. The price of The Republic daily is \$6 a year, or \$1.50 for three months. The Twice-a-Week Republic will remain the same—one dollar a year, by mail, twice-a-week. 17 tf

New Beer Hall.

We have just opened up a First Class Beer Hall in the old City Meat Market building and will handle the best Beer, Tobacco and Cigars, to be had in the city. The very best of order will be kept. Orders for ice will receive prompt attention. Free delivery.

J. A. Emmons & Co.

During the summer of 1891, Mr. Chas. P. Johnson, a well known attorney of Louisville, Ky., had a very severe attack of summer complaint. Quite a number of different remedies were tried, but failed to afford any relief. A friend who knew what was needed procured him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, Diarrhoea Remedy, which quickly cured him and he thinks, saved his life. He says that there has not been a day since that time that he has not had this remedy in his household. He speaks of it in the highest praise and takes much pleasure in recommending it when an opportunity is offered. For sale by all druggists. June

Ballard's Snow Liniment

is a remedy that would be in every home if all knew what thousands in all parts of the continent have learned. Those who have used ordinary liniments are amazed at what Snow Liniment does and the rapidity with which it does it. Cures Lame Back, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Soreness, Bruises, Strains—Muscular pains anywhere. Equally good for animals. R. E. Morse, Travelling Salesman, Galveston, Texas, says: "Two bottles of Ballard's Snow Liniment cured me of Rheumatism of three months standing." When buying, remember Snow Liniment has no substitute. Price 50 cents. Sold by Nelson & St. John.

D. W. Wristen & Co.,

DEAL IN FRESH

GROCERIES.

Please Call and Examine and See for Yourself.

\$300 REWARD.

By a resolution unanimously passed at a regular meeting of the Protective Stock Association of Callahan and adjoining counties a standing reward of \$300 is offered for the arrest and conviction of any person for the theft or illegal branding of any cattle or horses belonging to any member of said association.

Attest.

J. B. CUTBERTH, Pres.

F. S. BELL, Secy.

\$100 REWARD.

The Stock Raisers Association of Coleman and Adjoining counties hereby offer a reward of \$100 for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons who are guilty of stealing or killing any stock belonging to any member or members of this association. To be paid when satisfactory proof is made to the executive committee of this association.

R. H. OVERALL, Pres.

A. T. BROWN, Sec. 12tf

Dressmaking plain sewing, mending, boys waists a specialty. Prices to suit the times. Kindly give us your patronage. MRS. J. R. CLARREN, 27tf MRS. T. H. FLOYD.

ONCE TRIED, ALWAYS USED

If we sell one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, we seldom fail to sell the same person more, when it is again needed. Indeed it has become the family medicine of this town for coughs and colds, and we recommend it because of its established merits—Joa. E. Harned, Prop. Oakland Pharmacy, Oakland, Md. Sold by all druggists. June.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR CONSUMPTION.

This is the best medicine in the world for all forms of Coughs, and Colds and for Consumption. Every bottle is guaranteed. It will cure and not disappoint. It has no equal for Whooping Cough, Asthma, Hay Fever, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Cold in the head and for Consumption. It is safe for all ages, pleasant to take, and above all a sure cure. It is always well to take Dr. King's New Life Pills in connection with Dr. King's New Discovery, as they regulate and tone the stomach and bowels. We guarantee perfect satisfaction or return of money. Free trial bottles at R. Phillip's drug store. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.

DR. J. B. BROOKS,

Late physician in charge of the Keeley Institute at Hot Springs Ark., and the Tri-Elixer Remedy Co. Memphis Tenn., has opened a private institute at Hot Springs for the treatment of the MORPHINE, WHISKEY, OPIUM AND COCAINE HABIT.

And for the treatment of all diseases that come to this great health resort such as rheumatism, neuralgia, insomnia, nervous, blood, kidney, liver and stomach complaints. References any banker or city official of Hot Springs. Correspondence solicited and confidential. 13 1yr

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FINEST EQUIPMENT IN TEXAS.

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E. P. TURNER, G. P. and T. A., DALLAS, TEX.

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H. H. RAMSEY.

Teeth filled, plates made, crown and bridge work a specialty. Office 1st door south W. H. Cliest's office, Baird, Texas.

THE STAR would appreciate a load of dry wood on subscription.

13 1yr

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-CRYSTAL PALACE-

J. B. SEAY, PROP.

Opposite Depot
THE BEST
Beer, liquors and cigars.
IN THE
CITY.

Ice Cold Lager Beer. 5 cents a Glass.

MAXWELL :: SALOON.

—DEALER IN—
THE FINEST

Whiskeys, Alcohols, California Wines,
Ice Cold Beer and Best Cigars
IN THE CITY.
It Costs You Nothing for Jugs.

Call and see me, my place is quiet and pleasant and goods guaranteed. J. B. MAXWELL, Baird, Tex.

S. M. Moon & Co.

(Successors to Moon & Crowder.)

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MOULDING, CEMENT, PAINT AND CEDAR POST.

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