

CHURCH NOTES

Kick and Butt.

(By J. A. Brown)

1. Am I a kicker (in the Church)
 A Butte at the same,
 A billy or a (Nanny goat)
 And claim to be a lamb.

Chorus.

(We will kick,) (We will butt)
 Kick and Butt and (Gripe and
 grouch)
 (We will kick) (we will butt,)
 Kick and butt and gripe and
 grouch.

2. Must I be carried (to the
 Church)
 To worship and to praise
 While others wrangle (and ob-
 ject)
 And all the Discord raise.

3. Is there no one to (criticise)
 Must I not chew the rag,
 Is this vile tongue a (friend to
 grace),
 While running on wig-wag.

4. Sure I must gripe and (vent
 my spleen)
 I will not stand for peace;
 I'll kick and butt and (gripe and
 grouch)

Till mortal life shall cease.
 —Suggestively dedicated.
 Sung to the tune, "We will
 stand the storm" Words in
 parenthesis repeat.

Elder M. V. Showalter, of
 Lockney, preached Sunday morn-
 ing at the church of Christ.

Evangelist Sid Williams re-
 ceived a letter from Rev. Day,
 stating that the results of the
 meeting at Frankston, Texas,
 were eighty-nine additions to the
 Baptist Church and thirty-six to
 the Methodist Church.

J. D. Roberts and wife, of
 Wheelis, Okla., have been visit-
 ing here with C. H. Featherston
 and wife the past few days. Mrs.
 Roberts is a sister of Mr. Feath-
 erston.

ORN—To Mr. and Mrs. R. A.
 alley, Monday, July 26th, a
 son.

J. G. Norris of Wake, was in
 Floydada Wednesday on business.

John B. Stetson & Davis Hats
 Carhart Overalls
 Hamilton Brown Shoes
FAIR STORE—Floydada

FIVE

REASONS

why you should
 start a bank ac-
 count:

SAFTY
SECURITY
SAVING
STABILITY
SUCCESS

... The ...
First National
Bank
 Floydada, Texas.

Gilley Sells Holdings in Dickens and Crosby Counties

G. W. Gilley sold his Crosby
 and Dickens County lands last
 week, one tract each to three
 different men. Two of these
 parties are now living at Midlo-
 thian, Ennis County. They are
 Messrs. Floyd Jackson and Will
 Raines. They and their fam-
 alies will move to this section
 this fall.

Mr. Jackson made an exchange
 with Mr. Gilley whereby he gets
 210 acres of land and Mr. Raines
 by a similar trade becomes owner
 of a 320 acre tract. Both tracts
 lie near the W. W. Major hold-
 ings, and will be well improved,
 contracts for the erection of im-
 provements, including good resi-
 dences having already been let
 here.

Mr. Gilley also sold 528 acres
 of his land for \$6861 to R. A.
 Crausbay, of Crosby County. The
 tract adjoins Mr. Crausbay's
 farm.

All the land sold lies close
 together, being right at the
 corner of the three counties,—
 Dickens, Floyd and Crosby.

Mr. Gilley retains his land near
 Floydada. He will return with
 his family to Abilene this week
 to resume work as realty sales-
 man.

Less Slaughter and Cliff Elam Injured in Motorcycle Spill.

Crosbyton Review.
 Last week Mr. Less Slaughter
 and Cliff Elam were riding on
 the former's motorcycle at a
 high speed when it suddenly
 struck a rut and threw both
 men violently to the ground.
 They suffered a considerable
 bruising up, and both of them
 were in bed for several days
 under the doctors care. The
 accident happened south of town
 while they were on their way to
 take an automobile axle to an
 automobile at the Half Circle S
 ranch. The motorcycle was
 traveling at a high rate of speed
 and the spill came without warn-
 ing. We hope both gentlemen
 will recover and be around again
 and we congratulate them that
 no bones were broken.

Duncan-Blackman.

Saturday evening Miss Mattie
 Duncan was united in marriage
 to Mr. B. C. Blackman, of Snyder,
 at the home of the bride's
 parents, Judge and Mrs. Arthur
 E. Duncan, Elder Milton V.
 Showalter of Lockney, officiat-
 ing. Only relatives and a few
 intimate friends were present at
 the nuptial ceremony.

Following the ceremony Mr.
 and Mrs. Blackman left for
 Snyder, Texas, which place they
 will make their home. Mr.
 Blackman is alineman for the
 Southwestern Telegraph &
 Telephone Company there. He
 was formerly connected with the
 local telephone exchange and
 lived here for two years.

The bride, has resided in Floy-
 dada all her life having been reared
 in Floydada, is one of the most
 estimable young ladies of the
 town, and the young couple are
 followed to their new home with
 the best wishes of a host of
 friends.

C. L. Glenn and wife and
 daughter, Miss Lillie, of Plain-
 view, were in Floydada Monday
 afternoon enroute to Matador to
 attend the Annual Picnic at their
 former home. Mitchell Glenn met
 them here in his auto.

Mrs. J. W. Lyles, of Merkel,
 is visiting here with her son, C.
 M. Lyles, arriving Monday
 afternoon.

16 Hours 40 Minutes Run- ning Time Dallas to Floydada.

The actual running time from
 Dallas, Texas to Floydada, Tex-
 as, is sixteen hours and forty
 minutes. Allowing for an hour
 stop at each meal and a night's
 rest on the road the time is 29
 hours.

These figures were compiled
 from the running record of W.
 R. Cope in his Cadillac, begin-
 ning last Friday afternoon. He
 in company with Tom B. Triplett
 and Glad Snodgrass left Dallas
 Friday evening at 8 o'clock,
 stopping over at Mineral Wells
 for the night. Leaving Mineral
 Wells next morning at eight
 they reached home that night at
 one o'clock, making stops for
 meals.

Ross Harp, wife and father,
 and Misses Akers and Brown of
 Plainview were in the city a
 short while Wednesday morning
 enroute to Matador to attend the
 annual celebration.

W. W. Payne and family and
 C. T. Warren and family leave
 this week on a cross country trip
 in autos to their former home at
 Wolfe City, Hunt County, where
 they will spend some two weeks
 on a visit with relatives and
 friends.

Revival Closes

The revival meeting closed
 last night, following a ten days'
 series of meetings at the tabernacle,
 with Evangelist Sid Williams
 preaching and J. A. Brown
 leading the song service.

There were ten additions to
 the Baptist Church, as a
 result of the meeting.
 Large numbers attended each
 night's service. Sunday night
 one of the largest crowds ever
 gathered at the tabernacle heard
 the sermon.

The evangelists left today for
 Escacado to hold a meeting be-
 ginning tonight. From Escacado
 they go to Plainview to begin a
 meeting beginning August 8th.

Congressman Stephens on-Tour of District Visits Floydada.

Congressman John H. Stephens,
 of Vernon, is in Floydada today
 meeting his constituents and
 renewing acquaintances. He is
 on a tour of the district, having
 come up Wednesday from Mata-
 dor where he spoke on the first
 day of the picnic.

Farmers' Exchange Stockholders Elect Officers For the Year.

The stockholders of the Farm-
 ers' Exchange of Floydada held
 their annual meeting last Satur-
 day afternoon at the office of the
 company.

Geo. L. Fawver, J. S. Dickey,
 J. W. Howard, R. C. Smith and
 J. N. Bartlett were elected as di-
 rectors, with Geo. L. Fawver,
 president and J. S. Dickey, secy.
 A. L. Bishop was retained as
 manager of the company.

A special meeting of the stock-
 holders will be held on Friday,
 August 13th.

Mrs. Ben Sterling and little
 daughter are visiting here with
 J. C. Garrison and family from
 Dayton, Texas. Mesdames
 Sterling and Garrison and sisters.

Mrs. R. A. Childers and child-
 ren left Wednesday morning for
 Abilene to visit for several weeks
 with relatives.

Do you read? If so see the
 big stock of books on sale at the
 Old White Grocery stand north
 side of the square.

Kansas City Market Letter.

Kansas City Stock Yards, July
 26, 1915.—The cattle market lost
 its keen edge last week, prices
 closing 15 to 35 lower for the
 week. Receipts today are 11000
 head, and the market is 10 to 20
 lower on killing grades, about
 steady on stockers and feeders.
 Packers claim the beef market
 is in extremely bad condition,
 and their complaints are so loud
 and so oft repeated that some
 credence must be put in them.
 A set of Jewish holidays has de-
 pressed the market on big steers
 and while a break in prices at
 this time is logical, in view of
 the increasing supply of grass
 cattle, the decline on prime
 steers is more emphatic than ap-
 pears called for, and few believe
 it will stick. Middle and low
 grades, of course, must stand
 the customary pruning, one ef-
 fect of which will be shutting
 off loading out. Accumulating
 abundance of roughness, and
 some hopeful looking corn fields
 are the stimulus behind the stock-
 er and feeder market. Prime
 heavy steers brought \$9.75 to
 day, bulk of native steers \$8.25
 to \$9.40, Kansas wintered steers
 \$8.25 to \$9.00, cows \$5.50 to \$6.75
 heifers \$7.25 to \$8.25, bulls \$5.75
 to \$6.50, veal calves \$8.00 to
 \$10.25, stockers \$7.00 to \$7.75,
 feeders \$7.25 to \$8.00, a few
 fleshy feeders at \$8.25 to \$9.00,
 quarantine fed steers \$7.50 to
 \$8.75, quarantine grass steers
 \$5.50 to \$7.25. Hogs sold strong
 to 5 higher, order buyers paying
 \$7.55 for several hundred hogs,
 mostly around \$7.25 to \$7.50,
 with heavy hogs mostly around
 \$7.30. Receipts were 5800 head,
 which included 1100 head ship-
 ped by packers from another
 River market to Kansas City for
 slaughter. Lower provisions
 last week caused declines, al-
 though there was some recovery
 toward the last of the week.
 Packers demand is mainly for
 butcher hogs, suitable for fresh
 pork trade, rough heavy hogs
 getting slow action at all times.
 Order buyers took one fifth of
 the supply last week, generally
 at prices 5 to 15 cents above the
 packers. Sheep and lambs are
 selling stronger, lambs gaining
 25 cents today, total receipts
 only 2000 head. Of the supply
 today 1700 head were Arizona
 spring lambs, which sold at \$8.-
 00, weighed in two lots, 65 and
 70 lbs average, respectively.
 Three or four loads of feeding
 lambs were picked up last week,
 at \$7.25 to \$7.55, and a couple of
 loads of breeding ewes, at \$6.25
 to \$6.75. Western stock should
 start running in about two
 weeks.

J. A. Rickart,
 Market Correspondent.

Matador Picnic Largely Attended.

The Matador picnic, the se-
 cond day of which is in progress
 today, is being largely attended,
 points for 100 miles around fur-
 nishing auto parties. For attrac-
 tions the committee have base-
 ball, wild west shows, a carni-
 val company and tent shows.
 Horseracing was also a feature
 yesterday.

The Floydada Baseball team
 played Matador yesterday after-
 noon before a very large crowd.
 The game was closely contested
 throughout. Bob Burleson twirled
 for the locals with Voyles of
 Acme on the mound for Matador.
 Both pitchers played air tight
 ball and had good support. The
 final score was two to one in
 favor of Matador. Floyd got
 seven hits off Voyles, two of
 these for two bases. Matador
 got five hits, one a two-bagger,
 off Burleson, but had the breaks
 in the luck.

Two games are scheduled for
 today, one this forenoon and one
 in the afternoon.

Miss Urma Lee Carter, of
 Wolfe City, is out on a visit in
 Floydada, the guest of Miss Anna
 Myrtle Morriss.

C. Surginer and wife, Mrs.
 John N. Farris and Mrs. W. I.
 Cannaday who have been spend-
 ing several weeks on the Pacific
 Coast, returned home Wednes-
 day.

Mrs. O. J. Renfro, of Peters-
 burg, and Miss Eula Mae Wallen,
 of Hale Center, are visiting this
 week with Mrs. E. E. Brown in
 Floydada.

Adding Stock Room Balcony.

Price Foster Dry Goods Com-
 pany are adding a stock room
 balcony in the rear end of their
 store on Main Street, which,
 Mr. Price states, will be used to
 accomodate a larger stock of
 goods the ensuing seasons.

Off to Market.

J. C. Martin, buyer for Mathis-
 Martin Dry Goods Co., left Tues-
 day for St. Louis, Chicago and
 New York, where he will spend
 some two weeks in the markets
 for his firm.

He left with his brother,
 Preston Martin, overland to Fort
 Worth and intermediate points.

No More Round Trip Tickets Save on Excursions.

Effective the 15th of July no
 more round trip tickets are sold
 by the the railroads, except on
 regular excursions.

Constitutional Amend- ments Lose Saturday.

Interest Very Light all over State.—
 All Floyd County Returns
 Not in.

With less than half of the votes
 cast Saturday in the state report-
 ed, all probabilities are that all
 of the six constitutional amend-
 ments voted on Saturday were
 lost. The proposed amendment
 separating the A. & M. College
 and the State University is prob-
 ably beaten by a small majority.
 Increasing returns show each of
 the other amendments to be los-
 ing by an increasing majority.

State returns up to yesterday
 were as follows:

	Fer	Ag'in
Absent voting	19,863	29,296
Supreme judges	16,616	30,283
Higher road tax	17,917	28,884
Students' loan	12,147	32,652
Higher levee limit	16,450	29,766
College separation	28,104	30,606
In Floyd County 11 boxes -have reported, not including Lockney. In three precincts no election was held. All the amendments have lost in this county, unless the Lockney box varies material- ly from the votes cast in the other boxes. Absentee voting received the best vote of any of the six proposed, with A. & M. College and State University separation second. The total vote of eleven precincts was 150, of which 55 were cast at Floy- dada.		

A. Jacobs, of Plainview, visit-
 ed former Wolfe City friends in
 Floydada Monday night. Mr.
 Jacobs is establishing a dry
 goods store in Plainview.

W. M. Winsdor spent Wednes-
 day in Plainview business.

L. E. McCravery spent Wednes-
 day in Plainview.

Clarence Thompson, of Amaril-
 lo, is spending the week in Floy-
 dada on a vacation and visit with
 his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B.
 Thompson.

E. C. Loggins, representing
 the circulation department of the
 Dallas News, spent the earlier
 part of the week in Floydada,
 being on an extensive tour of
 the plains country for his publi-
 cation. Mr. Loggins declares he
 never found conditions better in
 any country and that his busi-
 ness has been very fine.

Have you heard about the book
 sale?

Do you read? ?? Attend the
 book sale.

Get in Line—Start Right



Make our Bank
 your bank.

Feel free to con-
 sult with us at any
 time on any busines
 proposition. If we can
 help you, we want to.

You Can ALWAYS Help Us

By speaking a good word. By giving us your account
 By coming to us for accomodation

FIRST STATE BANK
 FLOYDADA TEXAS

MOVING SALE!

Mr. Willis has just returned from the Eastern markets where he has bought large quantities of Furniture and other goods, which have just arrived. These goods were bought from the manufacturers at an enormous Saving, about 20 per cent under the regular jobbers prices. So while we are moving, for the next thirty days, we will make you prices FOR CASH THAT WILL ASTONISH YOU

You should take advantage of this opportunity to save money.

H. J. Willis H'd'w & Furniture Co.
Floydada, Texas

Lost--Watch.

Hamden 17-jewel works in Springfield filled case. Finder please leave at The Hesperian office. 2tc.

Identifying the Dead.

In a war where thousands of men fall in one battle, the identification of the dead is a matter of no small concern. The warring nations have means of identification, but even the best system proves inadequate and many a soldier boy is buried in an unknown and unmarked grave, while the loved ones at home watch and wait for news from the front, always hoping that "no news means good news."

The Russian soldier wears a little badge bearing his number. The Frenchman wears a card sewed to his clothing, giving the particulars as to his name and his place of residence and the company and regiment to which he belonged. The German soldier wears an aluminum disc bearing a number. If he is wounded and it is necessary to send him to a hospital a card is made out and attached to his garments, giving a complete description of him, and his destination, so in the event he should become unconscious the trainmen will know where he is to be sent. The English system of identification is similar to the German.

The Japs have a more extensive system. Each Japanese

soldier wears three metal discs, all alike, bearing his number. One of these is suspended from his neck, another is attached to his belt, and still another to the boots. The Austrian carries a little gunmetal locket, which contains a slip of paper bearing the facts as to his name and place of residence and the company and regiment to which he belonged. The Italian wears a card in addition to a metal number. — Wichita Eagle.

The Live Stock Outlook.

[A. M. HOVE.]

The receipts of live stock at the ten principal markets in the United States for the first six months of 1915 as compared with the same period of 1914 show a decrease in cattle and an increase in hogs. This year 4,274,836 cattle were received as against 4,304,764 last year, a decrease of 29,928 head; sheep received this year 5,312,749 against 6,866,750, a net decrease of 1,554,031; hogs received this year 12,655,818 as against 10,783,212 last year, an increase of 1,872,606 head.

The feeder cattle and sheep movement for June at seven markets shows a marked decrease over June last year in cattle, being 15.41 per cent and an increase in sheep received over last June of 15.7 per cent. Chicago is not included as no stockers have gone out of this market in 1915 on account of quarantine.

You'll Like Flomot and You'll like the Refreshing

COLD DRINKS at CROWELL'S CASH GROCERY

We sell Gasoline and Motor Oil, and will be glad to serve you when at Flomot.

LEONARD CROWELL

FLOMOT TEXAS

Watch our Window each week for the Weekly prize to be given each Wednesday, vote recording day, to Club members in our contest.

C. Surginer & Son

During the eleven months ending June 1, 1915 305,000,000 pounds of bacon were exported, an increase of 122,000,000 pounds over last year. Fresh beef exports were 221,487,000 pounds, an increase of nearly 116,000,000 pounds; pickled beef 28,622,600 pounds, an increase of 7,000,000 pounds; hams and shoulders 162,232,000 pounds worth \$23,435,000 an increase of \$1,734,000.

These figures indicate there is still a shortage of cattle and sheep with an export demand increasingly greater. The Pan handle being especially adopted to growing and feeding livestock, will benefit by this condition. There is plenty of forage and grain now growing on the farms to make full feeding of cattle, sheep and hogs a lucrative industry this fall and winter.

George M. Slaughter Dead.

George M. Slaughter, of Roswell N. Mex., died suddenly last Thursday afternoon at his ranch southwest of Littlefield thirty-four miles, being sick only a few minutes, presumably from heart failure.

He was 55 years of age, the eldest son of Col. C. C. Slaughter, of Dallas. He was the son-in-law of J. N. Donohoo, of Plainview.

Howard Lands on the Market

(Formerly the old F Ranch.) Easy terms. 6 per cent interest. In small or large quantities. Located in Floyd, Motley, Briscoe and Hall Counties. Rich plains and Fertile Valleys.

A variety of soils and locations in a country fast growing famous for its productiveness of cotton, maize kaffir and many other crops.

Address, W. M. Massie & Bro., Floydada, Texas. tf.

Colorado Stock Salt 45 cts. 100 lb. sack at Durcan Grocery. 2tc

"Our Home" High Patent Flour, best for light bread, \$1.65 per sack at Duncan's. 2tc

Reasonable rate of interest, loans to run 3 to 5 years. Loans from \$1000 to \$100,000. For further information call on Robbins & Darsey, First State Bank, Floydada, Texas. tf.

For marble monuments, see S. B. McClesky. tf.

Magic Washing Stick, makes dirty clothes easily cleaned, for sale at Duncan's- 2tc.

MOTHBALLS A WAR LUXURY

Price of Pungent Marbles Has Been Quadrupled Since Hostilities Began.

The war has affected various household and commercial necessities in the past nine months, but who for an instant thought that the common mothball would become a luxury? Such is the case, however, and the housewife is just beginning to realize that there is not only a dearth in the supply, but that they have increased almost four times in price. And right in the middle of house-cleaning period and packing away of the winter furs and garments she is learning it to her dismay. To the pawnbroker and storage house proprietor this is also unwelcome news.

Before the war mothballs were as cheap as clothespins. Then it was that Mrs. Homebody could run around to the corner drug store about this time of the year and buy six pounds for a quarter. Now that amount will buy her but a little more than a pound of the pungent, crystallized balls.

All this, wholesale dealers in pharmacists' supplies say, is due to the war, and they explain it in this manner: Before the war England sent to this country most of the naphthalene, of which mothballs are made. Since last August not a shipment has been made.

HOARD SUPPLIES OF COPPER

Germany Making Use of Other Materials—British Ate Kippers After Mud Was Scraped Off.

A Belgian officer, during a brief holiday from the trenches on the Yser, told a London Daily Express representative that the buttons on the coats of all the German soldiers recently captured by the Belgians are made of bone instead of copper, while the time fuses of German shells are now exclusively made of aluminum.

Private George Gallon, who is serving in the trenches at La Bassée, writing to his sister in Leeds, says: "We had four kippers for breakfast in the trench, and the Germans started to shell us while they were cooking. One shell hit the front of the trench and filled the frying pan full of dirt. So we had to scrape the kippers before eating them, but they were quite all right."

An Austrian officer taken prisoner by the Serbians was highly indignant because he was carried to prison in an oxcart—the usual mode of conveyance in Serbia. He declared: "When you have the honor of taking an Austrian officer prisoner you should at once escort him to headquarters in a motor car." The Serbian replied: "We have that honor many times, but we haven't so many motor cars."

AN ERRATIC MOVIE.

"Tippler reminds me of a moving picture."
"How?"
"Coming home from the club in seven reels."

FATHER'S WORRY.

"I suppose you worry a good deal lest your daughter marry the wrong man?"
"Not so much as I do for fear she may not marry at all."

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.

"That woman walking on the other side of the street is my bete noire."
"Oh, no, she isn't. That's Bet Jones."

PAW GOT IT RIGHT.

Little Lemuel—What's a cynic, paw?
Paw—A cynic, son, is a busybody who meddles in the affairs of other people and neglects his own.

LOOKED NEW TO HIM.

Randolph—Is that Buxton's new girl with him?
Sylvester—Oh, no; that's just one of his old ones painted over.—Judge.

THE WAR GOD.

Bix—By the way, who is, or, rather, was, the god of war?
Dix—I've forgotten the duffer's name, but I think it was Ananias.

THE KIND.

"Did that actor who thinks so much of himself get any notices in his last engagements?"
"Oh, yes; two weeks' notices."

THE FLOYD COUNTY LAND & ABSTRACT CO.

Rooms 5 & 6, First Nat'l Bank Bldg. Floydada, Texas.

We buy, sell and exchange land in Floyd or adjoining Counties. List your land with us, we are going to have some eastern buyers soon.

We make loans on Plains land at reasonable rates of interest.

Our abstract plant is complete of Floyd County land and town lots.

We will appreciate your business.

C. H. FEATHERSTON MGR.,

TELEPHONE NUMBER TWENTY-TWO

Dallas County People

Tour South Plains.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Squibb and Mr. and Mrs. Arch C. Fyke, of Carrollton, Dallas County, came through overland from Carrollton to Floydada last week, making a short visit with their old friends the Huggins Bros. and families. From here they went to Plainview to visit a short time and from there to Clovis, N. Mex. They will return via Floydada and visit points in Oklahoma before returning home.

They were delighted with Floyd County. The party came via Dickens City and they claim they had the Dickens on some of the road thru there.

Their trip is being made in Mr. Squibb's Ford Arrow, in which Mr. Squibb would attempt to cross the Rocky Mountains, and without some very bad luck he would make the trip successfully.

—Contributed

Quick Money Changer.

Most every week people marvel at some new invention in the way of machinery that has come out, but the banks are installing a money changer that is worth the notice of any person. All you have to do is to press a button and out comes any change you desire. It looks as though you don't have to even think about the change desired or the amount you want—just press the button and the machine does the rest.—Paducah Post.

Fruit jars cheap at Duncan's.

City Barber Shop

T. M. COX, Prop.
All barber work first class.
All treatment courteous.
Shallow Water Steam Laundry represented.
Hot or cold baths. Nice clean tubs.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

R. A. CHILDERS

Physician & Surgeon

Office Across Street from Post Office.

Office Phone Res. Phone 36

A. P. MCKINNON

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

FLOYDADA, TEXAS

Office: 1st Nat'l Bank Bld'g

DRS. SMITH & SMITH

Physicians and Surgeons

Office with Floydada Drug Co.

Day phone 51

Night phone 16

Arthur B. Duncan

General Land Agent and Abstractor

Floydada, Texas

Buys, Sells and Leases Real estate on Commission; Renders and Pays Taxes for Non-Resident Land Owners; Investigates and Perfects Titles;

Furnishes Abstracts of Title from Records;

Owner of Complete Abstract of all Floyd County Lands and Town Lots;

Have had 25 Years Experience with Floyd County Lands, and Land Titles;

List your Lands and Town Lots with me if for Sale or Lease;

And give me your Abstract of Title Work.

Office S. E. Corner Public Square Address

ARTHUR B. DUNCAN
Floydada, Texas

You Need a Tonic

There are times in every woman's life when she needs a tonic to help her over the hard places. When that time comes to you, you know what tonic to take—Cardui, the woman's tonic. Cardui is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, which act gently, yet surely, on the weakened womanly organs, and helps build them back to strength and health. It has benefited thousands and thousands of weak, ailing women in its past half century of wonderful success, and it will do the same for you.

You can't make a mistake in taking

CARDUI
The Woman's Tonic

Miss Amelia Wilson, R. F. D. No. 4, Alma, Ark., says: "I think Cardui is the greatest medicine on earth, for women. Before I began to take Cardui, I was so weak and nervous, and had such awful dizzy spells and a poor appetite. Now I feel as well and as strong as I ever did, and can eat most anything." Begin taking Cardui today. Sold by all dealers.

Has Helped Thousands.



S. O. S.

The latest Wireless Signal of Distress.
If you are in distress don't fail to signal us
We are always on the Job

REAGAN'S GARAGE AND MACHINE SHOP

DR. E. O. NICHOLS
Practice limited to diseases of
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Glasses Fitted
Office in New Donohoo Bld'g.
Plar view Texas

A. L. Love J. B. Bartley
Love & Bartley
Attorneys-at-Law
Mr. Love will have
exclusive charge of the
Criminal Department.
Notary Public in Office
Floydada -- Texas

DR. I. W. HICKS
Announces the opening
of his
DENTAL OFFICE
Room 8 1st Nat'l Bank
Floydada, Texas
Telephone No. 56

W. M. Massie & Bro
General Land Agents
(THE SENIOR LAND & ABSTRACT BUSINESS OF
FLOYD CO.)
BUY, SELL, LEASE, OR EXCHANGE
Land
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TRADE EXTENSION CAMPAIGN

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Local Farmers' Union Elects
Officers for the Year.

Meeting of the Floyd Local Union No. 1659 was held July 17, 1915, and after the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting, proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, as follows: J. L. King, re-elected president, J. F. McCarty, vice president, J. T. Pitts, re-elected secretary-treasurer, L. V. Steen, conductor, A. A. Beedy, chaplain, W. J. Berry, local lecturer, S. C. Ferguson, Clark Bolding, G. C. Tubbs, executive committee, J. T. Pitts, Sec'y.

Telegraph Poles of Glass.

A European concern is now building telephone and telegraph poles of glass. The glass is moulded over a thick frame work of woven wire, which adds to the strength of the pole. These poles will neither rot nor rust and insects will not attack them. Unless broken by an unusual accident, they will last forever, and now that timber is so expensive in Europe they are little more costly than wooden poles.—The American Boy.

Gallon cans Crusto cooking oil
85 cents at Duncan's. 2tc.

Real Thrills In Real Thrillers.

When you go to the movies and see the heroine fall off a cliff or into a lake or gasp as the hero swings to safety on a slender telegraph or gets mixed up in an automobile accident, or some of the scores of other hair-breadth escapes, don't sit back and say, "Oh well, it's a fake picture."

You will be in the wrong if you say that today. It was true, for the most part, ten years ago, but not now. The movie fans—and they number millions—demand the real thing today. Consequently there are hundreds of well-known moving picture actresses and actors who, while portraying real thrills, meet with very serious accidents.

A recent Keystone comedy thriller which was attended with an almost fatal mishap had as its particular and unfortunate star Miss Mabel Normand. In the course of a typical Keystone mix-up, this dare-devil young lady had to hang suspended by her foot from the steering wheel of an automobile. To get her in place, the action of the picture was halted, and, while the engine of the car was still running, she was hoisted into her unusual position. A small boy was then concealed in the body of the machine, and received instructions to put his hand on the foot brake to hold the car, which was on the incline, and to set off a smoke bomb to obtain the effect of an explosion. Becoming confused, he accidentally placed the pressure on the pedal operating the low gear. Miss Normand's foot in the steering wheel caused the spark lever to be moved and consequently speeded up the engine. Then the small boy, thoroughly bewildered, released the pedal, thus putting on the high gear. The car darted down the hill, dragging Miss Normand with it, and leaving in its wake a crowd of horrified camera men and players who, in the brief time this took to happen, had been unable to do a thing. Finally, after gaining considerable momentum, the car left the road, dashed over the bank of a lake and sank in fifteen feet of water, Miss Normand very badly bruised, went into the lake with the machine. Charlie Chaplin, the comedian, then a member of the Keystone Company, rushed down the bank, made a flying dive into the lake, released the drowning girl's foot, and brought her to the surface more dead than alive. Yet, after a very few days of careful nursing, she was back at work on the same picture! It is all in the day's

work with these people who labor that you may laugh.—The American Boy.

John Corbett, an old trapper who for many years has trapped in West Texas, has been in the Denson pasture since June 23rd, trapping labos, jack rabbits, etc. Since he has been in this part of the country he has caught 38 coyotes, 342 jack rabbits and 32 rattlesnakes. Mr. Corbett has three burros, a wagon, a South African blood hound and a pet lobo, which he uses in his business. He has quite a unique way of trapping labos. He takes a fiddle and saws out some lonesome old tune, this causes the pet lobo to howl which brings other labos in range and then the trapper gets them. Mr. Corbett is a first cousin of the ex-champion prize fighter, Jas. Corbett, and has been in the west many years. His home is in San Angelo.—Midland reporter.

Parcel Post Rates Will be Increased.

Washington, C. C., July 23.—Parcel post rates will be one cent higher on the package for the first pound or fraction thereof and an extra cent for each additional pound, providing the package goes as far as 300 miles while in transit and the route taken is the shortest possible route, according to an announcement from the Postal Department.

Miss Ida McGlasson, of Plainview, and Miss Ruby Ballard, of Canyon, were guests of Mrs. J. H. Donaldson last Thursday night.

The Money Cost of Preventable Disease II. Tuberculosis.

[Prepared for Hesperian by Dr. A. C. Ellis, Director Extension Department, University of Texas.]

Consumption alone formerly cost the United States over \$1,000,000,000 per year. Three times as many people in proportion to population have this disease in America as do in England, Wales, Scotland, Sweden, Norway, or Switzerland. Since the discovery of the germ by Dr. Koch and of the improved methods of prevention and cure, it has been shown that where this knowledge is applied, 79 per cent of the loss from tuberculosis can be prevented. Of course, the greatest saving comes from the prevention of the spread of the disease through modern sanitation, but even in the treatment of those already afflicted the saving is large. Of the patients treated in the great Bourgmont Sanitarium in Belgium in 1903-

EGGS!

For the past ten days eggs that have come to town have been 80 per cent bad on account of being fertile. Fertile eggs will begin to incubate within a few hours if kept in a warm place. This makes them unmerchantable and useless to ship.

It will be absolutely necessary to kill or dispose of your roosters during the hot weather to have good eggs.

A. D. White Grocery Co.
FLOYDADA, TEXAS

4,76 per cent had returned to their regular occupations and were still continuing their improvement four years after leaving the hospital. Germany has reduced the death rate from consumption over 57 per cent in the nation and 42 per cent in the army by applying modern science. Frederick L. Hoffman, the insurance statistician, states that the death rate from this disease in American cities has been reduced from 318 per 100,000 in the decade 1872-82, to 182 per 100,000 in the decade 1902-1912. Hoffman estimated that 200,000 lives had been saved in the United States during the decade ending 1910 by the scientific methods applied in combating tuberculosis. Placing the value of each life at \$1700, the conservative figures usually used, this represents a saving of \$340,000,000 to the country.

[This is the second of a series of statements prepared by Dr. Ellis. Other numbers will follow dealing with typhoid, malaria, smallpox, hookworm, etc.]

State Ad Valorem Tax Rate Highest in Texas History.

Austin, July 26th.—Fifty-four and six-tenths cents per \$100 valuation will be the tax rate announced by the automatic tax board of the state when it meets to set the rate for the next fiscal year. Figures have been compiled by the comptroller's department showing that such a rate will be necessary to defray the expenses of the state during the next year.

This rate will be divided as 29.6 cents advalorem rate for revenue purposes, 20 cents for school purposes, and 5 cents for confederate pensions. Figures show that the total amount appropriated for the fiscal year ending August 31, 1916, amounts to \$9,761,943.40. Of this sum \$2,982,679.31 will be raised from other sources than advalorem tax according to computation, leaving \$8,135,116.29 to be raised by taxes. An allowance of \$1,355,852.70 of this total is made for delinquent payments, cost of assessing and other incidental expenses.

This advalorem for revenue purposes is based on a property valuation for the state of \$2,739,459,589, or an increase of more than \$27,000,000 over last year. Nine counties failed to return estimates, and this may make some change, but not enough to change the result in a material degree.

The advalorem rate for revenue purpose is the highest in the history of the state. With no Confederate pension tax or separate school tax the total tax

rate in 1871-1880 reached the 50-cent mark. In only two instances since 1888 has the advalorem rate for revenue purposes passed the 20-cent mark, in 1895 when a 25 cent rate was levied, and in 1913 when a 23-cent rate was assessed.

The nine counties that failed to submit tax estimates of the taxable values of their counties to the comptroller's department for use in making compilations necessary for consideration of the state automatic tax board were Burleson, Crockett, Crosby, Harrison, Rusk, Starr, Upshur, Upton and Ward.

The Southern Amusement Company passed thru Floydada Monday enroute to Matador where they are playing during the Annual Picnic.

C. E. Neil left Tuesday morning on the line car for Haskell, Texas, to spend some ten days on a business trip.

Mississippi Will Improve Floyd County Property.

J. P. Brownlee, of Columbus, Miss., arrived in Floydada last Saturday to begin improving his half-section of land west of town two miles. His improvements will include an excellent country home. He will move here with his family at a later date.

N. W. Williams has accepted a place in the local post office and will prove a competent assistant.

Mrs. J. I. Cole, Plainview, visited last week in Floydada with J. A. Huckabay and family, returning home Saturday.

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Poultry Safety and Profits Demand CARBO POST SYSTEM

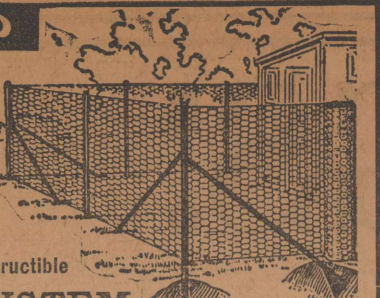
Poultry Profits Depend on Healthy Yards.
Germ-breeding, filth-collecting, wood-rotting, dampness—all these are avoided in Yards constructed upon fireproof, vermin-proof, indestructible CARBO UNIT POST SYSTEM.

THE ONLY SANITARY WAY THIS 3-UNIT CORNER ONLY \$2.25

This System saves Labor, Money, Reconstruction. It adds beauty and an appearance of Prosperity, as well as actual Prosperity to your Poultry Yard—yet its cost is less, its life vastly greater, than a wood, or concrete method of yard building. Corner, Gate and End Posts are united in the Carbo Unit System. Easily, quickly Anchored. Lightning proof. Unaffected by Weather. Tastefully Carbo finished. Patented Special Features contained only in the Carbo.

Poultry Units, 96 in. long, weight 13 pounds, 75 Cents Each.

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The Floyd County Hesperian

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
HESPERIAN PUBLISHING COMPANY

Homer Steen Editor and Manager.

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One copy one year, in advance \$1.00
One copy six months, in advance50

Advertising Rates: Furnished on Application.

Caponize Male Birds.

The best and most profitable way to "swat the rooster," is to caponize the young cockrels. This is an excellent season for the operation, since cockerels caponized now will be ready for market in mid-winter, when prices are highest and the demand strongest.

Most people look upon caponizing as a difficult operation, but with a little practice it can be successfully performed by any one. Full instructions are generally sent with sets of caponizing instruments.

The capon is quiet and easy to handle and shows no disposition

orb around our sphere.

Monday was dedicated to the moon, and was represented by a female on a pedestal with a very singular dress and two long ears.

Tuesday was dedicated to Tuesco, a German hero, sire of the Germans, Scythians and Saxons. He was represented as a venerable old man, with a long white beard, a scepter in his hand and skin of a white bear thrown over his shoulders.

Wednesday was consecrated to Woden, or Odin, a supreme god of the northern nations, father of the gods and god of war. He was represented as a warrior in a bold martial attitude, clad

Government has just completed into the Mesa Verde National Park. They declare the poles won't stand and that the wires won't talk. When asked why, they solemnly reply that the "little people" will permit no such uncanny things to come so near their ancient homes. Nor can they be persuaded to the contrary. The white men will see for themselves, pretty soon.

The Indians live in great awe of the prehistoric dwellings of the Mancos Valley, which are, by far, the finest and best preserved of any in the American southwest. They will not believe that it was Pueblo Indians, or any Indians in fact, who, so long ago that the oldest traditions describe them as they now are, carved these wonderful cities out of the cliffs. They believe that spirits built the cliff dwellings, and that spirits still inhabit them. They reverently call these spirits the "little people."

For this reason it is difficult to induce Indians to approach the cliff dwellings. Whether or not the continued success of the Government telephone line will shake their superstitious faith remains to be seen.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Whitley of Wolfe City, recently came to Colorado Springs to celebrate the 50th anniversary of the wedding of Mr. Whitley's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Whitley. The affair was also attended by John Gentry, of Wolfe City a nephew of Dr. Whitley, who was the special guest of honor. He acted as best man for the wedding of the pair in Doyle, Tenn., in 1865. Five children of the aged couple were present at the golden wedding celebration which was one of the most unique ever held here.—Colorado Springs Corspdt.

If a batter in dodging the ball gets his bat in the way of the ball it is the same as if he struck at it. If a foul it is a foul strike, and if it lands inside the diamond it is a fair hit ball.

The batter cannot advance on a pitcher's balk. All base runners advance one base on a balk. A player cannot make an out by crossing the line in front of a runner. He must either touch the runner or step on the base.

If a runner fails to touch the bases in going around the umpire does not call him out unless the other team appeals to him for a decision on the play.

A runner can attempt to steal a base on a foul tip.

A pitcher does not balk unless he is facing the batter and preparing to pitch a ball.

Touching the runner with the gloved hand holding the ball has always been regarded the same as putting the ball on him. But this does not hold good with the catcher's mitt.—Slatonite.

T. Stockton, of Maione, has been elected cashier of the Third National Bank, of Plainview, to succeed J. M. Ozkes, who goes to Amarillo in October to become clerk of the Court of Civil appeals.

Captain R. A. Barrow, of Plainview, was transacting business in Floydada Monday night and Tuesday.

Dickens County Fair Association.
The Dickens County Fair Association has been organized at Spur with a capital stock of upward of \$5,000, the money for which has been subscribed. A Committee is busy making arrangements for the improvements of grounds which were donated for the purpose near town. The improvements will include fencing of the entire

Gold Bond Gingham

12 1/2 Quality Special at **10c**

The beautiful new patterns and exquisite colorings of GOLD BOND Ginghams are as meritorious as the fabric itself, which is made of a specially selected grade of yarn. Only fast color dyes are used in the coloring of Gold Bond Ginghams, insuring **Tub-proof & Sun-proof Colors**.

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12 1-2c quality special per yard

PRICE-FOSTER DRY GOODS COMPANY

as to how they may used to teach students in the rural schools to make simple tests of seed and milk. Collections of insects will be on display, such collections as can easily be made by the students of any rural school, with instructions as to the best methods of detecting and eradicating the harmful ones. Simple handwork of rural schools will be shown, as a means of furnishing another medium of expression for the students. The equipment necessary for the teaching of manual training and mechanical drawing in rural schools, methods of solving problems of the household, the teaching of sewing, cooking, etc., will all find a place in the exhibit. The economic value of certain Texas birds will be strikingly illustrated; also methods will be explained whereby mothers may be interested in school work, and induced to start home industries in the schools, such as rug making, basketry, etc. In all these exhibits care is taken to recommend nothing

lected to office who has an open field, a fair count and sufficient votes,—and announces early enough.

Texas Increases Silver Output.
The output of Texas mines for 1914, as stated by Charles W. Henderson, of the United States Geological Survey, amounted to \$234 in gold 520,817 fine ounces of silver, 149,027 pounds of lead, 23,760 pounds of zinc, with a total value of \$313,787, which was slightly greater than the total value in 1913.

These figures show a considerable increase for silver, a large decrease for zinc, and smaller decreases for gold, copper, and lead. The greater part of the output of silver came from the Presidio silver mine and cyanide mill, in the Shafter district, Presidio County. Some silver, copper, and zinc were produced at Van Horn, Culberson County. The greater part of the lead and zinc came from the Sierra Blanca district, El Paso County.

Beginning Friday Night We give you an entire new Program. We have hitched a Rooster to our screen, Come out and see how you like it. In the future, we can have the program we ask for, if it meets with your approval, we keep it, if not we change. **YOURS FOR CLEAN ENTERTAINMENT.**

Perils of Pauline Episode 8

to fight. The flesh is of high quality, if the capon is properly fed. With the same care and attention, the capon will be worth from 50 to 100 per cent more than the uncaponized cockerel and there will not be the necessity of keeping them apart from the hens to get infertile eggs.

The best cockerels to caponize are those of the meat breeds, such as the Barred Rock, Wyandotte, Cochon, Brahma and Langshan. They should be caponized when they weigh from one and a half to two pounds and should be fed until they weigh eight to 12 pounds.—Farm & Ranch.

BOOKS.—I have on sale for a few days only, the biggest and finest stock of books ever seen in west Texas. You are invited to see them.

Stock embraces Bibles, Dictionaries, Encyclopedias, Standard sets of Fiction and History, Late novels, poetry, Humor and every thing good to read.

L. Rutledge,
North side square.

How The Days Recived Their Names

How many of you know the origin of the days of the week? They were derived from Saxon idolatry. The Saxons had seven deities more particularly adored than the others, namely: The sun, the moon, Tuesco, Woden, Thor, Friga, and Saeter.

Sunday being dedicated to the sun was called by them Sunandae; this idol represented the bust of a man with the face darting bright rays, holding a wheel before his breast, indicating of the circuit of the golden

armor, holding in his right hand a broad, crooked sword and in his left a shield.

Thursday was consecrated to Thor, eldest son of Woden, who was the Roman Jupiter. He was believed to govern the air, preside over lightning and thunder, direct the wind, rain and seasons. He was represented as sitting on a splendid throne with a crown of gold adorned with 12 glittering stars, and a scepter in his right hand.

Friday was sacred to Friga—Hertha or Edith—the mother of the gods and the wife of Woden. She was the goddess of love and pleasure and was portrayed as a female with a naked sword in her right hand and a bow in her left, implying that in extreme cases women should fight as well as men.

Saturday was named in honor of the Roman Saturnus. He was represented on a pedestal, standing on the back of a prickly fish called a perch. His head was bare, with a thin, meager face. In his left hand he held a wheel and in his right a pail of water, with fruits and flowers. The sharp fins of the fish implied that the worshipers of Saeter would pass safely through every difficulty; the wheel was emblematic of their unity and freedom and the pail of water implied that he could water the earth and make it more beautiful.—Baby Girl in Farm and Ranch.

Don't Like The Telephone.
The Indians living near the celebrated Mesa Verde in southwestern Colorado are interested in the outcome of their predictions about the telephone line which the

Woods to Run For
Attorney General I.

John W. Woods, Speaker of the House of Representatives announces that on account of the many requests and inquiries urging him to make the race for attorney General, that he would later make a formal announcement. Mr. Woods said he had not deemed it necessary to make an announcement twelve months in advance of the primary, but requests and inquiries from many friends over the State make it necessary for him to declare his intention earlier.

BASEBALL NOTES

The Ralls baseball team lost two games to the Slaton Monograms last week at Slaton. It was their first two losses of the season.

The Slatonite gave the games a page and scare headlines.

Until their loss at Slaton last week the Ralls team had not lost this season, having played all the neighboring teams one or more games, including a series at Post and Snyder.

Snyder claims to be the best team on the South Plains and Slaton is after them for a series.

A Few Decisions.
People who do not keep up with the baseball rules often misunderstand decisions made by the umpire and "roast" him for pulling a bone head decision, when in reality the person who "calls" the umpire is the one who is doing a foolish thinking stunt. Here are a few rules that fans often get down wrong;

grounds, the erection of grand stands, pavilion and race track.

Dr. M. F. Husky, J. B. Shurbet, R. H. Willis and R. B. Smith spent the later part of last week in the southwest country, going across country to Mr. Willis' former home in New Mexico. They returned home Sunday.

Expense Prohibitive.
Plains papers have it that the railroad from Crosbyton to Lubbock, thirty-eight miles in length has been purchased by the Q. A. & P. At the general offices here the news was not only unknown but disbelieved. Of course, it is possible that such a deal might be consummated, as the Crosbyton road runs parallel with the Quannah road, but six miles of deep Blanco canyon separates them, and tho it is possible to bridge the canyon or build thru it, many railroad men think that the expense is prohibitive.—Quannah Tribune-Chief.

Exhibit to Show Educational Possibilities of Rural Schools.
University Station, July 27th—A rural school exhibit for the purpose of showing how the work of the rural school may be related to farm life is being prepared by Miss Amanda Stolfus of the Extension Department of the University of Texas for display during the State Farmers Institute meeting in Austin, July 27-30. The exhibit will consist for the most part of apparatus used and samples of work done in the most up-to-date rural schools. For example, seed-testing and milk-testing devices will be shown with explanations

which is beyond the financial means of the average rural school in Texas.

The exhibit is designed, of course, to impress upon the farmers who will be assembled, the possibilities of the rural school as a means of educating rural children in matters pertaining to the farm and farm life.

Roy K. Bruner has purchased an Apperson six, selling his Studebaker four to C. H. Featherston. Mr. Featherston in turn sold his new Ford to Harry Snodgrass.

R. E. Brooks and Frank Cobb, of Tulia, were here on business Tuesday.

Assert Your Rights Fellow Citizens.
The political bee is buzzing somewhat in local circles. In other words, several of the boys are figuring on running for some good jobs at the primary a year from now, and these jobs are at the disposal of the voters of the county.

Far be it from the Hesperian to discourage any human from running for office. We think it is the right of every person to ask for that which they desire, whether it be a public office or a loan at the bank. We are also anxious that every one be accommodated in either connection, hence our advice, if asked, may be a little biased to begin with.

Our advice to every would-be candidate is to get in the ring. Assert your rights. Don't let a few of your fool friends advise you wrongfully. It is our firm belief that any man may be e-

New York Registers 200,189 Cars in Five Months.

Between February 1 and July 8, 1915, inclusive, 200,189 automobiles were registered in New York state. This breaks all records for the state, and is far ahead of the figures for the same period last year, when only 149,663 cars had been registered by July 8. In addition to the car figures this year 67,738 chauffeurs have been registered. The receipts of the motor vehicle department this year total \$1,667,609 so far.

BLACK LEG
LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED by Cutter's Blackleg Pills. Low priced, fresh, reliable, preferred by Western stockmen because they protect where other vaccines fail. Write for booklet and testimonials: 10-dose pkg. Blackleg Pills \$1.00 50-dose pkg. Blackleg Pills \$4.00 Use any injector, but Cutter's best. The superiority of Cutter products is due to over 25 years of specializing in vaccines and serums only. Insist on Cutter's. If unobtainable, order direct: THE CUTTER LABORATORY, Berkeley, California.

Excursions
TO
CORPUS CHRISTI
AND
GALVESTON

Friday of each week during August and September. Limit for return 10 days.

Round trip fare: One way plus \$1

J. T. J. DAWES
Asst. P. & S. F. RY.

FREE DEMONSTRATION

NO-RUB SELF-ACTING SILVER POLISH

AT OUR STORE ON THE FOLLOWING DATES

THURSDAY FRIDAY SATURDAY

AUGUST 12TH, 13TH, 14TH

YOU ARE INVITED TO BRING ANY AND ALL PIECES OF DISCOLORED OR TARNISHED SILVERWARE YOU MAY HAVE AROUND THE HOME and THEY WILL BE CLEANED FREE OF CHARGE

Also ladies mesh bags and cut glass. Remember this demonstration is only for three days. Come in the store and ask about it.

TOM. B. TRIPLETT, Nyal Quality Store

Then Maybe he Meant Insanity all the the Time.

There were little wrinkles at the corners of his eyes that bespoke a life spent in the open, and clearly he was ill at ease in a Pullman which pulled into Topeka last night. It was apparent to the other travelers that "Jake"—that was his name, he informed a fellow passenger—was more at home in a 70 pound saddle with a horn that would reach as high as his collar button, providing he had one on, than he was on a green plush seat.

He gazed out the window at the growing field and then walked up and down the aisle. Finally he strolled into a smoking room. A pack of brown papers, a sack of tobacco and a Maclyn Arbuckle twist and there was a glowing cigarette in his mouth. But even this apparently failed to bring ease to his nerves.

He looked about for drinking glass and finding none, cupped his hands and drank. Then finding no cake of soap with which to wash his hands, he called the porter. The porter explained the sanitary soap contrivance. "Jake" wanted a roller towel, but the porter explained that they were considered unsanitary and handed him a freshly laundered handtowel. When he asked for a comb and brush he was informed that they, too, were unsanitary and had been abolished. He looked about a moment and then, speaking to the other occupants of the room, said:

"I wish somebody would tell me who started all them insanity laws in this here state, anyhow."

Bulk strained Honey 10 cts per lb. 2tc Williams Bros.

License issued for Marriage of Lockney Couple.

County Clerk Tom W. Deen issued license Friday, July 23rd, for the marriage of Mr. E. R. Bryant and Miss Mae Bennett, members of prominent Lockney families.

Miss Bennett is the eldest daughter of R. C. Bennett and the groom a grain man in Lockney, the son of J. R. Bryant.

R. M. Haverty, of Curlew, was in Floydada Tuesday transacting business.

Bans Cigaretts.

July 23.—The eminent Smithville district railway have vetoed the use of chewing the use of duty, effective from Aug. 1.

A bulletin to that effect signed by Superintendent C. A. Thanheiser of Smithville has just been received at the local offices of the company. No penalty is specified for violation of the order.

The order states as reasons for its promulgation the ill effects upon the physical condition of employes, the additional hazard to company property and detrimental influences.

RIGHT TO FULL PARTNERSHIP

Writer Combats Idea That Women Should Be Looked Upon as Natural Dependents.

A woman's pocketbook, even though she belongs to the wealthiest families, has its distinctive limitation. This fact was brought out in connection with "self-sacrifice" day for the benefit of the National Suffrage association. Women who work for a living and who are economically independent, give more generously than do men. Women of wealth and leisure, on the other hand, from whom naturally most help would be expected, often have little money they can call their own with which to help the causes that appeal to them. Whatever may be said of the unmarried daughter who is treated as a dependent in her father's house, it is a great injustice when a married woman is not looked upon as a full partner with her husband in all the business of life, but is compelled to occupy the place of a dependent asking favors of her husband. The wife who rears a family of children and who either performs or directs the work of the household ought to be looked upon as a full partner with her husband in everything he does, and be spared the humiliation of being made to feel she is dependent upon him for gifts, sometimes grudgingly bestowed. There are some husbands, possibly an increasing number, who share their incomes with their wives, or who consider that all their possessions are held jointly, but there are many men still under the spell of the day when, in the eyes of the law, woman was looked upon more as a chattel than a human being.—Leslie's.

"MARK" FOR THE BOOK AGENT

Mr. Gloom of the Town of Sniffles Bewails His Inability to Fight Him Off.

"Some writer once said, 'A wise man learns something every time a fool blunders,'" grumbled J. Fuller Gloom of Sniffles, Mo. "If there is any truth to the statement why don't I quit bucking the other fellows' games as fast as they come to me? There don't need to be any new and enticing variations—I go right up against the same old tottering tricks again and again.

"I am now the proud possessor of numerous ornate lives of the great poets, a five-foot shelf of ponderous piffle, a gilt-topped set of Mrs. Sigourney's woeful poems, all the secrets of the court of Queen What's-Her-Name, the deuce knows how many Dickenses and cyclopedias, till the world seems flat with them; and yet, just as sure as I am a foot high, a few days after it is issued I shall be the owner in fee simple of the next work put on the market.

"What in the hangation is the matter with me, anyhow? Is it possible that I am not the wise and sensible person I have been flattering myself I am, but instead merely one of the fools from whom wise men gather wisdom?"

Don't forget we still sell coal. 2tc. Williams Bros.

Panama Canal is on Paying Basis.

Washington, July 23.—Counting only the cost of operation, civil government, sanitary work and administration and the handling of ships, the Panama canal is now on a paying basis, according to official reports.

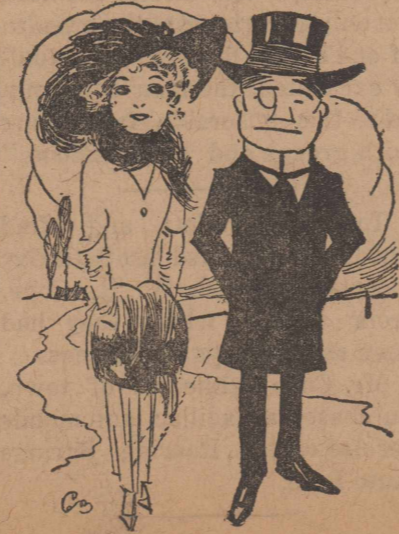
Receipts for May not only wiped out the deficit of \$39,480 which had grown up since the opening up of the canal trade, but left a balance of \$177,799, which works out a profit of 4.79 per cent on the expenditure.

This however, does not make any allowance for interest on the vast sum of money expended in the construction of the canal and from that point of view the receipts from tolls have not yet equaled the expenses.

New Disease of Feet Appears.

New York, July 23.—A new foot disease known as endarteritis obliterans has appeared in New York and twenty-eight cases of it are under treatment in the hospital for deformities and joint diseases. The disease, physicians said today, is frequently mistaken for rheumatism or gout. It is believed to have come here from Russia, Poland and parts of Austria, virtually the only countries where it has become common.

The disease is characterized by the cutting off of the blood supply by a fibrous exudate in the veins. Physicians of the hospital are seeking to discover the cause of the trouble. Injections of salt solution have been found to give relief, but it is not yet known whether this treatment is a cure.



"What's become of your friend, the tragedian?"
"He has gone into moving pictures."
"Posing?"
"No; taking tickets."

WITH NAPOLEON AT THE END

Belgian Peasant Was Emperor's Guide on That Memorable June Day at Waterloo.

Certainly a place in history is assured to Jean Baptiste Coster, who was Napoleon's guide on the day of Waterloo. He was born at Louvain, and was fifty-three when he did that great day's work. The post did not come to him willingly. He was captured by the French and taken early on Sunday morning to the farm of Risson, where Napoleon had spent the night.

"You are to be my guide," said Napoleon, and after some conversation it was settled. The battle began at one o'clock. Napoleon was on foot, attended by his aides-de-camp and Coster. He took out a map, questioned Coster as to the roads, thought for some time. Then he put the map in his pocket and did not look at it again. The little man stood until four o'clock, often saying in a clear voice, "It goes well."

Then he mounted his horse and led his staff to the slight hill near La Belle Alliance. There they remained till seven o'clock, when Napoleon, looking through his glass, said: "I think that I see the Prussian flag." A general replied: "I think so, too." Thereupon Napoleon shook his head and turned pale. As they rode on to La Haye Sainte a hail of bullets assailed them. Coster ducked his head. But Napoleon muttered: "Stand straight, my friend; a ball can hit you as well on the right as the left."

Then came the final struggle. The duke of Wellington's men charged, broke the lines, and set the French in disorder.

OLD CRAFT OF ODD DESIGN

Mesopotamia Boat, Known as Kufa, Known to Have Been in Use Before Christian Era.

The Kufa, a curious circular boat made of basketwork, and seen nowhere else in the world, is a common sight in Mesopotamia. The ferry-men charge only a cent each passenger. There is one good point about these strange craft—they are not easily upset. Their carrying capacity also is great, and the kufa men pack in their passengers like herrings in a barrel. I had the good luck to take a photograph of the actual building of a kufa on the banks of the Tigris river, says a writer in the Wide World. They are made of date palm branches woven together with rope made out of leaves of the same palm, thickly plastered on the outside with bitumen. They range from four to twelve feet in diameter. Nowhere but on the Tigris and lower Euphrates rivers can one see these curious craft, which serve principally for the transport of passengers, country produce and beasts of burden across the river. About three men are required to make a kufa of respectable size, and it takes them some twenty days to build it. Like the kelek, the kufa is of great antiquity, for both these strange craft were in use long before the time of Christ. The evidence of this is indisputable, for on the bas-reliefs taken from the palace of Sennacherib both craft are clearly represented.

The Hot Foot Bath.

There is nothing like a hot foot bath to tranquilize the nervous system after a siege of prolonged study, literary labor or other intellectual activity at night. The bath should be taken every night, for about ten or twelve minutes, before going to bed, and the water should be as hot as can be borne. Let the water come well over the ankles. It will cause the blood vessels in the feet to fill and afford almost instant comfort and soothing effect, as it withdraws blood pressure from the overstimulated brain. This induces relaxation and eases the mental tension, quieting the nervous system, so that sleep is promoted.

It is necessary to keep the water up to the highest temperature at which it can be borne for at least ten minutes, by adding hot water as the temperature of the foot bath becomes lower.

Game Being Exterminated.

Indiscriminate slaughter of Sambar by villagers in India, is likely to cause the extermination of this noble species of deer. Even now they are very hard to find in places where they used to be common. These large deer can be easily killed without the use of firearms and with the aid of even one or two useless pariah dogs. A dog has only got to chase one or even a herd and they make for the closest water available and stand in it, and so long as the dog stays near them and barks they will not leave the water but will allow themselves to be surrounded and killed by men armed with only sticks and axes.

The "Temperament" Excuse.

Sometimes you hear of an excuse for faults: "It is my temperament." There never was a temperament that had not its good as well as its evil possibilities. The truth is that we inherit our temperament with its natural perversions, and it is our business in life to shake off the perversions, in order that we may do the best work we can. If all who have excused themselves for selfishness and evil because of their "temperament" had recognized that they were really excusing the perversions of their temperament, and not the temperament itself, much needless pain and sorrow might have been avoided.

HIS HEAD IN SHARK'S MOUTH

Black Diver Claims to Have Had Remarkable Experience With Sea Monster.

Writing in Harper's Magazine of his visit to Thursday island in the Torres strait, Norman Duncan narrates some astonishing tales of the adventures of the natives with the savage tiger-sharks of these waters:

"It is said that the coastal aborigine is not greatly afraid of a shark—that he is a match for a shark, indeed, in fair water, when not taken unawares. He may lose a leg or an arm, or he may be carried off bodily; but in any event the damage will be due rather to the cunning approach of the shark than to the limitations of the diver. Fairly warned, he will dive to the bottom, roll the water, and thus elude the attack; and if he is pugnaciously disposed at the moment (they say)—if the shark impolitely interrupts him at a critical or deeply interested moment—he will give fight. It is true, of course, that the naked divers are accustomed to escape by rolling the water; such instances are common; but I have no stomach for the tale that any man will go out of his way to challenge combat with a twenty-foot tiger-shark—even when angered by an untimely interruption.

"I recall two stories of narrow escape. The one concerns a young Japanese diver who was taking a crayfish to the surface, and all at once found himself in a furious engagement. It was incautious of the diver to have a crayfish; and this indiscreet diver came out of the consequent encounter with a lacerated thigh and one arm missing. The other story is hardly credible, related far from the scene; I cannot vouch for it, at any rate, having had no means of authenticating it; but as I have not hesitated to swallow it whole, and have been pleasantly moved to shudder and thrill and exclaim aghast, I will tell it for what it is worth. It seems that a black beche-de-mer boy, swimming, naked and abstracted, close to the reef in search of slugs, awoke all at once to an amazing situation. It was not that the shark was near—not that it had turned and was darting; but that his head was actually in the shark's wide-open mouth. The black boy acted sharply; he withdrew his head in a flash, having at the same time 'punched' the shark (as they put it) to distract attention from the matter in hand; and he rescued himself after a brisk tussle, and lived to prove the adventure with a scarred cheek."

Mexico Land of Cathedrals.

The distinctive characteristic of Mexico is a land of cathedrals, which like the scattered beads from the rosary of some Franciscan monk, are strewn from the Bravo del Norte to where the winds from the tropics waft the palms. Previous to disestablishment of church and state, the treasures and wealth of these old monasteries were fabulous; and though Juarez, the full-blooded Indian who is looked upon as the emancipator of Mexico, seized church property and confiscated much, yet the buildings still stand as monuments to a colonization that was ardently Catholic, and are wonderful types of the Spanish renaissance. With huge domes, half-orange shape (so designated in Mexican architecture, "Media Naranja"), these stupendous buildings are decorated with wonderful specimens of wood carving, where solid mahogany beams form the joist in many cases. Mexico lavished the interior of these edifices with onyx columns, marble altars, silver chancel rails and gold tabernacles.

The woman worshippers in their mantillas and rebosas are in keeping with the old world atmosphere and taper lights.—Cassie Moncure Lyne.

Bad Habit.

Emerson Keough, the governmental efficiency expert, said in an address on efficiency in correspondence before the Denver Y. M. C. A.:

"Why shouldn't business correspondence read as easily and gracefully as a personal letter? Well, efficient business correspondence does so. The world is tired of the old-fashioned business letter with everything reversed, like—

"Yours of 11th ult. to hand, as per duplicate order inclosed, for shoes, high, laced, vici, eight dozen, shirts, assorted, calico, two dozen; socks, black, wool, sizes assorted, four dozen."

"They say that one of these old-fashioned correspondents who reverse everything went into a restaurant one day and ordered his dinner like one: "Pudding rice one; tomatoes one; po ditto ditto; steak beef one; soup le turt mock one."

Not Dead Yet.

Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, at the German-American chamber of commerce in New York, said about Turkey:

"They called Turkey the sick man of Europe. Now they have taken to calling her the dying man. Well, Turkey may fool them yet. She may fool them like the dying man of Dusseldorf.

"A Lutheran pastor called on a dying man in Dusseldorf. During the conversation that ensued the pastor noticed that the dying man kept putting his hand under the bed, whence he carried to his mouth something that he ate with appetite.

"What are you eating, my good friend?" the minister finally asked. "My funeral biscuit, the dying man answered, with a loud, bitter laugh. "While my wife's out I'm going to finish them up."



The Man Who Cares

Delights to see his wife as well dressed as other women and for the ECONOMICAL WIFE our store offers wonderful opportunities for replenishing her wardrobe with a combination of SIMPLICITY, STYLE and Good Taste altogether charming.

We have just received this week a Shipment of NEW SKIRTS in the new colors and styles.

Mathis-Martin D. G. Co.

The Store With The Goods

IDEAS BORN IN THE WEST

San Francisco Newspaper Thinks Little of Imagination Displayed by the East.

Like so many western ideas, the jitney is gradually making its way eastward. It has reached Philadelphia, it is an issue in Washington, it is dipping its tires in the surf at Atlantic City. The East never had imagination enough to invent such a simple matter as the jitney.

The jitney is merely an illustration. There are no new ideas of any kind in the East, except ideas among a limited circle concerning ways of getting people's money away from them. The West is America's great idea factory. The West can invent and popularize everything necessary from the jitney to the judicial recall. The East is classic, the West romantic; the East is tory, the West liberal; the East stands pat, the West keeps hopping right along.

New York city is not the nation's literary, artistic and musical center; it merely happens to have its hands on money enough to buy literature, art and music, which is quite a different thing. The New York idea ought to be dethroned. Why should New York pass on our plays and our books and our public policies when it hasn't sense enough even to invent a jitney? New York ought to get down on its knees and thank heaven that there is a West to furnish the salt to give it such savor as it has.—San Francisco Bulletin.

Try us one month then compare your Bills you will be convinced. 2tc. Williams Bros.

A ROUGH ROUTE.

"Did you find out what the steamship fare is?"

"Yes; \$64.80."

"Meals thrown in, of course?"

"Yes, but not guaranteed to stay in."

THEIR HABIT.

"The locomotive engineers' association has adopted a resolution endorsing suffrage."

"I suppose they railroaded it."

AN EXCEPTION.

"Are footnotes always at the bottom of the page, pa?"

"Not if the book happens to be a treatise on chiropody, my son."

A LONG ONE.

"The very narrow skirts have gone out of style."

"Well, that enables fashion to take a good step forward."

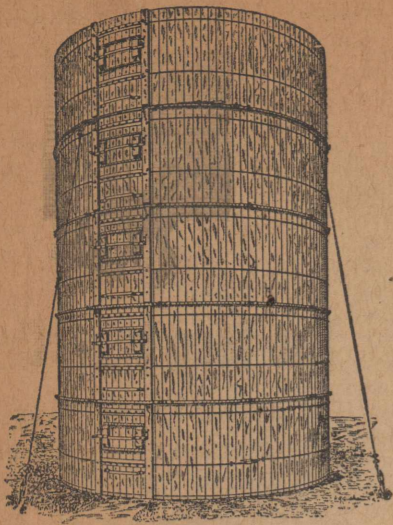
THE MODERN TYPE.

"Pa, what is a tenderfoot?"
"Nowadays, my son, it's a Westerner with a bank roll trying to dazzle Broadway."

10 lb box choice California Peaches 80 cts. William Bros.

7-lb good coffee \$1.00 2tc. Williams Bros.

SIMPLICITY AND DURABILITY



Is the keynote in the building of a

TULSA SILO

These two cardinal points, together with cheapness in first cost as well as upkeep, make the Tulsa the logical silo for every farmer to buy.

You who are contemplating building should not delay. Now is the time to build a silo for this year's crop and the winter feeding operations. Let us show you the silo in our yards and figure the cost of a silo to fit your own individual needs. The cost of a Tulsa will be surprisingly low. Read this:

Sylvester E. Jeffries writes from Hale, Mo., Jan. 20, 1915: "My cattle have had nothing but ensilage fed from a Tulsa silo and a little wheat straw for the last 30 days. They are in good condition and gaining flesh every day. The ensilage is just as good at the extreme out edge as it is in the center. The Tulsa is good enough for any man, and is in reach of the small farmer."

A. G. McADAMS LUMBER COMPANY
Floydada, Texas

Galloway-Yak Hybrid in Alaska.

No breeds of dairy or beef cattle have as yet been found hardy enough to stand the winters in the interior of Alaska without excessive expense for food and protection against cold. As a result milk sells for 50 cents a quart and the beef that is consumed in the country consists almost wholly of cold-storage meat brought from the outside, although occasionally a herd of

steers is driven in from the coast, the trip to Fairbanks taking a month or six weeks. To partly remedy this situation it is proposed by the Alaska Experiment Stations to cross the yak and the Galloway with the hope of producing an animal hardy enough to withstand the severe conditions in interior Alaska. This was suggested by the fact that the yak, which is much used by the Mongolians for meat and milk, as well as for work, is extremely hardy, obtaining his feed through the long and extremely cold Mongolian winter practically without assistance. According to the director of the Russian experiment station at Irkutsk, Siberia, the yak passes through the winter under the open sky and obtains feed from last year's dead grass dug from under the snow. Crosses of the yak and ordinary domestic cattle are easily obtained and are common in Mongolia, where they seem to thrive under primitive and severe conditions.

Largest Tax Producers.

The six largest tax producing counties of the state, together with their tax valuations, are as follows: Dallas 142 millions, Harris 135 millions, Bexar 109 millions, Tarrant 100 millions, McLennan 55 millions, Jefferson 52 Million. On this taxable value they will have to pay this year a tax in excess of 54 cents on the hundred for state purposes, the highest rate ever levied in the state.

Typewriter and Carbon paper at Hesperian office.
Fresh bread daily at Duncan's.

The Value of a Telephone

in the farmer's home cannot be measured in dollars and cents. It may be the means of saving your property from destruction by fire, your family from serious illness, your products from a drop in prices.

Thousands of farmer's telephones are connected with the vast system of this Company. The cost is most reasonable. Inquire of our nearest Manager.

Southwestern Tel. & Tel. Co.
7-R-14

FLOYDADA---ROARING SPRINGS AUTO LINE

U. S. MAIL DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

Connecting Q. A. & P. Ry. at Roaring Springs with Santa Fe at Floydada. The shortest, quickest, and cheapest route between East Texas and South Plains points. A delightful trip for tourists.

Leave Floydada	Leave Roaring Springs
8:00 A. M.	1:30 P. M.
Arrive Roaring Springs	Arrive Floydada
11:30 A. M.	5:00 P. M.

Rates: \$3.50 One Way,
\$6.00 Round Trip.

W. R. COPE, Prop.
FLOYDADA, TEXAS

BAD SIGN TO TAP ON WOOD

Clergyman Expresses the Opinion That Luck Signal Is Expressing Doubt in God.

Every time a person "taps on wood" to counteract the seeming boastfulness of having declared that he hasn't "had a sick day this year" or some such piece of good fortune, he is admitting that his God is no better than those of the heathen, of an envious and quarrelsome disposition, who dislike to see human beings at all exuberant over their luck, according to the Rev. Charles Wood, who preached last night on "Temporary and Permanent Peace," at the Church of the Covenant. He was exhorting the congregation to make peace with God and to believe in him as a kind Father.

Speaking of peace in Europe, Doctor Wood said:

"Humanity has needlessly lost faith in peace conferences, culture, and even Christianity in some cases, though it was only the lack of faith that allowed the breaking out of hostilities. Many wonder if war may not become a permanent condition in the world. This is palpably impossible. It is impossible to reckon out the duration of the war by comparing statistics of natural resources of the countries engaged and their periods of exhaustion, but it is easy to see that war, being an abnormal condition, is bound to end in time, like a fire or plague.

"However, peace will be nothing but an armed truce until humanitarian diplomats, if we can join those two words, come together with the idea of an entirely equitable adjustment, and with a Christian spirit."
—Washington Post.

SMOKE NUISANCE



Evelyn—She separated from her husband because he wouldn't give up smoking.

Lorraine—Left him under a cloud, as it were!

SAVING THE HALF CENT.

In these times, when every little that can be saved on the living expenses of the poor counts, I would suggest that the United States government coin a half-cent, which would be of great benefit to those who must count every cent of expenses.

For instance, if one wished to buy a half-pound of coffee, at 25 cents a pound, one would be obliged to pay 13 cents; with a half-cent piece in use there would be a saving of half a cent. There are many other things, too numerous to mention, that could be bought by poor people, especially fruit. One often sees apples and bananas sold two for one cent. If a poor person had a half-cent he could buy one, when he did not need two.—New York Times.

MILD GLOATING.

"You have no anarchistic tendencies, I hope?" said the altruist.

"None in particular," answered the dusty pedestrian, "but sometimes I can't repress a chuckle when I hear the air escaping from a punctured automobile tire."

REDUCING THE OVERHEAD.

"I see you have let your business manager go."

"Yes, I didn't see the need of him. I had to get the business. What I got he was willing to manage."

BROUGHT THEM HOME.

Patience—I see they're back from their honeymoon trip.

Patrice—So soon?

"Yes, I guess his money gave out."

WHAT HE WAS OUT FOR.

Bill—Wasn't he ashamed to shoot that young deer?

Jill—Why, no; he said he was out for the doe.

Early History of Typhus Fever.

Lice are not generally mentioned in polite society. Even in scientific circles they are referred to as "pediculi," in order that the sensibilities be not shocked. But the discovery of the transmission of typhus fever by these little pests of man has given them a new importance, especially since typhus has broken out in European armies. A recent paper by Dr. Fischer of Vienna gives the early history of typhus in relation to the "lice plague," now so formidable in eastern Europe. The routine history of typhus, its description by Fracastorius (1533) and as "taboridillo" by Francesco Bravo (1570), the superb account of Pringile (1752), the attempts to differentiate it from typhoid by Willis (1643), Huxham (1737), Hildebrand (1810) and others, the final and classical differentiation by W. W. Gerhard in America (1837) and Sir William Jenner in England (1849), and the subsequent developments up to the time of Plotz are well known. Dr. Fischer lists the many curious names given to the disease during the sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth centuries and states that the first description of lice as an accompaniment of typhus was given in a series of observations on Hungarian camp diseases, published by Tobias Cober of Gorlitz in 1606, and reissued by the anatomist Meibom in 1685. A translation of his quaint description of the latter nuisance is given in a recent issue of The Journal of the American Medical Association:

"With these foregather the most terrible pediculi, hardly to be thought of without a sense of discomfort, which in themselves, through their constant promenading and sucking of the body, are enough to stir up one's bile. For it is impossible to avoid the bites of these miserable creatures especially in the first years in the field, as they enjoyed a sort of right of citizenship in all camps. The atmosphere is so lukewarm, mild and stuffy that when clothes that have been washed in swamp water are exposed to the sunlight, they are seen to swarm with these "vermibus Syllanis." One cannot hope therefore to get away from these constant attendants and companions, as they seem to arise from the very moisture of the body itself. At first I thought to rid myself of the pest by constant change of newly washed clothing, but even this seemed to bring them more and more into play, instead of destroying them. And this can, as I bear witness, drive a man into fury. For as often as I was bitten by these miserable, abject animalcules, I gave full rein to my anger, fairly gnashing my teeth with rage, and cannot even now think of them without vexation. . . . One cannot ward off these six-footed Turks even with iron and steel. . . . And among many soldiers I have noted the frightful spectacle that this fearful plague of lice had gone for enough to cover the whole nape with ulcers, the flesh not only excoriated to the breadth of one or two fingers, but actually excavated, the men condemned to this miserable fate dying with groans and lamentations."

CORNELIUS NORMAL - MUSICAL - INSTITUTE

FLOYDADA, TEXAS, AUG. 16—SEPT. 4.
Prof. R. H. Cornelius, Ft. Worth, Director.

To Lovers of Music! Do you desire to learn more about how to sing? If so, this is your opportunity. Prof. Cornelius is one of the strongest music teachers and writers in the South. His instruction is worth going far to secure. Already the largest attendance of any musical institute ever held on the South Plains is assured. Be one to attend. Instruction in all grades.

Terms Of Instruction

Children under 12 years of age\$2.50
Adults not in Harmony Class 3.50
Full normal Course, Harmony and Composition included	.. 5.00
Full Normal course, Counterpoint included 10.00
Private Voice lessons, 30 minutes each 1.00

Make Arrangements now to attend. For information, address

Earl Rainer, Secretary, Floydada, Texas

School Bond Issue Carried At Lakeview.

The School Bond issue voted on last Saturday in Lakeview School District carried by a vote of 23 to 14.

The issue voted on was \$6200, and will be used for the construction of a brick school building.

Commissioners' Court canvassed the results of the election Monday.

The trustees of the district have plans for the building under advisement.

Judge E. P. Teompson, Chas. Trowbridge and F. P. Donathan, spent Monday afternoon in Lockney on business.

Explorers Have Reached Safety.

Rome, July 22.—News was received here from Siberia saying that the Smithsonian expedition, headed by Johann Koren, which has been in the Arctic regions for the past two years, reached civilization today. The leader, Johann Koren, is said to have lost both hands from freezing and two of the party have died from their terrible exposures. The expedition has been stuck in the ice floe several months in the Kelyma river and although this is in the extreme northern part of Siberia, their sufferings and many privations placed them in such a position that travel back to the main lands has been very slow.

BORN.—To Mr. and Mrs. Jim Craig, City, Friday, July 23, a daughter.

Ballinger Makes Carload Shipment of Infertile eggs.

Ballinger, July 19.—The first carload of infertile eggs have been shipped from this county were billed out Saturday. Many cars of eggs have been shipped from here this year, turning near \$100,000 into the pockets of the farmers of this county, but this is the first large shipment of infertile eggs ever shipped. The eggs brought 5 cents per dozen more than fertile eggs.

A nice assortment of Granite Ware cheap at Duncan's. 2tc.

J. C. Hubbard, local manager of the Southwestern Telegraph & Telephone Co., spent from Saturday to Monday in Amarillo.

FAIR EXHIBITS SHOULD BE IN PERFECT CONDITION.

The following letter from Mrs. Fred Wolfe, of Oak Hill, S. C., appearing in "The Progressive Farmer" Saturday, July 17, has some good ideas on getting ready for fairs. It will be of particular interest to prospective exhibitors at the Floyd County Fair.

"I BEGIN to get ready for one fair by the time one is over. In fact I lay my plan for the second while enjoying the first. I exhibit chickens, turkeys and ducks and have won first prize on all I have taken. When some one else won over me, I just tried the harder for the next time. I have got prizes on bread and chrysanthemums. In growing the winners I work from March till November with my plants.

"For exhibiting fowls I select my breeders early, and give all my fowls good attention during the hot, dry weather to keep them in trim. It is important to notice the small things of every day, such as a supply of fresh water and good food.

"When the time comes to take them to the fair I wash them well, getting all the dirt from the feet and legs, and place them in neat coops, with wire fronts and slatted tops, and painted white. I always send them in our wagon, as it is only 18 miles.

"In putting up jellies and pickles my little daughter selected the best fruit and sound vegetables and put them up in the summer while there was no need to hurry. On these she won some first and one second prize.

"There is much to learn from the fairs. We see what other people have accomplished in lines different from ours and it stimulates us to broaden out and try something else too. When we are excelled by others it causes us to double our endeavors, thus bringing our exhibits to a higher degree of perfection. Competition is the life of the fairs. If we persist in our efforts to really excel, we shall have the satisfaction of seeing how much good the fairs do in every department. So it is for each one to make the fair a school in which to learn the most there is to learn."

Miss Arlie Biles of Plainview, spent the earlier part of the week in Floydada as the guest of Miss Marie Hughes.

ANDERSON Tailor

All Cleaning and Pressing \$1.00
Ladies work the same

Am now ready to do first class work
Will appreciate part of your trade
Located in Glad's Store
Phone 67

Official, Legal Citations, Notices, Etc.

Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas; To the Sheriff or any constable of Floyd County, Greeting: Oath having been made as required by law, you are hereby commanded to summon Eliza E. Lack, if living, and if dead, her unknown heirs at law; Laura E. Stephens, and her husband, John Stephens, if living, if dead, their unknown heirs at law; Effie Riddle, and her husband, Ira Riddle, if living, and if dead, their unknown heirs at law; Sarah B. Pippie, if living, and if dead, her unknown heirs at law; and the unknown heirs of W. H. Beacom, deceased (It not being known whether or not any of said parties are living or dead, it is hereby intended that this citation is to said parties if living and if dead then to their unknown heirs) by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof in some newspaper published in Floyd County, Texas, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Floyd County, Texas, to be holden at the court house there of in Floydada, Texas, on the sixth Monday after the first Monday in August, 1915, the same being the 13 day of September, A. D. 1915, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1915, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 957, wherein R. H. Buckingham is plaintiff and Elmer Lewton, Herbert Lewton, Mina Hamilton, and her husband, —Hamilton, Eliza E. Lack, if living and if dead her heirs at law, Laura E. Stephens and her husband, John Stephens, if living, and if dead their heirs at law, Effie Riddle and her husband, Ira Riddle, if living, and if dead their heirs at law, Sarah B. Pippie, if living, and if dead her heirs at law, Mrs. W. H. Beacom and the unknown heirs at law of W. H. Beacom, deceased, are defendants; and said petition alleging in substance as follows, to wit:

1 Plaintiff avers that he resides in the County of Floyd, and State of Texas; that the defendant, Elmer Lewton, resides in the State of Missouri, at Excelsior Springs; that Herbert Lewton resides in The State of Texas in the City of Beaumont; That Mrs. Mina Hamilton and her husband, whose given name is to plaintiff unknown, resides in the State of Missouri and in Kansas City. That plaintiff does not know the residence of Eliza E. Lack, if living, and if dead, he does not know the names of her heirs at law, nor the place of their residence; that plaintiff does not know the residence of Laura E. Stephens and her husband, John Stephens, if living, if dead he does not know the names of their heirs at law nor the place of their residence; that plaintiff does not know the residence of Effie Riddle and her husband, Ira Riddle, if living, and if dead, he does not know the names of the heirs at law of said Effie Riddle and her husband, Ira Riddle, nor the place of the residence of said heirs, that he does not know the place of the residence of Sarah B. Pippie, if living and if dead, he does not know the names of the heirs at law of the said Sarah B. Pippie, nor the place of their said residence; that Mrs. W. H. Beacom resides in the State of Missouri and in the county of Paris, that he does not know the names of her heirs at law of W. H. Beacom, nor the place of their said residence; that he does not know the names of the heirs of said W. H. Beacom, deceased, and if any of said parties are living or dead, it is hereby intended that this citation is to said parties if living and if dead then to their unknown heirs) by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof in some newspaper published in Floyd County, Texas, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Floyd County, Texas, to be holden at the court house there of in Floydada, Texas, on the sixth Monday after the first Monday in August, 1915, the same being the 13 day of September, A. D. 1915, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1915, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 957, wherein R. H. Buckingham is plaintiff and Elmer Lewton, Herbert Lewton, Mina Hamilton, and her husband, —Hamilton, Eliza E. Lack, if living and if dead her heirs at law, Laura E. Stephens and her husband, John Stephens, if living, and if dead their heirs at law, Effie Riddle and her husband, Ira Riddle, if living, and if dead their heirs at law, Sarah B. Pippie, if living, and if dead her heirs at law, Mrs. W. H. Beacom and the unknown heirs at law of W. H. Beacom, deceased, are defendants; and said petition alleging in substance as follows, to wit:

defendants own as tenants in common, or each an undivided interest as here in after averred, a tract of land situated in the County of Floyd and State of Texas and described as follows, to-wit:

640 acres of land known as Survey No. 25, on the waters of White River, a tributary of Brazos River, about 11 miles north, 12 degrees west from Dewey's Lake.

Beginning at a stake, the southeast corner of Survey No. 24, A. B. & M.—L. S. No. 448, this Co. is 171 varas, north of the southwest corner of the Eddy Sparks Survey. Thence west 1900 varas to the southwest corner of said survey No. 24, thence South 1900 varas, thence east 1900 varas to a stake on the west line of the John McNeese Survey. Thence north with west line of said McNeese Survey at 1729 varas, pass its northwest corner 1900 varas to the place of beginning. Bearings marked x.

3 That said tract of land is of the value of \$6400.

4 Plaintiff avers that he owns an undivided five-sevenths interest in and to said tract of land and that the defendants own the other two-sevenths as herein-after shown.

5 Plaintiff avers that his claim as title and the defendants' claim is shown as follows, to-wit:

(a) Said tract of land was patented by the State of Texas to Nelson Lewton assignee of Beaty, Seale and Forwood, May 18th, 1875.

(b) Nelson Lewton died on the 5th day of May, 1883, and his estate was duly administered in the State of Illinois, and County of Pike, as shown by transcript of the proceedings of said administration recorded in the Deed Records of Floyd County, Texas, Volume 24, page 185.

(c) That he left surviving him as his heirs at law, Sarah Lewton, his widow, and the following children: Allen Lewton, Isaac Lewton, Edson Lewton, Eliza E. Lack, Arabella Parrick, Hannah Hollenbeak, and grand children, Elmer Lewton, Herbert Lewton and Minnie Lewton, children of Jasper Lewton, deceased.

(d) Edson M. Lewton and wife, Mary E. Lewton, by deed dated February 3rd, 1887, conveyed their undivided one seventh interest in said land to Joshua H. Lile.

(e) Isaac Lewton and wife, Margaret Lewton by deed dated January 24, 1889, conveyed to Allen Lewton, all their interest in the aforesaid land.

(f) Isaac Lewton and wife, Margaret Lewton, by deed dated January 24th, 1889, conveyed to Allen Lewton all their interest in said land.

(g) Joshua H. Lile and wife, Mary B. Lile, by deed dated April 27, 1901, conveyed to Allen Lewton their undivided one seventh interest in said land.

(h) Eliza E. Lack and her husband, H. A. Lack, by deed dated October 24, 1891, conveyed to Allen Lewton their undivided one seventh interest in and to said tract of land.

(i) The Last Will and Testament of said Allen Lewton was duly probated in the State of Illinois, Adams County, a certified copy of the proceedings of which was filed for record January 8, 1908, and recorded in Volume 15, page 455, in the office of the county clerk of Floyd County, Texas; by which will Mollie E. Tyler took title to four sevenths undivided interest of the said tract of land in controversy.

(j) Hannah Lewton Hollenbeak and John W. Hollenbeak, by deed dated June 1, 1907,

conveyed to Richard H. Buckingham and his wife, Lou M. Buckingham, an undivided one seventh interest in said tract of land.

[k] William A. Parrick, Laura E. Stephens, Charles Nelson Parrick, Sarah B. Pippie, Edson O. Parrick, Eddie Riddle, George A. Parrick, Marcus H. Parrick, Andrew J. Parrick and Scott E. Parrick, as only heirs of Sarah Belle Lewton Parrick, deceased, formerly Sarah Belle Lewton, by deed dated July 24, 1908, conveyed to W. H. Beacom their undivided interest in and to said land.

[l] Sarah B. Parrick, by deed dated January 14, 1884, conveyed to W. H. Beacom her interest in the tract of land aforesaid.

(m) Richard H. Buckingham, by deed dated October 4, 1910, conveyed to Mollie E. Tyler an undivided one seventh interest in said tract of land.

(n) Mollie E. Tyler, on the 9 day of October, 1908, executed to Clifford E. Tyler, a general power of attorney to sell her interest in said tract of land.

(o) Mollie E. Tyler conveyed to Clifford E. Tyler by deed dated April 20th, 1912, one-half of five-sevenths interest in said tract of land.

(p) William H. Beacom and wife, Elizabeth Beacom, by deed dated October 5th, 1912, conveyed to Clifford E. Tyler, and Mollie E. Tyler a one-seventh interest in said tract of land.

(q) Clifford E. Tyler and wife, Edna Tyler, and Mollie E. Tyler, by her attorney in fact, Clifford E. Tyler, by deed dated September 26th, 1912, conveyed to William H. Beacom a one-seventh undivided interest in the tract of land aforesaid.

(r) Mollie E. Tyler by Clifford E. Tyler, her attorney in fact, Clifford E. Tyler and Edna Tyler, by deed dated December 17th, 1914, conveyed to R. H. Buckingham an undivided five sevenths interest in said tract of land.

(s) Mollie E. Tyler, by deed dated February 18th, 1915, conveyed to R. H. Buckingham an undivided three-sevenths interest in and to the tract of land aforesaid.

(t) Plaintiff avers that in the event there should be a defect in his title to any part of five sevenths undivided interest in and to said tract of land, then he avers that he and those under whom he claims title to said tract of land have had and held peaceable and adverse possession thereof, cultivating, using, and enjoying the same and paying taxes thereon for a period of five years next before the filing of this suit, and that he has title to said five-sevenths undivided interests in and to said tract of land by virtue of the five years statute of limitation.

(u) Plaintiff avers that in the event there should be a defect in his title to any part of five-sevenths undivided interest in and to said tract of land, then he avers that he and those under whom he claims title to said tract of land have had and held peaceable and adverse possession thereof, cultivating, using and enjoying the same for a period of ten years next before the filing of this suit and that he claims title to said five-sevenths undivided interest in said tract of land by virtue of the ten-year statute of limitation.

6. Plaintiff seeks to have said land partitioned, and his interest thereto established and his title decreed to be in him, to the extent of five-sevenths of said tract of land.

7. Wherefore, premises considered, plaintiff prays for citation and notice to the non-resident defendants and citation by publication for the defendants whose residences are alleged to be unknown, and if dead, to their unknown heirs.

That upon a hearing hereof he have judgment decreeing title to him to the extent of

five-sevenths interest in said tract of land; that his said interest be partitioned and set apart to him by metes and bounds; and that the interest of the defendants, which has been stated as clearly as can be, be partitioned to them according to the interest of each; that commissioners be appointed to partition said land in accordance with the decree of this court, and that title be decreed in accordance with the report of said commissioners; that plaintiff recover costs of court, and that as to non-resident defendants no personal judgment for cost be rendered, but that the cost be apportioned and a lien fixed on the interest of each in said land to satisfy said costs as apportioned; and plaintiff prays for general and equitable relief as he shows himself entitled to.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, Tom W. Deen.

Clerk of the District Court of Floyd County.

Given Under My Hand and Seal of said Court, at office in Floydada this the 15th day of July A. D. 1915.

[Seal] Tom W. Deen Clerk,

District Court Floyd County.

715

Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas;

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Floyd County Greeting:

Oath having been made as required by law

You Are Hereby Commanded to summon Elmer I Goshen, Mrs. Nellie Rose, James Rose, Levi Goshen, Mrs. Anna V. Alyard and her husband, whose given name is unknown, and Bell Goshen. If any one of said parties be dead, then you are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of said parties. It not being known whether or not any of said parties be living or dead, it is hereby intended that this citation is to said parties if living and if dead then to their unknown heirs, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 64th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 64th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Floyd County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Floydada, Texas, on the sixth Monday after the first Monday in August 1915, the same being the 13th day of September A. D. 1915, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 15th day of July A. D. 1915 in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 956, wherein Louis Lightner is Plaintiff and Elmer I. Goshen if living, if dead his unknown heirs, Mrs. Nellie Rose and her husband James Rose if living, if dead then their unknown heirs, Levi Goshen, if living, if dead, his unknown heirs, Mrs. Anna V. Alyard and her husband whose given name is unknown, if living, if dead their unknown heirs, and Bell Goshen, if living, if dead her unknown heirs, are defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiff and said defendants are the joint owners of a certain tract or parcel of land, situated in the County of Floyd, and State of Texas, described as follows to wit:—

640 acres of land known as survey No. 75 in Block D 3, abstract No. 321 situated on the waters of Pease River, about Nine Miles N.-70 degrees East from the center of the County, located by virtue of land scrip No. 104 issued by the Commissioner of the General Land Office of the State of Texas to the E. L. & R. R. Ry Co Decr. 6th 1876 and transferred to Mary A. Newcomb March 24th 1877, and patented to said Mary A. Newcomb Nov. 28th 1879, by Patent No. 145 Vol. 53. Plaintiff avers that he has title to and owns an undivided one sixth interest in and to said tract of land. That the defendants Elmer I. Goshen, or his heirs at law, Nellie Rose or her heirs at law, Levi Goshen or her heirs at law, Bell Goshen or her heirs at law and Anna M. Alyard or her heirs at law each have title to and owns an undivided one sixth interest in said tract of land.

That the reasonable market value of said tract of land is Ten dollars per acre, or Six thousand four hundred dollars. Plaintiff avers that before his death, Levi Goshen, owned the tract of land aforesaid in fee simple, that he died intestate on July 31st A. D. 1895, and left as his heirs at law, his wife Harriett Goshen, who died intestate in 1897, and that the children of the said Levi and Harriett Goshen, inherited from their said father and mother the tract of land in controversy that the children surviving of said parties and entitled to said land are the defendants in this cause and George H. Goshen, to wit;

Elmer I. Goshen, Mrs. Nellie Rose, Levi Goshen, Mrs. Anna V. Alyard, Belle Goshen, and George H. Goshen; That Plaintiff by deed dated the 2nd day of December A. D. 1914, acquired the interest of said George H. Goshen, said deed duly recorded in Floyd County, Texas, in deed records, Volume 36, on pages 427 and 428 that said tract of land was patented to Mary A. Newcomb, by the State of Texas November—, 1879 and Mary A. Newcomb, conveyed said land by deed dated November 29th, 1883 to Levi Goshen, and the said Levi Goshen, is the common source of title as to both Plaintiff and Defendants. Plaintiff prays for citation by publication for partition of said land and for the cost of suit to be prorated, for the appointment of an attorney to represent the defendants and for general and equitable relief.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, Tom W. Deen, Clerk of the District Court of Floyd County.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in (SEAL) Floydada this the 15th day of July A. D. 1915.

Tom W. Deen Clerk,

Dist. Court, Floyd County

Notice of Stockholders Meeting.

Of the Crosbyton-South Plains Railroad Company, to be held Wednesday, September 1st, 1915, for the purpose of authorizing the directors thereof to issue bonds, etc.

To the Stockholders of the Crosbyton-South Plains Railroad Company: You and each of you are hereby notified that on the 16th day of June, 1915, at special meeting of the Board of Directors of said Company a resolution was unanimously adopted calling a meeting of the stockholders of said company, to be held Wednesday, September 1, 1915, at offices of the Company, in Crosbyton Texas, at 10 O'clock a. m., for the purpose of authorizing the directors thereof to execute a mortgage upon the property of the Company and to issue bonds there under to an amount and

sued by the Commissioner of the General Land Office of the State of Texas to the E. L. & R. R. Ry Co Decr. 6th 1876 and transferred to Mary A. Newcomb March 24th 1877, and patented to said Mary A. Newcomb Nov. 28th 1879, by Patent No. 145 Vol. 53. Plaintiff avers that he has title to and owns an undivided one sixth interest in and to said tract of land. That the defendants Elmer I. Goshen, or his heirs at law, Nellie Rose or her heirs at law, Levi Goshen or her heirs at law, Bell Goshen or her heirs at law and Anna M. Alyard or her heirs at law each have title to and owns an undivided one sixth interest in said tract of land.

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Elmer I. Goshen, Mrs. Nellie Rose, Levi Goshen, Mrs. Anna V. Alyard, Belle Goshen, and George H. Goshen; That Plaintiff by deed dated the 2nd day of December A. D. 1914, acquired the interest of said George H. Goshen, said deed duly recorded in Floyd County, Texas, in deed records, Volume 36, on pages 427 and 428 that said tract of land was patented to Mary A. Newcomb, by the State of Texas November—, 1879 and Mary A. Newcomb, conveyed said land by deed dated November 29th, 1883 to Levi Goshen, and the said Levi Goshen, is the common source of title as to both Plaintiff and Defendants. Plaintiff prays for citation by publication for partition of said land and for the cost of suit to be prorated, for the appointment of an attorney to represent the defendants and for general and equitable relief.

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[Seal] Tom W. Deen Clerk,

District Court Floyd County.

715

Citation by Publication.

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To the Sheriff or any Constable of Floyd County Greeting:

Oath having been made as required by law

You Are Hereby Commanded to summon Elmer I Goshen, Mrs. Nellie Rose, James Rose, Levi Goshen, Mrs. Anna V. Alyard and her husband, whose given name is unknown, and Bell Goshen. If any one of said parties be dead, then you are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of said parties. It not being known whether or not any of said parties be living or dead, it is hereby intended that this citation is to said parties if living and if dead then to their unknown heirs, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 64th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 64th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Floyd County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Floydada, Texas, on the sixth Monday after the first Monday in August 1915, the same being the 13th day of September A. D. 1915, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 15th day of July A. D. 1915 in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 956, wherein Louis Lightner is Plaintiff and Elmer I. Goshen if living, if dead his unknown heirs, Mrs. Nellie Rose and her husband James Rose if living, if dead then their unknown heirs, Levi Goshen, if living, if dead, his unknown heirs, Mrs. Anna V. Alyard and her husband whose given name is unknown, if living, if dead their unknown heirs, and Bell Goshen, if living, if dead her unknown heirs, are defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiff and said defendants are the joint owners of a certain tract or parcel of land, situated in the County of Floyd, and State of Texas, described as follows to wit:—

640 acres of land known as survey No. 75 in Block D 3, abstract No. 321 situated on the waters of Pease River, about Nine Miles N.-70 degrees East from the center of the County, located by virtue of land scrip No. 104 issued by the Commissioner of the General Land Office of the State of Texas to the E. L. & R. R. Ry Co Decr. 6th 1876 and transferred to Mary A. Newcomb March 24th 1877, and patented to said Mary A. Newcomb Nov. 28th 1879, by Patent No. 145 Vol. 53. Plaintiff avers that he has title to and owns an undivided one sixth interest in and to said tract of land. That the defendants Elmer I. Goshen, or his heirs at law, Nellie Rose or her heirs at law, Levi Goshen or her heirs at law, Bell Goshen or her heirs at law and Anna M. Alyard or her heirs at law each have title to and owns an undivided one sixth interest in said tract of land.

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Elmer I. Goshen, Mrs. Nellie Rose, Levi Goshen, Mrs. Anna V. Alyard, Belle Goshen, and George H. Goshen; That Plaintiff by deed dated the 2nd day of December A. D. 1914, acquired the interest of said George H. Goshen, said deed duly recorded in Floyd County, Texas, in deed records, Volume 36, on pages 427 and 428 that said tract of land was patented to Mary A. Newcomb, by the State of Texas November—, 1879 and Mary A. Newcomb, conveyed said land by deed dated November 29th, 1883 to Levi Goshen, and the said Levi Goshen, is the common source of title as to both Plaintiff and Defendants. Plaintiff prays for citation by publication for partition of said land and for the cost of suit to be prorated, for the appointment of an attorney to represent the defendants and for general and equitable relief.

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Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in (SEAL) Floydada this the 15th day of July A. D. 1915.

Tom W. Deen Clerk,

Dist. Court, Floyd County

Notice of Stockholders Meeting.

Of the Crosbyton-South Plains Railroad Company, to be held Wednesday, September 1st, 1915, for the purpose of authorizing the directors thereof to issue bonds, etc.

To the Stockholders of the Crosbyton-South Plains Railroad Company: You and each of you are hereby notified that on the 16th day of June, 1915, at special meeting of the Board of Directors of said Company a resolution was unanimously adopted calling a meeting of the stockholders of said company, to be held Wednesday, September 1, 1915, at offices of the Company, in Crosbyton Texas, at 10 O'clock a. m., for the purpose of authorizing the directors thereof to execute a mortgage upon the property of the Company and to issue bonds there under to an amount and

for a period to be fixed by the Stockholders at said meeting; and to authorize the directors to apply to the Railroad Commission of Texas for authority to issue such bonds; and to take such further and other steps as may be necessary under the laws of Texas for the final approval by said Commission of said bonds; and to obtain the authority of said Commission to register said bonds when issued in the office of the Secretary of State of Texas.

Dated this June 16th, 1915, at Crosbyton, Texas.
W. R. Lotspiech,
624
(Seal) Secretary.

Flour is down. Get our prices. White Sells for less. tf

Genuine Paprika is NOT a Kind of Cayenne Pepper

Because they look alike, most of us have a sort of general impression that Cayenne (Red) Pepper and Paprika are made of pretty much the same thing, only that Cayenne is hotter than the other. And that the difference in the "burn" of them comes from the way they're made or by putting something into the Paprika to sweeten it.

The best Cayenne is ground from pods that come all the way from the East Indies. Of course, some of the lower grades of Cayenne come from Jamaica, South America, Mexico and our own South, but when we speak of Cayenne we refer to the choicest, most pungent and finest flavored, such as White Swan Red Pepper.

The real Paprika though comes from Spain or Hungary and has no Cayenne mixed with it. It is an entirely different pod than Cayenne and is used to flavor with its own delightful and distinctive taste, mild and sweet, while Cayenne is used primarily to make things hot. And yet though so different it belongs to the red pepper family. Therefore, it is possible to use ordinary red peppers in making a so-called Paprika and to call it by a name similar to this and be within the letter of the law. It is more hot than tasty—yet it might pass for Paprika.

Here again you must buy your Paprika under the brand of a company whose standing and integrity are both beyond question, if you are to be certain of getting a Paprika that has the real and delicious flavor that only the best can have. We guarantee to you that White Swan Paprika is genuine and unadulterated—packed to preserve all flavor and goodness.

Your grocer sells White Swan Red Pepper and White Swan Paprika—both of distinguished quality, purity and strength.



Waples-Platter Grocer Co.
Wholesale Grocers
TEXAS



A FOOL TRICK

In times of HIGH PRICES, when we are all puzzling over the HIGH COST of LIVING, it's a FOOL TRICK to buy blindly and without comparison of PRICES and Values.

We advise the greatest care in this respect, a thorough comparison of QUALITY and PRICES—for we know that careful buying means business for us.

DUNCAN GRO. CO.

SAVING MONEY

A great number of people are saving money buying their clothes made to measure and buying them from us. You can also save your clothes by having them cleaned and pressed by our scientific methods.

HAINES KING CO
"THE KNOW HOW TAILORS"
HAINES KING CO

LAUNDRY AGENTS--PHONE 100

For fruit jars see Williams Bros. 2tc.

We don't have to pay any house rent therefore, we can sell Groceries cheap.
Williams Bros.

Preaching Announcement.

Rev. G. W. Shearer announces that services will be held at the Methodist Church Sunday morning and evening at the usual hours.

Elder M. V. Showalter preached at the Church of Crist Sunday morning.

Miss Stella Butterfield, of Plainview, visited Miss Viola Rushing here last week. The Misses Ruby and Pearl Leverette of Plainview, were guests of the Misses Rushing during the week.

"Do you like my hat?"
"Very much. I always did like that hat."

GUIDE TO JAPAN.

Walk up five months, beginning with January, turn sharply to your right, and there is June.

June is noted for its roses and honeymoons. There are more desolated households in June, on account of outgoing brides, than at any other time. Also more households where mamma experiences a grand feeling of relief and papa hopes that now expenses can be cut down.

To enjoy June properly, take an early start. Begin to make your plans about it in March. Get rid of your moral courage, your character and your regular business. Then, when you have all the money there is in the cash drawer, enter June with confidence and give yourself up to it with the complete serenity of housewife's irresponsibility.—Life.

PERSISTENT CHANGE.

What are your ideas of the best of government?"

"Oh," replied the restless agitator; "It wasn't a question of what kind of government we're after. It's merely getting rid of the one at present in operation."

AWKWARD SITUATION.

"For two dollars I will foretell our future."

"Are you a genuine soothsayer?"

"I am."

"Then you ought to know that I haven't got two dollars."

NO WONDER.

"There is one class of employed men who are expected to strike."

"Who are they?"

"Baseball batters."

NO DOUBT.

"Cotton has some dire possibilities as an investment."

"Naturally; cotton is a baleful object."

THE ONE EXCEPTION.

"You have no cross to bear," said the husband.

"Only when you are as cross as I," replied the wife.

Wiley Fort and Elmer Brown, of Plainview, visited last Friday with Lee Rushing.

4 pkgs soda 25 cts Williams Bros. 2tc.

NOVEL USE FOR TELEPHONE

Surgeons Employ Instrument to Determine the Exact Location of Bullets.

War is a stimulus to science, and this is reflected very strikingly in matters pertaining to the relief of the wounded. The search for and extraction of fragments of shells is no simple matter, although surgical endeavor has been facilitated by the perfection of the X-rays. But these are insufficient. A bullet may be located speedily, but the difficulty is to ascertain its precise position by the probe and lancet. As a result of study and investigation a simple and effective method of discovery has been perfected, which may be described as telephoning for bullets. Ordinary telephonic receivers are clamped over the surgeon's head, one wire being led to a carbon plate and the second wound round the knife, probe, needle, forceps or whatever instrument is used. With this implement the search is made, and directly it comes into contact with, say, a bullet, a distinct click is heard on the telephone. If the instrument is rubbed across the surface of the buried object a rattle is observed, and by following this clue it is possible to withdraw the bullet or fragment of metal. The idea is by no means new, inasmuch as it was employed for the first time during the Boer war; but the present campaign has served to bring it to a high state of perfection.

We have pure south Texas comb honey.
Williams Bros. 2tc.

C. W. Boothe is erecting a neat little cottage on property in the east part of town. The new dwelling will be occupied by Engineer Campbell and wife, when completed.

Notice.

I have impounded and will sell on Friday, August 6th, 1915, one sandy spotted hog with ring in nose, unless hog is claimed by owner.

Tom P. Steen, City Marshal.

COOL RECEPTION.

"You look sweet enough to eat!" he exclaimed.

She gave him a freezing look.

"But I do not care for ices."

FIFTY-FIFTY.

"Half the world doesn't know how the other half lives."

"That's the half that minds its own business, probably."

EASILY GAINED.

"I certainly admire your daughter's savoir faire, Mrs. Comeup."

"Yes; it's the latest kind. We got it for her in Paris."

THE RETURNED SOLDIER.

"I tell you, when we went into action, we got the enemy on the run."

"Then I bet you were in front of the aim."

LANGUAGE MODIFIED BY WAR

Most Pedantic Purists Find Themselves Unable to Avoid the Changing Metaphors.

Language, like almost everything else, is unable to escape from being conditioned and modified by war. Half our best metaphors are taken from war as it used to be, and we still talk of nations "taking the sword," though that is just what they never do, when "moving the howitzer," would be vastly more appropriate.

Modern artillery has forced us to make a verb out of a noun and to permit our gunners to "shell" a place in defiance of all conceivable rules of grammar. We have forced "offensive" and "objective" to do duty as nouns in spite of the fact that they are plain and indubitable adjectives, and we freely "bombard," though it would be quite as reasonable for a pillow fighter to say he "pillowed."

Perhaps the most curious thing in this connection is the way in which we have been driven back upon the old verb "flee." Before the era of the Zeppelin and the aeroplane we should certainly have said "the German fleet 'flies' before the British;" now we say it "flees," because "flying" seems to connote motion above the surface of the earth. There are a hundred subtle differences of this sort to which war has impelled us, and from which the most pedantic purist is totally unable to escape.

CLEARLY A FARMING STATE

Names of Many of the Streams That Flow Through Iowa Seem to Demonstrate Fact.

That Iowa is a farming state is reflected in the names of many of the streams that flow through it. First there is a Farm creek, so that Farmers creek is not out of place; then there is a Chicken creek, a Duck creek, a Goose creek, a number of Turkey creeks, as well as Pigeon creek. There are Fox, Hawk, and Rat creeks to devour the domestic animals, and some Crow creeks, while there are also a Fly creek and Mosquito creek to worry the summer boarders. Milk and Cold Water creeks are present, likewise a Hog run and a Mud creek, so that Bacon creek is not strange. It is fitting that with a Bee creek and a Bee branch there should also be a Honey creek. There are a couple of Cherry creeks, a Crapple creek, and plenty of Plum creeks, and for the wild animals we have Bear, Beaver, Buck, Crane, Deer, Doe, Elk, Otter, Panther, Raccoon, Skunk and Wolf creeks. With a Keg creek there is a Whisky creek and a Whisky run. Finally, there is a Purgatory creek.

NEVER JUST RIGHT.

"Dubbins is a singularly unfortunate man."

"What makes you think so?"

"He's the sort of person who is always caught with his mouth open when a photographer takes a group picture."

NEITHER IS WELL PAID.

"I dare say it is more romantic for a pretty girl to nurse a sick soldier than a sick shoe clerk."

"No doubt. Still, the shoe clerk is a better matrimonial prospect. He draws more salary than the soldier."

NOT PASSED BY THE CENSOR.

City Editor—What do you mean when you write "The statement is semi-official?"

Reporter—Mrs. Blinks wouldn't talk, so I got the story from her husband.

EAR HER GUIDE.

Musician—What's the rent of this room, including the use of the piano?

Landlady—I can't say offhand. You must play me something first.

LEADING AT LAST.

"The dream of his life was to be at the head of the procession."

"Was it ever realized?"

"Yes. He died yesterday."

GOOD REASON.

"Smith is pushing his manufacturing business."

"What does he manufacture?"

"Electric buttons."

WRONG CONSULTATION.

"My doctor says I must build myself up."

"Then you should have gone to an architect."

WHY ATHLETES GET "STALE"

Coaches Sometimes Keep Their Men at Work Without Proper Resting Periods.

The question of short versus long periods of practice in training the human muscles for any particular kind of work is obviously one having far-reaching application. Some interesting experiments on this subject have been carried out by Dr. K. S. Lashley of Johns Hopkins university. Acquisition of skill in archery was selected as the subject of observation. Twenty untrained persons were divided into three groups. One group shot five arrows with the English longbow per day; another twenty shots per day, and the third forty shots. The results showed conclusively that the group shooting only five times a day improved in accuracy with less expenditure of time in practice than was required by either of the other groups for the same amount of improvement. A report on the experiments says: "The relatively greater efficiency of short periods of practice continuing for many days is in accordance with the results of the study of animals and of speech habits in man, and indicates that in training to muscular feats, in both animals and men, the length of practice periods required is usually too great for maximum efficiency."

SOME GOOD IN PURPLE PATCH

Absolute Condemnation of "Flashes" in Composition Can Hardly Be Said to Be Warranted.

Every textbook on rhetoric contains a warning against "purple passages," and nearly every literary critic has, at one time or another, held them up to wrath. This censure needs some qualification.

A purple patch may not be bad in itself; its fault may be that it accentuates the poverty of the surrounding texture—that it is not a true and rational effect and development of style.

Its writer has often been compared with a man who wears a drab coat which has been mended by a piece of gay cloth designed for some gorgeous wearer.

But if the drab coat offends our eyes, why should we deny them the pleasure of looking on the splash of vivid color?

To write a sentence ending with a preposition is a misfortune; to split an infinitive is a crime; but the man who composes a purple passage may retort on his critics by saying that he was giving a sample of what he could do, had he taken more pains, or were he more happily inspired.

DIDN'T DESERVE IT.

"I gave a seat to a woman in a street car this morning."

"I don't suppose she even acknowledged your courtesy."

"Oh, yes. She acknowledged it, all right. She said, 'I was just wondering how long I would have to stand in front of you before you would get up.'"

AN AFTERTHOUGHT.

"Jack took me in his arms and proposed to me."

"Heavens! Why didn't you make him propose to you first?"

"I—I don't believe he intended to do it until he took me in his arms."

SHOPWORN.

Bess—I think if Alice married Mr. Joblots she will sell herself cheaply.

Jess—Well, she's been on the shelf long enough to go at a bargain.

HARDLY EVER.

"Mamma, is 'man' a noun."

"Yes, dear."

"A proper noun?"

"Hardly ever, dear."—Houston.

EMPTY HEADED.

"He's an empty head. There's absolutely nothing in it."

"Nothing at all?"

"Nothing. Not even a cold."

SPOILING A SCANDAL.

"I hear that Bobbs drinks like a fish."

"So he does. Never touches anything but water."

THE APPROPRIATE PLACE.

"Where do you keep your clippings of the various fights?"

"Where should I put them but in my scrapbook?"

OUR PUBLIC FORUM

F. C. Howe
On The Advantages of Free Ports



F. C. Howe

Mr. F. C. Howe, Federal Commissioner of Immigration, who is one of the best American authorities on maritime commerce, in discussing the relation of free ports to the development of sea trade said in part:

"Ships will go hundreds of miles out of their way to avoid ports surrounded by a tariff wall. The only way, therefore, for a country with a tariff to compete in the shipping world with a free trade country is to establish free ports at strategic points along its coast line. Germany has done so, and in a comparatively short period has built up a carrying trade which before the war was seriously threatening England's supremacy. Hamburg, one of the three German free ports, now ranks as the second greatest seaport in the world, its total foreign commerce in 1913 being only \$6,000,000 under that of New York.

The free port would offer great opportunity for financial operations, now made possible by the recent currency act. It would stimulate international banking, and would tend to shift the financial center of the world to this country. And America, by the logic of events, has become the natural center for the world's financing, just as London became that center several centuries ago, when it shifted from the cities of the Netherlands. But the financial center will only move to this country when it becomes a clearing house of goods as well as of money. For credit the world over is created by currently created wealth in transit or change so that even our financial expansion is dependent upon the opening up of American ports to the clearance of the wealth of the world. A port should not operate to yield a return on the investment, but to develop the prosperity of the country." In recapitulating the advantages, Mr. Howe brings out the importance of the free port in developing our shipping, and linking us with South America, Asia and Africa, and then concludes:

"The most important gain is the direct gain to America. It will cheapen commodities by bringing great quantities of goods to our doors for importation or export, as trade needs demand. It will stimulate the growth of exporting houses, which can hold goods for an indefinite period without the payment of tariff dues (often equal to the cost of the article itself) for disposal to meet the trade demands of the whole world. It will uphold international credit, and shift to America an increasing and ultimately a predominant share in international exchange.

Finally, America is the natural country to be the counter of the world. Its seacoasts face every other continent; it is the greatest of all reservoirs of raw materials and foodstuffs. In iron and steel and standardized production it is in a position to compete with the world. But international trade (and this is always overlooked) must be reciprocal. It cannot be one-sided. And credit balances cannot for any prolonged period be paid in gold. They can only be paid by exchange of wealth."

OUR PUBLIC FORUM

Joe Hirsch
On Bankers Helping the Farmers



Joe Hirsch

It is a great thing to make two bales of cotton grow where one grew before, but a much greater achievement to make a bale of cotton worth twice what it was before. It is a great thing for a banker to lend money on property he never loaned on before, but a still greater achievement to lend a dollar at one-half the rate of interest and make a greater net profit than he did before. The Texas Bankers, in co-operating with the Farmers' Union, are bringing about these happy results.

When the State of Texas established a warehouse commission it gave the marketing side of agriculture recognition and when it based success of the law upon co-operation the legislature paid a tribute to the intelligence and patriotism of the farmers, bankers and business interests.

Mr. Joe Hirsch, president of the Texas Bankers' Association, when asked to define the position of the Texas Bankers on cotton warehousing and financing, said in part:

"As a result of the vigorous cotton warehouse campaign now being undertaken, the Texas Bankers' Association, backed up by the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, will endeavor to market the Texas cotton crop gradually and to obtain for the farmers of Texas a reasonable price above the cost of production.

The Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas is urging the bankers to assist in financing the Texas cotton crop and is offering to rediscout, for its members, notes secured by cotton warehouse receipts, giving preference to cotton stored in bonded warehouses. With this powerful backing for the first time in the financial history of the state, Texas bankers are prepared to finance our cotton crop, but the success or failure of this movement depends entirely upon the construction of adequate warehouse facilities, upon the willingness of farmers to store their cotton and upon the co-operation of country merchants and bankers agreeing to extend credit facilities upon cotton when warehoused.

A cotton warehouse can be constructed at a cost of not exceeding \$1.00 to \$1.25 per bale capacity. Plans for warehouses, prepared for the Texas Bankers' Association, may be obtained by writing Nathan Adams, Chairman Texas Bankers' Warehouse Committee, Dallas. It is suggested that communities build warehouses in units of 1000 bales each, situated not less than 100 feet from each other. This takes a low fire rate. Call a meeting of your local merchants and bankers. Procure a guarantee of enough money to build your warehouse. Apply for your charter and start work immediately.

The Texas Bankers' Association is composed of seven units, or groups, comprising seven sections of the state. A group chairman is actively in charge of the work in his own district. A banker chairman has been appointed in every county who reports direct to the group chairman. The campaign has been conducted vigorously and applications for charters are pouring into the State Warehouse Department daily and it is hoped that as a result of the campaign now being waged, the warehouse capacity of the State will be largely increased."

OUR PUBLIC FORUM

E. P. Ripley
On Relation of Railroads and People.



E. P. Ripley

The industrial leaders of this nation are talking to the public face to face through the columns of this paper. The time was when if a corporation had anything to say to the people they sent a hired hand, whispered it through a lawyer or employed a lobbyist to explain it to the legislature, but the men who know and the men who do are now talking over the fence to the man who plows.

When the leading business men of this nation get "back to the soil" with their problems, strife and dissension will disappear, for when men look into each other's faces and smile there is a better day coming.

Mr. E. P. Ripley, president of the Santa Fe Railroad, when asked to give his views in reference to relations existing between the railroad and the public said in part:

"Frequently we hear statements to the effect that these relations are improving, that the era of railroad baiting has passed and that public sentiment now favors treating the railroads fairly. As yet this change in public sentiment, if any such there be, is not effective in results.

It is true that in the legislatures of the southwestern states during the past winter there were fewer unreasonable and unreasonable laws passed than usual, but a consideration of the hostile bills introduced shows that there is still reason for much disquiet even though they were defeated by more or less of a majority.

Moreover, the idea that the railroads have been harshly treated does not seem to prevail in the offices of the State Railroad Commissions which seem to cherish a notion that their business is not to act as an arbitrator between the railroads and the people, but which proceed on the theory that the railroads are able to take care of themselves and that their duty is to act as attorney for the people even though in so doing they deny justice to the railroads. It requires no argument to demonstrate that the railroads are entitled to justice equally with other citizens and taxpayers. That they have not received it and are not receiving it is perfectly susceptible proof. That they have practically no recourse in the courts has also been determined.

The situation therefore is that the people, through their representatives must elect whether the services of the railroads shall be adequately compensated or not; and it requires no fortune teller or soothsayer to predict in the long run the service will take the class that is paid for and not the class that is not.

The natural competition between the railroads and the nation to perform first-class service has heretofore resulted in giving much more than it was willing to pay for. Continuation of impossible and no laws, however drastic, can long accomplish what is desired."