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No. 25

EDITORIAL.

HYPOCRISY IN THE CHURCH.

There seems to be an impression very general among a large class of non-Church people that the Church has in its membership a great many hypocrites. When you approach such people on the subject of religion, they take apparent pleasure in calling your attention to the fact that we have too many hypocrites in the Church for them to become religious and take the vows of Christianity. Well, if there were any truth in the allegation, it contains no valid reason for such persons remaining in sin and living in practical opposition to the Church. The principles underlying Church membership are true and salutary, even if half of the people in the Church were hypocrites of the worst character. But the allegation is false, for the most part, in its assumption. True, we have hundreds of people in the Church who live far below their privileges, and we have hundreds of others who often live in direct opposition to the teachings of the gospel; but such people are not necessarily hypocrites, but struggling men and women, with many faults and weaknesses, and with honest desires to be good and true Christians.

A WORD OF FRIENDLY ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Some time ago, it matters not when, there was brought to a place prepared for such a 16-year-old girl, whose condition needs no further comment. Her story was a short one, but it contained tragedy and sorrowful shame. Her home was above the average in point of means and social standing; but no wholesome restraints had been judiciously imposed upon her young life. Parties, buggy rides and strolls after nightfall with friends and associates were of frequent occurrence, and the result is implied if not stated in the opening sentence of these lines. In a given sense, this may be an exceptional case, but the exceptional case is the one that brings sadness and distress to the domestic circle. Under like circumstances, it is liable to repeat itself in any other ordinarily good home where family government is lax, and where parental indulgence takes the place of authority and wise discipline.

The mother is by divine appointment the guardian angel of her daughter. She stands more closely related to her than any other human being in the world. The maternal instinct enables her to enter into the nature, the feelings and the needs of the girl; and by this fact she is enabled to anticipate possible perils and improprieties in the young life that no one else but a mother is prepared to appreciate. Besides this advantage, she has been a girl herself, and she knows from experience and observation many things that the inexperienced and impulsive child can not possibly understand. She is therefore, prepared by nature, by experience and by training, if she is a wise mother, to direct and guide this young and exuberant life into the right course of conduct. She ought to know when to restrain and when to grant indulgence. And it is naturally and largely with her to determine the final outcome of that young life committed to her love and wholesome discipline.

After the girl has grown into a reasonable knowledge of the difference between right and wrong, then the most important period in her life lies between the ages of 12 and 16 years. During this time she is making the transition from girlhood to womanhood. What she becomes as a woman will depend very much on her tuition during this transitional period. Thus it is that she needs the watchfulness and ceaseless thought of a wise and judicious mother. There are some statements concerning which no one

entertains a solitary doubt. He is in a position to relieve or ruin his patient.

It is quite common, and has been for years, for a great many physicians to make free use of opiates and stimulants in the treatment of diseases. That these ingredients have their proper place in the practice of medicine we do not question; and occasionally they are absolutely necessary. But the use of intoxicants and opiates promiscuously by physicians is one of the unmitigated evils of this day and generation. It can be safely assumed that many men have contracted the liquor habit through the advice of their physicians; and no one will question the statement that the most of the morphine and cocaine blends of to-day are such because the doctors prescribe these poisons and the druggists prepare and sell them. Many of our doctors are very conscientious in the use of these drugs, but others are excessive in administering them. On account of this, hundreds of men and women are the hopeless victims of the morphine and cocaine habit. We have personally known many of these ruined wrecks of humanity, and we know numbers of them to-day, whose malady for these drugs is traceable to the physicians who did and do prescribe them. Whisky, chloral, morphine, cocaine and the like are the unmitigated curses of the human race, and ninety-nine times out of every hundred when prescribed by the physician, the family ought to refuse to have them filled and administered. In almost every instance the remedy is infinitely worse than the sickness. The doctor who relies upon these remedies for the relief of the ordinary ills of the human family, and the druggist who relies upon their sale for his livelihood, are the wreckers of life and character. The home needs better protection than it now has against these evils.

THE MEDICINAL USE OF OPIATES AND STIMULANTS.

One of the most honorable callings among men is that of the physician. And it is not only honorable, but is one of the most useful in its ministry to the suffering and unfortunate members of the human family. By virtue of this fact, the physician stands in closer relation to the home than any other outside human being. He has made disease and its remedies the study of his life, and when we get sick we want him at the bedside. We place ourselves without reservation in his hands, and we look to him for treatment. When he examines us and prescribes a medicine, we go to any expense to purchase it, and we swallow it down, however bitter and nauseating, without hesitation or protest. We do not even ask him any questions as to the nature of his prescription. We want to get well, and we take it for granted that he knows his business. Such a man, then, ought to be the best, the wisest and the most conscientious man in the community. That he ought to be most exceedingly prudent in the use of his remedies is

After the girl has grown into a reasonable knowledge of the difference between right and wrong, then the most important period in her life lies between the ages of 12 and 16 years. During this time she is making the transition from girlhood to womanhood. What she becomes as a woman will depend very much on her tuition during this transitional period. Thus it is that she needs the watchfulness and ceaseless thought of a wise and judicious mother. There are some statements concerning which no one

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THE PROGRESS OF METHODISM.

Dr. H. K. Carroll contributes an article to the New York Christian Advocate in reference to the growth of Methodism, from which we take the following:

A handful of Methodists in.....	1700
15,000 in.....	1715
65,000 in.....	1730
162,000 first quarter century after organization.....	1800
229,000 half century after organization.....	1850

1835,000 century after organization.....

2,800,000 in round numbers in.....

1890

A growth of 2,800,000 in one hundred and thirty-four years, and of 2,825,000 in the past century. The 65,000 was added to itself nearly forty-four times. In other words, the gain of thirty-four years, represented by the 65,000, was repeated during the century every two and a half years. The average annual gain has been 28,250.

The percentage of increase is 4302. If the population of the country had increased in this period at the same ratio, it would now be 232,000,000, instead of 76,300,000.

But the gains of the M. E. Church have been only a part of the gains of Methodism. Include all branches since 1881, and we have:

A handful of Methodists in.....	1700
1,000,000 century after organization.....	1881
5,800,000 in.....	1900

The 65,000 has repeated itself about ninety-one times, or once every thirteen months. The percentage of gain

is 8072. If the population had increased at the same rate, it would now be 176,000,000 instead of 76,300,000. The average annual gain has been 88,550.

The ratio of preachers is indicated by the following:

1 hand preacher in.....	1700
24 preachers in.....	1715
62 preachers in.....	1730
187 preachers in.....	1750
new preachers first quarter century after organization.....	1800
2,000 preachers half century after organization.....	1825
6,000 preachers in the M. E. Church alone first quarter century.....	1850
12,000 preachers in the M. E. Church alone at the end of the century.....	1881
32,000 preachers in the M. E. Church alone.....	1900

The gain of the century is 17,413. The 207 have been multiplied by 82; average annual gain, 213.

The beginning in a small start in 1700, the service greatly afterward of a church costing \$100, gave no more promise of ecclesiastical wealth than \$100 of apparel in membership. Our 27,000 members, worth \$118,800,000, show a development of resources as wonderful as a miracle. It takes now between \$20,000,000 and \$30,000,000 a year to carry on the work of the M. E. Church, to say nothing of universities, colleges and hospitals. The estimation of wealth is truly stupendous. Methodists are not stingy.

Methodists rank among the Protestant denominations in number of electors in 1775 and third in number of communicants in 1800. It was advanced to first place in numbers and easily holds that place at the end of the century. It was only a handful of men on the top of the mountain at the beginning. Now methodists has fast occupied the Exchange.

CONSECRATED MONEY.

Based upon the observations of a number of men, we venture the prediction that subscription lists of our religious journals, or all denominations, are more numerous than those of any other class. It is not necessary to go into a discussion of the reasons leading up to those conditions. The results follow.

No class of pretenders hesitate longer to pose than claim do those of the religious press. Their purpose is ecclesiastical propagand in character. The object of the Church is used to attract to itself the enemy's members and gain in the country, but the function is not part of the duty of the pretender, and when he undertakes to do it, it is his avocation. Let the Church feed and clothe and pay its officers. Obviously a newspaper can not be run on sentiment, and when a person subscribes for one or more newspapers, he should understand that it is a high duty and privilege to pay for them. It is no kindness to the members of any denomination to allow them to run behind in their Church paper accounts. It is educating them in wrong-doing and cultivating bad business habits.

The money for almost all our religious papers is what the Church calls "consecrated money," and its misuse, or lack of use, is to say the least, opportunity for malignity lost. The money is needed. It is just indebtedness. It belongs to Caesar and by the highest authority Caesar should have it.

It has been asked by a religious publisher who turned over to the Newspaper Collection Agency some \$7000 in amounts if his denomination was not an exception to the rule of Church people. The reply was: "No, sir. The entire religious press of the United States and Canada, with hardly an exception, is picking up rags in back alleys for a living." While that may be a figurative speech, still there is so much of truth in it that serious reflection is warranted.—Selected.

COMMUNICATIONS.

LET THE PATRIARCH'S BODY REST.

"The Embalmed Body of Jacob."

I have thought much upon an article in the Advocate of December 27, 1899, entitled "The Embalmed Body of Jacob," written by Bro. J. D. Thomas, of Oak Cliff, Texas. Bro. Thomas refers to the lameness inflicted upon the patriarch by an angel, at the River Jabbok, which lameness is believed to have continued during his life; to the embalming of his body in Egypt; to its burial in the cave of Machpelah, in Palestine; to its probable complete preservation in the grave till now; to the careful guarding of the tomb till now; to the probable identification of the body by the cause of his lameness, which was either a shrinking of a muscle of the thigh or a dislocation of the hip-joint. On these premises, Bro. Thomas bases the idea, which possibly may be correct that—should the tomb be opened and its contents examined—in addition to the identification of the body by the cause of the patriarch's lameness, some inscription might be found in the tomb which would disprove the objections of skeptics to the truth of his miraculous lameness, as recorded in the Bible. Also, that the tombs of Abraham, Sarah, Isaac, Rebekah and Leah, all in the same cave, might contain internal corroborations or proofs of Bible truths.

If the bodies of Abraham and the members of his family here mentioned were buried in coffins or wooden boxes, as doubtless they were, I have no doubt that they were of the most durable wood, are there yet, as sound as ever, and may bear interesting inscriptions; though all but one of the corpses must have crumbled into dust centuries ago. The body of Jacob, being embalmed by the ancient Egyptian method, is doubtless yet lying in his tomb, just as it was placed there 3300 years ago; and doubtless this is true, even if it be sealed with a stone in a wall of the cavern without a coffin. Then, if those tombs shall ever be unsealed, those coffins, if any were placed there, will doubtless be found bearing inscriptions of peculiar interest; though, with one exception, nothing but a quart or less of dust can be found of each corpse buried there, yet the mummy of Jacob will doubtless be found in perfect preservation, just as his son Joseph caused it to be buried. But this corpse will not differ from other mummies that have been exhumed in Egypt, excepting that it will bear unmistakable evidence of the cause of his miraculous lameness.

But what necessity exists for such getting into the recesses of the ancient dead? Bro. Thomas says: "We may rest assured that should modern skeptics render support necessary to the facts of the Bible, then that support will be supplied by such discoveries as that of the body of Jacob." But I think Bro. Thomas himself has plainly shown that an unsealing of those tombs is not needed for the purpose indicated. In relating the entry into that cave by the Prince of Wales and Dean Stanley, accompanied by the Pasha of Jerusalem, in 1862, he says: "There, in a chamber cut in the rock, were the sealed tombs of the parties said in the Bible to have been buried there, identified by the inscription of their names." Now if that chamber cut in the rock, containing the sealed tombs of Abraham, Sarah, Isaac, Rebekah, Jacob and Leah, all identified by the inscription of their names—the entire process having been respected as sacred during nearly thirty-six centuries—if all this is not sufficient to convince modern infidels of the truth of the Bible history of the persons buried there, they are steeled against conviction by further investigation. Such skeptics are like the rich man's five brethren to whom he requested Abraham to send Lazarus from heaven to preach repentance, that they might escape the torments to which he was subjected, but of whom Abraham said: "If they will not hear Moses and the prophets, neither will they be persuaded, though one rose from the dead." Even so, if modern skeptics refuse to be convinced by the evidence seen by the Prince of Wales and Dean Stanley and which must be seen again before the tombs can be opened, neither will they be convinced though the tombs be unsealed and their contents exposed to view. Then I conclude that there is not, and will never be, any necessity for an unsealing of those tombs, and that no better reason than idle curiosity can be urged for such an examination. Further, should the unsealing of Jacob's tomb ever be effected, the same idle curiosity, supported by avaricious speculation, would demand the abduction of his body.

I regard the graves of our dead as sacred, and any unnecessary disturbance of them as sinful. Before my father's death, he selected a beautiful natural grove on a well-formed hill on his own land, for his last earthly resting-place, and requested his friends to bury his mortal remains therein, which they did. There are also buried my mother, my only sister, several of that sister's children, three of my own chil-

dren, and some of our neighbors. I regard the graves prove that such crimes are common in certain localities.

Every person who is able has a moral right to provide a last earthly resting-place for himself and family or other friends, whether it be graves, vaults, a cemetery, a mausoleum or a catacomb, and no one has a right to rob or desecrate it. He may sin by making it too gorgeous and expensive, when he could use much of the money thus expended to better purposes; but this is a matter between him and his God, and does not justify any disturbance of such deposits for the dead.

The late commercial magnate, A. T. Stewart, of New York, built, for the last earthly resting-place of himself and family, a mausoleum in Greenwood Cemetery, and when he died his body was deposited therein; but its rest was not long, for it was stolen. Why it was stolen, or how the thieves obtained admittance to it, is not known; but the purpose may have been to extort a reward for its restoration, though no reward was ever offered. It was said that Mr. Stewart's son-in-law received three or four anonymous letters from as many sections, in each of which the writer professed to know where the stolen corpse was, and that it was in perfect preservation and could easily be identified, and proposed to restore it for a specified large sum of money. Of course, at least all but one of the writers purposed to supply some other stolen corpses that they respectively thought resembled Mr. Stewart. But whatever the purpose of the thief may have been, it proves that its perpetrators were wicked enough to commit any species of crime.

Some twelve, fifteen or twenty years ago, as I read in the Courier-Journal, the people of the United States were shocked by a ghastly act, though one of an uncommon occurrence, because it was perpetrated upon a distinguished family. Two gentlemen in Ohio died about the same time, and were buried in the same cemetery, and both graves were guarded at night by sworn sentinels. A day or two after the death of one of them, it was discovered that his grave had been disturbed, and the sentinel who guarded it pretended to know nothing of the disturbance. The grave was opened, and the coffin was found empty. The family of the deceased was much distressed by this discovery, and his son, accompanied by several neighbors, went to the nearest medical college and assisted some police officers in a search of the premises, but did not find the object of their search, though they telephoned to other places and had other medical colleges searched, and the stolen corpse was found in Detroit, and was returned and re-buried. The other deceased gentleman was a Mr. Harrison, a son of the late President of the United States—Gen. William Henry Harrison. I know not whether he was the father or an uncle of the more recent President Harrison. His body was stolen, too, but the ghouls were so careful to leave his grave apparently as they found it that though it was examined by friends, the disturbance was not discovered. Mr. Harrison's son was one of the friends who assisted the other gentleman's son in searching for his father's body. On their arrival at the college, all its inmates affirmed that there was no corpse in the building, and none had been there for many days. Then the occupants all retired but one doctor, who was retained by the searchers to conduct them into the several apartments of the building. He readily showed them into every room but one, which he entered with evident reluctance. The last was a basement room, in which the searchers were surprised to find a well, supplied with a windlass, the rope on which was unwound and hanging in the well. As they entered the doctor said: "There is nothing in this room." The searchers had found nothing and were about to depart in despair, when Mr. Harrison stepped to the well and grasped the handle of the crank of the windlass. The doctor said: "There is nothing but water in the well." But Mr. Harrison made a turn or two of the windlass, and found that some heavy object was fastened to the lower end of the rope. He continued to turn the windlass, and when the heavy object came in sight he saw that it was a corpse. On drawing it into plain view, he was shocked by recognizing it as the body of his own father. On investigation, it was found that the occupants of that college had purchased both corpses from the ghouls, and had shipped one of them to Detroit for sale. The theft of the other gentleman's corpse, of itself, seemed not to have been regarded as a great offense, but such is the partiality of poor human nature for distinguishing families that the robbery of the corpse of a President's son excited general indignation. Both these robberies were heinous crimes, and had due justice been administered, the offenders would have suffered punishment as felons. But the fact that they were buried with them, should sworn sentinels be employed to rest there, undisturbed, till God shall

call them from their last sleep on the day of resurrection. Then, for the sake of honor and justice, let them rest there.

Bro. Thomas says that the sentiment of Eastern people is a guarantee for the protection of the resting-places of the dead; that it has maintained, for more than 1000 years, a guard over this particular cemetery; that, for an equal time before, it was in the hands of the children of Jacob; and that, "if it has been entered at all since the burial of those who rest there, it was not by those who would desecrate it." I believe all this to be true, and am glad that it is so; and I also opine that it has been equally revered and respected, during the other 1600 years, by those who then ruled that country. Jews, Pagans and Mohammedans hold the honorable dead in sacred memory and respect the last resting-places of their mortal remains, and, in this particular, they are more honorable than too many persons who are called Christians. I feel sure that the God of the Bible has directed this preservation of evidence of the truth of that beloved book, and will do so till the end of time. I hope and believe that no human authority over the premises will ever permit those graves to be unsealed; for, as I think I have shown, such an act is, and will ever be, unnecessary. I do regret that a Moslem temple has been erected over them, but I rejoice that it has, in the providence of our Heavenly Father, served as a protection to them, and is yet doing so. I believe that Christianity will yet supplant Mohammedanism in the Orient, and prevail everywhere; and I further believe that, when that blessed time shall come, the Christians in that country will not fail behind infidels in the protection of sacred tombs.

I wish that every honest inquirer, who desires to do so, could go to Palestine, visit that sacred spot, enter the cave and the chamber cut in the rock, examine the sealed tombs, and read the inscriptions thereon, but never unseal them or wish to do so. The evidence which they would thus examine would be sufficient to convince all skeptics, who could be convinced at all, that the Bible history of the persons buried there is true; and nothing more is needed for this purpose.

W. P. ZUBER.
Iola, Texas.

LETTER FROM MISSOURI.

"A Direct Answer to Prayer" in this week's Advocate is good reading. It brought to me very forcibly some things that occurred in Missouri a long time ago. I think they will make good and helpful reading for Texans and therefore make them the substance of this letter.

There was but little rain in the western counties of Missouri in 1874. Hence the corn crop was almost an entire failure. To make bad worse, in August, the grasshoppers—Kansas Jayhawkers" we called them—came in multiplied millions and devoured everything that was tender and green; then deposited their larvae in the earth and died. My but we had fat chickens and turkeys. This was followed by a very cold winter, during which the short crop of the past year was all consumed. Everything in the way of food and feed for man and beast had to be procured from abroad. At the appointed time the eggs of the "hoppers hatched, and no person can imagine how numerous they were. As soon as hatched they began to eat and proved themselves to be most ravenous eaters. In a few days they began to march and counter-march with the regularity of a trained army. We lived in full view of the railroad, and several times saw heavy freight trains stopped by them. It so happened that the hour for crossing the track of the railroad in their foraging expeditions was the hour for the passing of the train. They were so numerous, fat and greasy that the wheels and rails became so slick by the oil being mashed out of them that the wheels would slip on the rails, and the train could not stop till the rails were sandied. They soon devoured all growing vegetation, so that by the 1st of January the fields were as bare as in January. Governor Hardin appointed a day for fasting and prayer, which was very generally observed. In a few days after this the grasshoppers all left.

For some time before the day of prayer we had no rain. Just as the sun went down on that day it began to rain, and rained gently and continuously all night. The people took heart, planted corn, sowed millet and made an abundant crop.

I have a very sacred experience connected with that grasshopper visitation that I have told but a few times, and have never yet had printed. I wish to put it in this letter. Here it is: One Friday morning I had but 50 cents in the world. With it I bought all the provisions I could, and left home to fill my appointments, hoping to receive some money or provisions before I returned home. I got back Tuesday evening with nothing. There were ten of us to eat. The last morsel

of food was put on the table for supper. We ate it in silence, wife refusing to touch a morsel. How we could get anything for breakfast we did not know. After supper one of the boys went to the postoffice and presently returned with a letter. It was from the neighborhood where I lived during the war and in which I had taught school, preached, baptized the children and married the young people during those trying days. On opening the letter I soon realized that we were the receivers of \$29.50 in cash, and that flour, meal, bacon, etc., had been sent by freight, which in due time came. We had breakfast the next morning which we ate with gratitude to our Heavenly Father and our friends. The letter contained the names of the contributors, most of whom had been my pupils. On the day of fasting and prayer a contribution of money and provisions was made by the town which I had moved two years before, and sent to me for distribution, with directions to first supply myself.

Some two months ago I was writing a letter for publication and felt a strong impulse to conclude it with the 865th hymn, "The Lord will Provide," but something said to me: "Your name will not look well to that poetry. Your supplies are too limited." A few days later I received a letter from a good woman who had gone to school to me, and whose name was in the list above referred to, and to whom I had a few days before sent my semi-centennial sermon, containing a present to me of \$5. Then I wished I had put the poetry to my piece. Three days ago I received another letter from the same postoffice containing another \$5, and saying: "I beg you to receive the small present I send you. My sister, Beulah, handed me a copy of your semi-centennial sermon, which I read with great pleasure. It does not read like it was preached by a man in his dotage, but by one yet in his prime." Since that I have been singing deep down in my heart,

"In some way the Lord will provide; it may not be my way, it may not be thy way. And yet, in His own way, the Lord will provide."

Fifty persons were at our preacher's meeting a week ago to hear Prof. Bond read a paper on Conscience, which was followed by discussion Thursday at 7 p.m. Dr. Craighead lectured and on Sunday at 7 p.m. Prof. Bond preached both on the same theme (Conscience). To-day at 4 p.m. we had more than 60 persons at our preachers' meeting to hear Bishop Hendrix on "Man at His Best." It was good to be there. The roll of our preacher's meeting numbers 29.

W. S. WOODARD.
Fayette Mo.

THE SOUTH—ITS LITERARY WRITERS.

Mrs. Augusta J. Wilson.

Part II.

The name Beulah selected by Mrs. Wilson (nee Evans) as the title of her first novel was happily chosen. In its signification and use it might fitly predilect the delight which she would convey to the reader in the airy realm of fiction which it would open up, as Bunyan, the divine dreamer, by his Beulah, or "land of rest" where the sun shines, the flowers bloom and the birds sing "all the year round" symbolized the sweet repose of the Christian awaiting his summons to the skies. Her book was a success and established her name and reputation in the literary world. The reading public of the South read it with eagerness, and applauded the genius of the author. She became a reigning star in literary circles, although it was in lonely brilliancy and beauty as that of the planet that opens the gates of the morning. As it was said of Lord Byron after the publication of his first canto of "Childe Harold," that he awoke next morning and found himself famous throughout Europe, so it might have been said of Miss Evans then as to the South.

To produce the work, how many hours of thought and toil did it cost. How many days and nights did her brain busily work to cast the plot, and in the creative power of the imagination to give form and feature, existence and personality to the various characters that were to appear as dramatic personae. Then to secure unity of thought and correctness of expression, how often did she have to erase and rewrite page after page. The description might well apply to her which she gives of Beulah, the heroine of the "book" who was admired and eulogized for her talent as a writer, when in speaking of her she says:

"She sat before her desk writing industriously on an article which she had promised to complete before the end of the week. Her head ached; the lines grew dim, and she laid aside her manuscript, and leaned her pale face on her palms." Then, in a review of

Mrs. Wilson as write a single word impair her.

Like the wandering stream "book" flows in intricacy of plot, incident, or the turn and mystery, "into the complex Dickens' novel, the style and expression should be an industry of character Beulah and Dickens, not be expected principal characters and declamation.

The religious fortunes of Beulah girl from an angel or argument. Thread of the story emphasized; the grecian incidental matter can be than religious worthy to be exemplified in the Book of Job, grandest book periphery in the realm of the religious. In childhood God were simply experienced as bitter scorn of the genial curse can not understand ways of the diverse afflictions.

She turns from herself in The casuistry and runs in the net of all those and its teaching not comprehend God. After dimly upon skepticism, after back to the main faith. Like John others of the world heard of God by but after she presence and suffering affliction, she "her faith for the

THE MORAL

Some pulpits one to think the for all natural varieties and so without reference personal exertion.

The summation the morally easy for Delity. All penal enactments by to constrain the limit legislators and therefore, the crime not be judged."

How far one feels one's fate easy for some of moral defect check a conduct whereby what station of life is destined, would be confounded off at the can recall instruction "mess" was in judgment on character.

My purpose, upon the destin would be to judge him.

The only ratio I can contemplate to judge him would be folly some authorities in his own behalf.

I have said to blindness of a caused him a desire to be life-like a remarkable in nature and it.

Congenital de mal sin) can not be as it existed. This is in natural things.

Paul's "thorn formed him, as could not be removed for it made him great."

The "thorn" club-foot, "hunting," "weak presence due to sundry and miseries physical any semblance necessarily reflected or infirmity. Some heart—that is, caused him a

Secular News Items.

It is announced that David B. Hill will not be a candidate for the Presidential nomination.

Among the charters filed in Austin are two oil companies, with a capital of \$1,000,000 each, to do business at Beaumont.

During the last century the Bible was translated into 250 languages, and is now accessible to nine-tenths of the world's population.

Prof. Elisha Gray, one of the most prominent stars in the galaxy of inventors, died at Newtonville, a suburb of Boston, Mass., January 21.

The purchase of the Southern Pacific Railway by the Vanderbilt interests has completed a vast transportation system from New York to the Orient. The total value of rail and steamship holdings under one control is \$700,000,000.

Henry E. Youtsey was arraigned before Circuit Judge Castill on the 6th inst., and sentenced to life imprisonment. He said: "I am innocent. I have been convicted by base and infamous subterfuge of perjury." No appeal will be taken.

Fourteen States are represented on the Rivers and Harbors Committee of the National House of Representatives. Of the \$60,000,000 appropriated, those fourteen States receive \$68,800,000 and the other thirty States \$1,200,000. Many of the items in this huge sum are for improving the navigation of streams so insignificant that they do not appear upon the maps.

The War Office in London issued the South Africa casualty list recently, showing in addition to thirteen killed and seventy-seven wounded in action, eighty-two deaths from disease incurred during the present month. Last month thirty-one officers and 830 non-commissioned officers and men were killed in action or died from disease. The total death list from the beginning of the war shows 12,889 victims.

Our domestic exports during the year 1890 were of the value of \$1,770,702,571, which is more than forty times the value of our exports in 1880. The total imports of this country for 1890 were \$819,841,181, which is less than ten times our import trade of 1880. These two items compared show how rapidly this country is becoming a source of supply to the world at large, and so drawing the wealth of the world to us.

Following is the text of the message which the President received from King Edward VII in answer to his message of condolence on the death of the Queen:

Chester, Jan. 25, 1901.—The President, White House, Washington, D. C.: Am most grateful for your kind sympathy in the irreparable loss which the nation and I have sustained. I felt convinced that it would be shared by you and the American people.

EDWARD R.

The first shipment of negroes to Liberia by the Liberian Colonization Society left Birmingham, Ala., for New York, from which place they sailed on January 21, 1891, direct to Monrovia, Liberia. The Liberian Government is co-operating with the society and agrees to take care of the immigrants. These immigrants are not entirely cotton growers who are brought over by that government to introduce or encourage the cotton industry, but are mechanics and laborers of all sorts.

The Texas and Pacific Railway has published, effective February 29, a rate of 11 cents per 100 pounds on sugar and molasses, straight or mixed carloads, from New Orleans to Texas common points. This is based on regular differential over the rate established by the Railroad Commission of Texas from Houston and Galveston. Under the new tariff the rate on the same commodities from Shreveport will be 22 cents per 100 pounds on established differential under the rate from New Orleans.

The Czar of Russia is a son of a sister of the present Queen of England, a nephew of the King of England by marriage. The Emperor of Germany is the son of a sister of the King of England. Hence the three rulers of the only great nations of Europe are closely related. Aside

from all of the political relations it is demonstrated that between these royal persons there exists at least the common bonds of family affection. The cause of a sacrifice of family affection in former years among royal persons has been chiefly the rival claims to thrones. No such rivalry exists now, hence we may confidently predict that family ties will have a larger share in affecting the relations of these three men than they would have had when the various thrones of European nations were the subjects of contention and strife. May not the affection men bear to each other, sanctified by the holy example and relationship of the ascended Queen, tend to preserve peace throughout the world? We certainly hope so.

A ward of the Sultan of Turkey was haled at the Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 24, by half a dozen of his classmates. The victim of the sport was J. Loutian, President of the Turkish-American Society, who is a man of no little consequence in his own country. He was graduated from the pharmacy department of the Medico-Chirurgical College and returned to secure medical degree. His silken mustache was the crowning glory of the Turk. His fellow-students decided that it should be removed.

In spite of her great natural advantages, rich soil and good climate, the decreasing birth rate in France continues to be a source of deep concern to her statesmen and other leading persons. In 1899 the number of births was 10,000 less than in 1898; in fact, the number of births is so small, comparatively speaking, that it has been estimated that the population of France must decrease unless the birth rate is raised. The low standard of French morals is credited with this condition of affairs.—Union Gospel News.

Benjamin J. Schiff, a banker, real estate agent, seller of steamship tickets and notary public, is said to be the dispenser of "divorce" documents to Jews living in certain districts of Chicago. He separated Ida Steinfeld from Jacob in this way last May, and they have not lived together since. Steinfeld was arrested on a charge of wife abandonment and brought before Justice Dooley. In defense he offered the "document" as evidence of a legal separation from his wife. Schiff's seal as a notary public was attached to the instrument.

The official estimate of the wheat crop in Argentine, which is just now being harvested, is that there will be an exportable surplus of 1,750,000 tons, which is equal to nearly 60,000,000 bushels. It is about the amount that Argentine exported in 1891, which was the astonishment of the world. But since then, up to this year, the amount exported has not equaled half that amount annually. Argentine ought by another year to have 100,000,000 bushels for export, because a great many farmers from northern Europe have gone there during the past year.

Without a protest from any Christian, although they were sold in public at midnight in the heart of Chinatown, five Chinese slave girls were disposed of at San Francisco, Cal., January 19, to the highest bidder, precisely as though they had been in Canton. These girls were the property of Gongsow. He wanted to go back to China, so he advertised the sale according to Chinese custom. The creditors of Gongsow appeared and posted their bills on the door of the place, specifying their claims. Every Chinaman who bid at the auction agreed to pay the claims against the girl he fancied.

The orator at the April convocation of that ponderous Baptist educational institution, the University of Chicago, will be the well-known Chinese Minister to the United States, Wu Ting Fang, a devotee and champion of Confucianism. The time was—is now in some quarters—when none but Baptists were invited to occupy Baptist pulpits, logically from the Baptist view-point; none but Baptist preachers are really ministers of the gospel. What wondrous broadening has occurred when a "heathen Chinee" may now occupy the platform of the leading Baptist university of the world!

The most sensational accusations are made against the soldiers of some of the nations in China; probably there is enough truth in these accusations to make the case one for regret and shame on the part of every person in civilized lands, but in nearly every case the conduct of the American soldiers is spoken of as being exceptional. The good behavior of the American soldiers may be due in part to their better qualities of manhood, but it is also believed to be due to the better discipline of the commanding officer, Gen. Chaffee. Two cases of administration of discipline are reported: one where two American soldiers undertook to profit by levying

blackmail upon two towns and are now undergoing sentences of twenty years each. The other case was that of certain Sikhs who were proven guilty of attacking native Chinese women and their punishment was speedy and complete. This gives American citizens at home and abroad great satisfaction; and it also demonstrates that the right kind of a commanding officer can maintain order and decency in the army. It would be well if such a man had been in charge of our forces in the Philippines.

Miss Jessie Lewelling, daughter of former Governor Lewelling, may bear on her forehead for life the letters "A. T. M." as the result of hazing inflicted by young women of the Wichita (Kan.) High School. The characters, in Greek, were burned on her face with pure nitrate of silver, the acid penetrating the flesh to the depth of a quarter of an inch, leaving scars which, it is believed, will not disappear. The hazers are members of the Alpha Theta Mu society. The branding of Miss Lewelling was done during her initiation into that society, and followed her refusal to go through with certain "funny formations." Miss Lewelling is a teacher in the school.

The government has at last adopted the opinion formed months ago by the man in the street, that the situation in South Africa is extremely serious.

It is announced from the War Office that 50,000 troops will be dispatched to reinforce Kitchener. Of these 10,000 are expected to come from the recruits of the imperial yeomanry, already being raised in South Africa. The mounted constabulary are to furnish 8,000, and the new colonial contingents 5,000. This makes 23,000, it only remaining for 7,000 to come from the home establishment. Kitchener is believed to have asked for a much larger number and to have asked for it long ago, but it is characteristic of this government to make inadequate preparations and to make them too late.

Baron Wilhelm Rothschild, head of the great family of European bankers and successor in the line of descent from the original Rothschild of the Judengasse, died at Frankfort January 25. The Baron was the real head of the house, although of late years the London Rothschilds have been more conspicuous in the great enterprises of the world because London is the world's money market. The dead millionaire, unlike his relatives in other European cities, was a most devout Jew. He lived up to the customs of orthodox Judaism most rigidly. His food was all prepared according to the Kosher rites, and when he traveled he carried with him special cooks and utensils in quantity to prepare his diet in strict accordance with his religious beliefs. His wine was sanctified in the vat, and was made from grapes grown on his own estate.

Uncle Sam's family has multiplied at a rate that has astonished the staticians. Our latest census, just completed, shows that the fledgeling nation of a century ago has now 76,295,259 members, to say nothing of some 8,500,000 colonials—a fine, healthy, comparatively happy and contented lot of boys and girls, and continually growing, too. We have doubled since 1870, and multiplied more than tenfold since 1890. Three of our cities have a population of over a million. New York, with its 3,500,000, is threatening to outstrip London and become the most populous city on the globe within the next twenty years. Already we have as many people as England and France combined, and a third more than Germany. The little sisterhood of States and Territories has expanded to forty-five, and the Mississippi Valley is now the center of the Union, which is territorially larger than all Europe, with Russia omitted. Great cities teeming with population have sprung up, as if by magic, in the old-time wilderness. Our yearly bill of expenses for governing the nation now averages \$75,000,000, and the total wealth of the country is \$100,000,000,000—a sum large enough to dazzle the imagination, but well within the mark of our aggregate wealth.

After mature deliberation 10,000 Catholic members of the Federal party, citizens of the district of Binondo and Manila, which is the headquarters of the spirit of the party, have resolved to completely separate from the Vatican, believing that the

STUTTERER READ THIS.
DRS. RANDOLPH & McCULLOUGH,
St. George Hotel, Dallas, Texas.
Dear Sirs:—At the request of my sons, Sam, Bee and Arthur, I take pleasure in stating to that they have been taking all "so & so," and permit me to join them in expressing our great joy and undying gratitude to you for your prompt manner in which you cured them of stammering. With kindest wishes for you, I am yours truly,
S. E. THOMAS
Chirico, Texas, Jan. 10, 1901.

H. L. Whitehead, Cumby, Texas; H. M. Lightfoot, Eastland, Texas; L. J. Rummel, Leakey, Texas; Miss Jessie Dowlen, Honey Grove, Texas. These parties and many others have been cured recently.

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"It's Only Whooping Cough."
But 1,000 children die of it in London in one year. This often fatal disease is quickly checked and easily cured by Vapo-Cresolene. Cresolene has been most successful for twenty years as a preventative of Croup, Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Measles, Scarlet Fever, and other contagious diseases. It is a true vapor that vaporized Cresolene kills the germs of these diseases. See descriptive booklet with testimonials. Sold by all druggists.

Vapo-Cresolene Co., 180 Fulton St, New York

February 14, 1901.

Notes From

NORTHWEST TEX.

PALME

W. H. Terry, Feb., finishing up a splendid place. It is a bearing in one of the most convenient parsonages lot was bought and h conference. Fine fol successful pounding.

SEYMOUR

J. T. Griswold, Feb., ful new church, compl Christmas, is to be ded 24 by Dr. W. L. Neims I take pleasure in inv pastors and friends in with us on that occasi have done great things of them and the spilt have built in which to

BRUCEVH

R. J. Deets, Feb. 12 good shape on the B Pro. Carraway is start second year. Our peop with the new presidin hoping for a fine year ated that I can only meetings this year. brethren wish me as s so that I can make a

DAWSON

C. G. Shutt: Have v the membership since have just mailed a letter Legislature, praying d the iniquitous jug tra on that evil, Mr. Eli great evil. Touching our Northwest Tex preachers not forget! See page 65 of conf Revival meeting begins Sunday in March.

MORGAN N

J. M. Baker, Feb. 1 charge is on rising ge built a storm house an to the parsonage since paired roof and repai been stormed and pou conceivable thing to e three Christmas tur been treated as kind people know how to tre First Quarterly Presiding elder presen an interesting sermon conference. Liberal as for the preacher in chi

CROWELL

C. E. Lindsey, Fe moving along very chaise. At the h Crowell was raised t and one of the appoi to another circuit. T all of its liabilities likely do so again, fr at the Quarterly Confer a loyal membership. O well organized—three two Leagues and one Home Mission Societie. They have just ing bed into the new r sonage and are par room. We're prayin vival year. We've bee hams, turkeys and th which we thankfully re

MINERAL W

J. H. Stewart, Feb. ago we began revival town. Bro. C. M. Sh City, came to help us. he preached with gr and power. The com large and the prospe hopeful for a great me circumstances forced to feel sure we would h conversions. The Chit



ONE NIGHT C

Soak the hands thoroughly a hot bath of CUTICURA anoint freely with CUTICURA great skin cure and pure. Wear old gloves during the finger ends, this treatment

Soak throughout the world. For Coat, Fingers, Boots, "All A

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always reliable, are laxative Tablets. They quicker than any known to carry, pleasant to taste. Price 25 cents.

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Notes From the Field.

NORTHWEST TEX. CONFERENCE.

PALMER.

W. H. Terry, Feb. 6: We are just finishing up a splendid new church at this place. It is a beauty! We are living in one of the most comfortable and convenient parsonages in Texas. The lot was bought and house built since conference. Fine folks! Had very successful pounding. Lots to eat.

SEYMOUR.

J. T. Griswold, Feb. 11: Our beautiful new church, completed just before Christmas, is to be dedicated February 24 by Dr. W. L. Neils, of Georgetown. I take pleasure in inviting all former pastors and friends in general to be with us on that occasion. This people have done great things. We are proud of them and the splendid edifice they have built in which to worship.

BRUCEVILLE.

R. J. Deets, Feb. 12: Everything in good shape on the Bruceville charge. Bro. Carraway is starting well on his second year. Our people are delighted with the new presiding elder. We are hoping for a fine year. I am so situated that I can only assist in a few meetings this year. If any of the brethren wish my help, I hope they will let me know as soon as possible, so that I can make arrangements to suit.

DAWSON.

C. G. Shutt: Have visited nearly all the membership since conference. We have just mailed a long petition to the Legislature, praying deliverance from the iniquitous jug trade. Keep firing on that evil, Mr. Editor, for it is a great evil. Touching this point, let our Northwest Texas Conference preachers not forget their resolution. See page 65 of conference minutes. Revival meeting begins at Dawson first Sunday in March.

MORGAN MILL.

J. M. Baker, Feb. 5: Morgan Mill charge is on rising ground. We have built a storm house and added a room to the parsonage since conference; repaired roof and repainted our church; been stormed and pounded with every conceivable thing to eat; were given three Christmas turkeys and have been treated as kindly as Christian people know how to treat their preacher. First Quarterly Conference over. Presiding elder present and preached an interesting sermon and held the conference. Liberal assessment made for the preacher in charge.

CROWELL.

C. E. Lindsey, Feb. 8: We are moving along very nicely on this charge. At the last conference Crowell was raised to a half station and one of the appointments cut off to another circuit. This circuit paid all of its liabilities last year and will likely do so again, from the reports at the Quarterly Conference. We have a loyal membership. Our work is very well organized—three Sunday-schools, two Leagues and one of the very best Home Mission Societies in the conference. They have just put a new folding bed into the new room of the parsonage and are papering another room. We are praying for a great revival year. We've been pounded with hams, turkeys and the like, all of which we thankfully receive.

MINERAL WELLS.

J. H. Stewart, Feb. 9: Two weeks ago we began revival services in our town. Bro. C. M. Shaffer, of Archer City, came to help us. For ten days he preached with great earnestness and power. The congregations were large and the prospects were quite hopeful for a great meeting. Had not circumstances forced us to close, we feel sure we would have had many conversions. The Church was greatly

edified by Bro. Shaffer's strong gospel preaching. He won the hearts of my people, and the blessings of many go with him to his home. My charge moves on hopefully. We have never been more kindly received anywhere. Twice already since conference we have been generously pounded. Last year the Board of Stewards added one hundred dollars to the pastor's salary. This year they added another hundred. Mineral Wells is moving to the front and bids fair to become soon one of our best second-class stations.

ELM STREET, WACO.

Jas. A. Ruffner, Feb. 19: At the last session of our conference we were for the third time read out for Elm Street. Although the journal of the conference does not record this, we are, nevertheless, on the ground and doing our best. On examining the last journal of the Northwest Texas Conference we find that the most important district (Waco) is minus four of its most important charges with their preachers—Elm Street and West Stations, and Peoria and Aquilla Circuits. We are well into the year's work with everything moving smoothly. We received a magnificent pounding soon after returning from conference. Among the good things was a \$20 suit of clothes for the pastor. We appreciate more than words can express the kindness that has been shown us by the people, and hope to minister well to them in spiritual things. All things considered, the prospects for a good year are very bright.

CANADIAN.

C. L. Cartwright, Feb. 4: Our first Quarterly Conference convened on Saturday, 2d inst. Bro. G. S. Hardy in the chair. The stewards made a splendid report, also made liberal allowance for pastor's salary. Our conference collections are almost up. We have held two Church Conferences, organized two Women's Home Mission Societies and one Juvenile Society. On Sunday Bro. Hardy preached two most excellent and edifying sermons. All our people love our presiding elder, who is truly one of God's noblemen. This is our first year's work in the Lord's vineyard, and we enter it with fear and trembling, depending only on divine guidance and assistance; but we are sure that we will never find a better people than those on Canadian Circuit. We soon after our arrival experienced for the first time what it was to be "pounded," and a most generous one it was. The people here have received us so kindly that we are determined by God's help to do our very best, and we are praying and expecting a gracious year for our Lord and Master.

DUFFAU.

J. M. Owen: Our first Quarterly Conference was held Feb. 2. Our presiding elder, Bro. Boone, came and preached a most excellent sermon at 11 a. m. It did us all good. Then we had a good conference in the afternoon. Nearly all the members were present, and the stewards reported \$105.80 for preacher and presiding elder. This said Bro. Boone was the best first Quarterly Conference for this charge he had held. We have expended on churches and parsonage in the first quarter \$66.45. Everything is promising for a good year. The people everywhere on the work have received us kindly, and the good people of Duffau gave us a nice pounding. We are at work and the members are joining hands. No other young preacher could have better helpers and counselors than Rev. A. Long, who is known to so many. His head is frosty with many winters. His bodily strength is failing, but he is strong in the Lord and is cheerful and contented to wait till the summons comes and to labor on in the Lord's service. Rev. Geo. Smith is a good preacher. He has been preaching the gospel for many years. He came over from England when young. He is now far down the hill, but still he labors and is loved by all; and Bro. A. C. Bell is a good preacher and worker. I feel sure with these and so many good working members that we will accomplish much, and now we are working and longing for a revival. We want many souls saved. The Advocate visits several homes in the charge and is enjoyed.

ABILENE

C. E. Brown: Death has come to the home of our esteemed brother, E. A. Smith, and his bright, cheerful and happy little May is gone away to be with the other children of his little band who have preceded her. She died Friday morning at 6:30 of scarlet fever, after suffering severely for a number of days. We carried her to Dublin on Saturday and laid her beside Ella, her little sister, who died two years ago in Dublin, and now the two sisters, each about 4 years old, are together in the cemetery at Dublin and in the mansions of the Master in heaven. Bros. Matthews, of Brownwood District; Hightower, of Cisco; Beaz, of Dublin,

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and myself, all co-workers with our brother, were with him to pray and weep and try to help him bear this grief. The day was bleak and cheerless, the sky laden and the northern blast fierce and chilling as we laid her to rest, yet in all our hearts there was a warmth of love and faith, a sad, sweet tenderness that seemed to spread upon us all a hallowed sense of the Master's presence. Bro. Smith's calm, unshaken confidence in God is an evident triumph of the gospel. Our prayers and sympathy went out for the lonely, sad-hearted mother at home. I know the brethren will pray that God will comfort and sustain her while our brother is so much away on his large district, for it is the mother and wife who suffer the most keenly in the quiet seclusion of home on these sad occasions. We were glad to meet our old-time friend, Ed. Hawkins, of Waxahachie, who is a brother-in-law to Bro. Smith, who reached Dublin for the services, greatly to the comfort of our brother. The friends at Dublin were kind and sympathetic and we thank God for such people. Abilene has suffered a great deal from scarlet fever, and we are glad only a few cases remain. Our Church matters are moving evenly, and we are hopeful. We see some signs that cheer us. The League is more spiritual, and the officials are interested in the Church. Congregations are good. We are now having some snow and rain, which is very much appreciated, as we were getting dry.

ALTUS.

R. A. Walker, Feb. 4: Our first Quarterly Conference has come and gone. On account of sickness our beloved failed to be with us. We all regretted it very much. It is always a feast to me to have our elder to come. I love to have him in my home. Most of the officials were present, and made the finest report in the history of the charge. Our salary is overpaid to date. We have a most excellent Board of Stewards. They never ask the preacher if he is needing anything, but have been with preachers enough to know their wants without asking. The people all over the work have received us very cordially. One of the stewards got very close to us the first time I met him. He put his arms as near around me as a little man could, and looked up with an expression of love upon his face and said: "Brother, I am glad to meet you; we welcome you as our pastor." These expressions did not cost him anything, but they were worth a great deal to a stranger. I am told the smallpox upset the regular pounding, but in spite of it they continue to pound us with Vs and Xs, turkeys, fresh meats, butter, cabbage, and right in broad-open daylight, day before New Year's, two sweet little boys drove to our back door with a wagon loaded with canned fruits and a big, fat turkey, and said: "These are compliments of Misses Hightower and Brewer." May the Lord bless these dear ladies. We are well pleased with our people and are happy. This is the finest country we have ever been in, and no country is more thickly settled. We are expecting three railroads here soon. Altus is on a boom. Twenty-five new residences and four business houses have gone up since we came to Altus. We find our predecessor, Bro. M. W. Rogers, wrought well last year. He built a beautiful parsonage, secured money and started a nice church building at Bethel, which will

be ready for dedication soon. He has many warm friends all over the work. I have remembered the Advocate since here, but since receiving Bro. Wyatt's letter, will try to do more.

BANGS.

J. W. Bowden, Feb. 5: Fourteen years ago I had just begun to form the acquaintance of some of the good people of this section of country, which was then known as a part of Thrift Mission, Santa Anna being included in the charge. I served as pastor one year, and a better people I never met than those I met and worshipped with here in 1887. A great drought had been prevailing for two years, and the country was almost destitute of such things as the world considers necessary to happiness, but not so, says the Word of God, and the experience of every good man and woman boy and girl, in the world. The people found time to go to church, sing and pray and shout together. Denominational lines seemed to be unknown in our great gatherings to worship our Heavenly Father, in the all-prevailing name of Christ, and the sweet songs and earnest prayers and shouts of victory that went up from the marching hosts of God's army, and the shout of deliverance that was heard from the returning wanderer seems yet to greet my ears. As I stood a few days ago on the spot of ground where I saw one of the most hard-fought battles of my life and one of the most complete victories, I thought of songs when I stood in the front ranks and beat at the battle, but whose cheering voice in prayer and praise I shall hear no more until I hear it in the golden city, the home of the soul. Deep down in my heart I said, "Thank God for a place to labor and suffer. It need be and watch and wait for the appearing of our Lord, when loved ones who have long been separated will greet each other again. While some have fallen others are in the ranks and pressing the battle. We are expecting the victory. Already we have heard the shout of victory and the call for help from the captives. Two houses of worship are to be built in the near future. Lumber for the buildings ordered. The subscriptions for those houses were begun last year under the direction of Bro. Manley, who was severely afflicted for several months. Our first Quarterly Conference was held last Saturday and Sunday. Five appointments in the charge all represented by the stewards. A liberal assessment was made. Our new presiding elder was with us and was equal to the occasion. The Baptist brethren opened their doors to us, and I believe all were delighted with the occasion. Bro. Matthews, in filling the place of Bro. Sneed, has much to do, but we feel that the work is moving off admirably, and we are praying and expecting God to answer our prayers in the salvation of many souls. Two Sunday-schools have fallen in line and armed themselves with literature and moving off nicely. Two ladies' cottage prayer-meetings recently organized, and two general prayer-meetings—all starting off encouragingly. Seven new subscribers to the Advocate. The good people had planned to give us a surprise pounding on the last night of the old year, but a cold north prevented the crowd from gathering in mass. But it has come, all the same, not all of a sudden, so we have been able to hear it coming as it has. I shall not try to enumerate the many little tokens of kindness that have found their way to the persons since we have been here. We see God's richest blessings upon the kind and thoughtful ones who have made us feel that we are appreciated and welcomed as God's servants. Will joins me in this letter.

BRECKENRIDGE.

E. V. Cox: We received our last appointment with pleasure. Six years ago Bro. Dunn and myself assisted Bro. S. J. Vaughan in a wonderful and glorious meeting here. The effects are visible yet, and I trust will ever remain so. Besides the splendid pounding that came at first, it has continued in many ways. With these material things, warm hand-shakes, hearty welcomes, glad-to-see-you-and-happy-with-us, etc., have been numerous and cordial. Women by the dozens have called on wife, and many of the brethren have visited the library to cordially welcome the pastor. A heartier welcome from all the five appointments would be hard to imagine. This ranks as the third—barely third, and I want to make it second by end of the year—why let Mineral Wells outstrip us? best appointment in the district financially, and from figures about holds her place spiritually. Have organized one Sunday-school, bought a hundred-dollar organ, spent about \$100 furnishing.

CONTINUED ON PAGE NINE.

Scrofula

THE OFFSPRING
OF HEREDITARY
BLOOD TAINT.

Scrofula is but a modified form of Blood Poison and Consumption. The parent who is tainted by either will sicken in the child the same disease manifesting itself in the form of swollen glands of the neck and throat, enlarged, weak eyes, offensive sores and abscesses and sometimes white sores—sure signs of Scrofula. There may be external sores for a long time, but because it develops slowly in some cases, but the poison is in the blood and will break out at the first favorable opportunity. S. S. S. cures this wasting disease by first purifying and invigorating the blood and stimulating and invigorating the whole system.

J. M. Smith, of Atlanta, Georgia, says, "I took your S. S. S. to cure my daughter, who had a sore on the neck, and the glands on the neck were swollen and bursting, and she had to wear a scarf about her neck to keep it from getting worse. I sent for S. S. S. and a few bottles cured her entirely." S. S. S. makes new and pure blood to nourish and strengthen the body, and is a positive and safe cure for Scrofula. It cures all forms of blood poison, whether inherited or acquired, and no remedy so thoroughly and effectively cleanses the blood. If you have any blood trouble, or your child has inherited some blood taint, take S. S. S. and get the blood in good condition and prevent the disease doing further damage.

Send for our free book and write our physicians of your trouble. We make no charge whatever for medical advice.

THE SWIFT-SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



Young Women

The entry into womanhood is a critical time for a girl. Little menstrual disorders started at that time soon grow into fatal complications. That female troubles are filling graveyards proves this. Wine of Cardui establishes a painless and natural menstrual flow. When once this important function is started right, a healthy life will usually follow. Many women, young and old, owe their lives to Wine of Cardui. There is nothing like it to give women freedom from pain and to fit young women for every duty of life. \$1.00 bottles at druggists.

Miss Della M. Strayer, Tully, Kan.: "I have suffered untold pain at menstrual periods for a long time, was nervous, had no appetite, and lost interest in everything, in fact was miserable. I have taken four bottles of Wine of Cardui, with Thedford's Black-Draught, when needed, and to-day I am entirely cured. I cannot express the thanks I feel for what you have done for me."

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address your physician, the Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI



AS PLAIN AS THE NOSE ON YOUR FACE

Send out the good news of the Cuticura Soap—It will take you but a few moments to receive the good news. For years we have sold our Cuticura Soap to the other fellow to get under his nose. Write for our Vehicle Catalogue, which will be sent free to any address.

PARLIN & ORENDOFF CO.

DALLAS, TEXAS.

Sore Hands



ONE NIGHT CURE

Suck the hands thoroughly, on retiring, in a hot bath of CUTICURA SOAP. Dry, and anoint freely with CUTICURA ointment, the great skin cure and poultice of emollients. Wear old gloves during the night. For sore hands, biting, burning palms, and painful finger ends, this treatment is wonderful.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Boston. "All About the Skin. Soap, Cuticura and Hands." free.

The Home Circle

SOME OTHER DAY.

There are wonderful things we are going to do.
Some other day.
And harbors we hope to drift into.
Some other day.
With folded hands and ours that trail
We watch and wait for a favoring gale.
To fill the folds of an idle sail!

Some other day.

We know we must toil if ever we win
Some other day.
But we say to ourselves there's time
to begin.

Some other day.

And so, deferring, we hither on,
Until at last we find withdrawn
The strength of the hope we leaned
upon.

Some other day.

And when we are old and our race is
run.

Some other day.

We fret for the things that might have
been done.
Some other day.

We trace the path that leads us where
The beckoning hand of a grim despair
Leads us wonder, out of the here.

Some other day.

—Alfred Ellison, in *Chings' Record*.

CRIPPLE DICK.

Dick and his sister Whitefoot lived
in a home on one of the principal
streets of Weatherford. They first
opened their eyes in a clothes basket
behind the kitchen door.

Both were perfect beauties, and oh
so black!—little balls of restless mid-
night—not a spot anywhere, except
one of Whitefoot's tiny feet, and there
is where her name came from. Their
mother was very proud of her kitties
and tried to teach them to be unselfish
and kind, but it was hard for Dick to
be either. Before his round, bright
eyes were open, he would nose around,
push Whitefoot away, and take the
best place in his mother's bosom.

It was quite an event in the family
when there were four little bright eyes
peeping up at the mother from that
basket-bed, and she decorated it by
bringing them a nice fat mouse.

Dick grabbed the mouse, ran off in
one corner of the basket, growled and
spit at Whitefoot, just daring her to
come near him. After eating all except
the tail and the four little thin
feet, he moved to his sister, that she
could eat those bits; they were quite
a plenty for any dainty cat kitty.

His mother was very much hurt at
his selfishness and tried in every way
to make him do better, but to no avail.
As soon as he could scale the sides of
the basket, he commenced his tour of
investigation.

One night he came very near being
roasted alive in the stove. He had not
caught the odor of singeing for the
history of this cat would never have
been written. After his sufferings in
the stove, he promised his mother to
be a better kitty. But alas! he soon
found his way to the yard, and then
his mother was wild with fear and uneasiness
about him. She tenderly begged him not to leave the yard. He
like a good cat, faithfully promised he
would not; but one day when he and
Whitefoot were in an unusually lively
scamper, he darted through a hole under
the fence and found himself in the
next yard. Seeing nothing to alarm
him, he bristled his fur in a frightful
manner, and scolded across the
yard. Finding the cellar door ajar, he
went. Crouching down behind a
barrel, he was as still as a shadow.

In a few moments two tiny mice
came tripping out, sweethearts per-
haps, and they strolled dangerously
near Dick; putting their little heads
very close together, seemed in earnest
converse telling their love. I seen
Dick was very quiet, fairly held his
breath, was afraid to shut his eyes for
fear they would hear it. He thought,
if I can only get one, how I'll enjoy
it; how proud I'll be, and how proud
mother will be of me.

The mice gambled gaily, others
joined them, and all were having a
glorious time, when one came too near
Dick, and that cat had him in a trap;
and really he did enjoy that infernal
treat to its fullest extent. Even had the
pleasure of eating the fest—White-
foot's share.

After Dick's joys to his entire
satisfaction, he began to think of
home. He felt well pleased with him-
self, for he had performed his first
great feat—caught his first mouse.
Won't Whitefoot wish she had come
he thought, as he left the cellar door.

The coast seemed clear, and he was
nearly out of the yard, when, great
horrors! there was a boy and a dog.
They both spied him at the same moment,
and came hurriedly towards him.
As the dog came on, Dick bowed his
back, turned all his fur the wrong way,
and sat with all his might. The dog
made a mad rush at Dick, and a race
for life began. Around and around the
house they went. Finally the dog gave

Dick a terrible nip in the back, but the

cat returned it, with a bad scratch on
the nose; then the race began again.

This time Dick felt his strength giv-
ing way, so he jumped on a large pile
of rock in the yard, when down, down
he went to the bottom of an old
well. The dog stood on top, and barked
triumphantly, but oh, how pitifully
Dick mewed back, from the depth of
his dark prison.

The boy went crying to his mama,
but she could do nothing, as the well
was deep, and there was not a rope on
the place. All the time Dick's wea-
ries kept coming up from the well.
The boy's papa did not come home
until dark, and he would not
venture in the well until morning, so
poor Dick was compelled to spend the
night in that dark, damp hole, and
the last thing could be heard from
its depths was his sad cries, growing
weaker and weaker, every time any
one spoke at the top so he could hear
them.

Next morning a ladder was put
down, and after much hard work,
Dick, all bruised and bleeding, was
brought out. The boy tenderly carried
him home to his anxious mother and
Whitefoot. He was carefully laid in
his basket, where he stayed many a
long week, and he will never again be
the gay, frolicsome kitten that he once
was; for now, after suffering so long,
he just hobble around the kitchen,
slowly dragging one leg after him—
hopelessly crippled for life.

Thus it is with all cats and boys,
too, for a' that, who think they know
more than their mothers and practise
disobedience. Sure, sure to get into
trouble—sooner or later.

MRS. S. E. HEARTSHILL.

KNOWING WHOM WE HAVE BEEN LIEVED.

That absolute confidence which we
have in certain people is one of the
most important factors in any human
life. We feel it in regard to some
because we have proved them by trial.
They never have failed us, even in the
severest tests, and we know that humanly
speaking, we can depend upon them.

I give and bequeath all the valuable
and instructive books that I have
written, to be widely scattered and
carefully read; but all the corrupting,
mischievous, and obscene publications
and pictures, inspired by Satan,
I order to be destroyed by the
Society for the Prevention of Vice.

III. I give and bequeath a free and
honest ballot box for the protection of
liberty and popular rights, and the
security of public order; but all those
detestable contrivances known as "political
machines," invented and managed
by bosses for the enrichment of
themselves and their "heels." I order
to be burned, and the Civic Service
Reform Bureau will execute this man-
date at the earliest possible date.

IV. I commit and entrust to the
United States of America all those people
known as "negro freedmen" whom

I have emancipated by the hand of

my favorite son, Abraham Lincoln;

and I direct that all their rights be
carefully guarded, and all their chil-
dren educated in good schools and
fitted for self-maintenance. Likewise,

I trust to the said United States of
America all the surviving Indians and
the inhabitants of newly acquired pos-
sessions.

V. I also bequeath to my heirs the
Twenty-first Century all the missionary
societies and numerous benevolent as-
sociations to whom I have given birth,
and all the asylums and "homes" and
hospitals and other charitable institu-
tions that I have built for the relief
of honest sufferers and the discour-
agement of liars and impostors.

VI. I also bequeath to the new cen-
tury all the immense assortment of
Krupp guns and Mauser rifles and ma-
chine-guns that have been produced in
my lifetime for the rapid destruction
of human lives, and all other death-
dealing contrivances, and I direct that

at the earliest possible day they be
either sold for old iron, or turned into

plowshares and other useful instru-
ments; this work I entrust to the
Arbitration League of Civilized Nations,
which I recently organized at The Hague.

VII. Finally, I give and bequeath to
American people a glorious Federal
Union, consolidated and strengthened,
and enshrined in the hearts of the
nation; the sixteen States at the time
of my birth increased to forty-five;
the national area extended from the
Atlantic to the Pacific, and the United
States became the wealthiest nation
on the globe.

VIII. Finally, I give and bequeath to
my son and heir that priceless re-
lief from heaven known as the
Bible, with its exhibition of divine
love in the person of Jesus Christ, its
wise presents and its adaptation to
all the peoples on the face of the whole
globe. I exhort that it be spread and
be read everywhere, so that the Twenty-
first Century be wiser and purer and
stronger and grander than all its
nineteen ancestors.

As executors of this my last will and
testament I appoint all Christian
Churches and ministers, all conductors
of a fearless and truthful press, all
faithful parents, all righteous rulers,
all lovers of humanity, and all who
practice the Golden Rule. Done under
my hand and seal on this thirtieth
day of December, 1900.

XIX.

THE STORY OF ELEVEN POOR BOYS.

John Adams, second President, was
the son of a grocer of very moderate
means. The only start he had was a
good education.

Andrew Jackson was born in a log
house in North Carolina, and was reared
in the pine woods for which the State
is famous.

James K. Polk spent the earlier
years of his life helping to dig a living
out of a new farm in North Carolina.
He was afterward a clerk in a country store.

Millard Fillmore was the son of a
New York farmer, and his home was
an humble one. He learned the busi-
ness of a clothier.

James Buchanan was born in a small
town in the Alleghany mountains. His
father cut the logs and built the house
in what was then a wilderness.

Abraham Lincoln was the son of a
wretchedly poor farmer in Kentucky,
and lived in a log cabin until he was
twenty-one years old.

Andrew Johnson was apprenticed to
a tailor at the age of ten years by his
widowed mother. He was never able
to attend school, and picked up all his
education he ever had.

Ulysses S. Grant lived the life of a
village boy, in a plain house on the

banks of the Ohio River, until he was
seventeen years of age.

James A. Garfield was born in a log-
cabin. He worked on the farm until
he was strong enough to use carpenter's
tools when he learned the trade.
He afterwards worked on a canal.

Grover Cleveland's father was a
Presbyterian minister with a small
salary and large family. The boys had
to earn their living.

William McKinley's early home was
plain and comfortable, and his father
was able to keep him at school.—
Rocky Mountain Advocate.

—Texas Christian Advocate.

Parties living in any city or village in the
United States. A small cash payment
and monthly payments extending over
three years secure one of our pianos.

We send piano for trial in your home,

even though you live three thousand
miles away, and guarantee satisfaction or

piano is returned to us at our expense

for railway freights both ways. Catalogue

and a personal letter containing special
prices and full description of our easy

payment plans, free upon application.

IVERS & POND PIANOS.

Strictly First Class.

Require less tuning and prove more
durable than any other pianos manufac-
tured. 266 purchased by the New Eng-
land Conservatory of Music, the largest
College of Music in the world, and over
500 Ivers & Pond Pianos used in two
hundred of the leading colleges and institu-
tions of learning in the United States.

Old pianos taken in exchange.

Easy Payments.

If no dealer sells our pianos near you
we supply them on time payments to

parties living in any city or village in the
United States. A small cash payment

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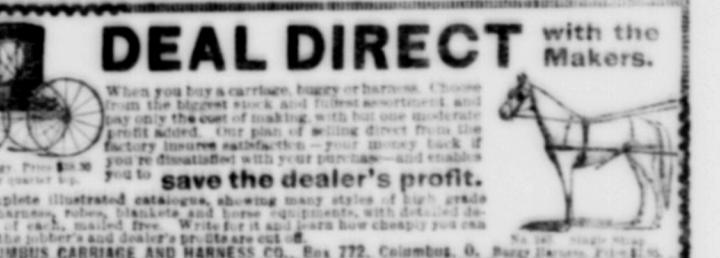
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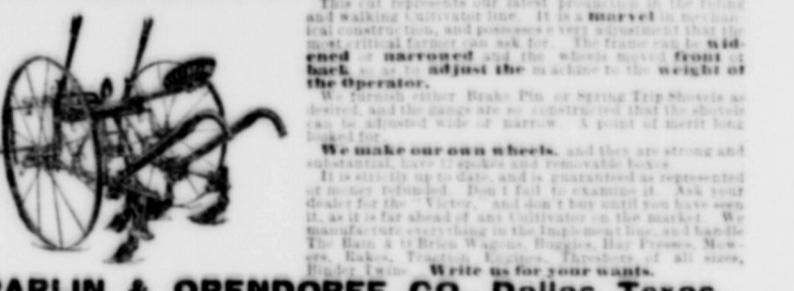
payment plans, free upon application.

IVERS & POND PIANO CO.,

110 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.



THE VICTOR COMBINED CULTIVATOR



PARLIN & ORENDOFF CO., Dallas, Texas.

the throngs of Chicago. Twenty years ago he sat in a crowded church on the edge of the pulpit. I appealed to him with all my heart to yield and accept Christ. My own soul felt that it was a vital hour. I left him and came back twice. Conviction was deep and commanding. His face was as white as the wall above him. His wife grieved him for wincing or thinking of going to the altar. His courage was not superior to her scoffs. From that hour the hands turned backward on the dial of his life. Fortune slipped out of his hands. Integrity loosened its hold. She who stopped him in his purpose died without his mercy. He now wanders the earth hopeless and unsaved. Lately he said to me: "That was my fatal night." No scripture is more commanding or true than "Now is the accepted time." Believe it. Mercy is at hand. But it must be sought and received.—Rev. M. C. Hard. D. D.

WHAT TREE?

If you were in the Klondike what tree would you need? The fir tree. If you were sea-sick, what tree would you long for? The beech tree, of course.

If you were a dude, what tree would you wish for? The spruce.

If you were in love, what tree would you think most of? The pear tree.

If you lost part of your hand, where would you go to get it mended? To the palm tree.

If you were chasing a cat, what tree would you think most of? Why, the dogwood, too.

If you wanted to call attention to something, what tree would you name? Cedar (see dar)—Reformed Church Messenger.

JOHNNY APPLESEED.

About 100 years ago a queer-looking craft was seen coming down the Ohio River. It consisted of two canoes, with a crew of one man, who said, on landing, that his name was Chapman and his cargo was appleseeds. Whenever he came to an attractive open site along the Ohio or its northern tributaries, he planted his seeds in orderly lines, and fenced in the place with brush.

He soon had hundreds of little nurseries all over Ohio, and he returned year after year to tend and prune them. New settlers found whole orchards awaiting them, and the trees were carried inland and sold for a bit of clothing or given away outright. The young planter went barefoot in summer, but he made rude sandals for himself in winter, and wore broad-brimmed hats made of paste-board to keep the sun from his eyes.

"Johnny Appleseed" as he soon came to be called

February 14, 1901.

PIANOS.

in any city or village in the country. A small cash payment, payments extending over a year, secure one of our pianos, so far trial in your home, you live three thousand miles away, and guarantee satisfaction or refund to us at our expense both ways. Catalogue of letter containing special description of our easy chairs, free upon application.

POND PIANO CO.,
Boston St., Boston, Mass.



CULTIVATOR

Best Plow in the World.
It is a **MARVEL** in its construction and every adjustment that it has. The frame can be **widened** or narrowed **front** or **back**.

alias, Texas.

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FOR \$1.00.

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L. BLAYLOCK, Dallas, Texas.

A good Listener is essential to a good sermon, so far as its effect upon the mind is concerned. This qualification involves preparation. If you go to the Church service with your mind preoccupied, the sermon will be of little interest to you. In fact, it will be lost upon you. But if before you go to service you read a portion of God's Word, retire to a place of secret prayer, ask God to bless your preacher and to put your own mind and heart in a devotional condition, then when you occupy your pew at the public worship you will be prepared to get nourishment and inspiration out of the service. You will be a good listener and the discourse will be a good sermon.

A fault-finding attitude is not conducive to the beneficial effect of the sermon. That sort of a spirit prejudices the mind, and instead of applying the wholesome principles of the sermon, such a hearer is looking for defects and imperfections. He is a critic pure and simple. This sort of a spirit requires no deep thought or nice discrimination. The most narrow-minded and shallow-brained sort of a person can sneer and find fault without special effort, and with great facility. This sort of habit is a bar to spiritual growth and expansion. It leads to a misanthropic disposition and a very uncharitable way of viewing matters. A chronic fault-finder makes himself miserable and his company adds nothing to the pleasure of others. Any sort of a sermon has something in it that will edify. If you will only look for that element in it. We always get out of the sermon the thing for which we are looking.

The sermon ought to have a definite object in its preparation and delivery. A sermon without aim is usually without results. Like sheet lightning, it strikes everywhere in general, but hits nothing in particular. A dull explosion follows, but results are lacking. A clean-cut bolt sends the air and shivers the oak. So a sermon prepared with reference to a definite end leaves a deep conviction and arouses to action. Men feel the force of it, and the mind goes to thinking and the heart starts to pulsating. The processes thus inaugurated end in a proper perception of duty and a disposition to meet the claims of moral obligation. Christ is made to stand out before the conscience as a personal Savior, and the Word of God becomes a reality. Such a sermon is a factor in the development of character.

EDITORIAL BIRDSHOT.

No one man ought to claim the whole attention of the Church.

Too much assumed familiarity with God is irreverent presumption.

The bell in the steeple is not intended to ring out its tones perpetually.

Modern elocution is largely responsible for the prevalence of stage mania among a certain class of youngsters.

If a mother who has a son grown to mature manhood wants to keep him at home after nightfall, she had better not treat him like she did when he was a baby.

Fax family government is a dominant factor in the production of self-opinionated boys and frisky and forward girls; but judicious restraint develops sturdy manhood and modest womanhood.

Simple-minded parents do not bring up their children in the fear of the Lord, and in after life they whine because the Lord has given them disobedient and headstrong boys and wayward girls.

The ease with which some apparently plumb people pick to pieces the characters of their neighbors and make themselves busy-bodies in other men's matters is no evidence of a good heart or a right spirit.

THE CITY COUNCIL AND THE POLICE COMMISSION.

The liquor dealers and gamblers of Dallas have been strenuously opposed to the Police Commission from the beginning. It has placed the police regulations of the city upon a strictly business basis, and the class of citizens above referred to have no sympathy with an arrangement of that character. They want the whole question put back into ward politics. Hence, from the time the present Legislature first met, these fellows, feeling that they had a majority in the City Council of their ilk, have been making special effort to have the Committee on Charter Amendments to so change the commission feature as to practically render it null and void. And this sort of change was reported to the Council, but over the protest of one or two members of the committee. But those members of the Council wanting the Commission put out of the way, ran up against another difficulty. The Senator in Austin from this district came out in a written statement in the daily papers that unless the people said in a fair election that they wanted Commission eliminated from the charter, he would not even introduce a bill into that branch of the Legislature with reference to amending the charter containing any section modifying the Commission. Then the bar-rooms and gamblers began to move things to set an election. The City Attorney, however, ruled that the Council had no right of its own motion to put the city to the expense of holding an election under the circumstances; but held that an election could be held by popular subscription, but it would have no binding effect upon the Legislature. The money for such an election was promptly pledged. Of course, it was to come from the bar-rooms and gambling dens. The matter was brought up in the Council and discussed, but at the proper time was promptly laid on the table. Whether it will be up again or not awaits to be seen. From a tie vote cast by the Mayor, we infer that he was on the right side of this question. We refer to this matter because all of the contiguous country is interested in the efforts of bar-rooms and gamblers to control the sentiment of this city. With the Police Commission, they are at a great disadvantage. The Advocate stands for law and order, and any effort of the lawless element to control matters in this center of population will be pointed out and condemned.

THE EXPRESS COMPANIES AND THE LIQUOR TRADE.

Since our last issue the higher courts have held that the express companies can not handle liquor packages in local option towns, marked C. O. D., without becoming personally liable for a violation of the local option law. We had an idea that the way in which these companies were flooding local option communities with liquor that the matter had been passed upon by the higher courts and thereby settled in favor of the C. O. D. package business. But such was not the case. The lower courts had so held, but the higher powers have set the decision aside and made the express companies the agents of the liquor men. So now the express companies are ordering the uncalled-for jugs to be returned to their shippers, and announce that henceforth no such packages will be handled by them. Good for this decision; but we still want the laws so amended that these companies can not handle the jug trade, even when prepaid to local option towns, without also becoming liable. Let liquor men understand that they can not use the express companies in any way to flood local option communities with intoxicants. Therefore, let no local option community relax its efforts to prevail upon the Legislature to amend our local option laws at this point. There is no way to stop an individual from carrying liquor into a prohibition district, provided he does not sell it; but the railroads and express companies are corporations, and the Legislature can pass a law prohibiting them from carrying prepaid packages of whisky into these forbidden towns without becoming liable as agents in violating the law. Now, while we have the matter up, let us make sure to head off the ingenuity of the liquor men in their efforts to set aside the law. They are very resourceful, and if we do not get this amendment, they will prey on jugs of liquor and consign them to fictitious names in local option communities under the present decision of the courts. This will not be so bad as the other method practiced by them, but we want their possible advantage in this matter completely cut off. The amendment herein suggested will do the work without a doubt. Then our local option towns will have rest from these fiends incarnate!

TEXAS PERSONALS.

Rev. E. V. Cox, of Breckenridge, Texas, would like to correspond with a registered drug clerk who is a Methodist and a League worker. No other sort need apply. If you fill that bill and want a job, this has reference to you.

We had the pleasure of a visit from Bro James Cochran, of this county. He was in the city on business and dropped into the office for a few pleasant moments. He is one of our successful farmers and a staunch supporter of the Church in his community.

We are pleased to have had a pleasant call from Rev. H. E. Carter of Clairemont. He was in the city on business and was considerate enough to pay his respects to the Advocate, a thing that nearly all good Methodists do when they pass this way.

We are indebted to Rev. Sterling Fisher, of the West Texas Conference, and Dr. D. H. Hotchkiss, of the Texas Conference, for copies of the minutes of their respective conference sessions. We appreciate these favors, as they are very helpful to us in the work of the Advocate.

Rev. Seth Ward, D. D., of Galveston, came to the city last week and spent some time in the office. He is engaged in a great work. His efforts to rebuild the broken fortunes of the Church in Galveston are worthy of the hearty cooperation of the entire Methodist of Texas. He is representing us in that difficult field, and it is our duty, and it ought to be our privilege, to give to him and his people our earnest and persistent aid.

Mrs. S. E. Heartstill, of Weatherford, one of our original contributors, appears in this issue again in one of her well-written stories. There is an element of naturalness in her writings that makes them interesting; and this, together with their real merit, makes

her one of our valued correspondents. In Texas we ought to have a score of original correspondents instead of only a dozen. If you know anything worth putting in print, then try your hand and send us the result.

We hear fine reports from Rev. W. D. Bradfield, our pastor of Tenth Street, Austin. In a personal letter from Governor Sayers on another matter, he adds: "We have a most excellent pastor. His congregations are very large, and everybody seems to be well pleased with him."

The editor is under obligation to Brethren Clifton, Rogers and A. J. Gunstream of Rock Hill, for a copy of fine Plymouths. Bro. Gunstream is noted for one of the finest strains of this character of bird in North Texas. He lives in the country and devotes special attention to poultry.

We learn from a note from Rev. J. W. D. Bradfield, our pastor of Tenth Street, Austin. In a personal letter from Governor Sayers on another matter, he adds: "We have a most excellent pastor. His congregations are very large, and everybody seems to be well pleased with him."

The Methodist Review for January and February has a very inviting table of contents—i. e., "David and His Times," "Christian Education in Japan," "The Organization of Capital and Labor," "Where the English Race First Settled in America," "The Christ of the Twentieth Century," "Dr. Samuel Johnson, the Autocrat of Literature," "Lodge's Life of Hamilton," "Religious Progress in Victorian England," and six editorial departments that are brimful of interest.

W. K. Vanderbilt stole a march on Chancellor Kirkland—says the St. Louis Advocate—Vanderbilt University and the entire city of rocks last Wednesday night. He was passing through the city from St. Louis to Florida, and having a few hours in Nashville, he found in a book and went out to the Vanderbilt campus, rang on Chancellor Kirkland, went around the campus, through Kissam Hall, seated by the bronze statue of the old Commodore, took in West Hall, the main building, the splendid surroundings, and expressed himself as delighted with everything and thought the surroundings magnificent. He was back in big car and gone before a dozen people knew he had been here.

The Indian Witness of Colby, in its issue of January, says: "The garrulous condition of Bishop Parker causes the greatest anxiety to the missionaries of the Methodist Episcopal Church in India. As their practically unanimous choice for the important office to which he was elected last May, his incapacity for work almost since he reached India in October, has been a source of profound grief. In the opinion of his medical doctors, Bishop Parker's case is most critical. At his age the decrepitudes are against the possibility of his return over the sea; yet, but with God all things are possible. Much prayer is being offered to God for his afflicted servant and for the success of his forty-two years' labors for Christ in this land. Latest reports we are thankful to say, indicate improvement in the Bishop's condition, sufficient to afford some slight encouragement that with God's blessing he may yet rally."

In a recent issue of the Daily News, Rev. Joel S. Graves, who some time ago left the ministry and membership of our Church and wrote a pamphlet criticizing our system of Church government, came out in a card confessing that he had done us a great wrong in said publication. He furthermore said that he has taken, as far as possible, all of the copies of said pamphlet and committed them to the flames; and in the same card he announced his withdrawal from the ministry of the Baptist Church, but hoped to live a consistent life among his lay brethren. He apologized for any wrong he might have done us and expressed a willingness to henceforth live in peace with all of the children of God. This is a manly course upon his part, and we wish him spiritual prosperity in the remainder of his life. It is human to err, but divine to forgive.

METHODIST NEWS.

The South Georgia Conference reported a gain of 2,000 members of the Church the past year.

The Epworth League of Winfield Church has assumed the collection of the foreign mission assessment on that Church at \$225.

Dr. W. C. Evans, pastor of First Methodist Episcopal Church, Stockton, Cal., has been elected Chaplain of the Senate of that State.

Bishop S. M. Merrill says: "For more than fifty years I have advocated the legal prohibition of the liquor traffic as the only effective remedy for its manifest and glaring evils."

Bishop Hendrix made a talk at the Kansas City Preachers' meeting two weeks ago. "The Forward Movement, Which Contemplates the Larger Usefulness of the Layman in the Church."

Dr. Tillett says the Vanderbilt will get only about 3 per cent of the Twentieth Fund instead of 29 per cent. Most of the amount contributed has been specially directed to local institutions.

Dr. Collins Denny, of the Vanderbilt Faculty, is spoken of for the Chancellorship of Peabody Normal College. No better qualified man could be selected. We do not know what he thinks about it.

The congregation of Winfield Church, Little Rock, has resolved upon important improvements. They have begun by purchasing a parsonage at a cost of \$4,500. They have resolved to rebuild their chapel, in view of a new auditorium at a future day.

New Orleans Advocate: We were agreeably surprised to receive, on Monday last, a visit from the venerable senior Bishop, John C. Keener. He does not often venture down town,

but on this occasion he came to welcome the new editor. The Bishop is in reasonably good health, but dares not exert himself to any great extent. He is much interested in the approaching Mission Conference.

The Raleigh Christian Advocate says that the new library building at Trinity College, in North Carolina, the gift of Mr. J. B. Duke, will be, when finished, the finest building of its kind in the Southern States. It will be fitted and equipped for a library of 100,000 volumes. The State library contains only 20,000 volumes.

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GALVESTON FUND.

Mrs. Sarah Crawford, Wexahatchie, subscriber at North Texas Conference	\$ 5.00
Mr. G. W. Rose, Dallas, per Rev. R. G. Mood	1.00
R. J. Ellis, Chilton, Texas	1.00
Previously reported	1.00
Total	\$12.00
Less error November 22, 1900	.75
	\$11.25

The amount reported from A. C. Alvin, November 22, should have been 5 cents instead of 50.

L. BLAYLOCK

Galveston, Texas, Feb. 7, 1901.

Mr. L. Blaylock, Your favor of the 6th inst., with check for \$1000, duly received, money to be applied as follows: Galveston church fund, \$1000; charity, \$5; suffering farmers at Alvin, \$25. Please accept our thanks.

The first response to our special appeal in the Advocate is from Bro. Troy Hackler, of Mansfield, Texas, who sends his check for \$5. A good beginning.

SETH WARD.

GALVESTON CHURCHES.

Please call the attention of brethren who subscribed at Georgetown to help rebuild the Galveston churches that there is \$163 yet unpaid; at least it has not been sent to the Treasurer as it was ordered by resolution of the conference. If it has been paid to others that ends the matter. If they have not paid it I hope to hear from all subscribers soon.

J. H. CHAMBLISS,

Treas. Board of Ch. Ex., N. W. T.

Dallas District—Second Round

Oak Lawn	11 a. m., March 19
Hockley	7 p. m., March 19
West Dallas	11 a. m., March 17
Cook Cliff	7 p. m., March 17
Ervay	11 a. m., March 24

this occasion he came to welcome new editor. The Bishop is in good health, but dares not himself to any great extent, much interested in the approaching Conference.

*
sleigh Christian Advocate says new library building at Trin-
gle in North Carolina, the gift
of B. Duke, will be, when fin-
ished, finest building of its kind in
the South. It will be fitted
up for a library of 100,000
volumes. The State Library contains
800 volumes.

*
Methodist Review for January
is very inviting—l. e., "Dante and His
'Christian Education in Latin'
or "Where the English Race
Lived in America." "The Christ
in the Twentieth Century." Dr. Sam-
uelson, the Author of "Litera-
ture's Life of Hamilton,"
and Progress in Victorian Eng-
land, six editorial departments
of interest.

*
Vanderbilt strolled a march on
to Kirkland—saw the St.
Louis—Vanderbilt University
entire city of rocks last Wed-
nesday. He was passing through
from St. Louis to Florida, and
a few hours in Nashville, he
is back and went out to the
old campus, saw us Chancery
and went around the campus.

Kissam Hall, built by the
estate of the old Commodore,
Wesley Hall, the main building,
and surrounding, and ex-
hibited as delighted with ev-
erything, the surroundings
enriched. He was back in his
home before a dozen people
had been here.

*
Indian Witness of Calcutta, in
of January says: "The ger-
mination of Bishop Parker causes
great anxiety to the mis-
sions of the Methodist Episcopal Church."

*
As their practically unani-
mous for the important office to
be elected last May, his
work almost since he
India in October, has been a
profound grief. In the en-
tirely medical interests, Bishop
can be most critical. At his
circumstances are against the
life of his father over the space
of God all things are pos-
tural never is home offered to
his afflicted servant and for
one of his forty-two years in
Christ in this land. Let us
all be thankful to say, indicate
that with God's blessing he
will be full.

Notes From the Field.

NORTHWEST TEX. CONFERENCE.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE FIVE.
ing the parsonage. By the way, I must
mention that our kitchen and dining-
rooms are "mighty nice." Bro. Haynes
(a member of the Christian Church)
donated the paint, and Sister E. J.
Ward, one of the steward's wives and
one who is all the time spying around
for some nice thing to do for the
preacher and parsonage, furnished can-
vas and paper. Will soon have our \$10
on the district parsonage. Have raised
some of the conference claims. I am
taking my conference collections by
private subscription. Am anxious to
get every member to subscribe, and
they are responding nicely. I will soon
let them know the results. Am get-
ting things in shape to organize a W.
H. M. Society. Have ordered and sold
near \$70 worth of Bibles, Disciplines,
New Testaments, "Post Oak Circuits,"
Hymn Books, Young People's Hymnals,
etc., from Barbee & Smith, to my people.
Have preached to magnificent au-
diences, and never saw better behavior
and attention. Wife entertained, for
dinner, the entire first Quarterly Con-
ference (seventeen), and we all had a
pleasant time together. The presiding
elder says it takes "lots of salt to
save" him, and that's not all—but we
enjoyed him hugely "on all lines." The
stewards let the salaries remain as
last year, and they seem to be men ready
to do their duty. We need many
things, and we are working for them.
I am trying to show my appreciation
all the time by planning for their spir-
itual welfare. Reading "Skilled Labor
for the Master," "Christus Auctor,"
"Son of Man," "Elijah the Tishbite,"
"Hundred Years of Missions," the
Bible, etc., has helped us in our closet,
and we are praying that God will great-
ly use us. Our greatest regret is that
so few of our members are subscribers
to the Texas Christian Advocate.

NORTH TEXAS CONFERENCE.

CAMPBELL.

J. T. Birdsworth, Feb. 7: The first
Quarterly Conference for Campbell
Circuit, Greenville District, convened
at Campbell last Saturday and Sun-
day. Our new presiding elder, Rev. O.
S. Thomas, was with us and looked
well into all the business of the
Church. He preached three times
here and one time at Shady Grove. All
those sermons were up to high-water
mark; in fact, no mistake was made
when O. S. Thomas was appointed pre-
siding elder. About \$142 was paid for
the support of the ministry. We are
hopeful for a good year.

WORTHY OF HELP.

C. R. Gray, Feb. 9: Our new church
at Pecan is wrecked. We had just
completed it in December at a cost of
one thousand dollars. On the fourth
Sunday in January the last indebted-
ness sixty-one dollars was paid, and
the house dedicated. All felt that a
burden had been lifted when the last
dollar was paid. The following Sat-
urday night a cyclone struck it, and now
our once beautiful church is scattered
over the fields. Not a shingle can be
found on the lot. Many shed tears
when they saw the result of a year's
work and sacrifice in ruins. But our
people have rallied, and we will re-
build immediately. The rubbish is
cleared away to-day and work on
the church will begin Monday. We
have, to date, received one hundred
and fifty dollars aid from adjoining
towns. We hope to have the house
ready for services in three months.
We have no place to worship, as the
school-house was also destroyed. Any
help will be thankfully received. Ad-
dress me at Yowell, Texas.

LEONARD.

Mrs. S. L. Ball: After having spent
two pleasant years in Cumby it was
with sad hearts we left our friends
there. We love those people and will
ever remember them. In two hours
after we left Cumby we were in Leon-
ard and were soon made to feel at
home among these good people. The
parsonage needed enlarging and re-
pairing. The money was soon raised

and the work commenced as soon as
material and workmen could be had.
When it is finished it will be very nice
and comfortable. We organized a W.
H. M. Society with six members, and
now have twenty-one, who are willing
and anxious to work in the vineyard
of the Lord. They put about \$20 worth
of dishes in the parsonage. Last week
a committee was appointed to see what
was needed in the parsonage. They
bought nice bed room set, some rock-
ers and other chairs and an extension
dining table, all of which are appre-
ciated very much. To say we are well
pleased does not half express it. We
are delighted. We love the Advocate
and are trying to put it in every home.
God help us to do our full duty and
give us a good year.

ROXTON.

R. C. Hicks, Feb. 11: I rarely ever
send in more than one report from my
work each year, but since my first
Quarterly Conference I feel like adding
to what I said just before, that the in-
terest is still alive, as will be seen
from the reports. Have received seven-
teen members since conference. Con-
gregations are increasing. Good reso-
lutions are being made among the peo-
ple. They tell me so privately, much
to my joy. Have started on conference
collections. Made the call at two places
and secured 75 per cent of assessment
at each place. No doubt about getting
it all. The stewards collected during
first quarter \$208.60—about \$20 over
one-fourth of the entire assessment.
At least that much has been reported.
One good steward has not been heard
from. Rain prevented him from com-
ing to Quarterly Conference. Bro. Al-
derson, P. E., was with us at quarterly
meeting, but took a chill Sunday morn-
ing and was sick all day. So the lot
fell on Jonah, but we had good ser-
vices. A great revival is all we lack,
and we are praying that God will great-
ly use us. Our greatest regret is that
so few of our members are subscribers
to the Texas Christian Advocate.

POTTSBORO AND PRESTON.

A. G. Noble, Feb. 11: Our first Qua-
terly Conference convened at Coffey
Chapel, and throughout Saturday and
Sunday was a great time for the Meth-
odists in this charge. The conference
authorized the trustees to move the
church from its present site to the
camp-ground, and appointed commit-
tees on arrangements for the District
Conference, which will be held at the
camp-ground in Preston Bend, com-
mencing on the 8th day of August, and
will continue over Sunday. We will
take care of all delicate, connectional
brotherhood and the good women. Free
entertainment and transportation. All
former pastors are invited to be with
us. We expect Bishop Key, and will
invite Bishop Candler to spend the
time with us. Our camp-meeting will
begin a week before the District Con-
ference, and we will be glad to have
you all to come and help us. Annu-
al preparations will be made to ac-
commodate visitors who do not care
to be entertained free. Our former
pastors will be invited to know Preston
Bend is forcing to the front. All
our assessments are paid to date, and
are in full sympathy and love with
Brother and Stafford. We are the only
chapel in Southern Methodism (so far
as we know) that exceeds without the
Texas Christian Advocate. Few take
it here, but more to come, will take
it this year. We will publish in ample
time route, etc., to our place over rail-
road lines transfers and everything
connected with our meeting so the dele-
gates and visitors may be informed.

DEXTER.

L. F. Palmer, Feb. 11: The first
Quarterly Conference for Dexter Circuit
was held February 9 and 10. Rev.
J. L. Morris the beloved presiding
elder, was on hand and preached an ex-
cellent sermon from I Cor. 2:2, after
which a good dinner was partaken of.
Then the Quarterly Conference was
called to order by the presiding elder.
Lasting impressions were made upon
the persons present by the remarks
made by Bro. Morris. The Circuit
Stewards propose to pay their pastor
\$250 for his support, and to the presid-
ing elder \$66 towards his support. The
assessments ordered by the Annual
Conference are as follows: Delegates to
General Conference, \$2; conference
claimants, \$28; Bishops, \$7; foreign
missions, \$42; domestic missions, \$28;
Church Extension, \$14; education, \$12;
Orphanage, \$6; minutes, \$1. Our pur-
pose is to collect the conference claims
in full. The amount assessed for the
support of the gospel was apportioned
to the five classes as follows: Mt. Zion,
\$65; Walnut Bend, \$131; Riverside,
\$55; Dexter, \$122; Black Jack, \$55.
Of the above amounts there was paid
at the first Quarterly Conference: Mt.
Zion, \$17.50; Walnut Bend, \$41.15;
Riverside, \$5; Dexter, \$6; Black Jack,
\$12. Also for the Bishomes, \$7.50 and
Orphanage \$10; other purposes, \$52.
What we most need on Dexter Circuit
is a revival, and for this we are pray-
ing. On Sunday, Bro. Morris preached
from the text, "Fight the good fight
of faith," which will be remembered

for days to come. Also collected \$6.65
to pay on district parsonage rent, etc.
Next Quarterly Conference at Mt. Zion,
May 11 and 12.

EAST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

RATCLIFF.

J. W. Stubblefield, Feb. 6: Bro. J.
S. Burke commenced a meeting here
Jan. 17 and continued ten days. It
was the best meeting we ever had at
this place. Visible results: 22 conver-
sions, 14 admissions to the Methodist
Church and 5 to the Baptist and 3 to
the Presbyterian. A young men's
prayer-meeting organized and a ladies
prayer-meeting. They have gone to
work. There were some reached who
were never affected before. May the
good work go on, is my prayer.

ARLESTON CIRCUIT.

W. W. Gollings, Feb. 6: We are
returned to this delightful charge for
another year. We are glad to be re-
turned and our people have welcomed us
back as a good loyal Methodist people
do. We have not had "cyclones and
fearful storms beyond description," but we have
been "pounded" in that good gentle way that all can enjoy it and be left in a healthy and growing condition, and the greatest
beauty of our "pounding" is, it hasn't stopped yet, and the threatenings are still great, but I suppose we will be able to stand it all as we are now well and hearty. We are building a new church at Bethel. It will cost about \$1200. We have three fine Sunday-schools. We consider the circuit in a good condition and are therefore very hopeful for a good year.

MENARDVILLE AND JUNCTION CITY.

M. J. Allen: At the last session of
our Annual Conference I was returned
to this work. Have been kindly re-
ceived and pounded well—yes, indeed,
both at Junction and Menard—in due
and ancient form. Have been hard at
work ever since conference, preaching,
praying, visiting and building—any-
thing but idle. We are doing fairly
well on all lines. We are taking our
collections. My field is large, and so
is the Lord. Truly the Lord has been good
to us. First and second Quarterly Conferences
over. Beloved on hand. Preached well, looked well, but not
well. Our presiding elder is o.k. Nine
additions since conference; dismissed
seven. We expect great things this
year. Our converts from last year are
doing very well.

QUITMAN.

J. M. McCarter, Feb. 5: Our first
Quarterly Conference for the current
year was held at Quitman the 2d inst.
There was a fairly good attendance
of official brethren notwithstanding
the unfavorable weather. Our presiding elder, Dr. John Adams,
was promptly at his post looking diligently
after all the interest committed to his hands. He endeared
himself more than ever with our people.
He preached four sermons that
will not soon be forgotten—earnest,
evangelical, masterly. He grows
younger. There were three accessions
by ritual and three baptisms. Altogether
it was a delightful and profit-
able occasion. Finances very well up.
The assessment was pitched to the
tune of \$120: same as last year. This
is our second year with this good
people. We have been received kindly
and pounded sufficiently to admit of
good health and pleasant dreams.
We are moving off nicely with the new
year. We are determined to give
Quitman Circuit the best year's service
in the world. There are three good
schools in the town. The Standard School
is the best and I have seen. The Co-
operative School is the best and I have seen.
Both are well conducted and
financed. The Standard School is
financed by the parents. The Co-
operative School is financed by the
parents and the community.

potatoes and butter, and in fact there
have been but few days that something
good has not found its way to the
parsonage. I would be glad to
mention every donor by name, but for
fear that my report would be too long,
I desist. However, we shall always
remember them. We have a noble
Board of Stewards, who both know and
do their work well. They met early
and made the assessment for us, leaving
us a few dollars to do us until our
first Quarterly Conference, which was
last Saturday and Sunday. Bro. W.
F. Davis was on hand in good health
and spirits, preaching and proselyting
to the delight of us all. The stewards
made a good report. Some of them
were sent away by sickness. Those
points will come in all right. We have
had some real spiritual services. We
believe the signs are good for a good
year. We have received seven mem-
bers this quarter, and revised the mid-
week prayer-meeting at Alto. We are
certainly serving a fine people, and
are delighted with our charge. May
the Lord give us a glorious revival in
our prayer.

TYLER CIRCUIT.

S. N. Allen, Feb. 6: Tyler Circuit is
still coming to the front. Last Thurs-
day night we met our people at Stan-
ville. We wanted to have a service
with them and plan for a revival this
year, and to our surprise the good people
had prepared a pounding for those
preachers, so when we had ours the
first song before we could call them to
pray they left the house. We stood
in wonder until they came back with a
sack of flour, two dozen matches,
bleaching-bananas, soap, tooth-
paste, powder, butter and bread and last
but not least, a note from some who
could not come, with some good
news. God bless this good people.

As a Trial Offer we will mail for 30¢, No. 1000 "Pansies, Sweet Peas, Mayflower,

Pansy Giant—Snow White Sweet Pea—Ava Blue,
Gold Black, Cardinal, Yellow, Orange-Pink,
King Blue, Violet, Striped, Purple White.
Our Catalogue for 1901—New Colors! Big
catalogue 100 pages, 100 illustrations,
mailed free to you who will send
10¢ postage.

John Lewis Childs, Floral Park, N. Y.

Epworth Organs
are easy to buy
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in four installments of \$25.00 each.
Send for our catalogues and bill of lading.
Henry Price, agent. Send
for our catalogues and bill of lading.
John Lewis Childs, Floral Park, N. Y.

Disfigured Skin

wasted muscles and decaying bones.

What have?

Scrofula, set alone, is capable of all that,
and more.

It is commonly marked by bunches in
the neck, inflammations in the eyes, dys-
pepsia, catarrh, and general debility.

It is always radically and permanently
cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I was a sufferer from scrofula from
birth. My eyes were so affected that I was
almost blind for days at a time. My neck
began to swell so that I could not breathe
freely. Medicines failed to do me any good
until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.
Today I have excellent health." Miss KAT-
TER McKEE, Silver Creek, Ky.

"I was troubled with scrofula and came
near losing my sight. For four months
I could not see to do anything. After taking
two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I
could see to walk around the house and when
I had taken eight bottles I could see
as well as I ever could." SCOTT A. HARR-
ISON, Winterset, N. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

rests all manners upon all eruptions, and
heals up the whole system.



Giant Pansies, Sweet Peas, Mayflower.

For a trial offer we will mail for 30¢,
No. 1000 "Pansies, Sweet Peas, Mayflower,"

Pansy Giant—Snow White Sweet Pea—Ava Blue,
Gold Black, Cardinal, Yellow, Orange-Pink,
King Blue, Violet, Striped, Purple White.

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Sunday-School Department. Epworth League Department.**FIRST QUARTER, LESSON 8, FEBRUARY 24.****JESUS IN GETHSEMANE.**
Matt. 26:36-46.**Golden Text:** "Thy will be done."—Matt. 26:41.

We give below the comments from the Bible Reader and Sunday Magazine:

Nearly all of the recorded events connected with the close of our Lord's earthly life are recorded by all four gospels. It will aid us, to prepare an outline of the last two days he was on earth.

Before the lesson of to-day ought to be studied Matt. 26:30: "And when they had sung a hymn, they went out into the Mount of Olives." This was the closing exercise after the institution of the Lord's Supper, and the addresses contained in John 14 and 15, and the intercessory prayer of chapter 17. Jesus and the eleven leave Jerusalem and pass out of the northern gate (?) and descend the slope, cross the brook Kidron, on the opposite side of which was located the garden of Gethsemane. It was a sacred spot to the Master and disciples, because the Lord had been in the habit of spending hours therein communing with the Father.

36. The account bears all the marks of a genuine historical document. All the apostles were still with him except Judas. Gethsemane was an olive yard, in which were many trees, and contained an olive press. The exact site is uncertain, but it is thought to have been about half a mile from the city. Luke mentions that he "was parted from them about a stone's throw." The suffering that he must soon undergo makes it necessary to obtain a fresh and abundant supply of heavenly grace. This can be acquired only through prayer.

37. Eight of the disciples remained at the gate to protect the entrance from intruders. Our Lord must have a few moments of quietness before the coming day. Peter, James and John were present when the Master raised the daughter of Jairus, on the Mount of Transfiguration, and in the lonely garden.

38. What follows was doubtless spoken to the three—Peter, James and John: "Now is my soul troubled, and what shall I say?" The Scriptures describe man as possessed of body and soul. The former is the vehicle of the latter. The soul is the seat of personality, and therefore the source of consciousness. His sorrow was increasing as the cross drew near. It seemed too heavy to be borne. Jesus was not yet prepared to face the crisis. He wanted a few more minutes to commune with his Father.

39. He went a little farther into the garden to enjoy seclusion. He first knelt down, and then lowered his face to the earth. He must have uttered it aloud, or it could not have been recorded. The cup is the figure of suffering. The prayer of the Lord was fraught with the spirit of submission.

40. Luke says that "he found them sleeping for sorrow." He addresses Peter because he had said only a few hours before that he could never be tempted to forsake his Master. It is as if he had said, is it possible that the one who has promised undisturbed loyalty could not be on guard for sixty minutes?

41. They would soon be exposed to the most severe temptation that had confronted them. The choice of our better nature is not to yield to temptation, but is not strong enough to face the trials of life without aid from God.

42. Our Lord still alludes to his approaching suffering under the figure of the cup. The substance of his prayer is that he is willing to die if it is necessary to carry out God's will in the salvation of souls.

43. This is the second time he left the secluded spot where he knelt in prayer and came to the three and found them sleeping. It is hardly just to accuse the disciples of indifference.

44. The reason our Lord came to them during this season of danger to himself and them was that he would encourage them to remain devoted to him by whom they should be saved for glory. He had loved them so far and would have that unbroken now.

45. The inference is that these words were spoken to all. This can hardly be regarded as sarcasm, nor as a reproach, but a permission. They needed rest, and as they could be of no service for a while might as well be sleeping.

46. Let us leave this part of the garden, so that the enemy may find me, was what the Master meant. Judas and his company were no doubt in sight.

The best protection against fevers, pneumonia, diphtheria, etc., is in building up the system with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

conference. Leaguers of North Texas, before David and said, "Thou art the man," was more than a prophet. He was a preacher. Jonah, when he faced the Ninevites, was more than a missionary; he was a preacher. Paul, when he stood before Felix, was more than an apostle; he was a preacher. Jonathan Edwards, discoursing in his Northampton church from the text, "In time their feet shall slide," was more than a theologian; he was a preacher. George Whitefield, pleading with the Kingswood colliers, was more than an evangelist; he was a preacher.

Reference Word. Obey. I Sam. 14:22: Acts 5:29; Heb. 5:9. Daily Bible Readings: S. Messiah's Reign; Ps. 72; M. King of the Nations; Ps. 22:23-31; T. Lord Over All; Zech. 14:6-11; W. Blessings of the Gospel; Isa. 10:1-10; T. The Word of Light and Life; H. Tim. 1:8-12; F. Whosoever Believeth; Rom. 10:1-13; S. Marching Orders; Mark 16:15-20.

THE GREAT COMMISSION.

So Christ's command is called. This passage in Mark should be compared with that in Matt. 28:18-20. From these two statements we learn that Christ's marching orders included four things:

1. World-wide travel. "Go ye into all the world." That at once breaks down the distinction between home and foreign missions. John Wesley realized this when he said: "The world is my parish."

2. Universal evangelization. "Preach the gospel to every creature." This is the first positive assertion that every soul has the right to hear the gospel. Christ died for all, and the good news of salvation should sound in every ear.

3. Disciplining the evangelized. "Teach all nations." After preaching comes teaching. Converts should be instructed, as Jesus did the apostles in things pertaining to the kingdom of God. We should know whom and what we believe. This explains why the Church establishes denominational schools where religion and science can be taught as in accord and not in discord. Hard by chapel or church should be academy or college.

4. Organizing the Church. "Baptizing." As baptism is the door of the Church, and as no believing adult is baptized without admission to membership, the conclusion is that Christ intends the visible Church, as his representative, his body, to be established throughout the world.

These are the marching orders of our Captain, Savior, and King. We have no right to repeal, modify, or disobey them. If we do, we are rebels and traitors. The question of foreign missions admits of no argument. We must believe that it is our duty to send the gospel everywhere, and must either go or send; or be disloyal and risk the punishment that comes to the disobedient.

PROTECTION AND VICTORY.

The disciples had special promises given to them of power to work miracles, and of protection from "deadly things." These gifts ended with the apostolic age. The presence of the Lord is a standing promise. "Lo, I am with you always" has no repeat or special application. It is for all who obey the marching orders of the King. He has all power in heaven and in earth, and this power is pledged in behalf of those who trust and obey. This means defense, encouragement, comfort, and success. The marvelous growth of the Church demonstrates that the Lord still works with his people, and confirms the word with signs following.

LEAGUERS OF THE NORTH TEXAS CONFERENCE.

The impression has gone out that the recent session of the North Texas Conference at Denton did away with the North Texas League Conference, but such is not the case.

The North Texas Conference at Denton only recommended the disbanding of the North Texas League Conference because they thought we had too many League Conferences, the disbanding or doing away with the North Texas League Conference to be left entirely with the Conference which meets at Terrell.

We will decide at our meeting in Terrell whether or not it is advisable to discontinue our League Conference which will depend largely upon our usefulness as a conference in the advancement of the great League work.

Whenever the North Texas League Conference ceases to be a useful instrument in advancing the cause of our Methodism in Texas, then I am in favor of its discontinuance, but so long as she stands out as a great bulwark against sin in every degree, against the baneful influence of the saloon against Sabbath desecration in all its forms—so long as she stands for the saving of our children for Methodism for saving souls from hell, for indoctrinating our young people in the ground-work of the Church and for the encouragement of personal piety and reverence among those who have enlisted in God's army, just so long will I work and fight for her life as a

conference. Leaguers of North Texas.

The minister of the twentieth century will be a preacher. The full dinner pail is abroad in the land. Prosperity is no longer just around the corner. It is now a visible presence. And yet in this land of plenty there rages a moral famine, caused in part by a dearth of preachers. There are essayists galore and dissertationists without number. The country is raising apologists, not only for home consumption, but for export trade. The pulpit in some places is asking the pew to pardon the Almighty. The dispensers of sweet morsels and of questionable portions are a great host. The attorney who secures a verdict is a lawyer. A pulpiteer who wins a soul is a preacher. A sermon is a projectile. A preacher is a projector. The missing-link is a touch of fire. This heaven ever waits to furnish "Go preach." Who can measure the sentence? "Woe is unto me if I preach not the gospel." Where is the stringed instrument that can reproduce the wail of that sob? Nathan, when he stood

Found

The most thorough and effective house cleaner ever invented

GOLD DUST
Washing Powder**PARALYSIS** Locomotor Ataxia conquered at last. Doctors prescribed. Specimen free. DR. CHASE'S BLOOD AND SERVE FOOD. Write me about your case. Advice and friend of course. FREE. DR. CHASE, 224 N. 10th St., PHILADELPHIA, PA.*Dallas University*

Late of Galveston. Strictly high grade. Medium size—safe convenient. Cocaine, camphor, & Lemon extract. Glycerine, &c. No fatigues. Day and night sessions. Catalogue free. D. B. U. Dallas, Main Street, opposite P. O.

NORTH TEXAS FEMALE COLLEGE and Conservatory of Music.**Next Term Opens September 4th.**

High Literary Course, conforming to the requirements of the Board of Education. Professors from our best Colleges and Universities.

The Conservatory of Music unsurpassed in America. The Director, Harold von Mickwitz, one of the famous Leschetizky's best endorsed pupils, is assisted by that popular pianist, Wilbur McDonald, and six ladies, all of whom are exponents of the world-approved Leschetizky technique. Graduates from the Eastern Conservatories studied with us last term.

The Art Department is in charge of Miss Eva Billingsley, who has studied in the best schools of Europe.

For Catalogue, address.

MRS. L. A. KIDD KEY,
Sherman, Texas.**CUT IN HALF**

PRICES ONLY Goods full

\$10 Couch for \$4.85

\$2.50 in beauty and freight extra cents for 500 miles.

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What Shall We Eat

To Keep Healthy and Strong?

A healthy appetite and common sense are excellent guides to follow in matters of diet, and a mixed diet of grains, fruits and meats is undoubtedly the best, in spite of the claims made by vegetarians and food cranks generally.

As compared with grains and vegetables, meat furnishes the most nutriment in a highly concentrated form and is digested and assimilated more quickly than vegetables or grains.

Dr. Julius Remusson on this subject says: Nervous persons, people run down in health and of low vitality should eat plenty of meat. If the digestion is too feeble at first it may be easily strengthened by the regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal. Two of these excellent tablets taken after dinner will digest several thousand grains of meat, eggs or other animal food in three or four hours, while the malt distaste also contained in Stuart's Tablets cause the perfect digestion of starchy foods like potatoes, bread, etc., and no matter how weak the stomach may be, no trouble will be experienced if a regular practice is made of using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply the pepsin and diastase so necessary to perfect digestion, and any form of indigestion and stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach will be overcome by their daily use.

That large class of people who come under the head of nervous dyspeptics should eat plenty of meat and insure its complete digestion by the systematic use of a safe, harmless digestive medicine like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, composed of the natural digestive principles, peptones and diastase, which actually perform the work of digestion and give the abased stomach a chance to rest and to furnish the body and brain with the necessary nutriment. Cheap cathartic medicines masquerading under the name of dyspepsia cures are useless for relief or cure of indigestion because they have absolutely no effect upon the actual digestion of food.

Dyspepsia in all its forms is simply a failure of the stomach to digest food and the sensible way to solve the riddle and cure the indigestion is to make daily use at meal time of a safe preparation which is endorsed by the medical profession and known to contain active digestive principles, and all this can truly be said of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

All druggists throughout the United States, Canada and Great Britain sell them at the uniform price of fifty cents for full treatment.

MISSIONARY TRIUMPHS OF THE CENTURY.

Rev. W. F. Oldham.

In a large but true sense the history of Christian missions is the history of modern civilization. Every advance of Christ's kingdom is registered in the richer and more humane life of the race. The triumphs of missions in this century may therefore be summed up in the splendid advance and progress of the human family. So far as our minds are directed to Christian missions among non-Christian and foreign peoples, this advance must be looked for in two directions. The wider influence has been in the leavening of thought and national life by contact with Christian truth and Christian institutions, and the more specific missionary triumphs in the acceptance of the Christian creed, and formal submission to Jesus Christ, by some from every nation under heaven.

Among the achievements of this century is this supreme one—that there is no land where some are not found rejoicing in God as their Father through Jesus Christ the Lord; and that in every land the leaven of the gospel has entered, strengthening every good thing in the existing life and purifying the evil.

This has, indeed, been the century of missionary preparation. At its opening there were in all the world but a handful of weak societies attempting small things in heathen lands. But a few years before its close, at the now famous Baptist Convention over which Dr. Ryland presided, young William Carey arose to ask whether the time had not come for the preaching of the gospel to their fellow-subjects in India. The moderator surprised beyond measure, called out to the young man to sit down—if God wanted the heathen saved he would attend to that. Carey's splendid answer to the rebuff was the era-making sermon that he preached from Isa 54:23, under the headings: "Attempt Great Things for God," "Expect Great Things from God." Between 1792 and 1819 nearly all the great missionary societies were born—the Baptist Society at Kettling in England in 1792, the American Board in 1810, the American Baptist Missionary Union in 1814,

the Society for Propagating the Gospel as a Foreign Society in 1818, our own Methodist Missionary Society in 1819. These were a few of the movements in the early days of the century that marked the dawn of a new missionary zeal and a more strenuous endeavor. The circumstances leading to the founding of these societies are full of romance, none more so than the origin of our own Missionary Society. John Stewart, a converted mulatto, heard a strange voice calling him to a tribe of heathen Indians. He followed the voice—found the Indians. A great work of grace sprang up among them and the Missionary Society of the Church was born out of that strange episode. It now spreads over all the earth, and its missionaries are found in the newer portions of our own land, in Mexico, in Europe, South America, China, Japan, Korea, India, Africa, and the islands of the sea; and indeed, it is fitting that it should be so. For Wesleyan missions antedate most modern missions. John Wesley himself had been a missionary to Georgia, and early adopted the catholic motto—"The world is my parish." In 1780 seven years before Carey started for India, Thomas Coke, a Wesleyan preacher, sailed for the West Indies. Again, in 1814, he sailed for Ceylon, but dying on the voyage, his body was committed to the sea and carried by its waters to the shores of every land. Thus did the pioneer missionary of Methodism, laying down his life, claim all lands for the activities of a world denomination, the humor of whose heart can never be satisfied until it helps to "preach the gospel to every creature."

At the close of the century we look back and are forced to cry: "What hath God wrought!" The handful of missionary enterprises have now become 170 organized societies, with scores of others unorganized and unattached. These for the most part have come through those early years of preparation when languages must be learned, dictionaries compiled, grammars systematized, Bible translations made, prejudices overcome, national dislikes allayed, and race jealousies abated. The long tedious days of preparation and waiting are largely over in most mission fields, and the ripe, rich harvest is being plentifully gathered. Thirteen thousand missionaries, with 62,000 native helpers, have gathered 2,600,000 converts, and are teaching 1,250,000 children in 21,000 schools. Over 500,000 inquirers are to-day eagerly asking the way of life, and a breath of revival is widely felt in all the lands where the initial work has been done.

Christian Endeavor Societies and Evangelical Leagues, speaking over 100 languages, are flung all over the known world. Sunday-schools and preaching places sprinkle the waste places of the whole earth. There is a going in the tops of the mulberry trees, and the startled nations aroused from heathen lethargy, are uneasily and expectantly conscious that the great God is about to appear among them in strange new ways. All the lands are wide open to gospel effort; all the languages have been mastered; foundations have been laid; beginnings have been made everywhere. The militant hosts of the Lord Christ have made accurate survey of the whole task of disciplining a world. All mere earthly romance of foreign missions has been swallowed up in the deepened fervor of hearts that have counted the cost, and are prepared to toil and suffer that Christ may be known everywhere. The Church knows accurately her task; has learned scientifically how to set about it. Two things are wanted—a larger endowment of power, a larger support to make possible a wider gospel effort. Thousands of workers in the fields ripe to harvest! Shall there not be a mighty chorus of intercessory prayer in the opening days of the new century, that they may all be empowered by the Holy Ghost for a great ingathering? Hundreds of our brightest young men and women stand ready to go! Who will send them? Shall not we? The machinery is prepared, everything is in order.

The darkness is past, the dawn has already come. God grant the day may go forward to high noon, that the whole earth may be flooded with the brightness of the Sun of Righteousness. The nineteenth century has been the splendid century of missionary preparation. May the Church of the Living God press forward to make the twentieth the century of completed missionary conquest, in which the knowledge of God shall overflow the whole earth, when continent shall haul continent, and ocean shall call to ocean, and all the islands join in glad acclaim to sing the praise of him who loved us and gave himself for us.—Exodus 34:27.

When there is sunshine in the soul there will be flowers and fruit in the life.—Ram's Horn.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children suffering from colds, coughs and like afflictions. A sure cure. Guaranteed. Price 25 and 50 cents.

Result of a Fall.

SAN FRANCISCO ATTORNEY FALLS FROM PLATFORM OF STREET CAR—STRICKEN WITH PARALYSIS.

From the Examiner, San Francisco, Cal.

Volumes might be written in praise of a popular remedy for the creating of rich new blood and the up-building of a worn-out body, but it is doubtful if anything so convincing could be demonstrated as is done by the interesting story related by Mr. Edward T. Dudley, a practicing attorney for twenty-five years in San Francisco, with offices at 83 City Hall Avenue. Twelve years ago, when thirty-nine years of age, Mr. Dudley, lost his balance while standing upon the rear platform of a street car, causing him to fall, striking the ground with the back of his head, which brought on a feeling of numbness and eventually paralysis, loss of memory and strength which, however, has yielded to proper treatment as explained by him hereafter.

Feeling thankful for the good done him and realizing that many others are in a similar condition, Mr. Dudley voluntarily gives the results of his own recovery which is given without embellishment as follows:

"After the fall from the car I passed it by as an accident that had left no apparent ill effects; yet a few weeks later, in endeavoring to get on a car, I found I could not raise my foot. From this time paralysis began in my feet and in time my lower limbs became numb. From being a strong, healthy man of 180 pounds, I was reduced to 145 pounds, and my doctor told my wife that it was only a question of time when I should have to take to my bed. Medicines prescribed by the doctors did no good, nor at the time I started to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, if I fell down I could not get up again unassisted. I could scarcely walk a block. Now I can walk three or four miles without fatigue, and as you see, can lift my leg and am altogether a different man—and all from eight or nine boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After trying Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I could see in a very short time that my health and general system was much improved and I can assert that as a blood maker and builder up of the system, it is invaluable, as my increase in weight from 145 to 155 pounds I can lay to nothing else than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"I have recommended them to hundreds, and shall continue to do so."

Signed, EDWARD T. DUDLEY.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of July, 1860.

JUSTIN GATES, Notary Public.

At all druggists or direct from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

Price, 50 cents per box; 6 boxes, \$2.50.

A country clergyman had gone off for a holiday, and a benevolent neighbor who had a curate took his Sunday duties. After the substitute had preached his first sermon, he remarked to the clerk in the vestry: "I am sorry that I gave you such a short discourse, but the reason is that a dog got into the study and tore out several leaves of my manuscript." The clerk gazed wistfully upon the speaker and said: "Oh, sir, do you think that you could spare our parson a pup?"—Evangelist.

MISS COULD AS A GIVER.

Among those women who have come into recent note by their munificence of great wealth is Mrs. Hattie Miller Gould, daughter of Jas. Gould, and sister of Jas. Gould, of the celebrated firm of J. & P. Morgan. Miss Gould's work for the soldiers and sailors of the Spanish War is still fresh in the memory. Much that is unfamiliar regarding her gifts and her method of giving is told by Mrs. Sarah E. Bullock in the March "Delineator." Miss Gould is one who dislikes ostentation, and, therefore, one whose gifts often go unnoticed.

WHY MILLIONAIRES CAN'T STOP MAKING MONEY.

A dozen of the wealthiest capitalists in the country—men who wield absolute control over immense business enterprises—will tell the readers of The Saturday Evening Post (February 16) why they remain in the race which they have already won.

Each of them writes frankly whether he makes money for its own sake, for the sheer joy of working, or to gain the power with which vast control invests itself.

IVERS & POND PIANOS.

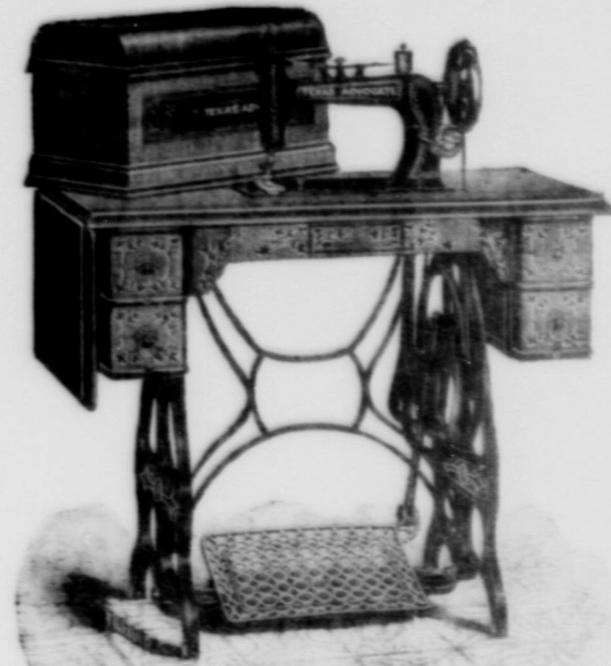
Those of our readers who are thinking of purchasing a piano will do well to refer to the advertisement in another column of the Ivers & Pond Piano Co., concerning systems of payment, place these pianos, which are everywhere recognized as being of the highest grade, practically within the reach of all. Rev. J. E. Clark, President, United Society of Christian Endeavor, writes in his letter, recently received, "Ivers & Pond Pianos. Catalogue and full information can be obtained by addressing the Ivers & Pond Piano Co., 119 Broadway, New York."

When there is sunshine in the soul there will be flowers and fruit in the life.—Ram's Horn.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure to use that old and well-tried remedy MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children suffering from colds, coughs and like afflictions. A sure cure. Guaranteed. Price 25 and 50 cents.

See This Machine?



Hundreds Use It

THIS MAGNIFICENT SEWING MACHINE AND TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE ONE YEAR.

\$22.00
Drophead, \$23.50

Freight prepaid to your nearest railway depot. We sell the Machines under a full guarantee. Send your order, with the cash, and if it is not a strictly high grade Sewing Machine, in all respects, you may return it at our expense and get your money back. Cash must accompany all orders. Address,

Texas Christian Advocate,
DALLAS, TEXAS.

Users Are Satisfied

WHAT A FEW OF THE PURCHASERS SAY.

Wylie, Texas, Jan. 17, 1861.

Mr. L. Blaylock, Dallas, Texas:

Dear Sir—I like the Texas Advocate machine very much. Think it is as good as any \$20.00 or \$25.00 machine. Have used mine three years.

MRS. J. T. HUTCHINS.

ADVOCATE MACHINE A "HUMMER."

Mansfield, Texas, July 12, 1860.

Dear Mrs. Blaylock:

The Advocate Machine received all. It is a "hummer." The only thing that disturbs us is how you can give so great value for so little money. Yours fraternally,

G. E. SANDEL.

Campbell, Texas, Jan. 11, 1860.

L. Blaylock, Dallas, Texas:

Dear Sir—Have you still the Texas Advocate Machine for sale? I want another if I can get one as good as the one which I got from you about three years ago. It has certainly been faithful since I am a dressmaker. I have used it almost constantly since I have had it. Please let me hear from you at once.

I have just had a forty-dollar machine in the shop, trying it, but like the Church paper it is mixed for, there is none like the Texas Advocate. Most respectfully,

MISS MATTIE DELLIS.

Athens, Texas, June 18, 1860.

Mr. L. Blaylock, Dallas, Texas:

Dear Sir—Have you still the Texas Advocate Machine for sale? I want another if I can get one as good as the one which I got from you about three years ago. It has certainly been faithful since I am a dressmaker. I have used it almost constantly since I have had it. Please let me hear from you at once.

I have just had a forty-dollar machine in the shop, trying it, but like the Church paper it is mixed for, there is none like the Texas Advocate. Most respectfully,

W. C. PROCTOR.

Oro, Texas.

MISS MATTIE DELLIS.

The sewing machine I bought of you is first-class. Better than I expected for the money.

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MISS MATTIE DELLIS.

The sewing machine I bought of you is first-class. Better than

WOMAN'S DEPARTMENT.

Conducted in the interest of the W. F. M. Society and the W. H. M. Society. Address all communications to Mrs. Florence E. Howell, 17 Masten Street, Dallas, Texas.

"I am willing
To receive what Thou givest,
To lack what Thou withholdest,
To relinquish what Thou takest,
To suffer what Thou inflictest,
To be what Thou requirtest,
And to do what Thou commandest.
Amen."

—Author Unknown.

A copy has been received of the minutes of the fourteenth annual meeting of the W. H. M. Society, East Texas Conference, held in Pittsburg, Texas, November, 1898. The minutes are arranged in a most complete and systematic manner, in pamphlet form, the contents of which convey much satisfactory information regarding the fine progress being made in the work of home missions by this active Conference Society. In looking over the contents, we were especially impressed with item 8, in report of Committee on Extension of Work, which was adopted, as follows:

"We recommend that at each annual meeting of this body a Conference Reporter be elected, whose duty shall be to furnish items of interest for publication concerning our conference work, in Our Homes, Texas Christian Advocate and King's Messenger, and also the secular press, as she can obtain access to it, at least once each quarter, and that the auxiliaries be urged to use the local papers more freely and frequently in the interest of our work, publishing announcements of monthly meetings, if nothing more."

We notice that Mrs. G. V. Ridley was elected Conference Reporter, and we shall therefore look to this sister for such items of interest as she may think best to send us for publication in the Woman's Department of our Advocate. Hope we may hear from the Conference Society through her at least quarterly. We would be glad to see other Conference Societies take such action, for if each Conference Society had thus a regularly appointed member whose duty it would be to report items of interest connected with the work (either of the W. H. M. Society or the W. F. M. Society) of each conference in our State, then the interests of each Conference Society would be regularly represented, and none would have cause to feel that their interests were not being represented to the extent that might be desired. The editor of this department of the Texas Christian Advocate will always be glad to receive any such items—and of course has always felt thus—for publication, as it was for such purpose that the Woman's Department was opened years ago in our Advocate and she consented, at request of the editor-in-chief of the paper, to take charge of that department, hoping thereby to do what good she might be able to advance the interests of the work that the women of our Church in Texas had in charge.

To the Members of the W. H. M. Society, Northwest Texas Conference:

At this the beginning of a new century and the approaching close of another fiscal year of our society, it is again my pleasing duty to address you in the form of a circular letter. My object is, first, to communicate, for your encouragement, such facts and data as are not generally known to the membership; and second, to arouse and stimulate greater zeal and energy in a successful and efficient prosecution of our great home mission work.

1. The report of our Conference Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Flora N. Hey, presented to the last Annual Conference, which convened at Georgetown in November, 1898, shows, among many other interesting items, that we had on September 15, 1898, as follows: Number auxiliaries adult, 106; juvenile auxiliaries, 5. Twenty of these auxiliaries had been organized or revived during the year.

2. The report of our Conference Treasurer, Mrs. N. G. Rollins, also presented to the last Annual Conference of our Church, and incorporated in the minutes of said conference, to which reference is here made, shows as follows:

Total amount of cash from various sources, raised and remitted, up to September 15, 1898 \$ 2,654.19 Total amount raised and expended for other purposes in the bounds of our conference 7,408.85 Grand total \$10,062.94

In addition, said report also shows that from October, 1898, to October, 1900, we donated for the benefit of needy parsonages within the limits of

our own Northwest Texas Conference the sum of \$900.

3. The next annual meeting of our Conference Society will convene in Hillsboro in May prox. Notice of exact date will be given in due time. It is very important and earnestly desired that each and every auxiliary should be represented at this annual meeting. To this end, let each auxiliary elect its best material as delegate. Efforts will be made to secure special rates from the railroads, and it is presumed the usual courtesies will be extended.

4. I invoke renewed zeal, energy and enthusiasm in all our auxiliaries. An active, energetic, general effort from now until our annual meeting in May will enable us to present a consolidated annual report surpassing the results of all previous years.

5. To accomplish this, impress upon all who are delinquent the importance of prompt payment, and especially impress upon your Treasurers and Corresponding Secretaries a strict observance of their duties in making prompt and accurate reports.

6. District Secretaries should remember that the important duty of organizing new auxiliaries devolves upon them. Certainly, with but little effort, each and every District Secretary can organize at least one new auxiliary in the bounds of her district. Mrs. W. H. Purcell, of Cleburne, Texas, our former Conference Organizer, will cheerfully respond to calls from other districts to assist in the work of organization of new auxiliaries and the revival of old ones, provided her expenses are paid by those requesting her assistance.

7. At your last regular meeting in this month, new officers for the ensuing fiscal year, beginning March 1, will be elected in all auxiliaries. Your Corresponding Secretary should immediately report to Mrs. Flora N. Hey, Conference Corresponding Secretary, at Waxahachie, the names of officers newly elected, also number of members.

8. In all local and connectional efforts, work as a "Home Mission Society." Let us be true to our own organization. In unity of effort there is strength.

9. Remember that the objects of our great organization are threefold: 1. Building and fitting parsonages. 2. Educational. 3. City missions. Let every officer and member ask herself the questions: Have I done all that I could? Have I put on the whole armor of God? Am I girdled about by the Spirit of Truth? Am I pressing forward to the mark of my high calling? Am I doing my whole duty? If not, my dear sisters, wake up to a full realization of your grand and noble mission, and in all things may God in his infinite goodness bless and direct you.

MRS. L. A. PATTON,
Pres. W. H. M. S. N. W. T. Conf.
Alvarado, Texas.

Men of the strongest denominational convictions often are found feeling for the smallest denomination in their pockets at the collection.

Why Millionaires Can't Stop Making Money

Several articles by well-known millionaires showing the responsibilities carried by capitalists; the difficulties of keeping investments on a sound basis, and the impossibility of retiring without sacrifice.

In this week's February 16 number of

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

OF PHILADELPHIA

Sent to Any Address Three Months (13 weeks) on Trial on Receipt of Only 25 Cts.



"We will also send, without charge, a copy of each of the two books, 'The Young Men Who Work' and 'The Making of a Merchant.' These books are reprints of the best of the famous series of articles for young men which appeared in the Post, written by such well-known men as ex-President Cleveland; Senator Beveridge; former Senator John J. Ingalls; Barlow N. Higinbotham; of Atlanta; and A. S. Robert C. Ogden, of Wanamaker's, and others.

The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia, Pa.

NORTHWEST MEXICAN MISSION CONFERENCE.

We closed a very delightful session of the Northwest Mexican Conference at El Paso, Texas, Bishop Key presiding. There was a gain of seventy members during the year and good progress along all lines. There was one young man received on trial, one received into full connection and one re-admitted.

We asked that our conferences in Mexico be changed from October to January, that the Bishop might spend more time with us, and that the General Conference officers might attend. Dr. Lambeth was the only connectional man with us and he had to go back to Nashville. But for the presence of Bro. Everett, manager of the Branch House at Dallas, we have been left out entirely. The next session goes to Guaymas by the sea. Come over and eat oysters with us.

The following is a list of the appointments:

DURANGO DISTRICT.

R. C. Elliott, Presiding Elder.

Nogales—L. Reynolds and Jose Torres, supply.

Phoenix—M. M. Bustamante.

Pitiquito—Miguel Narro.

Quaymas—W. F. Ogleby.

Mazatlan—J. H. Fitzgerald.

Culiacan—José Bustamante.

La Paz, B. C.—To be supplied.

EL PASO DISTRICT.

J. F. Corbin, Presiding Elder.

El Paso—E. Quinones.

San Pablo—Pedro Vazquez, supply.

Chihuahua—Marcos de la Garza.

Marfa—Daniel Campa.

Bearstow—Rafael Lopez, supply.

Deming—To be supplied.

J. F. CORBIN,

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 6.

A TEXAS WONDER.

HALL'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder trouble in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. F. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists.

Read This.

Pine Camp, Colorado, April 1, 1898.
Dear W. H. Howell: I wish that you would discuss with the greatest kidney medicine ever made on earth. I have had Kidney trouble for fourteen years and one bottle of your Kidney medicine has cured me. It will cure all Kidney trouble, and I just feel like telling you what great work your medicine will do. It is the greatest on earth.

J. R. WOODS.

It is a good deal easier to demonstrate that men may become monkeys than that monkeys have become men.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN PIANOS.

Write the Great JESSE FRENCH PIANO & ORGAN CO., Jesse French Building, Dallas, Texas.

Christ only comes to dwell in the hearts of those who are watching for his coming in glory.—Ram's Horn.

At best life is but short. Do not make it shorter yet by rank neglect of that cough of yours, when one bottle of Simmons' Cough Syrup would cure you. Guaranteed. Price 25 and 50 cents.

UNANSWERED LETTERS.

Feb. 7—R. D. Moon, sub. A. B. Roberts, sub. T. T. Both, sub. A. W. Wilson, sub. J. E. Buck, thank you. G. W. Riley, sub. G. W. Lewis, sub. W. T. Melugin, sub. J. W. Beckham, sub. J. R. Wages, sub. T. B. Hillburn, sub has attention. F. M. Winburne, sub. C. B. Carter, sub. Mattie M. Wright, sub. W. H. Stephenson, sub. Geo. S. Sexton, sub. J. G. Miller, sub. T. F. Turner, sub. S. Richardson, sub. L. M. Fowler, sub. Ellis Smith, sub.

Feb. 8—C. D. Day, sub. R. R. Wagner, sub. N. B. Head, sub. C. E. Gallagher, sub. J. C. Carter, has attention. R. W. Nations, sub.

Feb. 9—B. H. Passmore, sub. J. A. Rutherford, sub. A. H. Hart, sub. W. D. Bradford, sub. Stuart Nelson, has attention. C. E. Simpson, sub. W. H. Harris, sub. J. W. Johnson, sub.

Feb. 10—C. G. Shutt, sub. R. S. Helzer, has attention. J. H. Moreland, sub. R. F. Bryant, sub. A. E. Carraway, sub. D. H. Hotchkiss, sub. C. J. Oxley, sub. W. F. Bryan, sub. W. W. Graham, sub. C. C. Davis, trial sub. M. H. Neely, sub. S. C. Littlepage, sub. G. W. Kinchen, sub.

Feb. 11—J. L. Kennedy, sub. J. D. Young, sub. A. C. Biggs, sub. C. S. McCarver, sub. M. W. Clark, sub. A. T.

Culbertson, sub. F. M. Winburne, sub. 2 cards. J. W. Tincher, sub. Feb. 12—J. B. Luker, sub. J. R. B. Hall, sub. S. W. Turner, has attention. J. A. King, sub. G. D. Wilson, sub. J. E. Short, sub. A. F. Hendrix, has attention. E. Hightower, sub. J. J. Callaway, sub. R. A. Snoddy, samples sent. J. W. Mills, sub.

Tyler District—Second Round. Golden, at Golden March 2, 3, 4. Mineola, at Mineola March 3, 4. Wills Point sta March 5, 10. Tyler cir. at Center March 10, 17. Cedar Street and St. Paul, at St. Paul March 23, 24. Lindale cir. at Mt. Sylvan March 23, 24. Emory cir. at Sabine Pass April 6, 7. Grand Saline, at Antioch April 12. Canton, at Wesley Chapel April 13, 14. Marshall, at Oakland April 20, 21. Athens sta April 20, 21. Will send rest of round when the first is complete. J. T. Smith, P. E.

Vernon District—Second Round. Haskell sta, Friday night and Sunday day night March 1, 2. Haskell cir. at Fair View Sat., Sun., March 2, 3. Benjamin, at B. Sat., Sun., March 8, 19. Crockett, at Margaret Tues., Sun., March 12. Granite, at G. Sat., Sun., March 19, 27. Willow Vale, at W. V. Tues., March 19. Eldorado, at Cowen Thurs., March 21. Mangum, at Mangum Sat., Sun., March 20, 21. Paducah, at Gypsum Sat., Sun., March 20, 21. Quanah, Fri. 7:30 p. m., Sun. 7:30 p. m. April 5, 6. Quanah, Sat., Sun. May 12, 13. Chillicothe, Mon. night, Tues., April 8, 9. Childress, at Carey Sat., Sun., April 13, 14. Round Timbers, Thur., April 18. Gorce, at Munday Sat., Sun., April 25, 26. Sherman Mon. 7:30 p. m., April 22. Vernon Sat., Sun., April 27, 28. Navajo, at Navajo Fri., May 4, 5. Altus, at Altus Sat., Sun., May 4, 5. Harrold, at Wesley's Chapel Sat., Sun., May 11, 12. Throckmorton, Sat., Sun., May 18, 19. District Conference at Chillicothe, June 28, at 8 p. m. J. H. Wiseman, P. E.

Heavenly living here is the only sure argument for heaven beyond life.

DURANGO DISTRICT.

R. C. Elliott, Presiding Elder.

Nogales—L. Reynolds and Jose Torres, supply.

Phoenix—M. M. Bustamante.

Pitiquito—Miguel Narro.

Quaymas—W. F. Ogleby.

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La Paz, B. C.—To be supplied.

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San Pablo—Pedro Vazquez, supply.

Chihuahua—Marcos de la Garza.

Marfa—Daniel Campa.

Bearstow—Rafael Lopez, supply.

Deming—To be supplied.

J. F. CORBIN,

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 6.

SANTA FE SPECIAL RATES.

Excursion tickets will be sold from all stations on the Santa Fe in Texas as follows:

Hillsboro—February 29 and 31, account.

New Orleans—February 13 to 18, inclusive.

California—Cheap one-way tickets every Tuesday, February 12 to April 26, inclusive.

For rates, limits and other information, call on nearest ticket agent, or address W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A., Galveston.

Music bath charms to soothe the savage breast, but Simmons' Cough Syrup soothes any breast; if same be afflicted with Colds, Coughs and like troubles. Guaranteed. Price 25 and 50 cents.

The Christian can only find satisfaction where he finds salvation.

MUSIC FOR REVIVAL MEETINGS.

For the purpose of inspiring assemblies and exciting the soul, we will loan our 32 PAGE PAMPHLETS of spiritual poems from our library.

OBITUARIES.

The space allowed obituaries is twenty to twenty-five lines, or about 175 or 180 words. The privilege is reserved of condensing all necessary notices. Articles concerning such notices to appear in full as written should remit money to cover excess of space, to-wit: at the rate of ONE CENT PER WORD. Money should accompany all orders.

Resolutions of respect will not be inserted in the Obituary Department under any circumstances; but if paid for will be inserted in another column.

POETRY CAN IN NO CASE BE INSERTED.

Extra copies of paper containing obituaries can be procured if ordered when manuscript is sent. Price, five cents per copy.

MCLAIN.—Mary Ellen McLain, daughter of J. L. McLain and wife, was born October 22, 1880. A lovely child, sweetened the lives of her parents, won their love bound them as close to her as human hearts can be bound, and then, October 28, 1899, went home to God, where, with her sweet little hands, she beckons them to come on. They so loved her that they feel they must go, and they are looking and moving that way. God help them. J. A. FAUCÉ.

WINNINGHAM.—Cleo Pearl, infant daughter of W. G. and F. A. Winningham, was born June 8, 1899, and went home to the many mansions January 22, 1901. She was a granddaughter of our beloved Rev. H. A. Naucler, a mutual友 minister, and was the joy of his undivided family to die. Dear parents and friends, "you will find your loved babe again if you will live and work for the Master. She only stayed with you long enough to entwine the love of papá and mamma around her little form, and then Jesus said: 'Come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of heaven.' REV. JOHN M. CULVER.

Forestburg, Texas.

REAGAN.—Albert Reagan was born in Callahan County, Miss., January 15, 1889. He was converted and joined the Church in early life, and died at Garland, Texas, at the home of his sister, November 22, 1900. Bro. Reagan was a good man. This writer was his pastor for two years, and in my association with him I always found him true to God—always submissive to his will. He expressed his readiness to go when God called him. Bro. Reagan leaves a wife and many friends to mourn his death, but we know where to find him. May God bless and comfort his wife in her loneliness and sorrow. M. L. HAMILTON.

Crandall, Texas.

RHODES.—While Lucinda Rhodes, infant child of H. J. and Mary Rhodes, was born October 1, 1898, and died December 19, 1899. For sixty-two days Little Willie wrestled with the hand of disease. During this time she suffered much. At last the messenger of death came and her pure spirit took its flight to the city of God. She is gone and can never come back again, but she is in the kingdom of heaven. Her parents and relatives are sad, but they know where to find their precious darling. They can go to her. Dear parents, lift up your eyes and look and see the little hands that are beckoning and hear the sweet voice that is calling you to the beautiful haven of rest. J. W. BRIDGES.

MOODY.—Lena Mae, daughter of W. S. and N. B. Moody, was born January 19, 1899, and died at her home in Mineral Wells, Texas, January 2, 1901. Though her stay on earth was short, it was full of sunshine. In that good day when the angels shall lift the veil, we shall see her again. We all miss her happy little face, but "of such is the kingdom of heaven." Our Father needed her in his home above, and knowing best, he took her to that beautiful land. Heaven is brighter for every addition to her courts, and so Little Lena Mae gives brightness to the other world. May the sorrowing parents and dear relatives find comfort in the thought that she is not lost, but only gone on to await their coming. In the words of Little Lena Mae, "I may truly say, 'Earth hath one pure spirit in heaven one inmate more.'" "We loved her; we love her yet." COUSIN MAE.

LOVE.—J. A. Love was born in Sevier County, Tenn., in 1838, and moved to Missouri with his parents and settled in McDonald County. He was married to Mrs. Sarah M. Smith November 1, 1860, by Rev. David E. Cumming, who was fifty years a missionary to the Indians in the Indian Territory. Bro. Love came to Texas in 1874, and settled in Johnson County, where he lived for nine years. He then moved to Parker County, where he lived until his death, which occurred Jan. 25, 1899. He professed religion when quite young, and united with the church, in which he lived a consistent member, loved and honored by his brethren and neighbors until called to his reward on high. His funeral was attended by the largest gathering of people this writer has seen since coming to this charge. During all his protracted sickness his faith was strong, and when death came he was eagerly waiting for his heavenly home. A kind father, an affectionate husband and a devoted Christian has gone from us, and we shall miss him so much, but hope to meet him where parts cannot come. R. P. DUNN.

WALL.—At 1 o'clock and 25 minutes a.m., January 21, a dark shadow fell on the happy Christian home of J. Edgar and Flora Bowman Wall, of Plano, Texas. For ten days parents, grandparents, relatives, physicians and friends had been watching at the bedside of a patient little sufferer. In spite of faithful nursing and every effort possible for medical skill little Jack Wall was conquered by death at the above-mentioned hour. He was a lovely child. Born April 22, 1898, being 3 years, 5 months and 25 days old at his death. Though he did not reach the years of manhood, his life was a success. He was living in disposition, and won his way into every life and heart which came in touch with him. Everybody loved Jack. This can not be said of all children, but it is literally true concerning him. He had inherited from parents and grandparents those finer traits of character with which they are so abundantly blessed, and with these he entered all hearts and held a warm and tender place there. He is gone now, but though gone, we love him still. Love is not affected by distance nor clime, but as a strong and

mighty cable it ever draws us to the objects of our affections. May every heart which loved little Jack and feels the axioms of God, when it is Parents and grandparents, friends and all who the awful sorrow caused by his death as true Christians. Across the open grave the rainbow of hope stretched its radiant span. From out the dark valley of death faith sights the rising sun of immortality. Jack is not dead, but is alive forevermore at God's right hand. We shall see, love and live with him forever. To those who so deeply sorrow we commend the grace of God. Now we see through a glass darkly, but then face to face. We shall know also even as He knows and is known. GEO. S. SEXTON.

Terrell, Texas.

SCOGIN.—Mrs. Caroline M. Scogin (nee Crouch) was born in South Carolina, October 13, 1888, and moved with her parents and joined the Methodist Church when about 28 years of age. She was married to C. G. Scogin September 18, 1898, and at her home in Robertson County, January 20, 1901, she quietly and peacefully passed away. She leaves behind her two a husband and two children, with a host of relatives and friends, who loved her tenderly. Sister Scogin was a faithful wife, a devoted mother, a good neighbor and a true Christian. Her pastor had no truer friend nor her church a more zealous or faithful worker. Loved ones, you will see her face no more in your midst, yet weep not as those without hope, for she believed that "Jesus died and rose again, and the promise of comfort is that 'them which sleep in Jesus will God bring with him.' Sleep here, but you can meet her again in our Father's home above, 'where no farewell tears are shed.' C. E. SIMPSON.

ROBERTS.—Sister G. E. Roberts (nee Crumaldi) was born in Harrison County, Ind., September 12, 1880, was converted and joined the church in childhood, came to Texas with her parents, Rev. C. F. Crumaldi and wife, in the year 1887. She was married to W. P. Roberts October 18, 1898, and departed this life at her home in Crumaldi, Texas, January 20, 1901. Sister Roberts was a patient sufferer for many months before her death, but through it all she exhibited a spirit of Christian fortitude and a patient submission to the will of Him to whom she had committed herself. In early childhood while Bro. Roberts was bereft of a dear companion and their children are deprived of a mother's love and sweet comfort, yet a faith in God and his promise of the resurrection gave them a blessed hope of one day meeting their sainted ones in that home where no sorrows and death can be found. Sister Roberts leaves a husband and seven children to mind, and we pray that God may bless and comfort them, also an aged father and mother, with brothers and sisters and a host of friends, to mourn her death. May God bless them all. M. L. HAMILTON.

BROWN.—Sister Paulie Brown, the daughter of Bro. and Sister J. K. Jackson, was born April 23, 1895, in Cooke County, Texas, near Valley View. She was converted and joined the M. E. Church, South, in the summer of 1899, at Antelope, in Montague County. Bro. Morris being in charge of the meeting. She was married to Virgil H. Brown December 18, 1897, and died January 17, 1901, in Valley View, after an illness of about ten days. Sister Brown was from every standpoint a type of true womanhood, gentle and kind, patient and affable under all circumstances. Herself possessed a well-maintained Christian character richly endowed with all the Christian graces, and with a sweetness of disposition that is worthy of our imitation. She yielded to the summons of death, calmly and serenely, as only a child of God can. Sister Brown was an obedient, good daughter, a faithful and patient wife, and an affectionate mother. It is so end and hard to give up into the cold, icy hands of death our loved ones, especially those who are so well fitted to brighten our homes and for usefulness in the service of God. Know ye not? May he give us grace to bear it in humble submission to this divine providence. She leaves a broken-hearted husband and two orphan brothers and two sisters to mourn their loss. All were present at the funeral but two brothers. It was a sad day when the large crowd gathered around the grave to attend the funeral service, but our sorrow was not as those who have no hope, for we bid her away in the upper grave, in hope of the resurrection. May heaven's richest blessing rest upon the bereaved ones. W. E. JORDAN, P. C.

of Christmas festivities, the deep and genuine sorrow which pervaded this entire city, tell of the love and concern in which this good woman was held. She hath wrought good work; she hath done what she could. To the bereft sisters and sorrowing husband, let me say, the separation will not be long. This is but another link in the golden chain that binds you to God and heaven. With faith and hope in your hearts, press onward and upward till the endless day of the glad reunion. May the influence of her pure life serve as a guiding star till we shall have planted our feet upon the banks of eternal deliverance.

G. E. CAMERON

BROWN.—Sister Paulie Brown, the daughter of Bro. and Sister J. K. Jackson, was born April 23, 1895, in Cooke County, Texas, near Valley View. She was converted and joined the M. E. Church, South, in the summer of 1899, at Antelope, in Montague County. Bro. Morris being in charge of the meeting. She was married to Virgil H. Brown December 18, 1897, and died January 17, 1901, in Valley View, after an illness of about ten days. Sister Brown was from every standpoint a type of true womanhood, gentle and kind, patient and affable under all circumstances. Herself possessed a well-maintained Christian character richly endowed with all the Christian graces, and with a sweetness of disposition that is worthy of our imitation. She yielded to the summons of death, calmly and serenely, as only a child of God can. Sister Brown was an obedient, good daughter, a faithful and patient wife, and an affectionate mother. It is so end and hard to give up into the cold, icy hands of death our loved ones, especially those who are so well fitted to brighten our homes and for usefulness in the service of God. Know ye not? May he give us grace to bear it in humble submission to this divine providence. She leaves a broken-hearted husband and two orphan brothers and two sisters to mourn their loss. All were present at the funeral but two brothers. It was a sad day when the large crowd gathered around the grave to attend the funeral service, but our sorrow was not as those who have no hope, for we bid her away in the upper grave, in hope of the resurrection. May heaven's richest blessing rest upon the bereaved ones. W. E. JORDAN, P. C.

A LITTLE LONGER.

"For yet a little while, and he that shall come will come, and will not tarry."

H. B. 10-37.

A little longer—and the clouds will rift. When all the brighter, will shine the sun.

A little longer—then the harvest—And the reaping time shall come.

A little longer—O patient be;

A little's turmoil will then be o'er:

A little longer—O weary Pilgrim! You shall travel this way no more.

A little longer—O bravely bear it,

And you shall lay life's burden down:

"Gird up thy loins," courageous be;

Where no cross is borne, there can be no crown.

A little longer—to bear the burden,

And the heat of the noonday sun:

A little longer—and the welcome plaudit Of the Master: "Well done! well done!"

T. H. YARBROUGH.

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T. H. YARBROUGH.

MARRIAGES.

Langman-Scott.—At the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Scott, January 20, 1901, Mr. R. M. Langman and Miss Pearl Scott, Rev. W. F. Hendrix officiating.

Lindemann-Pauthemmel.—On January 20, 1901, at the home of the bride's father, in Comal County, Texas, Mr. C. A. Lindemann and Miss Tanis Pauthemmel, Rev. Jas. J. Rape officiating.

Hurd-Gordon.—At the Baptist Church at Vera, Texas, January 27, 1901, Mr. T. M. Hurd and Miss Claudia Gordon, Rev. W. H. Baileman officiating.

Burton-Strickland.—At Carlsbad, Texas, January 28, 1901, at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. J. D. Burton and Miss Mabel Strickland, Rev. W. N. Brown officiating.

Garner-Spurlock.—At the hotel, the home of the bride, in Leander, Williamson County, Texas, Mr. John R. Garner and Mrs. Louisa V. Spurlock, both of Leander, Texas, Rev. J. A. Bittick officiating.

Topaz-Garcia.—In Wortham, Texas, February 1, 1901, Mr. Ynes Topaz and Miss Melchora Garcia, both of Freestone County, Rev. M. S. Smith officiating.

Buckham-Brodgers.—At the home of the groom's parents, near Daugherty, I. T., February 8, 1901, Mr. Walter M. Buckham and Miss Maggie Brodgers, of Nebo, I. T., Rev. J. M. Holt officiating.

Hawkins-Snelson.—In Leander, Williamson County, Texas, Mr. John R. Garner and Mrs. Louisa V. Spurlock, both of Leander, Texas, Rev. J. A. Bittick officiating.

COUSIN MAE.

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DALLAS, TEXAS

February 14, 1901.

NORTHWEST TEX. CONFERENCE.

Brownwood District—Second Round.	Vernon	Sat., Sun., Feb. 16, 17	1st Sun April	Franklin	March 20, 21
Winters, at Wingate	Feb. 16, 17	2d Sun April	Wynnewood sta.	April 6, 7	
Robert Lee, at Rock Springs	Feb. 17, 18	3d Sun April	Ada	April 12, 13	
Ballinger, at Barnett	Feb. 23, 24	4th Sun April	Hickory	April 18, 19	
May, at Pleasant Valley	March 2, 3	Theophilus Lea, P. E.	McGee	April 25, 26	
Burkett, at Dressy	March 8, 9	Dublin District—Second Round.	Moral	April 27, 28	
Glen Cove, at Midway	March 16, 17	Stockdale cir., at Sunny Side	E. L. Massey, P. E.		
Blanket, at Blanket	March 23, 24	Laredo sta.			
Indian Creek, at Indian Creek	March 29	Blancos cir., at Norman			
Goldthwaite	March 30, 31	Alice cir., at Alice			
Zephyr, at Mullen	March 31, April 1	Corsicana cir., at Aransas Pass			
Colleyville	April 1	Wade cir., at Wade			
Center City, at Miner	April 12	Ovilla cir., at Ovilla			
Lameta, at McCraville	April 15	Beeville sta.			
Comanche, at Indian Creek	April 20	J. M. Alexander, P. E.			
Fleming, at Gustine	April 27				
Santa Anna, at Rockwood	May 4, 5				
Bangs	May 12, 13				
Brownwood	May 12, 13				
W. H. Matthews, P. E.					

WACO DISTRICT—SECOND ROUND.

Morrow Street	Feb. 16, 17	1st Sun April	Franklin	March 20, 21
Hewitt, at Springtown	Feb. 16, 17	2d Sun April	Wynnewood sta.	April 6, 7
Missionary Institute, at Morris Street	Feb. 23, 24	3d Sun April	Ada	April 12, 13
Waco	Feb. 23, 24	4th Sun April	Hickory	April 18, 19
Whitney	March 2, 3	Theophilus Lea, P. E.	McGee	April 25, 26
Abbot, at Bell Springs	March 8, 9	Dublin District—Second Round.	Moral	April 27, 28
West	March 16, 17	Stockdale cir., at Sunny Side	E. L. Massey, P. E.	
Elm Street	March 23, 24	Laredo sta.		
Troy, at Oenaville	March 26, 27	Blancos cir., at Norman		
Moody	April 6, 7	Alice cir., at Alice		
Lorenz, at Oak Grove	April 13, 14	Corsicana cir., at Aransas Pass		
Morgan	April 20	Wade cir., at Wade		
Peoria, at Menlow	April 27	Ovilla cir., at Ovilla		
Aquila	April 28, 29	Beeville sta.		
Bruceville, at Mooresville	May 4, 5	J. M. Alexander, P. E.		
Riesel, at Axel	May 11, 12			
Mount Calm, at Bowman	May 18, 19			
Boscoville, at Mount Zion	May 25, 26			
District Conference, at Munday	June 1, 2			
B. R. Bolton, P. E.				

WAXAHACHE DISTRICT—SECOND ROUND.

Alvarado charge, at Alvarado	Feb. 21, 22	1st Sun April	Franklin	March 20, 21
Venus charge, at Venus	Feb. 21, 22	2d Sun April	Wynnewood sta.	April 6, 7
Hillsboro charge, at Hillsboro	Feb. 21, 22	3d Sun April	Ada	April 12, 13
Forest Hill charge, at Falls	Feb. 21, 22	4th Sun April	Hickory	April 18, 19
Wakarusa charge, at W.	March 8, 9	Theophilus Lea, P. E.	McGee	April 25, 26
Lovejoy charge, at Riviere	March 23, 24	Dublin District—Second Round.	Moral	April 27, 28
Palmer charge, at Elba	March 27	Stockdale cir., at Sunny Side	E. L. Massey, P. E.	
Ferris charge, at Trumbell	March 26, 27	Laredo sta.		
Itasca charge, at Itasca	April 6, 7	Blancos cir., at Norman		
Mullothian charge, at M.	7:30 p. m., April 9	Alice cir., at Alice		
Bardwell charge, 11 a. m., April 11		Corsicana cir., at Aransas Pass		
Grandview charge, at Greenbrier	April 12, 13	Wade cir., at Wade		
Ray charge, at Ray	11 a. m., April 12	Ovilla cir., at Ovilla		
Crisp charge, at Hines Chapel	April 13	Beeville sta.		
Ennis charge, at Ennis	April 19	J. M. Alexander, P. E.		
Mildford charge, at Mildford	April 26			
Bog charge, at Sibley	11 a. m., April 21			
Red Oak charge, at Red Oak	May 4, 5			
Delegates to District Conference will be elected on this round.				
Horace Bishop, P. E.				

GREENVILLE DISTRICT—SECOND ROUND.

Gatesville charge, at Gatesville	Feb. 21	1st Sun April	Franklin	March 20, 21
Leonard cir.	Feb. 21	2d Sun April	Wynnewood sta.	April 6, 7
Crystle	March 2, 3	3d Sun April	Ada	April 12, 13
Gatesville mis.	March 8, 9	4th Sun April	Hickory	April 18, 19
McGregor	March 15, 16	Theophilus Lea, P. E.	McGee	April 25, 26
Oglesby	March 22, 23	Dublin District—Second Round.	Moral	April 27, 28
Copperas Cove	March 29, 30	Stockdale cir., at Sunny Side	E. L. Massey, P. E.	
Lampasas	March 31	Laredo sta.		
Brookhaven	April 6, 7	Blancos cir., at Norman		
Killeen and Nolanville	April 13, 14	Alice cir., at Alice		
Valley Mills	April 20	Corsicana cir., at Aransas Pass		
Corry City	April 27	Wade cir., at Wade		
Bee House	May 4, 5	Ovilla cir., at Ovilla		
Evans mis.	May 11, 12	Beeville sta.		
Hamilton	May 18, 19	J. M. Alexander, P. E.		
Jonesboro	May 25, 26			
District Conference will convene in Lampasas, Texas, June 2, and embrace the fifth Sunday.	J. D. Putman, P. E.			

WEST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Fort Worth District—Second Round.	Llano	Sat., Sun., Feb. 16, 17	1st Sun April	Franklin	March 20, 21
Cuba, at Chappell Hill	Feb. 16, 17	2d Sun April	Wynnewood sta.	April 6, 7	
Mulberry Memorial	Feb. 23, 24	3d Sun April	Ada	April 12, 13	
Foothill Street	Feb. 23, 24	4th Sun April	Hickory	April 18, 19	
Missouri Avenue	March 2, 3	Theophilus Lea, P. E.	McGee	April 25, 26	
Glenwood	March 9, 10	Dublin District—Second Round.	Moral	April 27, 28	
North Fort Worth, at N. F. W.	March 16, 17	Stockdale cir., at Sunny Side	E. L. Massey, P. E.		
Trinity	March 23, 24	Laredo sta.			
Arlington, at Arlington	March 23, 24	Blancos cir., at Norman			
Polytechnic College	March 23, 24	Alice cir., at Alice			
Grapevine, at Miners Chapel	March 23, 24	Corsicana cir., at Aransas Pass			
Smithfield, at Haslett	March 23, 24	Wade cir., at Wade			
Cresson, at Long Creek	March 23, 24	Ovilla cir., at Ovilla			
Arlie, at Dido	March 23, 24	Beeville sta.			
March 23, 24		J. M. Alexander, P. E.			
Clinton	April 6, 7				
Burleson	April 13, 14				
First Church, Fort Worth	April 13, 14				
District Conference will meet in Peach Street Church, Fort Worth, at 9 a. m.					
Tuesday, April 18.					

