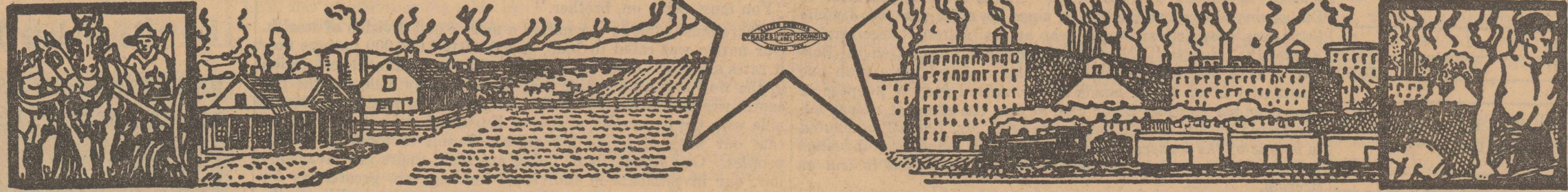


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VOL. XVII.

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No. 15

The Parable of The Water Tank Edward Bellamy

(By Edward Bellamy)
There was a certain very dry land, the people whereof were in sore need of water. And they did nothing but to seek after water from morning until night, and many perished because they could not find it.

Howbeit, there were certain men in the land who were more crafty than the rest, and these had gathered stores of water where others could find none, and the name of these men was called capitalists. And it came to pass that the people of the land came unto the capitalists and prayed them that they would give them of the water that they might drink, for their need was sore. But the capitalists answered them and said:

"Go to, ye silly people! Why should we give you of the water which we have gathered? But behold what we will do unto you. Be ye our servants and ye shall have water."

And the people said, "Only give us to drink and we will be your servants, and we and our children." And it was so.

Now the capitalists were men of understanding, and wise in their generation. They ordered the people who were their servants in bands with captains and officers, and some they put at the springs to dip, and others did they make to carry the water, and others did they cause to seek for new springs. And all the water was brought together in one place, and there did the capitalists make a great tank for to hold it, and the tank was called the Market, for it was there that the servants of the capitalists, came to get water. And the capitalists said unto the people:

"For every bucket of water that ye bring to us, that we may pour it into the tank, which is the Market, behold! we will give you a penny, but for every bucket we shall draw forth to give unto you that ye may drink of it, ye and your wives and your children, ye shall give us two pennies, and the difference shall be our profit, seeing that if it were not for this profit we would not do this thing for you, but ye should all perish."

And it was good in the people's eyes, for they were dull of understanding, and they diligently brought water unto the tank for many days, and for every bucket which they did bring the capitalists gave them every man a penny, but for every bucket that the capitalists drew forth from the tank to give again unto the people, behold! the people rendered to the capitalists two pennies.

And after many days the water tank, which was the Market, overflowed, seeing that for every bucket the people poured in they received only so much as would buy again half of a bucket. And the people were many, but the capitalists were few, and could drink no more than others. Therefore did the tank overflow.

And when the capitalists saw that the water overflowed, they said to the people:

"See ye not the tank, which is the Market, doth overflow? Sit ye down, therefore, and be patient, for ye shall bring us no more water till the tank be empty."

But when the people no more received the pennies of the capitalists for the water they brought, they could buy no more water from the capitalists. And when the capitalists saw that they had no more profit because no man bought water of them, they were troubled. And they sent forth men in the highways, the byways, and the hedges, crying, "If any thirst let him come to the tank and buy water of us, for it doth overflow." For they said among themselves, "Behold, the times are dull; we must advertise."

But the people answered, saying: "How can we buy unless ye hire us, for how else shall we have wherewithal to buy? Hire ye us, therefore, as before, and we will gladly buy water, for we thirst; and ye will have no need to ad-

SIGN THE CODE OR HIT THE ROAD

AUSTIN, July 17.—After July 13 no truck operating for hire without NRA insignia plates will be allowed to work upon any project upon which Federal funds are being spent, according to Col. H. E. Stewart, chairman of the Texas trucking code authority. "This will include much of the road construction, public building renovations and other public works projects under way," he said.

The names of over 400 truck operators who have not registered under the code have been certified to the NRA Compliance Office at San Antonio, according to Mr. Stewart.

"Almost 2000 registrations have been made in Texas," he continued, "but of course there are always some laggards who stay out until the last minute. July 13 is the last day on which anyone operating a truck for hire can operate legally without the NRA plate, but the code authority will continue to accept registrations from those who can show reason for not having registered. Anyone who should register and who has not done so by that date will be subject to the full penalties of the Recovery Act, and each day is a separate offense under the code."

Full information on registration may be had from the headquarters of the code authority in the Littlefield Building at Austin.

But the capitalists said to the people: "Shall we hire you to bring water when the tank, which is the Market, doth already overflow? Buy ye, therefore, first water, and when the tank is empty, through your buying, will we hire you again." And so it was because the capitalists hired them no more to bring water that the people could not buy the water they had brought already, and because the people could not buy the water they had brought already, the capitalists no more hired them to bring water. And the saying went abroad, "It is a crisis."

And the thirst of the people was great, for it was not now as it had been in the days of their fathers, when the land was open before them, for every one to seek water for himself, seeing that the capitalists had taken all the springs, and the wells, and the water wheels, and the vessels and the buckets, so that no man might come by water save from the tank, which was the Market. And the people murmured against the capitalists and said: "Behold, the tank runneth over, and we die of thirst. Give us, therefore, of water that we perish not."

But the capitalists answered: "Not so. The water is ours. Ye shall not drink thereof, unless ye buy it of us with pennies." And they confirmed it with an oath, saying, after their manner, "Business is business."

COMAL COUNTY POLL

New Braunfels, Texas, July 16. Mr. Roy Sanderford, Campaign Manager for C. C. McDonald. Inclose find second week straw vote on Governor's race in Comal County taken at the Plaza Cafe in New Braunfels second week returns of county poll.

McDonald leads in Comal County second week.

C. C. McDonald	325
M. Hughes	36
Clint Small	33
T. Hunter	23
Ed Witt	18
Jas. Allred	5
Ed Russell	2
	0

Total 409
I thoroughly believe that McDonald will get the largest majority any Governor ever had in Comal County. I find that Mr. McDonald is gaining strength daily in the State.

EMIL J. MARION.

The Second Week Out

By Jim, the Editor

Traveling by easy stages I finished three dates more in my campaign for Charley McDonald. On Friday I spoke at Brenham and had a representative audience from seven or eight surrounding counties amounting to fully five thousand people. Mayor Lowe presided at the meeting and I was introduced by his son, young Theodore, Jr. He also introduced me two years ago in my wife's campaign when we carried the county by an overwhelming majority. Every indication is that McDonald will get approximately the same majority that my wife got. In fact, after a careful survey of the whole state situation it is quite evident that McDonald will poll substantially the same vote that my wife did, and where he loses any of the Ferguson strength it will be more than made up by additional friends who will vote for him but have never voted for my wife.

I spent the Sabbath down in old DeWitt County, the guest of my friends who had given a barbecue in my honor, and about six thousand people turned out to my meeting. Colonel Peter Clingleman, the popular hotel man, looked after my entertainment and Honorable Newton Crane presided at the meeting and introduced me. At this date we also had representative citizens from at least a dozen counties and the old guard is on duty for McDonald just like they have always been for me and my wife. McDonald will lead not only in DeWitt County but in every county that adjoins it. All this talk about Hunter or Allred or any other candidate getting anywhere in South Texas is just a pipe dream of ambition that pays no attention to the facts.

I spoke in Houston on Monday night to fifteen thousand people. There was no guess work or division of opinion about there being that many people present. I spoke from a truck on a vacant block 250 feet square which contains 62500 square feet. The block was entirely covered with people standing and seated. There were at least five hundred filled cars on the four sides of the block. Allowing four square feet to each person sitting, easily gave the estimate of over fifteen thousand people. John Douglas, the campaign manager in Harris County, presided at the meeting, and my old Irish friend, Ed Hussion, introduced me. I was in good form and fettle and the crowd was glad to listen to me for over an hour. Nobody left during the speaking and I was cheered so often that I know the crowd was with me. The phenomenal thing about this crowd is that it composed more people than the number all put together of all the rest of the candidates who have spoken in the campaign in Houston.

There yet remains seven candidates for governor in the race. In the interest of time we can safely ignore four of them, and in the interest of the people we will beat two of them—Allred and Hunter, and for the good of all Texas we will elect one of them and that is McDonald on the 28th. Hunter has made some gains on Allred but not enough to put him in the running. Likewise Small has made some gains on Hunter but not enough to do him any good. McDonald has made some gains, but for two weeks he has been so far in the lead that it was impossible for him to increase his lead but he is holding his lines firm and fast. I am still sure that McDonald will get at least four hundred thousand votes out of the million votes in the first primary Allred will not get three hundred thousand votes. Hunter will not get any more than the two hundred twenty thousand that he got two years ago. Allred is the big money spender in the campaign. It may be that his friends are doing it but from some unknown source he is making a show of the pocket book. Besides his expensive ten thousand dollar loud speaking wagon somebody is spending for radio hook up over the entire state several thousand dollars a week. But with all that advantage McDonald is reaching more people and covering more miles than Hunter and Allred put together.

Hunter's platform about the public utilities either has no merit in it or he has been unable to make the people understand it. As I heard one farmer say, Hunter can talk about more big figures without showing how the people were to get any of the money than anybody he ever heard. That seems to be where Hunter falls down. He has not impressed the people with an explanation of a remedy for the evils of which he complains.

I never saw a bigger political platform fiasco in any campaign as discouraging as Allred's lobby platform that he still talks loud and long about. He has been put on the spot publicly and privately by every member of the legislature, and if he should get in the run-off he will have more people after him with their knives out than ever took after one candidate. My challenge and dare to him to name one member of the legislature that had ever been corrupted by a lobbyist which he has failed to even try to answer let alone name anybody, has put him in a ridiculous light before the people. Everybody, even his friends, expected him to answer me by naming at least one or two instances of legislative and lobbyist corruption, but he hasn't done it and, of course, he cannot do it. And, therefore, he stands convicted of crying "wolf" and attempting to use a deception on the people. It is quite evident now that Allred is a mean boy and the biggest political hypocrite that ever sought the governor's office. He has neither brains, platform, or character. His attack on the relief work has demonstrated very clearly that if he were elected governor he would be wholly unable to get any cooperation from the National Government for the good of the State. While on the other hand the people now begin to realize that McDonald can by virtue of his continued loyalty to the President and to the State and Federal Administration render more efficient and prompt service to the people of the State than all the rest of the candidates combined. With this drought reaching alarming proportions and over two hundred counties on the emergency relief roll, it becomes a serious question of who as the next governor of Texas can and will receive the greatest cooperation from the Federal Government. McDonald leads the list by all odds. While there is some just criticism of the management of the relief funds, yet all the fair minded people recognize that it was such a big undertaking that nobody could have prevented many irregularities entering into the work and that there was no way to prevent the unworthy from favoritism in some instances. Before we harvest the crop for 1935 Texas must receive aid of at least one hundred million dollars more than it has already received, and we must have the full cooperation of the Washington Administration. The election of either Hunter or Allred would be regarded most unfavorably in Washington. While on the other hand, McDonald will be received with open arms on account of his favorable acquaintance with the President in appreciation of his successful fight for the repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment in line with the President's and the Democratic Party's platform. For the good of all the State in this hour of depression and despair I urge the people to rally around McDonald and let us elect him by a majority so decisive that his administration will not be hampered by the mouthings of the unworthy and the disgruntled politicians.

For the same reason I urge all our friends to remain faithful and let us stand together as we have always stood, and with part of our friends already in control of the state departments we now only have to elect one additional member to join our friends already at the head of the different departments to come into our own once again. It would be foolish, boys, to desert now. The election of any other man for governor than McDonald means that you would have to depend upon another minority governor to get you anywhere, and the probabilities are that arrangements have already been made to keep anybody out of office who was ever a friend of the Fergusons. Victory is in sight and I urge you not to throw it away.

FISHER OF BLAND LAKE TAKES THE NEWS TO TASK

Editor of The Semi-Weekly Farm News, Dallas, Texas.

Dear Sir:
In an editorial in your issue of June 29th, you say "Cotton and wheat, the two leading cash crops of the nation, have made price gain out of all proportions to other progress in the recovery program. This has been due of course, to devaluation of the dollar rather than to the domestic program of the AAA, but the farmer is not worried about the exact cause."

I rise to point out the errors in the above statement. In the first place, the price gains for cotton and wheat are not out of proportion, in fact not as much as price gains on some other commodities due to the NRA Code. In the second place, none of the price gains are due to the devaluation of the dollar, for the simple reason that the dollar has not yet been devalued, although news dispatches told us several months ago that the President had issued a devaluation proclamation, but they were spoofing us. No such proclamation has ever been issued, at least not officially, so as to have the force and

effects of law. When this event actually happens officially, you will see an abrupt rise over-night in the price of foreign exchange and also in the price of all commodities by the same per cent as the dollar is devalued. You will also hear a howl go up from all the trust owned newspapers that can be heard around the world.

Price gain on cotton is due to the fact that the government has loaned 10 cents per pound on it, and held it off the market, and no other reason. The same is true of wheat. As long as the government will make these loans and hold these commodities off the

market, the price will stay up, but when it stops, the price will go down. It is purely an artificial market and can't be maintained for long. The farmers had better be worrying about the exact cause as they are going to have to pay in the end all the money the government loses on cotton and wheat loans, plus the trimmings; besides all the other millions this administration is foolishly squandering.

Yours very truly,
GUY B. FISHER.
Bland Lake, Texas.
June 30, 1934.

John Pundt Recovering; Friends of Candidate Are Carrying on Campaign

Victoria, Texas, July 17.—John Pundt, candidate for railroad commissioner, victim of an automobile accident in which his press agent was killed, was pronounced out of danger here Tuesday by doctors at the Victoria Hospital. Additional X-Ray photos made Monday afternoon showed Pundt's injuries to be less serious than early pictures indicated. Doctors said they did not believe Pundt would recover sufficiently in time for him to do any more campaigning before July 28.

It was not until Tuesday morning that attending physicians would allow Pundt to be advised of the death of Preston Sneed, his publicity director, who was riding in the car with him and Eugene Smith of Austin at the time of the blowout which flipped the car in a triple somersault. Mrs. Pundt, who has been at the injured candidate's bedside continuously since the accident, informed her husband that Sneed had expired Sunday afternoon. Pundt buried his head in the pillow of his hospital cot and sobbed bitterly.

"Why wasn't it me instead of Preston," he cried. Sneed and the candidate had been close personal friends for several years and when Pundt decided to announce his candidacy for railroad commissioner, Sneed turned the services of his publicity agency over to Pundt and traveled with him on all of his speaking tours over the state. Sneed was buried in Rose Hill Cemetery between Dallas and Fort Worth late Monday.

Just before he died Sneed gave his business associate instructions on carrying out the work during the remainder of the campaign.

Gene Smith, campaign manager for Pundt and driver of the car at the time of the accident, announced here Tuesday that he had requested the friends of the candidate to carry on the campaign in the best manner possible.

Smith is expected to be released from the hospital in a few days. Doctor's did not advise moving Pundt for a week or more, they said.

Telephone and telegraph operators have been swamped in this little town since the accident. A special operator was necessary at the hospital to answer long distance calls and telegraph boys brought wires in batches every few hours. Hundreds of friends over the state offered to come to Victoria to stand by the injured candidate should they be needed.

McCRAW SHOWS THAT OP- PONENT IS UTILITY LAWYER

Walter Woodward, senator of the Coleman district, now a candidate for attorney general, is charged by his opponent, William McCraw, as being an attorney for the Lone Star Gas Grabbers, the company that would impose a rate of \$1.00 per 1000 on Cisco gas consumers, and the company the attorney general may have to prosecute in the trials now pending in the courts. Woodward says he "just represented a little home gas company," but McCraw shows by the records that the "little home business" is a subsidiary of the gas grabbers, the same as the Community Natural Hijackers are the unholy spawn of this conscienceless monopoly. Surely it would be nice to be prosecuted by one of the Lone Star's "retainers." It is probably true that the Lone Star is financing Woodward's campaign. If this be true Texas will be without a state's attorney in its effort to give the people relief from the greed of monopolistic utilities, such as the Lone Star Gas Grabbers and its unholy offspring, the Community Natural Hijackers, have attempted to inflict upon the people of Cisco.

According to the record given by McCraw the vice president and director of the Coleman Gas and Oil Co., the "little concern" that employs Senator Woodward, is R. A. Crawford, of Dallas. This record also shows that R. A. Crawford is vice president and director of the Lone Star Gas Grabbers; also vice president and director of the Lone Star Gasoline Co.; also vice president and director of the Council Bluffs Gas Co.; also a director in Coos Bay Gas Co., the County Gas Co., the Dallas Gas Co., the Galveston Gas Service, the Galveston Gas Shares, Inc., the Northwest Cities Gas Co. and Stamford and Western Gas Company. Now, wouldn't that be nice if the attorney general of Texas should be the "retainer" of this bunch of utility pirates, than whom a more piratical crew never "slit a throat or scuttled a ship."

Many will remember that it was Senator Walter Woodward who represented the "little concern" that attempted to prevent the town of Santa Anna from installing its own gas plant when the

THE STORY FITS IT MUST BE TRUE

Punning is admittedly the poorest form of wit, but everybody is guilty at one time or another. Here's one on the current gubernatorial contest concocted by Harvey Briggs, president of the Engineers' Club: "If a good HUNTER should start out after McDONALD with a lot of WITT and fail to catch him, would it make him feel SMALL and his face ALLRED?"

To which Bob Whiteley, politician, replied, stating Harvey failed to get in the names of all the boys who want to be governor. Here's Whiteley's travesty: "Talked to a SMALL man who looked like a HUNTER and asked him who he was supporting for governor. His face turned ALLRED and said he did not care one WITT HUGHES candidacy the other fellow was boasting, he was going to RUSSELL votes for McDONALD."

Coleman concern was supplying Santa Anna gas. This was while he was senator, sworn to represent the people of his district, that he appeared in court as the hireling of the most conscienceless enemy his constituents ever had. Santa Anna is in the district Woodward represented.

If he will desert his constituents in his own district, and represent a monopoly in its attempt to prevent a community-neighbor to his home town—from getting relief from the piratical practices of the "little concern" which is a subsidiary of the Lone Star Gas Grabbers, what may we expect when the state of Texas is prosecuting the father of all these illegitimate spawns of pre-nuptial assignments?

As McCraw points out: "The State is now engaged in a great court fight with the Lone Star Gas Corporation. Upon the outcome of this court fight depends the struggle of more than 250 Texas cities and towns to get gas rate reductions."

—Cisco Citizen, June 29, 1934
(Advertisement)

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THE FORUM IS NOT JUST ANOTHER NEWSPAPER—
IT IS DIFFERENT

UNLUCKY

Hon. John Pundt who has been making a vigorous campaign for the office of Railroad Commissioner had the misfortune to be in an automobile wreck last week down near Victoria and has received injuries which will keep him from continuing to wage his campaign until election day. His accident of which, of course, he is not to blame may have a decided influence upon the result of the campaign. The people believe in a fair fight and are naturally sympathetic for anybody in trouble. Mr. Pundt made a favorable impression in behalf of his campaign all over the state and it now seems a cruel result of fate that he is to be kept from the campaign in the closing days. Thousands of people have read John Pundt's platform and then when they read of his unfortunate accident which is only temporary and from which he will recover soon, they may become interested in his race give him their support to offset in some degree the misfortune which he has suffered.

There are precedences that might be a basis for the hope that Mr. Pundt's providential prevention of campaign shall redound to his benefit. Governor Tom Campbell took sick three weeks before the election and was taken out of the campaign, but the people sympathized with him to the extent that he lead all his opponents and was elected to the governorship. It remains to be seen whether Mr. Pundt will profit likewise.

THE GREATNESS OF LINCOLN

(By JESSE J. GORMAN, Houston, Texas)

On August 12, 1858, Abraham Lincoln delivered an address at Beardstown, Illinois, during his campaign for election to the United States Senate, which was essentially directed against the Know-Nothing Party and the other bigots of that time. In his speech Mr. Lincoln expounded a spirit of true Americanism, based upon the principles embodied in the Declaration of Independence, and in his defense of these principles—his greatest inspiration—he was tremendous in the directness of his utterances; he rose to impassioned eloquence, unsurpassed by Patrick Henry, Mirabeau, or Vergin and, as his soul was inspired with the thought of human right and divine justice. A portion of the speech follows:

"My countrymen, if you have been taught doctrines conflicting with the great landmarks of the Declaration of Independence; if you have listened to suggestions which would take away its grandeur and mutilate the fair symmetry of its proportions, if you have been inclined to believe that all men are not created equal in those inalienable rights enumerated in our chart of liberty, let me entreat you to come back. Return to the Fountain where waters spring close by the blood of the Revolution. . . . You may do anything with me you choose, if you will but heed these sacred principles. I charge you to drop every paltry and insignificant thought of any man's success. It is nothing; I am nothing; Judge Douglas is nothing. But do not destroy that immortal emblem of humanity. . . . the Declaration of Independence. . . . They by their representatives in old Independence Hall said to the whole race of men, "We hold these truths to be self-evident; that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness." This was their majestic interpretation of the economy of the universe. This was their lofty, and wise, and noble understanding of the justice of the Creator to His creatures—yes gentlemen, to all his creatures, to the whole great family of men.

In their enlightened belief, nothing stamped with the divine image and likeness was sent into the world to be trodden on and degraded and imbruted by its fellows. They grasped not only the whole race of men then living, but they reached forward and seized upon the farthest posterity.

Wise statements as they were, they knew the tendency of prosperity to breed tyrants, so they established these great self-evident truths, that when in the distant future some man, some faction, some interest should set up the doctrine that none but rich men, none but white men, or none but Anglo-Saxon white men were entitled to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, their posterity might look up again to the Declaration of Independence and take courage to renew the battle where their fathers began.

In our so-called modern age thoughtful souls are reminded to turn back the pages of our history of great Americans and stand still to think and ponder in devout meditation in remembrance of those who have made immortal landmarks that shall not be moved. . . . like a tree planted by the waters—ever springing up into everlasting inspiration and conscientious tolerance toward all mankind. Such was the foot-prints left behind by Abraham Lincoln. This is the true lesson of Lincoln's life; real and ever enduring tolerance, that will survive the corrosion and abrasion of time, of change, and of progress must rest upon strength of character.

In certain brilliant and what is understood to be most desirable endowments, how many Americans have surpassed him. Yet how he looms above them all. Not eloquence, or logic, or grasp of thought; not statesmanship, or power of command, or courage; not any or all of these have made him what he is; but these, in the degree which he possessed them, conjoined to those qualities comprised in the terms character and tolerance have given him fame. . . . have made him for all time to come the great American—the grand central figure in American history. For the sake of millions of poor suffering depressed poverty stricken American people in this day and hour we would that out of the great crowd of public office-seekers there would arise another Lincoln, Washington, Jefferson, Jackson and Patrick Henry. We would that leadership and patriotism be placed in the great breach—for our whole economic and political set-up has been weighed in the balance and is found wanting. Watchman what of the night. . . . What will be harvest be?

JIMMIE'S SHOW

The Allred Political Burlesque Circus was brought to the State Capitol Tuesday night in all its glamour of nothingness. The platform parade started approximately on time with several trained Allred performers who have received large slices of the Allred "Financial Political Pies." Hon. T. W. Davidson of Dallas was selected as the leader, since his office partner, Jimmie Gray was accorded an honor seat at the Allred "Receivership Racket Pie Counter." Next came Former Attorney General Bobbitt, a Dan Moody appointee, who has received more than one substantial favor at the hands of Mr. Allred for the purpose of incurring his political favor and to ease the sting of defeat administered by Mr. Allred four years ago. Mr. Bobbitt is reputed to be one of the leaders of a Valley political machine that brings as many votes across the Rio Grande as are needed to win an election.

Then came Senator Tom DeBerry, who has also had a free ride with Allred's Receivership Junkets to the tune of \$300 per month. The tone of his voice vibrated the usual DeBerry sincerity, but it is easy to wear your heart on your hip when your wallet is being stuffed with easy money. Then Mr. Hogg of Houston was pushed into the show for effect, but utterly failed to stir the crowd with any enthusiasm. However, he was considerate enough of the record of his illustrious father, former Gov. Jim Hogg, to make no comparisons with that of the present attorney general.

Throughout the platform parade the Hon. Amos Felts of Austin, Texas, in clown fashion, ran in and out between the performers acting as chairman, and at this time pulled the curtain for the main show by introducing Mr. Allred. Mr. Felts played two parts in this show, which is right and proper since he is one of the highest paid members of the cast, having lately received a \$5000 slice of the Allred Receivership Pie. And, too, Mr. Felts is a past master at riding two political circuit horses at the same time, going in opposite directions and falling off of neither.

Then Mr. Allred, manager of the show, devoted an hour and forty minutes in an attempt to demonstrate how he would pop his circus whip and fire his blank shells in taming the wild beasts of the Lobby Wilderness. He devoted much time also, trying to defend his indefensible record. He talked of Big Britches, Little Britches and No Britches, and toting wood and water, but never mentioned a plan for continuing relief to hungry and destitute people. He offered no plan to relieve the tax burden on home and farm owners. He said nothing for the laboring man who toils for his bread and not a word for education and social justice. He said the only issue in the campaign is "Who can beat Allred?" And you could feel the crowd silently answer "Anybody."

Another character in the show was the Water-Boy in the person of Major Partin of Shreveport, La., who toted water for Mr. Allred during the performance. It was not necessary to tote wood since the fire was already burning too hot. Major Partin is to the Hot Oil Industry of Texas what John D. Rockefeller is to the Standard Oil Corporation of the world.

The show went through its usual course with little applause except what came from the hired hands on the platform. Mr. Allred began his part by claiming the nomination in the first primary and ended by admitting that his back is at the wall and begging them to help him because he is a poor little boy with a big ambition and had three brothers now working for the State who are in the same shape.

And when the show was over and the lights turned out, the crowd went home thoroughly convinced that where there is so much smoke there must be a hot blaze burning close to somebody.

After the fog of political tirade engendered by Jimmie's platform monkey shines, a conservative farmer who had the intestinal fortitude to remain during the entire show was heard to remark: "Well, as a lawyer Jimmie made a spectacular fight in his race for attorney general four years ago; but as a statesman aspiring to be governor he proves himself to be a complete flop—he doesn't understand state craft."

CHARLIE McDONALD

(By SAM H. CANTRELL)

When the economic foundations are being strained to the breaking point; when the problems of a period demand a strong and willing hand, yet a considerate hand; when a state needs a continuation of a friendly and masterly care; a people have drafted a man for the job who will do it well.

Charlie C. McDonald will lend his supporting hand to the people of a great state; will see that justice comes to the humblest as well as the most lordly. His will will come from the mold that a cry from humanity invents.

The people of this nation are blessed with a noble man at the helm of the national government; a man with depth of understanding, and who possesses heart and soul. It would be most fortunate for our nation if each state could have a cooperator for the cause of human rights and human needs. Several of the states have such cooperators as governors, several more states will get them, and Texas needs to retain a cooperator. If Charlie McDonald is elected governor, Texas will continue to stand under the eye of our great president and will uphold his mighty arm. If another candidate is elected then Texas will have his past official acts to justify, as his boldness in standing up against our president has been advertised by himself far and near.

Our national forces have been strongly resisted in some quarters in its recovery program. Not only has our president had the monumental task of bringing forth out of chaos a business structure long set in one groove, but he had to change the economic thinking of a people, a more than difficult task to do. On every hand selfish politicians have slung their slime on the work of our president, yet their punny efforts have been fruitless of results. A lordly young politician in his own estimation sought to knock out the recovery program by casting a fake felt brick at the machinery, but his runty effort to climb an oil ladder into the governor's office will fail to seat his royal highness.

If there has even occurred a time when our people needed economic and social justice more than now, it has never been recorded in history. With one per cent of our people owning 59 per cent of our wealth, and five per cent 85 per cent of our wealth, the mills of production have become stagnant and many of them have had to close down. The cry of our citizens is a chance to live, a chance to survive. Our national president has heard that cry and is gradually working out a program that will furnish adequate results.

Our people must remember that economic and social changes cannot spring up like the growth of mushrooms. Our present broken-down economic machine had its foundation laid in 1848 by the Industrial Revolution, when inventions in clothing manufacture were coupled with power machinery. So far a change to be accomplished that will stand the pressure of high tidal waves will be a system gradually laid and solidly constructed. If you are made to wonder what it is all about just sit tight and quietly observe the planting of a new structure that will give greater happiness to you and your little ones. But Texas must have a governor in the future as it has had in the past since the recovery program started, who will give full encouragement and sympathy to this program. Charlie McDonald stands foursquare for a new deal to the people of Texas, to the unemployed as well as the employed.

Our president is working on a herculean task of taking marginal land out of cultivation, and of putting working families on lands that will enable them to live with some degree of happiness and with food on the table. It would be impossible to plant all needy families on subsistence homesteads in a month or in a year, but the work must have a beginning and the developments will be broadened as the plan goes along.

Texas has 557,686 home-owning families, and 779,269 tenant families. Much of the lands belonging to home-owners is under mortgage and many foreclosures and ejections have occurred since 1930, when this data was collected. Texans need to own more homes and thus have some degree of security in their place

of residence. When a Texan becomes virtually a transient, his moral stamina is weakened and he cannot function in the capacity of a citizen as he would like to do. Charlie McDonald wants to help the man who in reality is not down and out, but due to the economic strain he feels that he is in the down and out class. A helping hand with sympathy and heart to back it must be placed on the shoulder of this man and a kind firm voice speaks to him: "You must carry on, brother."

There must come to our nation a more equal division of wealth. Our nation was rated in 1928, as a \$400,000,000,000 nation; now it rates about \$25,000,000,000. We still remain the richest nation in the world. But a nation may be immensely rich, yet the per capita wealth be low. It is true our per capita wealth is comparable with the per capita wealth of Eurasia, but be it remembered that our ways of living are quite different to those of eastern peoples. Our standards of living are high, theirs are invariably low, our investments in individual holdings are greater, as for instance in, farms and small business enterprises. Where the Japanese can live on 2 1/4 acres of land, the German on 4 1/2 acres, our people require 25 acres to each person.

The productive machine has become clogged due to conditions in marketing and financing. It must be rebuilt having adequate liquidity for financing and for marketing. Until the people have their capital wealth increased to a prosperity basis, the economic machine will continue to clog over undigested lumps.

Texas must have a governor who understand the needs of Texas people; who will give the power and strength of his being to that end; who will not play the governor's chair as a pawn in the political ladder. Texas people need Charlie McDonald as their next governor.

THE PEOPLE ARE SPEAKING

Everywhere the Forum's campaign for the election of members of the legislature who will hold down appropriations is bearing fruit, and the people are speaking out to the candidates in no unmistakable terms. The persistent urging of the Forum upon the people to put the candidates on the spot is bearing fruit and it looks like now that an overwhelming majority in the legislature to be elected will be bound to the proposition of reduced appropriations. With the drought and the depression continuing to rage in tempestuous fury it is quite plain that nobody will be able to pay taxes and consequently increased appropriations would just mean the piling up of a debt that would never be paid. What we the people must do now is to get all the relief from available sources possible and at the same time cut our governmental expenses to the bone, and thereby we can hope to tide over our afflictions for another year.

The legislature will meet early in September to consider important legislation affecting relief and the oil business, and in all probability the law extending the time of payment of taxes and the remission of interest and penalties will engage the serious consideration of the legislature. Since the first of July the political campaign as affecting all the state offices has been silently raging in every part of the state, and more than a million people will go to the polls to register an unmistakable verdict for relief and economy during this desperate and painful era.

"LAY ON McDUFF"

(By SENATOR ROY SANDERFORD)

Since there is so much being said about the lobby business in Texas by the little Attorney General in his race for Governor, it might be well to get the record straight about his own lobby work. During the regular session of the 43rd Legislature when the appropriation bill was before the committees of the House and Senate, Mr. Allred and his cohorts of employees directed the heaviest lobby pressure on the committees that was felt during the entire session, to prevent any reduction in the salaries and expenses of the Attorney General's department, and this, in the face of the party demand for a full 25% reduction in all governmental expenses. The little general and his staff used all the tricks that are commonly used and was successful in preventing a reduction of more than 10% in his department, which made it necessary to cut other departments of State from 26% to 43% in order to bring this total reduction to an average of 25%, which was done and saved the State between thirteen and fifteen million dollars in operating expenses for this biennium.

Just prior to the time the Appropriation Bill was to be brought out, Mr. Allred threw a big party out on the river for a select group of the two houses, and it was current knowledge at the time that, barbecue and all the trimmings were served to make the occasion one of joy and hilarity.

When legislation was recommended by the Governor which promised adequate control of the oil industry in Texas, Mr. Allred gathered about him all the "King Bee" hot oil runners and their attorneys and turned loose on the Legislature the most damnable lobby that was ever known in Texas, to defeat this measure. He was successful in this attempt and hot oil continues to run to this day to the tune of 100,000 barrels daily and he makes no attempt to even check it.

In every speech he places a blanket indictment against the honor and integrity of every legislator, yet he has not the courage, political or moral, to name a single member who is under the control of some corrupt lobbyist. If there are corrupt legislators, and there may be, for the sake of the large majority who are absolutely honest and honorable men and women, I challenge Mr. Allred to publicly name the crooks in the legislature and the lobbyist who made 'em crooks, or else close his dirty slanderous mouth about it. He has been the chief enforcement officer of the State for three and one-half years and never noticed the lobby evil until he announced for Governor.

Through his receivership racket he has assigned enormous fees to several lobbyists of the largest corporations in the State and Nation. He has placed two members of the Senate, and maybe some members of the House on his Receivership Racket Payroll. In fact, Mr. Allred is the only lobbyist I know of who has caused to be placed cash money right in the hands of any legislator, by receivership fees.

While he goes about the State impugning the character of every legislator, the people are beginning to wonder if Mr. Allred, the Lobbyist, learned his tactics from the corrupt lobby or if the corrupt lobby learned their tricks from Mr. Allred. He openly admits that he is the only honest man in Texas politics, which reminds me that since the day of Moses, men have had to pass laws to protect their personal liberty and property rights against the depredation of men who publicly boast of their honesty.

Mr. Allred's lobby activities became so constant and obnoxious that the House of Representatives finally passed a resolution denying him the right to even come on the floor. A similar resolution was threatened in the Senate before his lobby activities were finally curbed.

Apparently the little general is trying to emulate the example set by another boy governor who was at one time referred to as the White Hope of Texas, but who later turned out to be the Red Headed "Ménace" to the interests of the common people. Texas is not ready to repeat this experience with such immature leadership.

The Mr. Allred is a past master at the art of lobbying he failed to turn a hand when the Legislature was fighting to pass Bread and Butter Legislation to feed hungry children and provide sustenance for the destitute old. Nor did he aid in any way legislation to prevent the money grabbers from taking homes and farms by the foreclosure route.

As a member of the Legislature I call on all other members to take notice of Mr. Allred's slanderous attack on the honor and integrity of each, and urge you to begin now to inform your people concerning Mr. Allred's lobby tactics.

Who is the Big Bad "Lobby" Wolf, anyhow?

SPEAKING DATES

For

HON. C. C. McDONALD

Candidate for Governor

RUSK, Thursday, July 19, 2:30 P. M.
MT. PLEASANT, Thursday, July 19, 8:00 P. M.
AUSTIN, Friday, July 20, 8:00 P. M.
FORT WORTH, Saturday, July 21, 8:00 P. M.
GOOSE CREEK, Monday, July 23, 8:00 P. M.
SAN ANTONIO, Tuesday, July 24, 8:00 P. M.
HOUSTON, Wednesday, July 25, 8:00 P. M.
DALLAS, Thursday, July 26, 8:00 P. M.
SULPHUR SPRINGS, Friday, July 27, 8:00 P. M.

GOV. JIM'S SPEAKING DATES FOR HON. C. C. McDONALD

Dallas, Thursday, July 19, 8 P. M.
Sweetwater, Saturday, July 21, 8 P. M.
Lubbock, Monday, July 23, 8 P. M.
Coleman, Wednesday, July 25, 8 P. M.
San Antonio, Friday, July 27, 8 P. M.

CONGRESSMAN TERRELL'S LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT

May 21, 1934.

His Excellency
Franklin D. Roosevelt,
White House,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

As the time is drawing near for adjournment of Congress and as I never have an opportunity to talk with you on any questions submitted to Congress, I desire to make a few suggestions concerning pending legislation.

There are a few paramount problems to be solved before complete recovery is possible. The first is the monetary question—the establishment of a currency system that is sound and with sufficient volume and flexibility to meet all requirements of agriculture, industry and commerce under all conditions.

You made a good start in reducing the gold content of the dollar, and this slightly raised commodity prices and revealed no signs of uncontrolled inflation. You should now reduce the gold content to fifty per cent of the original amount of gold in the dollar, in order to increase the number of dollars. This will raise commodity prices a little more, but not to the 1926 price level. This action should be followed by an act of Congress nationalizing silver and making it a part of our metallic base.

I would limit this to twenty-five or thirty per cent of the metallic base and this, with our gold reserve, would give a fairly broad metallic base for the issuance of currency to meet the demands of trade. The price level should be raised to the 1926 price level as soon as possible, and this may be done without danger of uncontrolled inflation. We cannot trust the private banks to regulate the volume and value of money, as they have had their opportunity and failed. The issuance of money, and regulating its value, is a government function.

Commodity prices will depend as much, or more, upon the volume of money in circulation and the velocity of business turnover, as upon supply and demand, both of which factors must be considered in controlling inflation and proper price levels. Commodity prices cannot be raised to the 1926 price level, and existing debts cannot be paid, without cheaper money, because it takes twice as much products to pay the debts as it did when they were created. There are enough food products and clothing in the country to prevent suffering and to supply all the needs, if we could establish a proper exchange of labor and raw products (through the medium of money) for the things we need.

The next big problem is decentralization of government and the limitation of the taxing power and governmental expenses. The Government cannot continue to issue bonds and tax the people beyond their ability to pay, without danger of deepening the depression, which would cause more suffering, and probably bankruptcy and repudiation of debts. Men hesitate to put their money into business enterprises when there is a safe avenue of escape from business hazards by putting it in government bonds at three or four per cent interest without worry or danger of loss. . . .

It seems to me that the Government is greatly over-manned and is endeavoring to give too much advice and financial aid to individuals and corporations that could take care of themselves through the aid of the States and the citizens, if they were not permitted to raid the Federal Treasury. All problems now seem to be considered from a National viewpoint, like governmental problems of monarchies, instead of the standpoint of a Union of free states, as contemplated by the Constitution. Governmental expenses can be greatly reduced under a proper reorganization of the governmental structure, eliminating useless governmental agencies.

The last Democratic platform declares: "We advocate an immediate and drastic reduction of governmental expenditures by abolishing useless commissions and officers; consolidating departments and bureaus, and eliminating extravagance to accomplish a saving of not less than twenty-five per cent in the cost of the Federal Government." This demand of the platform has not been met and the only intelligent way to do this is to have a committee of Congress appointed to investigate and examine the work of these departments, commissions and bureaus and report their findings to the next Congress, recommending which ones can be abolished or consolidated, without destroying a necessary service to the people. Much of the work of these agencies can be done by the States, in keeping with the purpose and intent of the Constitution.

I have introduced such a resolution, but it cannot be passed without your support. It ought to be passed in order to secure data for Congressional action.

For the best interest of the country, all controversial questions should be dropped and Congress should adjourn immediately, and give business a chance to solve its own problems without fear of destructive legislation. Only such imperative problems as a safe financial structure for raising commodity prices and assisting business recovery, and for reducing the heavy tax burdens and the personal and expenditures of our over-manned and top-heavy Government, should be considered now.

It is not possible for the Government to build all the houses needed; manage all the business of the country; pay all the debts; settle all the strikes, when men receiving eight or ten dollars a day are striking for higher wages, with millions of men out of employment. Nor is it possible to give employment to all unemployed people, or catch all the criminals. A good stiff reward offered by each State would catch more criminals than a thousand men with armored cars and machine guns furnished by the taxpayers. No government can finance all these activities and remain solvent.

Respectfully,

GEORGE B. TERRELL

14 Good Reasons Why Walter Woodward Should be Elected Attorney General



1. BECAUSE he is an honest man, an experienced lawyer with more than twenty-five years experience and with ten years in the State Senate, acquainting himself with state affairs and the various state departments.
2. BECAUSE his people have elected him five times to public office without defeat, thereby showing their confidence in his integrity and his fitness for office.
3. BECAUSE at all times he has voted for laws which were fair to all Texas and has never shown any special favor to any section of the state.
4. BECAUSE he is familiar with the oil and gas conservation laws and is ready, able and willing to enforce them.
5. BECAUSE he is a self made and self educated man, having started his business life as an express messenger and baggage master, reading law by lamp light in an express and baggage car.
6. BECAUSE he is not under the control or influence of any special interests and has never been on their pay roll or received any retainers from them.
7. BECAUSE he will not forget you or your legal interests when elected Attorney General of this state and can be depended upon to render fair and impartial service to each and every Texan alike, regardless of race or creed.
8. BECAUSE he lives in the geographical center of Texas and is therefore not a sectional candidate.
9. BECAUSE ninety-five per cent of the members of the State Senate with whom he has served are favorable to his election.
10. BECAUSE he supported the Ferguson bank moratorium law and was chairman of the committee which wrote the bill.
11. BECAUSE he helped pass the moratorium laws which gave unfortunate home owners the right to postpone foreclosures on their homesteads.
12. BECAUSE as Attorney General of Texas he will serve the people faithfully and courageously and will guard the rights of the citizenship of our great state.
13. BECAUSE he has no enemies to punish and will reward the people by a faithful and conscientious administration.
14. BECAUSE HE IS THE MOST EXPERIENCED, BEST EQUIPPED AND ABLEST LAWYER IN THE RACE FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.

(Political Advertisement)

WRIGHT PATMAN'S WEEKLY LETTER

Agricultural Cattle Program

The Agricultural Department estimate that the cattle relief program in the drought stricken states will deplete the surplus one million head. The surplus is now estimated from 3,000,000 to 6,000,000 head. Last year the total slaughtering of cattle and calves was 21,000,000 head. The Administration drought relief program of \$100,000,000 for the feeding of live stock in the stricken areas will save the cattle industry. The slaughtered cattle means the ridance of emaciated and diseased milk and beef cattle, and provisions for fattening those left. This, coupled with the fact that prices for steers are well above a year ago, is good news to the industry.

Wheat Crop Forecast

While we are not in the midst of the wheat territory, yet the price will affect our food and feed conditions. When the northwest harvest is completed in August, the total production will be several million bushels below the peak crop of last year. The estimated spring and winter harvests are estimated

at 550,000,000 bushels. With the carry-over added, this means a supply of 800,000,000 bushels.

Through reduced acreage and intelligent agricultural planning the administration has brought about an advance in wheat price, estimated to benefit the farmers in the wheat belt \$125,000,000.

Rain Makers Are Fakers

"No power on earth can make it rain," says W. J. Humphreys, United States Weather Bureau. "The popular notion that noise, such as detonation of cannon or dynamite, can shake the sky loose of its moisture burden is fallacious." Years ago as an experiment, the Weather Bureau tried out the idea in West Texas. It didn't work. Here are some of the ideas submitted to Humphreys to make it rain that he has branded as "worthless and impracticable:" Sprinkling clouds with electrified sand. Boring holes in the sky. Spraying dust in the air. Cooling air by radio. Sprinkling dry ice on the clouds. Blood letting. Abuse of idols and images.

Benefits of AAA

The farmer's purchasing power increased 28 per cent, including April, over the same four months period for 1933. For the country as a whole the purchasing power increased 22 per cent. L. H. Bean, economic adviser to AAA, says benefit payments to farmers under AAA alone has increased his purchasing power one-fifth. The seven basic commodities under AAA continue to show increased purchasing power for farmers.

Orator—"And now, gentlemen, I wish to tax you memory."
Member of the Audience—"Good heavens! Has it come to that?"

LISTEN WORLD

(By ELSIE ROBINSON)

I didn't think that anything could make me madder than the depression. The needlessness of it—the cruelty. For four years I went around seeing red. But, though we've passed through the worst of it, there's something in these post-depression days that still has me chewing the table leg—

And that's these cherry little articles on what a blessing hard times are—

And how they help our souls—
Practically every one of them written by some big softie who ate regular in our best hotels while the common guys were going through hell.

I wish my boss wasn't so doggoned refined . . . then maybe he'd let me say what I really think. And, believe me, stranger, I'm thinking plenty. I happen to know what those hard times actually meant to those common guys.

For why? I've been a common guy myself, all my life. Mostly I haven't had anything but hard times. And, speaking for the millions who can't, I'm here to tell all Pollyannas that—

Hard times are not a blessing.

They are not essential to our spiritual salvation.

Nor are they wise dispensation of a benevolent Providence.

They are the direct and cursed consequence of human stupidity and swinish selfishness—

And we have our nerve to try to pass that buck to God.

We didn't need to have the depression. We should never have had it. It stands to our everlasting shame that we did have it.

We had all the makings for prosperity. We had plenty of food, money and work for every man and woman in this country. By the use of a very little intelligence, a minimum of decency, we could have distributed this food, money and work so that a depression would have been impossible.

But we wouldn't use that intelligence or exercise that decency. As a result, millions of human beings have been living for the last four years under conditions unspeakably wretched and desperate.

And we'll not be through paying for that misery in four—or forty years. In crime and illiteracy, in disease and despair, we'll pay for it. Generations to come will bear the marks of that shameful neglect of our civilized duty.

"Hard times uplifting"—"cleansing our spirits in a crucible of fire"—"renewing our ancient vigor."

Of all the cockeyed piffle and slimy hypocrisy.

Hard work, plain living, healthy conflict—these are good for all of us. But chaos, such as we have known in these last four years, does not uplift. A steady diet of rancid pork and maggoty meal—on which hundreds of thousands of poor, helpless souls were forced to subsist—does not cleanse anyone's spirit in a crucible of fire. It turns a man into a beast, a woman into a fury, a child into an idiot. It degrades body, mind and soul.

People don't have to have hard times. They can be—they were intended to be—happy and healthy without having to go through hell to learn how.

I refuse to look for the silver lining in our recent big, black cloud. I refuse to believe that it had any silver lining. And I view with contempt those who go around looking for silver linings when they should be facing the simple, shameful fact that we made a mess of things ourselves—and then getting busy and trying to clean up that mess.

It isn't noble or inspiring to write or preach or broadcast bilge like that. It's contemptible and down-right crooked.

It was just such smug sentimentality and rotten rationalization of selfishness that got us into the depression—and that will keep us in it, unless we cut it out.

W. Gregory Hatcher

CANDIDATE FOR
Railroad Commissioner
(Subject to Democratic Primaries)



PLATFORM: "FOLLOW THE LAW"

Hatcher received 423,947 votes in the Railroad Commissioners' race two years ago against 458,942 received by his opponent. This, his friends believe, evidences and justifies the feeling among the people that he should be upon the railroad board. He pledges himself to faithfully follow, and impartially administer, the law pertaining to the duties of the office of Railroad Commissioner—showing favoritism to none, but fidelity to all, for the upbuilding of Texas and the prosperity and happiness of her people. He calls attention to the fact that over one million persons (about one-sixth of the population of Texas) are supported by the oil industry and says this industry is too important to the economic welfare of the people of this State to be sacrificed to the "avariciousness of hot-oil artists" and "incompetence of promises-making politicians." He points out that the chaotic conditions existing in the oil industry in Texas and the failure of the railroad board to properly function is directly chargeable to the inefficiency of his opponent, Lon A. Smith, who has held the office of Chairman of the Railroad Commission for the past two years and has been a member of the board for nine years.

If you want to inject new life in the Railroad Board, and give the people a new deal, respecting the regulation of the oil industry, transportation and public utilities, vote for Hatcher.

State kept on a cash basis and no warrants discounted during 6 years Hatcher served as State Treasurer. The only State Treasurer that ever rendered this outstanding service to the State of Texas. (Political Advertisement)

BY DEGREES

"I hear ye're givin' up tobacco, Ezra."

"Well, Si, I'm sorta taperin' off. I don't swaller the juice no more."

THE POOR HAVE AN ADVOCATE

Our leader is now steering a course which will put just laws into force with oratory the message is told. That Texas should pension the old that there should be homes for the homeless.

To lessen tenants' wail of distress As McDonald speaks for the poor He visions the toilers' humble door.

We hail this man as a statesman

great Kind, like Roosevelt, vessel in State Humanitarian in this dark hour. Waiting to receive a governor's power.

The homeless should vote, the aged too All should help put this business through

Uphold the efforts of our Texas son

And defy his critics every one.

SAM B. BISHOP.

Byrds, Texas.

BOVINE HOARDING

The city-dweller was reading a newspaper when he was heard to exclaim, "Even the cows are doing it now!"

"Doing what?" inquired his wife.

"Hoarding," he replied. "Right here in the head-lines it says, 'Light native cow hides 7c.'"

English Professor: "Correct this sentence: 'Before any damage could be done, the fire was put

out by the volunteer fire department."

Student: "The fire was put out before any damage could be done by the volunteer fire department."

FORUM CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

RULES AND RATES

Rate, 5 cent per word for each insertion. CASH must accompany order. No classified advertisement accepted for less than \$1.00. Each sign number or initial counts as a word. We do not forward replies—your own address must appear.

Ferguson Forum

Ship your cream to the Bosque Creamery, Clifton, Texas. Honest weights, fair tests and prompt return of can and check. The Bosque Creamery, Inc., Clifton, Texas.

PENSIONS — If entitled send statement first letter. "Over 90 years knowing how."—Chas. P. Nance, Duncanville, Texas.

TO GINNERS: If you are afraid of the Bankhead Act I will lease and operate your gin in my name in open defiance of it. Bank references.

GUY B. FISHER, Bland Lake, Texas.

COLLIES FOR SALE—Beautiful Blue Merle puppies, also tricolors, females ten and males fifteen dollars.—Frank Craddock, Santo, Texas.

AUSTIN THE DRISKILL IS THE HOTEL AT AUSTIN

THOS. B. RIDGELL ATTORNEY-AT-LAW Suite 810-11 Republic Bank Bldg. DALLAS-BROOKENRIDGE, TEXAS Phone 2-1388

"SAFEGUARD TEXAS" WILLIAM McCRAW for ATTORNEY GENERAL This card inserted and paid for by a friend

Nearing the Post and Safely Leading

Decatur gave me a splendid crowd Monday afternoon where H. E. Lobdell presided and Sen. Grady Woodruff introduced me. Sherman presented me with a veritable outpouring of voters that night, Gus W. Thomason of Dallas made a splendid speech in my behalf, Judge D. B. Steed presided and Mrs. Grace Dupree Ridings one of the State's most talented women and a former classmate, introduced me. At Mineral Wells I was introduced to a splendid crowd by Chas. Cobb.

A treat was in store at Granbury at the Old Settlers' Reunion. I was a luncheon guest of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Cogdell and my friends had erected a large tent for my headquarters during the reunion with ample seats and conveniences. I was introduced to a marvelous crowd by Judge J. B. Dykes.

Breckenridge turned out en masse Wednesday night with Frank S. Roberts in the chair and Judge E. E. Solomon a great Democrat eloquently presented me. Hamilton turned out far better than I expected where Dr. D. S. Beach had charge of the ceremonies and at San Saba Thursday night they seemed to come from all the country round. Judge J. H. Baker made a fine presiding officer there.

At Sonora on Friday night, R. A. Taylor presided and Judge W. L. Elliott presented me to a fine western audience in proper style. At the Old Settlers Reunion on the Devils River Ranch owned by my former law partner and one of Texas' nobleman, Clude B. Hudspeth, the most beloved Congressman that district ever had, I spent a wonderful day. They came from every county in west Texas, El Paso included. Judge C. E. Davidson, now and for forty-two years Crockett County Judge presided and declared for me and I was given a wonderful introduction by Congressman Hudspeth. Mrs. McDonald and Mrs. Jessie Mayfield remained for the festivities of the afternoon and night while I regretfully parted with old friends and new, to hurry to Uvalde to close a great week's campaign to a representative audience of six counties being introduced by Ditzler H. Jones.

Last year while chairman of the repeal forces two weeks before the election I gave to the press an estimate that repeal would carry 102,000 votes. My friends laughed and asked why I put on the 2000 votes, but reliable estimates from every county gave 120,000. I underestimated the vote, it was over 115,000 votes. In my estimate I deducted 15% for enthusiasm which left that figure. My estimate from the same reliable sources covering every county in Texas indicates my lead over the entire field is 66,000; making the same deduction of 15% it gives me a lead over the field of 56,000 votes.

The first battle ends one week from the time you read this and if the band wagon vote starts our way it will be a great deal more. I honestly believe it will be more and I have never deceived my friends in my life and if I did not sincerely believe this, I would not sign it for you to read.

I have never struck an unfair blow nor hit below the belt, nor called the name of any opponent, nor referred disparagingly to either of them directly or indirectly, and when the polls close on July 28th I want it said of me by a great people that I blazed the trail to a higher plane for conducting campaigns for high office in Texas.

This victory is due to the most loyal friends who ever followed the fortunes of any candidate and I thank each and every one of you for this great result. With little money I could not use the Radio and have not had enough pictures or literature but you have understood it and without money and without price you have passed the word on to neighbors and friends and all Texas is now posted and ready to vote. They have decided to trust me in these strenuous times and I am deeply thankful.

C. C. McDONALD, Candidate for Governor.

VOTE FOR JOHN H. SHARP

of Ellis County for Associate Justice of the Supreme Court

To succeed Judge Greenwood, who is not a candidate for re-election.

LEARNED IN THE LAW—VIGOROUS IN HEALTH—EXPERIENCED ON THE BENCH



JUDGE JOHN H. SHARP

Judge Sharp is committed to a program of avoiding undue delays in the Supreme Court and that technicalities not obstruct justice.

Judge Sharp was born and reared in Robertson County, Texas. Was educated in the Public Schools of Texas and Southwestern University, Georgetown, Texas. Practiced law twenty-five years and has been a member of the Commission of Appeals in aid of the Supreme Court for four years.

Judge Sharp's candidacy is endorsed by people in every walk of life.

Judge Sharp will Appreciate Your Vote and Influence.

(This ad paid for by friends)

Bailey's Platform Is Simple and Sincere

Simple, since and for the benefit of every Texas citizen, here in brief, is the platform on which Congressman Joe Bailey is running for the United States Senate:

There will be no more Bankhead law if Bailey is elected. He is against the Bankhead bill and every similar measure for the regimentation of farmers.

He plans to secure employment for the millions of men and women now idle and suffering through tariff revision by the breaking up of the huge corporations which are now throttling the independent merchants and business men of Texas.

He plans to restore both foreign markets and domestic markets for the benefit of the farmers of Texas so that they may be able to raise all the farm products they desire, without restriction, and obtain adequate prices for them.

He is in accord with the aims and ideals of labor. He upholds the rights of labor to collective bargaining and stands for fair wages and shorter hours.

He is for the principle of old age pensions and unemployment insurance.

Mr. Bailey thinks that Federal loans to farmers demand too high interest rates. He favors lowering these rates of interest.

Silver, the age old money of agriculture, is favored by Congressman Bailey who stands for the remonetization of this metal.

The NRA, so far as it has bettered laboring conditions, shortened hours and raised salaries, is endorsed by Mr. Bailey. However he wants this law amended to give full protection to the consumer against arbitrary raisers in prices, and to the small merchant and independent business man so that they may make a decent livelihood.

He opposes the Ickes Oil Control bill, which will come up again in the next Congress, saying that if this bill becomes law Texas will lose control of the states own oil industry, that unitization of the oil field will throw thousands of Texas oil field laborers out of employment.

He believes that since the United States owes money to the veterans through compensation certificates, that this money should be paid immediately instead of delaying payment. He says that the expenditure of this money by the veterans throughout the nation would be a big help to industry, merchants and farmers. It would make business better at once.

Mr. Bailey will oppose issuance of any more tax exempt bonds and will also demand strict economy in Federal expenditures once the present emergency is past.

He is for expansion of foreign trade, especially with Mexico.

He is for fair salaries for school teachers and in favor of keeping the public and rural schools open at any cost.

He will be no "rubber stamp" senator but will serve the people of Texas as a whole and not any political group or clique.

WILL SOON ELECT A NEW SENATOR BAILEY OF TEXAS

Joseph Weldon Bailey, Jr., Congressman-at-Large from Texas, and now a candidate for the United States Senate was born at Gainesville, Texas, forty-one years ago. He is the son of the late and illustrious Senator Joseph W. Bailey who for many years rendered distinguished service to Texas in the United States Senate. His mother was Mrs. Ellen Murray Bailey who was born at Huntsville, Texas. He married Miss Roberta Lewis of St. Louis and they have one son who is now eight years old. After receiving his elementary education in the public schools of Gainesville Mr. Bailey graduated from Princeton and later took a law degree from the University of Virginia. At the outbreak of the World War he volunteered and went overseas with the 314th Field Artillery. He saw active service in the desperate fighting in the Argonne and was in the army for 22 months. On his discharge he returned to Dallas and entered the practice of law with his distinguished father as a member of the firm of Bailey, Nickels and Bailey.

On November 8th, 1932, after having been overwhelmingly victorious in the Democratic primaries, he was elected Congressman at Large which position he now holds.

In 1933 he led the successful campaign for the repeal of the 18th amendment which was urged by President Roosevelt and the Democratic platform. He spoke in all sections of the State for repeal.

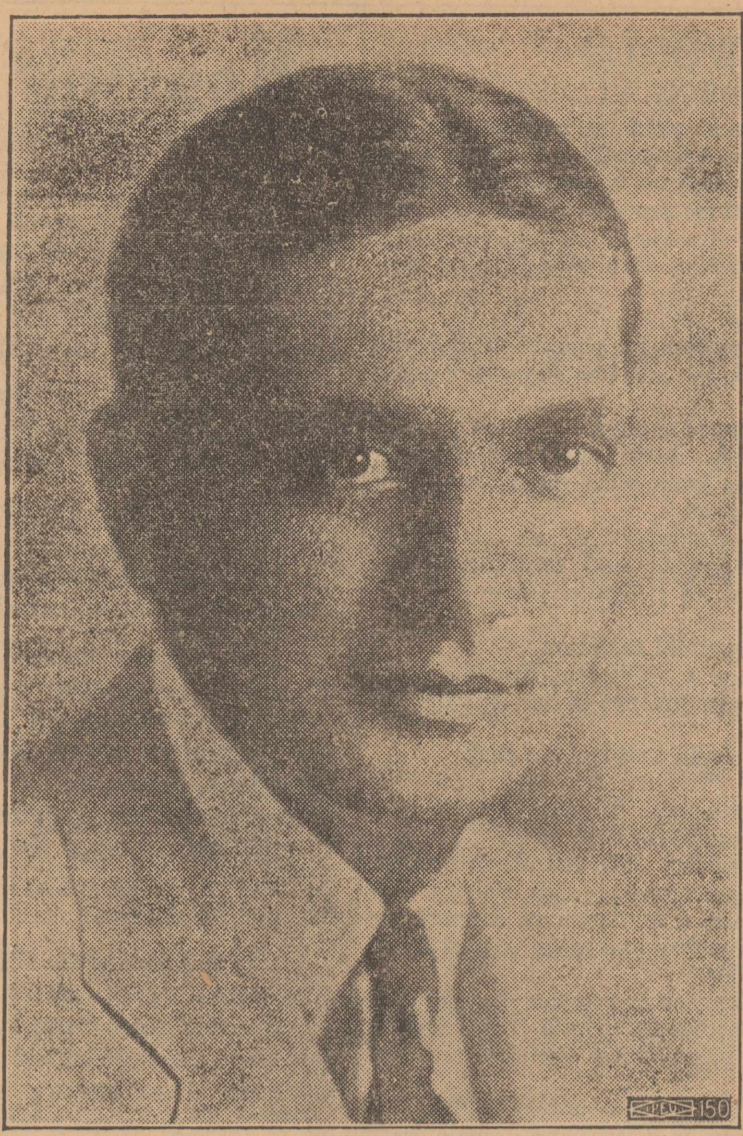
In politics Mr. Bailey is a State Rights Democrat who believes in government based on the Constitution of the United States.

Under these circumstances every working man should vote for Bailey.

their jobs. He successfully won the case.

The Congressional Record will show that Mr. Connally in Congress cast his vote against the Child Labor Amendment, a measure whole-heartedly sponsored by organized labor throughout the nation.

Under these circumstances every working man should vote for Bailey.



Joseph W. Bailey, Jr.

Telegrams Predict Bailey Landslide

The following telegrams, received at Bailey Headquarters in Dallas, prove convincingly that Congressman Bailey is going to be elected by a landslide over Tom Connally at the July 28th primary.

Clarksville, Texas, July 12. Straw vote around square shows Bailey 80, Connally 24. J. E. Nichols.

Galveston, Texas, July 14. It is the consensus of opinion among those qualified to know the feeling of voters of this county that Bailey will carry the city and county of Galveston over Senator Tom Connally by a two to one majority.

J. C. Canty, District Judge, Judge M. H. Royson, W. P. Tarpey, Texas City, M. J. Tiernan, E. K. Marrast.

Whitesboro, Texas, July 14. Straw vote in paper this week Bailey 74, Connally 29, Fisher 3. If Connally fails to accept challenge and defend record he is the worst beat man that ever ran for the Senate. The people of Texas will not vote for a pussy footer.

Whitesboro News Record. Schulenburg, Texas, July 12. Fayette County poll: Schulenburg, Bailey 270; Connally 39; Fisher, 11. LaGrange: Bailey 205, Connally 43. Total Fayette County returns to date Bailey 772, Connally 153, Fisher 20. Can furnish sworn statements as to accuracy of newspaper ballot. Bailey gaining steadily.

Nacogdoches, Texas, July 13. Straw vote here indicates five to three for Bailey. All East Texas is for Bailey.

Frank W. Tucker. San Marcos, Texas, July 14. Mr. Bailey will carry nineteenth Senatorial District by large majority.

Ney Oldham. Greenville, Texas, July 14. Give Tom Connally and his moneyed crowd hell. Northeast Texas is backing you.

John W. Gover. Clifton, Texas, July 12. Bosque County is practically solid behind Bailey's candidacy for the United States Senate.

A. W. Price.

Bailey Smashes Connally Claims

BAILEY HUNDRED PER CENT FOR FARMERS, CONNALLY HOSTILE, LEMKE STATES

That Senator Tom Connally's attitude towards helpful farm legislation is "hostile" and that Congressman Joe Bailey is a true friend of the farmer is the assertion of Congressman William Lemke of North Dakota, generally regarded as the champion of the farmers in the House of Representatives.

Congressman Lemke is the author of the Frazier-Lemke bill for the refinancing of farm indebtedness for which the farmers and legislatures of 22 states have already petitioned Congress. His letter addressed to the Ferguson Forum is reproduced below:

Washington, D. C., July 7, 1934.

Dear Sir: Since your publication is interested in agriculture and since many farmers in Texas have written me in regard to Congressman Jos. W. Bailey's record on agriculture in congress, it gives me pleasure to state to the farmers of Texas that his record is 100%.

He signed the petition to discharge the committee on agriculture and bring the Frazier-Lemke Refinance bill up for discussion and passage on the floor of the house. This bill as you know, provides that the United States government shall refinance existing farm indebtedness at 1 1/2% interest and 1 1/2% principal on the amortization plan—not by the issuing of more tax exempt interest bearing bonds but by the issuing of federal reserve notes secured by the best security one earth—first mortgages on farms.

22 state legislatures memorialized congress to pass the Frazier-Lemke Refinance bill without delay. So did the lower house of the state of New York, the President's own state and that of Delaware.

Permit me to congratulate the people—especially the farmers—of Texas for having a representative in congress who is a citizen of the state of Texas and the nation first and a partisan afterward.

On the other hand, Senator Connally's record on agriculture is not so good. In fact, it is hostile. When the Frazier-Lemke Refinance bill was reported out favorably by the senate committee on agriculture, he moved that it be re-committed to the committee on banking and currency. This is a committee where the farm bills that Wall Street doesn't want are strangled. When the bill finally came up for a vote as a substitute for the present farm mortgage refinance law, Mr. Connally voted against it. While Senator Sheppard voted for it, Shepherd voting with the farmers—Connally against them.

In closing I am confident that I share the views of most of the representatives in the lower house of congress, who are interested in farm legislation, which is that if Congressman Bailey is elected to the senate the farmers will have another friend in that body.

Very respectfully yours,
WM. LEMKE.

Proves Junior Senator World's Champion Claimer

Senator Tom Connally, evasive, non-committal and "pussy footing" as always, refuses in his campaign for the United States Senate to discuss a single one of the vital issues with which the people of Texas and of the United States are confronted. While he made the welkin ring with challenges to Earl Mayfield to debate with him when he contested Mayfield's seat for a second term six years ago, yet he now fears to meet Congressman Joe Bailey in a joint discussion of the issues and has refused Mr. Bailey's challenge.

The Connally campaign consists of nothing but a recitation of his alleged legislative accomplishments, most of the claims being inaccurate, misleading and merely half truths. Mr. Connally offers no suggestions or ideas for the solution of the issues which will come before the next Congress. He has nothing to say about the unemployment crisis, although there are 11,000,000 men and women idle in this country today many of them destitute and suffering. Unlike Mr. Bailey he offers no plans for their benefit and no hope for their future. He has nothing to say in regard to extending sensible and much needed aid to agriculture. He has nothing to say in regard to labor legislation, tariff revision or anything else. His one campaign theme is the alleged greatness of Tom Connally and his self-styled achievements. He steadfastly refuses to state where he is on any given issue.

Connally's Claim

Connally deplores over the fact that Congressman Bailey returned to Texas on May 19th to open his campaign. Senator Connally doesn't say, however, that in 1928 he opened his campaign in Belton on April 17th, and never returned to his duties before the adjournment of Congress on May 30th. Between May 19th and the adjournment of Congress Mr. Bailey returned to Washington twice to attend to legislation which affected the state of Texas. It seems that Connally complains now of exactly what he personally did in his campaign of six years ago.

Connally prides himself in regard to the amendment to the Revenue Act of 1930, increasing the duty on cattle. He neglects to say that after the Senate adopted that amendment he turned around and voted against the bill.

Next, he claims that in 1929 he proposed the most practical method of relief for the drought-stricken Panhandle. He doesn't mention that the Panhandle is now suffering from a three-year drought and that he has been unable to get any relief for them. However, the Panhandle will remember this on election day.

Connally claims that he led a successful fight in the Senate for a tariff on imported petroleum which was carried in the Revenue Act of 1932. He fails to say that when the original proposition came up he was bitterly opposed to it. Over 25,000 Texans sent him telegrams. After he had counted them he made the remark that it would be easier for him to change his views than for Texas to change its Senator. This remark is typical of Connally's entire service.

Connally pats himself on the back over his Hot Oil Amendment to the National Recovery Act as if he alone were responsible for it. As a matter of fact every member in the House and the Senate from Texas supported this proposition.

In regard to the Ickes Bill, everybody knows that when it came to this proposition Connally took to the tall timber. This was a bill that, if made a law, would have strangled state rights, thrown fifty thousand oil field workers out of employment and turned the whole oil industry of Texas over to the Federal Government at behest of the huge oil corporations.

Loyalty For Campaign Purposes

Bailey went to Washington and fought the Ickes Bill tooth and toenail. It did not pass. Although Connally's constituents frantically begged him to fight the bill yet until the adjournment of Congress he never told them how he felt about it and never lifted a hand against it. It was a Presidential measure, just like the St. Lawrence Waterways Treaty, which Connally voted against. But the St. Lawrence Waterways Treaty came up before Connally had evolved the fictitious issue of loyalty for campaign purposes only. Therefore, Mr. Connally waited until the President was Honolulu-bound on the Houston before he crept out of the bushes and said in a still small voice, "I was against the Ickes Bill all the time."

According to Connally, Texas would be traversed by nothing but a network of sandy roads and black mud thoroughfares had it not been for him, for he claims the credit for all Federal road appropriations. He didn't instigate the road appropriations bill. It went to the Senate from the House and every Democratic member of the House, including Mr. Bailey, supported it there and helped put it into the bill before it got out of committee.

Mr. Connally then modestly places another laurel wreath of achievement on his brow when he brags of having supported the Bankhead Bill, which is now causing weeping, wailing and gnashing of teeth in the rural sections of Texas.

The Texas farmers ought to know what Connally did to them when it came to better prices and larger sales of cottonseed products. Connally claims to have been author of an amendment putting a tariff on coconut and other foreign vegetable oils for the purpose of helping the cotton farmer and ginner. The tariff measure came out of the house with a 5¢ tax; what Connally did in the Senate was reduce this tax, which of course slapped the farmers squarely in the face and prevented a further increase in the price of cottonseed oil. President Roosevelt wants this tax repealed. What will Connally do in regard to the matter? Probably he doesn't know himself, but whatever it may be it will probably be against the best interest of Texas agriculture.

Took Credit For Bill

The appropriation of the credit for Marvin Jones Cattle Relief Act, to which Senator Connally modestly affixes his name, is another matter for which the Junior Senator claims distinction. Congressman Marvin Jones introduced the bill making cattle a basic commodity.

Connally introduced another bill in the Senate. The House passed the Jones Bill, and in the Senate the Connally bill was rejected and the Jones Bill passed. However, Connally horned in and claimed credit.

Everybody knows how Connally ran out on the veterans when it came to consideration of restoration to the of their compensations as provided in the Independent Offices Bill. His peculiar conduct, by which he sacrificed the welfare of half a million sick and disabled men who were physically ruined on the battlefield of France is now an old story. He spoke for and voted for the veterans until the President vetoed the bill. He was willing that Federal employees should get a pay increase until the President vetoed the bill, then for political purposes he ran out on his constituents. Sixteen out of twenty-one Texas Congressmen voted for this bill, so there certainly was no question of loyalty to the administration in the matter, or else Texas must have a most disloyal bunch of Congressmen.

Connally in his speeches admits that he voted against the President and the Democratic party in their demand for the repeal of the 18th amendment. He says that prohibition is no longer an issue, but Senator Sheppard has introduced a resolution to restore national prohibition. Mr. Bailey very frankly says that he is against it. How does Mr. Connally stand? You don't know Sheppard doesn't know, Connally doesn't know, in fact nobody knows; another one of those deep, dark mysteries.

BAILEY'S LABOR RECORD PERFECT, CONNALLY'S BAD

Labor has no better friend in the Congress of the United States than Congressman Joseph W. Bailey, Jr., who is now seeking election to the United States Senate.

Elected Congressman at Large from Texas by an overwhelming majority in 1932, Mr. Bailey has served only one term in Congress.

During his term of service only three bills have come up for consideration in which organized labor was vitally interested and which they advocated. These measures were as follows:

1. Repeal of the 18th amendment.

2. The legalization of beer.

3. The Independent Offices Bill which restored to Federal employees their pay cut under the Economy Act and to veterans of the World War, actually disabled in service, their compensation.

Congressman Bailey voted in favor of every one of these measures advocated by organized labor. Senator Tom Connally voted against every one of them.

Bailey 100—Connally Zero

In the 73rd Congress therefore the labor record of Mr. Bailey is 100 per cent and that of Tom Connally is zero.

Mr. Bailey's support of the measures favored by labor was active and not passive. He stumped the State of Texas for repeal of the prohibition amendment while his opponent remained silent on the question. He spoke and he voted for the restoration of beer to the working man as advocated by the President and the Democratic platform.

Mr. Bailey voted for the increase in pay for Federal employees and the restoration of compensation to disabled veterans in the face of the presidential veto and he is being attacked and accused of disloyalty because he voted in the cause of labor and of the disabled soldiers.

Mr. Bailey follows the leadership of President Roosevelt who he says is the greatest president this country has ever known, but declares that he owes his first and greatest loyalty to the people of Texas who elected him and will always vote for their welfare.

Aided Oil Field Workers

The American Federation of Labor strenuously opposed the Ickes Oil Control bill. Labor leaders felt that the measure meant unitization of the oil fields in Texas. Such a law, once put in effect, would mean that thousands of oil field workers would be put out of work and the number of wells drastically restricted. Mr. Bailey, in behalf of organized labor, led the fight against the Ickes bill with

the result that it was not passed in the last session of Congress. It will come up again during the next session.

Senator Connally, although repeatedly asked by his constituents to oppose the Ickes bill in behalf of organized labor, never made known his stand on the matter and never took any open steps to combat the bill.

He Overthrew Martial Law

In private life Mr. Bailey gained a momentous victory in the East Texas oil field cases when he overthrew martial law, and by securing a decision from the United States Supreme Court, made it impossible for any Governor in the United States to declare martial law indiscriminately, as it was frequently done in the past. By this one service, Mr. Bailey as a private citizen did more to help organized labor than Senator Connally has done during his long tenure of office.

Congressman Bailey's entire platform is based upon plans for the re-employment of the millions of men and women now enforcedly idle and suffering. He believes that by a system of Federal taxation levied upon the huge corporations and trusts which control business today, that they can be made to split up into smaller parts and thus give employment to millions of those now idle.

Senator Connally, in the whole campaign, has nothing to say in regard to this vitally important unemployment situation.

Mr. Bailey's platform upholds labor in all its right to collective bargaining. He favors shorter hours for railroad and Government employees. He favors the principal of old age pensions and unemployment insurance. He opposes discrimination against employees over forty years old in Government work or in general industry.

He heartily approves of the betterment in hours and conditions under the NRA, but wishes that law to afford adequate protection to small merchants and business men in making a livelihood.

Saved Railway Men's Jobs

Congressman Bailey took the side of the railroad employees of the S.A.U.G Railroad in South Texas, which the Interstate Commerce Commission had ordered abandoned. He prevented this abandonment in single-handed fight and saved the jobs of hundreds of S.A.U.G Brotherhood employees who would have lost their employment.

Mr. Bailey fought for the full crew bill in Texas, advocating full crews on all motorized trains throughout the state.

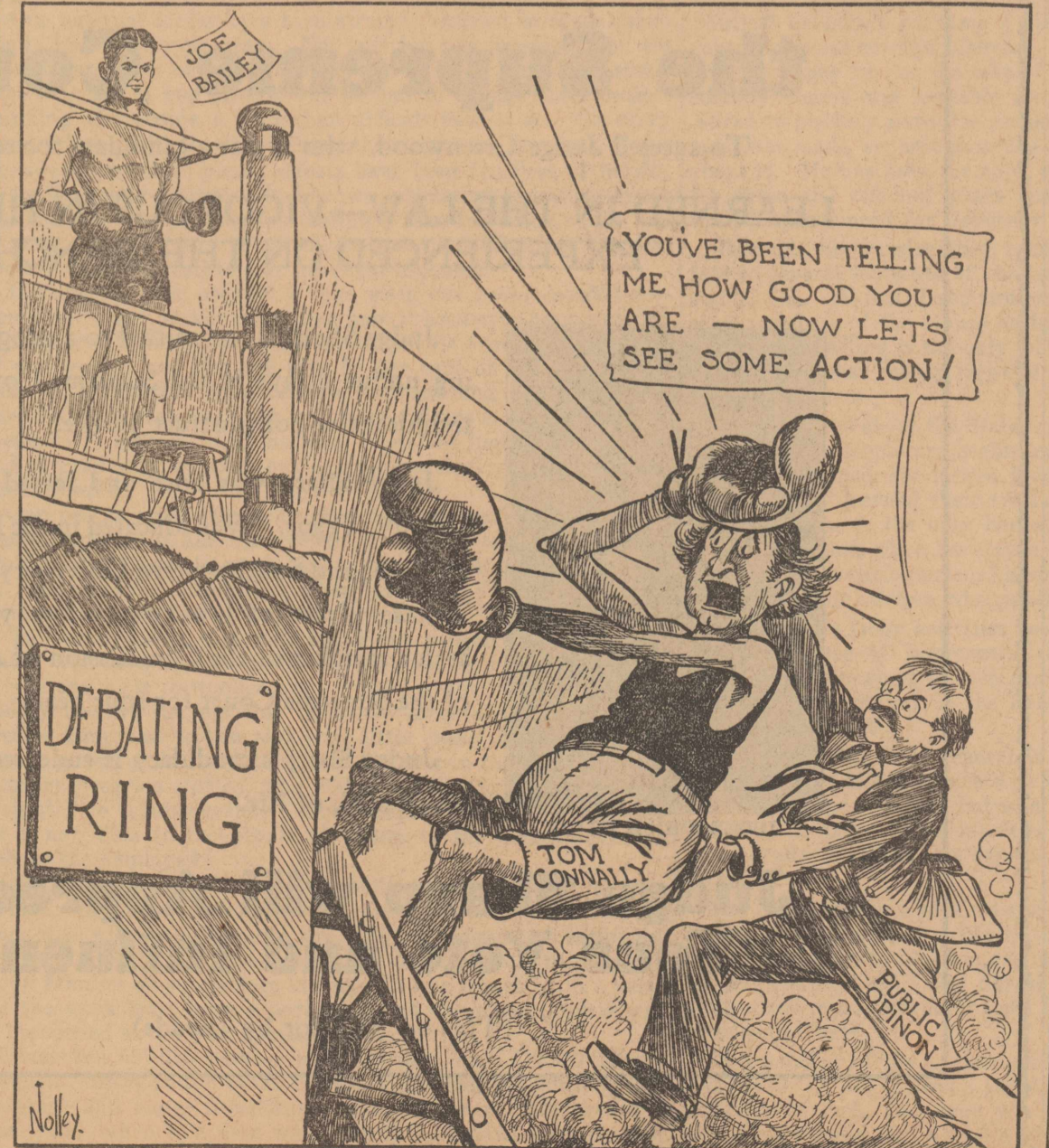
He represented the employees of the M.K.&T. Railroad contesting the right of that railroad to move their office from Smithville. Such a removal would have caused the majority of Brotherhood employees to have either lost their homes or

BEWARE OF THE PORK BARREL

Connally is supported by a horde of Federal office holders and suckers. The pork barrel tribe who always hang on the heels of an indiscriminate donor of Federal patronage.

WHEN ANYONE ASKS YOU TO VOTE FOR CONNALLY ASK HIM WHAT FEDERAL JOB HE HOLDS OR WHAT FEDERAL JOB HE HAS BEEN PROMISED.

Connally "Skeered" to Debate with Bailey



CONNALLY DIDN'T DO IT

Connally says: "I took the gold out of the dollar." and that as soon as he did that, prices went up and business got better. The dollar was devalued in February, 1934, and every farmer and every business man in the country knows that the price on cotton went to 10¢ and agricultural value generally raised in 1933, the moment that Congress took America off the gold standard. This is just another Connally far-fetched claim.

THE COMMON PEOPLE HEAR HIM GLADLY

The crowds who are listening attentively to Congressman Joe Bailey in his speeches throughout the State are men in overalls from the farm, from the factory and from the oil fields.

They realize that Joe Bailey is working for the benefit of the common people. They understand that his platform plank which deals with the critical unemployment situation is the only ray of hope existing for the laboring man in the present campaign.

This plain people are for Bailey and will elect him to the United States Senate without a shadow of a doubt.

(This page political advertisement)