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W. C. POWELL, Cash.  
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BAIRD.

CAPITAL - - - - - \$100,000  
SURPLUS - - - - - 20,000  
\$120,000

A general banking business transacted in all its branches.  
ONE OF THE OLDEST BANKS IN THE WEST.

# The Baird Star.

## HOW IS YOUR SUBSCRIPTION!

Please examine the address on your paper, and if incorrect notify the Office at once. If your subscription has expired please renew without further delay. Some will find their subscription long past due. HOW IS YOURS?

"TIS NEITHER BIRTH, NOR WEALTH, NOR STATE, BUT THE 'GIT-UP-AND-GIT' THAT MAKES MEN GREAT

VOL. 7

BAIRD, CALLAHAN CO., TEX., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1894.

NO. 52

The Big Store of

# T. E. POWELL.

I Can Sell You Goods Cheaper Than Anybody.

I Haven't Time to Give You Prices on

CLOTHING, DRESS GOODS, HATS, CAPS BOOTS AND SHOES,

—But Come and Price Them.

# T. E. POWELL.

## HOLIDAY GOODS.

If you want something nice for Christmas Remember to call on Holiday Goods and Christmas Presents at

## R. PHILLIPS'

THE LEADING DRUGGIST

He is now displaying by far the most elegant line of Dolls, Toys, Dressing Cases, Albums, Vases, Silverware, Jewelry, Etc., ever brought to this city.

WAIT And see his Stock Before You Buy.

His Prices are as Low as Four Cent Cotton.

### DEEP CREEK DOTS.

Nov. 27.—We have enjoyed so far the finest autumn weather, which has been most favorable for the gathering of the cotton crop. Everybody is still busy in the cotton fields and John Matthews' gin marked the 576th bale last Saturday.

Rain is badly needed to give a good start to the winter wheat and to enable the farmers to begin the breaking of land for the next year. Tanks and cisterns are getting low.

The general health is not very good. Several cases of diptheria, or anyhow of an affection of the respiratory organs, similar to diptheria are reported. Miss Alice Matthews was badly attacked by this insidious sickness last Friday and is now under the treatment of Dr. Wilson. The whole family of Mr. Holt, who lives on R. Cordwenter's ranch, south of Sporing Gap, is on the sick list, and Mr. D. Brantly had to summon medical attendance yesterday.

John A. Walker's little boy is recovering very slowly, his case having developed into slow or typhoid fever, but the physician in charge, Dr. Powell, gives the best hopes for final recovery.

Matrimonial market more than active, nearly booming; supply fair; demand lively; prices firm; but you know these girls can never be too dear. Your reporter is already sharpening his pencil for another event which shall come off to-morrow and in which Baird and Deep Creek are equally interested.

The coops full of turkeys that are carried to Baird this week remind me of the coming Thanksgiving day, and I smell turkey.

There are certain people who act and talk like there was no especial cause for Thanksgiving mostly on account of these low cotton prices. They belong to the never-dying-out class of chronic grumblers and constitutional calamity howlers who always cry and will cry for government help or for state help, in fact for any

kind of outside help, instead of relying on their own resources and beginning reforms where they are mostly needed, that is at home, and in the management of their home affairs. It would be good for these fellows to contemplate for example the situation of their brothers in Alabama, Georgia, and other southeastern states where they have to put \$3 or \$4 worth of fertilizers per acre on the ground and earn hardly ever more than half a bale from the acre. Behind the darkest clouds are rays of light; therefore try to look at the brighter side of everything, and above all, never forget that there is an almighty divine Providence, highly elated above our humble understanding, which regulates human destiny. The prevailing depression of the cotton market is hard on the individual, affects the farmer, and is felt in the whole line of business. But it may induce the southeastern farmers to reduce the production of cotton, as they can not compete with us, and this may make Texas, and especially Western Texas, the main producing area of the fleecy staple, and of course at improved prices. The ways of Providence are occult to mortal eyes, but they have never failed to guide our destinies to the better end. Again, I say, take a more cheerful view of the situation, enjoy the divine blessings, and be thankful for them. H. B.

### TOMATO PICKLES.

Nov. 26.—The weather is quite warm for this season of the year.

Some will finish picking cotton this week. Following is a list of the acreage and yield of the cotton crop of several: Geo. (Jack) Clifford, 65 acres, 36 bales; W. K. Davis, 28 acres, 14 bales; R. C. Dawkins, 50 acres, 27 bales; G. W. Weeks, 25 acres, 13 bales; N. A. Smedley, 30 acres, 11 bales; J. J. and J. M. Sikes, 70 acres, 27 bales; J. K. P. Wright, 40 acres, 15 bales; W. J. Ryles, 40 acres, 10 bales; T. J. Davis, 35 acres, 18 bales; J. D. Gross, 25 acres, 11 bales; E. C.

Martin, 30 acres, up.  
Wright, 25 acres, up.  
Ham, 35 acres, up.  
acres, 227.

ARMACY

TRATION.

HEED THIS NOTICE.

All persons who know they are indebted to me on note or account are requested to settle same now and the 1st day of January.

I positively must collect all standing debts by date named as I am unable to carry them over another year. I highly appreciate the patronage I have received in the past and hope to merit and receive the same in the future, but in order for me to serve the public in the future as I have in the past I am forced to collect what is due.

I hope this will be sufficient notice without requiring a personal request from me.

Respectfully,  
T. E. POWELL.

Baird, Tex. Nov. 23 1894.

FOR CATTLE FEEDERS.

One thousand acre pasture near Baird. Vigo railroad switch on pasture. Big supply of water. Good drainage. One of the best pastures in the county.

CO.



NICHOLAS IS TIMID.

A NERVOUS SON OF THE HOUSE OF ROMANOFF.

All His Life Has Been Marked with Tragedies—His Marriage with the Princess Alix of Hesse to Unite Royal Families.

THE NAME OF Nicholas has always portended evil to the house of Romanoff; and it would seem as though its present owner had not escaped its sinister significance.



NICHOLAS OF RUSSIA. boy when his grandfather fell murdered before his own palace, and since that time many attempts have been made upon the life of his father, the czar, and upon the whole imperial household.

Statistics of Women's Work. A woman was complaining the other day of the difficulty of obtaining comprehensive statistics about women's work.

Visited Jefferson Davis in Prison. Rev. Dr. Charles Fordenk Ernest Minnegrode, who died in Alexandria, Va., last Saturday, was one of the most prominent Episcopal divines in the south.

A Blind Organist. David Wood, the celebrated and blind organist of St. Stephen's church, Philadelphia, is as remarkable a man as he is a fine musician.

CATHERINE HARRISON, WITCH.

A Paper on the Early Witch Lore of Connecticut.

Dr. C. J. Hoadly read a paper on "Catherine Harrison, Witch," at the meeting of the Connecticut Historical society last week. Dr. Hoadly said that while Catherine Harrison was not executed, two were undoubtedly executed for witchcraft in Connecticut, and there were others about whom there might be some doubt.

MUST COME INTO COURT. Havemyer, President of the Sugar Trust, is indicted.



HENRY O. HAVEMYER. the sugar trust concerning the contributions of the sugar trust to party campaign funds.

The Commoner's Industrial School. Thaddeus Stevens' will establishing an industrial home for boys in Lancaster, Pa., which has been in litigation ever since it was probated twenty-six years ago, has finally been confirmed.

He Saw the Man After All. At one of the Louisville theaters the other evening a dapper, well dressed young man was seated with a couple of society girls in a front seat in the parquet.

ALL OVER THE WORLD

HAPPENINGS OF GENERAL INTEREST TO ALL.

A Comprehensive Epitome of Serious and Sensational Settings Condensed from all the Leading Dailies for the Past Week.

Pullman Conductor Brown of the Arkansas Valley road was killed and thrown from his train at McKay, a small station thirty miles west of Van Buren, Ark., in the Indian territory, recently.

What girls and women are going to do next will be difficult to say when one hears that they are playing football. Two clubs have been formed in Denver, Col., with good men for coaches.

During the ten months of 1894 the United States exported over imports \$96,900,000 of merchandise, \$73,000,000 gold and \$23,000,000 of silver in the ten months of this year, which is a drain in round numbers of \$290,000,000, or \$20,000,000 a month.

M. Moscovitz, a prominent Hebrew citizen of Hot Springs and well known in commercial circles, incurred the displeasure of several eotel drummers at Malvern Ark., recently.

The backbone of the opposition to Stephen B. Elkins for United States senator from West Virginia has been broken and it looks like a walk-over for him.

Secretary Carlisle has been officially informed that the republic of Honduras has adopted the gold dollar of the United States as its standard coin.

At St. Joseph, Mo., recently Maggie Walker, a poor woman, locked her two children, aged 3 and 6 years, in her house while she went to a grocery store near by.

Guatemala has appointed a special minister to Mexico to negotiate a settlement of the existing boundary dispute between the two countries.

Recently Miss Davenport Hill defeated the Duke of Newcastle in the city of London by 8000 majority for member of the school board.

The aggregate length of the telegraph wires of the world is computed at 1,066,123 miles. This total is made up as follows: Europe, 282,812 miles; America, 548,812 miles; Asia, 67,875 miles; Africa, 21,687 miles and Australia 47,981 miles.

Government officials have unearthed gigantic frauds perpetrated at the opening of the Cherokee Strip to settlement.

Mount Airy, Tenn., a station on the Mobile and Ohio railway, was completely wiped off the map recently by fire. The total loss is about \$75,000. The fire is supposed to have been the work of incendiaries.

Miss Alice Dunn had officers trap Tom McDonald, a handsome brakeman, on the cantilever bridge at Niagara, N. Y. When bullets whizzed he leaped, was picked up hurt and thereupon married the girl.

The appointment of Senor de Leon of Guatemala special envoy to settle the Mexico-Guatemala boundary trouble which has caused frequent reports of war, is likely to end the difficulty at an early day.

Robert A. McCarver, in order to avoid testifying against his friends who are under indictment at Memphis for lynching the six negroes August 31, denied belief in God, in heaven or in hell.

Recently, during a quarrel, William Sheehan, a saloonkeeper at Croton Dam, near Sing Sing, N. Y., was shot and killed by his sister Mary. She claims self-defense.

At Vicksburg, Miss., recently, a scene occurred in the Crawford Street Methodist church that was never equaled in that city. Ninety persons joined the church in a body.

Alderman Parks of New York city has been sentenced by a New Jersey court to pay a \$500 fine and serve five months in jail for running a gambling house in Asbury park.

Roseland, N. J., has a boy burglar terrorizing the country who is formerly prominent in church and a leader of the local Christian Endeavorers.

The steam heater in the school building at Uxbridge, Mass., exploded, recently, severely injuring nine primary pupils and causing a panic.

There have been so far twenty-two large earthquakes throughout the world during the months of October and November of the present year.

Despite George M. Pullman's aid to Republican victory in Illinois, bills are to be introduced in the state legislature adverse to his company.

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The Sicilian earthquake shocks have been very disastrous. Two hundred bodies were taken from the ruins at San Proccolo.

J. R. Sovereign and all the old officers were re-elected at the recent session of the General Assembly K. of L. at New Orleans.

The Dutch have been victorious in Lombok, in the Indian Archipelago. The Rajah, his son and grandson, have surrendered.

Test cases have been commenced against the United States by sugar growers, whose bounty was cut off by the new tariff bill.

Earthquake shocks continue in the provinces of Messina and Reggio, Italy, however, with less destruction and terror.

SAYS HE WAS ROBBED.

J. R. DAVIS OF VAN ZANDT COUNTY

Tells the Dallas Police How He Was Fleeced—A Shooting at Corsicana That Costs a Negro His Life—Hillboro Man Attempts Suicide.

DALLAS, TEX., Nov. 27.—J. R. Davis, of Van Zandt county, reported to the police that he had been robbed. To a reporter he stated that he had come to Dallas on business and while here fell in with an accommodating stranger. He wanted to go to the theater and the stranger told him he would show him the way.

A Corsicana Shooting. A negro young man was drinking and took up the fight and drew his gun and started to shoot at Luster, when Luster, who is a crack shot, pulled his gun and answered the firing.

Child Buried to Death. WHITNEY, TEX., Nov. 26.—The clothing of Mr. J. N. Wingate's little girl, 4 years old, caught fire from the heating stove Saturday morning during the temporary absence of its mother.

The People Stirred Up. TEXARKANA, TEX., Nov. 23.—The action of the county commissioners in revoking the order of the previous day for a local option election on December 11 in Bowie county continues to stir the community.

Must Report or Pay. AUSTIN, TEX., Nov. 24.—The railroad commission has prepared a circular notifying the following railroads that if their annual reports are not in by Nov. 30 they will be prosecuted against according to the commission law, which provides for a penalty of not exceeding \$500 per day for every day the report is withheld after the date set by the commission for its return.

Too Much Morphine. FORT WORTH, TEX., Nov. 22.—Mrs. Hattie Smith, aged 20, who resides with her parents on the south side, whose maiden name was Hattie Therrell, took an overdose of morphine at noon yesterday.

Held for Assault. TYLER, TEX., Nov. 22.—John Mathews, a negro, was lodged in jail charged with criminal assault on a half-white woman, a pauper on the poor farm.

Threats of Lynching. SAN ANTONIO, TEX., Nov. 27.—Miss Matilda Wolff, the 16-year-old daughter of a well known citizen, was passing along a quiet street yesterday afternoon when a negro named Albert Killman made an assault.

Paul Conrad of lottery fame is dead.

After the Oil Trust.

WACO, TEX., Nov. 22.—In the district court of the Fifty-fourth judicial district the grand jury yesterday morning presented to Judge Sam R. Scott a batch of indictments, among which was one of forty pages of legal cap, which has been in preparation for a week or more.

Most Novel Wedding. CLEBURNE, TEX., Nov. 26.—Ernest L. Gomer and Libbey Annie Wade were married in the Johnson county jail Saturday, the ceremony being performed by the newly elected justice of the peace, Mason Cleveland.

Attempted Outrage. DALLAS, TEX., Nov. 23.—A man named Hughes, residing miles north of the city (Spring) road, visited the office yesterday and reported an attempt was made on his young wife, her young negro son, 7 feet 7 inches tall, pink coat, light collar, tight port cap, ask.

He Saw the Man After All. At one of the Louisville theaters the other evening a dapper, well dressed young man was seated with a couple of society girls in a front seat in the parquet.

Heavenly Bodies. AUSTIN, TEX., Nov. 24.—The railroad commission has prepared a circular notifying the following railroads that if their annual reports are not in by Nov. 30 they will be prosecuted against according to the commission law, which provides for a penalty of not exceeding \$500 per day for every day the report is withheld after the date set by the commission for its return.

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# The Baird Star.

Entered at the postoffice at Baird, Texas, as second class matter.

## Subscription Rates.

One year \$1.00  
Six months .75 cts  
No subscriptions received for less than 6 months.

## Payable in advance.

W. E. GILLILAND, Editor and Proprietor

BAIRD, FRIDAY, NOV. 30, 1894.

The decreased democratic plurality seems to be worrying the pops more than the democrats.

There are too many barnacles on the ship of State and the next legislature will make an effort to scrape some of them off.

The State courts at Waco have inquired into the reasons why the courts there are needed badly. We have more courts than are necessary.

The next legislature will no doubt make an effort to bring the expenses of the state within the revenues on the lines suggested by Gov. Elect Culberson. If so listen for squalls.

Gov. Elect Culberson thinks the way to stop the deficiency is to cut down expenses. The people no doubt agree with him and so will the legislature. The cut in expenses should be wide and deep.

According to last report of the Director of the U. S. Mint, 214,278,000 people use the single gold standard, 224,672,000 people use gold and silver as standard money and 845,721,000 use silver as the standard.

The Terrell Times-Star thinks if the next legislature would meet, pass the necessary appropriation bills, reducing expenses as much as possible, and adjourn in thirty days it would earn the gratitude of the people. The Times-Star is right. Let the session be short, the shorter the better.

The Prodigal says Captain Maltby claims his share of the democratic scalps captured at last election. Only city officers lost their scalps to young Maltby.

The will become of the district at the election? The people will be able to find out if we can't.

As democracy magnifies its own faults, it will probably go the way of the dodo.

Mr. Kolb says he will probably go the way of the dodo.

Mr. Hoover in a recent issue of the following statements: "Organized corruption are practicable as good chances of winning at unorganized decency." We have two sentences in juxtaposition that speak for themselves. It is certain that the powers for should learn a lesson from the powers for evil, and vote again from Mr. Roosevelt, who should stand shoulder to shoulder with all men who believe in and make their bows against evil.

Gilliland, of THE STAR, has made an all-around gentleman and we shall strive to be no less than him.

## Controversies.—Callahan County Register

We have been in the business long enough to learn that Newspaper controversies are unprofitable and if The Register continues as it has begun there will be no occasion for any controversy between the two papers. We know as a rule that two newspapers in a small town rarely ever get along, but there are exceptions to all rules and we have a kind of an intuition that THE STAR and Register will prove an exception at least that is our desire.

Listen at the boasting of these populist over the decrease in the democratic vote in this state. Notwithstanding the claim that they were in the past rock ribbed and copper bottomed democrats well bet that if you will investigate the antecedents of these boasters, you will find that not one in ten of them was ever a democrat in reality. Most of them drifted in with the democracy in this state and the very first chance they got they stabbed the party in the back.

An exchange aptly characterizes our present currency policy as "The coon skin policy," in honor of Davy Crockett, who treated a crowd at a grocery all day on one coon skin, which he would sneak from the grocer every time he treated the boys. So it is in selling bonds to replenish the gold reserve fund. The government sells bonds to get gold. The capitalist go to the treasury with currency and gets the gold to buy the bonds. Beautiful scheme, is it not? The government will be in the same fix some day that Job Snelling, Davy Crockett's grocer, was in when he went to count up his coon skins at night, he was paralyzed to find out that he only had one coon skin for all the whiskey he had sold sly old Davy. Sam will be astonished some day to find out that he has only a few millions of gold for the hundreds of millions of bonds he has sold to keep up the sacred fund.

Mr. S. F. Neely issued the first number of The Callahan County Register last Friday. The first number was gotten out under many difficulties, but nevertheless it bears evidence that Bro. Neely understands his business. We think Baird is rather a small town to support two papers, however, the venture is made, we welcome the Register as a co-worker in the upbuilding of Baird and Callahan county, and we shall not throw a single stone in its path, but will rather aid in helping it along. It is not our disposition to try to pull anyone down in order to build ourselves up. We feel sure THE STAR and Register will be good friends and work together for the good of the town and county.

## EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYED.

### THE FEDERAL COMMISSION'S REPORT UPON THE CHICAGO STRIKE.

The report of the Commission on the Chicago strike, by Commissioner Carrol D. Wright, John D. Kernan, of New York, and Judge N. E. Worthington, of Illinois, appointed by President Cleveland last July to investigate the Chicago strike, was made public on Monday of last week. The report proper comprises about 40 pages of the printed pamphlet. The Commission was in session at Chicago 13 days and examined 167 witnesses there; later it held a two-days' session at Washington and examined two more witnesses. The report says:

"According to the testimony the railroads lost in property destroyed, hire of United States Deputy Marshals, and other incidental expenses, at least \$685,308. The loss of earnings of these roads is estimated at \$4,672,916. Some 3,100 employes at Pullman lost in wages, as estimated, at least \$350,000. About 100,000 employes upon the 24 railroads centering at Chicago, all of which were more or less involved in the strike, lost in wages, as estimated, at least \$1,389,143. Many of these employes are still adrift and losing wages. Beyond these amounts very great losses, widely distributed, were incidentally suffered throughout the country. During the strike the fatalities, arrests, indictments and dismissals of charges for strike offenses in Chicago and vicinity were as follows:

Number shot and fatally wounded..... 1  
Number arrested by the police..... 119

Number arrested and indicted under United States statutes..... 71  
Number arrested against whom indictments were not found..... 119  
The forces engaged in suppressing crime and preserving order at Chicago during the strike are given as follows:  
United States troops..... 1,336  
State militia..... 4,000  
Extra deputy marshals, about..... 5,000  
Extra deputy sheriffs..... 250  
Police force of Chicago..... 8,000  
Total..... 14,186

The Commission finds that the ideal features of the town of Pullman were adopted and maintained by the Pullman Company from business rather than philanthropic motives; also that the company did not, as the Commission thinks it should have done, reduce rents when wages were reduced. Prior to June, 1893, however, the Pullman Company was prosperous, paid "ample and satisfactory wages as a rule, and charged rents that caused no complaint." In July, 1893, 2,425 of the 4,000 to 5,000 Pullman employes had average deposits of \$240 in the Pullman savings bank. The report condemns the paternalism of the Pullman Company which the corporation business Pullman Company acted from motives, since to close down would have caused still greater loss.

As to the General Managers, Association, composed of the general managers of the 24 railroads entering Chicago, the report says in part:

"The association is an illustration of the persistent and shrewdly devised plan of corporation to overreach their limitations and to usurp indirectly powers and rights not contemplated in their charters and not obtainable from the people or their legislators. An extension of this association as above suggested, and proposed legalization of 'pooling' would result in an aggregation of power and capital, dangerous to the people of their liberties as well as to employes and their rights. The question would then certainly arise as to which shall control, the Government or the railroads, and the end would inevitably be Government ownership. Unless ready for the result and all that it implies the Government must restrain corporations within the law and prevent them from forming unlawful and dangerous combinations. At least so long as railroads are thus permitted to combine to fix wages and for their protection it would be rank injustice to deny the right of all labor upon railroads to unite for similar purposes. It should be noted that until the railroads set the example a general union of railroad employes was never attempted."

Regarding the American Railway Union the report says in part:

"This is an association of about 150,000 railroad employes, as alleged, organized at Chicago on the 20th of June, 1893, for the purpose of including railway employes born of white parents in one great brotherhood. In its profession of principles and purposes in its general and local constitutions the American Railway Union proposes to protect and promote the interest of its members as wage-earners through organization and legitimate corporation. The omission of a direct provision in the constitution of the American Railway Union for the punishment or disqualification of a member who commits or instigates violence toward persons or property in strikes is a usual and a grievous omission, and deserves severe condemnation. To admit the Pullman shop employes into the American Railway Union as 'persons employed in railway service' was not wise or expedient. To reach out and take in those so alien to its natural membership as the Pullman employes, was, in the inception of the organization at least, a mistake. This mistake led the union into a strike purely sympathetic and aided to bring upon it a crushing and demoralizing defeat."

Regarding the responsibility for the violence and destruction of property accompanying the general strike, the report says in part:

"There is no evidence before the Commission that the officers of the American Railway Union at any time participated in or advised intimidation, violence or destruction of property. The attack upon corporations and monopolies by the leaders in their speeches are similar to those to be found in the magazines and industrial works of the day. The participation of strikers in riotous proceedings in another and more serious matter. From the testimony it is fair to conclude that strikers were concerned

[CONTINUED ON LAST PAGE.]

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

### PHYSICIANS.

**R. G. POWELL.**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Office fourth door south of the Bank.  
Baird, Texas.

**D. J. WILSON.**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Local Surgeon for T. and P. Ry.  
Also City and County Physician.  
All professional calls promptly answered.  
Office first building west of Ryan office.

**E. R. SARTOR.**  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Calls promptly answered day and night. Careful attention given all forms of chronic diseases.  
Office, East side Market Street.  
BAIRD, TEXAS.

### ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

**W. H. CLIETT.**  
Attorney-at-Law,  
Market Street, Baird, Texas.

**MARTIN BARNHILL.**  
Boot and Shoemaker.  
Repairing Promptly and Neatly Executed.  
Prices to Suit the Times.  
Market Street, [6] Baird, Texas.

### BARBERS.

**W. D. DEAN,**  
First Door South of D. W. Whelan.  
Market Street, Baird, Texas.  
HAIR CUTTING, SHAVING AND SHAMPOOING.  
Polite attention to all customers.  
Your patronage solicited.

### JACK JONES'

Tonsorial Parlor :-  
:- And Bath Rooms.  
Hair cutting 25 cents, :-  
Baths 25 cents, Shaving 15 cents.  
Next door to James & Johnson's Restaurant.  
West side of Market Street. 29

## CHRISTMAS.

### "Old Folks at Home"

IN THE  
SOUTHEASTERN STATES  
is a goal for which many Texans are striving at this season of the year, and to enable all who desire to reach their goal the sale of round trip tickets for the annual

### HOLIDAY EXCURSIONS

## THE TEXAS & PACIFIC RAILWAY

Alabama, Tennessee, Georgia, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Kentucky, Florida

### SOUTHEAST to St. Louis and Memphis

December 20, 21, 22, 1894.

Tickets will be limited for return 30 days from date of sale and will be sold at the remarkable low rate of

ONE FARE FOR ROUND TRIP.

Remember the Texas & Pacific Railway is the only line offering a choice of routes either via New Orleans, Shreveport or Memphis and gives unequalled double daily train service to any of the above points, making close connection with all diverging lines.

Your home ticket agent should be able to give you full particulars and sell you a ticket via this deservedly popular line, or you can obtain all desired information by addressing either of the undersigned.

W. A. DASHIELL, GASTON MESLIER,  
Trav. Pass. Agent, Gen'l Pass & Ticket Agt.  
DALLAS, TEXAS.

### HOTELS.

CITY HOTEL.—The above Hotel has been rented by E. Sigal. Board and Lodging, or rooms alone.

THE SIGAL HOTEL.—Corner First and Market streets. Mrs. E. Sigal, proprietress. Best accommodations in the city at these Hotels. 3417

### REMEMBER.

Holiday Excursion Tickets to all points in the Southeast will be sold over the Texas & Pacific Railway, at one fare for the round trip, December 20th, 21st and 22nd, 1894; limited for return passage to 30 days from date of sale.  
Gaston Meslier  
G. P. & T. A.

# Stop and Think!

Our lights are trimmed and burning and we are now prepared to fit any lady, miss, child or infant in most any kind of a wrap that they want. Cold weather is near and we have the chilly nights to warn us of the cold spell that's coming.

Our gents and boys' overcoats are in and we are prepared to fit large and smaller: 40 inch Surge, in colors, at 50 cents. The most popular fabric of the season.

Our cheap double width goods in Covert cloth and fancy Worsteds at 12 1-2, 15 16 2-3, our regular sellers at 15, 18 and 20 cents. Children's suits from \$1 to \$5. Boy's suits from \$2.50 to \$5, worth \$5 to \$10. Special orders made for ladies' cloaks.

In ladies' underwear we have the Union suits, all wool and mixed, \$1 to \$2 per suit. Don't forget that we handle the very best shoes and meet all special-price competition. Our infant's caps are pretty and pleasing to the mother's eye.

## YOURS TO PLEASE, B. L. BOYDSTUN.

## GREETING FOR THE SEASON.

- 1 Of the greatest blessings to men is a good dinner. After he has that there is other things to wish for.
- 8 Men out of ten will tell you that their home is a happy one if their food is pure and wholesome.
- 9 Women out of ten will tell you that they keep their husbands in a good humor by giving them good meals of fresh, wholesome food.
- 4 Things you should remember are, that I carry only the purest and freshest Groceries, that my prices are very low, that my stock is always replete and that my clerks are always polite and attentive.

## Yours for Trade, D. W. WRISTEN.

## Do You Carry Insurance?

J. H. PETERS,  
General Insurance Agent  
and Notary Public.

Over \$125,000,000 Capital Represented.  
The Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York, Capital..... \$45,000,000 00  
Liverpool and London and Globe..... 45,000,000 00  
Hartford, of Hartford..... 7,000,000 00  
Northwestern National..... 1,700,000 00  
Mechanics and Traders..... 700,000 00  
Home, of New Orleans..... 400,000 00  
Alamo, of Texas..... 300,000 00  
Concordia..... 400,000 00  
New York Plate Glass, Standard Accident, Aetna Livestock, of Glen's Falls, New York.  
Office with Vaughn & Co., BAIRD, TEXAS.

## T. & P. R'y SCHEDULE.

TEXAS AND PACIFIC.	
Passenger, East bound.....	12 m.
West bound.....	4:10 p. m.
F. S. GAGE, Agent.	
MAILS.	
TOMATO, COTTONWOOD, CADDO PEAK	
CROSS PLAINS.	
Leaves Baird.....	8 A. M.
Arrives.....	5 P. M.
PUTNAM AND CLYDE.....Train schedule.	
TECUMSEH AND EAGLE COVE.	
Daily, except Sunday.	
Leaves.....	8 a. m.
Arrives.....	6 p. m.
Mrs. Lizzie Rettig, P. M.	

**NOTICE**—Local reading matter 10c a line first insertion, 5c thereafter.

Locals run until ordered out. Transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

All job work spot cash on delivery of goods.

No advertiser is entitled to, nor will they receive THE STAR, unless paid for at regular rate.

All contracts for advertising and job work are made on a strictly cash basis, and settlement must be made accordingly.

I do not promise or agree to take parties here but money for ad-charge anything to my account except on written orders, otherwise than above mentioned.

W. E. GILLILAND, Ed. STAR.

## LOCAL NEWS.

### BAIRD, FRIDAY, NOV. 30, 1894.

Bert Clemmer, of Putnam, was in town Monday.

See new holiday ad of the T. & P. Railway.

Tax Assessor, T. J. Norrel was up from Cottonwood Wednesday.

Gus Foy, the lively man, of Putnam was in the city last Saturday.

Look out for a statement next week THE STAR must have some money.

W. F. Griffin and W. S. Melton, of Cottonwood were in town yesterday.

Mr. Newberry, of Rising Star, made THE STAR office a pleasant call to-day.

John W. Aiken, of the Peak, was in town Tuesday.

G. W. Ham, is spending the week visiting friends, in Big Springs.

W. B. Ellis, of Eagle Cove, was taking in the sights in the city Tuesday.

Pat Murphy and Henry Williams are digging a cistern for J. B. Cutbirth on the Maxwell place.

John Matthews, of Callahan was, in town after a doctor Monday for two of his children which are thought to have diphtheria.

Capt. W. J. Maltby was in town Monday. The captain says the election went about as he expected with one exception.

The Court House yard seems to have been turned into a regular cotton yard, from the amount of cotton stored there.

Squire Hugh Moore, of Tecumseh, was in town Monday. The Squire was re-elected but says he had rather a close call.

Rev. W. L. Harris, pastor of the Methodist church at this place for the past three years goes to Big Springs. Rev. Will Harris goes to Snyder.

Capt. W. J. Maltby will attend the Irrigation Convention at San Antonio, Dec. 4, as a delegate from the 107th legislative district. A good selection.

Miss Millie Harris returned from Putnam Wednesday accompanied by her friend, Miss Mattie Fuller, who will spend a few days in our city.

Miss Oma Turner, a charming young lady from Austin, arrived in our city Saturday and will spend some time here visiting her sister, Mrs. R. C. Dudley.

Judge Cockrell, accompanied by his wife and daughter, passed through on the train yesterday on his way to Washington to attend congress, which convenes next Monday.

Hon. J. N. Rushing, H. P., Baird Chapter No. 182, left for Houston last Monday to attend the committee on work, which meets one week before the Grand Chapter.

Mrs. L. A. Arnold sister of Mrs. Lizzie Rettig, left Wednesday for Weatherford where she will spend a few days with friends before returning to her home in Wymwood I. T.

W. C. Whitley received a telegram Monday that one of his sisters was dangerously ill at Mt. Surratt, Mo. He left on a freight the same evening in order to catch a passenger out of Ft. Worth Tuesday Morning.

Maj. G. E. Nelson has built a new fence around the Parker property which he purchased sometime ago.

Miss Mattie Healy returned this week from an extended visit to Greer county, where she has been visiting H. A. McWhorter and lady.

We can duplicate St. Louis or Dallas prices on Stationery, but then it sounds better to send orders to foreign houses, for this reason we don't get some orders.

Jesse Tayloe, a ranchman and land agent from Sonora, Sutton county, has been in our city this week prospecting with a view of locating. We hope Mr. Tayloe will decide to cast his lot with us.

The L. S. L. Society met at the residence of Mrs. Hayden Williams last Saturday night and a full and interesting program was carried out. The next regular meeting will be held on Saturday night, December 8, at the residence of the Misses Gilliland.

Last Monday a representative of THE STAR was taken in the buggy by Mr. Henry Jones to his elegant residence just north of town and had the pleasure of going through the building from cellar to garret. The building has been renovated by iron in hard oil while the exterior iron porch floor to roof is beautifully and well painted. "Huff" is an artist and does as fine work as any one can get done in the state.

### NOTICE.

Those knowing themselves indebted to Dr. D. J. Wilson are requested to call and settle before the first of January, next. 47 tf

### DIED.

The two year old baby boy of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Speer died last night of congestion of the lungs. The bereaved parents have the heartfelt sympathy of all in their sorrow.

### FOR SALE.

One good mule 6 years old guaranteed gentle. Cheap: Cash or cattle. Apply to H. L. Buchen's Store.

### MARRIED.

Terry—Morgan, Married at the residence of the brides father Mr. T. B. Morgan near old Callahan city. M. M. Terry and Miss Alice Morgan Nov. 28. Rev. R. D. Caater officiating. THE STAR was kindly remembered by the happy couple. May they always be happy and prosperous.

### EXCURSION.

Account of the Masonic Lodge to be held in Houston, Dec. 2nd and 3rd, a rate of one fare for round trip is authorized tickets of the regular iron clad form to be used on sale Dec. 2nd and 3rd, limited for return to Dec. 20. F. S. GAGE, Agt.

### PUTNAM DEBATE.

A debate between Eld. A. A. Hensler, of Alexander, Texas, and T. R. Burnett, of Dallas, will begin at Putnam on Thursday before the second Sunday in December, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., and continue four days.

Committee { M. E. SIBLES, A. L. JOBE, J. J. SIGLER.

### NO REDUCTION IN RATES.

The subscription price of THE STAR is \$1, payable in advance. Our advertising rates are already as low as we can afford to make them, and as low as any first-class country weekly in the state, consequently no reduction in rates will be made.

### ENTERTAINMENT AT CLYDE.

The "Clyde Choral Union" will give an entertainment on Wednesday evening, December 5, 1894, at 8 o'clock. Everybody invited. Excellent program. Come and encourage us in developing home talent.

Admission only 15 cents. H. C. DARDEN, W. K. KUYKENDALL, MISS CORINTH DARDEN, MISS LELIA LEE, Committee

### NOTICE.

Account the "Texas Cotton Palace" to be held at Waco, November 8th to December 6th, a reduced rate of one lowest first class limited fare for the round trip is authorized (\$5.45). Tickets to be placed on sale Nov. 7th to Dec. 6th inclusive limited for return to two days from date of sale. F. S. GAGE, Agt.

## REV. W. W. DORMAN.

Rev. W. W. Dorman, who has been for the past three years pastor of the M. E. Church, South, at Scottsboro, preached his farewell sermon at this place last Sunday morning, and left yesterday for Brownsboro, where he will spend a few days with his wife's relatives before going to the North-west Texas Conference, where he was recently transferred. Since coming to this station Mr. Dorman has labored incessantly for the spiritual welfare of his charge, and by his energy, perseverance and well directed zeal has, under the most depressing financial conditions, succeeded in building a handsome and commodious house of worship, and in otherwise advancing the material interests of the station.

As a preacher, Brother Dorman is earnest, eloquent and instructive; as a pastor, kind, sympathetic and faithful to duty. His polished address and genial manner make him an agreeable acquisition to the social circle and render him especially attractive to the young people.

We deeply regret to part with Bro. Dorman and his accomplished and pious wife and their dear little daughter, and pray that wherever their lot the Methodist church at Baird for the ensuing year.

### THAT TRIP.

Several of the bicycle boys, of Baird spent Sunday evening in a pleasant ride to Belle Plaine, the trip was one of immense fun and pleasure, and was enjoyed by all the merry wheelmen. Just out of Belle Plaine two of the boys run together and smashed up a wheel, and one of the jolly riders had to walk home. Those that went were Messrs. Mark Pace, George Jameson Henry Foy, Ed Arnold, Charley Paylor and Jim Walker. The boys came from Belle Plaine to Baird in thirty-five minutes, the distance being seven miles.

Don't forget that Julius Krogull will pay the highest market price for hides. 52tf

### ESTRAY NOTICE.

Strayed by G. M. McGary, before P. P. Smith, justice of the peace, Callahan county, October 19, 1894, one sorrel horse, blaze faced, about 14 hands high, about 7 years old, branded L V L on left shoulder.

I. N. JACKSON, County Clerk.

Strayed by W. R. Lee Sept. 21 1894, before G. W. Darden J. P. Callahan county, Texas, one gray mare and colt 15 hands high branded JE connected on left shoulder and hip.

Appraisement and bond filed and recorded November 12th 1894. 50 4tf I, N. JACKSON County Clerk.

### JUST RECEIVED.

Dress goods, ladies and mens shoes! ducking, trunks, fancy goods, shirting and many other goods. Would be pleased to show my stock. Prices as low as can be made. Best 5 cent domestic in the town. New calicos at 5 cents. We also have a new line of carpets on hand. In conclusion we will say that with every dollar's worth of goods, bought for cash, we will give you a copy of fine music.

H. SCHWARTZ, 37 Manager for Leo Stern.

### COLEMAN WAGON YARD.

When you go to Coleman City stop at G. W. Rattiff's wagon yard. People of Callahan county, who go to Coleman will all tell you that Rattiff's is the place to put up your wagon and team. 45tf

### AGENTS WANTED.

In every town in the State to canvass for The Harpoon, the finest illustrated humorous paper published in the South. Send 10c for outfit and instructions. The Harpoon Publishing Co., Tyler, Texas.

### WANTED.

An active agent in each county in United States, to solicit subscriptions for the Twice-a-week Republic. A liberal commission will be paid to hustlers. Address, Superintendent Circulation, THE REPUBLIC, St. Louis, Mo.

## CHRISTMAS GOODS.

—We have the Largest Stock of Christmas Goods in West Texas. Such as—

Albums, Vases, Work Boxes, Dolls, Tea Sets, Fancy Chinaware, Bows, Iron Wagons,

—And everything that goes to make up a complete stock of Holiday Goods.—

## We Discount Dallas and Fort Worth

Prices when you include freight. Come and see us before making your order. Will give good prices to Merchants who desire to buy small stocks. Come early before the stock is broken.

## BASS BROTHERS,

PINE STREET,

ABILENE, TEXAS.

### BUSINESS LOCALS.

Go to Foy's for dry goods. 14tf

Go to Foy's for shoes. 14tf

School books SPOT CASH at Phillips' drug store. 39 tf

Boys school suit for half price at Powell's. 41tf

Call at the City Meat Market and get your nice juicy steaks. 41tf

Pocket cutlery, very cheap at Harry Meyer's. 43

But young fat cattle killed

New styles in all dress goods at half price at Powells. 41tf.

To arrive, car load of Cooking and Heating stoves. H. Meyer 43

T. E. Powell's own make shoes is always the best and you know it. 26tf

You get just what you order when you go to Frank's Chop House. 41tf

Try A. Cooke when you need anything in the dry goods line. 46tf

Prices "not in it" in wall paper at Phillips' drug store. 42 tf

For a fine dinner for 25 cents be sure and go to Frank's Chop House.

If you want good pork sausage call on Julius. It takes a Dutchman to make good sausage. 50 tf

Louis Stellman has just received a car load of the celebrated Peter Schutler wagons. Call and get prices. 47

If you want good, corn-fed fresh country pork at 10 cents a pound call on Julius. 50tf

No slaughter house pork, but only corn-fed county pork fresh and fine kept at Julius' market. 50tf

The finest line of queensware ever seen in this city has just been received by Vaughn & Co. 41tf

FOR SALE—Blank chattel mortgages, crop mortgages, blank notes etc., at STAR office.

90 cents will get a good pair of shoes for your boys. Worth \$1.75. T. E. Powell's 41tf

Farmers, you can get a first-class meal at Frank's Chop House, for 25 cents. 41tf

Yard wide bleached and brown domestic at four cents a yard. T. E. Powell. 27 tf

Purchase a thousand mile ticket good on all lines of the Texas and Pacific Railway, and save five dollars. F. S. GAGE, Agent.

### CASH.

I will give you \$5. a ton for clean bleached bones, don't bring skinny or green. These prices will hold good till April. HUGH SHARP, 50 tf Abilene.

### NOTICE.

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the County Clerk of Callahan county, Texas, prior to December 10, 1894, to complete the bridge across Turkey creek, at Cross Plains, in said county. Also to re-paint wood work of court house. Also bids for the management of Poor farm, by the month. Specifications of work required in each of above may be seen upon application to this office. Bids will be opened at Baird by Commissioners Court December 10, 1894, Commissioners reserving the right to reject any and all bids. W. W. DUNSON, County Clerk. 51 2t

## F. T. SCOTT,

FIRST-CLASS WAGON YARD.

MARKET STREET, : : BAIRD, TEXAS.



## C. S. BOYLES,

—DEALER IN—

Texas and Colorado Saddles,

HARNESS, COLLARS, LINES,

Bridles, Bits, Spurs, and Shoe Findings.

Stockmen's Outfits a Specialty.

Repairing a Specialty. Give me a Trial.

Please call and settle old accounts.

J. B. SEAY.

## THE OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE

—OF—

Mrs. Annie Cunningham,

—LEADER IN—

Fine millinery, notions and fancy goods. Just received, a full line of Fall and Winter goods, complete in every department. The very best goods for the least money ever sold in town. Call and see before going elsewhere. Nice untrimmed hats, 20 cents up. Trimmed hats, 50 cents up.

First door South of Court House, : : BAIRD, TEXAS;

## BOARD OF PHARMACY.

## CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

NO. 37.

This is to Certify that R. A. St. JOHN has applied to this Board and given satisfactory evidence that he is a Qualified Pharmacist as provided for in Section Eight (Examination) of an Act of the Legislature, entitled "An Act to regulate the practice of Pharmacy in the State of Texas." approved the 6th day of April A. D. 1889.

Issued by GEO. C. HARRIS, Registrar. At Cisco, Texas, Date July 10, 1894.

O. T. MAXWELL, J. E. BUTLER, GEO. C. HARRIS, S. T. FRASER, Board of Pharmacy, Forty-Second Judicial District.

## Groceries

## DID YOU SAY?

WELL, we have them. Any and everything you want in that line, and as cheap as can be bought for cash anywhere in West Texas.

## FURNITURE!

Yes, we have a line of that too, and furthermore, it is for sale. If you don't think so get our bottom figures before you buy.

## Wagons and Farming Implements.

We carry everything in that line. When you want anything in our line give us a call.

FREE DELIVERY.

VAUGHN & CO.

Entered at the postoffice at Baird as second class matter.

GARDENS.

The wide fair gardens, the rich lush gardens. Which no man planted, and no man tills. Their strong seeds drifted, their brave bloom lifted.

Lady Latimer's Escape.

BY CHARLOTTE M. BRAEME.

CHAPTER I.

Fate is Against Some People From the Cradle to the Grave.

"Change is the law of wind and moon and lover— And yet I think, lost Love, had you been true. Some golden fruits had ripened for your picking.

You will not find in gardens that are new"

Many years have come and gone in my life since this eventful one of which my story tells. My name is Audrey Latimer.

My father took life very coolly—the boys seemed to look upon him as a beloved friend and a natural enemy; no skirmishes were indulged in in his presence.

There was no affluence, no luxury in our house; and, indeed, there was a difficulty in making both ends meet.

But we were very happy, very loving, devoted to one another. There was no quarreling, a terrific fight among the boys did not always mean a quarrel.

There was no cold in our county, the residence of Lord Latimer, the greatest man in the county, and it was called Lorton's Cray.

It was a magnificent mansion, with thick, gray, ivy-covered walls. It had been built in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, and held every beauty of the architecture of that period.

The rooms were all large and lofty, with great windows; the floors and staircases were all of polished oak; the ceilings painted, the entrance hall a marvel of stained-glass windows, with a magnificent groined roof.

Once or twice in our lives we had been allowed to go through this house. It produced such an impression on the boys that they were silent for some days afterward.

The picture-gallery ran the whole length of the house, and held some priceless paintings. The portraits of the Latimers for many generations past hung there, with a fine collection of modern paintings.

The drawing-room was a magnificent apartment; we held our breath as we stood on the threshold; even Bob and Archie collapsed—they were speechless. It was all white and gold.

There was no color except the rich bloom of the rare flowers that stood in the jardinières; the hangings were of white velvet and white satin embroidered with gold; chairs, couches, lounges the same. From the large windows there was a superb view of the square of fountains and the deep green of the rich foliage beyond.

There was a spacious banqueting-hall, a cozy dining-room, a library that was unequalled for its size, a morning-room opening on a rose garden. The great state apartments were in the eastern wing. There were innumerable pretty little rooms, innumerable pretty nooks and corners in the old house.

It was a house full of surprises; where it was least expected one would find a large window with comfortable seats, a lonely little room, a door opening on to a quaint staircase that led to the grounds. Then, all over the place there was a perfect wealth of ornaments, the accumulated treasures of long generations—and the Latimers had always been very wealthy.

The grounds were magnificent; the fine old trees, the beautiful, undulating park, the lovely fairy dells where violets and cowslips grew, the matchless terraces, the broad marble steps that led from one to the other—it was all beautiful.

When we came from our last visit, my young brothers looked at me with contemplative, solemn eyes.

"Andrey," said Bob, "you will be, I think, good-looking. I hope you will remember your brothers, and marry well."

"A brother-in-law with a house like that would suit me," said Archie emphatically.

"Of course, as your brothers, we should be offered the run of the house," said Bob. "In fact, it would doubtless be thrown open to us."

How little I thought, while they teased me and enjoyed themselves over this future brother-in-law—how little I dreamed of what was to be!

Lord Latimer had not been to King's Lorton within my recollection. The house was beautifully kept. There was a faithful old housekeeper, Mrs. Heath; an ancient butler, who seemed to be part of the place; and plenty of servants. Everything was kept in readiness; no matter when or how the old lord might return, he would have found everything prepared for him at any moment. For some years there was no mention made of Lord Latimer's return; all at once we heard that he was coming back, and bringing with him a young wife.

"A young wife!" cried my mother, when she heard it. "Why, that must be impossible; that must be untrue; he is over 60."

"Yes," replied my father, incautiously enough, considering the boys were all round him; "but then he is a very well-preserved man."

And the boys spent the remainder of the day in trying to find out what a "well-preserved" man was, and then making caricatures of him.

CHAPTER II.

The news of Lord Latimer's marriage and return spread like wild-fire over the country; nothing else was spoken of.

"It will be good for us and good for the poor," said my father. "Lord Latimer is very generous."

But I noticed one thing—my father never spoke of any other quality of the earl. He was generous, and he attended church regularly—two fine qualities.

Our children were all on the quiver to see the new lady of Lorton's Cray. We heard that the old lord had suddenly returned without having given one moment's warning, bringing with him his young wife and her lady's-maid. She was beautiful, they said, as an angel, her hair glittered like gold, and her face was fair as the dawn of the morning. She wore rich dresses of strange texture, and rare jewels. Some said she was proud and capricious, others that she was most loving and gentle. Every one gave a different opinion of her, and she had made a different impression on every person who had seen her—from which fact my father argued that she must be a wonderful woman.

Lord Latimer rode over to see my father the day after his arrival, an act of attention which delighted him. He behaved most generously—he gave him a check for the poor, a check for the church; he promised to assist with some alterations on which my father had set his heart; he inquired after the number of children at the vicarage, smiled when he heard there were six boys; he was a most courteous tightening of the lips as he spoke of her.

The next day was Sunday, and we were all interested, knowing that we should see Lady Latimer at church. I need not say that our family pew was a sight to be remembered. Nine healthy, happy faces ornamented it. I am sorry to add that the conduct of the inmates was not always above suspicion. If Bob looked particularly devout, or Archie collected and calm, I knew that a dire catastrophe impended. It is not in boys' nature to remain quiet for more than ten minutes, if for so long.

I am ashamed to confess with what longing of impatience we awaited the coming of the Lorton's Cray party to church. Bob, who excelled himself in wickedness that morning, was busy, I could see, making a caricature on one side of the leaves of his prayer-book. Archie was making a desperate effort to become possessed of it. Millie, seated between the two belligerents, had a terrible time of it, and looked ready to cry.

I had just restored order when they came. I saw something that looked to me like a vision of grace and loveliness floating up the aisle of the old church. I saw rich silk and velvet sweep the ground, priceless lace fall in perfumed folds, jewels gleam here and there; in the breathless silence the soft frou-frou of the rich silk was distinctly heard.

I did not see her face until she was seated in the pew and all the excitement incident upon their coming was over; then I looked at her. I loved her that first moment; I have loved her ever since, and I shall love her until I die.

In what words can I tell the dainty, marvelous beauty of that fair young face, the perfection of its features, the loveliness of its coloring? It was the perfection of fair and brilliant beauty.

A low, white brow, round which golden rings of hair clustered, shining rings of rich, rare gold; delicate, level brows, dark, beautiful eyes, a mouth that seemed at once all good and all sweetness, a delicate chin, perfectly molded—a face that, once seen, could never be forgotten.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Swimming Cavalry.

Some very interesting exercises in swimming cavalry took place lately on the Cabul river at Peshawar. The Thirteenth D. C. Bengal lancers have been practicing their horses in a large tank in their lines and on the river for some time. One squadron took cover along the river bank and kept up a steady fire to protect the passage of the other squadron, who placed their arms, accoutrements, and clothes in large country boats, and conducted their horses into the water. Some horses seemed to thoroughly enjoy themselves in the water; others became unmanageable through fear. However, the opposite bank was reached and war paint resumed, and the squadron was with most creditable rapidity taking measures to protect their comrades, crossed in like manner.

He Was a Villain.

Friend—Well, Eliza, how do you like your husband?

Eliza—He is a villain.

Friend—All men are; but what has he done?

Eliza—You know he was a widower. Well, I found out that all his love letters to me were copied verbatim from the ones he wrote to his first wife when they were courted.

Friend—Well, I wouldn't mind it. He will never send you any more.—Texas Siftings.

First Discovery of Coal in America.

There are strong reasons for believing that we are indebted to the early French missionaries for the first discovery of coal on this continent. In McFarland's "Coal Regions of America" I find the following: "It is a remarkable fact that the first discovery of coal in America, of which an account has been preserved in a printed book, was made so far in the interior as Illinois, by Father Hennepin, more than 200 years ago."—St. Louis Republican.

SIEGE OF LUCKNOW.

THERE CHRISTIAN MARTYR-DOM WAS TRIED.

Dr. Talmage Uses the Heroisms of the Residency as the Subject of the First of His Sermons on His Travels Around the World.

BROOKLYN, Nov. 25, 1864.—Rev. Dr. Talmage to-day began his series of round the world sermons through the press, the first subject selected being Lucknow, India. The text chosen was: Deuteronomy 20:19: "When thou shalt besiege a city a long time in making war against it to take it, thou shalt not destroy the trees thereof by forcing an ax against them."

The awfullest thing in war is besiegement, for to the work of deadly weapons it adds hunger and starvation and plague. Besiegement is sometimes necessary, but my text commands mercy even in that. The fruit trees must be spared because they afford food for man. "Thou shalt not destroy the trees thereof by forcing an ax against them."

But in my recent journey round the world I found at Lucknow, India, the remains of the most merciless besiegement of the ages, and I proceeded to tell you that story for four great reasons: to show you what a horrid thing war is and to make you all advocates for peace; to show you what genuine Christian character is under bombardment; to put a coronation on the heroic heroisms of the women who had faced the butchery at Cawnpore, and we knew what defeat meant. If unable to hold out any longer we would have blown ourselves up, and all gone out of life together."

"Show me," I said, "the rooms where the women and children staid during those awful months." Then we crossed over and went down into the cellar of the Residency. With a shudder of horror indescribable I entered the cellars where 622 women and children had been crowded until the whole floor was full. I knew the exact number, for I counted their names on the roll. As one of the ladies wrote in her diary—speaking of these women, she said: "They lay upon the floor fitting into each other like bits in a puzzle." Wives had obtained from their husbands the promise that the husbands would shoot them rather than let them fall into the hands of these desperadoes. The women within the Residency were kept on the smallest allowance that would maintain life. No opportunity of privacy. The death angel and the birth angel touched wings as they passed. Flies, mosquitoes, vermin in full possession of the place, and these women in momentary expectation that the enraged savages would rush upon them, in a violence of which club and sword, and torch, and throat-cutting would be the milder forms.

Our escort told us that again and again news had come that Havelock and Outram were on the way to fetch these besieged ones out of their wretchedness. They had received a letter from Havelock rolled up in a quill and carried in the mouth of a disguised messenger, a letter telling them he was on the way, but the next news was that Havelock had been compelled to retreat. It was constant vacillation between hope and despair. But one day they heard the guns of relief sounding nearer and nearer. Yet all the houses of Lucknow were fortresses filled with armed miscreants, and every step of Havelock and his army was contested—firing from house tops; firing from windows; firing from doorways.

"Show us where they came in!" I exclaimed, for I knew that they did not enter through the gate of the Residency, that being banked up inside to keep the murderers out. "Here it is," answered the escort, "Here it is—the embrasure through which they came."

We walked up to the spot. It is now a broken down pile of bricks a dozen yards from the gate. Long grass now, but then a blood-spattered, bullet-scattered opening in the wall.

As we stood there, although the scene was thirty-seven years ago, I saw them come in; Havelock, pale and sick, but triumphant; and Outram, whom all the equestrian statues in Calcutta and Europe can not too grandly present.

"What then happened?" I said to my escort. "Oh," he said, "that is impossible to tell. The earth was removed from the gate and soon all the army of relief entered, and some of us laughed, and some cried, and some prayed and some danced. Highlanders so dust-covered and enough blood and wounds on their faces to make them unrecognizable, snatched the babes out of their mothers' arms and kissed them, and passed the babies along for other soldiers to kiss, and the wounded men crawled out of the hospital to join in the cheering, and it was wild jubilee, until the first excitement passed, the story of how many of the advancing army had been slain on the way began to have fearful effect, and the story of suffering that had been endured inside the fort, and the announcement to children that they were fatherless, and to wives that they were widows, submerged the shouts of joy with wailing of agony."

Lightning travels in a zigzag course because it passes through different strata of air, and, being restrained in its passage, turns from side to side to find the easiest path.

Loring Him On.

Amy—How can I induce Charlie to propose?

Mabel—Get some one to tell him you'd be sure to reject him.

no water except that which was brought from a well under the enemy's fire, so that the water obtained was at the price of blood; the stench of the dead horses added to the emanations of corpses, and all waiting for the moment when the army of 60,000 shrieking Hindoo devils should break in upon the garrison of the Residency; now reduced by wounds and sickness and death to 976 men, women and children.

"There," said our escort, "Bob the Nailer" did the work. "Who was the African who sat at that point, and when any one of our men ventured across the road he would drop him by a rifle ball. Bob was a sure marksman. The only way to get across the road for water from the well was to wait until his gun flashed and then instantly cross before he had time to load. The only way we could get rid of him was by digging a mine under the house where he was hidden. When the house was blown up "Bob the Nailer" went with it."

"I said to him, "Had you made up your minds what you and the other sufferers would do in case the fiends actually broke in?" "Oh, yes," said my escort, "we had it all planned, for the probability was every hour for nearly five months that they would break in. You must remember it was 1,600 against 60,000, and for the latter part of the time it was 900 against 60,000, and the Residency and the earthworks around it were not put up for such an attack. It was the women who had faced the butchery at Cawnpore, and we knew what defeat meant. If unable to hold out any longer we would have blown ourselves up, and all gone out of life together."

"Show me," I said, "the rooms where the women and children staid during those awful months." Then we crossed over and went down into the cellar of the Residency. With a shudder of horror indescribable I entered the cellars where 622 women and children had been crowded until the whole floor was full. I knew the exact number, for I counted their names on the roll. As one of the ladies wrote in her diary—speaking of these women, she said: "They lay upon the floor fitting into each other like bits in a puzzle." Wives had obtained from their husbands the promise that the husbands would shoot them rather than let them fall into the hands of these desperadoes. The women within the Residency were kept on the smallest allowance that would maintain life. No opportunity of privacy. The death angel and the birth angel touched wings as they passed. Flies, mosquitoes, vermin in full possession of the place, and these women in momentary expectation that the enraged savages would rush upon them, in a violence of which club and sword, and torch, and throat-cutting would be the milder forms.

Our escort told us that again and again news had come that Havelock and Outram were on the way to fetch these besieged ones out of their wretchedness. They had received a letter from Havelock rolled up in a quill and carried in the mouth of a disguised messenger, a letter telling them he was on the way, but the next news was that Havelock had been compelled to retreat. It was constant vacillation between hope and despair. But one day they heard the guns of relief sounding nearer and nearer. Yet all the houses of Lucknow were fortresses filled with armed miscreants, and every step of Havelock and his army was contested—firing from house tops; firing from windows; firing from doorways.

"Show us where they came in!" I exclaimed, for I knew that they did not enter through the gate of the Residency, that being banked up inside to keep the murderers out. "Here it is," answered the escort, "Here it is—the embrasure through which they came."

We walked up to the spot. It is now a broken down pile of bricks a dozen yards from the gate. Long grass now, but then a blood-spattered, bullet-scattered opening in the wall.

As we stood there, although the scene was thirty-seven years ago, I saw them come in; Havelock, pale and sick, but triumphant; and Outram, whom all the equestrian statues in Calcutta and Europe can not too grandly present.

"What then happened?" I said to my escort. "Oh," he said, "that is impossible to tell. The earth was removed from the gate and soon all the army of relief entered, and some of us laughed, and some cried, and some prayed and some danced. Highlanders so dust-covered and enough blood and wounds on their faces to make them unrecognizable, snatched the babes out of their mothers' arms and kissed them, and passed the babies along for other soldiers to kiss, and the wounded men crawled out of the hospital to join in the cheering, and it was wild jubilee, until the first excitement passed, the story of how many of the advancing army had been slain on the way began to have fearful effect, and the story of suffering that had been endured inside the fort, and the announcement to children that they were fatherless, and to wives that they were widows, submerged the shouts of joy with wailing of agony."

Lightning travels in a zigzag course because it passes through different strata of air, and, being restrained in its passage, turns from side to side to find the easiest path.

Loring Him On.

Amy—How can I induce Charlie to propose?

Mabel—Get some one to tell him you'd be sure to reject him.

As a matter of useful information it may be stated that whenever a cooking receipt calls for a baking powder the "Royal" should be used. The receipt will be found to work better than any other.

Many receipts as published still call for cream-of-tartar and soda, the old fashioned way of raising. Modern cooking and expert cooks do not sanction this old way. In all such receipts the Royal Baking Powder should be substituted without fail.

The greatest adepts in the culinary art are particular to use the Royal only, and the authors of the most popular cook books and the teachers of the successful cooking schools, with whom the best results are imperative, are careful to impress their readers and pupils with the importance of its exclusive employment.

The Royal Baking Powder is the greatest help of modern times to perfect cooking, and every receipt requiring a quick-raising ingredient should embody it.

Pioneers are pushing northward into British America, and railroad builders will

British America.

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# FARM AND GARDEN.

## MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURALISTS.

**Some Up to Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof—Horticulture, Viticulture and Floriculture.**

### Experiments With Urine in Denmark

The urine from twelve cows was saved monthly for twelve months, the food being weighed in the meanwhile. From a monthly table the following facts were selected. For the seven winter months ending April 29, the daily average voidings were 48.5 pounds of solids and 13.5 pounds of liquids; for the five summer months 50.5 pounds of solids and 17.7 pounds of liquids. The results are set forth by them as follows: "The data show that the quantity of urine excreted and its composition are greatly dependent on the food and also upon the season. Less urine was voided during the winter than during the summer in spite of the fact that roots were fed liberally in winter. It is also noticeable that where the roots were decreased from 70 to 50 pounds (Dec. 30 to Feb. 2) the average quantity of urine increased from 12.1 to 14.3 pounds per cow per day, and the further decrease to 30 pounds of roots during April did not diminish the excretion of urine. The cows voided per cow." Rearranging a table that is given interesting and very valuable figures are secured. Total nitrogen fed, 19.37 pounds; returned in milk, 45.19 pounds, in urine 73.72 pounds and in solids 65.06 pounds. These figures show that the liquid manure contained more nitrogen of the food than the solid and that its waste is the waste of the costly material of plant growth. Its analysis showed per ton 24 pounds of nitrogen, 23.6 pounds potash and 48 pounds of phosphoric acid. The paucity of phosphoric acid in the urine shows the folly of using this manure singly as is still the custom in Europe to a material extent and the ambition of many of our farmers who, fortunately for them, are unable, as they think, to meet the expense of the tank to save it and the sprinkler to apply it. The

China, where they are made into jewelry. The intestines are used for sausage casings. The bladders are used to pack putty in. The horns and hoofs are carefully preserved and sold to the manufacturers of combs, buttons, etc. All of the scrap from rendering operations is carefully preserved and dried and sold to the fertilizer. The stomachs of hogs, instead of being sent to the rendering tanks, are now used for the manufacture of pepsin. Hogs' feet, cattle feet, hide clippings and the pith of horns as well as some of the bones are used for the manufacture of glue. All of the blood is carefully preserved and coagulated by cooking with steam, then pressed and dried and sold to fertilizer manufacturers. Bones are dried and either ground into bone meal or used for the manufacture of bone charcoal, which is afterward utilized for refining sugar and in some other refining processes.

### An Irish Pig

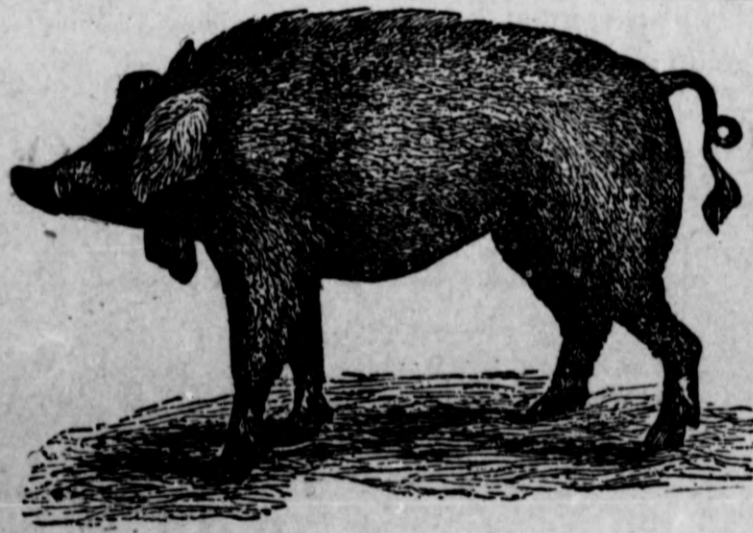
The accompanying illustration shows an Irish pig in the days before the scientific breeder had taken him in hand. Like Jack Spratt's pig, he wasn't very lean and wasn't very fat." Some writers have called this the "Old Irish Greyhound" pig, probably in reference to his long legs and equipment for speed. Richardson describes him as follows: "They are tall, long-legged, bony, heavy-eared, coarse-haired animals, their throats furnished with pendulous wattles, and by no means possessing half so much of the appearance of domestic swine as they do of wild boars. The cows voided per cow." Rearranging a table that is given interesting and very valuable figures are secured. Total nitrogen fed, 19.37 pounds; returned in milk, 45.19 pounds, in urine 73.72 pounds and in solids 65.06 pounds. These figures show that the liquid manure contained more nitrogen of the food than the solid and that its waste is the waste of the costly material of plant growth. Its analysis showed per ton 24 pounds of nitrogen, 23.6 pounds potash and 48 pounds of phosphoric acid. The paucity of phosphoric acid in the urine shows the folly of using this manure singly as is still the custom in Europe to a material extent and the ambition of many of our farmers who, fortunately for them, are unable, as they think, to meet the expense of the tank to save it and the sprinkler to apply it. The

Galway. These swine are remarkably active, and will clear a five-barred gate as well as any hunter."

In later years swine of more improved pattern are driving out the old types, and crosses are still further modifying them.

### Successful Woman Farmer.

Miss Mary E. Cutler of Hulliston, Mass., is a successful farmer. She became sole manager of Winthrop gardens an estate of sixty-eight acres, after her father's death, ten years ago. She quit teaching and determined to carry on the farm, against the advice of friends who thought it impossible for a woman to make a business success of farming. Proceeding carefully, the business has constantly increased under her direction. She gives her attention chiefly



AN IRISH BOAR.

### Prohibition in New Zealand.

A New Zealand paper says that the prohibition movement is assuming awful proportions in New Zealand. It is no longer a campaign against drink, but against the individual drinker. In the smaller towns the movement has an eye on everybody, and if it considers that anybody's nose is too vividly illustrated, or his breath is not up to sample, some prohibition advocate calls upon him. Then, having leaned his black umbrella against the door post, he extracts with his black-gloved hand a note book from the tail pocket of his black coat and asks him what he drinks. While he is waiting for an answer he fishes out a pencil from his black waistcoat and stands ready to enter the name of the drink in his book. If the information is not satisfactory he most likely calls on the woman next door and asks if the suspected person is ever seen intoxicated, if anyone has noticed his breath, if he looks wild on Saturday nights, if he comes home late and has a difficulty with his keyhole, if he swears or makes a disturbance, if he is ever seen bringing home drink, and various other questions. He notes down all the answers and demands whether the interrogated female's own husband is strictly sober, and whether she has any suspicions concerning anyone else in the neighborhood. Then he goes round to the backyard and looks over the fence to see if there any bottles lying around.

### A Chinese Passport

damp paper. This paper, when signed, is his passport.

### The Place of Torment

Of bilious people is chiefly in the region of the liver, but with the extreme discomfort located there are associated sour stomach, yellowness of the skin and eyeballs, morning nausea, an unpleasant breath, furred tongue, sick headache, and irregularity of the bowels. For each and all of these unpleasantnesses, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a swift and agreeable remedy. It is greatly preferable to any vegetable purgative or drastic mineral cathartic. Such pseudo-spezifcs usually do more harm than good. In malarial complaints the liver is always involved. For such disorder, as well as for rheumatic and kidney trouble, nervousness and debility, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a benign remedy. Physicians strongly commend it for its promptitude and thoroughness, and professional approval is fully justified by public experience during more than a third of a century.

The wisdom and experience of an investor cannot be wiled away.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Stomach disorders use Brown's Iron Bitters—the Best Tonic. It rebuilds the system, cleans the blood and strengthens the muscles. A splendid medicine for weak and debilitated persons.

Change not a piece of property in possession for several in reversion.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Put the brakes on the investment that hurries you.

### The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative, Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy, than any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

None but a patient man should give his all before he dies.

### If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children Teething.

He who accumulates doth well, but he who preserves doth better.

### Dr. Chilton & McReynolds.

Trust Building, Dallas, Tex. Practice limited to EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT.

Counsel requiring the influence of champagne should be gingerly handled.

### Dr. J. R. Briggs, Oculist and Aurist.

EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT DISEASES. 22 years' experience. North Texas Bank Bldg., Dallas, Tex.

You are foolish if you trust any man whom you have wronged.

Piso's Cure for Consumption cured a case of Pneumonia after the family doctor gave up all hope.—M. F. McDowes, Conowingo, Md.

Be the last to cross the river of doubtful investment.

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

W. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WATSON & THAYER, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KIRK & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Hall's Family Pills, 25c.

### They Saved on Sundays.

Warrington, England, seems to have a Sunday which would have been acceptable even in Puritan New England. Three barbers were up before the courts there the other day for "following their ordinary calling on the Lord's day, the same not being a work of necessity." The prosecution was undertaken by the Warrington Hairdressers' association, which wants to have a day off, and is not willing that individual barbers should out the trade. The defense contended that shaving on Sunday was a work of necessity, but the court thought otherwise and fined the offenders each 5 shillings.

### Fatality.

John Drew Fisher, the actor, who died at Brooklyn, N. Y., was another example of how coincident fatality may pursue a family. He was the 5th of the Fisher family who died at 7 o'clock a. m. on a Sunday morning, his mother, brother and two sisters all have died on that fateful day at exactly the same hour in the morning.

### Most Instructive City.

"It may almost be claimed," says Prof. Warren P. Laird of the University of Pennsylvania, "that Philadelphia is at once the most curious, the most typical and the most instructive of American cities—curious because of the strange medley of its more pretentious buildings and their singularly eccentric individualism; typical of American practice in its broadest aspect, because of the absence of restraint and defiance of precedent shown by the great majority of its architects; and instructive, because of its contrast, for no other American city has so wide a field of architectural error to offer in contrast to its works of real merit."

### A Whale Story.

A large whale washed ashore on the coast of Labrador on August 17 had a long anchor chain wrapped three times around his body. The anchor, which was still attached to the chain, weighed nearly a half ton.

### Christmas Presents Free.

With the first cold snap comes thoughts of the holiday season, and how to get the money to buy presents for friends and relatives. Christmas presents may be obtained entirely free of cost by drinking Lion coffee and then mail the large lion heads cut from Lion coffee wrappers to the Woolson Spice company, Toledo, Ohio. Their list of presents comprise a fine assortment of pictures, books, a knife game, etc., especially a fine picture "Meditation," mailed in exchange for eighteen large lion heads. Besides getting these presents you also get a free in the world by using

### Don't Like It.

An insane prejudice exists against the introduction of electricity into Turkey. The only application of electricity in evidence in that country is the telegraph. Large sums have been offered the government for electric lighting and telephone privileges, but all have been refused.

### A Local Digger.

Andy Palmer of Maine has built his new home on the dividing line of York and Cumberland counties so exactly that when he is at one end of his dining table in York he is helped to soup by his vis-a-vis in Cumberland.

### N Society.

women often feel the effect of too much gayety—balls, theatres, and teas in rapid succession find them worn out or "run-down" by the end of the season. They suffer from nervousness, sleeplessness and irregularities. The smile and good spirits take flight. It is time to accept the help offered in Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It's a medicine which was discovered and used by a prominent physician for many years in all cases of "female complaint" and the nervous disorders which arise from it. The "Prescription" is a powerful uterine tonic and nerve, especially adapted to woman's delicate wants for it regulates and promotes all the natural functions, builds up, invigorates and cures.

Many women suffer from nervous prostration, or exhaustion, owing to congestion or to disorder of the special functions. The waste products should be quickly got rid of, the local source of irritation relieved and the system invigorated with the "Prescription." Do not take the so-called celery compounds, and nervines which only put the nerves to sleep, but get a lasting cure with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

### "FEMALE WEAKNESS."

Mrs. WILLIAM HOOVER, of Belleville, Richland Co., Ohio, writes: "I had been a great sufferer from 'female weakness.' I tried three doctors; they did me no good; I thought and held me out just how to take it. I took eight bottles, and then I wrote to him and he told me just how to take it. I now feel entirely well. I could stand on my feet only a short time, and now I do all my work for my family of five."

### "JO-HE"

Is a magnetic oil. It has no equal for the speedy and permanent cure of Rheumatism, Neuritis, Erysipelas and all inflammations. Croup and bad burns yield to this wonderful oil like magic. Over 200,000 certificates on file from all parts of the U. S. Where I have no agent, call on druggist or send direct to the proprietor. 16-page book free. E. B. JONES, F. O. Box 22, Dallas, Texas. Show others for any case of tetar JO-HE will not cure.

### TREES OF GOLD

plum, SPLENDOR-prune, VAN DEMAN quince—choice of Burbank's 25 Million "new creations." STARK TREES PREPARED everywhere. SAFE ARRIVAL guaranteed. The "great nurseries" save you over \$150. Millions of the best trees 70 years' experience can grow; they "live longer and bear better."—See Morton, STARK, B32, Louisiana, Mo., Rockport, Ill.

### Consumption

was formerly pronounced incurable. Now it is not. In all of the early stages of the disease

### Scott's Emulsion

will effect a cure quicker than any other known specific. Scott's Emulsion promotes the making of healthy lung-tissue, relieves inflammation, overcomes the excessive waste of the disease and gives vital strength.

For Coughs, Colds, Weak Lungs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Consumption, Scrofula, Anemia, Loss of Flesh and Wasting Diseases of Children.

Buy only the genuine with our trademark on salmon-colored wrapper.

Send for pamphlet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE. Scott & Bowne, R. Y. All Druggists. 50 cents and 91.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Patent.

# Royal Baking Powder

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**

### Artificial Rubber.

Mr. Berthelot, the noted French scientist, says that he is experimenting at the production of artificial rubber, and that his work has got to the stage where he is confident of producing an article superior to the genuine, as it will be wholly free from impurities. His success, if he achieves it, will be a great blessing to the world, as the demand for rubber has grown enormously of late years, and the supply seems likely to be exhausted soon. Most of the rubber comes from south America, and the trees have been so ruthlessly drained of their sap that large numbers of them are dying or dead. Mr. Berthelot promises to make rubber so plentiful and cheap that sidewalk and streets may be paved with it.

### At Singapore.

At Singapore the post of "tiger slayers in chief for the Straits settlement" has just been given to M. de Nancourt, a Frenchman with a record of 500 tigers killed.

### Well, Yes.

Good spellers are often "stumped" when asked to write from dictation.

### Measure the length of your quilt before stretching your legs.

## Know all women

that there is one rheumatic, neuralgic, sciatic, and all-pain remedy, as harmless as water, and sure as taxes—It is St. Jacobs Oil—used by everybody,—sold everywhere.

## THEY LOOK "SPICK AND SPAN NEW"

Clothes When Washed With

# GLAIRETTE SOAP

SOLD EVERYWHERE

MADE BY THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, ST. LOUIS.

## W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH ENAMELED CALF.

\$4.35 FINE CALF & KANGAROO

\$3.95 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

\$2.95 WORKINGMENS EXTRA FINE.

\$2.15 BOYS SCHOOL.

\$3.25 LADIES' BEST GONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

You can save money by wearing the W. L. Douglas \$3.00 Shoe.

Because we are the largest manufacturers of this grade of shoes in the world, and guarantee their value by stamping the name and price on the bottom, which protect you against high prices and the middleman's profit. Our shoes equal custom work in style, easy fitting and wearing qualities. We have them sold everywhere at lower prices for the value given than any other make. Take no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply you, we can.

## McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI

For Female Diseases.

THE GREAT PAIN EXPELLER

## REVERSIBLE LINENE

Raphael, Angelo, Rubens, Tasso

The "LINENE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn; they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and being reversible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. They fit well, wear well and look well. A box of Ten Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-Five Cents.

A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address: REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 77 Franklin St., New York. 27 Kilby St., Boston.

## DALLAS BUSINESS FIRMS.

BALLARD, WEBB & BURNETTE

HAT COMPANY.

## CHRISTMAS

Catalogues of Toys, Books, Silverware, Jewelry, Cut Glass, etc., are now ready. Free to all. If you wish to save money on your gifts write to SANGER BROS., DALLAS, TEXAS.

## THE CATERPILLAR STOUTEN WAGON.

Write for prices and terms. Eagle Manufacturing Co., Dallas.

## TRUNK FACTORY

Henry Pollock & Co., 262 Elm, Dallas. Write for catalogue.

## PHOTO SUPPLIES

Catalogue free. C. C. Weidner, 106 Field St., Dallas.

## PIANOS, ORGANS

Will A. Wetli Music Co., 280 Main St., Dallas. Write us.

## WHOLESALE JEWELERS

Joe. Lins & Bro., Importers of Diamonds and Watches; m'rs fine Jewelry, 312 Main, Dallas.

## DYE WORKS

Send your clothing, Fine Lanes, Brocades, etc., to us. We guarantee our work. Southern Steam Dye Works, 262 Main St., Dallas.

## STATIONERY PRINTING BOOKBINDING

A. D. Aldridge & Co., a full line of Legal Blanks and everything necessary to an office or personal use in the line of Stationery. 233 Elm St., Dallas.

## CRAYON PORTRAITS

Francis, etc. Ag is wanted. We guarantee our work. of our 3-1/2 size Crayon Samples, really framed. Ad. with stamp C. B. Anderson & Co., 408 Elm, Dallas.

## ELECTRIC EEL OIL

Family Remedied. For rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc. Sold by all druggists. Electric Eel Oil Mfg. Co., Dallas.

## MOSHER M'F'G. CO.

General Foundry & Machine Works. Presses, four mills, water works, oil mills, etc. etc. Also electric light, etc. repairs. Write us, Dallas.

# CARLISLE ON SILVER.

Full Text of His Celebrated Letter to Mr. Shreve of London, Va.

It is interesting on account of the Statistics About the Per Capita Which is Breeding Over Texas.

Dallas News.

Washington, Nov. 24.—The letter written by Secretary Carlisle to a man in Virginia a few days ago is worthy of perusal by all fair-minded men who desire to know the truth in regard to the positions occupied by our public men. As Carlisle says: "It has been a common practice in and out of congress during the last two years to make garbled extracts from that speech (Carlisle's speech on silver in congress) in order to create the impression that at that time I was in favor of free coinage."

On account of that speech he has been charged on every stump by free coinage democrats with inconsistency, with treachery, with downright treason, according to the temper of the person speaking. In fact no free coinage speech has been complete without an attack on Carlisle. Just what his consistency or inconsistency has to do with the silver question itself, no one can possibly explain, but

ing himself will be interesting on that account as well as on account of the statistics about the "per capita" which broods over Texas like a nightmare. The following is Carlisle's letter:

"Mr. A. B. Lhreve, Sucketts, Loudoun Co. Va.: Dear sir—Your favor of the 8th instant is received. I do not know your object in writing, unless it be for the purpose of advising me that you propose hereafter to labor for the free and unlimited coinage of silver and call my attention to a misleading extract from a speech delivered by me some years ago. But your communication seems to require some response, and I will, therefore, state a few facts which perhaps may not have occurred to you.

"You attribute the poverty, which you say 'is staring in the face the agricultural people of this country as well as of Europe,' to 'the contraction of the currency, appreciation of money and the corresponding reduction of agricultural products, and the only remedy suggested by you for this alleged condition of affairs is to restore the coinage laws as they existed before 1873 and establish free and unlimited coinage of silver. I do not believe there has been any contraction of the currency in Europe since 1873, but upon this subject I am not sufficiently advised to justify me in making a very positive statement. I know, however, that there has been no contraction of the currency in this country but that on the contrary, the stock of money on hand in the United States in 1894 is much larger than it ever was in any previous year of our history, and that the amount in circulation is larger per capita than ever before except during the year 1892, when there was in circulation 14 cents per capita more than at the present time. In 1873 the total amount of money in the country, as shown by official reports, was \$774,445,610, and the per capita circulation was \$18.04. On the 1st day of November, 1894, the total amount of money in the country was \$2,240,773,808, and the money in actual circulation outside of the treasury department was \$24.27 per capita. There was in this country on the 1st day of the present month over \$38,000,000 more money than there was on the 1st day of November, 1893, the date of the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law.

"From the organization of the government, in 1789 until 1874, a period of eighty-nine years, standard silver dollars were coined in the United States to the amount of only \$8,031,238, while from 1873 to Nov. 1 1894, a period of sixteen years, there were coined at the mints of the United States silver dollars, with full legal tender quality, amounting to \$121,776,428. During the same period of sixteen years there were coined \$30,987,798.30 of the subsidiary silver. You will see, therefore, that during the last sixteen years the government of the United States has coined more than 500 times as many standard silver dollars as were coined during the previous period of eighty-nine years and if the coinage of silver and its circulation among the people creates prosperity this country should certainly have been much more prosperous since 1873 than ever before. The

fact is that at the time of the legislation of 1873 there was not a silver dollar in circulation in this country, and the bullion contained in a silver dollar was worth about 3 per cent more, commercially and intrinsically, than the bullion contained in a gold dollar. The result of this was that all the silver dollars previously coined by the government had either gone out of the country or been melted and used in the arts. Congress, by the legislation of 1873 and 1874, demonetized the dearer metal and not the cheaper one, and one of the reasons why it did so was that the dearer metal, silver, could not be kept in circulation at the ratio of 16 to 1, which was then, as it is now, the legal ratio.

"The extract quoted by you is taken from a speech delivered by me in the United States house of representatives in the spring of 1878, just before the passage of the Band-Allison bill, which provided for the purchase and coinage of not less than \$2,000,000 worth of silver bullion each month. At that time the silver dollar had been dropped entirely from the United States silver coinage and was not a legal tender for any amount exceeding \$5. It was, therefore, observe that I spoke of the sequence of a total destruction of silver as a money metal. It has been quite a common practice in and out of congress during the last two years to make garbled extracts from that

clearly and distinctly stated in the very speech from which the extract is taken. By separating a few sentences from their context, and illogical assuming that because I was opposed to the absolute destruction of silver as money, I must be in favor of its free coinage, the advocates of a depreciated currency and their sympathizers have succeeded to some extent in imposing upon the confidence of the people in many parts of the country. I have never made a speech or written a line in favor of the free coinage of silver, nor have I ever been in favor of the total destruction of silver as a money metal. I have always believed in as large a use of silver in our momentary system as was consistent with the preservation of a sound currency and the maintenance of public credit. My opinion is that whenever the coinage value of a metal whether it be gold or silver, is greater than the commercial value of the bullion contained in it, the coinage of that metal, if it is coined at all, should be on government account only. This is the only way in which the coinage of the depreciated metal can be restrained within safe limits, so as to maintain equality in the purchasing power of the two kinds of coin. In my opinion it is not within the power of the United States or any other government, under existing conditions to establish a maintain any permanent ratio between the gold and silver and an attempt to do so would immediately drive the coins of one or the other metals out of circulation. If silver should be undervalued by the coinage laws, it would cease to circulate, as it did during a great part of the time prior to 1873, and if gold should be undervalued it would cease to circulate. This has been the uniform experience in the past, and there is no reason to suppose that it would not be the experience in the future.

Yours, very truly,  
"JOHN G. CARLISLE."

### EMPLOYER AND EMPLOYED.

[CONTINUED FROM EDITORIAL PAGE.]

in the outrages against law and order, although the number was undoubtedly small as compared with the whole number out. The mobs that took possession of the railroad yards, tracks and crossings after July 3, and that stoned, tipped over, burned and destroyed cars and stole their contents, were by general concurrence in the testimony, composed generally of hoodlums, women, a low class of foreigners, and recruits from the criminal classes. In the view that this railroad strike was wrong, that such mobs are well known to be incidental to strikes, and are thereby given an excuse and incentive together and to commit crime, the responsibility rests largely with the American Railway Union; otherwise that association, its leaders and a very large majority of the railroad men on strike are not shown to have had any connection therewith.

"Labor advocates contend that strikes are the last resort; that they are industrial war measures of labor to assert and obtain the rights which humanity, morality, and changed conditions demand; that labor cannot otherwise arouse interest in its demands,

and that, hence, labor is no more responsible for the public disorders and calamities that attend strikes than are the employers who provoke them. Many impartial observers are reaching the view that much of the real responsibility for these disorders rests with the people themselves and with the Government for not adequately controlling monopolies and corporations, and for failing to reasonably protect the rights of labor and redress its wrongs. The Commission has tried to find the drift of public opinion as to strikes, boycotts, and disputes upon railroads, and to find their remedy. As authorized by statute, the Commission has decided upon certain recommendations and certain suggestions, upon three lines: First for Congressional action; second, for State action; and third, for the action of corporations and labor organizations."

The Commission therefore recommends, first, "That there be a permanent United States strike commission of three members, with duties and powers of investigation and accommodation as to disputes between railroads and their employees similar to those vested in the Interstate Commerce Commission as to rates, etc."; that the decisions of the Commission be enforced by the Federal courts "after summary hearing unattended by parties and trades unions, each side may choose a representative who shall be a temporary member of the commission in adjusting that particular controversy. During the pendency of such inquiry the railroad shall not discharge employees "except for inefficiency, violation of law, or neglect of duty," nor shall the union aid or abet a strike against the railroad; and employs shall be protected by law for six months after a decision from discharge except for such cause, while for the same period employs shall not quit the service without giving 30 days' written notice, and the union shall not order or advise otherwise. National trades unions shall be required by law to provide in their articles of incorporation and in their constitutions, rules and by-laws that members shall forfeit all legal membership rights by participating in or instigating violence during strikes, or by seeking by violence or intimidation to prevent others from working. The Commission does not feel warranted in positively recommending the establishment of a license system for railway employes, but does urgently recommend the subject to the consideration of Congress.

Secondly, the Commission commends to the consideration of the States the question of adopting some system of conciliation and arbitration, like that of Massachusetts, with perhaps the additional provision that the board of arbitration investigate all strikes whether requested to do so or not. And "contracts requiring men to agree not to join labor organizations or to leave them, as conditions of employment, should be made illegal as is already done in some of our States."

Thirdly, "the Commission urges employers to recognize labor organizations," and deal with their representatives especially with a view to conciliation and arbitration of disputes. "Employers should come in closer touch with labor and should recognize that, while the interests of labor and capital are not identical, they are reciprocal. The Commission is satisfied that if employers everywhere will endeavor to act in concert with labor; that if when wages can be raised under economic conditions they be raised voluntarily, and that if when there are reductions reasons be given for the reduction, much friction can be avoided. It is also satisfied that if employers will consider employes as thoroughly essential to industrial success as capital, and thus take labor into consultation at proper times, much of the severity of strikes can be tempered and their number reduced."

### AUCTION SALE.

I will sell at public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, all my household and kitchen furniture, farm implements, sheep, oats, cane, etc.; sixteen head of cattle, seven horses, on Tuesday, Dec. 4, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., at my residence 3 1-2 miles east of Baird. I will sell any of above property at private sale at any time prior to hour of sale.

H. BURNETT.

## Lapowski & Bro.

The Leading Dry Goods Merchants of West Texas will Not Leave Abilene.

A wrong impression having gone forth as regards our leaving Abilene. We wish it distinctly understood that the firm of Lapowski & Bro. will continue business in Abilene. But we regret very much to state our senior, Mr. Sam Lapowski, will leave, having large interest elsewhere that require his personal supervision, and a change will be made in the management of the Abilene business.

### S. Lapowski & Bro.

We are gratified to print the announcement of S. Lapowski & Bro. though we regret that the extensive interests of the firm will require Mr. Sam Lapowski's removal to another city. The announcement states that the business will be continued there as in the past with the exception of change in managers.

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