

# The Baird Star.

Our Motto; "TIS NEITHER BIRTH, NOR WEALTH, NOR STATE; BUT THE GIT-UP-AND-GIT THAT MAKES MEN GREAT."

VOLUME NO. 32.

BAIRD, CALLAHAN COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JAN., 10, 1919.

NO. 6.

## 1919

With the coming of the New Year and its problems---greater in a way than any we have ever known---comes new hopes, new plans and a new opportunity for us to serve the buying public in the same dependable manner that it has been our pleasure to do.

Years of experience in the mercantile business has enabled us to select our stocks with the greatest care and to give our customers the benefit of the best. Therefore we ask that you give us a share of your business in this new year, so that we may give you greater reward in service than heretofore.

Anticipate your Spring needs and make your purchases accordingly. Some real bargains in every Department in our store are to be found. So dont fail to visit us when in need of Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Clothing and House Furnishings.

### B. L. BOYDSTUN

The Place Where Most People Trade

Stores at Baird, Clyde, Cross Plains and Denton

BAIRD, TEXAS

#### CARD OF THANKS.

V. H. Cowen requests THE BAIRD STAR, in behalf of himself and family, to express his gratitude to the noble railroad boys, and to Mr. Frank Hamrick, especially, for their generosity in raising money to pay his expenses to Marlin for treatment for rheumatism which has so afflicted him recently as to incapacitate him for work, and without some relief he will be unable to earn a living for himself and family. He greatly appreciates the kindness and financial assistance his railroad friends have shown him.

It was a noble generous act bestowed upon a worthy man and we hope Mr. Cowen will be permanently restored to his usual health.

#### BAPTIST SERVICES.

Sunday School at 10 a. m., W. D. Boydston, Supt.

Preaching service at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Meeting of the Sunbeams at 3, Junior B. Y. P. U. at 4, and Senior B. Y. P. U. at 5 p. m.

Ladies Aid, Monday afternoon.

Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7. Prayer meeting last Wednesday night was well attended, and a splendid evening of uplift to all present.

A cordial invitation to all to worship with us.

D. E. Adams, Pastor.

Span of Mules—To trade for a good wagon. Apply at this office, 6-2tp

#### LIEUT. SAMUEL H. SEAY DIES IN FRANCE.

News was received here Monday that Lieutenant Samuel H. Seay, of Motor Truck Co. No. 411 had died of pneumonia in France.

Sam Seay was born and reared in Baird, but enlisted in the army at El Paso last year, was assigned to the Motor Truck branch and promoted to Lieutenant and was sent to Florida for training. He was in command of this Company when he went overseas last spring. He was wounded slightly by a shell near the close of the war.

Sam Seay was the eldest son of the late J. B. (Brown) Seay, and is survived by his mother, one sister and one brother, Bryant, who is also in France. Mrs. Seay is living with her daughter, Cleburne. To them we extend our heartfelt sympathy in their sorrow.

The last time we saw Sam was when he attended the funeral of his father at Belle Plaine last November a year ago. He was then in the army. We have a German helmet sent us from France by Sam, also a photograph of Sam and his Company taken at Camp Joseph E. Johnston, Jacksonville, Florida, which we shall have framed and keep as a memento of our young friend, who gave his life in his country's cause. May his soul rest in peace.

#### METHODIST SERVICES.

Sunday School promptly at 10 a. m. We are reporting new pupils almost every Sunday. This is a good time to line up in the Sunday School. Preaching by the Pastor at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Try going to church, you will feel better, you will do better because you will be better. Every one has a cordial invitation.

Railroad men and their families have a special invitation to our Sunday evening service.

We want to help you.

The Methodist Church.

#### FOR SALE OR TRADE.

My farm near Baird is for sale or rent. See A. H. Gilbreath, 6-3Lpd. Abilene.

#### DEATHS

Frank Gamble died Sunday, Jan. 6th at the home of his father near Eula, and the remains were interred in the Eula Cemetery. Mr. Gamble lives in Mitchell county and with his family came to spend the holidays with his father and was taken ill with the influenza.

Mrs. Lucy Ann Benson, aged 57 years, died very suddenly at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wynn, on January 1st, and the funeral was conducted by Rev. S. L. Culwell at the Methodist Church, at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning, January 7, 1919. Interment in Ross Cemetery. Mrs. Benson is survived by her daughter and several sons.

Mrs. M. Sparks, wife of Bal Sparks pioneer of Cottonwood, died at her home Dec. 20th, 1918 and was buried in the Cottonwood cemetery, Dec. 22. Rev. R. D. Carter conducting the services. She leaves her husband, three sons and two daughters, and many relatives and friends who sympathize with them in their sorrow.

Miss Bessie Ayers, sister of Mrs. Virgil Fulton of Cottonwood, died in Kansas City, and was buried in the family cemetery at Cottonwood on Dec. 28th, 1918, Rev. C. C. Tyler conducting the services. Miss Bessie was reared in Cottonwood and her many friends regret to learn of her death.

Mrs. Frank Lancaster, age 51 years, died Friday, December 27, 1918 at her home, 1000 Fourth St. Wichita Falls, after an illness with erysipilas. Mr. Lancaster has for several years been park overseer. Besides her husband, Mrs. Lancaster leaves three children. The funeral will be held from the home at 2:30 this afternoon. Ensign Robb, formerly with the Salvation Army here, now in Houston, has been called to conduct the services.—Wichita Falls Daily Times.

Mrs. Lancaster is a sister to Miss Nellie, Fred and Charley Thayer, who live west of town, and formerly lived here.

Mrs. J. H. Terrell is quite sick.

#### PICTURE SHOW

Mrs. R. L. Griggs and Mrs. J. P. Work will open a Picture Show in the McGowen building on east side Market street, now occupied by W. V. Wall's Auto Repair Shop. The building will be remodeled, floor elevated, lighted and seated with opera chairs. Mrs. Griggs has returned from Dallas, where she bought the necessary equipment for an up-to-date show. Work will begin at once and they hope to be able to open the show early in February.

#### NOTICE. SCAVENGER WORK.

The price for work: Business houses, 75c; Residences, 50c. A. B. Williams 6-1tp. W. H. Robinson

#### AWARDS FOR RED CROSS WORK

The Committee on Awards of the Callahan County Chapter of the Red Cross wish to call the attention of all Red Cross workers to the fact that the National Society of the Red Cross is awarding Service Badges to all workers who have given 800 hours of service to the Red Cross since April 6th, 1917. Everyone who has given the required amount of work is urged to submit their claim in writing as this will save much time on the part of the committee. Work in all the various branches is included from Apr. 6th 1917 to Dec. 24th, 1918.

Mrs. L. M. Hadley, Secy.

## SPECIAL OFFER

FOR JANUARY

### The Star-Telegram

60,000 DAILY

#### JANUARY SPECIAL OFFER

DAILY WITH SUNDAY  
Seven Days a Week  
by Mail Only

\$5.55

DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY  
Six Days a Week  
by Mail Only

\$4.65

This is for THE STAR-TELEGRAM to be sent by mail from date order reaches STAR-TELEGRAM until December 1, 1919. (Not a complete year.) New and old subscribers all dated to expire December 1, 1919. This is a Hurry-Up Offer within the reach of all.

### Save About \$2.45

Take advantage of this Special Bargain Days Period by giving your Order to

Miss John Gilliland

Agent, Baird, Texas

## A Newspaper Subscription Bargain

READ THE

### Abilene Morning Reporter

the paper which reaches you first and regularly with the Associated Press dispatches with the worlds latest news and

### The Baird Star

your home county paper for only

### \$3.75

To take advantage of this reduction in price you should place your subscription with this office at once as it cannot and will not be continued long. At this price you are buying a Daily paper including the Sunday issue together with your local paper for less than you can buy any other Daily paper, and you are buying the two for the price of one.

THE BAIRD STAR

## A CHILD GETS SICK CROSS, FEVERISH IF CONSTIPATED

LOOK AT TONGUE! THEN GIVE FRUIT LAXATIVE FOR STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

"CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS" CAN'T HARM CHILDREN AND THEY LOVE IT.



Mother! Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign the little stomach, liver and bowels need a cleansing at once.

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, remember, a gentle liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.

Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ills; give a teaspoonful, and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bile and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system, and you have a well and playful child again. All children love this harmless, delicious "fruit laxative," and it never fails to effect a good "inside" cleansing. Directions for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."—Adv.

### Sure Way to Success.

Individual success comes from a careful study of oneself. If you do the first thing first, and then keep right on doing, you are bound to succeed.

### INFLUENZA—

Do not neglect an aching, Grippy cold—it may develop into Influenza.

Take CAPUDINE at once. It's liquid—Quick relief. Trial bottle 10c—two doses. Larger sizes also.—Adv.

### Living Up to It.

"None but the brave deserve the fair."  
"Well, I haven't heard of any girl refusing a second lieutenant."

## UPSET STOMACH

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN AT ONCE ENDS SOURNESS, GASES, ACIDITY, INDIGESTION.

Undigested food! Lumps of pain; belching gas, acids and sourness. When your stomach is all upset, here is instant relief—No waiting!



The moment you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin all the indigestion, pain, dyspepsia misery, the sourness, gases and stomach acidity ends.

Pape's Diapepsin tablets cost little at any drug store but there is no surer or quicker stomach relief known. Adv.

### What Do You Think?

"He doesn't seem to have any regard for money." "Why should he have? Didn't he marry it?"—Life.

### Proving It.

"What a striking personality that waiter has!" "Yes, he is the one who started the walk-out."

This would be a quiet, peaceable world were it not for the movements of the under jaw.

Don't trifle with a cold—it's dangerous.

You can't afford to risk Influenza.

Keep always at hand a box of



Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red Top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

## COL. ROOSEVELT DIES AT SAGAMORE HILL

DEATH COMES FROM EFFECTS OF BLOOD CLOT ON LUNGS, WHILE HE SLEEPS.

### THIRTY-SIXTH PRESIDENT

The Colonel Will Be Buried as a Private Citizen, Without Any Pomp or Show.

Oyster Bay, N. Y.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt died in his sleep early Monday at his home on Sagamore Hill in this village. Death is believed to have been due to rheumatism which caused a blood clot on the lung.

The colonel suffered a severe attack of rheumatism and sciatica on New Year's day, but none believed that his illness would likely prove fatal. The former president sat up most of Sunday and retired at 11 o'clock Sunday night. About 4 a. m. Mrs. Roosevelt, who was the only other member of the family at Oyster Bay, went to her husband's room and found that he had died during the night.

Mrs. Roosevelt telephoned to Colonel Emlen Roosevelt, cousin of the former president, and he came to the Roosevelt home immediately. Telegrams were dispatched to the colonel's children, who were in other parts of the country. Two of the colonel's sons, Major Theodore Roosevelt Jr., and Captain Kermit Roosevelt, are in service abroad. Captain Archie Roosevelt and his wife had left New York for Boston where the captain's wife's father is ill. Mrs. Ethel Derby and her two children are in Aiken, S. C.

The former president came to his home on Sagamore Hill from the Roosevelt hospital on Christmas day, but a week later was stricken with a severe attack of rheumatism and sciatica, from which he had been suffering for some time. The rheumatism affected his right hand and it became much swollen. He remained in his room and efforts were made to check the trouble. Last Saturday the colonel's secretary, Miss Josephine Strycker, called to see him, but the colonel was asleep in his room.

Miss Strycker said that no one had any idea that death was so near at hand.

Flags were placed at half mast in Oyster Bay.

Colonel Roosevelt's career has left such a vivid impression upon the people of his time that it is necessary to touch but briefly upon some of the more striking phases of his varied, interesting and "strenuous" life to recall to the public mind full details of his many exploits and experiences.

Called to the White House in 1901 after President McKinley had been assassinated, Col. Roosevelt, forty-two years of age, became the youngest president the United States has ever had. Three years later he was elected as president by the largest popular vote a president has received.

Thus Roosevelt, sometimes called a man of destiny, served for seven years as the nation's chief magistrate.

Two services will be held, one at Sagamore Hill, the other at Christ's Church, which the Roosevelts have for years attended. The Rev. Dr. George Talmage, pastor, is expected to officiate.

Colonel Roosevelt will be buried at Young's Memorial Cemetery, Oyster Bay, in a plot selected by the colonel and his wife shortly after he left the White House.

W. Emlen Roosevelt, cousin of the colonel, said Mrs. Roosevelt's desire was that her husband "be buried as a private citizen," and for this reason the funeral would be private.

Washington—Both houses of congress adjourned Monday as a mark of respect after adopting resolutions of regret at the death of Colonel Roosevelt and providing for the appointment of committees to attend the funeral.

### Cotton Rates to Europe Lowered.

Washington—Cotton rates to Europe have been lowered \$10 a bale by the United States Shipping board as a result of a conference between officials and E. A. Cain of Houston and John A. Simpson of Oklahoma, members of the Cotton States Advisory Marketing board. The new rates per hundred from South Atlantic ports are as follows: To Liverpool \$4.50, to French Atlantic ports, Rotterdam and Antwerp, \$4.75, to French Mediterranean ports, \$5.25, to Italy \$5.50. From Gulf ports to the foregoing ports the rates are 25c higher per hundred.

### Again Try to Control Berlin

Amsterdam—The Spartacus group Sunday evening made another attempt to seize the reins of power in Berlin and occupied the office of the Wolff Bureau, the semi-official news agency. The last telegram received here from Wolff Bureau announced the seizure of its office. Private advices say that the Spartacus occupied the office of half a dozen big newspapers, including the socialist Vorwaerts, but were unable to gain control of the city.

### JACOB THEODORE CREMER



Jacob Theodore Cremer is the new minister from Holland to the United States.

## AMERICANS DRIVE BOLSHEVKI BACK

MUTILATION OF WOUNDED PUTS SAVAGE FIGHTING SPIRIT INTO AMERICANS.

With the Allied Army of the Volga, American troops fighting desperately near Kadish have driven back Bolshevist troops, which made an advance there. The Bolshevists also launched attacks on the Onega sector and bombarded the allied front. The Americans came into battle along the Petrograd road and in the frozen swamps that border it. The battle was fought in snow from two to four feet in depth.

American forces have captured Kadish after a display of gallantry that evoked the admiration of the allied commanders. Special care has been taken of the American wounded and the body of an American officer was taken back 100 miles by sledge and then shipped to Archangel for burial. There were some casualties, but they were small in comparison to those inflicted upon the enemy.

Later the Bolshevists opened a terrific fire from three and six-inch guns and launched a counter-attack against the buildings held by Americans in Kadish. So hot was the artillery fire that the Americans were withdrawn temporarily from the village. The line, however, was not taken back very far and the new positions were firmly held. The enemy did not capture Kadish because the barrage fire from the American guns made the place untenable. Shells falling on the frozen ground spread their scenes of destruction twice as far as they would under normal conditions.

Under the protection of artillery fire, American detachments again swept forward and reoccupied the town.

In the Onega sector allied forces advanced on snow shoes over soft snow a few days ago. Beneath the snow was an unfrozen swamp and the men often sank into the mud up to their waists in spite of their arctic footgear. The battle with the elements made the fighting very difficult.

### Arctic Animals Victims of "Flu"

Big River, Sask.—Hunters returning from the wild regions in Northern Saskatchewan report that influenza is decimating big game, and that for some time smaller animals in the district have shown marked symptoms of the disease. Investigation has disclosed diseased lungs among moose. After investigating conditions around Pelican lake and Withekan lake, Dr. Nichols of Deden reported that heavy losses among the animals would not be surprising.

### Organizing Pork Packing Company.

St. Louis—August A. Busch, president of the Anheuser-Busch company, has announced that he would complete the organization of the Bevo Packing company, which within two weeks will enter the pork packing business in St. Louis on a large scale. The company is to be incorporated at \$1,000,000 and a considerable portion of the Anheuser-Busch property has been leased.

### Resigns Position With Reserve Bank

Dallas—J. F. (Fred) Hoopes, deputy governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas, handed in his resignation Monday morning to take effect next week, when he will go to Houston as vice president of the South Texas Commercial National Bank. Mr. Hoopes has been with the Reserve Bank since its organization in 1914, as the cashier. Was promoted to the position of deputy governor April 5, 1915.

### Former Chancellor Von Hertling Dies

Copenhagen—Count George F. von Hertling, the former Imperial German chancellor, died Saturday night at Ruhpolding, Bavaria. He was considered the most learned of all the men called to the chancellorship of Germany since 1871. He had won for himself a scholar's reputation before he entered political life and up to 1912, when he became Bavarian minister-president, he had combined educational and literary work with his political activities.

## RAILROAD CONTROL REVIEWED BY M'ADOO

PRESENTS ARGUMENTS IN SUPPORT OF PLAN FOR FIVE-YEAR TEST PERIOD.

Washington—Director General McAdoo, testifying before the senate interstate commerce committee at the opening of the hearings on the future policy towards railroads, was subjected to a fire of questions by Senator Cummins of Iowa and Senator Kellogg of Minnesota, Republicans, intended to develop why Mr. McAdoo believes it advisable to turn back the roads to private management as soon as possible, if congress does not extend the period of federal control for five years.

Both senators argued by implication for retention by the government of the railroads for the full 21 months after the declaration of peace authorized by the existing law and legislation meanwhile by congress to provide a permanent solution of the railroad problem.

Mr. McAdoo gave three reasons why he does not believe in retaining control of the railroads for 21 months:

That railroad companies already are challenging the authority of the railroad administration to require them to purchase certain equipment and otherwise are not giving a full measure of co-operation.

That some state railroad commissions threaten to dispute the right of the federal management to dictate interstate rates in normal peace times, and

That the uncertainty of the future would cause a ferment within railroad organizations particularly destructive to morale of employes and officers.

To Senator Cummins' comment that he thought it "little less than a crime to turn back the roads at an early date with the standards of wages, material costs and rails as they are" and that unless the roads are given more time to prepare, "it will be little short of disastrous," Mr. McAdoo replied:

"I can not foresee such a situation at all unless the state commissions and the interstate commerce commission, ignoring the necessity for maintaining wages and the rights of just compensation, would reduce the rates unjustly. My idea on this railroad problem is to stabilize conditions for five years, to play safe, and try out unified management for that long. Then we will know better how to deal with the railroad question."

Mr. McAdoo declared that his inclinations "had always been against public ownership and in favor of some sort of private ownership with strong unified control," and that he was not in a position to say whether government operation, private operation by railroads merged into regional monopolies, or diversified operation, by each road under government supervision would be preferable.

### Embargo on Freight

New York—Shipment of all classes of freight and particularly foodstuffs intended for American troops abroad and Europe's starving people, was embargoed from other parts of the country through the ports of Boston, Philadelphia and New York, for export, by order of the Freight Traffic committee, North Atlantic ports, representing North Atlantic railroads, at the suggestion, it was stated, of the federal food administration.

### Says German Ships Are Worthless

Washington—Destruction of all capital ships of the German navy, surrendered to the allies, was recommended to the house naval affairs committee by Rear Admiral Rodman who commanded the American fleet in the North Sea during the war. He said the German ships would not be needed, that they were of different types than those of the allies, and that it would be a waste of money to pay to maintain them.

### Refuses to Validate Contracts.

Washington—By unanimous vote the senate military committee has rejected Secretary Baker's recommendation for legislation to validate informal war contracts and authorize their adjustment by the war department, and ordered favorably reported Senator Hitchcock's bill introduced recently legalizing such contracts but placing adjustment in the hands of a non-interested commission.

### Fort Worth Electricians Strike

Fort Worth, Tex.—All electricians have struck here because their demand for a flat \$1 per day increase was rejected. The contractors are said to have offered fifty cents per day.

### To Propose Purchase Army Camps.

Washington—Secretary Baker says he intends to seek the views of congress on the question of purchasing the land on which army cantonments are located. He said the war department thought some of these camps should be made permanent, and that it would cost about \$12,000,000 to acquire the sites already approved for this purpose. The matter will be brought up by the secretary when he appears before the house military committee.

### GERTRUD BAUMER



Gertrud Baumer of Berlin is one of the women who appealed to Mrs. Wilson for leniency for Germany.

## 31,000 BOLSHEVKI CAPTURED AT PERM

SMASHING BLOW DELIVERED BY CZECHO-SLOVAKS AND SIBERIAN TROOPS.

Vladivostok.—In capturing Perm, in the Ural mountains, General Gaid, at the head of Czecho-Slovak and Siberian forces, virtually destroyed the Bolshevist Third army, from which he took 31,000 prisoners. General Gaid's troops captured an armored train, from which Nikolai Lenin, the Bolsheviki premier, was directing operations in the region of Perm. Lenin himself escaped, but several members of his party were taken prisoners.

General Gaid's superior opposed his plan of attack against Perm and he carried out the operations at the risk of removal from his command.

In addition to the 31,000 prisoners reported, General Gaid captured 5,000 railway cars, 120 field guns, 1,000 machine guns, 30 automobiles, an entire wagon transport, several armored trains and several thousand horses. His maneuver was a complete surprise to the Bolsheviki as proved by the fact that he captured several prominent Soviet leaders at the headquarters of the Third Bolsheviki army. Ten Bolsheviki regiments are declared to have been annihilated and the rest of the army was driven across the Kama river.

Troops of General Semenov, the anti-Bolsheviki leader in the Chita district, have occupied Verkhui Vdinsk, on the Siberian railway east of Lake Baikal.

Two hundred thousand Russian soldiers released from German prisons are expected to pass through Omsk within a fortnight. The Russians are destitute and in a serious condition from exposure and lack of food.

### Prospects Bright for West Texas.

Dallas, Texas.—Reports from all sections of west Texas indicate that that portion of the state which has been laid waste by the protracted drought is teeming with new life and enthusiasm, following recent rains, which have visited every portion of the state. Colonel John N. Simpson, chairman of the executive committee which is administering the Bankers' Drought Relief fund, is in constant touch with all parts of the territory. Prospects are bright for a resumption of cattle grazing in that section, and average spring rains will make certain a record production of wheat, oats and all other small grains.

### To Hold Big Reunion.

Dallas, Texas.—A home-coming for all former inmates of the Odd Fellow's home at Corsicana will feature the program of the I. O. O. F. Grand Lodge of Texas when it meets in annual session in Dallas next March. An effort will be made, W. H. Walker, secretary of the grand lodge, said, to have every living person who has ever been an inmate of the home since its establishment in 1885 present at the meeting in Dallas, where they will be entertained by the local Odd Fellows and Rebecca lodges.

### Love Field Will Be Retained.

Dallas, Texas.—Further indications that Love field will be maintained as a permanent army aviation instruction center were contained in telegraphic orders received at post headquarters designating Love field as one of the eight fields in the United States which will be continued as flying fields. The telegram indicated that cadets and officers who are receiving training at the various fields will be distributed among these eight fields for completion of their training.

### 254 Disembark From Transport.

New York.—Battling against an angry sea which capsized three of their boats, coast guards from many stations, aided by crews from nearly 20 naval craft, have taken safely to shore 17 navy nurses and 237 of the 2,429 homeward-bound soldiers on the United States transport Northern Pacific, hard aground for several days off Fire Island Light. Naval officers deemed it too hazardous to attempt to remove the "stretcher cases" until the sea subsided.

## DANDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

A small bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in a few moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair—and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.—Adv.

### A Lengthy Man.

"Would you consider Gadspar a well-informed man?"  
"Yes, indeed. He has a remarkable memory even for trivial things."  
"For instance?"  
"He can name in correct order every one of the titles Wilhelm left behind him when he headed for Holland."  
—Birmingham Age-Herald.

## WOMEN SUFFERERS MAY NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

### Squeezed Dry.

"Si Hubbard told me he got a heap of work out of you when you was workin' for him," said the farmer.  
"Wal, I allow he did," said the hired man.  
"Yas. Fact is, I guess he just about got it all."—Boston Evening Transcript.

### Don't Forget Cuticura Talcum

When adding to your toilet requisites. An exquisitely scented face, skin, baby and dusting powder and perfume, rendering other perfumes superfluous. You may rely on it because one of the Cuticura Trio (Soap, Ointment and Talcum). 25c each everywhere.—Adv.

### A Necessary Step.

Judge—What are the prisoners charged with?  
Policeman—They are a couple of golfers who get into a scrap over a stroke, your honor.  
Judge—Send for the court interpreter.—Boston Evening Transcript.

When Baby is Teething  
GROVER'S BABY SOOTHING MEDICINE will correct the Stomach and Bowel trouble. Perfectly harmless. See directions on the bottle.

Difference of Opinion.  
"I've much better feathers than you," said the parrot. "Pigeons differ," croaked the raven.—Cartoons Magazine.

# MERCHANT SHIPS TO CARRY CADETS

Training System of Shipping Board to Be Extended to Large Vessels.

## STUDY FOR HIGHER PLACES

Young Men Will Learn the Road to the Quarter Deck and Counting Room—High Class of Seamen Wanted.

Washington.—Apprentices and cadet officers will be placed on all large vessels of the American merchant marine, to be trained for higher places, much the same as sailor boys were trained to become officers and shipping merchants in the early days of American seagoing, according to a plan to be put into execution at once by the United States shipping board.

The basis of this plan is a system of individual training on shipboard for American youth capable of rising through instruction to a shipping career, the ultimate goal of which is the position of shipmaster, steamship agent or manager, or trade representative at home or abroad in the great program of commercial expansion by sea by which the country is to keep busy its vast merchant fleet.

The plan has been devised as an extension of the wartime system of training conducted by the board, through which large numbers of American lads were given brief intensive schooling on training ships, before being sent to sea.

**For Commercial Service.**  
This finished product is expected to mature in the form of able seamen of a high type, petty officers, deck and engine-room officers—all Americans—as well as a needed supply of young men experienced in sea-going and cargo-handling, who can be further trained in steamship offices and exporting and importing business houses, with a view to later commercial service connected with shipping.

It was this system of training that enabled early merchants of Salem and Boston to outstrip all rivals in foreign trade, and make themselves and their communities rich.

In this extending its present training service—which continues as heretofore under the direction of Henry Howard of Boston—the shipping board has the benefit of experience in training cadets at sea gained by its new director of operations, John H. Rosseter of San Francisco.

Rosseter has decided ideas on the training of young Americans for seafaring and for steamship operation. He has tried out many of these ideas in a practical way through his management of the Pacific Mail Steamship company, one of the largest shipping interests operating from the American West coast to the Orient, South Seas and South America.

At the conclusion of a recent conference at Washington of shipping-board officials interested in developing the training plans of the board under peace conditions, Mr. Rosseter expressed his views on the subject at length. Later he embodied them in the following interview:

**High Class of Seaman Wanted.**  
"Shipping men are agreed that if atainment of our new and enlarging interest in foreign commerce is to be secured, we must certainly have a very high class of American merchant seamen; the same kind we have so admirably developed for our navy.

"We all know of the higher social standard that naturally prevails in this country; and, personally, I would say that I would not only accept the present standards, but I am disposed to go a step further, because that is the tendency; and if we are to get good men and train them to be good seamen and then good officers, we must see that they are placed under such environment as will naturally evolve into a condition of their being

## SHOES FOR THE DESTITUTE BELGIANS



The girl in this photograph is seen near the summit of an enormous pile of shoes donated by people all over the United States for the destitute people of Belgium. The shoes are at a warehouse in Newark, N. J., which is the distributing center of thousands of tons of clothing for the Belgians.

## DAD AND 3 SONS FIGHT UNDER GEN. PERSHING

Natick, Mass.—Martin Neary of this town, whose three sons are members of General Pershing's forces in France, was himself in Pershing's command on the plains of Arizona during the Indian campaigns. Pershing was then second lieutenant of a cavalry troop and Neary was a sergeant.

good foreign representatives in commercial and industrial lines, and agents on the staffs of the steamship lines at home and in foreign ports.

"I regard the recruiting service of the shipping board as something that is to produce for the mercantile marine of the United States a substantial type of men of the seamen's class that will be officers later on, men who can go abroad and learn the business and carry the American interests with them.

"I want to make seagoing just as attractive as I possibly can. I want to attract to it the boys who come from colleges, and who know how to swim and play baseball. I want to make conditions aboard ship such that they will feel it is the best destiny they can find.

"The men we want to attract to the sea, I feel, are the men such as we remember ourselves in our school days—nice, clean boys, who had good homes, and who were leaving home amid the old family discussion as to whether they would be bankers, insurance men, retail merchants, or what not. I want to add to that list the very important and very alluring occupation of the pursuit of the sea.

"When we ask American boys to come aboard ship, we certainly must all recognize that we have got to assure them of quite a different condition than has existed in foreign commerce during the past thirty years; I might say, unhappily existed."

## THEFT OF HOUSE CHARGED

Contractor Is Brought Into Court Accused of the Larceny of a Dwelling House.

Medford, Mass.—Charged with the larceny of a dwelling house, Clarence McLean, a building wrecker, has been brought into court by Mrs. Mary J. Gilleland, owner of the property. Ac-

# SHELL SHOCK HITS YANKEES LIGHTLY

Few Hundreds Only Are Suffering From War's Strange Malady.

## MANY RESTORED BY PEACE

All Victims Will Be Completely Recovered in a Year, Says Surgeon General's Office—Less Than 1,000 Cases to Be Treated.

Washington.—Fear that the nation will have a big problem on its hands in the care of soldiers suffering from shell shock is utterly without foundation, declared Col. Peace Bailey of the surgeon general's office. Amplifying the statement before the senate military committee that hundreds of victims of the strange disease actually recovered at the signing of the armistice, Colonel Bailey expressed the opinion that so far as present knowledge of the malady indicates, practi-

## MISS ELIZABETH WALKER



One of the handsomest of the debutantes of this winter's social season in Washington.

According to the evidence submitted McLean negotiated with Mrs. Gilleland for the dismantlement of the house, after it had been condemned by a building inspector. Mrs. Gilleland denied that such an arrangement had been made and charged that McLean "stole the house." The court continued the case to give the principals an opportunity to adjust the matter between themselves.

## BRITISH GIRLS ARE TRAINED

Food Ministry Prepares Young Women Employees for Commercial Careers.

London.—Hundreds of girls employed at the ministry of food registration clearing house are receiving instructions during working hours for commercial careers. The London county council has taken charge of their education and each girl is given one and a quarter hours every day except Saturday for instruction and study.

Classes are held three times a day. The girls are from sixteen to eighteen years old.

There are classes in bookkeeping, French and shorthand, and the girls are also given the choice of recreation classes in elocution and singing.

cally all victims of shell shock should be completely recovered within a year, the great majority in a much shorter time.

**Less Than Thousand Cases.**  
Reports received here are that there are now less than a thousand cases of shell shock to be treated, thanks to the improved methods by which the United States army combated the affliction. Preparations had been made to take care of 2,500 cases, sent to this side by March 1, but since hostilities ceased word from France shows there are only 300 cases there requiring treatment in this country. There are probably about the same number en route home.

It is accepted here that the drop in the expected number of sufferers was due directly to the news of Germany's surrender. The only explanation for this is the removal from the sufferers of apprehension that they would again be subjected to an ordeal that, acting on the minds, actually twisted their bodies out of shape.

Serious as have been the ravages of shell shock among the troops, said Colonel Bailey, described by Surgeon General Ireland as one of the country's leading psychiatrists, the United States forces have not suffered to the extent those of the other allies have. This is due largely to the fact that 93 per cent of the cases developing have been cured in the field hospitals by the prompt treatment provided.

**Given Special Treatment.**  
The more seriously afflicted are brought to this country and sent to Plattsburg, N. Y., where there is a special hospital of 1,500 beds. Within a short time after admittance most patients avow they are regaining their normal condition, and after observation indicates that this is so, they are removed to a casual detachment at the hospital for brief additional observation. When it is evident they have recovered they are sent to camps near their homes to be mustered out.

The rapidity with which cases are being cleared through Plattsburg convinces Colonel Bailey that there will be few permanently disabled by the disease. This is in marked contrast to the situation in England where there are 20,000 shell shock victims on the pension rolls.

Colonel Bailey revealed that, contrary to the general belief, shell shock does not necessarily come from heavy cannonading. Proof of this is found in the fact that from 10 to 12 per cent of the casualties in the Chateau Thierry fighting were shell shock, most of these men having been exposed only to machine gun fire.

# ORCHARD GLEANINGS

## EXTENSION WORK IS FAVORED

Value of Farmers' Experience and Judgment Being Recognized—Work More Effective.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In the northern and western states extension workers are taking advantage of the season to consider with farm bureau officers and farmers generally the problems of production for next season. There is developing a partnership method that promises much for increasing the effectiveness



Apple Trees Pruned to Control Blight—Note the Dense Mulch Crop of Alfalfa.

of extension work through a better understanding of the conditions which must be taken into account in the effort to increase agricultural production. There will be more rather than less extension teaching by college men, but there will be very much more consultation with farmers, due to the better understanding of the need of recognizing the value of the farmers' experience, knowledge, and judgment. The result will be more effective work. The meaning of "co-operative extension work" is being greatly broadened and deepened. The department of agriculture and the agricultural colleges co-operate in doing extension teaching; and more and more they co-operate with farmers and through state and local organizations in which farmers have a controlling voice.

## POISON ALL FIELD RODENTS

On Account of Serious Damage Done It Behooves Farmer to Take Precautions in Time.

(F. L. WASHBURN, Division of Entomology and Economic Zoology, University Farm, St. Paul.)

Rodents of various kinds cause so much damage that it behooves farmers and orchardists to take precautions in time. Trunks of young orchard trees should be protected from depredations of rabbits and field mice by wood veneer sheets which can be bought for about 75 cents per hundred. These last for two years and afford good protection against snail and in the case of young trees as well as against rabbits and field mice. Field mice may be trapped with small gullotine traps, three of which used to sell for five cents. The pan should be rubbed with bacon, as that is very attractive bait. A little oatmeal scattered on the pan is an additional attraction. Field mice are easily poisoned. A piece of apple one inch square in which a small amount of powdered strychnine is placed is good.

The group of rodents includes the rabbits, squirrels, ground squirrels, gophers, field mice and woodchucks. The loss occasioned by these pests in Minnesota alone amounts to many thousands of dollars.

## PRUNE AT CONVENIENT TIME

Work Can Be Begun as Soon as Leaves Have Fallen—Cut to Admit Sunshine Through Top.

Get out the pruning tools and sharpen them up and do the pruning at the most convenient time after the leaves have fallen from the trees. Cut back the peaches from one-third to one-half of their previous season's growth and cut out entirely a sufficient number of the smaller branches to allow complete development of those that remain. Also prune in such a way as to allow a reasonable amount of sunshine to enter through the center of the top. Cut back apples just enough to keep the trees in the right shape, and thin out sufficiently to allow full and free development. Be careful not to cut the fruit spurs on the apples and pears. These can be easily distinguished from the branches.

## CUT OUT ALL FIRE BLIGHT

Where Whole Tree is Affected It Is Advisable to Burn It—Disinfect Tools.

Cut out all fire blight in orchard. If branches only are affected cut them out and burn them. If the whole tree is affected, cut it out and burn it at once. Disinfect all pruning tools frequently so as not to spread the disease.

## Texas News

A sweet potato curing plant is to be established at Mount Pleasant.

Work is progressing on the 10,000-ton \$1,000,000 dry dock at Galveston, Texas.

Plans are under way for the permanent organization of the McLennan County Live Stock Association.

E. B. Snelling of El Paso county has been appointed by the governor to be State Inspector of Masonry.

The business men of Newcastle are assisting in the promotion of a railroad from May, in Brown county, to Newcastle.

Work has begun on the Caldwell county portion of the north loop of state highway No. 3, between Luling and Harwood.

Governor Hobby has appointed Major Sam D. W. Low of Washington county to be a member of the State Prison Commission.

The Implement and Hardware Dealers' Association of Texas will hold its twenty-first annual convention in Dallas on January 21, 22 and 23.

The annual meeting of the Texas, Gulf Coast and Louisiana Oil and Gas Association will be held Monday, January 13, at the city auditorium, Houston.

All sections of West Texas which was laid waste by the three years' drouth is teeming with new life and enthusiasm as a result of recent rains which have visited every section of the State.

Senator O. S. Lattimore of Fort Worth, elected as associate judge on the court of criminal appeals in the November election to succeed Judge A. C. Prendergast of Waco, took the oath of office on New Year's Day.

The federal government, through the shipping board, has issued an edict that the houseboats in the harbor at Beaumont, Texas, must go. These houseboats have long been the source of contention at Beaumont. Many vessels coming in have endangered these floating homes.

A record of cargoes handled by vessels plying between the port of Orange, Texas, and Johnson's Bayou for the year 1918 shows a grand total of \$690,792. The cargoes include cotton, cotton-seed feed, potatoes, eggs, cordwood, lumber, merchandise, furs and hides, horses, lumber, etc.

The Texas state board of education Saturday authorized a supplemental apportionment of \$440,431 of the rural school appropriation of \$1,000,000, the apportionment going to 1,240 rural school districts over the State. The total apportionment made is \$658,012, leaving \$341,012 yet to be apportioned.

The largest democratic vote cast for a candidate in the last general election in Texas, according to figures of the State election board just made public, which canvassed all returns except those for governor and lieutenant governor, was that of Chief Justice Nelson Phillips, who received 155,675 votes.

The new year, 1919, finds the finances of the State of Texas in a healthy condition. There is a total cash of \$4,068,000 to the credit of various funds, to which amount about \$2,000,000 is to the credit of general revenue. The State has about \$3,200,000 invested in United States short-term certificates and there is \$750,000 deposited in State depositories. Bonds aggregating \$23,000,000 are on deposit in the State treasury.

Deep oil in the Brownwood field now seems almost sure. Oil is standing 2,000 feet in a well 2,500 feet deep. Leases have advanced in all sections of the county, more especially in the west and northwest portions, and much land is now being transferred to new owners. In some sections of the county prices as high as \$75 per acre is being paid for lease rights.

A peculiar legal situation affecting seizures of liquor stocks was brought to light at San Antonio last week by the announcement of the federal district attorney, Hugh B. Robertson, that there is no federal law under which the government is authorized to destroy or otherwise dispose of liquor taken from persons in San Antonio during the last few months. He said that a person from whom liquor is taken is entitled to the return of the liquor after the criminal charges attending the seizure have been disposed of, except in cases involving the shipment of unlabeled or improperly labeled liquor into the state from another state.

The house of representatives of the thirty-sixth Texas legislature will be called to order at noon Tuesday, Jan. 14, by Secretary of State George F. Howard, who will preside until a speaker is elected and sworn into office. Mr. Howard will be the youngest secretary of State of Texas who ever has wielded the gavel over the house. The senate will be called to order by President pro tem R. M. Johnston, the senator from Harris county. It will immediately elect a president pro tem to serve during the regular session.

# "BEST MEDICINE FOR WOMEN"

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Did For Ohio Woman.

Portsmouth, Ohio.—"I suffered from irregularities, pains in my side and was so weak at times I could hardly get around to do my work, and as I had four in my family and three boarders it made it very hard for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me. I took it and it has restored my health. It is certainly the best medicine for women's ailments I ever saw."—Mrs. SARA SHAW, R. No. 1, Portsmouth, Ohio.



Mrs. Shaw proved the merit of this medicine and wrote this letter in order that other suffering women may find relief as she did.

Women are suffering as she was should not drag along from day to day without giving this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice in regard to such ailments write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its forty years experience is at your service.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 50 Years. FOR MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. At All Drug Stores.

WEEKS' BREAK-UP-A-COLD TABLETS FOR COLDS AND LA GRIPPE. The good you can afford to treat and see that you get genuine like these others. Sold by best druggists everywhere. 25c

Which? The flooster schoolteacher still remains in some parts of Indiana. One of these "last leaves" recently decided that she wished a new position. She went to one of the younger generation of teachers and told of her plans.

"I'm writing a letter to the trustee of the town in which I wish to teach," she said, "and I wish to tell about my work here. I've taught ever since Mr. R—became superintendent here. Now shall I say I've worked for twenty-five years under his administration or his incumbence?"

The younger teacher merely gasped. Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Nausea quickly disappear with the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Send for trial box to 272 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

Rather Mean, Though. A man may be absolutely honest and still pretend to be sound asleep when the telephone bell rings in the middle of the night in the hope that his wife will be considerate enough to answer it herself.—Exchange.

## A BRIGHT, CLEAR COMPLEXION

is always admired, and it is the laudable ambition of every woman to do all she can to make herself attractive. Many of our southern women have found that Tetterine is invaluable for clearing up blotches, itchy patches, etc., and making the skin soft and velvety. The worst cases of eczema and other torturing skin diseases yield to Tetterine. Sold by druggists or sent by mail for 50c by Shuptrine Co., Savannah, Ga.—Adv.

Technical. Autoist—How did you escape a fine? Motorist—Our attorney proved the constable's watch was fast.

Imagination is responsible for half of our trouble and our fool actions are responsible for the other half.



In 1848 Sir Arthur Garrod proved that in gout (also true in rheumatism) there is deficient elimination on the part of the kidneys and the poisons within are not thrown off.

Prof. H. Strass attributes a gouty attack to the heaping up of poisons where there is an abundance of uric acid which is precipitated in the joints and sheaths, setting up inflammation. Before the attack of gout or rheumatism there is sometimes headache, or what is thought to be neuralgia, or rheumatic conditions, such as lumbago, pain in the back of the neck, or sciatica. As Prof. Strass says, "The excretion of uric acid we are able to effect by exciting diuresis." Drink copiously of water, six or eight glasses per day, hot water before meals, and obtain Anuric tablets, double strength, for 60 cts., at the nearest drug store and take them three times a day. If you want a trial package send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Anuric" (anti-uric) is a recent discovery of Dr. Pierce and much more potent than lithia, for it will dissolve uric acid as hot tea dissolves sugar.

FRIDAY, JAN. 10, 1919

Issued Every Friday  
Serial (whole) Number 1617  
BAIRD, TEXAS

Entered as Second Class Matter, Dec. 8, 1887 at the Post Office at Baird, Texas, under Act of 1879

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

RATES IN TEXAS.

One year in advance \$1.00  
Six months in advance .65  
Three months in advance .35

RATES OUTSIDE OF TEXAS.

One year in advance \$1.50  
Six months in advance .80  
Three months in advance .50

W. E. GILLILAND,  
Editor and Proprietor.

Callahan County is wetter than it has been in four years.

Well the New Year is here, and so is THE STAR, if it did take a rest last week.

Say, do the people of Clyde know that the maker of that Taylor county oil map has moved the town bodily six miles nearer to Abilene?

Cisco and Abilene are both kicking about a shortage of gas. Why not mix a little of the "hot air" floating around these towns and warm up things?

Talk about discounting the future that seven hundred and fifty thousand dollar oil refinery building at Abilene, is towards the front line trenches, but we hope the oil wells will come in by the time the refinery is ready.

There is no room for but one flag in this country, just keep this in mind. Those who prefer the red flag of anarchy, or Russian Bolshevism, the same thing, to Old Glory, have no business here and should be deported.

Oil prospecting, speculating in oil leases is making things hum in West Texas, and every land owner in this part of the state really believes they have an unlimited oil "pool" beneath their holdings. This is a slight exaggeration of course, but we hope every owner of a quarter of section of land, will become an oil king.

Former President Roosevelt was found dead in bed at his home at Oyster Bay, Monday morning. Col. Roosevelt was one of the most picturesque characters of the present age. Honest, able, fearless, he was one hundred per cent American. His death is a national calamity at this time. Many of us did not agree with Col. Roosevelt politically, but even his enemies respected him. Col. Roosevelt was born Oct. 27, 1858 and therefore was 60 years old, past. Not an old man as one is counted now, but he lived longer than most of us if we live to a hundred. Peace to his memory.

We have always heard that there is no such thing as luck, but we have lived long enough to see this "old saying" proven false. We have seen an old pioneer Texan have a town built all around him and a forty thousand dollar court house built on a square laid out in front of his log cabin and his property thereby enhanced in value a thousand fold. We have known men in this oil boom made wealthy out of small tracts of land considered worthless before the oil boom hit the west. Good! It is an ill wind that blows nobody good, but a good wind that blows everybody good.

Col. Henry Wattersen in an editorial recently said in substance that nothing but application of the teachings of Jesus Christ could save the world from anarchy and general ruin. We believe this is true. Had the world lived up to the teachings of Jesus Christ there would have been no war, and no world-wide de-

struction of life and property and no difficult problems to confront a Peace Congress at the end of the war. It is not too late to begin the construction of a new world on the Golden Rule "Do unto others as you would have others do unto you." President Wilson is called a dreamer and a visionary because he is trying to procure a peace of justice and right along the lines of the high ideals of the teachings of our Saviour. True, President Wilson may be ahead of the times in pressing his plans, but this does not prove his theories fallacious. All want an enduring peace and the way to secure it is to treat all nations fairly. Little as we think of it this is going to be a difficult job, because some want too many favors at the expense of others.

WE ARE THANKFUL

We are thankful that the war ended and ended right.

We are thankful that so many of our boys come out of that hell "over there" alive and unhurt and lots of our Callahan county boys went through the worst of it. It looks like a miracle that so many of our boys come through safe when losses ran as high as 30 per cent in some regiments, the 142nd Infantry for one.

We are thankful that the long drouth that hung over the country like a nightmare from one to three years, has ended. Are we all as thankful to Divine Providence for all these blessings as we should be? We hope we all are.

REDEEM 1918 W. S. S. PLEDGES IN 1919.

Treasury Department  
Eleventh Federal Reserve District  
War Savings Organization  
Dallas, Texas, Dec. 30th, 1918

Mr. S. E. Settle,  
Chm. Callahan Co. W. S. S. Com.  
My Dear Mr. Settle: I have your letter signed jointly with the County Council of Defence and the County Judge. You will receive from me a formal letter of thanks and appreciation—this is merely to acknowledge your letter and to say to you that I fully understand the conditions in Callahan County.

You may announce on January 1st that all unpaid 1918 pledges may be fulfilled by buying Stamps of the 1919 issue and this will be considered a full discharge of their 1918 obligations.

I have no desire to criticize any person in Callahan County because it is a fact that conditions have been unprecedented and I am entirely satisfied that you have done the very best you could under the circumstances.

Yours very truly,  
Louis Lipsitz,  
State Director.  
Note: Gerard G. Cresswell,  
Chm. Co. Council of Defense.  
Hon. J. R. Black, Co. Judge.

NOTICE, FOOD ADMINISTRATORS.

To the Co. Food Administrators of Callahan Co., Texas: Mr. E. A. Peden requests me to say to you, "That your cooperation and extra endeavors, have been of incalculable benefit to our cause, and that he can not adequately express the full measure of his appreciation of your services, but the work is not over."

He sends all good wishes for the Christmas Season, and a New Year full of prosperity and happiness. All Deputy Food Administrators, will kindly send me at Baird their identification cards issued for 1918.

I have also received from Mr. Hoover, now in Europe the following cable: "Will you convey Christmas greetings to all our staff of State, County and District Administrators and their staffs? From this side no one can but appreciate the great contribution to winning the war that the personal team work and devotion of the Food Administration has made possible. Europe will be another six months in recovering from its main food difficulties, and thus some task is yet remaining before us.—Hoover.

Respectfully,  
F. S. Bell, Co. Food Adm.

NEW SUBSCRIPTION PRICE

The new subscription rate for THE BAIRD STAR beginning Feb., 1st, 1919 as follows, old or new subscription:

One year \$1.50  
Six Months .80  
Three Months .50

This applies to all alike. Some time ago we raised the rate outside of Texas but new rate places all on an equality. Necessity compels this raise and we should have done this three years ago. The increased price in paper and express rates will cost us close to one hundred dollars more for paper this year than last year. Subscribe or renew before February 1st and save 50 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES

We are compelled to raise our advertising rates some, but as we have already raised the rates heretofore the only change contemplated for 1919 is that all display ads will be charged for on a four weeks month. Heretofore we have charged up display ads by the calendar month, but 4 weeks hereafter will count as one month. Display ads will be charged up each week same as locals. All newspapers do this. Heretofore we have given one month each year to advertisers at home, while foreign ads pay by the week. If I buy 12 sacks of flour from any grocery merchant in three months, he does not throw in an extra sack. Not on your tin type, but that is what we have been doing, giving display advertisers one week free every three months.

I hope you all had a pleasant Christmas and express the hope that this will be the most prosperous year Callahan county ever had—and we believe it will.

W. E. Gilliland.

RED CROSS REFUGEE GARMENTS.

Callahan County Chapter of the Red Cross has received a large quota of garments to make for the destitute people of France and Belgium, and as a large percent of these garments must be finished and shipped from Baird to General Headquarters by Jan. 25th, everyone who can is urged to come to the Red Cross Hall and help make these garments. While the war is over it does not make the need for these garments any less and each one should feel it their duty to help make the garments as quickly as possible. The Hall will be open for work from 2 to 5 o'clock on Tuesdays Wednesday and Thursday afternoons. Those who cannot come to the Hall to make the garments will be allowed to take them to their homes.

Mrs. F. S. Bell.

NEW REAL ESTATE FIRM.

If you have a farm or city property, land to lease or royalty to sell, Be sure to see

J. M. HOUSTON & CO.  
Cottonwood, Texas.

6-4tpd.

I AM THANKFUL

For every order for Magazines and newspapers given me in the past, for every courtesy shown me and for the many evidences of your good will, I hope that in future I may have a continuance of your patronage and shall do all in my power to merit your confidence and good will. May 1919 bring you peace, happiness and Prosperity.

Miss John Gilliland  
Magazine Specialist.

SALE OF REGISTERED STOCK.

50 head of Registered Hereford Bulls and some good Registered Heifers for sale, sired by my Woodrow Wilson bull; Famous Point Comfort Bull, 18th; Dixie Bull, the 26th. Run in age from 12 to 18 months. Can seen be anytime at my Ranch 4 miles southwest of Moran, on Deep Creek.

3— Ed Hayden, Moran, Texas.

SAM ELLIS WRITES OF HIS EXPERIENCE ON THE FRONT

The following letter was received by Price Ellis from his son, Sam Ellis, who is with the A. E. F.

Nov. 24th, 1918.

Dear Father: Will drop you a few lines to let you know how I am progressing. I am up running around in the hospital, just a little weak yet.

Well, I haven't had any chance to tell you what kind of war I have been in. It was hell, but we licked 'em and licked 'em good and hard didn't we. I have been on six different fronts and two drives, the St. Meheil drive and the Argonne Forest drive on the Verdun sector. I went over the top about 4:30 one morning the machine gun bullets and high explosives were falling all around us. They got several of our men before we got em on the run, but we could not stop for that, and when we got 'em on the run. I had several close calls, shells bursting all around me blowing men to pieces, but luck was with me and I came through o. k. It was awful to have to face the machine gun bullets and several of our men fell, but of course some of us had to fall, but we got oodles of Dutch. They killed and wounded 75 per cent of our officers and 50 per cent of our men, so you can imagine what it means, but thank God it is over and we don't have to face it again. I was gassed on the Verdun sector. They gassed us one night and we were moved back in the woods about a mile to get out of it. After they quit shelling the next morning they took about 40 of us up to put lime in the shell holes and cover 'em up and every one got a dose of it. I was blind for three days and liked to have coughed my head off, but my eyes are well now and I am about over my cough, still hoarse tho.

We are going to have a turkey Thanksgiving dinner. The Red Cross sent 80 turkeys, awful nice of them.

Well Papa, I have got an awful headache, so I will close for this time. Give my best wishes to all. I don't think I will be here over a couple of weeks longer, don't expect I will get any more mail, but will make the best of it. Write real often.

With love, Your son,  
Sam Ellis,  
Base Hospital 218.

LOUIE MARGUERITE LEVERETT.

On New Year's morning, 1919 at 4:40 o'clock, Death's angel called from the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ray C. Leverett their precious little jewel Little Louie Marguerite was born Sept. 8th, 1917. Her little life was extremely sweet to us all, especially the Father and Mother who are heart-broken over their loss, but lets consider this as a warning to put forth a stronger effort in life.

This little one is safe in Jesus, far better than we, so we must guard our lives more closely and make absolutely sure that we will be as acceptable when the Master calls for us, as those little ones who have gone before us.

'Twas a sad time for Ray and Minnie as they had gone to spend the holidays with her parents at Abilene when she and both children were taken with the influenza. Then came the sad hour on New Year's morning.

I can't say weep not, for weep you must

But only make a determination stronger,

For you have only given back to God And yourselves permitted to wait a little longer.

A brother.

MAGAZINES WANTED

The Red Cross Canteen wants all your magazines after you have read them to give to soldiers. Any Canteen worker will call for magazines.

WANTED—LIBERTY BONDS

I will pay best market price for Liberty Bonds. Also sell stock of best oil companies in the field.

E. H. Leache, Phone 220  
51.4t Baird, Texas

Men's and Boys' FURNISHINGS

"We Can Save You Money"

H. SCHWARTZ & CO.

HOME LUMBER CO.

ALL HOME PEOPLE

We carry a full stock of Lumber, Shingles and Builder's Supplies See us before you buy anything in this line

W. M. COFFMAN, Manager

FURNITURE

I have a splendid stock of Furniture, Rugs, Art Squares, Matting, Window Shades, Mattresses, Pillows Repairing and Picture Framing. Firstclass work.

GEO. B. SCOTT

Groceries and Fresh Meats

We carry a full line of staple and fancy groceries and are prepared to supply you with the best. We also carry a full supply of Fresh Meats, which makes it very convenient to order your groceries and meats at the same time. Prompt attention given all orders

E. M. WRISTEN

Phones 4 and 26

Prompt Delivery

STATEMENT

Report of Condition at close of Business  
December 31, 1918

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$235,630.65
Stocks and other Securities	4,496.57
Banking House and Fixtures	6,402.00
U. S. Bonds	25,000.00
Liberty Bonds	1,050.00
War Savings Stamps	8.46
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	1,900.00
U. S. Certificates of Indebtedness	13,000.00
Cash due from banks and in vault	68,753.54
Due from U. S. Treasurer	1,250.00
Total	\$357,491.22

LIABILITIES

Capital	\$50,000.00
Surplus and Profits	17,721.03
Circulation	24,000.00
Dividends Unpaid	2,730.00
Deposits	253,050.19
Bills Payable	10,000.00
Rediscouunts	None
Total	\$357,491.22

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

# BEST WISHES FOR THE NEW YEAR

At the beginning of the New Year we are conscious of the fact that we owe you a debt of gratitude for your friendship, without which the success of our business would have been impossible. We sincerely appreciate this and from the depths of our heart we thank you and assure you that our appreciation will be shown during 1919 not only in better value but in better service.

We extend the Compliments of the Season and Best Wishes for a New Year rich in the fullness of its prosperity.

## MY STORE

H. SCHWARTZ, Prop.

"The Store of Service"

BAIRD

TEXAS

## PERSONALS

Douglas Gates of Bonham is visiting in his brother, Claud Gates.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hart, Dec. 14th, 1918, a boy.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Jones of Plainview, Texas, Dec. 22, 1918, a boy.

Mrs. Harry Berry and children spent the Christmas holidays with her mother at Clovis, N. M.

Will party who picked up purse in Harry Berry's Garage today please return same to the Garage? 5

Sgt. Lester Farmer of Ft. Bliss, visited W. J. Farmer and family during Christmas week.

\$5 Reward—For the return of a white and yellow collie dog, missing since Dec. 27th.—Mrs. G. M. Hall.

Rev. J. E. Boyd, pastor of the Methodist Church, Moran, was in Baird, Wednesday.

C. S. Boyles, of Cross Plains, was in town yesterday spouting oil from every pore.

Big Money Saving Sale begins Monday, January 13th. Chambers Bros.

Frank Hudson is quite sick at the home of J. R. McFarlane, in west part of town.

L. S. Frith, representing the Cisco Ice Cream Co., was in Baird, yesterday in the interest of his Company.

Mrs. Harry Berry has received a letter from her brother, Sgt. Sam Hamilton, whom she had not heard from in about 7 months. He is with Co. M., 61st Infantry, 5th Division.

Oil Leases wanted, must be bargains. Write Edgar P. Haney, Texas State Bank Bldg., Ft. Worth, Texas. 6-2t.

Lieutenant Cale Hall returned yesterday from Sacramento, Calif. where he has been stationed in the Aviation department, having received his discharge.

Sam Cutbirth, Sr. and wife, of Reagan county, are visiting their children in this county. Sam says he was doing fine until the flu bit him.

Our Clearance and Money Saving Sale begins Monday, Jan. 13th. It will be worth your while to take advantage of this money saving sale. Chambers Bros.

Rev. W. A. Erwin was in Baird, Wednesday. Rev. Erwin will assist Rev. H. H. Bowers, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church, in a revival meeting to begin at the Presbyterian Church the first Sunday in February.

Mrs. Jenson and children of Cisco Mr. and Mrs. Potter of Big Spring, and Misses Jonie and Cleve Wilson who are attending a business college at Abilene, spent the Christmas holidays with their parents, Uncle John and Mrs. Wilson.

### LIBERAL REWARD.

For return of purse lost Friday evening, containing about \$25, W. O. W. receipts and deposit slips from First National Bank to C. D. Jones. 6

W. J. Milliron of Euls, was in town the first of the week. He tells us that his son, Corporal John Milliron of Co. M. 61st Infantry, 5th Division, who was wounded on Sept. 16th, has about recovered from his wound and is now at Toul, France. He volunteered in May 1917 and has been in France since last April.

Miss Eugenia Simmons, Principal of the Baird Public School, received a message this morning that her father had been accidentally killed while working about a well at his home in Royce City. Miss Simmons left on the 11 o'clock train for her home. Many friends sympathize with Miss Simmons in her sorrow.

W. A. McGowen says that Santa was exceptionally nice to him in that he brought to his home on Xmas eve a wee granddaughter whose parents are Mr. and Mrs. Murman McGowen. The father, who is now with the 36th Division in France, will doubtless exult over his Christmas gift.—Cross Plains Review.

# NEW YEAR'S GREETINGS

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to all our friends and patrons who favored us with their business during the year just closed and wish for each one a Happy and Prosperous New Year. As in the past, it will be our policy to give you the very best service and lowest prices possible with quality. We trust that your fondest hopes for the year just beginning will be realized.

## THE COMADOT W. D. BOYDSTUN MANAGER

The coming of peace, the falling of abundant rains, and the great promise of the future for Texas makes this the best and most appropriate time to plant fruit trees, berries, pecan and ornamentals we have had for years. We can supply varieties of nearly all fruit trees adapted to this section.

LEONA AND SMITH PEACHES, HAUPT BERRIES, BUDED PECANS HARDY CLIMATE PROOF NATIVE TEXAS FLOWERING SHRUBS

On these and many other kinds and varieties we will stake our reputation.

PLANS MADE FOR PLANTING HOME GROUNDS AND PARKS  
Write for information in our line. Catalogue free

## THE AUSTIN NURSERY

F. T. RAMSEY & SON, AUSTIN, TEXAS  
400 Acres Established 1875

## DRAUGHON'S

PRactical Business College  
ABILENE, TEXAS  
Only well-known Business College in West Texas. Thousands of firms nearer our Employment Department than any other. Money-back contract guarantees position. Catalogue FREE

### SPIRELLA CORSETS

I have my new Fall samples and will be glad to show you same and take your measure for a Spirella the best made-to-measure corset to be had. Phone me and I will gladly call to take your order

Mrs. J. R. Price, Phone 6



## KRYPTOK GLASSES

THE INVISIBLE BIFOCALS

Fit by  
**C. E. Walker**

the Optician who stays here  
365 days in each year.  
With Holmes Drug Co.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS

#### R. G. POWELL

Physician and Surgeon  
Office Over Holmes Drug Store  
Baird, Texas

#### R. L. GRIGGS

Physician and Surgeon  
Local Surgeon Texas & Pacific Ry. Co.  
Calls answered day or night. Office  
Phone No. 279. Res. phone No. 181  
Baird, Texas.

#### V. E. HILL

DENTIST  
Office Up-stairs, Telephone Bldg  
Baird, Texas

### The Best Cough Medicine.

When a druggist finds that his customers all speak well of a certain preparation, he forms a good opinion of it and when in need of such a medicine is almost certain to use it himself and in his family. This is why so many druggists use and recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. J. B. Jones, a well known druggist of Cubrun, Ky., says, "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for the past seven years, and have found it to be the best cough medicine I have ever known." For sale by all druggists.

A  
**Happy New Year**  
TO ALL  
IS OUR SINCERE WISH

## The Home National Bank

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

E. L. Finley, Pres. H. Ross, V. P.  
T. E. Powell, Cashier. F. L. Driskill, Asst. Cashier  
M. Barnhill

**ONE TON TRUCK**  
**\$608.73**

DELIVERED

We carry a full line of genuine  
Ford Parts

Repairing of all kind

Also Handle Supplies. Ford Repairing

**HARRY BERRY**

## City Bakery

We can furnish you  
the very best Bread,  
Rolls, etc. We use the  
best the market affords

O. NITSCHKE, Prop.

## J. D. DALLAS Photographer

Kodak Finishing, Enlarging  
from Kodak Films  
and old prints.

BAIRD, TEXAS

# American Women at Chateau Thierry

By E. Buckner Kirk



AT THE COUNTER OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS CANTEEN

**A**merican women as well as American men were at Chateau-Thierry. To be sure, it was no longer the very front itself, but it was just at the back of the front and through it passed all day long supply trains and men moving up towards the trenches and men and empty supply trains coming back.

In 1914 an American woman, Frances Wilson Huard, watched hundreds upon hundreds of refugees stream along that road toward Paris.

Four years later a little group of American canteen workers were in Chateau-Thierry watching an ever-moving procession in the other direction. The town for the possession of which so many American lives had been laid down was safe at last; so safe that the ever-cautious authorities asked for women to run a Red Cross canteen there, and thus it came about that a little group of us were able to follow our own troops into the famous village. We set up our kahlil tent on the lawn of the chateau and from there we saw the whole panorama of war go by. It was a strange sight to women, an unendurable sight, if one could not feel that in some small human way one was of service. But our canteen, with its huge sign American Red Cross, drew troops from the road as a honey pot draws flies; and with the villagers who had come home, we were almost as popular as the fountain across the way. So we came to know that we were of use—a stimulus to that weary but indomitable fellow, the poilu; a kind of cross between diversion and oracle to the villagers; and, best of all, a bit of home to our own men.

"Gee," a young artilleryman said to me one day, "you're from home, aren't you? But I don't suppose you come from Indiana." For the first time in my life I would have gladly disowned my own state, if only I could have honestly told him that I came from Indiana.

From our duties at the marmites, cache or counter, we could look out upon the cross road and the fountain of the little village, two years ago unknown to most of us, now an unforgettable word in American history. For us who have been there, it is an even more unforgettable memory.

### Martial Splendor Lacking.

During the period of reconstruction, when we were at the village, a motley stream of soldiers passed over the dusty road every day. One man who visited our canteen, excited by the color and variety and gaiety of the passing show, likened it to P. T. Barnum's "greatest show on earth." But we women who saw it day by day, who in however slight a measure ministered to the bodily needs of hungry American boys, tired poilus in faded blue, slender, picturesque chasseurs Alpine, big black Senegalese, yellow Annamese of the salvage corps, beautiful bronze Moroccans with red fezzes, and an occasional group of grave young Anzacs, sweating, singing Tommies, or "hairy Jocks" with khaki awning and bonnets atilt, we who saw it all day and hour by hour, could see nothing of the circus about it. To be sure, the smooth road, winding into the little village between shattered trunks of once stately poplars, was off a vividly alive with color and movement and comedy. But of martial splendor, in our old sense of the word, there was not a trace. No music but the grinding of hard-worn axles under grimly camouflaged field pieces, or the creak of dusty wagons piled



A SMALL VISITOR FROM THE VILLAGE



SYMPATHY AND AID FOR EVERY REFUGEE

high with the paraphernalia of camp kitchens, or the screech of a motor horn or a madly whizzing motorcycle. Even when the road was clear of vehicles and long lines of soldiers moved over it to the front or clumped drearily back, there was no sound of compact, marching feet. "Route marching" was the way the Americans came, while the French poilus, with queer bundles strung about them at all sorts of unexpected places, seemed fairly to stroll along. But they were going up to the front, these men, and however they might feel about it, it was no circus for us.

Not that the outward appearance of the moving troops was depressing. Far from it. They went by, to quote Ian Hay, "scattering homely jests like hail." Some came singing and I shall never forget the first day that American boys came into the village. "The Americans are coming," sent us flying out of doors; and "les Americans" echoed the French about us. Around the bend of the road by the church they came. We could hear them singing before we could distinguish the words and then—"until my dreams all come true." It was "The Long, Long Trail," which brought back to some of us vividly the first summer of the war at home, when we had danced and played and said good-by to the music of that song.

### Present From Headquarters.

One morning I looked out from the canteen upon a new scene, a surprise. Several groups of very feeble old men and women were seated upon the lawn of the chateau. A canteener dashed in breathless at this moment. The old people, according to her hurried account, were a present to us from G. H. Q. They had been living up near the front and some action was planned that might prove dangerous to them. So the French authorities, with charming confidence, simply shipped them back to the American Red Cross canteen to be sheltered and fed for 24 hours, until they could be sent on by train to their final destination. The day before we had been eaten nearly out of house and home, by a number of hungry French infantrymen. Now, as our camion had not arrived, we were looking forward with dread to running short of rations for the afternoon contingent.

Every available canteener was rushed out into the byways and hedges, and in an incredibly short time the villagers had contributed enough from their own poor stores to give the old people a hearty meal. Pitifully dazed were these old folk. They had clung

to their homes through invasion and shell fire for three long hard winters; and now it seemed incredible that their own people could turn them out. C'est la guerre.

A house near the railroad station was procured for them and the next morning they were speeded on their way by a group of young American girls who rose early to see them comfortably off.

### Attraction for Kiddies.

The children of the neighborhood found the canteen a fascinating place. They were with us all day long, slipping in and out, being shooed out remorselessly when we were busy or welcomed when we had time to play. Very early in the morning little ten-year-old Pierre came up the drive with our milk pail. Then, after a cupful of hot chocolate and a hunk of bread, we watched him set off sturdily for home, eight long miles away. Pierre was always our first visitor, but before the day had ended, there were a score of others.

Not far from our canteen, the Smith college unit was doing its splendid work. The members of it dropped in on us occasionally, but we heard far more of their doings and sayings from the children. "The play teacher" was a special marvel and we watched with infinite pleasure her successful efforts to teach these small people, who had learned hard lessons in the school of war, the joy of play.

The doctor, too, was a source of endless comfort and amusement to the children. To hear them talk, you would gather that they preferred to be sick rather than well, in order to get her attention. Some of those under her care, made unheard-of journeys to distant hospitals and dispensaries. After five whole weeks of absence, Andrea, the prettiest, frailest child in the village, returned from Doctor Baldwin's little Red Cross hospital at Nesle minus tonsils and adenoids and plus several pounds of soft pink flesh. She had been entirely revolutionized by that institution and started her mother by demanding to be bathed, bathed every day. When the much harassed woman came to us for advice, I am sure she went away marveling at the madness of Americans who believed in soap and water for babies, even in the winter time.

So from the canteen at Chateau-Thierry, our little group of American women, were privileged to see war in all its aspects. Color and excitement, comedy and tragedy, all of life we watched as we worked.

truth in which he is confident he dwells.—Norman Haggood, in *Leslie's*.

### Completely Lost.

A member of a stevedore company, after attempting vainly to hold converse with an Algerian, entered his barracks with this announcement: "Heah, you fellers. Outside Ah done got a nigger who don know who he is or whan he's from. I done think I was lost in France, but dis boy done got sunk widout a trace."

# HOME TOWN HELPS

## CO-OPERATE TO FIGHT FIRE

Officials and Citizens Should Work Together to Reduce Waste Largely Caused by Carelessness.

Self-interest should prompt every property owner and tenant to co-operate with the officials of the fire department and of the fire-prevention bureau. Chief Loucks and Jacob H. Hilkene, director of the fire-prevention bureau, have instituted a system to "fight fires before they begin." Semi-monthly inspections are made in every part of the city and property owners are warned to clean up rubbish and to take precautions against fire, where such appear to be needed.

The comparative figures on fire waste in the United States and in European countries have been presented to American newspaper readers many times. The per capita loss in this country is ten to twenty times as great as in some parts of the Old World. Much of that, to be sure, is due to the difference in materials and methods of constructing buildings. But a very large percentage may be charged to our American carelessness. A large proportion of our fire waste is preventable and the Indianapolis officials are working to eliminate that element.

Fire waste is a burden to everybody and all should be active in helping to reduce it. The insurance rates of a city or a nation are based on the losses the companies pay. The smaller the risk the lower the rates will be. The companies receive from policyholders the money that is paid out on fire losses. The way in which to get lower insurance rates is to keep down losses. We are all interested in that and each should do his or her part to make the inspection system of the city thoroughly effective. — Indianapolis Star.

## HAVE MORE THAN CASH VALUE

General Cultivation of Back-Yard Gardens Means Improvement in the Health of a Community.

It may seem a bit previous to mention it, but don't neglect your garden this year. See if you can't prove peace better than war, even in the back yard.

War gardens were worth several hundred million dollars to their makers last year, in cash saved alone. They were worth yet more to the nation, for the food thus raised at home released railroad equipment for other uses. They were worth most of all in health, education, better habits and saner grasp of life.

All these items will be worth just as much this year as last. Food prices are sure to remain high for a considerable time. Railroad equipment will be scanty enough if we release every possible bit of it for service to the industries which must have it. And of course there is no need to enlarge upon the perennial benefits of healthful work, or the superior taste of home-grown vegetables.

Plan your peace garden now.

## EFFECTIVE "CAMOUFLAGE"



An Unightly Wall Adjoining Church Property, Beautified by a Trellis Vines and Shrubs. —Popular Mechanics Magazine.

### Destruction of Rats in Cities.

The routing of rats from cities has become both an economic and a sanitary necessity. Facing the possibility of an epidemic of bubonic or pneumonic plague and the enormous expenditures necessitated by such an outbreak, it is the part of wisdom for any city to protect itself from the calamity. It is not for the individual householder or citizen to decide whether he will interest himself in the subject. It is a matter for municipal legislation, and it is the duty of the citizen to support the ordinances and to co-operate with the authorities to the best of his ability in order that the city may be a clean and safe place in which to live.

### Fire Prevention.

Fire prevention is the next form of public thrift this country must develop. Our returning soldiers can bring back word that in the last pre-war year, 1913, our per capita fire loss was more than four times that of France and more than six times that of England. —Boston Herald.

# DAIRY



## BEST GRAIN FOR DAIRY COWS

Corn is Well Adapted to Be Part of Ration—Ground Oats, Barley and Rye Are Good.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Many of the more common grains that are grown upon the farm are suitable for use in the dairy ration. Corn is probably the most common grain grown upon the farm and is well adapted to be part of the ration of a dairy cow. Corn is palatable, heavy, and one of the best and cheapest sources of the energy or heat-making part of the ration; but, on account of its low protein content, it should not form the entire grain ration. In order to lighten up this grain the cob is often ground with the kernel, the resulting meal being called corn-and-cob meal. This feed is more bulky and better adapted for mixing with heavy grains. The corn crop products analyze as follows:

Digestible nutrients—Corn meal: Protein, 6.9 per cent; carbohydrates and fat, 75.9 per cent. Corn-and-cob meal: Protein, 6.1 per cent; carbohydrates and fat, 72 per cent.

Ground oats are slightly laxative and very well adapted for feeding dairy cattle. Owing to the high market price of oats, it is usually more economical to sell them and purchase other feeds which furnish nutrients at a cheaper price. Digestible nutrients of oats: Protein, 9.4 per cent; carbohydrates and fat, 60.6 per cent.

Ground barley is a palatable feed, and one that can be used to good advantage as a source of carbohydrates or energy material for dairy cows where its price is moderate. Like corn, it should not be the only grain in the



Fine Young Animal for Dairy Herd.

ration, as it is low in protein, containing 9 per cent, and also carries 70.4 per cent of carbohydrates and fat.

Ground rye is not especially palatable and should not be used in large quantities, as it tends to produce a hard, tallowy butter. Mixed with other feeds, it is often a valuable addition to the ration. It contains 9.2 per cent protein; 70.4 per cent carbohydrates and fat.

## FIND TUBERCULOSIS IN COW

Some Animals, Apparently Healthy, May Be Affected With Ailment—Call in Veterinarian.

It is difficult for anyone to detect tuberculosis in a cow by her appearance. Some cows, apparently healthy, may be affected with this disease. An ordinary layman can detect tuberculosis in a cow about as well as can a professional man.

If a cow is in an advanced stage of tuberculosis she will usually cough, be poor in flesh, have a dull expression in her eyes and appear sluggish. The milk from such a cow should not be used for either animals or human beings.

The safest method is to have a herd tested for tuberculosis by a capable veterinarian. This test may be administered by the owner or by any other careful person, but it can readily be seen that the results of such a test would not be official.

## WARM DRINKING WATER BEST

Practice Will Save Feed and Help Milk Flow—Cow Will Drink More Abundantly.

Warm drinking water for the dairy stock will save feed and also benefit the milk flow. It saves feed because it does not draw on the vitality of the cow as does cold water. It benefits the milk flow because a cow will not reach her maximum production unless she drinks water abundantly. This she will not do if it is ice cold.

## COMMON MISTAKE WITH COWS

Not Given Sufficient Quantity of Feed Above That Required for Physical Maintenance.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

One of the most common mistakes in the feeding of dairy cows is that the good cows are not given a sufficient quantity of feed above that required for their physical maintenance to obtain the maximum quantity of milk they are capable of producing.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

# SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)  
(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

## LESSON FOR JANUARY 12

### MOSES THE DELIVERER OF ISRAEL.

LESSON TEXT—Exodus 3:1-12.  
GOLDEN TEXT—And Moses verily was faithful in all his house. Hebrews 3:5.  
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Exodus 3:13-17; Acts 7:37-38.

While the oppression of God's people was heading up, in the providence of God a deliverer was being prepared to take up the task at the opportune hour. Moses was first trained at his mother's knee, then in Pharaoh's court and finally under God's immediate hand in the desert. The latter was an indispensable part of his training. His learning in the wisdom of the Egyptians was helpful, but without the immediate tutelage of God he would have been a failure. All who are used of God must spend some time in the retirement of his presence. Two notable examples are Paul in Arabia and John on Patmos.

### I. The Lord Speaks to Moses in the Burning Bush (vv. 1-6).

It was while keeping the flock of his father-in-law in the desert that the Lord appeared to Moses. Had he remained in Pharaoh's palace he never could have had the vision of the burning bush. This bush enveloped in flames, yet unconsumed, symbolized the people of God, ensnared in the very fire of God, or God dwelling in the midst of an elect people. Moses steps aside to behold this strange sight, but must be taught the essential lesson of the proper approach to God. We now can approach God with boldness through Jesus Christ (Hebrews 10:19). Our God is a consuming fire. No evil can be permitted in his presence (Joshua 7; Acts 5). The Lord did not leave him long in suspense. He told him he was the God of his fathers, the covenant God. As soon as he knew it was God who was speaking to him he hid his face. The sight of God always causes sinful men to hide (Isaiah 6:5).

### II. Moses Commissioned as the Deliverer of His People (3:7-10).

In the preamble of this commission God said to Moses: "I have seen the affliction of my people." This is always true (Psalms 22:24; 34:4, 6; Isaiah 63:9). "I have heard their cry." Not a cry ever goes up from a child of God unheard by him. "I have come down to deliver them out of the hand of the Egyptians." This shows that God is actively interested in the cause of his people. He graciously obligates himself: (1) To deliver them out of the hands of the Egyptians. Egypt may be considered a type of the world; the oppression, a type of sin's bondage; and Pharaoh, a type of the devil. God delivers his own from the hands of the devil (Colossians 1:13). (2) To bring them out of the land. God does not deliver and leave his own in the enemy's land, but brings them out into a land "flowing with milk and honey." (3) To bring them into a "good land and large." There is no loss in obeying God. When he brings us out of the enemy's land he brings us into a better land.

### III. Moses' Objections Patiently Heard and Removed (3:11; 4:10).

1. Personal Unworthiness (v. 11). He realized his insufficiency for this task. His forty years in the school of God have wrought a great change in him. His hesitancy is a good sign. Men who are really qualified to do a great work are not forward to begin it; e. g., Jeremiah, Martin Luther, George Washington. Moses did not refuse to go, but pled his difficulty before the Lord. God answered this difficulty by assuring him that he would be with him. When God is with a man the impossible becomes the possible.

2. The Difficulty of the People to Understand Moses' Relationship to God (3:13, 14). Moses knew how unwilling they were to acknowledge him as their deliverer forty years before. Since God changes his name as he assumes a new relationship to his people, Moses inquired as to what that new relationship would be, and his corresponding name. The Lord promptly met this difficulty by showing him a name differing in many respects from all others previously given. This new name is "I Am." This name is from the Hebrew verb "to be." It indicates (1) God's self-existence; (2) his self-sufficiency; (3) his unchangeableness.

3. Unbelief on the Part of the People (4:1). This difficulty the Lord met by supplying him with credentials which could not be gainsaid. He was given the power to perform supernatural wonders (4:2).

4. Lack of Eloquence (4:10). This difficulty the Lord met by providing an assistant in his brother Aaron.

### Our Sadness.

We ask God to forgive us for our evil thoughts and evil temper, but rarely, if ever, ask him to forgive us for our sadness. Joy is regarded as a happy accident of the Christian life, an ornament and a luxury rather than a duty.—R. W. Dale.

### The Human Heart.

The human heart is so constituted that it is only filled by the richness which flows from it—not by the richness which flows into it.—Agnes Edwards.

## The Old Gardener

We were talking, as he instructed me to simple work about the garden. I narrated that a famous Japanese said this war was to be the destruction of European civilization. "It is the fulfillment of it," he said. "It is the best I have ever heard of. I have never heard of it before. It is not yet. This war is not yet with the 1918."

through which we must pass before the world accepts the lessons of the Master. There shall be lack of raiment, food and coal, and every man's hand shall be raised against his brother." As I often do, I expressed a doubt whether our country could make the transfer to another age intelligently. "No nation," the garden-sold, "is Christian enough to avoid chaos that is to precede the better day. It is written." Then the gardener and I went on with hoe and de, I wondering, he calm in the

Colds Coughs Catarrh

A trinity of evils, closely allied, that afflict most people, and which follow one on the other, in the order named, until the last one is spread through the system, leading to many evils. But their course can be checked.

PERUNA CONQUERS

It is of great value when used promptly for a cold, usually checking it and overcoming it in a few days. Ample evidence has proved that it is even of more value in overcoming chronic catarrh, dispelling the inflammatory conditions, enabling the diseased membrane to perform their natural functions, and toning up the entire system.

THE PERUNA COMPANY COLUMBUS, OHIO

"CASCARETS"

They Gently Clean the Liver and Bowels, and Stop Headache, Colds, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath

Enjoy Life! Take Cascarets and Wake Up Feeling Fit and Fine—Best Laxative for Men, Women, Children—Harmless—Never Gripe



CASCARETS WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Two Bits of Sentiment. "If ye break faith with us who die we shall not sleep in Flanders fields." There is much tender sentiment in two suggestions going the rounds of woman's clubs. One is that a patch of red-poppies be sown in every garden next spring in memory of the millions dead. The other is that the heart-searching appeal, "In Flanders Fields," and "America's Answer" be printed in large type, framed and permanently displayed in every schoolhouse.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson.

They Were All on Hand. Patience—Some wedding, wasn't it? Patience—It certainly was. You see, Peggy had six men for ushers and she had been engaged to every one of them at some time or another.

Patience—Odd, wasn't it? Patience—Yes, and she wouldn't let the organist play Mendelssohn's "Wedding March."

Patience—No? Patience—No, no. She had him play "Hail, Hail, the Gang's All Here."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

The Way of It. "That singer made a pile, didn't she?" "Yes, off her velvet voice."

Keep Yourself Fit

You can't afford to be laid up with sore, aching kidneys in these days of high prices. Some occupations bring kidney troubles; almost any work makes weak kidneys worse. If you feel tired all the time, and suffer with lame back, sharp pains, dizzy spells, headaches and disordered kidney action, use Doan's Kidney Pills. It may save an attack of rheumatism, dropsy, or Bright's disease. Doan's have helped thousands back to health.

A Texas Case

A. E. Johnson, Beeville, Texas, says: "My kidneys were affected. Sometimes when taking a lift, a sharp pain caught me across the small of my back and I would have to give up. Then the kidney secretions began to pass too freely and scalded. I used about three boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills and now my kidneys are in good condition."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP

This most remarkable remedy causes the stomach to act naturally and keeps the bowels open. It is purely vegetable, producing only highly beneficial results.

Cabbage Plants

Genuine Frost proof, all varieties, immediate and future shipment. By express—\$50, \$1.25; 1000, \$2.00; 5000, \$8.75. Parcel Post Prepaid—100, 35c; 500, \$1.50; 1000, \$2.50. Enterprise Co. Inc., Sumner, S. C.

A Lowly Buyer. "Did you order anything from the grocer?" "No, I humbly requested a few things."—London Answers.

If your druggist does not have Dr. Pepp's "Dead Shot" for Worms and Tapeworm, send 25 cents to 372 Pearl Street, New York and you will get it by return mail. Adv.

The Robust School. "Give me the old-fashioned tragedian who used to hallow and smite his chest as he stalked about the stage." "That sort of acting is out of date." "I know it, but the old-fashioned tragedian frequently worked up a profuse perspiration before the performance was over. Even if he couldn't act, you could see he was no quitter."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

\$100 Reward, \$100. Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$100.00 for any case of Catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Those "Kitchen" Police. "I was taking my turn on kitchen police on day when an officer came in to make the usual inspection of the pots and pans. He picked up one kettle, saying, roughly: 'Who washed this?' "Expecting a severe reprimand, I said: 'I did, sir.' "Well, it's the first time I've seen the bottom of this pan since it was new!" he exclaimed, much to my amazement."—Chicago Tribune.

Children's handkerchiefs often look hopeless when they come to the laundry. Wash with good soap, rinse in water blued with Red Cross Ball Blue.

Told of His Own Death.

John H. Everett was awakened to receive a telegram from Washington conveying the information that he had been killed in action in France. He read the telegram twice and began to think he was having a nightmare. The fact is Everett has never been in France. Neither has he ever worn a military uniform. He is within the draft age, but was never called for service.—Wilmington News.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/2 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.

Didn't Know the Taste.

"Don't those parvenus make you sick?" asked a young man of his partner at a dinner. "I don't know," she replied innocently, "I never ate any."—Jersey City Journal.

No Worms in a Healthy Child. All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GIVON'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a general strength tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dislodge the worms, and the child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

Towels and eggs can never be too fresh.

Some men's wealth is fabulous and that of others a mere fable.

Your Eyes

Granulated Eyelids. Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists or by mail 60c per Bottle For Book of the Eye free write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

The KITCHEN CABINET

Break forth, O beauteous heavenly light. And usher in the morning: Ye shepherds, shrink not with affright. But hear the angels' warning.

DISHES THAT SAVE EGGS.

A dish to save eggs need not mean that eggs are to be entirely eliminated, for we need the nutriment of this valuable food even when as high-priced as eggs are at the present time. The thrifty housewife has been beforehand and has packed a supply of eggs in water-glass during the summer or early fall, when eggs could be purchased at a reasonable price. Eggs packed carefully may be used as fresh eggs.

A dish which takes the place of scrambled eggs, is less expensive and quite nutritive is the following: Cook a quarter of a cupful of rice in an omelet pan until a light yellow with any sweet fat, stirring often to keep it from scorching. When of a good color, broth or water may be added, with seasoning. Cook the rice until perfectly tender. Just before time to serve add a half cupful of milk and an egg or two; stir until well scrambled and serve at once.

Honey Drop Cakes.—Cream a half cupful of shortening and add a half cupful of sugar, one cupful of honey, a beaten egg yolk and a tablespoonful of lemon juice and a pinch of salt. Mix well and add three cupfuls of flour with four teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Beat and add one stiffly beaten white of egg.

Apple Sauce Cake.—Take half a cupful of shortening, a half cupful of sugar, one cupful of apple sauce. Cream the shortening and sugar, then add the sauce. Mix and sift together two cupfuls of flour and three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one teaspoonful each of nutmeg, cinnamon and cloves. Beat well, then add a half cupful of raisins and bake in a loaf.

Jelly Roll.—Take one cupful of sugar, one beaten egg and one and one-half cupfuls of flour, sifted with three teaspoonfuls of baking powder; beat well, add six tablespoonfuls of hot water and pour into a pan, making the batter about one-quarter of an inch thick. Turn out on a paper well dusted with powdered sugar, spread with jelly and roll up at once. A cloth may be rolled around the cake to keep it in place until cool.

Hate always hurts the hater most—for in many cases the hated are big enough not to let the hate in.—Adams.

SUGGESTIONS FOR SWEETS.

Honey will play an important part in the candies for the kiddies as sugar is not yet plentiful enough to warrant any careless use of it.

Honey Taffy.—Take two cupfuls of honey, one-half cupful of sugar, one-fourth teaspoonful of soda and two tablespoonfuls of vinegar. Boil to the hard crack in cold water. Cool until it can be handled, then pull as other taffy. Cut and roll in waxen paper.

Italian Honey Candy.—Take one pint of honey, two pounds of chopped almonds, three-fourths of a pound of pecans, one teaspoonful of cinnamon and one-half pound of grated chocolate. Boil until thick and smooth, then roll and allow to cool. Cut in round cakes and dry them in the oven.

Fruit Sweets.—Take one cupful each of dates, figs, raisins and nuts; prepare as above, adding one and a half teaspoonfuls of orange juice, a little grated rind and one-eighth of a cupful (two tablespoonfuls) of honey. Mold in small balls and roll in coconut.

Nougat.—Beat the whites of four eggs until stiff. Boil two cupfuls of strained honey until it cracks, pour slowly over the beaten whites of the eggs. Stir in the nuts and beat until smooth, pour out on a waxed paper, cover with another and a weight and let stand over night. Cut in squares and wrap in waxed paper.

Chocolate Chips.—Take one and a half cupfuls of corn sirup and half a cupful of molasses; boil until it cracks in cold water. Pour into an oiled pan, cool and pull. Pull into ribbon-shaped pieces one-half inch wide and cut in strips one inch long. Set away to become hard. When cold and brittle, dip in melted chocolate and cool on waxed paper.

Glaced Fruit and Nut Balls.—Take one cupful each of dates, figs and raisins with two cupfuls of nuts. Wash and dry the fruit, remove stones from the dates and put all through meat chopper, mixing the nuts with the fruit. Do not use the finest knife as the balls are better if not too pasty. Boil together two cupfuls of corn sirup, one-fourth cupful each of sugar and water with a tablespoonful of vinegar. Cook until the mixture is brittle when dropped in cold water. Set the pan over hot water and dip the balls, which have been rolled the size of a hickory nut, into the boiling sirup. Let dry on a buttered tin or waxed paper.

We may live without friends, we may live without books, But civilized man cannot live without cooks; We may live without love, what is passion but giving? But where is the man that can live without dining?

SOME CHOICE RECIPES.

We all have some recipes of which we are very fond. The following are gathered from many sources, but are all cherished recipes:

Martha's Cookies.—Take one cupful of shortening, a mixture of any sweet fat, adding salt, three beaten eggs, two cupfuls of sugar and a half cupful of milk. Sift two cupfuls of flour with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and add lemon flavoring, either the extract or grated rind. Let stand an hour to chill, then add as much flour as needed to roll.

Ginger Cookies.—Take one cupful of sugar, one and one-fourth cupfuls of melted fat, one-half cupful of cold coffee, two tablespoonfuls of ginger, two eggs, a teaspoonful of soda and one teaspoonful of cinnamon. Dissolve the soda in the coffee and add salt if the fat is unsalted. Mix with flour as soft as possible and let stand an hour to stiffen and season before rolling and baking.

Chocolate Cake.—Take one cupful of brown sugar, one-fourth of a cupful of shortening, one-fourth of a cupful of sour milk, one teaspoonful of soda, one teaspoonful of vanilla, one egg, one and one-fourth cupfuls of flour, two squares of chocolate cut up and dissolved in a half cupful of hot water, added the last thing. Bake in layers and put together with boiled frosting or orange filling which is especially delicious with this cake.

Lemon Pie (New England Recipe).—Take one cupful of sugar, two teaspoonfuls of flour, one cupful of milk, two tablespoonfuls of butter, the juice and rind of a lemon, the yolks of two eggs and the whites of three. Mix the sugar and butter together; add the yolks of the eggs and the flour. Mix all the other ingredients and stir in the beaten whites last. Bake in an uncooked pastry shell.

Raisin Pie.—Take one-half cupful of raisins, one cupful of water, three-fourths of a cupful of sugar, one tablespoonful of cornstarch, the yolks of two eggs and the juice and rind of a lemon. Bake with two crusts. The egg may be omitted and a cupful of sour cream substituted in place of the water, which makes a most tasty pie filling.

The most evident good thing that this world war has brought out in us is thrift. As a people we have been notoriously prodigal. We have produced more wealth in one century than Europe has in ten. But we have flung it to the winds with both hands.—Dr. Crane.

FISH, FRESH AND SALT.

Fresh fish should be firm and eyes bright. They are usually baked, broiled, fried or boiled.



There is no more appetizing dish than fresh fish caught and cooked within an hour. To broil, split the fish from the head to the tail, wipe it dry and season well with salt and pepper. Grease the broiler and cook over a good heat, turning the broiler so that the fish will be evenly cooked.

Baked White Fish.—Clean the white fish and stuff with a crumb dressing well-seasoned with onion and sage, if liked. Roast or bake like meat.

Steamed Fish.—Arrange the body of the fish in a circle, pour over it a cupful of good vinegar, seasoned with pepper and salt; let it stand an hour in a cool place, pour off the vinegar and steam twenty minutes, or longer if a large fish. When the meat is easily separated from the bones it is done. Too long cooking will destroy the flavor, but under-done fish is most unpalatable. Drain well and serve on a neatly folded napkin or fish cloth. Garnish the platter with parsley.

Baked Salt Mackerel.—Soak the fish over night sink side up to remove all salt. Place in a dripping pan with a thin covering of sweet or sour cream; bake until the meat separates from the bones.

Boiled Fresh Cod.—Place the fish tied in a cloth with a little salt and scraped horse-radish. Let simmer in water until done. Serve on a folded napkin with a drawn butter sauce passed in a sauceboat. A white sauce with chopped, hard-cooked egg is another well-liked for boiled fish.

Breakfast Codfish.—Pick up salt codfish into small bits and soak overnight in cold water. Heat some milk, a bit of butter and when hot add the fish which has been squeezed dry; when boiling hot add a little flour mixed with cold milk and cook until thick, or an egg may be used in place of the flour. Serve at once.

Nellie Maxwell

Just Once! Try Dodson's Liver Tone! Take No Calomel! Listen To Me! If bilious, constipated, headachy or sick, I guarantee relief without taking dangerous calomel which sickens and salivates.

Stop using calomel! It makes you sick. Don't lose a day's work. If you feel lazy, sluggish, bilious or constipated, listen to me! Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with your bile, crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you are "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store and get a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents. Take a spoonful tonight, and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous by morning, I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it can not salivate or sicken you sick. I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep the entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.—Adv.

After the "Flu" —Fever or Cold Clean the Acidity and Toxic Poisons Out of the Digestive Tract

Millions are now suffering from the after effects of the deadly "flu," a fever or cold. Their appetites are poor; they are weak, and they are waiting for their strength to come back. If these people could only realize that the return to health and strength would be greatly helped by giving attention to the stomach—that is, removing the acidity and toxic poisons from the entire digestive tract, making it act naturally, so that the body will receive the full strength of the food eaten—a great deal of suffering would be saved to humanity. Everyone knows that the disease itself, and the strong medicines that have been taken, upset the stomach, leave it hot and feverish, the mouth dry, the tongue coated, a nasty taste, and no desire to eat. This is a poor foundation to build new strength on. Now, tens of thousands of people all over this country are using EATONIC for the purpose of cleaning these poisonous after-effects right out of the system and they are obtaining wonderful results—so wonderful that the amazingly quick benefits are hardly believable, just as shown in the remarkable letter which is published upon the request of this sturdy old Civil War veteran. He is 77 years old. Read what he says EATONIC did for him: "I am an old soldier, past seventy-seven years. I had the Spanish influenza and it left my stomach in an awful shape. I tried three different doctors but got no relief. As a last resort I bought and got a box of EATONIC and to my great surprise the very first tablet I took helped me. I can now eat anything I want, and feel fine. Yours faithfully, Fowler, Indiana, Dec. 4, 1918. C. S. Martin

This is only one case out of thousands. You should make the EATONIC test in your own case at once. You have everything to gain—not a penny can you lose, for we take all the risk. Your own common sense, your own feelings, tell you that a good appetite, good digestion, a good stomach, with the fever poisons and effects of strong medicines out of your system, will put you on the road to strong, robust health again. You want to enjoy life again after you have battled with the "flu," fever or colds, or any other illness that has taken your strength. You want to get back your old-time vigor, be full of pep and enthusiasm—be able to work with ease, instead of listlessly, half-heartedly dragging out a mere existence. So be sure to take a box of EATONIC home with you today. We cannot urge this too strongly. If EATONIC fails to give you positive beneficial results, it will not cost you a penny. There is no risk—the benefit is surely all for you.

EATONIC FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

NOTE—Over 20,000 drug stores throughout the United States sell and guarantee EATONIC. If you cannot obtain EATONIC quickly at your drug store, do not be without it. Write us and we will mail you a big size after you get it. Add: H. L. Kramer, Pres., EATONIC REMEDY CO., 1044 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Join the Gang. "Do you think I could see Mr. Wombat any time soon?" "I don't know. He's pretty busy." "I know he is. I can hear him telling funny stories to an appreciative audience. But why not let me join the crowd?"

WHY WOMEN DREAD OLD AGE

Don't worry about old age. Don't worry about being in other people's way when you are getting on in years. Keep your body in good condition and you can be as hale and hearty in your old days as you were when a kid, and every one will be glad to see you. The kidneys and bladder are the causes of senile afflictions. Keep them clean and in proper working condition. Drive the poisonous wastes from the system and avoid uric acid accumulations. Take GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules periodically and you will find that the system will always be in perfect working order. Your spirits will be enlivened, your muscles made strong and your face have once more the look of youth and health. New life, fresh strength and health will come as you continue this treatment. When your first vigor has been restored continue for awhile taking a capsule or two each day. They will keep you in condition and prevent a return of your troubles. There is only one guaranteed brand of Haarlem Oil Capsules, GOLD MEDAL. There are many fakes on the market. Be sure you get the Original GOLD MEDAL Imported Haarlem Oil Capsules. They are the only reliable. For sale by all first-class druggists.—Adv.

Probably for the Best.

It may be all for the best for us elderly registrants that the war ended when it did, for if we had come back with wooden legs we should not realize it when our dear wives kicked us or the shin for an ill-advised remark at a company dinner and would be unable to retrieve ourselves.—Grand Rapids Press.

Headache, Bilious Attacks, Indigestion, are cured by taking Mrs. Apple, Also, Jaundice cured by Pleasant Pellets (Dr. Pierce's). Adv.

Comparison. "It's just as wrong to gamble when you win as when you lose." "Yassuh," assented Mr. Ernest Pinkley. Do immorality is 'jus' as great, but do inconvenience ain't."

We Pay The Most For FURS H. WAINER & Co., ORLEANS

Cuticura Promotes Hair Health

FROST PROOF Cabbage Plants

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

PATENTS

Kodak Films Developed Free

A Bad Cough

# Bad Weather Means Big Feed

PURINA COW CHOW for your Milk Cow.

PURINA PIG CHOW for your Pigs

PURINA SCRATCH FEED and PURINA CHICKEN FEED CHOWDER for your Chickens

In addition to Purina Feeds we have

Corn Chops	Barley Chops
Bran	Hulls
Cold Pressed Cake	Cottonseed Meal
Johnson Grass Hay	

## B. L. BOYDSTUN

BAIRD, TEXAS

### Don't You Forget It.

Bear in mind that Chamberlain's Tablets not only move the bowels but improve the appetite and strengthen the digestion. They contain no pepsin or other digestive ferment but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. For sale by all druggists. 6

### To the Dyspeptic.

Would you not like to feel that your stomach troubles are over, that you can eat any kind of food that you crave? Consider then the fact that Chamberlain's Tablets have cured others—why not you? There are many who have been restored to health by taking these tablets and can now eat any kind of food that they crave. For sale by all druggists

## Are You Open-Minded?

The average American is open-minded.

American business is conducted by true Americans of vision, open-minded men who believe in their country and strive to meet their country's needs. The men in the packing industry are no exception to the rule.

The business of Swift & Company has grown as the nation has progressed. Its affairs have been conducted honorably, efficiently, and economically, reducing the margin between the cost of live stock and the selling price of dressed meat, until today the profit is only a fraction of a cent a pound—too small to have any noticeable effect on prices.

The packing industry is a big, vital industry—one of the most important in the country. Do you understand it?

Swift & Company presents facts in the advertisements that appear in this paper. They are addressed to every open-minded person in the country.

The booklet of preceding chapters in this story of the packing industry, will be mailed on request to  
Swift & Company  
Union Stock Yards - Chicago, Illinois

### Swift & Company

U. S. A.

have  
the de.



in the Regiment is to get one.

At present we have stopped for awhile, but don't know how long or where we are to go from here. I think we will get new clothes here and get some good hot baths, etc. We haven't had any new clothing except underwear and socks since we left Spoy for the front, so you can imagine how anxious we are to fixed up once more.

Military training will help make an old man young—but war will make a young man old.

Got a letter from Morgan a few days ago and believe me I was surely glad to hear that the old boy made it through safely. Also got another letter from Jimmie Friend.

It looks like we will be home before summer and Mother maybe I will get to celebrate your birthday, March 1st, at home. Hope so anyway.

Am billiting in the same village with Bob (Estes) now and see him two or three times a day, slept in the same billit one night, on the hike, with him. Saw Bennie Russell and Ed Chambers a few days ago. Both doing fine.

With the exception of three or four days we have been having very nice weather, although it has been pretty cold, but no snow. Spent Thanksgiving hiking in the rain—bully beef, rice and red beans for dinner. Our Chaplain held a short service at the noon hour. This was a thanksgiving that I believe we had more to be thankful for than ever before. Began hiking about six in the morning and hiked until that night.

At present I am doing fine and in the best of health and believe that if the war didn't get a fellow and he he was able to make the last hike there is not much use to worry about anything.

Will write again first chance.

With worlds of love,

James

Bernoil, France, Dec. 8, 1918

This is the first Sunday that we have had "off" since we left Camp Bowie and it certainly seems strange to sit around and write without some one yelling "fall in" for drill or "fall in with pick and shovel." While we were "on the front" we hardly knew when Sunday came as we were always very busy—in fact Sunday always seemed to be the Dutch's busy day, as he sent over his full quota of shells and generally made the hardest efforts to break our lines every Sabbath day. On Sunday, September 29th Fritz killed two horses in about 50 yards of me. Just as soon as that shell hit we all made for the closest dugout, and just as we got in he sent over a "gas" shell and we had to get into our masks, but as he only sent one gas shell it didn't amount to much. The shells kept dropping so thick and fast that we had to abandon our work on that section of the road. We went back to our dugouts (camp) and he kept shelling, killed three negro soldiers in about 25 steps of my dugout. I began to think he was shooting at "me", but if he was he used mighty poor judgment in getting his range.

Well there is no use of me trying to write any of my experiences as I will tell you all that when I get home and paper is kinder scarce today besides. Have always tried to write very little about what really happened while we were going through it so you would not worry about me. On 23rd of September I wrote you that I had been "on the front" or something about while we "were on the front", like I was then back of the lines quite a distance, but the truth of it was I was in just as "warm" place then as I would ever care to get into anymore. After going up Sept. 11th we never came off or had any relief while we were there. We were just beyond a little place called Bruelles (up near Sedan) when we learned that the armistice was on and we finished putting in a bridge and a foot plank road across a river bottom the day before the armistice went into effect. The French had a high graded road across this river bottom and when the "Bosche" retreated they put 16 big road mines in about one-half mile of the road so we had to build a road across this marsh to get artil-

lery and food for the "doughboys" up to the front. The "Bosche" blew up the road about 3 o'clock one evening and in three hours time traffic was moving across the river bottom over a temporarily built road. After we got the traffic moving our Company started the plank road and bridge one afternoon late and had it ready for heavy traffic by 2 o'clock the next afternoon. Of course part of the work was done at night, so you see if it wasn't for the Engineers the other branches of the service would be very much handicapped.

Saw Royce, Murman, Otho, Less Walker, Cliff Barnum a few days ago. They are about four miles from me now. As soon as I heard where they were located I hunted them up and believe me we were some happy bunch. I stayed over for a "show" and ate supper with the boys. Someone told us that 18 "American" girls were to put on an entertainment that night and as it had been months since I had seen an American girl I was more than willing to stay just to see one at a distance—but somebody lied—as it was 18 big old soldier boys. I enjoyed their show a little but the 142d Infantry band rendered a concert that was much better. x x x

Have been with Robert every night nearly since we have been here. Robert, Clarence Brock, Baum, (of Cross Plains) and I get together quite often. They are all doing fine.

Will write again in a few days.

Am in the best of health and if nothing happens expect to be home by March. Hope so anyway.

Love to all,

James

The following letter was received by Miss Bernice Foy from her brother, Fred Foy who is with the A. E. F.

Nov. 13, 1918

Dear Bernice: You "poor child" the reason I have sent all my letters to Hugo was because he is nearer, and it would save time, but this is your letter—the best one of all because the terrible part of the fight is over. For 48 hours now we have not had any firing, and you can never know the feeling of being able to walk around and knowing that a shell will not drop out of the blue and tear you to fragments. The relief is so great that we cannot realize it is true and find ourselves seeking shelter involuntarily. We were under fire right up to the hour set and two of our men were badly wounded the day before. I suppose that we will rest here a few days, and then follow the Huns over to their border. I dread the hike and cold. We are all more or less worn out as we have been doing double time trying to keep up with the Germans, and have not rested.

Bernice, your reference to our rest camps being nice and warm is rather amusing. We (90th Div.) have been at the front continuously, and on enemy ground, there is no rest camp. We sleep part of the night and continue on, ever onward dodging shells, air bombs and gas. What a relief the news is. Perhaps a few months and I will be back at that wonderful place—"home"

Hugo, I get all your letters o. k. and appreciate them. I think you are not getting mine. The officers and men have all been too busy to fool with mail. The rigidity of the censor depends upon the ideas of different unit commanders, hence I know what I can write. The letters you mention were probably written in the lobby of the big Paris hotel and not at the front.

I went "over" the first time at 5 a. m. Sept. 12th and have been going over ever since. I sent the cable several weeks later, I think. Sent it to Paris by a "Y" man who said he would send it the end of the week. Our barage started at 1 a. m., we had slipped into the trenches in a foot of mud and rain, darkness, stillness and fear, not a sound, and you could see no enemy. The artillery was working frantically getting into position under cover of darkness. At 1 a. m. the end of the world came. Back of us was a continual glare from the guns and the vibration tossed you around like in a storm.

It was impossible to talk. The Germans returned the fire but it was impossible to survive such a shower of steel. Soon it was only our guns and our "Rookies" confidence returned. At 5 a. m. our boys went over just at dawn through the fog. I went with the second wave. It was an inspiring sight but I would not care to see it again. Our barrage had completely demolished everything. Squealing Huns poured from dugouts, crying "Kamrad," machine guns spat venomously and one pounder screamed past. There was no fear now. Faces were stern and set, and rich and poor, pickpockets and priests, fought, bled and died together. We occupied the German positions and lived on their food several days.

I have had lots of souvenirs, but have never been back at rest so I could send them. Our division has been working ever since we went in and there has not been a minute since that my life has not been in great danger. I have had many fine friends fall at my side and often I have resigned myself to my fate with the hope that there would be some way of you finding out how I died. But here I am and the war is over. We are in an old wooden shack inside the walls of what was once a French Convent, but used by the Germans as a prison camp.

I wish I could come home now and be with you all Xmas—but rest assured that my heart will be with you, and I will visualize, oh! so clearly what you all are doing, saying and thinking. You will know that I am still working, but no longer in dangers and how cheerfully I shall bend my shoulders to the wheel now. The next time I write will probably be from some German border town. So glad Raymond has not been in action, a man cannot fight long in these days and live. Don't worry about my Xmas, just send me a little "sweet stuff" if possible. I sent the coupon some time ago. I will make myself a Xmas when I come back. I cannot help but think of all the glad hearts in the world today and wonder if any are fuller of joy than mine and yours. I will now go over and get some German turnips, potatoes—sure soft when you can capture them.

Much love and wishes for a very Merry Xmas.

Fred

Sgt. 1st Cl., H. F. Foy,  
Co. C., 315th Field Signal Bn.,  
American Expeditionary Forces

### No Great Act of Heroism Required.

If some great act of heroism was necessary to protect a child from croup, no mother would hesitate to protect her offspring, but when it is only necessary to keep at hand a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and give it as soon as the first indication of croup appears, and there are many who neglect it, Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is within the reach of all and is prompt and effectual. For sale by all druggists. 6-4t.

### E. C. Fulton's BARBER SHOP

Hair Cut, 40c. Shampoo, 40c.  
Massage, 40c. Singeing, 40c.  
Shave, 20c. Bath, 25c.  
Tonics 20c and 25c

### HOT AND COLD BATHS

Laundry Basket leaves Wednesday and returns Saturday. We solicit your trade. First-class work and cordial treatment to all

### Plumbing and Tin Work

Gas Stoves, Gas Fittings, Gas Lamps, Bath Tubs, Flues and Tanks. Work given prompt and careful attention.

P. D. Gilliland