

The Baird Star

Our Motto—"Tis Neither Birth, Nor Wealth, Nor State, But the Got-Up-and-Get That Makes Men Great."

FIFTIETH YEAR

BAIRD, CALLAHAN COUNTY TEXAS, FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 17, 1937

NUMBER 42

WEST TEXAS UTILITIES COMPANY REDUCE ELECTRIC RATE

The West Texas Utilities Company this week ignored the rising cost of living when it announced a reduction of 16 2-3 per cent in electric rates for Baird.

A new low rate of 2 1-2 cents per kilowatt-hour for all current over 50 kilowatt-hours used monthly in the homes equipped with electric ranges was announced by C. F. Elliott, local manager. The reduction makes electricity as practical as any other fuel for cooking purposes, he said.

The 2 1-2 cent rate is effective with this month's bills.

Only customers using electric cookery will benefit by reduction. It is based on the theory that "the more you use, the less it costs", C. F. Elliott said.

Where the electric range is installed, all current over 50 kilowatt-hours used each month will take the lower rate. It is a step in the "incentive rate schedule" which provides low-cost current for refrigeration, lights, and other domestic purposes inasmuch as these are included in the high-usage bracket.

Popularity of the electric range was credited with making the reduction possible. The spread of electric cookery to hundreds of homes formerly using old-fashioned methods makes a lower rate practical, C. F. Elliott, said.

"The reduction is in keeping with the company's policy of lowering rates as fast as increased usage permits," he added. "Although the cost of living in general has risen and taxation has reached an unprecedent height, we believe it wise to encourage home modernization by making electric service as cheap and efficient as possible."

In addition to the reduction in electric range rates Baird will be given approximately a 15 per cent reduction in the commercial rates Mr. Elliott said.

Mrs Eatherly Honored With Progressive Shower

Mrs. James Eatherly of Van Alstyne the former Ruth Ray, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lonnie Ray of Baird, was honored Saturday afternoon with a progressive shower at the home of Mrs. Harry Ebert. Members of the B. E. T. club and Miss Frances Haley as hostess.

A musical program was presented by Miss Ida Louise Fetterley and Harold Wristen.

Sandwiches punch and mints were served.

Mrs. Eatherly left Sunday for Patterson, Texas where Mr. Eatherly's teaching in the Public school

"Remember that 'American' ends with I-Can."

"The best and happiest lives are built by the day."

New Books Given Library

Miss Patty Hanks, of Abilene donated the following children's books to the county library this week: The Robbers Cave, The Magic of Oz, How It Happened, Alices Adventures in Wonderland, Robinson Crusoe, Gullivers' Travels, The Yellow Knight of Oz, The Princess of Cozy Town, The Prince and the Pauper, The Pirates' Treasure.

SPECIAL GUESTS TICKETS

The PLAZA Theatre has Guest Tickets for:

Mrs. Dee Young
Mrs. R. A. Harris
Mrs. W. E. Haley
Mrs. W. B. Jones

to see
"CAPTAIN COURAGEOUS"
At The PLAZA
Sunday or Monday, Sept. 19-20

Delphians Hold First Meeting

The Delphians held their first meeting of the year 1937-1938 in the home of their president, Mrs. Carroll McGowen. Especially attractive year books in the club colors, black and gold were presented to the fifteen members present.

It was voted to send one dollar to the fund being raised at Abilene for the purchase of an "Iron Lung".

New members welcomed into the chapter were Mmes. Coats, McElroy, Hall, Williams, Jenkins and Corn.

The following program was given:

Roll Call, Summer Reminiscences We Carry On,

Mrs. Carroll McGowen Putting It Over, Mrs. Irvin Corn

The club will hold its next meeting on Sept. 28th in the home of Mrs. Bob Norrell.

Last Rites Held For Putnam Man

Funeral services for W. C. Teague, 69, were held at the Primitive Baptist church here at 2:30 Sunday afternoon with the pastor, J. F. West officiating, assisted by Rev. F. A. Hollis. Mr. Teague had been a resident of nearby territory about 60 years, moving from Stamford about a year ago.

Mr. Teague was born in Stone county Arkansas in 1867 and remained there until nine years of age when he moved to Eastland county with his parents in 1875.

The family settled near Nimrod where they lived many years. Mr. Teague is the son of Dr. and Mrs. Joshua Teague. He was married April 28, 1907 to Charlotta Buchanan. One child was born to the union, Mrs. Archie Kelley of Putnam, who with his wife survive.

Other survivors include a brother Silas Teague of Colorado Springs, Colorado; a sister, Mrs. J. W. Spranger of Putnam; a grandson, Billy Eugene Joy, son of Mrs. Kelley by a former marriage. Burial was in the Nimrod cemetery.

Belle Plain School Will Open Monday

The Belle Plain Public School will open the fall term Monday morning September 20, with Mr. and Mrs. Jessie H. Morgan as teachers. The Belle Plain school has 45 pupils enrolled on the scholastic roll for this term, and classes up to the 10th grade are taught in the school. Messrs Silas Dunlap, I. E. Warren and Jack Gilliland are trustees of the Belle Plain district.

The patrons of the school and public generally are cordially invited to attend the opening exercises Monday morning at 9 o'clock

Constitution Day

Acting Governor, Walter F. Woodul proclaimed today, Sept. 17 as Constitution Day in Texas and urged schools, churches, civic clubs and study groups to observe the 150th anniversary of the document.

Mr Woodul, lieutenant governor is serving as governor while Gov. James V. Allred's attending the annual Governor's Conference in Atlantic City, N. J.

BIRTH

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Cecil West of Big Spring on Saturday, Sept. 11th a girl who has been named Sarah Ann. Mrs. West is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Bowls of Big Spring. Mrs. Bowls is with her daughter.

"There are more idle brains than idle hands."

434 Pupils Enroll In Baird Public School

Baird Public School opened the fall term Monday with an enrollment of 434 students; 173 in high school and 261 in grammar school.

The opening exercises were held in the high school auditorium and were attended by a large crowd including many patrons of the school.

Supt. Nat Williams presided at the opening exercises. Dr. E. B. Surface, pastor of the Central Presbyterian Church, Abilene, was the principal speaker for the occasion. Ed Shumway also of Abilene, Boy Scout Director of the Chisolm Trail area, directed a sing song program.

Nineteen teachers will direct the work in the Baird School this year; ten, including Supt. Nat Williams in high school and nine in grammar school.

New Bakery Doing Good Business

Baird's newest business, the Butter Kist bakery is doing a nice business. The new bakery located in the Terrell building under the management of Vance Moore, former Baird boy opened for business Monday morning. The bakery is equipped with all modern machinery for baking.

The business men of Baird are cooperating with the new enterprise.

In addition to baking bread of all kind they make all kinds of pastry and feature special orders for parties, picnics, etc.

Weeks Family Hold Reunion

The home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Weeks was the scene of a family reunion Sunday, September 5th. The Harwell place on which the Weeks family live is the place where the children of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Harwell were reared. Those attending were Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Harwell and children, Laverne, Frances, Charles and Charlotte, of Merkel; Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Harwell and daughter, Dorothy of Abilene; Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Bishop and daughters, Jayne Rose, Elizabeth Ann and Peggy, of Guion Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Harper and son, Lewis, Mrs. L. D. Harwell of Abilene; and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Weeks and daughter, Faye.

The day was enjoyed by each very much as childhood remembrances were brought to memory. At noon a basket lunch was spread and enjoyed very much as it has been many days since the five Harwell children were at the same table in their old home. Singing was enjoyed in the afternoon.

Putnam News

PARENT-TEACHERS ASSO.

Mrs. Wm. A. Fetterley, president of the Parent-Teachers Association request The Star to announce that the P. T. A. will meet Thursday afternoon, September 23rd, at the High School Auditorium. All mothers and fathers of students in school are requested to attend this meeting.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our sincere appreciation to all for kindness and sympathy shown us in the illness and death of our beloved husband and father, W. J. Ray. We also thank all for the beautiful flowers. To the "Unknown Friend" who sent the beautiful wreath, we wish to express our sincere appreciation. The kindness of friends in this hour makes our burden of sorrow lighter and we will cherish always every kind deed and word.

Sincerely,
Mrs. W. J. Ray and family.

"It is a common thing for ignorance to denounce what it doesn't understand."

"We teach more by what we are than by what we do and say."

The Sunday School pays me bigger dividends than any investment I make.—H. J. Heins.

Baird Boys And Girls Off To College

A number of Baird girls and boys have gone away the past week to colleges and universities of Texas and other states.

The first to leave were Kenneth and Norman George, sons of Mr. and Mrs. N. M. George and J. C. McGee, son of D. S. McGee, who left two weeks ago for the Bob Jones College Cleveland, Tenn.

Miss Beatrice Hickman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ace Hickman Clifton Hill son of Dr. and Mrs. V. E. Hill and Randall Jackson son of Mrs. Rupert Jackson, left Wednesday for the Texas State University at Austin. Judson Atchison, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Atchison also a student in the University returned to Austin several days ago. Mrs. Ace Hickman accompanied her daughter to Austin, returning yesterday.

Miss Catherine James, daughter of Mrs. Verda James, Miss Kay McCoy, daughter of Mrs. Will McCoy and Bland Bounds, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Bounds left the first of the week for Texas Tech at Lubbock.

Miss Ida Louise Fetterly, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Fetterly, Miss Frances Haley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Pat Haley Alvin and Doyle Chrisman, sons of Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Chrisman, will attend the NTSTC at Denton.

Miss Beryl Owens, daughter of Mrs. Bessie Owens, Miss Johnnie Mae Hughes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hughes, Miss Maxine Williams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roy D. Williams, Miss Frances Mayfield, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Mayfield and Buddy Hart, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hart, have enrolled at Abilene Christian College.

Thaxton McGowen, a student in Baylor Dental College returned to Dallars yesterday to resume his studies, after a weeks stay at home. He was accompanied by his mother Mrs. J. H. McGowen. Greer Holmes son of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Holmes is a student in Baylor Dental College.

MISS MARTHA SCOGGINS SERIOUSLY ILL

Miss Martha Scoggins, daughter of Rev. J. A. and Mrs. Scoggins, who has been seriously ill for the past two weeks, was carried to the Mayo Clinic, Rochester Minn. Tuesday. She was accompanied by her parents. Miss Scoggins is suffering with a tumor on the brain and is in a serious condition.

EPISCOPAL SERVICES

Rev. Willis P. Gerhart will hold evening prayer service and preach at the Episcopal Chapel of the Lords Prayer Sunday afternoon at 3:30. All are invited.

Study Clubs Begin Years Work

The Study Clubs of Baird have again taken up their years work. The Wednesday Club, the oldest study club in Callahan county, being organized in 1905, and federated in 1916, held their first meeting on Wednesday of last week at the ranch home of Miss Viola Boatwright. The course of study for the year is "The Atlantic Monthly Panel Plan". The next meeting of the club will be Wednesday, Sept 22nd with Mrs. W. P. Brightwell, president of the club as hostess and Mrs. L. L. Blackburn as leader. Speakers on the program are: Mesdames J. R. Jackson, Bessie Short and Clyde White. The subject is "Safety."

The Junior Wednesday Club held their first meeting of the year with Miss Beatrice Green Wednesday afternoon. The club's course of study for the year is "Contemporary Novels". Miss Burma Warren is president of the club. The next meeting of the club will be held Sept. 29th, which will be a picnic.

The Delphian Club held their first meeting on Tuesday with Mrs. Carroll McGowen as hostess. The clubs course of study for the year is "Contemporary Thought and Literature". Mrs. Carroll McGowen is president of the club.

The Old Fashioned Garden Club will hold their next meeting on Tuesday evening at 7:30 at the home of Mrs. Harold Ray. The subject for discussion will be "Buds". The following is the program:

Roll Call, Hints on Bulbs. Song, "Old Fashioned Garden". Fall bulbs for spring flowers.

Mrs. W. D. Boydston Lillies, Mrs. W. A. Fetterly Garden Pools, Mrs Harold Ray Discussion of plant and bulb exchange.

Mrs. W. Clyde White is president of the club.

Bobby Estes Wins 2 First Places In Bronc Riding

Bobby Estes, Bairds 17 year old champion bronc rider, won two first places in three days at the Midland Rodeo last week.

Bobby Estes is one of the young est performers in the business and perhaps one of the best. Besides being a good rider in the bare-back event, he is a top-notch bull-rider. He has performed at Madison Square Garden, at Cheyenne, Wyo., the Pendleton Roundup, and other top shows.

"There are no victories without conflict—no rainbows without a cloud and a storm."

BAIRD BEARS REPORT FOR DUTY WITH TEN LETTER MEN

\$10,000.00 Paid For Interest in Callahan Wild Cat Block

Tracy Flanagan and J. W. Mose set, independent operators of Longview, are reported to have purchased an undivided half-interest in a 2,000 acre block north of Oplin for \$10,000 from H. B. Herring, Dallas drilling contractor and operator.

The acreage, on which the Herring No. 1 Quincy Loven, is drilling, was assembled by Joe Gallagher of Abilene who turned over the block to Herring. Geology was worked by Carl Shoults.

The wildcat is located five miles north of Oplin, 1,400 feet from the south and 150 feet from the east line of section 345-George Hancock survey. It is about two miles north of the Hal Hughes et al No. 1 Cook and Jordan, scheduled to test the Ordovician zone with rotary.

Operators will probably spud the first of this week on the Phillips Petroleum No. 1 B. P. Cozart scheduled Ordovician wildcat test in the eastern part of Callahan county southeast of Putnam. Using cable tools, it will carry an eight-inch hole to 4,000 feet where Ellenberger is expected.

Should that zone fail to produce the test may be continued to the Hickory sand.

Congressman Garrett Calls Conference To Discuss WPA

County Judge L. B. Lewis county Commissioners, B. O. Brame, Baird, Grover Clare, Oplin; B. H. Freeman, Cottonwood; Clyde White former county judge, attended a conference in Eastland, Monday where the WPA was discussed by county judges' and commissioners mayors and social workers, WPA officials and other citizens of the 17th congressional district, the conference being called by Hon. Clyde L. Garrett, congressman of this district.

The general resolution passed by the group brought out these four requests:

(1) That the sponsor's (city county) total contribution required for WPA project be reduced to a maximum of 20 per cent of the total cost of the project, and that truck drivers be paid from the labor account of the WPA, with only the truck rental charged against equipment rental.

(2) That no WPA employee, particularly those above 40 years of age or physically handicapped, be removed from the payrolls for those reasons unless it has been ascertained by the local investigator that said employee has some means of support.

(3) That the obligation of the WPA in entering into a contract with the sponsor be carried out according to the original agreement without subsequent changes of rules and regulations which place a greater burden on the sponsor than the agreement provided.

(4) That the red tape of the WPA be eliminated by placing the responsibility of securing proper projects and their execution, including the engineering work, on the sponsor with the assistance of the project manager and the WPA area engineer, and that they be allowed to select from local men and local trucks those most suitable for any particular project.

Appreciation was expressed to Congressman Garrett for his interest in WPA matters, and for arranging the meeting.

H. P. Drought, state WPA administrator, sent representatives to the conference.

Homer T. Bouldin, Shackelford county judge, was chairman of the resolutions committee.

"When you get to the end of your rope, tie a knot in it and hang on."

"Ten cents worth of help will make more religion than a dollar's worth of argument."

The Baird Bears, about 30 strong reported for duty Monday morning September 7, with blood in their eyes, and with a spirit which it takes to put out a winning team. The boys reported in pretty fair condition and a few pounds heavier than last season. Coach Bennie Rundell, who is the tops around these parts in football warfare was well pleased, and immediately started putting them through their paces.

For the past week the boys have been running plays, and look plenty good at this early stage of the season. They are going after that district flag in a big way this year.

Only one injury has been reported this season, but it is not serious. Clyde Yarbrough was looking for a handle on a football in a game of pass and touch, and received a fractured finger.

The Bears have 10 lettermen returning this season and the brunt of the burden will be on their shoulders. The team this year will be led by those two veterans, (co-captains) Bob Austin, and Billy McCoy who are expected to go places this year.

In the line we have such players as Joe Fielder, who is a scrapper of the first degree at one tackle. Fenton Williams, and Thomas West two guards of last season are the boys that make those darling Gosh-O-Mighty tackles. James Alexander the heavyweight of the team, (190) who should be hard to handle at the other tackle. At left end we have co-captain Billy McCoy, who should smear many plays and give the opposition plenty to worry about. The other end is open for competition. The center position is a fight between Russell Chatham, and Clifton Harris the surprise boy of the team.

Arnold Thompson letterman a guard last season fits into the line like a glove. Bobby Owens is another letterman on the line who gets into the oppositions hair.

In the backfield we have co-captain Bob Austin the hard driving, fancy running fullback. At quarterback is Clyde Yarbrough, who was shifted from center to guide the boys into the district title. Selwyn Settle, will be in there somewhere he is now recovering from an operation. Jim Tom Lawrence, Charley Coats and Gene Finley, are the other backs who look plenty good.

Nolan Cooper and Grover Wiley are the two "rabbit backs, who should make many a touchdown this year.

There are a good many reserves who can take the above mentioned players place and deliver the goods. They are: L. W. McIntosh, J. B. Pitzer, Jearuld Watts, Billie Bob Kelley, Jack Ray, Billy Hollingshead Paul Scherrable, W. J. Bradbury, and Arthur Burleson.

The line will average 162, while the backfield will hit 153, ringing wet.

Coach Rundell promises to have a game by Friday September 24, with some good team. Come on Bairdites lets give them plenty of backing, its your team. What'ysay?

Miss Yeager Is Again At The Helm

Miss Mildred Yeager, after an absence of five months, is again at the helm in the Putnam News office having recovered sufficiently from serious injuries received in an automobile wreck, the latter part of March, to resume her duties as editor of the News.

During Miss Yeager's long confinement to her home her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Yeager had management of the News and got a good paper.

We are very glad indeed that Miss Yeager is able to resume her work. She is giving Putnam the best newspaper it ever had.

"The truth needs no crutches. It limps it's a lie."

CATTLE KINGDOM BY ALAN LE MAY

Who killed Lon Magoon? Who was the hard-riding, mysterious assailant who terrorized the range with two other brutal slayings? Follow the forces of justice as the West seeks its revenge... thrill to a love story that you'll remember for years, the tale of a man and a woman who found themselves enmeshed in a web of murder. "Cattle Kingdom" is a different adventure story—a unique drama that you'll enjoy.

START READING IT TODAY!

STAR DUST Movie • Radio

RADIO amateurs played a big part in the preparation of the dramatization of Peary's dash to the pole...

In dramatizing historical events it is necessary to get permission of all living participants to impersonate them on the radio...

The best picture of the week is "Dead End," the most breathtakingly-dramatic of all stories of New York.



Sylvia Sidney

The setting is an East river street where a millionaire apartment house is surrounded by squalid, sinister tenement houses...

It is nothing new for secondary players to steal a show. You may remember that it was in "Flying Down to Rio" in which Gene Raymond and Dolores del Rio were supposed to be the stars...

Fred Waring is getting to be an industrial magnate of such proportions that he has had to take a whole floor of an office building in New York to house his music arrangers, secretaries, contract signers, and scrap books...

When you see Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's "Madame X," you will see a scene made under most unusual circumstances. John Beal, making voice and make-up tests when they were getting ready to produce the picture...

Carole Lombard is going to have such fun in her next Paramount picture, "True Confessions." She plays the part of a confirmed liar, such a habitual liar that she even confesses to a murder that she did not commit...



Carole Lombard

ODDS AND ENDS: Creta Carbo has become a Deanna Durbin fan. Gloria Blondell, sister of Joan, will make her screen debut in "Accidents Will Happen..."

HALLIBURTON AT MARTINIQUE

Visits Home of Aimee Dubuc de Rivery, Veiled Empress of Turkish Empire and Cousin of Josephine, Who Caused Fall of Napoleon

By RICHARD HALLIBURTON Author of "The Royal Road to Romance," etc.

ST. PIERRE, MARTINIQUE.—For months I had been looking forward to my visit to Martinique. A dozen things about this West Indian island fascinated me...

As a child, Aimee's dearest friend and confidant was her cousin, Josephine, born the same year on a nearby plantation. Together they grew up in the happy, idle, comfortable society of colonial Martinique where they were born.

When Aimee was thirteen she was separated from Josephine, and sent off to France to complete her education in a convent at Nantes. For eight long years she remained there, prevented from visiting her native island by the wars raging between France and England.

But at last, in 1784, when Aimee was twenty-one—now a strikingly beautiful girl with pale gold hair—she started for home.

Aimee never reached Martinique.

Captured by Pirates.

Her ship was set upon by Algerian Corsairs, as fierce and daring a race of pirates as ever lived. The ship was easily captured, and all the passengers and crew taken prisoner.

Among the captives Aimee stood out. She was more than beautiful. She had extraordinary charm and a distinguished manner as well. At once the Corsair captain delivered this very appealing prize over to the Dey of Algiers himself.

But not even here did Aimee's story-book adventure end. The Dey was under great obligation to the Turkish sultan, his overlord, for money and munitions. In this beautiful Christian captive he saw a chance to pay back.

So Aimee was bundled up again and put on a Corsair ship that sailed east through the Mediterranean, past Greece, into the Aegean, past Troy, through the Hellespont, landing at Constantinople.

Here the sultan took one look at her—and his heart stood still. He had a score of wives already—Greeks, Armenians, Caucasians. But they were mostly untutored slaves. This girl could read and write. In fact, she was by far the most intelligent wife he had ever had.

Aimee immediately became the Sultan's favorite, and in due time bore him a blond son.

Josephine Weds Bonaparte.

She had long since given up all hope of escape. No woman of the Seraglio ever had before. So, since she was doomed to reside the rest of her life "in a vast and magnificent palace" she decided "she would have command."

Meanwhile, cousin Josephine was having a few adventures of her own. She had married Vicomte de Beauharnais and borne him two children. But during the French revolution her husband lost his head under the guillotine. Not long after she married again—this time to a wild young genius from Corsica named Napoleon Bonaparte, six years her junior.

Life became very exciting for Madame Bonaparte. Her husband was winning one military victory after another for France, and as his wife she was receiving honor equally with him.

But Aimee, a queen in Constantinople, was even more occupied. There the question of royal succession had arisen. She and her son, Mahmoud, who was the third in line, were becoming involved in the deadly intrigues that seemed to be the natural order of things in Turkish seraglios. The first and second princes were sworn enemies, and their respective mothers even more hostile. Each mother tried to poison her rival's child, to undermine each the position of the other by fair means or foul. Aimee had the best wits of the three. Consequently she managed to keep her son away from the poison cups being handed around.

Selim, the rightful heir, succeeded to the throne on the death of the sultan. But the mother of Mustapha, the next in line, never wavered from her ambitious designs. And so persistent was she that she actually succeeded in having Selim de-throned, and Mustapha crowned.

But this high-handed business infuriated a certain faction of Turks. They stormed the palace, meaning to murder Mustapha and replace Selim.

The palace gates were hurriedly closed. As the rebels pounded upon them, Mustapha's mother rushed assassins to slay both Selim and Aimee's son Mahmoud. That would settle the question of succession!

The assassins, spurred on by the shouts and fighting at the gates, found Selim first, and stabbed him to death. But the defense he put up gave Mahmoud time to escape. And before the murderers could reach him, the palace gates crashed down, and a mob of Mahmoud's friends ran in to save him.

Aimee Shares Turkish Rule.

Mustapha was in turn executed, and Mahmoud—and Aimee—ruled the Turkish empire from the Indian ocean to the Adriatic sea.

At last, in her vast and magnificent palace, "she had command."

Mahmoud, from childhood, had more than loved his mother. His regard had amounted to worship. She had been his wise and devoted counselor throughout all the dangerous days of his youth. Now that he was sultan she became his entire ministry.

Consequently, because Aimee, the real head of the government, was thoroughly French, and because her beloved cousin Josephine had become the empress of Napoleon's empire, Mahmoud threw all his political weight toward France in that country's wars against the rest of Europe. French officers came to train his army, French seamen helped man his warships, French



Aimee Dubuc de Rivery

guns drove off the British fleet from Constantinople. French fashions, French language, French schools, took possession of the Turks. Napoleon himself could not understand why "Mahmoud" was such an extraordinarily devoted ally. England was completely baffled. Even the Turks thought it strange. Everybody had forgotten that Mahmoud's mother, the veiled empress, who sat quietly and unobtrusively behind the curtain of the Seraglio, was a French woman—a patriotic French woman—still dreaming, despite her twenty years in exile, of Josephine and Martinique.

This curious situation lasted until 1809 when Aimee was forty-six, and Mahmoud twenty-four. Then, suddenly, dramatic news came from Paris—news that caused an explosion in the Seraglio. Napoleon had divorced Josephine!

An Aroused Aimee.

Aimee's lovely eyes grew hard. She clenched her hands together. Such injustice! Such ingratitude!—and to the most lovable and unselfish of women—Josephine! Napoleon would pay for this. Aimee had supported him and encouraged him, had bowed down before his glory. Well, that was ended. She would face about, instantly. All she had done for him she would now do against him. She would destroy him if she could—that demon from Corsica—and revenge her cousin Josephine.

Had it been Aimee herself who was scorned she could not have released a more calculated fury against the French emperor. For three years she bided her time. She waited until 1812—probably the most eventful year in modern history, except 1914. She now perceived with a far-seeing vision that was inspired, that her opportunity to destroy Napoleon was at hand.

For some months Russia had been at war with Turkey, and had sent the major part of its army into Turkish territory. Napoleon, well aware of this fact, chose this time to make his celebrated invasion of Russia.

For this undertaking he assembled the largest and the best equipped army ever known up to that time. It numbered nearly 700,000 men. The entire population of

France was only 18,000,000. Consequently, considering the long years of slaughter that had gone before, nearly every sound-bodied Frenchman left alive was enrolled in this vast military juggernaut that was to roll relentlessly to Moscow, and make Russia one more subject nation. France strained all her resources to back up her emperor. What horses, money, energy, that still remained from Napoleon's previous wars she flung into Russia for this one great gamble.

Planning Napoleon's Downfall.

For Napoleon it was no gamble. Who could withstand his might? Anyway, the main Russian army was far to the south in the Turkish province of Roumania—well occupied with Sultan Mahmoud. But Napoleon wanted to be sure that this army would be kept occupied. He offered Mahmoud extravagant promises in return for even more vigorous action against the Russians—offered him Russian territory, military honors, money.

Mahmoud, instructed by Aimee, agreed—apparently. And Napoleon, satisfied, moved ever deeper into Russia—as the summer waned and winter approached.

And just as Napoleon anticipated, the second-rate Russian army opposing him was ineffectual. He seized Moscow, and had reason to feel that his campaign had triumphed.

But even as he congratulated himself, and settled down to spend the winter comfortably in the captured capital, a courier dashed into his headquarters, bearing a death warrant for more than half a million French soldiers. The first Russian army, supposedly 600 miles to the south, supposedly engaged with Sultan Mahmoud, had miraculously returned—not to Moscow, but to a point squarely across Napoleon's line of communication, 500 miles to the west!

Napoleon seeing instantly the death trap he was in, to quote Morton, "burst into a savage rage, and then sank into despair." He knew he was beaten, that Mahmoud had betrayed him, had secretly made peace—peace at any price—with Russia, so secretly that not one French spy even knew the Russian army had been released, or had marched 600 miles north, until it had cut the single French artery of life. Winter was well advanced—Russian winter; and the entire country roused, and determined to destroy him. His food and munitions could not last a week without provisioning from the west—and the west was blocked. He saw disaster rushing to meet him. There was nothing to do but run for his life.

Retreat of the Doomed.

Helpless, starving, freezing, Napoleon and his invincible army limped out of Moscow, to get back home if they could. The French soldiers struggled westward knowing it was they who were doomed. And doomed they were. No food—no shoes—no horses. They threw away their guns, abandoned their artillery. And every step of the way, now deep in snow, the Russian Cossacks harried their flanks and rear, killing those who could not keep up.

A great many perished before the fleeing rabble even reached the point where the main Russian army stood across their path—on the west bank of the Beresina river. There, as the French tried to cross the swollen, icy stream, the final slaughter took place.

Napoleon himself narrowly escaped capture on his headlong rush to Paris.

Safe in the Tuilleries palace, with Moscow nearly 2,000 miles away, Napoleon sat, bewildered and despairing—How had it happened—what diabolical mind had directed this annihilating blow? He thought of every possible explanation except the right one—Aimee Dubuc de Rivery, veiled and secluded in Constantinople, hating him, loving Josephine, watching the French plow deeper into Russia and exposing their single line of communication more and more recklessly.

As for Aimee, never for a moment was she bewildered. She knew exactly when to strike. She directed Mahmoud to make peace with the Russian army—gave them anything they asked in return for their promise (easily granted) to march north quickly before Napoleon learned of their coming.

The maneuver succeeded beyond Aimee's wildest hopes. True, Napoleon escaped capture, but not for long. From that terrible disaster in Russia neither he nor France ever recovered. The year following his return the Allies overwhelmed him, and he was sent to Elba as a prisoner. He escaped, only to go down again in utter and irrevocable defeat at Waterloo.

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WHO'S NEWS THIS WEEK... By Lemuel F. Parton

NEW YORK.—Possibly better than "horse and buggy" days would be "square-rigger" days as a phrase of poignant retrospect.

There was a touch of nostalgia in the amazingly expert press stories and beautiful pictures of the Newport getaway of the Conrad and the Seven Seas—the only seaworthy square-riggers left in America—on their recent race to Bermuda. Both boats have Diesel engines, for emergencies, but they stow all that, and it is perhaps a bit tactless to bring it up now. This is a machine age holiday.

With all its shortcomings, the power age does enable some people to make enough money to get away from it once in a while. Young G. Huntington Hartford, owner of the Conrad, is the inheritor of a \$200,000,000 chain-store fortune. That's a good beginning for anyone who wants to voyage back into past epochs—whether his taste is for old houses, old prints, old ships, or even a horse and buggy. Simplicity comes high. Mr. Hartford spent \$75,000 getting the Conrad in racing trim.

One doesn't think of a demon squash player as a sailing man, but Mr. Hartford was a squash racquet wizard in his undergraduate days at Harvard, in the class of 1933. He is the only son of Mrs. Henrietta G. Hartford, of Newport and Charleston, getting about a lot, having a wonderful time and probably not "wishing you were here."

He takes a hand in all sorts of sports, and probably stirs more envy with this square-rigger race than in anything else he has done or will do. He starts many an old gaffer dreaming he is out on the yardarm in a gale, and that—according to the Prophet Joel—is as it should be, providing the young men keep up with their visions.

Mr. Hartford bought the Conrad from Capt. Alan Villiers, Australian book sailor who sailed her all over the world in his literary argosy. She had settled down in the valhalla of old ships at Brooklyn when Mr. Hartford brought her to life again. The ship was built more than 50 years ago by the Danish government, which later used her as a training ship. Her proper name is the Georg Stage. She's a proud, staunch old ship, with two full suits of sails, decks of teak and two brass cannon on the poop deck. She is 100 feet 8 inches on the waterline.

Baron Konstantin von Neurath, German foreign minister, asserts the right and intention of Germany to organize Nazi units abroad. The declaration comes at the peak of a drive by the reich to solidify and indoctrinate its minorities in all European countries and to unite Germans everywhere behind the national socialist regime.

In this activity, Herr von Neurath seems to have displaced the frenetic Rosenberg, of whom not much has been heard lately. The foreign minister is of the ancient Junker clan, close in with the monarchists and the army, of aristocratic feudal background, and his new ascendancy is interpreted by some observers as an indication of the increasing dominance of his allied groups, as against the newcomers who head the Nazi party.

He stems from pre-war Germany, a hefty, ruddy, stag-hunting aristocrat, of an ancient Wuerttemberg dynasty, with slicked gray hair and close-cropped gray mustache. He was a student of law, entering the consular service in 1900. Serving in many foreign capitals, he was ambassador to Rome from 1922 to 1930, and formed a warm friendship with Mussolini, whom he characterized as the ideal ruler. He dislikes public appearances and rarely makes a speech or grants an interview.

When the President Hoover was hit by an airplane bomb, Admiral Harry E. Yarnell assumed emergency command of all American shipping in the Far Eastern waters. Since this isn't a real war, just what he can do about such random shooting isn't quite clear—there are no rules to govern the present situation—but, at any rate, he's riding herd on our ships and doing the best he can.

In the Boxer uprising, at the turn of the century, he was an ensign on the U. S. S. Yorktown. As America pursued her "manifest destiny," he hasn't missed any of the major excitements since then. Previously he had been in the Spanish-American war and the Philippine insurrection. He helped occupy Vera Cruz and he was an aide on the staff of Admiral Hugh Rodman when our ships were serving with the British grand fleet in the World War. He rose in the navy through his mastery of engineering techniques.

Consolidated News Features. WNU Service.

Here's What to Sew



THIS is not a wishing-page, Miss lady, even though it is from a book of exclusive fashions by Sew-Your-Own! You can run any one of these frocks through your machine in short order. The patterns are so easy to follow (even the simple) and the finished article so exciting you'll be apt to ask yourself, "Why have I waited so long to Sew, sew, sew my own?"

All-Occasion Dress.

Here is one frock that belongs in every woman's wardrobe. You'll look prettier in the kitchen, more comfortable at work—and in your silk crepe version—prettier in afternoon leisure or shopping on the avenue. The shoulder-sleeve-in-one construction makes easy sewing, and the full cut skirt with two kick-pleats serves well when one's in action.

Simple 'n' Charming.

A lusciously feminine frock for you, young but knowing ladies of fashion, is the model looking right at you from above center. You probably can't remember when you've seen one you've liked as much. That vivacious charm plus striking simplicity are the things about it that will make you remembered as the lady in red, or the lady in black, or the lady in what-color-have-you! It is especially easy to sew, too, thank you.

New School Frock.

You cute, little lady of fashion, his is your lucky day. You and Mommy will agree on this dress just like two pals should agree. It tucks down the front, the way you want it to; its waist is snug as big sister's, and all in all it will make you feel the best-dressed girl in the whole assembly. This pattern makes up attractively in either cotton, silk, or light-weight wool.

The Patterns.

Pattern 1267 is designed for sizes 34 to 48. Size 36 requires 4 yards of 35-inch material, plus 1/4 yards contrasting.

Pattern 1362 is designed for sizes 12 to 20 (30 to 38 bust). Size

14 requires 4 1/2 yards of 39-inch material—with short sleeves 4 1/2 yards.

Pattern 1213 is designed for sizes 8, 10, 12, 14, and 16 years. Size 10 requires 2 1/2 yards of 35 or 39-inch material, plus 3/4 yard contrasting with 1 1/2 yards of 1-inch bias binding.

Send your order to The Sewing Circle Pattern Dept., Room 1020, 211 W. Wacker Dr., Chicago, Ill. Price of patterns, 15 cents (in coins) each.

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Self Lost The man who loses his opportunity loses himself.

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Save Enamel of Teeth
By
DR. JAMES W. BARTON
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AN ADVERTISEMENT of a paint manufacturer is "Save the Surface and You Save All." And this is true regarding the surface of wood, iron and other materials. Similarly there was a tendency a few years ago to apply this slogan to the care of the teeth—save the surface (enamel) and you save the whole tooth.



However, when dental research workers found that it was possible for teeth to decay notwithstanding that the enamel covering was apparently not broken, other causes were sought, with the result that now dentists and physicians recommend the use of more leafy vegetables and fruits and less of starch foods and meats.

So popular has this idea of preventing decay of teeth by the use of leafy vegetables and fruits become that many adults—teachers and parents—are not so insistent upon having the children brush their teeth as they formerly were.

Brushing Still Important.
Now what about brushing the teeth and saving the enamel? Is brushing the teeth still an important point in preventing decay?

Dr. N. Kobrin in a radio address under the auspices of the Oral Hygiene Committee of Greater New York, said:

"The toothbrush must be classed as one of the valuable aids in the prevention of tooth decay. At the Dental college of the University of Pennsylvania Professor Appleton has done some fine research on the question of the number of bacteria (organisms) in the mouth following the brushing of the teeth. His study included several hundred cases. The greatest number of bacteria were found in the mouth in the morning immediately on arising. After the teeth had been cleaned the number of bacteria dropped 50 per cent; by the noontime meal, bacteria had increased 20 per cent and dropped that much after brushing, increasing again before dinner to 75 per cent, after which the count fell 25 per cent when the teeth were cleaned."

This doesn't mean that brushing the teeth will prevent all decay but it does mean that the chances of decay through the surface of the tooth will be just half as many if the teeth are brushed regularly.

Diet for Middle Age.

Many men and women as they approach middle age begin to put on considerable weight. They have reached a stage in their lives when they do not have to do any hard physical work and can choose just about what they like to eat. It is only natural that with no exercise and eating plenty of the foods they like, fat will accumulate.

Now, at middle age, excess fat is always a liability and if, as it often happens, the individual has any weakness, hereditary or acquired, in the heart, blood vessels or kidneys then the excess weight can be a menace to health and to life itself. The unfortunate point about this is that while the foods that increase weight can be cut down with safety in these cases, the foods that must be eaten to preserve strength and maintain body tissue, the proteins—meat, eggs, fish—cannot be eaten as freely as when there is no heart, kidney or blood vessel condition to consider.

Some of the suggestions offered to these overweight middle-aged individuals with the tendency to heart, blood vessel and kidney complications are:

1. Eat the "lean" meats such as steaks, roast beef, white meat of turkey or chicken, lamb chops without any fat.
2. Avoid the fat meats such as pork, bacon, sausage, goose, duck, spiced and canned meats.
3. Avoid salmon, herring, sardines, mackerel, all shell-fish except raw oysters. Avoid fried fish or fish with rich sauces.
4. Eat eggs—soft boiled, omelette, poached, or scrambled.
5. Avoid pastries, pies, candies, ice cream.
6. Avoid cheese, except cottage cheese.
7. Avoid mustard, catsup, horse-radish.
8. Salads should be eaten without oil.
9. Drink water, buttermilk, weak tea or coffee.
10. Avoid chocolate, sweet drinks, alcoholic and malt drinks.
11. Avoid turnips, corn, beets, onions, garlic, cabbage, cucumbers, raw vegetables, and some of the raw fruits that cause gas.
12. Eat fresh and stewed fruits not sweetened.
13. Eat all light cooked vegetables—peas, string beans, spinach, carrots, asparagus, tomatoes and celery.
14. Drink a half glass of water an hour before meals.

Improved Uniform International **SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON**

By REV. HAROLD L. LUNDQUIST, Dean of the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago, © Western Newspaper Union.

Lesson for September 19
CHOICES AND THEIR CONSEQUENCES IN A NATION'S LIFE

LESSON TEXT—Deuteronomy 11:9-12, 26-32.
GOLDEN TEXT—Choose you this day whom ye will serve.—Joshua 24:15.
PRIMARY TOPIC—Our Country.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Choosing Sides.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—The Importance of Our Choices.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—My Part in Making Up the Nation's Mind.

Nations as well as individuals are responsible before God for the manner in which they live. They enjoy the blessings of right living and suffer the penalty of wrong moral choices. While it is true that national leaders may not always reflect the true character of the people, it is generally true that there is a sort of national character which over a longer period of time accurately represents the moral condition of the people as a whole.

Many earnest men and women believe that the United States of America stands today at the crossroads of national moral decision. There has been an unquestionable decadence of true religion, of home life, of social purity, and a growth of moral indifference and outright wickedness which causes men who think to cry out for a revival of old-fashioned spiritual and moral standards ere it be too late. The most effective, and in fact the only really effective way to bring that about, is a revival within the church of Christ, and a resultant renewal of its service in winning men to Jesus Christ as their Saviour and Lord. A 24-page booklet "Lessons in Soul-Winning," by Dr. Will H. Houghton, will be sent by the writer without charge to those requesting it. If possible enclose a 3 cent stamp.

Our lesson brings before us a part of one of the discourses of Moses, rehearsing before the people God's goodness toward them, and admonishing them to obedience as well as warning them of the dangers of disobedience.

I. Right Choices Result in Blessing (vv. 8, 9).

Making the right choice is in fact a simple matter, for it means only obedience to God's commandments. God is the author of the moral law. He alone can and does determine what is right and wrong. Man need not determine, nor is he equipped to decide that question. He can and must relate the details of his life to the law of God. How important it is then that he properly understand that law, and what folly it is to neglect the study of God's Word, where the commandments of God are made known unto men.

Choosing God's way means for both men and the nations which they make up (for my country is in the final analysis myself, and other individuals like me) the assurance of God's blessing and prosperity.

II. God Encourages Right Choices (vv. 10-12).

Our God is the great and untiring "giver of every good and perfect gift." We need but to lift up our eyes and look at his handiwork, or stir up our memories to recall his goodness, and we know that he and all his blessed works encourage us to do right—to live right.

But, alas, all too often God's choicest gifts are perverted and are used to bring the very opposite result. The most beautiful lakes and naturally delightful surroundings are used for resorts and clubs which all too often lead men to moral destruction. Parents almost fear that their daughters may be too attractive, for the world, the flesh, and the devil are constantly out "scouting" for beautiful women whose very God-given beauty may be used to glorify sin and lead others into disobedience to God.

III. Right and Wrong Are Fundamental and Eternal (vv. 26-32).

It needs to be repeated over and over again in these callous and indifferent days that there is laid down in the very constitution of the entire universe a moral distinction between right and wrong. Right is always right, and wrong is definitely and eternally wrong. There is no moral twilight zone, where things are neither white nor black, but a neutral gray.

Christian workers need constantly to bring this truth to bear on those to whom they minister. To do so they must first set an example of consistent Christian living. The Lord's work is often hindered by careless living which nullifies Christian profession.

Note that the difference between right and wrong was to be the same "on the other side of the Jordan." Time and place have no power to change moral law. What was right or wrong for your great-grandfather is right or wrong for you. What was right in your home on the farm is right in the city where you now live, or vice-versa. The passing of the years or a change of residence does not alter that law of God.

May God help the people of our nation, and all the countries of the earth, to remember that it is still true that "righteousness exalteth a nation; but sin is a reproach to any people" (Prov. 14:34).

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THE baby successfully completes a nonstop toddle from one side of the room to the other.

The cute girl at the soda fountain slyly slips an extra dipper of ice cream in your malt! She must like you!

The company informs you that the part of the breakfast you prepared (the ham) is "simply delicious." Boy! the Missus just reeks with jealousy!

The man next door, whose garden has been voted the neatest in the block, hasn't a single tomato, and it looks like a bumper crop over your way.—Kansas City Star.

JOYS and GLOOMS



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NOBODY'S BUSINESS

BY JULIAN CAPERS, JR.
Special Correspondent

Austin.—This is the open season for estimates of the financial condition of the state of Texas. The estimates of the various "experts" must be considered with some knowledge of how the political wind is blowing, if they are to be appraised with any conception of their accuracy.

State Auditor Kink, appointee of Gov. Allred, has bought out the most pessimistic estimate of all to date. He estimates the general fund will be about \$24,500,000 in the "red" by the end of the current biennium. This estimate, of course, supports the demand which has been the governor's shibboleth since the day he took office—"more taxes." The only exception has been the brief period of a few months in 1936, when he was seeking re-election. Then he said no new or increased taxes would be necessary.

All authorities agree that the school fund, with money in sight to pay \$22 per capita apportionment, and the largest appropriations in history for rural aid, is in the best shape in history. The highway department, likewise, has a substantial cash balance on hand, and sufficient funds allocated to carry out its extensive commitments for both federally aided and state highway projects for the next two years. The Confederate pension fund, of course, a deeply in the "red" but it is limited by constitutional requirements, and is gradually working itself out.

GENERAL FUND PROBLEM
That leaves the general fund as a source of worry for the legislature. One of the best fiscal experts in Texas whose past record stands up remarkably in contrast to those of the political estimators who have an ax to grind, has compiled a careful study of the general fund situation, which this column believes to be reliable. At least, it is a dispassionate study of the actual figures, without any political purpose to serve.

This authority estimates the general fund deficit, at the close of this biennium, after paying the \$22,000,000 hike in appropriations which the regular session of the 45th legislature so generously dealt out, will be \$14,000,000.

Two alternatives are suggested by this expert. He points out that the general fund is now paying out approximately \$5,000,000 per biennium on the "bread bonds issued for relief purposes during the depth of the depression, and that this entire \$20,000,000 bond issue will be retired within five years after the end of the current session. If taxes are raised now, he points out, it is extremely unlikely that they will be lowered again when the general fund is relieved of the bond payment burden. Therefore, he suggests letting the deficit "ride" as a brake on future expenditures.

STATE DEBT IS LOW.

It has been frequently pointed out that Texas follows a policy of paying for all capital expenditures out of its general fund. This policy of financial permanent improvements from current revenues has resulted in a net per capita debt of the state government in Texas of \$3.26 for general governmental purposes, and none for state highway purposes, whereas in Arkansas, the net state per capita debt is \$82.36 while the per capita highway debt totals another \$70.04. In Louisiana the per capita state debt is \$51.40, and the highway debt \$40.52 per capita. Over half the states in the union have a state per capita debt of \$20 or more, while only 15 states

have avoided highway debts. The policy of paying cash for permanent improvements may be a very good one, but in Texas it has given politicians the excuse continuously to increase taxes. Thus, if the state decides to build a hospital, for instance, at a cost of \$2,000,000, the legislature makes the appropriation from the general fund, which become overdrawn to that extent. Then the politicians raise a hue and cry to "wipe out the deficit" by upping taxes. When it is wiped out, the next legislature, seeing that the state is on a cash basis once more, becomes liberal with appropriations, and another deficit ensues. Then the cry goes up for more taxes, and the vicious circle continues ad infinitum.

MUST END SOMEWHERE

During the three-year period beginning in 1936, Texas taxpayers will have assumed about \$40,000,000 in additional state taxes. They must also pay out about \$75,000,000 in new federal social security taxes during this period, making about \$115,000,000 of new taxes for which they must foot the bill, not counting other increases in federal and local levies. There is a limit to what the people can pay. Many believe that limit is rapidly being approached.

"ORGANIZERS" ARE BUSY

Just before a legislative session is open season for the boys who want to "organize" some group of citizens. Within recent weeks letters have been sent out to two groups, asking for subscriptions, and promising legislative results that are, to put it mildly, extravagant. One such letter was sent to dealers in electric appliances, requesting that each rush \$10 to a self-appointed president of the "Independent Appliance Dealers' Association" at Tyler. About all the organizer promises is "a flood of letters to members of the legislature" urging a law to prohibit utility companies from selling appliances. Such a bill was decisively killed by the present legislature at the last session, and there is no encouraging prospect that such a bill would pass, even if it should be submitted, which it probably won't.

Another organizer has sent letters to merchants and others operating trucks, seeking donations of \$250 each to support a movement to raise the load limit on trucks. Similar legislation was also killed in the regular session, as it has been in numerous previous sessions.

Most of the effective lobbying in Austin is done by men whose services are sought out—and very little of it by the boys who send out circular letters for donations.

With Baird Baptist

Well Sunday was a real good day with us, one fine young lady, one of our school teachers, joined the church, by letter. We re-organized our BTU and are set to go now.

Next Sunday we invite everyone who is not bound by some promise to go elsewhere, to come and worship with us, and if you want a good place to work, well we have it waiting for you, just come on, either new ones or old ones, we like you all and are waiting for you.

Now remember the time of all our services. Sunday School at 10 a m; Preaching at 11; BTU at 7 p m and Preaching at 8; WMS, Monday afternoon at 4 and Mid-week Prayer Meeting Wednesday evening at 8. These services are for everyone who can and will come. YOU ARE WELCOME!
Joe R. Mayes.

The Rest Of The Record

BY JAMES V. ALLRED
Governor of Texas

This past week I met with certain members of the Senate committee which has been studying State expenditures. According to some newspaper articles we don't need any new tax money; also, that the Comptroller and Treasurer have said our deficit was only ten million dollars. The State Auditor has fixed it at fifteen million dollars as of September 1st of this year; at approximately twenty million dollars September 1, 1938; and approximately twenty four million dollars September 1, 1939, if no new taxes were levied.

When I met with members of the Senate committee we had the State Auditor and a representative of the State Comptroller with us. It developed that the Comptroller's figures and the Treasurer's figures were based on an actual deficit at the time but that they were not taking into consideration appropriations and expenditures that have already been made and not yet charged on the books just because the warrants had not been issued for them.

For instance they hadn't taken into consideration an appropriation of \$821,000.00 for an insane asylum in West Texas. The Board of control has already located this hospital at Big Springs, where the people voted a bond issue to furnish the land water supply; and the Board is preparing to let the contract for the building now. Certainly no one could argue that items of this kind are not chargeable against the State for which money should not be raised. At the end of the conference the representative of the Comptroller's Department agreed with the State Auditor's figures, so there is no actual difference.

Some members of the Senate committee have been quoted as saying that we should cut appropriations down and consolidate departments. I pointed out to them that at the beginning of the Regular Session I recommended department consolidations and stated that I could not recommend increases in appropriations, other than a little over a million dollars for the insane asylums. These recommendations of mine were ignored. Efforts to consolidate certain departments of government were killed in committee, and appropriations were substantially increased without revenues being provided.

The time to cut appropriations was during the Regular Session. The appropriations have now gone into effect. Our schools and colleges, for instance, have acted on these appropriations and entered into contracts with teachers which are binding on the State. The Board of Control has advertised for bids on buildings authorized in these appropriations. Now, it would be manifestly unfair, in fact I think impossible, for the Legislature to make any substantial savings at this late hour. The trouble is if I should submit any of these matters it would prevent passage of revenue measures, which we must have regardless, during the thirty days to which the Legislature is limited.

This past week the State Mineral Board, of which the Governor is Chairman and Judge C. V. Terrell of the Railroad Commission and Land Commissioner McDonald are members, passed a resolution which will result in \$500.00 per day more to the school fund from leases in the Sabine River bed.

These leases were originally made by Governor Sterling, Colonel E. O. Thompson and Land Commissioner J. H. Walker. They provided for a 3-8ths royalty to the State from these river bed leases. Later, during Mrs. Ferguson's administration, the price of oil dropped and she, together with Railroad Commissioner Lon A. Smith and Mr. Walker, former Land Commissioner, lowered the royalty from 3-2ths to 1-4th. Additional wells were drilled, and there are now 148 wells from which the State receives royalties.

Judge Terrell made a motion to restore the royalty from 1-4th to 3-8ths. McDonald and I seconded the motion and it passed unanimously. Judge Terrell and I are quite proud of this additional revenue.

A National Youth Administration work project operated in the Austin Recreational Department is providing twenty boys with part time employment and supplying equipment for the city parks. This is the first shop craft training received by many of the youths employed on the project.

County Agent's Column

By Ross B. Jenkins, County Agt.

TENMARQ WHEAT PLANTING INCREASING

During the past week the number of farmers who are going to plant the improved Tenmarq wheat this Fall has been increasing. The county agent has now ordered seed for 8 farmers who will plant some 125 bushels which is quite a start for the first time for any new variety in cooperation with the Extension Service.

While the county agent was at the Annual Conference at College Station this past week he heard many growers and county agents discuss the value of Tenmarq everywhere it was acclaimed the best yet developed. Mr. P. B. Dunkle, superintendent of the Denton Experiment Station, said it is a good yielder and grades high, whereas Black Hull, which has proved it is superior to many other strains, was found to be poor in milling and has very poor baking qualities.

NEW NORTEX OATS

The county agent has ordered improved Nortex oats for a number of growers during the past few years. The Denton Experiment Station which developed the Nortex oat has now developed a New Nortex which out-yields and is an all round better oat than the original Nortex. Farmers who have been able to secure the New Nortex seed are reporting greater yields than any other variety known. If any growers in this county are interested in securing seed they should place their order now through the county agent or direct to Mr. P. B. Dunkle, Superintendent Denton Experiment Station, Denton, for seed for 1938. There are no seed available for this Fall or next Spring planting but after the harvest for 1938 orders will be filled for this new oat.

BARLEY

Some interest is now being exhibited for barley. Barley is one grain that seems to be grown in cycles. For a few years there will be a great interest in barley then interest drops off. Right now more interest is being shown in this grain than for a number of years heretofore. There is one good strain that the county agent would recommend that has been recommended to him by the experiment stations. This is the Finley barley and it is rated as an intermediate that is, it is not necessarily a strict winter barley nor a strict Spring barley but is good for both Fall and Spring sowing. There is one admonition—do not plant the regular Tennessee barley as it does not do good in this section of the state.

To those who read this column it is probably useless to remind you that grain should be treated with Ceresan or Copper carbonate to prevent stinking smut.

SMUT

There is absolutely no excuse for producers having smut in their fields. A half ounce of Ceresan will treat a bushel of grain or two ounces of copper carbonate. Out of 1072 cars of wheat last month delivered to the 7 principal milling centers of Texas 25 per cent of it was affected which cost each producer an average of 10 to 25 cents per bushel penalty. That was the loss after the wheat was threshed but the greatest loss was had at harvest time since the smut cut production from 25 to 50 per cent when all the while it could have been prevented by a few minutes

effort and a few cents spent.

HOW LONG "HOG AROUND" COTTON BUYING?

The question that is being raised in the minds of the cotton buyers and cotton producers today is "How long will the producers tolerate the selling of their cotton at "hog around" prices or as we know it "Hog around buying"? Farmers that sell their cotton at the standard price being offered that day may either be drawing a penalty or being paid a premium according to the grade of their cotton.

Cotton is ordinarily sold at the price quoted on 7-8 inch middling grade. If 13-16 inch cotton is sold at this price that producer receives a premium on his grade, whereas if the man selling one inch to one and one-sixteenths inch staple would be penalized 100 points or more on this plan. Many people are talking about the United States and Texas losing their foreign market. Some have blamed this on the curtailment of production because of the A. A. A. Programs whereas the truth is our country has lost its markets mainly because it has let the grade and length of staple deteriorate so that the buyers refuse to make purchases of our inferior cottons. Mills refuse to buy short staple cotton such as Half and Half and other poor cotton unless they can buy them at a very cheap price. On the other hand they buy the inch to better length staples at premiums and will pay it gladly.

There is a mill today in New Braunfels, Comal County, that buys nothing shorter than inch staples and it is doubtful if much Callahan cotton ever goes to this mill because few staples are of that length, therefore, the 100 points or better over middling cotton could scarcely be realized by our growers and never because of our hog around buying.

It costs no more to grow good cotton than poor cotton but buyers pay a great deal more per lb. for long staples (inch or better) rather than short staples and for bright, clean cotton rather than dingy, dirty, trashy cotton. Furthermore, if the growers in Callahan would select in the various cotton growing communities a one variety of cotton then gin all this cotton at one gin and have their samples taken and spread out in a sample room, say twice a week, and ask that buyers come in and buy the cotton according to the grade and sample that is shown our farmers would soon increase the quality of our cotton so that \$5 to \$10 per bale more would be made.

The foreign buyers will come back to Texas and the cotton markets of our state will again create interest abroad when we have raised the length and grade of our cotton, and not before. Volume without quality is a suicidal practice. Poor marketing methods further handicap the amount received by the growers.

GINNERS COOPERATION

Ginners can also help in the position by demanding that the cotton come to them dry; that it be not picked green. Many ginners can turn out a better sample of cotton if they would pull down the speed of their saws so that it would take about 10 to 12 minutes to run out the bale rather than 6 to 8 minutes. If too much speed is carried the saws will cut the cotton. Tight breast rolls also cut the cotton, therefore, ginners should run loose roll and that would require dry cotton. Gins equipped with straight teeth are better than those equipped with curved or roached teeth. Then, after the cotton is turned out farmers should understand that cotton does deteriorate if laid out in the

weather or stored on wet floors or the ground. In every instance cotton should be stored so that district are assisting county agrarian and dampness would be ex-cultural agents in agricultural excluded. If 5 per cent of the bale extension and experimental work, shows rotten that immediately vocational agriculture, and other penalizes the price on the whole rural community activities, Phil bale because an expensive opera-B. Wilson, district project supervision is involved in separating the intent, has reported to J. C. rotted cotton from the good staple Kellam, State Youth Director.

T. J. INMAN
Optometrist — Jeweler
Will be at Holmes Drug Company, Baird
September 16-17-18
Glasses Fitted—Watch Repair

The strength of a bank is determined by its history,
its policy, its management and the extent of its
resources.
The First National Bank, of Baird
Baird, Texas
Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

BEARDEN SERVICE STATION
SINCLAIR GAS AND OIL
FREE VACUUM CLEANING
WASHING AND GREASING
Tire Repairing — Battery Service
We Call For And Deliver Your Car Anywhere In The City
TIRES TUBES GREASES ACCESSORIES
COLD DRINKS CANDY
BONDED AND INSURED TRUCKS
Licensed and Careful Drivers
O. D. Brown, R. C. Corn; R. C. Wristen

SPECIALS

81x90 SHEETS 77c	BOYS PANTS GOOD GRADE FOR SCHOOL 89c
MENS KAKI SUITS Pre-Strunk - Sanforized \$2.49 a suit	A COMPLETE LINE OF NEW SHADES IN FALL SILKS Extra - Extra 49c
MENS FUR FELT HATS Newest Styles \$1.98	Garza Sheeting 9-4 OR 81 INCH 34c

JONES DRY GOODS

Fillers
An average of twenty NYA youths working on a land beautification project at the Division Headquarters of the State Highway Department at Atlanta, Texas are cleaning and landscaping the area, excavating and hauling rock for a fish pond, and constructing rubble masonry. H. Ray Roberts, district supervisor, has reported to J. C. Kellam, State Youth Director

FOR RENT—2 or 3 room Apartment with modern conveniences. See Mrs. C. W. Conner. 40-2t

FOR SALE OR TRADE—1, 1929 Model Chevrolet, with home-made pick-up bed. Will trade for nice milk cow and a dozen nice hens. See L. G. (T-Bone) Barnhill. 40-2t

BAKING

One group of National Youth Administration youths employed on a work project sponsored by the Texas highway Department in Harris County laid 1100 feet of four foot concrete sidewalk and prepared 200 yards of sub-grade for sidewalk during the last fifteen-day period. W. O. Alexander, district supervisor, has reported to J. C. Kellam, State Youth Director.

The BUTTER KIST BAKERY is now open for business and are prepared to furnish Bread of all kinds We specialize in pastry. Give us a trial order, it is our aim to please our customers.

NOTICE

THE PRINTZESS, JUSTMOORE and ROSE-MAR COATS—Have Just Arrived
Be Sure And Pick Yours While Our Stock Is Complete
A New Line Of Suits And Dresses
JUST RECEIVED. Give Us A Look Before You Buy ALL THE
New Shades In Humming Bird Hose
Are now in Stock. Also Our Shoe Stock in Perfect Shade
JONES DRY GOODS

The Baird Star.

"On The Bankhead Highway"
"The Broadway of America."

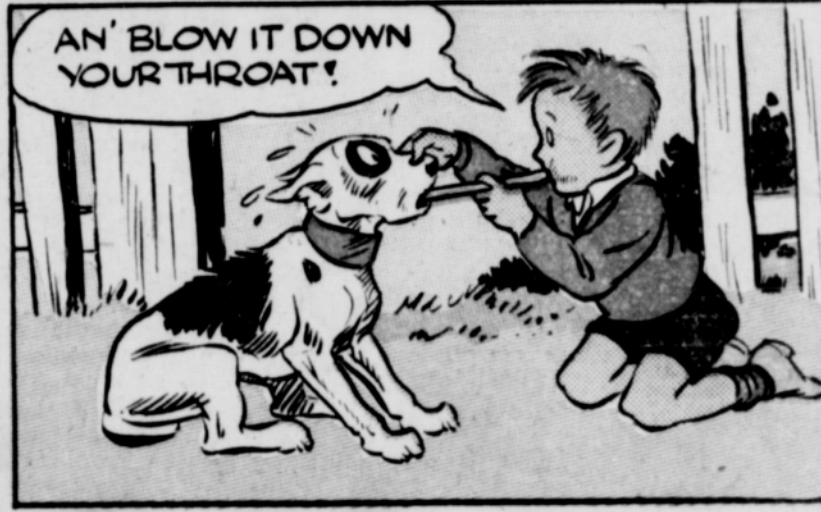
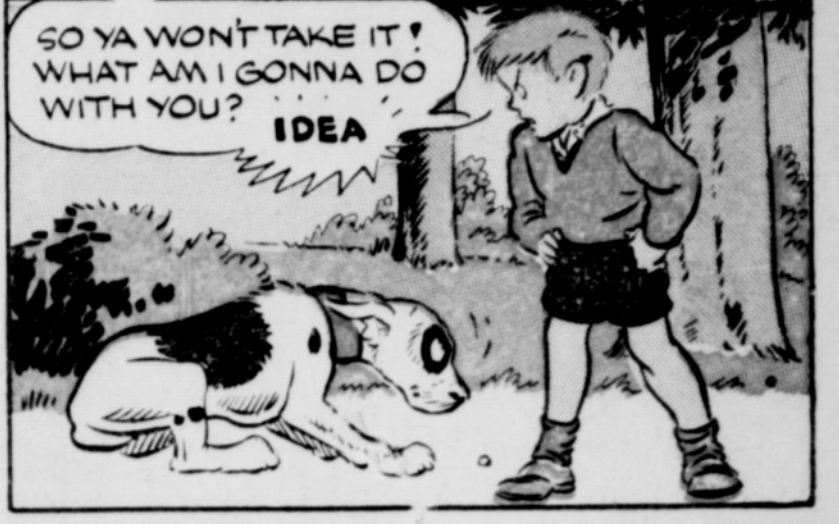
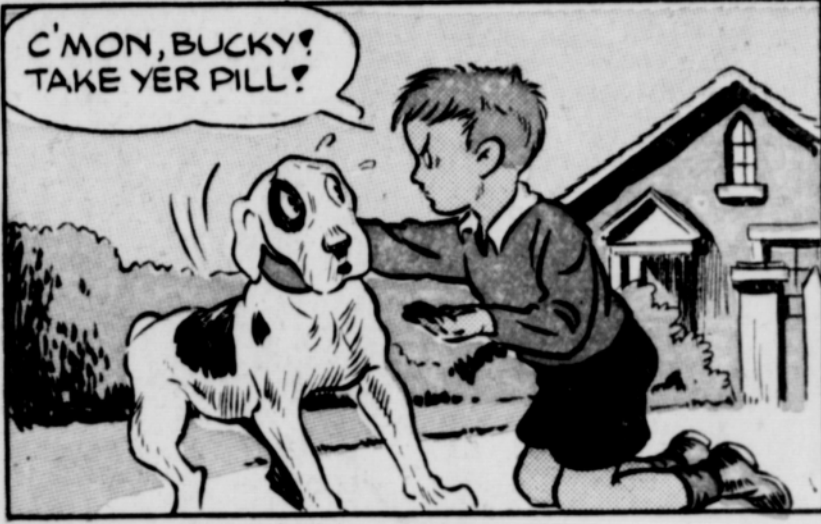
Our Motto—"Tis Neither Birth, Nor Wealth, Nor State, But the Get-Up-and-Get That Makes Men Great."

FIFTIETH YEAR.

BAIRD, CALLAHAN COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1937.

NUMBER 40.

BUCKY and his PALS.



IS THIS YOUR DOG?

THE LAKELAND TERRIER. THIS BREED IS OVER A CENTURY OLD, BUT HAS JUST BEEN RECOGNIZED IN AMERICA. THE ENGLISH CLAIM IT SUPERIOR TO THE WIRE-HAIRED FOX-TERRIER AS A SPORTING DOG, AND IT IS FAMOUS IN ITS NATIVE LAKELANDS FOR ITS ABILITY TO FIND AND DIG OUT SMALL GAME.

Robert Dickie

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BACK HOME AGAIN

By Ed Dodd



Grandpa Hamlet, Early Community Builder

By AVIS PLATTER

Route 1, Edgewood, Texas.

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AN Zandt county today, with its network of concrete highways, beautiful public and residential buildings, expansive rose nur-

series and truck farms and towering oil derricks, is hardly suggestive of a frontier wilderness. Yet, within the memory of a few remaining old-timers, the area was once a wilderness where deer and other wild animals roamed through primitive forests, and where panthers screamed defiance at night to early home-steaders.

Joe Hamlet, 86, known to his friends as "Grandpa Hamlet" was one of the hardy souls who braved the dangers of a pioneer era to establish a home in a new country. He moved to Van Zandt

county nearly fifty years ago and chopped trees from the forest to build his log house. He fenced his 55-acre tract with sapling rails and used a team of oxen to cultivate his land. For food, he often killed a deer or a wild turkey.

Grandpa Hamlet, too, was a community builder. When civic problems needed solution he generally took the lead in working out a plan. He helped to build one of the early churches and once his friends nominated him for the office of sheriff, but he declined the honor.

"Sheriffs at that time had to hang criminals who had been given the death penalty," he explained, "and that kind

of a task was not to my liking. No, siree. I wouldn't have had the job if every man in the county had voted for me."

Takes Life Easy

For the past few years Grandpa Hamlet has been taking life easy. He is living with his daughter in the High Land community near where he settled. The original home was sold about 25 years ago and the money invested in New Mexico property. It turned out to be a bad venture for he lost everything he had accumulated.

Chopping wood and picking cotton, cutting sprouts and helping to care for his grandchildren now are the principal activities of Grandpa Hamlet. For pastime he reads and visits with the neighbors. He loves a joke and never passes up an opportunity to play pranks on friends.

Mrs. Hamlet, whom he married in 1877, died in 1935. He has one daughter, six grandchildren and five great grandchildren. The most thrilling experience, perhaps, of Grandpa Hamlet's colorful career was the time he thought he heard his doom in the weird cry of a panther. It was when the little community church was being built and Hamlet had been asked to haul the lumber for the structure.

"It took four days to make the trip to the saw mill and back," he recalls. "I was doing fine until the last night coming back when I was forced to camp in the bottoms.

Weird Scream of Panther

"I fed my oxen and built a big fire. Then I made another fire and put the meat on to fry. The cooking meat had begun to smell real good and while I was planning the things we could do when the church house was built, I heard the weird scream of a panther not far away. It was coming after me or my supper.

"I froze in my tracks. I ran to get my gun but it was gone—lost somewhere along the route. Stark terror seized me. My hair stood on end and I trembled violently. It was either luck or Providence that I had the big fire.

"I ran to the fire and when I saw the hungry panther's eyes blaze in the circle of light and heard its menacing cry I knew what I must do. I threw burning embers at the animal and then yoked the oxen, one at a time. I knew my doom was sealed if I attempted to ride on top of that load of lumber. I threw more embers, then crawled in on the tongue between the oxen and started home.

"It was a slow tortuous ride with the panther circling and screaming. I expected it to attack me or the oxen at any time but it never did. It followed me several miles and then began to slow up and get further behind. Finally, I heard it no more. But I rode the tongue until daylight—and to safety."

Born in Kentucky

Hamlet was born in Graze county, Kentucky, in 1851, and recalls vividly the stirring days of the war between the States. He was only ten years old when hostilities broke out, but the conflict left an in-

delible impression on his memory.

"I was the oldest of ten children," he said. "My father was a cripple and walked on crutches. He taught school and made shoes. Neither brought much revenue, so we had pretty tough sled-

"Times, always hard for our family, were even harder after war broke out. Mother and I raised a little patch of wheat for bread. I cut the wheat with the butcher knife, spread it on a bed sheet and beat it out with a stick. Then I poured it from one pan to another in the wind to get the trash, husks and broken stalks out. Next I put it in a sack and carried it on my shoulder to the mill where it was ground. It all came out together and the bran had to be sifted out. But we had much better bread than we have now. It was whole wheat and it was good. But even at that, bread was more or less of a luxury. Sometimes there would be

for father and us boys. We had to hide our clothes in hollow trees out in the woods to keep the Yankee soldiers from taking them. We had individual trees, so if one tree was found all the clothes wouldn't be lost. I learned to love my old tree because it guarded my clothes so well.

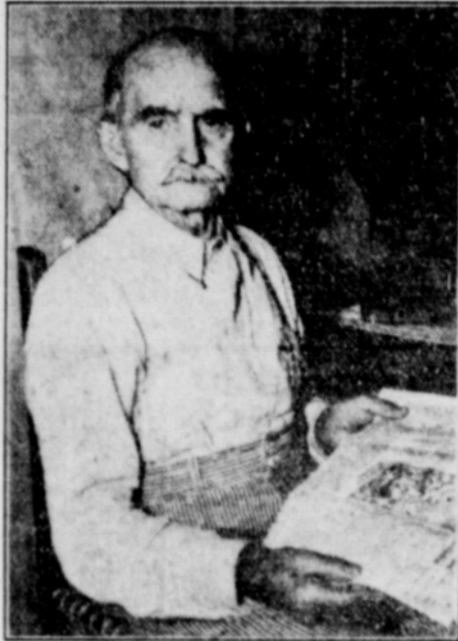
"One day the soldiers paid us a visit just after we had saved our pumpkin seed. They were put in a large vessel on the water shelf to dry. One of the soldier's horses walked up to the shelf and took a bite of pumpkin seed. Father's cobbler hammer was on the shelf. My younger brother picked up the hammer and hit the horse in the head so hard it knocked the animal down.

"One tragic visit the soldiers made us was when my little sister, May, was dying. They started catching our chickens. They chased them all over the place and chunked them under the house. We were all gathered around the bed crying. A big negro soldier came in and stood at the foot of the bed for a long time and watched the little girl as she lay dying. During all that time he had a big yellow rooster under his arm. We couldn't bear to look at him because it was the rooster that my little sister claimed for her own.

Came to Texas in 1876

"Most of the deprivations of the Yankee soldiers took place in 1864 and 1865. Sometime later my father and mother died and the children began to scatter. I drifted into Texas in 1876. I made a crop in Kaufman county in 1877 and met and married Nancy Morgan. We moved to Van Zandt county in 1888 and settled on 55 acres on the Myrtle Springs and Grand Saline road. Edgewood was the postoffice, and the surrounding country was a vast forest. Edgewood consisted of one blacksmith shop, one general store and postoffice combined, a depot and section house. There were only two cleared spots between Edgewood and Canton.

"I am proud of being an old-timer and like to contrast the present with the past. I have lived to see great changes and it has made life interesting. As for hardships, I've had plenty and don't mind them. Hardships develop a man's character, making him more self-reliant. The trouble to-day is that most of us want to dodge responsibility. We want many of the luxuries of life but don't want to work hard for them. God said man must earn his living by the sweat of his brow, and He meant just that. More sweat would solve a lot of problems that we are facing in America to-day. Work and faith in God and yourself will accomplish wonders."



Joe Hamlet, age 86, of Van Zandt county, Texas.



"A slow, tortuous ride with the panther circling and screaming."

eight or ten days when we had no bread at all. Mother had a hearth oven that held nearly a half bushel, and it was in this oven she cooked our bread.

"In our Kentucky home at this time we didn't have any sugar except maple sugar. We tapped maple trees, cutting an angling gash in the early winter and catching the sap in troughs. This was cooked in the wash pot until the water was all cooked out. The sugar then would form big cakes which were stored away for future use. Many times when we thought we had a winter's supply of sugar, Union soldiers would make a raid and take every bit we had. Then we would have all our work to do over again and sometimes it would be too late to get any more sap. Once Yankee soldiers came by and took all our wheat and left us children crying for bread.

Hide Clothes in Hollow Trees

"Sometimes we planted a little patch of cotton. We youngsters picked the cotton; after picking it from the boll we picked the seed by hand. When that was done mother would drag out the spinning wheel and loom. It was my job to help her spin the thread and to weave the cloth for the clothes we wore. She wove material for breeches

Training Young Air Pilots

The world is seeking new wings. The current war scare may result in a batch of trouble, but right now it's certainly putting youth in the air. The nations of the earth are training pilots as fast as possible—sometimes, perhaps, too fast.

Not long ago 12 army planes zoomed off a Norwegian airport, headed for an air celebration in another part of the country. At the controls of most of them were student pilots who were going to get valuable cross-country experience, beside showing what fine air-men Norway is turning out.

Along came a thunderstorm and when it passed four of the planes were gone. One was reported missing. The other three crashed. One pilot was killed.

There's this to be said, however: accidents in training military birdmen must be expected. Reason, of course, is that when students fly in close formation the first few times it's generally a perilous procedure.

Down at Kelly Field, San Antonio, Texas, the U. S. Army's advanced flying school, scarcely a week goes by that one or more planes don't flutter from formations with wings locked. Fortunately, in most cases the pilots manage to parachute to safety.

As a matter of fact, our Air Corps has set a remarkable safety record in military flying. Two years back, its annual death toll was only 56, less than the number of Army pilots on the ground in auto smash-ups.

Mention of military crack-ups brings to mind one in France a year or so ago. One plane plunged right through another, cutting the second craft cleanly in two. Yet, neither pilot was hurt! In fact, the plane that did the cutting wasn't even scratched and the pilot went back to his formation. The oth-

er flier used his parachute to descend to safety.

Incidentally, last fall France popped up with a new wrinkle in training fighting fliers. The youths eventually pay for the privilege of learning how to die gracefully in a "dog fight." It's like this:

Schoolboys 9 to 14 are given "pre-aerial" courses along with their regular school duties. Between 14 and 17 they're taught to manage gliders. Then comes flying instruction—at a "small cost."

Ostensibly, the whole plan is to put more commercial fliers in the French air. However, French airlines are government owned and managed as training grounds for war fliers.

But France is not the only nation that has started getting war birds young. Austria and Germany have begun acquainting grade school youngsters with planes through the medium of model airplane courses, taken as part of the regular curriculum.

In the latter country, one of the instructors is the daring woman flier, Thea Rasche, holder of several world's records and principally famed over here for once flitting under several bridges spanning New York's East River.

England also calls to young men. Experienced private pilots have offered to join the Royal Air Force, yet when only 25 have been rejected as "too old."

But the rush to train military fliers isn't limited to large nations. Down in Cuba air cadets get most of their practice breaking up communist parades which disturb the peace of mind of Cuba's boss, Col. Batista.

South Africa also is increasing its air force and is having a bit of trouble with recruits. The fledglings claim they are only permitted 10 or 45 minutes of flying each day.

Texas Salt Deposits of Vast Depth

By DON HOLLIS

P. O. Box 741, Tyler, Texas.

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It has been said—and without fear of successful contradiction—that there is enough salt underlying the Grand Saline (Van Zandt county, Texas), area to supply needs of the entire nation for several generations. Statistics fans also have said that Van Zandt county salt, loaded into wagons two abreast, would more than encircle the earth.

As a matter of fact, no one knows the potential yield of Van Zandt county's salt deposits. The Grand Saline salt dome is known to be a mile and a half across the earth's surface but its depth has not been determined. A shaft sunk 700 feet through pure rock salt has enabled engineers to guess that the salt stratum extends at least 300 feet further down. Two huge salt plants—one mining the crystallized salt and the other using the evaporation process—are operated in Grand Saline by the Morton Salt Company, furnishing employment to 350 men.

Salt Deposits Over a Wide Area

Salt deposits in Texas are not confined to Van Zandt county alone. Large areas of the coastal region and the plains of West Texas are underlain with thick strata of salt which crop out in many places, and salt water is found in deep wells throughout the State.

Salt has been produced for many years in Mitchell and Colorado counties, though not commercially. At different times and for several generations Harris, Anderson, Smith and Pecos counties have contributed to the salt industry. The salt flats north of Van Horn and at the foot of Guadalupe peak have produced salt in commercial quantities. In the early sixties a kettle plant, on the salt fork of the Brazos, in Young county, produced salt for the soldiers at Fort Griffin and for the buffalo hunters. On King Ranch, near Raymondville, is a salt lake from which salt has been obtained for several years.

Texas today is producing between 250,000 and 300,000 tons of salt annually. Most of this comes from the two plants of the Morton Salt Company at Grand Saline.

Just how long salt has been produced in the Grand Saline area is not known, though the Cherokee Indians are believed to have made crude attempts to utilize the brine industry centuries ago.

Control of the industry passed to the white man about 1840.

Old records and legends tell the story of how John Jordan and A. T. McKee who, while traveling through what then was the Republic of Texas, came upon a group of Indians near the site of Grand Saline squatting over a brine vat. Occasionally one of the savages would dip a twig into the liquid to test it for traces of crystallization.

After an exchange of greetings the travelers went their way. But the significance of the vat had not been overlooked, and they returned later to ply the Indians with questions about the "magic white sand," as it was known to the red men.

White Men Acquire Control

Negotiations were opened and soon

Previous to 1891 various attempts were made to mine salt in and around Grand Saline. Jordan and McKee operated two kettles in a primitive way, later succeeded by Fred Ham, who enlarged the salt plant by several more kettles. In 1859 Ham sold out to Samuel Q. Richardson, who added a pump to a well on Saline prairie, operating the pump with mule power and conveying the water three-fourths of a mile through hollowed log pipes laid on top of the ground to the Texas & Pacific railroad tracks at Grand Saline.

Evaporating Pans Succeed Kettles

A St. Louis firm took over the salt works in 1875 and made extensive improvements, installing large square shallow evaporating pans to take the place of the primitive kettles. Later Richardson again acquired control of the business and drilled the first well into the salt dome. By 1891, when Major Parsons entered the picture, Grand Saline had attained recognition as a salt center and was marketing its products over a wide area in the Southwest.

The Morton Salt Company, present owners and sole operators of the Grand Saline salt industry since 1920, used the evaporation process exclusively until about six years ago. The brine was pumped into huge vats and allowed to crystallize. Then the crystallized particles were carried through a chute into a large drying oven. Later it underwent further refining and was automatically packed into containers ready for shipment and for marketing.

Decision to sink a shaft in the salt dome was reached by Morton Salt Company officials in 1929. Sixteen months were required to drill the shaft a depth of 700 feet through the solid rock salt formations. But production on an extensive scale did not begin until the early part of 1931. The huge shaft is in three compartments—two for hoisting and one for ventilation.

The interior of a salt mine looks very much like that of a coal mine, except the walls are a sort of dingy white instead of black, and the galleries and rooms are much larger. The average room in the Grand Saline salt mine is 350 feet long, sixty feet wide and eighty feet high. The rock salt is dislodged with dynamite and with electric drills and sent to the surface of the shaft in a huge bucket where it is crushed, culled and put through a rather intricate refining process. Then it is automatically packed into cartons for shipment.



At bottom of Grand Saline salt mine, 700 feet below the earth's surface.

the white men acquired control of the salt-bearing land. In the early forties initial steps were taken toward commercial production. Jordan assumed the lead in the venture and the settlement, which later became Grand Saline, was known as Jordan's Saline.

For the first few years little importance was attached to the salt industry. But during the war between the States salt became such an important commodity that the Van Zandt county plant was taken over and operated by the Confederate government.

Government control of the plant ceased at the end of the war and, because of economic conditions, it was several years before production was attempted on an extensive scale. Even then, equipment was so crude that the venture did not prove profitable. It was not until 1891 that the first up-to-date salt plant, operated by steam, was erected by Major Byron Parsons.

Newsprint From Southern Trees

Due to better methods of processing our second-growth pines and other trees, it is altogether possible that within a few years the South, including Texas, may produce most of the newsprint used in the United States. Formerly the Northern States, notably Maine, were our principal producers of woodpulp. When the supply in these States was almost exhausted, newspapers turned to Canada, which for years has been supplying American newspapers with most of their newsprint.

Woodpulp from the Southern pine is of good quality. Due in part to the longer seasons a Southern pine will grow large enough to be available for woodpulp in ten years. It requires forty to fifty years for trees in Canada to reach the required size.

Although an immense amount of newsprint is now used and the demand for it may increase, the South with proper forestry can always supply much that is needed. Lands depleted by cultivation and by erosion are soon covered with a thick growth of these pines. They bid fair to be a valuable asset to many a land owner.

Texas industrialists have formulated plans for a 200-ton East Texas newsprint mill to be in operation in 1938. It is estimated that Texas newspapers alone consume annually about 150,000 tons of newsprint.

The Spread in Prices

Both the farmer and the consumer are penalized by the enormous spread between the price the farmer receives and the cost to the consumer. We know of a transaction where a farmer sold sweet potatoes early in the season for five cents a pound to a grocer, who im-

mediately began to sell them to his customers at ten cents a pound. Of course, the grocer performed a real service, but it is not worth as much to weigh out and distribute potatoes in small amounts as to plow the ground, furnish the seed, bed the potatoes, keep the bed watered, set out the potato slips, cultivate them, dig the potatoes, maybe store them, and haul them to market.

In the case mentioned there was one middleman between the producer and the consumer. Generally there are many, so many that there is little relation between the price the farmer receives and the cost to the consumer. A few years ago our farmers were much exercised over the number of these middlemen, all of whom had to have pay for their services. Of late we have heard little about it, although there has probably been no decrease in the number.

The seasonal spread in the prices of perishable groceries is great. Some of this spread is justified, for it costs something to keep them in cold storage, and there is always the risk of having a part of them left when the new crop comes upon the market. The spread seems to us in certain instances to be too great. We have just read that the farmers of northeastern North Carolina have had to sell their potatoes at so low a price that they would have been better off had they planted none. Last year the farmers of Maine allowed great quantities of potatoes to rot in the fields because they could not sell them for enough to pay for gathering and hauling them to market. Potatoes sold higher last winter to the consumer than ever before—so high that many housewives used substitutes.

The transportation companies, wholesalers, jobbers, warehousemen, are all

entitled to a reasonable profit for service, but they should recognize that they have an obligation to society to render said service at a price as low as possible. All of them should unite in an effort to reduce cost of overhead and pass this reduction on to producers and consumers.

How Much Are You Worth?

What you are worth seems to depend on your choice of work for life. The New York Times tells us that Dr. Harold F. Clark, of Columbia University, and a numerous staff of assistants have for eight years been studying data to determine the answer. They wished to give better advice concerning the choice of a profession to their pupils. So broad has been the investigation that Dr. Clark considers it now possible to say how much a budding doctor, lawyer, architect, engineer, journalist, minister, teacher, farmer, or farm laborer is worth when he begins his life's work; that is, his present worth at that time.

The estimated present life value of a doctor, who heads the list of 16 occupations, is \$108,000; of a farm laborer, \$10,400. The average years of active work varies from 40 years for nurses to 51 for farmers and farm laborers.

To understand Dr. Clark's figures we will assume that a young doctor goes to a banker and offers to mortgage all that he makes throughout his life career and turn it over to the banker for a lump sum of around \$108,000. The banker, who expects to make 4 to 5 per cent on his investment, gives the doctor this sum for his earnings for life.

Under the same arrangement, the banker presumably would give to a young lawyer \$105,000; to a dentist, \$95,400; to an engineer, \$95,300; to an architect, \$82,500; to a journalist, \$41,

500; to a minister, \$41,000; to a public school teacher, \$29,700; to an unskilled laborer, \$15,200; to a farmer, \$12,500; to a farm laborer, \$10,400.

These figures will indicate to a young man what compensation he may expect in the professions named. If all were alike talented, large numbers would flock to medicine, law, dentistry, engineering and architecture. Not all are mentally or financially equipped for these professions. The doctor must have excellent natural endowments; the best medical colleges now require that prospective students shall have had four years in high school and four years in college, and shall have made excellent grades in each of these institutions; after that, come four years in medical college and at least two years of internship in a hospital. Preparation for some of the other professions is almost as costly in time and money.

It is good to know that for doctors as well as for farm laborers there are other compensation for work which money cannot measure. The minister and the teacher live a life of self-sacrifice, but they enjoy the respect and love of those whom they have served; no little reward. It requires intelligence to be a good unskilled laborer, but he is free from the care and worry of business for sixteen hours of the twenty-four, while the doctor may be called from his bed at any hour of night. One needs a high order of intelligence to be a successful farmer, but the farmer has "the glorious privilege of being independent."

One mistake a young man may make is to measure all values in money. There are other and more satisfying values, and these values may be had by those in any profession, provided the worker is fitted for the work, and "do with all his might whatsoever his hand findeth to do." The money such a man receives for his work is but a small fraction of his compensation.

Judge Not

We quote three headlines from a morning paper:

1. "CHINA, JAPAN ABANDON HOPES FOR PEACE AS CONFLICT RAGES ON PEIPING FRONT."

2. "GOVERNMENT TROOPS IN RETREAT BEFORE INSURGENTS IN CRUCIAL BATTLE OF WAR."

3. "THREAT TO NATION'S PEACE ENVISIONED BY WAR, SECRETARY WOODRING WARNS AGAINST ATTEMPT TO ADJUDGE NATIONS."

The first tells that a Japanese army has attacked the Chinese on Chinese soil. The second, tells how the insurgents in Spain, aided by many thousands of Italians and Germans as well as by German and Italian airplanes, are battling for Madrid.

Under the third headline we read extracts from a speech by our Secretary of War to a convention of American Legionnaires. He warned that danger of America's involvement in a foreign war lies in "attempting to pass moral judgment on the motives and responsibilities of other nations."

"Such an action," he said, "might easily be the first step toward involving ourselves in hostilities. . . . We abhor war, but we are often among the first to pass moral judgments and to take sides among belligerents."

Mr. Woodring has given advice which Americans, long accustomed to think what they please and to say what they think, will not heed. We do not know that they should. Every man is under moral obligation to learn all he can about any question before he makes up his mind. We do not see how any man who thinks at all can fail to come to some kind of decision about the right or wrong of a question if he has his information from reliable sources.

Possibly Mr. Woodring means that our people avoid violent languages in the expression of their moral judgment. If so, we agree with him. Whether it be dangerous to our peace or not, all Americans have already formed some opinion about the moral right of Japan in China. We would not suppress the expression of that opinion. For, as John Stuart Mills says, "the evil of suppressing the expression of an opinion is that of robbing the human race."

Hemp in Texas

Hemp, an East Indian plant, the fiber of which may be easily separated from the stalk, has long been used in the far East for making cord and coarse textile fabrics. For many years it has been grown in Kentucky and some other States for its fiber, which is valuable in the textile industry.

At Raymondville, in Willacy county, Texas, the Texas Hemp Corporation built a factory for processing the plant to get its fiber, and thirty or forty farmers in the community went to growing it and found a ready sale for it at a comparatively good price.

Our Legislature has recently passed a law making it a felony punishable by two to ten years in the penitentiary to grow any narcotic plant in Texas without a permit. Our Governor says no permit will be issued to growers of hemp. The powerful drug hasheesh, similar in its effects to marijuana, may be extracted from it. Acting under orders of the Department of Public Safety, the farmers near Raymondville have destroyed all their hemp and will plant no more. Officers throughout the State have been instructed to ferret out any small patch that may exist and destroy it.

These Willacy county farmers have our sympathy. Hemp has been grown elsewhere in the United States and no question raised. However, it was grown for fiber, not for production of a drug. Growers have had to make a great sacrifice because the plant can be put to a bad use by those evilly disposed. Hemp-raising might have developed into a great Texas industry. But, considering the general welfare, our Legislature was probably justified in passing a law to make more difficult the obtaining of a plant that can be used to degrade men and women.

A Benefactor of Mankind

In 1895 a young Italian, hitherto unknown to fame, announced that he had discovered how to telegraph without the use of wires. He was then only 21; his name was Guglielmo (William) Marconi. His discovery was made possible by the work of others who had preceded him, but he saw the significance of what others had found out, and to him belongs full credit for wireless telegraphy, which has greatly modified, if not revolutionized, the social, economic, and commercial life of the world.

Wireless first served humanity by establishing communication from ship to ship or from ship to shore, and by this means countless lives on ships in distress have been saved as well as property of untold value. Its first effective and dramatic use was in the rescue of the ship Republic by the Baltic in 1909, after the former had collided with the Florida off Nantucket. In answer to SOS calls from Republic, the Baltic hastened to its rescue and succeeded in saving the ship and all men, women and children aboard.

As the invention was further perfected, it came into commercial use, at first for comparatively short distances. It was a great day for Marconi and for the world when he succeeded in sending a wireless message across the Atlantic. Nearly every nation can now communicate with other nations by means of wireless. It and its developments of wireless telephony and radio are indispensable in modern warfare for communication between armies in the field and general army headquarters.

Radio and television are developments of wireless. Communications between cities when all wires are down or broken and the outside world has been made possible by radio. It brings into our homes programs of music, athletic contests, general news, public speaking and announcements of worthwhile interest.

In this fortunate age we can hardly realize that only thirty years ago there was no such thing as radio and that it has been only 42 years since Marconi discovered wireless. It would seem almost impossible for the world to continue its scientific, commercial and intellectual progress if it were bereft of radio.

Marconi passed away in July. He will be enrolled with that great Italian Galileo as one of the foremost scientists of all time.

Why was he able to contribute so much to mankind? The answer is not far to seek. It lies in one little word of four letters W-O-R-K. At the time of his death he left unfinished his far-reaching development of extra-short waves, so as to make possible easier radio communication with the most distant countries.

NEED FOR BETTER COTTON

Speakers at annual convention of West Texas ginners, Abilene, stressed importance of growing better quality of cotton, otherwise Texas, which exports about 90 per cent of its cotton, is in danger of losing more of the export cotton market.

Grass Root Reveries

By JOE GANDY
Winnboro, Texas.

(Copyright, 1937, by the Southwest Magazine Co.)

If America is ever forced into war there isn't a chance to beat our ploughshares into swords and our pruning hooks into spears because the scrap iron collectors have bought (or stolen) from us farmers about all our old ploughshares and pruning hooks.

Some doctors have been using an iron lung in treatment of respiratory cases. Why can't they add an iron heart, iron stomach, etc.? I've needed an iron stomach for years to digest left-overs.

So far us farmers have been living on Faith, Hope and sometimes Charity, but cotton is opening now and we can get by without charity. The days have been long and hot but we stayed right in there and pitched and we folks in Northeast Texas are wonderfully blessed with good crops, including babies, so what we got to worry about?

It is more pleasant after an honest year's work to sit in the cool of the shade and watch the humming birds flit around honeysuckle vines, at peace with God and man, rather than fighting and killing neighbors and civilians like some foreign nations are doing.

Right when I had my eye on the only spot in the world where I could keep cool and be free from politics and nudism I find it occupied by four Russians and a dog.

A Philadelphia doctor has perfected a machine for classifying headaches. With this machine, he says, you can tell whether your headache is caused by over-eating, loss of sleep, loss of money, high taxes, high living costs, low in-

come, poor relations, hot weather, hot dogs, noisy auto horns or noisy radios. This about covers the cause of most headaches. But if some man will invent a machine to remove the cause he will be a national hero.

It is interesting to study history of different ages—the Stone Age, the Bronze Age, the Iron Age and the Steel Age. Wonder if we are now entering the Haywire Age.

A writer gives some interesting tips on how to detect good money from counterfeit. He says George Washington's picture is on the \$1 bill, Lincoln's picture on the \$5, Hamilton's on the \$10, Jackson's on the \$20, Grant's on the \$50, Franklin's on the \$100, Mc-

Kinley's on the \$500 and Cleveland's on the \$1,000. Thanks, but so far I haven't seen any picture on any bills but Washington's.

A sales tip to snuff manufacturers: A lady acquaintance has told her husband if he will buy his snuff in cute little tinted glasses so she can use them to put jelly in when empty she will not object to him using snuff. But that idea is fraught with grave possibilities; distillers might put up whisky in cute little tinted glasses.

There is some talk of reforming our Texas prison system. Wouldn't it be better to first reform the prisoners?

A man has written an instructive article on 'How to Keep from Being Murdered.' I happen to know some people who have not been murdered and most of them never fell in love but once, married the girl, went to work, attended to their own business and kept their mouths shut. This recipe, if followed, will invariably keep any man from being murdered.

I know a woman who worries because her husband notices a run in another woman's stocking before he notices one in hers. That is queer, but most men are queer. They put blind bridles on horses so they can look only straight ahead and specs. on themselves so they can look ahead, up, down or sideways.

There is an old saying that "a fool and his money are soon parted," but I know a lot folks who are not fools yet are soon parted from their money. A farmer friend of mine, not a fool, sold a bale of cotton the other day for \$50 and was soon parted from his money. The banker got it.

It is said that roofs of modern trailers can be detached and used for boats. Thus the modern trail-blazers can now start out and get there in spite of h— or high water.

While helping her dog dig a mouse out of a hole a Missouri girl found a fruit jar, long buried, that contained over \$600 in gold. Mice and men, says a poet, "gang aft agley," which means I suppose, that when either gang up they have a swell time. Men look on mice as foolish little things—and, for all we know, mice look on men as foolish big things.

Here is hoping September will not repeat those torrid days we had in August. Somebody up there in Washington must have turned on the heat while Congress was in session and it back-fired all the way to Texas.

Speaking of weather, a Kansas friend, who vacationed in Texas last August, told me that Kansas was hotter than Texas. This lends some credibility to the story coming out of Kansas several years ago to the effect that during one terribly hot summer the Kansas farmers fed cracked ice to their hens to keep them from laying hard-boiled eggs.

I have given up trying to pronounce these Japanese-Chinese names. For instance, a dispatch in the paper says: A Jap airplane dropped bombs on Wangpootzeacheehow and Chinese troops fired on the cruiser, Idumajakiyah.



"Put specs. on themselves so they can look ahead, up, down or sideways."

LOOY DOT DOPE



An Emergency Case



By Bernard Dibble



BRIEF TEXAS NEWS---from Over the State

POPCORN POPS IN FIELDS

August heat caused some ears of popcorn growing in the fields near Edinburg, Rio Grande valley, to pop on the cob, says the McAllen Press.

867 ILLICIT STILLS SEIZED

Federal agents seized 867 illicit Texas stills during the fiscal year 1937, the Treasury Department reports. The previous year they seized 808.

PINK RATTLESNAKE

It is reported that CCC workers in the proposed Big Bend National Park have killed, embalmed and put on display in the temporary museum of the park a 4-foot pink rattlesnake.

CHAMPION RAIL-SPLITTER

Rail-splitting days are not yet over, according to Will Carr, of Sherwood (Irion county), who claims to have split 120,000 rails during the 4-year period he worked in the hills around Sherwood.

CHOKED TO DEATH BY GASOLINE

Greenville Herald: "Willie Gene Body, age 8, local colored boy, was ordered by parents to syphon some gasoline from a barrel. While sucking the gasoline into a syphon it strangled him and he was choked to death."

CATCHES OLD THREE-FOOT

County Trapper B. Frazier out-smarted old Three-Foot, a notorious coyote, and caught him in the Fairview community of Wilson county. Three-Foot had ravaged livestock and poultry for four years. He had previously lost one foot in a trap.

YOUNGEST COLLEGE PROFESSOR

Lamar Junior College, of Beaumont, claims the youngest college professor in Texas. He is 21-year-old William Conner, of Kingsville, who will become an assistant in the science department when school opens in September.

75-TON DREDGING FRAME STOLEN, SOLD FOR JUNK

The story of the steel bridge that was stolen, dismantled and sold as junk in Waco has been matched by thieves who stole a 75-ton dredging frame, a \$30,000 machine, in Galveston and sold it as junk in Houston. The thieves cut the frame to pieces with acetylene torches.

81-YEAR-OLD CHURCH

The Lancaster (Dallas county) church, founded July 26, 1856, celebrated the 81st anniversary of the organization of the church. The first child to be christened in the church, E. S. Guy, participated in the ceremony. Another participant was Mrs. Lizzie Peacock, 87, one of the first dozen members of the church.

NEW LONDON'S NEW SCHOOL BUILDING

Preston M. Geren, Fort Worth architect, has blue print plans completed for New London's new school building, and says construction should start sometime in September. The new structure will be "E" shaped, 160 by 280 feet, of re-inforced concrete with solid brick exterior walls and gypsum block interior partitions. It will cost \$250,000. Plans for heating are by steam, not gas radiators.

2,563,000 BOXES OF GRAPEFRUIT PROCESSED

Citrus processing plants in South Texas used an equivalent of 2,563,000 boxes of Texas grapefruit during 1936-37 season. Culled fruit was used for processing, which ordinarily would have been destroyed, and is an increase of 314 per cent over the amount used last year. To growers it represented an added income of about \$700,000, said the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, at Austin.

KILLS FLIES WITH ELECTRICITY

Joe Meyer, horse and mule dealer of Palestine, Texas, has partially solved the fly problem by killing them wholesale with electricity. In his barn he built a sort of box over the open top of which is stretched a wire screen, the mesh just wide enough for a fly to flit through, but Mr. Fly doesn't flit through, for as soon as his wing touches the wire an electric charge kills him quickly. Meyer says he kills a box full of flies each day.

WARNING TO PARENTS AND CHILDREN

Clay Turner, secretary of the Dallas Traffic Commission, said that of the 14 babies born every day in Dallas, three will be the victims of serious automobile accidents before reaching the age of 45. "It is the duty and responsibility of parents," advises Mr. Turner, "to protect children as much as possible from this ever-growing menace." Traffic accidents in the nation in 1936 killed 1,300 children under 4 years of age.

\$8,000,000 HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT

Orders for approximately \$8,000,000 of road improvement, including \$7,766,612 for the maintenance of Texas' 21,000-mile highway system has been announced by the State Highway Commission

AUGUST PENSION CHECKS TOTALED 117,665

W. A. Little, Acting Pension Director, Austin, said the Old Age Pension Assistance Commission mailed 117,665 August checks to needy aged, 6008 less than in July. The net reduction since June was 10,193, he said.

KILLS COYOTE WITH FLAT IRON

The Carrizo Springs Javelin prints the following wolf story: "Attracted by a commotion raised by his dogs early Monday morning Mr. D. F. Frazier stepped out in his yard to investigate and found a full grown coyote mixed up in a hot battle with the dogs. Frazier picked up a heavy flat-iron and killed the wolf. He said he had been around Carrizo Springs for a long time, but this is the first time he ever went wolf hunting in his front yard."

STATE EXPENDITURES 1920-37

It is estimated that by the end of the current biennium, the annual State governmental expenditure shall have reached a level of \$175,000,000. This will represent an increase of 85 per cent over 1930, 400 per cent over 1920 and 1,000 per cent over the annual average immediately preceding the World War.

LAST OF WAGGONER RACING STOCK SOLD

All of the running stock, brood mares and stallions of the Three-D Stock Farm, at Arlington Downs race track, near Fort Worth, have been sold. President Cardenas, of Mexico, recently purchased the two imported English stallions, Phalaros and Stamford. While trying to develop a Kentucky Derby winner, the late W. T. Waggoner paid \$60,000 for Phalaros and \$50,000 for Stamford.

BULLFROG FARM

C. H. Voss, of Post Oak (Austin county), operates a unique farm—a bullfrog farm—where he raises frogs for folks who relish eating fried or broiled frog legs.

Mr. Voss says feeding the frogs cost him practically nothing, for he has erected strings of electric lights across the frog ponds that attract thousands of insects. Soon as an insect strikes the water the alert frogs pounce upon and devour it.

BIRTH OF BABY GIRLS TO MOTHER AND DAUGHTER SAME HOUR

A San Antonio local hospital reports that a mother and daughter gave birth to baby girls at the same hour. One baby was the fourteenth child of Mrs. Mable Dears, age 45, the other baby was the second child born to her daughter, Mrs. Dorothy Moore, age 18.

LEADS IN RURAL PRIMARY ROAD MILEAGE AND ROAD CONSTRUCTION

The U. S. Bureau of Public Roads, in a recent tabulated statement, said that Texas had more mileage in its rural primary road-system than any other State in the nation, had more low type surface roads and was second in amount of road surfacing.

BUYS AUTO WITH 7,400 PENNIES

Two washtubs full of pennies—7,400 in all—was the medium of exchange that C. E. Winn, of Fort Worth, used in purchasing an automobile from Martin D. Wolfe, a dealer at Arlington, Texas. Winn owns a lot of penny scales and vending machines and had put the \$740 in pennies in two washtubs. It took the dealer two hours to count the pennies.

U. OF T. MONTHLY ROYALTY INCOME \$58,000

Berte R. Haigh, University of Texas geologist, says that the average monthly income of the university from oil royalties is about \$58,000. Total royalty income to date is over \$20,000,000 from 2,000,000 acres of university land in 19 West Texas counties.

PLANS OF POSSUM KINGDOM DAM

Allocation of \$4,500,000 by the government for construction of the Possum Kingdom dam, on Brazos river, 20 miles northwest of Mineral Wells, Palo Pinto county, calls for a storage reservoir creating a lake sixty miles long. Height of dam will be 130 feet above the river bed, length from shore to shore 2,200 feet, width at bottom 200 feet, at top 15 feet.

TRAPPER OF TURTLES

The Kingsville Record tells about W. C. (Bill) Broadnox, senior student in animal husbandry at A. & M. College, finishing his second month as trapper of turtles. Bill's strange occupation is netting him money which he will use to help pay his way through college. He sells the turtles to hog-raisers for hog feed. To date, as of July 20th, he had caught and killed 3,700 turtles.



ROSE WINDOW

Into one of the most beautifully designed windows of America, the famous Rose Window of Mission San Jose, San Antonio, was woven more than 200 years ago the story of a broken heart. Rose Window, still regarded as a matchless example of architectural art, has been referred to as a monument to a faithless woman. Early in the eighteenth century, when Mission San Jose began slowly to rise above the surrounding Texas prairie, a young sculptor by the name of Don Huicar went to the padres in charge and asked that he be allowed to do the architectural ornamentation of the building with a free hand in its design. His sweetheart back in Madrid, Spain, who had promised to wait for him had broken her vow and married another, he explained, and it was his hope to find solace in his art work. The request was readily granted and his burden or sorrow became an inspiration as the beautiful and intricate Rose Window designs took shape under his chisel. After its completion the window became the marvel of artists the world over and is visited annually by thousands of art lovers.

204 MILES OF BROOMCORN

Muleshoe Journal: "Lee Bruce, once a railroad man, then a farmer last year, turning politician and being defeated in the sheriff's race, is farming again, and has just completed harvesting 204 miles of broomcorn. There were 204 rows of the crop, each a mile long.

7,127 BRIDGES ON STATE HIGHWAYS

Recent figures disclose that on January 1, 1937, 7,127 bridges are maintained on State highways, of which 4,855 are concrete. These figures do not include 311 underpasses and overpasses.

TEXAS FARM POPULATION CHANGES DURING 1936

The Division of Farm and Ranch Economics estimates the following changes in Texas farm population during 1936:

Population living on farms January 1, 1936	2,516,700
Number of babies born on Texas farms during 1936	63,000
Number of persons moving to farms from towns and cities	49,000
Number of persons (net) moving from Texas farms to farms in other States	12,000
Number of persons moving from farms to towns and cities	96,000
Number of deaths on Texas farms during 1936	39,000
Excess of births over deaths	35,000
Net migration from farms to towns and cities	47,000
Net migration from Texas farms to farms in other States	12,000
Decrease in the Texas farm population	26,000
Population living on farms January 1, 1937	2,290,700

DEAF MUTE LIFE-SAVER

A press dispatch from Galveston said that Leroy Colonebo, a 30-year-old deaf mute, who serves as life-guard along the Gulf beach, has saved the lives of 106 persons in 15 years. Leroy, State distance swimming champion, has won 22 medals and 10 cups for aquatic feats.

SPRY AT 101

Uncle Dick (W. D. Lanier), of Flint, Smith county, age 101, while taking in the sights of Dallas, told a reporter what he liked best was "some good fiddle music and pretty girls to dance with." Uncle Dick has no recipe for long life. "God Almighty just wants me to live, I guess," he said.

SOW ADOPTS POLECAT

Recent stories have been told through the press about a cat adopting a squirrel, a hen adopting a kitten and a dog adopting a pig, but the strangest adoption comes from West Texas, says the Paducah Post. A sow owned by J. A. Britton, of Delwin, Cottle county, adopted a baby polecat. The sow was discovered by Mr. Britton with a litter of nine baby pigs and the polecat was sucking the sow along with the pigs.

COLLECTS AUTOGRAPHS OF GOVERNORS

R. M. Bruner, Houston oil operator, has collected the autographs of every Governor of the 48 States. Signatures of the Governors are written across the face of Texas Centennial stamps. Bruner has had many cash offers for the collection. He said a big department store in Dallas offered him \$27,000 for the collection to use in advertising the store, but he turned the offer down.

U. OF T. SALE OF OIL AND GAS LEASES

Oil and gas rights in nearly 100 tracts of University of Texas lands in West Texas will be offered for lease at a public auction, in Austin, October 22. Most of the tracts are quarter section size.

SCRAP METAL SHIPMENTS DECLINE

Texas railroads report scrap metal shipments declining, due it is believed, to exhaustion of this kind of metal. Since January 1st, 250,000 tons of scrap metal have moved out of the port of Houston to foreign countries. Galveston, Texas City and Beaumont cargoes have been heavy, most of it going to Japan.

LIBRARY ON WHEELS

A "library on wheels" is proving popular with residents of Harris county. The "bookmobile" travels through the county every two weeks, stopping at smaller towns and communities where regular library facilities are not available. The library consists of all types of fiction and non-fiction books.

ONE MAN WEDS THREE SISTERS

During a land title suit case, tried in Houston's district court by Judge Allen Hannay, it was discovered that one of the landholders had married three sisters in three years. The first two sisters died.

BANANA TREES 35 FEET HIGH

Texas soil can grow almost anything. Six miles south of La Feria (Cameron county), are a clump of banana trees 35 feet high, planted four years ago by Mr. L. A. Kerr. This season the trees produced thirty bunches of finely-flavored bananas.

SAM HOUSTON'S SON ATTENDS DEDICATION CEREMONIES

Colonel Andrew Houston, only living son of General Sam Houston, of San Jacinto Battle fame, and Jeff Hamilton, negro boy servant of General Houston, attended dedication ceremonies, August 5th, of a marker on the site of General Houston's former home at Houston Point, Harris county.

FOUR CALVES BORN TO ONE COW

A registered Jersey cow owned by County Agent M. G. Perkins, of Burleson county, gave birth to four calves July 28th, two males and two females, fully developed. They died soon after birth. Mr. Perkins has a photograph of the cow and the four calves. Husbandry department of the A. & M. College said only three other such births had occurred in the United States.

MELON FROM SEED GROWN IN HOLY LAND

Jasper Newsboy: "A melon of a variety grown in the Holy Land was displayed in Jasper by R. B. Mitchell, of Kirbyville. The melon, grown on Mitchell's farm four miles north of Kirbyville, was one of about 20 produced by seed brought to him by a friend who visited in the Holy Land. Weighing about five pounds, the melon is similar to a cantaloupe in appearance, having a yellow rind. Mitchell reports that the fruit has a very fine flavor."

FIRST PENSIONER CELEBRATES BIRTHDAY

Frank Kaimer, who last year received from Governor Allred the first old-age pension check to be issued in Texas, celebrated his 104th birthday July 9. Son of a peasant, he was born in the Austria-Hungarian empire July 9, 1833. Mr. and Mrs. Kaimer arrived at Galveston from Bremen, Germany, in 1871, purchased two oxen, a wagon, and in this conveyance traveled to Fayette county where they settled, began farming and have since lived. Mrs. Kaimer is 96.

CLOCK TELLS TIME OF HOUR ALL OVER WORLD

Charles Schibetta, 503 Binz building, Houston, has invented a clock which tells the time at any hour of the day in 24 principal countries. If it is 2:45 p. m. in Texas the clock will show that at the same hour it was 3:45 p. m. in New York; 4:45 p. m. in Bolivia; 5:45 p. m. in Rio de Janeiro; 9:45 p. m. in Germany; 2 a. m. in Bombay; 7:45 a. m. in New Zealand.

For several generations Mr. Schibetta's family has made clocks in Italy.

LAST CONFEDERATE SURVIVOR OF 500

Last survivor of more than 500 young men who volunteered for service in the Confederate army from Ellis county is Benjamin C. Lancaster, who recently observed his ninety-first birthday at the home of his daughter, Miss Kate Lancaster of Italy. Lancaster was in Parson's Texas Cavalry Brigade, serving in Company F under Capt. G. W. Veal.

Born in Tennessee, he came to Texas in 1848 and has lived in Ellis county since that time, with exception of four years in the Confederate army.

PERFUME BASE FROM CEDAR POSTS

The little Texas town of Grafard, in Palo Pinto county, is helping to furnish oil for the perfume makers of France and Japan, says C. L. Douglas, staff writer of the Fort Worth Press. This oil is brewed from cedar fence posts by a refining company at Grafard. The fence posts, cut from Palo Pinto county hills, are shredded into bits, boiled down to a consistency and the oil extracted by distillation. The fragrant cedar oil makes an excellent base for fine perfumes. It is shipped in 50-gallon containers to Houston and New York for export to France and Japan.

HOT CHECKS INCREASE IN HOT WEATHER

Mrs. Alex Carson, Jr., in charge of hot checks in the District Attorney office, Dallas, says hot checks always increase during hot weather. In one year, 1933, she collected \$52,000 on bad checks. The largest was \$6,000.

About 50 per cent of all bad checks handled by the District Attorney's office are cashed to purchase gasoline and oil, Mrs. Carson said. Two of the strangest checks that bounced back was an \$18 one to buy a wedding dress and one to buy a lot for a corpse awaiting burial.

Mrs. Carson believes that the hot check business would decrease one-third if merchants and business men generally were as careful in cashing checks as they are in extending credit.

FRITZI RITZ



Look What He Drew!



the State

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Jasper Newsboy: "A melon of a variety grown in the Holy Land was displayed in Jasper by R. B. Mitchell, of Kirbyville. The melon, grown on Mitchell's farm four miles north of Kirbyville, was one of about 20 produced by seed brought to him by a friend who visited in the Holy Land. Weighing about five pounds, the melon is similar to a cantaloupe in appearance, having a yellow rind. Mitchell reports that the fruit has a very fine flavor."

FIRST PENSIONER CELEBRATES BIRTHDAY

Frank Kaimer, who last year received from Governor Alford the first old-age pension check to be issued in Texas, celebrated his 104th birthday July 9. Son of a peasant, he was born in the Austria-Hungarian empire July 9, 1833. Mr. and Mrs. Kaimer arrived at Galveston from Bremen, Germany, in 1871, purchased two oxen, a wagon, and in this conveyance traveled to Fayette county where they settled, began farming and have since lived. Mrs. Kaimer is 96.

CLOCK TELLS TIME OF HOUR ALL OVER WORLD

Charles Schibetta, 503 Binz building, Houston, has invented a clock which tells the time at any hour of the day in 24 principal countries. If it is 2:45 p. m. in Texas the clock will show that at the same hour it was 3:45 p. m. in New York; 4:45 p. m. in Bolivia; 5:45 p. m. in Rio de Janeiro; 9:45 p. m. in Germany; 2 a. m. in Bombay; 7:45 a. m. in New Zealand.

FOR SEVERAL GENERATIONS MR. SCHIBETTA'S FAMILY HAS MADE CLOCKS IN ITALY.

LAST CONFEDERATE SURVIVOR OF 500

Last survivor of more than 500 young men who volunteered for service in the Confederate army from Ellis county is Benjamin C. Lancaster, who recently observed his ninety-first birthday at the home of his daughter, Miss Kate Lancaster of Italy. Lancaster was in Parson's Texas Cavalry Brigade, serving in Company F under Capt. G. W. Veal.

Born in Tennessee, he came to Texas in 1848 and has lived in Ellis county since that time, with exception of four years in the Confederate army.

PERFUME BASE FROM CEDAR POSTS

The little Texas town of Graford, in Palo Pinto county, is helping to furnish oil for the perfume makers of France and Japan, says C. L. Douglas, staff writer of the Fort Worth Press. This oil is brewed from cedar fence posts by a refining company at Graford. The fence posts, cut from Palo Pinto county hills, are shredded into bits, boiled down to a consistency and the oil extracted by distillation. The fragrant cedar oil makes an excellent base for fine perfumes. It is shipped in 50-gallon containers to Houston and New York for export to France and Japan.

HOT CHECKS INCREASE IN HOT WEATHER

Mrs. Alex Carson, Jr., in charge of hot checks in the District Attorney office, Dallas, says hot checks always increase during hot weather. In one year, 1933, she collected \$52,000 on bad checks. The largest was \$6,000.

About 50 per cent of all bad checks handled by the District Attorney's office are cashed to purchase gasoline and oil. Mrs. Carson said. Two of the strangest checks that bounced back was an \$18 one to buy a wedding dress and one to buy a lot for a corpse awaiting burial.

Mrs. Carson believes that the hot check business would decrease one-third if merchants and business men generally were as careful in cashing checks as they are in extending credit.

By Ernie Bushmiller



A good golf shot and a good cup of coffee have one thing in common—they go straight to the spot. Take Admiration, for instance: it has an aroma that tantalizes; it has a flavor that satisfies; it has a freshness that cannot be beaten. What more could you ask of coffee? That Admiration is a favorite of the majority of Texans is proved by the volume of its sales—

larger than that of any other coffee in Texas. It must be good! Have you tried it?



CATCHING TARPON

The Gulf waters, off Port Aransas, Nueces county, Texas, have always been an ideal spot for tarpon fishing. It was near these waters that President Roosevelt fished for tarpon this spring.

There are few sports more exciting than deep-sea fishing and few fish which put up a braver, more spectacular battle than the tarpon.

It's a beautiful sight when a tarpon is hooked. Six or 8 feet of shimmering body leaps from the water, twisting, squirming, trying to shake off that hook. The fish may leap as high as 10 feet.

When it comes down—be-ware! If the fisherman is wise, he'll be sure his boat isn't under that 300 or 400 pound fish. Many a novice has made the mistake of trying to reel in a tarpon too fast and has had the monster leap right into his lap!

CAVIAR
Caviar, one of the greatest food delicacies, is really sturgeon roe or eggs. One female sturgeon lays 3,000,000 eggs each season. Besides eating the sturgeon's flesh, both fresh and salted, man uses its air bladder as isinglass. Sturgeons live to be 200 and 300 years old. They may be from 2 to 30 feet long, weigh up to 2,000 pounds.

The woman saith unto him, I know that Messiah cometh, which is called Christ: when he is come he will tell us all things. Jesus saith unto her, I that speak unto thee am he. John 4:25-26.

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HOUSEHOLD HELPS

MRS. MARGARET STUTE, Editor, Route 5, Box 179-B, Fort Worth, Texas.

BUSY WOMEN'S WORKBASKET

This Sly Puss Is Busy

You'll love this cunning kitten, who gives you such sly glances. She seems aware of the fact that her every move is being watched and is on her guard. There is a tea towel and a task for every day of the week, and you won't mind if the ironing waits on Tuesday while Miss Pussy admires her pretty self—for after all, kittens will be kittens.

All seven designs and the pan holder Motif come on a NUMO hot iron transfer, number C8154, for only 10c, and the designs are good for several stampings. Make a set for yourself and give the extra set for gifts. Your friends will like this kitten, too.

Address your letter for these designs, enclosing 10c to Southwest Magazine, Needlecraft Dept., Box 166, Kansas City, Mo.



ARE YOU PLANNING TO BUILD OR REMODEL?

As in spring the housewife's fancy turns to thoughts of clothes—so in autumn her thoughts turn to a new or a remodeled home.

"Well Planned Homes Viewed as Best Risks," was a headline featured in a recent daily newspaper. The article told how the F.I.A. considered the modern, well-planned home one of the best risks on which to loan money. Authorities urged home-owners to plan carefully when building or remodeling.

Following are a few suggestions that will help should you contemplate building or remodeling your home—both from a standpoint of investment and for comfort.

The old saying, "If we save a thing for seven years it will come back into style," is about true of home furnishings. However, the style period most popular at the present time goes back almost ten times seven.

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Makes 8 molds. Prepare luncheon plate of broiled bacon, toast points and a Jell-O mold, unmolded on crisp lettuce.

TO QUENCH THAT THIRST DRINK LIPTON'S TEA

General sneezing in London is now the tip-off that Britons are turning again to snuff. The custom, long frowned on in society, is making a strong come-back. It's common once more to see the snuffbox passed around after dinner.

Incidentally, the snuff-boxes themselves were one of the most interesting things about the habit of snuff-taking in its days of long ago. They were all sizes and shapes, made of almost every material under the sun.

Smokers today may take pride in ornamental cigarette cases, but they should see the snuffboxes of old. Rich men had boxes studded with diamonds. Almost all expensive cases were either gold or gold-trimmed.

Dandies had ivory boxes on which were painted miniature pictures of their current favorites among the ladies.

FREAKISH EARTHQUAKES

An earthquake has resulted in a new real estate development in New Zealand. Six years ago, a quake partially destroyed Napier, but half-way compensated for the loss by raising the bottom of the city's harbor above high water.

Quakes often perform such queer stunts. In 1892, one shook Japan. When it was over, a wall of earth 20 feet high ran for 70 miles across one of the islands.

Then, there is the havoc tremors play with cables laid on ocean floors. Atlantic cables off Newfoundland have several times been broken when quakes raised or lowered the ocean floor.

However, the cable under the Mediterranean between Sicily and the Lipari Islands has been broken five times in the same place by earthquakes.

TENT WAR ON CATERPILLARS

Farmers of Ontario, Canada, are preparing their torches to war on tent caterpillars again. These caterpillars live in webs or "tents" spun between the branches of trees, sally forth when hungry and devastate foliage.

Best weapon with which to fight them is fire. So, when it's a tent caterpillar year, farmers tie kerosene-soaked rags to sticks, light the cloths and burn up the "tents."

However the pests are so numerous they all can't be destroyed in this manner. So it's fortunate that they appear only once every ten years. Even then they usually linger three seasons.

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There are more than 50 outstanding performance features in the new RCA Victor 1938 farm radiol! All mean extra quality for you—extra value!

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Not only do these beautiful new RCA Victor farm sets provide a new high in battery set performance—but they're amazingly low in cost, too. They work with either wind charger or gasoline motor generators... and greatly lowered battery drain makes them cost less to operate!

Get the facts today. Find out about this complete new radio line. The free catalog gives full details. Mail coupon NOW!

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WITHOUT BATTERY
RCA Victor also presents a complete line of new AC radiol for homes having electric power.

1 cup finely shredded cabbage or mixed vegetables
2 cups celery, cut in small pieces
Salt and paprika.
Soften gelatin in bouillon five minutes. Mix with freshly made tea that has been re-heated to boiling point after straining. Add vinegar, lemon juice, sugar and salt. Strain and cool. When it thickens, add remaining ingredients and pour in wet molds. Serve on lettuce with mayonnaise or salad dressing. Serves six.

Spic Beet With Bacon Grill
1 package of lemon Jell-O
1 pint warm water
1 cup diced cooked beets
3/4 cup diced apples and oranges
1/4 cup prepared horse-radish
1/2 teaspoon scraped onion
1 teaspoon salt
1/2 teaspoon caraway seed
1 tablespoon vinegar.
Dissolve Jell-O in warm water. Chill until slightly thickened. Combine remaining ingredients, and fold at once into slightly thickened Jell-O. Turn into individual molds. Chill until firm. (Continued top of column)

Appetite Teasers for the Harvest Season
With the youngsters trooping back to school, the family menu will need revamping and remodeling. Foods which will build brain and brawn and provide energy for the work to be done are necessary, yet the lingering heat of summer lades the appetite. Here are a few recipes that will tempt the most resistant "nibbler":
Ham With Orange
6 servings fried ham (1 1/2 pounds)
2 tablespoons flour
2 cups orange juice
Parley
2 or 3 oranges for slicing.
Fry ham. Add flour to 2 tablespoons of fat from frying pan, and cook until lightly browned. Add orange juice, stirring well to avoid lumps. Cook 5 minutes or until sauce is thick. Pour sauce around ham or serving dish. Garnish with parsley and orange slices.

Vegetable Salad Royale
2 cups Lipton's tea
2 tablespoons gelatin
1/2 cup beef bouillon
1/4 cup lemon juice
1 green pepper, chopped fine
1/2 cup sugar

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TEXAS FARM NEWS REPORTS

Two Alberta peaches weighing 12 and 11 ounces each were grown on a farm near Taylor (Williamson county).

Harvesting of rice in the Eagle Lake area showed the crop fairly good. Rice men estimate an average yield of 14 barrels per acre.

A bumper crop of fine South American yellow popcorn will be shipped from San Patricio and Refugio counties.

A twin watermelon, weighing approximately 70 pounds, was grown near Hargill. The melon, a Tom Watson, had only one stem, and was marked by a wide crease down the middle.

Prospects are very bright for the largest fig season at Highlands, near Houston, in years, according to reports of present growth of the trees.

Airtight containers are being used for the first time to market the Valley lemon crop this season. This new departure in citrus fruit sales holds six to eight lemons.

A recent sale of 100,000 pounds of Irish potatoes by a Brown county farmer was one of the largest transactions of this kind in the county's history.

A freak narcissus bulb was dug up by a Mount Pleasant resident; in the bulb an acorn had sprouted and from the acorn a small oak tree had grown. Neither tree nor bulb suffered injury during the growth.

All farmers should keep a systematic set of books on their daily farm operations, according to A. F. Knebel, who owns a 320-acre farm three miles north of Waller (Waller county). Mr. Knebel has been keeping such record for 29 years, and believes it pays dividends. His books provide an accurate statement of what he did on each day during the 29 years.

From one acre of tomatoes, C. L. Wilbanks harvested and sold more than \$136 worth of green tomatoes, according to the county agricultural agent. Wilbanks placed this crop on fourth year land and used 600 pounds of commercial fertilizer. He thinks that ridging his rows high during the growth of the plants contributed greatly to his good yield.

Terraces that were built the "syrup pan" method on the Lynn Jones ranch in Uvalde county have eliminated gullies during rains. Jones reported to his county agricultural agent that as this field had water running into it from three sides it was a hard proposition to control. Now the terraces distribute the water slowly over the field and out at the other end without washing.

Among more recent innovations in the war on insects is a device for electrocution of flies. Exhibited by engineers from A. & M. College, the gadget is designed to rid farmers in general and dairymen in particular of this pest. It is a box two by three feet with a light inside. Flies are attracted to the light, brush against charged wires, and are electrocuted. The invention costs \$18. A test of the new device destroyed six gallons of flies in four days.

One of the best watermelon fields in South Texas is claimed by Noa Lyles, Grimes county farmer, who has thirty acres in Blue Watson melons that he believes will make 500 melons an acre. Each melon is expected to average 35 pounds.

Finley Coughran, of Callahan county, realized an average of \$100 per acre from his Irish potato crop which when harvested amounted to 9,000 pounds from 1 1/4 acres. He plans to grow a fall crop, and has laid off his garden with the farm level, giving proper fall to rows.

A new kind of peach, the "Fair Beauty," was grown extensively this season in Smith county. It is said to be better eating than the Alberta and 30 days earlier. This new peach, it is claimed, can be shipped to market between 75 and 85 days after the trees have bloomed.

Starr county's first irrigation project, built by a group of 4-H club members, has just completed its first year of successful operation. The youths dug a main canal more than a mile in length by hand-labor, installed a cheap pump and irrigated 123 acres of land.

Pre-season predictions indicate a heavy peanut crop yield for South Texas. Based on last year's supply, an estimated 240,000 pounds of the nuts daily will pass through three mills which shell and grade them.

Twin trench silos have been built on the W. J. Vollmer dairy farm of Bexar county under the supervision of the county agricultural agent. The silos were constructed out of what used to be an old gravel pit and the cost of construction is estimated to be one-fourth of the amount necessary to build them on level ground. The estimated tonnage is 300 each, or a total of 600 tons. Vollmer has approximately 200 head of dairy cattle to utilize the silage.

An 808-pound bale of cotton established a record for the largest first bale in the 64-year history of Rockdale, Milam county. The bale classed as middling 31-32.

A Garber pear tree, grown in Hallettsville, (Lavaca county), produced a limb with 33 pears on it this season. The same orchard included a peach tree branch measuring 12 inches with 18 peaches thereon.

"If your closet is dark and you have difficulty seeing in it, try painting or papering the inside of it white or some very pale color," Elsie Barker told members of the San Gabriel 4-H club in Milam county. "I have no difficulty at all in locating the garments I want in my closet since I covered the dark walls with white paper and the doors with ivory enamel."

The Texas fig industry could be expanded by a careful selection of setting stock such as in areas now producing the fruit commercially, believes the State Department of Agriculture. Commercial production includes the Magnolia fig, which is especially suitable for canning. The Smyrna fig is also grown in San Antonio's territory.

The Texas Experiment Station urges care in the use of dust mixtures, particularly those mixtures containing excessive amount of water soluble arsenic, and recommends that as much as 25% white arsenic mixed with lime meets almost every requirement of an efficient poison. Tests at the experiment station have shown that stronger mixtures will burn plants under some conditions, and growers are warned against them.

An unusual chicken killer was discovered by an Archer City resident, after finding one after another of her chickens dead with no mark on body except punctured comb. A horned frog was caught leaping on the birds and sucking their blood, vampire fashion.

Bur clover is being used by a Burlington (Milam county) farmer to increase the carrying capacity of bermuda grass pasture. Bur clover, he states, makes a good supplement to bermuda because the clover makes growth during winter and spring when bermuda is dormant. The additional months of grazing will add to the variety of feed. It is locally adapted to the climate and soil of Central Texas.

"My bees have more than paid for themselves and all equipment during the first year," says Mrs. G. W. Robbins of the Everman home demonstration club in Tarrant county. Mrs. Robbins bought 10 hives of bees last year for \$50 and they have increased until she now has 15 hives. She has sold 20 gallons of honey from six of the hives and expects to get more than 100 gallons before the end of the season.

About 40,000 Texas-bred mules have been shipped to the southeastern and Mississippi Valley cotton areas during the past 12 months, according to the executive committee of the Texas Horse, Jack and Mule Breeders' Association. Texas ranks third in the number of registered jacks. Because 98% of the mules in the State are more than 2 years old, replacement demand will be heavy for a number of years, thinks the committee, especially in view of the fact that a large proportion of the animals are 5 to 20 years old.

Mrs. C. W. Strode, co-operator of the Appleby home demonstration club in Nacogdoches county, has been robbing her ducks of their down. She explains it—"to make them cooler now and make me warmer next winter." Mrs. Strode says that by late fall she will have enough of the down to make two comforts.

By terracing his wheat land, Ed Holmes, of Floyd county, harvested six more bushels of wheat per acre than his neighbors, says his county agent. Forty-foot wide terraces did not hinder the operation of combining during harvest. Holmes has had his row crops terraced since 1930 and is a firm believer in terracing.

One of the largest pine trees in Texas was cut near the Neches river in Houston county, in the Davy Crockett unit of the Texas national forest. Measurements by Federal foresters revealed that the tree was almost 5 feet in diameter, 140 feet high, and estimated 157 years old. Five logs, totaling 82 feet, were cut from it. These scaled to a net volume of 6,290 board feet.

When rain doesn't fall, Grandfather Trumble gets water from the ground. That explains the flourishing condition of the garden of his son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Trumble, of Jefferson county. In spite of the dry weather, the garden daily is yielding large quantities of vegetables for the table. Near the garden patch is a shallow well from which Grandfather Trumble—comfortably seated in a chair—pumps water which flows through a wooden trough to the long rows of beans, tomatoes and other vegetables. Mrs. Trumble devised this method of watering her garden while serving as food demonstrator for the Pear Ridge home demonstration club.



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TO
BREEDLOVE COMMISSION CO.
STOCKYARDS, FORT WORTH, TEXAS
YOU'LL GET GOOD SALES AND SERVICE

"Inoculation of all beans and blackeyed peas that I planted this year made them produce many more peas and beans than uninoculated ones planted in previous years," Mrs. F. G. Wallis, of Cooke county, told her county home demonstration agent.

DeWitt county growers are preparing approximately 200,000 young turkeys for the fall market, and are not discouraged with rumors that prices will be below the 1936 average. Growers have been cutting down on cost of raising the birds by feeding them early corn and ranging the turkeys where they can feed on grasshoppers and insects.

The farm chemurgic plan has been adopted by some Texas cotton growers to combat the dwindling foreign trade in cotton. The remedy is said to be in finding new uses for cotton and in developing new and better varieties. A chemurgic council would aim at finding these things by applying scientific and industrial knowledge to agriculture's problems.

More convenient and less expensive than some commercial ant powders is the United States government's formula for killing common house ants, which reads: 1 quart water; 1 1/2 cups sugar and 120 grains arsenate of soda. Heat water and sugar and boil to thin syrup, then add soda crystals and dissolve. Keep in tightly covered jar and use as needed in saucers or tin tops. Use flat containers if possible, then add broom straws so ants can get into dish.

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DALLAS, TEXAS

By storing their 1937 Irish potato crop from digging-time until now, two Erath county growers cashed in on the crop for \$1.35 per 100 pounds. At the time the potatoes were stored, the price was only 75c per 100 pounds. A total of 1,074 sacks—containing 100 pounds each were stored in Fort Worth and Stephenville.

Papaya fruit is being grown for food by Mrs. C. L. Jones, of Brownsville. It is reported rich in pepsin, and healthful. A new hard-shelled variety has been produced, which can be shipped to distant points, and promises to bring the plant into commercial use. The papaya has the appearance of a yellow cantaloupe and grows on trees which sometimes attain the height of a palm.

Texas wool production will increase more than 17 per cent to a total of 75,538,000 pounds before the year is out, is the estimate of the crop and livestock division of the Department of Agriculture. Average weight per fleece is slightly lower, however, 8 pounds as compared to 8.2 pounds in 1936. Expectation this year is that 9,390,000 sheep will be shorn compared to 7,790,000 last year. This gives Texas more than twice as many sheep as the next nearest State, Wyoming. Montana ranks third and California fourth.

Save YOUR BIRDS
PREVENT ROUP AND COLDS
Vaccinate With
GLOBE MIXED BACTERIAN
(AVIAN)
Globe Combination R. T. Tablets Get the Worms
Ask Your Druggist
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Fort Worth, Texas

What some of America's aquatic stars say about Camels

SPRINGBOARD ACE. Lovely Jane Fauntz Manske, of Chicago, says: "It's Camels for me! Good digestion is of prime importance to me. Tense competition and all the changes of diet when traveling are liable to upset digestion. But I smoke Camels at mealtimes and after and my digestion runs smoothly."
The best of meals tastes better and digests easier when you have an abundant flow of digestive fluids—alkaline digestive fluids. Smoking Camels encourages this flow—helps you enjoy a sense of well-being. Steady smokers say: "Camels set me right!"

HAROLD ("DUTCH") SMITH, Olympic diving champion, would "walk a mile for a Camel!" "I find a great deal of pleasure in Camels," says "Dutch." "I long ago discovered that smoking a Camel restores my flow of energy after a strenuous meet—gives an invigorating 'lift.'"

THREE-TIME OLYMPIC WINNER in the high-diving event. Dorothy Poynton Hill, of Los Angeles—a steady Camel smoker—says: "I prefer Camels because they don't get on my nerves. And they have such a rich, delicate flavor and never tire my taste."

"PETE" DESJARDINS—another famous diver—speaking: "Divers like a mild cigarette that doesn't upset their nerves. That's why I prefer to smoke Camels."
ENJOY BENNY GOODMAN'S SWING BAND FOR A FULL HALF-HOUR!
Tune in Benny's popular swingsters—hear his famous trio and quartets. Tuesdays—8:30 pm E. S. T. (9:30 pm E. D. S. T.), 7:30 pm C. S. T., 6:30 pm M. S. T., 5:30 pm P. S. T., over WABC-Columbia Network.

LENORE KIGHT WINGARD—a champion of champions in speed swimming, comments on smoking: "After an exhausting swim, I get a 'lift' with a Camel."

AQUAPLANE EXPERT. Miss Gloria Wheeden can do hand-stands on an aquaplane. Lurching on the speed boat, she says: "I get so much benefit smoking Camels at meals."



MILLIONS MORE FOR COSTLIER TOBACCOS
Camels are made from finer, MORE EXPENSIVE TOBACCOS... Turkish and Domestic... than any other popular brand

For Digestion's sake... Smoke Camels!



Our Boys and Girls

AUNT MARY, Editor, Route 5, Box 179-B, Fort Worth, Texas.



IN THE BEGINNING

DEAR FRIENDS:
Once again, young folks, you come to the "beginning" of another milestone in your lives. This month some of you will pass through school doors for the first time. Some for the last time, if it be your graduation year. But whatever grade you enter, it is a "beginning."

We read in the Good Book, "In the beginning God divided the light from the dark." This was the first act of Him who rules the universe. It was the first big step in the creation of a world. Since that time God, through his servants, mankind, has been dividing light from darkness. All knowledge of good things is "light." All knowledge of evil things is "darkness." Every school child eventually knows if it were not for the light of the sun there would be no life upon earth. So it is with the human mind—if there be no light of knowledge, there can be no mental growth or development. As the leaves and branches of the tender plant are sustained by the light of the sun, so should our desire for knowledge sustain us and cause us to learn more about material and spiritual things.

In looking over the scholastic reports of Texas schools, I am proud to see the progress made by our Texas school system. I have been informed that our sister State, Oklahoma, has made similar progress. However, much remains to be done before our public school system attains that efficiency which modern conditions require. Prominent educators have suggested that young men and women should find a large field for work in the branches of higher education.

I am depending on the boys and girls who are readers of this page and members of our club to set some real school records this coming year. I feel sure I shall not be disappointed.

We hope that the fall months will bring a great many new members into the D. Y. B. Club. We need everyone of you. JOIN US NOW!

With best wishes of club members, including myself, I am "signing off" until October. Until then, I beg to remain your devoted,
AUNT MARY.

Route 5, Box 179-B, Fort Worth, Texas.

D. Y. B. CLUB NEWS

This month has shown the largest new member gain in the history of our club. ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SEVEN new members have been added to our club roll. I am sure this news will be received enthusiastically by club members all over the country. I wish to thank all of you for sending in so many new memberships.

Special Award

The special award of ONE DOLLAR is given to:
Willie Esther Hager, Madisonville, Texas. We congratulate Willie Esther on her good work. For a long time one of our most faithful members, she well deserves the award. A boy member sent in the most names, but he failed to observe one of the most important rules—that is, to have each new member sign his or her own name and address. It is important to read the rules carefully, and to carry them out faithfully. They are always given for a purpose. When you fail to observe even one rule in either special award competition, or in one of our contests, it eliminates your entry. Please do not forget this when entering future contests for awards.

Club Letters

We have a limited space for letters this month, so we will just look over the first ones we open.

Miss Dorothy Mitchell, Plano, Texas, writes: "I enjoy the column, 'OUR BOYS AND GIRLS' very much. I believe you help to make life interesting for the Shut-Ins and other people, too. I like the contests you have because they give new topics to write and think about. Even if there were no prizes, we would still benefit by the experience in writing upon various themes. The subjects give us something to work on, which in turn gives us greater knowledge. I thank you for these things."

Thanks to you, Dorothy, for your lovely letter; you certainly write a splendid hand.

Mrs. Grace Burroughs, Sheldon, Texas, says: "I have been intending to write and thank you for the splendid chat in the June issue. I liked it so well I passed it on to my son in Houston. I am proud that our club is reaching out and helping so many in so many different ways. Why not print the birthdays of our Shut-Ins, and then let us send them a shower—even if it is nothing more than a picture postcard or a letter?"

I think Mrs. Burroughs' suggestion is fine. We will try it soon. She also has sent me some interesting original stories that I am going to publish later on this page.

There is a very nice letter from our dear friend and Shut-In, Heulah Lamb, Hazel, Ky. It reads, "Thank you for your letter. Letters mean so much to sister and me. I do pray that the kind Father will each day bless and be with you. Here is a thought for the day:
"Lord give me thoughtfulness
For those oppressed by care;
And give me generosity
My life's good things to share.
Lord make me patient
When some one's faults appear;
And strengthen me in charity,
When slanderers are near.
Lord give me love
From out thy boundless store.
That I may care to help,
And inspire others more."

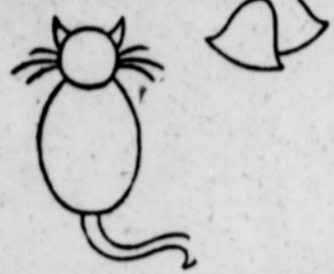
"Again, kind heart, I assure you that I am grateful for your interest. God be ever near to bless you, is my heart's desire and prayer." We acknowledge with thanks nice letters

Let's Draw

Upon the paper smooth and whif



Let's draw in joyous rhyme



Ding! dong! the glad bells chime



Ding! dong! the glad bells chime



from: Janet Griffin, Hebron, Texas; Mrs. M. C. Duncan, Fairy, Texas; Mrs. Beekie Zeigler, Lansdale, Pa.; Mrs. J. F. Dillard, Big Foot, Texas, and others.

We note with regret that Willie Esther Hager's, Madisonville, Texas, home was destroyed by fire. She asks that any who may have interesting material for scrap-books to please send them to her. Her scrap-book was lost in the fire. Our sympathy to Willie Esther and her family.

WONDERS FROM THE PAST

Mystery of the Easter Island Images

During the past ten years men have made many discoveries that have thrown a great deal of light on ancient history. Most of these discoveries have verified, to a marked degree, numerous Old Testament Bible stories. Interesting points of dispute between Bible students and students of secular history are now being cleared up, and the truth actually known. During the next few months we are going to tell you some of the most recent findings as reported in "Wonders of the Past," published by Wise and Co., New York. Here is one of them:
Far away in the bright blue water of the south Pacific lies Easter Island—the home of a mysterious phase of human culture.

The inhabitants, of whom about 250 still survive, live in a settlement at Mataveri, at the western end of the island. They are members of the Polynesian race, and speak a dialect akin to that of the Tahitians. The fact that their skins vary in color from light cream to dark brown, points to a successive wave of immigration—a fact borne out by legend. Whatever their origin, these strange people have developed crafts and arts that differ from the culture of any other part of the world. Their system of writing, developed by a guild of learned men—none of whom survive today to tell its secret—is unique. The curious series of emaciated ancestor figures found on the island, beautifully carved from a variety of mimosa wood which still grows there, is entirely distinct. The same can be said of the "lizard" carvings and the ceremonial paddles which are eagerly sought by international souvenir collectors. The strangest and rarest of all are the huge bizarre statues of stone which these people quarried, carved and set up in extraordinary numbers.

The islanders possessed no metal; their tools were crude, weak implements of volcanic glass and rock. Life on the island has been extremely difficult, since it was necessary to depend on the productiveness of this one island alone. The only food available came from crops which could be cultivated on land, or wild animals, which could be snared in wooded sections. Yet the people must have possessed a great deal of energy to enable them to cut away blocks of stone sometimes more than 30 feet in length and weighing, in some instances, over 50 tons. We can only guess by what means these great masses of rock were moved over the broken country to be set at last by the sea-side; it must have been a stupendous task. Many of the great statues thus erected were to mark the limits of clan territories, or upon long stone terraces to indicate burial places.

The statues set upon these burial platforms were large hats or crowns of red tufa, quarried from the slopes of Punapau. These hats, five to eight feet in diameter, were transported to various points over the island from one quarry, to be placed by some ingenious device upon the heads of figures 20 to 30 feet in height. The meaning of these singular ornaments is unknown. When the first European explorers chanced upon this out-of-the-way island, on Easter Day in the year 1722, after a voyage in a Dutch ship commanded by Admiral Roggeveen, they were astonished to see the coast fringed with crimson-hatted statues, standing with their backs to the sea.

Rows of gigantic busts stand looking into the extinct crater of Raraku; scores of others were set up on the mountain slopes, and the main roads of the island were lined with these figures.

When this strange sculptural era began or when it ended, as well as accurate historical data concerning this almost lost race, is still one of the great mysteries of civilization.

During the eighteenth century only a few ships visited the island. Each, however, reported the existence of the statues and their many strange features.

In the first years of the nineteenth century, American seamen, lacking hands for their sailing vessels, began to seize the unfortunate natives. Then about 1860, raiding expeditions seeking laborers for the Peruvian guano fields, took away something like a thousand islanders. Among the captured slaves were the last of the learned men of the race who could read the peculiar script of the island. At the insistence of the French missionaries, the remnant of the guano slaves were returned; but they carried small-pox with them.

(Continued top next column)

D. Y. B. CLUB Membership Coupon

I wish to become a member of the D. Y. B. Club, promising to observe the rules as set forth under "Club Rules."

Name
Address
City State
Be sure to give age

from which disease the unhappy islanders suffered greatly.

Today the most striking evidence of the mysterious culture of Easter Island is found on the inner and outer slopes of the Raraku volcano, where scores of statues stand in a perfect state of preservation. All about are large quantities of stone and obsidian chisels flung down by the prehistoric artists and abandoned forever in what seemed an answer to a sudden call.

Next month: "Jericho's Walls." Read the account of this story in your Bible.

Shut-In List for September

Here are the names and addresses of Shut-Ins we hope to remember this month:

- Mrs. P. C. Kelton, Sr., Route 2, Madisonville, Texas. Age 80.
- Mrs. Jim Caldwell, Route 2, Madisonville, Texas. Age 75.
- Charley Baze, Spencerville, Okla. Age 16.
- Beulah Lamb, Hazel, Kentucky.
- Mrs. Stella Lacy, 425 Yale St., Houston, Texas. Age 67.
- Mrs. Susan F. Hughes, 1804 25th St., Galveston, Texas.
- Mrs. W. T. Douer, Leo, Texas. Age 61.

LANDING SEAPLANES HAZARDOUS

A huge flying boat is approaching port. Lower and lower it skims. A final dip and the hull smoothly nestles in the water and the ship taxis to dock.

To an observer, it's just another landing. Nothing to get excited about. It may be the same to the pilot, but chances are it isn't. To him it's a nerve-wracking job well done. For landing in the water is no cinch, even for a seaplane pilot of years of flying experience.

Many a student pilot gets chills and fever thinking of bringing his plane down on a smooth concrete runway. That's the most difficult part of learning to fly, of course, but landing a plane on water is so much harder there's little comparison between the two.

This fact recently hit Britain's Imperial Airways smack between the eyes. Two of its giant flying boats crashed into the Mediterranean.

One tried to land in stormy seas, capsized. The other was forced down by lack of fuel, and the pilot, with no motors to aid him, came in "ker-splash."

Why is landing on the water so difficult? Well to begin with, there's the matter of judging how far above the surface one is. This is harder to do when landing a seaplane, probably because of the reflections on the water. However, there's a greater bug-a-boo.

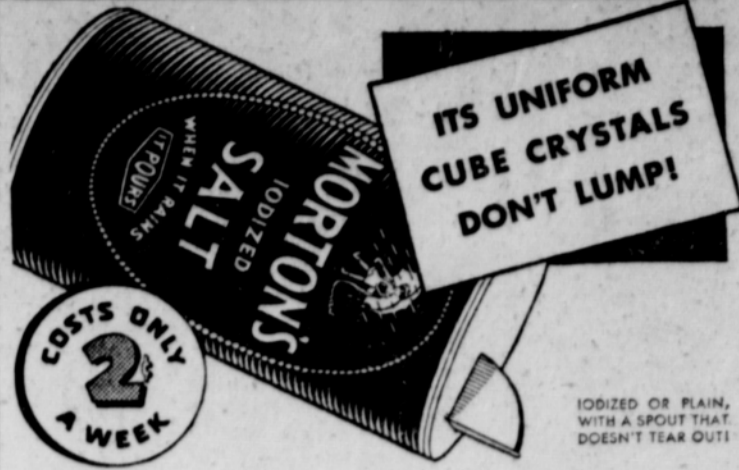
Suppose a pilot has been flying land planes for years, then tries to land a seaplane. He's probably been in the habit of bringing his plane down, then stalling it just before the wheels touch. It drops to a perfect three-point landing.

If he tries that with a seaplane, he might come out all right, then again, he might not. A seaplane hull is a fragile thing. A drop from too great a height is going to shatter that hull.

But let's say our pilot doesn't stall his ship. He's such shrewd judge of distance he can level a land craft off and fly its wheels right onto the ground. He won't have any trouble landing a flying boat—if he remembers one thing. Whereas he can fly a land plane in at several angles, only one will do for a seaplane. If he hits the water too speedy, he goes under like a high diver.

If landing on water is so hard, why aren't there more accidents? Because both Pan-American Airways and Imperial Airways, probably the world's largest users of commercial flying boats, send new pilots to school, regardless of experience.

Yet, despite such careful preparation, accidents still happen. The Imperial pilots who cracked up in the Mediterranean were not novices. Neither was the Pan-American pilot who smacked the water too hard at Trinidad a



year and a half ago. That crash injured five.

So, as we've said, seaplane landings are still hazardous, even for experienced airmen. However, if something does happen when a plane touches water, it isn't always the pilot's fault. The hull may be ripped on a submerged tree stump.

There is another danger. Some people just can't seem to realize that a speeding plane means for them to keep clear. A few months ago, a P. A. A. pilot had to swerve to keep from hitting a small boat which chugged directly in the plane's path.

The flying boat upset, one person was killed. But for the pilot's skill, the toll would have been much greater. The danger of boats getting in a plane's way is always so great that Imperial Airways not long ago was forced to begin policing the channel where its ships land at Singapore.

Besides the difficult technique of landing flying boats and the danger of hitting water craft, there is always the hazard presented by rough water. Pan-American is still thanking a benevolent Nature for providing calm lagoons, shielded from the ocean, on Midway and Wake Islands.

All told, there are so many things that signal danger in landing seaplanes that the

wonder of it is that there are not more crashes.

It is certainly a tribute to the skill of Pan-American's pilots that that line has killed but one passenger in just about ten years of flying.

GOLD OF THE PAST

Gold mines 3,000 years old have been found in Russia. Soviet scientists discovered the ancient shafts near the Aral Sea. And wonder of wonders there was still plenty of the precious metal left in them.

Whether those are the world's oldest gold mines is debatable. The history of man goes further back than that, and gold was the first metal mined. Laboriously man scooped out holes in the earth with stone tools and treasured the little gold metal he got.



SOMETHING TO REMEMBER—ALWAYS!
REMEMBER this when you buy your next pound of coffee: If you can smell that tempting coffee aroma, it means that the container is not protecting the coffee properly. It is permitting flavor to escape. You never smell the fragrant aroma of Maxwell House until you open the can. For Maxwell House is packed in the super-vacuum Vita-Fresh can you open with a key. And this is the only way science knows to bring you coffee without loss of flavor—coffee always roaster-fresh.

MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE

Book Keeper
 "My papa's a bookkeeper," said little Albert, proudly.
 "Yes, I know he is," replied little Dorothy. "He borrowed one from my papa and kept it."

Such Extravagance
 "This younger generation!" barked the art editor one morning. "My boy asked me for a nickel to see a boa constrictor in a side show! Such extravagance! I gave him a magnifying glass and told him to go find himself a worm!"

Selling
 "To sell goods," said the salesman, "you must be a psychologist; you must be a psychic. Now I am a psychic. I can read the minds of men I call on; for instance, I know what's on your mind right now."
 "Well, then," replied the victim, "why in h— I don't you get out of here?"

Bootlegger Jake
 Oh, drop a tear for Bootlegger Jake.
 Fate sure did treat him cruel. He perished by a dire mistake.
 He drank his own white muel.

Knew What He Wanted
 A negro came into a drug store and walked up to a clerk. "Ah wants one dem plasters what you stick on yoah back."
 "I understand," said the clerk, "you mean one of our porous plasters?"
 "Naw, sah, I doan wants none of yoah poorest plasters, I wants one of yoah good plasters."

Something Else on Their Minds
 First Motor Cop—"Did you get that fellow's number?"
 Second Motor Cop—"No, he was too fast for me. That was a mighty pretty girl he had in the back seat, wasn't it?"
 First Motor Cop—"It sure was! She smiled at me; did she smile at you?"
 Second Motor Cop—"I'll say she did. She even waved me a kiss."

A LITTLE FUN Jokes to Make You Laugh

Watery Milk
 Housewife: "About the milk you deliver here."
 Milkman: "Yes, madam!"
 Housewife: "I just wanted you to know that we use it for drinking and not for bathing."

Great Future
 Wife: "John, you'll have to take that ball away from the baby. He threw it and hit sister right on the head."
 Husband—baseball fan: "Yes, I saw it, and did you notice the curve he threw?"

Quite Surprised
 "I suppose you'd be surprised if I gave you a check for a birthday present, George?" said Mrs. Robinson.
 "Yes, indeed," replied her husband.
 "Well, here it is—all made out and ready for you to sign."

"Brooklyn Joe"
 "Brooklyn Joe" Roddy, 77 years old, said to be the oldest tramp printer in the country, visited Texas recently and presented his card to printers in various newspaper shops. On the back of his card was this slogan: "All men are liars, except you and me, and I sometimes have my doubts about you."

All Depends
 "How old are you, sonny?"
 "That's hard to say, sir. According to my latest school tests, I have a psychological age of 11 and a moral age of 10. Anatomically, I'm 7; mentally, I'm 9. But I suppose you refer to my chronological age. That's 8—but nobody pays any attention to that these days!"

Politeness
 Natives of the Carolinas are noted for their politeness. In the old days when people traveled mostly on railroad trains, a passenger was enjoying a smoke in the smoking car. From time to time he expectorated with great satisfaction out of the open window.
 The rush of air caused by the fast-moving train must have interfered with his aim, for a tall, lean Carolinian in the seat just back of him touched him lightly on the shoulder and remarked with great politeness: "Mistah, you done spit on me foh times an' I ain't said nothin' 'bout it now, 'cept I got on my Sunday suit of clothes."

Some Recommendation
 Bald Customer: "You say you can recommend this hair restorer?"
 Barber: "Yes, sir. I know a man who removed the cork from the bottle, smelled its contents and within twenty-four hours he had a moustache."

Still More Money Than Brains
 "There was a time when people used to say I had more money than brains. They can't say that any more."
 "Why not?"
 "Because I'm down to my last dime."
 "Well, what of it; you still got more money than brains."

Long Distance Infection
 Doctor (in Boston)—"You have a light attack of broncho-pneumonia."
 Cactus Joe (from Arizona)—"Now ain't that tough luck. I been ridin' broncos all my life an' never ketchid a thing from 'em until I come back East."

Usual Covering
 A caller at the home where there had been bereavement, was left alone with the small boy of the family for a little while.
 "And was your grandpa covered by insurance?" asked the caller.
 "No'm," replied the boy, "he jest had on a night shirt."

Artemus Ward Humor
 Artemus Ward, one of America's greatest humorists in the horse and buggy days, liked to joke about Utah. At that period Utah was practicing polygamy, which furnished Ward with a rich field for his brand of humor. "Their religion," he said, "is singular but their wives are plural." He described Brigham Young as an "indulgent father and a numerous husband who loved not wisely but too many well." His quip that "pretty girls in Utah marry Young," was selected by Josh Billings as Ward's best joke, but Eli Perkins, another humorist, liked best the one in which Ward said he was bound to live within his means if he had to borrow money to do it. Another American humorist liked best the joke about Ward being ready to sacrifice every one of his wife's relatives on the altar of his country.

Doctor Quack
 Stern was the glance the coroner cast at the quack doctor who had just taken the stand to testify regarding the sudden death of one of his patients. "When

"MAKIN'S" SMOKERS HERE STEAL THE SHOW ON ROLLING!

They Win Both Ways—On Fast, Neat Rolling and Mild, Tasty Smokes

IT'S great stuff when "makin's" tobacco rolls up so quick and neat as Prince Albert. And then when it smokes so downright mild and tasty, too—it's something to cheer about! No wonder "most everybody 'round here rolls P. A. It's "crimp cut." Smokes mild, smooth, and mighty satisfyin'. (And say—you'll find Prince Albert great in pipes, too!)



"I SEE you're rolling yours with Prince Albert," says the gent perched up on the baggage truck down by the station. "Bout time you got onto that good P. A. tobacco. I've been telling you a long time about its swell, rich taste."

"ALL RIGHT, a-l-l right," says the fellow on the left, "I'm willing to admit I wasted a lot of time before I took up Prince Albert. I never thought any 'makin's' tobacco could draw so easy and smoke so slow and cool as P. A."

PRINCE ALBERT THE NATIONAL JOY SMOKE

70 fine roll-your-own cigarettes in every 2-ounce tin of Prince Albert

Copyright, 1937, R. J. Reardon Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, North Carolina

you were called in, what medicine did you give the deceased?"

"I gave him a teaspoonful of syrup of ipecac," replied the quack.
 "Oh, you did, did you?" sneered the coroner. "Don't you know that in view of the condition this man was in you might just as well have given him a hypodermic injection of Aurora Borealis?"
 The doctor nodded, gravely. "That is just what I had planned to give him if the ipecac didn't relieve him."

Mary had a little lamb,
 And it was very dumb,
 But Mary didn't know it—
 She was the same, by gum!

Short and to the Point
 The teacher had asked her class to write a short composition on "Water." Here is what one of the children turned in:
 "Water is a light-colored, wet liquid which is warm in summer and cold in winter and which turns dark when you wash in it."

Poultry News

Fight Lice and Mites
 Nothing saps the strength of chickens, either old or young, so much as a bad infestation of lice or mites, or both. Usually, growing stock that is kept away from the hens are not affected by these pests to the extent that the old birds are. Nevertheless they may be affected, so it is always a wise plan to catch up and examine any birds that have a droopy appearance. If lice are present, these droopy birds will show them in large quantities or an inspection of the roosts in the range shelter or the range house may show the presence of mites. The same is true for the adult birds. Lice remain on the birds all the time and do their damage by chewing the skin and feathers, while mites remain on the roosts, dropping boards, or in the nests during the day and attack the birds at night, injuring them by sucking the blood. Since these pests breed more prolifically in the summer time, it is a good plan to give both lice and mite treatment several times during the summer in the case of the old hens and, when needed, to the young stock on range. The new birds should by all means be protected against these pests by giving the treatment for lice and mites when the

new pullets are brought into the laying houses.

Government Issues Turkey Report
 Either the consumption of turkeys must be increased or production reduced if producers and the trade are to make a fair profit, is the net of a report issued recently by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The report is the result of a nation-wide study of the turkey industry made by a special committee composed of Department representatives.
 The report reviews the rapid expansion of the turkey industry since 1930, resulting from the application of newer methods of disease control, a better knowledge of nutrition, and the development of the commercial hatching of turkeys. Expansion of consumer demand for turkeys over the next several years, according to this report, appears possible, through such developments as making fresh-killed turkeys available over a longer period of time than merely the holiday seasons; through the production of small-type turkeys; the preparation and marketing of full drawn "ready-to-cook" turkeys; the preparation and marketing of dressed half turkeys and parts of turkeys "ready-to-cook"; the production of canned turkey products; further improvement of quality through grading, and timely advertising.

THE HOLD-UP IN THE KALOMO CAVERNS

MELVIN PURVIS FORMER G-MAN WANTS YOU TO JOIN HIS NEW 1937 CORPS OF SECRET OPERATORS

MELVIN PURVIS, former Ace G-Man, who founded the Junior G-Man Corps, has formed a great new organization called Melvin Purvis' Law-and-Order Patrol. Members are called Secret Operators. They have special codes, passwords, and special equipment. Here is one of the many adventures taken from the confidential Secret Operator's Files and published to prove that CRIME DOES NOT PAY!



Melvin Purvis, on a vacation, is visiting two of his Secret Operators, Sally and Sam, who live near the famous Kalomo Caverns.

WHEN WE FINISH THESE POST TOASTIES, LET'S GO ON A TOUR OF THE KALOMO CAVERNS... I'VE ALWAYS WANTED TO SEE THEM.

THAT'S GREAT, MR. PURVIS.

Meanwhile—as the wealthy Pierpont party of tourists is going through the Kalomo Caverns...

REACH FOR THE ROOF EVERYBODY! THIS IS A HOLD-UP!

At the entrance to the huge Caverns, Purvis leaves of the hold-up.

I'M MIGHTY GLAD YOU SHOWED UP, MR. PURVIS. THOSE CROOKS GOT \$5000 FROM US!

MAYBE YOU CAN HELP US CAPTURE THAT GANG, AS LONG AS THEY'RE IN THERE, WE DON'T DARE TAKE ANY MORE PARTIES OF TOURISTS THROUGH.

HM. LET'S SEE WHERE THE HOLD-UP TOOK PLACE.

ONE GOOD THING-- THEY CAN'T GET OUT. WE'VE GOT THE ENTRANCE BLOCKED.

DON'T BE TOO SURE! MAYBE THERE'S ANOTHER WAY OUT. I'LL SHOW YOU HOW TO FIND OUT...

Melvin Purvis had the main entrance to the cave blocked up tight so that not a breath of air could come through. He then lit a candle and walked slowly around the huge "cathedral hall" of the Kalomo Caverns. Halfway around—

LOOK! THERE'S A BREATH OF AIR COMING FROM BEHIND THIS PILLAR... AND THERE'S A CREVICE BACK THERE! WE'VE GOT TO WORK FAST... SAM AND SALLY, SPRINT BACK TO THE CAR AND GET MY PARACHUTE FLARE GUN! TAKE OFF YOUR SHOES EVERYBODY... WE'VE GOT TO FOLLOW THIS TRAIL SILENTLY.

Melvin Purvis, heading in the direction of the faint breath of air shown by his candle, slips through the crevice in the wall of the main cavern. He follows a narrow passage and suddenly comes upon another huge gallery never before discovered. He fires his parachute flare gun, and...

HANDS UP! NOW YOU FELLOWS CAN COME OUT THE MAIN ENTRANCE -- WITH ME!

MELVIN PURVIS! IF HE HADN'T SHOWED UP, WE COULD 'A SLIPPED OUT SOON'S IT GOT DARK!

IT'S CARSON--THE GUIDE WE FIRED LAST WEEK! SO HE DISCOVERED THAT HIDDEN EXIT!

NOW THAT THOSE CROOKS ARE SAFELY IN JAIL WHERE THERE ARE NO EXITS...HOW ABOUT ANOTHER BOWL OF POST TOASTIES?

YOU BET, MR. PURVIS!

THEY'RE SURE SWELL THESE HOT DAYS!

Why POST TOASTIES, the Better Corn Flakes, stay Crisp longer in Milk or Cream

NOTICE the tiny bubbles on the surface of every golden-brown flake of Post Toasties.

They are created by a special process that makes Post Toasties lighter... crisper... assures you that Post Toasties will keep their crunchy goodness longer in milk or cream. And every bubbly flake, toasted double-crisp, brings you the rich goodness of the tender hearts of the corn, where most of the flavor is stored.

Just try Post Toasties and you'll learn why folks everywhere call them the better corn flakes. And for an extra special treat, serve Post Toasties with ripe, luscious peaches and cream.

Get a package of Post Toasties at your grocer's right away—the price is low. A Post Cereal, made by General Foods.

ALSO ASK FOR POST TOASTIES IN HOTELS, RESTAURANTS AND DINING CARS

COME ON, BOYS AND GIRLS! BE A SECRET OPERATOR

IN MY NEW LAW-AND-ORDER PATROL! GET MY NEW SECRET OPERATOR'S SHIELD AND MY SECRET OPERATOR'S BOOK CONTAINING SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS... CODES AND PASSWORDS. HOW TO DETECT VARIOUS CRIMES... HOW TO WIN PROMOTION TO HIGHER RANKS... ALSO PICTURES OF ALL MY WONDERFUL FREE PRIZES!

TO BE A SECRET OPERATOR, JUST SEND ME THE COUPON AT RIGHT, WITH TWO RED POST TOASTIES PACKAGE TOPS. ACT NOW!

SECRET OPERATOR'S SHIELD (left), GIRLS' SHIELD (above). Both of polished gold bronze, satin-enamel finish. SECRET OPERATOR'S MANUAL (at right). Shield and Manual FREE for two Post Toasties package-tops.

SECRET OPERATOR'S RING, 24-carat gold finish, adjustable to fit any finger. FREE for 4 Post Toasties package-tops.

35 Free Prizes FOR SECRET OPERATORS! See Manual for other Swell Prizes!

Melvin Purvis, c/o Post Toasties, Battle Creek, Michigan

I enclose... Post Toasties red package-tops. Please send me the items checked below. Check whether boy () or girl ().

() Secret Operator's Shield (2 package tops) S W 9 37

() Secret Operator's Ring (4 package tops)

(Be sure to put correct postage on letter.)

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____

(Offer expires Dec. 31, 1937. Good only in U. S. A.)

Tecumseh News

We had a nice shower of rain last Monday, but it did not put out any stock water here.

There were several at the Tecumseh cemetery Saturday and they worked around quite a few of the graves. Mrs. John Jordan got quite a nice little donation and will get someone to finish the work.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Armour was elected to take over the work for another year.

Mr. and Mrs. Howton, Mrs. J. A. Tunnell returned home Monday from a trip to California, Arizona, and New Mexico. They visited the Grand Canyon, Boulder dam, Sequoia National park, and Carlsbad Cavern. They report a great trip.

Olen Tunnell and family from Stephenville, visited his mother last week, on his way to New Mexico where they will pick cotton for a while.

Mrs. Lyle Magill and little daughter, Marlene, Mrs. R. T. Magill and Miss Ruth Luckett and Bro. A. W. Luckett all of Coleman visit new Mrs. Sarah Magill Sunday.

HEALTH HINTS

By Dr. Geo. W. Cox
State Health Officer

During the past year 786 persons died of appendicitis in Texas, according to Vital Statistics compilations of the State Department of Health. Many of these deaths might have been prevented had the patient been more aware of the disease and its symptoms.

There are two forms of appendicitis, acute and chronic. The form that appears suddenly, with great pain and sickness is acute. Chronic appendicitis may extend over a long period of time and consists of slight attacks at intervals, but at some time, there will usually occur an attack worse than any before and the disease may then become serious.

"In the presence of the abdominal pain, give nothing by mouth. Never give laxatives. Apply an ice pack. Call your family physician. Abdominal pain which persists over a period of six hours is usually serious," advises State Health Officer Geo. W. Cox.

Hospital records show that the above advice has reduced appendicitis deaths 75 per cent. When otherwise healthy people are operated upon soon after the beginning of the "pain" in the stomach caused by appendicitis, little danger is experienced, but the surgeon's work is made more difficult and the patient's chance of recovery considerably lessened when there is a long delay in seeking medical help, and especially if a cathartic has been given.

How to prevent appendicitis? Keep the body in perfect health as long as possible. Watch your teeth, your tonsils, any place where an infection may occur. Get plenty of exercise. Have a thorough medical examination at least once a year and have your teeth examined and cleaned by a dentist at least once every six months. This kind of watchfulness will not only help you to avoid appendicitis, it will help you to avoid many other illnesses as well.

Rowden News

The weather being favorable for the picking of cotton now, many of the farmers are progressing nicely with the work.

Mrs. J. L. Taylor left Saturday night for Pecos, Texas where she will visit her daughter Mrs. Verna Crawford who has been quite ill.

Cecil and Harrel Jones sons of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Jones have been quite ill and were taken to the hospital in Santa Anna Sunday.

Mrs. W. W. Rose was on the sick list Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Powell and Herman Harper returned home Sunday from Martinville Ark. where they attended a Bible school on their return trip they visited relatives in Little Rock, and Fort Worth, Texas and spent one evening at the Frontier Fiesta.

Misses Fairie Fowler Nell Tabor, Margaret Miller, and Goldie Foster enjoyed the afternoon Wednesday kodaking. They made some interesting snap shots.

Mr. C. W. Allen and family left for Brownfield, Texas Saturday where they will make their home.

Mr. Jud Carrol and family went to West Texas Monday, where they will be employed picking cotton.

Griggs Hospital News

Mrs. Leonard Weathers, Clyde, who underwent an emergency appendix operation Tuesday night, is doing very well.

Juanita, 15 year old daughter of J. R. Swafford of Rowden, underwent an appendix operation Monday.

Miss Dolores Rylee of Baird is a surgical patient.

Mrs. W. O. Wylie, Sr., was able to leave the hospital Wednesday, following major surgery.

Cecil Jones, 15 year old son of Walter Jones, Rowden, is a medical patient.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Sanders, Friday Sept. 10th, a daughter who has been named Mary Gay.

Mrs. Garvin Jones of Baird is a surgical patient.

Billie Frank Weathers 12 year old son of Leonard Weathers of Clyde was a tonsilectomy patient Sunday.

Mrs. Charlie Shelton, of Baird was a patient Friday for removal of a needle from her hand under the fluriscopy.

Welma Gary of Brownsville who had major surgery several days ago is doing well.

Miss Ann Johnson of Baird was able to leave the hospital Sunday following major surgery.

Mrs. A. P. McWhorter of Oplin who had major surgery two weeks ago is convalescing and will be able to leave the hospital in a few days.

B. M. Hart of Clyde who is a surgical patient is convalescing.

Mrs. W. B. Griggs is slowly recovering from a heart attack some days ago.

Mrs. Bruce Bell and baby girl Billie Beth left the hospital yesterday.

Personal

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Thompson, of Cottonwood are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Will Rylee.

Mrs. Dan Clark of Abilene visited her daughter, Mrs. Carroll McGowen Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Burnett, Jr. and family of El Paso spent a day or two with Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Holmes this week.

Dr. T. J. Inman well known jeweler and optometrist is at the Holmes Drug Co. for a few days. See his ad in this issue.

Misses Leota Alexander and Burma Warren spent the past week visiting in Graham, Wichita Falls and Breckenridge.

Miss Fay McKelvain of Moran visited with friends in Baird and Denton the first of the week. Miss McKelvain is a teacher in the Denton School.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Fetterley left a few days ago for Palo Alto where she will teach again in the public school of that city.

Misses Jean Powell, Viola Boatwright and Mrs. Verda James recently visited the Carlsbad caverns.

Claude Flores, left Wednesday for New York where he will attend the American Legion National Convention.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Griffin and baby boy Louis Jr. and Mrs. Griffin's mother Mrs. J. L. Forrest, of Pasadena Texas recently visited Mrs. Forrest's sister, Mrs. Lee Estes. The party was enroute to the Carlsbad Cavern and other points in New Mexico and also visited Rondol Forrest and family in El Paso.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Leon and little daughter Carroll Ann and Mrs. H. C. McGowen, of Graham spent Sunday with relatives in Baird. Mr. Leon is manager of a Theatre in Graham where they moved some weeks ago. Mrs. McGowen went over later to join them in their new home.

Mrs. W. B. Atchison of Baird accompanied Mrs. E. G. Hampton and daughter, Miss Ceceli, to Austin Wednesday. Miss Ceceli is a student in the Texas State University. Mrs. Atchison will visit her brother, C. B. Holmes and family and her son Judson.

About Town

By Otto B. Grate

Fall is here again and everyone is back doing whatever it is that everyone does in the fall.

To start things off school reopened Monday. It's a new crop of students who will learn their three R's this year and they are intent on making '38 a successful season.

This week you can never guess who comes up to bat and knocks a home run in the form of one of the most interesting interviews to date. Mayor Schwartz and the first lady.

Mayor Schwartz came to Baird in 1880 and can remember when it was just so much prairie, and by the way it wasn't known as Baird then but as "Vickey". It was in 1886 that Mr. Schwartz married and brought his wife out to make a home. It took a courageous woman to fight the odds of a West Texas drought that lasted for almost four years. Water was brought in at 25 cents a barrel and ice was practically unheard of. Cattle were driven through in herds to find pastures further north. A trying time for man and beast alike.

Mr. Schwartz first occupation was as a store owner. There was a fire in 1884 that consumed the greater portion of the town but with courage and characteristic strength that marked our pioneer citizens he and his fellow merchants set about to rebuild the town.

A vibrant, civic minded family, the Schwartzes have never ceased to take an interest in anything that concerns the town and it is due to them and to people like them that Baird has grown from a cow town where cowboys shot up the place every Saturday night to the thriving center it is today. With a history like theirs there isn't much that I can add that will tell of the admiration the whole town feels for them; all that I can do is thank them for their kindness in giving me this interview in which in a small way I have been able to tell you what a really fine people they really are.

Don't usually get serious about things but now and then you stop and think (painful as the process is with this one cylinder brain of mine) what caused the wheels to go around this time was just a simple question from a friend, "Do you write 'Around Town'?" And I found myself answering "Sometimes." I was immediately called down and for good reason too. My rejoinder brought to mind something I should have done long ago thank you for the help you have given me in writing this. Of course the dope I write is mine but I realize more than ever that the help I get in the form of interviews and comments are what really make this column. Sometimes I think it is more your work than mine. But by your judgement I rise and fall. If your comment is good I feel a certain degree of pride, and work to keep up to standard, while if it is bad I work to correct the faults. So you see its really your column and not wholly mine (we get pretty punk sometimes don't we? - who said that?) The best way to say it is simply, Thanks a million.

Now listen kids, if you get up your lessons and don't stay in (boy, does it seem good to be on the giving and not receiving end of that order) you can see "Captains Courageous" at the show Monday or maybe you can even see "Another Dawn" Thursday, (and remember that mean Erroll Flynn) And if you are Real Good you can see "Shall we Dance" next weekend, and as long as I mentioned it next week end is when I'll be seeing you next

FOR RENT—Furnished house, 4 rooms and bath, or 3 rooms furnished apartment. See Mrs. Georgia Lusby.

Want Ads

FOR SALE—good four room house fairly good well of water, one acre ground. Will sell for \$350.00 cash. See Mrs. R. A. Williams, East Baird.

BED ROOM—modern, south-east bed room, private entrance, garage. See, Mrs. Will McCoy, Baird.

FOR RENT—bed room nicely furnished, all conveniences, also garage. See, Mrs. Price McFarlane, 4 blks. west of Main St., 42-2tp.

FOR SALE—baby bed complete four sheets, high chair, cost \$26 For sale at \$13. See, Mrs. Maxwell Phone 21, Baird. 42-2t.

FARMS AT BARGAINS
Also Buyers for your farms when priced right. Quick sales. List your property with us. Shanks Land & Loan Office, Penney Bldg, Abilene, Texas. 42-4tp.

APARTMENT—Down stairs apartment modern convinces everything furnished also one business house. Mrs. J. H. Terrell Phone 112 Baird. 1-tf

APARTMENT—Two room furnished apartment Modern convinces. Mrs. R. E. Nunnally 1-t

FOR SALE—Black Hull Wheat, free from Johnson grass. Ted Walls, Rt. 2, Clyde.

WANTED—Water Well Drilling Also have Two Row Planters and Cultivator, for Model B. John Deere tractor for sale, also one good wood Cook stove and Red Winter oats. W. B. Varner Cottonwood. 2-t

FOR SALE—Eleven Triple A Brown Leghorn roosters, one year old 75 cents each. Otto Schaffrina Box 77, Rt. 1 Baird. 1-tp

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Saddle horses, Work Mares and Mules. Tel-Ur-Self-Laundry. J. T. Loper manager. 40-1t

WANTED—School boy to help about the place for board. See Joe Alexander. 40-1t.

"I Saw It in the News Review"

is a common expression among those who keep well informed on current events. They know that in the "Week's News Review," which appears regularly in this paper, they obtain a comprehensive interpretation of world events written by Edward W. Pickard, one of the nation's most widely known news commentators.

Weekly News Review deals with the important happenings and their effect upon our country. It is more than news—it is an interpretation of the news, and therefore much more valuable to the person who wants to understand what is going on in the world today.

Read it carefully from week to week. You will find it interesting and helpful in your discussion of world events with your neighbors and friends.

FREE FAIR
TEXAS COTTON FESTIVAL
Oct. 4-9
Spiced with Entertainment
CROWDING OF TEXAS
Cotton Queen
Gorgeous DUCHESSES
ARABIAN NIGHTS
LIVE STOCK & AGRICULTURE
FREE FAIR
ABILENE

PRESENTING
Kedettes
IN Autumn Colors
BLACK BROWN BURGUNDY GREEN BLUE
\$2.45
\$2.50
McElroy Co.

Step LIVELY Please
And you'll feel like doing just that in these gay little walking oxfords of black or brown suede. Trimmed in calf, they give that tailored feeling to your smart new tailored ensemble. And they're just the thing for all you busy-bodies who get around a lot.
Long wearing soles, strong steel arch for only \$2.50
And other smart styles at the same low price.
McELROY Co.

STOMACH ULCERS
Thousands of sufferers...
FREE!
CITY PHARMACY
King Ranch Controversy Is Described
By Editor
Texas' great King Ranch, larger than the state of Rhode Island is the subject of an article in the October American Magazine written by Hubert Kelley, associate editor and one of the few reporters to be admitted through the gates of the million-acre feudal empire ruled by Bob Kleberg.

Why CAN RED & WHITE FOOD STORES save you money?
SPECIALS—Fri. - Sat.; Sept. 17-18

GREEN BEANS	2 LBS.	15c
BANANAS	NICE FRUIT DOZ.	15c
APPLES	FINE FOR SCHOOL DOZ.	15c
CABBAGE	FIRM HEADS LB.	3c
RED AND WHITE FLOUR	This Is An Extra Fancy Patent Flour. Guaranteed to be Better. 48 LBS.	\$1.85
K, C, BAKING POWDER	25c CAN	17c
RED AND WHITE PEAS	This is a small Tender Pea 2 NO. 2 CANS	35c
RED AND WHITE CORN	This Is A Fancy Golden Bantam Whole Grain just like fresh corn. 12 Oz.	14c
PEANUT BUTTER	So Called Half Gallon EACH	45c
PALMOLIVE SOAP	4 Bars With Complexion Cloth FOR	29c
LIPTONS TEA	1/4 POUND ——— 20c 1/2 POUND ——— 39c With Each 1/4 Lb. you get 1 glass free. Complete that set now.	
SWANS DOWN CAKE FLOUR	LARGE PKG.	25c
STEAK	Always Taste Good 2 LBS.	33c
BEEF ROAST	Meaty and Lean LB.	16c
CALF LIVER	Concentrated Health Value LB.	19c
STEW MEAT	Full of Juice and Rich Flavored LB.	15c
COUNTRY BUTTER	Every Lb. Guaranteed LB.	33c
THRIFTY LAYING MASH	Feed For More Eggs 100 LBS.	\$2.15

—Bring Us Your Eggs For The Best Price—
A. B. HUTCHISON. GROCERY. MARKET AND FEED

After giving the statistics family times - rap, rap, rap I used to hear to all Texans, 1,500 square miles of interest in all the complaints miles, 75,000 cattle, 1,500 miles of about the ranch, but what's the use mire, 500 gates, Mr. Kelley re-ports special interest in the fact promise to say pretty things about that the King Ranch, which for you, and when you've turned your years has been "a symbol and back, they smack you in the face. stronghold of American individual Mystery ranch, my eye. This is a big meat store down here, nothing else. If you can find an armed man on this ranch you can have his gun. And what's more, I've already given over 200 miles of right-of-way for highways through this place, and if that other highway way they keep howling about isn't finished yet, it's all because the state of Texas hasn't had the money to build it with?"

Mr. Kelley contents himself with writing both sides of the various arguments, and describing the ranch and its personnel. He leaves the reader to draw whatever conclusions he may.

Look Listen and Read
Cotton is down and so are Prices
Just a Few Articles Listed Below
—Here Is What Your Dollar Will Buy

12 Yards Brown Domestic	\$1.00
10 Yards Brown Domestic	\$1.00
8 Yards Brown Domestic	\$1.00
3 Yards Garaz Sheetting	\$1.00
6 Boxess Kotex	\$1.00
1 81x105 Bed Spread	\$1.00
1 Lot Ladies Dresses. (long sleeve) Each	\$1.00
1 81x90 Garza Sheet (Plover Brand)	\$1.00
3 Rolls, 3 Lb. Cotton	\$1.00
2 Pair Tennis Shoes (Saturday Only)	\$1.00
10 Diapers 27x27	\$1.00
8 Good Towells	\$1.00
12 Barber Towells	\$1.00

—A BALOON FREE To Everyone Making A Purchase—
Look Out For Our Prices On Chickens, Turkeys and Eggs
COME WHERE YOU ARE WELCOME
Will D. Boydston



Last Time Tonite-Friday



Love shocks a couple of high-tension live wires!

Pat O'BRIEN
Henry FONDA
'SLIM'

Margaret LINDSAY
STUART ERWIN

Saturday Matinee and Nite
Harold Bell Wright's
"The Californian"

—with—
RICARDO CORTEZ
Also Serial and Cartoon

Sat. Prevue, Sun and Mon
The picture as big as Munity
On The Bounty

"CAPTAIN COURAGEOUS"
SPENCER TRACY
FREDDIE BARTHOLOMEW
LIONEL BARRYMORE
Tuesday and Wednesday
10c Any Seat 10c

JOE E. BROWN
"RIDING ON AIR"

GUY KIBBEE
FLORENCE RICE
VINTON HAWORTH

Thursday and Friday

A NEW ROMANTIC TEAM!

ONE MAN'S LIFE AGAINST ANOTHER MAN'S HONOR!

KAY FRANCIS
ERROL FLYNN
"ANOTHER DAWN"

Always To
GOO!

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE

The State of Texas, County of Callahan.

Whereas, by virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the County Court of Brown county, Texas, on a Judgment rendered in said county Court on the 24th day of July, 1937, in cause No. 3423, in favor of S. W. Hughes, as plaintiff, against A. L. Conlee, as defendant, I did on the 9th day of September 1937, at 2 o'clock P. M. levy upon the following described real estate, situated in Callahan county, Texas, the same being all of the interest of A. L. Conlee in and to 133 1-3 acres of land, more or less being all that portion of that 533 1-3 acres, more or less, out of and a part of the James Simmons Survey No. 779, patented to Paschal B. Hamblin on August 6, 1861, by patent No. 319, Vol. 7, lying partly in Brown county, Texas, and abstracted in Brown county under abstract No. 825, and partly in Callahan county, Texas, and this levy is to cover and does cover all of the defendant, A. L. Conlee's interest in and to said land as lying in Callahan county, Texas, all fully described by field notes in said Order of Sale, located about 3 miles South of Cross Plains, Texas, and generally known as the old Conlee Homestead; and on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1937, being the first Tuesday in said month, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. on said day, at the Court House door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said A. L. Conlee in and to said property.

R. L. Edward, sheriff,
41-3t Callahan County, Texas

CHURCH OF CHRIST

Not forsaking the assembling of ourselves together as the manner of some is. Hebrews 10-25

Morning:
Song service 10 o'clock.
Bible Study 10:15
Song Service 10:55
Sermon 11:15
Lords Supper 11:45

Evening:
Song Service 8:00
Sermon 8:15
Benediction 9:00
Mid-Week Bible Study Wednesday
Song Service 8:15
Lesson 8:30

ABILENE REPORTER NEWS—

Morning and Afternoon editions delivered. C. W. Coffner.

WANTED—School girls to room and board. See Mrs Hattie Hughes first door east of Gulf station—east Baird. 37-1tp



Given in the drinking water through the hot weather will keep their appetite good, prevent them becoming diseased from germs and worms, keep them free of blood sucking lice, mites, fleas blue-bugs. Make moulting easy and insure good health and egg-production at a very small cost. You don't risk a cent. Your money back if not satisfied.

HOLMES DRUG COMPANY

Baird, Texas—Phone 11

317 UNFILLED POSITIONS

More than 1,000 positions annually 30% more than we are able to fill—make the Draughon Training the surest and shortest route to a good income and inspiring opportunities for advancement. Fill in Coupon and mail at once to nearest Draughon's College—Abilene, Lubbock, Wichita Falls, or Dallas for Suesal Money-saving Plan for a limited number. First come, first served. Write today.

Name _____
P. O. _____

STRAYED OR STOLEN—L a s Sunday, one Jersey Cow, one horn broken off. Notify, J. L. Allman Baird, Texas. 41-1t

WANTED—to buy a used plan for the Masonic Hall. Anyone interested please notify Will D Boydston, or Mrs V. E. Hill

STOCKMAN SAVE—We guarantee our Red Steer Screw Worm Killer will kill quicker and Red Steer Smear will repel flies longer and they cost 25% to 50% less than other brands. 27-7t CITY PHARMACY.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE

The State of Texas, County of Callahan.

Whereas, by virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of County Court of Brown county, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said Court on the 24th of July, 1937 in cause No. 3424, in favor of S. W. Hughes, as Plaintiff, against J. D. Conlee and A. L. Conlee, Independent Executor of the Estate of A. E. Conlee, deceased, I did on the 9th day of September, 1937, at 2 o'clock P. M. levy upon the following described real estate, situated in Callahan county, Texas, all of the interest of J. D. Conlee, and A. E. Conlee, and the Estate of A. E. Conlee, deceased, in and to 133 1-3 acres of land, more or less, being all that portion of that 533 1-3 acres, more or less, out of and a part of the James Simmons Survey No. 779, patented to Paschal B. Hamblin on August 6, 1861, by patent No. 319, Vol. 7, lying partly in Brown county, Texas, and abstracted in Brown county under abstract No. 825, and partly in Callahan county, Texas, and this levy is to cover and does cover all of the defendants interest in and to said land as lying in Callahan county, Texas, all fully described by field notes in said Order of Sale, located about 3 miles South of Cross Plains, Texas, and generally known as the old Conlee Homestead; and on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1937, being the first Tuesday in said month, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. on said day, at the Court House door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said J. D. Conlee, and A. E. Conlee and the Estate of A. E. Conlee, deceased in and to said property.

Dated at Baird, Texas, this 9th day of September, 1937.

R. L. Edward, sheriff,
1-3t Callahan County, Texas

APARTMENT—for rent 4 room furnished with private bath and garage. Mrs. John McGowen see Mrs. Gleen, Wylie, at Wylie Funeral Home.

DON'T SCRATCH! Paracide Ointment is guaranteed to relieve all forms of Eczema, Itch, Itching from chiggers, piles, etc, or money refunded. Large jar 50c. 27-7t CITY PHARMACY.

\$25.00 REWARD

Will be paid by the manufacturer for any Corn, GREAT CHRISTOPHER Corn Remedy cannot remove. Also removes Warts and Callouses. 36c at City Pharmacy.

WOMEN WHO HOLD THEIR MEN NEVER LET THEM KNOW

No matter how much your back aches and your nerves scream, your husband, because he is only a man, can never understand why you are so hard to live with one week in every month. Too often the honeymoon experience is wrecked by the nagging tongue of a three-quarter wife. The wise woman never lets her husband know by outward signs that she is a victim of periodic pain. For three generations one woman has told another how to go "smiling through" with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It helps Nature tone up the system, thus lessening the discomforts from the functional disorders which women must endure in the three decades of life: 1. Turning from girlhood to womanhood. 2. Preparing for motherhood. 3. Approaching "middle age." Don't be a three-quarter wife, take LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND and Go "Smiling Through."

FOR RENT—Three Apartments, all modern conveniences, new paper and paint throughout, every thing furnished. Also one business house on Market Street. See or phone, Mrs. J. H. Terrell Baird, Texas 33-1f.

FORT WORTH PRESS delivered very day except Sunday. See Bobby Owens. 25-1f.

Non-Skid Spot Pad Trusses
Satisfactor. Guaranteed
Holmes Drug Company

If interested in refinancing or other real estate for sale; small purchasing farms on long terms down payment and easy terms on 4 % interest through Federa. balance, with cheap rate of interest Land Bank and supplemented PERKINS, Sec.-Treas., Citizens Land Bank—foreclosed farms and N. F. L. A. Clyde, Texas. 14-1f

I'M A NEW WOMAN THANKS TO PURSANG

Yes, Pursang contains, in properly balanced proportions, such proven elements as organic copper and iron. Quickly stimulates appetite and aids nature in building rich, red blood even in cases of simple anemia. When this happens, energy and strength usually return. You feel like new. Get Pursang from your druggist.

YANKEE \$1.50

Ingersoll

HAS TIMED 150 MILLION LIVES

MAKE YOUR TEETH shine like the stars!

CLEAN AND WHITEN TEETH with Calox, the Oxygen tooth powder which penetrates to the hidden crevices between the teeth. Pleasant, Refreshing, Protects the gums and is economical to use.

TRY CALOX AT OUR EXPENSE

What Calox will do for your teeth is easily demonstrated by you in your own home at our expense. Simply fill in the coupon with name and address and mail it to us. You will receive absolutely free a test can of CALOX TOOTH POWDER, the powder more and more people are using every day.

FREE TRIAL COUPON

McKesson & Robbins, Inc., Fairfield, Conn. Dept. A. N. P.
Send me a 10 day trial of CALOX TOOTH POWDER at no expense to me. I will try it.

Name _____
Address _____

BUY THAT USED CAR OR TRUCK RIGHT NOW!

FORD DEALERS' ANNUAL NATION-WIDE USED CAR CLEARANCE SALE

USED CARS & TRUCKS R-G ALL MAKES

Your Ford Dealer's entire stock of used cars and trucks is offered at attractive prices. Don't miss this opportunity to pick up a real value. Many makes and models. Liberal trades and terms. Come in today!

Many of the Used Cars and Trucks offered by Ford Dealers are R-G Quality—Rebuilt to Ford Factory specifications, and Guaranteed in writing... 100% satisfaction, or 100% refund!

See your **FORD DEALER TODAY**

Please accept these fine novels
...WITH OUR COMPLIMENTS



EVERY year this newspaper brings you at least three—sometimes more—of the finest stories in American fiction, in the form of serials which appear from week to week. Were you to buy these novels, from the pens of the highest paid writers of fiction in the world, they would cost you at least \$2 apiece in book form. Thus you get at least \$6 worth of top-notch fiction every year as only one of the many features included in the low cost of your subscription.

Follow these entertaining serials starting today. If you don't, you will be missing some of the best literature being produced in America and some of the pleasantest hours you ever spent. And remember, this is only one of the many reasons for making this YOUR newspaper.

"CATTLE KINGDOM"
A New Western Serial
By Allen LeMay
Begins in this issue—Read it

Abilene Laundry Co
DAMP WASH
20 Lbs for 50c
We Furnish Everything
Will Call Monday, Wednesday and Friday of Each Week.
GROVER GIBBERT
Call Phone No. 131
Representative, Baird, Texas

SEE THESE SPECIALS NOW

1-1935 V-8 Coupe	\$375.00
1-1935 Chevrolet Coupe	\$350.00
1-1929 Model A Sedan	\$135.00
1-1929 Chevrolet Sedan	\$60.00
1-1933 Plymouth Coupe	\$295.00
1-1934 Plymouth Coupe	\$325.00
1-1935 V-8 Truck	\$425.00
1-1930 Ford Truck	\$185.00
1-1929 Chevrolet Truck	\$75.00
1-1928 Olds Sedan	\$35.00
1-1929 Hup Sedan	\$65.00
1-1931 Model A Coupe	\$185.00

Come in and see the many bargains we have... You will save money by looking over our cars. We trade for live stock and feed. 1 Good Team of Horses real cheap; Several Milk Cows from \$15.00.

PHONE EASY TERMS 218

EARL JOHNSON MOTOR COMPANY

Authorized Ford Dealers
Baird, Texas