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FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BAIRD.

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\$118,500

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ONE OF THE OLDEST BANKS IN THE WEST.

# The Baird Star.

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"TIS NEITHER BIRTH, NOR WEALTH, NOR STATE, BUT THE 'GIT-UP-AND-GIT' THAT MAKES MEN GREAT

VOL. 7

BAIRD, CALLAHAN CO., TEX., FRIDAY, FEB. 16, 1894.

NO. 11

**H. MEYER,**  
—LEADER IN—  
**STOVES, HARDWARE AND QUEENSWARE.**



What is the excitement at Harry Meyer's? I see such a crowd about his door?

Why, he has just received a carload of those excellent "Our Leader" cook stoves, and, by the way, he is also selling the "Charter Oak" and "Buck's Brilliant."

Yes, but I know they are too high for these hard times.

No, sir; it would surprise you. He is actually selling those fine stoves as cheap as I paid for a common worthless stove a short while back. You see he sells everything in the Hardware and Queensware line at the lowest prices.

**H. MEYER,**  
**THE LEADER IN HARDWARE AND LOW PRICES.**

**A. COOKE,**  
Is still in the ring with a full line of  
Staple and Fancy  
**DRY GOODS.**



The Celebrated Ziegler Shoes are the best on the market and will be sold as cheap as any high grade shoes can be sold. Don't fail to examine them before buying.



I have a large stock of these shoes in all styles, for ladies, gents and children. When you need shoes be sure and give me a call.

## LUMBER.

We have on hand

-A-

LARGE STOCK

—OF—

LUMBER  
DOORS,  
LIME  
ETC.



SHINGLES  
BLINDS,  
CEMENT,  
ETC.

All of which will be sold at the very lowest living rates.

Get our prices before you buy and we will guarantee satisfaction.

**Moon & C**

At Wm. CAMERON & CO

### PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS.

Delivered by Principal F. W. Chatfield, before the Callahan county Teachers' Institute, Jan. 27th, 1894.

When a measure is to be undertaken which involves principles whose results will be of the greatest moment—results whose effect will largely determine the development of some social or political condition which will have its bearing upon the welfare of a commonwealth, it is of the greatest importance that such measures be employed which will determine the most favorable results.

Theories, should only take form after careful thought, due deliberation and most systematic investigation. Believing this the duty of every conscientious projector of any scheme, I shall follow this line of reasoning in placing before you my ideas of Public and Private education. This brief paper, therefore, shall consider in their brief order the following divisions:

- I. The Object of Education.
- II. The Necessity of Education.
- III. The Methods of Education.

The faculties with which a beneficent Creator has endowed every individual, was not intended, by that Creator, to be neglected by its possessor, and permitted to waste in slow and unprofitable decay. On the contrary, I hold that it is expected—even demanded by unmistakable manifestations of obligations pressing hard upon every one to cultivate and develop, to the highest degree, such God-given faculties.

In order that all may have the aid and advantages of scientific truths which other masterly minds have wrought out, such truths that will be beneficial in every pursuit of life, and imbue the heart with right principles and eliminate, so far as possible, all that is detrimental; our schools are established; and that instruction which has for its object the education only of the intellectual being, reaches but a short distance towards the accomplishment of the great ends for which institutions have been established.

That men may cope successfully—with the problems which confront them at every turn of life—may intelligently grapple with the scientific principles and uses of the present time, and take first positions as American citizens, careful training and skillful direction of the young mind is absolutely essential. That uneducated men are placed at a great disadvantage when they meet the cultivated mind in the contest for the more exalted positions in literary and social attainments, in business tact, skill and sagacity, no reflecting man will deny. A man must, in some respects, be the peer of his competitor or he will suffer defeat in the race for distinction. Superior mental endowments will, without dispute, largely compensate the lack of judicious training, but how much more mighty that ability if under a wholesome discipline and under the guidance of an educated and enlightened judgment. Would the Persians at Marathon or Arbela—the Romans at Cannae—the legions of Pompey on the plains of Pharsalia—the Carthaginians at Zama—or the allied forces of Europe at Austerlitz, have gone down in ignominious defeat, had there been that training and discipline, as was manifested by those who conquered on these memorable occasions?

To attain to the intellectual development mentioned above, must of necessity entail upon one a vast degree of patience and unswerving steadiness of purpose linked with uncompromising determination.

Since this is essential to the true and philosophical development of the young mind, where shall we turn to find this essential instruction? That the public schools have proved a blessing to our civilization is a question beyond dispute; it is therefore, almost a work of supererogation to enumerate its advantages to this cultivated body of instructors. You are to be met upon every educational platform.

your part is needed, only an acknowledgment that the light does shine; and this light which is so indisputably shedding its effulgence over our land, emanates from that boon to poor and rich alike—the Public School.

As a nation advances in wisdom, and knowledge and power; as the arts and sciences develop; as new industries open up, and new methods of thoughts are evolved; so there is an increased demand for intelligent and enlightened labor. In order to secure this intelligence, education of the masses is essential; and in order that the masses may be instructed, public schools become a necessity.

So it is not a question of expediency alone, but a natural development from cause to effect, that our common schools are so rapidly taking their places as a power in a our government.

It is the education of all classes that makes labor honorable and places this nineteenth century civilization so far in advance of that of Greece and Rome, and of other more ancient nations whose grandeur has come down to us in song and story.

It is this general intelligence that is so rapidly developing all the heretofore, hidden resources of our land and in very truth making all the nations of earth akin. But great and unquestionable as are these blessings, if left unsupported, or rather unappreciated by the higher order of school education, the common school would eventually into anarchy and ruin. Their trend is to banish all moral instruction from their curriculum. The reign of terror in France is of too recent date to be overlooked or ignored in argument against intellectual development, independent of the restraints which moral responsibility places upon one.

Revelation brings the vagaries of reason within the bounds of certainty concentrating the reasoning faculties, and making them irresistible in their forces and accomplishments. Emerson says "The true test of civilization is not the census, nor the size of the cities, nor the crops, but the kind of men the country turns out." If this be true, then how important it is that the higher schools take up and accentuate the work that the common schools commence: giving force and vigor to the germs of thought, cultivating training, and pruning away all obnoxious growth, showing at last a symmetrical and beautiful tree whose branches may bear healthful and life sustaining fruits, not only for the present generation, but planted in the soil of truth, and watered by the healthful spring of purity and moral guidance, will continue to unfold its beauties to make joyful future ages. The public schools, as they have existed heretofore, may be compared to the immense furnace which smelt the crude masses of ore, separating the dross from the refined iron, or silver, or gold, making it ready and available for the higher artificer the private schools to work into implements and ornaments of beauty and utility.

The secrets so long held in the unexplored vaults of nature, and which are now but beginning to dawn upon our land, could never have been developed by ignorant and untrained minds. Each new discovery forms a round in the ladder of knowledge; each new thought an electric spark to lighten the way until seeming impossibilities have been made attainable, and the once wild vagaries of Aladdin's wonderful lamp and the reasonable unreasonableness of Jules Verne seems not so wonderful after all.

From what I have learned from observation, and from reading from others who have made this subject a great study, I am forced to the conclusion that the attainment of the student who has been instructed in the private schools is more desirable than that gained from public instruction. Men of careful concern for the welfare of their children have not failed to grasp this truth and take advantage of the benefits which such instruction affords.

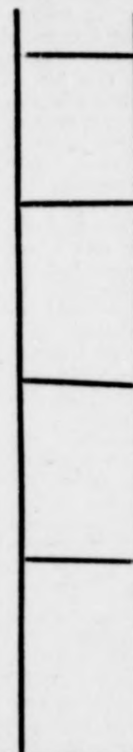
In proof of what I here state, I beg to quote from the reports of the learned William T. Harris—U. S. Commissioner of Education—who says: "That private schools, had gained very much credit for their instruction in the study of subjects in which a proper training is essential to a proper training."

**PATTY BROS.,**

**GROCERS**

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS**

Grain, Hay and Feed.



THE LADDER OF SUCCESS is always easier climbed by those who stick strictly to business, and we wish to say to our friends and patrons that we desire a liberal portion of your patronage and propose to merit the same. We always carry a fresh and complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries, Farm and Ranch Supplies, Bran, Corn and all kinds of Feed. Our prices are extremely low and if you will give us a trial we will guarantee to please you.

**YOURS FOR BUSINESS,  
PATTY BROS.**

enrollment of 7 per cent, while that of the public school enrollment, for the same period, increased not quite 2 per cent. The same author says: "These results tend in the same direction of those of preceding years, and give additional confirmation to the statement heretofore made that the private schools are growing at a greater rate than the public."

As additional evidence, I call attention to the presidents of the leading colleges and universities of our country; and these statements are to the effect that the best trained men for these colleges and universities; are from the graduates of private schools and seminaries.

This fellow teachers, should not be the case. From the public high schools, we should place high upon the plane of scientific development, students so well equipped—so well fortified in heart, mind and body that they may be able to stamp their moral worth and mental power upon society with no less force than he who steps, with diploma in hand, from the halls of our colleges; and this will be the result of public school education, when the people at large are brought to a realization that broad—extended education gives position, and strength to character, as well as permanency to truly beneficial government.

That there is some defect in public instruction, is evident to my mind from the following cause; first by crowding together so many children in one room in order that one teacher may be able to the instruction of a great number of children. This is a grave error. Let us examine this matter deliberately and scientifically. All will agree with me, that to make any real progress in any direction of mental effect, that attention is absolutely necessary. Where so many are committed to the guidance of our instructor it is impossible to rivet the attention of the students. The result is, the pupil becomes wearied, languid, and finally loses interest in what he had undertaken to master. Our author says: "The person who falls into the habit of inattention finds himself unable, after a while, to recall what he has been over; and discovers that he has a great many half formed notions floating in his mind, but which are so ill shaped and so little under his control as to be but little better than social ignorance. An attentive and thorough comprehension of subjects is essential to a proper training."

of the mind. It furnishes it with that species of knowledge which is most valuable, because it is not mixed up with error; and, moreover, gives a strength and consistency to the whole structure of the intellect.

Whereas, when the mind is long left at liberty to wander from object to object, without being called to account and subjected to the rules of salutary discipline, it entirely loses, at last, the ability to dwell upon the subjects to its thoughts; and, when this power is once lost, there is but little ground to expect any solid attainments." A frequent change of principals is also another detriment. The teacher by long contact with his pupil has become so accustomed to contemplate the general disposition and nature of the student, divested of all superficial and specific characteristics, that he is so fully in possession of their faculties that he is in no measure at a loss to direct and bring into subjection that mental state that will be most beneficial to the subject of instruction. Private schools to a great degree, we are forced to admit, embrace that ideal thought so beautifully expressed by the Greeks, nearly two thousand years ago, combining in its elements the beautiful and the good.

"Greek education," so it has been stated, "aimed at external and internal beauty and goodness; the harmonious culture of all the powers of body and soul." By such efforts at the blending of all the faculties of man's being into one perfect structure of physical, mental and moral developments, were given to the world such intellectual beings as Socrates, Plato, Pericles; and through out Hellus was felt the profound moral sweep of the philanthropist—the loftiness of the philosopher, and in art, the soul of such Phydias. If such rounded characters were produced under the influence of Greek ethics, let us hold our idea of moral as well as physical development of our children by which we shall be able to see the result of such a training."

House committee on interstate foreign commerce have acted favorably on the bills to build bridges across the Arkansas, Missouri, and Nebraska rivers at various points. Hearings on the New York Jersey bridge bill and the bridge between Kansas City, Mo., about which there is a contest since the last con-

test the caboose of an east-bound train at Lordsburg, N. M., was derailed by a tramp who attempted to steal some clothing. While being pursued by Conductor Samuel Hobbs the tramp was shot and killed. Deal has been arrested on a charge of manslaughter.

At Okmulgee, Ok., a few nights since, a woman named Devanloy went home and killed the tramp who had been arrested on a charge of manslaughter. She was arrested on a charge of manslaughter.

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### HATCH'S BILL AGAIN.

#### ANTI-OPTIONS TO BE CONSIDERED ONCE MORE.

It Will Be Transferred from the Ways and Means Committee to the Committee on Agriculture—Against Free Wool. The Sugar Interests.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Representative McMillin, chairman of the ways and means sub-committee, to whom the Hatch anti-option bill was referred, says he will not ask the sub-committee to consider the bill until Mr. Hatch has an opportunity to ask the house to take the bill from the ways and means committee and refer it to the committee on agriculture. Mr. McMillin says there is no desire on the part of himself or his associates to hold onto the anti-option bill and they would be glad to have Mr. Hatch's committee take charge of it. This disposes of the reports that there would be an animated contest for the control of the bill, for Mr. McMillin is ready and anxious to surrender control. This assures an early and favorable report.

#### Clearing the Way.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12. There will be an effort on the part of the senate during the present week to clear up the calendar as far as possible prior to taking up the tariff bill, which, when it is reported to the senate, is expected to exclude the consideration of most other subjects. The bill to compel railroads operating roads in the territories over rights of way granted by the government to establish stations at all town sites established by the interior department, is the unfinished business on the calendar, and when it is disposed of the bill to provide for additional accommodations for the government printing office will be taken up and acted on as soon as practicable. There will also be a general effort on the part of senators to have private bills or bills of minor general importance taken from the calendar and passed. It is believed that the committee on judiciary will dispose of the Peckham nomination to-day and if so, in all probability there will be at least one day during the week devoted to executive session for the purpose of passing upon this nomination.

#### Against Free Wool.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—In the senate yesterday a petition, signed by 30,000 wool growers of the United States, owning 6,000,000 or one-seventh of all the sheep in the United States, protesting against the free wool clause of the tariff bill, was presented by Senator Cullom of Illinois. Among the petitioners were the Navajo tribe, who own 1500 sheep and are prospering by this industry. Senator Cullom said he hoped the committee on finance would give this petition due consideration, as it was of an extraordinary character and represented an extensive industry. Petitions against free iron ore and free lumber were presented by Senator Faulkner, and similar petitions protesting against the Wilson bill as a whole were presented by Senators Cockrell and Gallinger.

#### The Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The Democratic sub-committee of the senate committee on finance, charged with preparing the tariff bill for the committee, met again in the room of Senator Vest at the capitol yesterday and continued work upon the bill. The Republican members of the committee have not yet absolutely decided what course to pursue in view of the decision not to grant hearings on the Wilson bill before reporting it to the senate, but they are very much inclined to take no action until the bill shall be reported to the senate, when, if no opportunity shall be granted for interested parties to appear before the committee, they will in all probability move to recommit the bill for the purpose of taking their testimony on the merits of the bill.

#### Given a Hearing on Sugar.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The senate committee engaged on the Wilson bill was again at work yesterday morning. The members have made considerable progress with the bill, but they have not succeeded in putting it in shape to permit its being reported to the senate as soon as had been hoped would be the case. Senator White of Louisiana was given a hearing on the sugar schedule by the sub-committee yesterday.

#### Cutting the Wilson Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—There is an uneasy feeling growing over the probable action of the subcommittee of the finance committee of the senate which has charge of the Wilson bill. It is openly stated by Democrats that the face of the Wilson bill will be so badly scratched by the senate that no one will recognize it. The members of this subcommittee are Johnson of Arkansas, Vest of Missouri, and Mills of Texas.

#### Vote on Peckham.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—The senate committee on judiciary decided to report the Peckham nomination to the senate without recommendation. Senator Hoar was absent and the committee was divided evenly in its vote. Senators George, Vilas, Lindsay, Platt and Mitchell voted for confirmation and Senators Fugh, Coike, Hill, Teller and Wilson against it.

#### Bland's Silver Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The deadlock on Mr. Bland's silver bill was broken after four hours of continuous filibustering yesterday, by a vote of 176 to 4.

### AN INSANE FATHER.

#### HE MURDERS HIS WIFE AND OLDEST SON.

When Asked About It He Answered, "Yes, I Killed Them Both"—A Horrible State of Affairs at Leamington, Ont.—Three Men Killed.

TELL CITY, Ind., Feb. 13.—William H. Artman, a farmer living about six miles northeast, killed his wife and eldest son yesterday morning. The family were at breakfast when the crime was committed. Artman in the presence of his five children stamped his wife to death. The eldest boy, aged 12, tried to defend his mother, and he suffered the same fate at the hands of his enraged father. When taken to the room where the body of his wife and son lay Artman was asked whether he committed the deed, and answered: "Yes; I killed them both." The bed clothing and furniture were scattered about the room, showing signs of a terrible struggle. Artman is now in jail and a raving maniac. Religious excitement is believed to have led to the deed.

#### Representing Whisky Men.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Senators Blackburn and Lindsay of Kentucky were before the senate finance committee Saturday in the interest of the whisky distillers of Kentucky. Their time was devoted almost exclusively to the extension of the bonded period, which the distillers say, in the present depressed condition of business, is absolutely necessary to them. They represent that there are now 85,000,000 gallons of whisky in bonded warehouses which must be taken out under the Wilson bill within the next three years, much of it within the next year or two. This, even without the increase of the tax, would be a hardship, and with the increase of the burden would be much heavier. Senator Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, accompanied the Kentucky senators on their visit to the sub-committee, a fact which is favorable to the extension of the bonded period. He had previously been in conference with some of the representatives of the distilling interests. Senator McPherson was also closeted with the sub-committee for a considerable length of time during the day.

#### Silver all Day Long.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—The house was busy all day yesterday discussing Bland's silver bill, which proposes to coin all the silver bullion in the treasury. There are some of the silver men who are satisfied with the bill as it stands, while there are a great many who say that it is a bill so bad that it ought not to become a law. Bland does not seem to be at all disposed to permit much tinkering with it, and most heatedly stated yesterday on the floor that he does not want it modified. He wanted all the bullion coined, and was not of that character of silver men who wanted to stop less than half way in the work, that is, in the coinage of the seigniorage. However he may protest, before the bill comes to a vote there will be dozens of proposed amendments and substitutes flying in the air, and from appearances, if some of them are not adopted, the Bland bill will die on the way.

#### Grover is Indorsed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—By a vote of 176 to 57, the house adopted the resolution condemning Minister Stevens and sustaining the Hawaiian policy of Mr. Cleveland. The Republicans filibustered against it the end. Upon the first vote the resolution was carried 147 to 3, and an interesting question was raised as to whether 177 seats of 179 was a quorum, four seats being vacant on account of deaths. The speaker held that a majority of the members chosen and living constituted a quorum, quoting in support of his position a review of the subject made by the ex-speaker in the fifty-first congress. His position, however, was warmly assailed by some of the Democratic members and it was finally agreed to take the vote over again so that the ruling was eventually withdrawn.

#### Free Woolen Manufactures.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota says he is going to test the senate upon one feature of the tariff bill which he believes will carry. He intends first to move for a duty on wool, and if this is not carried he will offer an amendment placing wool and woolen manufactures on the free list. He thinks the latter proposition will carry because it will probably receive the support of all the northwestern men in the Republican party, as well as all the Populists and many Democrats, enough at least to carry the amendment through. The South Dakota senator said he would like to see protection for wool, barley, flax and some other agricultural products of his state.

#### Election Repeat Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The bill repealing in toto all federal laws regulating the control of congressional elections has passed both houses of congress and only awaits the signature of President Cleveland to become a law. After several weeks of discussion the senate finally came to a vote yesterday on the house bill repealing the federal election law and it passed by a vote of 39 yeas to 28 nays.

#### Silver by Judiciary on Tariff.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—The possible attitude of the silver Republicans will be known by a vote of 176 to 4.

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#### A Kentucky Killing.

BARBOURVILLE, Ky., Feb. 8.—A desperate fight occurred at Mount Pleasant, in Harlan county, Monday night, in which Will and John Turner were killed instantly by Dr. William Nolin, a prominent physician of that city. The fight began in a barber shop on the court house square. Dr. Nolin walked into the shop, and seeing John Turner there, told him he would kill him. Both men began firing and Turner fell dead. Nolin by this time had exhausted the loads in his revolver. Will Turner, an uncle of John, arrived and attacked Nolin. Neither had revolvers, but used their knives. They had struggled over considerable ground and when Turner swooned they were in the middle of the street. Turner died instantly. John Turner is a son of Judge George B. Turner, a prominent attorney. It was John Turner and his brothers who led the Turner side of the famous Howard-Turner feud in Harlan county a few years since. Will Howard, the leader of the other side, was hanged in Missouri the 19th of last month. This trouble is thought by many to be a renewal of the old vendetta.

#### A Double Tragedy.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 12.—A special from Birmingham, Ala., says: News has reached here of a bloody double tragedy at Johns, twenty miles away. Dennis Clements and Will Barge were in love with the same young lady. They met at her home and a quarrel resulted in Barge finally drawing a pistol and shooting and killing Clements in the presence of the horrified young lady, who appealed piteously for him not to shoot. Barge fled and later on Deputy Sheriff Holman attempted to arrest him, but Barge drew a pistol and said, "I am fixed for you and you can't arrest me." Barge pulled the trigger of his gun, but it failed to fire. Holman quickly raised a shotgun and blew Barge's head off.

#### Horrible If True.

LEAMINGTON, Ont., Feb. 13.—Joseph and John Munger and Adolph Jones are under arrest charged with having taken part in a wholesale scheme of debauching respectable young girls of this town. Hilbert Dever, a prominent citizen of 68 years of age, and others have left town suddenly for the purpose, it is alleged, of avoiding arrest. Investigation has disclosed the fact that Dever, who practices mesmerism, would entice a dozen or more school girls to his store, where they would be supplied with candy, and instead of going to school they would visit the Munger's house for hours at a time. The examination has divulged disgusting details.

#### Ex-Bank President Arrested.

ATLANTIC, Ia., Feb. 13.—J. C. Yetter, president of the defunct Cass County bank, was brought here this afternoon under arrest from Council Bluffs, Ia. He was taken before Justice Straight, waived examination and was bound over to await action by the grand jury in \$5000 bail. He seems to have turned over for the benefit of creditors \$8000 worth of real estate and other property.

#### Burned to Death.

BLOOMSBURG, Pa., Feb. 10.—The house of Bert Croman, together with his two small children, was burned yesterday morning at Light Street village, near this place. The bodies of the children, charred beyond recognition, were found in the debris. It is supposed the lamp either exploded or that it was accidentally knocked from the table.

#### Marriage Postponed.

CHANDLER, Ok., Feb. 10.—James Turner was jailed here a day or two ago on a charge of introducing whisky among the Creek Indians and has been taken to Fort Smith for trial. When arrested Turner had just come to town with a young lady, intending to get a license and be married that evening.

#### Killed His Daughter.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 7.—A Maple Lake, Minn., special says: Monday night James Nugent, brother of John C. Nugent, well known politician, shot and killed his daughter, who was 12 years of age.

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#### Consumption Surely Conquered.

Physicians Everywhere Are Now Curing This Heretofore Fatal Disease and the Medical World is Convinced.

Enthusiastic reports from once hopeless Consumptives all over the land make it certain the cure discovered by a Cincinnati scientist is all that was claimed for it a year or so ago when the New York Recorder awarded him the diploma and \$1000 prize it had offered for a treatment which would stay the ravages of Consumption. Even the most conservative medical journals now admit the marvelous results reported by the thirty thousand physicians prescribing Amick's medicines are not exaggerated. The Doctor of Hygiene of which Dr. Cyrus Edson, Chief of the New York State Board of Health, is the editor, says in its last issue: "We have delayed for something over a year giving notice to the Amick treatment for Consumption because as the formula was not given to the profession, time alone would demonstrate whether it merited condemnation or indorsement. With the evidence which month after month has accumulated we are obliged to admit the preponderance of testimony favors Dr. Amick's claims and in the face of results reported from physicians who, if anything, were rather disposed against the treatment at the beginning, the claims of the Cincinnati physician are shown to have been within the bounds of truth and conservatism. He has from the first shown an evidently sincere desire to have crucial and impartial tests made of the treatment by all physicians and to this end he still distributes broadcast free test packages of his medicines, each of which must represent quite a little money. All conscientious physicians admit themselves powerless to cope with this destroyer of life except with the Amick treatment, and therefore feel bound to give it to patients under their care, and the fact that any person with lung trouble can obtain sufficient of the medicines to show just what they will do for each sufferer without cost proves conclusively that Dr. Amick knows the results will be favorable.

#### Came to a Last.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Feb. 9.—Marion Kelsey, a prosperous farmer near this city, wandered from home a month ago while suffering from temporary aberration. He returned last evening in a sad plight and relates a pitiable tale. He has been over a great portion of the west, sometimes for days with nothing to eat. He footed it most of the way. When he came to his senses he found himself at Fort Worth, Tex. He walked and beat his way on trains back home. The man is well-to-do, has had no trouble in his family and his disappearance caused a sensation.

#### After the Governor.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—In the reichstag, during the discussion of the colonial estimates, Prince Ardenberg demanded the removal and punishment of Gov. Leist of the Cameroons colony. The prince said he had disgraced the German name in the Cameroons. Dr. Kaiser, director of the colonial department, said if the accounts received in Berlin from the Cameroons charging the governor with flogging a woman were true Gov. Leist would be severely punished. Dr. Kaiser added that a commission had already been dispatched to the Cameroons in order to inquire into the affair.

#### Three Men Killed.

BELLEVUE, O., Feb. 13.—Two freight trains collided on the Wheeling and Lake Erie roads two miles east of here yesterday morning. Three men were killed. The bodies were mangled and their limbs were broken. The killed were two engineers and one fireman. The cause of the wreck is a mystery, but it is thought that the engineer of train No. 9 overlooked the signals of No. 5 for a second section, which is presumably the cause, as a big snow and wind storm was raging.

#### Died at 109 Years.

INDEPENDENCE, Mo., Feb. 8.—Lucy Evans died here Tuesday night at the age of 109 years. She came here in 1828 and was a native of eastern Tennessee. Her memory of events before the present century was good. Persons here over 70 years old corroborate her story as to her age and say she was an old woman when they were the children.

#### A Wonderful Girl.

Sandow, the strong man, will have to look out for his laurels. It is said that there is a 9-year-old girl living near Huntsville, Ala., who bids fair soon to eclipse his grandest feats of strength. She weighs 162 pounds, and it is said that she lifts with ease an anvil weighing 225 pounds. She thinks nothing at all of picking up and carrying about her father, a blacksmith, who weighs 180 pounds. Her features are regular and handsome, and she has extremely long and abundant hair.

#### A Fire Resulta Funny.

A fire in a museum at Passaic, N. J., last week, caused a panic among the freaks. The "three-legged man," making his escape forgot his third leg. The principal damage done was the complexion of the tattooed "cassian Princess." She waited to see some of her belongings, and a fireman inadvertently turned the gas on her, with the result that most of the tattooing was washed off.

### SOLSVILLE MIRACLE.

#### RESTORATION OF PHILANDER HYDE FROM PARALYSIS.

Helpless and Bed-Ridden—His Recovery from this Pitiable Condition—A Remarkable Narrative.

(From the Syracuse Standard.)

During the past few months there have appeared in the columns of the Standard the particulars of a number of cures so remarkable as to justify the term miraculous. These cases were investigated and vouched for by the Albany Journal, the Detroit News, Albany Express and other papers whose reputation is a guarantee that the facts were as stated. Different schools of medicine and some of the brightest lights in the profession had treated these cases, unsuccessfully; and their recovery later on, therefore, and its means, have created a profound sensation throughout the country.

The Standard has published the above accounts for what they were worth, and are happily able to supplement same to-day by an equally striking case near home. The case is over in Madison county, at Solsville, and the subject is Mr. Philander Hyde, who told the reporter the following: "I will be 70 in September. I was born in Brookfield, Madison county, where all my life was spent until recently, when, becoming helpless, I came to live with my daughter here. My occupation has been that of a farmer. I was always well and rugged until two years ago last winter, when I had the grip. When it left me, I had a sensation of numbness in my legs, which gradually grew to be stiff at the joints and very painful. I felt the stiffness in my feet first, and the pain and the stiffness extended to my knees and to my hip joints, and to the bowels and stomach, and prevented digestion. To move the bowels, I was compelled to take great quantities of castor oil.

"While I was in this condition, cold feelings would begin at my feet and streak up my legs to my back and would follow the whole length of my back bone. I could not sleep. I had no appetite, I became helpless. While in this condition I was treated by a number of prominent physicians. They did me no good. I soon became perfectly helpless and lost all power of motion even in my bed."

"The physicians consulted pronounced father's case creeping paralysis," said Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, "and when we brought him home he had to be carried all the way in a bed. The doctors said they could only relieve the pain, and for the purpose he took a pint of whiskey a day for three months, and morphine in great quantities. When he began taking Pink Pills we stopped giving him morphine or any other medicine, and cut off all stimulants. In ten days after father began taking the pills, he could get out of bed and walk without assistance, and has continued to improve until now he walks about the house and the streets by the aid of a cane only."

"Yes," said Mr. Hyde, "and the pain has gone out of my back and the numbness out of my legs. I have no more chills, my digestion is good and I have an excellent appetite." And then, after a pause, "But, ah, me, I am an old man; I have seen my best days, and cannot hope to recover my old vigor as a younger man might, but I am so thankful to have the use of my limbs and to be relieved of those dreadful pains."

Others in Solsville are taking Pink Pills, notably the mother of Abel Curtis, who is using them with satisfactory effect for rheumatism, and Mrs. Lippitt, wife of ex-Senator Lippitt, is using them with much benefit for nervous debility.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood, and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of a grippé, palpitation of the heart, and that tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

These Pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., and Brockville, Ont., and are sold only in boxes bearing the firm's trade mark and wrapper at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and are never sold in bulk or by the dozen or hundred.

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# The Baird Star.

Entered at the postoffice at Baird, Texas, as second class matter.

## Subscription Rates.

Per Year \$1.00  
Six Months .75  
Three Months .50  
Subscriptions received for less than 6 months.

## Payable in advance.

Persons living out of the county who desire to receive the paper should send their subscription money in advance. No charge for postage stamps with such remittance. Burens, Ark. subscription price paid for the paper. We make this charge of 10 cents to pay for extra work required in reprinting the address. We use a printed label on all addresses outside of the county, and the continual change of addresses entails considerable expense which we cannot longer afford to bear, especially in view of the fact that the subscription price of this paper is exceedingly low to begin with. No charge for change of address by us, because we can make change from the postoffice to another in the county with comparatively no cost, as we have a different system for mailing county papers.

E. GILLILAND, Editor and Proprietor

FRIDAY, FEB. 16, 1894.

Read in this paper how to get fifty World's Fair Views free.

The 3rd Party will split itself into fenders before it succeeds in splitting the solid south.

At last accounts Comptroller McCall's gubernatorial boom had escaped from him and he was making an effort to capture it by a still hunt.

John D. McCall says he is a candidate for the governorship. We are glad he took the trouble to say it otherwise we would not have known it.—Texas Mesquiter.

The Cosmopolitan for February contains a famous European author to its readers—Valdes of Madrid, and the artist Marold, of Paris, well known as a French illustrator.

It is said that John H. Reagan has his weather eye on the governorship. Well, what of it? Men with less ability than old Jno. H. Reagan have filled the governor's chair acceptably to the people of Texas.

The Cleburne Chronicle is still for Clark and Cleveland and "agin" free silver. Wonder if Bro. Scurlock makes subscribers pay for the Chronicle in gold? His opposition to silver is as inexplicable as was his support of Hogg before the convention four years ago.

The woods will be full of candidates this year and voters should not be in a hurry to make promises. Take time, and select the best men at the primaries. There is no use in being in a hurry; wait until all the candidates get out before you make up your mind, then vote for "God, home and native land."

"If democrats have differed, separated, divided and fought it is but manly in them to make peace. He who objects to it or stirs the smouldering embers of bitterness and hate of 1892, wants war in the house of the fathers, and is an enemy to democracy."—Governor Hogg.

Bro. Vernou of the Cisco Round-up always prides himself on the fact that he has a pocket full of rocks ready for every one who does not see things as he does. Orlate he has been throwing stones rather promiscuously and as might be expected he has stirred up a hornets nest right at home. Who would have thought that Apert man was loaded?

The Clarkites in speaking of their strength at last election always mention "the one hundred and thirty thousand Stalwart Democrats" who stood on the burning deck and rallied around George Clark, etc., etc. Did the mere fact that they voted for George Clark make the 60,000 or 70,000 Republicans Stalwart Democrats also?

Two train robbers in Kansas and one in Arkansas were sentenced to death Tuesday. The Arkansas sentence will probably be carried out, but it is altogether unlikely that such will be the case in Kansas. No legal hanging has taken place in that state many years. The law requires the governor must sign the order of execution, and none of the governors of that state has felt that it was his duty to assume the responsibility of the life of a fellow man. The penitentiary now in operation is, in the opinion of those who have been

Some people won't advertise because they say the paper is not read. But just let one of them be caught kissing another man's wife or trying to hold up the side of a building some dark night, and his tune changes. If the printing office is in the garret of a seventeen story building he will climb to the top to ask the editor to keep quiet.—Milford Courier.

From present indications the Pops are on a still hunt for the offices in this county. Quite a change from last election when they beat the tom-toms and hurrahs and whooped up things generally when they thought they were going to have a walk over. When a Pop loses his enthusiasm it is a good indication that his patriotism has evaporated and he does not care if the country goes to thunder. The Democrats had better keep an eye on the Pops in this county, however, as they may be only "possuming."

To the democrats: The contest is approaching and the populist in this county will endeavor to weaken your faith in the principles of democracy because perhaps you do not agree with the national administration in some respects. You may not agree with President Cleveland in all things, but could you agree with Weaver, or Le-welling and Mrs. Lease of Kansas and the wild and woolly Gov. Waite of Colorado? Until the populist show ability to govern even a Justice Precinct put no faith in their boasting.

Geo. W. Childs, proprietor of the Public Ledger of Philadelphia, and a philanthropist of national renown, died at his home last Saturday. The Fort Worth Gazette truly says of him:

"Geo. W. Childs, dying, leaves the world poorer than when he came into it. He was an example of a successful business man whose business was not permitted to rule him. He enjoyed life with a rational enjoyment, and found more pleasure in adding to the happiness of men and women than in piling up wealth by their labor. In all things he was a well balanced man. He helped people by putting them in the way of helping themselves, rather than by founding pretentious charities and coupling his name with them as a patron, where the poor became worthless by learning to depend upon the gifts of the rich."

The Baird STAR says that Congressman Cockrell has ignored Callahan county in the distribution of garden seed and Congressional Records and it will take several car loads of each to repair his fences in that county.—Merkel Mail.

In other words THE STAR will oppose Cockrell for re-election.—Cisco Round-Up.

THE STAR has never intimated that it would favor or oppose Judge Cockrell's re-election—in fact THE STAR is utterly indifferent about the matter. If anything however, THE STAR has rather favored his re-election than otherwise, as one has a rather poor show to accomplish anything the first term in Congress. If Jim Browning, for instance, would run THE STAR would not insist on the people giving Judge Cockrell a second term.

## FEBRUARY "COSMOPOLITAN."

The secret of the success of The Cosmopolitan is not so hard to find, if one looks carefully over the February number. A Story by Valdes, the famous Spanish novelist, the first from his pen to appear in any American magazine, is begun in this number. Arthur Sheburne Hard's story, "A Rejected Manuscript," is charmingly illustrated by L. Marold, who we believe makes his first appearance in the magazines on this side of the water. A Profusely illustrated article on the designing and building of a war-ship appeals to the interest taken by all in the new navy, and a thrilling description of a naval combat under the significant title: "The Meloban and the Pentheroy" describes, after the manner of the Battle of Dorking, a possible sea-fight, the outcome of which is watched by the entire naval world. "Gliding Flight" is an interesting contribution to the problem of aerial navigation by one who has studied the flight of soaring birds in the East for twenty years. Elaine Goodale, who married a member of the Sioux nation, has some interesting information of Indian Wars and Warriors. T. C. Crawford, the Washington correspondent, gives the "first half of a startling story" under the title of "The Mill Syndicate." The paper by Sir Edwin Tomson and W. de W. is unusually good. "In the World of" and the "Progress"

## SHERIFF'S SALE—REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an alias Execution issued out of the Justice of the Peace court Precinct No. One for the county of Dallas Texas.

I have this 6th day of February 1894, levied upon and will on the 6th day of March, 1894, it being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. in front of the court house door of Callahan county, sell to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest which R. T. Baker had on the 6th day of February, 1894, or at any time thereafter, of, in and to the following described property, to-wit:

Lying and being situated in the county of Callahan, state of Texas, to-wit: All of that certain piece or parcel of land known and described One Hundred acres of land out of the Able L. Eaves, survey No. 757, abstract No. 156 in Callahan county Texas. Beginning 12 2-3 Varas north of the N. E. corner of Robert Hines 100 acre tract. Stake for corner, on center line of said Eaves survey running north and south.

Thence West 892 varas, stake for corner 12 2-3 varas north of N. W. corner of said Hines 100 acre tract and N. E. of S. W. Cox 100 acre tract. Thence North 622 8-10 varas stake for corner. Thence east 892 varas stake for corner on center line of said Eaves survey. Running north and south. Thence south 622 8-10 varas to place of beginning 100 acres of land more or less.

The above described land conveyed by Randolph Robertson and his wife Ida J. Robertson, to the said R. T. Baker by deed dated 22nd day of September A. D. 1891, and recorded in record Book M. Page 367 of the records of Callahan county, Texas. The above property is levied upon and will be sold to satisfy a judgment rendered in the Justice court Precinct No. One for the county of Dallas, on the 26th day of June 1893 in favor of Jno. V. Hughes and against the said R. T. Baker, for the sum of \$174 48 principal, with interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from the 26th day of June 1893, and the further sum of \$6 50 costs and all costs accruing by virtue of this writ.

Witness my hand this 6th day of February, 1894. J. W. JONES, Sheriff Callahan county, Texas.

## FRUIT TREES.

Largest stock of Nursery goods in the state and for immediate sale in order to close out our present surplus stock, we will supply 5 trees of any one of the following kinds for \$1: Maples, Co tonwood, Elm, Lombard, Poplar, Mulberries, Sweet Gum, or Umbrella Chinas, 6 to 7 feet. For \$1 6 extra Apple trees 2 years old, or 6 choice Peach trees, or 4 Apricots, or 4 choice Plum trees. 12 ever-blooming tea roses 2 years old for \$3. 3 Golden Arborvitae, or 3 Magnolias 2 feet for \$1. To one address \$5 of the above we will pay express charges. Southern Gem Nurseries, Dallas, Texas, 303 McKinney Avenue

The Country Newspaper, If you have anything to sell that commands trade, use the country newspapers.

In the country newspapers you have a reliable and effective friend that does its mission at more family firesides than do many of the metropolitan dailies.

In the country weekly the marriage bells tell more joyfully than in the great city papers, and when the columns of such a home paper tell us that some public person has gone from the world, we read with tears, for he was our neighbor and friend.

The country newspaper is not only a business guide, but it is a pulpit to morals for entire community and country in which it is published. It is a kind of public rostrum where the affairs of state are considered; it is supervisor of the streets and roads; it is a social friend, a promoter of friendship, and good will.—Printers' Ink.

## FOR SALE.

One house and lot situated in the north part of Baird. Will be sold very cheap; one-half cash, balance in six months. Apply to W. G. BOWLER

## Religious Notices.

Appointments for the Baird circuit for ensuing year are as follows: At Baird 1st 2nd 4th Sundays in each month at 11 o'clock and night. Putnam 3rd Sunday at 11 o'clock, Cedar Grove at 3 p. m. W. L. HARRIS Pastor. M. E. Church, South.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The following is the rates of announcements for 1894: In THE BAIRD STAR: For Congress, \$15.00 All other District offices, 10.00 COUNTY OFFICERS: County Judge, 10.00 County and District Clerk, 10.00 Sheriff and Tax Collector, 10.00 Tax Assessor, 10.00 County Treasurer, 10.00 County Attorney, 6.00 County Surveyor, 6.00 Inspector, 6.00 Public Weigher, 6.00 Precinct Offices, 5.00 CITY OFFICERS: City Marshal, 6.00 Mayor and Aldermen, 2.50

The above rate includes name on the Democratic ticket at general election; and in every instance cash must be paid in advance. No credit goes. In the event candidates do not announce in THE BAIRD STAR, one-half the regular announcement fee will be charged for their name on the Democratic ticket at general election. Should anyone withdraw after having announced no part of their fee will be refunded.

FOR DISTRICT AND COUNTY CLERK. The STAR is authorized to announce W. W. LUNA as a candidate for District and County Clerk at the ensuing election.

A. A. CALLAHAN is hereby announced as a candidate for District and County Clerk of Callahan county at the ensuing election. E. D. FOY authorizes us to announce him as a candidate for the office of District and County Clerk, at the ensuing election.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

### PHYSICIANS.

R. G. POWELL, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office fourth door south of the Bank. Baird, Texas.

D. J. WILSON, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Local Surgeon for T. and P. Also City and County Physician. All professional calls promptly answered. OFFICE AT REAR OF FLYNN'S SADDLE SHOP.

E. R. SARTOR, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Calls promptly attended day or night, in city or country. Office, East side Market Street, Opposite T. E. Powell's store. BAIRD, TEXAS.

ARTHUR YONGE, Attorney-at-Law, AND REAL ESTATE AGENT. COLLECTIONS SOLICITED. Baird, - - - Texas. 25

MARTIN BARNHILL, Boot and Shoemaker. Repairing Promptly and Neatly Executed. Prices to Suit the Times. Market Street, [6] Baird, Texas.

S. H. WHITE, Boot and Shoe Maker, 1st First door North of James & Johnson's Restaurant, Market Street, Baird, Texas. I Guarantee my work 42

J. H. HOFFMANN, PAINTERS. PAPER HANGING AND HOUSE PAINTING, ETC.

DENTISTS. PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

If you are in need of some cheap dentistry, I am prepared to do your work as cheap as you can get if done anywhere and at the same time I am prepared to do you any work.

# HATS!

Have just opened up several new cases of hats containing the latest styles and shapes. These hats are going to be sold

## CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE.

Your attention is especially called to our stylish and well selected stock of

## Tailor Made Suits

On which we have made a great reduction and are now offering at a

## TEN PER CENT CUT.

You had better buy you a suit of clothes while we are offering them at these low figures, mentioned in last ad.

## B. L. BOYDSTUN.

## Groceries

## DID YOU SAY?

WELL, we have them. Any and everything you want in that line, and as cheap as can be bought for cash anywhere in West Texas.

## FURNITURE!

Yes, we have a line of that too, and furthermore, it is for sale. If you don't think so get our bottom figures before you buy.

Wagons and Farming Implements. We carry everything in that line. When you want anything in our line give us a call.

## FREE DELIVERY. VAUGHN & CO.

## GREETING FOR THE SEASON.

1 Of the greatest blessings to men is a good dinner. After he had that there is other things to wish for.

8 Men out of ten will tell you that their home is a happy one if their food is pure and wholesome.

9 Women out of ten will tell you that they keep their husbands in a good humor by giving them good meals of fresh, wholesome food.

4 Things you should remember are, that I carry only the purest and freshest Groceries, that my prices are very low, that my stock is always replete and that my clerks are always polite and attentive.

Yours for Trade, D. W. WRISTEN.

## Do You Carry Insurance?

J. H. PETERS, General Insurance Agent and Notary Public. Over \$125,000,000 Capital Represented.

The Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York, Capital \$48,000,000 00  
Liverpool and London and Globe 45,000,000 00  
Harford, of Harford 7,000,000 00  
Northwestern National 1,700,000 00  
Mechanic and Traders 700,000 00  
Home, of New Orleans 400,000 00  
Alamo, of Texas 300,000 00  
Concordia 400,000 00  
New York Plate Glass, Standard Accident, and Live Stock, of Glen's Falls, New York.  
Office with Vaughn & Co., BAIRD, TEXAS.

## TRY READING

# STAR

3 YEAR

T. & P.'s SCHEDULE.

Table with columns for routes (Texas and Pacific, Tomato, Cottonwood, Caddo Peak, Putnam and Clyde, Tecumseh and Eagle Cove) and times for passenger, mail, and freight services.

NOTICE—Local reading matter 10c a line first insertion, 5c thereafter. Locals run until ordered out. Transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

All job work spot cash on delivery of goods. No advertiser is entitled to, nor will they receive THE STAR, unless paid for at regular rate. All contracts for advertising and job work are made on a strictly cash basis, and settlement must be made accordingly.

LOCAL NEWS.

BAIRD, FRIDAY, FEB 16, 1894.

Go to T. E. Powell's clothing. 11
Go to T. E. Powell's for footwear.
Go to T. E. Powell's for dry goods.
L. M. Kinzey is said to be very sick at Fort Worth.
Go to T. E. Powell's for men and boys hats. 11
We have three good men out for county clerk.
Glassware, tinware, crockery etc. Harry Meyer. 44
Prof. B. L. Bond, of Cottonwood, was in town last night.
Go to T. E. Powell's for fine dress goods. 11
Joe Tisdall, of Cottonwood, was in the city one day this week.
All kinds of cooking and heating stoves at H. Meyer's 44
More candidates this week, and more next. Whoop em up boys.
Nice assortment of lamps of all kinds, at H. Meyer's. 1 11
Lookout for change in T. L. Oliver & Co's. ad next week.
A nice line of glassware for the inspection of the public. H. Meyer 1 11
A visiting Knights will be welcome at the K. P. banquet Monday.
T. E. Powell is receiving new goods all the time. 11
Wm. Fulton, of Caddo Peak, was in the city settling up his taxes this week.
Go to Harry Meyer's for tacks, in kegs, Japanese boxes, cruet, etc. 1 11
Mr. Murray Harris, chief engineer of the Pecos Valley Ry. arrived from Eddy, N. M., yesterday.
Go to T. E. Powell's for anything you want in the dry goods and clothing line. 11
Judge Cllett leaves to-day for Hillsboro on a visit for a few days to his brother at that place.
Everything is quite in water works circles this week—waiting for the plans and specifications.
Chas. Jamison is down from Sweetwater on a visit to his brother, G. A. Jamison, night operator at Baird.
W. D. Richardson was released on bond a few days ago and thus the Hotel de Callahan is vacant once more.
Capt. Trent, of Eagle Cove, was in attending to some business before the Commissioner's court this week.
The people are invited to call and examine my stock. I will save you money on your purchases. Leo Stern. 52.
Alfred Ruhup died at Macon, Mo., last Wednesday morning. He only lived about thirty-six hours after he arrived home.
A full line of Furniture, never cheaper than now. Come and see prices, also a full stock of goods, at Leo Stern. 52.
Dr. S. T. Fraser and W. W. Danson went out to Tecumseh last Saturday. They got caught in the snow storm and did not get back until Monday.

Alert advertisers advertise in THE STAR.
We begin two short stories this week; one by the sheriff and the other by the city marshal. Read them, you may find something of interest to you.
When one stops at G. W. Ratliff Wagon Yard in Coleman City they always return. Reason, they are always treated square and fair. 34
Without fear of contradiction goods are sold lower than any other place in town at Leo Stern's, successor to H. Schwartz. 52
S. S. Ramsey and wife, of Cottonwood, stopped over in Baird Tuesday night on their way home from Merkel where they have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. E. M. Rust.
BECK—WAID—Mr. E. R. Beck and Miss Icie Bell Waid were married at the residence of J. H. Beck, near Putnam, Sunday Feb. 11, 1894. Rev. W. L. Harris officiating.
J. E. Pace and son, Mark, started to St. Louis last Saturday with a train load of fat cattle. W. C. Stroube accompanied them as far as Marshall, and go from there to Baton Rouge, La., to visit his mother.
A large assortment of bed room suits, side boards, wardrobes; in fact, everything in the furniture line can be seen at my store. Prices are made low to suit the times. LEO STERN, 214 Successor to H. Schwartz.
W. Hunter, state manager for Evans Sudder, Buel Co., was in town last Friday to see what the feeders here wanted and to see if they wanted to carry there cattle over to grass. Col. Hunter is well known all over Texas and the boys are always glad to see him.
Commissioner's Court is in session this week and have a great deal of business to transact. Road overseers and election officers are all to appoint at this term. The court will probably not adjourn until tomorrow evening. Commissioner's Hinds, Cummings, McClesky and Yost are all present.
Jack Estham was in town yesterday and says he is confident his party is going to knock the old democratic ship galley west in Texas this year. Maybe so, but Jack knows that he can not make this scribe believe anything of the kind.
THE STAR will have an announcement next week for District Clerk. The offices of District and County Clerk have always been held by one man heretofore, but really they are two separate and distinct offices and probably the present incumbent, I. N. Jackson will be the last to hold both offices.
Last Sunday morning a heavy fog hung over this section and about 9 o'clock a gentle breeze came down from the north scarcely enough to be felt at first, but it kept increasing until about 11 o'clock it began snowing and by night it was cold as the mischief. The thermometer registered about 15 degrees above zero, not as cold as the snap two weeks ago by 15 degrees, but the wind was higher and a considerable amount of snow and sleet fell Sunday evening and Sunday night.
Horses thieves made a raid on the town last Tuesday night and stole two horses from Edwards & Dudley's wagon yard. One of the horses belonging to Bob Dudley and the other to County Commissioner C. Cummins who was in town attending court. Ellis Richardson and Mike Sigal each lost saddle the same night, supposed to have been taken by the thieves who got off with the horses. It is believed that these thefts were perpetrated by the same parties who escaped from the officers of Taylor county a few days ago.
Mr. E. D. (Dudley) Foy's announcement for District and County Clerk will be found in this issue. Mr. Foy has served as deputy clerk under Mr. Jackson for a number of years past, and is in every way worthy and well qualified to fill the position to which he aspires. Mr. Foy has lived in Baird for a number of years and is well known as a conscientious pains taking business man. He will discharge the duties of the office faithfully and efficiently if elected.
The public school closes Friday Feb. 16th, and I desire to inform the people of Baird that I will on the following Monday begin my private term and will teach four months. This school will be conducted upon the best methods; culture and refinement will be taught the students, as well as thoroughness in their text books. The rates of tuition will be the same as adopted by the trustees of the public school; viz. \$1.00, \$2.00 and \$3.00 per month of four weeks, payable monthly. Respectfully, F. W. Chasfield.

Ivanhoe Division No. 15 U. R. K. P. elected officers last night for the ensuing term. Sir Knight Solomon and all the old officers were re-elected except one or two who are not now members of the Division. The officers will be installed at the Banquet next Monday evening. Efforts are being made to have the entire Division attend the grand encampment at Washington city next August. The railroads will give exceedingly low rates perhaps as low as \$10 for the round trip. This will be a chance of a life time to see the capital of our country and most of the Division, perhaps all will attend.
OATS FOR SALE.
I have 500 bushels of oats for sale at 30 cents per bushel. Four and half miles north of Baird. A Carter 11 21.
DON'T READ THIS.
If you owe me anything I want it and you must come and settle at once for I must have money. Nothing else will do. T. E. Powell 49
Lease Pasture Lands.
We have some extra good grass lands for lease, with water. Also some farm lands for sale very cheap and on easy terms. Will trade for a wagon and team, or cattle. 814 W. W. WEBB.
NORMAN HORSES FOR SALE.
I will trade large half blood Norman mares, or horses, for stock cattle or I will sell my horses on time. These are fine large horses, and I will pay farmers to buy them. Wm. McManis Baird Texas. 411
ESTRAY NOTICE.
Estrayed by J. M. Gibson, before G. W. Dardoe, J. P., Callahan county, Texas, Jan. 15th 1894, one roan horse branded 2 on left hip. About eleven years old and about 14 hands high. I. N. JACKSON, County Clerk. 914

MILLER BROS. Life Size Portraits. GRAY OR INDIAN INK. Reduced From \$10 to \$3.91. Just Cost of Material. MAKE FROM ANY SMALL PICTURE. BAIRD, TEXAS.

Cottonwood Correspondence.
COTTONWOOD, TEXAS, Feb. 13.—A heavy sleet fell here Sunday, followed by a light snow.
Mrs. Rufus Clements died Saturday night after a protracted illness, her twin babies were buried here last week.
Mr. J. E. Clark is quite sick.
Capt. Norrell is yet confined to his room from his fall, his injuries were worse than first thought. He will be up in a few days his physicians say.
What is the matter with your water facilities? Move to Cottonwood where water is pure and plentiful, in fact is inexhaustible. I have been using the same well for three years in compounding drugs and the well is not dry yet and this should be evidence sufficient to show the strength of the vein. Bros. Phillips and Oliver should subscribe liberally to your water works for they will use more of it than anyone except your dairymen.
J. H. Robinson attended the I. O. O. F. at Waco last week.
Insurance man Peters of Baird called on Ye Loke for an inventory last week. He found that the income tax would not reach us.
There is a fortune awaiting the man who invents a cyclone proof storm house, one that is portable and inhabitable. Mine does fine for young chicks and such, but as a desirable place to watch the phenomena of the elements and comfortable quarters to cogitate on the wickedness of the world and ones own infirmities it is a flat failure.
Joe C. Stone, of Brownwood, was in town last week.
Jim Sparks and Sam Thomson start last to-day. LOKE.
BARBER SHOP MOVED.
N. F. Rudmose desires to inform all his friends and the public generally that he is now located in his new barber shop, on Market street first door north of Schwartz furniture store, where he is anxious to greet all his old customers and many new ones. Don't forget the old man, or his new location. 8 4t.

NO CREDIT AT POWELL'S.

ATTENTION SIR KNIGHTS.
BAIRD LODGE NO. 47.
The Knights of Pythias will give a banquet to the members and their families at the Schwartz Hall, Monday evening, Feb. 19.
The following is a list of the various committees:
GENERAL COMMITTEE.
Ed. Coppins, H. J. Cook.
W. C. Whitley, W. D. Dean.
TABLE AND DECORATION COMMITTEE.
J. E. W. Lane, W. C. Powell, Lee Estes, W. C. Stroube, Wm. Hauley, Grant Bowls.
Ladies—Mesdames Schwartz, Addis, Ed. Coppins, D. J. Wilson, Lee Estes, Ed. Wristen, J. H. Peters, Dan Dean, W. G. Bowls, Jno. Rice, Fred Linder, J. E. Pace, W. C. Stroube, W. L. Jones, L. L. Stone, A. G. Webb, J. R. Cumbie; Misses Fannie Gilliland, Laura Rice, Ora Whitley, Maud and Lizzie Buckles, Annie Sigal.
MUSIC AND SPEAKING.
A. G. Webb, Jeff Dean, W. E. Gilliland.
The chairmen are requested to call their respective committees together at once and get to work.
Fraternally Yours, H. SCHWARTZ, K. of R. and S. Velasco.
Go to Velasco for health, sea air, and comfort; where deep water is a fact and not a promise; where ship too deep for any other Texas port sail into the harbor with ease; where the cheap soil is the best in America for fruit growing, gardening and farming. Fast daily trains over Velasco Terminal Ry call on J. A. Wilkins, Hutchins House Houston. Excursions each Saturday from Houston, return Monday.

Felony to Lie in a "Hoss" Trade.
The boys tell a good joke on S. H. French. Sometime ago French traded horses with a traveling horse jockey, and as usual with such gentry, he made several extravagant assertions about the good qualities of his horse which subsequently were found to be untrue. In fact French says the jockey lied from the word go, and that the old plug he got in exchange for a good horse is absolutely worthless. He has consulted legal counsel and now he confidently predicts that he will yet land that false and fickle horse jockey in the pen—provided he can catch him. French says he is informed by his attorney that it's a penitentiary offence to lie in "Hoss" trade. The penalty is not less than two nor more than five years in the penitentiary and French swears that he will not only prosecute the last offender, but is prepared to salivate the next scamp who swindles him in a "hoss" swap.

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC. THE ONLY TRUE. WILL Purify the Blood, regulate the Liver and Stomach and restore the Health and Vigor of Youth, Dyspepsia, Weakness of Appetite, Indigestion, Loss of Strength and Tired Feeling, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Hemorrhage, and all the ailments of the blood. Dr. HARTE'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. (Pure Compound, Liver Complaint and Biliousness. Sample Dose and Directions mailed on receipt of two cents in postage. DR. HARTE MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

PATENTS. CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to BURN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years experience in the patent business. Correspondence strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of inventions and new "idea" books sent free. Parents learn through Burn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought directly before the public without cost to the inventor. This valuable Patent Handbook, illustrated, sent by mail for 25 cents. If you desire a copy, send 25 cents to Burn & Co., 100 Broadway, New York. If you are an inventor, you will find it profitable to send your invention to Burn & Co. for a free examination. They will advise you of the best way to protect your invention, and if you desire to do so, they will prepare the necessary papers and prosecute for you. Burn & Co. are the only agents in the United States who can give you a free examination of your invention, and if you are an inventor, you will find it profitable to send your invention to Burn & Co. for a free examination.

YOU WILL MISS Bonanza IF YOU DON'T READ THE STAR.

50 WORLD'S FAIR VIEWS FREE. The Poultry Keeper has reached the front as the leading authority on poultry. Sixteen large pages, monthly, 50 cents per annum. "Farm and Fireside" is a 16-page paper coming twice a month, fifty cents per annum. We will send both papers one year and fifty photographic views of the World's Fair, to new subscribers only, all for fifty cents. Sample copy of the Poultry Keeper, with particulars free. Send five cents for either of the following back numbers equal to a 25 cent book; Poultry Houses, July 1891, has 50 views; Brooders and Incubators, August 1889 and August 1891, Address, The Poultry Keeper Co., Parkesburg, Pa.
DOG LOST.
Lost in Baird, on Feb. 7th, a black Pointer puppy about two months old. Anyone returning it to me will be rewarded. H. MACDONALD. 10 3t Baird, Texas.
CHICAGO ROCK ISLAND AND TEXAS RAILROAD.
"Great Rock Island Route."
Is pleased with Texas and Texas people and hope the feeling is reciprocal. Business with the new line since its opening has been satisfactory and we will continue to furnish the very best of service to Colorado, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, and all points east of Missouri river.
After all, the comfort of a railroad journey is made up of little things. The track is smooth and the Pullman Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair cars are first class and "up to date." In addition to the above, which are, of course, absolute necessities, the cars are lighted with gas and heated by steam from the engine. There is plenty of ice water in the drinking tanks and a supply of clean towels in the toilet rooms. On top of it all we have a lot of courteous employes who do not take it as an insult to be asked a civil question. As we say these are some of the little things some times neglected as may have been your experience. We hope not, however, on the "Great Rock Island Route."
We are also anxious to please at headquarters. If you are in need of information and cannot procure it readily of your nearest local agent, drop a line to the undersigned and we will do our best to answer it promptly.
J. C. McCABE, G. T. F. & P. A. CHAS. B. SLOAT, A. G. T. & P. A., 614 Fort Worth, Texas.
TRAVEL IN COMFORT BY TAKING ADVANTAGE OF THE SUPERIOR TRAIN SERVICE ELEGANT EQUIPMENT AND FAST TIME VIA THE TEXAS AND PACIFIC ROUTE.
THE SHORT LINE To New Orleans, Memphis and points in the SOUTHEAST.
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Lowest ticket rates, time tables and all other information will be furnished by any of the ticket agents of the Texas and Pacific Ry. W. A. DANIELL, SAN ANTONIO; TREV. PASO; Geo. F. FOSTER, EL PASO; L. A. THORNE, ST. LOUIS; and Geo. W. SUPERINTENDENT. BELLAS, TEXAS. R. S. GIBBS, Agent, Dallas, Texas.

### THE EAGLE AND THE WREN

An eagle in the Western sky,  
With wings outspreading far,  
Rose in the deep blue depths on high,  
And sparkled like a star.

Far in the other end of town  
A wren's little thing—  
Thought it too had a wing.

Thought it could mount the aerial blue,  
And upward reaching far,  
Thought as the other birds to do—  
To sparkle like a star.

Poor foolish thing! It could not climb  
The deep blue depth of air,  
And finding earth a healthier clime  
Forever settled there.—M. C. Shannon.

### PERCY AND THE PROPHET.

BY WILKIE COLLINS.

CHAPTER VI.—CONTINUED.

"Dreadful news!" Mr. Bowmore answered. "Dreadful news, my child, to every Englishman who respects the liberties which his ancestors won. My correspondent is a man who is in the confidence of the ministers," he continued, addressing Percy. "What do you think, sir, is the remedy that the government proposes for the universal distress among the population caused by an infamous and needless war? We are now at the 17th of February. In a week's time (I have it on the authority of my correspondent) ministers will bring in a bill for suspending the Habeas Corpus Act!" He struck the letter with his open hand; his eyes brightened with indignation as they rested on Percy's face. "I don't know what your politics may be, sir. As an English citizen you can hardly hear that the parliament of England is about to change the free government of this country into an absolute despotism without some feeling of indignation and alarm!"

Before Percy could answer, Charlotte put a question to her father which appeared to amaze and distress him.

"What is the Habeas Corpus Act?" she asked.

"Good God!" cried Mr. Bowmore, "is it possible that a child of mine has grown up to womanhood in ignorance of the palladium of English liberty? Oh, Charlotte! Charlotte!"

"I am very sorry, papa. If you will only tell me I will never forget it."

Mr. Bowmore reverently uncovered his head; he took his daughter by the hand with a certain parental sternness; his voice trembled with emotion as he spoke his next words: "The Habeas Corpus Act, my child, forbids the imprisonment of an English subject, unless that imprisonment can be justified by law. Not even the order of the reigning monarch, nor even the authority of the highest court in the country, can prevent us from appearing before the judges of the land and summoning them to declare whether our commitment to prison is legally just."

He put on his hat again. "Never forget what I have told you, Charlotte," he said, solemnly. "I would not remove my hat, sir, he continued, turning to Percy. "In the presence of the proudest autocrat that ever sat on a throne. I uncover in homage to the grand law which asserts the sacredness of human liberty. You are perhaps too young to know by experience what will happen if this infamous bill is sanctioned by parliament. I can tell you what did happen when the Habeas Corpus was suspended in England at the end of the last century. The friends of liberty were liable to imprisonment, and even to death on the scaffold, on warrants privately obtained by the paid spies and informers of government, from justices who were the humble servants of the terrified ministry of the times. The same horrors will be repeated in a few weeks more, unless the people can force parliament to defend their liberties. Does my indignation surprise you, Mr. Linwood? Are you, in these dreadful times, a lukewarm person who takes no interest in placing a really liberal government in power?"

"I beg your pardon, Mr. Bowmore," Percy interposed. "I have reasons for feeling the strongest interest in supporting a liberal government."

"What reasons?" cried Mr. Bowmore, eagerly.

"My late father had a claim on the government," Percy answered. "For money expended in foreign service. As his heir I inherit the claim, which has been formally recognized by the present ministry. My petition for a settlement (long since due) will be presented at the opening of parliament by friends of mine who can advocate my interests in the house of commons."

Mr. Bowmore took Percy's hand and shook it warmly.

"In such a matter as this you can not have too many friends to help you," he said. "I myself have some influence, as representing opinion outside the house, and I am entirely at your service. Come to-morrow, and let us talk over the details of your claim at my humble dinner-table. To-day I must attend a meeting of the Branch Hampden club, of which I am vice-president, and to which I am bound to communicate the alarming news which my letter contains. In my little garden here," he proceeded Mr. Bowmore, waving his hand over his modest property, "I am accustomed to consider the main points of my speeches at this club, in the necessary retirement. I have made some remarkable bursts of eloquence on this walk. Will you excuse me to-day, and will you honor us with your company to-morrow?"

### CHAPTER VII.

#### The Warning.

Just as they reached the garden entrance to the cottage, a shabbily dressed man-servant met them with

a message, for which they were both alike unprepared: "Captain Berville has called, miss, to say good-by, and my mistress requests your company in the parlor."

Having delivered his little formula of words, the man cast a look of furtive curiosity at Percy and withdrew. Charlotte turned to her lover, with indignation sparkling in her eyes, and flushing on her cheeks at the bare idea of seeing Captain Berville again. "The wretch!" she exclaimed. "Does he think I will breathe the same air with the man who attempted to take your life?"

Percy checked the flow of her anger by taking her hand and looking at her gravely.

"You are sadly mistaken," he said; "and I am glad of the opportunity of setting you right. Captain Berville stood to receive my fire as fairly as I stood to receive his. When I discharged my pistol in the air, he was the first man who ran up to me, and asked if I was seriously hurt. They told him my wound was a trifle, and he fell on his knees and thanked God for preserving my life from his 'guilty and miserable hand.' I myself saw the tears streaming down his cheeks. He said to me, 'You have shown me my vile temper as I have never seen it yet. I will get the better of it—I will go away somewhere by myself, and not return until my mind is purified from every feeling of hatred and jealousy toward the man who has forgiven me and spared my life.' He was not content with making only that promise—he held out his hand to me. 'I am no longer the rival who hates you,' he said. 'Give me a little time and I will be your brother and her brother.' We shook hands—we were friends. Whatever his faults may be, Charlotte, Arthur Berville has a great heart. Go in, I entreat you, and be friends with him, as I am."

Charlotte listened with downcast eyes and changing color. "You believe him?" she asked in low, trembling tones.

"I believe him as I believe you," Percy answered.

She secretly resented the comparison; she detested the captain more heartily than ever. "I will go in and see him, if you wish it," she said, with a sad submission in her voice. "But not by myself. I want you to come with me."

"Why?" Percy asked.

"I want to see his face when you and he meet."

"Do you still doubt him, Charlotte?"

She looked up suddenly, and made this strange reply:

"Your mind sees him penitent, on his knees. My mind sees him pointing his pistol, to take your life."

They went together into the cottage. Fixing her eyes steadily on the captain's face, Charlotte saw it turn deadly pale when Percy followed her into the parlor. The two men greeted each other cordially. Charlotte sat down by her mother, preserving her composure so far as appearances went. "I hear you have called to bid us good-by," she said to Berville. "Is it to be a long absence?"

"I have got two months' leave," the captain answered, without looking at her while he spoke.

"Are you going abroad?"

"Yes, I think so."

A pause followed that reply. Percy claimed the captain's attention by speaking to him next. Charlotte seized the opportunity of saying a word privately to her mother. "Don't encourage Captain Berville to prolong the visit," she whispered; "I like him less than ever."

Mrs. Bowmore, born and bred in the exercise of that patient politeness which has long since been reckoned among obsolete social accomplishments, was shocked at her daughter's inhospitable suggestion. In the confusion of the moment the good lady actually interrupted Captain Berville's conversation with his friend by offering him a cup of tea. He rose as he thanked her, and made the customary apologies for not prolonging his visit. To Charlotte's surprise, Percy also rose to go.

"His carriage," he said, "was waiting at the door, and he had offered to take Captain Berville back to London." Charlotte instantly suspected an arrangement between the two men for a confidential interview. Her obstinate distrust of Berville strengthened tenfold. She reluctantly gave him her hand as he parted from her at the parlor door. The effort of concealing her true feeling toward him gave a color and a vivacity to her face which made her irresistibly beautiful. Berville looked at her with an immeasurable sadness in his eyes. "When we meet again," he said, "you will see me in a new character." He hurried out to the gate without waiting to be answered, as if he feared to trust himself for a moment longer in her presence.

Percy took his leave next. Charlotte followed him into the passage. "I shall be here to-morrow, dearest," he said, and tried to raise her hand to his lips. She abruptly drew it away. "Not that hand!" she answered. "Captain Berville has just touched it. Kiss the other!"

"Do you still doubt the captain?" said Percy, amused by her petulance.

She put her arm over his shoulder and touched the plaster on his neck gently with her finger. "I don't doubt," she said, "that the captain did that!"

Percy left her laughing. He was too happy to remonstrate seriously with her at that moment. At the front gate of the cottage he found Arthur Berville in conversation with the same shabbily dressed man-servant who had announced the captain's visit to Charlotte.

"What has become of the other servant?" Berville asked. "I mean the old man who has been with Mr. Bowmore for so many years."

"He has left his situation, sir."

"Why?"

"As I understand, sir, he spoke disrespectfully to the master."

"Oh! And how came the master to hear of you?"

"I advertised, and Mr. Bowmore answered my advertisement."

Berville looked hard at the man for a moment, and then joined Percy at the carriage-door. The two gentlemen started for London.

"Did you notice Mr. Bowmore's new servant?" asked the captain, as they drove away from the cottage. "I don't like the look of the fellow."

"I didn't particularly notice him," Percy answered.

There was a pause. When the conversation was resumed it turned on commonplace subjects. The captain looked uneasily out of the carriage window. Percy looked uneasily at the captain.

"You told me you had been introduced to Mr. Bowmore to-day," Berville began; "and you said that he took a great interest in the success of your claim on the government. You will probably pass much of your time at the cottage, and you will be thrown a great deal into Mr. Bowmore's society. I have known him for many years. Speaking from that knowledge, I most seriously warn you against him as a thoroughly unprincipled and thoroughly dangerous man. Without entering into the question of his politics, I can tell you that the motive of everything he says and does is vanity—indordinate, devouring vanity. To the gratification of that one passion he would sacrifice you or me, his wife or his daughter, without hesitation and without remorse. His one desire is to get into parliament. You are a wealthy man, and you can help him. He will leave no effort untried to make you help him; and if he gets you into political difficulties, he will desert you without scruple. I see I astonish and shock you. If you think me prejudiced, write to my father, who has official knowledge of the perilous position in which this man stands. I will forward your letter, and vouch for you as a gentleman who will respect any confidence placed in him. My father will confirm me when I tell you that this Bowmore belongs to some of the most revolutionary clubs in England, that he has spoken rank sedition at public meetings, and that his name is already in the black book at the Home office. If the rumor be true that ministers, in fear of insurrectionary risings among the population, are about to suspend the habeas corpus act, Mr. Bowmore will certainly be in danger; and it may be my father's duty to grant the warrant that apprehends him. In your own best interests decline resolutely to join him in any political conversation, refuse to accept his assistance in the matter of your claim on parliament, and above all things, stop him at the outset when he tries to steal his way into your intimacy. I need not caution you to say nothing against him to his wife and daughter. They are infatuated about him; his wily tongue has long since deluded them. Don't let it delude you! If you were my brother, I could give you no sounder or better advice than this. Reflect on what I have said at your leisure, and let us turn in the meantime to a more interesting subject. Have you thought of our evening at Dr. Lagarde's?"

"I hardly know," said Percy, still under the impression of the formidable warning which he had just received. "You have given me far more serious things to think of than mesmerism."

"Let me jog your memory," the other continued. "You went on with the consultation by yourself after I had left the doctor's house. It will be really doing me a favor if you can call to mind what Lagarde saw in the trance in my absence?"

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Pen Picture of a...  
A September twilight. There were delicate clouds in the northern and eastern sky. Mere films of pale pink mist, they stretched upward like a fan from the horizon, while strange tints of gray and green flecked the light, fleecy veil drawn over the western heaven. Everything looked unsubstantial and unearthly in the weird and changing glow. Colors altered every moment and forms yielded their permanence to some transforming magic. Beauty only remained, as if it alone were real amid the shows of earth and sky. A little house stood back from the road. A small field planted in hues of amber, brown and ochre stretched before her eyes. Here and there on its surface the golden rod displayed a tarnished glory in splashes of reddened and faded yellow. A patch of cultivated ground extended on one side, where the corn was still standing, and here a russet amber was the prevailing hue, broken by hints of purple in the tasseled tops of the stalks. Back of the fields the atmosphere bathed the whole scene with a unifying element which harmonized all its details.—New Peterson.

Converting Grapes into Sugar.  
At a recent state fair an inventor exhibited a machine that he had constructed for converting grapes into sugar and syrup. Experts who witnessed the operation and others affirm that the process is a complete success. The experiments were mostly confined to Muscat and other sweet grapes known to carry a large amount of saccharine matter. Heretofore the difficulty has been in granulating grape sugar. By the new process it is claimed the granulation is perfect.

### FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

#### THE WHY AND WHEREFORE OF PLOWING.

##### Five Good Reasons for the Process—Keeping Teams Busy on Small Farms—Poultry for Women—Pork Pointers and Household Hints.

###### Why We Plow.

(1) To bury a surface growth of sod under the soil, where, by its decay, it will add its elements of fertility to the general stock of plant food already in the soil. (2) To kill weeds, thereby obtaining a clean surface, so that crops may enjoy undisputed and sole possession of the soil. (3) To thoroughly pulverize the soil, so as to make a perfect seed bed for the young and growing plant. (4) To break the crust after each rain, so that the land may imbibe its full share of air, heat and moisture. In preparing the land for the reception of the seed it is highly important that the husbandman know just exactly how to plow; but after the ground is all well prepared, and the crops all planted, it becomes doubly necessary to know, not only how to plow, when to plow, but also why it is necessary to plow at all, and what we expect to accomplish by it. In whatever manner the ground may have been prepared for the crop, whether by plowing deep or shallow, surface cultivation, oft repeated, should be the order of the day, for any and all crops that have to be cultivated by plowing and hoeing. This "surface cultivation" not only kills all grass and weeds, but breaking the crusts after each rain, opens up the soil to the air, allowing it to enter to be absorbed by the soil, and to pass out from the soil freely. This loose surface is, in short, the lungs that enable both the soil and the roots of plants to breathe. This "breathing process" is not only of prime necessity to the healthfulness of the growing plant, but is also essential to that important process termed "nitrication," by which organic nitrogen in the soil is changed into nitrates, the form into which nitrogen is appropriated by the plants almost exclusively. Nitrication requires a pretty high temperature, but in soils that contain a liberal supply of humus, and are stirred frequently with the plow, cultivator or harrow, will go on rapidly in such weather as we usually have after, say, June 1.

Large quantities of land scattered here and there over the United States are so close in texture, so tenacious and air-excluding as to be almost barren, says the Journal of Agriculture; yet these same semi-barren soils contain, in their natural state, exhaustless quantities of plant food, oftentimes proving to be the strongest soils we have. This state of semi-barrenness is sometimes due to a lack of aeration of the soil; or to a lack of drainage where the lands are too wet; or to deep plowing on all soils that will stand deep plowing; and, thorough plowing on any and all soils. Thorough cultivation (including subsoil plowing, harrowing, rolling, etc.) unlocks the stores of plant food the soil contains. Where the ground is lumpy and cloddy, it is in too coarse a form to be utilized by the roots of plants (no matter how rich in plant food these coarse particles may be), and they must be thoroughly pulverized by frequent and thorough cultivation before they can be made available as plant food. The more frequent the cultivation and the more complete the pulverization of the soil, the greater the quantity of plant food that is made available, and with the growth of the plants. One fact should always be borne in mind, that is that plants do not eat, they drink; consequently no matter how voracious a feeder a plant may be, it cannot eat a clod, nor appropriate it to their uses in any manner. A clod is dead property, worthless, unprofitable, good for nothing. Most men would complain when forced to pay tax on a horse that was dead and buried, or a house that was consumed by the flames; a clod is equally dead.

We come now to the fifth, and what we consider the most important reason, why we plow, viz., conservation of soil moisture. To conserve the moisture that is deposited in the earth by rains and melting snow, and even by dews, necessitates deep preparation of the soil previous to planting so that the rains may be readily absorbed. When absorbed it must not be allowed to escape by evaporation; but, if the full benefit of the winter and spring rains are to be realized, the moisture must be carried quickly down beyond the immediate reach of the evaporating influences of the sun. Stored deep in the earth, a perpetual reservoir, it is ready to be brought to the surface for the use of growing plants when needed by the "capillary action" of the earth. In order to make this matter plain, we would say that after every rain the soil is settled down, the particles of earth are packed nearer together, and the spaces between them are small. A number of these small spaces joined together make little tubes called "capillary" tubes, and in these water will rise from below. If the soil has not been disturbed after a rain, these tubes come to the surface, and so does the water in them. The water coming to the surface evaporates and escapes, consequently less and less of that particular crop is concerned. When the soil has been plowed, the spaces of tubes are made larger, and water will not rise in

large tubes. Hence it comes up as far as the small tubes are undisturbed and stops there, and the loose soil above prevents its rapid evaporation. In this way and by these means the natural pores of the earth are closed, the loose dirt serves as a "mulch," and the soil moisture conserved in time of a south, and retained in the soil (exactly where it is needed) from one rain to the next. This mulch not only prevents the escape of soil moisture, but it also tends to check the intense heat of the sun in its downward progress to the roots of plants. Both of these are very important matters during spells of long-continued, hot, dry weather throughout the whole of the United States, but doubly important throughout the semi-arid regions of the Southwest and West.

###### Keeping Teams Busy.

It is one of the chief difficulties of farming on a small acreage that the necessary work to be done in plowing, cultivating and marketing crops requires a full team part of the time, while there is not sufficient work to keep it employed all the time. Idle horses soon eat more than their labor during a small part of the year is worth. Yet the small farmer who relies on hiring team work done is always handicapped by finding it impossible to hire teams when he most needs them. The only other recourse is to change the methods of farming. Put on more labor and capital per acre, and thus grow crops which will keep the teams busy most of the year hauling them to market.

If there are days when no marketing is to be done, the teams can be employed just as profitably in drawing manure. In most cases this on a small farm will make it necessary to buy more if not all the feed that the teams eat. This is what market gardeners almost invariably do. They cannot afford to grow hay or grain on land that will produce five and perhaps ten times as valuable a crop in something else. Buying all their feed they know just what it costs them, and are less likely to lose by keeping teams idle. The chief difficulty with many farmers in making their farming pay is not recognizing that the feed which they grow and feed is worth its market value, and that whatever eats such feed must return at least what it has cost and can be sold for. Unless this is attended to, the losses from non-paying stock will eat the profits that can be made otherwise.—American Cultivator.

###### Poultry for Women.

There are, without a doubt, more women engaged in poultry breeding in the West than in any other part of the United States. And these women, as a rule, are farmers' wives and daughters, who have so much other work to attend to on the farm and in the household, they cannot give much time to the care of poultry, and for that reason must necessarily confine themselves to small flocks. An exchange says: It will pay all such far better to keep strictly pure bred fowls, and, in addition to marketing the poultry, advertise the eggs for sale for hatching purposes. It would be far better for them to sell what eggs they could in this way and hatch the remainder. A small incubator would prove valuable to get out the stock, where eggs are more plentiful than setting hens. But stick to one breed, and give that your time and attention. It will pay you best.

###### Pork Pointers.

A damp, musty pile of straw does not make hogs a good bed. Mouldy corn is not "just as good" for the hogs as sound corn. Don't use a scrub boar. The money spent on a full-blood will soon come back. Dish water does not quench the thirst as a good supply of pure cold water will.

If the boys have an interest in the hogs, they will not grumble if they have to feed them.

Dirty pens, and anything which comes handy for feed, will never bring a hog to a profitable market.

All is not accomplished when you get a pure breed and popular strain, though this is essential to begin with.

There is little use of procuring the best unless one recognizes the fact that good care has as much bearing on success with them as it has with beef cattle or dairy cows.

###### Household Hints.

Poor cooking utensils are never cheap, no matter how little you pay for them.

In beating whites of eggs for meringue or frosting do not add the sugar until the eggs are stiff.

Individual salt cellars are again in use, instead of the salt shakers that have been popular for so many years. They come in glass, silver and china, and a small silver salt spoon is placed by each one.

Let potatoes boil until they are nearly done; half an hour before taking your meat roast from the oven put the potatoes in the dripping pan with it and baste them often with the meat gravy. Serve as soon as they are a delicate brown.

Nothing in the way of linen lasts longer than the half-bleached damask, and it is good economy so to buy it, for in a few months it will bleach to a snowy whiteness, and will not grow yellow when laid away, as quickly as the fully bleached will do.

All physicians who have had much to do with gymnasium are eloquent in their praises. Within certain common-sense rules they say no growing child should be debarr'd the healthful exercise and helps to development that is here extended, where it is possible to take advantage of them.

###### Royal Buckwheats.

For generations it has been the custom to mix the batter for buckwheat cakes with yeast or emptyings, retaining a portion of the batter left over from one morning to raise the cake for the following day.

If kept too warm or not used promptly, this batter becomes excessively sour and objectionable. Buckwheat cakes raised by this means are more often sour or heavy than light and sweet. If eaten daily they distress the stomach and cause skin eruptions and itching.

Instead of the old-fashioned way we have been making buckwheat cakes this winter with Royal Baking Powder, mixing the batter fresh daily, and find the result wonderfully satisfactory. They are uniformly light and sweet, more palatable and wholesome, and can be eaten continuously without the slightest digestive inconvenience. Besides they are mixed and baked in a moment, requiring no time to rise. Following is the receipt used:

Two cups of pure buckwheat flour (not "prepared" or mixed); one cup of wheat flour, two tablespoons of Royal Baking Powder and one-half teaspoonful of salt, all sifted well together. Mix with milk into a thin batter and bake at once on a hot griddle. Once properly tested from this recipe, no other buckwheat will find its way to your table.—Domestic Cookery.

###### Forecasting the Weather.

Many country people in Italy forecast the weather by means of a leech in an open-mouthed bottle partly filled with water. The water must be changed once a week and a spoonful of blood poured in it about as often. When the weather is good the leech will remain coiled up at the bottom of the bottle. Whenever rain is near at hand it will creep up to the top and stay there until the weather is settled again. If wind is imminent it will be very restless and dart about in the water as though in pain, while before a thunder storm it will appear to be in convulsions. It is so generally trusted that at laying time and other seasons when fine weather is important the leech is one of the most useful members of the household.

In the shifting movement of this restless country some people have yet been content to abide by the ancestral roof tree. Dr. George Adam died at Canaan, Conn., a few days ago at the age of 81 years, in the same house in which he was born and in which he had lived all his life.



Rev. O. H. Power

### Symptoms of Cancer

Appeared on my lip. Disagreeable eruptions came on my neck. After taking 4 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, all the traces of disease have disappeared and the medicine has given me renewed vigor and strength. I am now almost 73 years of age, and *strong like a tiger*. And I know that Hood's Sarsaparilla has had much to do with my vigor and strength. I recommended it to my wife, who has suffered so much with rheumatic troubles, as also with female weakness. In two years

### Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

she has used about 3 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to-day, and for the last 6 months, she seems like a new being." Rev. O. H. Power, 2924 Hanover Street, Chicago, Illinois.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache, 25 cents.

### WALTER BAKER & CO.

#### COCOA AND CHOCOLATE

Highest Awards (Medals and Diplomas) World's Columbian Exposition.

On the following articles, namely:

BREAKFAST COCOA, PREMIUM No. 1 CHOCOLATE, GERMEL SWEET CHOCOLATE, VANILLA CHOCOLATE, COCOA BUTTER.

For "purity of material," "excellent flavor," and "uniform even composition."

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

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### Ely's Cream Balm

QUICKLY CURES COLD IN HEAD

Price 50 Cents.

Apply Balm to each nostril.

Wm. Ely, 11 Warren St., N. Y.

### HUNTER & BOSSO,

Machinery Supplies

### MACHINERY

AND Electrical Supplies, Engines, Gms., Pumps, Trusses, Dallas, Texas.

### WORN NIGHT AND DAY.

Holds the secret recipe with case history of circumstances. Perfectly safe, and does not injure the system. It is a true and reliable remedy for all cases of eye trouble, and is the only one that will cure them.

Warranted with 100% satisfaction.

# LABOR'S SOVEREIGN.

## THE NEW GENERAL MASTER WORKMAN.

A Power Among the Labor Men of the Great West—Belief that the Prestige of the Knights of Labor Will Revive.



THE RESOLUTION in the general executive board of the Knights of Labor by which James R. Sovereign recently found himself installed as general master workman of the order, and the entire personnel of the board entirely changed, was the sensation of the day in labor circles.

Will the order under its new leadership rally from the terrible knock-down blows it has received during the last ten years? Is the new leader destined to be the man who will revive its former power?

Who is James R. Sovereign and when did he become prominent?

The fact is that James R. Sovereign, though little known in New York except by well-posted labor men, is well known in the west. His life has been a busy one, though he is not yet 40 years of age, and people in the state of Iowa are prepared to swear by him. He has been cattle boy, farm hand, marble worker, journalist and politician alternately.

James R. Sovereign was born in Cassville, Wis., on May 30, 1854. His father and mother died when he was little more than an infant, and he was brought up by his grandfather, and received a very rudimentary education at one of the local schools. His grandfather died when Sovereign was 15 years of age, and before he had decided on any trade. A number of cattlemen and cowboys were going at that time to the ranches at Gonzales, Texas, and Abilene, Kan., and Sovereign, for want of anything better to do, went with them.

Tiring of cowboy life, he went to Cresco, Howard county, Iowa, in 1872, where he worked on a farm and went to school for two winters. He learned the trade of marble cutter.

He began to write for the local papers while he worked at the trade, and

man of the order had been master workman of the Iowa state assembly for six years. Mr. Sovereign has met the fate of many a hard worker and is still a poor man.

Mr. Sovereign will probably form some plan to widen the scope of the Knights of Labor. Mr. Powderley, generous, romantic, whole-souled, was a picturesque figure in the palmy days of the order. His theories were excellent and his personal magnetism something wonderful, but now is the time, it is believed, for a hard-headed, practical man of the world to take the reins, and many who know Sovereign believe that he is the man to save it from absolute shipwreck.

Some time ago Mr. Powderley put himself on record as in favor of a general harmony among all labor organizations and the merging of the Knights and open unions into one great central body. Some of Mr. Powderley's time was taken up studying this problem, and those who know him well say that he builded better than he knew, and that his dream of one great central body will yet come true.

On the other hand, Mr. Sovereign, while believing in working harmoniously with the open unions, believes that the order will still exist and preserve its autonomy and become, as an order, greater than ever.

The organization was at its strongest in 1876, when over 1,000 delegates were present at the convention of the general assembly in Richmond, Va., representing about 800,000 members in good standing. Besides this there were between 200,000 and 300,000 members who were not in good standing, making an aggregate membership of over a million.

### SEES THINGS REVERSED.

Strange Case of a Boy Which is Puzzling Learned Philadelphia Doctors.

William Riley, aged 13, is undergoing medical treatment at Vineland, Pa., for an affliction which greatly puzzles the most distinguished physicians of Philadelphia who have seen him. He was recently shown at a clinic at the University of Pennsylvania.

The world of laymen would see in the boy only a poor emaciated creature, with right side all paralyzed, but the big doctors beheld in him the incarnation of strange scientific principles and an object worthy of their closest study. They applied to his case all sorts of long and learned terms, but to the lay mind the terms meant that the boy's faculties had been so

### The King of Beasts.

Nevertheless if we quit heraldry for fact, and go by the testimony of travelers and hunters, it is very doubtful whether the lion deserves his magnificent reputation. It is his appearance, no doubt, which has gained for him the appellation of "king of beasts," with all the regal honor pertaining to it. Certainly he looks "every inch a king." Nothing can be finer; the fancy itself could conceive nothing more fittingly representative of majesty than the full grown male lion, gazing with great yellow eyes, which seem to know no fear, and the ample honors of his shaggy mane wrapped round his massive front and forearms. He looks like the embodiment by nature of lordliness and magnanimity, and he has been adopted as such in all literature and poetry from Homer and Eschylus down to the "lion comique" of our music halls. Yet he is only a cat—a great cat—after all, and those who know him in his native wilds give a very different character of "fells loo" from popular conceptions. We do not wish to culminate a creature so intimately connected with British story, and so dignified in bearing and behavior; for nobody can deny that the lion is a great gentleman in his manners. Nevertheless, African sportsmen relate that he can show himself as cowardly as he is cruel; that he will abandon his consort and cubs in a moment of extreme danger; and that he scarcely ever charges straight home upon anybody who, armed or unarmed, has the presence of mind to await his onset. He is described as very nervous and very cunning, and dreading beyond everything the superior prowess of the white man. The early Dutch settlers at the Cape speak of lions prowling around the fort at night "in such numbers as though they would take it by storm." Now one must go very far into the African "veld" to see a lion, and the strange fact is he has learned the craft of silence and is seldom or never heard to lift up his mighty voice except in the far wilderness where the hunters have not come except singly. Thus it is written in an African guide book: "Though his footprints may frequently be seen near the fountains of Lokaron and Boatlanama, and he will venture to carry away an ox from a wagon span thereabouts, he rarely or never makes his presence known by his roar, having learned apparently that it will only have the effect of frightening off the few timid antelopes upon which all hopes of replenishing his larder depend; or, worse still, of betraying his position to his inveterate enemy and persecutor, man."

### Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by druggists, price 75c per bottle.

### In the arithmetic of heaven nothing counts but love.

For the relief and cure of a cold in the head there is more potency in Ely's Cream Balm than in anything else it is possible to prescribe. This preparation has for years been making brilliant success as a remedy for cold in the head, catarrh and hay fever. Used in the initial stages of these complaints Cream Balm prevents any serious development of the symptoms, while almost numberless cases are on record of radical cures after all other treatments have proved of no avail.

There is less misery in being cheated than in that kind of wisdom which perceives, or thinks it perceives, that all mankind are cheats.

### In English Prisons.

In the English compulsory labor prisons the prisoners pass nine months in solitary confinement and are then assigned to the public works prisons for hard labor. By good behavior they experience a gradual amelioration in their condition. At first they are not allowed to write or receive letters and may see no visitors. Then, upon advancement, they may write and receive one letter every six months and see one visitor; then the privilege is extended to once in four months, then once in three.

### A New Canal.

A canal connecting the Elbe and Danube has been projected. It would start near Vienna, near Kornornburg, extend 133 miles northward toward Budweis, and from the latter point the channels of the Moldau and Elbe would be "canalized" for 189 miles. The greatest difference in level along the route is 1,312 feet. It is estimated that 80,000,000 florins (\$32,000,000) would cover the cost.

### 100 BUS. WHEAT FROM TWO ACRES.

This remarkable yield was reported by Frank Close, Minnesota, on two acres of Marvel Spring Wheat. Speaking of this wheat, this new sort takes the cake. It is the greatest cropping spring wheat in the world. Farmers who tried it the past season believe seventy-five to one hundred bushels can be grown from one acre, and are going to get this yield for 1894. At such yield wheat pays 30c a bushel. Salzer is the largest grower of vegetable and farm seed in the world. 216 BUS. 8 LBS. OATS FROM 1 BUS. SEED. This remarkable, almost unheard-of, yield was reported by Frank Winter, of Montana, who planted one bushel of Great Northern Oats, carefully tilled and irrigated same, and believes that in 1894 he can grow from one bus. of Great Northern Oats three hundred bushels. It's a wonderful oat. If You Will Cut This Out and Send It, With 8c postage to John A. Salzer Seed Company, LaCrosse, Wis., you will receive sample package of above oats and their mammoth farm seed catalogue, or with 7c postage you get catalogue with pack Marvel Spring Wheat.

### Have You Asthma?

Dr. R. Schiffmann, St. Paul, Minn., will mail a trial package of "Schiffmann's Asthma Cure" free to any sufferer. He advertises by giving it away. Never fails to give instant relief in worst cases and cures where others fail. Name this paper and send address for a free trial package.

What little I know of other people I have found out by studying myself.

MANY persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. A splendid tonic for women and children.

One of the greatest pleasures in this life is to have a plenty to do, and do it.

Preaching aimed at the head seldom strikes the heart.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve." Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 10 cents.

Some people are too kind to tell the truth. If you ask one of them to lend you a dollar he will declare he hasn't a cent.

### Forgotten Wealth.

Two men uprooting peach trees on the farm of Mrs. Richard Diehl near Chestertown, Md., on the eastern shore, unearthed the other day an iron pot containing \$150 in old coin an open-face silver watch, doubtless the forgotten treasure of someone, buried when many persons were hoarding coin during the period of inflated currency.

The prevalence of crimson colors in certain fishes on the New England coast on portions of which scarlet and crimson seaweeds abound, is explained by Prof. J. Brown Goode by the red pigment derived by the crustaceans from the seaweeds they devour, and which in turn form the food of the fishes.

### Nearing the Grave.

In old age infirmities and weakness hasten to close the gap between us and the grave. Happily scientific research and pharmaceutical skill have allied themselves in furnishing us a reliable means of ameliorating the ailments incident to declining years, and of renewing waning physical energy. Its name is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a widely comprehensive remedy in disease, and an inestimable blessing to the elderly, the feeble and the convalescent. Rheumatic ailments, trouble with the kidneys and lumbago are among the more common ailments of the aged. These are effectually counteracted by the Bitters, which is likewise a prevention and curative of malarial complaints, dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness. It is highly promotive of appetite, sleep and the acquisition of vigor.

One should choose a wife with his ears, rather than with his eyes.



GENERAL MASTER WORKMAN SOVEREIGN.

his articles were so favorably received that he became a journalist. In the meantime the greenback movement was started, and Sovereign, who was a born politician, went heart and soul into it. About this time he made the acquaintance of Robert and George Schelling, Joseph R. Buchanan and other prominent Knights of Labor.

By their advice he joined the order and busied himself making suggestions about plans for spreading its power. In 1882 he accepted the nomination for congress for the Ninth district of Iowa on the greenback ticket and was defeated. A year later he went to Cherokee, Iowa, where he started the Free Press, a weekly organ of the greenbackers, which flourished while the party was alive, but is now defunct.

Then he went to Jefferson, Iowa, where he started the Argus, and shortly after he established the Industrial in Dubuque, Iowa.

All this did not seem to afford vent enough for Mr. Sovereign's superabundant energy, so he became active as a labor agitator and lecturer, and in 1887 the greenbackers took hold of him again and nominated him for lieutenant governor of Iowa. The next year he ran unsuccessfully again for congress on the same ticket, and in 1889 took the stump in favor of the candidacy of Gov. Boies.

Gov. Boies, as a reward for Sovereign's efforts, made him labor statistician for the state of Iowa in 1891. His reports while he held the office were looked upon as models of conciseness, and, of course, were all favorable to labor.

The local assembly of the knights which Sovereign first joined was in Storm Lake, Iowa, and is still in existence. He was elected as its delegate to the general assembly of the knights for nine successive years, and before his election as general master work-

twisted by a sunstroke in his infancy that he now sees things with his mind upside down and wrongside foremost, although his eyes are all right, and when he writes he runs his pen from right to left, and to read his penmanship it must be seen reflected in a mirror.

The boy's case grows more interesting to brain specialists every day, as it is considered one of the best cases of this rare kind in the history of medicine. Dr. Ireland, who has filled tomes with the result of his probings into the brain's secrets, in commenting upon this case says: "We can conceive that the image on the left side

of some map or a set of figures had just been written on the left side of the brain."

SPECIMEN OF WILLIE RILEY'S WRITING. of the brain being effaced through disease, the inverse image would remain in the right hemisphere, which would render the patient apt to trace letters from right to left, the execution of which would be rendered all the more natural from the greater facility of the left hand to work in a centrifugal direction. Moreover, when one used the left hand there would probably be a tendency to copy the inverse impression or image on the right side of the brain."

Portrait Made of Letters. There is at Oxford a portrait of Charles I. composed of minute letters. The head and staff contain the book of Psalms, the apostles' creed and the Lord's prayer.



### KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

## MOTHERS' Friend

—Is a scientifically prepared liniment—  
—every ingredient of recognized value, and in constant use by the medical profession. These ingredients are combined in a manner hitherto unknown, and WILL DO all that is claimed for it, AND MORE. It shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child.

Sent by Express on Receipt of Price, \$1.50 per Bottle.

Book to "MOTHERS" mailed FREE, containing voluntary testimonials.

Sold by All Druggists. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

## LA GRIPPE CURED FOR 50 CENTS.

PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—If any one asks you if your "GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC" will cure the Grippe, you may tell them it will. Last winter I had the Grippe and Chills while at New Orleans, and your Tonic cured me in 40 hours. At this writing I have cured myself

**THE SECOND TIME**

In 60 hours of the same trouble, and only took two-thirds of the 50c bottle.

You have a "World Beater for La Grippe," and the "King of Chill Tonics." Yours truly,

F. M. KENDERDINE,  
With Whittemore Bros. & Co.,  
227 Albany Street, - - - BOSTON, MASS.

Don't fail to ask for Grove's, and don't accept something claiming to be just as good.

**SOLD ON A GUARANTEE. NO CURE, NO PAY. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.**

## PLANT NOW TRUE STOCK

BLISS EARLY TRIUMPH, VINELESS SWEET POTATO, PUMPKIN YAM, WONDERFUL PEA, JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE.

Send for our new Dram Seed & Floral Co. port with spring catalogue.

**SMOKE YOUR MEAT WITH KAUSERS LIQUID EXTRACT OF SMOKE**

Lightning Well Machinery Works.

Write to O. E. SKINNER, Columbia, Kansas, for his No. 111 Catalogue.

Somebody's Good. To make our own troubles the means of helping the troubles of others is a noble effort for good. A well illustrated instance of this kindly sympathy is shown in a letter from Mr. Enoch L. Hanscom, School Agent, Marshfield, Me., an old Union soldier. He says: "It may do somebody some good to state, I am a man of 60 and when 40 had a bad knee and rheumatism set in. I was lame three years and very bad most of the time. I got St. Jacobs Oil and put it on three times and it made a cure. I am now in good health."

There is no fairer sight in this world than sincere piety in a humble home.

Dr. J. A. Hunter, Specialist. In diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Heart, Catarrh and Deafness. 315 Main Street, Dallas, Tex. Send for pamphlet.

The man who would be a leader must never keep the procession waiting.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure. It is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. 50c, 75c, & \$1.00.

A competency may be defined as the amount a man is competent to get.

WALTER BAKER & Co., the largest Cocoa and Chocolate Manufacturers on this continent, have carried off the highest honors at the World's Columbian Exposition. They received from the Board of Judges the Gold, Silver and Bronze medals and diplomas on all the articles contained in their exhibit, namely: breakfast cocoa, premium No. 1 chocolate, German sweet chocolate, vanilla chocolate, cocoa butter.

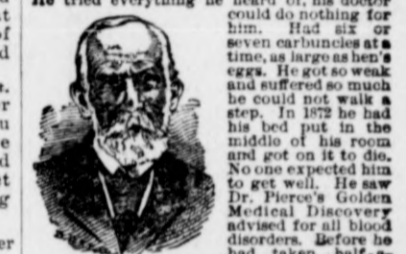
The judges state in their report that these products are characterized by "excellent flavor," "purity of material employed," and "uniform, even composition, indicating great care in point of mechanical preparation."

A copy of Miss Parlon's "Choice Receipts" will be sent free to any housekeeper on application by mail or otherwise, to Walter Baker & Co., Dorchester, Mass.

Poverty may excuse a shabby coat, but it is no excuse for shabby morals.

### Carbonates Large as Men's Eggs!

Mrs. NANNIE GOLDMAN, of Bushfield, King William Co., Va., writes as follows: "For about eight or ten years my father, Col. T. U. Fogg, of West Point, Va., was laid up with catarrhes, the worst that I ever saw. He tried everything he heard of, his doctor could do nothing for him. Had six or seven carbonates at a time, as large as men's eggs, and suffered so much he could not walk a step. In 1878 he had his bed put in the middle of his room and got on it to die. No one expected him to get well. He saw Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery advised for all blood disorders. Before he had taken half a bottle of 'Discovery' they began to go away. Two bottles entirely cured him. He is now 78 years old, and enjoys good health."



COL. T. U. FOGG.

**PIERCE GUARANTEES A CURE OR MONEY IS REFUNDED.**

## ST. JACOBS OIL IS THE KING-CURE OVER ALL.

# FOR SCIATICA

### IT HAS NO EQUAL, NO SUPERIOR, ALONE THE BEST.

GET THERE ELI... BUT THIS OUT and send it with 8c postage and get a sample of our "Get There Eli" Radish, 5c for use in 10 days and our Mammoth Farm Seed Catalogue, or the for catalogue and 10 Farm Grain Samples, or 10c for catalogue and 10c for seeds and clover samples. We are the largest growers of Farm Seeds, Potatoes, Grasses and Clover Seeds, etc., in America.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LA CROSSE, WIS.

## BUCKSKIN BREECHES

BEST MADE, BEST FITTING, BEST WEARING

## JEAN PANTS

IN THE WORLD.

Manufactured by THE GOODWIN CLOTHING CO., EVANSVILLE, IND.

ASK FOR THEM. EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

## McELREES' WINE OF CARDUI.

THE GREAT TASTE AND BEER BEGONE

For Female Diseases.

W. L. DOUGLAS'S SHOE equals custom work, costing from \$4 to \$5, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take on subject. See local papers for full description of our complete lines for ladies and gentlemen or send for Illustrated Catalogue giving in full how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

## PISSO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use Pisso's Cure for Consumption. It has cured thousands. It has not injured one. It is not bad to take. It is the best cough syrup. Sold everywhere. Price, 75c.

W. N. U. DALLAS. 7-94

**COUNTY TAX SALE.**

Notice is hereby given that I, J. W. Jones, Tax Collector for the county of Callahan, have this day levied upon each of the following tracts or parcels of land, for which taxes are due the county of Callahan for the years hereinafter mentioned, viz:

RESIDENT ROLL FOR 1893.				
NAME OF OWNER	Abstract No.	Survey No.	No. Acres	Tax and Cost
Barnard B F	682	30	C L Terry	33 \$ 7 56
do	869	29	M M Terry	160 7 92
do	1528	29	B W Vaughn	160 4 08
Bennett W M	156	757	Able L Eves	35 6 68
Bowen J H	1092	49	B C Price	160 10 99
Campbell D C	93	127	B B B & C R R Co	80 7 80
Carey R H	107	94	Comal Co School	102 7 06
Cathy Luke	975	17	B O H	99 5 30
Criswell James W	1288	Pre.	B F Briggs	96 7 38
Cummings Eli C	126	751	Jesse Dyson	68 7 49
De Jarruet J H	987	67	B O H	305 11 58
Dennis E R	224		Lewis Herbert	60 3 78
Eastham W B	709	43	W B Eastham	160 10 50
Emmerson E C	366	308	S P R R Co	218 8 41
Floyd J D	1546	150	J D Floyd	160 5 53
Graham W A	126	751	Jesse Dyson	75 6 60
Hart D A	1476	7	Jas Hart	80 6 61
Ligon J Y	800	8	W D Anderson	10 6 52
do	1295	8	G W Ellington	160 5 78
Mann R	938	Pre.	A Wyatt	10 2 86
Maltby W J	264	781	Baker Larkin	492 25 74
do	1461	14	G W Ellington	160 15 42
do		22	Sam Henry	160 3 52
Moss L M	220	5	Wyatt Hickman	97 8 42
Moudy M E	366	308	S P R R Co	99 4 62
Owens J R	1519	152	J E Shipman	320 6 52
Paul H B	285	14	G Padillo	300 8 18
Reed Wm & Bro	156	757	Able L Eves	19 7 61
Robbins Wm	955	1	B O H	5 3 55
Robinson Dan	220	5	Wyatt Hickman	180 7 70
do	271		Benj McKinney	100 4 80
Robinson J H & Bro	156	757	Able L Eves	2 2 62
Rutherford R E	965	7	B O H	62 7 27
do	966	8	do	20 1 82
Seale C C (Est.)	94	129	B B B & C R R Co	75 40 99
Seale C C Jr	94	129	do	12 4 59
Smith S K	322	11	S P R R Co	80 6 95
Sparks H B	156	757	Able L Eves	50 6 99
Speed T B	156	757	do	60 9 11
Swan J D	107	48	Comal Co School	80 7 12
Teague Jesse & Son	1025	108	C A Fairman	140 7 67
do	1046	126	L H Huffstutler	140 4 26
Wright J B	317	1	S P R R Co	80 6 23
Yonge Arthur	998	77	B O H	240 17 98

NON RESIDENT ROLL FOR 1893.				
NAME OF OWNER	Abstract No.	Survey No.	No. Acres	Tax and Cost
Arnold Mrs A B	1447	55	R A Bates	160 7 03
Bently H L	150	757	Able L Eves	19 3 17
do	955	1	B O H	12 1 67
Webb J	452	2969	F E & L Co	320 9 3
Coiter R W	966	8	B O H	65 4 43
do	958	4	do	80 4 09
do	957	3	do	120 5 50
Beckham James M	491	3166	F E & L Co	170 6 12
Blake Joseph	118	3	Wm Caltrin	320 5 90
Steele T F	260	331	James Knight	320 13 83
Green Frank	531	213	Thos Wheeler	240 7 60
Hunter Saml	225		R Henderson	500 9 58
Thompson J Q	176	340	Jno Gillespie	295 8 17
Burnes W W (Est.)	258		Lewis Johnson	640 20 64

UNRENDERED ROLL FOR 1893.				
LOCATION	NAME OF OWNER	LOTS	BLOCK	TAX AND COST
Unknown	1	528	Thos Asher	4605 84 04
do	15	254	Jas H Brown	320 9 30
do	62	79	B B B & C R R Co	32 3 28
do	78	31	do	25 3 39
do	123	214	Phillip H Cammans	87 4 96
do	189	109	G H & H R R Co	52 3 60
do	221	6	Wyatt Hickman	263 8 09
do	269	209	Greenbury Logan	320 9 30
do	287	253	Mark M Potter	59 3 34
do	296		Seaborne Robinson	300 8 87
do	304	725	Alfred Smith	212 6 42
do	377	801	David Thomas	141 6 50
do	382	5	T & N O R R Co	320 9 30
do	393	63	T & P R R Co	106 4 75
do	403	85	do	160 5 90
do	404	87	do	114 4 92
do	404	87	do	20 2 98
do	513	336	Victoria Co School	102 4 68
do	523	798	Geo M Vigal	30 2 72
do	536	27	Jno C Yates	11 2 78
do	611		P T I Co	104 4 63
do	657	131	H & T C R R Co	210 5 90
do	703	50	Jas Donaway	44 3 44
do	798	4	N H Warren	160 6 47
do	801	32	M H Allen	160 9 30
do	871	78	Lizza F Udick	80 4 20
do	939	2	M J Webb	640 16 10
do	955	1	B O H	78 8 02
do	957	3	do	270 8 24
do	958	4	do	180 5 70
do	963	5	do	191 10 81
do	965	7	do	9 4 24
do	966	8	do	5 2 61
do	972	22	do	320 4 77
do	978	18	do	280 8 45
do	1014	111	J W Day	442 13 12
do	1095	28	G W Riley	160 5 90
do	1465	32	John Bowyer	107 4 66
do	1470		D J Collins	966 23 04
do	1476	74	J S Calloway	640 7 03
do	1480	190	J J McCall	107 5 90
do	1484	308	S B Sigler	160 5 90
do	1477	4	M J Webb	640 16 10
do	1497	24	S J Gibbs	319 7 03
do	1498	50	Chas Goldberg	160 5 90
do	1441	20	W P Barton	160 4 63
do	1495	80	H C Merchant	308 7 6
do	1508	2	N N Pinkston	229 5 90
do	1531	34	E O Weinst	160 5 90
do	1541	464	W Beattie	47 3 35
do	1542	18	G W Black	25 2 84
do	1947	Pre.	W A Grubam	108 4 20
do	1955	6	J E Mashborn	320 9 30
do	1959	4	J R Owings	160 5 90

RESIDENT ROLL FOR 1893, TOWN LOTS.				
NAME OF OWNER	TOWN	LOT	BLOCK	TAX AND COST
Hell F S	Baird		25	6 06
do	Newton Ad. Baird	2, 4, 7	2	8 97
Brittain B F	Baird	10, 11, 12	49	11 57
Brannon J A W	do		12	7 5 63
Buckley J A	do	5, 6	21	18 55
Carlock W V	do	9	49	6 07
Dean T J	do	7, 8	7	10 06

Hanley Wm	do		31	6 98	
Kendall R A	do		20	5 40	
Maxwell A A	do		46	6 21	
McDermott W R	do		98	17 05	
Miller C J	do	3, 5, 6, 7, 10	46	16 80	
Miller E H	do		11, 12	50 8 06	
Price H B	do		4, 5, 6	34 9 51	
Rogers G W	do		4, 5	50 7 44	
Yonge Arthur	do		16, 18	43 11 98	
do	do		12	36 15 78	
Jones C C	Newton Ad Baird		3	6 6 15	
Oliver L O	do		5, 5, 6	6 9 28	
Cochran J H	Cottonwood			17 6 30	
do	do			20 2 31	
Pollock D D	do			14 9 68	
Reed Wm & Bro	do			15 1 78	
Robbins R C	do			36 15 78	
do	do			19, 10	15 4 48
do	do			6, 7	11 1 33
Robbins J H & Bro	do			6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12	12 4 09
do	do			9, 10	15 2 51
Emmerson E C	Putnam		4	21 2 58	
do	do			6, 11	22 2 66
do	do			6	12 1 98
do	do			6	7 2 66
Merryman J L	do			11, 12	34 5 87
Fucker J M	do			6	37 8 50

NON RESIDENT ROLL FOR 1893, TOWN LOTS.				
NAME OF OWNER	TOWN	LOT	BLOCK	TAX AND COST
Speer M F	Baird		4	25 6 13
Davis Mrs L R	Belle Plaine		1, 2	11 3 20
Adoe J	Cottonwood		W 1/2	15 2 66
Chandler I A	Putnam		18	27 3 57

UNRENDERED ROLL FOR 1893.				
LOCATION	NAME OF OWNER	LOTS	BLOCK	TAX AND COST
Unknown	Baird		6	3 41
do	do		3	21 2 94
do	do		7	42 3 41
do	do		9	42 6 13
do	do		3	43 4 77
do	do		4	89 7 95
do	do			8 3 41
do	Newton Ad. Baird		4	12 2 68
do	do		5	12 2 68
do	do			47 2 85
do	Belle Plaine			51 2 85
do	do			54 2 87
do	do			59 2 84
do	do			60 6 05
do	Cottonwood			4 2 84
do	do			12 2 57
do	Putnam		6	5 3 21
do	do		2	13 2 65
do	do		8	13 2 63
do	do		18	22 3 21
do	do		16	22 3 21
do	do		15	28 2 65
do	do			16 2 69
do	Cross Plains			16 2 69
do	Clvde		15	17 2 63

Each of the above described tracts or parcels of land, or so much thereof as may be required to pay the tax and cost for the year 1893 will be sold at public auction at the court house door, in the city of Baird, on Tuesday, March 6, 1894, within the hours prescribed by law, to the highest bidder for cash.  
J. W. JONES,  
Sheriff and Ex-Officio Tax Collector for Callahan County Texas.  
Dated February 16, 1894.

**CITY TAX SALE.**

Notice is hereby given that I, W. D. Dean, Tax Collector for the city of Baird, have this day levied upon each of the following tracts or parcels of land, for which taxes are due the city of Baird for the year 1893, viz:

RESIDENT ROLL FOR 1893.				
LOCATION	NAME OF OWNER	LOTS	BLOCK	TAX AND COST
Mill Property	Day J W	4 acres		\$ 5 00
Baird	Lane J C		8	29 4 00
do	Price H B	4, 5, 6	34	4 80
do	Snow J C		16	44 3 00
Newton Addition	Webb P W		6	12 3 75
Baird	Daugherty J R		7, 8	24 4 50
do	do		1, 2	46 4 50
do	do		15	48 4 50
do	Durst Jno		6	37 3 00
do	do		9	25 3 00
do	Patterson Charley		4	89 3 75

Each of the above described tracts or parcels of land, or so much thereof as may be required to pay the tax and cost for the year 1893, will be sold at public auction, at the court house door, in the city of Baird, on Tuesday, March 6, 1894, within the hours prescribed by law, to the highest bidder for cash.  
W. D. DEAN,  
Marshal and Ex-Officio Tax Collector for the City of Baird.  
Dated February 16, 1894.

**R. A. ST. JOHN,**  
Cottonwood, Texas.



—DEALER IN—  
**DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, TOILET ARTICLES,**  
**PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, ETC.**  
My prices are as low as any first class dealer can afford to make.  
**PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.**  
**R. A. ST. JOHN,**  
Cottonwood, Texas.

**H. N. EDWARDS, R. C. DUDLEY,**  
**EDWARDS & DUDLEY,**  
(Successors to W. R. McDermott.)  
—DEALERS IN—

**GRAIN, HAY, AND FEED.**  
Wagon Yard, Good Camp House  
and Plenty of Water. Patronage Solicited.

**"I SAY!"**  
**BUY A CAKE OF**  
**CLAIRETTE**  
**SOAP**  
and thank me for calling  
your attention to it!  
MANUFACTURED  
ONLY BY  
**N.K. FAIRBANK & CO. ST. LOUIS.**

**T. L. OLIVER & CO.,**  
Successors to J. B. Norton,  
—Dealers in—  
**Drugs, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils,**  
**WALL PAPER, STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS.**  
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

**HEARN & AUSTIN.**  
PROPRIETORS OF THE  
**City Meat Market.**  
Fresh Beef, Pork, Sausage, Fish, Poultry. All meats Refrigerated and the animal heat thoroughly extracted before offered for sale.  
Everything neat and clean and only the Best of Meat Sold

**ALL STEEL IRON.**  
**DIRT-PROOF BOXES.**

**Watch this space.**

**JOHN DEERE**  
MOLINE, ILL.