Our Motto-"Tis Neither Birth, Nor Wealth, Nor State. But the Get-Up-and-Get That Makes Men Great."

NEW RELIEF SET-

Under the new set-up in Relief Lorene Finch. work in Callahan County many chang es were made and all relief work in the county is now handled through the Baird office, all other relief offices in the county being closed under the

Mrs. Callie Marshall is case worker in charge of the Baird office. Miss Agness Eastham is chief clerk and Mrs. Frances Myers secretary and G. Tankersley. stenographer in the Baird office.

Mrs. Flora Nordyke is case worker in the Putnam and Cross Plains dis- ing overalls and big straw hats. tricts and Mrs. Gertie Sprawls, case

Oplin districts. of the relief department at Baird, sented to the honoree. Joe Darby is in charge of NRS work Punch, sandwiches and mints were

here. J. B. Mc Knight, rural supervi-Miss Blanche Jones certifying clerk refreshment table in this department; Mrs. Rowena Malone, rural home supervisor and Jas. Beaver, farm manager.

Miss Jean Powell has been appointed as secretary to Mrs. Bernice Landers, supervisor rertification and intake in the district office in Abilene.

The canneries at Clyde and Cross Plains are the only relief projects now operating in Callahan County.

Have Salaries Paid In Full

County Supt. B. C. Chrisman informs a representative of The Star Ranger. that all school teachers have been under the Federal Aid granted to pay New T. P. Cafe teachers in schools where the district did not have funds to pay teachers for a full term. \$16,000.00 was received for this purpose and was of the county:

Plains, \$258; Cottonwood, \$1,170; place. Gardner, \$240; Lone Oak, \$240; Mid- good coffee, sandwiches, plate lun- at 12 cents per pound. way, \$334; Gilliland \$180; Burnt ches, and dinners. Branch, \$360; Lanham, \$288; Hillside \$174; Oplin, \$1,845; Putnam \$1,107; feature of the new T-P. Cross Plains, \$1,740; Clyde, \$2,230.

MARRIED

Miss Opal Smith and P. C. Peterson of Clyde, were married at the courthouse in Baird Wednesday, On last Friday evening, August 16 riage ceremony.

Peterson is a native of Denmark where at the picnic. his father now lives.

Mr. and Mrs. Ike Smith.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CLASS MEETING

day School met in regular business Eastham and Dickey Boy, Mr. and and social session at the home of Mrs Mrs. S. I. Smith and Susie Lee, Mrs. W. B. Atchison on Thursday, Aug Clarence Nordyke and Doyle and Don, 15. It was decided that the class will Mrs. Ethel Stephenson and Virginia, sponsor a book review given by Mrs. Mrs. A. T. Vestal and Marion Olivia, Lee Ivey the second week in Septem- Mrs. Fred Estes and Betty Jane, and ber. Tickets will be sold and the pro- Fred Jr. Mrs. E. B. Moore, Mrs. Mary ceeds used in carrying on class and Kehrer, Mrs. Lee Estes, Mrs. H A. church work.

regular session in September.

VETERANS GO TO CCC CAMP S. E. Livingston, Bud Mc Clendon, Hugh Prichard and Claude Poe have enlisted in the Veterans Camp at Brownwood.

NOTICE!

FRIDAY ONLY, Aug. 23 Matinee and Nite By Popular Request we are Bring-

WILL ROGERS'

Latest Release

"Doubting Thomas" For Those Who Did Not See It Last Week!

We will give away autographed otos of Will Rogers this day. Please Tell Your Friends! Manager, Plaza Theatre

Mrs. Jack Flores, Jr. Honored With Shower

Misses Bobbye Griggs and Mary Alice Lawrence entertained with a miscellaneous shower at the home of Miss Griggs Wednesday evening in honor of Mrs. Jack Flores, Jr. the former

A program was rendered as follows Piano Solo, "Frankie and Johnnie" by Billie Hollingshead

Songs, "Little Gypsy Tea Room" and ' 'It's An Old Southern Custom, by Elese Adams.

Hick's Dance by Charitye Gilliland and Bettye Mc Coy. Song, Elaine Fern Jones and Ellen

All taking part in the program were dressed as harvest hands, wear

Following the program Little Billie worker in charge of the Clyde and Claude Flores, dressed in overalls and straw hat entered the room bringing Bernice Andrews is community clerk a toesack full of gifts which he pre-

served, Mrs. R. L. Elliott, Jr. and sor of the rehabilitation department, Mrs. J. T. Lawrence presiding at the

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Boydstun In Wreck I. O. O. F. Lodge

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Boydstun and grandchildren, Cora Virginia and John Preston Work narrowly escaped ser-Dallas and Fort Worth, Mrs. Boydstun puty Grand Master: All Teachers In County was driving when a tire blew out and the car turned over. Mr. and Mrs. V. G.; George Nitschke, Sec.; O. B.

The new T-P cafe was formally divided as follows among the schools opened to the public Friday of last week. Mr. Stanley, manager, served \$351; Eula, \$600; Denton, \$1,060; a full house all day. The new place The bale was grown by R. L. Mc- home within a few days.

The curl service is another popular

Pythian Boosters Club Enjoy Picnic

August 21st with T. J. White, jus- the members of the Pythian Booster tice of the peace performing the mar- Club entertained their families at Ta

age ceremony.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Peterson have Rev. Ely of Clyde and his daughlived near Clyde for sometime, Mr. ter, Mrs. Baten were special guests

A bountiful picnic supper of fried Mrs. Peterson is the daughter of chicken, potato salad cake, etc. was enjoyed. The evening was spent in playing games.

Those in fattendance were: Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Edwards and Bobbie Sue, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Johnson and The Ruth Class of the Baptist Sun Goley Charlene, Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Lones, Mr and Mrs Bernice Andrews, The class adjourned to meet at the Mr. and Mrs. William Myers, Helen Fulton, Inez Franklin, and Jess Wilbanks of Chrane, Texas.

WITH BAIRD BAPTIST

Nice time Sunday, good services both hours and a beautiful baptizing in the afternoon when the nint who joined the church for baptism at Mid way were baptised.

All of our services Sunday will be had in the yard and everyone is urged to be in his or her place. We had 115 in Sunday School last Sunday, let's have 125 next Sunday.

We had, a good BTU and BAU last Sunday evening, let's still have a better cdowd Sunday with both of our preaching services well attended. Joe R. Mayes

The First National Bank, of Baird will not be open for business Saturday, August 24, 1935, Election Day, This being a legal holiday.

A NATION LOSES

That Ambassador of Good Cheer to the hearts of America has been recalled.

Millions mourn the loss of Will Rogers.

No other person ever so completely acquired the affection of a whole people. His life was written in the smiles of youth; his death was told in the tears of old age. King and pauper, industrial leader and newsboy, educated and unlettered alike were patrons of his rich humor and benefactors of his fine philosophy. With a single word he could send a ripple of laughter around the earth.

That clean, sympathetic, soothing spirit flashed like a ray of morning sunlight that kisses the foliage on the loftiest tree and brightens the petals of the smallest bloom No loss was ever felt by so many to be a personal one. The entire continent misses its inimitable wit and great commoner of comedy as a panting fawn misses the cooling draught at the empty brook.

Will Rogers flew the flag of simplicity on a level with regal banners; he converted his homespun genius into a key that unlocked the doors of the mighty; he matched the pomp of power and the pride of princes with the homilies of the cattle range, proving that nothing beneath the starry dome transcends the glory of a great soul.

We must say good-by to him but the dew is thick on our glasses and the words are choking our throats.

Install Officers

The following named officers of ious injury in a car wreck Monday Baird Lodge IOOF were installed re will commence on Friday night, Aug. evening. They were enroute home from cently by S. E. Settle, District De-

Boydstun and both children suffered numerous bruises about their bodies H. Schwartz, Conductor; W. Vochelle, but none were seriously hurt although I. G.; S. E. Settle, R. S. to N. G.; the car was almost demolished. The J. C Davis, L S to N G. B. O. Brame, accident occred a few miles east of R. S. to V. G.; Alfred Newman, L. S. to V. G.; W. B Barrett, Chaplain; U C. Hamilton, R. S S.; J. H. Hughes,

Formally Opened Callahan County Gets ' First Bale

Revival Meeting At Presbyterian Church

The Presbyterian Revival Meeting 30th, Rev R. A. Walker of Merkel will do the preaching. A special invitation is extended to all the people in Baird to attend the Services in this meeting.

This Revival will continue through Sunday, September 8th.

Baird Ladies Patients In Sealey Hospital

Mrs. George Crutchfield and Mrs. E. C. Fulton are surgical patients

Following is the form of the official ballot to be used in the election Saturday, August 24th, as made public by County Clerk S. E. Settle.

1. For the amendment giving the Legislature the power to provide a system of old-age assistance not to exceed fifteen dollars (\$15) per month per person and to accept from the Government of the United States financial aid for old-age assistance,

Against the amendment giving the Legislature the power to provide a system of old-age assistance not to exceed fifteen dollars (\$15) per month per person'and to accept from the Government of the United States financial aid for old-age assistance.

2. For the amendment of Article 1, Section 15, of the State Constitution by adding to said section a provision to the effect that the legislature may provide for the temporary committment of mentally ill persons not charged with a criminal offense by the County Court without the necessity of a jury trial.

Against the amendment of Article 1, Section 15, of the State Constitution by adding to said section a provision to the effect that the Legislature may provide for the temporary committment of mentally ill persons not charged with a criminal offence by the County Court without the necessity of a Jury trial.

3.) For the amendment to the State Constitution repealing Statewide prohibition, prohibiting the open saloon and providing for local op-

Against the amendment to the State Constitution repealing Statewide prohibition prohibiting the open saloon and providing for local option 4. For/amendment to Section 1, Article XVII, of the Constitution of Texas, providing that amendments to the Constitution may be proposed at special sessions of the Legislature under certain conditions.

Against the amendment to Section 1, Article XVII, of the Constitution of Texas, providing that amendments to the constitution may be proposed at special sessions of the Legislature under certain conditions.

5. For the amendment to the State Constitution authorizing the courts to place defendants on probation.

Against the amendment to the State Constitution authorizing the courts to place defendants on probation. 6. For amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas abolish-

ing the fee system of compensating all district officers, and all county officers in counties having a population of 20,000 or more; and authorizing the Commissioner's Court to determine whether county officers and precinct officers in counties containing less than 20,000 population may be compensated on a fee basis or on a salary basis,

Against amendment to the constitution of the State of Texas abolish ing the fee system of compensating all district officers, and all county officers in counties having a population of 20,000 or more; and authorizing the Commissioner's Court to determine whether county officers and precinct officers in counties containing less than 20,000 population may be compensated on a fee basis or on a salary basis,

7. For the amondment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting the furnishing of free text books to every child of scholastic

age attending any school within this State.

Against the amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas permitting the furnishing of free text books to every child of scholastic age attending any school within this State.

The approved consolidated census colls of Callahan county, giving scholastic enumeration of 3443 for the year 1935-36 has been received by B. C. Chrisman, county superintendent.

tionment Callahan County will receive Filling Station on the highway east school funds in the amount of \$60,- of Baird.

Mrs. Norman Cush, who underwent the ground. surgery at the West Texas Baptist Six services are held daily. Sunhospital ten days ago is reported slow rise prayer meeting at 6 o'clock, ly improving.

Veterans of Foreign Wars Organize Post

The Officers of the Big Spring Post of Veterans of Foreign Wars, headed by W. H. Dugan, Chief of Staff, of the Department of Texas, Veterans of Foreign Wars came to Baird Wednesday night, Aug. 21st and organized to send 24 recruits to CCC camps. the post here.

The local ex-service men elected the installed them:

Commander, Joe R. McGowen, Senior Vice-Com. Milo A. Jones. Junior Vice-Com., Edgar Smith. Quartermaster, B. O. Brame. Chaplin, Haynie Gilliland. Officer of Day, J. O. Lamar.

Trustees: 2etaoinn Trustees: Perry Gilliland, B. O. Brame, L. O. Lamar.

Midway Meeting Comes could be secured from relief rolls To Close

We closed the Midway meeting Wed in the Sealy hospital at Santa Anna. nesday with a unique service indeed Mrs. Crutchfield, who underwent sur for the closing out. We went to the Woodmen Circle met in the home of Callahan county has received the gery ten days ago is convalescing school house at 4:00 P. M. and had a Mrs. W. J. Cook on Tuesday August Dudley \$414; Admiral, \$540; Atwell coffee to all visitors and there was first bale of the 1935 cotton crop. and will probably be able to come good service and then spread supper, 13th. and such a feed as we did have. It The afternoon was spent in making \$351; Eula, \$600; Denton, \$1,060; a full house all day. The new place the ball was given by R. B. St. holle within a few days.

The afternoon was spent in making within a few days.

Union, \$1,485; Dressy, \$540; Deer is proving quite a popular eating Kinney hear Putnam and was ginned. Mrs. Fulton underwent major surplans to do some more work for the at the Farmers Gin Co. at Putnam. gery Sunday and while her condition where. After the interval of eating Orphan's Home at Sherman. Plains, \$258; Cottonwood, \$1,170; place.

Cedar Bluff, \$180; Enterprize, \$540; Mr. Stanley makes a specialty of The bale was sold to te gin company is regarded as serious she was re- and visiting we had our closisg ser- The hostess served cake and punch porter a doing fairly well yesterday vice at the evening hour. Eight were to the following members: Mrs. O. E. tism making 12 additions in all, 9 Kehrer, Mrs. Arthur Jonson, Mrs. A. Baird.

> This is the eighth meeting I have held at Midway myself and in some ways was the best, greatly do I love Hembree Family and appreciate the people of this community. A nice offering was made for this meeting for which I am sincerely thankful.

Joe R. Mayes

MIDWAY H. D. CLUB

The Midway H. D. Club met the 9th Bessie Mae Webb.

Mrs. G. B. Jones.

Reporter

OPLIN SAVE-A-STEP CLUB

Thursday to can tomatoes, peas and Dale and Anna Sue of Jayton. pumpkins.

Discussion of the A & M short course was given by Mrs. Reid and course was given by Mrs. Reid and Born to Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Mrs. Andrew Johnson gave an essay Langston of Belle Plain on Sunday on her wardrobe.

Mrs. John Steakley, Mrs. Andrew Johnson, Mrs. T. B. Wagner, Mrs. Morgan Stokes in north Baird. O. N. Tyson, Mrs. R. P Slough, Mrs. Herbert Johnson, Mrs. John Robertson, Mrs. Ruby Pierce, Mrs. Reid, Mrs. Mask, Mrs. C. Johnson, Mrs. Clent McIntyre, Mrs. Roy Armour, Edith Ried, Billie McIntyre, Marie Mae Varner, Lois Wright and Jerry McDaniels of Dallas enjoyed watermelon given by Mrs. O. N. Myatt.

Members of the Home Demonstration Club will sell ice cream Saturday August 24th in Oplin.

Census Roll of County DEEP CREEK CAMP

The report shows 1674 scholastics The Deep Creek Campmeeting con-in the common school districts of the ducted by W. E., Hawkins, Jr. of the county, 1769 in the district schools Radio Revival, assisted by his father, as follows: Baird 621, Clyde 389, W. E. Hawkins, Sr., Warner M. Cross Plains 537 and Putnam 222. | Petecolas and others is in progress at From the \$17.50 per capita apport the camp ground near the Lone Star

> Good crowds are attending the meet ing. Several families are camped on

> Bible study at 10 A. M., Preaching at 11 A. M. Bible study at 3 P. M. Prayer service at 7:30 P. M. and preaching at 8 P. M.

Here Wed. Night Callahan County To Send 24 Recruits To C C C Camp

Callahan county has been called on Fourteen are ordered to report Monday August 26 at Relief District following officers of this post; and 13-A Headquarters at Abilene. The the officers from the Big Spring Post ten additional recruits to report between August 27-31.

The enrollment period is for sixmonths. A wire from state enrollment Supervisor Neal E. Guy, disclosed, however, that enrollees can be honorably discharged at any time they receive outside employment, or

at the end of a three-months period.
"The net state loss of CCC enrollees amounts to approximately 3,000," he continued in his wire. if they knew of the full benefits of the program.

SUNSHINE CLUB ... The Sunshine Booster Club of the

saved and joined the church for bap- Eatham, Mrs. Lee Estes, Mrs. Mary by baptism who will be baptised next T. Vestal, Mrs. W. G Bowlus, Miss Form of Official Ballot For August 24 Election Sunday afternoon at the church in Susie Walker, Miss Edith Bowlus, and Miss Jeffie Lambert

Hold Reunion

Miss Eunice Hembree was hostess to a family reunion of the decendants of the late Mr. and Mrs. James Hembree at the old home place at Cottonwood August 18, 1935.

Those present were Mr. and Mrs. of August with the President, Mrs. T. M. Hinsley, Abilene; Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Johns. Miss Moore demonstra- W. P. Ledbetter of Scranton; and ted cake baking and icing it, which their children W. P. Jr., Lenice, Ruth was declared delicious by the following and Jack; Mr and Mrs. Homer members: Mrs. A. L. Parisher, Mrs. Ledbetter and daughter, Jean; Mr, Rich. Cook, Mrs. Brice McCaw, Mrs. and Mrs. Roy Speegle and children, Joel Griffin, Mrs. Otto Schaffrina, Wayne and Doris; Mr. and Mrs. Mrs. Lee Russel, Mrs. Abro Wilson, Ralph Ledbetter and daughter Annette Mrs. Earl Browning, Mrs. A. R. all of Scranton; Mr. and Mrs. Hubert Dillard, Mrs. Emma Conlee. Mrs. Ledbetter and daughter Ruthie May Lewis Johnson, Mrs. G. B. Jones, Mrs of Fort Worth; Mr. and Mrs. E. W. S. E. Webb, Sr., Mrs. S. E. Webb, Jr. Ledbetter of Abilene; Mr. and Mrs. Miss Mae Cook, and three visitors Henry Andrews and son H. G. Jr. Misses Nell Johns, Avanelle and of Stamford; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hembree of Abilene and children, The club will meet Sept. 13th with Corese, Douglas; Mr. and Mrs. Loy Hembree and children Loy Jr. and Mary Jean; Mr. and Mrs. Elbert Yates and children Winifred and John; Mr. and Mrs. Truman Gilliland and son Gary all of Abilene; Mr. and Mrs. The Oplin Save-A-Step Club met W. J. Hembree and children Richard

BIRTHS August 18, 1935, a son. Mrs. Langsten is at the home of her sister, Mrs.

************************************ Notice Farmers!

Any unused 1934 Bale Certifi ates must be turned into County Agents office by Saturday, so to be in Washington by Aug. 27

ROSS B. JENKINS, Co.

WILL ROGERS

Greatly Loved American

Born Nov. 4, 1879-Died Aug. 16, 1935

Will Rogers, Oklahoma cowboy

whose homely philosophy endeared him

to the hearts of millions, is dead. The

wreckage of the plane in which he

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Lobby Committees Quarrel Over Magnate Hopson-President Signs Social Security Act-Tri-Power Conference on Italo-Ethiopian Question.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

crashed to their death in a plane while flying from Fairbanks to Point Barrow, Alaska. The two men, close friends, had been enjoying an aerial vacation trip in the North, and Post intended later to fly to Asia. News of the fatal accident was sent to Seattle by Sergt. Stanley R. Morgan, signal corps operator at Point Barrow. He said he had recovered the bodies from the wreckage.

RIVALS in the matter of publicity, the house and senate committees on the activities of lobbyists got into a tangle that certainly didn't enhance their dignity. How-



ard C. Hopson, the long sought head of Associated Gas and Electric Utilities system, permitted the emissary of the house committee to find him, and Senator Hugo Black flew into a rage and had his committee threaten Hopson with contempt proceedings

H. C. Hopson unless he appeared before it. Chairman O'Connor of the house body was angered by this an l "Hopson is in my custody. I've got him. Nobody else has got him. Nobody else is going to get

The elusive, chunky utilities magnate told the house committee about his various companies and related the saga of his travels while he was being sought. But he politely refused to answer questions concerning the sources and amount of his income. He testified that he "believed" the Associated Gas system had spent "eight or nine hundred thousand dollars" in opposition to the Wheeler-Rayburn utility control bill.

"That's just a small fraction of the \$300,000,000 equity in our companies which would be destroyed if the bill becomes law and remains law," he de-

To one question by Cox of Georgia Hopson replied: "I resent that in-No gentleman would have Whereupon Cox threatasked it." ened to kick him out of the room un less he withdrew the answer, and Hopson mildly withdrew it.

O'Connor introduced in the house a resolution that severely slammed the senate, but it dropped when word came that Senator Black would walt to take Hopson after O'Connor's bunch was through with him. However, it gave opportunity for a ridiculous quarre between the New Yorker and Rankin of Texas.

Late in the day Hopson calmly walked into Black's committee room and asked: "Is some one here looking for me?" Black and his committee then questioned the utilities man for an hour or two and got mighty little out of him except smooth sarcasm that made the chairman cuite fu that time both Hopson and his attorney had been served with contemp:

GOV. MARTIN L. DAVEY of Oblo Republicans in behalf of the Democratic party. The G. O. P. leaders were demanding a state-wide by-elec-tion in Ohlo to fill the vacancy created by the death of Representativeat-Large Charles V. Truax, believing the result would demonstrate, even more clearly than did the Rhode Is land election, the waning strength of the administration. But Governor Davey went to Washington and consulted with President Roosevelt and then announced that he would not call and could not be compelled to call a special congressional election until next year. His declared reason was the cost, not fear of party defeat. Court action to force the calling of the election has been started but Davey says there is no restriction of his discre tion in fixing the time of the election.

SURROUNDED by a group of notraphers' flashlights, President Roose velt put his signature on the social security act, of which he said: "If the senate and house of representatives in this long and arduous session had done nothing more than pass this bill the session would be regarded as historic for all time."

Among those who were present were Senator Robert F. Wagner of New York and Representative John Lewis of Maryland, who jointly drafted the bill; Secretary of Labor Frances l'erkins, who had a hand in its making. and Senators Pat Harrison, William King and Edward P. Costigan.

In a talk intended for reproduction on the sound screens of the country. the President said:

"This social security measure gives at least some protection to 30,000,000 of our citizens who will reap direct benefits through unemployment compensation, through old age pensions and through increased services for the protection of children and the prevention of ill health.

"We can never losure 100 per cen:

WILL ROGERS, famous actor and of the population against 100 per cent humorist, and Wiley Post, one of the hazards and vicissitudes of life of the best known filers in the world, but we have tried to frame a law which will give some measure of protection to the average citizen and to his family against the loss of a job and against poverty-ridden old age.

"This law, too, represents a corner stone in a structure which is being built but is by no means complete-a structure intended to lessen the force of possible future depressions, to act as a protection to future administrations of the government against the necessity of going deeply into debt to furnish relief to the needy-a law to flatten out the peaks and valleys of deflation and of inflation-in other words a law that will take care of human needs and at the same time provide for the United States an economic structure of vastly greater soundness."

CAPT. ANTHONY EDEN of England, Premier Pierre Laval of France and Baron Pompel Aloisi of Italy met in Paris, as arranged, to see

if they couldn't devise a way to avert the Italo-Ethiopian war, due to begin in September. Eden had a plan all prepared and after outlining it to Laval he laid it before Baron Aloisi. The latter, of course, had no power to assent but was compelled to submit the proposals to Premier Mussolini.



Baron Aloisi

That Il Duce would accept it without change was considered unlikely, but it formed a basis for discussion.

According to the best information, the Eden plan embraced these chief

1. Important economic concessions for Italy in Ethiopia.

2. A proposal that Italy be given the right to colonize and exploit rich, sparsely inhabited portions of the Ethiopian uplands probably under a League of Nations mandate as is provided for former German colonies in article XXII of the League of Nations covenant.

The offer of an outlet direct to the sea for Ethiopia, as a measure

of compensation for its concessions. It was understood in Paris that Mussolini still demanded what would amount to a mandate over Ethiopia so that he would have political as well as economic control over the country. This Great Britain does not like, and France is rather on the fence. The British insist that in any case there must be an immediate showdown. One correspondent said if Great Britain adhered to the policy at which Eden hinted in his conversation with Laval, it would mean either dissolution of the League of Nations or else collective sanctions against Mussolini, involving the risk of a European war.

OBODY liked the new tax bill. is "ready to meet any outside peril." that congress was working on, and the senate finance committee had hard work making up its mind as to the



mend. First it altered almost every provision. of the bill passed by the house and changed it from a "soak the rich" measure to one which would soak practically every one. This was done by lowering personal income tax exemptions and starting the surtax in-

form it would recom-

Senator Borah creases at \$3,000 instead of \$50,000. The latter feature was proposed by Senator La Follette and was adopted to keep him in line. Also, the inheritance taxes which President Roosevelt had asked for were elimi-

Protests against increasing the taxes on little incomes came immediately, from senators, representatives and the country at large. Senators Borah of Idaho and Norris of Nebraska were among the "independents" who expressed their disapproval. Mr. Borah especially was vocal in opposition.

'Families with these small incomes are now paying more than their proportionate share of taxes and at the same time are facing higher prices for food, clothes, fuel and rents," he said So the committee suddenly reversed itself abruptly, rejected the La Fol-

lette plan by a vote of 8 to 7. The bill which the committee re ported was passed by the senate by a vote of 57 to 22. It contains new provisions to compensate for those eliminated from the house bill and the estimated revenue is only \$1,000,000 less. This is divided in the senate bill as follows:

Graduated corporation income tax \$ 60.000,000 Corporation excess profits and capital stock taxes 65,000,000 Intercorporate dividend taxes 39,000,000 increased estate taxes with

related gift taxes..... 100,000,000 increased surtaxes on incomes in excess of \$1,000,000 5,000,000

Total\$269,000,000 The bill thus more closely follows the demands of President Roosevelt than the house measure.

BRISBANE THIS WEEK

Nobody Was Frozen One Strike Subsides The Emperor Has Lions 1,000,000 Tiny Pigs

Several have written to this column offering to let themselves be "frozen

stiff and then returned to life" in the interest of science, as suggested by a Los Angeles chemist, R. S. Willard. They will be sorry to hear that the American Medassociation calls Mr. Willard's alleged freezing "a vicious hoax." It accuses Wil-

lard of freezing a

dead monkey and

then substituting a live one, supposed

to have been frozen and thawed out. Doctor Fishbein, editor of the American Medical Association Journal, says anybody frozen stiff would surely die. It was an interesting yarn while it

New York's strike of union men against President Roosevelt, General Johnson and the WAP ("Works Progress administration") seems temporarily to have collapsed. Mr. Meany, New York labor leader, said all union men would go out and stay out and nonunion men would follow. The news is that the nonunion men did not follow, and the union men went back

Robert Moses of the park department, who employs 25,000 workers on park projects, reports only 110 de-

An interesting photograph from Addis 2 baba shows two servants of the Ethiopian emperor, riding on lions, one female, one male, in the palace garden. The emperor's llons are trained in this fashion for use as watch dogs." You can easily believe that intruders "keep out."

For war purposes, however, lions are not particularly valuable. Tear gas and deadly poisonous gas would discourage the lions, as they would men. and lions cannot jump as high as an

In Chicago's stockyards half the hog pens are closed, prices are soaring, men have lost jobs, all for lack of hogs to push around and butcher. The yards are suffering.

And only a little while ago an earnest government, determined to help the farmer and promote prosperity, was butchering tens of thousands of "farrow sows" to get rid of them before their little pigs could be born. "Too many little pigs will make too many big pigs," said the government.

You can imagine the ghosts of a million pigs floating over the stockyards, squeaking in their baby voices, "We

War talk continues. Mussolini announces a new air weapon "over-whelmingly powerful," but does not say what it is. Plain TNT and poison gas are powerful enough. Hitler, announcing that his country

"No power on earth can attack us." That seems a little overconfi-

A prosaic financial telegram suggests that the public debt of Germany has been increased by 20,000,000,000 marks. That might represent an interior enemy of considerable proportions.

Uncle Sam, with all his spending, makes a little something for himself. His money-issuing privileges, paper dollars worth about 50 cents, and silver coins containing less than half their value in silver, have given the treasury a profit of about \$3,000,000.

And at this moment it does not appear to have hurt anybody. Who understands money?

Stocks are better, prices higher, in London and in Wall Street. The London Daily Mail says: "A stock exchange boom seems to do more for world trade than anything. The reason is that it gives confidence every-

Strange and powerful is "confi-You cannot see it, feel it, weigh it, but you can easily destroy it.

Lovely woman, led by Paris fashion designers, is still trying to find art what she really wants. Universal Service dispatches from Paris describe "dresses as transparent as lace curtains from the knee down; skin-tight evening gowns with cut-out designs as hig as elm leaves from under the arms to the hip-line. Cape coats of white fur, slit wide open on both sides." One gown is made entirely of "platted gold

When will women settle down finally to some one style, as men have done?

Interesting items in taxation news, For instance, government will collect income tax on "public relief." If your generous Uncle Sam gives you \$94 a month, the amount that unions now spurn, he will take back \$13.12 in income tax.

That seems like giving your little boy a stick of candy and biting of the end of it.

E King Features Syndicate, Inc. WNU Service.



tional committees have been seeking newspaper publicity Legislation for themselves in promoting investiga-Lobbies tiens of legislative lobbies, the Federal Trade Commission

has quietly taken the position that "legislative activities" on the part of Individuals or business interests are not so bad. Strangely enough, the commission heretofore has been labeled as rather radical but in this instance it has taken a much more conservative view of efforts of private citizens to protect themselves than have the members of congress.

The commission made known its po sition in only one case, but the understanding is that it represents a view of a majority of the commission members and that in all probability there will not be much fuss or furore again respecting the efforts of private citizens to engage the attention of their elected legislators when their pocketbooks are in danger.

No such attitude is in evidence at the Capitel. Certainly, no such evidence has been given by Alabama's Senator Black and his senate investigating committee. The house investigating committee, under the chairmanship of John J. O'Conner of New York, has not been quite so feroclous but it has not overlooked opportunities to get on the front page of newspapers whenever possible.

The two congressional investigations have come to be regarded by Washington correspondents largely as farcical. I reported to you some weeks ago that the probable result of the congressional investigations would be the smearing of many men of wealth and the exposing of any shortcomings of corporations on which the committees could lay their hands. That has been the result to date and the outlook has not been changed. As far as anyone can see now, neither committee is going to adduce any evidence or testimony that will be helpful in the framing of legislation-that is the basis upon which congressional investigations proceed and it is the only basis in law they have for such inquiries,

In support of the assertion that there is much publicity sought, one needs only to reflect on the circumstance of those two committees engaged in a battle to obtain the testimony of Howard C. Hopson, the big shot of the Associated Gas and Electric company. Mr. Hopson has been sought to give testimeny respecting his company's lobbying activities and was looked upon by the chairman of each committee as a star witness-a star because he is one of the biggest men in the utilities field and therefore good headline material.

We here in Washington saw the spectacle of subpoena bearers from each committee chasing through the streets in a race to hotels where Mr. Hopson was reported seen. The elusive Mr. Hopson was not discovered in any be was quartered. Then rumor got busy again and a process server raced wildly over the Virginia roads to the nearby estate of Attorney Patrick J. Hurley, who was secretary of war in President Boover's administration and who has served as attorney here for the Associated Gas and Electric company at times past. It turned out that Mr. Hopson was not at the Hurley home and the faithful process server was forced to return empty handed.

But to get back to the Federal Trade Commission. Its position may yet be regarded as deter-Delicate

minable only on the merit of an individ-Question ual case or circumstance. That is to say the commission probably has not condoned sharp practices in the relationships between private business and official agencies.

The action of the commission in this instance was with reference to a motion of counsel for the International Association of 'Ice' Cream Manufacturers. The attorneys asked that the commission strike out of the complaint against the association three paragraphs which charged association officers and members with attempting to urge legislation and local ordinances "in bad faith." That question, of course, is very delicate. It presents a collateral question as to whether when an, individual seeks legislation of a protective character for his own interests or legislation that will aid him in his business, he has done so "in bad faith." Undoubtedly, there may be times when bad faith could be properly charged. But in discussing this phase of the situation in many quarters in Washington, I found the consensus to be that protection of property can hardly be cataloged as effort made in bad faith.

Nevertheless, the politicians at the Capitol take a different attitude and they do not hesitate to follow through any scent they obtain of information which, when published, will hit news paper front pages.

The reason I regard the action of the Federal Trade commission as being so significant is that the commis-

Washington .- While two congres- | sion deals with literally thousands of individual businesses each year. It has jurisdiction to order elimination of unfair trade practices and to expose just plain cheating in private business. Therefore, the commission may be said to have a vital influence on the lives and businesses of those whose operations may be characterized as small and important only in small communities, as well as on the great masses of capital and national trade associations. Since the commission has shown a willingness to consider the rights of individuals to fester their own interests, some observers believe that its prestige will be enhanced and that we may find in the future that the commission will be a popular governmental unit rather than one which business looks upon with fear.

> Throughout the Roosevelt administration we have observed almost daily announcements that

Executive the President has done this, that or Orders. the other thing "by executive order." In the rush of legislation designed to help us over the emergency in 1933, executive orders

came thick and fast. No one thought a great deal about them. It was unusual for them to emerge from the White House in such numbers but I believe it was the general desire to forget the precedent that was being established, numerically at least, in the issuing of executive orders because of the acute conditions in the country. Subsequently, attention was called officially to the great number of these

orders and that they had the force and effect of law. It was the more important because the Supreme court of the United States called at ention to the facts. The court digressed far enough in a weighty opinion waich it rendered to suggest that it was impossible for the average individual to know what these executive orders contained; what inhibitions or prohibitions were prescribed and what rights, if any, a citizen had left.

The American Liberty league, which is addressing itself consistently to analysis of governmental affairs, informs me that between March 4, 1933, and the end of July, 1935, Mr. Roosevelt issued more than one thousand two hundred and fifty executive orders. The league offices also say that this is a greater total than the number of executive orders issued over the preceding 10 years.

Some fifty new agencies and additional branches of existing agencies or departments have been created by the simple expedient of an executive order. These new agencies have embarked upon all sorts of projects never even discussed at the time of the enactment of the law under which they were is-

In addition to the executive orders, it is claimed that something like twenty thousand administra-Orders Upon tive orders have been issued by officials of

various agencies whose sole legal basis for their acts was an executive order signed by the President.

"The examples of executive orders which have been cited show clearly a usurpation of legislative power," the league commented in a statement issued the other day. "By no stretch of the imagination can many of these orders be regarded merely as ministerial acts in execution of laws enacted by the congress. Policies are involved which under the principles of democracy should be passed upon by the congress, members of which reflect the varying viewpoints of citizens of ditferent areas and schools of thought. So long as the judgment of the entire membership of the congress is applied to important questions a balance will be maintained in the public interest. It is contrary to our scheme of government to place supreme power in the hands of a single individual as has been done in European countries where parliamentary bodies have become nonentities. Encroachment by the executive upon legislative prerogatives, in violation of the letter or even of the intent of the Constitution, smacks of autocracy and despotism. It is subversive of popular government."

So long as executive orders and administrative regulations issued under them involve only administrative practices, there is seldom much public interest in them. Always, after enactment of legislation, the administrative agencies designed to carry out the provisions of the legislation issue rules and regulations interpreting the statute. But it is to be remembered that in such cases, the authority is in a statute and that statute is in printed form and widely distributed. In other words, individuals have an opportunity to know what the law is and have no excuse for violations of it. Such is not the case, however, with executive orders. They are issued from the White House and copies are filed with the Department of State. Ordinarily, they get no further publicity and the average man in the street has little opportunity to know what they are.

Western Newspaper Union

and Wiley Post, famous flier, were seeking new adventures was found where it had fallen about 15 miles south of Point Barrow, Alaska, northernmost white settlement in America. Thus ended in tragedy the career of the ranch hand who had made millions laugh-probably the greatest and best known comedian of his day. His intense interest in aviation caused him to undertake the hazardous flight with Post over the wilds of the Far North. For many years he had traveled the skyways, and in his newspaper column had been one of commercial aviation's strongest supporters. That flying should have caused his death is one of fate's grim ironies. Rogers' career reads almost like fiction. He was born at Ollogah in Indian territory, November 4, 1879. He attended the Willie Hassell school at

> His stage career began in vaudeville at the old Hammerstein roof garder

Neosho, Mo., and also the Kemper

Military academy at Boonville for .

short time. From that humble be-

ginning he rose to become the intimate

companion of the great men of the



Will Rogers

in New York in 1905. At first his act was purely a routine of rope tricks, and he is still considered one of the world's rope experts. Finally he began to insert homely observations on current events into his act, and enthusiastic audiences begged for more.

Rogers began to receive national recognition when he was engaged by Ziegfeld for the Follies and the Night Frolics in 1914. The ever present chewing gum, his crooked grin, and the lock of hair which dangled in his eyes were known to everyone. Whether he talked to audiences of thousands, to Presidents and cabinet ministers, or to a group of ranch hands he still had the manner of the Oklahoma cowbey sitting on a corral fence and commenting on the weather and the affairs of

It was through his writings, however, that he was best known and loved. His dally newspaper feature was read by millions, and his weekly column carried by the nation's largest dailies and also syndicated to weeklies by Western Newspaper Union his observations into the majority of American homes. No matter how busy he might be, or what affairs were pressing he always took time to prepare his column himself. A motion pleture might be in the making, with expenses of hundreds of dellars each minute going on, but Rogers never falled his newspaper readers. Each day ha would retire to some corner of the set, and while directors fumed and producers walled, he turned out his regu-

Few people today realize the extent of Rogers' writings. Among the books he wrote were Rogerisms-The Cowboy Philosopher on Prohibition; Rogerisms-The Cowboy Philosopher on the Peace Conference, 1919; Rogerisms-What We Laugh At: Illiterate Digest: Letters of a Self-Made Diplomat to His President, and There's Not a Bathing Suit in Russia.

His writings were unique. Under their cloak of humor there was an underlying common-sense that came from a man raised close to the soil lie knew the people of America and his sage comments-often only a few lines -often carried more wisdom and more weight than pages by another. Although his fame was world-wide, and his income enormous he never lost the common touch. To the end he was Will Rogers, and his line "All I know is what I read in the newspapers" be came almost a trademark.

Just before he left on the fatal flight, he told correspondents that he was going to spend the winter with some of Alaska's old sourdoughsswapping stories, hearing their tales of adventures-and finding in their association the old pioneer humor of his boyhood days. And because he was Will Rogers he would have found it just as entertaining as though he had never found success beyond his wildest dreams.

America is better because of Will Rogers. He brought a viewpoint that is almost lost today-that of those sturdy people who forged their way into the West, their slow, dry humor and their hard headed attitude toward life. Millions will feel a personal loss when they pick up the paper and Rogers' comment is no longer there.

AFTER WORLDS COLLIDE

by EDWIN BALMER and PHILIP WYLE

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CHAPTER XII-Continued -19-

"They stayed with them as willing

little wives." "No stabbing after they found the way in and out?"

"No," said Shirley. "There's where the Sabine women were different."

Jack Taylor whistled softly. "So that's what you little girls were up to?" he said. "Perhaps it's just as well we came along. But they rather show us up, eh, Eliot?"

Dinner was a moody meal in the evening of that prolonged day. After dark, there were long, restless periods; and tonight Eliot James, Jack Taylor and Peter Vanderbilt, with two more of the younger men-Crosby and Whittington-met for a midnight discus-

Tony was not called to this informal council of his friends; nor was Ransdell; for Tony, though personally the same with all of them, yet was Chief of the Central Authority; he bore the responsibility; and if he forbade the enterprise on foot, his friends could scarcely proceed. So it was agreed not to let him know. And Ransdell, too-being charged with the security of the city-had better learn about the plan much later.

The five had gathered in Vanderbilt's quarters.

The place delighted Peter; it was on a roof but near an edge of the city where the shield sloped steeply down; so the roof there was not high, and was easily reached by foot.

Also it was especially well adapted for habitation in the present emergency when the heating apparatus prepared for the city had failed or rather, had been cut off. For the original builders had allowed for no such emergency; they had been dealing with elements respecting which they had no reason to allow for that factor of failure-the internal heat and radioactivity of the core of the plant. Stoppage of that was unthinkable; and so, to them, was the cutting of the power conduits to any of the cities. Therefore they had supplied no alternative heating arrangement.

As a consequence the present tenants had to employ the most primitive methods of keeping themselves warm in these lovely supercivilized chambers. They were driven to huild bonfires in some of the great halls; but they spared those of exceptional splen-

Peter Vanderbilt, being on the roof in his "penthodse," had contrived a chimney and a fireplace which gave him heat without much smoke or soot.

"Wonderful place you have, Peter." said Whittington, looking around. He had not visited it before, and he went about examining the metal panels of mountain, woodland, marsh and sea, all splendid in the colors of enamel paints baked on.

Vanderbilt asked him: "Are you complimenting me? All I've done is to choose it. . . . Do you know, not a thing was flecked or rubbed, not a thing was worn. The man who made it never used it."

"It seems so with most of the buildings," said Whittington. "It seems they must have gone on building them to complete their plan, after they knew they themselves would never fill them."

What else could they do," asked Eliot James, who had thought much about this, "while they waited? Could they just wait-for slow annihilation?" Nobody spoke after that, until Jack

Taylor put wood on the fire. "Did you hear, Peter," he questioned, "what those girls-Marian and Shirley

-were out to do?" "Yes," said Vanderbilt; and the five got immediately at the problem of how

to gain entrance and control of Gor-

"Seldel is in command, Von Beltz is sure," Ellot said. "Cynthia agrees that is most probable. He was pushing aside Morkey, who was nominally chief commissar-he called himself thatwhen Lady Cynthia escaped.

"Cynthia has told us, and Von Beltz has confirmed it, that the mixture on top is constantly afraid of what they call 'a rising of the serfs'-that is, the English. They guard against it. The English are allowed to gather-even for work-only in very small groups, and always under supervision."

"It looks like a set-up," observed Whittington, optimistically "if once we get in."

"There is a building which they call the Citadel," Jack Taylor said. held the offices of administration of the Old People. Seldel occupies it with his inner ring. If three of us could get in-or two of us-and kill ten of them-the ten top men, including Seidel-we'd-"

"What?"

"We'd at least be able to start something," Jack ended somewhat weakly. "But the two of you would have to kill the ten of them-and the top tenbefore you could really begin," said Peter Vanderbilt quietly. "How sim-

ple you make it seem! Jack Taylor swore, and then laughed. "We don't know what we could do, or what we'd have to do. But we do know this: some of us, somehow, have got to get into that city, and that Citadel of that city. Then we can trust Vanderbilt and Taylor turned, too, to God and what chances he may offer It was revolvers and knives and iron

us, we're going to get in! Agreed?" "Agreed!" said all voices, and Vanderbilt's was distinct among them.

"Now how? We've no chance to advance against them by air or on the ground, or under the ground from the direction of this city. We know they've got guarded all the conduits and passages which we've discovered; and probably some we don't know about. But would they guard the conduits from the other cities?'

"That's something, Jack! Say-" "See here. There's Danot-on the other side of them from us. They've a guard in there; we've nobody. They'd never look for us to come from that quarter. We get into Danot and go underground! We-"

That night was long but not long enough for the five conspirators.

Ransdell, on the evening of the third day later, reported to Tony:

"Five men have not returned-three of our best friends, Tony," he said, dropping formality. "Eliot, Jack Taylor and Peter Vanderbilt and Whittington and Crosby with them. They left, you know, in two 'larks' about two hours before dusk yesterday. They said they were only going to have a look around. I thought it was a good Iden; I told them to go."

"No word from them at all since?" Tony asked.

"Not a syllable. Marian Jackson is missing, too."

"She went with them?" "No. Entirely separately; and she went on the ground, not in the air The gate watch who let her go out-it was Cluett-was ashamed of himself and did not report it promptly. It appears that she drove to the gate in one of the small cars, and wheedled Cluett into letting her take a turn outside. It was near noon, and the sun was shining. He saw no harm and let her pass. Then she turned the battery on full, and streaked away."

"Which gate?" asked Tony briefly. "The northern gate. Duquesne's Porte de Gorfulu."

"She disappeared down that road?" "Yes. And the only word she left behind with the girls she knew was that she was tired of being cold; she thought she'd try being warm again. She commented, further, that she sees now she pried herself into the wrong

Tony nodded; he knew what that meant. Marian frequently reminded everybody that she hadn't been selected among the original company for either Hendron's or Ransdell's Space Ships; she had "pried herself into the party." Obviously, she meant she wished she had chosen the ship of the Asian Realists who now held the capital city,

"Probably," said Tony, "she went right on. But do you think the others were up to anything foolish?"

"I'm sure of it," Ransdell answered. "Why? Did they tell you?"

"Not me-Higgins. And he's just told me. Tony; they're dead now; or they're trying to get into Gorfulu from Danot. From what they told Higgins -who swore to keep it until tonightwe can't possibly help them now, except by being ready to respond to their signal that they're in Gorfulu and will have a gate open for us."

Tony rose excitedly.

"From what they told Higgins, and he told you, is the signal overdue?" "It is. Tony; that's the trouble. I

don't know in detail what those-those glorious idiots tried to do; but the signal, Tony, is overdue!" Four of them, at that moment, were

alive. Crosby was dead; they had his body with them. Of the four alive, not one was unwounded; and they were lying in the dark in the tube of the power-conduit between Danot and Gorfulu, and with both ends of the tube closed against them.

They had taken Danot; at least, they had surprised one gate and got in. For they had grounded their larks in the valley beyond Danot, and accomplished this in the twilight, unseen. Then they had crept to the western gate, surprised the guard and got in.

Two of the other side fell in this fight; and Crosby and Taylor were shot. Jack still could walk, but the others had to drag Crosby with them.

Once inside, they met their bit of luck-or they thought It that. Four men had been at the gate they surprised; and the two that fled separated. James and Whittington took after one of them, leaving Vanderbilt with the wounded men. The luck was that the man they pursued fled to the condult tube which supplied Danot from Gor-

They caught that man in the tube, overpowered him; and Whittington went back to gulde Taylor and Vanderbilt and help him with Crosby. Meanwhile, Eliot had found the work car which traveled in the tube beside the

great cables to the transformers. The five had hardly got into the tube, and Vanderbilt was helping Crosby to the car, when the man who had escaped led another group of the guard underground. Eliot and Whittington turned back to fight them; and

us. But first, and whatever's before | bars-anything was a weapon at close quarters.

Everybody was wounded; but the five got away on the car, with Crosby dying. Power was on; and lights were on. The whole tunnel was illuminated; and the track of the car in the huge conduit was clear.

CHAPTER XIII

There was a chance-a chance.

So Eliot opened the power wide, and they sped on-the four living men wounded, and one dead, on the car to catch by surprise the city that controlled the continent and which the enemy from earth held.

For two hours they traveled thus. Then-the lights were extinguished: the car rushed on in a Stygian cave. But the car's speed was slowing: the

power that propelled it was shut off. It dld no good for Eliot to thump the control; the power was gone; the car slid to a stop.

So there they lay underground in the tube, without light or food or water; one dead, four wounded. It seemed senseless; yet the only thing lef was for the wounded to crawl the rest of the way to the chief city held by the

Marian Jackson's situation was not in the least like theirs. Marian had driven by broad daylight to the chief gate of Gorfulu, and shown berself and begged admittance.

Marian was exceedingly good look ing; and the guard who parleyed with her had the good sense to take her at once to his superior, who knew that his business was to show her to Seldel.

Seidel spoke English; Marian's "line." as well as her appearance, pleased him. She pointed out that the American parties-both of them from both shipswere composed of fools. She congratulated herself that she had not been chosen by them to join them; she had made them take her.

This was true; and Seldel had learned that it was true, from his spies in the city. Marian was tired, she said, of ninnies from America who had chosen themselves to people this planet. They couldn't even keep themselves warm!

Seidel had Marian assigned to quarters close to his in the Citadel,

During the second day she got a good view of the local situation, learning, among other things, that Seidel had taken very clever measures to protect himself against the alwaysfeared uprising of the English "serfs" All the outer rooms surrounding his suite were equipped with sprays which, upon pressing a lever, spread stupefying and paralyzing gas-the same gas which the Midianites had used in the attack on Hendron's camp.

Also, Seidel had learned the use of klul. Indeed, he was addicted to klul, but he had let no one but the chemist who supplied him with the drug.

Seldel thought it would be very amusing to induct Marian into the uses of klul. It was most pleasant and effective, he had found, when breathed in a warm, almost steamy atmosphere. He liked to let it evaporate beside the bath, then to lie in the bath, breathing the klul-drenched air. He had a marvelous bath in his suite in the Citadel. The Ancient People had built a pool which could be heated to any tempera ture-a beautiful, enamel-tiled pool with gay decorations.

Seidel insisted that Marian swim with him alone in the lovely pool and breathe klul. He dismissed his attendants and led her in.

The klul, in its big basin, was rapidly evaporating in the warm, steamy air. Marian kept herself covered with a single garment like a kimono.

He ordered her to throw it off and bathe with him. She asked, first, to breathe more klul; and she pretended that she was very intoxicated.

She danced and delighted Seidel. who ordered her to throw off her garment and dive into the water with him "Why do you keep it clutched about you?" he demanded.

In a moment she showed him; for he tried to tear off the kimono, and she let go with her hand, which had been holding, under the cloth, a knife,

She stabbed him as he reached for her. She left the dagger in him as he staggered back. He cursed her, and found his alarm signal before he pulled out the knife, threw it at her-and

Marian heard them at the door. For a moment she was dizzy; perhaps the klul was affecting her. She picked up the knife, with which she had killed him, and armed herself with it again. Then she remembered the protection he had prepared for himself against the uprising of the serfs.

She pulled the lever that sprayed all the outer rooms with the stupefying gas-the rooms filled with his friends the most dependable and trustworthy of those who had supported him.

The signal promised by the five-if they succeeded-did not come to Hendron-Khorlu. It became longer and longer overdue,

At dawn Ransdell set out to fly toward the capital city and toward

Danot beyond it; but on the way he met another plane.

Ransdell swung about, and curiously yet keeping a cautious distance, pur sued the plane, which was making straight for Hendron-Khorlu.

It landed on the field outside the city; and Dave followed it down, Two men stepped out; and it was evident that the passenger was watching the pilot; the passenger was armed; the pilot was not.

Ransdell and Waterman, who was with him, approached the pair; and the passenger, forgetting his watch of the pilot, hurried to them.

"You're the Americans?" he hailed them in English; more, he spoke like an Englishman.

"Yes!" called Ransdell. "Who are "Griggsby-Cook! Once Major Griggs-

by-Cook, of the Royal Air forces!" "Where from?" challenged Ransdell wonderingly.

"Where from?" repeated the Englishman. "Out of slavery, I'd say! I came to tell you. We've taken over the city, since that girl of yours stabbed Seidel and gassed the rest of the ring! We've taken over the city!"

"Who?" demanded Ransdell; and answered himself: "Oh, you mean the English! Then Taylor and James and Vanderbilt and the five of them got

"The five?" repeated Griggsby-Cook. 'It was a girl that got in! She did for Seidel in his bath-like Charlotte Corday with Marat!

"Then she gassed a lot more. . . There was nothing to it when we got wind of that, and rose against them. say, we've quite taken over the city! buzzed off to tell you chaps."

"But the five-the five men that went from here?" Ransdell persisted.

"Know nothing of them!" said the Englishman. "Sorry."

Then no one spoke; but the four of them stared, as in the dim gray dawn, the great dome of Khorlu began glowing, and illumination showed in the

"The lights are coming on!" Ransdell exclaimed incrudulously.

"Yes," said the Englishman. "We were working at that; they hoped to get the power to you before I got here!"

It was only a little later that the same English engineers restored the power supply to Danot, which had been cut off for reasons unguessed, until they had searched the tunnel and found one dead and four wounded

Tony Drake, on entering the capital city, went first to the hospital rooms where Ellot and Jack Taylor and Whittington and Peter Vanderbilt lay. They would all "pull through," the English surgeon promised; but he could not say so much of others under his care; for the uprising had cost, on both sides, thirty lives; and ten more of the

wounded would not recover. But battle on Bronson Beta was over at least for the presents

They were gathered all together in Gorfulu; and they were going to have a great meeting to discuss and agree upon the form of government.

What was it to be? Some suggested an alternate dictatorship, like the consuls of the Roman republic, with an American consul alternating in power with an English. Others declared as positively that all rivalries and jealousies of the shattered earth should be forever banished

There were a score of other schemes. And more debate than ever before on nanners and morals-especially about marriage. Should there be laws for love? Cast off conventions and taboos! All right; try to get along without

Tony retired to the lovely apartment provided in the capital city for Eve and himself; he was very tired. The day had been dark and long, and outside the shield of the city, very cold.

It was neither dark not cold within; for the power plant more than supplied needed heat and light. The peoole were provided with every material

"And today," said Tony to his wife, "we ascertained beyond possible question that this planet stays with the sun. Today we passed aphellon, and have definitely begun to approach the sun again. Life here will go on,"

"Our life together, Tony!" He kissed her more tenderly for his

child within her. "I've not dared think too much ofour son. Eve. But now it seems certain he'll come into a world where he can live. But what strange, strange things, my dear, he is sure to see!" [THE END.]

Poplar Tree Is Beaver's

Favorite Along Streams

Beavers are as easy to raise as sheep or pigs. They are more profitable and give less trouble. The beaver flourishes wherever the poplar grows, and was once very much at home all over the continent from the Mexican border north, excepting only the deserts of the south and the sub-arctic barrens. For the native it was an important source of food and warm clothing, and the value of its pelts was responsible for attracting the advance guard of civilization. For a century the beaver skin was the standard of value among the dwellers of the frontler.

As engineers their architectural ingenuity is sufficient to enable them to withstand their natural enemies, the bear, the wolf, the bob-cat, the wolverine and the otter. But they are not nearly so intelligent as it is generally supposed. In fact they are so easily trapped as to be the most difficult an-

imals to protect. In their wild condition they are friendly and sociable among themselves, but regard other beavers and all other living things as enemies.

Amazing Catalogue of Crimes Committed for Possession of Salt, Through the Ages

death, asserts a writer in the Bir- used by Romans, Greeks and Jews in mingham (Eng.) Weekly Post.

There are few people who have not heard something of the colorful. crime-laden histories of certain famous jewels. Yet never a crime has been committed for the sake of a jewel, but a worse crime has been committed for the sake of salt.

Torture, bloodshed, hate. Medieval justice and modern science, Greed of taste, greed of money, greed of power. Emblem of purity-and potent cause of evil.

All these and more help to make the story of salt.

The fact that humans could not live without salt gave rise to the cruel choice offered by medieval Eu ropean justice to certain men condemned to die.

These men were allowed to choose between immediate execution and a month in prison coupled with an entirely free-of-salt diet. If, at the end of that time they still lived, they might go free.

But man cannot live without salt Except for a few cases, the victims succumbed-more miserably than if they had met death boldly by the headsman's ax.

Down through the ages the bloodstained romance of salt has slowly been weaved.

To this day men are being tortured to death in African salt mines. Standed in a desert from which escape is impossible, these wretched slaves, incredibly shriveled and old. labor day after day with only the barest supply of water. With rasp ing, salt-laden skins, sore eyes, and utterly miserable, they sink gladly into early graves-killed by the very salt without which they could not

Yet in other parts of Africa, salt is 'so scarce and so highly prized men have sold their wives and familles for a moderate supply. Children will cast away their sugarcanes in order to seize eagerly on a grain or two of salt. In such places, mur-

der has been done for a bag of salt. But if we move to yet another part of Africa among the Arabs, to eat of a man's salt is to form a most sacred and honored bond between guest and host. Salt, here, is a not to-be-dishonored symbol.

The use of salt as a symbol of a contract or covenant that must not be dishonored is very old. It is mentioned in the Bible in this connection in Numbers 18:19. "A covenant of salt for ever. . . similar quotation may be found in Chron. 13:15, "Sacred promises, these -not to be broken."

Salt was-and to some extent still

MOTORCYCLE PAINTS MARKER

Painting traffic markers as it moves along the street or highway, a motorcycle with a sidecar is being used for painting and renewing the white road lines in an English city. Inside the sidecar is a tank from which a canvas-covered wheel takes up the paint. The wheel is lowered on the road and rotated by the movement of the cycle, thus spreading a white line. A revolving brush sweeps away dust and dirt,-Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Drop in Radium Value

The price of radium, roughly estimated at \$3,000,000 an ounce, is due to decline in value like a sinking ship if installations of powerful X-ray tubes throughout the world for the treatment of cancer prove to be even moderately successful as a millionvolt tube developed in California.

Cat Likes to Travel Tommy, a cat which makes his

at 20c. Recommended by thousands of physicians. All good druggists headquarters in the restaurant of the carry them. Start using these pleasant tasting effective wafers today. station in Carlisle, England, likes to travel on trains.

The salt of life is also that of | is-an emblem of purity. It was their sacrifices. In the New Testament, Matt. 5:13, Christ tell his disciples they are "the salt of the earth . . ." at the some time warning them not to fall from grace, for ". . . if the salt has lost his savor, wherewith shall it be salted?"

Even now, because Satan is supposed to hate and fear its purity. salt is sometimes put into a coffin. Salary nowadays means a fixed periodical payment in return for certain services. Originally, however, the word meant salt rations, and is derived from a Latin word meaning

Ancient Roman soldiers and civil servants were served rations of salt and other necessaries, the whole lot going by the general name of "salt." Later on, when money was substituted for the actual rations, the old name stuck.

In parts of New Guinea sait is used as money.

And so the amazing story goes on. Good and evil. Health and sickness. Cruelty, honor, greed, purity, murder. The salt of life-and death.

Week's Supply of Postum Free Read the offer made by the Postum Company in another part of this paper. They will send a full week's supply of health giving Postum free to anyone who writes for it.-Adv.

Use of the Reindeer

In Europe and Asia, reindeer have been domestic animals of the Arctic for many centuries, but in Alaska the Eskimos had no tame reindeer until recent times.



WONDER CREAM WIPES AWAY BLACKHEADS — DULL, DINGY SKIN

All you do is this: (1) At bedtime spread a thin film of NADINOLA spread a thin film of NADINOLA Cream over your face—no massaging, no rubbing. (2) Leave on while you sleep. (3) Watch daily improvement—usually in 5 to 10 days you will see a marvelous transformation. Freckles blackheads disappear; dull coarsened skin becomes creamy-white, satinsmooth, lovely! Fine results positively guaranteed with NADINOLA—tested and trusted for nearly two generations. At all toilet counters, only 50c. Qr write NADINOLA, Box 41, Paris, Tenn.

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Let's be frank-there's only one way for your body to rid itself of the waste material that causes acidity, gas, headaches, bloated feelings

dozen other and Your intestines must function and the way to make them move quick ly, pleasantly, successfully, without griping or harsh irritants is to chew a Milnesia Wafer thoroughly, in ac cordance with directions on the bottle or tin, then swallow.

Milnesia Wafers, pure milk of magnesia in tablet form, each equivalent to a tablespoon of liquid milk of magnesia, correct acidity, bad breath, flatulence, at their source, and enable you to have the quick, pleasapt, successful elimination so necessary to abundant health, Milnesia Wafers come in bottles

at 35c and 60c or in convenient tins

A TIME SAVER

Prepare biscuit or muffin dough when convenient. Set in cool place and bake hours later if you wish. You save time in using

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Issued every Friday, Baird, Texas

Entered as Second Class Matter, December 8, 1887, at the Post Office in Baird, Texas, under the Act of 1879.

> ELIZA GILLILAND Editor and Publisher

HAYNIE GILLILAND Associate Editor

ments Explained By Secretary of State

For the convenience of those voters, and we suspect there are many of them, who did not take the trouble to make a study of the proposed a-State, The summaries state clearly State Gerald Mann. the contents of each amendment, with no arguments as to their merits.

to study these amendments before would be stricken out by adoption of as the court might deem proper. In ment is the fact that it proposes to going to the polls, in order to be able to vote intelligently on these important subjects.

Proposed Amendment No 1 OLD AGE PENSIONS

State, Gerald C. Mann.

The Old Age Penson Amendment local option elections. eligible must have lived in Texas at wise. least 5 years, during the nine immedi- It is well to remember, Secretary State continously for one year.

however: but not larger.

It is estimated that the cost of this constitution. pension to the State would run between forty and fifty million dollars annually. No provision is made to the legislature to determine where the money would come from. Tte ligislature would have to enact such laws as it deemed proper to utilize the right some from. The ligislalature might do this at once, or some time later-or for that matter, not at all. The amendment is permissive is adopted in August.

Propoed Amendment No. 2

with the temporary commitment of ture. by jury.

The proposed, according to Secre- around it to make it difficult to change

serving such persons. The provisions would apply only The 44th legislature submitted thir nal offense.

HE-THE EST. and the latter

ticular case of insane persons a con-Constitutional Amend- finement period of ninety days for Proponents claim that if this amend the State to supply free text books

Proposed Amendment No. 3 Repeal of Liquor Prohibition

following concise summaries, which 3 on the ballot—the repeal of prohi- any other destrictions. following concise summaries, which are furnished by the Department of State Coreld Morn

We suggest that our readers avail transportation of alcoholic liquors the right to suspend sentences and Probably the most important and themselves of this last opportunity (except 3.2 beer. This prohibition place defendants on such probation less publicized provisions of this amend the repeal amendment.

> cally prohibits the return of the If those restrictions or limitations apportionment of school funds on some the legislature to define the term have the authority to have the defen tion. "open saloon."

> the authority to pass laws regulating and reclaim many of them for society. this was to be done, if this amendment

nals, nor inmates of any State sup- dry now-at least until local option impose othed conditions. ported institution. Those who are elections were held to determine other

ately preceding application and in the Mann points out, that there will be an election next year in November All other restrictions and limit- to determine whether the State shall ations would have to be set up by the sell liquor through a State monopoly system If the repeal amendment is The amendments authorized the adopted in August, the State MAY legislature to accept money from the establish a State control and monopofederal government for the same pur- ly system. If the repeal amendment pose. It is presumed that federal funds is defeated in August, it will in ef- salaries and the theory was that an would match State funds. The maxi- fect be submitted again in November official was entitled to "all he could mum amount to be paid by the State 1936, in the State monopoly amend. make". Since the senate committee would be \$15 per person per month, ment which says the State SHALL discovered and revealed the malprac It is presumed that the federal govern have a liquor monopoly. To retain tices existing under the system there ment would match State funds. The the present dry status both the Autotal pension per person per month gust 24th amendment and he Novem in this case it is persumed would be ber, 1936, amendment must be de-\$30. The amounts might be smaller, feated Passage of either will repeal the present prohibition section of the

Proposed Amendment No 4 Submission of Amendments at Special Sessions of the Legislature

every two years.

the August 24th election would re- a salary basis if they so desire. The and not mandatory, through few doubt Nise the constitution to permit the amendment does not specifically state that some form of old age pensions submission of amendments at spe- who shall set the salaries of such would be enacted if the amendment cial sessions It is pointed out that officials in this case. cessary for the Texas voters to vote on a salary basis. Temporary Commitment of Insane on an emergency measure at a time, The amendment provides that fees Proposition No. 2 on the August when the regular session of the legis shall continue to be collected as at 24th special election ballot has to do lature is quite far distant in the fu present but they will go to the county

mentally ill person to an institution thought are at variance here. The one fee system. for treatment or observation without believing that the constitution should been pointed out that this is often emergency cases, and the other that very inconvenient and embarrassing, every safeguard should be placed

tary of State Gerald C. Mann, if pas- If the proposed amendment is adopsed, would authorize the legislature ted the legislature in any special ses to pass such laws as would permit sion can submit proposed amendments mentally ill persons to be confined by to the voters-previded such amendcounty courts in institutions, presum- ments are submitted by the Governor ably, or under the care of physicians for the legislature's consideration. If or experts for a period of ninety days the amendment is rejected the present prior to a jury trial. It is presumed system will obtain; that is, constituthat the ninety day period of confine tional amendments can be submitted ment would be for the purpose of ob- to the people only at the regular sessions of the legislature.

to persons not charged with a crimi- teen amendments to the voters-seven in August of this year and six in The amendment specifically sets out November of 1936. These were all that right of trial by jury shall re- submitted during the regular session, main inviolate, but that in the par- Under the proposed change the 44th

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might yet submit additional amendments for the voters' consideration,

Proposed Amendment No. 5 Suspended Sentence or Probation Amendment

the August 24th election reads: "For rochial schools. (and against the amendment to the State constitution authorizing the sent time provides that the State is courts to place defendants on proba- without authority to furnish free text

observation may be prescribed with- ment is passed, many who are now to all schools, private and parochial, out the necessity of a jury trial. At sent to the penitentiary for first of- Proposed Amendment would permit the end of that time a jury trial would fenses will be permitted to enjoy sus Such text books it is presumed, to be pended senences under restrictions of the same as used in the public schools the court.

Probably chief interest in the convicted of a felony-that is, a crime However, this point is merely one mendments to the Constitution of the August 24th special election on the punishable by confinement in the peni of the claims made and has not been mendments to the Constitution of the Seven proposed constitutional amend- tentiary. The judge or court has no substantiated by the Secretary of on tomorrow, we are publishing the ments will center on Proposition No. control nor can it set up or impose State. Advocates point out that they

The constitution, at present, pro- if passed, it would permit the legisla- least the State can do is to supply hibits the sale, manufacture, and ture to pass laws giving the courts the text books free. other words the court could suspend rewrite section 5 of article seven of The proposed amendment specifi- sentences subject to certain limitations the constitution so as to permit the open saloon-and it would be up to were not observed tre court would other basis than scholastic populadant committed to the penitentiary. For many years there has been The first proposition to be found No machinery is set up for the without further ado. Many courts now considerable agitation in certain quar on the ballot in the August 24th sale of liquor. The legislature would refuse to grant suspended sentences ters to abolish the "school census" special election on constitutional a- have the authority to determine just for the reason that they have no con or scholastic population system of ap mendments is the so-called Old Age who and just how liquor is to be trol over the defendant after the same portioning school funds and substi-Pension Amendment. This year, for sold. This could be done by State is gdanted. It is pointed out that this tute in lieu thereof "average attenthe first time, the amendments will be monopoly or through private chan- would prevent many first offenders dance" basis or some other basis. The numbered, according to Secretary of nels. The legislature also would have from having to go to the penitentiary legislature would determine just how

If a suspended sentence is given is adopted. proposes to gve the legilature the a- If the amendment is adopted, all under the present law the only limi- If adopted this proposed amenduthority to pay these pensions to per- counties, cities and precincts that tation is that the defendant must not ment No. 7. would mean, in effect: sons over the age of 65, who are not were dry in 1919 when statewide be convicted of a felony. The court (1) That the State would furnish free habitual drunkards nor habitual crimi- prohibition was adopted would be has no control over him nor can it text books to pupils in all the schools

Proposed Amendment No. 6 Abolishing Fee System for Paying Officials

Two years ago a senate investigation committee discovered a number of flagrant abuses of the fee system as practiced in Texas for recompens ing certain public officials. The Oce into the Texas constitution to pay has been a demand for a constitutiona, change on this score, according to

Secretary of State Gerald C. Mann. Proposed amendment No. 6 on the ballot provides that the fee system as a method of paying certain precinct, county and district officials shall be abolished in counties having 20,000 or more population according to the last federal census. The legis lature will if the amendment is adop At present the legislature can sub ted, set the salaries for the officials mit proposed changes in the consti now receiving fees in such counties. tution only at regular sessions-held In counties of under 20,000 population the commissioners' courts may put Proposal No 4 on the ballot for their county and precinct officials on

in emergency cases, particularly on If this amendment is adopted all relief matters, that it might be ne- district officers must be cimpensated

instead of the officer. The evident pur insane persons, preliminary to a trial. The original purpose of the pro- pose of this amendment is to place visions which makes submission possi as many public officials on straight Under the present constitution ble only at regular sessions was to salaries as is possible and thus abolwhereby everyone is granted a jury make the fundamental law hard to ish, insofar as is possible the paytrial, it is impossible to commit a amend and change. Two schools of ment of official through the present



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Proposed Amendment No. 7 Free Texa Books For Private And Parochial Schools

Amendment No. 7 on the ballot for the August 24th election would per mit the State to supply free text Proposition No. 5 on the ballot of books to all schools, private and pa-

> The Texas constitution at the pre books to other than public schools.

Advocates of this amendment state The only restriction under the pre-that this would entail no additional sent suspended sentence law is the expense because the State now purfact that the defendant must not be chases more books than are necessary pay taxes to support schools but that who have studied the amendment that to private or parochial schools the

of Texas; and (2) That a new basis for apportioning school funds other

ABILENE NEWS.REPORTER than the scholastic census basis, could Distributed twice daily in Baird. See me or phone No. 100 for delivery of be set up Cliff Johnson.

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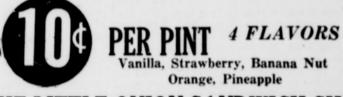
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Reading writing rithmetic

Demand GOOD

NOT THIS WAY



wate and improper righting conditions cause near-sight

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More than half the boys and girls who fail in their studies have defective vision!

That puts it squarely up to parents to provide proper lighting conditions for study and reading. For poor lighting is the chief cause of eye strain and near-sightedness, in children.

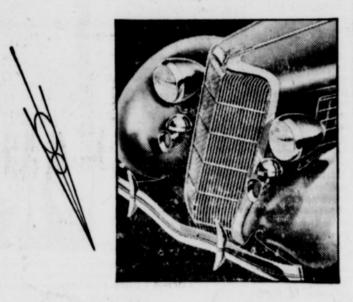
If your child holds his book abnormally close to his eyes when reading, or if he squints, or complains of headaches . . . beware!

To make sure that your child will have proper lighting when the duties of the new school year arrive, let one of our representatives make a free survey of your home. The sightmeter will tell you the results. Your local office will be glad to tell you when our lighting representative is available.

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Lodies 10c Gents 35c Every Thurs. & Sat. Nights

Mrs. Bob Neel is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Allman and Mr. and Mrs. Thurman Allman

Mrs. J. L White has returned home after spending the weekend with Mrs. Bill Avery of Abilene.

Mrs. J. M. Reynolds, Miss Hazel and Sterling have returned from Arizona and New Mexico where they spent the summer.

Rev. Geo. B. Ely and daughter Mrs Bell Batin of Clyde spent Friday in Baird attending to business and visiting old friends.

Mrs. G. W. Johnson from Westmor land, Calif, and Mrs. E. D. Allman of Wingate, Texas have returned home after spending the week end with rela tives here

Miss Marie Loven of Denton Valley returned Monday from Midland where she visited her aunt, Mrs. L. E. Floyd and is visiting her grandparents Judge and Mrs. J. H. Carpenter.

Mr. and Mrs. Retz Dallas and Mr. and Mrs. J. D Dallas have moved to Leuders where they are working with Ungren & Frazier, drilling contractors

Shoe repairing, harness repairing leather saddle strings, harness and saddles for sale. Prices right. See me before you buy. E. B. Mills, the on leg guy, located just south of the cour

ago from the eastern markets where he biught fall and winter goods for the Jones Dry Goods, New goods are arriving every day and are being

W. D. Boydstun returned Wednes- a car. day from Dallas where he bought goods for his dry goods store. The a tonselectomy patient yesterday. new goods have arrived and are now

placed on display.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hughes and lectomy patient Monday. two children Johnsie Mae and Mike and Mr. Mike Hughes of Baird have selectomy patient Wednesday. returned from a three weeks visit Little Ethel Kendrick of Denton with friends and relatives in Indiana Valley was a tonselectomy patient Fri Sunday. and Illinois and other points.

school at Hardin-Simmons Universi- cranking a car. ty. Greer will enter Baylor Dental College, at Dallas in September.

Miss Iya Lou Malphurs of Breckenridge is the guest of Miss Mary Jo Hart this week. Misses Hart and Malphurs are class mates in Abilene Christian College.

W. A. West, Petroleum Engineer and Geologist with the Oscar Pyron Oil Co., who are drilling a well on the Wm. Boyd farm 3 1-2 miles east of Putnam, was in Baird on business

Mrs. Linwood Hayes returned to her home in Breckenridge yesterday after a visit with her mother, Mrs. J. E. Gilliland and family. She was accompanied home by her little nieec Charitye Gilliland and Betty Mc Coy Mr. and Mrs. Hayes returned Wednes day of last week from a two months visit with Mr. Hayes' parents in Ala-

Judge B. L. Russel returned Wednesday morning from Austin where he attended a meeting of the Highway Commission. Judge Russell in company with Fred Cook of Putnam State Senator W. B. Collie and Judge Melburn M Carty of Eastland and others from Ranger and Strawn went before the commission urging the com pletion of Highway 89-the Ranger-Weatferford cut-off which is all fin ished except the placing of the hard surface and the people of this section are urging the completion of the road which is a short cut from this section to the Fort Worth markets saving something like two hours run or thirty miles on a trip to Fort Worth for truckers from this section.

W. B. Jones returned a few days Griggs Hospital News

Mrs. Clyde Johnson is a patient suffering from a rattle snake bite on able to leave the hospital Saturday the ankle. Mrs. Johnson was bitten Saturday night as she stepped from

Miss Ruby Saddler of Rowden was tonselectomy patient Monday.

Cecil Jones, Rowden was a tonse

Greer Holmes has returned from tient Thursday night for adjustment an illness of two weeks.

Oplin was a tonselectomy patient trip to points on the Pacific coast.

H. Schwartz was a hospital patient

Mrs. Fred Maner and baby boy were

Mrs. Ault who had major surgery

last week is convalescing.

Thurman Nooseman of Clyde who has been a patient for sometime was Sterling Reynolds of Baird was a able to leave the hospital Wednesday. Judson Russel of Cisco has been a patient this week for treatment of

Miss Grace Loper, Clyde, was a ton which he was working bursted pain fully lacerating his face. Colonel Dyer was an X-Ray patient

injuries received when a gas line on

Mrs. R. F. Mayfield was able to Henry Martin of Putnam was a pa leave the hospital Saturday following

Abilene where he attended summer of a broken forearm sustained when Jimmie Maltby of Rowden, a medi cal patient is considerable improved.

Joe Ross Milliorn, 4 years old of Joe Allphin has returned from a

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One single illness to a member of your family will cost you far more in money and suffering than the few dollars you will spend for adequate heat to combat winter colds. So look over your heating equipment now. Some might need repairing. Some might need replacing altogether with modern equipment. Whatever it takes, do it now, for August is the opportune time to buy advantageously modern gas heating equipment. For your health's sake, heat your entire home.

Fight Colds with Gas Circulated Heat



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COMMENTS ON CURRENT TOPICS BY NATIONAL GHARACTERS

ESSENTIAL TO RECOVERY

By DR. J. A. DE HAAS Of Harvard University.

T IS becoming more and more evident that in our attempt to reconstruct the world after the war we have chosen the wrong path. Our only excuse is that it was not realized at the time that states are no longer primarily political units but economic units.

Many countries have indeed achieved a measure of recovery, but evidences can be observed on every hand that the limits of recovery in isolation have already been reached.

Great Britain has made a marvelous omeback, but her recovery is entirely based upon a reorganization and belated modernization of industries, and in the latter part of 1934 recovery began to slow down in that country.

The test now lies before Great Britain. It will be found in her success or failure to find markets for her products which are now produced more economically. Without them, the millions still unemployed will remain unemployed.

Germany, Italy, France, practically every country in Europe, also has reached the limit of recovery in isolation. The answer is obvious: recovery through international co-operation only is possible.

NEW DEAL INEVITABLE

By EDWARD A. FILENE Boston Merchant.

WHATEVER happens to the Roosevelt administration, whatever congress does, whatever the Supreme court says, we may rest assured that America is going to have some kind of New Deal. Business especially will never again be done as it was in the years previous to 1929. This would be impossible because the old conditions no longer exist and any government which is organized as well as any business which is organized must plan in relation to the new conditions regardless of how much we may prefer the old.

This is true throughout the world. Wherever conditions have changed sufficiently to make some new deal necessary there have been new deals. Some from my viewpoint have been very unfortunate deals and some that have been exceedingly autocratic have caused very many observers to conclude that the days of democracy are about over and that the world is turning to die tatorships.

SUSTAINING THE FRANC By JEAN TANNERY, Governor, Bank of France.

FE ARE resolved to defend the franc against every at-We possess the means and consider it our duty. The success of our efforts should prepare the way to facilitate measures of wider importance. After economic restoration and the resumption of normal commercial relations between our peoples should come a general stabilization of moneys. Heralding the end of the depression, this stabilization would be the surest method of causing a real and durable rise in prices. It would re-establish security, for from the moment that the different moneys that are now unstable should become definitely fixed, the business leaders in setting their prices would no longer be obliged to take the exchange factor into account. They would no longer have to fear that unexpected monetary fluctuation would come and upset all their calculations,

ABOLITION OF SUBS

By SIR BOLTON EYRES-MONSELL First Lord of British Admiralty.

REICHSFUEHRER HITLER did say in his speech of May 27 that Germany was ready to abolish submarines if the other countries would do the same, and this willingness was reaffirmed by the delegates from Berlin during the recent Anglo-German naval talks.

But it had long been known that Britain also was willing to abelish submarines and had pressed for their elimination by international agreement at the Washington Naval conference and ever since. This fact that the British views on the subject were in accord with Germany's was called to the attention of Hitler's representatives. But it was also recognized by both sides in the London naval negotiations : that :other : powers, including France and Japan, had not yet consented to abandon undersea craft,

TREND OF PRICES

By DR. GEORGE F. WARREN rnell Professor and Monetary Adviser to Administration.

JUST as I believed that the price level that prevailed before the depression could not hold, so I now believe that there is no probability of prices in gold returning to any such level.

I have seen no sound reasons presented for anticipating that the longtime relationships of value have permanently changed; that is, I anticipate that the long-time value of gold relative to the value of other commodities will continue to be in proportion to the relative supplies of gold compared with the supplies of other commodities bu: that extremely violent fluctuations in the value of gold will occur.

"QUOTES" Halt Tax Tricks of Superwealth

Aim of Roosevelt Administration; No Disposition to Ruin Real Wealth

By EARL GODWIN

ASHINGTON, D. C .- Lobbyists against the administration tax bill cry that it would crack the economic structure of the country, but the thing that impressed me was the story told by Robert H. Jackson, treasury tax expert. He showed that with all the massed weaith in the United States, there is a dangerously large section of American families with less than enough wealth to get along on, a very narrow class of Americans who just make the grade; and a dangerous and growing concentration of wealth among a very few.

Those are symptoms leading to trouble. They are not relieved at all by the trend of taxes which are moving away from the class able to pay and toward the class which is just able to make the grade. All Roosevelt wants to do is to put the tax burden more equitably on the American people.

As the bill passed the house it would raise \$250,000,000; it may be changed by the time it gets to the President for signature, but \$250,000,-000 is not a tax that will crack the economic structure of the country, unless it is added as a further burden on the purchasing power of the great mass of the people.

There is no disposition in this tax program to ruin real wealth or kill the goose that lays the golden egg, or to do anything else foolish. It is apparent that superwealth has ways and means of avoiding the proper proportion of tax, and the administration wants to correct that, in addition to making a step toward the balancing of the budget. Don't you remember how the senate found out that certain Wall streeters had discovered a way of selling their property to someone in the family in such manner as to make it appear that they had suffered a loss and thus escape income taxes in years when they made actual millions? Well, that trick has been outlawed, and from that section of the community the government has collected \$400,000,000 in income taxes heretofore evaded. But even with this inequality corrected there has been a dangerous shift of the tax burden from the well-to-do toward the army of folks who can just barely make the

· This is a dangerous trend and must be corrected or there will be real trouble.

Right now there is an organized attempt, and very successful, to scare people into the belief that the tax bill will wreck industry and stop the mills, thereby shutting off the payrolls which in turn will cause widespread poverty. There is no such ruination within miles of the administration's tax bill; but there will be ruination if the bill passes with any added burden on the mass by taxing the perple's ability to consume. That is the favorite proposal of large interests, and it sounds good; but it lays a heavler proportionate burden on the small man and is socially unsound. Take the gas tax which runs up as high as eight cents a gallon. That is a tax on consumption and it imposes a heavy burden on the fellow trying to scrape along with a car, making a few hundred dollars a year, while it is nothing at all to the hundred thousand dollar a year man with a whole fleet of pleasure cars.

Tax experts have pointed out that in 1933, the year that organized federal relief became necessary in order to feed 20,000,000 people, the number of individuals with incomes of \$1,000, 000 or more a year aplece increased from 20 to 50. They point out too, that large incomes from fortunes in this country have a tendency to grow larger with each year. It is not necessarily true any more that a family goes from shirtsleeves to shirtsleeves in one generation; nor that a grandchild can spend all a grandfather can make and save. Trust companies and legal lights now know how to keep the family fortune growing faster than spendthrift heirs can get rid of it. These things are true, according to treasury figures, despite the stock market crash of 1929 which ruined so many wealthy people.

The administration tax program offers a lower tax rate to smaller corporations and a high rate to the elephants of business, like the United States Steel corporation, Standard Oil companies, and the American Telephone and Telegraph company. The same trend toward concentration appears among the corporations. Treasury figures show that 53 per cent of corporate wealth is owned by 618 corporations, which is only one-fifth of 1 per cent of all the business corporalons in the country.

A CHEERFUL NOTE

On one of those torrid weekends which make Washington a steaming caldron, I jumped into the old automobile and motored high up into the mountains of West Virginia to spend a couple of days in Representative Jennings Randolph's congressional district, which is practically all mountains and valleys through which run the real investigation should be our rivers of rare beauty. There, in a ability to run the place. tiny "hollow" as they call it, in the

mountains, we stopped at a country store where they take eggs and farm produce for money and let the customer work it out in trade. It was far off the main highway, and we fell to talking to the storekeeper's wife. who was in high spirits.

"We have been here thirteen years." she said, "and we have made good. Now that they have put a hard surface on route 28 we are going down to Hyre's Rocks and build a new store and three or four cabins for campers and fishermen. There is going to be a lot of new activity here now that the government has opened up this territory."

So different from the doleful moans of the politicians around here who are trying to make believe the government has done nothing for anyone.

HELPS PRIVATE INDUSTRY

Electric light company lobbyists have been complaining that the government is treading on the toes of private utilities especially because of TVA. This is the vast government experiment in publicly owned power plants in the inland empire known as the Tennessee valley, against which power companies have been fighting bitterly ever since the Muscle Shoals dam was built for the production of war time nitrates.

But a glance at some of the recent reports down there shows that the TVA in promoting the use of electric appliances has helped private industry. The Tennessee Electric Power company, private corporation in the heart of the Tennessee valley, has just received the Edison Electric institute award because it has established "one of the most remarkable sales increases in power in the history of the electrical industry."

This Tennessee Power company reduced rates and went in for a tremendous drive to sell low-priced electric appliances, which were financed through a government financing agency known as the Electric Farm and Home Authority. In ten weeks it had sold 6,700 electrical refrigerators, stoves and water heaters, which was onefourth as many as it had sold in the previous 12 years!

This is a good example of what this government is trying to do with its various electrical experiments-get private industry to expand and let the mass of people have the benefit of the enormous power supply at cheap rates. TVA is being built to show just what can be done; but if enough privately owned companies get a move on and do the thing themselves, this government will be satisfied.

Meanwhile the President has granted the new Rural Electrification administration, under Morris L. Cooke, \$200,000,000 to extend electrical power into rural areas by loans to farmer cooperatives and other units which will undertake rural electrification

NOTHING TO LAUGH OFF

Rhode Island, always a political enigma, filled a vacancy in the house by sending to Washington, a Republican with a rousing majority from a district which had spreviously sent a Democrat. There, was a change from Democrat to Republican of 33,000 votes -nothing to laugh off, Republicans cheered; said it indicated the trend of national opinion, just as an off year election in Michigan in 1931 sent a Democrat to congress from a rock ribbed Republican district. Next year the whole country went Democratic.

But there were internal troubles in the Rhole Island Democratic party which worked to the advantage of the Republican candidate for congress. In the Democratic party of Pawtucket, Rhode Island, for instance, only 2,200 votes were cast out of 35,000 registered voters.

Republican leaders here were quick to charge their victory to Rhode Island's antipathy to the processing tax. My investigation leads me to believa that the processing taxes had little to do with it; but that the campaign was a fight between two men. In fact I am told that Mr. Risk, the successful candidate, was surprised at his own election. He had been a law partner of former Representative Frank B. Condon of Rhode Island, a great Democrat, and on more than one occasion appealed for votes on the fact that he had been associated with Condon.

RULING THE COLONIES

We paid \$25,000,000 for the tiny Danish West Indies, changed the name back to the original "Virgin Islands"; and have used them continuously since 1917 as a complete demonstration of American inability in colonial government. We try to run our colonial possessions by Yankee political methods, introducing the Yankee uplift and American business efficiency and fail utterly. If there ever was truth in the saying that "the least governed people are the best governed people," it is true in the case of colonies owned by large countries. Rome excelled in that sort of thing in her day; England excels in it today; but Uncle Sam appears to be the prize dunce of the world when it comes to running a poor little group of islands with fewer people than the average Middle West county. There are less than 25,000 people on the Virgin Is-

President Hoover couldn't do anything with the islands; sent a college president named Paul Pearson down there, who has tried to uplift the natives in true American fashion; he remained there during the Roosevelt administration until a few weeks ago when he and the Island Judge, T. Weber Wilson, were swept out by Roosevelt who was tired of hearing nothing but political bickering. Both men were given fine Jobs here in Washington. Investigations will follow but

C Western Newspaper Union.

Shirtwaist Frock Simple and Chic

PATTERN 2212



It seems that girls will be girls this season-even in the field of sports! And most welcome, too, is the return to femininity in clothes. That flattering quality is most often achieved through the softness of gathers (as you see in this yoke) or easy freedom of line (like the pleated sleeve with its casual air!) But every important tailored detail is retained making the shirtwaist frock so universally becoming! See how trim the collar-how neat the front closing-how simple the pocket! Make yours of sport silk or cotton.

Pattern 2212 is available in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and Size 16 takes 3% yards 36 inch fabric. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.

SEND FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) to coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURM TO STATE SIZE.

Address orders to the Sewing Circle Pattern, Department, 243 West Seventeenth Street New York City.



IN GOOD CONSCIENCE

"What are you going to say when the congress meets?'

"I am going to avoid the complications of world economics," answered Senator Sorghum, "and concentrate and simple justice-votes for Washington, D. C."

Free for All

"What are your ideas for a campalgn?"

"Sharing the wealth," said Senator Sorghum. "I'd even go so far as to demand free radio time for everybody."

Distribution

"Do you favor lotteries?" "No," answered Senator Sorghum, "They are a means of distributing wealth.'

"But they don't change the finan-cial system. Those who take the rake-off still hold the advantage."

Beryl-The man I marry must be a hero. Rupert-Oh, you're not as bad as



"Dutch Girl" String Holder for Kitchen

By GRANDMOTHER CLARK

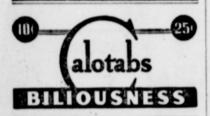


As a decorative hanger for the kitchen, this little girl will add another smile to your home. It's an attractive string holder and costs only a few cents and a little spare time. An acceptable gift novelty, and after you make up one you will want more of these Dutch Girls to

This package No. A 1 contains stamped material ready to be cut out, also died out girl's head and shoes printed in colors on heavy board. This material and directions how to make it up will be mailed to you for 15c for one package or four packages for 50c. Address Home Craft Co., Dept. A, 19th and St. Louis Ave., St. Louis, Mo. Enclose a stamped addressed envelope for reply when writing for any information.

Modern Architecture

A British firm of instrument mak ers has turned out a metal instrument which can be used at the location of an unbuilt house to show which rooms will be sunny and which will not.



All Understand

You can't dismiss the human race simply by calling it slow in under-

MOSQUITOES inject Poison

Mosquitoes live on human blood. Before she can draw your blood, however, the mosquito must first thin it by injecting a poison. Thus mosquitoes annoy—are dangerous, spread serious disease epidemics. Don't take chances. Kill mosquitoes, flies, spiders with FLY-TOX—proved best by 10,000 tests.

Accept no substitutes...demand



NEWEST MOST MODERN HOTEL IN THE HEART OF EVERYTHING II Outside Rooms—RADIO—TUB SHOWER—Ice Water in each om—3 Restaurants—Famous Green

WE PAY CASH BEESWAX St. Louis Candle & Wax Co., St. Louis, Mo



in all of its forms, but

A Good General Tonic

which stimulates the appetite and helps restore the strength.

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WNU-L

Watch Your Kidneys!

Be Sure They Properly Cleanse the Blood

OUR kidneys are constantly filtering waste matter from the blood ream. But kidneys sometimes lag in eir work—do not act as nature innded—fail to remove impurities that bison the system when retained.

Then you may suffer negging back the, dizziness, stanty or too frequentiation netting up at night, swoller

urination, getting up at night, swolle-limbs; feel nervous, miserable-

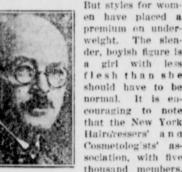
all upset.

Don't delay! Use Doan's Pills
Doan's are especially for poorly functioning kidneys. They are recommended by grateful users the country
over. Get them from any druggist.

Let Our Motto Be GOOD HEALTH BY DR. LLOYD ARNOLD

or of Bacteriology and Preventive dicine, University of Illinois, College of Medicine. -----A WORD FOR THE PLUMP

Both overweight and underweight conditions are hazardous to health.



premium on underweight. The slender, boyish figure is girl with less flesh than she should have to be ormal. It is enouraging to note that the New York Hairdressers' and Cosmetologists' association, with five thousand members.

has come out for the plump girls as against the thin ones. They place more weight on graceful curves than on sharp angles. The well-nourished damsel of today should be proud of her health. For radiant, glowing skin goes with a plump, rounded body.

Painters, sculptors, courtiers and great lovers have always given the plump girl the best of it.

The esteem for slenderness has been only faddism, just an evanescent idea. Long ears, protruding lips and other fetish customs are confined only to local areas. Plump girls are more normal than slender, skinny ones. They can think better because they healthler. Cleopatra, Venus of Milo, Fatima were all plump lad'es, even bordering on overweight. The charmers of the Sultan were buxom women; the Renaissance portrayed convex and not concave figures as their ideal of feminine beauty. In the early nineties in this country the plump Lill'an Russell type was in great demand. And Mae West-she may be the style of tomorrow.

The anemic, s'ender, underweight girl will develop into a plump you g woman if she eats the proper food. Directly after birth the first major battle every little girl baby has to solve is to keep her internal heat regulated and constant. She conquers this with In 24 hours, then she has another critical problem; namely, to keep her blood pressure normal and constant. A little gland on top of each kidney takes care of this-the adreral or super adrenal glands. Then she has seven or eight years of smooth sailing. Contagious diseases are all that bother her

But when she reaches nine years of age she begins to change. She grows faster; she becomes more active in her movements. She is preparing herself for womanhood. When she is eleven or twelve years old, she is taller than her brother at the same age. She develops rapidly. She puts on weight, angles become curves, fat is deposited around breast and hips; she blooms out like a morning flower in springtime. She becomes a woman almost overnight. If she stays slender and boylsh with concave angles, she is not developing along normal lines. It is just as natural for a girl to become plump when she grows into young womanhood as it is for a flower to bloom when it is mature.

Authorities on public health have always been apprehensive about the der faddism among young women. Young women can keep slender only by modified starvation methods. They eat little other than dried bran-like breakfast foods, moistened w'th skimmed milk and swallowed with the aid of coffee or tea; they religiously cut out fats and sweets, and subsist for the rest of the day mainly on salads. Their idea is to kep the neutral immature, puberty figure of childhood. And nature never meant a girlish figure to be a childish form. Head colds, heavy feelings in head and back, and mental sluggishness with a constipation of ideas and thoughts are common among under nourished young people. An a gular concave, linear-figured, underfed young woman may well be an incubitor cul tivating and propagating various kinds

Young mothers with plump figures have plenty of vitality-giving vitamins and other necessary substances stored in their bodies for the growth and nourishment of their bables. Under nourished, skinny young mothers are at a alsodvanta e; they have less reserve stored up for their infants. There will be fewer disabilities among you mothers if they eat what they should and eat until hunger is satisfied. Eating will make them p'ump, but that is normal, and they will be much h afriler and very much harpier.

The style-makers talk of fuller skints for the 1935-35 winter sesson. The is good news from the health standp int. Think shirts make world think too much of reducing. When they see bread or potatoes on the tible, butter, ice cream, whipped cream all feeds they should have they shale their heads. More ample clothes wil, a e them hads. them less conscious of curres when they look into their mirrors

And, if you notice, the girls pictured on the magazine covers and in billboard advertisements now definitely have curves. So do the girls chos n to advertise swim suits. The attainment of curves means the buying of more food, which will make the farmers happier. And more cloth is re quired to cover curves, which will make the weaving mills busier. Who knows but that the new style in plumpners is the factor that will lend us out of the depression? Certainly it will make for healthler young womanhood

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL CUNDAY CHOOL Lesson

By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. ©. Western Newspaper Union.

Lesson for August 25

BARNABAS

LESSON TEXT-Acts 4:36, 37; 11:19-30.
GOLDEN TEXT—He was a good man, and full of the Holy Spirit and of faith.—Acts 11:24.
PRIMARY TOPIC—Barnabas' Love JUNIOR TOPIC-The Friendly Barn-

abas.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOP-IC-How Barnabas Used His Posses-YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOP-IC-In Partnership With God.

The explanatory title given by the lesson committee, "Barnabas (A Consecrated Man of Means)," is not entirely satisfactory, as it emphasizes only one of his many excellent qualities.

I. Barnabas the Man (Acts 4:36). His original name was Joseph, When he became a Christian he was by the apostles renamed Barnabas, which doubtless signifies the change from the old life to the new. This was a common custom, e. g., Simon to Peter and Saul to Paul. The name means "son of prophecy" or "son of exhortation and consolation." This shows not only the nature and spirit of Barnabas but indicates that he possessed a gift of hortatory preaching.

II. Barnabas the Philanthropist (Acts 4:37).

So fully had the divine love permeated the very being of Barnabas, that, seeing the need of his fellow believers, he sold his property and brought the money and laid it at the apostles' feet. He was in no sense obliged to do this as there was no such binding law of a community of goods in the early Church. Private ownership of property was recognized (Acts 5:4).

III. Barnabas the Christian States man (Acts 9:26-30; 11:19-30).

1. Befriended Saul (9:26, 27). After Saul's conversion he came to Jerusalem and tried to join himself to the disciples, but they were afraid of him. Barnabas saw that Saul was really a converted man. Being a good man he could see there was good in Saul. To be able to judge personality is the first mark of a Christian statesman.

2. Sent to Antioch (Acts 11:22-24). Violent persecutions of the Church sent many disciples to the regions about the Mediterranean sea. As they went they preached the gospel and churches were established. The most conspicuous of these was at Antioch, the capital of Syria, becoming the most important center in the spread of Christianity. Everything went well as long as the gospel was preached to the Jews only, but certain of these disciples deliberately preached Christ among the Greeks. They announced to them that God had become incarnated in a man, that that man, after a minlstry of love and grace, had died a sacrificial death on the cross, and that salvation was now offered to all who would accept him.

Tidings having reached the ears of the Jerusalem Church that a great work of grace was expressing itself through the Grecians who were preaching the Lord Jesus Christ at Antioch, Barnabas was sent to look after it Barnahas was a good man and full of the Holy Ghost and faith. He, therefore, had spiritual discernment and broad sympathy. Those who have grace in themselves will be able to see grace in others. He exhorted them and urged them forward in their work.

3. Goes after Saul (11:25, 26). The work at Antioch so prospered that help was needed; therefore, Barnabas went after Saul. Barnabas thus introduced Saul to his great work as the apostle to the Gentiles. The gifts of both of these men were needed on that field. Different temperaments when brought into harmony by God's grace are need ed in the church.

4. Disciples called Christians first in Antioch (v. 26). After a year of teaching by Paul and Barnabas the name "Christian" was given to the disciples. Observe that the name was associated with the teaching. Paul taught the vital oneness of the bellever with Christ! therefore, it was natural that the disciples should be called Christians. The notion that the name "Christian" was given in de rison has no factual basis.

IV. Barnabas the Dispenser of Alms (vy. 27-30). Because of the oneness of Christians with Christ and with one another, the distress of the brethren at Jerusalem must be relieved by the gifts of believers at Antioch. The Spirit of God, through Agabus, made known the coming dearth which was to prevail throughout all the world. The disciples were therefore moved. according to their ability, to send relief unto the brethren in Judea. These gifts had a powerful effect in removing the suspicions of the brethren at Jerusalem.

A Strong Will

If we have need of a strong will in order to do good, it is more necessary still for us in order not to do evil; from which it often results that the most modest life is that where the force of will is most exercised .- Count Mole.

One lie in word or act opens the door to a thousand. Truth is the migician's circle, to cross which is to break the spell and turn all to darkness .- U. S

GOOD LADDERS WILL CUT LOSS BY RURAL FIRES

"A good ladder on every farm would help a lot in lessening losses from rural fires," says David J. Price, of the United States Department of Agriculture, in enumerating small but important precautions which rural residents often overlook. Doctor Price's job is to find out all he can about fire prevention and fire fighting and pass the information along to the people of this country. Precautions such as a handy ladder, he points out, would help to prevent and control many fires in rural communities,

Speed is essential in fire fighting. and a convenient ladder makes any roof fire quickly accessible. Frequent use of ladders to inspect chimneys and flues might prevent many unnecessary locses, especially during the winter when fires are going.

Among small precautions other than convenient ladders are care in handling gasoline and kerosene, especially in kindling fires; careful disposal of hot ashes; care in using open fires and matches and in burning rubbish; repair of stoves, furnaces, fireplaces, flues, and chimneys not in first-class condition; and frequent inspection of electrical wiring and electrical appliances.

Observance of simple precautions. adequate water-storage facilities on every farm and at every rural home. with a well-manned fire truck at every cross-roads hamlet, is the Utopla at which Doctor Price hopes rural America will arrive.

In the meantime, one of his suggestions is, to paraphase, "A farm fireman's best friend is his ladder.'

Tells on Tax Dodger

A burgiar has helped the authorities of Carlsbad, the Bohemian hollday resort, to deal with a case of evasion of taxes. He broke into a Carlsbad shop and robbed the till, taking away an account book with him.

Evidently he knew something of accountancy, for a few days later the police received the book by post with numerous items marked in red pencil. "Dodging his taxes, Make him shell out!" an enclosed note urged, and, the figures showed systematic evasion of the turnover tax.

The authorities have decided to continue searching for the burglar, all the same.





ONCE you taste Grape-Nuts Flakes, you'll

cheer too! And it not only has a delicious

flavor, but it's nourishing. One dishful, with

milk or cream, contains more varied nourish-

ment than many a hearty meal. Try it-

your grocer has it! Product of General Foods.







SWITCHED TO POSTUM

HE HAS FELT AND

DIFFERENT MAN!

ACTED LIKE A

YOUR FATHER SURE

HAS CHANGED! I'D

RATHER CADDY FOR

MEMBER OF THE CWB

HIM THAN ANY







cause indigestion, or prevent sound sleep!" If you suspect that coffee disagrees with you ... try Postum for 30 days. Postum contains no caffein. It's simply whole wheat and bran, roasted and slightly

half a cent a cup. It's delicious, too . . . and may prove a real help. A product of General Foods FREE! Let us send you your first week's supply of Postum free! Simply mail the coupon.

GENERAL FOODS, Battle Creek, Mich.



SHOWING ONLY THE BEST!

FRIDAY ONLY, Aug. 23 Matinee and Nite

NOTICE!

By Popular Request we are Bringing back

WILL ROGERS'

Latest Release "Doubting Thomas" For Those Who Did Not See It

Last Week! We will give away autographed photos of Will Rogers this day. Please Tell Your Friends!

Saturday Only, August 24

"Grocery Nite"

\$5.00 Worth of Groceries Will Be Given Away.

-on the screen-



Saturday Night At 11 P. M. Again Sunday and Monday

Remember the fine work of these two in "Living on Velvet."



TUESDAY, Aug. 27

150



Wed - Thurs, Aug 28-29



FOR SALE: Banner Quality Cream, 10c the Pint. 35-tf.

MAN WANTED for Rawleigh Route 800 families. Write today. Rawleigh, Dept. TXH-38-SA, Memphis, Tenn. 34-5t.

> LAUNDRY Call Phone No. 131

Will call Menday, Wednesday an Friday, of each week.

Abilene Laundry Co. HOMER DUNN

Representative, Baird, Texas

Modern Shoe & Boot Shop Located in Telephone Bldg.

> Baird, Texas W. C. INLOW

COUNTY AGENT

By ROSS B. JENKINS

Cross Plains 53rd Annual Pienie Well Attended

People came from miles around to Attest; S. E. Settle, County Clerk see each other at Cross Plains last week. Many old stories were retold and many interested ears were there to hear them.

were made but seemingly folks al- perience. ten very long.

agents were highly pleased with the receiving this affidavit.

the program for agriculture. The com missioner's court was very cooperative enabled the project to be made. County agent Ross B. Jenkins and Home wish to thank each one who helped vision. in any way to advance their work and for the many words of encouragement rupt. offered Complimentary expressions never have killed anybody that we know about.

TRENCH SILOS FILL THE BILL

With the great feed crop now in two years from now we find farmers paying drouth prices for feed that could be saved now.

A trench silo six feet wide at the top, four feet wide at the bottom, five feet deep and 100 feet long will hold 30 tons of silage. That makes three tons per cow for a ten cow herd which according to E. R. Eudaley, Extension Dairyman, says is about what a cow needs per year.

cane, heigari, kafir, and milo make good silage. They should be put in with the heads ripe and brown leaves showing at the bottom, If put in too to develop that would scour the animals on heavy feed with this food.

Get a bulletin at the County Agents office and learn more of this feed and shot for worms, fully guaranteed. labor saver.

Midway News

ten day revival meeting at Midway Marris,. school house last Wednesday night with wonderful results, twelve additions to his church. People of the community gave him a nice supper Wednesday afternoon, it was largely attended and much enjoyed by all.

Many of our neighbors are attending the Deep Creek meeting; we wish for them much joy and happiness in this meeting, and much good may be accomplished.

Let's do not forget that Saturday 24th is the day to settle the liquor uestion, that is so far as the law concerned, but it does not settle he question as to whether folks will top drinking. Who is the mean man, the seller or the buyer? Why should the buyer get by when he is the principal crime leader? What should be done with the law officers who sells out to the fellow selling the liquor? Best way to have prohibition is for all to just stop drinking, to tell the world you are a prohibitionist, and to continue drinking is nothing more than a traitor, and should be branded as such.

APARTMENT-2 room furnished apartment, everything furnished, near school building, Mrs. J. E. Gilliland.

STOCKMEN SAVE! Use Durham's Red Steer Screw Worm Killer and cut your Screw Worm Bill in half. Kills quicker than chloroform and costs Holmes Drug Company, less. Sold and guaranteed By City Pharmacy No. 1.

NOTICE

In compliance with an act passed by the 42nd Legislature the Commiss ioners Court of Callahan County, Tex as will submit for your consideration a budget for the control of the County's financial affairs during the fis eal year, January 1, 1936 to December 31, 1936.

The Commissioner's Court has work ed out schedules of actual receipts and disbursements in the various funds for the year January 1, 1934 to December 31, 1934 and have made an estimate of the anticipated receipts for the year January 1, 1936 to December 31, 1936, filing same with the

County Clerk. These should be carefully studied by every person who wishes to better

comprehend County's Financial Affairs. No effort has been spared to The State of Texas, arrive at a correct solution of the financial problems. Constructive criticism is especially welcome.

J. H. Carpenter, County Judge. Callahan County, Texas

NOTICE TO TEACHERS

Law the teacher's salary is based up- cent per annum, from date of judg-Many pro and anti liquor speeches on academic training and teaching ex-ment, together with all costs of suit; ten o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M.

served that very few stayed to lis- davit from the teacher as to the tween the hours of ten o'clock a. m. amount of each, and it is impossible and four o'clock p. m. at the Court

in making a grant of money that NOTICE OF FIRST MEETING OF County, Texas. CREDITORS

No. 1741 in Bankruptcy. Abilene, Texas, Aug, 17, 1935. Before D. M. Oldham, Jr. Referee In Bankruptcy

near Cross Cut in the county of Cal- and sale, and the proceeds to be apthe county it is going to be sad if laan and District aforesaid, a bank- plied to the satisfaction thereof. rupt. Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of August A. D. 1935, 35-3t the said Price Odom was duly adjudged By C. R. Nordyke, Deputy. bankrupt, and that the first meeting County, Texas, on the 4th day of 234. September A. D. 1935, at 10 o'clock claims, appoint a trustee, examine Baird, well and windmill. A. G. Corn, red top cane, seeded ribbon business as may properly come before the bankrupt and transact such other Hobbs, 2641 S. 5th St., Abilene, Texas

> D. M. OLDHAM, Jr., Referee in Bankruptiy.

eys. A Flock treatment and a sure Drug Company.

Sold only at 33-tf Holmes Drug Co. Baird, Texas The State of Texas,

WARNING-No swimming, hunting

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF SALE

County of Callahan. WHEREAS, by virture of a certain in said Court against said defend-Order of Sale issued out of the Jus- ants and in favor of the said Plain-Meeting will held in the Courthouse tice court of Precinct No. 1, Calla- tiff for the sum of Nine Hundred in the City of Baird, Texas on 9th day han County, Texas, on the 22nd. day Four and no-100 Dollars with interest of September 1935 at 2 o'clock P. M. of October, A. D. 1934, wherein J. J on \$823.00 thereof at the rate of 10 Pribble in Plaintiff, and W. H. Bur- per cent per annum and on \$81.00 nett is Defendants, on a judgment ren- thereof at the rate of 6 per cent per dered in said court against said De- annum, from date of judgment, tofendant and in favor of the said Plain gether with all costs of suit; Said tiff, for the sum of One-Hundred- cause being numbered 7910 on the Seventy and no-100 Dollars, with in- dockets of said Court; I have levied Under the new State Equilization terest thereon at the rate of 6 per upon and will on the 3rd day of Sept-I have levied upon and will on the at the Courthouse door of said Court ready know about that for it was obready know about that for it was obday the teacher as to the tween the hours of ten o'clock a me highest bidder, all the right, title and The county and home demonstration to make out a correct budget before House door of said County, proceed Baum in and to the following deto sell for cash to the highest bidder scribed property, levied upon, to-wit; nice things said to them about their. I shall appreciate it very much, if all the right title and interest of De- All that certain lots, tracts or parwork and the small exhibits in the the teachers who are under contract fendan W H. Burnett in and to the cels of land lying and being situated to teach in the county, will secure following described property, levied in Callahan County, Texas, and be-The Cross Plains Picnic Committee the proper forms from this office and upon, to-wit; The West 1-2 of the ing the West 55 feet of Lots No. 1 was very thoughtful and considerate furnish the required information as S 1-2 of the N E 1-4 of Section No. and 2 and the West 55 feet of the in helping in every way to put over soon as possible.

S 1-2 of the N E 1-4 of Section No. North 1-2 of Lot No. 3, all in Block B. C. Chrisman, County Supt. stract No. 35, being 40 acres of land No. 51, of Central Addition to the more or less situated in Callahan town of Cross Plains, Texas, accord-

In the District Court of the United sum of \$107.50 on said judgment, and han County, Texas, to which reference Demonstration Agent Vida Moore States for the Northern District of there remains due and unpaid the is here made for all purposes and the principal sum of \$62.50 with interest same is made a part hereof; Said day In the Matter of Price Odom, Bank- thereon at the rate of six per centof sale being the First Tuesday of per annum from October 22nd, 1934 said month of September, 1935. untill paid.

The above sale to be made by me ment for \$170.00 in favor of Plain- costs of suit and sale, and the pro-To the Creditors of Price Odom of tiff, together with all costs of suit ceeds to be applied to the satisfaction

> R. L Edwards, Sheriff, Callahan County, Texas.

of his creditors will be held at my APARTMENT-2 room apartment, all office in the City of Abilene, Taylor conviences. See Mrs. Lee Estes, phone

in the forenoon, at which time the FOR SALE OR TRADE-80 acres nice said creditors may attend, prove their little sandy fruit farm 8 miles south of

Sore Gums-Pyorrhea

Heal your gums and save your teeth, Its simple. Just get a bottle of LETO'S green there is too much acid likely WANTED: All Poultrymen in Baird PYORRHEA REMEDY and follow di-Trade Territory to use M & L Mineral rections. Don't delay; do it now. for vorming your Chickens and Turk- LETO'S is always guaranteed, Holmes

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF SALE

County of Callahan. WHEREAS, by virture of a certain or other trespassing allowed on my Order of Sale issued out of the Dis-Rev. Joe Mayes of Baird closed a farm south of town. Mrs. Murry trict Court of Callahan County, Tex-34-tf. as, on the 1st day of August, 1935,

wherein F. W. Denison is Plaintiff, and D. B. Baum and Luella Baum is Defendants, on a judgment rendered ember, 1935, between the hours of interest of D B. Baum and Luella ing to the Plat of said Addition re-And whereas, there has been the corded in the Deed Records of Calla-

The above sale to be made by me to satisfy the above judgment for to satisfy the above described judg- \$904.00, with said interest and all thereof.

Dated at Baird, Texas, this 5th day of August, A. D. 1935. R. L Edwards, Sheriff,

Callahan County, Texas.

Stomach, Indigestion, Gas on Stomach, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Bloating after Meals and Dyspepsia due to excess acid when GORDON'S COMPOUND gives prompt relief? Money back with-CITY PHARMACY No. 1

checks MALARIA COLDS first day. Liquid - Tablets Tonic and Laxative

Stomach Gas

ADLERIKA

CITY PHARMACY NO. 1

Fitting Tribute to a Loved One

The fitting tribute to one whom you have loved is a monument of permanence and grace; a stone that will go down through the years marking the last resting place of one whose name you respect and



SAM L. DRYDEN & SON Cor. Walnut and 8th Street, Abilene, Texas

I'm for the ONE that's and tastes better Milder... @ 1935, Licenty & Mysas Tonacco Co.