

**Interest Develops
Slaton Piggly Wiggly Store to Join
In Celebration of Anniversary Event**

In October, twelve years ago, the first Piggly Wiggly was opened in Memphis. Today there are 2,900 Piggly Wiggly Stores in 800 cities in the United States, and to fittingly celebrate this occasion all Piggly Wiggly Stores will, during the week of October 1 to 6, offer to their thousands of patrons unusual bargains.

Piggly Wiggly pioneered in self-service, giving their customers the opportunity of selecting with their own hands their table necessities. Piggly Wiggly pioneered in cleanliness, setting a new standard in appearance of Lubbock stores. Piggly Wiggly pioneered in the orderly arrangement of goods — the goods are in the same place in all Piggly Wiggly Stores.

L. E. Piggly Wiggly has succeeded because it appeals to the thrift, taste, convenience and convenience of the customer.

The Piggly Wiggly system is different from other systems in that the stores in each city are locally owned and locally operated and the owner is vitally interested in the store's success.

The home office keeps each operation informed as to prices, with offices in New York, Chicago and Los Angeles, and buys direct from the manufacturer for the different operations, thereby insuring them the best prices.

The home office also insures the operators advised as to new and big livestock ideas.

The stores at Piggly Wiggly are all welcomed and will not be so filled as to purchase whether they buy or not.

The twelfth anniversary of the Piggly Wiggly store, which is fittingly celebrated by the fact that there in Slaton, according to E. Poultry, the manager, when they build their inducements to custom-ers, they will be offered all next week at attractive prices.

On this occasion that will be easy to remember. In the affair, he is being assisted by Otis Jones, assistant to the Monday, and John Berkley, the Piggly Wiggly store.

The 4-H club girl, some prizes Plains Fair.

Carroll In

Foster Carroll, night from Au his son, Lowell, Texas School for roll and the other ing there for a resumed his du Route No. One,

Circle For Bapt

Circle No. 4 en's Missionary J. F. Smith, twelve present, in president, Mrs. W. D. Harris, co-Keys, co-chairman, Yates, secretary, W. E. Martin, stu-After devotion session, the meet with Mrs. C Fourth Street, M. It is urged that tend this next me

Loan Office Opened

E. V. Rippstein, view, will open a building and loan Williams Building Ninth Street. Mr. sents the People's B Association of El Pa

HISTORICAL RIFLE GIVEN TO T

LUBBOCK—Mrs. I. Mercedes, Texas, present on Technological College, during the Civil War—ing Enfield rifle—captured by Confederate Union troops. Last year of Atlanta by S. H. Stewart in Company C, Mississippi Regiment in and Claiborne Division, Texas. Also, she present in a biography used by printed in Philadelphia titled "An Army Introductory of G. A. R. Study, A. R. S.

gely Wiggly mark. man.
The local Piggly Wiggly store was opened a little more than a year ago, and along with the regular and continued growth of the city the store has enjoyed a very fine growth, the management states. He adds that they plan to open more stores here as rapidly as the growth of the town and surrounding country permits.

CHAMPION SPARKERS ARE TO AGAIN BROADCAST

The Champion Sparkers, an extremely popular radio feature for the past three Winters, will take the air Thursday evening, Oct. 4, and will be heard each Thursday evening over the Blue Network of the National Broadcasting Company at 8:30 to 9 o'clock, Eastern Standard Time.

W. G. Haenschen, who has directed the Champion Sparkers since their initial program, will again handle the baton and will have a large orchestra than in the past seasons.

There will be a guest artist each week, the singer on the first program being Irving Kaufman, who is well known to the radio audience.

The Champion Sparkers are sponsored by the Champion Spark Plug Company of Toledo, Ohio, and Windsor, Canada.

WAYLAND DORMITORIES ARE MORE THAN FILLED

PLAINVIEW. — Wayland has entered upon one of the greatest years in the history of the institution. The high type of students enrolled and the increase in number over former years serve as a thermometer indicating brighter days for Wayland in the future. The student enrollment has now passed the two hundred mark, with new students enrolling daily. There are still a number of former students who will return this week.

That Wayland's worth as a religious institution of the highest character is rapidly spreading, is manifest in the fact that three students are enrolled from California and came all this distance expressly to attend Wayland. Students are enrolled from 30 different counties in Texas and from the states of Oklahoma, Kansas, In-

diana, New Mexico and California. The dormitories are being filled to capacity and many classes have had to be divided and readjusted that the teachers could render most efficient service. All details have been worked out by Dean Z. T. Huff and the school is now making rapid progress on the Fall term work. President McDonald is delighted with the increased interest in Wayland and is yet looking forward to a much larger enrollment during the year.

The Philo and Euglo Literary Societies have each given receptions for the new students. New members have joined the football squad, who were not here for the training camp, and under the strenuous training of Coach Kimbrough, Wayland is predicting an undefeated season in football.



The Bus Driver

Buses have to operate on schedule and we make sure of dependable service by using Champion Spark Plugs.

Champion is the better spark plug because it has an exclusive silt-manite insulator specially treated to withstand the much higher temperatures of the modern high-compression engine. Also a new patented solid copper gasket-seal that remains absolutely gas-tight under high compression. Special analysis electrodes which assure a fixed spark-gap under all driving conditions.



CHAMPION Spark Plugs
Toledo, Ohio
Dependable for Every Engine

PIGGLY WIGGLY
It's Foolish to Pay More and Risky to Pay Less

SLATON SPECIALS FOR FRIDAY and SATURDAY

PIGGLY WIGGLY Twelfth Anniversary Celebration Oct. 1-6
SPECIAL ATTRACTIVE PRICES THROUGHOUT THE WEEK

Sugar	PURE CANE 16 POUNDS PAPER BAG	.98
SALMON	Genuine Pink Tall Can	.15
LETTUCE	Hard, Firm Heads Each	.8½
GRAPES	Large Clusters Tokays 2 Pounds	.15
Soap	P. & G. 10 BARS	.35
TOMATOES	No. 2 Can 2 Cans	.15
YAMS	East Texas Porto Ricans 10 Pounds	.35
FLOUR	Gold Medal 24 Pounds	.96
CORN	Concho No. 2 Can	.10
Potatoes	COLORADO BROWN BEAUTIES 10 POUNDS	.16

Market Specials

SILCED BOILED HAM	Per Pound Limit 2 Lbs. to Customer	.49
SLICED BACON	Cudahay Puritan One Pound	.39
BEEF ROAST	Not Baby Beef Per Pound	.19
STEW MEAT	Per Pound	.14

One Pound of Fresh Sausage FREE with \$1.00 Purchase in Market on These Days

COMING!
Twelfth Anniversary
Week October 1-6

The first Piggly Wiggly was opened twelve years ago in Memphis, Tennessee. Today over 800 of these stores are used by Two Million Women Daily in more than 800 cities and towns. Next Week we want you to join us in our Twelfth Anniversary Celebration. We will offer unusually attractive prices on Nationally Advertised Products.

Watch Local Store Windows
For Items Being Featured During ANNIVERSARY WEEK

the happy throng going to Piggly Wiggly week. It will pay you to visit these clean stores where you help yourself to the best for money.



ADVENTURES IN THE KITCHEN!

WELL, girls, you've helped me keep my cook," said Mrs. Foster to the assembled members of the Kitchen Club. "Martha told me the other day she was going to leave, and I asked her if she wouldn't stay through today, as you were going to come over and help me dress up my kitchen. I haven't heard a word since about her going. And she's been planning some of her own dishes for you all day. You must help me to make the kitchen pleasant, so I can keep her."

The Foster kitchen was, if the truth be told, gloomy enough to make any cook dissatisfied. And, at that, it would probably have been an average sort of kitchen, a few years ago, before women began to get their eyes open about the possibilities of kitchen decoration. Dingy walls, dingy floor, black stove, dull brown cupboards, two left-over chairs—all these in a room with the cold, harsh light of a north exposure!

Any psychologist could have told Mrs. Foster that the sunniest disposition must change to bad temper in such surroundings. For color has a real and definite effect on people. Its influence for good or bad is just beginning to be realized. And we may hope that as our kitchens grow more colorful, both our cooks and ourselves will come to enjoy more greatly our stay in them.



"Make your own sunshine by using yellow curtains."

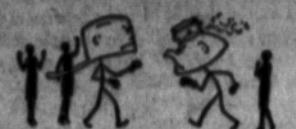
LEAVES FROM NANCY'S KITCHEN CLUB NOTEBOOK

As Mrs. Foster's kitchen has a north exposure which she can't very well change, we suggested that she get sunshine into the room with color. This is the color scheme we worked out: Deep cream walls, yellow curtains, floor painted golden tan with bright-colored linoleum rug, white porcelain enamel oil stove, yellow table with white porcelain enamel top, kitchen cabinet and cupboards in golden tan, refrigerator, white.

Color for the Cook, Too!

Mrs. Foster said she was going to one better; as she was going to beautify her cook, too, with chintz aprons in brilliant flower designs. That's a good idea, to make yourself or your cook part of the color scheme! If the kitchen is in solid colors, flowered aprons may be used. If the kitchen decorations are in large flowers or figures, plain colors will be better for the aprons. "Set" the colors in salt water before washing the aprons, and they will keep their brilliance much longer.

OLD LINE LIFE INSURANCE
GRADIE W. BOWNS,
Agency Manager.
AMERICAN CENTRAL LIFE
INSURANCE CO.
Legal Reserve Est. 1899



"New the pot can call the kettle green!"

Colored Pots and Pans

Mrs. Foster is planning to make the rounds of the hardware and furniture stores to find kitchen vessels that will harmonize with her new color scheme. I have seen them in the most gorgeous yellows and greens and reds and blues, as well as gray and white which will look well with any color.

New Toaster

I want a toaster like Mrs. Foster's. It's the only one I ever saw that will toast four slices of bread evenly over one burner of an oil or gas stove. It has a tray that catches all the crumbs.



Butterscotch Tarts

1 cup brown sugar
Lump of butter size of an egg
Yolks of 2 eggs
1/2 cup sweet cream
2 tablespoons flour
Teaspoon of vanilla

Cook all ingredients together until mixture thickens. Line muffin tins with pie crust. Bake crusts separately. Fill with butterscotch mixture, top with meringue made with whites of two eggs and three tablespoons of sugar. Brown meringue in slow oven.

Iced and Frosted Coffee

Martha served us the tarts with iced coffee which she made with a half-cup of coffee, a half-cup of milk and a half-cup of cream to each glass. Whipped cream on top. Frosted coffee is made in almost the same way, but has only half the amount of coffee and twice the milk with a tablespoon of ice cream beaten up in it before serving.

Get our prices on commercial work.



THERE is nothing quite like Bayer Aspirin for all sorts of aches and pains, but be sure it is genuine Bayer; that name must be on the package, and on every tablet. Bayer is genuine, and the word genuine—in red—is on every box. You can't go wrong if you will just look at the box when you buy it.



Aspirin is the trade name of Bayer Manufacture of Monachiacidester of Salicylicacid

OVERPRODUCTION A CONSTANT MENACE

No matter what the product, farmers are constantly faced with the menace of overproduction. Sometimes it is cotton. Again it is wheat or some other grain, and more often it comes with some special and perishable crop which must be consumed within a short period of time.

In the effort to change the farm products these things must be taken into consideration. Today the country as a whole is about one step from an overproduction of dairy products, present consumption considered. A report recently issued from Washington states that we are producing our own supplies of butter and cheese for 363 days of the year and only have to import our needs for two days. The report, however, goes on to say that there is an increasing per capita consumption, and that if all the people of this country consumed as much milk and butter as good health demanded, it would take years for the industry to catch up with the demand. Right here, then, is an opportunity for those interested in dairying to promote the use of dairy products, not only for their own benefit, but for the good of the entire country.

So far as the South is concerned, there is no need of a slacking of interest in dairying. We do not produce our own needs of either butter or cheese. Indeed, there are hundreds thousands of farms that do not produce enough milk and cream to supply the family, and it is this phase of the industry that should receive attention right now. If every farm were stocked with enough good cows to produce necessary home supplies the country would be better off in health as well as financially. Out of the number of farmers keeping cows

for home production would develop our dairymen and breeders.

The menace of overproduction can be shorn of much of its terror if every farmer would make it a point to produce a living for himself and family before he produced for the market. With plenty to eat for the family and livestock stored away the farmer is better able to judge the market for his staple crops and regulate his production.

CULL FOUR TIMES PER YEAR

The year-round system of culling the poultry flock, that is, culling four times a year, is a practical method of getting a check on production since it will indicate what hens are laying during each season of the year even if it is not the exact number of eggs produced. E. N. Holmgreen, poultry husbandman, Extension Service, A. and M. College of Texas, said in a talk before the poultry group of the Nineteenth Annual Farmers' Short Course.

This culling should be carried on in the fall, winter, spring, and summer, the speaker added. At each culling the layers should be banded with a

Unintentional Suicide

Many people are slowly poisoning themselves just as surely as if they drank iodine every morning for breakfast. They are daily absorbing the toxins, or poisons, created by accumulated waste matter in their constipated digestive systems. Sooner or later disease will conquer their weakened bodies.

If you have dizzy spells, headaches, coated tongue, bad breath, insomnia, no appetite, bilious attacks or pains in the back and limbs, you are probably suffering from self poisoning caused by constipation. The surest and pleasantest relief for this condition is Herbine, the vegetable cathartic which acts in the natural way. Get a bottle today from City Drug Store.

leg band of different colors while the non-layers and other culls are not banded. In this manner each time the flock is culled the layers are given a good mark in the form of a leg band. "With a year-round system of culling the farm flock will come the Texas 'Four-Band Hen,' the only kind

of hen that can be profitable with low-priced eggs, because she will be an all-season layer."

A Brady lawyer who has 4,000 volumes claims to have one of the largest private law libraries of any individual attorney in the State.

SUCCESS — Appearance or ...?

Some men believe Success is a matter of spending all for putting up a good front . . . appearing "prosperous!" Yet when they suddenly find themselves financially embarrassed, they know not whither to turn.

Common sense must tell them Success can not be symbolized by appearances. That to honestly claim it is to be able to financially master not only reverses but every Opportunity in Life.

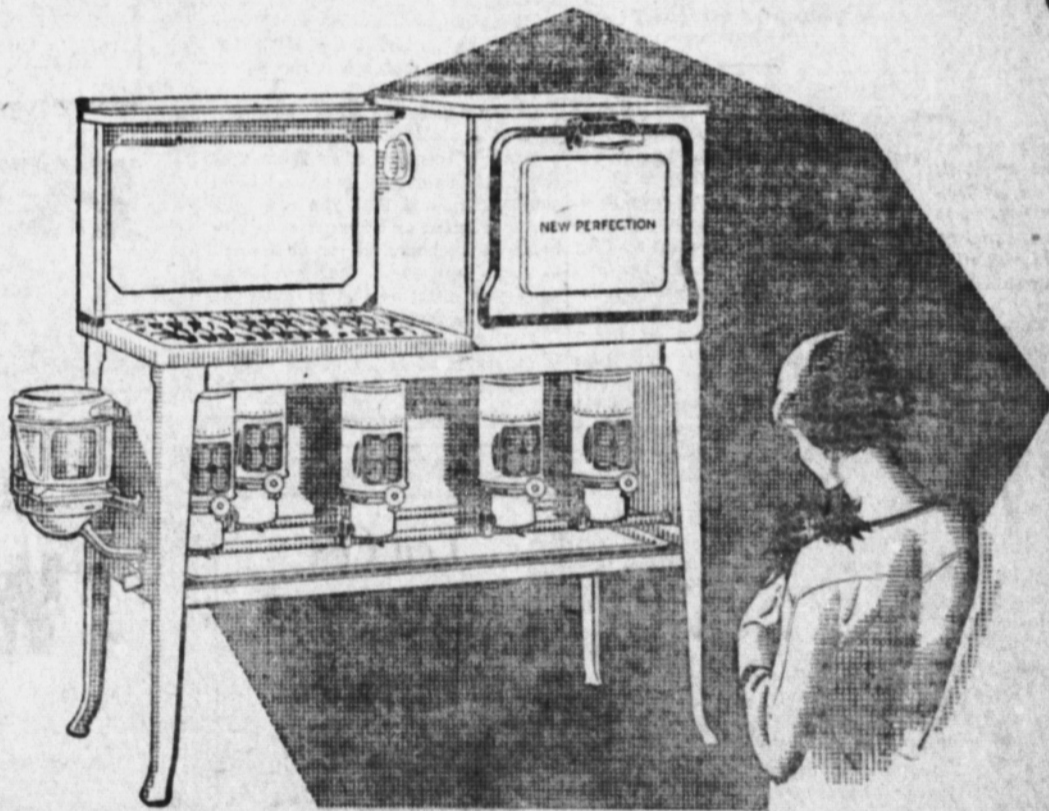
Thrift and shrewd Investment of Savings are the keys to it. Plus . . . DEPENDABLE ADVICE this Bank offers to all who seek it!

SLATON STATE BANK

Officers: R. J. MURRAY, Pres. W. E. SMART, Vice Pres. W. E. OLIVE, Active Vice Pres. CARL W. GEORGE, Cashier. J. S. TEKELL, Ass't. Cashier.

Directors: R. J. MURRAY W. E. SMART W. E. OLIVE CARL W. GEORGE W. S. POSEY

here's the first really beautiful oil range!



new

Full porcelain enamel, snow-white. Compact design. Grouped burners Built-in live heat oven. Accurate heat indicator. Swift, clean heat One of 24 new models priced \$17.50 to \$154

HERE is a new stove that you are going to want, just as sure as you see it . . . A beautiful, swift-cooking oil range in snow-white porcelain enamel! The first stove to offer beauty and cooking speed with the safety and economy of oil.

Your dealer now has it on display. Even if you aren't ready to buy, come and see it. Come and watch it cook.

This beautiful Perfection is one of 24 splendid new models—all light-colored, swift-cooking, convenient. All finished either in porcelain enamel or in Perfectolac, a new, durable lacquer never before used on stoves.

Come and see these new models. One of them—probably the range—is going to be exactly what you want in your kitchen.

EASY WAY TO BUY. Your dealer will demonstrate these new models for you, and if you wish it, he will no doubt be glad to tell you how you can take any one of them home and use it as you pay for it.

PERFECTION
Oil Burning Ranges

Drug Sundries — School Supplies

We have added a complete line of Drug Sundries and School Supplies. We invite teachers and pupils to visit us.

HANDY WHEN YOU GO FOR YOUR MAIL

SLATON CONFECTIONERY

Next Door to Postoffice.

NO DEBTS TO PAY

The farmer who rotates his crops,
Who sells before the market drops,
Who has some hens and milks some cows
And keeps a few good shoats and sows,
Will have no store debts to pay
For he has found a better way.
His cows and sows and faithful hens
Have kept up all his odds and ends.
The First State Bank is frank to say
His note is good for he's good pay.

The First State Bank

(Incorporated under laws of Texas)

Capital \$40,000.00

Seventeen branches in Slaton and Slaton, Texas.

The Slaton Slatonite

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**SAN ANTONIO LEGION
EXPECTS 100,000 VETS**

SAN ANTONIO.—San Antonio is ready for the coming of 100,000 veterans of the World War and their wives, mothers, sisters and daughters for the tenth national convention of the American Legion, Oct. 8 to 12.

Even the weather man is all lined up and ready to serve the finest brand of convention weather the organization has ever had. Inquiries have come to the bureau from all over

the country and an investigation of records at the local weather bureau office going back 50 years shows:

Delightful Fall weather holds for the period from October 6 to October 13. Average low temperature runs at 62 degrees, with the average high at 85. There is only the slightest chance for a rain, and that a mere sprinkle. Sunshine prevails during that week of October between 67 and 87 per cent of the time.

Veterans attending the convention, in addition to the pleasant weather and the reunion with their war comrades on the spot where thousands of them trained, will find the greatest entertainment program ever planned for a legion gathering, according to Philip B. Stapp, general convention director.

The school boys of Winters have organized one of the first "Future Farmers of Texas" chapters in Texas. This organization for boys who are preparing themselves to be tillers of the soil has organizations in nine states.

**OAKLAND HAS BEST
AUGUST IN HISTORY**

Gaining nearly 2,000 units over the best previous August of record, the Oakland Motor Car Company during the month just ended sold 23,283 cars, W. R. Tracy, vice-president in charge of sales, recently announced.

This figure compares with 21,290 sales for the highest previous August—1927—and shows a gain even over the record of 22,704 cars in July, 1928.

Total volume for the first eight months of 1928 was 206,766 Oakland and Pontiac sixes against 137,409 during the corresponding period last year.

Sales for the entire year of 1927 were 192,000 cars. This, the best year in Oakland history, was equalled in 1928 on August 11 after less than eight full months of production, with every indication that the total 1928 output will exceed the advance program of 270,000 cars, Mr. Tracy stated.

Month after month tentative production schedules have had to be stepped up to keep pace with the growing demand for these popular General Mo-

tors lines, he declared.

During the fiscal selling year of 1927-28 which ended in August, the Oakland dealer organization had sold more than 260,000 units to exceed their quota by better than 10,000 cars, according to Mr. Tracy. He stated that the quota for the sales year of 1928-29 has been measurably increased over last year's on the basis of the bright future outlook for the Oakland organization and the industry in general.

To handle the growing volume of sales, the Oakland sales executive stated, the dealer organization is being steadily expanded until at present it is more than five times the size of the Oakland domestic dealer body three years ago.

Manufacturing facilities have also been stabilized by the transfer of production operations to the centralized Oakland-Pontiac factory location on the outskirts of Pontiac, Michigan. The combined plants are completely new within the past two years, and are equipped with the newest and most scientific precision machinery known to the industry, Mr. Tracy

pointed out.

Employment at the factories, and at the affiliated Fisher Body division, he stated, is at a record high figure to keep production on even keel with the anticipated demand for the Oakland and Pontiac lines during the coming months.

**FIRST YEAR STUDENTS
WILL REACH 1,000 MARK**

LUBBOCK.—With over 700 freshmen present for the first day of a three-day orientation period at Texas Technological College it is expected that the number of first-year students will reach 1,000 by the time enrollment is completed.

The feature of the first day was an address by President Paul W. Horn on "The Freshman of Today." Much time was taken up with faculty consultations for the purpose of enabling the freshmen to decide just what courses they wanted to take. The new students were given every opportunity to familiarize themselves with the work of the college and student

activities.

Among the subjects discussed by members of the faculty were "How to Study," "How to Use the Library," "Budgets for Life," "Things Which Eliminate One From College," "Personal Hygiene" and "The Significance of the Church in the Life of a College Student."

PHONE TO SOUTH AMERICA

According to an announcement made by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, plans are now being formulated for radio-telephone service linking North and South America. The initial service will be between New York and Buenos Aires, and it is expected it will be in operation during the Spring or early Summer of 1929.

The first users of the new natural gas in Goree were the Goree Gin Company. In a few minutes after the gas was turned into the mains the gin, which had previously installed burners, was running with the gas as its fuel.

Saturday Specials

16 POUNDS IMPERIAL SUGAR	.64
NO. 2 CRUSHED PINEAPPLE	.19
PER POUND FIG BARS	.14
EQUALITY BRAND—PER GALLON PEACHES	.46
BLUE BRER RABBIT—PER GALLON SYRUP	.73
TOKAYS—PER POUND GRAPES	.08
CANADIAN MADE—PER CAN MALT SYRUP	.44
2 POUNDS SALTINA CRACKERS	.28
48 POUNDS OUR SEAL FLOUR	\$1.78
VAN CAMP'S SMALL SIZE—3 CANS MILK	.22
CAMPBELL'S TOMATO—PER CAN SOUP	.09
LONGHORN CREAM—PER POUND CHEESE	.35

AMOUNTS OF \$2.50 AND OVER
DELIVERED. PHONE NO. 197.

MONEY TALKS

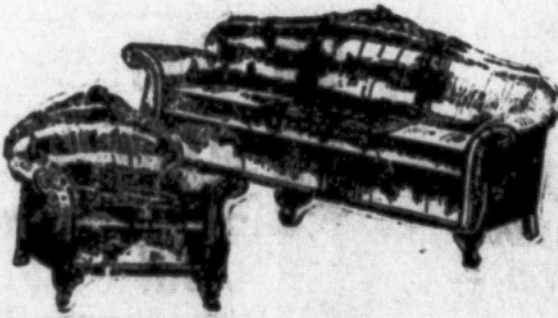
**H
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**SPECIALS FOR
Saturday, Sept. 29**



**Our Easy Payment Plan
Wins Wide Approval**

From all corners we hear praise of our easy payment plan that enables you to "Buy Now, Pay Later." This has proven a great convenience, and we urge you to take advantage of it. WE TRUST YOU.



**Two-Piece Mohair Suite
\$125.00**

The latest and one of the most charming additions to our collection of living room suites. Full size davenport and club chair mounted on covered frames. Loose cushions reversed in contrasting brocades.

A Beautiful Smoker Free

To First Customer making a purchase of \$5.00 or over.

Bath Room Heater Free

With First Living Room Heater Sold.

Decorated End Table Free

With First Floor Lamp Sold.

Occasional Chair Free

With First Living Room Suite Sold.



Eight-Piece Dining Room Suite

Six-Foot Table, Sixty-Inch Buffet, and Six Chairs in Matched Walnut.

\$133.50



**Chintz Covered Bed Room Chair
in All Colors.**

\$15.00

CONVENIENT TERMS ARE EASILY ARRANGED

Amarillo Furniture Co.

PHONE 53

212 TEXAS AVE.

Slaton Branch

WE CHARGE NO INTEREST ON OUR REGULAR PRICES

Preventing Menace Of Hog Cholera

To immunize or not to immunize—suckling pigs—is the question confronting the Bureau of Animal Industry, United States Department of Agriculture. Experiments with approximately 4,000 new-born pigs on Government farms have demonstrated the practical success of serum in guaranteeing immunity from cholera in young stock. But, like a two-edged sword, the advisability of treating suckling pigs with anti-cholera medicine presents a two-sided subject. Favoring the use of serum on pigs just born is the important factor that young animals thus treated seem to be thriffter, mature at an earlier date, and are marketable at a period when they command the highest prices. Suckling pigs require less serum, are more easily handled in administering the serum and, as indicated above, their growth is uninterrupted when they are treated upon birth. The required dosage being smaller, of course, the cost of treatment is cheaper at this period than when the pigs are older. The serum may be given to new-born animals without ill effects or losses, not attributed to other causes.

Economic Factor.

The economic factor bulks big in the reasons advanced against the immunization of suckling pigs. Statistics indicate that approximately 40 per cent of the pigs born in the United States die at birth or shortly thereafter—due to various causes, such as being trampled to death, parasites, and other handicaps which forestall their leas on life. This being true, point out some of the animal husbandmen in the Department of Agriculture, why waste time and serum in treating a pig population that is doomed to be sacrificed to causes unrelated to cholera? Then, too, it is argued that if the breeding sows are immune from cholera their offspring is given a like insurance policy in the early months of the pig's life. Serum is costly and relatively scarce, and why squander it on pigs with a high percentage of mortality, is the substance of the argument advanced against the immunization of suckling pigs.

In fact, certain authorities in the Bureau of Animal Industry do not recommend the use of anti-cholera serum on the entire hog population, pigs or grown hogs, in the United States. In the first place, the available supply of serum would not meet the demands of such an ambitious immunization program. Second, there are certain farming areas in which an outbreak of cholera has not occurred for years, and in such localities, argue some authorities, the risk is not great enough to justify the expense of administering the serum. Where the hog population is dense—for examples, in the Corn Belt and Southwest—the disease, quite naturally, is most prevalent. In other agricultural regions where cholera outbreaks are rare the adoption of a general and universal immunization program would not be economically sound in principle. In such fortunate areas, however, the signs of an outbreak should be vigilantly watched for, and upon the first sure indication of the presence of the disease precautions should be taken to prevent its spread.

Cholera Spreads Rapidly.

The rapidity with which hog cholera spreads, unless promptly checked, is discussed by Dr. S. S. Buckley of the Animal Husbandry Division, United States Department of Agriculture: "An outbreak of hog cholera needs for a start only hog-cholera virus and a susceptible pig. After that the infection will find a way to spread to other susceptible pigs that may be on the premises or near by. Hog cholera spreads in a great variety of ways. Experience has shown that satisfactory control of all the means of spread is impossible. Sanitary practices alone cannot be trusted to control an outbreak of hog cholera nor to protect susceptible pigs exposed to it.

"Immunization of susceptible pigs by the proper use of virus and serum will establish lasting, high-degree resistance against the disease. Both sanitary measures and immunization processes must be used if losses are to be curtailed and maximum efficiency obtained in the production of hogs.

"Swine of any age—pigs or hogs—may be given lasting immunity by the use of suitable doses of potent hog-cholera virus and anti-hog-cholera serum. The dosage is based on the weight of the pig to be treated. The convenience of applying the treatment likewise depends on the size and weight of the pig.

"When immunization is to be practical, a good time for establishing it, under other conditions being favorable, is within the month following the last farrowing date, Spring or Fall. It is not a good plan to treat only a part of a herd. All susceptible animals should be immunized at the same time, and it is preferable to immunize rather than

pregnant sows. "When the breeding herd is already immune the pigs are born with a high degree of immunity, but this gradually disappears until at weaning time a safe immunity probably no longer exists. During the suckling period the pigs may be conveniently and economically treated for lasting immunity.

"Dangers of exposure to the virus of hog cholera are so great that there is no plausible reason for attempting to maintain a breeding herd of hogs which is susceptible. The cost of immunization represents but a fraction of the losses which hog cholera involves whenever it appears.

"Sanitary practices, however, should not be neglected because the hogs are immunized. Control of other diseases, parasitic and otherwise, the attainment of general thriftiness and good husbandry, demand the exercise of cleanliness and care in the management of hogs."

Dr. U. G. Houck, also an authority on hog cholera, answers a frequently asked question, "Why the National Government and the States do not proceed with the view of eradicating hog cholera completely?" The reply of Dr. Houck follows: "While such an accomplishment is very desirable, due consideration should be given to problems involved, the measures that would be necessary, and their effects on the swine and other industries. The nature of hog cholera, its rapid spread, and high mortality rate rank it as the most dreaded disease of swine, and there is not a State in the Union free of it.

"Efforts to stamp out cholera would mean the restricting of importations, the destruction of exposed and diseased herds, the cleaning and disinfecting of infected farm buildings and equipment, public stockyards, railroad loading yards and cars, boats and motor trucks, and the quarantining of most of the area of each State, thus restricting the movement of hogs for any purpose.

Eradication Is Huge Task.

"The task of eradicating foot-and-mouth disease in localized areas, as has been done on several occasions, was light compared to what would be encountered in stamping out hog cholera. The fact that it cost approximately \$9,000,000 to eradicate the 1924 outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease in a comparatively small part of the State of California gives an idea of what it would cost to eradicate hog cholera in our forty-eight States. Furthermore, it would be difficult, if not impossible, to obtain the services of a sufficient number of competent veterinarians to direct the operation in addition to the disease-control work that is now being done.

"Immunization of swine against hog cholera is a dependable preventive. Almost twenty years of application in the hog-raising sections of the world have proved its worth. The use of serum alone for temporary protection and the simultaneous treatment to confer lasting immunity were both developed and tested thoroughly at the experiment station of the Bureau of Animal Industry and under field conditions before given to hog raisers.

THE NEW SOUTH—TEXAS

Airplanes, telephones, telegraph, radio, smooth highways and railroads have made Texas more compact for purposes of government and business than was the smallest of states a century ago, thus practically disposing of the fear that the area of the Lone Star State would prove too great for practical governmental purposes.

Its integrity, as an entity, safe, Texas—powerful, rich in land and resources, and daily gaining in wealth and influence by reason of the "Texas for Texans" spirit of its people—may look forward to a self-supporting population of ten, even fifteen millions, an annual income by these people of as much as fifteen billions, and a place of the very first magnitude

among the states of the Union.

Someday the surplus drainage of other regions will be brought under control and diverted to West Texas, there to irrigate lands now too dry for the best agricultural results.

Someday industry will rank with agriculture and raw material production in that state.

In half a generation Texas has created an artificial port at Houston and developed a water borne movement of some twelve million tons.

In 50 years it has built an inland city at Fort Worth and increased its population some 5,000 per cent.

In a short span of time it has created at Dallas one of the best conditioned cities in America.

San Antonio has become an excellent place in which to live and to develop business.

And so the record goes. Everywhere progress. Everywhere promise.

For Texas, or for the good of any part of the state, all Texas works in harmony.

The drift of cotton production is westward, to the new, virgin flat lands, where mechanical cultivators and pickers will solve the problem of farm labor and materially reduce the cost of production.

Only one, or at most, two generations removed from the pioneer stage, Texas enjoys the vigor and enthusiasm of youth, plus a character of effective patriotism and local pride rarely, if at all, matched in other states.

Woe be to the man who essays to sell Texas short.

John Santa Fe



AND Santa Fe HIS Family of Folks

Machinist J. S. Waldrep has gone to the Topeka hospital for medical treatment.

Mrs. G. R. Miller, wife of the master mechanic, who has been in the Lubbock Sanitarium for medical treatment, has returned home much improved.

Miss Oleta Colston, daughter of Machinist J. N. Colston, has returned home after spending several days in a hospital in Dallas.

Engine Inspector R. H. Perry, who has been away from Slaton for several days in the interest of the Machinists' Association, has returned, and has resumed his duties as an inspector.

Pipeman J. L. Cook has gone to Colgate, Okla., and other points in that state on a two weeks vacation.

Boilermaker Foreman B. H. Cooper was in Lamesa Wednesday on company business.

Mrs. R. H. Perry, wife of Engine Inspector Perry, left Slaton Monday for Chicago on business.

Lead Stationery Engineer and Machinist G. A. Cook and their families motored to Concho Friday evening, where they spent Saturday and Sunday fishing and enjoying an outing.

Carman G. W. Culwell, who has been off duty since one on account of rheumatism, has returned to work much improved.

Carman B. C. Ehlers was in Plainview Tuesday on company business.

Topics of the Town—and News of its People

Dr. and Mrs. Paul Owens spent the weekend with friends in Portales, New Mexico.

L. T. Garland, proprietor of Chick's Market, was a business visitor in Lubbock Wednesday.

Mrs. W. J. Anderson and two younger children, and Mrs. M. O. Napps, visited in Lubbock Wednesday.

Mesdames A. G. Taggart, C. B. Jordan and Lillian Butler were in Lubbock Wednesday afternoon.

Olen Stewart, advertising manager for the Piggly Wiggly Stores, with headquarters at Lubbock, was in Slaton Wednesday afternoon on business.

J. T. Overby, local realtor, went to Abilene Thursday on business. He expects to return Sunday.

Mrs. J. B. Lowery is reported very ill at the Lubbock Sanitarium, where she was carried early this week. Her condition, however, is reported to be improved.

Little Miss Frances Rose Carpenter was carried to a sanitarium at Lubbock this week, where she underwent an appendicitis operation. She is reported to be resting well.

W. L. Smith and family, of Chillicothe, visited here Saturday and Sunday with R. L. McNutt and family.

F. C. Jackson and R. T. Williams were Lubbock visitors Monday of this week.

A. L. (Dad) Elkins was in Port Tuesday attending the funeral of a friend, Norman Rogers, who was buried there on that day.

EATS SAUERKRAUT NOW, FEELS YEARS YOUNGER

"Now I eat even sauerkraut and sausage and feel fine. Adierika ended stomach gas and I feel 10 years younger."—Mrs. M. Davis.

Just ONE spoonful Adierika relieves gas and that bloated feeling so that you can eat and sleep well. Acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel and removes old waste matter you never thought was there. No matter what you have tried for your stomach and bowels, Adierika will surprise you. City Drug Store.

FINCHER GIVES ALL TIME TO MARKET AT HARRY'S GROCERY

E. M. Fincher, veteran market man here, has sold all his market interests in Slaton with the exception of the White Star Market, located at Harry's Grocery, it was announced early this week. Mr. Fincher states he will give his entire time to the White Star Market.

IMPROVED GIN MACHINERY

We are now ready to gin your picked and bolly cotton. We were expecting a good cotton crop and bought a large amount of new machinery.

The best results can be obtained by the improved machinery—each machine plays its part in the final result. Our bolly and cleaning equipment is the very latest and of the best. We have tried it; let us show you.

We gin Round and Square bales at the same price.

Will buy Round Bales and pay the highest market price.

Courtesy—Service—Satisfaction
Is Our Motto.

M. G. DAVIS GIN COMPANY
E. R. Legg, Manager.

Oh, Boy!

It Won't Be Long Now!

No, it won't be long until all Slaton will know there has been a change made in the Meat Market Department in the Piggly Wiggly Store. Not a change in the meat cutter. No, you will still see the same smiling face of Mr. John Berkley, always ready to serve you in any way possible. Mr. Berkley will also manage the market.

We have Spared No Expense in Furnishing this Market with the Highest Grade Meats that money can buy.

We Will Have Fresh Water CATFISH Friday, Subject to Arrival of Shipment

PIGGLY WIGGLY

STORE WITH THE BARGAINS

FREE, SATURDAY, AT 5 O'CLOCK

"ESMOND BLANKET"

GET YOUR TICKET WITH EACH

50c PURCHASE

Store With The Bargains

Model Dry Goods Company

160 Garza

Slaton

Handling of Surplus Crops, and Orderly Marketing Is Urged

The report of the special committee on agriculture of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, which has just been made public, gets at the heart of the agricultural problem when it makes these recommendations:

1. Intelligent control and distribution of seasonal or annual surplus production, thus stabilizing prices and avoiding glutted markets.

2. Improved methods of orderly, efficient commodity marketing through co-operative action.

3. Development and maintenance of favorable facilities for production and marketing credit.

The report flatly states that the committee does not advocate any single piece of legislation for the solution of all the agricultural problems it has encountered and studied. Rather it has developed recommendations with a view to strengthening here and there the complex economic structure of American agriculture, believing these to be sound in principle as well as practicable.

Farming Overextended.
Among the factors which the committee found to be contributing to the agricultural depression which began in 1920 is the general overextension of agriculture, in part attributable to the rapid disposal of the public domain. The World War stimulated production effort greatly, and much land, which ordinarily would not have come under the plow, was put into cultivation.

In many regions there is much land "with the sod wrongside up," as the committee's report puts it. The World War left American agriculture vastly overextended for peace-time production. Also, farmers have had to practice rigid economy since 1920 to pay off fixed charges incurred during the period of high-price levels. In an effort to liquidate indebtedness farmers have perhaps mistakenly continued a high volume of production.

Mechanization of Farming.
The report further states that farmers in order to cut cost of production have reduced the number of farm hands by substituting mechanical and horse power. The net decrease in farm population in the United States in the last eight years has been about 3,300,000, or 11 per cent, but the number of acres per capita which farmers now handle are 34, compared with 12 acres 75 years ago, the report states.

In the last nine years the gross value of agricultural and livestock products has decreased from \$24,000,000,000 in 1919 to \$17,000,000,000 in 1927, although the crops themselves show large increases. The productive efficiency of the American farm has increased greatly, which may be considered to be one of the cardinal factors at the bottom of the crop surplus problem.

Shifts from low to higher producing crops and animals resulted in the period between 1922-26 of an increase of nearly five per cent in aggregate crop production and approximately 15 per cent in animal production over the period 1917 to 1921. Labor-saving machinery has contributed its part to greater efficiency, which in turn has resulted in the crop surpluses, which have not been taken care of.

Reclamation Not Needed.
After surveying the reclamation projects in the West, many of which are not nearly utilizing all the land put under irrigation, the committee urges that the bringing into cultivation of additional areas for agricultural purposes, at public expense, be delayed until such additional production of farm products can be demonstrated to be an economic need of the Nation.

The marginal lands of the country are also taken to task. These are the large areas which produce crops which frequently are sold below cost of production, yet in the aggregate these unproductive acres add to the sum total of the whole, often resulting in disastrous surpluses. In order to check this evil the committee recommends strict co-ordination of the land, reclamation and reforestation policies of the Federal Government. There is no need for reclaiming large areas in the near future whether they be semiarid land in the Southwest or cut-over timber lands

in the Southeast, says the report.

Tariff Is Necessary.
Without the tariff many American crops would suffer from competition with foreign countries which are now going through the stage of land exploitation and lower production costs which the United States once went through, says the report. The committee recommends that the Chamber of Commerce of the United States reaffirm its commitment to the principle of reasonable protection for American industries, including those branches of agriculture subject to destructive competition from importations of foreign agricultural products and of benefit to any considerable section of the country.

Co-operative marketing is endorsed "upon the established right of producers of agricultural commodities to act together in associations, corporate or otherwise, with or without capital stock, in collectively processing and manufacturing, preparing for market, handling and marketing in interstate and foreign commerce, such products of persons so engaged" along sound economic lines.

Agricultural Credit.
The problems of agricultural credit, says the report, necessarily vary with the type and condition of the agricultural activity needing credit. These problems are therefore inherently local in character. They must be solved finally through the intelligent self-interest and activity of those most immediately concerned.

The report states that the twelve banks of the intermediate Credit System are so located as adequately to serve the regional needs of American agriculture and the question is one of adapting the existing facilities to the regional and commodity needs rather than one of creating new facilities.

Federal Farm Board.
The committee in its conclusion recommends that a Federal Farm Board be created, the members to be appointed by the President of the United States, and be charged in considering the problems peculiar to agriculture and submitting its conclusions and recommendations to Congress from time to time.

Adequate appropriations for scientific and economic research by the United States Department of Agriculture and for making the result of these researches available to the farmers of the Nation are also urged.

CONTROL OF POULTRY PARASITES

Parasites, both internal and external, cause a great loss to poultry raisers every year, which could be prevented without much cost or effort if the proper methods were used at the right time. All parasites are more numerous during the summer than at any other time of the year as they multiply more rapidly in hot weather. It is well to treat for parasites regularly at least twice a year and as often as necessary to get rid of them. Spring and Fall are the times to treat the chickens for lice, mites, and worms. It is very important to rid the hens and pullets of these parasites before they start into heavy production as the treatment will sometimes lower the egg production.

The external parasites which are most common among chickens are lice, mites, and sticktight fleas. Different methods of control are used for each of these pests, but sanitation is most important for any kind of parasite control. Lice are best controlled by sodium fluoride used either as a dust or dip. The dust method is used during cold weather and is used in cases where the chickens are treated at night to facilitate handling. The dip method is really more effective, but should only be used on warm, still, dry days.

In using the dust method, the so-

dium fluoride is taken in the fingers and worked well into the feathers around the vent, on the back, under each wing, around the neck, and on each thigh. If there is a heavy infestation of lice, it is a very good idea to pluck the feathers around the vent that have clusters of lice eggs at the base of them. Often it is necessary to give the second dusting in two weeks.

The dipping is done in a solution of lukewarm water in which sodium fluoride has been added at the rate of one ounce per gallon of water; one ounce is a level tablespoonful.

Care should be taken to use the dip method only on warm, still days, and the chickens should be dipped in the morning in order that they may be dried well by night. A washtub makes a good vessel for dipping. The birds are held by each wing and plunged into the tub of the solution and the head is plunged once or twice. Care should be taken to hold the bird's beak so that it will not swallow any of the solution. Sodium fluoride should not be used by a person who has cuts or scratches on his hands as there is danger from infection.

Two kinds of common mites are those that cause scaly legs and those which infest the roost poles and dropping boards. Thorough cleaning of the poultry house and a continued use of oil or the perches will control mites. Many poultry raisers take used crankcase oil, mixed half, and kerosene and saturate the perch poles and dropping boards. The legs of the hens with scaly legs are scrubbed with kerosene. The kerosene must penetrate under the scales of the hen's legs before it is effective. Sticktight fleas are very numerous in low sandy countries. The first step to control sticktight fleas is to clean out all loose trash and burn it, then sprinkle the floor or ground with salt. Thoroughly wet the floor with kerosene every few days or a week until the fleas are all gone. Another good thing is one-half carbolineum and one-half kerosene sprinkled on the floor. One or two applications will get them. Salty lard and one-third kerosene used freely around the comb wattles and ear lobes will also rid the chickens of the fleas.

THE SNAKE BITE

By Dr. Frank Crane.

One by one our traditions are destroyed. Historians have thrown doubt upon the stories of Romulus and Remus, William Tell, and other figures of the past.

Cold and heartless scientists inform us that there is nothing to planting potatoes in the dark of the moon, that the number thirteen is some baleful superstition, and that you can walk under a ladder or carry an open umbrella in the house all you please and it won't hurt you. They have even suggested that Friday is quite as likely to be fortunate as unfortunate.

And now comes the old belief that is firmly fixed in all of us, that a good dose of whiskey will cure a snake

bite. A great many have kept nicely corned for fear that they might accidentally get bitten some time by a snake; but Dr. Afraino do Amaral, director of the world-famous Snake Serum Institute at Butantan, South America, not only says that alcohol is not a remedy for a snake bite, as was heretofore almost as firmly fixed in our belief as any one of the thirteen articles, "but on the contrary alcoholic liquors are harmful to persons bitten by venomous snakes."

What alcohol does to you is to quicken the circulation. This spreads the venom more rapidly throughout the system. Therefore the administration of alcohol but increases the danger from snake poisoning.

The best thing to do when bitten by a rattlesnake is to make an improvised tourniquet above the bite in order to obstruct as much as possible the circulation of the blood from the

bitten area.

The trouble with alcohol in its every phase is that it is the arch deceiver of humanity. It deceives people into believing they are having a good time. It is the ingredient of almost all patent medicines that profess to cure everything, but really cure nothing. It gives the mental worker false intellectual stimulation and the hand worker false drawn. It is the worthy son of that gentleman who is described as "the father of lies."

INSECTS A NATURAL FOOD

Insects form a natural food for birds in a wild state, and poultry deprived of insect life must be given a substitute. Insects, as comprising animal food, have about the same richness as the best grains. Slugs and earthworms are probably no better than other kinds of meat for poultry,

but the greatest nutritive qualities are found in beetles and locusts.

The protein content runs very high in beetles and locusts. The latter are remarkable in feeding value, analysis showing an average of 57 per cent protein, 11 per cent fat, with a moisture content of a little over 10 per cent.

To realize the full meaning of these figures, let us consider the protein content of various feeding materials. There is bran with about 18 per cent, alfalfa 15 to 18 per cent, the best gluten feeds 30 per cent, and cottonseed meal 40 per cent.

When we consider locusts at 57 per cent, we are not amazed at the fact that the Eastern Nations make locusts an article of food. Can we class as barbarians people who eat locusts when we eat smelts whole, and snails and frogs' legs.

MONTH END SALE!

Three Days---Friday, Saturday and Monday

<p>Natural Color Pongee 39c All-Silk, Natural Color Pongee Special for the Month-end Sale.</p>	<p>Children's Unions 59c The very kind you would expect to pay twice this price for.</p>	<p>Banner Sateen 25c 36-inch Heavy, Fine Quality Sateen in all shades, also black.</p>
<p>10 Per Cent Off On All Shoes These are Bargains that cannot be beaten anywhere.</p>	<p>BLANKETS Bargains in Blankets. See our display in the new building. BUY EARLY, DON'T WAIT</p>	<p>10 Per Cent Off On Ready-to-Wear The latest you can find are included in these values.</p>

KESSEL'S

"Where You Do Better"

We Are Doing Our BEST!

To give service to the people of Slaton and trade territory. We appreciate the business given us and want to continue. We are striving to hold prices just as low as good business will permit, and are ready and willing at all times to serve you. We have a complete stock to select from. Come in and inspect before buying.

The HOME FURNITURE COMPANY

"The House of Service"
Slaton, Texas

You Can Trust Us With Prescriptions



We realize our responsibility in ministering to the sick. Experience, care and promptness go with every Prescription we fill.

Purest Drugs

City Drug Store

The Texas Market For Fresh and Cured Meats
Phone 138
Ready for Fall Trade With Complete Stock.
LUSTER GENTRY
Proprietor

ANNOUNCEMENT

I will open offices in the Williams Building, at 115 1/2 North Ninth, representing the People's Loan Association of El Paso. We will make loans to build, refinance or remodel homes. See us before you secure a loan. We believe we can save you some money.

Also, we will do a regular insurance business. Will appreciate a Visit From You, and Will Be Glad to Discuss Your Loan and Insurance Problems.

RIPPSTEIN, Local Agent
IN TEXAS

PRIDE OF ANCIENT BLOOD YIELDS AS TEXAS PIONEER REVEALS HIS SAD PLIGHT

HOUSTON.—The pride of his blood kept William Parker from speaking of his plight until the world became a bitter place.

William Parker is one of the pioneers who made Texas with their blood and toil. He is of the Parkers of Anderson County. Cynthia Ann Parker, whom the Comanches kidnaped in the early day, was one of his illustrious line. Quannah Parker, half white chief of the Comanches, was of his blood.

So when William Parker stood before United States Commissioner Winston McMahon charged with selling beer, the pride of his blood and the honor of his heritage kept his lips sealed. But there was one in the courtroom who knew William Parker and who knew his story. He was A. L. Zachary, and when Parker, threadbare and with age and illness stamped indelibly on his meager frame, stood before the bar of justice, he spoke:

"This man knew my father in the days of reconstruction," Zachary said. "They worked together." He told of the long line of illustrious Parkers in the history of Texas. "The Parkers are not lawbreakers. They have helped to build this State with their blood and toil. So I will help this man if he will tell his story."

Slowly, with tears wetting the stubble of his beard and the pride of ancestry falling away like a cloak, Parker told why he broke the law.

"It was that or starve," he said. "I could not beg. I was too proud to beg. My little girl fainted from hunger. I rented a few acres and sent my family away. I couldn't stand for them to know that I was making beer. I wanted to make enough money to buy a few chickens." His voice trailed away, then he resumed. "I tried to work as a watchman, to sell papers. But they told me I was too damned old—yes, too damned old. I was sick; my little girl was sick; I couldn't stand it. Yes, I did wrong."

Commissioner McMahon was very gentle with the old man. But the law is law, and it had been broken.

William Parker was released on \$300 bond signed by Mr. Zachary. Old friends who knew not of his plight because of William Parker's pride, are working to help him, to buy chickens for his farm and other things.

ENCOURAGE BIRDS, THEY ARE GOOD NEIGHBORS ALWAYS

How many farm women take the time to encourage birds to come to the place to build? They are always an asset, not only because they are an invaluable aid to the crops in the destruction of injurious insects, but because of their cheerful songs, and their beauty as they flit about in and out of the trees and hedges. To the friendly trees they often mean more than we know, for they add to the tree's life in seeking out the deadly insects that bore into the heart of the tree. For these, insects if left unmolested, will eventually take the life of even the most sturdy tree.

Supply a Bird Bath.
It requires so little in time and trouble to invite the birds to stay about a home. They love a bird bath, and this can be furnished anywhere. Many mothers teach their children to keep fresh water in a basin for the little songsters, and to scatter crumbs and grain about in times of scarcity in order to make regular visitors of the feathered people.

Quail have often been coaxed to come into the chicken yard to eat grain with the fowls. They are such quaint little creatures, with such sprightly ways, that the whole family will enjoy watching their antics. One man protected a covey of quail from hunters, so that they considered his home their own, and the place echoed with their happy, vibrant calls. Early in the morning and again in the afternoon they made their friendly calls, to the joy of the entire family.

Whitewing Doves for Pets.
Another man made pets of two whitewing doves. He was an old prospector, who lived alone in a

crumbling adobe house with a dirt floor. The doves would fly right into the house for crumbs that he scattered on the floor near the doorway. In time they became so fearless that they flew upon the table to be fed. In winter they disappeared, being migratory birds, but one day in early spring, he was startled to hear the whir of wings near his head, and turned to see the two whitewings looking for their food—just as though they had departed only the day before.

Bird Houses Bring Songs.
Birds may be enticed to build their nests about the place often if one will do the small amount of work necessary to furnish a birdhouse, or two. Nothing is more charming than the liquid notes of the dainty wren, who is especially fond of a birdhouse, and who will sit upon the clothes line and sing his little throat hoarse—only he never does become hoarse.

Nothing is more delightful than to hear the joyous songs of birds upon awaking in the morning, and to see a bit of color dash into the green coolness of an old tree. Birds never fail to pay for any trouble taken for them. The small amount of damage they may do to ripe fruit

is more than overbalanced by the great number of destructive insects they devour.

What music is sweeter than the gay mocking bird, whether it be by sunlight or when the moon is at her best?

COLDS, ROUP AND CHICKEN POX

Thousands of dollars are lost by Texas poultrymen every year by the ravages of such simple diseases as colds, roup, and chicken pox and most of this loss could be avoided.

Diseases thrive in filth, in damp and poorly-ventilated houses and where poor feeding methods are used. It can be prevented best by good, sanitary management rather than by tonics and medicines.

Prevention rather than cure should be striven for in controlling these diseases. When birds show signs of sickness remove them at once from the rest, and unless simple remedies effect a cure kill and burn these birds.

THE BIGGEST LITTLE STORE ON THE PLAINS
Groceries, Gas, Tires and Tubes.
A Good Place to Trade.

The Union Store

Drs. Standefer & Canon

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
TELEPHONE NO. 52

Office open from 9 to 12 and 2:30 to 6 for appointments, made by Mrs. Iva Moore, in charge of office.
Doctors in office 4 p. m. to 6 p. m.

J. J. MEAZELL

Representative Southwestern Life.
Office at Pember & Staggs.

STATE FAIR OF TEXAS
Another Ten Million Dollars State
DALLAS
OCTOBER 6 to 21
"Be One of the Million"

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Special Attention Given to Diseases of Women and Children
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Have Your Eyes Examined.
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We guarantee a correction and give special attention to appearance and comfort.
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Specialist and Optometrist
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Lubbock Sanitarium and Lubbock Sanitarium Clinic
(A Modern Fireproof Building)
DR. J. T. KRUEGER
Surgery and Consultations
DR. J. T. HUTCHINSON
Ear, Nose and Throat
M. C. OVERTON
Diseases of Children
DR. J. P. LATTIMORE
General Medicine
DR. F. B. MALONE
Ear, Nose and Throat
DR. J. H. STILES
General Medicine
DR. L. P. SMITH
General Medicine
MISS MABEL MCCLENDON
X-Ray and Laboratory
C. E. HUNT
Business Manager

A chartered Training School for Nurses is conducted in connection with the Sanitarium. Young women who desire to enter training should address the Lubbock Sanitarium.

All These—and "Honest-to-Goodness" Biscuit, Too!

It's so easy to bake perfectly delicious cakes—cookies—pies—as well as breads of all kinds—provided, of course, you use the right flour! And the right flour is made right here in the Southwest from our own Southwestern wheat—as fine grain as can be found in the world. The flour your grocer recommends because he knows it's always fresh and good—always uniform in texture!

"A few cents more in the price of the flour—makes dollars of difference in the baking results."

Waples-Platter Grocer Company
Distributors

RECORD-BREAKING MONTHS!

Greatest August in WILLYS-OVERLAND history—68% gain over last year!

NOW August has added its sweeping plurality to Willys-Overland's impressive total for 1928. Eight consecutive months have broken every record for the corresponding months in all of Willys-Overland's 20-year history.

Last month 68% more people bought Whippet and Willys-Knight cars than in August, 1927—a gain of more than two-thirds!

Experienced motorists are quick to appreciate the superiority of the Whippet Four, with its many engineering advantages never before brought to the light car field—the Whippet Six, the world's lowest priced Six, with 7-bearing crankshaft and other costly car features—and the Willys-Knight Six, which now, at the lowest prices in history, brings the unmatched smoothness, silence, power and operating economy of the patented double sleeve-valve engine within easy reach of thousands of new buyers.

WILLYS-KNIGHT
DOUBLE VALVE
SIX
\$995 COACH
Standard Six Coach \$1045; Sedan \$1095; Touring \$995; Roadster \$1145; Special Six \$1295 to \$1495.
Great Six \$1450 to \$2095.

Whippet
4-cylinder \$610
SEDAN
Touring \$635; Roadster (2-pass.) \$685; Roadster (with rumble seat) \$735; Coupe \$835; Cabriolet Coupe (with collapsible top) \$935; Coach \$935. All Willys-Overland prices f. o. b. Toledo, Ohio, and specifications subject to change without notice. Willys-Overland, Inc., Toledo, Ohio.

Whippet SIX SEDAN
WORLD'S LOWEST-PRICED SIX WITH 7-BEARING CRANKSHAFT
Touring \$635; Roadster \$685; Coach \$695; Coupe \$695.

SCUDDER MOTOR COMPANY
SALES AND SERVICE
SLATON
Telephone No.

CLARA BOW STAS IN NEWEST "COOK" TALE

A great many dramas of the underworld have been flashed upon the screen but it has taken Clara Bow, queen of the flappers, to give the motion picture public the most stirring of all.

The Paramount star accomplishes this in "Ladies of the Mob," a thrilling story of gangsters and their loves, something which is rarely taken into consideration when the police reports are read.

It is an entirely different Clara Bow, who throws off the wiles of the flapper and plunges herself into a powerful portrayal of a terror-stricken wife of a gangster. It is by far the heaviest bit of acting Miss Bow has attempted since her work in "Wings" and she proves conclusively that she can handle drama as well as the lighter roles which have made her so popular.

The story, which was written by Ernest Booth, is a tale of a young couple of the underworld, the husband a crook and the wife attempting at all times to keep him straight. The climax produces a thrill when, caught and surrounded by the police, Miss Bow takes the most drastic methods imagined to keep "her man" on the straight and narrow path.

Another interesting thing in the production is the weird photographic effects obtained by Henry Gerrard, cameraman, under the direction of William Wellman, youthful director, who made such a tremendous success with "Wings" and "The Legion of the Condemned." This is his first effort with Miss Bow and Richard Arlen, leading man, since the three worked together in filming the aviation epic, "Wings."

A sound story, thrilling and exciting, well directed and beautifully photographed is "Ladies of the Mob," but, most important of all, it will prove to the motion picture audiences that Miss Bow is not only a flapper—she is a great actress.

Other members of the cast used in support of the star are Richard Arlen, Mary Alden, Helen Lynch, Rodi Rosing, Lorraine Riveto, Robert T. Haines, James Pierce and others.

This picture will be shown at the Custer Theatre Monday, October 1, matinee and night.

ARTIFICIAL CLIMATE IS AID TO HEALTH OF SHADE TREES

Abundant rainfall, entomologists have observed, provides an effective control on destruction of forest trees by bark beetles, says the United States department of Agriculture. When the rainfall is deficient, entomologists have learned to expect that bark beetles will multiply faster than usual. It also appears that trees suffering from lack of moisture develop conditions within them that make more effective the attack of the beetles. This is one of the facts which entomologists list as relationship between meteorological conditions and insects.

In the broad expanses of commercial forests it is impossible, or at least uneconomical, to try to supply water by artificial means. On lawns and in the vicinity of homes a fine tree has a value much in excess of the price it would bring at a sawmill.

Cute in a Baby-Awful at Three—and it's Dangerous
by Ruth Brittain



Thumb sucking does look sweet in a baby, but it is disgusting in the three-year-old and sometimes it hangs on until fifteen or sixteen! The habit may cause an ill-formed mouth or induce adenoids; and it always interferes with digestion. Pinning the sleeve over the hand; attaching mittens, or putting on cardboard cuffs, which prevent bending the arms at the elbows, are some of the ways to stop the habit.

Another bad habit—irregularity in bowel action—is responsible for weak bowels and constipation in babies. Give the tiny bowels an opportunity to act at regular periods each day. If they don't act at first, a little Fitcher's Castoria will soon regulate them. Every mother should keep a bottle of it handy to use in case of colic, cholera, diarrhea, gas on stomach and bowels, constipation, loss of sleep, or when baby is cross and fussy. It gives him a soft, easy stool, and when he gets full strength, it helps him to get full strength.

Here—the home owner would often gladly pay any reasonable price or make any reasonable effort to protect his trees from insect attack.

In the case of bark beetles the remedy is almost obvious. It is to provide moisture conditions which are the counterpart of heavy participation in the forest. Incipient infestation by beetles may be checked and drowned out by liberal applications of water to the roots of the tree. If other trees in the neighborhood are being injured by bark beetles, a copious water supply for the roots of unaffected trees is likely to provide a high measure of protection.

FAVORITE STAR PORTRAITS NEW TYPE OF CHARACTER

Clara Bow's followers are to have the opportunity of enjoying their favorite motion picture star in a characterization absolutely new to her in "Ladies of the Mob," the Paramount picture showing Monday at the Custer.

The dynamic red head plays the part of a girl of the underworld, a follower of "the mob," as a gang is called in the parlance of the underworld. Miss Bow's part is pure drama and she is declared to rise to new heights as the screen's most popular actress.

Richard Arlen, who scored such a triumph in "Wings," has the supporting lead opposite the star and the direction was in the hands of William Wellman, the youthful director who made the epic, "Wings," and "The Legion of the Condemned."

Bank robberies, gang fights, escapes through the night and dramatic climaxes between the little star and her gangster lover abound in "Ladies of the Mob."

LEGUME HAY IMPORTANT FACTOR IN DAIRY PROFITS

A dollar expended in growing a good legume hay and the hay converted into butter fat should return approximately \$2.70, according to estimates based on the cost of growing hay in the Mississippi Valley and the official results obtained from experiments in feeding 642 fairly good cows legume hay exclusively for one year, states W. H. Woodley, University of Arkansas, College of Agriculture, Extension Service.

These cows fed exclusively on legumes, all they could eat, without grain, returned an average of 263 pounds of butter fat per cow worth 45 cents a pound, a total of \$118.35. It is estimated that the cost of producing the legume hay that each cow consumed in the year's time was \$43.80, which covered man and horse labor, seeding, taxes, and interest on land.

When the farm cost of the legume hay \$43.80, is divided into the value of the butter fat which the legumes produced, \$118.35, it is found that each doyyar's worth of hay returned \$2.70 worth of butter fat, which shows that it pays to grow legumes

and to feed it to milking cows. Mr. Woodley declared that the important thing for the farmer who is milking a few cows is to determine the legume that will do the best on his farm, and then grow at least two tons for each cow he milks, and to supplement this hay with some succulent feed for 365 days in the year. Pasture during the spring and early summer; Sudan or some other pasture crop during the dry spell in July and August; and silage, roots (sweet potatoes, turnips, etc.) for winter. This plan will cut the dry cost and add to the profit.

Twenty thousand dollars have been subscribed to a \$75,000 hotel for Merkel. According to plans \$40,000 is needed before the hotel building will start.

TESTED COWS and Certified Milk Florence Dairy Phone 86

Deliveries Twice Daily and on Special Call.

Suffering With SICK HEADACHES

Mr. Charles F. Todd, of Estesburg near Waynesburg, Ky., says: "I was suffering with nervous headaches. About once a week I would have these headaches, and have to quit work, and go to bed for about twenty-four hours. I would have pains in my neck, and right behind my right ear. "A merchant at Estesburg told me to try taking Black-Draught, which I did. "It relieved me. From that time on, I would take Black-Draught as soon as I felt like I was going to have one of those headaches—and they wouldn't come on. "Every few weeks, I take three or four doses of Black-Draught, and I feel so well, and do my work, and don't lose any more time with headache." Get a package today.



Special Announcement

On account of changes in our Heating Plant at the Palace Theatre, The Palace will be closed for the first four days in each week during weeks of October 1, 8 and 15, after which time both theatres will operate full time.

UNTIL THAT TIME The Custer Theatre will show all the pictures now booked for the Palace, also showing a complete change of COMEDIES and FEATURES DAILY.

ALSO—A Special Daily Matinee Performance will be given each day, starting at 2 p. m., continuous, for the benefit of school students who wish to attend after school.

DON'T FORGET, however, that the PALACE will operate every FRIDAY and SATURDAY, REGARDLESS.

The following is a play schedule of pictures for week of October 1 to 6, inclusive, at the

CUSTER
MONDAY, OCTOBER 1, MATINEE AND NIGHT
CLARA BOW
In Her New Play
"LADIES OF THE MOB"
Also a piece of Fine Dinnerware, valued at 35c, to every lady with a ticket.
ADMISSION 20c, 25c, 35c

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2, MATINEE AND NIGHT
FRED THOMSON
In His Western Play, Endorsed by the National Headquarters of Boy Scouts of America
"A REGULAR SCOUT"
ADMISSION ONLY 10c, 25c

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3, MATINEE AND NIGHT
VICTOR McLAGLEN
The New Fox Super Star in Wonder Drama
"THE HANGMAN'S HOUSE"
Always shown at advanced prices. To introduce this star, this picture will be shown at reduced prices
ONLY 20c, 25c, 35c
And Another DINNERWARE DAY! Get your share of these Fine Dishes.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, MATINEE AND NIGHT
RANGER
The Marvel Dog of the Screen, in his latest picture, just out
"DOG LAW"
Come and see this fine picture, featuring the great Dog at his best.
SEATS ONLY 10c, 25c

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5 AND 6
MATINEE AND NIGHT
HOOT GIBSON
IN
"THE FLYING COWBOY"
Here is where Hoot puts over the fastest one of his career.

AT THE PALACE
FRIDAY, OCTOBER 5, NIGHT ONLY
OLIVE BORDEN
IN
"COME TO MY HOUSE"
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, MATINEE AND NIGHT
KEN MAYNARD
IN
"THE CODE OF SCARLET"
Ken, the popular Western Hero, comes back to us in a brand new thriller that simply sizzles with romance and adventure. "The Code of Scarlet" is the biggest code of super-entertainment in some time.

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Due to the great popularity of the Bigger and Better Chevrolet in this community, we have now in stock some reconditioned used cars that represent exceptional values. These cars have been thoroughly inspected by our expert mechanics and completely reconditioned wherever necessary. They are good for thousands of miles of satisfactory service. And because they are sold under the famous Chevrolet Red O.K. Tag system, you can buy them with the utmost confidence, assured of their dependability and quality. See these cars today.

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Slaton, Texas

Motor	✓
Radiator	✓
Rear Axle	✓
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Starting	✓
Lighting	✓
Ignition	✓
Battery	✓
Tires	✓
Upholstery	✓
Top	✓
Fenders	✓
Finish	✓

This Car has been carefully checked to show by ✓ marks below

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
 To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Greeting:
 You are hereby commanded to summon S. R. Fulmore, H. C. Tubbs, R. L. Rather, W. S. Rose and wife, Mary Rose, or their unknown heirs, by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, to appear at the next regular term of the Seventy-second District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, Texas, on the first Monday in November, A. D. 1928, the same being the fifth day of November A. D. 1928, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 27th day of September, A. D. 1928, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court as No. 3429, wherein William Lowmire is plaintiff, and S. R. Fulmore, H. C. Tubbs, R. L. Rather, W. S. Rose and wife, Mary Rose, or their unknown heirs, are defendants, and said petition in trespass to try title alleging that on or about the 28th day of April 1928, plaintiff was lawfully seized and possessed of the following described premises in Lubbock County, Texas, holding and claiming the same in fee simple, to-wit: All of Lots 22, 23, and 24, Block 8, of the Original Town of Lubbock, Lubbock County, Texas. That on this day the defendants unlawfully entered upon the premises and ejected the plaintiff therefrom, and unlawfully withholds from him the possession thereof to his damages. Plaintiff claims title to this property by chain of title from the sovereign of the soil as shown by plaintiff's original petition. Plaintiff also claims title by virtue of the three years and the five years statute of limitations. Plaintiff further states that a certain deed recorded in Volume 87, Page 630, of the Deed Records of Lubbock County, Texas, was intended to convey all of the above described property from W. S. Rose and wife, Mary Rose, to J. S. Smith, but that by mutual mistake the description of the property in the deed was ambiguous and plaintiff asks the court to reform and correct this deed.
 Plaintiff further asks the court to correct a certain judgment in Cause No. 1519 of this court, found on Page 336, Book 4, of the minutes of this court. Plaintiff alleges that in writing up this judgment, or in transcribing it on the minutes of the District Court, a clerical error was made, whereby the name of the Addition, Town and County in which the lots were located were omitted and thus caused the judgment to be indefinite as to the property on which the lien was foreclosed, when the property should have been described as being in the Original Town of Lubbock, Lubbock County, Texas.
 Plaintiff prays that the defendants be cited to answer this petition and that he have judgment reforming and correcting the deed above mentioned and an order of the court directing the clerk of the court to correct the record of the judgment above described in the minutes of the court so it will describe the property on which the liens are foreclosed therein; and that plaintiff have judgment for the title and possession of the above described premises against these defendants and for such other and further relief as he may be justly entitled to.
 Herein fall not, and have you before said court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
 Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 27th day of September, A. D. 1928.
 Flora Green Atchison, Clerk,
 (Seal) District Court, Lubbock Co.
 10-4c By Olive Flvke, Deputy.

CHEVROLET CAR, TRUCK ESTABLISH NEW RECORDS

News of the conclusion of what was perhaps the most hazardous endurance test ever undertaken by an automobile—the famous Chevrolet trek up through the center of Africa from Cape Town to Cairo—has just reached the United States in the form of the following brief cable from General Motors, South African, Ltd., "Chevrolet expedition reached Cairo August 6. All the way by road, no boats, no rail. Greatest achievement of its kind in automotive history. Sedan and truck in excellent mechanical condition."

As this is written the expedition, consisting of a standard Chevrolet sedan and truck, manned by four adventurers, has in all probability, crossed the Bosphorus to Constantinople. Twenty-four large European cities are to be visited before it arrives in London. Ten thousand miles will have been traversed when it concludes its history making trip in Stockholm.

The Coolidge message, which informed the world of the finish of the 6,000 Cape Town-Cairo journey in the astonishing time of 135 days, was lacking in detail, but it sufficed, for the time being, to satisfy American Chevrolet officials that no trail however perilous is too difficult for a standard Chevrolet car.

Of the earlier stages of the perilous undertaking there was no lack of detail. From the day the expedition set forth from Cape Town, March 7, at the height of the rainy season, vivid accounts of the trek were sent back to civilization at intermittent intervals. The party is not lacking in competent historians. Besides C. H. V. Lacey, the chief, the party includes Gordon Makepeace, newspaper man; Wallie Wilson, expert wireless operator, and Billie Williams, famous cinematographer. Published accounts of the journey were made possible from time to time through the co-operation of the famous South African Argus group of newspapers.

No summary such as is necessary here, can do justice to this jaunt over "the great North road." Cecil Rhodes dream highway. Knee deep in water for weeks at a time, the expedition plugged doggedly on across treacherous crocodile infested, Bahora Flats and the swollen banks of the Ruvu River. The Bahora Flats are 70 miles across, yet it required the intrepid Chevrolet expedition 17 days to effect a passage.

The sedan is outfitted with two spare petrol tanks each holding seven gallons. It has detachable gauze windows, and seats that drop back to allow sleeping accommodations. Wire screens were fitted in front of the radiators of both sedan and truck to prevent grass seeds and mud from choking the radiators.

Inside the sedan, rifles and shot guns are slung up under the roof. The tire carriers at the rear of both cars have been altered to carry two spare tires. Oversize tires, 31 by 5.00 are used. Both cars are equipped with bumpers, and two lights and a heat meter.

The expedition is expected to reach Stockholm early in October.

Texas ranks first among the states in number of ice manufacturing plants and number of persons engaged in the industry. The annual production is valued at \$25,000,000.

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK?

By Edson R. Walte, Shawnee, Okla. Willard Cooper, editor of The New London (Conn.) Day, says:

That your newspaper cannot exist if it makes a practice of distorting news in any way; it soon must go out of business if it expresses bias—off its editorial page—toward any one political party, any one class of citizens, or even if it appears unduly biased toward one of the sexes.

The radio is largely responsible—that and the telephone and telegraph, and cheaper magazines and books. Fifty years ago a newspaper published only such news as conformed to its editorial policy. If a paper happened to be Republican, it printed only good news about Republican candidates, only derogatory news about Democrats. Similarly a Democratic editor's tenure of office would be brief indeed if he permitted a Republican candidate to air his views in the paper.

Today a newspaper which withholds news is speedily singled out by its readers, just as a newspaper is identified for mendaciousness the moment it begins to color or distort the news. People do not rely altogether on the newspapers for their information. They get a great deal out of books and magazines, and they get a great deal out of the radio.

The radio broadcast both Republican and Democratic conventions this year. Listeners-in heard the speeches

exactly as they were made in the convention halls at Kansas City and Houston. If any newspaper had descended to false reporting of either convention, a large proportion of its readers would immediately have been aware of the journalistic crime. That paper would lose circulation.

The radio can never supplant the newspaper; it lacks the facilities for condensation of a vast amount of information in a small space. But it serves as a check on the news, and it is useful to the public in demonstrating the validity of the affairs which they do not hear, but must read about.



FOR RENT—Furnished apartment. Apply at 255 South Fifteenth St. 1p

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Five-room house, with 1 1/2 lots, piped for gas, lights, about 3 blocks from city hall. Will take good car on trade. E. M. Fincher. 61-tfc

FOR SALE—A poultry ranch, five and one-third acres, near Slaton. A two-room house, 12x24 feet, well windmill and tank. See Dr. Huckabay, at City Drug. 2-tfc

FOR RENT—Half of modern duplex

at 410 South Ninth Street. Apply at Rockwell Bros. & Co. 9-2;

with double garage. J. T. Overby. 10-2c

FOR SALE—Three-room house; small cash payment, easy terms. Apply 140 S. Fourth St., or call 496-J. 9-tfc

FOR SALE—Some good kindling and coal, cheap. L. W. Smith, Slaton. 1c

FOR RENT—Four-room, modern house, close in and close to shops. L. W. Smith, Slaton. 1p

WANTED—Middle-aged woman for general housework, and to care for children. Call at 950 West Lynn St. 10-2p

FOR RENT—One five-room modern house; has garage. Also one six-room modern house near high school.

FOR RENT—New stucco duplex, with garages. Call at Tourist Hotel. Phone 35. 1p

Elevated Enjoyment is Found in Shopping at an M-System Store, but Prices are Never Elevated. We take every advantage to Lower Prices of Food.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY

SPUDS	10 POUNDS	.22
SUGAR	PURE CANE—10 POUNDS	.67
CRAPES	3 POUNDS	.25
PRUNES	10-POUND BOX	.94
PEACHES	DRIED—POUND	.12
PEANUT BUTTER	2 POUNDS	.42
PEACHES	GALLON	.46
MATCHES	CRESCENT—3 FOR	.10
SALT	5-CENT SIZE—3 FOR	.10
MAYONNAISE	FRENCH	.22
SOUP	VAN CAMP'S	.07 1/2
FOLGER'S COFFEE	2 POUNDS	\$1.07

MARKET SPECIALS

BOLOGNA	PER POUND	.23
SLAB BACON	SUGAR CURED—PER POUND	.33
ITALIAN LOAF	PER POUND	.32



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In any kind of Pie that you would need to make a meal complete.

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Of your Dishes and Cooking Utensils. We can save you of that embarrassment by taking advantage of our BARGAINS.

Set of 6 Plain White Cups and Saucers	59c
Set of 6 Plain White Plates	59c
Plain Glass Tumblers, each	4c
Gold Band Glass Tumblers, each	7c
Dessert Dishes, each	5c
Percolators	79c, 89c and 98c
Muffin Tins, Size 6, each	9c
Muffin Tins, Size 12, each	19c

The Acorn Store, Inc.

Owned and Operated by Charles Broadway Rouss, Inc. "Merchants to Your Grandfathers"

SATURDAY SPECIALS

- Roast Beef, lb. 20c
- Pork Sausage, lb. 22c
- Sliced Bacon, lb. 38c

Star Market